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# ANNUAL REPORT

of the health of

THE

BOROUGH OF HERTFORD



1963

Report presented by

THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

and

THE PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR

Borough of Hertford





## BOROUGH OF HERTFORD

### Annual Report on the Health of the District for the year 1963

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BOARD OF HEALTH

Annual Report of the Board of Health for the Year 1903

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PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT - Staff-Committee

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Deaths and Births, etc., etc., etc.,

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REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH  
FOR THE YEAR 1963

B O R O U G H O F H E R T F O R D

P R E F A C E

To the Mayor, Aldermen and Councillors of the Borough of Hertford.

Your Worship, Aldermen and Councillors,

I have the honour to present the Annual Report upon the health of the Borough for the year ending 31st December 1963.

The steady rise in population continues with a mid-year estimate of 17,290 which is 1,590 above the figure for 1960.

The number of live births rose from 274 in 1962 to 330 in 1963, and the still births increased from 1 to 4. On the other hand the deaths in infants under 1 year of age fell from 7 to 4, and the total number of deaths at all ages fell from 175 to 154.

The general health of the population was excellent. Apart from an outbreak of measles in the first half of the year, there was little to report in the field of infectious disease. None the less, events taking place in recent years have shown that typhoid fever can occur in the United Kingdom as well as anywhere else. Protection from this disease calls for constant vigilance as well as active steps in which the general public can participate.

With regard to such steps I would recommend :-

- 1) That all people contemplating holidays abroad, especially in Southern Europe or North Africa should consult their own doctors on the advisability of getting T.A.B. injections.
- 2) That all firms and bodies concerned with the handling of food should send one or more responsible persons to attend courses on food hygiene and food handling.

Many such courses are now available both in London and at provincial centres.

REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH  
FOR THE YEAR 1965

BOROUGH OF HERTFORD

PREFACE

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I have the honour to present the Annual Report upon the health of the Borough for the year ending 31st December 1965.

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- 2) That all firms and bodies concerned with the handling of food should send one or more responsible persons to attend courses on food hygiene and food handling.

Why such courses are not available both in London and at provincial centres.



The successful practice of preventive or protective medicine depends ultimately on public participation. The medical profession, aided by many ancillary bodies, makes constant efforts in the field of health education but without co-operation from the general public such efforts are fruitless.

It is now five years since Mr. Peck has been without an Additional Public Health Inspector. During that time the population of Hertford has risen from 15,210 to 17,290 and is steadily rising. Furthermore, the amount of public health legislation passed recently, or about to come into effect is throwing an almost intolerable burden upon one Inspector. Unless steps are taken to provide an Additional Inspector soon, the normal day to day supervision of the Borough is bound to suffer, if it has not suffered already. It is a well known fact that there is a national shortage of Public Health Inspectors, but other areas can obtain them by offering sufficient inducements.

It is with pleasure that I can at last report the completion of the Hertford Covered Market. It is clean and bright with stalls which are easily cleansed and with washing and toilet facilities which it never previously enjoyed. The stall holders are pleased with it and it is now a credit to the Borough.

Building has continued apace in the Borough and is still making rapid progress. During 1963 no fewer than 55 houses were built by the Council, and 234 by private enterprise.

Once again I wish to thank the Public Health Committee and its Chairman, the Council and the Mayor for their continued support and for their interest in Public Health matters.

My thanks are also due to Mr. Peck for his valued assistance and for the amount of work he has managed to encompass single-handed.

I am grateful to the other Chief Officers for their help and advice during 1963.

I have the honour to be,  
Mr. Mayor, and Gentlemen,  
Your obedient Servant,

GORDON M. FRIZELLE

Medical Officer of Health.

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## MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

Gordon M. Frizelle, T.D., M.D., D.P.H.,  
Certificate in Radiological Protection

Central Office                      Council Offices,  
East Herts Combined Districts - High Street,  
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	Private	Ware	2746

## Deputy (Part-time) Medical Officer of Health

Peter de Bec Turtle, V.R.D., M.A., B.M., B.Ch., D.P.H.  
Haileybury and Imperial Service College,  
HODDESDON 2040

## PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR

B.W. Peck. A.R.S.H.

Additional Public Health Inspector - Vacant

Clerk to the Department      Mrs. E.J. Newman

Public Health Department,  
Vale House,  
HERTFORD, Herts.

Telephone - HERTFORD 2201

## PUBLIC HEALTH COMMITTEE

The Public Health and Town Planning Committee for the Session 1963/1964 comprised the following Members :-

Alderman H.E.Gilby, J.P. (Chairman)  
Councillor H.P.Mills (Vice-Chairman)  
His Worship the Mayor (Councillor G.W.Dale)  
Alderman P.G.Brooks M.B.E., J.P. Alderman C.W.G.Vance Packman  
Councillors E.A.Bennett, J.J.Forrester, Dr. H.I.Jory, W.R.Turner.



PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT

MEDICAL OFFICE OF HEALTH

Gordon W. Pringle, M.D., D.P.H.,  
Certificate in Radiological Protection

General Office  
East River Combined District - High Street,  
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Telephone Office  
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Hoboken 3001  
E.A.S.

Report (Part-time) Medical Office of Health

Peter de Vos Torle, V.M.B., M.A., B.Sc., D.P.H.,  
Halleysbury and Imperial Service College,  
HOBOKEN 3001

PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT

E.W. Brock, A.M.S.N.

Additional Public Health Inspector - Varnes

Clark to the Department  
Mr. E.J. Hansen

Public Health Department,  
Vale House,  
HOBOKEN, N.J.  
Telephone - HOBOKEN 3001

PUBLIC HEALTH COMMITTEE

The Public Health and Town Planning Committee for the  
Session 1927/1928 comprised the following members:-

Chairman: E.E. Gilby, J.E.

Committee: H.P. Miller  
(Vice-Chairman)

His Worship the Mayor (Committee: E.J. Dale)

Chairman: E.C. Brooks, J.E., J.P. Chairman: C.F. Varnes, Chairman

Committee: A.A. Bennett, J.J. Forester, Dr. H.J. Jory, J.E. Hansen.

# SECTION A

## GENERAL STATISTICS 1963

(Table I)

(Figures for 1962 are shown in brackets)

### POPULATION

Estimated Mid-Year Population Borough of Hertford:

	17,290	(16,670)
Natural increase or decrease	... +	176
Migration in or out	... +	444
Total increase or decrease	... +	620

### GENERAL STATISTICS

Area in acres ... 3,882

Number of inhabited Dwellings according to Rate Books  
(from Valuation Officers Statistical Analysis -  
as at 1st April 1963)

	5,572
Number of Houses per acre	1.4
Number of Persons per acre	4.5
Number of Persons per Dwelling	3.1

Rateable Value of District (31.3.1963)	£291,743	
After re-valuation - as at 1.4.1963,		£966,516

<u>Sum Represented by a Penny Rate</u>		
for year to 31st March, 1963	£1,180	
for year to 31st March, 1964		£4,097

# SECTION 4

## GENERAL STATISTICS 1963

### (Table 1)

(Figures for 1963 are shown in brackets)

#### POPULATION

Estimated Mid-Year Population through of Harbours

17,250	(16,670)
Natural increase or decrease	...
Migration in or out	...
Total increase or decrease	...

#### GENERAL STATISTICS

Area in acres ...  
 Number of inhabited dwellings according to Rate Books  
 (from Valuation Office Statistical Analysis  
 as at 1st April 1963)

2,575

Number of Houses per acre	1.4
Number of Persons per acre	4.2
Number of Persons per Dwelling	2.1

Rateable Value of District (31.3.1963) 2291,743  
 After re-valuation - as at 1.4.1963 2366,216

Sum represented by a Penny Rate  
 for year to 31st March, 1963 21,160  
 for year to 31st March, 1964 22,037



# VITAL STATISTICS

( Table 2 )

(Figures for 1962 are shown in brackets)

<u>LIVE BIRTHS</u>	<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>	<u>Total</u>
Legitimate	163 (120)	150 (141)	313 (261)
Illegitimate	6 ( 9)	11 ( 4)	17 ( 13)
Total Live Births	169 (129)	161 (145)	330 (274)
Live Birth Rate per 1,000 population		19.09	(16.44)
Area Comparability Factor for Births		0.97	( 0.96)
Standardised Live Birth Rate per 1,000 population		18.51	(15.78)
Illegitimate Live Births per cent of total live births		5.15	( 4.74)
<u>STILL BIRTHS</u>	<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>	<u>Total</u>
Legitimate	3 (1)	1 (0)	4 (1)
Illegitimate	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)
Total Still Births	3 (1)	1 (0)	4 (1)
Still Births Rate per 1,000 total live and still births		11.98	( 3.64 )
<u>TOTAL LIVE AND STILL BIRTHS</u>	<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>	<u>Total</u>
Legitimate	166 (121)	151 (141)	317 (262)
Illegitimate	6 ( 9)	11 ( 4)	17 ( 13)
Live and Still Births	172 (130)	162 (145)	334 (275)
<u>COMPARISON RATES</u>	<u>Hertford Borough</u>	<u>Hertford County</u>	<u>England &amp; Wales</u>
Live Birth Rate	19.09	18.32	
Area Comparability Factor	0.97	0.95	
Standardised Birth Rate	18.51	17.40	18.2
Still Birth Rate	11.98	15.62	17.3

# VITAL STATISTICS

( Table 2 )

(Figures for 1962 are shown in brackets)

LIVE BIRTHS			
Legitimate	Illegitimate	Male	Female
165 (150)	6 (3)	150 (141)	15 (4)
Total Live Births			
171 (156)		165 (145)	6 (11)
Live Birth Rate per 1,000 population			
18.08		18.08	
Area Comparability Factor for Births			
0.97		0.97	
Standardized Live Birth Rate per 1,000 population			
18.01		18.01	
Illegitimate Live Births per cent of total live births			
3.52		3.52	
STILL BIRTHS			
Legitimate	Illegitimate	Male	Female
3 (1)	0 (0)	3 (1)	0 (0)
Total Still Births			
3 (1)		3 (1)	0 (0)
Still Births Rate per 1,000			
11.98		11.98	
Total Live and Still Births			
18.08		18.08	
TOTAL LIVE AND STILL BIRTHS			
Legitimate	Illegitimate	Male	Female
168 (151)	6 (3)	165 (141)	3 (4)
Live and Still Births			
174 (154)		168 (145)	6 (11)
COMPARISON RATES			
Live Birth Rate	Area Comparability Factor	Standardized Birth Rate	Still Birth Rate
18.08	0.97	18.01	11.98
18.08		18.01	11.98

Vital Statistics  
Table 2 Continued.

<u>INFANT DEATHS</u>	<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>	<u>Total</u>
Infants under one week, total	2 (0)	2 (4)	4 (4)
Legitimate	2 (0)	2 (4)	4 (4)
Illegitimate	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)
<hr/>			
Infants under four weeks, total	2 (1)	2 (4)	4 (5)
Legitimate	2 (1)	2 (4)	4 (5)
Illegitimate	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)
<hr/>			
Infants under one year, total	2 (1)	2 (6)	4 (7)
Legitimate	2 (1)	2 (6)	4 (7)
Illegitimate	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)
<hr/>			

INFANT MORTALITY RATES

Infant Mortality Rate per 1,000 total live births, Total	12.12	(25.55)
Legitimate infant deaths per 1,000 legitimate live births	12.78	(26.82)
Illegitimate infant deaths per 1,000 illegitimate live births	0	( 0 )
Neo-natal Mortality Rate (deaths of infants under four weeks per 1,000 total live births	12.12	(18.25)
Early Neo-natal Mortality Rate (deaths of infants under one week per 1,000 total live births	12.12	(14.60)
Perinatal Mortality Rate (stillbirths and deaths of infants under one week combined - per 1,000 total live and still births	23.95	(18.18)



Infant Deaths		Total	
Legitimate	2 (0)	2 (0)	4 (0)
Illegitimate	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)
Total		2 (0)	4 (0)
Infants under one year, total		2 (0)	4 (0)
Legitimate	2 (0)	2 (0)	4 (0)
Illegitimate	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)
Total		2 (0)	4 (0)
Infants under four weeks, total		2 (0)	4 (0)
Legitimate	2 (0)	2 (0)	4 (0)
Illegitimate	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)
Total		2 (0)	4 (0)
Infants under one year, total		2 (0)	4 (0)
Legitimate	2 (0)	2 (0)	4 (0)
Illegitimate	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)
Total		2 (0)	4 (0)

# INFANT MORTALITY RATES

Infant Mortality Rate per 1,000	12.12	(22.52)
Total live births, total		
Legitimate infant deaths per	12.12	(22.52)
1,000 legitimate live births		
Illegitimate infant deaths per	0	(0)
1,000 illegitimate live births		
Neo-natal Mortality Rate (deaths of		
infants under four weeks per 1,000	12.12	(18.22)
total live births		
Early Neo-natal Mortality Rate (deaths		
of infants under one week per 1,000	12.12	(16.60)
total live births		
Perinatal Mortality Rate (stillbirths		
and deaths of infants under one		
week combined - per 1,000 total	22.52	(16.18)
live and still births		

