[Report 1909] / Medical Officer of Health, Hartley Wintney (Union) R.D.C.

Contributors

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OAKLANDS,

HARTLEY WINTNEY,

20th February, 1910.

To THE

Hartley Wintney Rural District Council.

ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH,

For the Year ended December 31st, 1909.

Estimated Population, 19,768.

GENTLEMEN,

I beg to submit my Report on the Health of the area, and the conditions affecting, or likely to affect, the Public Health as well as other matters, including Vital Statistics.

The Report speaks for itself, but I am pleased to draw attention to the very low death rate, 9.76 per 1000.

This is a record, and considerably below the average for the last ten years.

On the other hand the Infantile Mortality Death Rate is very high.

The number of Births was 416.

Birth Rate 21.04.

The number of Deaths 191.

Death Rate 9.76.

No uncertified deaths traced.

Infantile Mortality. Total deaths 29.

Death Rate 1.46.

Infantile Mortality average for previous ten year .86 per 1000.

A pamphlet on Infantile Feeding, by the County Medical Officer of Health, is being distributed.

The Notification of Births Act has not been adopted, my Council not deeming it necessary.

PHYSICAL FEATURES.

GENERAL CHARACTER OF THE DISTRICT.

The general character of the District is undulating; on the Northeastern part fir plantations are frequent; heath land is widely dispersed in places such as Minley, and Yateley, Hartford Flats, Bramshill Common, Eversley: much of this is uncultivated open country or commons.

On the South and West, chalk hills are fairly general, overlaid with arable land. North, clay is general, *i.e.* heavy agricultural land. On the South-east the district joins the Long Valley of Aldershot and Farnham. Here the soil is light, chiefly composed of sand and gravel.

SOILS.

At Eversley, London clay and valley gravels are found. At Bramshill plateau gravel, Lower Bagshot sand Bracklesham Beds. Yateley, Lower Bagshot sand, etc., occurs, and also at Hartley Row. The Flats are plateau gravel. Winchfield is on the Bracklesham Beds.

Greywell rests partly on the Reading Beds and chalk, with a surface soil of stiff clay and loam.

Crondall, South Warnboro', are on the upper chalk with some clay surface soils, some gravel.

South Warnboro' is chiefly on upper chalk, with clayey spots mixed with flints.

Odiham rests partly on the upper chalk and partly on a mottled clay (Reading Beds.)

LEVELS.

At South Warnboro,' the levels reached at the junction with the Alton boundary, at the rear of Swaines Hill Farm are 726.0 feet (Ordnance Datum is mean sea level at Liverpool and is 0.65 of a foot below the general mean sea level) which is the highest part of the District: from this a descent is made to Sheephouse, Long Sutton, 600.0 feet, and to Long Sutton village 395.0 feet; South Warnborough village being at the foot of the hill somewhat lower, while near the crest, is about 400.0 feet above sea level.

At Crondall, the village lies 295.0, 273.0 feet, and rises eastward to 605.0 feet, and 611.8 feet near Ewshott. District Schools southward 487.0 feet. Joining this is Crookham, Beaconhill, is 600.0 feet, and the Long Valley 352.5 feet.

Cove Schools stand at 212.0 feet.

Hawley Schools 230.0 feet. Blackwater bridge is 200.3 feet. The above is round the south, going eastward and northward: boundary.

Yateley, at St. Peter's Church, is 203.1 feet above sea level, and Yateley bridge 187.5 feet. The Flats are 309.0 feet. Yateley lies nearly north.

Eversley, which lies on the north-west boundary, is at New Mill 157.0 feet, and Glaston Hill 188.0 feet. Bramshill Common, near the Blackwater river, 156.0 feet. Heckfield, near Swallowfield, 169.0 feet. The latter two parishes rise, going in towards the centre to about 309.0 feet near the Flats, and Heckfield towards Rotherwick to 214.7 Rotherwick, which lies on towards the west boundary, is between 294.5 feet and 235.0 feet.

