

[Report 1964] / Medical Officer of Health, Hartley Wintney (Union) R.D.C.

Contributors

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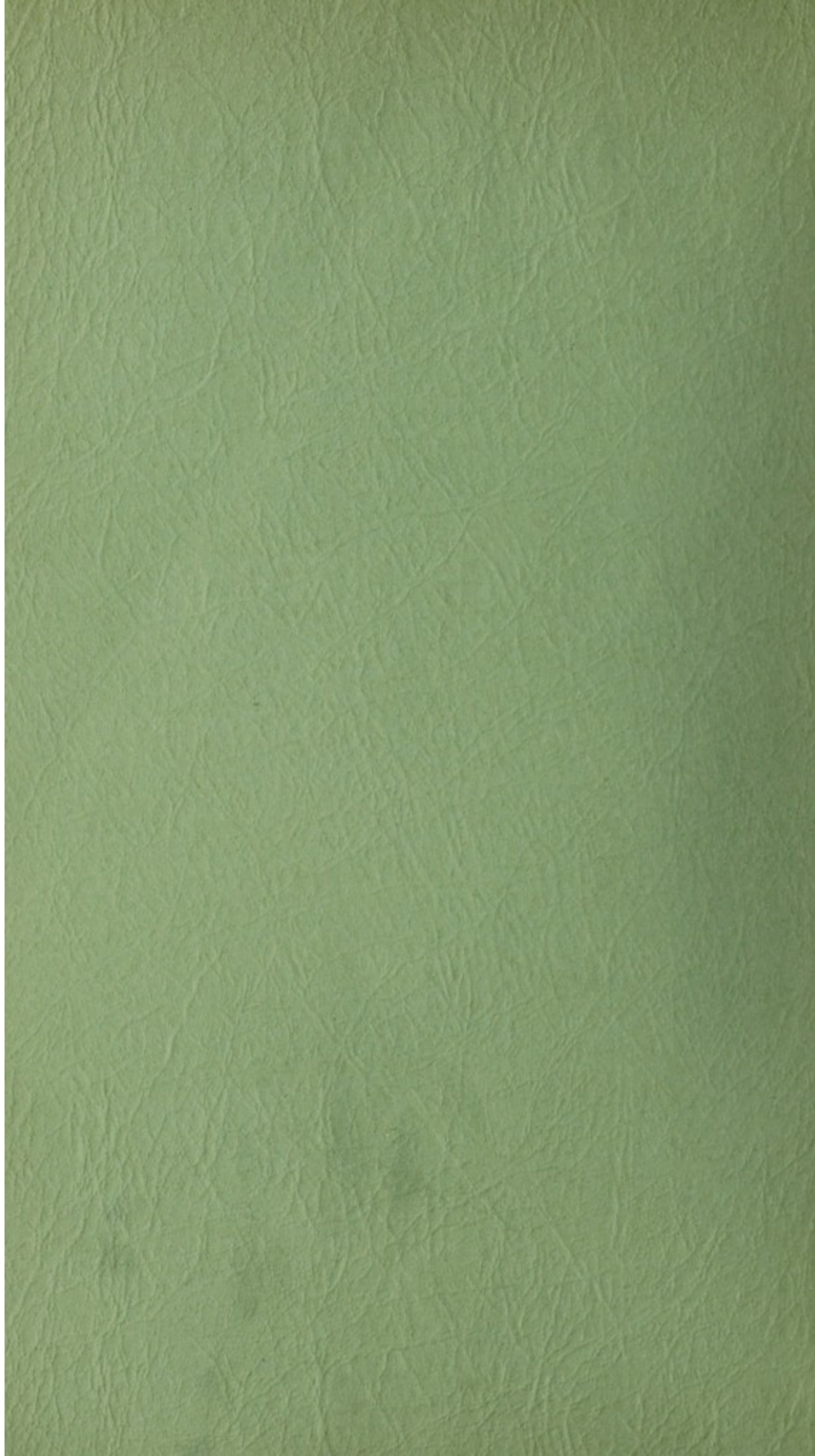


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HARTLEY WINTNEY
RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL



ANNUAL REPORT
of the
MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH
and the
CHIEF PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR
for the Year 1964



Chairman of Council

Councillor W. W. Tatham

Vice-Chairman of Council

Councillor Lt. Col. J. W. Chappell

Members of Health Committee

Chairman - Councillor C. F. Tatham

Councillors - Mr. E. W. M. Ashley

HARTLEY WINTNEY RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL

Mrs. D. Batten-Hatton

Mrs. K. Daxford

Mr. W. Gorrie

Mr. A. Hayland

Mrs. D. G. Johnstone

Mrs. J. Quarry

Mr. C. J. Gellie

Annual Report - STAFF

Medical Officer of Health

J. Coutts Medical Officer of Health F.R.C.S. & H.

Chief Public Health Inspector

D. J. Davies, Cert.R.San.I., and S.I.B.J.B., M.A.P.H.I.

Deputy Chief Public Health Inspector

W. G. East, Cert.R.San.I., and S.I.B.J.B., M.A.P.H.I.

Additional Public Health Inspectors

D. A. C. Davis, F.R.C.S.B., M.A.P.H.I.

W. K. Frupp, Cert.R.San.I., and S.I.B.J.B. (from 6.7.64)

Chief Clerk

C. H. Tuck

Clerk/Shorthand Typist

Mrs. M. R. Montgomery

Public Health Department, J. Coutts Milne, M.B., Ch.B.,
Council Offices, D.P.H., D.T.M. & H.
Hartley Wintney, Medical Officer of Health.
Near Basingstoke,
Hants. Miss S. L. Nicholas (from 10.7.64 to 1.9.64)
Miss S. Cooper (from 16.11.64)

Tel: Hartley Wintney 2071 - 4.

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE DISTRICT COMMISSIONER

Annual Report

of the

Medical Officer of Health

for 1900

Printed by the Government Printer, Ottawa, 1901.
By Authority of the Board of Health.
D. J. A. & C. M. A. R.
City of Ottawa, Ontario.

Price, Twenty Cents.

Chairman of Council

Councillor R. W. Yeomans

Vice-Chairman of Council

Councillor Lt. Cmdr. J. M. Chappell.

Members of Health Committee

Chairman - Councillor C. F. Yalden

Councillors - Mr. N. W. H. Ashley

Miss G. M. Barry

Mrs. D. Batter-Hatton

Mrs. K. Doxford

Mr. W. Gorrie

Mr. A. Hoyland

Mrs. D. C. Johnstone

Mrs. J. Quarry

Mr. C. J. Sellick

PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT - STAFF

Medical Officer of Health

J. Coutts Milne, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H., D.T.M. & H.

Chief Public Health Inspector

D. J. Davies, Cert.R.San.I., and S.I.E.J.B., M.A.P.H.I.

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D. A. C. Davis, P.H.I.E.B., M.A.P.H.I.

W. K. Fripp, Cert.R.San.I., and S.I.E.J.B. (from 6.7.64)

Chief Clerk

C. H. Tuck

Clerk/Shorthand Typist

Mrs. M. R. Montgomery

Junior Clerk

Miss S. L. Nicholas (from 20.7.64 to 4.9.64)

Miss S. Cooper (from 16.11.64)

To the Chairman and Members of the Hartley Wintney Rural District Council.

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have the honour to present for your information and consideration the Annual Report for the year, 1964, prepared according to the directions of the Minister of Health.

Points of note in the vital statistical figures are a considerable increase in the estimated mid-year population, a small decrease in the birth and death rates and an increase in the infant mortality rate, although this last rate is well below the national rate. The number of notified cases of infectious diseases was low. No case of diphtheria nor of poliomyelitis was recorded.

The outstanding medical event of the year was the typhoid epidemic in Aberdeen in May with more than 400 cases, traced to a contaminated 6 lb tin of Argentine corned beef. This can contaminated not only the implements and the personnel in the shop but the other cold meats on the counter. Extremely puzzling was the extent and rapidity of the spread of the disease, as great as in a water borne epidemic and many times greater than in any previous corned beef outbreak. Until this outbreak it had been generally accepted that canned foods were safe until they had left the can and that when the consumer contracted typhoid it was most probably due to the infection being introduced by a carrier who handled the food after the can was opened. However the Departmental Committee of Inquiry into the epidemic state that they believe that canned meat produced under wholly suitable and satisfactory conditions is among the safest of foods available for human consumption. The Committee in their report also stressed the need for guidance to staff in food premises on the hygienic handling of all cold meats.

As in previous years the routine work of protecting young children against the preventable diseases of smallpox, diphtheria, whooping cough, tetanus and poliomyelitis continued to be carried out and thanks are due to the private medical practitioners for their help in this connection.