## Vital Statistics - Table 2 continued

MATERNAL DEATHS

Maternal Deaths, including abortion	0	( 0 )
Maternal Mortality Rate per 1,000 live and still-births	0	( 0 )

DEATHS (total)

Deaths of all ages -	Males	73	(79 )
	Females	81	(96 )
	Total	154	( 175 )
Death Rate per 1,000 population		8.91	(10.50)
Area Comparability Factor for Deaths		1.12	( 1.09)
Standardised Death Rate per 1,000 population		9.98	(11.44)

COMPARISON RATES

	<u>Hertford Borough</u>	<u>Hertford County</u>	<u>England &amp; Wales</u>
Infant Mortality Rate	12.12	15.05	21.
Legitimate	12.78	14.9	
Illegitimate	0	16.61	
Neo-Natal Mortality Rate	12.12	10.05	14.2
Early Neo-Natal Mortality Rate	12.12	8.87	
Perinatal Mortality Rate	23.95	24.35	
Maternal Mortality Rate	0	0.37	0.28
Death Rate	8.91	9.67	
Area Comparability Factor	1.12	1.13	
Standardised Death Rate	9.98	10.93	12.2

MATERNAL DEATHS

Maternal Deaths, including abortions	0	(0)
Maternal Mortality Rate per 1,000 live and still-births	0	(0)

DEATHS (total)

Deaths of all ages -		
Males	73	(73)
Females	61	(96)
Total	134	(175)
Death Rate per 1,000 population	8.31	(10.50)
Area Comparability Factor for Deaths	1.12	(1.09)
Standardized Death Rate per 1,000 population	9.38	(11.44)

COMPARISON RATES

	Hartford County	Hartford Group	State
Infant Mortality Rate	12.12	12.12	21
Legitimate	12.78		16.9
Illegitimate	0		76.61
Neo-Natal Mortality Rate	12.12	10.02	16.2
Early Neo-Natal Mortality Rate	12.12	8.67	
Fetal Mortality Rate	25.92	24.35	
Maternal Mortality Rate	0	0.77	0.28
Death Rate	8.31	9.67	
Area Comparability Factor	1.12	1.12	
Standardized Death Rate	9.38	10.93	12.2



Vital Statistics - Comparison of figures for 1963 with those of the previous four years.

	1959	1960	1961	1962	Average 1959/62	1963
<u>LIVE BIRTHS</u>						
Legitimate Male	101	112	120	120	113	163
Female	108	101	113	141	116	150
Illegitimate Male	3	5	4	9	5	6
Female	3	4	4	4	4	11
	215	222	241	274	238	330
Live Birth Rate	14.14	14.47	15.02	16.44	15.02	19.09
Area Comp. Factor	0.99	0.99	0.96	0.96	0.97	0.97
Standardised Rate	13.99	14.33	14.41	15.78	14.63	18.51
<u>STILL BIRTHS</u>						
Total Still Births	2	3	7	1	3	4
Still Births Rate	9.22	13.33	28.23	3.64	13.60	11.98
<u>INFANT DEATHS</u>						
Under one week	2	4	2	4	3	4
2nd to 4th week	0	0	0	1	0	0
4 weeks to 1 year	1	5	2	2	3	0
Inf. Mortality Rate	13.95	40.54	16.60	25.55	24.14	12.12
<u>MATERNAL DEATHS</u>						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
<u>DEATHS (all)</u>						
Males	65	67	71	79	70	73
Females	89	66	77	96	82	81
	154	133	148	175	152	154
Death Rate	10.12	8.67	9.22	10.50	9.63	8.91
Area Comp. Factor	1.04	1.04	1.08	1.09	1.06	1.12
Standardised Rate	10.53	9.02	9.96	11.44	10.24	9.98
<u>POPULATION</u>						
Natural increase or decrease						
Males	+ 39	+ 50	+ 53	+ 50	+ 48	+ 96
Females	+ 22	+ 39	+ 40	+ 49	+ 38	+ 80
	+ 61	+ 89	+ 93	+ 99	+ 86	+ 176
Migration in or out	+ 59	+ 41	+ 617	+ 521	+ 310	+ 444
Total difference	+ 120	+ 130	+ 710	+ 620	+ 395	+ 620
Estimated Mid-Year Population	15,210	15,340	16,050	16,670		17,290

Vital Statistics - Comparison of figures for 1961 with those of the previous four years.

1961	1957-60 Average	LIVE BIRTHS			
		1961	1960	1959	1958
Legitimate Males	113	120	115	101	101
Female	116	114	113	108	108
Illegitimate Males	3	4	5	5	5
Female	4	5	4	5	5
	117	124	119	109	109
Live Birth Rate	15.02	15.44	15.02	14.16	14.16
Area Comp. Factor	0.99	0.98	0.99	0.99	0.99
Standardized Rate	14.63	15.18	14.64	13.99	13.99
STILL BIRTHS					
Total Still Births	3	7	3	5	5
Still Birth Rate	3.60	8.64	3.53	5.72	5.72
INFANT DEATHS					
Under one week	3	4	2	5	5
One to four weeks	0	1	0	0	0
Five weeks to 1 year	3	2	3	1	1
Inf. Mortality Rate	38.14	22.52	18.60	13.95	13.95
MATERNAL DEATHS					
Deaths (all) Males	70	72	71	62	62
Female	82	96	73	89	89
	152	168	144	151	151
Death Rate	9.63	10.50	9.32	10.12	10.12
Area Comp. Factor	1.06	1.05	1.08	1.02	1.02
Standardized Rate	10.21	11.44	9.98	10.53	10.53
POPULATION					
Natural increase or decrease					
Males	+ 48	+ 30	+ 50	+ 39	+ 39
Females	+ 43	+ 43	+ 40	+ 35	+ 35
	+ 91	+ 73	+ 90	+ 74	+ 74
Migration in or out	- 310	- 351	- 617	- 39	- 39
Total difference	- 219	- 281	- 527	+ 135	+ 135
Estimated Mid-Year Population	15,670	16,050	15,340	15,210	15,210

PREVALENCE OF, AND CONTROL OVER INFECTIOUS DISEASES

(Table 3)

Notifiable Diseases (other than Tuberculosis)  
Notified during the Year :-

<u>Disease</u>	<u>Total</u> <u>all</u> <u>Ages</u>	<u>Age Group in Years</u>					<u>Over</u> <u>65</u>	<u>Age</u> <u>Unknown</u>
		<u>Under</u> 1	1-	5-	15-	25-		
Scarlet Fever	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	-
Whooping Cough	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Measles	434	7	181	234	11	1	-	-
Infective Jaundice	2	-	-	-	-	2	-	-
Erysipelas	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
	440	7	184	234	11	4	-	-

Poliomyelitis and other notifiable diseases, other than  
Tuberculosis - Nil

Incidence of Disease during the different Months

	<u>First</u> <u>Quarter</u>			<u>Second</u> <u>Quarter</u>			<u>Third</u> <u>Quarter</u>			<u>Fourth</u> <u>Quarter</u>		
	<u>Jan.</u>	<u>Feb.</u>	<u>Mar.</u>	<u>Apr.</u>	<u>May.</u>	<u>June.</u>	<u>July.</u>	<u>Aug.</u>	<u>Sept.</u>	<u>Oct.</u>	<u>Nov.</u>	<u>Dec.</u>
Scarlet Fever	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Measles	164	164	76	24	3	-	1	2	-	-	-	-
Infective Jaundice	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Erysipelas	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Whooping Cough	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1





Prevalence of, and control over Infectious Diseases (con)

T U B E R C U L O S I S

		<u>Pulmonary</u>	<u>Non-Pulmonary</u>
<u>Cases on Register at Beginning of year</u>			<u>69</u>
(Cases per 1,000 population = 4.00)			
	Males	36	1
	Females	27	5
<u>Cases added to Register during 1963</u>			<u>11</u>
<u>New Cases</u>	Males	-	1
	Females	-	-
<u>Restored to Register</u>	Males	-	-
	Females	-	-
<u>Inward Transfers</u>	Males	4	1
	Females	4	-
<u>Posthumous Notifications</u>	Males	-	-
	Females	1	-
<u>Cases removed from Register during 1963</u>			<u>7</u>
<u>Deaths (Posthumous Notification)</u>	Males	-	-
	Females	1	-
<u>Outward Transfers</u>	Males	1	-
	Females	2	-
<u>Patients Cured</u>	Males	-	-
	Females	2	-
<u>Diagnosis not confirmed</u>	Males	-	-
	Females	-	1
<u>Lost sight of</u>	Males	-	-
	Females	-	-
<u>Cases remaining on Register at end of year</u>			<u>73</u>
(Cases per 1,000 population = 4.22)			
	Males	39	3
	Females	27	4
<u>Attack Rate per 1,000 population</u>		<u>Hertford</u>	<u>Hertford</u>
		<u>Borough</u>	<u>County</u>
(Number of cases notified - 1)			
Pulmonary (0)		0.00	0.28
Non-Pulmonary (1)		0.05	0.05
Pulmonary and Non-Pulmonary		0.05	0.33

Tuberculosis Prevention - B.C.G. Inoculations are given by the Health Services of the Herts. County Council.

TUBERCULOSIS

Attack Rate per 1,000 population		Number of cases notified - (1)	
Pulmonary	Non-Pulmonary	Pulmonary	Non-Pulmonary
0.35	0.05	(0)	(1)
0.05	0.05	(1)	(1)
0.35	0.05		
Cases remaining on Register at end of year			
(Cases per 1,000 population = 1.2)			
Male	Female	Male	Female
3	4		
Lost sight of			
Male	Female	Male	Female
-	-	-	-
Diagnosis not confirmed			
Male	Female	Male	Female
-	-	-	-
Patients cured			
Male	Female	Male	Female
2	2		
Outward Transfers			
Male	Female	Male	Female
1	2		
Deaths (Posthumous Notification)			
Male	Female	Male	Female
-	-	-	-
Cases removed from Register during 1965			
Male	Female	Male	Female
1	1		
Posthumous Notifications			
Male	Female	Male	Female
-	-	-	-
Inward Transfers			
Male	Female	Male	Female
4	2		
Returned to Register			
Male	Female	Male	Female
-	-	-	-
New Cases			
Male	Female	Male	Female
1	2		
Cases added to Register during 1965		Cases on Register at beginning of year	
		(Cases per 1,000 population = 1.7)	
Male	Female	Male	Female
1	2	3	4



CAUSES OF DEATH DURING THE YEAR 1963

( Table 4 )

Line No.					<u>M</u>	<u>F</u>
	ALL CAUSES				73	81
1	Tuberculosis, respiratory	...	...		0	0
2	Tuberculosis, other	...	...	...	0	0
3	Syphilitic disease	...	...	...	0	0
4	Diphtheria	...	...	...	0	0
5	Whooping Cough	...	...	...	0	0
6	Meningococcal	...	...	...	0	0
7	Acute Poliomyelitis	...	...	...	0	0
8	Measles	...	...	...	0	0
9	Other infective and parasitic disease				0	0
10	Malignant neoplasm, stomach			...	4	2
11	" " lung	...	...		3	3
12	" " breast	...	...		0	6
13	Malignant neoplasm, uterus	...	...		0	0
14	Other malignant and lymphatic neoplasms				6	7
15	Leukaemia, aleukaemia	...	...		1	0
16	Diabetes	...	...	...	1	1
17	Vascular lesions of nervous system				9	21
18	Coronary disease, angina	...	...		8	9
19	Hypertension with heart disease	...			2	2
20	Other heart disease	...	...	...	3	6
21	Other circulatory disease	...	...		6	3
22	Influenza	...	...	...	0	0
23	Pneumonia	...	...	...	3	3
24	Bronchitis	...	...	...	4	4
25	Other diseases of respiratory system				3	3
26	Ulcer of Stomach and duodenum	...			1	1
27	Gastritis, enteritis and diarrhoea				0	0
28	Nephritis and nephrosis	...	...		2	0
29	Hyperplasia of prostate	...	...		0	0
30	Pregnancy, Childbirth, abortion	...			0	0
31	Congenital malformation	...	...		1	1
32	Other defined and ill-defined diseases				15	9
33	Motor Vehicle Accidents	...	...		0	0
34	All other accidents	...	...	...	1	0
35	Suicide	...	...	...	0	0
36	Homicide and operations of war	...			0	0

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# CAUSES OF DEATH DURING THE YEAR 1961

(Table 4)

Line No.		M	F
	ALL CAUSES	12	81
1	Tuberculosis, respiratory	0	0
2	Tuberculosis, other	0	0
3	Syphilis disease	0	0
4	Diphtheria	0	0
5	Whooping Cough	0	0
6	Measles	0	0
7	Acute Poliomyelitis	0	0
8	Scarlet	0	0
9	Other infective and parasitic diseases	0	0
10	Malignant neoplasms, stomach	4	3
11	" " lung	3	2
12	" " breast	0	0
13	Malignant neoplasms, uterus	0	0
14	Other malignant and dysplastic neoplasms	6	7
15	Leukemia, lymphomas	1	0
16	Diabetes	1	1
17	Vascular lesions of nervous system	9	21
18	Coronary disease, angina	8	9
19	Hypertension with heart disease	2	2
20	Other heart disease	1	6
21	Other circulatory disease	6	2
22	Influenza	0	0
23	Pneumonia	3	3
24	Bronchitis	4	4
25	Other diseases of respiratory system	3	3
26	Ulcer of stomach and duodenum	1	1
27	Gastritis, enteritis and diarrhoea	0	0
28	Hepatitis and nephritis	2	0
29	Hypertrophy of prostate	0	0
30	Pregnancy, childbirth, abortion	0	0
31	Congenital malformation	1	1
32	Other defined and ill-defined diseases	12	9
33	Motor Vehicle Accidents	0	0
34	All other accidents	1	0
35	Suicide	0	0
36	Homicide and operations of war	0	0