Hook and Greywell on the western side, the former at 280.0 ft. Greywell at Deptford bridge, over the Whitewater river, is 258.1 feet, at the hill crest west of Greywell Hill House the altitude attained is 356.0 feet. Greywell joins South Warnboro' at about 280.0 feet. The whole of the above is round the boundary going from south to east and round to south again.

The internal altitudes gained are Odiham Firs, about 600 feet. Odiham town 312.6 feet, to Murrell Green, N. 209.0 feet. Roke to s.E. 408 feet.

Horsedown Common; about 500 feet, lying between Odiham and Crondall.

Winchfield from about 300.0 feet to 289.0 feet. Dogmersfield, at the Old Church, 267.0 feet down to 217.0 by the stream. The Union House stand at an altitude of 237.0 feet in Winchfield parish.

Hartley Wintney is, at West Green, 220.0 feet; nearer the village 208.0 feet.

Mattingley Green, which joins Hartley Wintney, near Dipley 217.0 feet, near Leather Bottle inn, 225.0 feet.

OCCUPATIONS.

These are chiefly agricultural, with the usual attendant mechanic, artisan, and shop-keepers. No large works of any description exist.

AREA AND POPULATION.

No variation in the area has occurred since last year. The area comprises 53,618 acres.

The population last Census was 16,992, which has increased since to a population estimated at 19,768.

No special reasons exist for any large decrease or increase of the population.

PREVALENCE OF INFECTIOUS DISEASES.

Scarlet Fever continued to break out at intervals at Crondall, well into the summer, and had disappeared entirely when London Holiday Children were imported, one of whom came suffering from the disease. Desquamation was discovered shortly after its arrival, when the companion child was taken ill. Several other cases occurred round the affected spot.

Children from this source are too often sent down to unsuitable and already crowded cottages. Some understanding, I am told, has been now arrived at with the Holiday Society, so that in future the Sanitary Inspector may be warned where children are likely to be sent, and the unsuitability, or the reverse, of houses proposed to be used reported to the District Council in time to prevent over-crowding, &c.

The number of Infectious cases notified was 113; this is much larger than usual. Scarlet Fever has been present practically the whole year, 89 cases: Number of Deaths 3.

Four cases were sent to the Isolation Hospital at Farnham, but Scarlet Fever developed in the same house on their return, in members previously unaffected.

The Scarlet Fever was carried on in the parish of Crondall from the October of 1908, and continued from this source until the middle of June, 1909, notwithstanding the fact that on the re-assembling of the County Schools in January Dr. Lowne, the local practitioner, for many weeks daily inspected the Schools and prevented several scholars attending, as they were found to be desquamating. These cases had not been notified.

At the end of the year, several eases occurred in over-crowded dwellings for the treatment of Infectious Disease, in the parishes of Crondall, Greywell, and Dogmersfield, hence—

To prevent Zymotic Disease spreading in the form of Scarlet Fever, the Council decided to purchase a large Isolation Marquee from Messrs. Edgington. To this tent seven cases were removed and treated. No fresh cases have occurred up to the present time, February 20th, 1910.

ZYMOTIC DISEASES.

Death Rate per 1000-

Smallpox ... nil
Measles ... 0.45
Scarlet Fever ... 0.15
Diphtheria ... nil
Membranous Croup nil
Fevers ... nil
Whooping Cough ... 0.05

The above figures are highly satisfactory. There is no death from Diphtheria or Fevers, such as Enteric, Puerperal or Continued.

There has been a severe epidemic of Measles in various parts of the area. 9 deaths.

Influenza Death Rate . . . 0.10 per 1000 Cancer Death Rate . . . 0.55 ,, Pulmonary Tuberculosis . . 0.60 ,. Other Pulmonary Affections . . 0.020 ,, Other Respiratory Diseases . . 1.62

ZYMOTIC DISEASES PREVENTION.

