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ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

TO THE

Hexham Urban District Council

FOR THE

Year ended 31st December, 1938.

BY

DR. G. PATTON.

HEXHAM:

R. Robson & Sons, Printers, Priestpopple.



ANNUAL REPORT

of the

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH FOR THE YEAR 1938.

PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT,
HEXHAM.

To the Chairman and Members of the Hexham Urban District Council:—

GENTLEMEN,-

I have pleasure in presenting my Annual Report as Medical Officer of Health, for the year ending 31st December, 1938. This report contains the particulars required by the Ministry of Health Circular 1728, dated 25th October, 1938.

Public Health Officers of the Local Authority:-

The Public Health Staff of the Local Authority comprises one whole-time Medical Officer, who holds the Diploma of Public Health and one Sanitary Inspector, who holds the Diploma of the A.R.S. Inst.

In the past days, many owners of business properties lived over their premises. In the course of time, these were found unsuitable for habitation, and, as is often the case the upper portions have become tenemented. Almost without exception, these places are entirely unsuitable for such purpose. Some possibly could be converted into flats, but this is usually a costly business and at the best a makeshift. It will, therefore, be necessary to empty them in most cases by means of "Partial Closing Orders" and subsequent rehousal of their tenants.

The survey under the 1935 Housing Act to determine the amount of overcrowding existing was undertaken during the year previous to the one under review. In accordance with the Act, a considerable number of houses will also have to be provided to relieve this evil. The health of the town calls for no special mention. The total of all notifiable infectious diseases (not including Tuberculosis) shows an increase, being 52 against 37. Tuberculosis also shows an increase, being 14 against 11 for the previous year. Deaths from this cause, however, are lower, being 3 against 5. The Infant Mortality Rate shows a decrease this year, being 47.2 per thousand births, compared with 132.2 for the previous year.

The incidence of Scarlet Fever and Diphtheria shows an increase. There were 32 cases of Scarlet Fever notified, compared with 10, and 5 cases of Diphtheria compared with 2 for the previous year.

The standard of nutrition of children of school age is improving, and this I attribute to a large extent to the increasing advantage being taken of cheap milk in the schools. With this as a pointer, I consider it little short of a tragedy that the retail price of milk remains so high. If surplus milk can be sold to manufacturers at a very low figure, it is surely not beyond the ability of the Milk Marketing Board to devise some means of cheapening it to the domestic consumer. In my opinion, the price of domestic milk is at least one-third too high, and until the figure is reduced by this amount, the Board cannot claim to have succeeded.

The promised Welfare Centre which was to have been built this year has not yet been commenced. I understand that this is accounted for by the enormous increase of work thrown on the County Architect's department by the pressure of A.R.P.

There were no Maternal Deaths during the year under review.

As I stated in my last reports, this Council has adopted a scheme for immunisation of all children against Diphtheria. I should like to see more parents take advantage of it (it is entirely without cost to them), but such is unfortunately by no means the case.

I am, Gentlemen,

Your obedient servant,

G. PATTON,

Medical Officer of Health.

Sec, A.—STATISTICS AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS OF THE AREA.

Area in Acres				5,926
Estimated Population, 1938				9,057
Number of Inhabited House				
to Rate Book				2,670
Rateable Value and Sum I				1.1
Rate (£68, 197)				
Social Conditions, inclu			CARRIE	D ON
	HE AREA.		Dublic II	001+1
No large industries;	nothing a	necting 1	rublic H	eartn.
VITAL STATISTICS.	-			
	BIRTHS.			
	TOTAL		F.	
Legitimate				
Illegitimate			4	
	L BIRTHS.			
	TOTAL		F.	
Legitimate	4	1	3	
Illegitimate			. 1	110
Birth Rate per 1,000 of the				
Rate per 1,000 Total (Live a	ind Still).	DITTIS		14.5
DEATHS FROM	PUERPERA	AL CAUSES	S.	
		Rate p	er 1,000	
			ive and S	still)
		Deaths	Births.	
No. 29—Puerperal Sepsis		Nil		
No. 30—Other Puerperal				
Total		N11	Nil	
DEATH RATE OF INFANTS	UNDER (ONE YEAR	R OF AGE	E.
All Infants per 1,000 Live B				47.2
Legitimate Infants per 1,000				50.4
Illegitimate Infants per 1	,000 Ille	gitimate	Live	NT:1
Births Deaths from Cancer (all ages				Nil 19
Deaths from Measles (all age	s)			1
Deaths from Whooping Coug	gh (all age	s)		1
Deaths from Diarrhoea (und	er 2 years	of age)		Nil
Death Rate per 1,000 of the	estimated	d populati	on	13.5

DEATHS.—Age Groups in each Ward, also Adult, Infant and Uncertified Deaths.

