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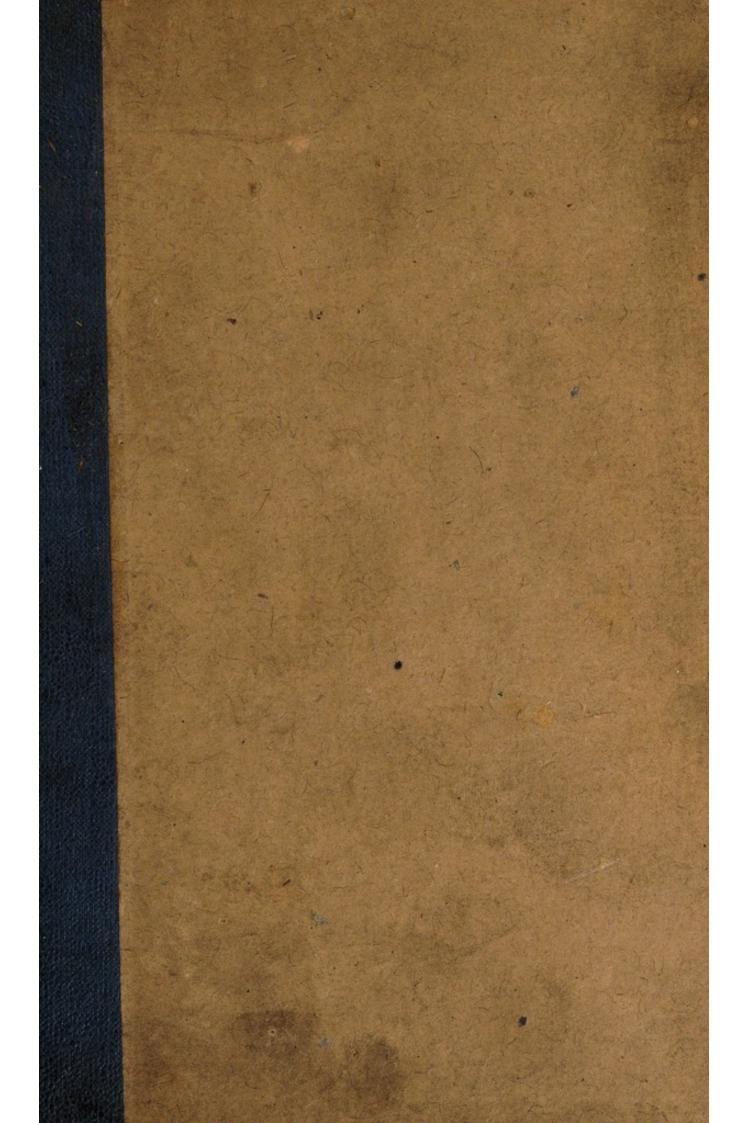
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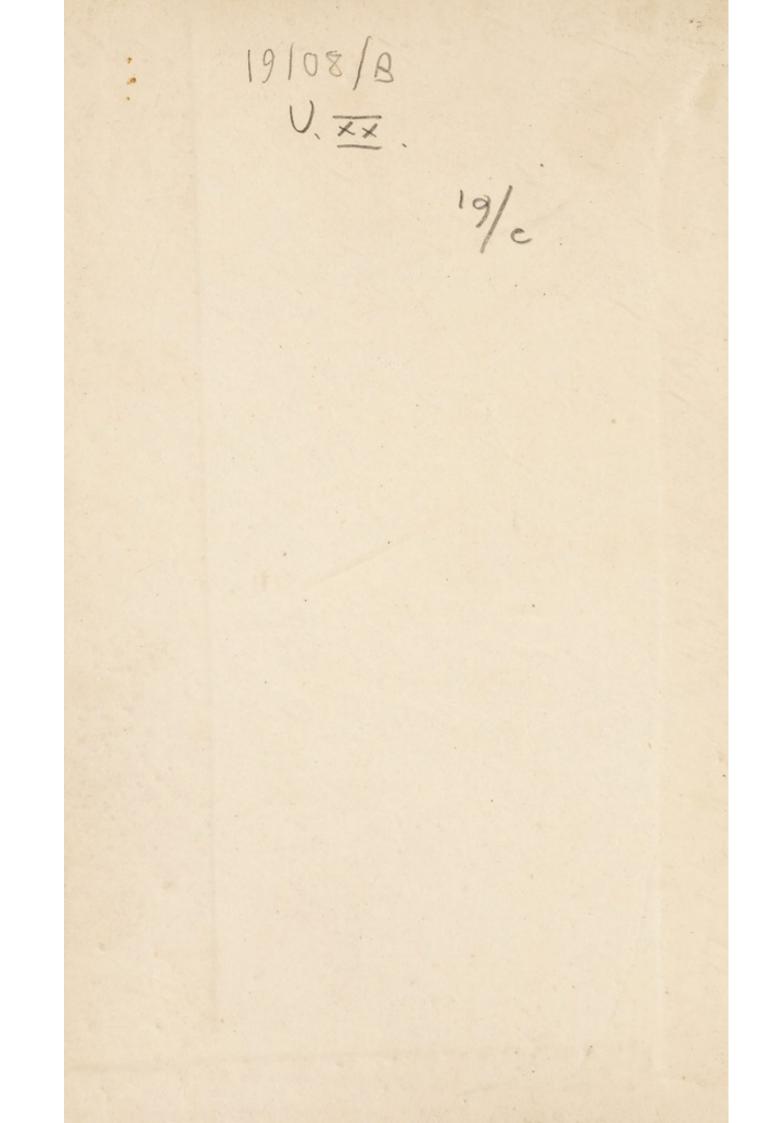
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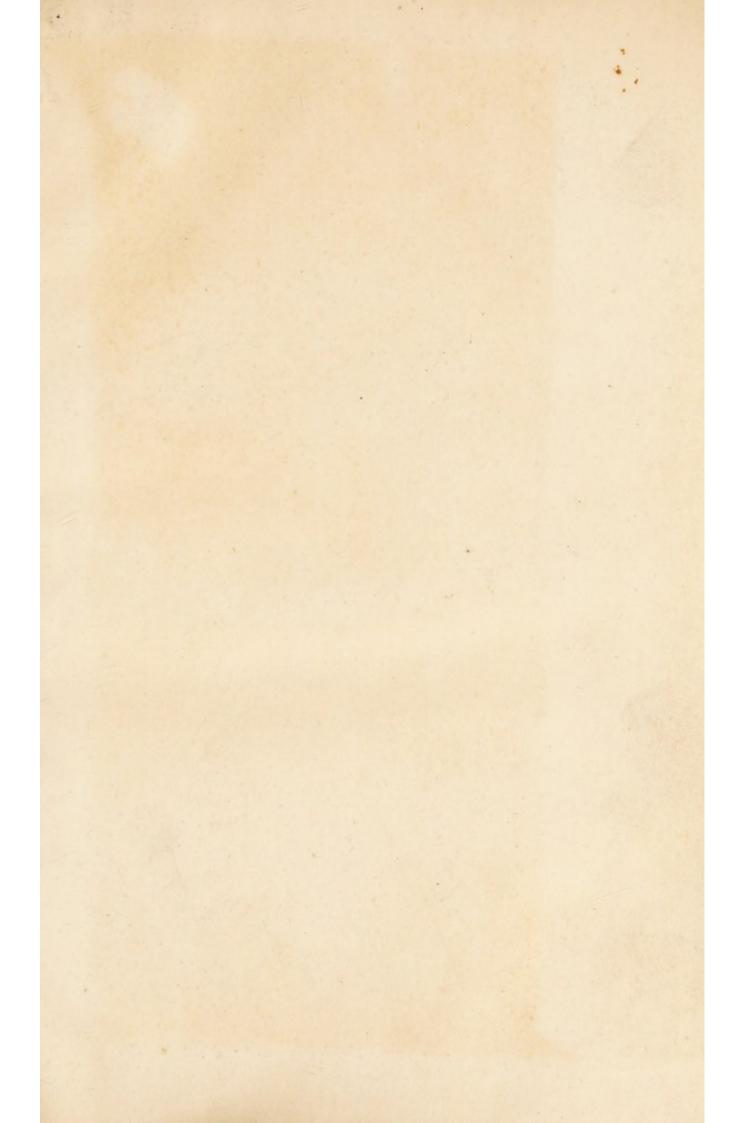
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## DICTIONARY

A

2057

OF THE

# MANKS LANGUAGE,

WITH THE

CORRESPONDING WORDS OR EXPLANATIONS

## IN ENGLISH;

INTERSPERSED WITH MANY GAELIC PROVERBS :

THE PARTS OF SPEECH, THE GENDERS, AND THE ACCENTS OF THE MANKS WORDS ARE CAREFULLY MARKED;

WITH SOME ETYMOLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS, NEVER BEFORE PUBLISHED.

## BY ARCHIBALD CREGEEN,

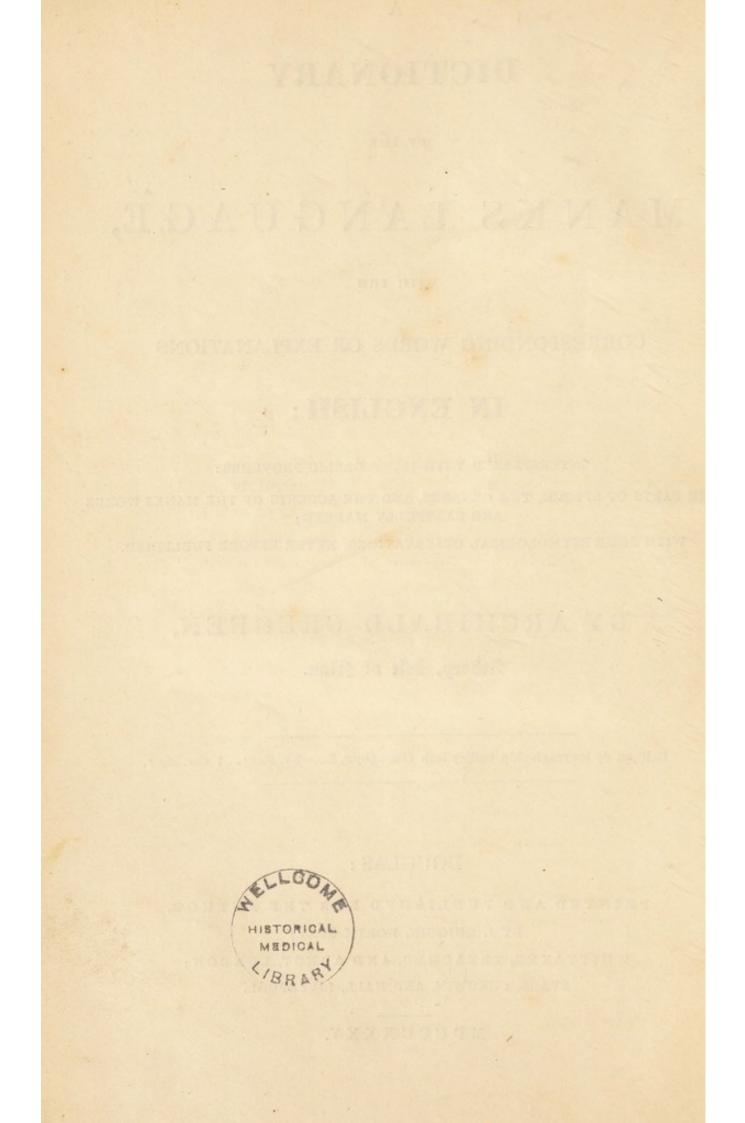
Arbory, Hsle of Man.

Baillym dy loayragh shiu ooilley lesh Glaraghyn, &c.-St. PAUL. 1 Cor. xiv 5.

### DOUGLAS :

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED FOR THE AUTHOR, BY J. QUIGGIN, NORTH-QUAY; WHITTAKER, TREACHER, AND ARNOT, LONDON; EVANS, CHEGWIN, AND HALL, LIVERPOOL.

MDCCCXXXV.



## PREFACE.

THE following Vocabulary of the Manks language has been compiled with considerable labour and assiduity. It is designed to facilitate the attainment of that ancient language, and to furnish the reader not only with a variety of vocables, idiomatic phrases, and proverbial expressions, but also the outlines of a Manks Grammar.

That a language so venerable for its antiquity and so estimable on many accounts should be so generally neglected, is much to be lamented. The consequence of this neglect has been, that numerous corruptions have crept into the dialect in general use, and so many anglicisms been adopted, that the Manks is now seldom spoken or written in its original purity. Despised and neglected, however, as the language appears to be at present, it is susceptible of high improvement, and justly entitled to the attention of the scholar. The sublime strains of OSSIAN mark the capabilities of the language, and commend it to the regard of the philologist as a subject of curious enquiry, and deserving accurate investigation.

At the present period, when this interesting little Island promises to become once more the abode of science and literature, it is hoped that Gaelic learning will revive, and that every facility will be afforded for the acquisition of a language so essentially necessary within the precincts of Mona to the students of Divinity, and the students of Law. To both these classes, it is presumed, the compilation now offered to the public will prove an important acquisition. Such a publication has long been a *desideratum* in Manks literature, and possesses fair claims to general acceptance. Whilst the natives of Wales and the natives of North Britain are enthusiastically attached to the language of their forefathers, let it not be said that the natives of Mona regard "*Chengey ny mayrey Vannin veg veen*" with disgraceful apathy and heartless indifference. As long as the Manks Bible and the Manks Liturgy remain they will testify that our ancestors thought and felt more correctly.

#### PREFACE.

Amongst the numerous literary advantages which "King William's College" is expected to afford the sons of Mona, it is devoutly to be wished that the cultivation of the vernacular tongue be not overlooked. The establishment of a professorship for that specific object would be highly desirable,—such an arrangement would be in perfect unison with the pious and benevolent design of the Founder of the Academic Fund, whose primary object appears to have been to prepare candidates for the Holy Ministry in the Isle of Man, and thus promote the highest and best interests of the country.

If the following work should contribute in the smallest degree to advance so important an end, the Compiler will have reason to regard his labour as well bestowed.

I don't defind too much refer the ma 1 Holen's Olac Only company the Sichonory At Helen's hoa Avans mutative adjectives dear Si' April 12. connected with their Jub Mantives - one with J enclose you the other and you'll get into the system one of our weakly quitaly enough -Advertisements of the Look in the mix Dictioner for the word thie" Vits mutative regeting 10- March ulter to I there are 14 or 15 mistaches. Acre you the last there is this wep" that men Oul Bridden himselfhren Funday I have been but gell mint have This moras able to preach in instead of This. vovas the mooder be correct. Nonett to be this . tep" to not time Loving in winte, you out I out - I my poor exchanged with a hounder Injers are getting some -Mut the joins me in bettwikes for yourself dall your family theo m. Drury. J. T. Clarke Clorgyman to freach an evening Lermon UC, during

2. Holens Place My dear Si' April 12-32. 2 anclose you one of our weakly Advortesements of the 10- March ulter to Acr you the last Junday I have been able to preach in twanted . Having in winte, exchanged with a Swander Clorgyman to preach an evening Lermon UC, during

and you il find he Las both craa. Malloin Verna - Lallooin - Unwilling con see to give in an inch to any man even I see another instance in the Dictionary. to plain that if it had horns it might fund a man into rectilude Look for leramman" Gell hars got crammin ghearyl'a lump of coalbut he could not see the next example moviney it as it ought to be " "Brownan - voainey" now in the woord Clargh there are a great many

visiting. but it clum to me like a leach. an I have been 5 weeks, drefte undrefse U fed litre a young child. Thank god the will acute shound tom Which has made me like a Shiannag Lastake a change for the better, II have the use of my know for to again & And now, having planty of laisune, 9 make use of the 3 fingers to scribble to you atking why don't you take a more active port with the

## INTRODUCTION

TO THE

## MANKS LANGUAGE.

I AM well aware that the utility of the following work will be variously appreciated by my brother Manksmen. Some will be disposed to deride the endeavour to restore vigour to a decaying language. Those who reckon the extirpation of the Manks a necessary step towards that general extension of the English, which they deem essential to the interest of the Isle of Man, will condemn every effort which seems likely to retard its extinction.

But those will think otherwise who consider that there are thousands of the natives of the Island that can at present receive no useful knowledge whatever, except through the medium of the Manks language; they will judge from experience, as well as from the nature of the case, that no work of this description will hinder the progress of the English, but in fact have the contrary effect.

It is obvious, that when tribes of men are intermixed who speak different languages, a great part of the knowledge which man should afford his neighbour must be diminished. The Magistrate cannot address his suitors,—the Pastor his flock, but through the imperfect medium of an interpreter. Lawyers, Divines, Physicians, Merchants, Manufacturers, and Farmers, all feel more or less this inconvenience when they transact business with whom they have no language in common.

To remedy such defect, the following Manks Dictionary, with the corresponding words in English, may, it is hoped by the Compiler, contribute in some degree to facilitate the acquisition of both the Manks and English languages; and, if received with indulgence, may be followed by its counterpart, "ENGLISH RENDERED INTO MANKS."

To place the present publication within the reach of the peasantry of the Isle of Man, it has been greatly abridged from what was at first purposed by the author; notwithstanding which, it is hoped will give general satisfaction, and be a standing memorial of that very ancient language—the Manks or Gaelic, to generations yet unborn; as it may with a degree of truth be asserted that we have little more than two-thirds of the language preserved in the published translation of the Scriptures and the Church Liturgy.

The following Remarks of Reference, with the work itself, will enable the reader to form some idea of the construction of the language.

## REMARKS,

### TO WHICH ARE ANNEXED FIGURES OF REFERENCE.

#### Of the LETTERS and their SOUNDS.

1. The Alphabet consists of seventeen single and three double consonants, and seven vowels -a, e, i, o, u, w, y. Of the consonants, fifteen are mutable—b, c, ch, d, f, g, j, k, m, p, q, s, sh, sl, t. The immutables are-l, n, r, which always retain their sound; and alter not, except when preceded by s in the beginning of a word to show the degrees of comparison. Gh and ph begin no radical, or at least ought to begin none, as the language now stands; although there are word that are so written : these are shown where they occur in the work, and will be seen only to be aspirations, gh of g and of d, and ph of p. Sh and sl must be considered double consonants as they have a change peculiar to themselves, and differ from the other radical initialled s's. The v is considered a secondary mute.

2. A is reckoned a broad vowel, and in some words sounded as o, as in CLAGH (a stone), clogh; and as u, as in GOAN (scarce), goun. It is pronounced as a in the English words of man, pan; as, BAD, LAD, BAB, &c.; and when circumflexed, as in mâroo, sârey, is sounded as in matron, &c.

3. *B* is a labial, or lip-letter, and pronounced as *b*, in English; as, BARE, BOAYL.

4. C preserves a strong sound in its unaspirated state, as the English k, or as c in can; as, CAM, CAPPAN. It never, however, usurps the pronunciation of s, as in the English words *cistern*, *city*, *cedar*, &c.

5. CH has a soft sound, as in CHAGHTER, CHARBAA, CHINGYS; like ch in English, in cherry, charcoal, chime, &c.

6. *CH* has a hard or harsh sound, which sound is not in the English language. I cannot express it better than by a word which I would write or spell *egh* or *egg-yth*, and *a*, CHA (not); and which sound would go through with the vowels, thus : *egh e*, CHE; *egh i*, CHI; *egh o*, CHO; *egh u*, CHU; *egh y*, CHY; and with CHLA, CHLE, &C.; and CHRA, CHRE, &C., &C.

7. D is pronounced as d, in English, in drone, dunnal, &c.

8. But *D*, in other words, as if written and pronounced *dh*, as in DAA, DOO, &c.

9. E is reckoned a small vowel, but is sometimes sounded long, and sometimes short; the latter sound as heard in *men*, *ten*, *bed* (in English) answers to the Manks BEN, REN, SHEN, &c.  The long or circumflexed E, as in mériu, t'éh, té, vé, &c., like the English they, bey; or as a in way, hay, say, &c.

11. F is called a weak consonant; because, when aspirated, it looses all its force; as, FEA (rest); E EA (his rest.) It corresponds in many cases with v; and has the English sound in FA, FAASE, FOAYS, &c.

12. G is a heavy consonant, and pronounced as g, in English, in gain, get, go; as, GAMMAN, GOAILL, GARRISH; but has no soft sound as in the words gentle, generous, &c.

13. When G is aspirated to gh, it is reckoned a light consonant, and has a gutteral sound; no such sound is in the English language; and although gh is in ghost and ghastly, they are only sounded gost, gastly.

14. *H* is pronounced as *h* in the words *hand*, *hind*, *hold*, &c. in English. Some would rather call *h* an auxiliary than a letter, because it rarely begins any radical word except a few small ones, as, HANNAH, HYM, &c., and serves only to aspirate the other consonants, as, *ch*, *gh*, *mh*, *ph*, *th*, &c; or the vowels, as, *ha*, *he*, *hi*, &c. When it aspirates from *t*, followed by an *r*, it is often sounded as *ch*, as E HRAA (his time); E HROO (his envy); &c. It is an initial in feminine genitive nouns; as, E HEDDIN (her face); E HAIGNEY, (her mind or will); E HENNYM (her name.) The masculine of those would be E EDDIN (his face); E AIGNEY, (his mind); E ENNYM, (his name.)

15. I is one of the small vowels, and pronounced as i (in English) in *pin*, *win*, *sin*; as, SHIMMEY, SHID, SHILLEY.

16. *J* is pronounced exactly like the soft English *g*, and is perfectly uniform in its sound.

17. K. This letter has precisely the sound of hard c, in English, and is never silent as the English k in *knee*, *knave*, *know*, &c.

18. L. Some say this letter admits of no aspiration, and is pronounced as l (in English) in *law*, *live*, *love*; as, LAUE, LIOAR, LANE; but I think there is a distinction between *lie* or *ly* in English, and LHIE in Manks; and had the words LOO, LOOR, &c., been spelled or written LHOO and LHOOR, they would have answered the Manks pronunciation better, for without the h the sound is too narrow, except to those who know that they require that sound.

19 M is a strong consonant, but it is often

changed into v; and when it is followed by w, oo, or u, it changes to v or w, when aspirated.

20. N is sounded as n in English ; it is never aspirated nor eclipsed, but yet called a light consonant, and is often doubled to give the greater sound.

21. *O* is a broad vowel; when acuted as *o* in gone, in English, answers the Manks son, cron, &c.

22. When O is circumflexed as in bone, shone, open, &c., thus ôNEY, ôYR, &c. Manks.

23. O before l in the Manks, sounds OHL.

24. P. This is a hard consonant, and pronounced as p in English.

25. PH is sounded as the English f.

26. Q, which is always followed by u, has the sound of kw.

27. *R* is a light consonant, and pronounced as r in English; but some times when an initial, it requires to be sounded as if written rh; as, RED (a thing), RHED.

28. S, although called the queen of consonants, is subject to many changes, as shown in Remarks 55, 56, 57, 58, 111, 112, 161, &c. It sounds as (in English) savor, sense—saggyft sollan.

29. T. This is a hard consonant, naturally commuted with d; as, by GERRID, for by GERRIT.
30. When T is an initial before a vowel, it requires to be sounded as if written th.

31. U is one of the three broad vowels with a and o, and sounded as u (in English) in *cumber*; as, CUM (hold).

32. V is not properly a radical initial consonant; but only a secondary mute. However, we have some few words which begin with v as a radical; as, VAIDJYN, VEIH, &c.

33. W. Though I have set down this letter as a vowel, I know of no syllable or word without another vowel attached to it, with consonants, to make a word or syllable. The Welsh have it a vowel, without any support. Its sound is as *oo* (in English) in *boot*, *soot*, *root*; as, WARDOON, WARP, WARREE.

34. Y. This letter as a vowel and a consonant is too frequently used in the Manks. Its first or primary sound would be as i (in English) in *bind*, *bile*, &c.

35. But Y has another sound as u, and is as i (in English) in *bird*, *third*,—answering to the sound in SPYRRYD, YMMYRCHAGH, YNRICAN, &c. in Manks.

36. This letter has the sound of e in the word the (in English); as, DY, DTY, MY, SY, &c.

37. Y some times has the sound of *ee*, as in the English, *barley*, *belly*, *stingy*, &c.; as, LHEIY, GUIY, SEIY, &C.

38. Such words as begin with mutable or changeable consonants, viz.: b, c, ch, d, f, g, j, k, m, p, q, s, sh, sl, and t, change these their radical initial letters as occasion require, and according to the effect the preceding words have on them.

39. The letter A, as an initial in radical verbs, changes to d, or rather has d placed before it, as shown in Remark 60; and to g, (or has g placed before it) as shown in Remark 61; and also changes to n, (or has n placed before it) to show the preterit or past time of the action of the verb; and so of all the vowels when radical initials.—See Remark 119, &c.

40. But the letter A and all the vowels change to h (or have h placed before them) to show the gentive or ownership case of the feminine gender, as may be seen under the H in the work, and in Remark 14.

41. Words, primarily beginning with B, have three initials, viz.: b, v, m; as, braar (a brother); E VRAAR (his brother); NYN MRAAR (your, &c. brother); &c. &c.

42. But when the second letter after the B is w, oo, or u, such words change to w or v as an initial; as, BOOLAGH (willing or pleased); FEER WOOLAGH (very willing or pleased, &c.); and BWOALLEE (a fold); E WOALLEE (his fold); BUIGHEY (jaundice); YN WUIGHEY OF VUIGHEY (the jaundice or yellows).

43. Words beginning with C have three initials, viz.: c, ch, and g; as, CARREY (a friend); E CHAR-REY (his friend); NYN GARREY (your, &c. friend).

44. Words beginning with *CH* have also three initials, viz.: *ch*, *h*, and *j*; as, CHENGEY (a tongue); E HENGEY (his tongue); NYN JENGEY (your, &c. tongue), &c.

45. Words initialled by D have two, viz.: d and gh; as, dooinney (a man); e ghooinney (his man), &c.

46. Words radically initialled by E, have four, and so have all the other vowels the initial vowel, and three others, viz.: e, or the other vowel, and d, g, and n; as, EECK (pay); DEECK (paid or did pay); GEECK (paying). See Remarks 60 and 61; and ER NEECK (hath or having, &c. paid). See also a change mentioned in Remark 40.

47. Some words commencing with E, radically, for better sound's sake begin with y; as, EEAST (a fish), YEEAST; EEAN (a chicken), YEEAN, &c.

48. Words beginning with F have nine or more changes, viz.: d and v, and the first vowel or consonant after the f, if the preceding word change it.

49. Words radically initialled by G have two, as g and gh; as, GEAY (wind); YN GHEAY (the wind). G also sometimes changes to y; as, GIARE (short); RO YIARE (too short), though sometimes spelled GHIARE; GIALL (white or bright); RO YIALL (too bright). This and others are also written RO GHIALL, &C.

50. Words commencing with J have two initials, j and y; as, JEE (God); E YEE, (his God); &c.

51. Words initialled with K have three, viz.: k, ch, and g; as, KEYREY (a sheep); E CHEYREY (his sheep); NYN GEYREY (your &c. sheep), &c.

52. *M*, beginning words has but two initials, viz.: *m* and *v*; as, MOYRN (pride); E VOYRN (his pride), &c.

53. P, beginning words has three initials, viz.: p, ph, and b; as, POOAR (power); E PHOOAR (his power); NYN BOOAR (your &c. power), &c.

54. Q, beginning radicals, has three initials,
viz.: q, wh, and g; as, QUAIYL (a court); E
WHUAIYL (his court); NYN GUAIYL (your, &c. court), &c.

55. S, beginning words radically, has many changes, viz.: s, h, t; as sooill (an eye); E HOOILL (his eye); YN TOOILL (the eye).

56. And if S be followed by h, it changes to ch and h; as, shenn ghooinney (an old man); yn chenn ghooinney (the old man); E HENN GHOOINNEY (his old man).

57. When S is followed by l, it changes to cl and l; as, slat (a rod); YN CLAT (the rod); E LAT (his rod, &c.)

58. The letter S, apostrophized before adjectives and participles, I think is an abreviation of smoo, by which the degrees of comparison are shown throughout the language; first, the positive, FIRRINAGH (true); secondly, a degree above the positive; as, s'FIRRINAGH (how true); thirdly, the comparative, NY s'FIRRINEE (more true); fourthly, the superlative, YN RAA s'FIRRINEE (the truest saying).

59. T, beginning words radically, has three initials, viz.: t, h, and d; as, towse (a measure); E HOWSE (his measure); NYN DOWSE (your, &c. measure).

#### Of VERBS.

60. Verbs commencing radically with vowels, begin with d to show the preterit or past time of action, or negatively; as, AARL OF AARLEE (cook, dress, or prepare); DAARLEE (did cook, dress, or prepare); and negatively, CHA DAARLEE, &c.; and EOYLLEE (dung or manure); DEOYLLEE (did dung, or manure); and CHA DEOYLLEE, &c.

61. Verbs beginning in like manner with vowels, to show the present and also the past time of action, begin with g; as, AASE (grow); GAASE (growing); VA MEE GAASE (I was growing); IR-REE (rise); &c.

62. Of verbs irregular, which do not altogether change according to the foregoing remarks.— CHEET (coming), changes to HAINK, DAINK, HIG, JIG, HARR, DARR, HEET, JEET, TAR.

CLASHTYN (hearing), CLASHT, CHLASHTYN, CHEAYLL, CLUIN, CHLUIN, GEAYLL, GLUIN.

CUR, OF COYRT (giving, putting, sending, &c.), CHOYRT, HUG, DUG, VER and VERR, DER and DERR.

FAKIN (seeing), AKIN, FAIK, HEE, HONNICK, VAIK, VAKIN, N'AIKIN.

GEDDYN (getting), GHEDDYN FOW, HOOAR, DOOAR, YIO, YIOGH, YIOW, NOW, VOW, VOGH. GOAILL (taking), GHOAILL, GO, GHO, GOW, GHOW, N'GHOAILL.

GOLL (going), HIE, HEM, HEU, HOOIN, GOW, RAGH, JAGH, JED, JEM, JE'OO, N'GHOLL, GHOLL.

GRA (saying), ABBYR, DOOYRT, GHRA, JIR' and JIRR, YIAR and YIARR, N'ABBYR, N'YIARR.

JANNOO (doing), JEAN, JIN and JINN, YINN, N'YANNOO.

63. The regular verbs change their initials according to what has been said on the changing of the letters and their terminations, as specified in Remarks 77-88.

#### Of PLURALS.

64. Of the forming of *plurals* in the Manks, the addition of  $y_N$  to the *singular* is the most common, which is shown after the singulars through the work. Have the plurals *housen*, (which was formerly used as the plural in the English for *houses*), oxen, men, women, children, &c., any analogy to this? Undoubtedly they have.

65. Other words are formed into plurals by the addition of AGHYN to the singulars; these, for the most part, are given in the work after their singulars.

66. There are other words that only require GHYN to be added to the singular.

67. Some singular words, ending in EY, change the EY tO AGHYN, to pluralize them; as, CAGGEY (WAR); CAGGAGHYN (WARS); COONEY (help); COONAGHYN (helps), &c.

68. Other words ending in EV, change the Y to EVN; as, BUNNEY (sheaf); BUNNEEYN (sheaves) &c.

69. Other singulars ending in E and EY, change the E and EY to YN; as, PAITCHEY (a child); PAITCHYN (children); FOCKLE (a word); FOCKLYN (words).

70. Some few singulars ending in LEY, change the LEY to JYN; as, BILLEY (a tree); BILJYN (trees); BALLEY (a town or estate); BALJYN (towns or estates), &c.

71. The termination of singulars in AGH, for the most part to pluralize them, changes the AGH to EE; as, GIMMAGH (a lobster); GIMMEE (lobsters), &c.

72. The ending of singulars in AGH, AGHT, IN, or YN, sometimes changes to EEYN; as, EADDAGH (woollen cloth); EADDEEYN (woollen cloths); CLADDAGH, singular; CLADDEEYN, plural; CURN-AGHT (wheat); CURNEEYN (wheats); SKILLIN (a shilling); SKILLEEYN (shillings).