The means adopted—

- 1. Notification under the Infectious Diseases Notification Act.
- 2. Arrangements with the Farnham Isolation Hospital for removal thither of cases of Fever, Diphtheria, or Scarlet Fever.
- 3. An Isolation Marquee purchased by the Rural District Council to hold 7 or 8 patients suffering from a similar disease.
- 4. Disinfection by Saturated Steam Heat, or Formalin or Cyllin spray.
- 5. Bacteriological Examinations.
- 6. Vaccination. In consequence of the facility of obtaining exemption, Vaccination is unfortunately becoming less each year. Sooner or later, there will be an epidemic of smallpox, with its attendant mortality of the unvaccinated, especially children.

TUBERCULOSIS. VOLUNTARY NOTIFICATION OF.

The dissemination of a large quantity of leaflets giving the public information what to do and what not to do.

LIST OF SCHOOLS IN THE AREA.

COVE.

The water supply is from the Company's main.

The sanitary arrangements leave a good deal to be desired. New are being considered. The County Medical Officer of Health has this matter under consideration.

CROOKHAM.

Sanitary arrangements are not satisfactory. Water supply from mains.

CRONDALL.

Water supply from a well. Churchyard near enough to arouse suspicion. Sanitary arrangements are capable of improvement.

DOGMERSFIELD.

School closed.

EWSHOTT.

Water supply from a well. Pail closets in use. School very small.

EVERSLEY.

Water supply from a well, reported on by the County Analyst as unsatisfactory.

Sanitary arrangements require improvement. The County Medical Officer's attention has been drawn to these defects.

ELVETHAM.

Water supply from a well.

GREYWELL.

Water supply from a well in clay. Sanitary arrangements can be improved.

HECKFIELD.

Water supply from a well. Pail closets in use. No earth used. Boys' closets dilapidated.

HARTLEY WINTNEY.

The water supply is derived from the parish supply. Trough closets are used, periodically flushed automatically.

HAWLEY.

Water supply from F. and F. Company.

LONG SUTTON.

Sanitary arrangements fair.
Water supply not above suspicion.

MATTINGLEY. HOUND GREEN.

Water supply from a well. Pail closets and earth closets are in use. Premises kept clean.

ODIHAM.

Water laid on to both Schools.
Bury Field sanitation, not good.

London Road, good.

ROTHERWICK.

Water supplied in vessels. Sanitation fair, foul ditch near playground.

S. WARNBORO.'

Water supply, none on the school premises. Sanitation fair.

WINCHFIELD.

Water supply. A system of filtering the water and storing the same in large reservoirs, approved by County Analyst, Dr. Angell.

YATELEY.

Water supply from Frimley and Farnboro' Water Company.

The above have been visited when necessary.

The means taken for preventing the spread of disease have been joint action with the County Medical Officer of Health in adopting closure when necessary, and subsequent disinfection of school buildings.

HOUSING ACCOMMODATION.

Parishes in order.

BRAMSHILL.

The cottages here were of old design, but a great improvement has been made in the past few years. The gardens are generally large; the cottages seldom occur in more than pairs; are occupied by the agricultural class.

COVE.

The houses here are of more recent date, but erected with little care as to sanitation or health; more, it appears, with an idea to obtain a quick return. Some are on cramped spaces, with cesspools near, and only the tiny gardens for refuse disposal of all kinds. This is a very unsatisfactory locality. A trade of pig feeding is carried on here, with food refuse from the Camps; the nasty smell caused from this is often noticeable in many places. The Council have taken action from time to time, but get little support from the inhabitants, who come in cohorts to swear stenches are not smells. When a case is won the costs inflicted by the magistrates are quite inadequate.

CRONDALL.

This is a very ancient village. The cottages are old, many are dilapidated, being wet and dark, with little or no bedroom ventilation. Here the cottages or houses are in streets, the sanitary arrangements indifferent. The water supply, where local, unwholesome. Many of the tenements stand on inadequate land for proper refuse disposal.