DEATHS classified according to Ages

AGES (inclusive)	M	% of total male deaths	F	% of total female deaths	Total	% of total deaths
Under 1 week	2	(2.74)	2	(2.47)	4	(2.59)
1 - 3 weeks	-		-		-	(2.59)
4 - 51 weeks	-		-		-	
1 yr - 4 yrs	1	(1.37)	1	(1.23)	2	(1.30) (1.30)
5 - 9	1	(1.37)	-		1	(0.64)
10 - 14	-		-		-	(0.64)
15 - 19	-		-		-	
20 - 24	-		-		-	
25 - 29	-		-		-	
30 - 34	-		-		-	(0.64)
35 - 39	1	(1.37)	-		1	(0.64)
40 - 44	-		5	(6.17)	5	(3.25)
45 - 49	3	(4.11)	3	(3.70)	6	(3.90) (7.15)
50 - 54	-		2	(2.47)	2	(1.30)
55 - 59	3	(4.11)	6	(7.41)	9	(5.85) (7.15)
60 - 64	7	(9.59)	8	(9.88)	15	(9.74)
65 - 69	11	(15.07)	5	(6.17)	16	(10.39) (20.13)
Aged 70/71	5	(6.85)	6	(7.41)	11	(7.14)
72/73	4	(5.48)	5	(6.17)	9	(5.85)
74/75	2	(2.74)	3	(3.70)	5	(3.25)
76/77	6	(8.21)	6	(7.41)	12	(7.79)
78/79	10	(13.70)	6	(7.41)	16	(10.39)
Aged 80/81	9	(12.33)	7	(8.64)	16	(10.39)
82/83	2	(2.74)	5	(6.17)	7	(4.55)
84/85	-		6	(7.41)	6	(3.90)
86/87	3	(4.11)	2	(2.47)	5	(3.25)
88/89	3	(4.11)	2	(2.47)	5	(3.25)
Aged 90/91	-		1	(1.23)	1	(0.64) (0.64)
Over 91	-		-		-	
	73	(100%)	81	(100%)	154	(100%)



DEATHS classified according to age

AGES (inclusive)	M Total Deaths	F Total Deaths	Total	% of Total Deaths
Under 1 week	2 (2.76)	2 (2.47)	4 (2.32)	{ (2.58)
1 - 3 weeks	-	-	-	
4 - 51 weeks	-	-	-	
1 yr - 4 yrs	1 (1.27)	1 (1.23)	2 (1.30)	(1.30)
5 - 9	1 (1.27)	-	1 (0.64)	{ (0.64)
10 - 14	-	-	-	
15 - 19	-	-	-	
20 - 24	-	-	-	-
25 - 29	-	-	-	-
30 - 34	-	-	-	{ (0.64)
35 - 39	1 (1.27)	-	1 (0.64)	
40 - 44	-	2 (2.47)	2 (2.32)	
45 - 49	3 (4.11)	3 (3.70)	6 (3.30)	(3.72)
50 - 54	-	2 (2.47)	2 (1.30)	{ (2.72)
55 - 59	3 (4.11)	6 (7.41)	9 (5.05)	
60 - 64	7 (9.29)	8 (9.88)	15 (8.14)	
65 - 69	11 (12.07)	5 (6.17)	16 (10.39)	(10.12)
Aged 70/71	2 (2.54)	6 (7.41)	8 (4.38)	{ (7.14)
72/73	4 (5.08)	3 (3.70)	7 (4.69)	
74/75	3 (3.79)	3 (3.70)	6 (3.25)	
76/77	6 (7.57)	6 (7.41)	12 (6.53)	
78/79	10 (12.76)	6 (7.41)	16 (10.39)	
80/81	3 (3.79)	7 (8.85)	10 (5.44)	
82/83	5 (6.35)	5 (6.17)	10 (5.44)	{ (7.14)
84/85	-	6 (7.41)	6 (3.25)	
86/87	3 (3.79)	3 (3.70)	6 (3.25)	
88/89	3 (3.79)	3 (3.70)	6 (3.25)	
90/91	3 (3.79)	3 (3.70)	6 (3.25)	
Aged 92/93	-	1 (1.23)	1 (0.64)	(0.64)
Over 94	-	-	-	-
	73 (100)	81 (100)	154 (100)	(100)

## DEATHS classified according to ages for 1959 to 1963

AGES (inclusive)	1959 No. & % of all deaths	1960 No. & % of all deaths	1961 No. & % of all deaths	1962 No. & % of all deaths	1963 No. & % of all deaths
Under 1 week	2	4	2	4	4
1 - 3 weeks	- (1.9)	- (6.8)	- (2.7)	1 (4.0)	- (2.6)
4 - 51 weeks	1	5	2	2	-
1 yr - 4 yrs	-	-	1 (0.7)	1 (0.6)	2 (1.3)
5 - 9	-	1 (0.8)	-	1 (0.6)	1 (0.7)
10 - 14	-	-	-	-	-
15 - 19	-	-	1 (0.7)	1 (0.6)	-
20 - 24	- (0.6)	- (0.8)	1 (0.7)	1 (0.6)	-
25 - 29	1	1	-	-	-
30 - 34	3 (3.9)	1 (3.0)	3 (3.4)	- (0.6)	- (0.7)
35 - 39	3	3	2	1	1
40 - 44	1 (3.3)	3 (4.5)	3 (2.7)	3 (2.9)	5 (7.1)
45 - 49	4	3	1	2	6
50 - 54	3 (9.1)	6 (13.5)	4 (10.1)	8 (10.9)	2 (7.1)
55 - 59	11	12	11	11	9
60 - 64	8 (16.9)	15 (19.5)	15 (20.3)	16 (20.0)	15 (20.1)
65 - 69	18	11	15	19	16
Aged 70/71	6	10	9	4	11
72/73	12	8	5	17	9
74/75	13 (35.7)	7 (30.8)	12 (29.7)	7 (33.7)	5 (34.4)
76/77	13	11	7	15	12
78/79	11	5	11	16	16
Aged 80/81	10	5	15	5	16
82/83	11	5	5	17	7
84/85	7 (23.4)	6 (18.0)	7 (24.3)	7 (21.1)	6 (25.3)
86/87	5	6	7	4	5
88/89	3	2	2	4	5
Aged 90/91	4	1	5	-	1
92/93	1	1	-	3	-
94/95	2 (5.2)	1 (2.3)	1 (4.7)	3 (4.6)	- (0.7)
96/97	1	-	-	1	-
98/99	-	-	1	1	-
	154	133	148	175	154





There is a steady increase in the Borough population, the figure for 1963 being 620. By an extraordinary coincidence, this is an exactly similar increase to that of last year. Thus the total population of the Borough has risen in two years by 1,240, from 16,050 to 17,290.

The number of inhabited houses rose from 5246 to 5572. The number of houses per acre rose slightly from 1.35 to 1.43. With the population increasing by 620 and the inhabited houses by 326, the number of persons per dwelling dropped from 3.18 to 3.10.

VITAL STATISTICS.

The total number of live births, both legitimate and illegitimate increased from 274 in 1962 to 330 in 1963, an increase of 56 as compared with the 1962 increase of 33. The still births rose from 1 to 4. The infant deaths - i.e. deaths of infants under 1 year of age - fell from 7 to 4.

For the twenty-third successive year there were no maternal deaths.

The total number of deaths at all ages fell from 175 to 154.

CAUSES OF DEATH.

Disease of The Heart and Circulation again accounted for the greatest number of deaths, 39 out of 154 or 25.3%. Malignancy in all forms including Leukaemia once more came second with 32 deaths or 20.8%, closely followed by Vascular Lesions of the Nervous System which were responsible for 30 deaths or 19.5% of the total. Malignant Disease of the Lung caused 6 deaths or 25% of the total due to all forms of Malignancy.

There were no suicides, and only one accidental death due to drowning.

The four deaths of children under 1 year of age all occurred within 6 days of birth, and were due to Prematurity 2, Haemolytic Disease of the New Born 1, and Atelectasis 1.

The analysis of deaths in the Borough according to Age Groups is to be found at page 13.

INFECTIOUS DISEASES.

There is fortunately nothing of consequence to report in the field of infectious disease with the exception of the customary biennial outbreak of Measles early in 1963, which accounted for 434 cases, 234 of whom were in the 5 - 15 age group.

The outbreak of typhoid fever in Zermatt as well as that much nearer home at Harlow led to the discovery of some contacts in the Borough but investigation proved them to be free from infection.

There is a steady increase in the Borough population, the figure for 1965 being 680. By an extraordinary coincidence, this is an exact 100 per cent increase on that of 1955. Thus the total population of the Borough has risen in two years by 1,240, from 16,020 to 17,260.

The number of inhabited houses rose from 254 to 257. The number of houses per acre rose slightly from 1.55 to 1.57. With the population increasing by 680 and the inhabited houses by 32, the number of persons per dwelling dropped from 2.15 to 2.10.

## VITAL STATISTICS

The total number of live births, both legitimate and illegitimate, increased from 27 in 1965 to 30 in 1966, an increase of 11 per cent. The still births rose from 1 to 2. The infant deaths - i.e. deaths of infants under 1 year of age - fell from 7 to 4.

For the twenty-third successive year there were no natural deaths.

The total number of deaths at all ages fell from 17 to 15.

## CAUSES OF DEATH

Diseases of the Heart and Circulation again accounted for the greatest number of deaths, 35 out of 124 or 28.2%. Malnutrition in all forms including kwashiorkor once again came second with 25 deaths or 20.2%, closely followed by Vascular lesions of the Nervous System which were responsible for 20 deaths or 16.1% of the total. Malignant diseases of the lung caused 6 deaths or 4.8% of the total and for all forms of malignant disease there were no deaths, and only one accidental death due to fire.

The four deaths of children under 1 year of age all occurred within 6 days of birth, and were due to Prematurity 2, Neonatal disease of the New Born 1, and Asphyxia 1.

The analysis of deaths in the Borough according to age groups is to be found at page 15.

## INFECTIOUS DISEASES

There is fortunately nothing of consequence to report in the field of infectious diseases with the exception of the customary seasonal outbreaks of Measles early in 1965, which accounted for 14 cases, 12 of whom were the 5 - 15 age group.

The outbreak of typhoid fever in January as well as that of scarlet fever at Harlow led to the discovery of some contacts in the Borough but investigation proved them to be free from infection.



## TUBERCULOSIS

At the beginning of 1963 there were 69 cases of Tuberculosis on the Register of which 63 were pulmonary and 6 non-pulmonary.

During the year 1 new case was discovered, 9 came to live in the Borough, and 1 was notified posthumously. On the other hand 3 left the district, 2 were cured, 1 diagnosis was not confirmed and 1 was removed from the Register posthumously during the same period. This resulted in 73 cases by the end of the year, 66 being pulmonary and 7 non-pulmonary.

The Mass X-Ray Unit visited the Borough during the summer of 1963 and was, as usual, very well attended. The total number x-rayed was 4,663 as compared with 3931 in 1960, an increase of 732. Out of these 4,663, 2 required immediate treatment for pulmonary tuberculosis, 10 required occasional clinical supervision whilst a further 5 showed healed lesions and no further action was required. Among other abnormalities found were :-

Acquired abnormalities of heart and vessels	11
Bronchiectasis	1
Pneumonia	6
Abnormalities of the diaphragm	5
Congenital abnormalities of the thorax and soft tissues	4
Failed to attend for repeat film	3

## NATIONAL ASSISTANCE ACTS 1948 & 1951

No action was necessary under Section 47 of these Acts.

## SEWAGE

The problem of what has come to be known as the "Hertford Smell" remained an ever present one. After consultation and deliberation, the Council decided upon two lines of approach. One was to provide further sludge drying beds and to heat sludge digestion tanks. The object of the latter proposal was to increase and speed up the process of digestion which becomes inhibited by cold weather. The second line of approach was to prepare plans for the connection of the Sele Farm and Bengoe areas to the Middle Lee Sewerage System.

Discussions with the Harlow Development Corporation revealed that because of local problems at Ryemeads it might not be possible to obtain permission to connect to the Sewage Disposal Works before approximately September 1964.



TUBERCULOSIS

At the beginning of 1963 there were 69 cases of Tuberculosis on the Register of which 67 were pulmonary and 2 non-pulmonary.

During the year 1 new case was discovered, 9 came to live in the Borough, and 1 was notified posthumously. On the other hand 5 left the district, 2 were cured, 1 diagnosis was not confirmed and 1 was removed from the Register posthumously during the same period. This resulted in 73 cases by the end of the year, 66 being pulmonary and 7 non-pulmonary.

