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Contributors

Hazel Grove and Bramhall (England). Urban District Council.

Publication/Creation

1948

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HAZEL GROVE AND BRAMHALL

URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL



ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

(INCLUDING THAT OF THE CHIEF SANITARY INSPECTOR)

FOR

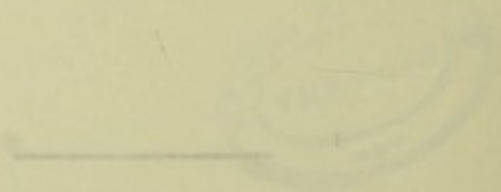
1948

The Council House,
Hazel Grove,
Cheshire.

1948
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HASEL GROVE AND BRANHAM

URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL



ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

(INCLUDING THAT OF THE DEPUTY MEDICAL OFFICER)

1948

1948

The Council House,
Hazel Grove,
Cheshire.

HAZEL GROVE AND BRAMHALL URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL

The Council House,
Hazel Grove, Ches.
25th July, 1949.

The Chairman and Members of the
Hazel Grove and Bramhall Urban District Council.

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

Annual Report for 1948.

I have pleasure in introducing a Report of the work of the Public Health Department during 1948.

As the work reported on was done before I took up office I must record here an appreciation of the able and loyal way in which the Chief Sanitary Inspector has taken on his own shoulders the responsibility of the whole Health Department. This is no small feat without the guiding hand of a Medical Officer. He has my congratulations and thanks for the results of the task he undertook fearlessly for two years, because when he handed over to me the Department was running very smoothly and up-to-date.

The Report which follows is in substance not mine but Mr. Peacock's, and if any comment is necessary it would be to say that the health of the residents of the Urban District of Hazel Grove and Bramhall is of a very high standard and that the protection afforded them from the dangers of eating and living today is in no small measure due to the energy and vigilance of Mr. Peacock and the District Sanitary Inspectors. The work done in inspecting Simpson's Bacon Factory takes up days in the week and this work is of benefit not only to local residents but to many thousands of persons all over the country who consume the products of Simpson's Factory. This must happen in many other Districts and I would like those living remote from the Factory wherever it may be who benefit from the vigilance of the various Health Departments to be more aware of the trouble that is taken to see that food they consume is wholesome.

How your Urban District has fared with the coming into operation of the National Health Service Act I would prefer to leave until the North East Cheshire Divisional Health Committee has got over the preliminary difficulties which always arise when new legislation is being implemented.

I have to add my thanks to the Staff of the Health Department for their valuable assistance in the preparation of this Report.

Yours faithfully,

C. G. K. THOMPSON.

Medical Officer of Health.

HANSEL GROVE AND WEAVERVILLE URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL

The Council House,
Hansel Grove, Chas.
25th July, 1948.

The Chairman and Members of the
Hansel Grove and Weaverville Urban District Council;

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

Annual Report for 1948.

I have pleasure in introducing a Report of the work of
the Public Health Department during 1948.

As the work reported on was done before I took up office
I must needs have an appreciation of the role and way in
which the Chief Sanitary Inspector has taken on his own
responsibility of the whole Health Department.
It is to be well known without the guiding hand of a Medical
Officer. He has by his organization and thanks for the results
of his work in the past two years, because when
he handed over to me the Department was running very smoothly
and up-to-date.

The report which follows in its substance not mine but
Mr. Tomlinson's, and if any comment is necessary it would be to
say that the health of the residents of the Urban District of
Hansel Grove and Weaverville is of a very high standard and that
the protection afforded them from the dangers of eating and
drinking today is as well as to the energy and
vigilance of Mr. Tomlinson and the District Sanitary Inspectors.
The work done in inspecting Hansel Grove Sanitary Factory takes up
half in the work and this work is of benefit not only to local
residents but to many thousands of persons all over the country
who consume the products of Hansel Grove Sanitary Factory. This work
in many other respects and I would like those living remote from
the factory wherever it may be to benefit from the vigilance of
the various Health Departments to be more aware of the trouble
that is taken to see that they consume in wholesome.

Now your Urban District has faced with the coming into
operation of the National Health Service and I would prefer to
leave until the Health and Sanitation Divisional Health Committee
has got over the preliminary difficulties which always arise
when new legislation is being implemented.

I have to add my thanks to the Staff of the Health
Department for their valuable assistance in the preparation of
this Report.

Yours faithfully,

O. G. E. THOMSON.

Medical Officer of Health.

HEALTH COMMITTEE

(As at 31st December, 1948)

Councillor F. Swindell, Chairman.
" W. Garner, J.P., Vice-Chairman.
" J. H. Hallworth, J.P., Chairman of the
Council.
" Mrs. G. M. Andrew.
" J. R. Henshaw.
" O. Jepson.
" Miss F. Lee Wood.
" Dr. T. W. Robson.
" H. Smith.
" T. F. Sutton.

OFFICERS OF THE HEALTH DEPARTMENT.

(As at 31st December, 1948)

Medical Officer of Health: Dr. C. G. K. Thompson, M.B., D.P.H.,
(Appointed 3rd December, 1948).
Chief Sanitary Inspector: H. Peacock, B.E.M., M.R.S.I.,
M.S.I.A.,
(Appointed 1945)
Certified Meat and Food Inspector.
First Additional Sanitary Inspector: E. Thorneley, M.S.I.A.,
(Appointed 1947)
Certified Meat and Food Inspector.
Second Additional Sanitary Inspector: J. Bailey, M.R.S.I., M.S.I.A.,
(Appointed 1947)
Certified Meat and Food Inspector.
(Resigned 4th December, 1948)
Senior Clerk: H. Lindsay.
Junior Clerk: J. B. Compton.
Junior Clerk (Temp.): J. Carroll.

HEALTH COMMITTEE

(As of 1st December, 1948)

- Councillor V. Swadlow, Chairman.
- W. Garner, J.P., Vice-Chairman.
- J. H. Halliworth, J.P., Chairman of the Council.
- Mrs. G. M. Andrew.
- J. R. Henson.
- G. Johnson.
- Miss V. Lee Wood.
- Dr. F. W. Roberts.
- H. Smith.
- F. J. Sutton.

OFFICERS OF THE HEALTH DEPARTMENT
(As of 1st December, 1948)

- Medical Officer of Health: Dr. G. E. A. Thompson, M.B., D.V.M. (Appointed 3rd December, 1948).
- Chief Sanitary Inspector: E. Benson, B.S.I., M.B.I.A. (Appointed 1947). Certified Meat and Food Inspector.
- First Additional Sanitary Inspector: E. Thornley, M.B.I.A. (Appointed 1947). Certified Meat and Food Inspector.
- Second Additional Sanitary Inspector: J. Bailey, M.B.I., M.B.I.A. (Appointed 1947). Certified Meat and Food Inspector. (Resigned 4th December, 1948).
- Senior Clerk: E. Lindsay.
- Junior Clerk: J. R. Gwynne.
- Junior Clerk (Temp.): J. Carroll.

SECTION I - SOCIAL CONDITIONS OF THE AREA.

Area of Urban District.....	5990 acres.
Estimated Population, Mid-1948 (per Registrar-General)	19,570
Census Population, 1931 (including Offerton).....	13,300
Number of Inhabited Houses according to Rate Books at 31st March, 1949	6,495
Number of Houses entered on Rate Books during year ended 31st March, 1949.....	76
Rateable Value of Urban District at 31st March, 1949	£175,881
Sum represented by a Penny Rate	£695

SECTION I - SOCIAL CONDITIONS OF THE AREA

Area of Urban District 5,300 acres.

Estimated Population, 1945-1948 (per Registrar-General) 12,270

General Population, 1931 (including Otterton) 13,300

Number of inhabited houses according to Rate Books at 31st March, 1945 6,495

Number of houses entered on Rate Books during year ended 31st March, 1945 75

Rateable Value of Urban District as at 31st March, 1945 £172,681

Not represented by a rating rate 4,005

SECTION II - VITAL STATISTICS.

(a) Births, 1939 to 1948.

Year	Population (estimated to Mid-year)	LIVE BIRTHS			STILLBIRTHS			Rate per 1000 Live and Still Births
		Total	Legitimate	Illegitimate	Total	Legitimate	Illegitimate	
1939	17,880 *	255	247	8	5	-	0.30	19.23
1940	19,210	262	255	7	11	-	0.57	40.29
1941	18,920	252	244	8	10	-	0.19	38.17
1942	18,380	279	270	9	13	-	0.71	44.52
1943	17,770	319	312	7	5	-	0.28	15.43
1944	17,680	306	294	12	14	-	0.79	43.75
1945	18,100	271	256	15	4	-	0.22	14.54
1946	18,920	345	332	13	17	1	0.95	49.59
1947	19,320	296	286	10	8	-	0.41	26.32
1948	19,570	301	292	9	4	-	0.20	13.11

* - The Live and Still Birth Rates for 1939 are calculated on an estimated population of 16,880, this figure being supplied by the Registrar-General following a change in boundaries during the year.

Year	Area (sq. miles)	Population	Area (sq. miles)	Population	Area (sq. miles)	Population	Area (sq. miles)	Population	Area (sq. miles)	Population	Area (sq. miles)	Population
1901	100	1000	100	1000	100	1000	100	1000	100	1000	100	1000
1902	100	1000	100	1000	100	1000	100	1000	100	1000	100	1000
1903	100	1000	100	1000	100	1000	100	1000	100	1000	100	1000
1904	100	1000	100	1000	100	1000	100	1000	100	1000	100	1000
1905	100	1000	100	1000	100	1000	100	1000	100	1000	100	1000
1906	100	1000	100	1000	100	1000	100	1000	100	1000	100	1000
1907	100	1000	100	1000	100	1000	100	1000	100	1000	100	1000
1908	100	1000	100	1000	100	1000	100	1000	100	1000	100	1000
1909	100	1000	100	1000	100	1000	100	1000	100	1000	100	1000
1910	100	1000	100	1000	100	1000	100	1000	100	1000	100	1000
1911	100	1000	100	1000	100	1000	100	1000	100	1000	100	1000
1912	100	1000	100	1000	100	1000	100	1000	100	1000	100	1000
1913	100	1000	100	1000	100	1000	100	1000	100	1000	100	1000
1914	100	1000	100	1000	100	1000	100	1000	100	1000	100	1000
1915	100	1000	100	1000	100	1000	100	1000	100	1000	100	1000
1916	100	1000	100	1000	100	1000	100	1000	100	1000	100	1000
1917	100	1000	100	1000	100	1000	100	1000	100	1000	100	1000
1918	100	1000	100	1000	100	1000	100	1000	100	1000	100	1000
1919	100	1000	100	1000	100	1000	100	1000	100	1000	100	1000
1920	100	1000	100	1000	100	1000	100	1000	100	1000	100	1000

1920

1920

(b) Deaths, 1939 to 1948.