CROOKHAM.

This locality has much increased in late years. There is a tendency to put up small bungalows for cottages; but generally the housing is better, although there are some tenements which leave much to be desired.

A gipsy camp is in existence on Mr. Potter's land near to Beacon Hill. The people, or gipsies, live in the peculiar gip tent, but a few are in vans of inferior type. These tent-van dwellers keep within the bare margin of the Byelaws, but there are details which they ignore, and if brought to bear against them might be considered arbitrary. The people are far from beneficial to the locality, though one would be sorry to see this nomad old time tribe swept off the face of creation.

DOGMERSFIELD.

This is entirely an agricultural village. The cottages are mostly of old style, in large gardens. Here a constant struggle is made to keep the cottages in fair order by the Landlord; an intimation of necessary work is early attended to, but of course there are improvements left one would like to see done.

ELVETHAM.

At Hartford Bridge, in this parish, a considerable sewage scheme was carried out at Lord Calthorpe's expense, whereby 20 houses are drained, to sewage disposal works of the B.B. pattern. This is a vast improvement carried out at private expense. The houses here are mostly of agricultural class and are fairly satisfactory. Taking the whole, one could term it an unimproving area.

EVERSLEY.

In the housing line, some of the houses owned by an old pupil of Canon Kingsley's, and erected to his memory are of excellent design, with large gardens, which perhaps make the others look worse. The water supply is not uniformly good here, and certificates cannot always be issued for new houses when these are erected.

GREYWELL.

Is another old village. The cottages face south; the drainage passes from the rears of the cottages to the front, to a ditch on the opposite side of the road. In some instances the drains pass under the old cottage living room floors, and are defective. The ground floor rooms are chiefly paved, bricks laid on the surface soil; the cottages again leave much to be desired. The gardens at the rear are large and, in some cases, slope up away from the cottages. The privy cess-pits are at the head of the gardens, and the water wells are at the foot, near to the cottages. In some instances the water is short in supply in dry seasons.

HARTLEY WINTNEY.

Generally this is more of a residential place. Hartley Row is sewered, and possesses its own water supply, which is upland surface collected water which needs better filtering to remove all the extraneous matters from it. Generally the cottages are of a better type; there are some which need to be improved; a good deal has been done lately, and more is in hand and needed.

HAWLEY WITH MINLEY.

Blackwater is the chief collection of houses. The area round the smaller houses is too small for the satisfactory disposal of excreta and house refuse. Cesspools and wells are in many cases too near to each other, and cesspools are too near to the houses.

Frogmore is a newly built on area, where better houses are being erected (I am not sure that Frogmore is not in Yateley.) In Hawley some very poor cottages exist, which will need earnest attention at an early date.

HECKFIELD.

This is a residential rural locality, chiefly inhabited, in addition, by agriculturalists; the cottages are old, of the country class. Improvements are being slowly and apparently surely made.

LONG SUTTON.

Here, again, the cottages are old, and in many cases large, situated in large gardens, a good deal scattered.

Well, a hamlet, is poorly provided with water, many using a common dip well near a large spring pond. A good many improvements have been made here in past years.

MATTINGLEY.

Is very similar to Heckfield, mentioned above.

ODIHAM.

This is a very old town.

In Odiham there are many cottage properties which leave much to be desired: for instance, the Bury, the Square, Pound lane, are the most noticeable. In these, space, round the dwellings is nearly, and in some cases absent. The cottages are of bad type, some having doors and windows on one side only; so that no through ventilation can take place, are dark, cramped, damp, and unwholesome. A new sewerage scheme is being devised for this and North Warnboro,' which is a neighbouring village, of a very poor, unsatisfactory class. The houses here are poor, devoid of primitive measures of sanitation. One part is sewered to a large cesspool which lies close by the road, and is a serious menace to health. The Odiham scheme of sewerage is to reach this part. Many of the cottages are very damp and badly lighted, too many bedrooms have no fireplaces, and of course no proper means of ventilation. The Frimley and Farnboro' Water Company's mains are all over this area, but the people persist in using water from the little water courses, tributaries of the Whitewater, which passes here, and is far from a wholesome supply. The good health enjoyed in Odiham is more an advocate for insanitation than for hygienic living, but must end sooner or later.