_			 					
-	Ware	os.	Gilesgate.	Leazes.	Priestpopple.	Hencotes.	Total.	
	AGE GROU 0—1 1—2 2—5 5—1 15—2 25—4 45—6 65—7 Over	5 5 5 5	2 1 1 — 1 8 9		1 1 1 2 5 11 11 8	3 1 - 1 - 1 6 8 11	6 2 2 2 2 8 32 34 35	
	Totals all	ages	 31	21	40	31	123	
	Uncert.	M. F.	 2	=	1	_	3	
	Infant	M. F.	 1 1	=	1	2 1	4 2	123
	Adult.	M. F.	 13 16	12 9	15 24	13 15	53 64	123

The chief causes of death are set out in the following Tables:—

	CAU	SES OF	DEAT	н.	М.	F.
Typhoid Fever, etc.					 _	
Measles					 1	-
Scarlet Fever					 _	-
Whooping Cough					 -	1
4					 -	-
Influenza					 1	-
Encephalitis Lethargi					 	-
Cerebro-spinal Fever					 -	_
Respiratory Tubercul	osis				 1	1 1
					 -	1
Syphilis					 1	-
Gen. Paralysis of Insa	ine,	etc.			 -	-
Cancer					 9	10
Diabetes					 -	3 5
Cerebral Haemorrhag			***		 3	5
Heart Disease					 9	17
Aneurysm					 _	-
Other Circulatory					 5	3
Bronchitis					 1	3 4 5 1
Pneumonia					 4	5
Other Respiratory					 _	
Peptic Ulcer		***			 _	_
Diarrhoea, etc., (unde					 _	=
Appendicitis					 1	_
					 _	1
Other Liver Diseases					 _	_
		• • • •			 2 7	1
Nephritis			***		 7	4
Puerperal Sepsis			•••		 _	-
Other Puerperal					 _	_
Congenital Causes, etc					 3	1 3
Senility		***			 2	3
					 2	_
Other Violence					 3	1
Other Defined Causes					 2	4
Ill-defined Causes	•••			•••	 _	_
					57	66
			TOTAL	L	 1	23

Infant Mortality.—There were 6 deaths of infants under one year of age as compared with 16 in 1937. The infant Mortality Rate is 47.2 per thousand births compared with 132.2 for 1937.

BIRTH-RATE, DEATH-RATE, AND ANALYSIS OF MORTALITY DURING THE YEAR 1938.	EATH-	RATE,	AND	ANAL	VSIS O	F Mo	RTALI	TY DU	RING	THE	YEAR	1938.	
	Rate	per	7.	An	Annual D	Death-rate per 1,000 Population	te per	1,000 P	opulatio	on		Rate per 1.00 Live Births	1.000 irths
	Population	ation		ra-				цЗп				En-	rear
	Live Births	Still Births	All Causes	Typhoid & Pa	xoq-llsm2	Measles	Scarlet Fever	Whooping Co	Diphtheria	Influenza		Diarrhoea & teritis (und years)	Total Deaths
England and Wales	15.1	09.0	9.11	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.01	0.03	20.0	0.11		5.2	53
126 County Boroughs & Great Towns, including London	15.0	59.0	11.7	00.0	00.0	90.0	0.01	0.03	20.0	0.10		7.8	57
148 Smaller Towns (estimated Resident Populations 25,000 to 50,000 at Census 1931)	15.4	09.0	11.0	00.0	00.0	0.03	0.01	0.03	90.0	0.11		3.6	51
London	13.4	0.48	11.4	0.00	00.0	90.0	0.01	0.03	0.02	90.0	1	13.1	57
Hexham U.D	14.0	0.55	13.5	0.00	0.00	0.11	00.0	0.11	00.0	0.11	1-14	00.0	47
			_										

NOTIFIABLE DISEASES (Other than Tuberculosis) DURING THE YEAR 1938.