73. There are other formations of plurals in the middle of words; as, MAC (a son); MEC (sons).

74. Others by changing oA or o, to UI; as, DOARN (a fist); DUIRN (fists); STOYL (a stool); STUILL (stools).

75. The changing of E to I makes plural in some words; as, FER to FIR, &c.

76. There are other words that require the change of v to 1; as, CABBYL (a horse); CABBIL (horses), &c.

#### Of the TERMINATION of VERBS.

77. Of the termination of verbs, or the compounding of auxiliary verbs, pronouns, &c., to the verbs.—AGH, added to a verb, is used with all the nominative pronouns, except I; as, he, EH; they, AD; we, SHIN; she, EE; you, SHIU; thou, oo, &c., as the words may require; and means would or wouldst, could or couldst, might or mightest, &c., do the action of the verb; or would or wouldst, &c., not do the action of the verb; as the verb BERR (overtake); BERRACH EH (he would, &c., overtake); or, CHA BERRAGH oo (thou wouldst not overtake); &c., &c.

78. AIL, joined to a verb, signifies ing in English; as, BAAR (spend); BAARAIL (spending); FAAG (leave); FAAGAIL (leaving); &c.

79. AL, added to a verb, has the same meaning as AIL, ing, in English, and may be termed the grand Manksifier-general of English verbs; as, trying, TRYAL; fixing, FIXAL, &c., &c; but not to the credit or honour of those who so make use of it.

80. *EE*. This added to a verb, and used with the nominative pronouns (except *I* or *she*) means *will* or *wilt*, *shall* or *shalt*, perform the action of the verb to which it is annexed; or *will* or *shall not* perform the action of the verb, as set forth in remark 77, on AGH; that is, *would*; and this is, *will* and *shall* do.

81. EIL. This, as well as AIL and AL, when added to a verb, means ing; as, DOOYTEIL (doubting); TREISHTEIL (trusting).

82. EY. This syllable, also added to a verb, corresponds to the English *ing*, or the doing or performing the action of the verb to which it is annexed; as, GOBBRAGHEY (working); FLUIGHEY (wetting), &c.

83. IN. This termination, which always requires to be sounded as if written *ihn*, partakes of the nature of the auxiliary verb *would* and the pronoun I; as, BERR (overtake); BERRIN (I would overtake), and when so joined together is called pronominal.

84. INS. This termination to a verb is the emphatic, absolute, certain, especial or particular of the preceding IN, is that case to the verb to which annexed, and always requires to be sounded as if written *ihns*; as, BERR (overtake); BER-RINS (I would, emphatically, absolutely, or certainly, &c. overtake).

85. IT or T. These terminations, which answer to the English ed, must, to retain the proper Manks sound, be pronounced as if written *iht*, and *ht*, and partake of the nature of an adjective. Added to a verb it becomes a participle. There are many words of this part of speech in English that do not admit of ending in  $ed_i$  as, grown, found, lost, worn, &c.; yet these all end in it or t in the Manks; as, AASIT, FEDDYNIT, CAILT OF CAILLIT, CEAUT, &C.

S6. YM. This syllable, which partakes of the nature of the pronoun I and the auxiliary verb will, added to a verb, signifies that I will do or suffer the action of the verb to which applied; as, BERR (overtake); BERRYM (I will overtake), &c.

87. VMS, it may be said, is the same to YM, as INS is to IN, the absolute, certain, especial or emphatic of YM; as, BERR (overtake); BERRYMS (I will emphatically overtake.)

88. YS. This termination, and EE, added to verbs, is nearly of the same import; but it is my opinion that the vs means shall or shalt do the action of the verb; and EE, will and wilt; but the translators of the Scriptures into our language use it for both. This syllable, added to a verb, should always be employed where two or more words that are sounded alike happen to. gether; as, EE EE EE (she will eat). When these occur, we generally say EE YS EE (she shall or will eat). This postfix is undoubtedly used in the subjunctive mood for eat, eats, eateth, eatest, &c; as, MY EEYS, EH, AD, OO, &c. (if he eats, if they eat, if thou eateth); MY EEYS DOONNEY (if a man eat, shall eat, or eateth); and so of other verbs. In Genesis ii. 17, we have SON ER Y LAA EEYS OO JEH (for in the day thou eateth thereof); and in the xiv. chap. 15, it is, QUOI ERBEE VARRYS CAIN (whosoever slayeth Cain). This termination is also used in apposition; as, SHOH YN DOOINNEY OBBYRYS DIU (this is the man that will or shall work for you).

#### Of ADJECTIVAL NOUNS.

89. Of the forming of adjectival nouns, or substantives made of adjectives, in the Manks, by the addition or changing of a syllable in the termination of a word, corresponding to the English ness, ty, &c.—The most common of these are 1D and D, which require to retain the Manks sound, and pronounced as if written 1HD, and HD. These syllables are sometimes added to the adjective; as, BIOYR (brisk); BIOYRID (briskness); BOUYR (deaf); BOUYRID (deafness); MOOAR (big or great); MOOAD (greatness), &c.

90 Some adjectival nouns are made by a part of the adjective being changed; as, JOOIGH (greedy); JOOID (greediness); BERCHAGH (rich), BERCHID (richness), &c.

91. Other adjectives are changed for the most part; as, GIALL (bright or white); GILLID (brightness); MARROO (dead); MERRIUID (deadness), &c.

92. Some other adjectives require JID in place of the latter syllable; as, MILLISH (sweet); MIL-JID (sweetness); YRJID (heighth or highness), &c.

93. YS and S are sometimes added to the adjective, and at other times placed instead of the last syllable or part; as, DORRAGHEY (dark); DORRAGHYS (darkness); though the change to 1D, in Remark 89, is sometimes used; as, DORRID (darkness); and YNRICK (upright, or sincere); YNRICKYS (uprightness), &c.

94. For sake of abridging the work, the reader is desired, in reference to derivative verbs and their conjunction into pronominals, with the auxiliary verbs *shall*, *will*, *would*, &c., to look to the radical verb, as the letter placed at the end of the explanation shows the initial from which the branch-word is derived; and the figures of reference under the radical answer the meaning in the same manner.

#### Of PECULIARITIES.

95. There are several principles peculiar to the *idiom* or *phraseology* of the Manks language, when compared with the English; such as the unnecessariness of the indefinite article a, in general.

96. One peculiarity is, that the Manks possesses a *plural article*, NY (the); as, NY DEINEY (the men); NY CLAGHYN (the stones): Y and YN are the singular definite articles. The *collective nouns*, such as, OLLAGH (cattle); SLEIH (people); LUGHT-THIE (household or family); MAASE (kine), &c., are, as in the English, not reckoned plural nouns; therefore, have only the definite article YN preceding them.

97. A grand principle in Manks is the adjective being placed after the noun or substantive. In English, the adjective has precedence; therefore the quality of a thing is mentioned before the thing itself; but in Manks, (more agreeable to reason and common sense) the substantive precedes the adjective; as, CABBYL MIE (a good horse); BOOA GHOO (a black cow); MAGHER MOOAR (a big field). There are a few exceptions.

98. In possessing a *plural adjective*, the Manks again has an advantage over the English, (there being no difference in the adjectives of singular and plural in that language); as, DEINEY MOOAREY (big or great men); CROINE ARDEY (high hills); THIEYN BEGGEY (little houses), &c.

99. Another, is the derivative adjective, as I have called it, of or belonging to a thing. My reason for distinguishing this class of adjectives from others is, that there are some nouns that have two adjectives which differ materially in their meaning; for instance, the sun; as, LAA GRIANAGH (a sunny, or sun shiny day), which I have left a common adjective; but GREINEY, I have marked an adjective derivative, of or belonging to the sun; as, CHIASS GREINEY (the heat of the sun, or the sun's heat); and GLION (a glen or valley); GLIONNAGH (having glens or valleys); GLIONNEY (of or belonging to the valley; as, FIEE NY GLIONNEY (the ravens of the valley); and CASSAGH (having feet, or footed); as, MAASE KIAR CASSAGH (four footed kine); COSHEY (of the foot or feet). The English of this class of adjectival words are aspen, hempen, oaken, baptismal, &c.

100. Another principle is, the language not making plural until three; the numbers of twenty, forty, sixty, eighty, a hundred, a thousand, &c. These are not twenty or forty men, but, literally twenty-man, &c. And I think the YN to SHIAGH-TINYN redundant, as in *Daniel* ix. 25 26.

101. Another and grand principle is, the emphatic: some instances of this are given in the work; but any substantive, &c. may be made emphatical by adding 's, which requires to be sounded es to the substantive, &c.; as, DTY CHREE's (thy heart, emphatically); DTY OBBYR's (thy work, emphatically), &c. In the English, the reader is left at sea without a compass, if he has not learned where to lay the emphasis, as few of the words differ in their form in that language for being emphatic; when unemphatical, thy is to be sounded the, and my, me, &c.

102. The substantives being all masculine or feminine, is another; there being no such anomaly in Manks as a neuter gender; we have however a few nouns, pronouns, and pronominals common to both genders. Some will have it that every word in the language is either masculine or feminine.

103. The verbs running into auxiliary terminations and pronominals; as, AGH, AIL, AL, EIL, EY, IN, INS, IT, YN, YMS, and YS, as are shown by the remarks of reference throughout the work, is another principle.

104. The adjectives and participles throughout the language requiring to be brought under the letter s', to show the degrees of comparison, as set forth in the 58th Remark, are exemplified in the work under that letter, is another.

105. The greatest difficulty to attain, by a person that did not learn it when young, is the changing of the initials of mutable consonants, and of vowel letters, or the pronunciation of secondary mutes or aspirations. There is very little occasion for such changing in the English; but to give an English scholar some idea of it, it may be necessary to show him something similar in his own language. The words from home require no change ; but let him say at home, and he can hardly say home without a hiatus, or longer stop than ought to be; he will be very apt to say at tome: this is changing the h to t in speaking. Or let him say at all, and if he be not very careful he will say at tall, or a tall, this is changing the a to t. Or let him say the words, make haste, and he will be very apt to say make kaste: this is changing the h to k; and it is, he will be apt to say it tis; this is changing i to t.

106. And the article an, which is nothing more than the article a with an n to come between it and the word initialled by a vowel, if it were placed before the vowel in the word would amount to nearly the same thing; then an egg would be a negg; and an awl would be a nawl; an eye would be a neye, &c. &c.; these are somewhat like the changing of the initials in the Manks.

#### Of MUTABLE INITIALS.

107. The force of the pronunciation of secondary or auxiliary mutes (as they are called) is so different from that of the primary or radical, that they are expressed by different figures or letters in the Manks; from whence arises often the difficulty of finding the etymology of those words that branch or are derived from a radical. The Irish, to prevent this in their language, have a dot, point, or dash, &c. placed over or below the letter; that is, as if b or m required to be sounded v. The primary or radical are always retained, but known by the dash or dot, so that the etymology of words is easily found in that language.

108. Of the causes of the changing of the mutable initials, (d, j, and t, excepted.) Words of the feminine gender change their following words; as, CLAGH VANE (a white stone) ; which would, if CLAGH were masculine, be CLAGH BANE; LAUE YESH (right hand); if LAUE were masculine, would be LAUE JESH ; AWIN VEG : now if AWIN were of the masculine gender, it would be AWIN BEG; AWIN VOOAR, OF WOOAR (a big or great river) if masculine it would be MOOAR; so that the adjectives BANE, JESH, BEG, MOOAR, are the primary or radical adjectives, which are changed by feminine substantives being placed before them to VANE, YESH, VEG, VOOAR. From these examples the learner will see that it is of the utmost importance, in order to write and speak the language correctly, that he should know and be well acquainted not only with the names and words, but also with their genders.

109. Words initialled by vowels are subject to changes, as explained in Remarks 60 and 61. Mutable consonants being initials are also changable, to show the preterit, without any word before them; as, BAIH (drown); but to show the pass time of action I must change BAIH to VAIH; VAIH EH EH YS CHEAYN (he drowned or did drown him in the sea); and gow (take); GHOW EH OOILLEY NY V'AYM VOYM (he took all I had from me, or he did take all I had from me); and JERK (hope, trust, or expect); I must change JERK to YERK; YERK MEE RISH, AS VA MEE MOLLIT (I trusted or expected him, and he deceived me); and MOL (deceive) ; AGH VOL EH MEE (but he deceived me). BAIH, GOW, JERK, MOL, are thus changed to their aspirations, VAIH, GHOW, YERK, VOL, &c.

110. Another cause of change is the vocative case, O YEE! JEE, (God) is here changed to YEE. TAR MARYM, VRAAR (come with me, brother); BRAAR is here changed to VRAAR. O HIE YACOB! (O house of Jacob); the t in THIE and the j in JACOB are here changed. JEAN, is changed to YEAN, and JUAN to YUAN, &c. &c.

111. Changes made by the articles y and  $y_N$  being placed before radical words, most of those initialled by vowels, borrow, as it were, the N from  $y_N$ , in the pronunciation. The translators of the Scriptures have given another n to AH, or AA

(second); as, YN NAH (the second); and according to this rule, YN AALL (the flesh fork) should be YN NAALL; YN OLLAGH (the cattle), YN NOL-LAGH; YN USHTEY (the water), YN NUSHTEY; &c.; but they have not been uniform in this rule, having given it to some words and withheld it from others. Y and YN when placed before b change it to v; c to ch; f to the second letter whether vowel or consonant; but the want of change in some of these is so faint that perhaps it would be better to retain the f in some than to omit it. G changes to gh; k to ch; m to v; which last, often in conversation, slides into w. P changes to ph; qu to wh; s to t; sh to ch; sl to cl; Y and YN do not change ch, d, j, and t.

112. The pronoun  $\mathbf{E}$  (his), changes the following mutable initials, viz.: b to v and w, when oo, u, or w, immediately follow; c to ch; ch to h; d to gh; and f similar to what is said on that letter in the preceding Remark. G to gh; j to y; k to ch; m to v; and which last, as shown in the preceding Remark, often slides into w, in conversation. P to ph; qu to wh; s and sh to h; sl to l; t to h. All the mutables change by the above pronoun.

113. The pronoun  $\varepsilon$  (her), on the contrary, changes none of the mutables; but changes words initialled by vowels, by requiring h to be placed before them.

114. The words DY (to), DTY (thy), and MY, change the mutables exactly in the same manner as E (his) does, as shown in Remark 112.

115. The changes caused by placing the adverb RO (too), before adjectives and participles are as follows: b to v or to w, when second letter; c to ch; ch to h; d to gh; g to gh, with a few exceptions to y; j to y; k to ch; m to v; p to ph; qu to wh; s and sh to h; t to h.

116. The changes caused by the auxiliary verb ER (hath, has, have, or having, &c.) placed before verbs, require n to be placed before all the verbs beginning with vowels radically or derivatively. A, e, i, o, u, w, y, change to n; and the gh, when an aspiration of g, which, when initialled by n, has the sound of y, and which shows that it ought or ought not have that letter; but the translators of the Scriptures have written the word GOLL (going), when aspirated to gh; as, ER N'GHOLL, &c.; and the word GIALDYN (promise); as, ER N'GHIALDYN,-Heb. xi. 11; and ER N'YIALDYN, -Josh. ix. 21. The same may be said of GIAREY, &c. En changes b to v; ch to j; d to gh; f to v, or the next letter in the syllable; g to gh; j to y; k to g; m to v; p to ph; qu to wh; s and shto h; sl to l; and t to d.

117. The changes of the mutable consonants, by placing the adverb FEER (very), before adjectives, are as follow: b to v; c to ch; g to gh; kto ch; m to v; p to ph; and qu to cw.

118. The changes the pronoun NVN causes, when placed before verbs and substantives, are as follow : Before words initialled by vowels, ciation, in a similar case with yn. Nyn changes b to m; c to g; ch to j; f to v; g to gh, or y, and t to d.

many require to borrow the last n in the pronun- 1 similar to the case of g by CHA, as shown in examples in this page; k to g; p to b; q to g;

Examples of CHANGES in the Initials of VERBS throughout the Alphabet, on VOWELS and MUTABLES by the Negative Adverb CHA (not).

119.	A in verb AASE (grow), changes to d; as, CHA DAASE, past tense.
120.	And n; as, NAASE, present and future.
121.	E in verb EECK (pay), changes to d; as, CHA DEECK, past.
122.	And j; as, JEECK, past.
123.	And n; as, NEECK, present and future.
124.	I in verb IU (drink), changes to d, as, CHA DIU, past.
125.	And j; as, JIU, past.
126.	And n; as, NIU, present and future.
127.	O in verb OBBREE (work), changes to d; as, CHA DOBBREE, past.
128.	And n; as, NOBBREE, present and future.
129.	U in verb ushtee (water), changes to d; as, CHA DUSHTEE, past.
130.	And n; as, NUSHTEE, present and future.
131.	W in verb wHAAL (sew), changes to d; as, CHA DWHAAL, past.
132.	And n; as, NWHAAL, present and future.
133.	Y in verb YMMYRK (bear), changes to d; as, CHA DYMMYRK, past.
134.	And n; as, NYMMYRK, present and future.
135.	B in verb BENN (touch), changes to v; as, CHA VENN, past.
136.	And no change b; as, BENN, present and future.
137.	
138.	
139.	
140.	And j; as, JIONN, present and future.
141.	D in verb DOLL (blot), changes to gh; as, CHA GHOLL, past.
142.	And no change d; as, Doll, present and future.
143.	
144.	And in sacred subjects, changes to v; as, voshil, present and future.
145.	And in colloquial, changes to n; as, NOSHIL, present and future.
146.	
147.	Or y; as, YIALL, past.
148.	
	Or changed to n; as, NYIALL, present and future.
149.	*H in verb HOOAR (got), changes to d; as, CHA DOOAR, past.
	And in HIG (will come), changes to j; as, JIG, present and future.
	J in verb JIOLE (suck), changes to y; as, CHA VIOLE, past.
	And no change, j; as, JIOLE, present and future.
	K in verb KION (buy), changes to ch; as, CHA CHION, past.
	And g; as, GION, present and future.
	M in verb MOYLL (praise), changes to v; as, CHA VOYLL, past.
	And no change, m; as, MOYLL, present and future.
	P in verb PROW (prove), changes to ph; as, CHA PHROW, past.
	And b; as, BROW, present and future.
159.	
and the second se	And gu; as, GUAALT, present and future.
161.	
162.	
	In verb saue (save), changes to h; as, CHA HAUE, past.
164.	
165	
166	
167	
168	. And l; as, LIACE, present and future.
169	
170	
	which is the same without the state of the state of the same and the same the same the same the same the

\* Those in H are irregular verbs, there being no Radicals under that letter

EXAMPLES of the different WORDS produced from MANKS VERBS, and the CHANGES they undergo throughout the Alphabet; the letters l, n, r, h, q, and v, excepted.

Of E and Y, (which may serve for all the Vowels) agreeably to Remarks 14, 46, 133, and 134.

Eeck, v. pay Eeckagh. Eeckee. Eeckeyder. Eeckeyderyn. Eeckin. Eeckins. Eeckit. Eeckym Eeckyms Eeckyn Eeckvs Deeck or Jeeck Geeck Heeck Heeckyn Neeck Neeckagh Neeckin Neeckins Neeckym Neeckyms

Ymmyrk, v. bear Ymmyrkagh Ymmyrkee Ymmyrkey Ymmyrkeyder Ymmyrkeyderyn Ymmyrkin Ymmyrkins Ymmyrkit Ymmyrkym Ymmyrkyms Ymmyrkys Dymmyrk Gymmyrkey Hymmyrkey Nymmyrk Nymmyrkagh Nymmyrkey Nymmyrkin Nymmyrkins Nymmyrkym Nymmyrkyms

#### Of B and M, agreeably to Remark 41.

Bochill, v. herd Bochillagh Bochillaght Bochillee Bochilley Bochillin Bochillins Bochillit Bochillym Bochillyms Bochillyn Bochillys Mochillaght Mochilley Mochillyn Vochill Vochillagh Vochillaght Vochilley Vochillin Vochillins Vochillit Vochillym Vochillyms Vochillyn Vochillys

Moogh, v. quench Mooghagh Mooghaghyn Mooghee Mooghey Moogheyder Moogheyderyn Mooghin Mooghins Mooghit Mooghym Mooghyms Mooghys Voogh Vooghagh Vooghaghyn Vooghee Vooghey Voogheyder Voogheyderyn Voogin Vooghins Vooghit Vooghym Vooghyms Vooghys

C

Of C and K, agreeably to Remarks 43, and 51.

Cront, v. knot Crontagh Crontal Crontee Crontey Cronteyder Cronteyderyn Crontin Crontins Crontit Crontym Crontyms Crontys Cruint, ir. Chront Chrontagh Chrontal Chrontee Chrontey Chronteyder Chrontin Chrontins Chrontit Chrontym Chrontyms Chrontys Gront Grontagh Grontal Grontee Gronteyder Gronteyderyn Grontin Grontins Grontym Grontyms

Keil, v. conceal Keillagh Keillee Keilleyder Keilleyderyn Keillin Keillins Keillit Keillym Keillyms Keillys Keiltyn Cheil Cheillagh Cheillee Cheilleyder Cheilleyderyn Cheillin Cheillins Cheillit Cheillym Cheillyms Cheillys Cheiltvn Geil Geillagh Geillee Geilleyder Geilleyderyn Geillin Geillins Geillym Geillyms Geiltyn

Of D and G, agreeably to Remarks 45 and 49.

Doll, v. blot Dollagh Dollee Dolley Dolleyder Dolleyderyn Dollin Dollins Dollins Dollit Dollym Dollyms Dollys Gholl Gear, v. laugh Gearagh Gearaghtee Gearee Gearey Geareyder Geareyderyn Gearin Gearins Gearit Gearit Gearym Gearyms Gearys

#### INTRODUCTION TO THE

Ghollogh Ghollee Gholleyder Gholleyderyn Ghollin Ghollins Ghollit Ghollym Ghollyms Ghollys Ghear Ghearagh Ghearaghtee Ghearee Ghearey Gheareyder Gheareyderyn Ghearin Ghearins Ghearit Ghearym Ghearyms Ghearys

#### Of CH and F, agreeably to Remarks 44 and 48.

Chyrm, v. dry Chyrmagh Chyrmaghey Chyrmaghyn Chyrmee Chyrmey Chyrmeyder Chyrmeyderyn Chyrmid Chyrmin Chyrmins Chyrmit Chyrmym Ghyrmyms Chyrmys Hyrm Hyrmagh Hyrmaghey Hyrmaghyn Hyrmee Hyrmey Hyrmeyder Hyrmeyderyn Hyrmid Hyrmin Hyrmins Hyrmit Hyrmym Hyrmyms Hyrmys Jyrm Jyrmagh Jyrmaghey Jyrmaghyn Jyrmee Jyrmid Jyrmin **Jyrmins** Jyrmym Jyrmyms

Faag, v. leave Faagagh Faagail Faagee Faageyder Faageydervn Faagin Faagins Faagit Faagym Faagyms Faagys Aag Aagagh Aagail Aagee Aageyder Aageyderyn Aagin Aagins Aagit Aagym Aagyms Aagys Daag Naag Naaghagh Naagail Naagee Naagin Naagins Naagym Naagyms Vaag Vaagagh Vaagail Vaagin Vaagins

#### Of J and S, agreeably to Remark 50.

Joan, v. dust Joanagh Joanee Saue, v. save Sauagh Sauail

Vaagym

Vaagyms

Joaney Joaneyder Joaneyderyn Joanin . Joanins Joanit Joanym Joanyms Joanys Yoan Yoanagh Yoanee Yoaney Yoaneyder Yoaneyderyn Yoanin Yoanins Yoanit Yoanym Yoanyms Yoanys

Sauailtagh Sauce Saueyder Saueyderyn Sauin Sauins Sauit Sauym Sauyms Sauys Haue Hauagh Hauail Hauailtagh Hauee Haueyder Haueyderyn Hauin Hauins Hauit Hauym Hauyms Hauys

#### Of P and T, agreeably to Remarks 53 and 59.

Poose, v. marry Poosagh Poosaghyn Poosee Poosey Pooseyder Pooseyderyn Poosin Poosins Poost Poosym Poosyms Poosvs Phoose Phoosagh Phoosaghyn Phoosee Phoosey Phooseyder Phooseyderyn Phoosin Phoosins Phoost Phoosym Phoosyms Phoosys Boose Boosagh Boosaghyn Boosey Boosin Boosins Boost Boosym Boosyms

Toig, v. understand Toiggagh Toiggal Toiggalagh Toiggaltagh Toiggaltys Toiggee Toiggeyder Toiggin Toiggins. Toiggit Toiggym Toiggyms Toiggys Hoig Hoiggagh Hoiggal Hoiggaltagh Hoiggaltys Hoiggin Hoiggins Hoiggit Hoiggym Hoiggyms Hoiggys Doig Doiggagh Doiggal Doiggaltys Doiggin Doiggins Doiggym Doiggyms

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#### MANKS LANGUAGE.

#### Of SH and SL.\*

Sheid, r. blow Sheidagh Sheidee Sheidey Sheideyder Sheideyderyn Sheidin Sheidins Sheidit Sheidym Sheidyms Sheidyn Sheidyn Sheidys Slug, v. swallow Sluggagh Sluggag Sluggee Sluggey Sluggeyder Sluggeyderyn Sluggin Sluggin Sluggit Sluggit Sluggym Sluggyms Sluggyn Heid Heidagh Heidee Heidey Heideyder Heideyderyn Heidin Heidins Heidit Heidym Heidyms Heidym Heidyn Heidys Sluggys Lug Luggagh Luggag Luggee Luggey Luggeyder Luggeyderyn Luggin Luggins Luggit Luggym Luggyms Luggyms Luggys

In concluding my Observations and Remarks, I cannot but admire the construction, texture, and beauty of the Manks Language, and how the words initially change their cases, moods, tenses degrees, &c. It appears like a piece of exquisite network, interwoven together in a masterly manner, and framed by the hand of a most skilful workman, equal to the composition of the most learned, and not the production of chance.— The depth of meaning that abounds in many of the words must be conspicuous to every person versed in the language.

Having but few verbs, its brevity may be complained of by some, but this deficiency is amply supplied in the same manner as when a like want occurs in the English. When a substantive or adjective has no verb belonging to itself, another verb is placed before the noun or adjective; as, DY VE (to be); DY GHOAILL (to take); DY GEDDYN (to get); DY CHUR (to give, put, send), &c.; DY YANNOO (to do, make, or perform), &c. We have no verb for MAYNREY (happy)-neither has the English-nor its noun, MAYNRYS (happiness); but we say, DY VE MAYNREY (to be happy), &c. That our ancestors (the translators of the Scriptures) were tenacious that no infringement should be made in this particular is obvious, as the Scriptures, with a few exceptions to their orthography, &c., are an invaluable work. The verb to pray occurs above two hundred times in the English Scriptures ; yet the translators have not once used that mongrel word, PRAYLL, or its parent, PRAYAL, (see Remark 79), which, and the like, are now generally used without reserve. I do not, however, allude to the Clergy, who, to their credit, always say GOAILL PADJER; EC PADJER ; JANNOO PADJER, &c. ; and when there is no necessity, we should not borrow from the English, but endeavour to keep the language as pure as possible.

A. C.

Kirk Arbory, 5th June, 1834.

\* The Verbs under the letter S do not change like the Substantives and Adjectives, as illustrated in Remarks  $55-5^{-5}$ .

### ABBREVIATIONS IN THE DICTIONARY.

A, B, C, CH, D, E, F, G, H, I, J, K, L, M, N, O, P, Q, R, S, SH, SL, T, U, V, W, or Y, at the end of a line, shows that the word is a derivative or aspiration of one whose initial radically is A or B, &c. C, placed after ch, shows it to be an aspiration of a word radically without an h, and so for G placed after gh, P after ph, &c.

a	. Adjective.
adv	
	Adjective derivative.
	. Adjective plural
	Adverb and pronoun.
art	
art. pl	
	. Comparative degree.
conj	
	Conjunction and pronoun.
dim	
em	
	. Feminine gender.
Gal	
	. Hebrew, & Book of Hebrews.
	The same as above.
in	
lit	

	<i>p</i> Pronominal.
	<i>pl</i> Plural.
	p. p Preposition and Pronoun.
	pre Preposition.
	pro Pronoun.
	Prov
	pt Participle.
	s Substantive.
ŀ	s. f Substantive feminine.
l	singSingular.
l	s. m Substantive masculine.
l	s. m. f Do. masculine and feminine.
l	s. pl Substantive plural.
l	sup Superlative degree.
۱	syn Synonymous.
	vVerb.
1	v. i Verb imperative.
	- a sign of repetition, and the reader is directed
	to read the word instead of the mark.
	* This is placed before such verbs where two
	are inserted, as, TROG, the verb used alone;
	the one marked thus, * TROGG, is the verb
	that is to be joined to AGH, EE, EY, &c.
	The figures 1, 2, 3, &c., refer to remarks in the
	Introduction volative to the meaning of the

Introduction, relative to the meaning of the termination, sound, or part of speech, &c.

## MANKS DICTIONARY.

#### AAL

A<sup>A</sup>, an adjunct; *a*. second, second-hand. This word is used as a prefix in composition, and implies repeated action, as the Latin *re*. Again, when yn is placed before it, it changes to *nah*, the ordinal of two.

AA'-AASE, s. m. second-growth; v. to grow again.
 AA'-CHIONNAGH, v. buying again, repurchasing.
 AA'-CHIONNIT, pt. rebought, bought again the second time.

AA'-CHUMMIT, pt. formed anew.

AA'-CHLASHTYN. s. m. a rehearing.

AA'-CHLUINNIT, pt. reheard.

AA'-CHOOINAGHTYN, s. m. recollection.

- AAD'JIN, or AAITCHIN, s. m. gorse, furze, whins. AAE, a. d. of a kiln.
- -----, s. f. an arch, a boundary over a river, a ford, a place to pass over a river dry; pl. ---GHYN.
- AA'-EADDAGH, s. m. second-hand clothes.
- AAG, v. leave, (from *Faag*); —AGH, —AIL, —EE, —IN, —INS, —YM, —YMS, —YS, 94. F.
- AA'-GHERRIT OF AAGHERRID, s. m. a shorter way, a shorter cut; pl. - YN.

AA'-GHIENNAGHTYN, s. m. regeneration.

AAGHT, s. m. a lodging; v. lodge; pl. -YN.

AAGHT'IT, pt. lodged; 85.

AAGH'YN, s. pl. arches, fords ; Jud. xii. 6.

AA'-HILLEY, s. m. second sight.

AA'-HROGGAL, v. rebuilding, lifting again.

- AALL, a. d. of a brood or litter; as, guiy aail (a brood goose).
- AAIL'AGH, or AALAGH, s. f. a brood of young, what a fowl has at a hatching; Jer. xvii. 11.; pl. 71, or -- YN.
- AAISHNEE, a. d. (from Faaishnee,) which see.
- AAITN, v. gorse, cover with whins; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —EY, 82; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.

Dy AAIT-NAGH OF AAIT-NAGHEY, v. to cover with gorse, as a bearded hedge.

AAIT'NIT, pt. gorsed, whined; 85.

- AA'JEY OF AAHLEY, s. m. a known place, a place used of, or convenient to. The latter word is used at the North of the Island for a place marked at sea to fish on ; pl. 67.
- AA'-LHIEENEY, s. m. second filling, laying eggs the second time; to replenish, to fill again.
- AA'LICAN, s. m. a halcyon, a fine calm time, serene and tranquil weather, peace and tranquillity.
- AA'LID, s. m. elegance, beauty, grandeur, splendour, comeliness, fairness, handsomeness, nobleness, amiableness.

AA'LIN, a. elegant, beautiful, grand, splendid, noble, comely, fair, amiable, handsome, fine.

AALL, s. m. a fork, a flesh fork ; pl. - YN.

#### ACC

AANE, s. f. a liver ; pl. -YN.

- AAN'RIT, s. m. cloth, linen cloth; BRECK, check or chequer; — sACK, sackcloth; — CAITNAGH, fustian; pl. — YN.
- AA'OE, s. m. a great grand child.
- AARE, v. to come nigh or near to, to approach, to come in contact; Psl. xci. 7.
- AA'REY, s. f. a ladder; a kidney; pl. 67.
- Yn AAR'KEY, s. from (Faarkey,) the sea.
- Dy AAR'KEY, v. to bathe.
- My \*AARK OF AARKAGH, v. would, &c, bathe; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88. F.