I am grateful to the Chairman and members of the Public Health Committee for their encouragement and help, to Mr. Broadhurst, Clerk of the Council, to Mr. Davies, Chief Public Health Inspector and the staff of the Health Department for their ready assistance enabling me to carry out my duties.

I am, Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

Your obedient servant,

J. COUTTS MILNE.

July, 1965.

GENERAL STATISTICS

Area.....	50,261 acres.
Population.....	29,210
Number of inhabited houses (Domestic).....	7,979
Sum represented by penny rate (1964/65)...	£4,163
Rateable value as at 1st April, 1964.....	£976,484
Rateable value as at 31st March, 1965.....	£1,039,476
General Rate (1963/64).....	8s. 4d.

VITAL STATISTICS

Live Births.....	640
Live birth rate per 1,000 population.....	21.91
Illegitimate live births per cent of total live births.....	5.6
Still-births.....	8
Still-births rate per 1,000 live and still births....	12.3
Total live and still-births.....	648
Infant deaths.....	11
Infant mortality rate per 1,000 live births	
-total.....	17.2
" " " " " -Legitimate.....	16.5
" " " " " -Illegitimate....	27.7
Neonatal (first 4 weeks) rate per 1,000 live births..	10.9
Early neonatal mortality rate (deaths under one week)	10.9
Perinatal mortality rate (still-births and deaths under one week combined)...	23.1
Maternal deaths (including abortion).....	Nil
Maternal mortality rate per 1,000 live and still-births....	Nil
Comparability factors.....births....	0.98
" " " " " deaths....	1.02

Population

The Registrar General's estimated mid-year population figure is 29,210, showing an increase of 1,750 over the estimate for the previous year, being three times the increase in 1963; of this increase 364 was contributed by the excess of births over deaths.

BIRTHS

	Male	Female	Total	1963	1962
Live births (Legitimate.....)	309	295	604	576	515
(Illegitimate.....)	26	10	36	32	20
Birth rate per 1,000 population (Crude)...			21.91	22.15	16.1
Ditto (Standardised)...			21.47	23.26	17.7
England and Wales.....			18.4	18.2	18.0

DEATHS

	Male	Female	Total	1963	1962
Deaths from all causes.....	121	155	276	320	307
Death rate per 1,000 population (Crude)...			9.44	11.3	11.0
Ditto (Standardised)...			9.62	10.5	10.8
England and Wales.....			11.3	12.2	11.9

To the Chairman and Members of the Harlow District Council

DEATHS (Continued)

<u>Maternal Deaths</u>	<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>1963</u>	<u>1962</u>
From all causes.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

Deaths of Infants Under 1 Year

Legitimate.....	7	3	10	6	13
Illegitimate.....	1	-	1	-	1
Rate per 1,000 total live births.			17.2	9.9	26.2
Rate for England and Wales.....			20.0	20.9	20.7

Deaths of Infants Under 4 Weeks of Age

Legitimate.....	5	1	6	2	8
Illegitimate.....	1	-	1	-	-

Deaths of Infants Under 1 Week of Age

Legitimate.....	5	1	6	2	7
Illegitimate.....	1	-	1	-	-

Still-Births

Legitimate.....	3	4	7	11	6
Illegitimate.....	1	-	1	1	-
Rate per 1,000 total live and still-births....			12.3	19.3	11.9
Rate for England and Wales.....			16.3	17.3	18.1

Analysis of Causes of Death

	<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>1963</u>	<u>1962</u>
T.B. Respiratory.....	1	-	1	1	1
T.B. Other.....	-	-	-	-	-
Syphilitic disease.....	-	-	-	1	-
Other infectious and parasitic diseases...	-	-	-	-	-
Cancer - stomach.....	4	2	6	13	2
lungs.....	13	2	15	10	7
breast.....	-	6	6	4	7
uterus.....	-	3	3	2	1
Other malignant diseases.....	10	8	18	29	28
Leukaemia.....	-	-	-	5	-
Diabetes.....	-	-	-	4	-
Vascular lesions of the nervous system..	13	25	38	49	45
Coronary disease.....	28	23	51	59	38
Hypertension.....	1	3	4	2	9
Other heart disease.....	9	32	41	38	42
Other circulatory disease.....	-	7	7	14	10
Influenza.....	-	1	1	4	14
Pneumonia.....	2	13	15	26	24
Bronchitis.....	8	4	12	12	12
Other diseases of the respiratory system..	-	1	1	5	1
Ulcers of stomach and duodenum...	3	-	3	1	4
Gastritis and Enteritis.....	-	2	2	1	2
Nephritis and Nephrosis.....	1	-	1	3	1
Hyperplasia of Prostate.....	-	-	-	-	3
Pregnancy, childbirth and abortion.....	-	-	-	-	-
Congenital malformation.....	3	1	4	2	2
Other defined and ill defined diseases....	15	17	32	23	31

Analysis of Causes of Death (Continued)

	<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>1963</u>	<u>1962</u>
Motor vehicle accidents.....	4	-	4	5	9
All other accidents.....	5	3	8	5	12
Suicide.....	1	2	3	2	2
	121	155	276	320	307

Causes of Deaths

The commonest causes of death were as usual diseases of the circulatory system followed by cancers and by vascular lesions of the nervous system. Of the 27 cancer deaths in men 13 were due to lung cancer. Lung cancer continues to be a major cause of death of men in the second half of life. The Government decision to ban cigarette advertising as from 1st August, 1965, on T.V. is to be welcomed although whether this will affect cigarette smoking to any marked degree remains to be seen. Certainly the increase in the price of cigarettes has not had a significant impact. Pricing up cigarettes may prove effective in deterring young persons from taking up smoking but hardly influences the habits of established smokers. The thing to do is to try and change peoples attitudes to smoking. It is interesting to note that the major tobacco companies annual reports now contain a paragraph on smoking and health recognising that "opponents of smoking have not relaxed their activities" particularly in North America and some countries in Europe. They fear that this may set a precedent for other governments in countries where their competitive position could be damaged. At least one company report gives the advice that "moderation in smoking is not only good sense, it also increases enjoyment".

Mortality from bronchitis is recognised to be much higher amongst men than amongst women. In the Hartley Wintney district deaths from this cause in the year under review were eight men and four women. Bronchitis in this country accounts for nearly six per cent of all deaths and is the third most common cause of death in men over 30. The Ministry of Health early this year sent to all medical practitioners a booklet on chronic bronchitis dealing with the preventive aspects of care of the patient with chronic bronchitis. Research has shown that the most important environmental factors in causation are cigarette smoking and atmospheric pollution. We are fortunate in living in an area where air pollution is not a problem but we need to be reminded that cigarette smoking is now generally acknowledged to be a major factor in chronic bronchitis and that there is little doubt that stopping cigarette smoking would lead to a large fall in bronchitis mortality.

NOTIFIABLE AND INFECTIOUS DISEASES

General

In England and Wales the low incidence of diphtheria and poliomyelitis continued in 1964. The number of notifications of whooping cough although not quite so high as in 1963 were still much above the number recorded in 1963. Typhoid fever cases showed a decrease compared with the previous year when this country was involved in the Zermatt epidemic.

During the last week of April an outbreak of sonne dysentery occurred at Heckfield School. On 27th April information was received that 17 children were absent out of a total of 46 on the roll; mostly suffering from diarrhoea and sickness but not sufficient for the family doctor to have been consulted; none of the teaching staff or kitchen staff being affected. Stool samples proved positive for sonne dysentery. In all 28 children from 21 families were positive. After a course of treatment the majority of those infected were still positive but by the end of a month all the infected children were found to be free of sonne, except for one child who remained positive until November.

NOTIFICATIONS	1964	1962	1961
T. B. Pulmonary.....	5	6	8
T. B. Non-Pulmonary.....	1	2	-
Dysentery.....	8	9	4
Food Poisoning.....	1*	-	-
Scarlet Fever.....	5	8	1
Erysipelas.....	-	2	2
Pneumonia.....	2	7	1
Puerperal Pyrexia.....	2	2	2
Whooping Cough.....	5	28	-
Meningococcal Infection.....	-	-	-
Poliomyelitis (Corrected).....	-	-	-
Poliomyelitis (Paralytic).....	-	-	-
Poliomyelitis (Non-Paralytic).....	-	-	-
Measles.....	59	548	35
Malaria.....	-	-	-
*Causative agent not identified	88	612	53

Tuberculosis

Five new cases of pulmonary tuberculosis were notified during the year as compared with seven in 1963.

The age and sex distribution of the notified cases are :-

Age	Pulmonary		Non-Pulmonary	
	M	F	M	F
Under 5	-	-	-	-
5 - 14	-	-	-	-
15 - 24	-	-	-	-
25 - 44	2	1	1	-
45 - 64	2	-	-	-
65 and over	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	4	1	1	-

B.C.G. vaccination of 13 year old school children giving protection against tuberculosis was offered to children attending private schools as well as to those attending the county schools.