Total Deaths.	11111011	6
Cases admitted to Hospital.	30	35
65&upward		3
.29 of 24		3
.25 to 45.		4
15 to 25.	1211111	5
.čl ot č	52 4	26
.2 of 2	4 1	5
.2 of I		3
Under 1.		3
At all Ages.	22.5 1.8 9	52
	11111111	:,
Notifiable Disease.	Smallpox Scarlet Fever Diphtheria Enteric Fever Puerperal Pyrexia Pneumonia Encephalitis Lethargica Erysipelas	TOTALS

GENERAL.—The total of the chief notifiable infectious diseases shows an increase from the previous year, being 52 against 37.

OPHTHALMIA NEONATORUM.—The particulars of this disease are given herewith:—

Table showing cases of Ophthalmia Neonatorum in 1938.

		CASES.		ed ,		S	
		Tre	eated	sion unimpared	sion	ndness	S
	Notified	At Home	In Hospital	Vision	Vision	Total Blin	Deaths
Ophthalmia Neonatorum	1	1		_	_	_	_

(a) Prevention of Blindness.

No special treatment other than the usual Post-Natal treatment.

(b) Tuberculosis.

Cases of Tuberculosis are treated at Wooley Sanatorium and are under the auspices of the Northumberland County Council. A few beds are at their disposal at Dene Street House Hospital, Hexham, when necessary.

14 cases of Tuberculosis have been notified during the year and three deaths occurred.

Particulars of new cases of Tuberculosis and of deaths from the disease are given in the following tables:—

TUBERCULOSIS.—New cases and Mortality during 1938 :-

Age periods.		New	Cases				hs in an Dis	
	Pulm	onary	Non	Pulm	Pulm	onary	Non .	Pulm
	М	F	M	F	M	F	М	F
0-1	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
1—5 5—15 15—25	_ _ 1	1	2	2	_	_	=	=
25—35 35—45	2	1 1	_		1	<u>-</u>	_	=
45—55 55—65	1	1	_	=	=	_	_	1
65 & over	-	_	_	_				
Totals	4	5	2	3	1	1	-	1

	Cases Notified.	Deaths.
Gilesgate Ward Leazes Ward	 2	-
Priestpopple Ward	 9	3
Hencotes Ward	 1	_
	14	3

GENERAL PROVISION OF HEALTH SERVICES FOR THE AREA.

- (a) Laboratory Facilities.—Work of this type is done by the Northumberland County Council, at their Laboratory in Newburn.
- (b) Ambulance Facilities.—One Motor Ambulance is available for Infectious cases. For non-infectious and accident cases, an ambulance is available by arrangement with the Hexham Red Cross Society.
- (c) Nursing in the Home.—A voluntary Association provides district nurses, who also act as Midwives for the district.

- (d) Treatment Centres and Clinics.—No such Clinics are provided by the Council. There is an Orthopaedic Clinic at the War Memorial Hospital, for School Children, controlled by the Northumberland County Authorities. There is also a Tuberculosis Dispensary carried on at the War Memorial Hospital, which serves the district for this disease, and is controlled by the Northumberland County Council.
- (e) Hospitals: Public and Voluntary.
 - (1) The Isolation Hospital. Final arrangements have been made and a scheme for the provision of a joint Hospital is being arranged.
 - (2) The War Memorial Hospital. This Hospital is supported by public subscription. It has an up-todate Operating Theatre and X-Ray establishment and receives both Medical and Surgical cases.
 - (3) Dene Street House. Patients are received from the Urban Area. There is accommodation for Maternity cases. Others go to Corbridge Hospital which is about 3 miles away and belongs to the County.

MATERNITY AND CHILD WELFARE.

- (1) Midwifery and Maternity Services.—Two district nurses.
- (2) Institutional Provision for Mothers or Children. For Mothers—None by the Urban District Council, other than the County Hospital, Dean Street House. For Children—The Children's Nursery, Hextol Terrace, where they have 35 cots for permanent children.
- N.B.—This refers only to the first quarter of 1938. These have been delegated to the Northumberland County Council from the 1st April of the year under review.

IMMUNISATION AGAINST DIPHTHERIA.

A scheme for providing free immunisation to all children in the district is still in operation. The response to this scheme has not been completely satisfactory. An effort is being made to make parents realize the importance of having their children immunised. The diphtheria prophylactic used is T.A.P. (Parke, Davis & Co.). The following table shows the number of children immunised during the year:—

Diphtheria Immunisation, 1938.