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- \*AARL OF AARLEE, v. cook; dress meat; —AGH, 77; —AGHEY, 82; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- AAR'LEE, a. d. of cooking or dressing meat.
- AAR'LIDER, s. m. a dresser of victuals, a cook ; see also Coagyrey.
- AAR'LIT, 85. dressed, cooked, prepared.
- AAR'LOO, a. ready prepared, fitted, dressed, at hand; apt, prone.
- AART-NY-PAART, lot nor part.
- E AAS'AAG, s. (from Faasaag,) his beard.
- Yn AA'SAGH, s. the desert, or wilderness.
- AASE, s. m. growth; pl. —YN; v. grow; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86 —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- AASH, s. m. ease, rest, freedom from labour or pain, leisure; Prov. "Caghlaa obbyr aash."
- AASH'AG, s. f. a boss, a seat to rest on, a seat made of matted straw; pl. - YN.
- AASH'AGH, a. easy, not difficult.
- Dy AASH'AGH, adv. easily.
- AAS'IT, grown, 85.
- AA'-SMOOINAGHT, s.m. second thought, reflection AASO'IL, a. having the quality of growing.
- Dy AAST, v. to wring, (from Faast); —AGH; —EE; —IN; —INS; —YM; —YMS; —YS; 94.
- Ro AASTIT, too much wrung, 85.
- AA'-VAAIR, s. m. second crop.
- Dy AA'-VIOGHEY, v. to revive, to quicken. AAUE, s. f. Eve.
- ABA-NAGH, a. d. of the ankle or ankles.
- ABANE, s. f. ankle; pl. YN.
- ABB, a. abbey; as, thalloo abb.
- AB'BYR, v. say, say on.
- AB'BYRAGH. See Yarragh.
- A'BER, s. m. pasture, a place to feed or graze on, pasturage; pl. - YN.

A'BYL, a. able.

Ac'CAN, s. m. moan, lamentation or sorrow expressed by a mournful tone of voice ; pl. — YN.

AKI

- AGH AC'CANAGH, s. m. a moaner or bemoaner; pl. 71. ACCYRYS, s. m. hunger, the pain felt by fasting long; any violent desire. AC'CRYSSAGH, a. hungry, being hungered ; s. m. a hungry person; pl. 71. AC'GYRTS, s. m. an action at law ; pl. -- YN. AC'GYRTSSAGH, s. m. a complainant; pl. 71. mannerly. ACH'LISH OF AGH'LISH, s. f. the armpit; a quantity of any thing brought under the arm; Jer. XXXVIII. 12; pl. -YN. AD, pro. they, them ; -syn; id. em. E ADEYR', s. m. his prophet. This word is from however. Phadeyr, but ought to be from Fadeyr, as it undergoes the changes of F, and not of P. E ADEYR'YS, s. his, &c. See Phadeyrys. F. AH, in. 0! Oh! ADHENE', pro. themselves. ADSHEN', pro. those, they. to the stomach. ADSHID', pro. those more remote. ADSHOH', pro. these. ADULT'RINAGH, a. adulterous. AEG, a. young, juvenile, youthful. A'EGEY, a. pl. young, youthful; as, mraane aegey, (young women.) A'EGID, s. m. youth ; 89. AER, s. f. air, firmament. AGG or AGGAD, s. m. a sore or deep cut, a nick or cut in a tally. AGGAIR' OF AGGAIRYS, s. m. wrong, injustice; an action contrary to moral rectitude; aggression. AGGAIR'AGH, a. unjust, improper, unfit, unsuitable; s. m. a person that commits injustice; pl. 71; Pro. xxi. 15. AG'GINDAGH, a. desirous, eager to obtain. AG'GINDYS, s. m. fondness, eagerness, eager desire. \*AGGL OF AGGLEE, v. fear or frighten; -AGH, 77; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88. Dy AIL'LEIL, v. to fail. AG'GLAGH, a. fearful, awful, dreadful, frightful, Dy AIL'LEY, v. to hire. afraid. Dy AG'GLAGHEY, v. to frighten, to appal, to in timidate. AG'GLAGHIN, s. m. a fearful person; pl. -YN. AG'GLE, s. m. fear, dread, terror, a painful apain) had we it,) &c. prehension of danger; Prov. "Boayl nagh vel aggle cha vel grayse;" pl. — YN. AG'GLISH, s. f. the Church, or body of believers ; pl. -YN. AG'GLISHAGH, a. ecclesiastical; a.d. of the Church. AG'GLIT, frightened, dismayed, appalled; 85. Ro AGGYS, a. (from Faggys,) too near. AGH, conj. but; when used as a postfix in composition, means ing, ly, ous, &c. AGHAUE', s. f. a species of hemlock, or fool's parsley. In Amos vi. 12, and Hos. x. 4, it is rendered hemlock. Prov. "Ta'n aghaue veg shuyr da'n aghaue vooar :" as much as to say, AIRH'IT, gilded; 85. "a small evil or sin is sister to a great one."
- AGH'-FUIRREE ORT, in. but stay thou, but hold thou.
- AGH'EREE, v. horsing.
- AGH'EREY-HOANEY OF AGHEREY-AMMAN, S. f. a crupper.
- AGH'IN, s. f. a petition, a supplication, an entreaty; pl. -YN.
- AGH'INAGH, s. m. a petitioner, supplicant; pl. 71.

- AGH'INEY, v. petitioning, supplicating.
- AGH'-MARKIAGH, s. m. a riding horse.
- AGH SON SHOH AS OOILLEY, adv. but, notwithstanding; 2 Sam. xxiv. 4.
- AGHT, s. m. art, skill, behaviour, demeanor, gait, plight, way; pl. -YN.
- AGHT'AL, a. artful, skilful, dexterous, expert,
- AGHT'ALLYS, s. m. artfulness, skilfulness.
- AGHT'BAGHEE, s. m. manner of life, occupation ; 2 Tim. iii. 10; Jonah i. 8.
- AGHT'ERBEE, adv. any way, any wise, any how,
- AGHT'RHOEID, s. m. the diarrhœa or lax.
- AH'JOOIGH, s. f. the gullet or throat, the passage through which the food passes from the mouth
- AH'LAH, in. do not trouble me.
- AHLEA', s. f. the spleen of an animal.
- AH'LEY, s. f. See Aajey ; pl. 67.
- AHL'LEY, s. f. the aisle of a church.
- AIEE, s. f. a kiln; pl. -YN.
- AIGH-VIE or AIE-VIE, s. m. good luck, farewell, good will, Psal. xlv. 5; go and prosper, 1 Chron. xxii. 11.
- AIG'NAGH, a. ready minded for, inclined for.
- AIG'NEY, s. f. mind, inclination, will; pl. 67.

AIG'NEY-CAGHLAAIT, converted; 85.

AIG'NEY-MIE, s. m. good will.

AIGNEY-BOOIAGH, s. m. contentment.

AIK, v. (from Faikagh,) would see; -AGH; -EE; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.

- AILE, s. m. fire, ignis; pl. -YN.
- AILE'AGH OF AILAGH, a. fiery, igneous.
- AILE'Y, a. d. of fire; a. pl. fire; Isa. 1xvi. 15.

E AILL, s. (from Faill,) his hire, wages; v. -AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS.

AIN, pro. our, us, of us, we have, we had, have, &c. we; as, yn thie ain (our house); ren eh beaghey ny mast' ain (he lived among us); te ain (we have it); ve ain (we had it); row eh

E AIN'AGH, s. his chariot; pl. 71.

E AIN'EY, s. his ring; pl. 67.

- AINHEN'E, pro. have, had, &c. ourselves.
- AIN'JYS, s. m. acquaintance, intimacy.
- AIN'JYSSAGH, s. m. an acquaintance ; pl. 71; a. acquainted, intimate.

AINLE, s. m. an angel; pl. -YN.

AIRD'EYLAGH, s. m. a mariner's compass.

AIRH, s. f. gold. Airh wuigh as palchey j'ee.

AIRH'EY, a. d. golden, of gold.

AIRH'-HALLOOIN, s. m. yarrow, millfoil.

- AITT, a. odd, antic, queer, comical, funny, ridiculous, sportive, &c.
- AITT'YS, s. f. anticness, fun, &c.
- Yn AIYR, s. the grass, Mark vi. 39; Jas. i. 10. F.

A'KER, s. f. an anchor; pl. - YN, Acts XXVII, 29; v. — Agh, 77; — EE, 80; — IN, 83; — INS, 84; — YM, 86; — YMS, 87; — YS, 88.

- A'KERIT, anchored ; 85.
- Dy A'KIN, v. to see.

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AL'BIN, s. m. Scotland, Albion.

- AL'BINAGH, s. m. a Scotchman ; a. Scotch ; pl. 71. AL'ESS, in. alas.
- AL'ISTER, s. m. Alexander.
- ALLAGH, s. (from Feallagh,) folk. This word ought to be written Eallagh. See 1 Kings, xx. 3. ALMO'RAGH, s. m. an ignoramus; pl. 71.
- ALMO'RAGHT, a. ignorant, inadvertent, unlearned, stupid.
- ALMO'RYS, s. m. ignorance.
- ALT, s. f. a high place, altitude.
- AL'TAR, s. m. an altar; pl. -YN.
- AM, a. bad, vile.
- AM'GLASS OF AMVLASS, s. m. a drink made by mixing milk and water together, pale watery drink, or bad tasted drink, acid water.
- Dy AM'LAGH, v. to manure with sea weed. F. AM'LEE, a. d. of sea weed. F.
- AMM, s. m. stature, size, puberty.
- E AMM'AN, s. his tail; pl. -YN. Cloie rish e amman. F.
- AM'MYR, s. f. a canal, or channel of water; pl. —YN.
- AM'MYS, s. m. obeisance; 1 Kings, i. 16; homage, reverence, dutifulness.
- AM'MYSSAGH, a. obeisant, submissive, dutiful; s. duteous person; pl. 71.
- AM'MYSSIT, pt. worshipped, having obeisance paid to; 85.
- AM'SHEE, s. m. See Imshee.

A'MYLT, v. swim; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.

A'MYLTAGH, s. m. a swimmer; pl. 71.

An, when used as a prefix in composition, signifies *un*, (English.)

- ANDREAYS, a. d. of Andrew.
- ANCHA'SHERICK, a. unholy, unsanctified, profane, wicked, impious.
- ANCHA'SHERICKYS, s. unholiness, impiety, profaneness, wickedness.
- ANCHAS'SANAGH, a. trackless.
- ANCHAS'LEY, a. unlike, different.

ANCHAS'LYS, s. m. difference; pl. -YN.

ANCHIART', a. uneven, unequal.

ANCHREES'TEE, s. m. a heathen, infidel, pagan.

ANCHREES'TIAGH, s. m. heathenism, infidelity.

- ANCHRED'JUAGH, s. m. an unbeliever; pl. 71.
- Dy ANCHO'ODAGHEY, v. to uncover, to develop.
- ANCHOO'DEE, v. uncover, disclose.
- ANCHOO'IE, a. unfit, unqualified.

ANDRAIL'AGH, a. See Quaiyl ardreiltagh.

- ANFIR'RINNYS, s. m. untruth; pl. -YN.
- ANGA'AISH, s. m. anguish, pain; pl. -YN.
- ANGA'AISHAGH, *a.* painful, afflicted, tortured with anguish; *s. m.* a person afflicted with pain; *pl.* 71.
- ANGA'AISHIT, afflicted, pained; 85.

ANGHIAREY'-CHYMMYLT, s. m. uncircumcision.

- ANGHIA'RIT, uncut, unhewn; 85.
- ANGHEN'NAL, a. cheerless, sad.
- ANGHEN'NALLYS, s. m. infestivity.
- ANGHOO', s. m. illfame, infamy, disgrace.
- ANGHOO'AGH, a. infamous, disgraceful.
- ANJE'AL OF ANJEEAL, s. m. breakfast, a handsel.

- ANJEE', s. m. an atheist. ANJEE'AGH, a. atheistical.
- ANLAADIT, unloaded ; disburdened ; 85.
- ANLEIGH', s. m. partiality in law.
- ANLEIGH'AGH, a. contrary to law.
- ANLHEIL' OF ANLHEILTYS, s. m. unable to move about, imbecility, helplessness.
- ANLHEIL'TAGH, s. m. a person unable to move or help himself; pl. 71.
- ANLOUT', v. unloft; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —EY, 82; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —IT, 85; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- ANLUGHT', v. unload ; -IT, 85 ; unladen.
- ANMAGH, a. derived from Anmoghey; late, not early.
- AN'MEENYN, s. pl. or ANMEEYN, souls.
- AN'MEY, a. d. of the soul or souls.
- AN'MYS, s. m. lateness ; Jud. xix. 9.
- ANN, s. (from Fann,) flay; v. —AGH; —EY —IN; —INS; —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94.
- AN'NAGHYN, s. pl. commandments.
- ANNANJE'IG. See Unnanjeig.
- AN'NEY, s. f. (sounded Ahney,) commandment.
- AN'NOON, a. weak, feeble, imbecile.
- ANNOON'AGH, s. m. a weak one; pl. 71.
- ANNOON'EY, s. m. weakness; pl. 67.
- ANNOON'ID, s. m. frailty ; pl. -YN.
- AN'NYM, s. m. soul; Heb. Anaph.
- ANOAYL'TAGH, a. unaccustomed. See also Neu.
- ANSHICK'YR, a. unsteady, unsure, inconstant, wavering. See also Neuhickyr.
- AN'SOOR. s. m. answer, verdict, award; pl. YN; v. — AGH, 77; — EE, 80; — EYDER; — IN, 83; — INS, 84; — YM, 86; — YMS, 87; — YS, 88.
- ANSOO'RIT, answered, solved; 85.
- AN'VEA, s. m. discord, division; Luke, xii. 51; strife, perplexity, disquietude, uneasiness.
- ANVE'AGH, a. discordant, troublesome.
- ANVEN'NICK. a. d. seldom, not often.
- ANVIO', a. inanimate.
- ANVROIE', a. parboiled.
- APP'AGHEY, v. ripening, maturing.
- APP'EE, a. ripe, mature, mellow.
- APP'EEID or APPEEYS, s. m. ripeness.
- Dy AR'BAGH, v. to fret, rankle or corrode. F.
- E AR'BYL, s. his train or trail; pl. 76. F.
- ARK'AN-SONNEY, s. a hedge hog, or a fabulous creature ominous of plenty; a fat little pig.
- ARD, a. high, chief, great, loud, lofty, arch, tall; s. m. coast, or point of the compass, region, side; Job, xviii. 11.
- ARD-AIG'NAGH, a. arrogant, high minded.
- Dy ARDAIL or ARDALYS, s. of vainness or vanity; pl. -YN, -SYN. F.
- Dy ARD-A'LAGH, adv. vainly, insignificantly.
- ARD-A'INLE, s. m. archangel; pl. -YN.
- ARD-A'SPICK, s. m. archbishop ; pl. -YN.
- ARD-AYR'AGHYN, s. pl. principal fathers, chief fathers; 1 Chron. xxiv. 31; Neh. vii. 71.
- ARD'-CHIARAIL or -ys, s. f. the providence of God, foresight displayed in taking measures before hand; pl. -yN; -syN.
- ARD-'CHIONE, s. m. superior.
- ARD'-CHIONEYS, s. m. superiority.
- ARD'-CHORAA, s. m. loud voice; pl. YN.
- ARD'-CHREEAGH, a. haughty, highminded.

ARK ASA ARK'YS, s. m. adversity, calamity, misfortune, ARD'-ER, s. m. a chief; 1 Chron. xxvi. 10. misery, disaster, distress; pl. -syn. ARD'-EY, a. pl. high; as, ynnydyn ardey, (high ARR'YSSAGH, a. calamitous, disasterous, distressing; s. m. a person in distressed circumstan-ARD'-FERREILL, s. m. a supreme ; 1 Pet. ii. 19. ces; pl. 71. ARD'-GHEINEY, s. pl. great men, men high in AR'MEE, s. f. army; pl. -YN. power or authority. AR'MEYDER, OF ARMYDER, s. m. an armourer, or ARD-GHEN'NALLYS, s. m. great gladness. armour bearer; 1 Sam. xiv. 13. ARD-GHOO', s. m. fame ; Num. xvi. 2. AR'MYN, s. pl. arms. ARD-GHOO'AGH, a. famous, reputable. ARN, s. f. sloe; pl. - YN. See Drineyn. ARD-GHOOIN'NEY, s. m. a great man. ARNANE', s. m. work done in the night by can-ARDID OF ARDJID. See Yrjid. dle light. The Irish have this word for task. ARD-JAGH'IN, s. m. an Archdeacon; pl. -YN. AR'PIN, s. m. an apron; the herb orpine; pl. ARD'-JYN, s. pl. coasts, regions. -YN. I have written this word as it is spoken. ARD'-LAA, s. m. a high day; John, xix. 31. ARR, v. shift, remove, flit; offer; --AGHEY, 82, to shift, &c.; -ee, remove; -in, 83; -ins, 84; -it, 85; -ym, 86; -yms, 87; -ys, 88. ARD'-LEEIDAGH, s. m. a captain ; Josh. v. 14. ARD'-LOGHT, s. m. felony, capital offence; ARR'AGH, s. f. the spring, or vernal quarter; a. any more, no more. ARD'-LOGHTAGH, s. m. a felon; pl. 71. Dy ARR'AGHT, v. to last, or endure. ARD'-LOGHTAL, a. felonious; Dy -, adv. felo-Dy ARR'AL, v. to offer, or press on. ARD-LOSS'EREY, s. m. ground-ivy, alehoof; Dy ARR'AREY, v. to wake when dead. -FIRRYN, the herb archangel. ARR'AN, s. m. bread; pl, -YN. ARD-MARR'AGH, s. m. an admiral; pl. 71. ARRANE', s. m. a song, a hymn; pl. - YN. ARD-NIEU', s. m. a serpent; pl. -YN. ARRANE'AGH, s. m. a singer; pl. 71; 2 Chron. ARD-NIEU'AGH, a. very venomous. XXXV. 15. ARD-OB'BREE, s. m. an architect; pl. -YN. ARRANE'YDER, s. m. a songster; pl. -- YN. ARD-OOAS'LEY, s. m. adoration; pl. 67. ARRANE'YS, s. m. singing. ARD-REILL' OF ARD-REIL'TYS, s. m. principality, ARR'EE, a. d. of spring; v. will last; as, arree eh choud rish hene (it will last as long as himself.) chief rule, monarchy; pl. -YN. ARR'EY, s. m. a watch; Eccl. xii. 6, a cistern, ARD-REIL'TAGH, s. m. a monarch; pl. 71. a mill-race. See Area; pl. 67. -TRAA, a ARD-SAG'GYRT, S. m. high priest ; pl. -YN. watch, a time-piece. ARD-SOI'AGHEY, s. m. acceptance. ARR'EYDAGH, a. watchful. ARD-STROI'ALTAGH, s. m. a great waster; Prov. ARR'EYDER, s. m. a watchman ; pl. -YN. ARR'IT, 85; offered; Prov. " Cha row rieau cooid ARD-VAL'LEY, s. m. a city; pl. 70. arrit mie." ARD'-SYM, s. m. the principal; pl. -YN. ARR'00, s. m. corn; pl. -YN. ARD-VOOARA'LAGH, a. imperious ; Ezek. xvi. 30. ARROO'GH, s. f. the chimb of a barrel, or tub, &c. ARD-VYGH'IN, s. m. great mercy ; pl. -YN. pl. -YN. ARD-VOL'LAGHT, s. m. an execration ; Jer. xlii. 18. ARROOVRI'VR, s. f. the night before last. This Dy ARD-VOYL'LEY, v. to magnify, to extol. word may be a corruption of Earroo, number, ARD-WAN'NALAGH, a. stiff-necked. the night that numbered before last night. ARD-WOOIN'JER, s. m. principal ones. ARR'YLTAGH, a. willing, voluntary, without any degree of reluctance, free; Rom. v. 15, free, ARD-VRIW', s. m. chancellor; Ezra, iv. 17. spontaneous; s. m. a volunteer; pl. 71. ARD'-YS, s. m. highness; pl. -YN; -REEOIL, ARR'YLTYS, s. m. compliance, willingness, readiness. AREA OF AREY, s. m. a mill-race, a passage for ARR'YM, s. m. reverence, submission, honour, respect, obedience, solemnity. ARR'YMAGH, a. reverential, submissive, dutiful. ARGA'NAGH, s. m. a disputer, an arguer; a. disobedient, solemn. ARR'YMYDAGH, s. m. one that pays respect. ARGA'NE, s. m. dispute, contest, controversy. ARR'YMYDER, s. m. one to whom respect is due, Dy ARGA'NEY, v. to dispute, argue ; questioning, an esquire. ARR'YMID, s. m. submissiveness, &c. ARR'YS, v. shall or shalt, will or wilt last or endure. ARR'YS, s. m. repentance, penitence, sorrow for sin. ARR'YSSAGH, a. sorrowful, sorry, penitent, penitential; s. m. a penitent person; pl. 71. E ARR'YSTHIE, s. m. his management of house affairs. As, conj. and. Dy ARK'IAGHT, v. (from Farkiaght,) to wait. As AD, c. p. and they, and said they, or and they said. As ADSYN, c. p. and they said ; em.

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royal highness. water to a mill. ARG, s. f. ark; pl. -YN. putative, cavelling, contentious. Mark, ix. 14.

- ARGA'NYS, s. disputation, contention.
- ARG'ID, s. m. silver, money ; pl. -YN.
- ARG'ID-AGH, a. having plenty of money.
- ARGID-BIO', s. m. quicksilver, mercury.
- ARGID-LAUE', s. m. ready money, cash.
- ARGID-RUY', s. m. copper money, pence.

ARK, s. f. a farrow ; a young pig.

- ARK'AGH, a. d. of breeding young pigs, as a sow.
- ARK'VUICKEY, s. f. a young pig. Gow ark jeh dty vuck hene.
- ARK'YN, s. f. a beast's privity.

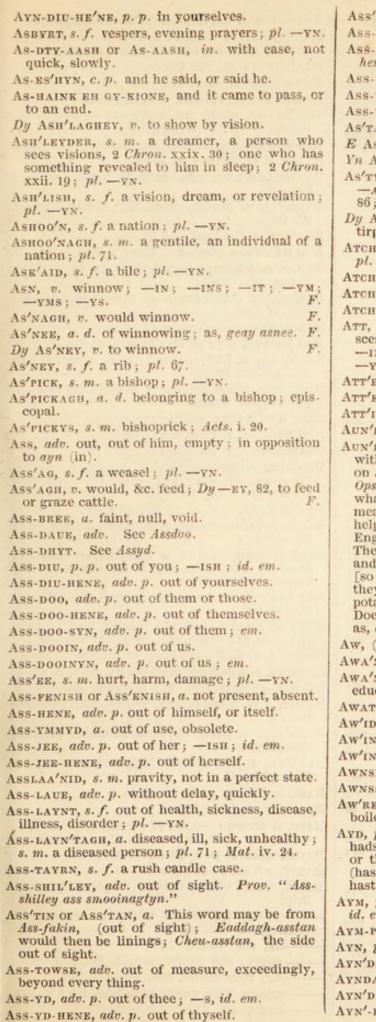
20

places.)

pl. -YN.

niously.

xviii. 9.



21

Ass'YL, s. f. an ass; pl. - YN.

Ass-YM, adv. p. out of me; -s, id. em.

Ass-YM-PENE, adv. p. out of myself. The h in hene changes to p after an m.

Ass-YNNYD, adv. out of place, out of joint.

Ass-Y-NOA, adv. anew, over again.

Ass-yn, adv. p. out of him, the emphatic of ass.

- AS'TAN, s. f. a conger, an eel; pl. -YN.
- E ASTEE, s. his shelter. F.
- Yn ASTYR, s. the evening. F
- As'TYR, v. destroy out of the roots; —AGH, 77; —AL, 79; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- Dy ASTYRT OF ASTYRAL, v. to root out or extirpate.
- ATCH'IM, s. m. dread, awe, terror, horror, fright; pl. -YN.
- ATCH'IMAGH, a. awful, dreadful ; pl. 71.
- ATCH'IMID, s. m. awfulness, &c.
- ATCH'IMIT, 85. awed, dismayed; Jer. xvii. 18.
- ATT, s. m. a swelling, an inflammation, an abscess; pl. — YN; v. swell, — AGH, 77; — EE, 80; — IN, 83; — INS, 84; — YM, 86; — YMS, 87; — YS, 88.
- ATT'EEYN, s. pl. chapiters or crowns.
- ATT'EY, s. m. a crown; pl. 67.
- ATT'IT, 85. swelled, swollen.
- AUN'DYR, s. f. a prize, something valuable.
- Aun'LYN, s. m. relish or moisture that is taken with bread, potatoes, &c. Dr. A. Clarke's note on John, vi. 9, is quite applicable to this word; Opsarion, the Greek word, he says "signifies whatever' is eaten with bread to perfect the meal, or to make it easy of deglutition, or to help the digestion. There is no word in the English language for it, which is a great defect. The inhabitants of Scotland and of the north and north-west of Ireland use the word Kytshen, [so do the inhabitants of this island,] by which they express whatever is eaten with bread or potatoes, as flesh, fish, butter, milk, eggs, &c." Does it originate in our language from ooylyn ? as, arran as ooylyn (bread and apples).
- Aw, (pronounced Aoo,) v. raw, not boiled.

Awa'NE, a. base, immodest, unchaste, obscene.

- AWA'NEAGH, s. m. a rude, raw, uncivilized, uneducated person; pl. 71.
- AWAT'TA, in. ho brave ! Obsolete.

Aw'ID, s. m. rawness; 89.

- Aw'IN, s. f. a river; pl. -YN.
- AW'INEY, a. d. of a river or rivers.

AWNSE, s. f. an ounce; pl. -YN.

- AWNSSAL, s. m. a steelyard; pl. YN.
- AW'REE, s. f. water in which any thing has been boiled; broth; pl. yN.
- Avd, pro. thy, thine, of thee, thou hast, have, or hadst; as, shoh yn obbyr ayd (this is thy work, or this work is thine or of thee); vel eh ayd (hast thou got it or got him); te ayd (thou hast it); -s, id. em.
- AYM, pro. my, mine, of me, I have or had; -s, id. em.

AYM-PENE, pro. having it myself.

AYN, pre. in, within, in him.

- AYN'DAGH, s. m. an index ; pl. YN.
- AYNDA'UE, p. p. in those; -syn, id. em.

AyN'DIU, p. p. in you or ye ; -ISH, id. em.

AYN'-DOO, p. p. in them ; - SYN, id. em.

AyN'-DOOIN, p. p. in us; -IN, id. em. AYN-DOOIN-HE'NE, p. p. in ourselves. AYN-IN, p. p. in us; -YN, id. em. AYN-IN-HE'NE, p. p. in ourselves. AYN'-JEE, p. p. in her; -ISH, id. em. AYN'-JEE-HENE, p. p. in herself. AYNS, pre. in, within; em. AYNS-POLT, adv. in an instant, in as short a time as a blow could be given. AYNS-SHEN, adv. there. AYNS-SHID, adv. yonder. AYNS-SHOH, adv. here, in this place. AYNS-TRAA, adv. in time, timely. AYNS-WHEESH, conj. inasmuch, insomuch. AYNSYN, p. p. in him, em. AYNYD, p. p. in thee; -s, id. em. AYN-YD-HE'NE p. p. in thyself. AYN-YM, p. p. in me; -s, id. em. AYN-YM PE'NE, p. p. in myself. AYR, s. m. father; pl. -AGHYN. AYR'EY, a. d. of or belonging to a father. AYRN, s. m. part, share, portion; pl. -YN. Ayro'IL, a. fatherly, paternal.

B

B, as a radical initial, and the changes it undergoes, see Remarks 42 and 43. Words primarily in p, change their initials to b, as, peccah (sin); nyu beccah (their, our, or your sin). This letter and s have some connexion in a few words, but which is radical is not well known; as, bare (best), future tense; share (best), present tense; bione dou (I knew); shione dou (I know); baillym (I would wish); saillym (I do wish), &c.

BA or BAA, a. d. of a cow or cows; as, bainney baa (cow's milk); 1 Sam. vi. 7.

BAA, s. m. a buss, a salutation with the lips.

Nyn BAAG, s. your, &c., kiss ; pl. — YN. P. BAAGH, s. m. a beast.

bAAIE'AGH, s. m. a cow house.

BAAIHN, s. m. a cow's or beast's heam ; pl. -YN.

- BAAIR, s. m. a crop, what is cut off the land at a time; pl. see Bhir.
- BAAISH, a. d. of death; s. the forehead or temple; pl. -- YN; Judges, V. 26.
- BAAN'RIT, a. insane, distracted, lunatic, out of right senses.
- BAAR, v. spend; —AGH, 77; —AIL, 78; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.

BAAR-AAD'JIN, an herb of the heath class.

- BAARE, s. m. point, end, tip; pl. -- YN. Chur eh dys baare vie eh (he put it to a good end).
- BAAR'ELAGH, s. m. the top on corn or meal; the refuse of grain in the act of sifting.

BAAREY, v. making bare, cutting roughness off.

BAAR'EYDER, s. m. a person who makes bare, a spender.

BAARE-Y-LANE, s. m. high-water-mark. BAA'RIT, pt. spent, made bare.

BAARLE, s. f. the English or British language. BAA'RLAGH, a. English or British : exclusively used in speaking of the English language. BAA'RNEY, s. f. See Barney. P. Nyn BAART, s. your, &c., part. Er BAARTA'IL, v. hath, &c., departed. P. Cha BAART, would, &c., not part; -AGH; IN : P. -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94, 158. Nyn BAARTEA'YS, s. your, &c. partner, pl. -YN. P BAASE, s. m. death ; pl. -YN. BAASHIAGH-ENN, adv. easy to know, or well known. BAASO'IL, a. deadly, death-like, fatal; -EY, a. pl. id. BAA'TEY, s. f. a boat; pl. 69. Nyn BAA'YS, s. your, &c., thirst; Hag. i. 6. P. BAB, s. m. a babe; a lappet of the ear in marking sheep; pl. -YN. BAB'AN, or BAB'BAN, s. m. a baby or doll; the dim. of Bab. BAB'BANEY, v. cockering, indulging. Nyn BA'BYR, s. your, &c., paper ; pl. -YN. P. BAC'CAGH, a. halt, maimed; s. m. a person halt or disabled; pl. 71 BACK, adv. when applied to motion the same as the English word. BAD, s. m. a bat; as, bad camag; pl. - YN. Nyn BA'DJER, s. your, &c., prayer; pl. -YN. P. Cha BAG'GLE, v. no cause of fear ; 161. BAG'GYR, v. threaten, insult, denounce ; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -EY, 82; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88. BAG'GYRAGH, a. d. of threatening, &c. BAG'GYRT, v. threatening, insulting, denouncing ; pl. -YN. BAG'GYRTAGH, a. in a threatening manner, roughly, Gen. xlix, 30; s. m. one who is a threatener; pl. 71. BAG'GYRTYS, s. f. a menace, insult, a denunciation of evil. BAGH OF BEAGH, v. dwell, inhabit, live ; -AGH, 77; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 87; -YS, 88. BAGH'EE, a. d, of a dwelling, of living. BAGH'EY, v. dwelling, inhabiting ; John, ii. 38. BAGHIT, pt. bred, fed. See Beaghit; 85. BAGHT, s. m. discernment, observation, penetration. BAGH'TAL, a. plain, obvious, manifest, evident, conspicuous. BAGH'YL, s. f. a staff or badge of authority, a Bishop's staff. BAIE, s. f. a bay ; pl. -AGHYN. BAIGH'EY, v. drowning. BAIH, v. drown ; -AGH, 77 ; -EE, 80 ; -IN, 83 ; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88. BAIH'EYDER, s. m. a drowner ; pl. -YN. BAIHT, pt. drowned; 85. BAILL, would wish, or rather, be pleased, or willing. -MAYD, we would wish, or rather, be pleased, or willing. -EE, she would, &c. -EEISH, she would or will, &c. ; id. em. -EU, they would, &c., be. -EUISH, they would or will be, &c.; id. em.