Year	Population (estimated to Mid Year)	ALL CAUSES			PUERPERAL				INFANTS UNDER ONE YEAR			Rate per 1000 Live Births
		Total	Rate per 1000 Population	Sepsis	Other	Rate per 1000 Total Births	Total	Legitimate	Illegitimate	Legitimate	Illegitimate	
1939	17,880 *	211	11.68	-	2	7.69	10	9	1	39.22		
1940	19,210	209	10.88	-	-	-	6	6	-	22.90		
1941	18,920	234	12.37	-	-	-	13	12	1	51.59		
1942	18,380	211	11.48	-	1	3.42	12	12	-	43.01		
1943	17,770	218	12.27	-	-	-	12	12	-	37.62		
1944	17,680	199	11.26	-	-	-	7	7	-	22.88		
1945	18,100	208	11.49	-	-	-	14	13	1	51.66		
1946	18,920	213	11.26	-	2	5.51	9	8	1	26.09		
1947	19,320	237	12.27	-	-	-	10	10	-	33.78		
1948	19,570	226	11.55	-	-	-	7	6	1	23.26		

* - The Death Rate for 1939 is calculated on an estimated population of 18,060, this figure being supplied by the Registrar-General following a change in boundaries during the year.

(c) Classification of Deaths, 1940 to 1948.

No.	Cause of Death	1940		1941		1942		1943		1944		1945		1946		1947		1948	
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
1	Typhoid & Paratyphoid Fever																		
2	Cerebro Spinal Fever																		
3	Scarlet Fever																		
4	Whooping Cough																		
5	Diphtheria	1	4	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
6	Tuberculosis, Respiratory	6		2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
7	do. Other Forms																		
8	Syphilitic Diseases	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
9	Influenza																		
10	Measles																		
11	Acute Poliomyelitis and Polio Encephalitis																		
12	Acute Infectious Encephalitis																		
13	Cancer, Buccal Cavity (M)		2	2	3	1	1	2	2	3	3	4	1	2	2	3	2	1	2
14	Cancer, Uterus (F)																		
15	Cancer of Stomach and Duodenum	6	3	5	7	3	4	3	4	3	3	3	3	2	1	1	3	1	4
16	Cancer of Breast	4	2	7	10	8	3	12	6	9	9	2	10	5	10	2	5	3	6
17	Cancer of all Other Sites	4	9	6	2	1	2	3	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	10
18	Diabetes																		
19	Intra-cranial vascular lesions																		
20	Heart Disease	11	15	18	15	10	17	11	18	16	10	11	17	18	17	12	12	7	18
21	Other Diseases of Circulatory System	31	28	30	25	28	23	33	27	31	31	27	30	35	35	35	35	26	22
22	Bronchitis	1	4	5	4	2	5	1	9	1	1	5	5	3	2	4	5	8	6
23	Pneumonia	6	7	9	5	7	8	3	6	5	5	4	6	4	4	4	4	9	3
24	Other Respiratory Diseases	6	1	3	4	5	4	1	6	2	2	4	7	3	3	4	1	3	7
25	Carried forward	1	2	2			2	1	2			1	1	1	1	1	1	2	
		75	78	89	83	68	90	76	84	77	79	69	96	84	84	85	79	82	82

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(a) ...

(c) Classification of Deaths, 1940 to 1948 (Continued).

No.	Cause of Death	1940		1941		1942		1943		1944		1945		1946		1947		1948	
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
24	Brought forward	75	78	89	83	68	90	76	84	77	79	69	96	84	84	82	85	79	82
25	Ulcer of Stomach and Duodenum	1	-	5	2	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1
26	Diarrhoea (under two years of age)	-	-	1	-	3	1	1	1	-	1	1	2	1	1	2	-	-	-
27	Appendicitis	-	-	2	4	3	3	2	2	1	-	3	2	3	1	5	5	1	2
28	Other Digestive Diseases	4	6	3	5	5	5	2	6	1	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
29	Nephritis	6	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
30	Puerperal and Post-Abortive Sepsis	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	-	-	1
31	Other Maternal Causes	-	2	-	-	-	1	-	1	2	1	2	1	1	-	-	4	1	1
32	Premature Birth	1	2	2	-	6	-	4	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
33	Congenital Malformation, Birth Injury, Infantile Diseases	1	1	1	4	1	2	3	1	1	3	4	1	2	2	2	-	1	4
34	Suicide	1	1	3	3	1	2	-	2	1	-	2	-	-	-	-	1	3	1
35	Road Traffic Accidents	2	1	5	-	3	2	1	2	1	-	1	1	1	1	3	1	-	1
36	Other Violent Causes	3	4	2	3	1	-	2	2	2	1	1	1	2	2	3	1	3	2
	ALL Other Causes	5	10	5	12	6	8	14	12	10	14	10	8	15	11	19	23	19	20
	ALL CAUSES	99	110	118	116	98	113	106	112	96	103	93	115	101	112	117	120	112	114

SECTION III -- PREVALENCE OF, AND CONTROL OVER, INFECTIOUS DISEASES.

(a) General.

The following Table shows the number of cases of Infectious Diseases notified during the past ten years.

Disease	1939	1940	1941	1942	1943	1944	1945	1946	1947	1948
Smallpox	14	13	16	23	56	25	13	8	27	27
Scarlet Fever	39	40	29	11	11	4	5	4	1	1
Diphtheria	3	-	2	-	-	-	2	1	1	3
Enteric Fever (including Paratyphoid)	5	6	1	2	1	-	-	2	2	2
Erysipelas	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	2	2	4
Acute Poliomyelitis	1	-	1	-	3	-	-	1	-	1
Ophthalmia Neonatorum	7	8	7	4	2	4	4	8	3	1
Pneumonia	1	2	10	2	2	1	2	1	-	1
Cerebro Spinal Fever	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Gastro Enteritis	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Puerperal Pyrexia	2	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1
Dysentery	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
Measles	4	299	55	52	220	32	119	8	151	32
Whooping Cough	-	19	27	5	46	6	9	35	21	24
Totals	76	387	148	100	339	74	160	68	206	96

Measles and Whooping Cough were not notifiable until October, 1939.

Figures from 1944 onwards are those after correction of diagnosis; those for the previous years are as originally notified.

Of the four cases of Diphtheria notified during 1948 only one case was confirmed.

1. The first group of specimens were collected from the same area and are considered as a single group.

2. The second group of specimens were collected from the same area and are considered as a single group.

Specimen No.	Locality	Altitude (m)	Collector	Date	Plant Part	Herbarium	Notes
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These specimens were collected from the same area and are considered as a single group.

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(b) Analysis of Age Periods (All Infectious Diseases excluding Diphtheria) - 1948.

Disease	0-1	1-3	3-5	5-10	10-15	15-25	25-45	45-65	65 and Over	Total	Rate per 1000 population	England and Wales
Smallpox	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Scarlet Fever	-	1	9	13	2	1	1	-	-	27	1.38	1.73
Enteric Fever (including Paratyphoid)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.01
Erysipelas	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	3	0.15	0.21
Acute Poliomyelitis	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	2	0.10	0.04
Pneumonia	-	-	-	1	1	-	1	-	1	4	0.20	0.73
Cerebro Spinal Fever	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	0.05	0.03
Gastro-Enteritis	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	0.05	-
Dysentery	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	0.05	-
Measles	-	9	4	16	1	2	-	-	-	32	1.64	9.34
Whooping Cough	-	6	11	7	-	-	-	-	-	24	1.23	3.42
Totals	1	17	24	37	4	5	2	2	3	95	-	-

(c) Analysis of Age Periods - Diphtheria - 1939 to 1948.

Age Period	1939	1940	1941	1942	1943	1944	1945	1946	1947	1948
0-1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1-2	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
2-3	4	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3-4	1	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-
4-5	2	2	-	1	1	1	-	1	-	-
5-10	19	16	4	1	3	-	2	1	-	1
10-15	7	9	2	3	1	1	-	1	1	-
15-20	4	5	10	1	-	1	1	-	-	-
20-35	2	3	7	4	3	1	-	1	-	-
35-45	-	1	3	-	2	-	1	-	-	-
45-65	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
65 & Over	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Totals	39	40	29	11	11	4	5	4	1	1
Rate per 1000 Population	2.18	2.08	1.53	0.60	0.62	0.24	0.28	0.21	0.05	0.05
England and Wales	-	1.16	-	1.05	-	0.58	0.46	0.28	0.13	0.08

Датум встречи	Время	Место	События	События	События	События	События	События	События	События	События	События	События	События	События	События	События	События	События	События	
01.01	12.00	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
02.01	13.00	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
03.01	14.00	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
04.01	15.00	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
05.01	16.00	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
06.01	17.00	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
07.01	18.00	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
08.01	19.00	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
09.01	20.00	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
10.01	21.00	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
11.01	22.00	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
12.01	23.00	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
13.01	24.00	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
14.01	25.00	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
15.01	26.00	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
16.01	27.00	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
17.01	28.00	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
18.01	29.00	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
19.01	30.00	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
20.01	31.00	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100

(9) Встречи с 1 по 30 января - январь 1950 г.

(d) Infectious Diseases - Removal to Hospital.

During the year the following cases of Infectious Diseases were removed to Isolation Hospitals:-

Scarlet Fever.....	6
Diphtheria(including four cases not confirmed)	5
Acute Poliomyelitis(including two cases not confirmed)	4
Dysentery(not confirmed).....	1
Pneumonia.....	1
Whooping Cough.....	1
Gastro Enteritis	1
Measles.....	1
Cerebro Spinal Fever.....	1

Total.....	21

SECTION IV - DIPHTHERIA IMMUNISATION

During the year 1948, the following children were immunised under the Council's Scheme for Protective Immunisation against Diphtheria:-

<u>Age at 31/12/48</u>	<u>Number Immunised.</u>
Under 5 years	174
5 to 9 years	7
10 to 14 years	2
15 years and Over	1
	<hr/>
	184
	<hr/>

The total number of children immunised since the commencement of the Scheme in 1939 is as follows:-

<u>Age at 31/12/48.</u>	<u>Number Immunised.</u>	<u>Percentage of Total Child Population.</u>
Under 5 years	816	54.4
5 to 14 years	2109	85.6
15 years and Over	281	---
	<hr/>	
	3206	---
	<hr/>	

In addition, 330 children have received a secondary or re-inforcing injection, mainly on attaining School Age.

SECTION IV - Diphtheria Immunization

During the year 1948, the following children were immunized under the Council's Scheme for Protective Immunization against Diphtheria:-

<u>Age at 31/12/48</u>	<u>Number Immunized</u>
Under 5 years	178
5 to 14 years	7
15 to 19 years	2
20 years and Over	1
	<hr/>
	188

The total number of children immunized since the commencement of the Scheme in 1939 is as follows:-

<u>Age at 31/12/48</u>	<u>Number Immunized</u>	<u>Percentage of Total Child Population</u>
Under 5 years	816	24.4
5 to 14 years	2107	62.8
15 years and Over	281	—
	<hr/>	
	3204	—

In addition, 350 children have received a secondary or re-inforcing injection, mainly on retaining School Age.

SECTION V - TUBERCULOSIS.

(a) Cases on Register.

	Pulmonary		Non-Pulmonary		Total
	Male	Female	Male	Female	
Cases on Register at 31st December, 1947.....	40	34	6	21	101
Cases notified during 1948	5	5	1	2	13
Cases added to Register other than by formal notification.....	-	-	-	-	-
	45	39	7	23	114
Cases removed from Register during 1948.....	7	5	1	1	14
Cases remaining on Register at 31st December 1948.....	38	34	6	22	100

(b) Particulars of Cases removed from Register.

	Pulmonary		Non-Pulmonary		Total
	Male	Female	Male	Female	
Died.....	4	4	-	-	8
Recovered.....	1	-	-	1	2
Left District.....	2	1	-	-	3
Re-notified as "Pulmonary"	-	-	1	-	1
Totals.....	7	5	1	1	14

(c) Examination of Pathological Specimens.