	Total number of Children Immunised	Pre- School Children	School Children
Diphtheria Immunisation	23	3	20

HEXHAM URBAN DISTRICT.

ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

SANITARY INSPECTOR

(H. MITCHELL),

FOR THE YEAR 1938.

SANITARY INSPECTOR'S REPORT, 1938.

Public Health Department, Hexham House,

HEXHAM.

To the Chairman and Members of the Hexham Urban District Council.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,-

I have the honour of submitting my Annual Report dealing with the work carried out by your Sanitary Department during the year ended 31st December, 1938.

Appended hereto will be found the tables giving particulars of the inspections made during the year, in conformity with the requirements of the Ministry of Health.

Your decision to separate the dual position of Surveyor and Sanitary Inspector, resulted in my appointment as your full time Sanitary Inspector, such appointment dating from 21st March, 1938.

Sixteen New Houses were erected during the year by private enterprise:—

Water Supply.—The supply was well maintained during the year, and there were no complaints that could not be abated by your works department. 21 New Services were installed, 17 of which were in connection with dwelling-houses, the other 4 supplying field troughs.

Drainage and Sewerage.—All new and re-conditioned drains were properly tested, mainly by smoke under pressure, and in some cases by the hydraulic test.

Good drainage is of the greatest importance where the health of the public is concerned, and too much time cannot be given to work of this description; owing to the fact that most of it is underground and never seen by the general public, it is essential that this work should be efficiently done and supervised.

Public Cleansing.—This is carried out by your Surveyor's Department and no important complaints have been received in this office.

The refuse question of the open markets was considered by your Sanitary Inspector and sanitary metal ashbins are now provided at various points in the market place on market days, and an appreciable improvement has resulted.

Sanitary Inspection of the Area.—Inspection of the district takes place periodically and when required on complaint, and the necessary notices served upon owners or occupiers without delay.

CLOSET ACCOMMODATION.—Hexham is mainly served by the water carriage system, direct to sewers and sewage works; there are still used in the outlying areas, however, several pail and earth closets where the sewer is not available.

Three pail closets were converted to W.C.'s during the year, in each case a septic tank and filter being provided all of which are working satisfactorily.

Workshops and Bakehouses.—The necessary routine visits were made; of the latter, two have unsatisfactory sanitary conveniences, and an undertaking has been given in each case, but as extensive structural alterations are contemplated these are sub-judice at the present time.

ERADICATION OF VERMIN FROM DWELLINGS.—In the case of bed bugs, Cescones in conjunction with Zaldecide have been used and found to be satisfactory. It was also found that silver fish could only be exterminated by the latter. Beetles were cleared by the use of proprietory beetle powders.

Before removal of tenants to Council Houses, the houses were inspected under the supervision of your Housing Supervisor and any disinfectation was carried out solely by your own staff.

MILK SUPPLY.—Of the 27 producers in the district, only five have accredited herds, and none tuberculin tested: this is to be deprecated considering the extra 1½d. and 2½d. per gallon respectively received. Under these special designations, a much higher standard of production must be maintained so far as inspection of animals, and sterilization of utensils, structure of cowsheds and dairies are concerned. It is hoped that in the future, more producers will avail themselves of the benefits derived from the production of milk under these special designations and make the necessary arrangements with the County Council.

There was only one prosecution for a milk offence during the year, when a purveyor was convicted for selling milk from unregistered premises and of being unregistered. FOOD SUPPLY.—During the year 6,288 animals were slaughtered for human consumption and were inspected at the abattoir previous to being offered for sale.

This causes a tremendous amount of work, much of which has to be done outside office hours, also on public holidays, but the work is of such importance that no effort is spared in order to carry it out regardless of whether it be night or day.

Definite hours of slaughter have been fixed, and the hours of the slaughter house attendant revised: this has made a remarkable change for the better in the working of that sphere of the Health Department. Structural alterations are being made so as to ease the pressure in the pig slaughtering houses, and when these are completed, the obligations of the Slaughter of Animals Act, 1933, can be more stringently administered.

The question of the disposal of diseased meat was considered and there are now two properly covered metal containers at the abattoir into which all small portions are deposited. The refuse cart collects the containers and the unsound meat is buried well down on our tips, after being thoroughly disinfected.

With respect to whole carcases and large portions, these are taken to the local knackers' yard where they are disinfected and destroyed under your Inspector's personal supervision.