ROTHERWICK.

This area has recently been much improved in its cottages. The local water from shallow wells is very bad. The advent of the Water Company is awaited. A few cottages not owned by the estate are very unsatisfactory.

I made a special Report to the Local Government Board on Rotherwick supply two years ago. Nothing, so far, has come of it.

SOUTH WARNBORO.

This village consists chiefly of old cottages. Improvements are being made. The village is picturesque and has a public pump in its centre.

WINCHFIELD.

This scattered, sparsely populated parish has recently come into the market; much is hoped for from the new owner, and in all probability a vast improvement will, in due course, be made in the houses that exist.

YATELEY.

This is a better class area, more of a residential type. A considerable amount of new building has been carried out here in recent years. With the aid of the new byelaws these new houses will be better constructed than they have been. Sanitation is too often quite forgotten, or left to chance.

GENERALLY.

In houses occupied by the working class, and even in houses of £20 a year rental, the provision of a decent or even proper pantry for the storage of food, milk, &c., is quite overlooked.

The usual provision is a dark, musty, mouldy cupboard, situated in as bad a place as possible; if a window is provided it opens on to a dirty yard, fowl run, or near to a privy or coal shed, so that if milk is conveyed pure to the door, a short space of time after its reception, it is liable to be contaminated by dust or flies, &c.

Too often when infectious disease occurs in cottages they are of a type absolutely impossible to disinfect properly. The porous walls, beams, cracks, and corners, are all harbours for microbes. With little space to get the occupants into, while disinfection is carried out, it makes the matter very difficult at the best.

The accommodation provided for food storage leads to serious consideration as to the benefit derived from too energetically enforcing the Dairy and Cowshed regulations, and perhaps getting better cowsheds than cottages.

SEWERS.

Hartley Wintney is properly sewered, but these sewers are far from satisfactory.

Odiham possesses very old sewers. A scheme is being considered for this and North Warnboro'. Blackwater will next need a sewerage scheme.

HOUSE DRAINS.

Will be improved upon now By-laws are in force for new buildings. These require a lot of attention.

EXCREMENT AND REFUSE DISPOSAL.

The general system in vogue for the disposal of excrement is either Midden, Pail, or Cesspool. The Middens are emptied into the gardens and just covered; in other cases the pails are emptied on to the gardens. In each of the two latter cases a danger exists of polluting the water supply.

There is no regular system for the disposal of refuse, but Hartley Wintney and Odiham do something in this matter.

In other parishes, nil.

WATER SUPPLY.

The Frimley and Farnboro' Water Company are now possessed of powers to supply the whole area. New works are being constructed; the time is probably near when the whole area can be supplied with wholesome water. Two deep wells are sunk into the chalk, one at Itchel, one at Deptford, near Greywell. Rotherwick, and Heath Lane, Crondall, are both sadly in need of a better water supply.

MILK SUPPLY.

The Dairies, Cowsheds, Milkshop's Regulations are in force, and are being steadily applied. Cowsheds are regularly visited, and many improvements have been, and are being made, but more requires to be done.

The need for all Milk Sellers, Cowkeepers, &c. to be registered should be advertised according to the Order. In consequence of a Cowkeeper and Milk Seller at South Hawley contravening the Regulations, a prosecution was undertaken at Aldershot Police Court and penalties inflicted. It is hoped this will have a salutary effect upon others.

BY-LAWS.

Building By-Laws special for Cove. (Urban Powers.) ,, general for rest of District. (Rural.) Tents, Vans, Sheds, and similar structures.

BUILDING BY-LAWS.