During the year, 45 specimens of Sputum were examined by the County Laboratory. Three proved Positive, the remainder being Negative.

SECTION V - TUBERCULOSIS

(a) Cases on Register

Total	Tuberculous		Non-Tuberculous	
	Male	Female	Male	Female
100	54	6	22	2
114	59	7	25	1
101	50	6	21	2
13	5	1	2	2
-	-	-	-	-
100	54	6	22	2

(b) Particulars of Cases removed from Register

Total	Tuberculous		Non-Tuberculous	
	Male	Female	Male	Female
14	9	1	1	1
1	-	-	1	-
3	2	1	-	-
2	1	-	1	-
8	4	4	-	-

(c) Examination of Retained Specimens

During the year, 45 specimens of sputum were examined by the County Laboratory. Three proved positive, the remainder being negative.

SECTION VI - SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE AREA

(i) Details of Inspections.

<u>General Sanitation:</u>	
Water Supply.....	25
Drainage.....	277
Watercourses.....	9
Stables and Piggeries.....	43
Fried Fish Shops.....	4
Tents, Vans and Sheds.....	8
Factories.....	482
Outworkers' Premises.....	14
Bakehouses.....	110
Public Conveniences.....	46
Theatres and Places of Entertainment.....	54
Licensed Premises.....	52
Refuse Collection and Disposal.....	2119
Rodent Control.....	647
Smoke Observations.....	57
Schools.....	17
Shops.....	181
Infectious Diseases.....	49
Miscellaneous Sanitary Visits.....	265
<u>Housing:</u>	
Houses inspected under Public Health Act.....	196
Revisits.....	316
Houses inspected under Housing Act.....	389
Revisits.....	544
Verminous Premises.....	25
Revisits.....	12
Overcrowding.....	4
Miscellaneous Housing Visits.....	32
<u>Meat and Food Inspection:</u>	
Slaughterhouses.....	225
Butchers.....	75
Fishmongers.....	61
Grocers and Greengrocers.....	217
Cowsheds, Dairies and Milkshops.....	143
Farms.....	68
Ice Cream Premises.....	125
Restaurants.....	20
Street Vendors.....	13
Miscellaneous Food Visits.....	102
Total.....	<u>7026</u>

(ii) Water Supply.

The Urban District is served by the Stockport Corporation Water Undertaking. The water, which is chemically treated to prevent plumbo-solvent action and chlorinated after filtration through a mechanical filtration plant has been satisfactory (a) in quality and (b) in quantity.

Copies of Certificates on Bacteriological Examination and Chemical Analysis of two samples of water are herewith appended:-

Sample No. 1. Filtered water from tap on main outlet, Goyt Valley Main Supply.

(a) Bacteriological Examination.

Aerobic micro-organisms growing in yeastral agar:-	<u>No. of colonies per c.c. of water</u>
In 3 days at 22°C.	0
In 2 days at 37°C.	2

SECTION VI - SANITARY CONDITIONS OF THE AREA

(1) Details of Inspections

General Sanitation:	
Water Supply	.....
Drainage	.....
Watercourses	.....
Stables and Piggeries	.....
Lined Latrines	.....
Boys' Toilets and Urinals	.....
Latrines	.....
Outcrops, Piggeries	.....
Bathrooms	.....
Public Conveniences	.....
Theaters and Places of Entertainment	.....
Licensed Premises	.....
Salvage Collection and Disposal	.....
Robert Control	.....
Smoke Generators	.....
Schools	.....
Shops	.....
Industrial Premises	.....
Miscellaneous Sanitary Visits	.....
Housing:	
General Inspected under Public Health Act	.....
Revisits	.....
House Inspected under Housing Act	.....
Revisits	.....
Various Premises	.....
Revisits	.....
Overcrowding	.....
Miscellaneous Housing Visits	.....
Heat and Fuel Inspection	.....
Electricity	.....
Firearms	.....
Tramways	.....
Grocers and Butchers	.....
Orchards, Gardens and Workshops	.....
Farms	.....
Joe Green Premises	.....
Restaurants	.....
Sweet Vendors	.....
Miscellaneous Food Vendors	.....
Total	.....

(2) Water Supply

The Urban District is served by the Stockport Corporation Water Undertaking. The water, which is chemically treated to prevent pipe-borne infection and chlorinated at the filtration through a mechanical filtration plant has been analyzed (a) in quality and (b) in quantity.

Copies of Certificates on Bacteriological Examination and Chemical Analysis of two samples of water are herewith appended.

Sample No. 1. Filtered water from tap on main outlet, 6077 Valley Main Supply.

(a) Bacteriological Examination

No. of colonies per c.c. of water	Aerobic micro-organisms growing in neutral agar
0	In 1 day at 22°C
2	In 2 days at 37°C

Bacteria associated with sewage or faecal pollution: - Bacterium Coli not found in 100 c.c.

Probable number of coli-aerogenes bacteria per 100 c.c. of water:- Nil.

Report - Satisfactory.

(b) Chemical Analysis.

Reaction - pH value.....	8.70
Colour in 2 ft. glass tube-m.m. Hazen solution	11
	<u>Parts per 100,000</u>
Total Solids dried at 110°C.....	Nil
Suspended Solids dried at 110°C.....	Nil
Free Acidity as CO ₂	Nil
Free Alkalinity as CaCO ₃	0.08
Total Alkalinity as CaCO ₃	2.17
Hardness by Soap Test:	
Carbonate Hardness.....	2.2
Non-carbonate Hardness.....	4.1
Total.....	6.3
Combined Chlorine (Cl ₂).....	1.15
Nitrates-Nitric Nitrogen as N ₂	0.052
Nitrites-Nitrous Nitrogen as N ₂	0.0004
Free and Saline Ammonia as NH ₃	0.0034
Albuminoid Ammonia as NH ₃	0.01
Oxygen absorbed test, 4 hours at 27°C.....	0.1
Iron in solution as Fe.....	-
Total Iron as Fe.....	-
Manganese as Mn.....	0.003
Silica (SiO ₂).....	0.7
Alumina (Al ₂ O ₃).....	0.034
Alumina as Sulphate of Alumina.....	0.24
Lead as Pb taken up in 24 hours.....	0.055

Report - This water is quite satisfactory.

Sample No. 2. Filtered Water from tap in Venturi Meter chamber at Kinder.

(a) Bacteriological Examination.

Aerobic micro-organisms growing in yeastral agar:-	<u>No. of colonies per c.c. of water</u>
In 3 days at 22°C.....	1
In 2 days at 37°C.....	1

Bacteria associated with sewage or faecal pollution:- Bacterium Coli not found in 100 c.c.

Probable number of coli-aerogenes bacteria per 100 c.c. of water:- Nil.

Report - Satisfactory.

(b) Chemical Analysis.

Reaction - pH value.....	8.80
Colour in 2 ft. glass tube-m.m. Hazen solution.....	7

Bacteria associated with sewage or faecal pollution: - Bacterium Coli not found in 100 c.c.

Probable number of coli-aerogenes bacteria per 100 c.c. of water: - Nil.

Report - Satisfactory.

(b) Chemical Analysis.

Reaction - pH value 8.70
 Colour in 2 ft. glass tube - a. Hazen
 solution

Express per 100,000

Nil	Total Solids dried at 110°C
Nil	Suspended Solids dried at 110°C
Nil	Free Acidity as CO ₂
0.08	Free Alkalinity as CaCO ₃
2.17	Total Alkalinity as CaCO ₃
	Hardness by Soap Test
5.5	Calcium Hardness
4.1	Magnesium Hardness
1.4	Total Hardness
1.15	Combined Chlorine (Cl ₂)
0.02	Ammonia-Nitrogen as N
0.0004	Nitrite-Nitrogen as N
0.0034	Nitrate-Nitrogen as N
0.01	Total Nitrogen as N
0.1	Oxygen absorbed test, 4 hours at 27°C
-	Iron in solution as Fe
-	Total Iron as Fe
0.003	Manganese as Mn
0.7	Silica (SiO ₂)
0.024	Lime (CaO)
0.24	Alumina as Oxide of Alumina
0.022	Loss as % taken up in 24 hours

Report - This water is quite satisfactory.

Sample No. 5. Filtered Water from tap in Venturi Meter chamber at 10.15

(a) Bacteriological Examination.

Bacteria micro-organisms growing in
 Petri dishes -

1	In 5 days at 27°C
1	In 5 days at 27°C

Bacteria associated with sewage or faecal pollution: - Bacterium Coli not found in 100 c.c.

Probable number of coli-aerogenes bacteria per 100 c.c. of water: - Nil.

Report - Satisfactory.

(b) Chemical Analysis.

Reaction - pH value 8.30
 Colour in 2 ft. glass tube - a. Hazen
 solution

Total Solids dried at 110°C.	Nil
Suspended Solids dried at 110°C.	Nil
Free Acidity as CO ₂	Nil
Free Alkalinity as CaCO ₃	0.08
Total Alkalinity as CaCO ₃	1.41
Hardness by Soap Test:	
Carbonate Hardness.....	1.4
Non-carbonate Hardness.....	3.9
Total.....	5.3
Combined Chlorine (Cl ₂)	1.25
Nitrates-Nitric Nitrogen as N ₂	0.052
Nitrites-Nitrous Nitrogen as N ₂	0.0006
Free and Saline Ammonia as NH ₃	0.0056
Albuminoid Ammonia as NH ₃	0.0076
Oxygen absorbed test, 4 hours at 27°C.	0.047
Iron in solution as Fe	--
Total Iron as Fe.....	--
Manganese as Mn	0.003
Silica (SiO ₂)	0.8
Alumina (Al ₂ O ₃)	0.017
Alumina as Sulphate of Alumina	0.12
Lead as Pb taken up in 24 hours	0.028

Report - This water is quite satisfactory.

Torkington Water Supply.

The Report for 1947 included reference to the Council's efforts to obtain a piped supply of water to the farms and cottages in the Torkington Area, this being the only Area in the Urban District without such a supply.

It is indeed pleasing to write that at the time of preparing this Report the work of laying the water to the Torkington Area is in fact proceeding.

(iii) Sanitary Accommodation.

The number of closets other than water closets has been reduced from 1,065 in 1926 to the present figure of 92. The following Table gives the position as in 1926 and the rate of progress in converting these undesirable conveniences to water closets.

Year	Pail Closets	Privies	Other Receptacles	Water Closets
1926	11	1054	36	2608
1927	11	972	-	2875
1928	11	878	-	3112
1929	11	662	-	3534
1930	24	301	11	3939
1931	23	157	15	4242
1932	25	126	16	4474
1933	23	117	16	4764
1934	22	114	16	5117
1935	19	124	8	5149
1936	16	115	7	5627
1937	16	103	6	5889
1938	29	98	-	6124
1939)				
1940)				
1941)				
1942)	-	WAR YEARS		
1943)				
1944)				
1945)	72	87	-	6704

0.028	Lead as Pb taken up in 24 hours
0.017	Alumina as Al ₂ O ₃
0.8	Slides (810)
0.003	Manganese as Mn
—	Total iron as Fe
—	Iron in solution as Fe
0.047	Oxygen absorbed test, 4 hours at 27°C
0.0078	Aluminum as Al
0.0038	Free and bound ammonia as NH ₃
0.0006	Ammonia-Nitrogen as N
0.002	Ammonia-Nitrogen as N
1.25	Combined Chlorine (Cl ₂)
2.3	Total
2.9	Non-carbonate hardness
1.4	Carbonate hardness
1.41	Hardness by soap test
0.08	Total Alkalinity as CaCO ₃
0.08	Free Alkalinity as CaCO ₃
0.08	Free Acidity as CaCO ₃
0.08	Suspended Solids dried at 110°C
0.08	Total Solids dried at 110°C

Report - This water is quite satisfactory.