Tents, Vans and Sheds.—One application was made for a licence to use land as a camping site; this was refused on the grounds of inadequate sanitation.

DISINFECTION OF VEHICLES AT THE CATTLE MARTS.— This is done by the employees of the Cattle Marts, and the order under which this work is necessary is administered by the Police Department of the district.

RATS AND MICE DESTRUCTION.—The Rats and Mice Destruction Act, 1919, is administered by the County Council, but in all local complaints, advice is given and poison baits laid when necessary.

INFECTIOUS DISEASES.—After all cases of infectious diseases, and in other cases when requested, the houses or rooms are fumigated with humid formaldehyde vapourisers, disinfectants are supplied and instructions given with respect to isolation of contacts and cleansing of the premises. Sinks, wastes, sanitary conveniences and ashbins are examined and any nuisances noted and the necessary notices serviced.

Factories Act, 1937.—This Act became operative on the 1st July, 1938, and is a consolidating and amending measure, and replaces the Factories and Workshops Act, 1901 and various later Acts. It follows broadly the lines of the 1901 Act, but contains many new provisions based on modern practice, and it also embodies a large number of changes suggested by experience on points of detail.

The old distinction between a factory and a workshop is abolished and the expression "workshop" disappears, one term "factory" being employed.

The overcrowding section has been revised and the standard is now 400 cubic feet per person instead of 250 as in the old Act, subject to certain conditions.

COMMON LODGING-HOUSES.—There is now only one on the register and this is under constant supervision: one was demolished during the year and another old landmark disappeared from the town.

GENERAL.—The new Food and Drugs Act, 1938, does not come into force until 1939, so a report upon that will be premature.

I have pleasure in stating that the working of the Department is proceeding smoothly and satisfactorily.

I am,

Ladies and Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
H. MITCHELL,
Sanitary Inspector.

VISITS AND INSPECTIONS.

VISII	S AND	11491	ECITO	10.		
Slaughter House					 	366
Knackers' Yard					 	55
Housing Inspections					 	71
Housing Re-Visits					 	125
House-to-house Inspections				***	 	41
House-to-house Re-visits					 	45
Overcrowding Re-visits					 	89
Houses measured					 	132
Open Markets					 	40
Cattle Marts					 	36
Farms Inspections					 	100
Milk Shops, Dairies, etc.					 	115
Public Health Housing visit	s				 	47
Public Health Housing Re-	visits				 	96
Shops, Foodstores, etc.					 	231
Smoke Abatement					 	10
Tents, Vans, Sheds, etc.					 	14
Factories and Workplaces					 	43
Bakehouse inspections					 	15
Common Lodging Houses					 	14
Infectious Disease visits					 	41
Infectious Disease Re-visits					 	40
Disinfection at Schools					 	2
Visits to Travelling Shows					 	9
Various nuisance visits					 	25
Choked Drains					 	8
Filthy Houses					 	7
Verminous Houses and Re-v	visits				 	6
Disinfestation of Rats					 	9
Water Supply (not housing)				•••	 	3
			Total		 	1,835

SUMMARY OF WORK EFFECTED, 1938.

	Hexham Urban District. Inspector—H. MITCHELL.	After Letter or Interview	After Informal Notice	After Statutory Notice	Total
Sanitary Conveniences	Privies abolished ,, repaired Privy ashpits abolished Pail-closets abolished Water closets provided ,, repaired Sanitary bins provided ,, renewed	3 	 18 17		 3 18 17
Drainage	New drains constructed Drains repaired or reconstructed Additional gullies provided Old gullies replaced Scullery sinks provided , waste pipes repaired , trapped Yards repaired or reconstructed		1 15 1 3 2 7 9 8	 1 	1 15 1 3 3 7 9 8
Water	Sources closed or discontinued, – New service provided 2		of house	es affect	ed, —
Case Rem	edied — ,	lars—			=

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Sanitary Inspector's Annual Report, Year ending Dec. 31st, 1938.

[Sanitary Officers' Order, 1926, Art. 19 (15).]