- BAILLHIENYN, We, &c.; id. em. -oo. See Bailliu. -YM, I would, &c. -YMS, I would; id. em. 161. BAILT, v. thou wouldst be pleased, wish, or be willing of; -s, id. em. BAIN'NAGH, a. d. of milk, milky. BAIN'NEY, s. m. milk ; pl. 67 ; -CLABBAGH, OF -GEIR, crudled or sour milk. Nyn BAITCH'EY, s. our, &c., child; pl. 69. P. Nyn BALCH'EY, s. your, &c., plenty; pl. 69. P. BAL'JEY, a. d. of a town, of an estate. BALE, s. m. a piece missed in ploughing. Prov. " Ny jean balk jeh thalloo mie." BAL'LA OF BAL'LEY, s. m. a town, an estate. Has this word any analogy to Boal or Boalley? (a wall or fence). Perhaps an estate or town was not called so until it was fenced round, or walled ; pl. - BALJYN. BAL'LA-BEG-CHEEREY, s.m. a village. BALLEY-CHASH'TAL, s. m. Castletown, the metropolis of the Island, situate on the southern shore of the parish of Malew, so named from its fine Castle, which was built about the year 960. BALLEY-HALLOO'IN, s. m. a farm. BALLEY-MER'GEE, s. m. a market town. BAL'LOO, a. dumb; s. m. the dumb. BAL'LOOID, s. m. dumbness. BANE, a. white. BA'NEE, a. whiteish ; binding ; as, cront banee (a binding knot). BA'NEY, a. pl. white; as, deiney baney (white men). BANE'AGH OF BANE'AGHEY, v. whitening. BANE'ID, s. m. whiteness. BANE'JAGH OF BAN'JAGH, s. f. lea land, land left for grass, or rather to feed milch cattle on. The word may be from Bainney (milk, milch land). BAN'JEE, a. d. of lea land; as, magher banjee (a lea field). BAN'JYN, s. pl. weddings. BANG'AN, s. m. a branch; pl. -YN. BANG'ANAGH, a. branchy. BANGLA'NE, s. m. a bough ; pl. -YN. BANGLANE'AGH, a. having many boughs. BANISTH'IE, s. m. housewifery, the management of house affairs or of a family by a mistress. \*BANN OF BAN'NEE, v. bless; - AGH, 77; -AGHEY, 82; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; - YMS, 87; -YS, 88. BAN'NAG, s. f. I cannot tell what this word means, if not the Manks of ballad. I have heard it used for a rhyme said or sung on Hol-The Welch have Bann for a landtide-eve. poem, and Bannag for an article. BAN'NAGHT, s. m. a blessing or benediction. BAN'NEE-JEE, v. bless ye. BAN'NEE-JEE SHIU, in. God bless you or ye. BAN'NIT, pt. blessed; 85.
- BAN'NISH, s. f. a wedding.
- BAN'SHEY, a. d. of a wedding.
- BAN'TAN, s. m. a bantling ; pl. -YN.

Nyn BAN'YS, s. your, &c., penance; pl. - SYN. P BARB, a. harsh, rough, severe. BARB'AGH, adv. harshly. BARB'EY, a. pl. harsh, rough. BAR'DAGH OF BARDOO'NAGH, s. m. a poet, a bard; pl. 71; Acts xvii. 28. BARDOO'N, s. m. a doleful song. Nyn BARDoo'n s. your, &c., pardon. P. BARDOO'NYS, s. m. tragical poetry. BARE, a. (from By share,) best, the future of share. Ny BARE, better. -DA, best for him. -DASYN, best for him, em. -DAUE, best for them. -DAUESYN, best for them, em. -DHYT, best for thee. -DHYTS, best for thee, em. -DIU, best for you or ye. -DIUISH, best for you, em. -DOOIN, best for us. -DOOINYN, best for us, em. -DOU, best for me. -DOOYS, best for me, em. -J'EE, best for her. -J'EEISH, best for her, em. - LESH, he would rather. -LESHYN, he would rather, em. LHIAM, I would rather ; Prov. " Cha row rieau bare-lhiam jeant magh." -LHIAMS, I would rather, em. -LHIAT, thou wouldst rather. -LHIATS, thou wouldst rather, em. -LH'EE, she would rather. -LH'EE'ISH, she would rather, em. -LHIEN, we would rather. -LHIEN'YN, we would rather, em. -LHIEU, they would rather. -LHIEU'SYN OF LHIEU'ISH, they, &c. would rather, em. BARGA'NE, s. m. a bargain, a deed. -CRECK, s. m. deed of sale. -GIOALT'EEAGH, s. m. a deed of mortgage. -SOIAGH, s. m. a lease. -NASH'TEE, s. m. a matrimonial con. tract. -YDER, s. m. a bargainer; pl. - YDERYN. BARGA'NE, v. bargain; -AGH, 77; -E, 80; -Y, 82; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -IT, 85; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88. Nyn BARGYS, s. your, &c., paradise. BAR'NAGH, s. f. a limpet, a common kind of shellfish which adheres to rocks; it is also called flitter, in English, in this Island; pl. 71. BARN'EY, s. f. a breach, a gap; pl. 67. BAROO'LE, s. m. There are two mountains of this name in the Island, said to derive their names from their summits resembling the tops of apples; as, *baare ooyle* (the top of an apple). BAR'RAGH, s. f. tow, the shorts of lint, cloth made of tow; pl. 71. BARR'ANT OF BARR'ANTYS, s. m. assurance, warrantry, warrant, stress, confidence, fidelity. BARR'ANTAGH, a. confidant, worthy of trust or

BARR'EE, a. d. of tow, or tow cloth; pl. -YN.

confidence.

beeal voaldy (the entrance into May); -y-BARREY, s.m. a bar, a bolt, a barrow; pl. 67. phurt (the entrance into the harbour); -ny--LAUE, s. f. a hand-barrow. giattey; Jud. ix. 40. \_\_\_\_QUEEYLAGH, s. f. a wheel-barrow. BEEAL'AGHYN, s. m. the bits of a bridle. BARR'IAGHT, s. f. victory ; pl. -YN. BEEAL'ERAGH, v. babbling, talking too much. BARRIAGHTO'IL, a. victorious. BEEAL'EREY, s. m. f. a babbler, a talkative per-BARR'IAGHTYS, s. m. victoriousness. son; pl. 69. BART, s. m. a burthen, load. BEEAL'-FREAYN, adv. (from Beeal-freayney) in a BASH'LAGH, s. m. a dash or douse of water. hasty manner, abruptly. The simile is taken from an animal that is run or wrought hard, BASHT, v. baptize, christen ; -AGH, 77 ; -EE, 80 ; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM 86; -YMS 87; -YS 88. and foams at the mouth. BEEAL'-MULLAG, s. m. bung-hole of a cask. BASH'TEE, a. d. of baptism or baptising. BEEAL'-LOO, a. d. of or convenient to or for the BASH'TEY, s. m. baptism; pl. 67. mouth or front ; as, bee-beealloo (mouth's meat). BASH'TEYDER, s. m. a baptizer ; pl. -YN. BEEAT'AIG, s. f. a jade, a hussy; pl. - YN. BASH'TIT, pt. baptized; 85. BEEAU, (from By-fieau) worth, would be worth; BASE'AID OF BAST'AG, s. f. a basket; pl. -YN. syn. with Beeagh. Er BASTAL, adv. past, past all. BEE-BRISHT, s. m. offal, giblets. BASS, s. f. the palm of the hand ; the blade of an BEE-COO'AG, s. f. woodsorrel. oar; pl. - YN. BEE-DTY-HOST, in. silence, or be thou silent. BAS'SAG, s. f. a frivolous sport in which those employed slap each others hands. BEE-EF, v. will she be, or she will be. BEEIR, adv. as, my beeir da (if what he says be BASS'EY, a. d. of the palm. true, or to be heeded); the preterit or past tense BAS'TAGH, in. pity. of Sheeir. BAULK, s. m. a long-line to fish with ; pl. -YN. BEE'-JEE, v. be ye or you. BAUM, s. m. balm. BEE'M, v. I will be; -s, id. em. BAYL'LEE, s. m. a bailiff; pl. -YN. BEE-MUCE, s. f. the herb sowthistle; by some BAYR OF BEYR, s. m. a way, avenue, lane; pl. called Bainney-muck, because when broken or -NYN OF -YN. cut it exudes a milky juce ; lit. food for swine. BAYREY, a. d. of a way, lane, or avenue. BEE-00, v. thou wilt be; pronounced bou. BAYRN, s. m. a cap; pl. -YN. BEEYT OF BEEIYT, 85; fatted, fed, stall-fed. BEG, a. little, small, diminutive. -MOO'AR, s. m. a sea nettle. BEG'GAN, v. less than little; the dim. of little. BAYT'NAG OF BAD'LAG, s. f. the planet Venus. BEGGAN-BEG, adv. little or nothing. BEA, s. f. life, life-time. BEGGAN-JOU'-EE-ORT, a bad wish ; it either means too little drink, or too little appetite. BEAGH, v. would be, should be. BEGGAN-NY-BOO'ISE, little thanks. -- v. live, feed. -- AGH, 77; -- EE, 80; -- IN, 83; -INS, 84; -IT, 95; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; BEG'GEY, a. pl. little, small. -YS, 88. BEG'GID, s. m. littleness, diminutiveness. BEAGHEY, s. m. food, victuals, sustenance; v. BEHR or BERR, v. lay, yean, calve, foal; -AGH, feeding, living, liveth. 77, &c. BEAGHEE, a. d. of living or dwelling. Dy BEIGN, v. if I were, or would be. BEAGH'EYDER, s. m. a feeder, a sustainer; pl. -DA, v. that he must; Mat. xvi. 21. -YN. -'s, v. if I were, em. BEAM, s. m. what is cut by a sickle at once in BEIHLL, v. grind, bray; pl. -AGHYN; -AGH, reaping; a mark cut in the ear of a sheep; pl. 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YN. -YMS, 87; -YS, 88. BEA-O'IL, a. moral. BEIHLL'EYDER OF BEIHLL'INDER, s. m. a grinder ; BEARK, s. f. a corn ; pl. - YN. pl. -YN. BEA-VE'AYN, s. m. eternal life, eternal duration. BEIHLLT OF BEIHLT, ground; 85. BEAVN, a. eternal, immortal, permanent, per-BEILL, s. pl. mouths, the plural of Beeal; petual, durable, lasting. Mat. xxi. 16. BEAYN'AGHEY, v. prolonging, lengthening; BEINN, s. m. peak, pinnacle, summit; pl. -YN. Prov. x. 27. BEISHT, s. m. a brute ; pl. - YN. BEAYN'EE, s. m. f. a reaper, a shearer; pl. -YN. BEISH'TAGH, a. brutish, brutal. BEAYNEY, a. d. of a reaper or shearer. BEISH'TEIG, s. f. a reptile; pl. -YN. BEAYN'ID, s. m. eternity, perpetuity immorta-BEISH'TYN, s.f. pl. vermin ; the tooth-ache, from lity, duration without end. a supposition that the pain is occasioned by BEAYS, s. m. being, existence. animalculæ which breed in the teeth. Nyn BEC'CAGH, s. m. your, &c. sinner; pl. 71. P. BEIYH'AGHEY, v. feeding ; Mat. viii. 10. Nyn BEC'CAH, s. your, &c. sin. P. BEIYN, s. pl. beasts; the pl. of Baagh. BECK, s. f. a bench in a boat; pl. - YN. BEN, s. f. a woman, a wife. BEE, v. be, will be. BENAAIS'HNEE, s. f. a female fortune teller. BEE, s. m. meat, food, fodder. BEN-AEG, s. f. a young woman. BEEAGH, v. would be worth. BEN-AINSHTYR, s. f. a mistress. BEEAL, s. m. mouth; pl. see Beill. This word BEN-AU'STEYR, s. f. a nun. Perhaps the Nunis also used for an entrance or passage; as, nery near Douglas derived its name from this

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- BEN-CHEE', s. f. a woman that gives suck.
- BEN-CHLE'UIN, s. f. a son's wife, daughter-in-law.
- BEN-GHOAL, s. f. a blind woman.
- BEN-ISTHIE' OF BAN-ISTHIE', which see.
- BEN-JEE, s. f. a Goddess; "yn ven jee," Acts. xix. 37.
- BENN, v. touch; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —IT, 85; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88. Job. ii. 5.
- BEN'NALT, v. wafting, fluttering, fanning, moving backwards and forwards in the wind.
- BEN'NEYDER, s. m. a toucher; pl. -YN.
- BEN-OAIN'JYR OF BEN-OAIN'JYRAGH, s. f. a harlot, a concubine.
- BEN-OA'ST, s. f. the land-lady of a public house or inn.
- BEN-PHOO'SEE, s. f. a bride.
- BEN-PHOO'ST, s. f. a married woman, a wife.
- BEN-REAY'LT OF BEN-FREAVLT, s. f. a midwife, a woman to clear or disentangle; from dy chur reaghey; or if from freaylt, a woman kept for the purpose.
- BEN-REIN', s. f. a queen, king's wife.
- BEN-SEY'R, s. f. a gentlewoman.
- BEN-THI'E, s. f. the woman of the house.
- BEN-TREOGH'E, s. f. a widow; pl. see Mraane.
- BEN'TYN, adv. touching, respecting, appertaining concerning, connected with.
- BEN-VAN'SHEY, s. f a woman who attends a wedding.
- BEN-VARR'EY, s. f. a mermaid.
- BEN-VOOIN'JEREY, s. f. a kins-woman.
- BEOYN, s. m. tendency, drift, instinct. Ta beoyn er yn ushtey dy roie lesh y ninshley.
- BERCH'AGH, a. rich; Prov. "Ta ynsagh coamrey stoamey yn dooinney berchagh, as t'eh berchys y dooinney boght;" s. m. a rich person.
- BERCH'EE, s. pl. rich people ; v. enrich.
- BERCH'ID, s. m. richness.
- BERCH'YS, s. f. riches.
- BERHT OF BERT, pt. layed, calved, foaled, yeaned, &c ; Exod. xxxiv. 19.
- BERR, v. overtake; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —IT, 85; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- BERR'AGHT OF BERR'AGHTYN, v. overtaking.
- BERREE'N, s. f. a cake, a clapt cake; pl. YN.
- BERR'EMAN, s. m. a neck collar; pl. --YN. This word no doubt ought to be spelled *Berremwing* or *Berrequing*.
- BERR'EYDER, s. m. an overtaker.
- BERR'ISH, s. f. a berry; pl. -YN.
- Nyn BERSOO'N, s. your, &c. person.
- BER'TYN, v. See Berraght.
- BESS'EE, s. f. Elizabeth, Betty.
- BEHTT, v. wager, bet; —AGH, 77; —AL, 79; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —IT, 85; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88; pl. —YN; s. m. a wager; pl. —YN.
- BEHT'TEYDER, s. m. a wagerer, a better.
- Ny BEUYR, s. pl. the deaf; the pl. of Bouyr.
- BEYSAGH, a. compliant, gentle, tame.
- BHEILL, v. grind; Num. xi. 8.
- BHER, s. m. a spit to roast meat.
- BHID'EE, she will be; -ISH; id. em.
- BHIR, s. pl. spits, the pl. of Bher and of Baair.

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**P**.

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- BHIT'TAG, s. m. milk for churning.
- BHLICK, s. pl. blocks.
- BHLIT, 85. milked
- BHOW, s. m. a bow to shoot with; the prow of a ship or vessel; pl. GHYN.
- BHOW-GHORREE, s. m. the galaxy or milky-way. BHULLU'GHT OF BOOALIUGHT, s. f. the herb mayflower.
- BHUR'KIN, s. m. a bodkin; pl. -YN.
- BHUR'TAG, s. f. a blunt knife or tool; pl. -YN.
- BHUT, s. m. a mark to shoot at; a prop or something to stand against to support, a bulwark; pl. - YN.
- BHUT'TAG, s. f. shorter furrows than other parts of the field; a gusset; pl. - yn.
- BHUTTOO'R, s. m. a buttress, a pillar ; pl. YN.
- BIAL, a. subject; Psl. cxlviii. (metre).
- BI'ALLAGH, a. obedient, submissive; s. m. a submissive person; pl. 71.
- BI'ALLYS, s. m. obedience, submission.
- Nyn BIAN, s. your, &c. pain.
- Nyn BIB'BIN, s. your, &c. puffin.
- BIB'BERNEE, v. shivering, shuddering with cold or illness.
- Nyn BIB'BYR, s. your, &c. pepper. P.
- Nyn BICK, s. your, &c. pitch; pick-axe. P.
- BIEAU, a. quick, swift, speedy.
- BIEAU'ID, s. m. quickness, speed.
- BIL'LAGH, a. d. of trees, full of trees.
- BIL'LEY, s. m. a tree; pl. 70.
- BILLEY-BWEE' OF BUIGH, s. m. bay tree or laurel.
- My BIL'LIU, v. if you please or choose.
- My BIL'LIUISH, v. if you please, &c., em.
- BINE, s. m. a drop; pl. -YN.
- BING, a. shrill; -EY, a. pl. shrill.
- BING, s. f. a jury; pl. AGHYN.
- Nyn BING, s. your, &c. penny.
- BING'AGH, a. d. of a jury; as, dooinney bingagh (a juryman).
- BINGEY, a. d. of a jury; as, deiney bingey (jurymen).
- BINGYS, s. f. music, harmony.
- BIN'JAGHEY, v. crudling, or making in small cruds.
- BINJEA'N, s. f. milk turned to crud with rennet, crudled in haste with rennet.
- BINK, s. f. a bench; base; pl. --YN; 2 Kings, XXV. 13.
- BINN, s. pl. the corners of a sheet or handkerchief, points; Acts. xi. 5.
- BIN'NID, s. f. a rennet; pl. -YN.
- BIN'SHEY, a. d. of a rennet.
- B'IN'SHLEY, a. lowest, lowermost.
- BIO, v. live; as, bio chabbyl as yiow bee; a. alive, animated.
- BIO'-AL OF BIO'-OIL, adv. lively.
- BIO'EE, s. pl. the living; v. enliven.
- BIO'GHEE, v. will or shall give life.
- BIO'GHEY, v. enlivening, quickening.
- BIO'GHEY-ROAYRT OF USHTEY-BIO, s. m. the first rising of the spring tide after a neap.
- BIO'ID, s. m. liveliness.
- BIO'IT, 85. enlivened, quickened.
- BIOL, s. f. a fiddle.
- BIONE, v. knew, did know, the past tense of Shione.

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BIOYR, a. brisk, smart; v. brisk; -AGH, 77;	By-lieh (a thing about as good as half); $pl$ .
-AGHEY, 82; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -IT, 85; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.	-GHYN. BLEIN, s. f. a year.
BIO'YREE, v. enliven, make brisk.	BLEINLHE'IM, s. f. a leap year.
BIO'YRID, s. m. briskness.	BLEN'NICK, s. f. the fat of the belly.
BIOYS, s. f. life, existence.	BLENNICK-CHOL'GEY, id. A corruption of Bolgey.
BIRK, s. pl. the pl. of Beark, corns.	BLESH OF BY-LIESH, s. m. ownership.
BIR'RAG, s. f. a sharp pointed tooth, or any	BLESH'IN, v. belonging to him.
thing sharp pointed, an eye tooth; plYN. BIR'RAGH, a. pointed, sharp pointed.	BLEST, s. m. blast; pl YN; Deut. XXVIII. 22.
*BISH OF BISHEE, v. increase, multiply, enlarge;	BLEST KEAYIN, s. m. a sea blast; v. — AGH, 77; — EE, 80; — IN, 83; — INS, 84; — IT, 85; — YM,
-AGH, 77; -AGHEY, 82; -IN, 83; -INS, 84;	86; -ys, 88.
-YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.	Cha Blhig, v. 167. will not let or permit.
BISH'EE. This word is used for the verb Bish, increase, augment, establish; Psl. xc. 17.	Cha BlHIG'AGH, v. would, &c. not let, &c.
BISH'EYDER, s. m. an increaser, a multiplier;	BLHUID, s. pl. blades.
<i>pl.</i> —YN.	BLIACE, v. did or didst like. BLIEAUN, v. milk, milking; —AGH, 77; —EE,
BISH'IT, 85. augmented, multiplied.	80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87;
Nyn BISH'YR, s. your, &c. pease. P.	-YS, 88; plAGHYN, milkings.
BITCH'EY, s. f. a bitch; pl. 69. BITE, s. m. wick; bait to fish; plYN; v.	BLIEAU'NAGHT, s. m. the milking.
-AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -EY, 82; -IN, 83; -INS,	BLIEAUN'EVDER, s. m. a milker; plYN.
84; -YM, 86; -IT, 85; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.	BLIEH, v. grinding. BLIOAR, v. it would, &c. be enough.
Nyn BIYR, s. your, &c. pair. P.	BLOB, v. blab, babble.
BLAA, s. m. bloom, flower, blossom ; pl. —GHYN. BLAA'GHAGH, v. would, &c. bud, blossom, or	ERAGHT, v. babbling.
flower.	EREY, s. m. a babbler. See also Blaberey.
BLAA'GHEE, v. will, &c. id.	BLOCKAN, s. m. a pollock fish ; plYN.
BLAA'GHEY, v. blossoming, flowering, budding,	BLOD, s. m. a blade.
flourishing; Phil. iv. 10.	Cha BLOOGH, v. not smother or stifle; —AGH; —IN; —INS; —YM; —YMS. P.
BLAA'GHIT, 85. flowered, blossomed. BLAA'GHYS, v. shall or will, &c. id.	BLOUSE, s. f. a slovenly woman.
BLAA-HIA'ss, s. m. lukewarmth.	B'LOYS, v. durst, darest.
Nyn BLAASE, s. our, &c. palace. P.	Cha BLUCK, v. not pull or pluck ; -AGH ; -IN ;
BLAA'SHAGH-BUIGH OF BASKAID-WUIGH, s. f. the	-INS; -YM; -YMS. P.
wild or field marygold. Nun BLAINNT, s. your, &c. complaint. P.	BLUCKAN OF BLUGGAN, s. m. a ball; pl yN. BLUCK'ANEY OF BLUG'GANEY, v. forming into a
Nyn BLAIYNT, s. your, &c. complaint. P. BLAKE, v. gaze, gape; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80;	ball or round mass.
-EY, 22; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -IT, 85; -YM,	BLUIGHT, a. milch, giving milch; opposite to
86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88; pl. —YN. P.	Shast.
BLA'KEYDER, s. m. a gazer, a gaper. BLASS or BLAYST, s. m. taste, savour, flavour;	BLUIGH'TAGH, s. m. milch cattle. BOAD'AGH, s. m. a $cod$ ; pl. 71.
plYN; vAGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83;	BOAD'RYM, s. f. a greave ; plYN ; 1 Sam.
-INS, 84; -IT, 85; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87;	xvii. 6.
-YS, 88. BLA'SSTAL, a. tasteful, savoury, palatable.	Nyn BOAG'EY, s. your, &c., bag; pl. 67. P
BLA'SSTEY OF BLA'SSTYN, v. tasteth, tasting.	BOAL OF BOALLEY, s. m. a wall; pl. 67. The trans- lators of the Scriptures have not in any case
Cha BLEAD, v. not plead; -AGH; -EE; -IN;	used this radical, but always Voal, for which I
-INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS. P.	cannot assign any reason.
BLEAN, s. f. flank, groin; Lev. iii. 15; plYN.	BOA'LDYN, s. f. May; as laa boaldyn (May-day); mee ny boaldyn (May-month.). The etymology
BLEAYN, s. f. an emerod, a pile; pl YN. BLEAYR, v. saw clearly, did see. This word is	of this word is not well known; some say it is
used when there is some difficulty in seeing;	derived from <i>Boal</i> (a wall), and <i>Teine</i> (fire), Irish, in reference to the practice of going
Honnick (saw), is used when there is no dif-	round the walls or fences with fire on the eve
ficulty. BLEAYST, s. f. a husk, the shell of an egg, any	of this day; others, that it is derived from <i>Laa</i> bwoailtchyn, the day cattle or sheep are first
covering that is easily shattered; plYN.	put to the fold ; others, a corruption of Blieaun-
BLEAY'STACH, a. husky.	<i>tyn</i> , "the month of three milkings," as the Saxons called this month.
BLEB, s. m. a befooled person, a cully, a person	BOAL'LAGH, usage. See Bollagh.
acting foolishly; pl. — EEYN, — INYN, OT YN. BLEB'IN OF BLEB'AN, s. m. one that is a little	BOAL'LAGH, v. would, &c. wall.
befooled, the dim. of Bleb.	BOAL'LEYDER, s. m. a waller, plYN.
BLEB'INAGH, a. foolish, easily made a fool of.	BOAL'LIN, v. I was used or wont; Judges, xvi.
BLEB'INYS, s. m. foolery, folly.	20;
BLEE'ANEY, a. d. of a year, annual, BLEE'ANTYN, s. pl. years.	BOAND, v. band; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83;
BLEIM or BLEIE, s. m. a halfling; perhaps from	-INS, 84; -IT, 85; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
between the states of the stat	-13,00,

BOAN'DEY, s. m. a band; pl. 67.

- BOAN'DYR, s. f. a nurse; -KEE, a wet nurse; - SHAST, a dry nurse.
- BOAN'DYR, v. nurse; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80, -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88; pl. -YN.
- BOAN'DYREY, s. m. a male nurse.
- BOAN'DYRIT, S5. nursed, nourished.
- BOAN'DYRYS, v. nursing.
- BOAN'LAGH, s. m. the refuse; 2 Kings, xxiv. 14.
- BOAN'NOO OF BAIN'NIU, s. m. a well nursed pig
- after being weaned, a half grown pig; pl. -YN. P.
- Nyn BOAN'REY, s. your, &c. beans.
- BOAR'DER, s. m. border; pl. -YN.
- BOAYL, s. m. a place, a ball to play with; pl. -LYN OF BUILL.
- BOAYL'DIN. Two vallies in the parish of Braddan are so called, no doubt from their low situations; as, boayl dowin (a low place).
- BOAYRD, s. m. a table, a board.
- Nyn Bo'BBLE, your, &c. people, community. P.
- BO'CHIL, v. herd; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88. BOC'HILLAGHT, v. herding.
- BO'CHILLEY-ANMEY, s. m. a pastor.
- BO'CHILLEY, s. m. f. a herd or shepherd, pl. 69. BO'CHILLIT, 85. herded.
- BOCK, s. m. a gelded horse, a gelding. The word is also used for Bock goar (a he goat), from buck goat.
- BOCK-GLASS, s. m. the greyhound fish.
- BOCK-YUAN-FANNEE, s. m. the horse of one John, who had flayed it, and who afterwards was obliged to travel on foot ; hence a man's own legs and feet, or his stick, are so termed.
- Nyn Bod'dash, s. your, &c. pottage ; pl. YN. P.
- BOD'JAL, s. m. a cloud; pl. -YN.
- BOD'JALAGH, a. cloudy; a. d. of a cloud or clouds.
- BOD'JALEY, v. gathering clouds.
- Bog, a. soft, moist. \*Bogg, v. soften; -AGH, 77; -AGHEY, 82; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- BOG'GEY, s. m. joy, gladness.
- BOG'GEYSAGH, a. rejoicing, gladdening.
- Boggo'IL, a. joyous, glad, merry.
- Bo'ggys, s. m. brag, boast; Rom. iii. 27.
- Bo'ggyssagu, v. boasting ; s. m. a boaster ; pl. 71; Rom. i. 30.
- BOGHAN-DH'O, s. f. the herb burdock.
- BOGHLA'NE, s. m. a bank, an old hedge ; pl. YN.
- BOGHLA'NAGH, a. full of banks.
- BOGHT, a. poor, needy, indigent; -DYLIOOAR, poor enough; s. m. a poor person, a pauper; pl. - YN. Prov. "Boght, boght dy bragh."
- Dy BOGHT, adv. poorly, indigently.
- BOGHT'YNID, s. m. poverty, poorness.
- BOGR'ENISH, s. f. the herb osmondroyal or water-fern.
- Cha BOHLLD, v. would not uphold or warrant; -AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS. P. P.
- Nyn BOHT, s. your, &c. pot.
- BOID'DAGH, s. m. a stingy person, a churl; pl. 71.
- Nyn BOIN'NAR, s. your, &c. boy or girl; pl. -YN. P .

- Cha BOINSH v. 158. not appoint; -AGH; --IN : P -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94.
- Nyn Boinsh'eil v. your, &c. appointing. P.
- BOIR, v. trouble, disturb, bother; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -IT, 85; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- BOIR'AGH, a. troublesome, tumultuous.
- BOIRA'NE, s. m. a clamorous fellow.
- BOIRA'NEAGH, a. brawling or turbulent.
- BOIRA'NYS, s. m. balderdash, brawl, bother, troublesomeness, tumult, the effects of being wrong in the head.
- BOIREY, s. m. disturbance, trouble, strife, pl. 67.
- BOLG, v. roast, or raise blisters by fire; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS. 88.
- BOLG, s. m. the belly; pl. 74.
- BOLG'AGH, a. d. of the belly, of blisters.
- BOLG'AN, s. m. a bubble, a blister ; pl. -YN.
- BOLGA'NE, s. f. the calf of the leg; pl. -YN.
- BOLG'EYDER s. m. a roaster ; pl. YN.
- BOL'GEY, v. roasting or blistering; a. d. of the belly or bellies.
- BOL'GIT, 85. roasted.
- BOL'GUM OF BOL'GYM, s. m. a mouth full of liquid; a corruption of Beeal-gum; pl. 71.
- BOL'LAG, s. f. a skull; pl. -YN.
- BOL'LAGH, a. (from Byoayllagh,) wont, or used of; 1 Sam. xviii. 10.
- BOL'LAGH, a. clean bare, altogether brought.
- Dy BOL'LAGH, adv. entirely, utterly.
- BOL'LAN, s. f. the fish old wife, or rock fish; pl. -YN.
- Nyn Bol'LAN, s. your, &c. saddle cloth.
- BOL'LEY, s. m. a boll, a measure of six bushels, or twenty-four kishens of barley and oats, four bushels or sixteeen kishens of wheat, rye, pease, beans, and potatoes; pl. 67.
- Nyn Bolt, s. your, &c. knock or thump ; AGH ; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94. P.
- BOLVA'NE, s. m. a numskull, a blockhead; pl. -YN.
- BOLVA'NEAGH, a. doltish, mopish, dull of apprehension, stupid.
- BOLVA'NEYS, s. m. stupefaction, stupidity.
- BON'DAGH, s. m. one in bondage; pl. 71; 2 Kings, iv. 1.

BON'DIAGHT, s. m. bondage; pl. - YN.

- BON'KAN, s. m. a boor, a bumpkin, a rustic, a mountaineer, a clown; pl. - YN.
- BON'NAD, s. m. a bonnet; pl. -YN.
- BON'NEE OF BON'NY, s. f. a general name for an old mare.
- Boo, v. (a contraction of Bee-oo), thou wilt be, or wilt thou be; --uss, id. em.
- BOOA, s. f. a cow. Heb. Bakar; pl. -GHYN.
- BOOA-GHO'AYN, s. f. the herb fumatory.

Nyn BOOAR, s. our, &c. power ; pl. - AGHYN. P. BOO'DEE, adv. jointly, in partnership.

- Boo'deeys, s. m. partnership ; pl. -syn.
- Nyn Boo'dyr, s. your, &c. powder ; pl. YN. P.
- Cha Boo'DYRAGH, 185. would, &c. not powder; -IN; -INS; -YN; -YM. P.
- BOOGH, s. m. bilge, protuberance; pl.-YN. 2 Chron. iv. 12.
- Boo'IAGH, a. willing, content, satisfied. See Bwooiagh, as it ought to be written : " Cha vel

Boo'ISAL, a. thankful, grateful.

BOOISE, s. m. thanks, praise. BOOIT, s. m. boot; chance.

Booli, s. m. boot, chance.

Boo'REY, s. m. a beach; pl. 67.

- Cha Boose, v. not marry; —AGH; —IN; —INS; —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94. Nyn BOOSEY, YOUR, &c. pl. BOOSAGHYN, marriages. P.