The work done during 1964 is summarised in the following table :-

- (a) Number of children offered vaccination..... 195
- (b) Number of children accepting vaccination and tuberculin tested..... 154 - 79% of (a)
- (c) Number tuberculin positive..... 20 - 13% of (b)
- (d) Number vaccinated..... 125 - 64% of (a)

Immunisation and Vaccination Procedures

The immunisation of children against diphtheria, whooping cough and tetanus and of their vaccination against poliomyelitis and smallpox continued to be a major concern of the Health Department. It needs to be remembered that the absence of serious infectious disease should not be allowed to lull us into an attitude of complacency and there is still need to raise the rates of immunisation as near to 100 per cent as possible. Re-inforcement of immunity is essential in most of these diseases. No changes in the routine immunisation procedures were recommended by the Ministry of Health during the year.

The following antigens are kept in stock :-

- (1) Triple antigen for primary immunisation against diphtheria, whooping cough and tetanus.
- (2) Alum precipitated diphtheria toxoid for primary or re-inforcing doses.
- (3) Combined Diphtheria/Tetanus alum precipitated toxoid for immunising children to whom the administration of whooping cough vaccine is considered unnecessary or undesirable.

The following table shows the number immunised during the year :-

Number of Children who completed a course of primary immunisations and who received reinforcing injections.						
Children born in the years :-	Diphtheria only		Triple Antigen		Diphtheria and Tetanus	
	P	B	P	B	P	B
1964	-	-	242	1	-	-
1963	-	-	313	12	-	-
1962	-	-	25	28	-	-
1961	-	-	6	20	-	-
1960	-	-	4	16	-	4
1959-55	9	159	7	137	1	88
1954-50	-	51	-	13	-	17
TOTALS	9	210	597	227	1	109

P = Primary

B = Booster

Poliomyelitis Vaccination

For poliomyelitis vaccination the vaccine of choice is the sabin type oral vaccine which has proved both safe and effective. Many countries have reported marked reduction of the incidence of poliomyelitis following the use of the oral vaccine. Last year there were only 39 cases of acute poliomyelitis in England and Wales, the lowest number for many years and there seems little doubt that the immunisation campaign which was begun in 1956 played a major part in bringing this about.

The following table shows the number of persons vaccinated during 1964 :-

AGE GROUP	SALK VACCINE	ORAL VACCINE
(a) Children born in 1964.	11	73
(b) Children born in 1963.	33	387
(c) Children born in 1962.	11	77
(d) Children born in 1961.	1	19
(e) Young persons born in years 1960 - 1943.	111	237
(f) Persons born 1942 - 1933.	3	17
(g) Others.	8	24
TOTALS	178	834

Vaccination against Smallpox.

Nearly twice as many primary vaccinations were recorded compared with the previous year. As advised by the Ministry of Health children are now vaccinated during their second year rather than at the age of four to five months.

The following table gives details of the age groups vaccinated during the year :-

Age at which vaccinated	Primary	Re-vaccination
Under one year.	118	-
One year.	362	-
2 - 4.	24	18
5 - 14.	14	59
15 or over.	22	147
TOTALS.	540	224

GENERAL HEALTH SERVICES IN THE AREA

Home Help Service

Number of cases dealt with in the district during the year ended 31st December, 1964, as follows :-

Maternity.....	21
Emergency Sickness.....	9
Aged, Sick and Infirm.....	36
Post Hospital.....	2
Chronic.....	5
TOTAL.....	<u>73</u>

The Divisional Organiser is Mrs. J. H. Bohea, 46 Church Street, Basingstoke, (Telephone 3078). There is a Sub-Office at 107, Fleet Road, Fleet, (Telephone 1513) which serves this district.

National Assistance Acts, 1948 and 1951 - Section 47.

No action was called for under this section.

Infectious Diseases.

The nearest Infectious Diseases Hospital is the Northfields Isolation Hospital, Redan Road, Aldershot, (Telephone Aldershot 21365), to which cases of Infectious Diseases are sent.

Ambulance Service.

Hartley Wintney is a sub-station with one ambulance controlled from the main station at Laburnum Road, Aldershot. Enquiries should be made to the Area Superintendent (Telephone Aldershot 22244) between 8.00 a.m. - 6.00 p.m. Monday to Friday, 8.00 a.m. to 12 noon Saturday. At other times it is necessary to telephone the Central Control in Winchester, (Telephone Winchester 61644)

Professional Nursing in the Home and Domiciliary Midwifery.

<u>District Served.</u>	<u>Name and Address of Nurse.</u>
Crondall, Ewshot, Dogmersfield and Church Crookham.	Mrs. B. G. Earley, S.R.N., S.C.M., Old Potteries, Heath Lane, Crondall, Near Farnham, Surrey. (Telephone - Crondall 332)
Heckfield, Mattingley, Rotherwick, Bramshill, West Green and Dipley, Risley, Hazeley Heath and Hazeley Bottom.	Miss D. H. Hardingham, S.R.N., S.C.M., Queen's Nurse, H.V. Cert., 1 Hound Green Close, Mattingley, Near Basingstoke, Hants. (Telephone - Heckfield 354)
Hartley Wintney, Elvetham and Winchfield.	Miss M. A. Neal, S.R.N., S.C.M., Becketts Cottage, Hartley Wintney, Near Basingstoke, Hants. (Telephone - Hartley Wintney 2134)
Hook, Newnham, Nately Scures and Murrell Green.	Mrs. E. J. Brown, S.R.N., S.C.M., Queen's Nurse, 1 Nurses Flats, Queens Road, North Warnborough, Near Basingstoke, Hants. (Telephone - Odiham 29)

<u>District Served.(Cont.)</u>	<u>Name and Address of Nurse.</u>
Odiham, Greywell and North Warnborough.	Miss R. M. Goss, Flat No. 2, Queen's Road, North Warnborough, Near Basingstoke, Hants. (Telephone - Odiham 3129)
Blackwater (South of A30), Hawley (part), Kingsway Estate.	Mrs. C. H. Christie, S.R.N., S.C.M., Rosina Cottage, Crowthorne Road, Crowthorne, Berks. (Telephone - Crowthorne 2086)
Yateley (Eversley End), Eversley.	Mrs. K. A. Carroll, 20 Farm View, Yateley, Near Camberley, Surrey. (Telephone - Yateley 2258)
Blackwater (Yateley End), Yateley (part), Park-hill, Frogmore and East Green Estate, Darby Green.	Miss C. A. Williams, S.R.N., S.C.M., Rosina Cottage, Crowthorne Road, Crowthorne, Berks. (Telephone - Crowthorne 2086)
<u>Health Visitors for the District.</u>	
Fleet - South of Canal (except Courtmoor Estate) Church Crookham.	Mrs. Z. E. M. Collyer, 61 Ferndale Road, Church Crookham, Near Aldershot, Hants. (Telephone - Fleet 2655)
Odiham, Hook, Hartley Wintney, Winchfield, Greywell, Dogmersfield, Hartfordbridge.	Miss M. Phillpot, 10 Queens Road, North Warnborough, Near Basingstoke, Hants. (Telephone - Odiham 2189)
Heckfield, Mattingley, Bramshill, Riseley, Rotherwick, Hazeley Heath, Hazeley Bottom, West Green, Dipley.	Miss D. H. Hardingham, 1 Hound Green Close, Mattingley, Near Basingstoke, Hants. (Telephone - Heckfield 354)
Eversley, Frogmore, Yateley, Blackwater.	Mrs. R. Stockdale, "Seba", 15 Hammersmoor Way, Mytchett, Near Aldershot, Hants. (Telephone - Camberley 4961)
Hawley.	Miss L. K. Rogers, 5 Moulsham Copse Lane, Yateley, Near Camberley, Surrey. (Telephone - Yateley 2151)
Attached to the Group Practice of Drs. Dobbin, Mathewson, Crawshaw and Poyntz-Wright - Fleet.	Miss E. MacDonald, Upalong, Castle Road, Camberley, Surrey. (Telephone - Camberley 4961)
Attached to the Group Practice of Drs. Tilly, Robinson, Winchurch and Gibson - Fleet.	Mrs. E. A. Hill, 79 King's Road, Fleet, Hants. (Telephone - Fleet 1298)
Yateley, attached to Dr. Singer: also unattached work in part of Blackwater.	Mrs. P. McKinney, Chiltern, Vigo Lane, Yateley, Near Camberley, Surrey. (Telephone - Yateley 2103)

Hospital Services.

There are three hospitals in the district.