_										
	TOTALS	1528	950	-	951	14	183	114	420	:
	Petrol stores		:	1	:	:	::			
	Smoke nuisances	10	-	:	7	-	11	11	:	:
-16	Offensive accumul	12	00	:	00	:	00 00	11	:	
A	Ashpits improperlused	:	:	:	:	:	::	::	:	-:
pue	Insanitary Ashpits Receptacles	:	:	-	:	. :	::	::	:	
S	Keeping of animal	9	-	:	-	:		::	:	7 :
-на	Morkshops & Wo	43	20	:	00	9	- 11	::	- 71	
	Offensive trades	12	:	:	1	:	::	::	:	:
	Tents, Vans, etc.	14	-	1	1	:	1 ::		:	:
pue	Slaughter houses a	421	64	:	4	24	: :	- 11	:	:
pue	Dairies, cowsheds Milkshops	115	60	-	4	74	::		-	-:
'sa	Shops, Food-store	231	15	1	15	-	147	::	:	-:
RY CS.		1	-	- :		1	11	11	:	
SANITARY CONVN'CS.	Defective	-8	32	1	32	:	18	01	60	:
SS	Insufficient	J	:	;	:	:	1 :	11	:	:
GE.)		:	:	-	11	11	:	
DRAINAGE.	Defective	- 89	23	:	23	:	10	10	0	-
DR	Insufficient		61	:	23	27	11	11	:	
ATER IPPL Y	Unsatisfactory		:	-	:	:	: :	::	:	-
WAT	Insufficient	84	10	-	10	:	::	10	6	
	Nuisances	1	4	1	444		8.83	572	204	-:
91	Overcrowding	-	- 1	:	1	:		11		:
Housing	Dampness	480	32	:	32	:	17	33	12	-:
Нс	Defective Food-	1	52	:	52	:	30	22	27	-
	Structural defects	J	315	:	315	- 1	34	555	159	-
Name of District	Hoxham Urban Dist. Population, 9,416 Name of Inspector, H. Mitchell.	No. of Inspections during	No of defects or contra- ventions of byelaws No. outstanding from pre-	vious year	Total	No. remedied after letter or interview	No. of informal notices served Defects remedied thereafter	No. of statutory notices served Defects remedied thereafter	In progress or being dealt with	Legal proceedings

D.—HOUSING

HOUSES	ERECTED	DURING THI	E YEAR 1938. With State Assistance.	Unaided	TOTAL.
(a) By (b) By	Local Authorother Bodie	ority es or Persons	::: =	16	- 16
	(a) Total non- housing	umber of dwe defects (under	lling houses ins Public Health	or Housing	110
	a) Number (1) abov	of dwelling hous we which were in	made for the pur ses (included und aspected and reco	er sub-head orded under	118 381
	(b) Number	of inspections :	ted Regulations, made for the pur found to be in	rpose	41 45
(4) 1	dangerous a Number of d	s to be unfit for wellinghouses (e	human habitati exclusive of those ead) found not	on e referred to	16
2.—Reme	respects reas edy of Defect ber of defec	sonably fit for hi cts without Servetive dwelling	uman habitation vice of Formal ! houses rendered n by Local Auth	Notices : fit in con-	54
3.—Actio	officers . n under Sta	tutory Powers under Sections			14
	(1) No. of d were set (2) No. of d	welling houses i rved requiring i welling houses v	which were rende		-
(B)	(a) By (b) By		y in default of o	— wners —	_3
(2)	(1) No. of d were ser (2) No. of	lwelling houses rved requiring d dwelling hous	in respect of while defects to be remedes in which de-	edied efects were	_
(C)	(a) By (b) By	owners Local Authority	y in default of or	wners —	=
(0)	1936 :- (1) Number	of dwelling h	11 and 13 of H	t of which	
	(2) Number		e made uses demolished i	n pursuance	6
(D)	Proceedings (1) Number rooms i	under Section 1: of separate n respect of whi	2 of the Housing tenements or u ch Closing Orders tenements or u	Act, 1936: nderground s were made	16
	rooms	in respect of rener ined, the tener	which Closing C nent or room h	orders were	2
	ber of hous		discontinued a		_

Housing Act, 1936.—Part IV.—Overcrowding: (a) (i) Number of dwellings overcrowded at the end of the 67 year Number of families dwelling therein 68 (iii) Number of persons dwelling therein ... 457 (b) Number of new cases of overcrowding reported during 1 (c) (i) the year 67 (ii) Number of persons concerned in such cases 152 (d) Particulars of any cases in which dwelling-houses have

again become overcrowded after the Local Authority have taken steps for the abatement of overcrowding ... Any other particulars with respect to overcrowding conditions upon which the Medical Officer of Health

may consider it desirable to report

H. MITCHELL, Inspector.

FOOD INSPECTION, 1938.