\_\_\_\_\_ARGID, s. m. tansy, silverweed.

DHOA OF BOGANDHO, s. m. clotbur, burdock, or coppy-major.

\_\_\_\_\_FEALOIN, s. f. mugwort.

FEEACELE, s. f. dog's tooth, violet.

GENNISH, s. f. barren wort.

\_\_\_\_\_JARGAN, s. m. fleawort.

MOLLAGH, s. m. a species of ragwort.

PEPYRAGH, s. m. pepperwort, dittander.

\_\_\_\_\_PHEDDYR, s. m. peter's wort.

TESSEN, s. m. crosswort.

\_\_\_\_\_vreeshey, s. f. buckshorn.

Nyn Bos'sAN, s. your, &c. parcel.

BOUIN, s. f. bodice, stays, the waist; pl. -YN.

- BOUIN'AGH, s. m. a person, beast, or garment having a long waist.
- BOUYR, a. deaf; —AGHEY, v. deafening; —AGH, 77; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- BOU'YRAN, s. m. a person a little deaf; pl. YN.

BOU'YREY, a. pl. deaf.

BOU'YRID, s. m. deafness.

Bou'yrit, 85. deafened.

- BOYN, s. f. a heel; pl. YN.
- BOYN'NAGH, s. f. a strap or string under the foot, a heel strap'; pl. 71.

BOYN'NEE, a. d. of a heel or heel strap.

- BRA or BRAA, adv. ever, a contraction of Bragh, used oftener in poetry than in prose; Deut. vi. 24.
- BRAAG, s. f. a shoe, a person's shoe; it is also used for that part of a mill that shakes the corn into the millstones; pl. -- YN.

BRAAGIT, 85. shod.

BRAAGEY, a. d. of a shoe or shoes ; Gen. xiv. 23.

- BRAAIN, s. m. a handmill, a quern; pl. YN.
- BRAAIN-O'LLEY, s. m. the shell of the razor fish bruised to powder.
- BRA'AR, s. m. a brother; pl. -AGHYN.

BRA'ARAGH, adv. brotherly.

BRA'AREY, a. d. of a brother or brothers.

BRA'ARYS, s. m. brotherhood, brotherliness.

BRACK, s. m. a mackarel, trout.

- BRACK, v. sharpen, or point with a tool, not by grinding. These *Bracks* are all from *Breck*, (spotted), but I have adopted the *a*, as it approaches nearer the pronunciation; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —EY, 82; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- BRACE'AN, s. m. a brindle, a small piece ploughed in a field; pl. — YN.

BRACK'EYDER, s. m. a sharpener, an angler.

BRACK'IT, 85. sharpened, pointed.

BRAD'DAG, s. f. a rough grub or worm ; pl. - YN.

BRAD'DAGH, a. thievish. See Bredagh. Prov. ix. 17.

BRAD'DAN, s. m. a salmon; pl. - YN.

BRAEW, a. brave. Dy BRAEW, adv. bravely.

BRAEW'EY, a. pl. brave.

- BRAEW'ID, s. m. braveness.
- BRAGH, adv. ever; son dy bragh as dy bragh, (for ever and ever,—the ever that is to come); Rieau being the ever that is past.

BRAGHBIO, a. immortal, everliving.

BRAGH-FARR'AGHTYN, a. everlasting.

Dy BRAGH-FARR'AGHTYN, adv. eternally, everlastingly.

BRAG'HEE, a. malty.

P.

BRA'GHEY, a. d. of malt, or of the malt.

BBA'GHTAN, s. m. (no doubt from Breck or Brack,) spotted, smeared; or streaked with some thing spread on bread, as honey, butter, herring, &c.

BRA'GHTAN-EEYMEY, s. m. a buttercake, or a cake spread or spotted with butter or any other eatable. The Welsh have it *Breckdan*. It is sometimes used for any thing flattened or bruised flat, as, tou er nyannoo braghtan jeh.

BRAH, v. betray, betraying; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —IT, 85; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.

BRAH'EYDER, s. m. a betrayer; pl. - YN.

- BRAN'CLOOIE, s. f. the down of feathers.
- BRAN'GLASH, s. f. something wrong, in error, or amiss.

BRANLAA'DAGH, s. m. f. a raver, a person incoherent in his talk ; pl. 71; Jude, 8.

BRANLAA'DEE, v. raving.

- BRANLAA'DER, s. m. a dreamer; Deut. xiii. 3.
- BRANLAA'DYS, s. m. the action of raving.
- BRAN'LAGH OF BRAN'LAGHEY, v. would fallow or break up, or plough land, to expose to the sun or to dry.

BRANLA'IG, s. f. a breach or creek on a shore between rocks; pl. — vN. Had the plural of this word been used in translating *Breaches* in Judges v. 17, it would have been more correct than the word Purtyn.

BRAN'LEY, v. fallowing; s. m. a fallow, pl. 67.

BRAN'LEYDER, s. m. a fallower, pl. -YN.

BRANL, v. fallow; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.

BRAN'LEYCAN, s. m. the staggers in horses.

BRAN'LIT, 85. fallowed, ploughed.

BRANS, v. dash; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —EY or —AL, (dashing); —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.

BRAN'SIT, pt. dashed; Hos. xiii. 16.

BRASH, s. m. brace.

BRASH-DY-EASH, well up in age.

BRASH'LAGH, s. f. charlock or wild mustard; something to brace, as a crupper.

BRASH'LEID, s. f. a bracelet; pl. - YN.

- BRAS'NAG, s. f. a brand, a piece of stick to burn, a torch. Zec. xii. 6; pl. - YN.
- \*BRASN OF BRASNEE, v. provoke, insult, excite to anger; —AGH, 77; —AGHEY, 82; — EE, 80; —EY, (—ey and —aghey are of the same meaning,) —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —IT, 85; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.

BRAS'NEE, a. d. of provocation or insult.

BRAS'NEYDER, s. m. a provoker ; pl. - YN.

- Cha BREACH, v. not preach; -AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS, 84. P.
- Nyn BREACHE'IL, v. your, &c. preaching. P.
- Nyn BREACHO'OR, s. your, &c. preacher; pl. -YN. P.
- BREAD'AG, s. f. a caterpillar, a reptile, a worm that cuts holes in bodies. See also Braddag; pl. -YN.
- BRE'ADAGH, s. f. a stretcher, a swingletree; pl. 71 and —YN.
- BREAG OF BREG, s. f. a lie, a fib ; pl. -YN.
- BREAG'AGH, a. lying, telling lies.
- BREAG'EREY, s. m. a liar; pl. 69.
- BREAG'EY, a. d. of lies ; John, viii. 44.
- BREB, v. kick, push with the foot; —AGH, 77; —AL, 79; —EE, 80; —EY, 82; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —IT, 85; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88; s. m. a kick, or push with the foot.
- BREB'AG, s. f. a kiln without a roof to dry corn or flax on; it is also applied to a certain posture when sitting at the fire; pl. — YN. Perhaps the etymology of this word is Bree-beg.
- BREB'AN, s. m. a little kick; it is used for any filth or dirt adhering to persons or things by being kicked, or rubbed against; pl. --YN.
- BREB'ANAGH, a. having any dirt or filth by being rubbed or kicked against.
- BRECK, s. f. the small pox; pl. -YN.
- BRECK-KIA'RE, s. f. chicken pox.
- BRECK-OL'LEE, s. f. the cow pox.
- BRECK, a. spotted, variegated, piebald, brindled, of many colours.
- BRECE'AGH, v. would, &c. brindle, &c.
- BRECKAN-SNIENGAN, s. m. a medley colour.
- BRECK'EY, a. pl. brindled, piebald.
- BRECK'IT, 85. brindled, spotted.
- BRECK-SY-NANE OF BRECK-SY-GHRIAN, s. f. spots or freckles on the skin, caused by the heat of the sun.
- BRED'AGH, a. thievish, furtive, stolen.
- BRED'ID, s. m. thievishness, theft.
- BREE, s. m. steam, vigour, energy, efficacy, virtue; as, bree yn uill echey (the virtue of his blood).
- BREE'AGHEY OF BREE'GHEY, v. inspiring.
- BREE'AGHYS, s. m. inspiration.
- BREE'ARR, v. VOW; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —IT, 85; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- BREE'ARREY, s. m. a vow; pl. 67.
- BREE'ARREYDER, s. m. one who vows; pl. -YN.
- BREEGK, s. f. a brick ; pl. YN.
- BREEN OF BREE'NID, s. m. sultriness, heat, warmth.
- BREE'NAGH, a. sultry, sweltry.
- BREE'NEY, a. pl. sultry, sweltry.
- BREEOC'KLE, s. m. a vowel.
- BREEO'IL, a. vigorous, energetic.
- BREE'SHEY, s. f. bride or Bridget.
- BREG, s. f. a lie; pl. YN; 1 Kings, xiii. 18.
- BREH. See Brey.
- BREID, s. f. a veil; pl. YN.
- BRE'IDIT, 85. veiled.
- \*BREIG OF BREAG, v. coax, endeavour to persuade. The former spelling is here adopted as it agrees better with the sound, although the latter orthography is used in *Mat*. xxviii. 14;

and also for a lie; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —EY, 82; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.

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BREI'GEYDER, s. m. a coaxer; pl. -- YN.

- BREIGH, s. m a short rough substance growing on rocks under full sea mark, used by fishermen to preserve bait alive.
- BREI'GIT, 85. coaxed, wheedled.
- BREIM, s. m. posterior flatulency; v. id. —AGH; 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- BREIM'AGH, a. flatulous.
- BREIM'EYDER, s. m. a breaker of wind.
- BREIM'EN, s. m. the dim. of Breim; a stinking fellow.
- BREIN, s. f. womb, matrice or matrix; pl. —YN. Had this word been written *Bwrein*, it would have shown more analogy to its relatives *Bwoirryn*, *Bwoirrynagh*, &c.; but as a learned author observes of the orthography and pronunciation of words, fixed beyond the reach of etymology to alter, have, like land, limitations to their rights. When orthography or pronunciation has obtained a long standing, though by false title, it is perhaps better to leave it in quiet possession, than to disturb the language by an ancient though better claim.
- BREINN, a. nasty, filthy, stinking; v. —AGH, 77; —AGHEY, 82; —EE, 80; —YS, 88.
- BREIN'NEY, a. pl. id.
- BREIN'NEY, s. m. the part that hangs under the belly of a brood goose; pl. 67; a. d. of a fowl's womb, &c.
- BREIN'NID, s. m. nastiness, stink, filth.
- BRELE'IG, s. f. a pack saddle, a gear made of straw ropes and covered with woollen cloth to ride on; pl. YN.
- BRELLEE'IN, s. f. a sheet; pl. -YN.
- BREL'LISH, s. f. wort, fermented or fermenting. Nyn BRENDE'YS, your, &c. apprentice; pl. --SYN. P.
- BRENEE'N, s. f. an atom, a mote ; pl. -YN.
- BRENEE'NAGH, a. full of motes.
- BRESHAG, s. f. the mat or cloth of a sledge car.
- BRET'NAGH, s.m. a Welsh man; pl. 71; a. Welsh.
- BRET'NISH, s. f. the Welsh language.
- BRET'YN, s. m. Wales, Britain.
- BREY, v. laying, calving, yeaning, foaling, &c.; s. f. a beast's womb.
- BREYAGH, v. (pronounced Beragh,) would, &c. calve, lay, &c.

BREY-BIO, a. viviparous.

- BREY-EE OF BERHEE, v. will, &c. calve, lay, &c.
- BREY-YS OF BERHYS, v. shall, &c. calve, lay, &c.
- BRIE, v. enquire, ask; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- BRI'AGHT, v. enquiring ; s. m. intelligence.
- BRI'ALTAGH, s. m. an enquirer; pl. 71; Heb. xi. 31; spies.
- BBIC'HYN, s. pl. breeches.
- BRICK, s. pl. mackerels, trouts, the pl. of Brack.
- BRICK-FIDDYR, s. pl. fry trout.
- BRI'EYDER, s. m. an enquirer, and asker.
- BRIG'GYL, s. m. a worthless creature.
- BRIET, 85. enquired after, informed of.
- BRISH, v. break; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- BRIS'HEE, a. d. of brokerage or brokage.

- BRIS'HEY, s. m. a break; v. breaking; pl. 67. "Ayns brishey jeh'n eayst ta mee er vakin. Maghrey grou cur lesh fastyr aalin."
- BRISHEY-POOSEY, s. m. adultery, a breach of marriage.

BRISH'EYDER, s. m. a breaker; pl. - YN.

BRISH'TAGH OF BRISH'LAGH, a. brittle.

BRISHT, 85. broken, not whole.

- BRIW, s. m. a judge, a deemster; pl. —NYN. Has this word any analogy to the Irish Brehon? Prov. "Eshyn nagh gow rish briw erbee t'eh deyrey eh hene."
- BRIW-AGGLISH, s. m. an ecclesiastical judge, or a vicar-general.
- BRIW-MARREY, s. m. a water bailiff.

BRIW'NYS, s. f. judgment; pl. -YN or -SYN.

- BRIW'NYS, v. judge; as, Easht lesh dagh cleaysh, eisht jean briwnys; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IT, 85; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- BROATCH, v. tap; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —EIL, 81; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- BROATCH'EY, s. m. a quantity of yarn or thread wound on a spindle without a spool; pl. 69.
- BROA'GEV OF BROCKEV, v. making orts or refuse, making a thing in a bungling manner.

BROC, s. m. a badger.

- BROCK, s. m. orts, refuse; v. make orts or refuse; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- BROCK'EYDER, s. m. a maker of orts.
- BROCK'IT, 85. ortsed, made into refuse.
- BROCK'IL, s. f. collar. See Broggil.
- BROCK'LYN, s. pl. the fore parts of a waistcoat.

BROD, a. the choice or best of some things; as, brod guilley; s. m. a goad.

BROD, v. pierce, prick; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —EY, 82; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.

BROD-BO'YN, s. m. a spur ; pl. BRODYNBOYN.

- BRO'DIT, 85. pierced, pricked.
- BROG'GIL, s. m. breast, collar. See it aspirated in Rev. ix. 9.

BROID, s. m. dirt, filth, filthiness.

BROIE, v. boil; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.

BROIEY, a. pl. boiled.

- BROIET, 85. boiled, baked.
- \*BROIGH OF BROGHE, a. dirty, filthy; v. —AGH, 77; -EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.

BRO'IGHEY, a. pl. dirty ; v. dirtying.

BROIGH'EYDER, s. m. a person who spoils with dirt; pl. - YN.

BROIG'HIT, 85. dirtied.

BROILL, s. m. the part of a tool that bruises down by being hammered on, as on the upper end of a jumper, a chisel, or the point of a rivet. There is no corresponding word in English. v. —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —EY, 82; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
BROILLIT, 85. the participle of the above.

BROIT, s. m. broth; pl. - YN.

BROO, s. m. a bruise; pl. —GHYN; v. —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.

BROO'DER, s. m. a bruiser; pl. - YN.

BROOGH, s. f. brink, verge, precipice. BROOIGHE, s. m. a belch, breaking wind upwards.

ВROOIGHTOO'IL, v. belching, rifting; -АСН, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86;

-YMS, 87; -YS, 88.

BROOIL, s. m. bruised bits.

BROO'ILLAGH, s. m. crumbs, fragments.

BROO'INYN, s. pl. brinks, the pl. of Broogh.

BROO'IT OF BROO'JIT, 85. bruised.

BRO'UISH, s. f. brewis; pl. -YN.

BROUIT, s. m. a brutish fellow, a sloven.

BROUIT'AGH, a. brutish, slutish.

- Cha BROW, v. not prove; —AGH, 77, &c. P. Nyn BROWAL, s. your, &c. proof or proving; pl. —YN. P.
- Nyn BROW'ALTAGH, s. your, &c. deponent or deposer; pl. 71. P.

BRUAN, s. m. a rash, cutaneous disorder; pl. — YN. BRY, s. f. malt; Prov. "Ta aile meeley jannoo

bry millish." BRYN'ERAGHT, v. flattering.

BRYN'ERYS. s. m. flattery.

BRYN'NAGH OF BRYN'NYRAGH, a. flattering, smooth or false talk; Isa. xxx. 10.

BRYN'NYREE, s. pl. flatterers, hypocritical mockers; Psl. XXXV. 16.

BRYNT, a. pert, fluent, loquacious.

Nyn BRYSOO'N, s. your, &c. prison; Cha. v.

-AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94. P. Nyn BRYSOO'NAGH, s. your, &c. prisoner; pl 71. P.

Nyn BUDDA'SE, s. your, &c. potato; pl. - YN. P. BUGGA'NE, s. m. a bug-bear, a browny, a scare-

crow, something to frighten ; pl. -- YN.

BUGGA'NEAGH, a. frightful, dreary.

BUGGA'NYS, s. m. frightfulness, dreariness.

BUGO'GUE, s. f. a buck thorn berry ; pl. - YN.

BUICK, s. pl. geldings, gelded horses.

Buig'gys, s. f. softness, moisture.

- BUIGH OF BWEE, a. yellow.
- BUIG'HEY, v. making yellow; s. f. the jaundice or yellows.
- BUIG'HEY OF BWEEY, a. pl. yellow.
- BUILG, s. pl. bellies ; pl. of Bolg.
- BUILG-SHE'IDEE, s. f. bellows; Jer. vi. 29.
- BUIL'LEY, s. m. a blow. See also Bwoailley; pl. 67.
- BUINN, v. reap, shear; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80, —IN,83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.

BUIN'NIT OF BUINNT, 85. reaped, shorn.

Nyn BUINT, s. your, &c. pound.

BUIRD, s. pl. tables, boards; pl. of Boayrd; a. d. of a table or tables.

P.

P .

P

Nyn BUIRHT, your, &c. ports, &c.

- BUIRHT, s. pl. burdens.
- BUIR'KIN, s. m. a bodkin.
- BUIRROO'GH OF BUIRROO'GHEY, v. roaring, growling; pl. YN.
- Nyn Buiss, s. your, &c. cheek.

BUITCH, s. f. a witch; v. bewitching, -AGH, 77; -AL, 79; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.

BUITCH'ERAGHT, s. m. witchcraft.

BUITCH'IT, 85. bewitched.

BUITCHOO'R, s. m. a butcher ; pl. -YN.

BUITCHOO'RYS, s. m. butchery.

- BUN, s. m. the but end, the bottom end, the best part, the meaning; as, cur bun dou er (give me the meaning of it), beneath; pl. --vN; Ex. xxxii. 19.
- BUNCLEI'GHAN. See Boghlane.
- Nyn BUN'DAIL, s. our, &c. pinfold; pl. -YN. P.
- BUNDE'IL, s. m. bundle; pl. -YN.
- BUNKE'EAYL, s. m. a moral; pl. -YN.
- BUN'NEY, s. f. a sheaf; pl. 68.
- BUN-NY-GEAYEE, s. the wind's eye, where the wind blows from.
- BUN'NYS, *adv.* almost, mostly, nearly altogether. Perhaps from *Boynnys* (at the heels of).
- BUN-RY-SKYN, adv. topsy-turvy, upside down.
- BURK'AN, s. m. a kimlin ; pl. -YN.
- BURLEE'K, s. m. brooklime, pimpernel.
- BURLEY, s. m. cress, cresses.
- BURR, s. m. the situation of a boat or vessel when at anchor and the wind blowing cross on the tide and the vessel standing between both, a tack in sailing; v. —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —EY, 82; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- BUR'ROO, s. m. a large rock on the Southern extremity of the Calf Island, called in English, the Eye Rock.
- BURRYS-ENN, adv. See Baashiagh-enn.
- Cha BUR'RYS LHIAM DA JANNOO EH, 161. I am not surprised at his doing it.
- Nyn BURT, s. your, &c. port, harbour. P.
- Bus'sAL, a handkerchief ; pl. YN.
- BUS'SALAGH, a. d. of a handkerchief; as, bayrn bussallagh (a cap or hood with a neck-band attached).
- BWAAG, s. f. a bowling stone, a stone worn round by the sea, a paving stone; a hut or booth; Jonah, iv. 5; pl. - YN.
- BWAAGH, a. pretty, beautiful.
- BWAA'GHEY, a. pl. pretty, &c.
- BWAANE, s. m. a cot or cottage, a small house where booths are erected for cattle. Perhaps from *Beth*, *Heb*. (a house); *pl*. — YN; *Hab*. iii. 17
- BWEE, a. See Buigh (yellow).
- BWHID, s. the pl. of Bwoid.
- BWHID-SUGGA'NE, s. pl. stones set in the walls of a thatched house to tie the ropes to.
- BWHON, s. m. a stump ; pl. -YN.
- BWILLEE'N, s. f. a loaf.
- BWILLEE'NKAIL, s. f. a cabbage; pl. -YN.
- BWIN'NICAN, s. m. the yolk of an egg ; pl. -YN.
- BWOAILL, v. strike, dash; Mat. iv. 6; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- BWOA'ILLAGH, a. d. of a fold or folds.
- BWOA'ILLEE, s. f. a fold; a halo or circle round the sun or moon.
- BWOA'ILLEY, s. m. a stroke, a blow, a box. Prov. "T'ad beaghey bwoailley er keyt as bwoailley er moddey."
- BWOA'ILLEY-BA'SSEY, s. m. a slap; pl. 67.
- BWOA'LLEYDER, s. m. a striker, thresher.
- BWOA'ILLIT, 15. struck, threshed.
- BWOA'ILLTEEN, s. m. a beetle, a mallet ; pl. YN. BWOA'ILTCHYN, s. pl. foldings, folds.
- BWOA'ILTYS, s. m. quarrelsomeness, strife that comes to blows.

CAA

- BWOA'LLEE, a. d. of threshing or striking; as, mwyllin bwoallee.
- BWOA'LLEY. v. striking, threshing.
- BWOALTEY'R, s. m. a striker, &c.; pl. -YN. BWOID, s. m. the penis.
- BWOID-SAGGART, s. m. the herb orchis satircon.
- BWOIE, s. m. a boy; pl. -- AGHYN.
- BWOIR'RYN, a. female, feminine.
- BWOIR'RVINAGH, s. f. a she, a female; an animal with a womb; pl. 71.
- BWOIR'RYNID OF BWOIR'RYNYS, s. f. feminality, effeminancy, effimination.
- BWOOI'AGH, a. willing, pleased with ; Mal. i. S.
- BWOOISH OF BWOOISHAL, s. f. a wish or wishing. I have only inserted this noun as I think it rather an Anglicism : we have the verb very elegantly expressed in *Baill* or *Saill*, which see.
- Bwo'YID, s. m. prettiness, beauty.
- BY-AGGLE, adv. See Baggle.
- BY-CHOOID-SA'VE, adv. of good pleasure; Gal. i. 15.
- BY-CHYN'DAGH, adv. because of.
- BY-DTY-CHYN'DAGH, adv. because of thee, in consequence of thee; Jer. xxxviii. 23.
- By-GHOIL'LEE, adv. because of difficulty or hardness; Ex. xiii. 15.
- By-HAIT'TYN, *adv.* because of pleasure or delight, to pleasure or delight in.
- BY-HRIMSHEY, *adv.* for or because of sorrow or sadness.
- BY-LHIEU, adv. belonging to them.
- BY-LIACK OF BY-LAIK, adv. See also Bliack, 167, did or didst like; Gen. xlviii. 17.
- By-LESH, his, belonging to him; -yN, id. em.; Obadiah, 14.
- BY-LIESH, adv. belonging to, owner or owners of.
- BY-LIO'AR OF BYLIOOAR, adv. 176. would be enough. See also Blioar.
- BY-LOO OF BY-SLOO, adv. smallest, fewest; Deut. vii. 7.
- BY-LOYS, adv. 167. durst or darest. See Bloys.
- BY-NIAR'TAL, adv. because of strength, those of strength; Psl. lxxviii. 52.
- BY-NIESS'EY, adv. because of nearness, nearest; Deut. xxi. 6, and 1 Chron. xxvii. 7.
- BYN'NEY, v. did prefer, or hold in estimation, had fondness for, did like; the past time of *Shynney*.
- Byr'JEY or By-syr'JEY, adv. highest; Luke, xiv. 7, and Psl. lxxviii. 52.
- Nyn Byshoo'NEY, v. hath, &c. them poisoned. P. By-sinsh'LEY, adv. lowest or lowermost.
- Byss'NESS, s. m. business; 1 Sam. xxi. 2.
- BYT'ERMYN, s. m. the linnet; pl. -YN.
- BY-VI'AN, v. would fain ; Luke, xv. 16.
- Cha By-vooar, adv. careth not, careth not because of its bigness, size, or greatness; Isa. xxxiii. 8.

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C, as a radical initial, and the changes it undergoes, see Remarks 4, 5, 6, at the beginning of the work. Words from k and s also change to ch.

CAA, s. m. an opportunity ; pl. -GHYN.

CAABAI'G, s. f. a thick cake, as of cheese, tallow,	CA'GGEE, a. d. of war, or battle.
&c. plYN.	CA'GGEY, s. m. war, battle ; pl. 67.
CAA'BHIL, s. m. cables; sing. CAABYL, 76.	CA'GGEYDER, s. m. a warrior; plYN.
CAA'EE, s. m. seeds, as the seed of meal, &c.	CA'GGIT, 85. fought.
CAAG, s. f. a stopper, a forelock, an attached linchpin; pl YN.	CAGGO'IL, a. warlike, hostile, militant.
CAA'IDGE, s. m. a cage ; $plYN.$	CA'GGYM, v. I will make war.
CAA'16, s. f. a jay; $pl.$ — YN.	CA'GGVS, v. shall, &c. make war.
CAA'RDYS, s. m. kindred, pedigree, genealogy.	CAGHLAA', s. m. change, diversity, alteration,
CAA'RJYN, s. pl. friends ; pl. of Carrey.	difference; plGHYN; vAGH, 77; -IN,
CAA'RJYN, S. pl. menus, pl. of carrey. CAA'RJYS or CAA'RDYS, s. m. relationship by	83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
blood, consanguinity; Neh. xiii. 4.	CAGHLAA'EE, a. d. of change or changes.
CAA'RJYSAGH, a. friendly, relatively.	CAGHLAA'DER, s. m. one who changes or alters any thing.
CAA'RTR, v. calumniate, traduce, vilify; -AGH,	CAGHLAA'IT, 85. changed, altered.
77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86;	CA'GLIAGH, s. m. a boundary; pl. 72.
-YMS, 87; -YS, 88.	CAID, adv. how long.
CAA'RTREYDER, s. m. a calumniator, a vilifier, a	CAIGN, v, chew, gnaw; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80;
defamer, a traducer ; pl. – YN.	-IN, 83, -INS, 84: -YM, 86; -YMS, 87;
CAA'RTREY, v. traducing, vilifying ; Hos. iv. 4.	YS, 88.
CAA'RTRIT, 85. traduced, vilified.	CAIG'NEE, a. d. of chewing or gnawing.
CAA'SHEY, s. m. cheese; pl. 67.	CAIG'NEY, v. chewing, gnawing.
CAA'YNEY, v. tabering ; Nah. ii. 7 ; braying ; Job, xxx. 7.	CAT'LJEY, a. d. of loss or losing, of straying or
CAA'ys, s. m. convenience, fit time.	strayed.
CAB, s. f. a jaw, a loop made fast on a flail; as,	CAILL, v. lose; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83;
cab sooist; pl. —BYN.	-INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
CAB'BAG, s. f. a dock, bloodwort; pl YN.	CAIL'LEYDER, s. m. a loser; pl. —YN.
CAB'BAG-NY-HAWIN, s. f. colt's-foot, cough-	CAIL/LIN, s. f. a woman; plYN.
wort, hart's-hoof.	CALL'LIT OF CALLET, 85. lost, perished.
CAB'BAGH, a. stammering, stuttering.	CAINLE, s. f. a candle ; $plYN$ . CAIN'LEAGH, a. d. of a candle or candles.
CAB'BAL, s. f. a chapel; plYN.	CAINLE'RE OF CAINLE'YR, s. m. a candlestick ;
CABBA'NE, s. m. a cabin, tent, tabernacle; pl.	pl.— $yN$ .
YN.	CAINLE'REAGH, a. d. of a candlestick, &c.
CABBA'NEY, v. tabernacling.	CAIR, s. m. right, share, privilege.
CAB'BHID, s. m. stammering, an impediment in	CAIR'AGH, in. right, well done; a. d. of justice,
speech.	right, truth.
CAB'BYL, s. m. a horse; pl. 76.	CAI'RAL, a. just, righteous, upright.
CAB'DIL, s. f. a chapter; pl.—YN.	CAIRT, a. correct, exact, just, even, flat; v.
CAB'DILAGH, a. d. belonging to a chapter.	-AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84, -YM,
CABOO'N, s. m. a capon, a gelded cock ; pl YN.	86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
CA'BRY-CHEILLEY, s. f. a pair of scissors.	CAIRT'EY, a. pl. just, right, even, exact.
CADD, v. defend; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —EY, 82; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS,	CAIRT'IT, 85. fixed, finished.
87;	CAIR-VIE, s. f. a fair wind.
CA'DDIT, 85. defended, protected.	САІК'YS, s m. justice, right, equity ; vАСН, 77; -ЕЕ, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -УМ, 86;
CAD'DYM, s. m. a disease in horses, called the	- YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
glampus, which causes a great enlargement of	CAMLAA'GAGH, a. crooked, or contrary to law.
the gums.	(perhaps from Camleighagh,) intricate, per-
CAD'DYMIT, 85. having the glampus.	verse; s. m. a froward person; pl. 71; Job,
CAD'DIL, v. i. sleep, sleep on thou.	V. 13.
CA'DJIN, common, general, catholic, universal, ordinary.	CAMLAA'GYS, s. f. crookedness, perverseness, entanglement, intricacy, chicanery.
CA'DJINAGH, a. commonly, generally, &c.	CAMLUR'GAGH, a. bow legged.
CA'DJINYS, s. m. common custom, vulgarity.	CAM'MAG, s. f. a crutch, a cricket ball ; pl YN.
CAD'JER, s. m. a huckster, a monger.	CAM'MAH, adv. why, for what reason.
CAD'JERAGH, a. huckstering.	CAM'MAN, s. m. a pique, a grudge, ill will.
CAD'JERYS, s. m. huckstery, mongery.	CAM'MAN-ER-COOINNEY, a pique or grudge in
CAD'LAG, s. m. a sleeper, a sluggard, such as	memory.
sleep a long time, as the bat, butterfly, &c.	CAM'MEY, s. m. a bend, flexure, incurvation.
<i>pl.</i> — <i>yn.</i>	CAM'MEY, a. pl. crooked, wry, bent, oblique.
CADL, v. sleep ;-AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83;	CAM'MID, s. m. crookedness, curvity.
-INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.	CAM'MIT, 85. bent, made crooked.
CAD'LAGH, a. sleepy, drowsy.	CAMRAA'SAGH, s. f. the herb jackins.
CAD'LEE, a. d. of sleep, or sleeping.	CAM'STRAM, a. zigzag, crankled.
CAD'LEY, s. m. sleep; pl. 67.	CANT, s. m. an auction.
Сас'сасн, v. would war, or make battle.	CANT, v. i. bid at auction ; plYN ; vAGH,

77; -AL, 79; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88; s. an auction. CANT'EYDER, s. m. an auctioneer, a bidder at an auction; pl. -YN.

- CAPP'AGH, s. m. a captive; pl. 71.
- CAPP'AN, s. m. a cup; pl. -YN.
- CAPP'EEVS, s. m. captivity ; pl. SYN.

CAPP'IT, 85. confined, captured.

CAP'TAN, s. m. a captain; pl. - YN.

- CAR, s. m. a twine, twist, or knot in timber; a twine, twist, a turn round; as, car ny bleeaney (all the year round, throughout or during the year); car y voghery (all the morning); car y tourree (all summer); car yn ouyr (all harvest); car y gheuree (all winter). In speaking of all day or all night, the car is omitted, and we say, fiey laa (all day); and fud ny hoie (all night); pl. see Khyr.
- CARA'IG OF CARA'GE, s. f. a clock or beetle; pl. -YN. Cha boght as caraig.
- CARAIL', s. f. care ; pl. YN.

CARAIL'AGH, a. careful.

CARAIL'YS, s. f. carefulness.