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11	Acquired abnormalities of heart and vessels
1	Bronchiectasis
6	Pneumonia
2	Abnormalities of the diaphragm
4	Congenital abnormalities of the thorax and neck tissues
3	Failed to attend for repeat film

NATIONAL ASSISTANCE ACTS 1945 & 1951

No action was necessary under Section 47 of these Acts.

SEWAGE

The problem of what has come to be known as the "Norfolk Smell" remained an ever present one. After consultation and deliberation, the Council decided upon two lines of approach. One was to provide further sewage drying beds and to heat sludge digestion tanks. The object of the latter proposal was to increase and speed up the process of digestion which becomes inhibited by cold weather. The second line of approach was to prepare plans for the connection of the Gals Farm and Bengeo areas to the Middle Lee Sewerage System.

Discussions with the Harlow Development Corporation revealed that because of local problems at Bengeo it might not be possible to obtain permission to connect to the Sewage Disposal Works before approximately September 1964.

## FOOD HYGIENE

During the year all food handling establishments in the Borough were given the opportunity of accepting the following notices for display in their premises :-

### EAST HERTS. COMBINED DISTRICTS

#### NO SMOKING

The staff of this shop are prohibited by law from smoking whilst handling open food

In the interests of food hygiene, customers are requested to refrain from smoking

Gordon M. Frizelle

Medical Officer of Health

This notice is issued by the Public Health Committees of the Combined Districts

### EAST HERTS. COMBINED DISTRICTS

#### D O G S

In the interests of food hygiene it is requested that dogs should not be brought into these premises

Gordon M. Frizelle

Medical Officer of Health

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Quite a number availed themselves of this opportunity.

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HERTFORD OLD PEOPLES WELFARE COMMITTEE

The most important event of the year was the institution by the Womens Voluntary Services of a luncheon club at the Evergreen Hall. Despite the inadequacy of the kitchen premises, a successful trial was held before Christmas and following this the Club went into full service every Wednesday, providing meals for about 30 old people at every session.

A concert for old people was held at the Corn Exchange for the third successive year at which refreshments were provided by the Rotary Club, and service by the Womens Voluntary Services.

The Annual Tea sponsored by the Mayor and Mayoress was again most successful.

The Constituent Clubs had an excellent year, the Evergreen Club entering for the County Choir Festival, and having new electrical equipment installed in their hall. The Sele Farm Friends and Neighbours Club had two holidays at Cliftonville, one in May and one in September. The Hertford Heath Over Sixties Club held a very successful fete in the garden of Heathfield Old Peoples Home, the proceeds helping to defray the cost of various coach trips.

The work of the Visiting Committee has been greatly assisted by the help given by individual young people as well as youth organisations.

Thanks are due to the Rotary Club, the Round Table, Students of Balls Park Training College and of Christs Hospital, the Voluntary Organisations and to individual ladies who have freely given of their assistance. The County Welfare Committee has been generous with help and financial support.

HERTFORD BOROUGH ACCIDENT PREVENTION COMMITTEE

This Committee continued to meet monthly throughout the year, and amongst the activities initiated a number of proposals for the improvement of local road conditions.

A report on non-fatal accidents in children was submitted to the Committee and received notices in the "Hertfordshire Mercury".

The Committee agreed to give financial support to the R.A.C/A.C. Motor Cycle training scheme organised by the Ware Motor Cycling Club under the auspices of the Ware, Hertford and Hoddesdon Road Safety Committee.

A successful Home Safety Exhibition organised by the Hertfordshire Mercury was held in the Mercury offices.

Letters prepared by Station Officer Whiting and signed by the Chairman on the subject of the Care and Maintenance of Oil Heaters and the Dangers of Fireworks, were published by the "Hertfordshire Mercury".

HERTFORD OLD PEOPLE'S WELFARE COMMITTEE

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The Constantine Club had an excellent year, the Evergreen Club entering for the County Choir Festival, and having new electrical appliances installed in their hall. The John Town Friends and Neighbours Club had holidays at Cliftonville, one in May and one in September. The Herts Heath Over Sixties Club held a very successful Tea in the garden of Heathfield Old People's Home, the proceeds helping to defray the cost of various coach trips.

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The Committee agreed to give financial support to the H.A.D.C. Motor Cycle training scheme organised by the Herts Motor Cycling Club under the auspices of the Herts, Hertford and Hitchin Road Safety Committee.

A successful Home Safety Exhibition organised by the Hertfordshire Mercury was held in the Mercury offices.

Letters prepared by Statist Officer Whiting and signed by the Chairman on the subject of the Care and Maintenance of Old Motorcars, the Dangers of Fireworks, were published by the "Hertfordshire Mercury".



## SECTION B

### GENERAL PROVISION OF HEALTH SERVICES FOR HERTFORD

#### LABORATORY SERVICE

Laboratory facilities for the examination of Specimens and Samples are provided by the Public Health Laboratory Service at Cambridge.

In emergency, medical specimens can be examined at the Hertford County Hospital.

#### COUNTY COUNCIL HEALTH SERVICES

The following County Council Services under the National Health Service Act 1946 are available for Hertford. Full details can be obtained from the County Medical Officer, County Hall, Hertford.

#### Home Nursing, Midwifery, Health Visiting & Welfare Centre

Number of Nurses - 6. Welfare Centre, Bull Plain, Hertford.

#### Smallpox, Diptheria, Whooping Cough, Tetanus & Poliomyelitis Vaccinations

Medical Officers at the Welfare Centre will vaccinate babies, who can have similar services provided by the family Doctor. All parents are most strongly urged to avail themselves of these facilities.

#### Home and Domestic Help

Applications for this Service should be addressed to the Local Organiser, 27, Bull Plain, (Tel:- Hertford 3232).

A charge may be made for this Service based on the County Council's assessment scale.

#### Care and After-Care

Applications for recuperative holidays, if recommended by the Medical Attendant, should be made to the County Medical Officer.

There is a Medical Loan Department at the Clinic, 27, Bull Plain, (Tel:- Hertford 3597). The department is open on Wednesday afternoons and Monday and Friday evenings.



## SECTION A

### GENERAL PROVISIONS OF HEALTH SERVICES FOR INFANTS

#### LABORATORY SERVICE

Laboratory facilities for the examination of specimens and samples are provided by the Public Health Laboratory Service at Cambridge.

In emergency, medical specimens can be examined at the Hertford County Hospital.

#### COUNTY COUNCIL HEALTH SERVICES

The following County Council services under the National Health Service Act 1946 are available for Hertford. Full details can be obtained from the County Medical Officer, County Hall, Hertford.

#### Home Nursing, Midwifery, Health Visiting & Welfare Centres

Number of Nurses - 6. Welfare Centres, Bull Plain, Hertford.

#### Smoking, Diets, Nutrition, Vaccines & Polio-vaccines

Medical Officers at the Welfare Centres will vaccinate babies, who can have similar services provided by the Family Doctor. All parents are most strongly urged to avail themselves of these facilities.

#### Home and Domestic Help

Applications for this service should be addressed to the Local Organiser, 27, Bull Plain, (Tel:- Hertford 5575). A charge may be made for this service based on the County Council's assessment scale.

#### Care and After-Care

Applications for prospective children, if recommended by the Medical Assistant, should be made to the County Medical Officer.

There is a Medical Loan Department at the Clinic, 27, Bull Plain, (Tel:- Hertford 5575). The department is open on Wednesday afternoons and Monday and Friday evenings.

### Ambulance Service

Except in an emergency, an ambulance should be ordered by a Medical Practitioner. The telephone number of the Ambulance Station is 3013.

### Mental Health

Arrangements for treatment under the Mental Health Act 1959 may be made either by the patients own doctor or by the Mental Health Officer, Mr. J.H.Webster, Collett Road, Ware, (Tel:- Ware 2541)

### HOSPITAL SERVICES

Hertford is served chiefly by the Hertford County Hospital (tel:- Hertford 2275)

Patients suffering from Infectious Diseases are admitted to St. Ann's Hospital, Tottenham, or South Lodge Hospital, World's End Lane, London, N.21.

### GENERAL PRACTITIONER MEDICAL SERVICES

There are 8 doctors resident in Hertford.

### DENTAL SERVICES

There are 7 Dental Surgeons in Hertford.

### HERTFORDSHIRE SOCIETY FOR THE BLIND

The Hertford Office of this Society is at 2, The Wash, (Tel:- Hertford 3201)

#### Ambulance Service

Except in an emergency, an ambulance should be ordered by a Medical Practitioner. The telephone number of the Ambulance Station is 3017.

#### Mental Health

Arrangements for treatment under the Mental Health Act 1959 may be made either by the patient or doctor or by the Mental Health Officer, Mr. J.E. Webster, Colliett Road, Warrington (Tel. 354).

#### HOSPITAL SERVICES

Hertford is served chiefly by the Hertford County Hospital (Tel. - Hertford 2235). Patients suffering from infectious diseases are admitted to St. Ann's Hospital, Tottenham, or South Lodge Hospital, Warrington, Warrington, Warrington.

#### GENERAL PRACTITIONER MEDICAL SERVICES

There are 5 doctors resident in Hertford.

#### DENTAL SERVICES

There are 7 Dental Surgeons in Hertford.

#### HEALTHCARE SOCIETY FOR THE BLIND

The Hertford Office of this Society is at 2, The Swan, (Tel. - Hertford 3201).



SECTION CSANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE AREA

&amp;

REPORT OF THE PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTORFor the Year 1963GENERAL DEVELOPMENT

During the year all the Council Estate Development and Private Estate Development was practically completed in the Sele Farm, Molewood, and Brickendon Lane and Woodland Mount areas, but approval was given for a further smaller estate off Hertingfordbury Road adjoining Chelmsford Wood. Provision has been made in the Review of the Town Map for further residential development and these suggestions are awaiting Ministry approval.

HERTFORD BOROUGH - WATER SUPPLIES

Water supplies within the Borough are under the control of the Lee Valley Water Company.

All water supplied within the Borough is obtained from five Boreholes sunk in chalk, at Molewood Road, Wadesmill Road (2), Hartham Lane and at Port Hill, all these boreholes being within the Borough boundary. From these boreholes sufficient water can be obtained to meet the needs of the town for many years.

The low level parts of the town are supplied via the reservoir situate at the top of Port Hill, the supply to the higher parts of the town being via the Bengoe Water Tower, though the pressure in the mains supplying the high ground to the south is assisted and maintained from the recently constructed high level reservoir at Hertford Heath (Little Amwell).

Reports on water samples taken during the calendar year 1963 from the Borough supplies by the Lee Valley Water Company were all satisfactory, there being 150 samples for bacteriological examination and 24 for chemical analyses. The samples are obtained at each of the various stages in distribution, from each of the pumping stations, at the water tower, from the two reservoirs, and as it reaches the consumer.

## SECTION C

### SUMMARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE AREA

#### REPORT ON THE PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR

For the Year 1965

#### GENERAL DEVELOPMENT

During the year all the Council Estate Development and Private Estate Development was practically completed in the Sals Park, Holwood, and Brackenbury Lane and Woodland Lane areas, but approval was given for a further smaller estate off Hartington Road adjoining Holwood Wood. Provision has been made in the layout of the town for further residential development and these suggestions are awaiting Ministry approval.

#### HARTINGTON BOROUGH - WATER SUPPLY

Water supplies within the Borough are under the control of the Lee Valley Water Company.

All water supplied within the Borough is obtained from three boreholes sunk in chalk, at Holwood Road, Woodmill Road (2), Hartington Lane and at Port Hill. All these boreholes being within the Borough boundary. From these boreholes sufficient water can be obtained to meet the needs of the town for many years.

The low level parts of the town are supplied via the reservoir situated at the top of Port Hill, the supply to the higher parts of the town being via the Pumped Water Tower, though the pressure in the main supplying the high ground to the south is assisted and maintained from the recently constructed high level reservoir at Hartwood Heath (Little Amwell).

Reports on water samples taken during the calendar year 1965 from the Borough supplied by the Lee Valley Water Company were all satisfactory, there being 150 samples for bacteriological examination and 24 for chemical analysis. The samples are obtained at each of the various stages in distribution, from each of the pumping stations, at the water tower, from the two reservoirs, and as it reaches the consumer.



## SEWAGE DISPOSAL

The activated sludge treatment plant at the Mead Lane Works has continued to operate efficiently during the year so far as the purification section is concerned, and good analysis of effluents have been obtained,

During the second quarter of the year complaints of smell were received, and these continued throughout the summer period. The cause was traced to insufficient digestion caused by the sub-zero temperatures during the severely cold weather from January to March, and as late as 20th May temperatures in the secondary digestion tanks had only risen to 50°F. so that recovery of proper digestion was very slow. During the summer discussions were held with the Ministry of Housing and Local Government and with the Water Pollution Research Laboratories in an endeavour to find a means of improving the situation, and preventing a recurrence of this problem. In an immediate effort to alleviate the position, sludge with a high bacteria content was imported from Rye Meads Sewage Works and introduced not only into the Digestion Tanks themselves, but into the sludge already run into Drying Beds.