UNSOUND FOO	DD.	Surren	dered	Seized	Legal Pro- ceedings
		stones	lbs.		
Beef (home-killed)		 287	11		
,, (Imported)		 			
Mutton (home-killed)		 4	13		
,, (Imported)	•••	 			
Pork		 36	6		
Bacon		 			
Fruit		 			
Other Foods:		 			
Т	OTAL	 329	2		

CARCASES INSPECTED AND CONDEMNED.

	Cattle, excldg Cows.	Cows.	Calves.	Sheep and Lambs	Pigs.
Number killed (if known)	862	_	302	3947	1177
Number inspected	862	-	302	3947	1177
All diseases except Tuber- culosis Whole carcases con- demned	_		1	2	1
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned	230	_	_	60	48
Percentage of the number inspected affected with disease other than tuber- culosis	26.7		0.3	1.6	4.1
Tuberculosis only Whole carcases condemned	2	-	-	_	_
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned	36	_	_	_	48
Percentage of the number inspected affected with tuber-culosis	4.4	_	_		4·1

CLASSIFICATION OF DISE ASES FOUND IN THE UNSOUND FOOD.

		U.	NSOUN	D FU	D.				
									Lbs.
Abscesses									301
Bruising									19
Cirrhosis									251
Decomposition									75
Distomum Hep	aticum							***	469
Fatty Infiltrati	on								151
Inflammation									34
Mammitis									4
Pericarditis									1/2
Pleurisy									411
Pneumonia									281
Gangrenous Pne	eumoni	a							210
Pyaemia									104
Neoplasms									541
Strongylus Ruf	escens								11/2
Tuberculosis									$2,983\frac{1}{2}$
Moribund									56
Other parasites									26
Congestion									28
Extra vasation	of blood	d (from	accide	nt)					168
Hepatitis									8
	Tota	ul		4,60	8 lbs.	or 32	9 ston	es 2	2 1bs.

URBAN DISTRICT OF HEXHAM. 1938.

Inspection of Factories, Workshops & Workplaces,

Including Inspections made by Sanitary Inspectors or Inspectors of Nuisances.

		Number of	NAME OF TAXABLE PARTY.				
Premises (1)	Inspections.	Written Notices. (3)	Occupiers Prosecuted. (4)				
Factories (including Laundries)	17						
Workplaces (other than Outworkers' premises)	26		`				
Total	43						

2.—Defects found in Factories, Workshops and Workplaces.

	1	No. of Defec	Number of defects in		
Particulars. (1)	Found.	Remedied.	Referred to H.M. Inspector. (4)	respect of which Prose cutions were instituted (5)	
Want of cleanliness (S.1)	2	2			
Overcrowding (S.2)					
Unreasonable temperature (S.3)					
Inadequate ventilation (S.4)					
Ineffective drainage of floors (S.6)					
Sanitary (insufficient	2				
Conveniences unsuitable, defective					
(S.7) not separate for sexes	4				
Other offences (Not including offences relating to Home Work or offences under the Sections mentioned in the Schedule to the Ministry of Health (Factories and Workshops Transfer of Powers) Order, 1921, and re-enacted in the Third Schedule to the Factories Act, 1937).		4			
the man are the second					
Total	8	6			

MILK AND DAIRIES ORDER, 1926.

Section 6 (1) and (4).

	27
	465
ORDER	1936.
Milk)	3
026	
1940.	
	10
	1
	1
1933	
1500.	
	23
	4
	ORDER, Milk) 926

THE	FACT	ORIE	ES AC	T, 19	37.		
Safety in Case of Fire C	Certifi	cates a	grante	ed .			7
SHOPS	ACT	S 193	4 and	1936			
Exemption Certificates						es)	4
						100	
	DISIN	FECTI	ON.				
			···				
Cases of Scarlet Fever							31
", ", Tuberculosis …							2
,, ,, Cancer							1
", ", Diphtheria							4
" " Erysipelas							2
School Rooms and Outbuild	lings, e	etc.					15
School Books destroyed (bu	ndles)						2
Other Rooms and Outbuildi	ings, et	tc.					22
Small Articles disinfected							214
Squares disinfected							85
Mattresses and Eiderdowns							6
Pillows							43
Blankets							143
Other bedding, beds, etc., w	hen re						