By-Laws have been adopted for all parishes in the area, and are now in force; no pains should be spared to have these carried out. Each dwelling completed in compliance with these will be a sanitary spot in the District, and under ordinary circumstances should not need further attention for years to come.

The particular By-Laws applying to Cove need to be thoroughly enforced; there are many dwellings here which leave much to be desired. In each case the By-Laws providing open spaces round each set of premises should be carefully looked after; there are too many

premises now with little or no space available for the disposal in a sanitary manner of fæcal, vegetable and other refuse.

By-Laws relating to Tents, Vans, Sheds, &c. are in force and are beginning to cause improvement. Camps are regularly visited.

POLLUTION OF RIVERS AND STREAMS.

The only river polluted calling for attention is the Blackwater. The condition on the whole has much improved during the past two years, but it continues to be seriously polluted by sewage from the Camberley and York Town Sewerage Works. The Hartley Wintney District Council have taken steps, by communicating with the Frimley Urban Council on the matter, without any good result.

SLAUGHTER HOUSES.-ELEVEN.

Condition—Fair, Indifferent, Bad. They are not visited at the times of slaughtering. There is an Inspector.

No carcases were found to be tuberculous.

In reply to an enquiry by the Local Government Board, I am directed by my Council to say no arrangements have been made for the inspection of meat at time of slaughtering, and that under present conditions my Council do not deem such inspection necessary.

LODGING HOUSES.

None.

BAKEHOUSE.-Number, 31.

Construction on the whole, good. All above ground. Regularly supervised.

FACTORIES.

None existing requiring an escape. Sanitary arrangements fairly good in all.

WORKSHOPS.

Are being improved. Only one Workshop employing out-workers.

CANAL BOATS.

None.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD ENQUIRIES.

One only in October, with reference to a Loan for additions at the Hartley Wintney Water Works.

NUISANCES.

Proceedings successfully undertaken at Aldershot Police Court against a Pig-keeper.

SUMMARY.

LIST OF IMPROVEMENTS IN 1907, 8, 9.

1. Adoption of Building By-Laws.

2. Arrangements with Farnham Isolation Hospital Committee for admission of Infectious cases.

3. Isolation Marquee.

Provision of an Ambulance.
 Sanitary Committee appointed.

6. Dairies, Cowsheds and Milkshops Committee.

7. Appointment of a Whole Time Sanitary Inspector.

IMPROVEMENTS REQUIRED.

A Steam Disinfector.

COUNTY SCHEME OF BACTERIOLOGICAL DIAGNOSIS.

The District has been regularly and systematically inspected, and is in a very healthy condition.

In conclusion, I desire to congratulate the Council on the progress made in Sanitary Work.

Appended is the Sanitary Inspector's report.

I am,

Yours faithfully,

H. MATURIN.

Report of Inspector of Nuisances,

For the Year ending 31st December, 1909.

				Number
Complaints received				few
	and premises inspected			1112
	revisited			2128
Intimation	., ,, revisited ons of Nuisances given			merous
Notices issued (statutory)				55
	1 1			7
				i
				6
Conviction	ons obtained			0
	MATTERS DEALT WI	TTT		
	MATTERS DEALT WI	In.		
L	Pairies, Cowsheds, Milkshop	bs.		
Number	on register (new) 1909			105
,,	of inspections made			203
	limewashed			55
"	improved			46
"	intimations sent			27
"	notices issued			27
"		• •		4
,,	convictions obtained			3
,,	convictions obtained			0
D	Prains, &c.			
Number	constructed			65
	repaired			21
,,	ventilated			3
"	unstopped or cleansed			77
"	tested			14
"	interceptors fixed			14
,,	old drains abolished			33
"				116
"	gully traps fixed			23
"	defective traps abolished			45
,,	of manholes built	••		
"	" removed			2
"	,, cleansed			4
"	,, covers fixed			27
"	fresh air inlets fitted	• •		22
,,	" " ,, removed			2
,,	", ", repaired			6
",	foul air shafts fitted			24
,,	" " removed	• •		5
"	water closets constructed			51
,,	" " abolished			5
,,	,, ,, repaired			2
,,	old pan containers with	D	traps	
	abolished			3