To mask the offensive odour emanating from the works an "Alamask" de-oderant system was installed, but the result was a mixture of smells which brought little consolation to the general public.

Towards the end of the year little progress had been made in drying out the sludge beds owing to very wet summer conditions, and the Council were obliged to embark on a scheme for increasing the Sludge Drying Capacity. At the same time investigations were made into the possibility of mechanically dewatering the sludge, but having in mind the Council's intention to connect the works to the Middle Lea Drainage Scheme, this idea was ruled out because of the very considerable capital cost involved for a comparatively short period.

At the same time discussions were held to ascertain whether the Council would be able to enter the Rye Meads Scheme at an early date, and it was intimated that owing to difficulties at Rye Meads Sewage Works this would not be possible immediately but the position could be reviewed in the Autumn of 1964 to ascertain whether the Sele Farm and Bengoe areas could be diverted into the Main Drainage Scheme at an early date. This would reduce the load on the Sewage Works by approximately 8,000 population, and detail plans for forming the two connections are now well advanced in anticipation that consent will soon be given for this diversion of sewage.

Consent was also sought from the Ministry of Housing and Local Government for loan sanction to the expenditure of a heating installation in the primary digestion tanks to ensure that another severe winter would not completely inhibit digestion. This was obtained and the heating installation finally completed in May, 1964.



The activated sludge treatment plant at the West Lane Works has continued to operate efficiently during the year so far as the purification of the sewage is concerned, and good analysis of effluents have been obtained.

During the second quarter of the year complaints of smell were received, and these continued throughout the summer period. The cause was traced to insufficient digestion caused by the sub-zero temperatures during the severely cold weather from January to March, and as late as 30th May temperatures in the secondary digestion tanks had only risen to 50°F, so that recovery of proper digestion was very slow. During the summer discussions were held with the Ministry of Housing and Local Government and with the Water Pollution Research Laboratories in an endeavour to find a means of improving the digestion, and preventing a recurrence of this problem. In an immediate effort to alleviate the position, sludge with a high bacteria content was imported from the Works sewage works and introduced not only into the digestion tanks themselves, but into the sludge already run into drying beds.

To mask the offensive odour emanating from the works an "Aluminate" de-odorant system was installed, but the result was a mixture of smells which brought little consolation to the general public.

Towards the end of the year little progress had been made in drying out the sludge beds owing to very wet summer conditions, and the Council were obliged to embark on a scheme for increasing the drying capacity. At the same time investigations were made into the possibility of mechanically dewatering the sludge, but having in mind the Council's intention to connect the works to the Middlesex Drainage Board, this idea was ruled out because of the very considerable capital cost involved for a comparatively short period.

At the same time discussions were held to ascertain whether the Council would be able to enter the Rye Water Scheme at an early date, and it was intimated that owing to difficulties at the Works sewage works this would not be possible immediately but the position could be reviewed in the Autumn of 1961 to ascertain whether the Rye Water and Barges schemes could be diverted into the Rye Water Scheme at an early date. This would reduce the load on the Barges Works by approximately 5,000 population and detail plans for forming the two connections are now well advanced in anticipation that consent will soon be given for this diversion of sewage.

Consent was also sought from the Ministry of Housing and Local Government for loan sanction to the expenditure of a heating installation in the primary digestion tanks to ensure that another severe winter would not completely inhibit digestion. This was obtained and the heating installation finally completed in May, 1962.

## REFUSE DISPOSAL

The Corporation has continued to use the Foxholes Farm Refuse Tip for the control tipping of domestic refuse and the volume of refuse collected continues to increase.

Salvage has been disposed of at the best prices obtainable.

## SWIMMING POOL

This is now the third full season of operation of the pool, which continued to be extremely popular, the attendance figures being:-

		General Public	School Children	Spectators
1960	Part Season	48,223	3,806	7,104
1961	29th April to 1st Oct.	81,148	13,790	9,002
1962	28th April to 30th Sept.	75,588	16,110	8,457
1963	27th April to 29th Sept.	80,264	17,722	8,158

The swimming pool is 110 feet long and 42 feet wide and varies in depth from 3-ft 6-ins to 9-ft 10-ins. The pool is provided with two diving spring boards of 30 metre and 1 metre heights, and is illuminated when necessary at evening time by twelve 500 watt tungsten flood lamps mounted on steel columns. The pool contains some 168,000 gallons of water continuously filtered through horizontal type filters, chlorinated and subject to p H control. The water is maintained at a temperature of about 70° F., heating being carried out by an oil fired boiler using 200 seconds fuel oil.

Samples of water have been taken regularly for bacteriological examination with consistently satisfactory reports. Three samples are submitted on each occasion, one from each of the shallow, middle and deep ends of the pool.

## PUBLIC HOT BATHS

The Public Hot Baths which are owned and run by the Council are situated at the Bircherley Green Car Park.

The number of baths provided during 1963 was 3,885, this number being a continuing decrease from previous years, corresponding numbers for 1960, 1961 and 1962 being 4,763, 4,633 and 4,342. The decrease is again attributed partly to the housing programme and partly to the provision of baths in existing houses either privately or by means of Improvement Grants.

REFUSE DISPOSAL

The Corporation has continued to use the Foxholes Refuse Refuse Tip for the central tipping of domestic refuse and the volume of refuse collected continues to increase.

Salvage has been disposed of at the best prices obtainable.

SWIMMING POOL

This is now the third full season of operation of the pool, which continued to be extremely popular, the attendance figures being:-

General Public School Children Spectator			
1960	Part Season	48,523	7,104
1961	25th April to 1st Oct.	81,128	9,001
1962	28th April to 30th Sept.	75,368	8,457
1963	27th April to 29th Sept.	80,264	8,158
		17,722	

The swimming pool is 110 feet long and 42 feet wide and varies in depth from 3-ft 6-in to 9-ft 10-in. The pool is provided with two diving spring boards of 30 metres and 1 metre height, and is illuminated when necessary at evening time by twelve 500 watt tungsten flood lamps mounted on steel columns. The pool contains some 168,000 gallons of water continuously filtered through horizontal type filters, chlorinated and subject to pH control. The water is maintained at a temperature of about 70° F., heating being carried out by an oil fired boiler using 200 seconds fuel oil.

Samples of water have been taken regularly for bacteriological examination with constantly satisfactory reports. These samples are submitted on each occasion, one from each of the shallow, middle and deep ends of the pool.

PUBLIC HOT BATHS

The Public Hot Baths which are owned and run by the Council are situated at the Birmingham Green Car Park.

The number of baths provided during 1963 was 7,895, this number being a continuing decrease from previous years, corresponding numbers for 1960, 1961 and 1962 being 8,765, 8,655 and 8,545. The decrease is again attributed partly to the housing programme and partly to the provision of baths in existing houses either privately or by means of Improvement Grants.



1963

SUMMARY OF VISITS Etc.Public Health Etc. Acts

Dwelling Houses, Inspections and revisits	159
Sewers and Drains	54
Sanitary Accommodation and fittings	31
Infectious Diseases, Contacts and Disinfections	11
Verminous Articles, Premises and Disinfestations	7
Disposal of bedding, etc.	7
Licensed Premises, Sanitary Accommodation	15
Music and Dancing Regulations	20
Hairdressers and Barbers	3
Schools, Sanitary Accommodation etc.	3
Smoke observations and visits	10
Offensive accumulations	22
Fly and other insect nuisances	41
Keeping of Animals	94
Shops and Offices	4
Moveable Dwellings, Caravans	16
Employment Agencies	2
Refuse Tips	12
Water Supplies	3
National Assistance Act (Sections 47 and 50)	1
Other general Public Health visits	125
Mass X-Ray visit to Hertford (re advertising etc.)	275
International Certificates of Vaccination, Authentications made by the department	250

Housing

Recorded Inspections	6
Reinspections and interviews	35
Overcrowding	3

Factories

Factories with Mechanical Power	30
Factories without Mechanical Power	12
Other premises under Factories Acts	12
Outworkers	7

SUMMARY OF VISITS Etc.Public Health Etc. Acts

159	Dwelling Houses, Inspections and revisits
34	Genova and London
31	Sanitary Accommodation and fittings
11	Infectious Diseases, Contacts and Disinfections
7	Vermineous Articles, Premises and Disinfections
7	Disposal of bedding, etc.
15	Licensed Premises, Sanitary Accommodation
30	Music and Dancing Regulations
3	Hairdressers and Barber
3	Schools, Sanitary Accommodation etc.
10	Smoke observations and visits
12	Offensive accumulations
11	Fly and other insect nuisances
24	Keeping of animals
1	Shops and Offices
16	Movable Dwellings, Caravans
2	Employment Agencies
15	Refuse Tips
3	Water Supplies
1	National Assistance Act (Sections 47 and 50)
155	Other General Public Health visits
275	Mass X-Ray visit to Hertford (re advertising etc.)
280	International Certificate of Vaccination, Authentications made by the department

Housing

6	Recorded inspections
35	Reinspections and interviews
3	Overcrowding

Pastorals

30	Pastorals with Mechanical Power
12	Pastorals without Mechanical Power
12	Other premises under Pastoral Acts
7	Outworks



Food Premises and Food Hygiene

Food Premises; Retail premises	143
Food preparation premises (Canteens, Kitchens)	40
Bakehouses	35
Food Stalls and Vehicles	26
Registered premises, Section 16; Ice Cream retailers	23
Preserved food premises	31
Food Inspections and Revisits	46
Miscellaneous and Publicity visits, and visits re control and food handling hygiene	220
<u>Rodent Control</u> Private Dwellings	15
Business Premises	21
Corporation Properties	4
Agricultural Properties	5
<u>Miscellaneous</u> Consumer Protection Act	6
Fabrics (Misdescription) Act	3
Road Traffic Act, 1956. Section 42	3
Pet Animals Act, Pet Shops	2
Animal Boarding Establishments	4
<u>Miscellaneous Visits and Inspections</u>	65
<u>Complaints</u> received during the year	142

PUBLIC HEALTH ACTSGeneral

Normal work of the Department under the Public Health Acts was carried out during the year, this including various minor repairs to property and works of drainage maintenance and cleansing, which, together with the majority of complaints which required action under the above Acts, were dealt with informally. There were no special problems of note which required to be dealt with during the year.

International Certificates of Vaccination

During the year, signatures of Doctors were authenticated in the prescribed form on 250 International Certificates of Vaccination. This number is considerably less than the 906 authenticated in 1962 when certificates were also required in respect to European travel, though the numbers in respect to travel outside Europe continues to increase, being an additional 79 in 1963.

The purpose of the authentication is to provide proof to those health authorities abroad who desire it, that the signature of the person issuing the certificate is that of a registered Medical Practitioner. The authentications by this department are in respect of the signatures of doctors practising in this area and which are well known to the department.



# PUBLIC HEALTH ACTS

## General

Normal work of the Department under the Public Health Acts was carried out during the year, this including various other reports to property and works of business establishments and elsewhere, which together with the majority of complaints which required action under the above Acts, were dealt with informally. There were no special problems of note which required to be dealt with during the year.

## International Certificates of Vaccination

During the year, signatures of Doctors were authenticated in the prescribed form on 250 International Certificates of Vaccination. This number is considerably less than the 300 authenticated in 1962 when certificates were also required in respect of European travel, though the numbers in respect of travel outside Europe continued to increase, being an additional 75 in 1963.

The purpose of the authentication is to provide proof to those health authorities abroad who desire it, that the signature of the person issuing the certificate is that of a registered Medical Practitioner. The authentication by this department is in respect of the signature of Doctors practicing in this area and which are well known to the department.

145	Food Premises and Food Hygiene
40	Food Premises; Retail premises
38	Food preparation premises (Restaurants, Kitchens)
36	Bakeries
34	Food Stalls and Vendors
32	Registered premises, Section 16; Ice Cream Vendors
30	Processed Food premises
28	Food Inspectors and Visitors
26	Miscellaneous and Prohibited visits, and visits in control and food handling hygiene
24	<u>Robust Control</u>
22	Private Dwellings
20	Business Premises
18	Corporation Properties
16	Agricultural Properties
14	<u>Miscellaneous</u>
12	Consumer Protection Act
10	Proctors (Misdescription) Act
8	Road Traffic Act, 1930, Section 22
6	Food Stalls Act, 1930
4	Animal Boarding Establishments
2	<u>Miscellaneous Visits and Inspections</u>
1	Complaints received during the year

## Infectious Diseases and Disinfections

With the continuing low incidence of infectious diseases in the Borough, only a nominal amount of time is now required in connection with this.

Visits of investigation were made to local residents who had been holiday-making at Zermatt during the time of the typhoid outbreak there, as well as the following-up of information with regard to contacts of the Harlow outbreak, and of one other returning holiday-maker from abroad, a non-resident of the Borough who had contracted typhoid abroad whilst accompanied by people from Hertford. The reports received from the Public Health Laboratories were all fortunately negative.

As on previous occasions in connection with the visit of the Mass X-Ray Unit, publicity material for the public sessions was distributed from the public health department. Practically all the shops as well as other business premises dealing with a number of the public were visited, and it is a pleasure to record that in every instance the firms concerned were most co-operative with regard to the exhibition of leaflets and posters giving details of the public sessions.