- (1) Odiham Cottage Hospital. (Winchester Group)
(8 beds and 1 cot including 1 private ward)
- (2) Yateley and District Hospital. (Farnham Group)
(14 beds and 1 private ward)
- (3) Winchfield Hospital. (Farnham Group)
(This is a hospital of 166 beds, mostly for chronic sick patients)

Chest Clinics.

- (1) Northfields Hospital, Redan Road, Aldershot.

Monday 9.15 a.m. - Old Patients.
11.00 a.m. - New Patients.
2nd Monday every month - Special Bronchitis Clinic.
One Monday every month - B.C.G. Session.
One Monday every month - Post B.C.G. Session.

Tuesday 1.30 p.m. - 3.00 p.m. - Old and New Contacts.
Old Patients.
Urgent New Patients.

Wednesday 1st and 3rd Wednesday every month at Fleet
Hospital. - Old and New Patients.

Thursday 9.15 a.m. - Old Patients and Urgent New Patients.
3.00 p.m. - Old Patients.

- (2) Basingstoke General Hospital, Hackwood Road, Basingstoke.

Tuesday 10.00 a.m.- All patients.

Friday 10.00 a.m.- Old patients.
2.00 p.m.- New patients.

Special Clinics.

- (1) Aldershot General Hospital, St. George's Road, Aldershot.

Males - Wednesday 5.00 p.m. - 7.00 p.m.

Females- Monday 10.00 a.m. - 12.30 p.m.
- Wednesdays 2.00 p.m. - 4.00 p.m.

- (2) Royal Hampshire County Hospital, Winchester.

Out Patient Annexe.

Females- Mondays 2.00 p.m. - 4.00 p.m.

Males - Saturdays 10.30 p.m. - 12 noon.

Speech Clinics.

School Speech Clinics are held at Aldershot and Basingstoke.

Aldershot

The School Clinic,
St. George's Road East,

Mondays, Tuesdays and
Thursdays.

Basingstoke

Brambly's Grange Health

Mondays, Tuesdays,
Thursdays and Fridays.

Eye Clinics.

These are a Regional Hospital Board responsibility administered through the County Council. They are held at the Aldershot General Hospital and Brambly's Grange Health Clinic, Basingstoke, by appointment.

Laboratory Service.

The service for this area is normally the Public Health Laboratory, Royal Hants County Hospital, Winchester, (Telephone Winchester 3807). Dr. M. H. Hughes is the director. All types of bacteriological examinations are done. Chemical analysis of water is carried out by the Public Analyst at Reading.

Child Welfare Centres.

Day held (2.00 p.m.)

Crandall.	Village Hall.	1st Friday.
Church Crookham.	Elizabeth War Memorial Hall, Sandy Lane.	Every Monday. (A.C.M.O.) " Friday. (9.30 p.m. - 11.30 a.m.) (A.C.M.O.) 1st and 3rd Fridays)
Eversley.	Village Hall.	1st Tuesday.
Ewshot.	Village Hall.	2nd Wednesday.
Frogmore.	Darby Green and Frogmore Social Hall, Frogmore Road, Blackwater.	1st and 3rd Wednesdays.
Hartley Wintney.	Civil Defence Training Centre.	1st Friday.
Hawley.	Memorial Hall.	2nd and 4th Wednesdays. (A.C.M.O.)
Hook.	Elizabeth Hall.	1st Tuesday. (A.C.M.O.) 3rd Tuesday.
Odiham.	(1) The Church Centre, High Street.	2nd Friday. (2.30 - 3.30) 4th Friday. (A.C.M.O.)
	(2) Station Headquarters, R.A.F.	1st Monday. (A.C.M.O.)
Yateley.	(1) W.I. Hall, Reading Road.	Every Thursday. (A.C.M.O. 2nd and 4th)
	(2) The Surgery.	Every Tuesday. (Dr. Singer)

Orthopaedic Clinics.

A Surgeon's Clinic administered by the Lord Mayor Treloar Hospital, Alton, is held at the School Clinic, St. George's Road East, Aldershot, on the 1st Tuesday morning in the month. Remedial Clinics are held Tuesday, Wednesday and Friday, all day, at the same place.

A Surgeon's Clinic is also held at Basingstoke General Hospital, Hackwood Road, Basingstoke, on the 4th Thursday in the month at 10.00 a.m. Remedial Clinics are held at the same place, as necessary. Examinations at these clinics are by appointment, from the respective Hospital.

Dental Clinics.

For pre-school and school children and expectant and nursing mothers, these are held at St. George's Road East School Clinic, Aldershot; Brambly's Grange Health Clinic, Basingstoke; Robert May's Secondary School, Odiham; and in Mobile Dental Clinics at Schools in the area. Attendance by appointment only.

Child Guidance.

Clinics are held by appointment only at :-

- (1) Manor House Health Clinic, - Every Friday all day.
Manor Park, Aldershot.
- (2) Brambly's Grange Health - Every Monday afternoon.
Clinic, Basingstoke.

Family Planning Association.

Clinics are held at Manor Park, Aldershot, on every Friday from 2.00 p.m. - 4.00 p.m.; at Brambly's Grange Health Centre, Basingstoke on 1st, 2nd, 3rd and 4th Fridays at 1.30 p.m. - 3.30 p.m. and 2nd and 4th Fridays from 5.00 p.m. - 6.15 p.m.

The climate of the district is indicated by the following figures :-

Month	Rainfall Hartley Wintney	Average after- noon humidity (R.A.E. Met. Station)	Total sunshine in hours at R.A.E. Met. Station nine miles away
January.....	16.9 mm	85%	36.8 hours
February....	22.0	80	53.5
March.....	102.3	72	61.5
April.....	76.2	70	137.3
May.....	68.3	64	185.3
June.....	111.3	65	138.5
July.....	20.0	61	204.3
August.....	28.0	58	204.8
September...	13.9	53	208.3
October.....	31.6	68	123.3
November....	37.0	79	42.7
December....	46.6	82	43.3

The Engineer and Surveyor has kindly supplied the following information :-

Permanent Houses completed in 1964

Council Houses.....	76
Private Houses.....	534
Conversions.....	10

620

Houses under Construction 1.1.65.

Council Houses.....	94
Private Houses.....	465

559

Post War Houses erected in district.

Council Houses to end of 1964.....	1,353
Private Houses.....	2,386
Units of accommodation produced by conversion.....	111

3,850

Sewage

Delays have again been experienced in implementing Eversley Stage II Main Drainage Scheme due to problems with regard to siting of the sewage disposal works. These have now been resolved and it is anticipated that a start on the scheme will be made in the Spring of 1966.

A preliminary survey of Rotherwick is at present being undertaken.

INTRODUCTION

HARTLEY WINTNEY

Mr. CHAIRMAN, RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL

It is with pleasure that I submit my annual report for 1964; the refuse collection and scavenging services include statistics to the end of the financial year, 31st March, 1965.

The year has been a very full one and two new Acts of Parliament have increased the work of the department. The most important legislation in the field of environmental hygiene coming into operation included :-

- (a) Offices, Shops and Railway Premises Act, 1963.
- (b) Animal Boarding Establishment Act, 1963.
- (c) Housing Act, 1964.

ANNUAL REPORT

The Offices, Shops and Railway Premises Act, 1963, is intended to ensure that reasonable working conditions and facilities are provided in all premises where persons are engaged in non-manual work. The Factories Act, 1937, has enabled certain standards to be achieved for people working in factories, but until this new Act little control was possible in premises for non-manual employees. Ventilation, lighting, heating, cooling, dust extraction, washing facilities, etc. are the subjects covered. The local authority is required to register those premises coming within the scope of the Act, (self-employed persons are exempt) and to inspect them. In 1964 136 premises were registered. Inspectors are now being made to find how many registered premises do not comply with the requirements of the Act.

OF THE

CHIEF PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR

FOR 1964

On 1st January, 1964, the local authority was also required to provide (GENERAL AND WET SCAVENGING SERVICES) and there are no other visits were made during the year. The standards laid down in the Act were being met.

The other major legislation concerning the department was the Housing Act, 1964. For several years now the number of owners of property availing themselves of improvement grants has been small and in the main only owner/occupiers have been willing to take advantage of this procedure. In order to prevent the many sub-standard houses in the country becoming gradually unfit for occupation, it was obvious that a further impetus would have to be given to improving houses. This Act required local authorities to inspect their districts, to create improvement areas and gradually raise the housing standards.

Finally I should like to record my appreciation of the staff for their able and willing assistance to ensure that the work of the department has run smoothly during the year.

Public Health Department,
Council Offices,
Hartley Wintney,
Hants.