Drains, continued

	rums, commune	Nu	mber
Number	flushing apparatus fixed		85
,,	w.c. apparatus fixed		6
,,	soil pipes fixed		11
,,	ventilated		13
,,	repaired		1
,,	abolished	::	1
,,	removed from inside house to our	tside	3
,,	scullery sinks fixed		2
,,	lavatory basins fixed		2
,,	waste pipes fixed		11
,,	disconnected		27
,,	trapped		6
,,	removed		8
,,	cesspools built		18
,,	" removed		3
,,	,, cleansed abolished		38
"	,, ventilated		21 5
"	,, covers repaired		13
,,	" covers repaired		10
U	Irinals.		
	1		
Number			1
,,	cleansed		8
,,	repaired		2
"	abolished		2
Camberle	ey sewage outfall kept under obser	rvation	5
F	actories and Workshops.		
Number	on register		
	of visits made		106
,,	notices issued		13
"	improvements made		16
"	overcrowdings abated		2
"	orozon de la companya	1	
B	Pakehouses.		
Number	inspected		18
14 dimber	limewashed		19
New reor	ister compiled of factories & works	shops	151
110111108	isoto compilet or metallication to metallication	поро	
I1	nfectious Disease and Disinfectio	n.	
Infectiou	is cases reported		95
.,	,, found		3
Certifica	tes sent to School Teachers		27
	in which cases occurred		53
	ade to infected houses		836
	removed to Hospital (Farnham)		1
,,	removed to camp (Odiham)		7

Infectious Disease and Disinfection, contr	
	Number
Rooms disinfected	156
Articles, Bedding, clothing disinfected by steam	
,, ,, destroyed and replaced	260
Rooms stripped and limewashed	109
,, disinfected after tuberculosis	4
Disinfectants supplied to cases (tuberculosis)	9
Schools disinfected	9
Nurses supplied for isolation purposes	9
1 marquee, fittings, minor tents, cottage fur-	
niture, &c., purchased and erected at	
Odiham for scarlet fever cases, called	
above "the camp."	
Miscellaneous matters.	
Overcrowding abated (cottages)	8
Cottages closed, uninhabitable	4
House roofs repaired	5
,, floors, &c. repaired	10
,, light, ventilation improved	7
Houses repaired	33
Premises cleansed and limewashed	12
Foul ditches cleansed	23
Offensive accumulations removed	47
Keeping of animals discontinued	9
Pigstyes cleansed	51
Poultry runs cleaned	5
n;, ,, removed from near houses	3
Dilapidated houses demolished	3
New houses erected	41
Privies, Cesspits, Pails, Cesspools.	
Driving built	0
Privies built	2
,, repaired	10
,, limewashed	8
,, abolished	16
" cesspits cleansed	71
,, abolished	54
" pails provided	14
,, ,, converted to earth closets	7
Slaughter houses.	
Inspected	8
Repaired	2
Limewashed and cleansed	6
To I II CI I	
Tents, Vans, Sheds.	
Inspected	125

Water Supply, and Wells.		
11 //		Number
Samples of Company's water analysed		5
Certificates issued for new houses		21
., refused		4
New houses occupied without certificates .		21
Summons issued (test case)		1
Result, defendant ordered to pay half cos	ata	
(5/-) after pleading "guilty."	, 00	
Water supplied to houses		77
Notices issued, P.H.A.W.A. 78		49
Second notices issued		14
Camples of Wall Water and land		18
form d mond		
" " " " unsatisfactory		18
Walls aland (malluted)		3
		15
Water Supply re-instated		33
Watercourse pollution stopped		14

(Signed) STANLEY BUTLER,

Inspector of Nuisances.

This 9th Feb., 1910.