Washington Water Supply

The report for 1942 included reference to the Council's efforts to obtain a piped supply of water to the farms and cottages in the Washington area, this being the only area in the Urban District without such a supply.

It is indeed pleasing to write that at the time of preparing this Report the work of laying the water to the Washington area is in fact proceeding.

(11) Sanitary Accommodation

The number of closets other than water closets has been reduced from 1,065 in 1936 to the present figure of 92. The following table gives the position as in 1936 and the rate of progress in converting these unsanitary conveniences to water closets.

Year	Self Closets	Privies	Other Sanitary Conveniences	Total
1936	11	1054	30	1075
1937	11	972	—	983
1938	11	878	—	889
1939	11	868	—	879
1940	24	801	11	846
1941	23	777	12	812
1942	23	738	13	774
1943	23	717	13	753
1944	23	714	13	750
1945	19	724	8	751
1946	18	715	7	740
1947	18	708	6	732
1948	23	69	—	92
1949	—	—	—	—
1950	—	—	—	—
1951	—	—	—	—
1952	—	—	—	—
1953	—	—	—	—
1954	—	—	—	—
1955	—	—	—	—
1956	—	—	—	—
1957	—	—	—	—
1958	—	—	—	—
1959	—	—	—	—
1960	—	—	—	—
1961	—	—	—	—
1962	—	—	—	—
1963	—	—	—	—
1964	—	—	—	—
1965	—	—	—	—
1966	—	—	—	—
1967	—	—	—	—
1968	—	—	—	—
1969	—	—	—	—
1970	—	—	—	—
1971	—	—	—	—
1972	—	—	—	—
1973	—	—	—	—
1974	—	—	—	—
1975	—	—	—	—
1976	—	—	—	—
1977	—	—	—	—
1978	—	—	—	—
1979	—	—	—	—
1980	—	—	—	—
1981	—	—	—	—
1982	—	—	—	—
1983	—	—	—	—
1984	—	—	—	—
1985	—	—	—	—
1986	—	—	—	—
1987	—	—	—	—
1988	—	—	—	—
1989	—	—	—	—
1990	—	—	—	—
1991	—	—	—	—
1992	—	—	—	—
1993	—	—	—	—
1994	—	—	—	—
1995	—	—	—	—
1996	—	—	—	—
1997	—	—	—	—
1998	—	—	—	—
1999	—	—	—	—
2000	—	—	—	—

Year	Pail Closets	Privies	Other Receptacles	Water Closets
1946	72	87	-	6783
1947	57	52	-	6873
1948	57	35	-	6952

The increase in the number of pail closets in 1930 was due to the conversion of privies to pail closets.

The increase in the number of pail closets after 1938 was due to the inclusion of Woodford as part of the Urban District in April 1939.

The existing pail closets and privies are on the fringes of the District or where a sewer is not yet available. Now that the sewer is being laid down at Woodford and the extension of the sewer at High Lane commenced, the number of obsolete closets will diminish.

With the exception of those houses provided with privies, all have moveable galvanised-iron dustbins for the reception of house refuse.

(iv) Licensed Premises.

All twenty Licensed Premises in the Urban District have been inspected during the year and improvements carried out where possible.

Much of the work mentioned in the Report for 1947 as being in the hands of Contractors has now been completed. This work included the provision of additional sanitary accommodation, the provision of flushing apparatus to all urinals and the provision of more effective ventilation to the Public Rooms.

The question of hygiene in these premises has not been lost sight of, for samples of water in which the glasses are washed and swabs of glasses after washing have been taken. The managers and tenants have, without exception, shown their willingness to co-operate in these matters, and have accepted advice in the right spirit.

The exhibits of obsolete and filthy beer machines in contrast to the easy-clean ones exhibited at the local Public Health Exhibition did much to convince those responsible for their maintenance.

(v) Places of Entertainment.

The sanitary accommodation at fifteen Public Halls, Cinemas, etc. has been inspected prior to the granting of Licences by the Local Licensing Authorities.

In certain instances, minor repairs or alterations were found to be required and requests were made for these to be given attention before the next Licensing period. It will be appreciated, however, that materials for the carrying out of improvements are most difficult to obtain, and this fact is not lost sight of when applications for Certificates are made.

(vi) Smoke Abatement.

As will be seen from the list of Inspections, 57 observations of chimney stacks in the District were made for the detection of smoke nuisances. There were three contraventions of the Council's Bye-Laws made under the Public Health (Smoke

Year	Ball Clusters	Other Clusters	Water Clusters
1950	100	100	100
1951	100	100	100
1952	100	100	100

The increase in the number of ball clusters in 1950 was due to the inclusion of water clusters.

The increase in the number of ball clusters after 1950 was due to the inclusion of water clusters as part of the District in April 1951.

The existing ball clusters and water are on the balance of the District or water cover is not available. It is noted that the water is being laid down at a slower rate than the rate of the sewer of the District, the number of ball clusters will decrease.

With the exception of those areas provided with private all have water supply. The water supply for the District is from the main.

(iv) Water Supply

All twenty five water mains in the Urban District have been inspected during the year and improvements carried out where possible.

Part of the work mentioned in the Report for 1950 as being in the hands of contractors has now been completed. This work included the provision of additional water supply to the houses in the district. The water supply to all houses and the provision of water supply to the Public House.

The provision of water in these houses has not been completed. The water supply in these houses has not been completed. The water supply in these houses has not been completed. The water supply in these houses has not been completed.

The extent of the water supply and the water supply in contrast to the water supply in the district. The water supply in the district is not as good as the water supply in the district.

(v) Water Supply

The water supply in the district is not as good as the water supply in the district. The water supply in the district is not as good as the water supply in the district.

In certain instances, water supply or alterations were found to be required and requests were made for these to be given attention before the next financial period. It will be appreciated, however, that the water supply in the district is not as good as the water supply in the district.

(vi) Water Supply

As will be seen from the list of inspections, 27 observations of water supply in the district were made in the course of the year. There were three observations of the water supply in the district. The water supply in the district is not as good as the water supply in the district.

.....Abatement) Act, 1926. In each case a personal visit was paid by a member of the Staff for the purpose of warning the occupier of the factory concerned and giving advice with a view to abating the nuisance caused. In no case was it found necessary to institute legal proceedings.

The Council is a Member Authority of the Manchester and District Regional Smoke Abatement Committee.

(vii) Moveable Dwellings.

One application was received for a Licence to station and use a Moveable Dwelling on a site in the Urban District.

The application was approved and a Licence granted for a period of twelve months.

One application was received for a Licence to use a plot of land in the Urban District as a Site for a Moveable Dwelling. The matter was referred to the Regional Planning Officer, and following receipt of his Report, particularly with regard to unsatisfactory means of access, the applicant did not pursue the matter and the application was left in abeyance.

During the year it was found necessary in one instance to enforce the removal of a number of caravans stationed on an unauthorised site in the Urban District.

... (Statement) ...
was paid by a number of the ...
of the ... and ...
view of ...
found necessary to ...

The Council is a Member Authority of the ...
Charter Regional ...

(vii) Residential Buildings

One application was received for a license to ...
and one a Residential Building on a site in the Urban District.

The application was approved and a license granted for a
period of twelve months.

One application was received for a license to use a
plot of land in the Urban District as a site for a Residential
Building. The matter was referred to the Regional Planning
Officer, and following receipt of his report, permissively
with regard to satisfactory means of access, the application
did not pursue the matter and the application was left in
abeyance.

During the year it was found necessary in the instance
to enforce the removal of a number of caravans situated on
an unlicensed site in the Urban District.

SECTION VII - HOUSING.

1. Housing Conditions in the Urban District.

Much could be written of the difficulties in Housing Matters, but as these difficulties are common to the whole of the country it is of little use stressing the obvious.

2. Provision of Working Class Houses.

The Survey of the District carried out for the purpose of ascertaining overcrowding conditions under the Housing Act, 1935, revealed the following:-

Number of premises scheduled for inspection...	2294
Number of dwelling houses overcrowded.....	21
Number of families dwelling therein.....	21

It will be seen, therefore, that the position was not by any means a serious one, and that the Council were relieved of the necessity for building Council Houses to relieve overcrowding, for by a process of "shuffling" the overcrowding was dealt with. Private enterprise was well able to cope with the other Housing needs.

The cessation of building operations during the War years has, of course, presented another problem, that of housing those young married couples who have through force of circumstances to make their homes with parents. To meet this need, the Council are building 128 houses, 90 of which have already been occupied by tenants who were selected on a Points System.

The building of houses by private enterprise to meet the needs of the District are given in the following table, and present a progressive picture.

Year	Number of houses erected	
	By Private Enterprise	By the Council
1920	20	--
1921	47	--
1922	63	--
1923	81	--
1924	134	--
1925	49	--
1926	125	--
1927	99	--
1928	105	--
1929	143	--
1930	154	--
1931	144	--
1932	156	--
1933	269	--
1934	331	--
1935	288	--
1936	468	--
1937	255	--
1938	192	--
1939	187	--
1940	--	--
1941	--	--
1942	--	--
1943	--	--
1944	--	--
1945	1	--
1946	78	--
1947	38	52
1948	2	60
Totals	3429	112

1. Housing Conditions in the Urban Districts

Much could be written of the difficulties in housing matters, but as these difficulties are common to the whole of the country it is of little use stressing the obvious.

2. Revision of Existing Housing

The survey of the District carried out for the purpose of ascertaining overcrowding conditions under the Housing Act, 1935, revealed the following:-

Number of premises inhabited for habitation...	5254
Number of dwelling houses overcrowded...	51
Number of families dwelling therein...	51

It will be seen, therefore, that the position was not by any means a serious one, and that the Council were relieved of the necessity for building Council houses to relieve overcrowding, but by a process of "shuffling" the overcrowding was dealt with. Private enterprise was well able to cope with the other housing needs.

The cessation of building operations during the war years had, of course, presented another problem, that of housing those who returned to their homes and have through force of circumstances to rent their homes with Councils. To meet this need, the Council are holding 150 houses; 95 of which have already been occupied by tenants who were selected on a Points System.

The building of houses by private enterprise to meet the needs of the District are given in the following table, and present a progressive picture.