D. J. DAVIES, M.A.P.H.I.,
Chief Public Health Inspector

Your obedient servant,

D. J. DAVIES

CHIEF PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR

July, 1965.

INTRODUCTION

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

It is with pleasure that I submit my annual report for 1964; the refuse collection and cesspool services include statistics to the end of the financial year, 31st March, 1965.

The year has been a very full one and two new Acts of Parliament have increased the work of the department. The most important legislation in the field of environmental hygiene coming into operation included :-

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The Offices, Shops and Railway Premises Act, 1963, is intended to ensure that reasonable working conditions and facilities are provided in all premises where persons are engaged in non-manual work. The Factories Act, 1937, has enabled certain standards to be achieved for people working in factories, but until this new Act little control was possible in premises for non-manual employees. Ventilation, lighting, temperature, sanitary accommodation, washing facilities and fire escape are some of the subjects covered. The local authority is required to register those premises coming within the scope of the Act, (self-employed persons are exempt) and in this district 198 premises were registered. Inspections are now being made to find how many registered premises do not comply with the requirements of the Act.

On 1st January, 1964, the local authority was also required to register all animal boarding establishments and there are seven such premises in the area. Further visits were made during the year to ensure the standards laid down in the Act were being met.

The other major legislation concerning the department was the Housing Act, 1964. For several years now the number of owners of property availing themselves of improvement grants has been small and in the main only owner/occupiers have been willing to take advantage of this procedure. In order to prevent the many sub-standard houses in the country becoming gradually unfit for occupation, it was obvious that a further impetus would have to be given to improving houses. This Act required local authorities to inspect their districts, to create improvement areas and gradually raise the housing standards.

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I am Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

Your obedient servant,

D. J. DAVIES

CHIEF PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR

July, 1965.

INTRODUCTION

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

It is with pleasure that I submit my annual report for 1965. The report contains a summary of the work of the Department during the year, and a list of the legislation introduced and passed during the year.

The year has been a very full one and the work of the Department has been very busy. The most important legislation in the field of environmental hygiene coming into operation included:-

- (a) Offices, Shops and Railway Premises Act, 1963.
- (b) Animal Boarding Establishments Act, 1963.
- (c) Housing Act, 1963.

The Offices, Shops and Railway Premises Act, 1963, is intended to ensure that reasonable working conditions and facilities are provided in all premises where persons are engaged in non-manual work. The Factories Act, 1947, has enabled certain standards to be achieved for people working in factories, but until this new Act little control was possible in premises for non-manual employees. Ventilation, lighting, temperature, sanitary accommodation, washing facilities and fire escape are some of the subjects covered. The local authority is required to register those premises falling within the scope of the Act. (Self-employed persons are exempt) and in this district 125 premises were registered. Inspectors are now being sent to find out many registered premises do not comply with the requirements of the Act.

On 1st January, 1964, the local authority was also required to register all animal boarding establishments and those who keep such premises in the area. Further visits were made during the year to ensure the standards laid down in the Act were being met.

The other major legislation concerning the Department was the Housing Act, 1963. For several years now the Department has been working to improve the standards of housing in the area. In order to prevent too many sub-standard houses existing, in order to prevent the housing problem in the country becoming gradually worse, it is necessary that a further improvement would have to be given to existing houses. This Act requires local authorities to inspect their districts, to create improvement areas and gradually raise the housing standards.

Finally I should like to record my appreciation of the staff for their able and willing assistance in ensuring that the work of the Department has run smoothly during the year.

I am, Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

Yours obedient servant,

D. J. DAVIES

CHIEF PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR

July, 1965.

HOUSING

During the year 29 properties, considered to be unfit for human habitation, were dealt with as follows :-

Closed for Habitation

No. 2 Springwater Farm Cottage, Bramshill.
Nos. 1 and 2 Barley Pound, Wimble Hill, Crondall.
Nos. 3 and 4 Dipley Common, Hartley Wintney.
Nos. 1 and 2 Jolly Farmer Cottages, Phoenix Green, Hartley Wintney.
Woodland Cottage, London Road, Odiham.
No. 2 Bailey's Farm Cottages, The Flats, Yateley.

Restored

Nos. 1 and 2 White Hart Cottages, The Street, Eversley.
Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4 Church Cottages, Mattingley.
The Trellis, The Street, North Warnborough.

Demolished

Holly Cottage, Redlands Lane, Ewshot.
Greencroft, Eversley Lower Common.
Nos. 1 and 2 Brewery Cottages, Hartley Wintney.
Nos. 8 and 9 Woodside, Hawley.
Hill House Cottage, Heckfield.
Horseshoe Cottage, Long Sutton.
Nos. 2 and 3 Swanbridge Cottages, North Warnborough.
Nos. 4 and 5 Thatched Cottages, Whitehall, Odiham.
Ivy Cottage, Frogmore, Yateley.

The Council housed fourteen of these families and negotiations with the owners enabled statutory action being taken without requiring any legal proceedings.

Since August, 1955, a total of 242 unfit dwellings have been the subject of action by the Council. Of this total 92 were demolished and 62 were restored. It is estimated that 36 unfit dwellings remain for action to be taken when they become void. This number varies from year to year as Category 5 premises are brought to the notice of the Department, usually by housing application investigations.

The emphasis on housing for the future will move from the unfit house problems, which in this district is now very small compared to the total number of dwellings, onto improving sub-standard accommodation to prevent them deteriorating into unfit premises. For this purpose the Housing Act, 1964, charges local authorities with the duty of ensuring that present day amenities are secured for as many houses as are worth retaining for the future.

SCHEDULE OF UNFIT HOUSES AT 31ST DECEMBER, 1964.

PARISH	Properties in Ministry Return AUGUST, 1955.	Down- graded 1955-64.	TOTAL	Demol- ished.	Restored	Converted to other use.	Action Taken. (void)	Action Taken. (occupied)	To be dealt with.	TOTAL.
Bramshill.	-	2	2	-	-	-	1	-	1	2
Crendall.	6	20	26	7	13	-	5	-	1	26
Crockham.	1	10	11	5	2	-	-	-	4	11
Dogmersfield.	-	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	1
Eversley.	3	4	7	3	3	-	1	-	-	7
Greywell.	1	1	2	-	1	-	-	-	1	2
Hartley Wintney.	9	19	28	14	4	-	8	-	2	28
Hawley.	10	13	23	14	2	2	5	-	-	23
Heckfield.	2	17	19	2	1	-	4	-	12	19
Hook.	9	5	14	8	2	-	2	-	2	14
Long Sutton.	2	1	3	2	1	-	-	-	-	3
Mattingley.	5	10	15	1	8	-	3	-	3	15
Odiham.	25	24	49	18	14	3	10	1	3	49
Rotherwick.	6	3	9	4	2	-	-	-	3	9
South Warnborough.	4	-	4	1	3	-	-	-	-	4
Winchfield.	3	4	7	1	2	-	2	-	2	7
Yateley.	5	17	22	11	4	-	4	1	2	22
TOTALS.	91	151	242	92	62	5	45	2	36	242

Council Housing - Letting.

As the Department is also responsible for the letting of Council houses through the Allocation Sub-Committee the following information is provided :-

During the year 201 new applications for accommodation were received and were dealt with as follows :-

Accepted.....	154
Numbers refused.....	47
	<hr/>
	201
	<hr/>

The number of new applications was 11 more than in 1963.

The number of families on the housing waiting list at 31st December, 1964, was 307, comprising 38 Flats, 176 Nil/1, and 93 over 2 families.

This is 44 more than in December the previous year. During 1963 the Council decided to merge the 'A' and 'B' list into one waiting list. To be considered for acceptance onto the list an applicant must have lived or worked in the district for five years; a married woman is also considered to have a claim, but the period is ten years, and long service men are considered separately after seven years service in the Armed Forces.

Families were re-housed from the waiting list when vacancies arose in existing houses and these numbered 30, which is two more than the previous year. The parishes where vacancies occurred were :-

Crandall.....	4
Eversley.....	-
Hartley Wintney.....	8
Hawley.....	-
Hook.....	2
Long Sutton.....	-
Mattingley.....	3
Odiham.....	8
South Warnborough.....	1
Yateley.....	4
	<hr/>
	30

In addition there were 24 new dwellings allocated in Hartley Wintney and 28 new dwellings allocated in Yateley.

Rent Act, 1957.

No applications for certificates of disrepair were received during the year.

Public Health Acts.

The complaints received by the Department under the broad heading of public health are many and varied. They range from general housing defects such as dampness to the condition of ponds and ditches. Derelict and abandoned cars and noise nuisances have also been investigated. In returns to the Ministry of Housing and Local Government 65 properties were shown as repaired or improved. Fortunately all complaints have been dealt with on an informal basis and no legal action has been required to abate nuisances.