Occasional disinfections still continue to be carried out on request, these generally following the death of aged or infirm persons, and in most cases also accompanied by a request for the removal and destruction of a quantity of bedding and other items.

## Litter

The occasional litter-dumping along road verges in the more rural parts of the town has been minimised by the Council's free collection of disused articles of a household nature, this being separate from the weekly refuse collection and mainly concerns more bulky articles such as mattresses, bedsteads and furniture. On request, some 500 separate collections of this nature were made during the year.

On the few occasions when this type of road-side dumping occurs, evidence of ownership is looked for and the refuse collected and disposed of at the Council's tip. Evidence found on one occasion was followed up and reported to the Public Health Committee, though the person concerned was able to prove he had no knowledge and no connection with the refuse so dumped.

A report was also made with regard to a quantity of earth and stone falling on the highway from a lorry. In this instance the police authority secured a conviction for an insecure load.



## Infectious Diseases and Disinfection

With the continuing low incidence of infectious diseases in the Borough, only a nominal amount of time is now required in connection with this.

Visits of investigation were made to local residents who had been holiday-making at Garmouth during the time of the typhoid outbreak there, as well as the following-up of information with regard to contacts of the holiday-maker, and of any other returning holiday-maker from abroad, a non-resident of the Borough who had contracted typhoid abroad whilst accompanied by people from Garmouth. The reports received from the Public Health Laboratories were all fortunately negative.

As on previous occasions in connection with the visit of the X-Ray Unit, publicity material for the public sessions was distributed from the Public Health Department. Presumably all the shops as well as other business premises dealing with a number of the public were visited, and it is a pleasure to record that in every instance the firms concerned were most co-operative with regard to the extraction of latrines and posters giving details of the public sessions.

Occasional disinfection still continues to be carried out as requested, these generally following the death of aged or infirm persons, and in most cases also accompanied by a request for the removal and destruction of a quantity of bedding and other linen.

## Litter

The occasional litter-dumping along road verges in the more rural parts of the town has been minimised by the Council's free collection of disused articles of a household nature, this being separate from the weekly refuse collection and early morning bulky articles such as mattresses, bedsteads and furniture. In request, some 200 separate collections of this nature were made during the year.

On the few occasions when this type of road-side dumping occurs, evidence of ownership is looked for and the refuse collected and disposed of at the Council's tip. Evidence found on one occasion was followed up and reported to the Public Health Committee, though the person concerned was able to prove he had no knowledge and no connection with the refuse so dumped.

A report was also made with regard to a quantity of earth and stones falling on the highway from a quarry. In this instance the police authority secured a conviction for an offence under the



Dirty or verminous premises

With the present day universal use of residual insecticides, whether by liquid, dust or vapour, the number of infestations dealt with by this department remains at a minimum, though the occasional request for advice is still received. This is no doubt also due to the considerably improved standards set and maintained by the majority of people these days.

Household and Garden Pests, Fly Nuisances, etc.

Several requests for advice and assistance in connection with the treatment and control of general household or garden pests are received by this department.

A nuisance from flies having been previously experienced in an area close to a chicken farm, active measures based on the National Agricultural Advisory Service were continued through the winter and intensified with the summer months. This nuisance had first developed with the change-over at the farm from the use of deep-litter houses to that of staging over droppings pits. Conditions generally remained reasonable until up to the end of July, and although there appeared to be no fly increase at the farm, there was a sudden considerable influx of flies in the houses in this area. The Ministry of Agriculture Infestation Control Division were consulted and after inspections and discussions, a new system of control, recently introduced into this country from America, was recommended. Trials in the United Kingdom with this new system have apparently shown that this is the most effective way of controlling the lesser house fly breeding in poultry houses, which it does by means of hanging settling points impregnated with a concentrated insecticide. The new system was brought into use as soon as possible in all the hen houses, as well as being extended to include all other closed or open sheds at the farm. Although this system is anticipated as being effective as a long term policy, a decrease in the number of flies in the area was noticeable after it was brought into use, though some of this decrease was probably due to the time of the year. The system was kept in operation during the winter and all settling points re-impregnated ready for the following summer.

One other complaint of flies which was followed up was an inundation of minute cluster flies into the centre of the town from nearby trees, and probably arose from the then existing weather conditions. This occurred during the mid-summer. For the first time for several years, no similar complaints of inundations of cluster flies were received at the end of the fly season in the late autumn.

Clean Air Act

One Prior Approval Application under Section 3 (2) in respect to a Boiler Installation was agreed subject to compliance with certain recommendations received after the examination of the application by the National Industrial Fuel Efficiency Service.

With the present day universal use of residual insecticides, whether by liquid, dust or vapour, the number of infestations dealt with by this department remains at a minimum, though the seasonal reports for advice is still received. This is no doubt due to the considerably improved standards set and maintained by the majority of people these days.

#### Household and Garden Pests, Fly Infestations, etc.

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#### Clean Air Act

One Prior Approval Application under Section 3 (2) in respect to a boiler installation was agreed subject to compliance with certain recommendations received after the examination of the application by the National Industrial Fuel Efficiency Service.



## Water Supplies

During the year official information was received from the water undertakers, the Lee Valley Water Company, that water supplies to two properties in the Borough had been turned off due to non-payment of water rates. Informal visits to both properties were made to secure compliance with the requirements of the Public Health Act regarding the provision of water supply for domestic purposes to occupied houses. Both supplies were later resumed on payment of outstanding rates.

## Movable Dwellings, Caravans

There is one holiday camping-caravan site within the Borough, this site belonging to and controlled by an organisation holding a Certificate of the Ministry of Health, and who, by reason of their own camping rules, are exempt from the similar provisions of the Hertfordshire County Council Act and of the Caravan Sites and Control of Development Act, 1960.

Two Site Licences are operative in the Borough in respect to individual caravans, and a further Licence in respect to two caravans. One of the individual caravans is permanently occupied in conjunction with a family use of the adjoining property, the occupation of the second individual caravan is in connection with constant supervision of an adjoining road surfacing plant and is limited to the summer months whilst the plant is in operation. The third licence in respect to the two caravans has a time limit expiring in 1963 and was issued during 1962 in respect to an alternative and more suitable site to that where construction works were in progress and automatic exemption would have been obtained for these caravans occupied by employees working on the site. Both caravans were removed from the site at the expiration of the time limit imposed by the planning consent.

Although it is fairly rare for holiday caravans to make a one or two day stop in this area, several caravans normally parked elsewhere for the summer season are parked by their local owners in this area for the winter.

The residential use of caravans in connection with building or other operations does occur within the Borough, though not to a large extent, - this use being exempt from the normal provisions of the Act.

There are no Gypsy Settlements or gipsies temporary or overnight parking sites in regular or occasional use which are situate within the Borough. On one occasion at the end of 1962, four caravans and other equipment were parked in a paved yard at the rear of Licensed Premises in the centre of the town. Normal health requirements were already available at this site which was vacated early in 1963 within the 28 days allowed by Town Planning.

## Employment Agencies.

There is now only one Employment Agency within the Borough catering for Office and Shop Workers, the conduct and management of the agency being in accordance with Part V of the Herts. County Council Act.



During the year official information was received from the water undertakers, the Lee Valley Water Company, that water supply to two properties in the Borough had been turned off due to non-payment of water rates. Informal visits to both properties were made to secure compliance with the requirements of the Public Health Act regarding the provision of water supply for domestic purposes to occupied houses. Both supplies were later resumed on payment of outstanding rates.

Holiday Caravans, Caravans

There is one holiday camping-caravan site within the Borough, this site belonging to and controlled by an organisation holding a Certificate of the Ministry of Health, and who, by reason of their own camping rules, are exempt from the similar provisions of the Hertfordshire County Council Act and of the Caravan Sites and Control of Development Act, 1960.

Two site licences are operative in the Borough in respect to individual caravans, and a further licence in respect to two caravans. One of the individual caravans is permanently occupied in conjunction with a family use of the adjoining property, the occupation of the second individual caravan is in connection with constant supervision of an adjoining road surfacing plant and is limited to the summer months whilst the plant is in operation. The third licence in respect to two caravans has a time limit expiring in 1963 and was issued during 1962 in respect to an alternative and more suitable site to that where construction works were in progress and automatic excavation would have been obtained for these caravans occupied by employees working on the site. Both caravans were removed from the site at the expiration of the time limit imposed by the planning consent.

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Employment Agencies

There is now only one Employment Agency within the Borough currently

In addition to the Corporation's own refuse tip, there are two other tips within the Borough where Consents are operative in respect to the tipping of household or other putrescible refuse, and one further area with Consent for the tipping of non-putrescible refuse. All these Consents are subject to normal conditions relating to proper control during tipping, of the materials being tipped, and of the prevention of nuisances arising, the Consents in respect to the putrescible refuse naturally varying somewhat, from that permitting tipping of non-putrescible matter. In the two former cases the Consents and the Town Planning approvals cover the re-habilitation of the area when tipping is completed, but in the latter case, where consent was given during 1963 for the raising of the level of the site by tipping of non-putrescible matter, it is a Town Planning requirement for this to be done prior to the eventual development of this particular area of land for industrial purposes.

### Agricultural Premises

The Borough being urban in character, it naturally follows that the number of "agricultural units" to which the Agricultural Act of 1956 applies is limited. The sanitary accommodation available to the workers at the three farms with a majority of their area within the Borough would appear to be suitable and sufficient bearing in mind the provisions of Section 3 (3).

### Hertfordshire (Music and Dancing) Regulations, 1955

Existing licences in respect of 23 premises within the Borough were renewed by the County Council for the year 1963. All these premises satisfy the Code of Practice adopted by the Borough Council having regard to the use of the premises. Routine visits continue to be made to each of these premises which include - Halls and Clubs 14; Cinema 1; Licensed Premises 7; and Cafe 1.

### Rag Flock and Other Filling Materials Act and Regulations

Although there are no Licensed Premises under the Act, there is one Registration within the Borough in respect to a factory concerned with Upholstery, Carpet Repairs etc. Normal use of the premises does not require registration, and during the year no work under the Rag Flock Act was undertaken. There are no other premises within the Borough where works of such other kinds as are prescribed in the Act are undertaken.



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### Agricultural Premises

The Borough being urban in character, it naturally follows that the number of "agricultural units" to which the Agricultural Act of 1956 applies is limited. The statutory accommodation available to the workers at the three farms with a majority of their area within the Borough would appear to be suitable and sufficient bearing in mind the provisions of Section 3 (2).

### Horticultural (Miscellaneous) Regulations, 1955

Existing licences in respect of 25 premises within the Borough were renewed by the County Council for the year 1965. All these premises satisfy the Code of Practice adopted by the Borough Council having regard to the use of the premises. Routine visits continue to be made to each of these premises which include - Walls and Cliffs 14; Cinema 1; Licensed Premises 7; and Gate 1.

### Bus Flock and Other Polluting Materials Act and Regulations

Although there are no licensed premises under the Act, there is one registration within the Borough in respect to a factory concerned with Upholstery, Carpet Repairing etc. Normal use of the premises does not require registration, and during the year no work under the Act was undertaken. There are no other premises within the Borough where works of such other kinds as are prescribed in the Act are undertaken.



## CONSUMER PROTECTION ACTS

### Oil Heaters Regulations, 1962

### Heating Appliances (Fireguards) Regulations, 1953

Although only very few visits are made specifically under the Consumer Protection Act 1961, the requirements of the above regulations are borne in mind when visits are made for other purposes to premises where portable heaters are on sale. All oil heaters on sale or in store were found to be marked as complying with the British Standard 3300 and therefore complying with the Regulations, and the regulations for suitable guards according to the type of heater are being observed.

### Motor Cycles (Protective Helmets) Regulations, 1957

Although these Regulations are by agreement enforced by the Herts. County Council, occasional checks are made to see if helmets are marked as complying with the appropriate British Standards. There is one small factory in the Borough where helmets are manufactured and where official production samples are submitted to the prescribed tests.

### Fabrics (Misdescription) Act.

It is of interest that though shop advertising and display boards for flame-resistant garments of a well known brand are printed in the town, the fabrics or garments themselves are not conspicuous on display, though they can of course be readily obtained by the local shops. No samples were obtained during the year for testing under the Regulations.

## ANIMAL PROTECTION ACTS

### Pet Animals Act

There are now no Pet Shop licences operative within the Borough, the one previously existing in respect to a stall in the Hertford Covered Market expired at the end of 1962 and was not renewed.

### Animal Boarding Establishments Act

This Act came into force on the 1st January 1964, its main purpose being the enforcement of the Protection of Animals Acts in their application to Animal Boarding Establishments, in somewhat similar manner to that existing at Pet Shops as covered by the Pet Animals Act.

In preparation for the Act, the requirement to secure the conditions imposed by the Act by specifying conditions in Licences when granted, was considered in detail, and after consultation with the Police and Fire Authorities with regard to fire and other emergency precautions, a set of Conditions to be specified in all licences was agreed by the Council.

There is only one establishment in the town where animals are accepted for boarding, this being ancillary to a veterinary practice and mainly for the convenience of Clients when on holiday, this of course being in addition to those received for treatment or for other purposes.