Year	By Private Enterprise	By the Council	Number of houses erected
1930	20		
1931	42		
1932	52		
1933	81		
1934	124		
1935	130		
1936	134		
1937	134		
1938	134		
1939	134		
1940	134		
1941	134		
1942	134		
1943	134		
1944	134		
1945	134		
1946	134		
1947	134		
1948	134		
1949	134		
1950	134		
1951	134		
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1980	134		
1981	134		
1982	134		
1983	134		
1984	134		
1985	134		
1986	134		
1987	134		
1988	134		
1989	134		
1990	134		
1991	134		
1992	134		
1993	134		
1994	134		
1995	134		
1996	134		
1997	134		
1998	134		
1999	134		
2000	134		
Total	3430	134	

Number of New Houses in progress at 31st December
1948:-

- (i) Private Enterprise..... 7
- (ii) Council Houses..... 76

3. Inspection of dwelling houses during the year.

- (i) (a) Total number of houses inspected for housing defects (under Public Health Act and Housing Act) 585
- (b) Number of inspections made for the purpose..... 1445
- (ii) (a) Number of dwelling houses included in (i)(a) which were inspected and recorded under Section 5, Housing Act, 1936 187
- (b) Number of inspections made for the purpose..... 283
- (iii) Number of dwelling houses found to be in such a state as to be unfit for human habitation..... 5
- (iv) Number of dwelling houses found not to be in all respects fit for human habitation..... 568

4. Remedy of Defects without service of Formal Notice.

- Number of houses rendered fit..... 341

5. Action under Statutory Powers.

- (i) Proceedings under Sections 9, 10 and 16, Housing Act, 1936.
 - (a) Number of dwelling houses in respect of which Notices were served requiring Repairs..... 29
 - (b) Number of dwelling houses rendered fit after service of Formal Notice(including Notices served prior to 1948) 24
- (ii) Proceedings under Sections 11 and 13, Housing Act, 1936.
 - (a) Number of dwelling houses in respect of which Demolition Orders were made..... 5
 - (b) Number of dwelling houses demolished in pursuance of Demolition Orders..... -
- (iii) Proceedings under Public Health Acts.
 - (a) Number of dwelling houses in respect of which Notices were served requiring defects to be remedied..... 115
 - (b) Number of dwelling houses in respect of which defects were remedied after service of Formal Notice(including Notices served prior to 1948) 102

- (i) Private Enterprises..... 7
- (ii) Council Houses..... 70

5. Inspection of dwelling houses during the year.

(a)	Total number of houses inspected for housing defects (under Public Health Act and Housing Act)	285
(b)	Number of inspections made for the purpose	1445
(ii)	(a) Number of dwelling houses included in (i)(a) which were inspected and recorded under Section 2, Housing Act, 1936	197
	(b) Number of inspections made for the purpose	255
(iii)	Number of dwelling houses found to be in such a state as to be unfit for human habitation	2
(iv)	Number of dwelling houses found not to be in all respects fit for human habitation	288

4. Number of Houses without service of formal notices.

(a)	Number of houses rendered fit	241
-----	-------------------------------------	-----

3. Action under Statutory Powers.

(i)	Proceedings under Sections 2, 10 and 16, Housing Act, 1936	
(a)	Number of dwelling houses in respect of which notices were served requiring repairs	23
(b)	Number of dwelling houses rendered fit after service of formal notices (including notices served prior to 1945)	24
(ii)	Proceedings under Sections 11 and 12, Housing Act, 1936	
(a)	Number of dwelling houses in respect of which Demolition Orders were made	2
(b)	Number of dwelling houses demolished in pursuance of Demolition Orders	1
(iii)	Proceedings under Public Health Act	
(a)	Number of dwelling houses in respect of which notices were served requiring defects to be remedied	115
(b)	Number of dwelling houses in respect of which defects were remedied after service of formal notices (including notices served prior to 1945)	124

(iv) Details of Notices referred to in 5(i) and (iii).

Statute	Outstanding Notices at 31/12/47	Served during 1948	Total	Complied With in 1948	Outstanding at 31/12/48
<u>Public Health Act, 1936:</u>					
Section 39(i)(a)	1	22	23	12	11
Section 39(i)(c)	-	1	1	1	-
Section 44	2	4	6	2	4
Section 45	4	6	10	6	4
Section 56	1	2	3	2	1
Section 75	10	63	73	59	14
Section 93	9	17	26	20	6
<u>Housing Act, 1936:</u>					
Section 9	5	29	34	24	10
Totals	32	144	176	126	50

(iv) Details of Notices referred to in (iii) and (ii)

Section	Outstanding Notices as at 31.12.48	Notices during 1948	Total	Completed with in 1948	Outstanding at 31.12.48
Totals	25	144	169	130	39
Section 1	2	23	25	24	1
Section 2	10	67	77	73	4
Section 3	2	17	19	18	1
Section 4	1	4	5	4	1
Section 5	4	6	10	8	2
Section 6	2	4	6	4	2
Section 7	1	4	5	4	1
Section 8	1	1	2	1	1
Section 9	1	1	2	1	1
Section 10	1	1	2	1	1
Section 11	1	1	2	1	1
Section 12	1	1	2	1	1
Section 13	1	1	2	1	1
Section 14	1	1	2	1	1
Section 15	1	1	2	1	1
Section 16	1	1	2	1	1
Section 17	1	1	2	1	1
Section 18	1	1	2	1	1
Section 19	1	1	2	1	1
Section 20	1	1	2	1	1
Section 21	1	1	2	1	1
Section 22	1	1	2	1	1
Section 23	1	1	2	1	1
Section 24	1	1	2	1	1
Section 25	1	1	2	1	1
Section 26	1	1	2	1	1
Section 27	1	1	2	1	1
Section 28	1	1	2	1	1
Section 29	1	1	2	1	1
Section 30	1	1	2	1	1
Section 31	1	1	2	1	1
Section 32	1	1	2	1	1
Section 33	1	1	2	1	1
Section 34	1	1	2	1	1
Section 35	1	1	2	1	1
Section 36	1	1	2	1	1
Section 37	1	1	2	1	1
Section 38	1	1	2	1	1
Section 39	1	1	2	1	1
Section 40	1	1	2	1	1
Section 41	1	1	2	1	1
Section 42	1	1	2	1	1
Section 43	1	1	2	1	1
Section 44	1	1	2	1	1
Section 45	1	1	2	1	1
Section 46	1	1	2	1	1
Section 47	1	1	2	1	1
Section 48	1	1	2	1	1
Section 49	1	1	2	1	1
Section 50	1	1	2	1	1

SECTION VIII - INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD.

(i) Milk Supply.

(a) Cowkeepers and Dairymen.

The following are details of the cowkeepers and dairymen on the Register at 31st December, 1948:-

Cowkeepers.....	49
Wholesalers.....	35
Retailers.....	55

Of the above, 16 are Cowkeepers, Wholesalers and Retailers, 19 are Cowkeepers and wholesalers, 14 are Cowkeepers and Retailers, and 25 are Retailers only (mainly of bottled sterilised milk).

(b) Milk (Special Designations) Regulations, 1936 to 1948.

The following Licences under the above Regulations were in force in the District at 31st December, 1948:-

"Tuberculin-Tested" -- Dealers	7
"Tuberculin-Tested" - Supplementary	2
"Pasteurised" - Dealers	4
"Pasteurised" - Supplementary	2

All Licences under this heading are granted free of charge.

(c) Milk Samples.

During the year, 79 samples of Milk were obtained in the Urban District and were submitted to the Laboratory for biological and/or bacteriological examination, with the results as shown in the following Table:-

Designation	Methylene Blue Test		Coliform Test		Phosphatase Test		Biological Test	
	Passed	Failed	Passed	Failed	Passed	Failed	Pos.	Neg.
Tuberculin-Tested	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	1
Accredited	23	8	15	16	-	-	1	18
Pasteurised	3	-	1	2	2	-	-	-
Undesignated	32	11	22	20	-	-	1	23
Totals	60	19	40	38	2	-	2	42

(ii) Inspection of Meat and Other Foods.

(a) Slaughterhouses and Meat Inspection.

In 1939, there were nine Licensed Slaughterhouses in the Urban District, including one large Bacon Factory situated at High Lane. With the exception of this Bacon Factory, which was taken over by the Ministry of Food, all slaughterhouses were closed in 1939 on the outbreak of War.

Meat Inspection at the above Government-controlled Slaughterhouse is carried out by the Sanitary Inspectors, who are all qualified by Certificate to undertake these duties, and it is worthy of note that 100% inspection of carcasses was achieved. Meat coming into the District from Manchester and Stockport is examined by the Sanitary Inspectors at the butchers' shops.

(1) Milk Supply.

(a) Cowkeepers and Retainers.

The following are details of the cowkeepers and retainers on the Register at 31st December, 1948:-

Cowkeepers.....	20
Wholesalers.....	25
Retailers.....	25

Of the above, 15 are Cowkeepers, Wholesalers and Retailers, 19 are Cowkeepers and Wholesalers, 15 are Cowkeepers and Retailers, and 25 are Retailers only (mainly of bottled sterilized milk).

(b) Milk (Special Designations) Regulations, 1938 to 1948.

The following licences under the above Regulations were in force in the District at 31st December, 1948:-

"Standard-Breed" - Dealers.....	7
"Standard-Breed" - Supplementary.....	2
"Standard" - Dealers.....	4
"Standard" - Supplementary.....	2

All licences under this heading are granted free of charge.

(c) Milk Samples.

During the year, 79 samples of Milk were obtained in the Urban District and were submitted to the Laboratory for biological and on bacteriological examination, with the results as shown in the following Table:-

Bacteriological Test	Methylene Blue Test		Coliform Test		Phosphatase Test		Total No. of Samples
	Passed	Failed	Passed	Failed	Passed	Failed	
Tested	2	-	2	-	-	-	1
Accredited	23	8	15	16	-	-	16
Unaccredited	3	-	1	2	2	-	-
Undesignated	25	11	22	20	-	-	23
Totals	60	19	40	38	2	-	42

(2) Inspection of Meat and Other Foods.

(a) Slaughtering and Meat Inspection.

In 1939, there were nine licensed slaughtering houses in the Urban District including one large bacon factory situated at High Lane. With the exception of this bacon factory, which was taken over by the Ministry of Food, all slaughtering houses were closed in 1939 on the outbreak of war.

Meat inspection at the above Government-controlled slaughtering is carried out by the Sanitary Inspectors, who are all qualified by Certificate to undertake these duties, and it is worthy of note that 100% inspection of carcasses was achieved. Meat coming into the District from Manchester and Stockport is examined by the Sanitary Inspectors at the "Outposts" shops.

Details of the work carried out during the year are as follows:-

Total number of pigs slaughtered and inspected....	20,886
Number of carcasses affected with Tuberculosis.....	2,143
Percentage of total number slaughtered.....	10.26%
Number of carcasses wholly condemned for Tuberculosis.....	80
Percentage of total number slaughtered.....	0.38%
Number of carcasses wholly condemned for causes other than Tuberculosis.....	28
Percentage of total number slaughtered.....	0.13%

Distribution of diseases with respect to carcasses wholly condemned:-

Tuberculosis.....	80
Dropsy, General.....	4
Peritonitis and Pleurisy	1
Fever, Acute	3
Septic Pericarditis.....	1
Rickets with Emaciation.....	3
Emaciation.....	1
Moribund.....	1
Pyæmia.....	2
Septic Metritis.....	2
Swine Fever.....	1
Septicæmia.....	4
Dropsy, Peritonitis and Metritis ...	1
Swine Erysipelas, Acute	3
Phosphorus Poisoning.....	1
Total.....	108

(b) Food Inspection.