CAR'BYD, s. m. a bier; pl. - YN or 76.

CARCHUIL'LAG, s. f. a fly, a gnat; pl. -YN.

CAR-CO'LL, s. m. a hitch of a rope; a knot on a timber-head, of that tree,—whence the name Coll.

CAR'KYL, s. m. a hoop, a circle ; pl. 76.

CAR'KYLAGH, a. a circular.

- CARME'ISH, s. f. a canvass, a coarse sheet ; pl. --YN.
- CARN or CARNA'NE, s. m. a heap or knob; a heap or pile crected in memory of a dead person, or of some memorable event; pl. -YN; (barrows).
- CARNANE-FREE'NEY, s. m. the head of a pin.
- CARNA'NEAGH, a. full of heaps, &c.

CARNOA'IN, s. m. a large bee or beetle.

CARR, s. m. a tune ; as, carr daunse (a tune to dance to) ; carr y poosee (the marriage tune). Ta lane chyndaughyn ayns carr y phoosee.

CAR'RAG, s. f. a carious animal.

- CARR, v. twist, twine, warp; —AGH, 77; —AL, 79; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- CAR'RAGH, a. affected with the scurvy or scabs, scabious. Te feer aasagh cur fuill ass kione carragh.

CAR'RAGE, s. f. a carrot; pl. - YN.

- CAR'RAN, s. f. small white shells that grow on the rocks under full sea mark.
- CARRA'NE OF KERRA'NE, s. f. a sandal, a cover for the sole and sides of the foot made of raw hide, salted and dried, and laced with thongs of the same on the top of the foot; pl. —YN. The Welsh have *Cwaran* for a shoe, and *Carrai* for a shoe latchet.
- CA'RREE, s. f. the scud, or small clouds that fly with the wind; a. d. the chancel of a church. *Vod fir charree soie* (can those that minister in the chancel or at the altar, or the ministers of the chancel, sit).
- CAR'REY, s. m. a friend, a crony. Is this word derived from Carr? (twist, twine, or warp—so is every friend's heart about his friend's); or from Carus, Lat. (dear); pl. 67.
- CAR'RIADS, s. f. something done unwillingly; high-road labour.

CAR'RICK, s. f. a strong hold, a fortress, Jer. vi. 27; and which, in former times, had water round, whence it is now applied to a rock in the sea; the chancel of the church, from its being a place of refuge or safety in some cases, as catching hold of the horns of the altar.

CAR'RID, s. m. cariousness, scabbedness.

CAR'RIT, 85. twisted, twined, warpped.

CARR'00, s. m a carp; pl. 73.

- CAR'TAGE, s. f. a gadder; Ecclesiasticus, xxvi. 8.
- CAR'THAN, s. m. an insect found to have no vent below. Deeasee yn charthan e hoyn woish as cha dooar eh arragh eh.

CARTHAR'NEE, s. f. a cannon.

- CAR'VAL, s. f. a carol; pl. -YN.
- CAS, v. twist, twist thou, turn, whirl; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- CAS'AG, s. f. a curl ; pl. -YN.
- CAS'AGAGH, a. curly, having curls.
- CA'SEY, s. m. twist; v. turning, whirling, twisting; pl. 67.
- CA'SEYDER, s. m. a twister; pl. -YN.
- CASH'ERICK, a. holy, sanctified, sacred.

CASH'ERICKEE, v. i. sanctified, &c.

- CASH'ERICKEY, v. dedicating, sanctifying.
- CASH'ERICKYS, s. m. holiness, sanctity, sacredness, sanctification.

CAS'IT OF CAST, 85. twisted.

CAS'LAGH, s. m. a coil; pl. — YN; v. would, &c. coil.

CA'SLEY, like, resembling.

- CA'SLID, s. m. uniformity.
- CA'SLYS, s. m. likeness, resemblance; sign, or appearance; as, caslys scaddan (sign of herrings); pl. — YN.
- CASS, s. f. a foot, the foot of any thing. The handle of various things is called *cass*, as of a spade, fork, &c.; the handle of a flail, as an exception, is called *loaghrane*, as all the others ought to be; pl. -yn. See *Trie*.
- CAS'SAGH, a. having feet; as, maase kiar cassagh (quadrupeds).
- CAS'SAN, s. m. a path, a track; pl. -YN.
- CAS'SAN-AYNS-KEYLL, s. m. a grove.

CAS'SANAGH, a. having paths or tracks.

- CA'SSEE, a. d. of winding, curling, or twisting, (as stairs); 1 Kings, vi. 8.
- CAS'SEYDER OF CAS'SEYDAGH, s. m. an accuser; pl. -- YN, 71.

CA'SSEY-FOALSEY, s. m. a false accuser.

CASS-FEE'AGH, s. f. craws-foot, gold-knobs.

CASSIT, 85. having feet, footed.

CASS-O'LLEY, s. f. hairs of old wool that adhere to sheep, whereby the fleece is kept on longer at shearing time; some will have it to mean caslys olley (the sign of new wool, or new growth); it is common to call leg, cass; as, cass stoyl (the foot of a stool); cass vrisht (a broken leg).

CASS-ROO'ISHT, a. bare-foot, bare-footed.

CAST, v. i. quell, defeat; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.

CA'STEY, v. quelling, defeating ; 2 Sam. xvii. 14. CA'STIT, 85. quelled, defeated, turned off.

CAS'TRECAIR, a. in a tolerable way, passable. CA'THAIR, s. f. a chair ; Gal. pl. - YN.

CATREE'NEY, s. f. Catharine.	CHA'BBIL, a. d. of horse or horses; $E$ — his
CAU'AIGEY, v. cooing ; Zep. ii. 14.	horses.
CAULG, s. f. the awns of barley, the hards or shoves of flax.	E CHA'BBYL, s. his horse; pl. 76. There are many other words that aspirate or change the
CAULG'AGH, a. having awns or hards.	C to Ch and E (his), such as $dy$ , $drogh$ , $dty$ ,
CAYR, s. f. a car; s. m. a knot in timber.	my, $er$ , $feer$ , $ro$ , $yn$ , &c. C.
CAYRN, s. m. a trumpet, a horn to blow, a bugle;	Yn CHAB'DIL, s. the chapter. C.
v. blow or sound the trumpet; -AGH, 77;	Yn CHA'BOON, s. f. the capon. C.
-AL, 79; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM,	Dy CHA'DDEY, v. to defend; Isa. iv. 5. C.
86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.	CHA'DDIL, v. slept, did sleep.
CAYR'NEYDER, s. m. a blower, &c.	Yn CHA'DDYM, s. the glampus. C.
CAYR'NIT, 85. blown, sounded.	Feer CHA'DJIN, a. very common. C.
CEAB, s. m. a clod or lump of earth.	Yn CHA'DJER, s. the huckster. C.
CEAB'BAGH, a. (or Cabbagh, as it is usually sounded,) cloddy, full of clods, or small masses	Yn CHA'DLAG, s. the sleeper. C.
of earth; s. m. land is so called the second	Er CHA'DLEY, v. hath, &c. slept. C.
year after being ploughed, from lea; perhaps	Drogh CHA'LEYDER, s. a bad sleeper. C.
in consequence of its rising in clods.	My CHA'DLYS, v. if shall or will sleep; or as it is in Ex. xxii. 27, Chaidlys. C.
CEAGH'IL, v. i. change; -AGH, 77; -IN, 83;	CHAGG, v. did war. C.
-INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.	Yn CHA'GGEY, s. the war. C.
CEAGH'LAGH, v. would, &c. change.	CHA'GGLEY, v. 5. gather, gather together.
CEAGH'LEE, v. will, &c. change.	0 /
CEAGH'LIT, 85. changed, altered.	CHA'GGYL, v. 5. assemble; $Ez$ . xxxix. 17. C. CHAGH, s. m. 6. a hiding place; Nah. ii. 11, 12.
CEAGHL, v. idIN, 85; -INS, 84; -YM, 86;	CHAGH'LAA, v. did change. C.
-YMS, 87; -YS, 88. CEAU, v. wear, cast, upbraid, spending; raining,	CHAGH/TER, s. m. 5. a messenger; plYN.
casting past; 1 Peter, i. 17; -AGH, 77; -EE,	CHAGH'TERAGUT, s. m. 5. a messenger; pl. — YN. CHAGH'TERAGUT, s. m. 5. a message; pl. — YN.
80; -IN, 83;INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87;	CHAGHTER-REEO'IL, s. m. 5. an ambassador.
-YS, 88.	
CEAU'EYDER, s. m. a wearer, &c.	
CEAU'IT OF CEAUT, 85. worn, cast, cast away,	CHAG'LIT, 85. 5. gathered, assembled.
spent; Rom. xiii. 12.	CHAG'LYM, v. 5. gathering together; s. a col- lection, a contribution; Rom. xv. 26.
CEE'LYN, s. m. ceiling; 1 Kings, vi. 15.	CHAG'LYS, v. 5. shall, &c. gather.
C'EL, adv. where, a contraction of Cre vel.	E Снан, s. 6. his opportunity; Dan. viii. 25.
Сна, <i>adv.</i> not. For the sound that the <i>Ch</i> has in this word, see remark 6; and all the words	CHAH, a. d. of battle; Zec. xiv. 3.
which follow commencing with Ch have the	CHAIE, a. d. the other, the change; as, laa
same aspiration, unless noticed to the contrary	chaie (the other day).
by the insertion of the figure 5. Cha is always	CHAIGN, v. did chew or gnaw; -AGH; -EY;
placed before verbs to make negatives, as we have not a Manks word for <i>no</i> ; it is used as,	-IN; -INS; -IT; -YM; -YMS; -YS. C.
cha beagh (would not be); cha liass (need	Yn CHAIL, s. the cole or cabbage. C.
not); cha vel (is not or are not); cha row (was	CHAIL'JEY, a. d. of loss or losing, of straying or
not), &cCha is often improperly used for as	strayed; as, kirree chailjey; Mat. xviii. 12. C.
and so. See Manks Scriptures, Josh. viii. 19; 2 Sam. xxii. 45; Psl. xviii. 45, and lviii. 3;	CHAILL, v. did lose; $-AGH$ ; $-IN$ ; $-INS$ ; $-IT$ ; -YM; $-YMS$ ; $-YS$ , 94. C.
Ex. ii. 18; Job, xlii. 15, &c. &c. If cho had	Yn CHAINLE, s. the candle; plYN. C.
been substituted for <i>cha</i> , in these latter instan-	Yn CHAINLE'RE, s. the candlestick; plYN. C.
ces, I think it would have been much better.	Dty CHAIR, s. thy right or share. C.
E CHAABAI'G, s. 6. his cake. C.	Feer CHAIR'AGH, a. very right, just or exact. C.
E Спал'вуь, s. his cable. C.	Feer CHAIR'AL, a. very just or upright. S'mooar
E CHAA'EE, s. his seeds. C.	ta eddyr y chair as yn aggair. C.
E CHAAG, s. his forelock. C.	Feer CHAIRT, a. very exact, just, even, flat. C.
E CHAA'IDGE, s. his cage. C.	Dy CHAIRT'AGHEY, v. to fix, prepare, make even ;
E CHAA'1G, s. his jay. C.	-IN, 83; -INS, 84; -IT, 85; -YM, 86; -YMS,
E CHAAR'JYS, s. his friendship. C.	87; -YS, 88.
Ro CHAAR'JYSSAGH, a. too friendly. C.	Yn CHAISHT, s. the Easter. C.
CHAART, v. did card; $E$ — his quart. K.	Yn CHAIT'NYS, s. the common, the nap. C.
E CHAA'RTEY, v. his carding. K.	Yn CHAL'LIN, s. the body, the carcase.C.Yn CHALMA'NE, s. the pigeon.C.
E CHAA'RTRAGH, v. his traducing, &c. C.	
Ro CHAA'RTRIT, 85. too traduced. C.	Ro CHAMLAA'GAGH, a. too intricate or perverse.
E CHAA'SHEY, s. his cheese. C.	E CHAMLAA'GYS, s. his perverseness. C.
E CHAR'YS, s. his convenience. C.	Ro CHAMM, a. too crooked or bent; v. bend; -AGH; -EE; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS;
E CHAB, s. his jaw. C.	-vs; Prov. "Soddag chamm bolg jeeragh." C
E CHAB'BAG, s. his dock. C.	E CHAM'MAG, s. his crutch, &c. C.
Feer Сна'ввасн, a. very stammering. C. E Сна'вваг, s. his chapel. C.	Er CHAM'MAGH, v. hath, &c. bent, &c. C.
E CHABBA'NE, s. his cabin. C.	Снам'ман, adv. (from Cho-mie,) as well.
Vi Vi	

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# CHA

Yn CHAM'MEY; s. the crook or bend.	C.
Vn CHAM'MID, s. the crookedness.	С.
Ro CHAM'MIT, 85. too much bent, &c.	С.
CHAMOO', conj. neither, not either, not more.	
Ro CHAM'STRAM, a. too zigzag.	С.
Yn CHAN'STYR, s. 5. the senator or elder; Ac	
iv. 23.	S.
Yn CHANT, s. 6. the auction ; plYN.	C.
	IN;
-INS; -IT; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.	C.
Yn CHAPP, s. 5. the shop.	S.
Yn CHAP'PAGH, s. 6. the captive ; pl. 71.	C.
Yn CHAP'PAN, s. the cup; plYN.	C.
Dy CHAP'PEE, a. d. of captives.	С.
Yn CHAP'PEEYS, s. the captivity.	C.
Ro CHAP'PYT, 85. too confined.	C.
Yn CHAR, s. the twist, turn, &c. v -AG	н:
-IN; -INS; -IT; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.	C.
CHARBAA', v. 5. weaning. This word and	its
derivatives are sounded as ch in charter, (En	ng-
lish); -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 1	
-IT, 85; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.	
CHARBAA'EE, a.d. 5. of weaning.	
Yn CHARBYD, s. 6. the bier; pl. 76.	С.
Yn CHARCHUIL'LAC, s. the fly.	C.
Yn CHAR-CHO'LL, s. the hitch.	С.
Cha CHARE-LHIAM, I would not rather.	S.
Yn CHAR'GYS, s. the lent.	К.
Yn CHAR'KYL, s. the hoop, &c.	С.
CHARMA'NE, a. d. of Germane.	S.
Yn CHARME'ISH, s. the canvass.	C.
Yn CHARN, s. the monument.	С.
Yn CHARNA'NE, s. the heap, &c.	С.
Yn CHARNOA'IN, s. the large bee.	C.
Yn CHARR, s. the tune.	C.
Yn CHAR'RAGE, s. the carrot.	C.
CHAR'RAGH, v. would, &c. twist or twine.	C.
Ro CHAR'RAGH, a. too carious.	C.
	&c.
repaired and mended.	K.
Yn CHARRA'NE, s. the sandal; plYN.	C.
CHAR'REE, v. did mend or repair.	
	К.
Yn CHA'RREE, s. the chancel.	
CHA'RREE, a. d. 5. of foals, as Ballacharree.	S.
Dy CHAR'REY, s. 6. thy friend.	C.
CHAR'REY, s. m. 5. dry weather after rain.	
Feer CHAR'RIT, pt. 6. very much repaired	or
mended.	К.
Yn CHAR'RIADS, s. the high-road labour.	C.
Yn CHAR'RICK, s. the stronghold, the fortress,	
rock in the sea.	unc
Yn CHAR'RID, s. the cariousness, or cariosity	C
Yn CHAR'ROO, s. the carp.	С.
My CHARRYS, v. if shall, &c. repair.	К.
Yn CHART, s. the cart.	К.
	н;
CHART, v. did gather or rake mire; -AG	ΙТ;
-AGHEY; -EE; -EY; -IN; -INS; -	
-AGHEY; -EE; -EY; -IN; -INS; - -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.	
-AGHEY; -EE; -EY; -IN; -INS; - -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. Yn CHARVAA'NT, s. 5. the servant.	s.
-AGHEY; -EE; -EY; -IN; -INS; - -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. Yn CHARVAA'NT, s. 5. the servant. Yn CHARVA'L, s. 6. the carol.	s. c.
-AGHEY; -EE; -EY; -IN; -INS; - -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. Yn CHARVAA'NT, s. 5. the servant. Yn CHARVA'L, s. 6. the carol. CHAS, v. did twist, twisted; -AGH; -E	C.
-AGHEY; -EE; -EY; -IN; -INS; - -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. Yn CHARVAA'NT, s. 5. the servant. Yn CHARVA'L, s. 6. the carol.	C.
-AGHEY; -EE; -EY; -IN; -INS; - -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. Yn CHARVAA'NT, s. 5. the servant. Yn CHARVA'L, s. 6. the carol. CHAS, v. did twist, twisted; -AGH; -E	C.
-AGHEY; -EE; -EY; -IN; -INS; - -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. Yn CHARVAA'NT, s. 5. the servant. Yn CHARVA'L, s. 6. the carol. CHAS, v. did twist, twisted; -AGH; -E -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS.	С. Е;

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Yee CHASH'ERICK, a. Holy God.	C.
Dy CHASH'ERICKEY, v. to sanctify, &c.	C.
E CHASH'ERICKYS, s. his holiness.	С.
Yn CHASH'TAL, s. the castle.	С.
E CHAS'LYS, s. his likeness.	с.
Yn CHASS, s. the foot.	C.
CHAS'SAGH, a. d. of feet.	C.
Yn CHAS'SAN, s. the path, &c. Daa CHAS'SEY, s. two wreaths; 2 Chron.iv. 1	C.
Ro CHAST, 85. too much twisted.	2.0
CHAST, v. did quell or conquer; -AGH; -	-EE :
-IN; -INS; -YN; -YMS; -YS, 94,	С.
Dy CHAS'TEY, v. to quell, &c.	C.
Yn CHAS'TEYDER, s. the queller, &c.	C.
Ro CHAS'TIT, 85. too quelled, &c.	C.
Laa'l CHATREE'NEY, s. Catharine's day. Yn CHAULG, s. the awns, &c.	C. C.
Yn CHAY, s. the mist or fog; the quay.	C.
	This
word is used by aged Manks people when wish for particular weather at the approac	they ch of
the different seasons of the year; as, ar chayeeagh; sourcy ouyragh; fouyr ghrian	
as geurey rioeeagh.	K.
Yn CHA'YID, s. the mistiness.	К.
Yn CHA'YRN, s. the trumpet.	C.
CHA'YRN, v. did blow the trumpet; -AGH; - -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.	C.
Fir CHAYRNEE', s. trumpeters.	C.
Yn CHAYRNEY'DER, s the trumpeter.	C.
Vn CHAYT, s. the cat.	К.
Yn CHAYT'LAG, s. the cat fish.	К.
CHEA v. 5. fleeing, retreating; -AGH, 77; - 83;	-IN, 8, 88.
Yn CHEAB, s. 6. the clod.	C.
Yn CHEAB'AGH, s. the cloddy land.	C.
Goaill CHEAGH, v. getting mad or in a rage	
CHEA'GHIL, v. did or would, &c. change; 1 i. 23; —AGH; —EE; —IN; —INS; —	tom.
-YMS; -YS, 94.	C.
CHEAU, v. did cast, wear, &c. it is also	used
for did rain; —AGH; —IN; —INS; — —YMS; —YS, 94.	-YM ; C.
Ro CHEAU'IT, or CHEAUT, 85. too much y	
&c.	C.
CHEAYLL, v. did hear, heard.	
Yn CHEAYN, s. the ocean, the sea.	К.
CHEAYN, v. did cry, or cried; —AGH; - -INS; —YM; —YMS; —YS.	-IN; K.
Er CHEAY'NEY, v. hath, &c. cried,	К.
Un CHEAVRT, adv. once, one time.	К.
Yn CHEAYS, s. the ham or buttock.	К.
CHEB or *CHEBB, v. 5. bid or offer; -AGH	, 77;
-AL, 79; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; - 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88; s. m. a bid, or of CHEB'BEYDER, s. m. 5. a bidder, an offerer.	offer.
CHEB'BEIDER, S. M. S. a blader, an onerer. CHEB'BIT, pt. 5. bidden, offered, bade.	
CHECK, v. 6. did dung, dunged; -AGH; -	-IN;
INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.	К.
CHED'DIN, a. same ; wheesh cheddin (so muc choud cheddin (so far) ; aght cheddin (likew	cn);
Ben CHEE, s. a woman that gives suck.	K.
Y CHEE, s. 5. the peace of the peace.	S.
CHEE, v. 5. seeking ; Luke, xi. 24.	
Un CHEEAD, s. 6. one hundred.	
Va Cuppan'on a the hundredth	K

## CHE

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In CHEEAGH, 8. the breast of pap.	IX.
Yn CHEEAGHT, s. the plough.	К.
Yn CHEEAR, s. the cake.	К.
Yn CHEEAVL, s. the sense. Prov. "K	eennl
chionnit yn cheeayl share, mannagh vel ee	kion-
nit ro gheyr."	К.
Feer CHEEAYL'LAGH, a. very sensible or wit	ty K
	cy
CHEEID, s. 5. thickness, density.	~
Yn CHEE'IDEY, s. 6. the silk.	S.
Yn CHEEIL, s, the jaw, the jamb or side	of a
place; as, keeil dorrysh (the cheek or jan	ib of
the door).	К.
Yn CHEE'ILL, s. the church.	К.
CHEEIL'LAGH, a. d. of the church.	К.
CHEILL'EY, a. d. of the jaw, or church.	К.
Yn CHEE'INEY OF CHEEINT, s. 5. the teat or	dug.
the pap or nipple.	S.
Yn CHEEIR, s. the cud.	К.
Feer CHEEIR, a. very misty or dark; as, a	
yn oie orrin (the night darkened on us).	K.
Yn CHEEIR'AGH, s. the night fall.	K.
Yn CHEEIR-LHEEAH, s. the russet, or dark woollen cloth.	gray K.
Yn CHEEL, s. 5. the oats. See Sheel.	S.
Yn CHEE'LOGHE, s. 5. the generation.	S.
CHEER, s. f. country; plAGHYN.	
CHEER, v. 5. dry with heat or fire ; - AGH,	77 ;
-EE, 80; -EY, 82; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -	-YM,
86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.	
CHEE'REE, a. d. 5. of torrefaction or drying	
CHEE'REY, a. d. 5. of a country.	
CHEE'REY, s. m. 5. torrefaction, drying ; p	1. 67.
CHEE'REYDER, s. m. 5. one who dries.	
CHEE'RIT OF CHEERT, 85. 5. dried by fire.	
Yn CHEESH, s. 6. the tax or due.	К.
CHEET, v. 5. coming; -Dy ve, becoming, t	
come.	0 00-
CHEET-MAGH-OLLISH, s. f. 5. perspiration.	
CHEET-ER-Y-HOSHIAGHT, v. 5. coming fory	
prospering, gaining in any thing.	
CHEET-STIAGH, s. m. 5. an income; ply	ard,
Yn CHEGE'ESH, s. 6. the fortnight.	K.
	n.
CHEH, a. 5. hot, calid, warm; Rev. iii. 15.	~
Yn CHEH, s. 5. the hide, the pate. Prov. "	
gin goaill ny eairkyn marish y cheh."	S.
CHEIL OF *CHEILL, v. 6. did conceal or 1	
-AGH; -IN; -INS: -YM; -YMS, -YS, 9	
E CHEIL'LEY, s. his wits. Prov. "Kione m er y veggan cheilley, as kione beg gyn veg	
Towse cheilley rish."	K.
Yn CHEIL'LEIG, s. the kellag.	К.
Dy CHEIL'LEY, adv. together, joined.	
Ro CHEIL'LIT, pt. too concealed or hid.	К.
Er CHEIL'LTYN, v. hath, &c. concealed.	К.
CHEIN'JEAN, s. m.5 a bonfire ; pl YN.	
Yn CHEINT, s. 6. the sort, the kind.	К.
Yn CHEIRD, s. the trade.	К.
CHEIRD'EY, a. d. of a trade or trades.	К.
the second s	
Vn CHEIRN, s, the mountain ash	
Yn CHEIRN, s. the mountain ash.	к.
Yn CHEISH, s. the obese, the fat."	К. К.
Yn CHEISH, s. the obese, the fat." Feer CHEIYN, a. very kind, or kindly.	К. К. К.
Yn CHEISH, s. the obese, the fat." Feer CHEIYN, a. very kind, or kindly. E CHEIYT, s. pl. his cats.	K. K. K.
Yn CHEISH, s. the obese, the fat." Feer CHEIYN, a. very kind, or kindly. E CHEIYT, s. pl. his cats. Yn CHEL'OEYR, s. 5. the hunter.	K. K. K. S.
Yn CHEISH, s. the obese, the fat." Feer CHEIYN, a. very kind, or kindly. E CHEIYT, s. pl. his cats.	K. K. K.

## CHE

K.	Yn CHEL'LAN, s. f. the bee.	S
К.	CHEL'LEE, a. d. 6. of the cock or cocks.	K.
К.	CHELLEE'RAGH, adv. 5. directly, immediatel	у,
eant	forthwith, straightway, without delay, straight	ht
ion-	forward.	
К.	CHELLEE'RID, s. 5. m. directness, &c.	
y. K	Lurg-y-CHEL'LEY, adv. 6. after one another.	
	Yn CHEL'LEY, s. the saliva or spittle.	S.
S.		S.
of a	Yn CHEM'MAL, s. 5. the hem.	
b of		ζ.
K.		
К.		ζ.
K.	CHEN'GEY, s. f. 5. tongue; pl. 67.	
	CHENGEY-NY-MRAANE. See Cron-craaee.	
К.	Yn CHENIF, s. 6. the hemp.	ζ.
lug,	Yn CHEN'JAGH, s. m. 5. the extortioner; Is	α.
S.	xvi. 4.	
К.	Feer CHEN'JAL, a. 6. very kindly, or mellow. I	ζ.
ieeir	E CHEN'JALLYS, s. his kindness, gentleness, b	e-
К.		ζ.
К.	E CHENJALLYS-GRAIH'AGH, s. his loving-kind	1-
gray		ζ.
К.	Yn CHENN, s. 5. the old.	3.
S.	Yn CHENNA'R, 5. (from Chion,) the strait passage	
s.	Yn CHENN'DIAGHT, s. 5. the aged, the old.	
	CHENN'ID, s. m. 5. tightness, straitness, distress	
77;	CHENT, s. m. 5. a flash; $pl.$ —YN; $Ez.$ i. 14.	
YM,	Feer Cheo'ie, a. 6. very wild, mad, or in a rag	
		ζ.
	Feer CHEO'YAGH, a. very fulsome, or musty. H	
. 67.	Yn CHER'CHEEN, s. the underling or cullion. H	
	Feer CHERCHEE'NAGH, a. in a very cullion	20
		¢.,
К.		£.
be-	Yn CHERE, s. the comb; v. CHERE, did comb	
Se-	-AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS. F	
	Dy CHEREY, v. to comb, to tease, or hackle. H	
	Yn CHEREREV'DER, s. the comber, the teaser. I	١.
ard,	*CHERR OF CHERR'EE, v. did punish; -AGH	;;
		ζ.
К.		ς.
		2.
She-		ί.
Sne- S.	CHESH, v. did froth or foam; -AGH; -IN	
ide :		ί.
. K.	Er CHESH'AL, v. hath, &c. frothed, or foamed. H	
ooar.		ξ.,
dyr.	Yn CHESH'AGHT, s. 5. the company. Prov	0.
К.	" Myr sloo yn cheshaght share yn ayrn,	
K.		5.
		3.
K.		5.
К.		\$.
	Sy CHESH-VEAN, s. 5. in the exact middle.	
К.		¢.,
0.000.000.00		
K.	Yn CHEST, s. the turn, or length spun by a rope	r
K.	at once.	
К.	CHEU, s. f. 5. side. This word differs from Lhiat	-
К.	tee, also side ; as it would be improper to say	,
К.	er y lhiattee echey (for one who was on a man'	s
К.	side); we therefore say, er y cheu echey. Cheu heear (west side), is sometimes used for behind	-
S.	cheu-hiar (east side).	5
К.	CHEU-MOOIE, s. m. outside, besides, except	
К.	Acts. vili, 1.	3