WATER SUPPLIES

The majority of the district is supplied by the Mid-Wessex Water Company and I am indebted to the Chief Engineer for the following information :-

"Water was supplied to the whole rural district by the Mid-Wessex Water Company from wells in the chalk at their works at Greywell, Itchel and Lasham.

"The supply was continuously laid on under pressure and was satisfactory as to quantity and quality. The water was softened at the sources before distribution so as to comply with the statutory limitation of hardness of 12° Clark and chlorination is applied at all sources.

"Chemical and bacteriological examinations of the raw and treated waters were regularly and frequently made by the Company's resident chemists and bacteriologists in their laboratory and independent examinations were also made by an independent laboratory. All samples were satisfactory.

"The waters do not have any plumbo-solvent action.

"No reliable information is available for this particular area of the population supplied, but the number of connections was approximately as follows :-

<u>Parish</u>	<u>Connections</u>
Bramshill.....	28
Crondall }.....	
Crookham }.....	880
Dogmersfield.....	124
Eversley.....	427
Greywell.....	117
Hartley Wintney (Elvetham Ward).....	30
Hartley Wintney.....	1,190
Hawley.....	1,939
Heckfield.....	47
Hook.....	770
Long Sutton.....	105
Mattingley.....	129
Odiham.....	954
Rotherwick.....	206
South Warnborough.....	108
Winchfield.....	129
Yateley.....	2,361

"No information is available as to the number of houses supplied by standpipes."

Independent Water Supplies.

A few properties in the district still draw water from wells and these are mainly isolated and unable to connect to the main supply. Samples are taken on request or after routine visits if the standard of purity is suspect. The samples taken last year were as follows :-

<u>Parish</u>	<u>Mains</u>	<u>Satisfactory</u>	<u>Unsatisfactory</u>
Hawley.....	2	-	-
Heckfield.....	-	2	1
Hook.....	-	1	-
Mattingley.....	-	2	-
Odiham.....	-	1	-

CARAVAN SITES.

There was no increase in the number of caravan sites in the district. Three existing sites were enlarged and provided for an additional 29 standings for caravans.

The major concern has continued to be the large unauthorised site at Minley Road, Cove. In June, 1963, a complete census was carried out to assess future policy and the action required to ensure adequate control. On 9th September, 1963, a warden was appointed to regulate the caravans on the site and oversee the general conditions for the Council. This arrangement has worked exceedingly well and since then a reduction of 84 caravans has been effected.

The Council's watching brief on this land has created a great deal of work and constant visiting has been necessary. This will continue until an answer to the problem of this illegal site is provided.

The following licensed sites exist in the district :-

Blackbushe Park Caravan Site, Dungells Lane,
Yateley. (Launspach Property Company)..... 85 caravans.

Oaklands Park Caravan Site, Frogmore,
Yateley. (Mr. C. L. Phillips)..... 62 caravans.

Hill Corner Farm, Sandy Lane, Cove.
(Mrs. E. A. E. Watson)..... 33 caravans.

Martins Caravan Site, Sandy Lane, Cove.
(Mr. C. A. J. Martin)..... 23 caravans.

Chilton Farm, Fleet Road, Cove.
(Mr. R. W. Yeomans)..... 20 caravans.

Hook Common Post Office, Hook.
(Mr. R. Cousins)..... 20 caravans.

Sheilas Cottage, Mill Lane, Yateley.
(Mr. L. J. Young)..... 8 caravans.

Kingsbridge Meadows, School Road, Hook.
(Mr. H. Buckland)..... 3 caravans.

FOOD

The routine work on inspections of food premises has been curtailed this year due to other commitments. Visits have been made whenever possible to the 225 places in the district where food is sold, prepared or stored for sale to the public. There has not been any large increase in the number of food premises but the current development at Yateley and Blackwater includes several new shops. Food premises in the district include the following :-

Cafes and Restaurants.....	20
Hotels and Public Houses.....	61
Off Licences.....	4
Butchers and Fishmongers.....	15
General Provision Stores.....	60
Greengrocers.....	8
Confectioners.....	18
Fish Friers.....	1
Bakehouses.....	3
Canteens etc.....	35
	<hr/>
	225
	<hr/>

Unsound Food.

Several shopkeepers surrendered unsound food to the inspectors as follows :-

Fresh Meat.....	84	lbs.
Fish.....	93	lbs.
Frozen Liver.....	19	lbs.
Corned Beef.....	7½	lbs.
Canned Meat.....	28	lbs.
Tripe.....	14	lbs.
Cherries.....	20	lbs.
	<hr/>	
	265½	lbs
	<hr/>	

Jars of Pickle.....	16
Chicken.....	3
Pheasants.....	45

Registered Premises.

The Council are required to register premises where ice cream is manufactured or sold in the district. Only one ice cream manufacturer operates and all samples taken from the processing plant were satisfactory.

There are 81 premises selling pre-wrapped ice cream supplied by the larger manufacturers as well as many mobile vans which operate in the district. These itinerant vendors are not subject to registration, but the vans are inspected when possible.

The number of premises used for the manufacture of sausages, cooking of hams etc. is 17.

Food Sampling.

I am indebted to the Chief Sampling Officer of Hampshire County Council for the following information :-

"During the year ended 31st December, 1964, 201 samples were procured under the Food and Drugs Act, 1955, within the area of the Hartley Wintney Rural District Council.

Milk Samples.

"185 samples of milk, including 36 of Channel Islands, were taken, 26 being unsatisfactory, 17 due to added water, 7 on account of deficiencies in fact owing to the presence of antibiotics.

"The 17 samples which contained added water were taken at a farm in the area, following the unsatisfactory result of an informal check of the milk which was made at the dairy, in another area, to which the milk was being consigned. On two consecutive days, official samples were taken from consignments, each of ten churns of milk, and 17 of the samples proved to contain added water by amounts varying between half per cent and three per cent. The milk cooler was found to be leaking and the producer attributed the cause of the adulteration to this, although the leakage should have been obvious if normal care and precautions had been taken. Legal proceedings were instituted in respect of four of the more seriously adulterated samples, fines totalling £20 being imposed, in addition to the payment of £21 costs.

"The seven samples which were deficient of fat were from individual churns, included in larger consignments of milk but they did not involve any offence under the Act as the average fat content of the whole of the milk in each case was satisfactory.

"The two samples contaminated with antibiotics, were from separate farms, the milk in each case being contained in a farm tank ready for sale in bulk. The amounts of contamination were small, however, consisting of 0.04 and 0.03 international units of penicillin per millilitre, respectively, and did not call for legal action, although the results were made known to the producers. In each case, a further subsequent check proved satisfactory.

Miscellaneous Samples

"Sixteen samples of articles other than milk were submitted for analysis and were satisfactory with the exception of two which had arisen from consumer complaints.

These affected the following :-

"The purchaser of a loaf of bread found a large dark coloured mass inside the loaf, which analysis revealed to consist of charred flour or sugar. This matter was taken up with the firm responsible and it appeared that a piece of burnt dough from one of the baking tins had become mixed with the dough piece for the particular loaf. In view of a somewhat similar previous complaint affecting the Company, legal proceedings were instituted and these resulted in a fine of £35 being imposed, together with costs of £11. 13s. 0d.

"The other complaint related to a tin of peas which contained what was thought to be a small piece of grease. Analysis, however, showed the foreign matter actually to be a defective pea. The case was referred to the canners but, having regard to the circumstances, it was dealt with by a caution.

General.

"In addition to work in connection with the Food and Drugs Act, attention was given to the provisions of the Labelling of Food Order and the Pharmacy and Medicines Act with regard to their application to the labelling and descriptions of food and drugs. No complaints of consequence were reported but a few minor issues were taken up with the packers responsible and suitable amendments secured."

Milk.

Local authorities are responsible for the retail sale of milk only. All milk supplied to this district is pasteurised outside the area. The following dealers are registered with the Council :-

The Crondall Dairy, Crondall.

The Dairy, Hartley Wintney.

93 Whetstone Road, Pyestock Estate, Cove.

School Farm, Heckfield.

Acorn Stores, London Road, Hook.

International Stores, London Road, Hook.

The Corner House, Long Sutton.

Albion Dairy, North Warnborough.

General Stores, South Warnborough.

Corner House Stores, Reading Road, Yateley.

The Dairy, Mill Lane, Yateley.

The General Stores, Yateley.

Samples of milk were submitted to the Public Health Laboratory at Winchester from the following retailers :-

G. S. Harnett, Heckfield.....	1
Crondall Dairy.....	2
The General Stores, South Warnborough.....	1
Hammers Dairy, Yateley.....	1
Hartley Wintney Dairy.....	1
Home Counties Dairy, Guildford.....	1
Farnham Dairy.....	1
	<hr/>
	8
	<hr/>

Two of which were raw milk and were found free of tuberculosis and brucellosis.