During routine visits to Food Premises, a considerable quantity of Meat and Other Foods has been examined and found to be in sound condition, with the exception of the following which were condemned as being unfit for human consumption:-

Beef.....	113 lbs.
Cheese.....	8 lbs.
Bacon.....	17 lbs.
Liver.....	8 lbs.
Butter.....	5 lbs.
Meats, Soups, Fish, etc.	312 tins
Rabbits.....	90 lbs.
Cod Liver Oil.....	19 tins
Marmalade.....	10 tins
Pickles, etc.	149 jars
Mixed Fruits.....	79 lbs.
Sirloin.....	14 lbs.
Sago.....	172 lbs.
Milk, Evaporated.....	18 tins
Shredded Wheat.....	2 lbs.
Prunes.....	25 lbs.

Particular attention was given during the above-mentioned inspections to the handling and distribution of foodstuffs.

Nine Informal Notices were served in respect of contraventions of the Shops Act, 1934, and the Food and Drugs Act, 1938, of which seven were complied with during the year, the remainder being in hand and the works expected to be completed during 1949.

Details of the work carried out during the year are as follows:-

20,222	Total number of pigs slaughtered and inspected
2,142	Number of carcasses affected with tuberculosis
10.59%	Percentage of total number slaughtered
80	Number of carcasses wholly condemned for tuberculosis
0.39%	Percentage of total number slaughtered
22	Number of carcasses wholly condemned for causes other than tuberculosis
0.11%	Percentage of total number slaughtered

Distribution of diseases with respect to carcasses wholly condemned:-

80	Tuberculosis
4	Triceps, General
1	Peritonitis and Abscess
3	Fever, Acute
1	Septic Peritonitis
3	Rotavirus with Emaciation
1	Isolation
1	Hordeum
2	Lymphoma
2	Septic Nephritis
1	Swine Fever
4	Septicemia
1	Triceps, Peritonitis and Nephritis
1	Swine Typhoid, Acute
1	Thyroglossal Cyst
108	Total

(c) Food Inspection

During routine visits to food premises, a considerable quantity of meat and other foods has been examined and found to be in sound condition, with the exception of the following which were condemned as being unfit for human consumption:-

113 lbs.	Beef
8 lbs.	Cheese
17 lbs.	Lamb
8 lbs.	Liver
2 lbs.	Butter
210 lbs.	Meat, soups, fish, etc.
20 lbs.	Rabbit
13 lbs.	God Liver Oil
10 lbs.	Mussels
127 lbs.	Meat, etc.
70 lbs.	Mixed Fishes
14 lbs.	Sturgeon
172 lbs.	Meat
18 lbs.	Milk, evaporated
2 lbs.	Breaded Meat
25 lbs.	Triceps

Particular attention was given during the above-mentioned inspections to the handling and distribution of foodstuffs.

Five Internal Notices were served in respect of contraventions of the Shops Act, 1937, and the Food and Drugs Act, 1938, of which seven were complied with during the year, the remainder being in hand and the works expected to be completed during 1939.

(c) Slaughter of Animals Act, 1933.

During the year, there were six Licensed Slaughtermen on the Register, five of whom are employed at the Bacon Factory referred to in (a) above.

(d) Report on Food Samples.

During the year 1948, 53 samples of Food and Drugs were obtained in the Urban District by the Weights and Measures Department of the Cheshire County Council, as follows:-

Milk.....	49
Sausage.....	2
Sausage Meat.....	2

They were all submitted to the Public Analyst for analysis, and the fact that out of 49 milk samples taken not one failed to reach the standard speaks very well for the milk producers and retailers in the Area. The two samples of Sausage also satisfied the required standard.

With regard to the two samples of Sausage Meat - following a complaint regarding the quality of sausage sold at a shop in the Urban District an "Informal" sample was obtained. Upon analysis it was found to be 18% deficient in meat content.

The matter was referred to the Chief Inspector of Weights and Measures, whose Inspector took a "Formal" sample from the same shop. This, too, was found to be deficient in meat content to the extent of 18%, and the vendor was cautioned by the Weights and Measures Department as to future offences under the Act.

It should be pointed out, however, that the sausages complained of were not manufactured in this Area but had been brought into the Area for sale after being made up on premises over which your Council's Officers have no control. This fact was published in the local Press with the express purpose of exonerating reputable firms in this Area who are making up sausages which comply in every respect with the Regulations.

(iii) Manufacture and Sale of Ice Cream.

Premises registered for the manufacture and/or storage and sale of Ice Cream have received attention during the year. Samples were taken both from manufacturers and retailers in the District, also from retailers whose supplies were obtained from establishments outside the District.

The following Table shows the results of examination of the samples obtained during the year.

	Satisfactory	Unsatisfactory	Total
Manufactured and sold in the Urban District	17	5	22
Manufactured in other Areas and sold in the Urban District	5	2	7
Totals	22	7	29

During the year, there were six licensed slaughterhouses on the register, five of whom are registered at the present date as follows:-

(d) Report on food supplies.

During the year 1945, 57 samples of food and drugs were obtained in the Urban District by the Weights and Measures Department of the Council, as follows:-

Milk	43
Sausage	10
Sausage Meat	4

They were all submitted to the Public Analyst for analysis, and the fact that out of 57 milk samples taken not one failed to reach the standard speaks very well for the milk producers and retailers in the area. The two samples of Sausage also satisfied the required standards.

With regard to the two samples of Sausage Meat - following a complaint regarding the quality of sausage sold at a shop in the Urban District an "instant" sample was obtained. Upon analysis it was found to be 18% deficient in meat content.

The matter was referred to the Chief Inspector of Weights and Measures, whose inspector took a "normal" sample from the same shop. This, too, was found to be deficient in meat content to the extent of 18%, and the vendor was cautioned by the Weights and Measures Department as to future offences under the Act.

It should be pointed out, however, that the sausages complained of were the manufactured in this area but had been brought into the area for sale after being made up on premises over which your Council's Officers have no control. This fact was pointed out in the local Press with the express purpose of encouraging reputable firms in this area who are selling up sausages which comply in every respect with the Regulations.

(All) Manufacturers and Sale of Ice Cream.

Inspection registered for the manufacture and/or storage and sale of Ice Cream have received attention during the year. Samples were taken both from manufacturers and retailers in the District, also from retailers whose supplies were obtained from establishments outside the District.

The following table shows the results of examination of the samples obtained during the year.

Total	Unsatisfactory	Satisfactory	
52	2	50	Manufactured and sold in the Urban District
7	2	5	Manufactured in other areas and sold in the Urban District
59	4	55	Total

Where unsatisfactory results were obtained, the premises were revisited and investigations carried out with a view to bringing about improvements in manufacture and in the methods of handling, or, in the case of Ice Cream manufactured outside the Area, the Local Authority of that Area was informed and similar action requested.

In the Annual Report of 1947 reference was made to the proposed establishment of a factory for the manufacture of Ice Cream, work on which was still in progress at the commencement of 1948.

The premises were registered by the Council on the 3rd August, 1948, and up to the end of the year, five samples of Ice Cream were obtained for analysis.

Two of the samples were adversely reported upon, but after intensive investigation, aided by the willing co-operation of the company, it was revealed that defects in the plant were the cause of the unsatisfactory reports.

After the defects were remedied, samples were obtained at all stages of production, all of which gave satisfactory results and no further difficulties were experienced.

When unsatisfactory results were obtained, the premises were revisited and investigations carried out with a view to bringing about improvements in manufacture and in the methods of handling, or, in the case of the Green manufacturer outside the area, the local authority of that area was informed and similar action requested.

In the Annual Report of 1947 reference was made to the proposed establishment of a factory for the manufacture of ice-cream, work on which was still in progress at the commencement of 1948.

The premises were registered by the Council on the 2nd August, 1948, and up to the end of the year, five samples of ice-cream were obtained for analysis.

Two of the samples were adversely reported upon, but after intensive investigation, aided by the willing co-operation of the company, it was revealed that defects in the plant were the cause of the unsatisfactory reports.

After the defects were remedied, samples were obtained at all stages of production, all of which gave satisfactory results and no further difficulties were experienced.

SECTION IX - RODENT CONTROL.

The Council employ one full-time Rodent Operative, who works under the control of the Chief Sanitary Inspector.

In addition to minor infestations of private dwellings, certain business premises have received attention, notably a Bacon Factory, a Waste Paper Mill and a Sports Stadium.

The County Council's Schools in the Area have also received attention.

The Council's Refuse Tips and Depots were periodically treated and good results were observed.

During the year, the Council entered into Agreements with three firms, providing for a periodic Rodent Control Service, at an agreed charge per quarter.

The following are details of the work carried out during the year:-

Inspections and Visits (Sanitary Inspectors)	647
do. (Rodent Operative)	1862
Number of Infestations.....	70
Number cleared during 1948.....	62
Number receiving re-treatment during 1949.....	8

The majority of the infestations requiring re-treatment have now been reduced to minor proportions.

SECTION IX - ROBERT CONTROL

The Council employ one full-time Robert Operative, and work under the control of the Chief Secretary Inspector.

In addition to other installations of private dwellings, certain business premises have received attention, notably a Paper Factory, a Waste Paper Mill and a Granite Quarry.

The County Council's Schools in the Area have also received attention.

The Council's Robert Taps and Reports were periodically treated and good results were observed.

During the year, the Council entered into Agreements with three firms, providing for a periodic Robert Control Service, at an agreed charge per quarter.

The following are details of the work carried out during the year:-

Inspection and Advice (Secretary Inspectors)	647
Robert Operative (Robert Operative)	152
Number of installations	70
Number cleared during 1948	53
Number receiving re-treatment during 1949	8

The activity of the installations requiring re-treatment have now been reduced to minor proportions.

In the District there are 82 factories with Mechanical Power (employing 1555 males and 924 females) and 20 Non-Power factories (employing 10 males and 27 females). All factories were inspected during the year, and the premises generally have been maintained in a satisfactory condition.

Three Certificates of Adequate Means of Escape in case of fire under Section 34 of the Act were granted by the Council during the year.

The following Table shows the prescribed provisions required to be provided in accordance with Section 12B(3) of the Act, with respect to matters under Part I and Part VIII of the Act which are administered by the Council.

TABLE I OF THE ACT.

1. Inspections for purposes of provisions as to health.

Premises	No. on Register	Number of		Occupiers prosecuted
		Inspections	Written Notices	
(i) Factories in which Sections 1, 2, 3, 4 & 5 are enforced by Local Authority	20	87	-	-
(ii) Factories not included in (i) in which Section 7 is enforced by Local Authority	62	332	3	-
(iii) Other premises in which Section 7 is enforced by local Authority (excluding outworkers' premises)	2	2	-	-
Totals	104	482	3	-

2. Cases in which defects were found.

Cases in which defects were found	Found	By whom		Provisions
		To H.M. Inspector	By H.M. Inspector	
Want of cleanliness	2	-	-	-
Overcrowding	-	-	-	-
Unsanitary Temperature	-	-	-	-
Inadequate Ventilation	-	-	-	-
Ineffective drainage of floors	-	-	-	-
Sanitary Conveniences - (a) insufficient (b) unsuitable or defective (c) not separate for sexes	2	2	-	-
Other Offences (not including offences relating to Outworkers)	2	-	-	-
Totals	19	18	-	-

PART VIII OF THE ACT.