CHEU-STHIE, s. m. 5. inside. There is a very	mn-
proper change of the word Cheu to Lheu	on
the south-side of the Island.	T.
Yn CHEWYL, s. 6. the keel.	K.
Yn CHEY, s. the cream.	K.
Feer CHEYL, a. very fine or slender.	к.
Yn CHEYLL, s. the wood or forest.	К.
Yn CHEYL'LAGH, s. the Dryad or wood nymph	1. K
CHEYL'LEY, a. d. of the wood or forest.	К.
Sy CHEYL'LYS, s. in the sound or strait.	К.
	К.
Yn CHEYM, s. the style or step.	
Yn CHEYOO, s. 5. the sixth.	S.
CHEYR'RAGH, a. d. 6. of sheep.	К.
Yn CHEVR'REY, s. the single sheep.	K
CHIA, a. 5. See Cheh.	
CHIAD OF *CHIADD, v. 6. did form; -A	GH;
-EE: -EY: -IN: -INS: -YM: -Y	MS;
-ys; Job, xxxiii. 6. There is no doubt	but
this word is from <i>Chied</i> (first).	к.
Yn CHIAGHT, s. 5. the seven.	S.
00, s. 5. the seventh.	S.
	S.
Yn CHIALC, s. 6. the guile or deceit.	К.
FeerAGH, a. very hypocritical or	
ceitful.	K.
$Y_n \longrightarrow$ EYR, s. the hypocrite or deceiver	
$E \longrightarrow$ EYRYS or $-$ YS, s. his hypocrist	
subtlety.	K.
E CHIALTEE'NYN, s. his churches.	К.
Yn CHIAL'TER, s. 6. the unmilled woollen cloth	
Eggey CHIAL'TERAGH, s. a web of unmi	
woollen cloth.	к.
CHIAM'BLE, s. f. 5. a temple; pl YN.	~
CHIAM'YR, s. 5. the chamber; 1 Kings, vi. 6.	
CHIAM'YR, s. 5. the chamber; 1 Kings, vi. 6. *CHIAN'GL OF CHIAN'GLE, v. 6. did bind of	tie;
CHIAM'YR, s. 5. the chamber; 1 Kings, vi. 6. *CHIAN'GL OF CHIAN'GLE, v. 6. did bind of -AGH, -EY; -IN; -INS; -YM; -Y.	tie; MS;
CHIAM'YR, s. 5. the chamber; 1 Kings, vi. 6. *CHIAN'GL OF CHIAN'GLE, v. 6. did bind of -AGH; -EY; -IN; -INS; -YM; -Y -YS, 94; Mat. xvi. 19.	tie; MS; K.
CHIAM'YR, s. 5. the chamber; 1 Kings, vi. 6. *CHIAN'GL OF CHIAN'GLE, v. 6. did bind of -AGH; -EY; -IN; -INS; -YM; -Y. -YS, 94; Mat. xvi. 19. Dy CHIAN'GLEY, v. to bind, tie, or make	tie; MS; K.
CHIAM'YR, s. 5. the chamber; 1 Kings, vi. 6. *CHIAN'GL OF CHIAN'GLE, v. 6. did bind or -AGH, -EY; -IN; -INS; -YM; -Y -YS, 94; Mat. xvi. 19. Dy CHIAN'GLEY, v. to bind, tie, or make of tive.	tie ; MS ; K. COS- K.
<ul> <li>CHIAM'YR, s. 5. the chamber; 1 Kings, vi. 6.</li> <li>*CHIAN'GL OF CHIAN'GLE, v. 6. did bind of -AGH, -EY; -IN; -INS; -YM; -Y -YS, 94; Mat. xvi. 19.</li> <li>Dy CHIAN'GLEY, v. to bind, tie, or make tive.</li> <li>Yn CHIANGLEYDER, s. the binder or tyer.</li> </ul>	tie ; MS ; K. cos- K. K.
CHIAM'YR, s. 5. the chamber; 1 Kings, vi. 6. *CHIAN'GL OF CHIAN'GLE, v. 6. did bind of -AGH, -EY; -IN; -INS; -YM; -Y -YS, 94; Mat. xvi. 19. Dy CHIAN'GLEY, v. to bind, tie, or make a tive. Yn CHIANGLEYDER, s. the binder or tyer. Ro CHIANGLT, pt. too bound, or too costive.	tie ; MS ; K. COS- K. K. K.
<ul> <li>CHIAM'YR, s. 5. the chamber; 1 Kings, vi. 6.</li> <li>*CHIAN'GL OF CHIAN'GLE, v. 6. did bind of -AGH, -EY; -IN; -INS; -YM; -Y -YS, 94; Mat. xvi. 19.</li> <li>Dy CHIAN'GLEY, v. to bind, tie, or make tive.</li> <li>Yn CHIANGLEYDER, s. the binder or tyer.</li> </ul>	tie ; MS ; K. cos- K. K.
CHIAM'YR, s. 5. the chamber; 1 Kings, vi. 6. *CHIAN'GL OF CHIAN'GLE, v. 6. did bind of -AGH, -EY; -IN; -INS; -YM; -Y -YS, 94; Mat. xvi. 19. Dy CHIAN'GLEY, v. to bind, tie, or make a tive. Yn CHIANGLEYDER, s. the binder or tyer. Ro CHIANGLT, pt. too bound, or too costive.	tie ; MS ; K. COS- K. K. K.
<ul> <li>CHIAM'YR, s. 5. the chamber; 1 Kings, vi. 6.</li> <li>*CHIAN'GL OF CHIAN'GLE, v. 6. did bind of -AGH, -EY; -IN; -INS; -YM; -Y. -YS, 94; Mat. xvi. 19.</li> <li>Dy CHIAN'GLEY, v. to bind, tie, or make tive.</li> <li>Yn CHIANGLEYDER, s. the binder or tyer.</li> <li>Ro CHIANGLT, pt. too bound, or too costive.</li> <li>Feer CHIANLT, pt. very bound or tied.</li> <li>Yn CHIANNOO'RT, s. the governor.</li> </ul>	tie ; MS ; K. COS- K. K. K. K.
<ul> <li>CHIAM'YR, s. 5. the chamber; 1 Kings, vi. 6.</li> <li>*CHIAN'GL OF CHIAN'GLE, v. 6. did bind of -AGH, -EY; -IN; -INS; -YM; -Y. -YS, 94; Mat. xvi. 19.</li> <li>Dy CHIAN'GLEY, v. to bind, tie, or make tive.</li> <li>Yn CHIANGLEYDER, s. the binder or tyer.</li> <li>Ro CHIANGLT, pt. too bound, or too costive.</li> <li>Feer CHIANLT, pt. very bound or tied.</li> <li>Yn CHIANOO'RT, s. the governor.</li> <li>Yn CHIAP, s. the block or last.</li> </ul>	tie ; MS ; K. COS- K. K. K. K. K. K.
<ul> <li>CHIAM'YR, s. 5. the chamber; 1 Kings, vi. 6.</li> <li>*CHIAN'GL OF CHIAN'GLE, v. 6. did bind of -AGH, -EY; -IN; -INS; -YM; -Y -YS, 94; Mat. xvi. 19.</li> <li>Dy CHIAN'GLEY, v. to bind, tie, or make tive.</li> <li>Yn CHIANGLEYDER, s. the binder or tyer.</li> <li>Ro CHIANGLT, pt. too bound, or too costive.</li> <li>Feer CHIANLT, pt. very bound or tied.</li> <li>Yn CHIAP, s. the block or last.</li> <li>Feer CHIAPIT, a. very blockaded or confined.</li> </ul>	tie ; MS ; K. COS- K. K. K. K. K. K.
<ul> <li>CHIAM'YR, s. 5. the chamber; 1 Kings, vi. 6.</li> <li>*CHIAN'GL OF CHIAN'GLE, v. 6. did bind of —AGH, —EY; —IN; —INS; —YM; —Y. —YS, 94; Mat. xvi. 19.</li> <li>Dy CHIAN'GLEY, v. to bind, tie, or make a tive.</li> <li>Yn CHIANGLEYDER, s. the binder of tyer.</li> <li>Ro CHIANGLT, pt. too bound, of too costive.</li> <li>Feer CHIANLT, pt. very bound of tied.</li> <li>Yn CHIANOO'RT, s. the governor.</li> <li>Yn CHIAP, s. the block of last.</li> <li>Feer CHIAPIT, a. very blockaded of confined Yn CHIAP-SNAPPERAL, s. the stumbling block</li> </ul>	tie ; MS ; K. COS- K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K.
<ul> <li>CHIAM'YR, s. 5. the chamber; 1 Kings, vi. 6.</li> <li>*CHIAN'GL OF CHIAN'GLE, v. 6. did bind of -AGH, -EY; -IN; -INS; -YM; -Y. -YS, 94; Mat. xvi. 19.</li> <li>Dy CHIAN'GLEY, v. to bind, tie, or make a tive.</li> <li>Yn CHIANGLEYDER, s. the binder of tyer.</li> <li>Ro CHIANGLT, pt. too bound, of too costive.</li> <li>Feer CHIANLT, pt. very bound of tied.</li> <li>Yn CHIANOO'RT, s. the governor.</li> <li>Yn CHIAP, s. the block of last.</li> <li>Feer CHIAPIT, a. very blockaded of confined Yn CHIAP-SNAPPERAL, s. the stumbling block.</li> <li>*CHIAR OF CHIARE, v. did resolve, intend,</li> </ul>	tie ; MS ; K. COS- K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K.
<ul> <li>CHIAM'YR, s. 5. the chamber; 1 Kings, vi. 6.</li> <li>*CHIAN'GL OF CHIAN'GLE, v. 6. did bind of -AGH, -EY; -IN; -INS; -YM; -Y. -YS, 94; Mat. xvi. 19.</li> <li>Dy CHIAN'GLEY, v. to bind, tie, or make a tive.</li> <li>Yn CHIANGLEYDER, s. the binder of tyer.</li> <li>Ro CHIANGLT, pt. too bound, of too costive.</li> <li>Feer CHIANLT, pt. very bound of tied.</li> <li>Yn CHIANOO'RT, s. the governor.</li> <li>Yn CHIAP, s. the block of last.</li> <li>Feer CHIAPIT, a. very blockaded of confined Yn CHIAP-SNAPPERAL, s. the stumbling block.</li> <li>*CHIAR OF CHIARE, v. did resolve, intend, purpose, of provide; -AGH; -IN; -IN</li> </ul>	tie ; MS ; K. COS- K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K.
<ul> <li>CHIAM'YR, s. 5. the chamber; 1 Kings, vi. 6.</li> <li>*CHIAN'GL OF CHIAN'GLE, v. 6. did bind of -AGH, -EY; -IN; -INS; -YM; -Y. -YS, 94; Mat. xvi. 19.</li> <li>Dy CHIAN'GLEY, v. to bind, tie, or make a tive.</li> <li>Yn CHIANGLEYDER, s. the binder of tyer.</li> <li>Ro CHIANGLT, pt. too bound, of too costive.</li> <li>Feer CHIANLT, pt. very bound of tied.</li> <li>Yn CHIANOO'RT, s. the governor.</li> <li>Yn CHIAP, s. the block of last.</li> <li>Feer CHIAPIT, a. very blockaded of confined Yn CHIAP-SNAPPERAL, s. the stumbling block.</li> <li>*CHIAR OF CHIARE, v. did resolve, intend, purpose, of provide; -AGH; -IN; -I -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> </ul>	tie; K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K.
<ul> <li>CHIAM'YR, s. 5. the chamber; 1 Kings, vi. 6.</li> <li>*CHIAN'GL OF CHIAN'GLE, v. 6. did bind of -AGH, -EY; -IN; -INS; -YM; -Y. -YS, 94; Mat. xvi. 19.</li> <li>Dy CHIAN'GLEY, v. to bind, tie, or make a tive.</li> <li>Yn CHIANGLEYDER, s. the binder of tyer.</li> <li>Ro CHIANGLT, pt. too bound, of too costive.</li> <li>Feer CHIANLT, pt. very bound of tied.</li> <li>Yn CHIAP, s. the block of last.</li> <li>Feer CHIAPIT, a. very blockaded of confined Yn CHIAP-SNAPPERAL, s. the stumbling block.</li> <li>*CHIAR OF CHIARE, v. did resolve, intend, purpose, of provide; -AGH; -IN; -I -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Er CHIARA'IL, v. hath, &amp;c. intended, purpo</li> </ul>	tie; K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K.
<ul> <li>CHIAM'YR, s. 5. the chamber; 1 Kings, vi. 6.</li> <li>*CHIAN'GL OF CHIAN'GLE, v. 6. did bind of -AGH, -EY; -IN; -INS; -YM; -Y. -YS, 94; Mat. xvi. 19.</li> <li>Dy CHIAN'GLEY, v. to bind, tie, or make a tive.</li> <li>Yn CHIANGLEYDER, s. the binder of tyer.</li> <li>Ro CHIANGLEYDER, s. the binder of tyer.</li> <li>Ro CHIANGLT, pt. vory bound of tied.</li> <li>Yn CHIANNOO'RT, s. the governor.</li> <li>Yn CHIAP, s. the block of last.</li> <li>Feer CHIAPIT, a. very blockaded of confined Yn CHIAP-SNAPPERAL, s. the stumbling block.</li> <li>*CHIAR OF CHIARE, v. did resolve, intend, purpose, of provide; -AGH; -IN; -I -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Er CHIARA'IL, v. hath, &amp;c. intended, purpo provided, of resolved.</li> </ul>	tie ; MS ; K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K.
<ul> <li>CHIAM'YR, s. 5. the chamber; 1 Kings, vi. 6.</li> <li>*CHIAN'GL OF CHIAN'GLE, v. 6. did bind of -AGH, -EY; -IN; -INS; -YM; -Y -YS, 94; Mat. xvi. 19.</li> <li>Dy CHIAN'GLEY, v. to bind, tie, or make a tive.</li> <li>Yn CHIANGLEYDER, s. the binder or tyer.</li> <li>Ro CHIANGLT, pt. too bound, or too costive.</li> <li>Feer CHIANLT, pt. very bound or tied.</li> <li>Yn CHIANNOO'RT, s. the governor.</li> <li>Yn CHIAP, s. the block or last.</li> <li>Feer CHIAPIT, a. very blockaded or confined Yn CHIAP-SNAPPERAL, s. the stumbling block.</li> <li>*CHIAR OF CHIARE, v. did resolve, intend, purpose, or provide; -AGH; -IN; -I -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Er CHIARA'IL, v. hath, &amp;c. intended, purpo provided, or resolved.</li> <li>Ro CHIARAIL'AGH, a. too careful.</li> </ul>	tie ; MS ; K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K.
<ul> <li>CHIAM'YR, s. 5. the chamber; 1 Kings, vi. 6.</li> <li>*CHIAN'GL OF CHIAN'GLE, v. 6. did bind of -AGH, -EY; -IN; -INS; -YM; -Y -YS, 94; Mat. xvi. 19.</li> <li>Dy CHIAN'GLEY, v. to bind, tie, or make a tive.</li> <li>Yn CHIANGLEYDER, s. the binder or tyer.</li> <li>Ro CHIANGLT, pt. too bound, or too costive.</li> <li>Feer CHIANLT, pt. very bound or tied.</li> <li>Yn CHIAN, s. the block or last.</li> <li>Feer CHIAPIT, a. very blockaded or confined Yn CHIAP-SNAPPERAL, s. the stumbling block.</li> <li>*CHIAR OF CHIARE, v. did resolve, intend, purpose, or provide; -AGH; -IN; -I -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Er CHIARA'IL, v. hath, &amp;c. intended, purpo provided, or resolved.</li> <li>Ro CHIARAIL'AGH, a. too careful.</li> <li>E CHIARAIL'AGH, s. his careful one; pl. 71.</li> </ul>	tie ;; MS;; K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K.
<ul> <li>CHIAM'YR, s. 5. the chamber; 1 Kings, vi. 6.</li> <li>*CHIAN'GL OF CHIAN'GLE, v. 6. did bind of -AGH, -EY; -IN; -INS; -YM; -Y, -YS, 94; Mat. xvi. 19.</li> <li>Dy CHIAN'GLEY, v. to bind, tie, or make tive.</li> <li>Yn CHIANGLEYDER, s. the binder or tyer.</li> <li>Ro CHIANGLT, pt. too bound, or too costive.</li> <li>Feer CHIANLT, pt. very bound or tied.</li> <li>Yn CHIAP, s. the block or last.</li> <li>Feer CHIAPIT, a. very blockaded or confined.</li> <li>Yn CHIAP-SNAPPERAL, s. the stumbling block.</li> <li>*CHIAR OF CHIARE, v. did resolve, intend, purpose, or provide; -AGH; -IN; -I -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Er CHIARA'IL, v. hath, &amp;c. intended, purpo provided, or resolved.</li> <li>Ro CHIARAIL'AGH, a. too careful.</li> <li>E CHIARAIL'AGH, s. his careful one; pl. 71.</li> <li>Yn CHIARE-AS-FEED, s. the Twenty-four K</li> </ul>	tie; MS; K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K.
<ul> <li>CHIAM'YR, s. 5. the chamber; 1 Kings, vi. 6.</li> <li>*CHIAN'GL OF CHIAN'GLE, v. 6. did bind of -AGH, -EY; -IN; -INS; -YM; -Y, -YS, 94; Mat. xvi. 19.</li> <li>Dy CHIAN'GLEY, v. to bind, tie, or make a tive.</li> <li>Yn CHIANGLEYDER, s. the binder of tyer.</li> <li>Ro CHIANGLT, pt. too bound, of too costive.</li> <li>Feer CHIANLT, pt. very bound of tied.</li> <li>Yn CHIAP, s. the block of last.</li> <li>Feer CHIAPIT, a. very blockaded of confined Yn CHIAP-SNAPPERAL, s. the stumbling block.</li> <li>*CHIAR OF CHIARE, v. did resolve, intend, purpose, of provide; -AGH; -IN; -I -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Er CHIARAIL'AGH, a. too careful.</li> <li>E CHIARAIL'AGH, s. his careful one; pl. 71.</li> <li>Yn CHIARE-AS-FEED, s. the Twenty-four K the Manks House of Commons.</li> </ul>	tie; MS; K. COS- K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K. Sed, K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K.
<ul> <li>CHIAM'YR, s. 5. the chamber; 1 Kings, vi. 6.</li> <li>*CHIAN'GL OF CHIAN'GLE, v. 6. did bind of -AGH, -EY; -IN; -INS; -YM; -Y. -YS, 94; Mat. xvi. 19.</li> <li>Dy CHIAN'GLEY, v. to bind, tie, or make a tive.</li> <li>Yn CHIANGLEYDER, s. the binder of tyer.</li> <li>Ro CHIANGLT, pt. too bound, or too costive.</li> <li>Feer CHIANLT, pt. very bound of tied.</li> <li>Yn CHIAP, s. the block of last.</li> <li>Feer CHIAPIT, a. very blockaded of confined Yn CHIAP-SNAPPERAL, s. the stumbling block.</li> <li>*CHIAR OF CHIARE, v. did resolve, intend, purpose, of provide; -AGH; -IN; -I -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Er CHIARAIL'AGH, a. too careful.</li> <li>E CHIARAIL'AGH, s. his careful one; pl. 71.</li> <li>Yn CHIARE-AS-FEED, s. the Twenty-four K the Manks House of Commons.</li> <li>Laue CHIARE, s. left hand.</li> </ul>	tie ;; MS ;; K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K.
<ul> <li>CHIAM'YR, s. 5. the chamber; 1 Kings, vi. 6.</li> <li>*CHIAN'GL OF CHIAN'GLE, v. 6. did bind of -AGH, -EY; -IN; -INS; -YM; -Y. -YS, 94; Mat. xvi. 19.</li> <li>Dy CHIAN'GLEY, v. to bind, tie, or make a tive.</li> <li>Yn CHIANGLEYDER, s. the binder of tyer.</li> <li>Ro CHIANGLT, pt. too bound, or too costive.</li> <li>Feer CHIANLT, pt. very bound of tied.</li> <li>Yn CHIAP, s. the block of last.</li> <li>Feer CHIAPIT, a. very blockaded or confined Yn CHIAP-SNAPPERAL, s. the stumbling block.</li> <li>*CHIAR OF CHIARE, v. did resolve, intend, purpose, of provide; -AGH; -IN; -I -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Er CHIARAIL'AGH, a. too careful.</li> <li>E CHIARAIL'AGH, s. his careful one; pl. 71.</li> <li>Yn CHIARE-AS-FEED, s. the Twenty-four K the Manks House of Commons.</li> <li>Laue CHIARE, s. left hand.</li> <li>Yn CHIARFE'ED, s. the eighty, or four score</li> </ul>	tie; MS; K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K.
<ul> <li>CHIAM'YR, s. 5. the chamber; 1 Kings, vi. 6.</li> <li>*CHIAN'GL OF CHIAN'GLE, v. 6. did bind of -AGH, -EY; -IN; -INS; -YM; -Y. -YS, 94; Mat. xvi. 19.</li> <li>Dy CHIAN'GLEY, v. to bind, tie, or make a tive.</li> <li>Yn CHIANGLEYDER, s. the binder of tyer.</li> <li>Ro CHIANGLT, pt. too bound, or too costive.</li> <li>Feer CHIANLT, pt. very bound of tied.</li> <li>Yn CHIAP, s. the block of last.</li> <li>Feer CHIAPIT, a. very blockaded of confined Yn CHIAP-SNAPPERAL, s. the stumbling block.</li> <li>*CHIAR OF CHIARE, v. did resolve, intend, purpose, of provide; -AGH; -IN; -I -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Er CHIARAIL'AGH, a. too careful.</li> <li>E CHIARAIL'AGH, s. his careful one; pl. 71.</li> <li>Yn CHIARE-AS-FEED, s. the Twenty-four K the Manks House of Commons.</li> <li>Laue CHIARE, s. the fourteen.</li> </ul>	tie; MS; K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K.
<ul> <li>CHIAM'YR, s. 5. the chamber; 1 Kings, vi. 6.</li> <li>*CHIAN'GL OF CHIAN'GLE, v. 6. did bind of -AGH, -EY; -IN; -INS; -YM; -Y, -YS, 94; Mat. xvi. 19.</li> <li>Dy CHIAN'GLEY, v. to bind, tie, or make a tive.</li> <li>Yn CHIANGLEYDER, s. the binder of tyer.</li> <li>Ro CHIANGLYDER, s. the binder of tyer.</li> <li>Ro CHIANGLY, pt. very bound of tied.</li> <li>Yn CHIANNOO'RT, s. the governor.</li> <li>Yn CHIAP, s. the block of last.</li> <li>Feer CHIAPIT, a. very blockaded of confined Yn CHIAP-SNAPPERAL, s. the stumbling block *CHIAR of CHIARE, v. did resolve, intend, purpose, of provide; -AGH; -IN; -I -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Er CHIARAIL'AGH, a. too careful.</li> <li>E CHIARAIL'AGH, s. his careful one; pl. 71.</li> <li>Yn CHIARE-AS-FEED, s. the Twenty-four K the Manks House of Commons.</li> <li>Laue CHIARE, s. left hand.</li> <li>Yn CHIARFE'ED, s. the fourteen.</li> <li>Yn CHIARE, s. the hen; plYN.</li> </ul>	tie; MS; K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K.
<ul> <li>CHIAM'YR, s. 5. the chamber; 1 Kings, vi. 6.</li> <li>*CHIAN'GL OF CHIAN'GLE, v. 6. did bind of -AGH, -EY; -IN; -INS; -YM; -Y. -YS, 94; Mat. xvi. 19.</li> <li>Dy CHIAN'GLEY, v. to bind, tie, or make a tive.</li> <li>Yn CHIANGLEYDER, s. the binder of tyer.</li> <li>Ro CHIANGLT, pt. too bound, or too costive.</li> <li>Feer CHIANLT, pt. very bound of tied.</li> <li>Yn CHIAP, s. the block of last.</li> <li>Feer CHIAPIT, a. very blockaded of confined Yn CHIAP-SNAPPERAL, s. the stumbling block.</li> <li>*CHIAR OF CHIARE, v. did resolve, intend, purpose, of provide; -AGH; -IN; -I -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Er CHIARAIL'AGH, a. too careful.</li> <li>E CHIARAIL'AGH, s. his careful one; pl. 71.</li> <li>Yn CHIARE-AS-FEED, s. the Twenty-four K the Manks House of Commons.</li> <li>Laue CHIARE, s. the fourteen.</li> </ul>	tie; MS; K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K.
<ul> <li>CHIAM'YR, s. 5. the chamber; 1 Kings, vi. 6.</li> <li>*CHIAN'GL OF CHIAN'GLE, v. 6. did bind of -AGH, -EY; -IN; -INS; -YM; -Y, -YS, 94; Mat. xvi. 19.</li> <li>Dy CHIAN'GLEY, v. to bind, tie, or make a tive.</li> <li>Yn CHIANGLEYDER, s. the binder of tyer.</li> <li>Ro CHIANGLYDER, s. the binder of tyer.</li> <li>Ro CHIANGLY, pt. very bound of tied.</li> <li>Yn CHIANNOO'RT, s. the governor.</li> <li>Yn CHIAP, s. the block of last.</li> <li>Feer CHIAPIT, a. very blockaded of confined Yn CHIAP-SNAPPERAL, s. the stumbling block *CHIAR of CHIARE, v. did resolve, intend, purpose, of provide; -AGH; -IN; -I -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Er CHIARAIL'AGH, a. too careful.</li> <li>E CHIARAIL'AGH, s. his careful one; pl. 71.</li> <li>Yn CHIARE-AS-FEED, s. the Twenty-four K the Manks House of Commons.</li> <li>Laue CHIARE, s. left hand.</li> <li>Yn CHIARFE'ED, s. the fourteen.</li> <li>Yn CHIARE, s. the hen; plYN.</li> </ul>	tie; MS; K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K.
<ul> <li>CHIAM'YR, s. 5. the chamber; 1 Kings, vi. 6.</li> <li>*CHIAN'GL OF CHIAN'GLE, v. 6. did bind of -AGH, -EY; -IN; -INS; -YM; -Y, -YS, 94; Mat. xvi. 19.</li> <li>Dy CHIAN'GLEY, v. to bind, tie, or make a tive.</li> <li>Yn CHIANGLEYDER, s. the binder of tyer.</li> <li>Ro CHIANGLT, pt. too bound, or too costive.</li> <li>Feer CHIANLT, pt. very bound of tied.</li> <li>Yn CHIAP, s. the block or last.</li> <li>Feer CHIAPIT, a. very blockaded or confined Yn CHIAP-SNAPPERAL, s. the stumbling block.</li> <li>*CHIAR OF CHIARE, v. did resolve, intend, purpose, or provide; -AGH; -IN; -I -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Er CHIARAIL'AGH, a. too careful.</li> <li>E CHIARAIL'AGH, s. his careful one; pl. 71.</li> <li>Yn CHIARE-AS-FEED, s. the Twenty-four K the Manks House of Commons.</li> <li>Laue CHIARE, s. left hand.</li> <li>Yn CHIARE, s. the hen; plYN.</li> <li>CHIARN, s. m. 5. Lord.</li> </ul>	tie; MS; K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K.
<ul> <li>CHIAM'YR, s. 5. the chamber; 1 Kings, vi. 6.</li> <li>*CHIAN'GL OF CHIAN'GLE, v. 6. did bind of -AGH, -EY; -IN; -INS; -YM; -Y. -YS, 94; Mat. xvi. 19.</li> <li>Dy CHIAN'GLEY, v. to bind, tie, or make a tive.</li> <li>Yn CHIANGLEYDER, s. the binder of tyer.</li> <li>Ro CHIANGLT, pt. too bound, or too costive. Feer CHIANLT, pt. very bound of tied.</li> <li>Yn CHIAP, s. the block of last.</li> <li>Feer CHIAPIT, a. very blockaded or confined Yn CHIAP, s. the block of last.</li> <li>Feer CHIAPIT, a. very blockaded or confined Yn CHIAP. SNAPPERAL, s. the stumbling block *CHIAR of CHIARE, v. did resolve, intend, purpose, of provide; -AGH; -IN; -I -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Er CHIARAIL'AGH, a. too careful.</li> <li>E CHIARAIL'AGH, s. his careful one; pl. 71.</li> <li>Yn CHIARE-AS-FEED, s. the Twenty-four K the Manks House of Commons.</li> <li>Laue CHIARE, s. left hand.</li> <li>Yn CHIARFE'ED, s. the fourteen.</li> <li>Yn CHIARF, s. the hen; plYN.</li> <li>CHIARN, s. m. 5. Lord.</li> <li></li></ul>	tie; MS; K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K.
<ul> <li>CHIAM'YR, s. 5. the chamber; 1 Kings, vi. 6.</li> <li>*CHIAN'GL OF CHIAN'GLE, v. 6. did bind of -AGH, -EY; -IN; -INS; -YM; -Y. -YS, 94; Mat. xvi. 19.</li> <li>Dy CHIAN'GLEY, v. to bind, tie, or make a tive.</li> <li>Yn CHIANGLEYDER, s. the binder of tyer.</li> <li>Ro CHIANGLT, pt. too bound, or too costive.</li> <li>Feer CHIANLT, pt. very bound of tied.</li> <li>Yn CHIAP, s. the block or last.</li> <li>Feer CHIAPIT, a. very blockaded or confined Yn CHIAP. SNAPPERAL, s. the stumbling block.</li> <li>*CHIAR OF CHIARE, v. did resolve, intend, purpose, of provide; -AGH; -IN; -I -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Er CHIARAIL'AGH, a. too careful.</li> <li>E CHIARAIL'AGH, s. his careful one; pl. 71.</li> <li>Yn CHIARE.AS.FEED, s. the Twenty-four K the Manks House of Commons.</li> <li>Laue CHIARE, s. left hand.</li> <li>Yn CHIARE, s. the hen; plYN.</li> <li>CHIARN, s. m. 5. Lord.</li> <li></li></ul>	tie ;; MS; K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K. K.

#### CHI

Yn CHIARROO, s. 6. the fourth ; Dan. vii. 23. K. Feer CHIART, a. very correct, exact, even, &c. ; v. -AGH; -AGHEY; -EE; -IN; -INS; K. -YM; -YMS; --YS, 94. Dy CHIART'AGHEY, v. to adjust or fix in order. K. Yn CHIART'ANSE, s. 5. the several. S. CHIASS, s. 5. calidity, heat, warmth. Yn CHIAS'SAGH OF CHIASSAGHEY, s. m. 5. the fever CHIAS'SEYDER, s. m. 5. a heater; pl. -YN. Yn CHIAULL, s. 6. the clamour, noise; music; v. -AGH; -AGHEY; -EE; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. К. Yn CHIAULLA'NE, s. the bell or hand-bell. К. K. Yn CHIAULLA'NEYDER, s. the bell-man. CHIAUL'LEE, a. d. of music or noise. К. Yn CHIAUL'LEEAGHT, s. the noise or music. K. Yn CHIAUL'LEYDER, s. the musician. K. K. Yn CHIAULLL-REGGYRT, s. the echo. Yn CHIB'BAG, s. f. 5. the gentle blow or tap; pl. -YN. C. Yn CHIB'BER, s. 5. the supper. S. Yn CHIB'BIN, s. 6. the peg, pin, or stake. K. CHIB'BRAGHYN, s. pl. 5. wells, springs. CHIB'BYR, s. f. 5. a well, a spring of water. CHIB'BYRAGH, a. d. 5. of a well or wells. CHICK'IL, v. 6. did tickle ; -AGH ; -EE ; -IN ; -INS; -IT; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. Κ. Yn CHIEB'BEY, s. 6. the spade; pl. 67. K. CHIED, adv. first, foremost. Yn CHIED, s. the leave or permission. K. Fud-y-CHIEL'LEY, adv. through others, mixed. Yn CHIEL'LIU, s. 5. the salve; Jer. xlvi. 11. S. CHILL'YS, s. f. 5. cherry. See also Shillish. Yn CHIM'MAGH, s. 6. the criminal or culprit. K. Yn CHIM'MEEYS, s. the criminality. К. CHING, s. m. 5. a sore, an ulcer ; a. sick, ill. CHING, a. d. 6. of the head or heads. Gour e ching (headlong). Yn CHING'EESH, s. the pentecost. К. CHINGEY-JEE, s. f. 5. a ringworm; pl. CHING-AGHYN-JEE. CHIN'GEY, a. pl. 5. sick, ill, disordered. CHIN'GYS, s. 5. sickness, illness; pl. -YN. Ro CHIN'JAGH, a. 6. too constant. Κ. Yn CHIN'JID, s. the regularity, the constancy. CHIO'EE, adv. never. CHIOLG, s. 5. stomach or guts. CHIOL'LAGH, s. 5. hearth or fire place. CHIOL'LEE, a. d. 5. of the hearth; as, keeilchiollee (the fire side or hearth side). Yn CHIOLTA'NE, s. 5. the flock. S. \*CHIONN OF CHIONNEE, v. 6. did buy, bought; -AGH; -AGHEY; -IN; -INS; -IT; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. K. Yn CHIONE, s. 6. the head, the end. К. E CHIONE-AR'DYS, s. his haughtiness; Pro. XXV. 27. К. CHIONN, v. 5. tighten, fasten, or straiten; —AGH, 77; —EY, 82; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88. CHIONN, a. 5. fast, speedy; hardly. Yn CHION'NAN, s. 6. the lump less than a head. K.