Meat Inspection.

There is one licensed slaughterhouse in the district operated by Messrs. M. & J. Monk Limited, Odiham. This is a small private slaughterhouse which has been modernised and brought up to standard. On 1st June, 1962, increased slaughtering took place, when the work previously carried out at Basingstoke, was transferred. This has required some re-organisation of the Department as daily visits are now necessary, except on Friday. Fortunately, with the co-operation of the owner, post mortem inspection of carcasses has been possible during normal working hours and only a moderate amount of overtime has been needed. It will be seen from the table below that the total number of animals dealt with was 5,521, which approximates to the previous year. In carrying out the duties of meat inspection time previously used on other routine hygiene inspections has been lost.

	<u>Beasts</u>	<u>Calves</u>	<u>Sheep</u>	<u>Pigs</u>	<u>Total</u>
Number Killed.....	643	1,119	1,670	2,089	5,521
Number Inspected.....	643	1,119	1,670	2,089	5,521

All Diseases (except T.B. and C.Bovis)

Whole Carcase.....	-	1	2	-	3
Part or Organ.....	126	28	249	424	827

Tuberculosis.

Whole Carcase.....	-	-	-	-	-
Part or Organ.....	-	-	-	47	47

C. Bovis.

Whole Carcase.....	-	-	-	-	-
Part or Organ.....	3	-	-	-	3

Incidence of disease in cattle excluding lung and intestines and other organs not used for human consumption..... 18.82%

Tuberculosis Rate..... .85%

Overall Disease Rate..... 15.94%

Knackers Yard.

The licensed premises at Patrick Farm, Station Road, Hook, was regularly visited during the year and at all times the necessary records were up to date and the premises well run and clean. Animals are dealt with at these premises which are not intended for human consumption and the following is a summary of those handled :-

Horses.....	31
Cattle.....	536
Calves.....	184
Pigs.....	69
Sheep.....	80
Others.....	-
	<hr/>
	900

FACTORIES

A review of the number of factories in the district was undertaken and the register was revised. The factories in the district are :-

(a) With mechanical power.....	82
(b) Without mechanical power.....	7
	<hr/>
	89
	<hr/>

It has not been possible to visit all the factories during the year but 10 inspections were carried out and only one written notice served. There are no outworkers operating in the district.

Offices and Shops.

All premises of this type were required to register during the year with the local authority. Certain offices are dealt with by the Factory Inspector including Crown property, offices forming part of a factory, railway premises and local authority offices. Of the remainder only places where persons are employed for more than 21 hours a week need be registered so that self-employed persons are exempt. The following statistics are taken from the Council's annual return to the Ministry of Labour :-

	No. of registered premises	No. of persons employed
Offices.....	41	226
Retail Shops.....	121	428
Wholesale Shops.....	2	20
Catering Establishments....	32	155
Fuel Storage Depots.....	2	5
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	198	834

RODENT CONTROL

A free service is operated by the Council for infestations in domestic premises. Business properties and those belonging to the local authority are charged for according to the degree of infestation.

Requests for treatment were dealt with as follows :-

Dwelling Houses.....	229
Business Premises.....	40
Local Authority.....	12

—
281
—

Agricultural Premises.

In addition to the above, 17 requests were received from farmers in the district but a large number of agricultural premises are under annual contract to the Council. The total value of these contracts was £547 and the Council undertook to inspect these regularly each month and deal with any rodents.

Sewer Treatment.

The test baiting of all sewerage systems in the district was carried out on 20th May, 1964. A minor infestation was found in the Cricket Green area in Hartley Wintney. A follow up treatment of the same area following poison baiting on 22nd December, 1964, resulted in no takes.

The department also received 15 requests to deal with wasp nests and other insect pests which infest dwellinghouses. Where possible these are always dealt with but occasionally it is necessary to advise that the services of a specialist firm are required if it is a major infestation.

REFUSE COLLECTION SERVICE

A weekly service of refuse collection has been maintained in all parts of the district during the year. It was not necessary to alter any of the routes in spite of an increase of approximately 600 new premises; the new 35 cubic yard Pakamatic machine with one additional loader was able to absorb the extra work. It will, however, be necessary to alter the routes during this current year as there is a possibility of some 900 new houses being constructed. The main problem in planning for the future is to ensure that the refuse collection service is available as the properties become occupied without committing too much expenditure before the income from rates is received. A further difficulty is that new refuse vehicles cannot be delivered for eight or nine months due to demand.

The alternative collections for Bank Holidays continued to be provided during the year and this is much appreciated particularly to those householders whose collection day is on a Monday. A new procedure was introduced whereby every house is notified by placing a note on the dustbin and this has been most successful and very few complaints are now received. In addition to collecting domestic refuse the Council decided to extend the service to include other items of a household nature that are difficult to dispose of any other way. All residents were notified by letter that this service is now available and many people have taken advantage of it. A great deal of extra work has resulted but every effort has been made to deal with these unwanted articles. No payment is made for this service, and also arrangements have been made to allow for special disposal of larger amounts of refuse at the Council's controlled tip, free of charge, to private individuals.

One other aspect of the service which received attention during the year is the growing problem of abandoned and derelict motor vehicles. Fortunately after consultations with a local firm of car breakers a satisfactory agreement was reached whereby the contractors undertake to remove all vehicles on request, at no cost to the Council, within seven days.

Labour.

The strength of the labour force was maintained during the year and only one refuse collector left the Council's employ. This rather monotonous and dirty work can only be assisted by making working conditions as reasonable as possible and I am able to report that this policy has kept staff difficulties to a minimum. Also credit is due to Mr. V. Hillier, the foreman, for his handling of the men; and the bonus payments on salvage sales. The total number of men employed on this service is 24 and the work is shared in the following way :-

1 refuse collecting crew - driver and 4 loaders -	5
4 " " " - driver and 3 loaders -	16
1 baling and salvage man.	- 1
1 bulldozer driver on tip.	- 1
1 part-time street sweeping and disposal.	- 1
	<u>24</u>

During the current year it will be necessary to increase one crew by a further loader when the new Pakamatic is delivered.

Vehicles.

There are five modern refuse vehicles in daily use and one older vehicle which is kept as a spare and used for special collections. Each vehicle has a maintenance day every month and the drivers take a particular pride in the appearance of their freighter. The spare lorry is now 15 years old and it is hoped to replace this with an up to date vehicle next year. The Council also have a new Pakamatic on order which should be delivered in July this year. These new machines which are capable of holding 35 cubic yards of refuse are continuous loading and automatically cease to operate when the body is full. The total mileage travelled by the vehicles during the year was 45,647 miles, to collect an estimated 42,800 cubic yards of refuse. These figures, compared with last year, show just over a nine per cent increase both in distance travelled and the amount of refuse collected.

Disposal.

All the refuse collected in the district is taken to Hazeley Heath where the Council operate a controlled tip. A disused gravel pit is being infilled with the refuse, which is then compacted, covered and sealed with earth. Each year approximately one acre of land is used up and it was necessary to negotiate a further lease for five years to accommodate the demand. A bulldozer and driver are employed full time and additional labour is provided each afternoon to assist him. Great difficulty is experienced in managing the tip due to unauthorised tipping after hours and recently the lighting of fires probably by caravan dwellers on the heath. Provision is made for private persons in the district to use the tip after applying at the office.

Salvage.

The Council's salvage scheme realised a total sale of £5,450, which is over £1,000 more than the previous year. This was due to a rise in price of the waste paper and additional overtime being worked. A bonus was paid to the men employed on refuse collection of £1 per man per week which was 2/7d more than the year before. I have no doubt that this is a big contribution to the stable labour force on this service and helps the Council to retain staff. All the men receive each month an equal distribution of 25 per cent of the total sales by the Council of waste paper, cardboard, metals and rags. The remaining 75 per cent covers the labour costs, overheads and maintenance charges.

Street Sweeping.

A litter sweep was undertaken during the year on the following basis :-

- Hartley Wintney - one day a week (two in summer)
- Odiham - one day a week (1½ in summer)
- Hawley (Blackwater) - half a day a week.

The object is to keep the highways around the shopping areas as clear of litter as possible. Some success has been attained in Hartley Wintney this year by having the street swept on four mornings instead of concentrating on two days a week. The major parts of the highways are swept mechanically by the Hampshire County Council machine. Agreement has also been reached that this authority will undertake manual sweeping in Crondall, Hook, Blackwater and Yateley.

WET SCAVENGING

General.