- (i) Number of Outworkers' names recorded during year..... 9
- (ii) Nature of work - (a) Mining, etc. or working apparatus..... 3
- (b) Agricultural flowers..... 2
- (iii) Number of instances of work in unsanitary premises... Nil
- (iv) Number of inspections made of outworkers' premises..... 12

(i) Shops and Business Premises:

The following is a classified list of the Trades carried on in the District:-

Box Making Factory.....	1
Waste Paper Mill.....	1
Building and Associated Trades...	25
Hardware.....	8
Boot and Shoe Repairs.....	6
Printers.....	2
Coal Merchants.....	6
Offices.....	17
Hairdressers.....	14
Dry Cleaners and Laundries.....	4
Garages, Electricians, etc.....	18
Drapers, Milliners, Outfitters, etc.	25
Painters and Decorators.....	7
Jewellers, Opticians, etc.....	5
Footwear Shops.....	4
Chemists, Druggists, etc.....	14
Grocers and Greengrocers.....	51
Ice Cream Manufacturers.....	7
Bakers and Confectioners.....	20
Butchers.....	16
Fried Fish Shops.....	6
Wet Fish Shops.....	5
Tripe Shops.....	1
Cafes and Dairies.....	6
Cinemas.....	3
Haulage Contractors.....	2
Masseur.....	1
Light Engineering.....	6
Fancy Goods Manufacturers.....	4
Textile Manufacturers.....	8
Rubber Works.....	1
Glue Works.....	1
Saddler.....	1
Bacon Factory.....	1
Brickworks.....	1
Aircraft Assembly.....	1
Total.....	<u>299</u>

(ii) Rent and Mortgage Interest Restrictions Acts.

No action was taken during the year.

(iii) Bye-Laws and Regulations.

The following Bye-Laws and Regulations are in force in the Urban District:-

<u>Description.</u>	<u>Date of Operation.</u>
Common Lodging Houses.....	22nd January, 1903
Whirligigs, Shooting Ranges and Galleries...	do.
Hackney Carriages.....	do.
Offensive Trades.....	do.
Slaughterhouses.....	do.
Cleansing of Footways and Pavements, and with respect to Nuisances.....	do.
Removal of House Refuse.....	do.
Tents, Vans and Sheds and Similar Structures.....	do.

<u>Description.</u>	<u>Date of Operation.</u>
Omnibuses.....	3rd April, 1905.
Hazel Grove Recreation Ground.....	do.
* Music near Houses, Churches and Hospitals, Street Cries, etc.....	22nd March, 1932.
* Wireless Loudspeakers and Gramophones	12th July, 1933.
* Protection of Wild Plants.....	1st November, 1934.
* Petroleum Filling Stations.....	22nd May, 1935.
* Street Trading by Young Persons.....	1st July, 1935.
* Employment of Young Children.....	1st December, 1935 and 17th March, 1938.
Smoke Abatement.....	1st August, 1936.
* Deposit of Litter and Dangerous Substances.....	1st April, 1939.
Building Bye-Laws.....	12th October, 1939.
* Bulls in Fields.....	1st January, 1940.
New Streets.....	1st February, 1943.

* - Made by Cheshire County Council and operative in the Urban District.

(iv) Health Exhibition.

On 1st November, 1948, a Public Health Exhibition was opened at the Mechanics' Institute, Hazel Grove, by the Chairman of the Council (Councillor J. H. Hallworth, J.P.)

A wide range of subjects were dealt with on the various Stands, including the following:- Household Hygiene, Care of the Teeth, Child Welfare, Housing Conditions, Vital Statistics, Mass Miniature Radiography Unit, Blood Transfusion Service, Meat and Food Inspection, Dairy Equipment, Milk Pasteurisation, Ice Cream, Refuse Disposal and Salvage, Rodent Control, Smoke Abatement, Vermin Control, in addition to Trade Stands showing the most up-to-date Gas and Electrical Equipment for the Household.

The Exhibition was open to the Public each day until Saturday, 6th November, and was then transferred to the Conservative Hall, Bramhall, where it was opened by the Chairman of the Health Committee (Councillor F. Swindell) and continued each day until Saturday, 13th November.

Arrangements for this Exhibition entailed a great deal of work by members of my Department, and I must place on record my sincere appreciation to each one, for all worked untiringly to make the Exhibition a success.

The attendance at Hazel Grove was very pleasing indeed, but at Bramhall disappointing.

The Chairman of the Health Committee, in opening the Exhibition at Bramhall, remarked, "To bring an Exhibition of this description to Bramhall is like taking coals to Newcastle", but it was surprising to find how very few visitors had the remotest idea of the duties carried out by members of a Public Health Department of an Urban District such as ours.

Organised parties of School Children visited the Exhibition and were invited to write essays. Book Tokens were presented by the Chairman of the Council to the writers of the twelve best essays.

Date of Operation	Description
1948	Exhibition at Hazel Grove
1947	Exhibition at Hazel Grove
1946	Exhibition at Hazel Grove
1945	Exhibition at Hazel Grove
1944	Exhibition at Hazel Grove
1943	Exhibition at Hazel Grove
1942	Exhibition at Hazel Grove
1941	Exhibition at Hazel Grove
1940	Exhibition at Hazel Grove
1939	Exhibition at Hazel Grove
1938	Exhibition at Hazel Grove
1937	Exhibition at Hazel Grove
1936	Exhibition at Hazel Grove
1935	Exhibition at Hazel Grove
1934	Exhibition at Hazel Grove
1933	Exhibition at Hazel Grove
1932	Exhibition at Hazel Grove
1931	Exhibition at Hazel Grove
1930	Exhibition at Hazel Grove
1929	Exhibition at Hazel Grove
1928	Exhibition at Hazel Grove
1927	Exhibition at Hazel Grove
1926	Exhibition at Hazel Grove
1925	Exhibition at Hazel Grove
1924	Exhibition at Hazel Grove
1923	Exhibition at Hazel Grove
1922	Exhibition at Hazel Grove
1921	Exhibition at Hazel Grove
1920	Exhibition at Hazel Grove
1919	Exhibition at Hazel Grove
1918	Exhibition at Hazel Grove
1917	Exhibition at Hazel Grove
1916	Exhibition at Hazel Grove
1915	Exhibition at Hazel Grove
1914	Exhibition at Hazel Grove
1913	Exhibition at Hazel Grove
1912	Exhibition at Hazel Grove
1911	Exhibition at Hazel Grove
1910	Exhibition at Hazel Grove
1909	Exhibition at Hazel Grove
1908	Exhibition at Hazel Grove
1907	Exhibition at Hazel Grove
1906	Exhibition at Hazel Grove
1905	Exhibition at Hazel Grove
1904	Exhibition at Hazel Grove
1903	Exhibition at Hazel Grove
1902	Exhibition at Hazel Grove
1901	Exhibition at Hazel Grove
1900	Exhibition at Hazel Grove

* - Made by Executive County Council and operative in the Urban District.

(iv) Health Exhibition.

On 1st November, 1948, a Public Health Exhibition was opened at the Mechanics' Institute, Hazel Grove, by the Chairman of the Council (Councillor J. H. Kellworthy, J.P.).

A wide range of subjects were dealt with on the various stands, including the following:- Household Hygiene, Care of the Teeth, Child Welfare, Housing Conditions, Vital Statistics, Mass Miniature Radiography Unit, Blood Transfusion Service, Meat and Food Inspection, Dairy Equipment, Milk Pasteurization, Ice Cream, Petrol, Motor Oil and Lubricants, Road Control, Smoke Abatement, Venereal Control, in addition to Trade Stands showing the most up-to-date gas and electrical equipment for the household.

The exhibition was open to the public each day until Saturday, 6th November, and was then transferred to the Conservative Hall, Bramhall, where it was opened by the Chairman of the Health Committee (Councillor A. Swindell) and continued each day until Saturday, 13th November.

Arrangements for this exhibition entailed a great deal of work by members of my Department, and I must place on record my sincere appreciation to each one, for all worked unflinchingly to make the exhibition a success.

The attendance at Hazel Grove was very pleasing indeed, but at Bramhall disappointing.

The Chairman of the Health Committee, in opening the exhibition at Bramhall, remarked, "To bring an exhibition of this description to Bramhall is like taking coals to Newcastle but it was surprising to find how very few visitors had the remotest idea of the duties carried out by members of a Public Health Department in an Urban District such as ours."

Organised parties of School Children visited the exhibition and were invited to write essays. Book tokens were presented by the Chairman of the Council to the writers of the twelve best essays.

SECTION XII - REFUSE AND SALVAGE COLLECTION AND DISPOSAL.

This work is carried out by direct labour. The Council have at present only three mechanical vehicles which can be used for the collection of house refuse. Two vehicles, one a 7 cubic yard S.D. Freighter (20 years old) and one Morris Commercial 30 cwt. (14 years old) proved totally unfit for further service during the year and were dispensed with. The three remaining vehicles are of necessity in constant use and until another vehicle is made available very little servicing can be carried out to the vehicles.

Every effort has been made to continue a weekly collection of house refuse and salvage, but like many other Districts we have been faced with mechanical breakdowns, due chiefly to lack of servicing, delay in obtaining delivery of replacement vehicles, sickness of workmen and difficulties in obtaining suitable men for replacements. The 44-hour week, too, has had its effect.

Trade Refuse is removed by agreement with the occupiers of business premises, offensive trade refuse from wet fish shops, etc. being collected more frequently than non-offensive trade refuse. A list of the charges for this service is herewith appended:-

A. Trade Refuse collected by Council.

- | | |
|--|--|
| (a) Wet Fish Shops, Butchers' Shops and Combined Fish and Grocery Shops. | Three collections per week - £2.10.0. per quarter. |
| (b) Greengrocers' Shops. | Two collections per week - £2.0.0. per quarter. |
| (c) Grocers' Shops and other Shops where fish and meat are not sold. | One collection per week, not exceeding four bins - £1.10.0. per quarter. |
| (d) Multiple Shops. | Branch Shops where wet fish is sold, three collections per week, including fish offal and garbage - £2. 0. 0. per quarter for each branch. |
| (e) Slaughterhouses. | 10/- per load as often as may be necessary. |
| (f) Other Business Premises - refuse not of an offensive nature. | 10/- per motor load. |

B. Trade Refuse received at Council's Tips.

- (a) 2/- per cart load.
- (b) 3/- per lorry load.

The following is a Report on the collection and disposal of refuse and salvage during the financial year ended 31st March, 1949:-

This work is carried out by direct labour. The Council have at present only three mechanical vehicles which can be used for the collection of refuse for sale. Two vehicles, one a 7 cubic yard D.D. transporter (30 years old) and one Morris Commercial 30 cwt. (14 years old) proved totally unfit for further service during the year and were disposed of. The three remaining vehicles are 4 mechanically in constant use and until another vehicle is made available very little servicing can be carried out on the vehicles.

Every effort has been made to continue a weekly collection of refuse refuse and salvage, but like any other District we have been faced with mechanical breakdowns, due mainly to lack of servicing, delay in obtaining delivery of replacement vehicles, sickness of workmen and difficulties in obtaining suitable men for replacements. The 44-hour week, too, has had its effect.

Trade refuse is removed by agreement with the occupiers of business premises. Offensive trade refuse from wet fish shops, etc. being collected more frequently than non-offensive trade refuse. A list of the charges for this service is herewith appended:-

A. Trade refuse collected by Council.

- (a) Wet Fish Shops, Butchers' Shops and Combined Fish and Grocery Shops. Three collections per week - £2.10.0 per quarter.
- (b) Greenhouses' Shops. Two collections per week - £2.0.0 per quarter.
- (c) Grocers' Shops and other shops where fish and meat are not sold. One collection per week, not exceeding four bins - £1.10.0 per quarter.
- (d) Multiple Shops. Branch Shops where wet fish is sold, three collections per week, including fish oil, and garage - £2.0.0 per quarter for each branch.
- (e) Slaughterhouses. 10/- per load as often as may be necessary.
- (f) Other business premises - refuse not of an offensive nature. 10/- per cubic load.