CONSUMER PROTECTION ACTSOil Heaters Regulations, 1962  
Heating Appliances (Pressure) Regulations, 1955

Although only very few visits are made specifically under the Consumer Protection Act 1962, the requirements of the above regulations borne in mind when visits are made for other purposes to premises where portable heaters are on sale. All oil heaters on sale or in store were found to be marked as complying with the British Standard BS500 and therefore complying with the Regulations, and the regulations for suitable guards according to the type of heater are being observed.

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There is only one establishment in the town where animals are accepted for boarding, this being ancillary to a veterinary practice and mainly for the convenience of clients when on holiday. The 12 horses



## FOOD AND DRUGS

### Food Premises

The total number of food shops and other premises dealing with foodstuffs is 205. This number is made up as follows, the separate premises being included under the main trade being carried on, -

Grocers and Provision Merchants (including small general shops retailing groceries)	33
Bakehouses	6
Bakers and Cake Shops	9
Fishmongers (wet fish)	3
Fried Fish Shops (1 additional entered as cafe)	3
Butchers shops	14
Sweet Shops	18
Greengrocers (including 1 wholesalers premises)	10
Dairies and Milk Shops	2
Cafes and Restaurants	16
Hotels and Licensed Premises serving meals	8
Public Houses	34
Wine Shops and Off Licences	5
Residential Institutional Kitchens	9
School and Industrial Canteens	24
Clubs	5
Vegetarian Foodshop	1
Chemists, pharmaceutical	5

The total number of food premises set out above is slightly less than the 213 of last year, several small shops, including 4 grocers having closed down during the year. The number of self-service grocers remains at 9, though at 5 of these a counter trade is still continued for bacon and luncheon meats. As with most places, very little food-stuffs are sold which are not prepacked.

During the year, the improvements to the Covered Market were completed. The scheme, originating with the requirements of the Food Hygiene Regulations for the food stalls, eventually provided for the complete re-equipping and internal planning of the market as well as considerable structural improvements. The food stalls are now situate together at one end in the area of the washing facilities, separate facilities being provided to each of some of the new stalls, and communal facilities being provided in a separate enclosure for the remainder. Of the 34 stalls in the market, 14 retail foodstuffs, these being Greengrocers 6, Grocer 1, "pre-packed" poultry 1, Butcher 1, Fishmongers 2, Sweetstalls 2, and 1 Refreshment stall.

Inspection of food premises under the Food Hygiene Regulations continued throughout the year. No special difficulties have been experienced, the administration of the Regulations relating to either the premises, the food handlers themselves, and the handling of food, being assisted by the co-operation of the trades-people themselves, and the requirements are generally being observed.



## FOOD AND DRINK

## Food Premises

The total number of food shops and other premises dealing with foodstuffs is 205. This number is made up as follows, the separate premises being included under the main trade being carried on, -

35	Grocers and Provision Merchants (including small)
6	General shops retailing groceries
9	Bakery shops
3	Bakers and Cake Shops
3	Fishmongers (wet fish)
14	Fried Fish Shops (1 additional entered as cafe)
18	Butchers shops
10	Sweet Shops
2	Green grocers (including 1 wholesaler's premises)
16	Dairies and Milk Shops
8	Cafes and Restaurants
24	Hotels and Licensed Premises serving meals
2	Public Houses
9	Wine Shops and Off Licences
24	Residential Institutional Kitchens
2	School and Industrial Canteens
1	Clobs
2	Vegetarian Foodshop
	Chemists, pharmaceutical

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Inspection of food premises under the Food Hygiene Regulations continued throughout the year. No special difficulties have been experienced, the administration of the Regulations relating to either the premises, the food handlers themselves, and the handling of food, being assisted by the co-operation of the trades-people themselves, and the requirements are generally being observed.

The reports in the national press regarding the Typhoid outbreak in Zermatt proved a good occasion for publicity visits which were made stressing the necessity for care and compliance with the hygiene requirements at food premises.

During the summer, control visits were made to bakehouses and catering establishments where there was the possibility of use of bulk imported chinese egg such as had been associated with Salmonella infections elsewhere. Investigations showed none to have been used locally.

The notices regarding "dogs in food shops", and "smoking by customers" illustrated on page 17, were warmly received by all traders, the majority requiring both for display, though many of the larger and multiple shops already having their own notice with regard to dogs.

### Registered Food Premises (Section 16)

(a) Sale and Storage for Sale of Ice Cream	54
Manufacture and Sale of Ice Cream	-
(b) Preparation or Manufacture of Sausages	13
Preparation or Manufacture of Preserved Food	3

During the year, three notifications under Section 18 were received on change of occupier, and four registrations cancelled (sale of ice-cream 3, manufacture of sausages 1) when the businesses closed down.

### Inspection of Foodstuffs

The unsound foodstuffs dealt with during the year are set out below, these being surrendered and disposed of by burial at the Corporation's refuse tip at Foxholes.

#### Canned Foodstuffs

Ham	11 containers	98 lbs.
Othermeats and meat products	39 ..	107 ..
Pulses and Vegetables	33 ..	29 ..
Fruit	93 ..	107 ..
Miscellaneous (Soup, Milk, etc.)	14 ..	12 ..

#### Other Foodstuffs

Beef (4 condemnations)	163 lbs
Chickens	5 ..
Turkeys	50 ..
Fish - Haddock (2 condemnations)	112 ..
Mackerel	56 ..
Prawns	15 ..

The reports in the national press regarding the typhoid outbreak in Sarawak proved a good occasion for publicity visits which were made stressing the necessity for care and compliance with the hygiene requirements at food premises.

During the summer, control visits were made to businesses and catering establishments where there was the possibility of use of bulk imported Chinese egg such as had been associated with Salmonella infections elsewhere. Investigations showed none to have been used locally.

The notices regarding "dogs in food shops", and "smoking by customers" illustrated on page 17, were warmly received by all traders, the majority regarding both for display, though many of the larger and multiple shops already having their own notices with regard to dogs.

Registered Food Premises (Section 16)

- (a) Sale and Storage for Sale of Ice Cream 24
- Manufacture and Sale of Ice Cream -
- (b) Preparation or Manufacture of Sausages 13
- Preparation or Manufacture of Preserved Food 3

During the year, three notifications under Section 16 were received on change of occupier, and four registrations cancelled (sale of ice-cream, manufacture of sausages) when the businesses closed down.

Inspection of Foodstuffs

The unnamed foodstuffs dealt with during the year are set out below, these being surrendered and disposed of by burial at the Corporation's refuse tip at Puchokas.

Canned Foodstuffs

Ham	17	containers	98 lbs.
Other meats and meat products	39	..	107 ..
Pulses and Vegetables	37	..	28 ..
Fruit	33	..	107 ..
Miscellaneous (Soup, Milk, etc.)	14	..	42 ..

Other Foodstuffs

Beef (2 condensations)	167 lbs.
Chicken	5 ..
Turkeys	20 ..
Fish - Redback (2 condensations)	112 ..
Mackerel	28 ..
Tranva	12 ..



Progress during 1963New Dwellings erected

	<u>During</u>	<u>Since</u>
	<u>1963</u>	<u>1945</u>

Private Enterprise

New Dwellings erected during 1963 (total since 1945 includes war destroyed or damaged rebuilt or repaired)	234	(1,016)
.. .. erected by Housing Associations	-	( 18)
.. .. under construction at the end of year	97	

Hertford Borough Council

New Dwellings erected by Council	55	(1,209)
.. .. (Temporary prefabricated bungalows) (14 of the original 50 were demolished in 1961, 7 in 1962, and 3 in 1963 )	-	( 26)
.. .. under construction at end of year	91	

Other Authorities (County Council, Military, etc.)

New Dwellings erected during 1963	-	( 41)
.. .. under construction at end of year	-	

Total new dwellings erected during 1963	<u>289</u>	
... .. under construction at end of year	<u>188</u>	
... .. completed between 1945 and 31.12. 63		<u>2,310</u>

Total occupied dwellings Controlled by the Borough Council

Council Houses (excludes 1 sold during 1963)	1,834
Temporary Prefabricated Bungalows	26
Sundry Cottages and Dwellings (includes 42 occupied cottages purchased for redevelopment purposes)	69

HOUSING PROGRAM

<u>Private Enterprise</u>		<u>Progress during 1965</u>		<u>New Dwellings erected during 1965</u>	
.. ..	erected by Housing Associations	( 18 )	-	24	( 1,016 )
.. ..	under construction at the end of year	37	-		
<u>Hertford Borough Council</u>					
.. ..	erected by Council	( 26 )	-	22	( 1,209 )
.. ..	(Temporary prefabricated bungalows)	( 26 )	-		
.. ..	.. .. of the original 30 were demolished in 1961, 7 in 1962, and 3 in 1963				
.. ..	under construction at end of year	31	-		
<u>Other Authorities (County Council, Military, etc.)</u>					
.. ..	erected during 1965	( 41 )	-		
.. ..	under construction at end of year	-	-		
<u>Total new dwellings erected during 1965</u>					
.. ..	under construction at end of year	188	-		
.. ..	completed between 1945 and 11.12.65	2,719	-		
<u>Total occupied dwellings controlled by the Borough Council</u>					
.. ..	Council houses (excludes 1 sold during 1965)	1,534	-		
.. ..	Temporary prefabricated bungalows	26	-		
.. ..	Swampy Cottages and Dwellings (includes 15 occupied cottages purchased for redevelopment purposes)	69	-		

RENT ACT, 1957

Particulars relating to the calendar year 1963  
(in the form as set out by Circular 32/1957)

PART I - Application for Certificates of Disrepair

- |     |  |        |     |
|-----|--|--------|-----|
| (1) | Number of applications for certificates  | ...    | nil |
| (2) | Number of decisions not to issue certificates  |        | nil |
| (3) | Number of decisions to issue certificates  | ...    | nil |
|     | (a) in respect of some but not all defects   |        | nil |
|     | (b) in respect of all defects  | . ...  | nil |
| (4) | Number of undertakings given by landlords<br>under paragraph 5 of the First Schedule                       |        | nil |
| (5) | Number of undertakings refused<br>by Local Authority under proviso to<br>paragraph 5 of the First Schedule |        | nil |
| (6) | Number of Certificates issued  | ... .. | nil |

PART II - Applications for Cancellations of Certificates

- |      |  |  |     |
|------|--|--|-----|
| (7)  | Applications by landlords to local<br>Authority for cancellation of certificates |  | nil |
| (8)  | Objections by tenants<br>to cancellations of certificates                        |  | nil |
| (9)  | Decisions by local Authority<br>to cancel in spite of tenant's objection         |  | nil |
| (10) | Certificates cancelled by Local Authority  |  | nil |

---

Total number of Certificates of Disrepair issued  
under the Rent Act, 1957 (since 6th July, 1957) . 4



# MENT ACT, 1957

Particulars relating to the calendar year 1957  
(in the form as set out by Circular No. 1957)

## PART I - Application for Certificates of Discharge

(1)	Number of applications for certificates	all
(2)	Number of decisions not to issue certificates	all
(3)	Number of decisions to issue certificates	all
(a)	in respect of some but not all defects	all
(b)	in respect of all defects	all
(4)	Number of undertakings given by landlords under paragraph 5 of the First Schedule	all
(5)	Number of undertakings refused by local authority under provision of paragraph 5 of the First Schedule	all
(6)	Number of certificates issued	all

## PART II - Application for Cancellation of Certificates

(7)	Applications by landlords to local authority for cancellation of certificates	all
(8)	Objections by tenants to cancellations of certificates	all
(9)	Decisions by local authority to cancel in spite of tenant's objection	all
(10)	Certificates cancelled by local authority	all

Total number of certificates of Discharge issued under the Rent Act, 1957 (since 1st July, 1957)

HOUSING ACT PROCEDURE ANALYSIS - 1963

6, Brewhouse Lane	Closing Order	May 1962	} Area under consideration
8, .. ..	Closing Order	Nov. 1961	
10, .. ..	Closing Order	Nov. 1961	
12, .. ..	Closing Order	Feb. 1958	
2, 4, .. ..	Occupied		

11, Brewhouse Lane	Closing Order	Feb. 1962	} Area under consideration
13, .. ..	Closing Order	Nov. 1961	
15, .. ..	Rehoused	Mar. 1963	
	Closing Order	May 1963	
7, 9, .. ..	Occupied		

14, Castle Street	Closing Order	Oct. 1956
16, .. ..	Closing Order	Jul. 1958
18, .. ..	Closing Order	Jul. 1961

41, Castle Street	Closing Order	Dec. 1955
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32, Parliament	Closing Order	Mar. 1958	} Area under consideration
34, .. Square	Closing Order	May 1962	
30, .. ..	Shop premises (Dwelling accommodation empty)		

In January 1963 it was discovered that 34 Parliament Square had been re-occupied. Following action by the Council, the Owner obtained vacant possession through the Court.