The number of cesspools emptied for the first time during 1964 was 99 and brings the number of new cesspools installed during the last two years to 196. It is calculated that there are 1,516 cesspools in the district of which 284 are within the sewered areas. The charges for emptying have been reduced over the years and the Council provide two free emptyings a year. Subsequent visits are charged at 10/- for the first load of 700 gallons and 5/- for each subsequent or part load. Where the property is capable of being connected to the sewer, but this has not yet been done, the charge is £1 for every load. Emphasis was made in last years report of the difficulties encountered to arrange for suitable disposal facilities. This matter has not yet been resolved and depends upon improvements and enlargement of the sewage works at Hartley Wintney.

Labour.

Six men continued to work on this service and a total of 5,307,400 gallons of cesspool contents were dealt with. The amount of work rose from 2,783 loads to 3,037 an increase of nine per cent. It is difficult to obtain labour for this type of work and to retain the existing staff the bonus was raised from 8d. to 10d. a load. This is shared by the driver and mate who also receive a further 3/6d. for each day they handle bucket lavatories. The average bonus for each man fully engaged on this work amounted to 25/- a week.

Vehicles.

During the year two tankers of 700 gallons capacity each were replaced by a new 1,500 gallon vehicle. These original machines have given excellent service since they were purchased in 1947 and 1948. The new vehicle should be capable of dealing with the work of these tankers and prevent any increase in the fleet. Of the three tankers in use one is 15 years old and will soon require replacing.

Buckets.

The Council provide a service to certain properties still with bucket closets, free of charge and twice a week. Whenever possible the provision of water-borne sanitation is encouraged and the number of buckets emptied during the year reduced from 183 to 139. This was primarily due to the withdrawal of the service along the line of the Yateley and Hawley Stage III main drainage scheme and the replacement of the buckets by water closets.

TABLE 1

A. DRY SCAVENGING. - All vehicles manufactured by Shelvoke and Drewry.

<u>Vehicle</u>	<u>Capacity</u>	<u>Date of Purchase</u>
Moving Floor Rear Loader (Petrol)	24 c. yds.	13.10.50.
Fore and Aft Tipper (Petrol)	18 c. yds.	26. 6.53.
Fore and Aft Tipper (Diesel)	18 c. yds.	1. 6.56.
Fore and Aft Tipper (Diesel)	18 c. yds.	1.12.59.
Fore and Aft Tipper (Diesel)	18 c. yds.	21. 2.62.
Pakamatic Compression (Diesel)	35 c. yds.	28. 5.63.

A new Pakamatic 35 c. yd. is on order and should be delivered in July, 1965.

B. WET SCAVENGING.

The following vehicles have all been in use during part of the year - the two Karrier vehicles were passed to the Engineer and Surveyor's Department November, 1964.

	<u>Purchased</u>	<u>Mileage</u>			
		<u>1961/2</u>	<u>1962/3</u>	<u>1963/4</u>	<u>1964/5</u>
No. 1 Karrier.	1. 8.47.	-	-	900	1,619
No. 2 Karrier.	1. 4.48.	5,021	2,310	2,300	3,578
No. 3 Dennis.	14. 9.50.	10,211	13,236	13,918	11,281
No. 4 S & D (Diesel)	1. 4.57.	9,656	9,494	9,404	9,348
No. 5 Dennis (Diesel)	4.11.64.	-	-	-	4,955
Total Mileage		24,888	25,040	26,522	30,781

TABLE 2

COLLECTION STATISTICS

<u>1964/5</u>	<u>Refuse c. yds</u>	<u>Petrol (Galls)</u>	<u>Mileage</u>	<u>Diesel (Galls)</u>	<u>Mileage</u>
April.....	3,471	78	534	372	3,266
May.....	3,337	163	880	314	2,695
June.....	3,452	135	702	322	2,967
July.....	3,407	132	714	334	3,084
August.....	3,250	101	668	380	2,779
September....	3,496	123	738	325	3,020
October.....	3,504	143	762	314	3,139
November.....	3,429	157	760	312	2,930
December.....	3,867	151	769	353	3,165
January (1965)	3,858	176	819	365	3,147
February.....	3,585	131	750	316	3,003
March.....	4,144	186	990	386	3,366
TOTALS.....	<u>42,800</u>	<u>1,676</u>	<u>9,086</u>	<u>3,993</u>	<u>36,561</u>

TABLE 3

A. SALVAGE SALES - 1964/5.							
	Tons.	cwts.	qrs.	lbs.	£.	s.	d.
Waste Paper.	519	17	1	27	4,427	15	8
Iron.	16	14	1	0	81	4	7
Non Ferrous.	4	12	1	11	415	19	0
Textiles.	24	16	2	18	529	1	9
	<u>566</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>5,454</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>0</u>

B. CORRESPONDING FIGURES FOR PREVIOUS YEARS.							
Year ending	Tons.	cwts.	qrs.	lbs.	£.	s.	d.
31st March, 1961.	419	3	1	24	3,610	0	11
31st March, 1962.	457	7	0	24	4,131	12	4
31st March, 1963.	454	2	3	9	3,968	8	9
31st March, 1964.	493	11	0	0	4,337	13	4

C.							
					£.	s.	d.
Total Salvage Bonus					1,340	7	9
Yearly average per man					52	17	7
Weekly " " "					1	0	4

Tipmens bonus for materials recovered from tip amounted to £5. 19s. 3d. each for the year.

TABLE 4

CESSPOOL STATISTICS						
Year Ending 31st March	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965
Number of jobs.....	2506	2779	2187	2275	2783	3037
Number of loads.....	5294	4813	4807	5211	7083	7582

An increase of 254 jobs on last year and 499 loads using approximately 2½ vehicles each day.

Total approximate content disposed of 5,307,400 gallons.

Income from wet scavenging £1,768

TABLE 5

BONUS ON WET SCAVENGING	
Total Paid - Cesspools.....	£315. 18s. 4d.
Bucket Emptying.....	£ 72. 16s. 0d.
Total.....	<u>£388. 14. 4d.</u>
Average per man No. 4 Tanker	£1. 4s. 1½d. per week.
" " " No. 3 Tanker	£1. 5s. 7d. per week.
" " " No. 2 Tanker	10s. 1½d. per week.

Employers engaged on No. 2 tanker shared in General Scavenging bonus when employed on refuse collection and work at Depot.

TABLE 6

Cesspools which are on the Council's register of request emptyings.

	<u>IN</u>	<u>OUTSIDE</u>		<u>First</u>	<u>Bucket</u>
	<u>Sewered area</u>	<u>Sewered area</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>	<u>Emptying</u>	<u>Service</u>
Bramshill.....	-	24	24	1	-
Crondall/Ewshot.....	33	160	193	23	44
Crookham/Dogmersfield.	7	31	38	2	-
Eversley.....	22	139	161	5	33
Greywell.....	8	5	13	2	-
Hartley Wintney.....	6	112	118	7	17
Hawley.....	37	87	124	4	1
Heckfield.....	49	-	49	3	-
Hook.....	11	56	67	4	9
Long Sutton.....	-	60	60	6	-
Mattingley.....	-	115	115	10	2
Odiham.....	3	119	122	4	25
Rotherwick.....	-	90	90	7	6
South Warnborough.....	-	70	70	6	-
Winchfield.....	-	62	59	4	-
Yateley.....	157	53	209	11	2
	—	—	—	—	—
	333	1,183	1,516	99	139
	==	==	==	==	==

In addition there are the S. D. Works
which have frequent emptyings throughout
the year:-

Eversley.
South Warnborough (2)
Long Sutton. (2)
Pilcot.
Rye Common.
Crondall.
Hartley Wintney.
Cove.
Mattingley.
Rotherwick.

TABLE 2

Gannett's which are on the Council's list of registered newspapers			
NAME	IN	OUTSIDE	TOTAL
1. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
2. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
3. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
4. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
5. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
6. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
7. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
8. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
9. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
10. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
11. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
12. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
13. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
14. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
15. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
16. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
17. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
18. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
19. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
20. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
21. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
22. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
23. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
24. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
25. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
26. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
27. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
28. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
29. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
30. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
31. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
32. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
33. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
34. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
35. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
36. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
37. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
38. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
39. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
40. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
41. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
42. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
43. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
44. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
45. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
46. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
47. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
48. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
49. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
50. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
51. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
52. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
53. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
54. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
55. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
56. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
57. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
58. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
59. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
60. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
61. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
62. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
63. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
64. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
65. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
66. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
67. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
68. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
69. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
70. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
71. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
72. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
73. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
74. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
75. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
76. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
77. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
78. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
79. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
80. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
81. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
82. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
83. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
84. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
85. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
86. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
87. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
88. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
89. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
90. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
91. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
92. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
93. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
94. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
95. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
96. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
97. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
98. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
99. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2
100. Gannett, Inc.	1	1	2