B. Trade refuse removed at Council's expense.

- (a) 5/- per cubic load.
- (b) 3/- per heavy load.

The following is a Report on the collection and disposal of refuse and salvage during the financial year ended 31st March 1960:-

(a) Weight of Refuse and Salvage Collected:-

	T.	C.	Q.	L.
House Refuse.....	6766	-	-	-
Trade Refuse.....	372	9	-	-
Salvage.....	189	8	2	21
Total.....	7327	17	2	21

Corresponding total weight
for previous year..... 6916 11 2 14

(b) Cost of collection and disposal:-

	£.	s.	d.
Labourers' Wages.....	4285	3	8
Motor Transport.....	1983	10	9
Rents, Rates and Taxes.....	274	14	6
Lighting and Power.....	3	13	3
Repairs and Maintenance.....	31	8	1
Tools, Implements, etc.....	68	1	7
Other Expenditure.....	54	3	11
	6700	15	9

Less Income:	£.	s.	d.		£.	s.	d.
Trade Refuse Charges.....	181	2	-				
Salvage Sales.....	1580	9	6				
Board of Trade Allowance..	37	12	9				
Sundry Income.....	13	1	7	1812	5	10	
				Nett Cost.....	£4888	9	11

The corresponding costs and income for the
previous year were as follows:-

	£.	s.	d.
Gross Cost.....	6536	19	7
Less Income.....	1674	12	2
Nett Cost...	£4862	7	5

(c) Weight and Value of salvage referred to in (a) and (b):-

	T.	C.	Q.	L.	£.	s.	d.
Mixed Papers.....	151	14	-	-	967	1	10
Books, Magazines..	11	4	2	-	131	17	11
Newspapers.....	9	16	-	-	129	17	1
Textiles.....	8	12	3	21	312	9	3
Bottles and Jars..	4	15	2	-	32	7	1
Miscellaneous....	3	5	3	-	6	16	4
Totals	189	8	2	21	£1580	9	6

The corresponding weight and value of salvage for the
previous year were as follows:-

	T.	C.	Q.	L.	£.	s.	d.
	161	9	2	14	£1283	10	11

(a) Weight of Salva and Salva Collected:-

	1957	1958	1959
Home Salva	189	275	655
Trade Salva	2	2	2
Salva	191	277	657
Total	382	554	1314

Corresponding total weight for previous year..... 514

(b) Cost of collection and disposal:-

	1957	1958	1959
Labourers' Wages	10	10	10
Motor Transport	14	14	14
Rents, Rates and Taxes	13	13	13
Lighting and Power	8	8	8
Repairs and Maintenance	1	1	1
Tools, Implements, etc.	2	2	2
Other Expenditure	1	1	1
Total	49	59	59

Less Income:

	1957	1958	1959
Trade Salva Charges	181	181	181
Salva Sales	12	12	12
Board of Trade Allowance	1	1	1
Gross Income	194	194	194
Net Cost	30	35	35

The corresponding costs and income for the previous year were as follows:-

	1957	1958	1959
Gross Cost	57	57	57
Less Income	12	12	12
Net Cost	45	45	45

(c) Weight and Value of Salva referred to in (a) and (b):-

	1957	1958	1959
Mixed Papers	15	15	15
Books, Magazines	4	4	4
Newspapers	9	9	9
Textiles	8	8	8
Bottles and Jars	4	4	4
Miscellaneous	2	2	2
Total	42	42	42

The corresponding weight and value of Salva for the previous year were as follows:-

	1957	1958	1959
Total	42	42	42

(d) The following Table gives details of the waste paper and textiles collected over a period of five years, together with the income derived therefrom:-

	1944/45		1945/46		1946/47		1947/48		1948/49	
	Tons	£	Tons	£	Tons	£	Tons	£	Tons	£
Mixed Papers	144	916	121	778	113	724	128	814	152	967
Books, Magazines	17	127	9	81	6	51	9	98	11	132
Newspapers	5	48	5	51	6	62	13	157	10	130
Total Paper Salvage	166	1091	135	910	125	837	150	1069	173	1229
Textiles	19	341	16	251	7	134	7	170	9	312
Total Paper and Textiles	185	1432	151	1161	132	971	157	1239	182	1541

(e) Refuse Disposal Tips.

The disposal of all house refuse and trade refuse is by controlled tipping at the following Council Tips:-

(i) Jackson's Lane: Situate in open surroundings and well isolated from dwelling houses.

(ii) Linney Road: The site of the old Sewage Disposal Works at Bramhall, which were adversely reported upon in 1934, and thereafter discontinued. The disused sedimentation tanks have now been completely filled in with refuse.

(4) The following table gives details of the waste paper and textiles collected over a period of five years, together with the income derived therefrom:-

	1944/45		1945/46		1946/47		1947/48		1948/49	
	Tons	£	Tons	£	Tons	£	Tons	£	Tons	£
Mixed Papers	144	916	121	778	113	720	128	814	125	967
Books, Magazines	17	127	9	81	6	51	9	98	11	132
Newspapers	5	48	5	51	6	62	13	127	10	130
Total Paper	166	1091	135	910	125	837	150	1039	146	1229
Textiles	19	241	16	221	7	124	7	120	9	212
Total Paper and Textiles	185	1332	151	1131	132	961	157	1159	155	1441

(e) Refuse Disposal Tips.

The disposal of all house refuse and trade refuse is by controlled tipping at the following Council tips:-

(1) Lawson's Lane: Situated in open surroundings and well isolated from dwelling houses.

(2) Sherry Road: The site of the old Sewage Disposal Works at Sherry Road, which were adversely reported upon in 1934, and closed for reconstruction. The damaged sedimentation tanks have now been completely filled in with refuse.

I am indebted to Mr. J. Fleming Andrew, Engineer and Surveyor to the Council for the following Report.

The year 1948 saw no great lessening of the restrictions on the building of private houses, and the main building activity in this District was that undertaken by the Council on the Bean Leach Estate where 32 houses were completed.

There is, in this District, a large demand for private licences to build which cannot be satisfied by the meagre allocation we are permitted as a proportion of our Council Programme. An absurd position arises when adjoining Local Authorities have not sufficient applications to take up their available licences (even after public advertisement) whilst we are not allowed enough licences to satisfy the needs of this type of prospective owner-occupier.

Progress with the construction of the sewers in the Woodford area continued during the year and the sewers in Moor Lane, Jenny Lane and Church Lane were completed.

A scheme for the extension of the sewer in Buxton Road from Norbury Hollow Road to Middlewood Road was approved by the Ministry of Health during the year and work on this will be carried out in 1949. This will provide for water-carriage drainage from over 60 premises which at present are served either by privy or cesspool drainage, and will complete the effective drainage of all but isolated premises in the Urban District.

The proposals for the enlargement of the Offerton Sewage Purification Works are not yet complete. Mention was made in last year's Report of negotiations which were proceeding to establish terms whereby the drainage of the adjoining Urban District of Marple could be received and treated at these Works. Terms agreeable to both Councils were agreed but shortly after agreement was reached, Bredbury and Romiley U.D.C. asked to be included in the Scheme and negotiations are in progress to this end and I feel sure a happy outcome of the sewage disposal problem in this part of the Goyt Valley will be the result.

A factor with direct effect on Public Health Matters is the making up of Private Streets. During the year there was a resumption of this work after the hiatus of the War years, and Norbury Crescent has been completed. It is intended to continue with the work as fast as circumstances permit.

Details of other work carried out during the year are as follows:-

New Streets and Buildings, 1948.

Number of plans submitted for approval.....	304
Number of plans approved.....	284
Number of plans not approved.....	20

The Plans approved were for:-

Houses.....	60
Lay-outs of land.....	2
Additions and Alterations.....	114
Garages.....	21
Miscellaneous.....	53

Temporary Buildings:-

Garages.....	61
Store Sheds.....	13
Other Temporary Buildings.....	15

I am indebted to Mr. J. Fleming Andrew, Engineer and Surveyor to the Council for the following report.

The year 1948 saw no great loosening of the restrictions on the building of private houses, and the main building activity in this District was that undertaken by the Council on the main beach houses where 25 houses were completed.

There is, in this District, a large demand for private licenses to hold which cannot be satisfied by the measures allowed us as a proportion of our Council programme. An upward position arises when adjoining local Authorities have not sufficient applications to take up their available licenses (even after public advertisement) which we are not allowed enough licenses to satisfy the needs of this type of prospective owner-occupier.

Progress with the construction of the sewer in the Woodford area continued during the year and the sewer in Moor Lane, Jenny Lane and Church Lane were completed.

A scheme for the extension of the sewer in Hurton Road from Northway Hollow Road to Middlewood Road was approved by the Ministry of Health during the year and work on this will be carried out in 1949. This will provide for water-carriage drainage from over 60 premises which at present are served either by privy or cesspool drainage, and will complete the electric drainage of all but limited premises in the Urban District.

The proposals for the enlargement of the Otterton Sewage Treatment Works are not yet complete. Mention was made in last year's Report of negotiations which were proceeding to establish terms whereby the drainage of the adjoining Urban District of Mapple could be treated and treated at these Works. Terms acceptable to both Councils were agreed but shortly after agreement was reached, Brodbury and Kemley O.D.C. asked to be included in the scheme and negotiations are in progress to this end and I feel sure a happy outcome of the sewage disposal problem in this part of the Gort Valley will be the result.

A factor with direct effect on Public Health Matters is the making up of private streets. During the year there was a resumption of this work after the lapse of the war years, and Henry Grogan has been completed. It is intended to continue with the work as fast as circumstances permit.

Details of other work carried out during the year are as follows:-

New Streets and Buildings, 1948.	
Number of plans submitted for approval	304
Number of plans approved	284
Number of plans not approved	20
The Plans approved were for:-	
Houses	60
Lay-outs of land	2
Additions and alterations	114
Garages	21
Miscellaneous	27
Temporary Buildings:-	
Garages	21
Store Sheds	13
Other Temporary Buildings	15

Number of New Houses completed:--

Hazel Grove Drainage Area:

(a) Private Development.....	2
(b) Council Houses.....	32

Bramhall Drainage Area:

Council Houses.....	28
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Number of New Houses in progress at 31st December, 1948:--

(a) Private Development.....	7
(b) Council Houses.....	76

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Number of New Houses completed:-

Hasel Grove District Area:

(a) Private Development..... 2
(b) Council Houses..... 32

Brackley District Area:

Council Houses..... 28

Number of New Houses in progress at 31st December, 1948:-

(a) Private Development..... 7
(b) Council Houses..... 78

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28	Water, Distribution of
24	Water, Distribution of
29	Water, Distribution of
14	Water, Distribution of
20	Water, Distribution of
22	Water, Distribution of
1	Water, Distribution of
28	Water, Distribution of
19	Water, Distribution of
20	Water, Distribution of
14	Water, Distribution of
28	Water, Distribution of
11	Water, Distribution of
15	Water, Distribution of