4, Port Hill	Closing Order - part of premises, May 1955 - Acquired by Council 1961 for road improvements
--------------	--

59, Port Hill	Closing Order	Dec. 1959	} Works approved for re-habilitation of terrace including major overhaul and provision of modern amenities commenced in 1962, completed in 1963.
63, .. ..	Closing Order	Oct. 1958	
65, .. ..	Closing Order	Oct. 1958	
67, .. ..	Closing Order	Jan. 1961	
69, .. ..	Premises vacated	1961	
61, .. ..	Occupied		

On completion of works, the Closing Orders on 59, 63, 65 and 67, Port Hill were determined by the Council under Section 27 of the Act, 19th February 1964.

46, St. Andrew ..	Closing Order	Mar. 1961
48, .. Street	Closing Order	Dec. 1959

15a, Talbot Street	Closing Order	May 1957
15b, .. ..	Closing Order	Jun. 1955
15c, .. ..	Closing Order	Jul. 1957

1, 3, Water Lane	Pre-war Undertaking that properties not to be used for human habitation. Now owned by Herts. C.C. in connection with Inner Relief Road development.
------------------	---

6, Brewhouse Lane	Closing Order	May 1952	Area under consideration
8, ..	Closing Order	Nov. 1951	
10, ..	Closing Order	Nov. 1951	
12, ..	Closing Order	Feb. 1952	
2, 4, ..	Occupied		

11, Brewhouse Lane	Closing Order	Feb. 1952	Area under consideration
13, ..	Closing Order	Nov. 1951	
15, ..	Rehoused	Mar. 1952	
7, 9, ..	Closing Order	May 1952	
	Occupied		

14, Castle Street	Closing Order	Oct. 1952	
16, ..	Closing Order	Jul. 1952	
18, ..	Closing Order	Jul. 1951	

41, Castle Street	Closing Order	Dec. 1952	
-------------------	---------------	-----------	--

32, Parliament Square	Closing Order	Mar. 1952	Area under consideration
34, ..	Closing Order	May 1952	
30, ..	Shop premises (Dwelling)		
	accommodation empty		

In January 1952 it was discovered that 32 Parliament Square had been re-occupied. Following action by the Council, the Owner obtained vacant possession through the Court.

4, Port Hill	Closing Order - part of premises, May 1952 -		Acquired by Council 1951 for road improvements
--------------	--	--	--

59, Port Hill	Closing Order	Dec. 1952	Works approved for re-habilitation of terrace including major structural and provision of modern amenities commenced in 1951
63, ..	Closing Order	Oct. 1952	
65, ..	Closing Order	Oct. 1952	
67, ..	Closing Order	Jan. 1951	
69, ..	Premises vacated	1951	
61, ..	Occupied		

On completion of works, the Closing Orders on 59, 63 and 67, Port Hill were determined by the Council under Section 27 of the Act, 1952 February 1952.

46, 48, Andrew Street	Closing Order	Mar. 1951	
48, ..	Closing Order	Dec. 1952	

154, Talbot Street	Closing Order	May 1952	
156, ..	Closing Order	Jan. 1952	
158, ..	Closing Order	Jul. 1952	

1, 3, Water Lane  
Pre-war Underwriting that properties not to be used for human habitation. Now owned by H.M.S. C.O. in connection with inner Belfast Road development.



Housing Analysis

1 - 20, Ash Street ) Properties in this area acquired by the Council  
 1 - 16, Baker Street ) during 1961 with a view to re-housing the  
 1 - 14, Elm Street ) tenants, demolition of the buildings, and re-  
 1 - 21, Oak Street ) development of the site. Eleven further tenancies  
 re-housed during 1963 leaving 42 of the original  
 70 premises occupied at the end of the year.

Councils Temporary Prefabricated Bungalows. - Tenants of three bungalows rehoused during the year, making a total of 24 bungalows demolished and sites re-developed, leaving 26 of the original 50 still being occupied.

HOUSING - Extract from Ministry of Housing and Local  
 Government Return P. 13

Houses in Clearance Areas and Unfit Houses elsewhere

HOUSES DEMOLISHED

	Demol- ished	Displaced Persons Families	
<u>In Clearance Areas</u>	-	-	-
<u>Not in Clearance Areas</u>	-	-	-

UNFIT HOUSES CLOSED

	Closed		
Under Section 16 (4) etc.	1	3	1

PREVENTION OF DAMAGE BY PESTS ACT, 1949

All treatments for surface infestations continue to be carried out with the use of Warfarin bait. The Council maintains a free service for rat or mice infestations at private dwellings, but charges for treatments carried out at business premises. Agreements are in operation whereby twenty-four properties are treated as required and charged for on a time and materials basis. Infestation of sewers having been diminished to a negligible extent during the past few years, no test baiting or treatment was carried out during the past year.

The summary of information required by the Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food in respect to 1963 is set out below.

# Housing Analysis

Properties in this area acquired by the Council during 1961 with a view to re-housing the tenants, demolition of the buildings, and re-development of the site. Eleven further properties re-housed during 1962 leaving 12 of the original 23 properties occupied at the end of the year.

Council's Temporary Prefabricated Dwellings - Tenants of these dwellings rehoused during the year, making a total of 21 dwellings demolished and sites re-developed, leaving 12 of the original 23 still being occupied.

## HOUSING - Extract from Ministry of Housing and Local Government Report N. 17

### Houses in Clearance Areas and Units Houses elsewhere

#### HOUSES DEMOLISHED

In Clearance Areas	Not in Clearance Areas	Total	Displaced Persons Families
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-

#### UNIT HOUSES CLOSED

Under Section 26 (a) etc.

Closed

1 2

## PREVENTION OF DAMAGE BY FLOODS ACT, 1953

All treatments for surface water drainage continue to be carried out with the use of Warburton's. The Council maintains a free service for rat or mice infestations at private dwellings, but charges for treatment carried out at business premises. Agreements are in operation whereby twenty-four properties are treated as required and charged for on a time and materials basis. Infestation of sewers having been eliminated to a negligible extent during the past few years, no test baiting or treatment was carried out during the past year.

The summary of information reported by the Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food in respect to 1962 is set out below.



Prevention of Damage by Pests Act, 1949

Summary of MAFF Form PDP/

Report for 12 months ended 31st December, 1963	T Y P E O F P R O P E R T Y				
	Non-Agricultural				AGRI- CULTURAL
	LOCAL AUTH- ORITY	DWELLING HOUSES (incl. Council Houses	ALL OTHER (incl. Business Premises	TOTAL of Columns (1), (2) & (3)	
I No. of Properties in Local Authority's Area	22	5431	1226	6679	16
II No. of properties insp- ected as a result of					
(a) Notification	-	129	3	132	-
(b) Survey under the Act	22	2041	301	2364	6
(c) Otherwise	-	407	353	760	6
III Total Inspections carried out, including re-inspections	130	4271	721	5122	147
IV No. of properties found to be infested by					
(a) Rats Major	1	-	-	1	-
Minor	6	201	7	214	3
(b) Mice Major	-	-	-	-	-
Minor	1	39	4	44	-
V Number of infested properties treated by Local Authority	7	231	11	249	-
VI Total treatments carried out, including retreatmts	12	270	16	298	-
VII, VIII & IX. Number of Notices served under S.4; Number of cases in which default action was taken; Legal proceedings.					Nil
X Number of "Block" control schemes carried out					2

NOTE - Number of properties taken from Valuation Officers Statistical Analysis, April 1963, a property being one which is entered separately in the Valuation Roll. Column 3, ALL OTHER, includes combined dwelling/business premises.





ANNUAL REPORT of the MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH  
in respect of the YEAR 1963  
for the BOROUGH of HERTFORD

PREScribed PARTICULARS ON THE ADMINISTRATION  
OF THE FACTORIES ACT, 1961

- 1 - INSPECTIONS for purposes of provisions as to health  
(including inspections made by Public Health Inspector)

Premises (1)	Number on Register (2)	Inspection s (3)	Written notices (4)	Occupiers Prosecuted (5)
(i) Factories in which Sections 1,2, 3, 4 and 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities	11	12	1	-
(ii) Factories not included in (i) in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority.	101	30	2	-
(iii) Other premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding out-workers premises)	9	12	-	-
Total	121	54	3	-

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICE OF HEALTH  
IN RESPECT OF THE YEAR 1921  
FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

PRESCRIBED REGULATIONS BY THE ADMINISTRATION  
OF THE FACTORIES ACT, 1921

INSPECTIONS for purposes of provisions as to health  
(including inspections made by Public Health Inspector)

Group- Date- Inspected	Inspected Factories	Number on Register (2)	Premises (1)	Inspected Factories	Inspected Factories	Group- Date- Inspected
				(2)	(4)	(5)
-	1	11	(i) Factories in which Sections 7, 8, 9, 10 and 11 are to be enforced by Local Authorities	11	1	-
-	2	107	(ii) Factories not included in (i) in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority.	107	2	-
-	-	9	(iii) Other premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding out- workers premises)	12	-	-
-	3	121	Total	121	3	-



Prescribed Particulars - Factories Act, 1961

2 - CASES IN WHICH DEFECTS WERE FOUND (If defects are discovered at the premises on two, three or more separate occasions they are reckoned as two, three or more "cases")

Particulars	Number of cases in which defects were found				Number of cases in which prosecutions were instituted
	Found	Remedied	Referred		
			To H.M. Inspector	By H.M. Inspector	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Want of Cleanliness (Section 1)	1	1	-	-	-
Overcrowding (Section 2)	-	-	-	-	-
Unreasonable temperature (Section 3)	-	-	-	-	-
Inadequate ventilation (Section 4)	-	-	-	-	-
Ineffective drainage of floors (Sec 6)	-	-	-	-	-
Sanitary Conveniences (Sec 7)					
(a) Insufficient	1	1	-	1	-
(b) Unsuitable or defective	1	2	-	-	-
(c) Not separate for sexes	-	-	-	-	-
(d) Intervening vent. space	1	1	-	-	-
(e) Lighting of convenience	-	-	-	-	-
Other offences against the Act (not including offences relating to Outwork	-	-	-	-	-
Total	4	5	-	1	-

Prescribed Particulars - Factories Act, 1904

1 - CASES IN WHICH DEFECTS WERE FOUND (All defects are covered at the premises on two, three or more separate occasions they are reckoned as two, three or more "cases")

Particulars	Number of cases in which defects were found				Number of cases in which defects were found
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Kind of Classification (Section 1)	-	-	-	-	-
Overcrowding (Section 2)	-	-	-	-	-
Unreasonable temperature (Section 3)	-	-	-	-	-
Inadequate ventilation (Section 4)	-	-	-	-	-
Infective drainage of floors (Sec 5)	-	-	-	-	-
Sanitary conveniences (Sec 7)	-	-	-	-	-
(a) Insufficient	-	-	-	-	-
(b) Unavailable or defective	-	-	-	-	-
(c) Not separate for sexes	-	-	-	-	-
(d) Interfering with access	-	-	-	-	-
(e) Lighting of convenience	-	-	-	-	-
Other offences against the Act (not including offences relating to Chapter I)	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	-	-

Prescribed Particulars - Factories Act. 1961PART VIII OF THE ACT - OUTWORK

(Section 133 and 134)

Section 133				Section 134		
Nature of Work	Number of out-workers in August list required by Section 133(1)(c)	No. of cases of default in sending lists to the Council	No. of prosecutions for failure to supply lists.	No. of instances of work in unwholesome premises	Notices served	Prosecutions
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Wearing Apparel Making etc.	210	-	-	-	-	-
Other specified Natures of Work as set out on Ministry Form - Wearing Apparel, Cleaning and Washing; Household Linen; Lace, Lace curtains and nets; Curtains and furniture hangings; Furniture and Upholstery; Electro-plate; File Making; Brass and brass articles; Fur pulling; Iron and steel cables and chains; Brush making; Pea picking; Feather sorting; Carding etc., of buttons etc; Stuffed toys; Basket making; Chocolate and sweetmeats; Cosaques, Christmas stockings, etc; Textile weaving; Lampshades.						
	nil	-	-	-	-	-
Total	210	-	-	-	-	-

Of the above 210 outworkers, 35 only are resident within the Borough, the remaining 175 being in the area of 52 other Local Authorities - these Authorities all being notified in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

From notifications received, there are 9 persons in the Borough receiving work from factories situate outside the town in the areas of other Local Authorities.



## PART VIII OF THE ACT - CONTINUED

(Section 133 and 134)

Section 133		Section 134	
Nature of Work	Number of out-workers in August last reported by Section 53(1)(c)	No. of cases of delinquency sent in for treatment to the supply list.	No. of persons of work in premises
Working Apparel Making etc.	210	-	-
Other specified Nature of Work as set out in Ministry Form -			
Sewing Apparel, Cleaning and Washing; Household Linens; Lace, Lace curtains and nets; Curtains and furniture hangings; Bookbinding and Upholstery; Electro-plating; Film Making; Press and Press equipment; Fur pulling; Iron and steel cables and chains; Book making; Fur picking; Feather working; Carving etc., of various etc.; Stuffed toys; Basket making; Chocolate and confectionery; Candles; Christmas stockings, etc.; Textile weaving; Lace-making.			
Total	210	-	-
All	-	-	-

Of the above 210 contractors, 15 only are resident within the Borough, the remaining 195 being in the care of 25 other local Authorities - These Authorities all being notified in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

From notification received, there are 5 persons in the Borough working work from factories situated outside the town in the care of other local Authorities.