CHION'NEE, v. did buy, purchase; a. d. of buying, &c.; as, Ta feeagh y phing chionnee feer lhome. K. 38

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Yn CHION'NEEAGHT, s. the purchase. K.	Yn CHLASH, s. 6. the hollow; plYN. C.
CHION'NEY, a. pl. 5. strait, tight, fast.	Er CHLASH'TYN, v. hath, &c., heard. C.
Yn CHION'NEYDER, s. 6. the buyer or purchaser.	Yn CHLEA, s. the roof, &c. See Clea. C.
CHIONNT, 85. 5. tightened, straitened.	Dy CHLEAEE or CHLEIEE, to harrow. C.
CHIOO, a. 5. thick. See also Chiu.	Yn CHLEAN, s. the cradle or creel. C.
CHIOW, v. 5. warm, warming, heating; -AGH,	E CHLEAYN, s. his harrows. C.
77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86;	CHLEAYN, v. did allure, incline, or entice;
-YMS, 87; -YS, 88; s. a warming.	-AGH; -EE; -EY; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94; s. m. the allurement or en-
EE, a. d. 5. of warming, heating, &c.	ticement. C.
EYDER, s. m. a warmer; plYN.	Dy'AGHEY, v. to entice, to draw; Acts.
T, 85. warmed, heated.	xx. 30. C.
E CHIP, s. 6. his blocks or lasts. K.	$Yn \longrightarrow ey'der, s.$ the enticer, &c. C.
Yn CHIPP, s. the whip; pl YN. K.	Yn CHLEAYSH, s. the ear; $plyn.$ C.
CHIRM OF CHIR'RYM, v. 5. dry; —AGH, 77; —AGHEY, 82; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84.	——————————————————————————————————————
EE, a. d. of aridity or drying.	CHLED, v. did overset; -AGH; -AL; -IN;
EY, a. pl. arid, dry.	INS;YM;YMS;YS, 94. C.
EYDER, s. m. a drier.	Yn CHLEDGE, s. the bran; aAGH; branny. C.
ID, s. m. dryness, drought.	E CALEEAU, s. his chest, breast, or stomach;
	beeal my chleeau (the pit of my stomach). C. CHLEIEE, v. did harrow; —AGH; —IN; —INS;
E CHIR'REE, s. 6. pl. his sheep. K.	-IT; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. C.
CHIR'PEY, a. d. of the body or bodies. K.	E CHLEIGH, s. pl. his hedges; Luke, xiv. 23. C.
Yn CHIRVE'ISH, s. 5. the service. S.	E CHLEIVEE, s. pl. his hedges; Jer. xlix. 3. C.
Yn CHIRVEISH'AGH, s. 5. the server, the minis-	Ro CHLEIVT OF CHLEIGHT, 85. too much dug,
ter. S.	delved or quarried. C.
Yn CHISH'AN, s. 6. the peck; plYN. K.	CHLEIN. See Chleayn. C.
Yn CHISH'TEY, s. the chest; pl. 67. K.	Dy CHLEIN, a. of surname.
CHIU, a. 5. thick, dense, gross, close; s. m. a chew;	Yn CHLEIY, s. the hedge; Dy -, v. to dig, delve,
v. chew; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83;	&c. -AGH; -EE; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS;
-INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.	YS, 94. C.
	Yn CHLEIVDEB, s. the digger or delver. C.
	Yn CHLER'AGH, s. the clerk; pl. 71. C.
Feer *CHIUN OF CHIUNE, a. 6. Very calm; v. calm; —AGH; —AGHEY; —IN; —INS; —YM;	<i>E</i> CHLER'EEYS, <i>s</i> . his clerkship. C. <i>Yn</i> CHLET, <i>s</i> . the rock in the sea. C.
-YMS; -YS, 94. K.	Yn CHLET, s. the rock in the sea. C. Yn CHLEUIN, s. the son-in-law. Eshyn ta geddyn
CHIU'NEE, v. did become calm. K.	dooinney mie da e inneen t'eh cosney mac. Agh
Yn CHIU'NEY, s. the calm ; Prov. "Yn chiuney	eh ta geddyn drogh-chleuin t'eh coayl inneen. C.
smoo erbee geay jiass sniessey j'ee."	E CHLEU'INYS, s. his affinity by marriage. C.
Laue CHIUT'TAGH, a. the left hand. K.	Силлент, v. did accustom or practice ; - AGH ;
Yn CHLAARE, s. the dish; $pl.$ —EYN. C.	-EE; $-EY$ ; $-IN$ ; $-INS$ ; $-IT$ ; $-YM$ ; $-YMS$ ;
Yn CHLAAS'AGH, s. the harp; plYN. C.	-Ys, 94. C.
Feer CHLABB'INAGH, a. very squally. C.	YnEV, s. the custom, habit, or practice.
Yn CHLABB'INID, s. the squalliness. C.	Yn — EYDER, s. the practiser, &c. C.
Yn CHLADD'AGH, s. the marshy bank. C.	Yn CHLIASS, s. the fate. Yn CHLIEGEE'N, s. the ear-ring or jewel, &c. C.
Yn CHLADD'AN, s. the wash-staff. S.	CHLIEN'NEV, a. d. of children. C.
Yn CHLAGG, s. the bell or clock. C.	CHLIN OF CHLUIN, v. did hear; -AGH; -EE;
Yn CHLAGG'AN, s. the small bell or clock. C.	-IN; -INS; -IT; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. C.
Yn CHLAGH, s. the stone; plYN. C.	Yn CHLIOAG'AGH, s. the bulrushes; Ex. ii. 3;
CHLAGH, v. did stone, stoned ; —AGH, &c. C.	the flaggers. C.
Ro'AGH, a. too stony or full of stones. C	Yn CHLIST, s. the elasticity or spring; vAGH;
$Dy - e_{\rm Y}, v.$ to stone. C.	-IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. C.
Yn ————————————————————————————————————	Yn CHLIWE, s. the sword. C.
Yn CHLAIGIN, s. the scalp or top of the skull; Jud. ix. 53. C.	CHLO, v. did chase; —AGH; —EE; —IN; —INS; —IT; —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94. C.
Yn CHLAIGHT, s. the plait or fold. C.	-IT; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. C. CHLOAG, v. did cloak; -AGH; -EE; -IN; -YM;
CHLAME OF *CHLAYM, v. did embrace or grasp	-YS.
in an awkward or clumsy manner; -AGH;	Yn CHLOAGH'EY, s. the cloak. C.
-IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. C.	CHLOAIE, a. d. of a stone or stones. C.
Yn CHLAM'EYDER, s. the embracer. C.	E CHLOAN, s. his clan or children. C.
CHLAMP, v. did patch; -AGH; -EE; -EY;	Yn CHLO'DER, the chaser. C.
-IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. C.	Dy CHLOGH'EY, v. to chase. C.
CHLANN, v. did populate or thicken; —AGH; —AGHEY; —EE; —IN; —INS; —YM; —YMS;	CHLOIE, v. did play or boil; -AGH; -IN;
-Ys, 94. C.	-INS; -IT; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. C.
Yn CHLAN'NEYDER, s. the thickener, &c. C.	Dy CHLOIAGH'YN, s. to play. C.

# СНО

Dy Chloie, v. 6. to play, sport, tamper, &c.	C.
Yn CHLON-CHOUR, s. the after birth.	C.
Yn CHLOO'ID, s. the clout.	C.
Yn Chloo'ie, s. the small feathers.	C.
Yn CHLOW'AN, s. the reel of a line.	C.
E CHLUIG, s. his guile, cunning, craft.	C.
Feer CHLUIG'AGH, a. very cunning, &c.	122
	С.
CHLUIN OF CHLUINN 00, v. didst thou hea -AGH; -EE; -IN;INS; -YM; -YS, 94.	
	U.
CHO, adv. so, as; cho leah (as soon), &c.	
CHOAD, v. did protect; -AGH; -AGHEY; -I	~
-INS; -IT; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.	C.
EE, a. d. of protection.	C.
E ——EY, s. his protection.	C.
CHOAGYR, v. did cook; -AGH; -IN; -IN	8;
-IT; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.	С.
Ny CHOAIR, adv. nigh to, near.	C.
*CHOAMR OF CHOAMREE, v. did clothe; -AG	
-IN; -INS; -IT; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.	С.
E CHOAM'REY, s. his clothing or dress.	C.
Yn CHOAM'REYDER, s. the clother.	C.
Yn CHOAN, s. the vale or valley.	C.
Yn CHOAR, s. the twister.	C.
Feer CHOAR, a. very agreeable or civil.	C.
CHOARD, v. did agree; —AGH; —IN; —IN —IT; —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94.	C.
	100
Yn CHOARDA'IL, s. the agreement.	C.
Dty CHOAS'AN, s. thy equal in age; Gal. i. 14	
Yn CHOAU, s. the chaff.	C.
Feer CHOAU'AGH, a. very chaffy.	С,
Yn CHOAYL, s. the loss; Prov. " Cha jarg	
dty choayl y chreck."	С.
Yn CHOAYR, s. the bittern ; Isa. xxxiv. 11.	C.
Yn CHOCHA'SLYS, s. the likeness.	С.
Feer CHOCHOR'RYM, a. very equal.	C.
E CHOCHOR'RYMID, s. his equality.	C.
Yn CHOCHRUIN'AGHT, s. the congregation.	C.
E Снов, v. his grieving or weeping.	C.
Yn CHOG'GYL, s. the tare or cockle.	C.
Yn Chog'HAL, s. the core of a sore.	C.
CHOGH'ALAGH, a. having cores; a. d. of a co or cores.	
	C.
Yn Cho'igee, s. the loom.	С.
Yn CHOIL'LAR, s. the beast's halter.	С.
CHOIN'NEE a. d. of heath or gorse.	К.
Yn CHOIN'NEY, s. the heath, ling, or gorse.	K.
Nane CHOIR, a. an odd one.	C.
Yn CHOIR'REY, s. the crucible, or furnace.	C.
Yn CHOIR'RILLAGH, s. the odds.	C.
Yn CHOL'BAGH, s. the heifer.	C.
Yn CHOL'BEY, s. the body, trunk, or hull.	C.
Yn CHOLEAY'RTYS, s. the twilight.	C.
E CHOLHIAB'BAGH, s. his bed-fellow, his co	
cubine, or harlot; 1 Chron. vii. 14.	C.
Yn CHOLL, s. the hazel.	C.
Yn CHOL'LAGH, s. the stallion.	11
	C.
	C.
Yn CHOLL-MEA', s. the herb lamb-quarter.	
	C.
Yn CHOL'LOO, s. the Calf Island.	C. C.
Yn CHOL'LOO, s. the Calf Island. Yn CHOL'TAR, s. the coulter.	C. C. C. C.
Yn CHOL'LOO, s. the Calf Island. Yn CHOL'TAR, s. the coulter. Yn CHOL'TRAG, s. the coulter bill bird.	C. C. C. C. C.
Yn CHOL'LOO, s. the Calf Island. Yn CHOL'TAR, s. the coulter.	C. C. C. C. S;

# СНО

Feer CHOMLEAYR'TAGH OF CHIONNLEAYR'TA	GH,
a. 6. very difficult to see or descry on acco	
of darkness.	С.
Yn CHOMLEAYR'TYS OF CHOLEAYR'TYS, S.	the
time when one is hardly able to see clear	by
reason of being dark or duskish. The form	
of these words is in <i>Josh.</i> ii. 5, and the latte 2 Sam. xvii. 22.	C.
E CHOM'MEEYS, s. his fellowship.	с.
E Сно'муs, s. his blame, or guilt.	С.
E Сно'муз, s. his private part.	C.
E CHO'MYSSEY, p. p. his cohabiting.	C.
C'HON, adv. what for, why; a contraction	
Cre-hon.	or
Yn CHONAA'NT, s. the covenant.	C.
Ro CHONDAIG'AGH, a. too contrary.	C.
E CHONDAIG'VS, s. his contrariety, or crab	
disposition.	С.
Yn CHONDEI'L, s. the gusset of timber.	C.
Yn CHO'NEEAGHT, s. the twilight, the cowering	r.C
Feer CHONNAA'SAGH, a. very disdainful; s.	
a disdainful, teasing, gibing person; pl. 72.	
Yn CHONNAA'SEY OF CHON'NYSSON, v. sneeri	nor
gibing, teasing in a disdainful manner.	C.
Yn CHON'NING, s. the cony or rabbit.	C.
Yn CHON'TRAIE, s. the neap tide.	C.
Yn CHON'VAYRT, s. the carrien or carcase.	С.
Yn Сноо, s. the greyhound.	C.
Yn CHOO'AG, s. the cuckoo.	c.
	This
Yn CHOO'AGEY, v. the cooing; Nah. ii. 7. word is, radically, Cauaigey, in Zep. ii. 14.	C.
Yn CHOOAT, s. the coat.	C.
	63
Yn Choob, s. the inside of a bend.	C.
*CHOOD OF CHOODEE, v. did cover; -A	GH;
*CHOOD OF CHOODEE, v. did cover; -A -AGHEY; -EE; -IN; -INS; -IT; -Y	GH; (M;
*CHOOD OF CHOODEE, v. did cover; -A	GH;
*CHOOD OF CHOODEE, v. did cover; -A -AGHEY; -EE; -IN; -INS; -IT; -Y	GH; (M;
*CHOOD OF CHOODEE, v. did cover; —A —AGHEY; —EE; —IN; —INS; —IT; —Y —YMS;YS, 94. Yn —AGH, s. the cover or covering.	GH; M; C. C.
*CHOOD OF CHOODEE, v. did cover; —A —AGHEY; —EE; —IN; —INS; —IT; —Y —YMS;YS, 94. Yn —AGH, s. the cover or covering. —EE, a. d. of a cover or covering.	GH ; C. C. C.
*CHOOD OF CHOODEE, v. did cover; —A —AGHEY; —EE; —IN; —INS; —IT; —Y —YMS;YS, 94. Yn —AGH, s. the cover or covering. —EE, a. d. of a cover or covering. Yn —EYDER, s. the coverer.	GH; C. C. C. C.
*CHOOD OF CHOODEE, v. did cover; —A —AGHEY; —EE; —IN; —INS; —IT; —Y —YMS;YS, 94. Yn —AGH, s. the cover or covering. —EE, a. d. of a cover or covering. Yn —EYDER, s. the coverer. Yn CHOOID, s. the goods.	GH; C. C. C. C. C. C.
*CHOOD OF CHOODEE, v. did cover; —A —AGHEY; —EE; —IN; —INS; —IT; —Y —YMS;YS, 94. Yn —AGH, s. the cover or covering. —EE, a. d. of a cover or covering. Yn —EYDER, s. the coverer. Yn CHOOID, s. the goods. Dy ——'JAGHEY, v. to gather together.	GH ; C. C. C. C. C. C. C.
*CHOOD OF CHOODEE, v. did cover; —A —AGHEY; —EE; —IN; —INS; —IT; —Y —YMS;YS, 94. Yn —AGH, s. the cover or covering. —EE, a. d. of a cover or covering. Yn —EYDER, s. the coverer. Yn CHOOID, s. the goods. Dy —'JAGHEY, v. to gather together. E —RON'NEY, s. his dividend.	GH; C. C. C. C. C. C.
*CHOOD OF CHOODEE, v. did cover; —A —AGHEY; —EE; —IN; —INS; —IT; —Y —YMS; —YS, 94. Yn —AGH, s. the cover or covering. —EE, a. d. of a cover or covering. Yn —EYDER, s. the coverer. Yn CHOOID, s. the goods. Dy —'JAGHEY, v. to gather together. ERON'NEY, s. his dividend. MySAVE', v. if vouchsafe.	GH ; C. C. C. C. C. C. C.
*CHOOD OF CHOODEE, v. did cover; —A —AGHEY; —EE; —IN; —INS; —IT; —Y —YMS; —YS, 94. Yn —AGH, s. the cover or covering. —EE, a. d. of a cover or covering. Yn —EYDER, s. the coverer. Yn CHOOID, s. the goods. Dy —'JAGHEY, v. to gather together. ERON'NEY, s. his dividend. MySAVE', v. if vouchsafe.	GH ; C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C.
*CHOOD OF CHOODEE, v. did cover; —A —AGHEY; —EE; —IN; —INS; —IT; —Y —YMS;YS, 94. Yn —AGH, s. the cover or covering. —EE, a. d. of a cover or covering. Yn —EYDER, s. the coverer. Yn CHOOID, s. the goods. Dy —/JAGHEY, v. to gather together. E —RON'NEY, s. his dividend. My —SAVE', v. if vouchsafe. Yn —SLOO', s. the least.	GH ; C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C.
*CHOOD OF CHOODEE, v. did cover; —A —AGHEY; —EE; —IN; —INS; —IT; —Y —YMS;YS, 94. Yn —AGH, s. the cover or covering. —EE, a. d. of a cover or covering. Yn —EYDER, s. the coverer. Yn CHOOID, s. the goods. $Dy$ —_'JAGHEY, v. to gather together. E —RON'NEY, s. his dividend. $My$ —_SAVE', v. if vouchsafe. Yn —SLOO', s. the least. Yn —SMOO', s. the greatest.	GH ; C. C. C
*CHOOD OF CHOODEE, v. did cover; —A —AGHEY; —EE; —IN; —INS; —IT; —Y —YMS;YS, 94. Yn —AGH, s. the cover or covering. —EE, a. d. of a cover or covering. Yn —EYDER, s. the coverer. Yn CHOOID, s. the goods. Dy —'JAGHEY, v. to gather together. E —RON'NEY, s. his dividend. My —SAVE', v. if vouchsafe. Yn —SLOO', s. the least. Yn —SLOO', s. the greatest. E —VOO'AR, s. his great something.	GH ; C. C. C
*CHOOD OF CHOODEE, v. did cover; —A —AGHEY; —EE; —IN; —INS; —IT; —Y —YMS; —YS, 94. Yn —AGH, s. the cover or covering. —EE, a. d. of a cover or covering. Yn —EYDER, s. the coverer. Yn CHOOID, s. the goods. Dy —YAGHEY, v. to gather together. E —RON'NEY, s. his dividend. My —SAVE', v. if vouchsafe. Yn —SLOO', s. the least. Yn —SLOO', s. the greatest. E —VOO'AR, s. his great something. Feer CHOOIE, a. very fit, convenient, or meet	GH ;; C. C. C
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*CHOOD OF CHOODEE, v. did cover; —A —AGHEY; —EE; —IN; —INS; —IT; —Y —YMS; —YS, 94. Yn —AGH, s. the cover or covering. —EE, a. d. of a cover or covering. Yn —EYDER, s. the coverer. Yn CHOOID, s. the goods. Dy —YAGHEY, v. to gather together. E —RON'NEY, s. his dividend. My —SAVE', v. if vouchsafe. Yn —SLOO', s. the least. Yn —SLOO', s. the greatest. E —VOO'AR, s. his great something. Feer CHOOIE, a. very fit, convenient, or meet CHOOILLEE'N, v. did fulfil or fulfilled, perforeward, compensate, complete, finish; —AC	GH; C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C.
*CHOOD OF CHOODEE, v. did cover; —A —AGHEY; —EE; —IN; —INS; —IT; —Y —YMS; —YS, 94. Yn —AGH, s. the cover or covering. —EE, a. d. of a cover or covering. Yn —EYDER, s. the coverer. Yn CHOOID, s. the goods. Dy ——'JAGHEY, v. to gather together. E ——RON'NEY, s. his dividend. My ——SAVE', v. if vouchsafe. Yn ——SMOO', s. the least. Yn ——SMOO', s. the greatest. E ——VOO'AR, s. his great something. Feer CHOOIE, a. very fit, convenient, or meet CHOOILLEE'N, v. did fulfil or fulfilled, perfor reward, compensate, complete, finish; —AG —EE; —EY; —IN; —INS; —IT; —Y	GH; C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C.
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<ul> <li>*CHOOD OF CHOODEE, v. did cover; —A —AGHEY; —EE; —IN; —INS; —IT; —Y —YMS;YS, 94.</li> <li>Yn —AGH, s. the cover or covering.</li> <li>—EE, a. d. of a cover or covering.</li> <li>Yn —EYDER, s. the coverer.</li> <li>Yn CHOOID, s. the goods.</li> <li>Dy —_'JAGHEY, v. to gather together.</li> <li>E —RON'NEY, s. his dividend.</li> <li>My —SAVE', v. if vouchsafe.</li> <li>Yn —SLOO', s. the least.</li> <li>Yn —SLOO', s. the greatest.</li> <li>E —VOO'AR, s. his great something.</li> <li>Feer CHOOIE, a. very fit, convenient, or meet</li> <li>CHOOILLEE'N, v. did fulfil or fulfilled, perforeward, compensate, complete, finish; —AC</li> <li>—EE; —EY; —IN; —INS; —IT; —Y</li> <li>—YMS; —YS, 94.</li> <li>E CHOOILLEEN'AGHYN, s. pl. his fulfilment, revenges.</li> <li>E CHOOILLEN'EY, s. his fulfilment, his revenge.</li> </ul>	GH; C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C.
*CHOOD OF CHOODEE, v. did cover; —A —AGHEY; —EE; —IN; —INS; —IT; —Y —YMS;YS, 94. Yn — AGH, s. the cover or covering. —EE, a. d. of a cover or covering. Yn — EYDER, s. the coverer. Yn CHOOID, s. the goods. Dy — 'JAGHEY, v. to gather together. E — RON'NEY, s. his dividend. My — SAVE', v. if vouchsafe. Yn — SLOO', s. the least. Yn — SLOO', s. the greatest. E — VOO'AR, s. his great something. Feer CHOOIE, a. very fit, convenient, or meet CHOOILLEE'N, v. did fulfil or fulfilled, perfor reward, compensate, complete, finish; —AG —EE; —EY; —IN; —INS; —IT; —Y —YMS; —YS, 94. E CHOOILLEEN'AGHYN, s. pl. his fulfilment, revenges. E CHOOILLEEN'EYDER, s. the fulfiller, aveng &c.	GH;; C. C. C
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<ul> <li>*CHOOD OF CHOODEE, v. did cover; —A —AGHEY; —EE; —IN; —INS; —IT; —Y —YMS;YS, 94.</li> <li>Yn —AGH, s. the cover or covering.</li> <li>—EE, a. d. of a cover or covering.</li> <li>Yn —EYDER, s. the cover or covering.</li> <li>Yn —YAGHEY, v. to gather together.</li> <li>E — RON'NEY, s. his dividend.</li> <li>My — SAVE', v. if vouchsafe.</li> <li>Yn —SLOO', s. the least.</li> <li>Yn —SLOO', s. the greatest.</li> <li>E — VOO'AR, s. his great something.</li> <li>Feer CHOOIE, a. very fit, convenient, or meet</li> <li>CHOOILLEE'N, v. did fulfil or fulfilled, perforeward, compensate, complete, finish; —AG</li> <li>—EE; —EY; —IN; —INS; —IT; —Y —YMS; —YS, 94.</li> <li>E CHOOILLEEN'AGHYN, s. pl. his fulfilment, revenges.</li> <li>E CHOOILLEEN'EY, s. his fulfilment, his revenge</li> <li>Yn CHOOILLEEN'EY, adv. every. See Dy.</li> <li>*CHOOIN or CHOOIN'EE, v. did remember, or</li> </ul>	GH;; C. C. C
<ul> <li>*CHOOD OF CHOODEE, v. did cover; —A —AGHEY; —EE; —IN; —INS; —IT; —Y —YMS;YS, 94.</li> <li>Yn —AGH, s. the cover or covering.</li> <li>—EE, a. d. of a cover or covering.</li> <li>Yn —EYDER, s. the cover or covering.</li> <li>Yn —EYDER, s. the goods.</li> <li>Dy ——'JAGHEY, v. to gather together.</li> <li>E — RON'NEY, s. his dividend.</li> <li>My — SAVE', v. if vouchsafe.</li> <li>Yn —SLOO', s. the least.</li> <li>Yn —SLOO', s. the greatest.</li> <li>E — VOO'AR, s. his great something.</li> <li>Feer CHOOIE, a. very fit, convenient, or meet</li> <li>CHOOILLEE'N, v. did fulfil or fulfilled, perforeward, compensate, complete, finish; —AG</li> <li>—EE; —EY; —IN; —INS; —IT; —Y —YMS; —YS, 94.</li> <li>E CHOOILLEEN'AGHYN, s. pl. his fulfilment, revenges.</li> <li>E CHOOILLEEN'EY, s. his fulfilment, his revenge</li> <li>Yn CHOOILLEEN'EY, adv. every. See Dy.</li> <li>*CHOOIN OF CHOOIN'EE, v. did remember, or collect; —AGH; —IN; —INS; —IT; —Y</li> </ul>	GH;; C. C. C
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<ul> <li>*CHOOD OF CHOODEE, v. did cover; —A —AGHEY; —EE; —IN; —INS; —IT; —Y —YMS; —YS, 94.</li> <li>Yn — AGH, s. the cover or covering.</li> <li>— EE, a. d. of a cover or covering.</li> <li>Yn — EYDER, s. the cover or covering.</li> <li>Yn — EYDER, s. the cover or covering.</li> <li>Yn — EYDER, s. the goods.</li> <li>Dy — 'JAGHEY, v. to gather together.</li> <li>E — RON'NEY, s. his dividend.</li> <li>My — SAVE', v. if vouchsafe.</li> <li>Yn — SLOO', s. the least.</li> <li>Yn — SMOO', s. the greatest.</li> <li>E — VOO'AR, s. his great something.</li> <li>Feer CHOOIE, a. very fit, convenient, or meet</li> <li>CHOOILLEE'N, v. did fulfil or fulfilled, perforeward, compensate, complete, finish; —AG</li> <li>— EE; — EY; —IN; —INS; —IT; —Y</li> <li>— YMS; —YS, 94.</li> <li>E CHOOILLEEN'AGHYN, s. pl. his fulfilment, revenges.</li> <li>E CHOOILLEEN'EYDER, s. the fulfiller, aveng &amp;c.</li> <li>Dy CHOOIL'LEY, adv. every. See Dy.</li> <li>*CHOOIN OF CHOOIN'EE, v. did remember, or collect; —AGH; —IN; —INS; —IT; —Y</li> <li>— YMS; —YS, 94.</li> <li>CHOOIN, v. helped, did help, aid, or assist.</li> </ul>	GH; ; C.
<ul> <li>*CHOOD OF CHOODEE, v. did cover; -A -AGHEY; -EE; -IN; -INS; -IT; -Y -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Yn AGH, s. the cover or covering.</li> <li>EE, a. d. of a cover or covering.</li> <li>Yn EYDER, s. the cover or covering.</li> <li>Yn EYDER, s. the cover or covering.</li> <li>Yn AGH, s. the goods.</li> <li>Dy ''JAGHEY, v. to gather together.</li> <li>E RON'NEY, s. his dividend.</li> <li>My SAVE', v. if vouchsafe.</li> <li>Yn SLOO', s. the least.</li> <li>Yn SLOO', s. the greatest.</li> <li>E VOO'AR, s. his great something.</li> <li>Feer CHOOIE, a. very fit, convenient, or meet</li> <li>CHOOILLEE'N, v. did fulfil or fulfilled, perfor</li> <li>reward, compensate, complete, finish; -AG</li> <li>-EE; -EY; -IN; -INS; -IT; -Y</li> <li>-YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>E CHOOILLEEN'AGHYN, s. pl. his fulfilment,</li> <li>revenges.</li> <li>E CHOOILLEEN'EYDER, s. the fulfiller, aveng &amp;c.</li> <li>Dy CHOOIL'LEY, adv. every. See Dy.</li> <li>*CHOOIN or CHOOIN'EE, v. did remember, or</li> <li>collect; -AGH; -IN; -INS; -IT; -Y</li> <li>-YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>CHOOIN, v. helped, did help, aid, or assist.</li> <li>Dy CHOOIN'AGHT, v. to remember, &amp;c.</li> </ul>	GH; ; C.
<ul> <li>*CHOOD OF CHOODEE, v. did cover; -A -AGHEY; -EE; -IN; -INS; -IT; -Y -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Yn AGH, s. the cover or covering.</li> <li>EE, a. d. of a cover or covering.</li> <li>YnEE, a. d. of a cover or covering.</li> <li>Yn</li></ul>	GH;; C.
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<ul> <li>*CHOOD OF CHOODEE, v. did cover; -A -AGHEY; -EE; -IN; -INS; -IT; -Y -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Yn AGH, s. the cover or covering.</li> <li>EE, a. d. of a cover or covering.</li> <li>YnEE, a. d. of a cover or covering.</li> <li>Yn</li></ul>	GH;; C.

E CHOOINSHEAN'SE, s. 6. his conscience. C.	
Yn CHOO'ISH, s. the cause; plYN. C.	
Feer CHOOI'SAGH, a. very curious, or inquisi-	
tive. C.	
Yn CHOO'LLEY, s. the leaf, or valve of a door, cupboard, &c.	
culture of the second sec	
CHOON, v. help, aid, assist; $-AGH$ ; $-EE$ ; $-IN$ ; -INS: $-YM$ -YMS: $-YS$ , 94. C.	
110, 11 110, 10,01	
Er CHOON'AGHEY, v. hath, &c. narrowed, &c. C.	
Fir CHOON'EE, s. pl. helpers, aiders, &c. C.	
Buird CHOO'NEY, s. pl. narrow tables, boards. C.	
Yn CHOO'NEY, s. the help, aid, assistance. C.	
Yn CHOO'NEYDER, s. the helper. See Fer Choo-	
nee. C.	
Yn CHOON'LAGH, s. the straw, haum, &c. C.	
CHOON'LEE, a. d. of straw, or haum. C.	
*CHOONR OF CHOON'REE, v. did exchange, barter,	
truck, swop, or commute; -AGH; -IN; -IN; ; -IT; -YM; -YMS, 94. C.	
Dy CHOON'REY, v. to exchange, barter, &c. C.	
Yn CHOON REYDER, s. the exchanger, &c. C.	
CHOONT, v. did reckon, count, or sum up; -AGH; -IN; -INS; -IT; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.	
Fir CHOON'TEE, s. pl. male accountants. C.	
Dy CHOON'TEY, v. to reckon, account, cypher,	
to cast accounts. C.	
Yn CHOON'TEYDER, s. the accountant. C.	
Yn CHOORSE, s. the course. C.	
E CHOOYL, s. his back part, or hinder part.	
Ny CHOOYL, pre. behind, aback. C.	
Yn CHOOYRT, s. the court or yard. C.	
CHOR, s. possible haste; Acts. xx. 16. Is this word	
from Siyr?	
Yn CHORAA', s. the voice. C.	
Feer CHORA'AGH, a. very vocal. C.	
Yn CHORB, s. the heirloom. C.	
Yn CHORD OF CHOYRD, s. the cord. C.	
Yn CHORE'EY, s. the oats. C.	
Yn CHORLA'IG s. the coalrake, or muckrake. C.	
Dy CHORLHEIM', v. to hop, or leap on one foot. C.	
E CHORLHEIM'YRAGH, v. his capering, hopping, &c. C.	
Feer *CHORM OF CHOR'RYM, a. very equal, or	
even; v. id.; -AGH; -AGHEY; -AL; -EE;	
-EY; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. C.	
CHOR'MEE, v. did equalize, &c. C.	
Yn CHOR'MID, s. the equality. C.	
Yn CHORNE'IL, s. the corner. C.	
CHORNELL'AGH, a. d. of the corner or corners. C.	
Yn CHORP, s. the body. C.	
Feer CHOR'RAGH, a. very tottering, or apt to	
fall. C.	
Yn CHOR'RAN, s. the sickle. C.	
Yn CHOR'REE, s. the anger, or resentment. C.	
Feer CHOR'REE, a. very angry, or displeased. C.	
Ben CHOR'REY, s. a woman with child; a. d. of	
seed or sowing. C.	
Yn CHOR'REYDER, s. the sower of seed. C.	
Feer CHOR'RYM, a. very equal. See Chorm. C.	
Yn CHORVAA'L, the confusion, chaos. C.	
E CHOSAA'YL, s his haunches; Ecclesiasticus,	
xxvi. 12. C.	
CHOSH, a. d. of the foot or feet. C.	

## CHR

Yn CHOSH'AOH, s. 6. the pedestrian. This	word
or its radical is seldom used: it is the p Choshee that is made use of, which see.	C.
Yn CHOSH'AL, s. the treadle.	C.
Yn CHOSH'EE, s. the pedestrian or footman.	This
ought to be the plural of Choshagh.	C.
EAGHT, s. his speed in walking.	C.
EGHOR'LEY, s. his maim footed.	C.
ERoo'ISHT, his bare footed travel	
*CHOSN OF CHOSNE, v. did gain or gained profit or earn; -AGH, -EE, -INS,	-IT,
-YM, -YMS, -YS, 84.	C.
Dy CHOS'NEY, v. to gain or earn.	C.
Yn CHOS'NEYDER, s. the gainer or earner.	C.
Feer CHOSS'YLAGH, a. very tolerable.	C.
CHOST, v. did cost; —AGH,YS, 94.	C.
Feer CHOS'TAL, adv. very costly. Yn CHOUCH, s. the coach.	C. C.
CHOUD, adv. as far, while, whilst, till, as h	
-s, id. em.; Prov. "Bwoaill choud as yiarn cheh."	ta'n
Dty CHOUR, pre. for thee, reserved for thee, vided for thee, towards; -s, id. em.	pro-
E CHOUYR, s. his cure or remedy; My -	
v. $Dy - AL, My - IN, -INS, -YM, - YS, 94.$	YMS, C.
Yn CHO-VOL'LAGHT, s. the conspiracy;	
xxiii. 13.	C.
Yn Chow'AG, s. the loud chat or talk.	C.
*CHOWR OF CHOWREE, v. did mark, or man	
-AGH, -AGHEY, betoken, signify, repres -IN, -INS, -IT, -YM, -YMS, -YS, 94.	sent; C
Yn CHOWREE, s. the sowins.	C.
Yn CHOWREY, s. the mark, sign, token, sy tom.	
Yn DER, s. the marker, &c.	C.
E CHOWRYN, s. his effects or treasure; xv. 13.	Jer. C.
E CHOYIN, s. pl. his greyhounds.	C.
*CHOYRL OF CHOYRLEE, v. did advise or cour	nsel;
-AGH, -AGHEY, -IN, -INS, -IT, - -YMS, -YS, 94.	
E CHOYRLE, s. his advice or counsel.	C. C.
CHO'YRLEE, a. d. of advice or counsel.	C.
E CHO'YRLEYDER, s. his adviser, &c.	C.
Er CHOYRT, v. hath, &c. given, put, sent, &c	
CHRAA OF CHRIE, v. did shake, quake, or t	rem-
ble; —AGH, —IN, —INS, —IT, —YM, — —YS, 94.	
Yn CHRAA'DER, s. the shaker.	C. C.
Yn CHRAA-HALLOOIN, s. the earthquake.	C.
CHRAAU, v. did corrode or eat away;	
Dy CHRAAUE, v. to plough. This change on not to be. See Hraaue.	
Yn CHRAC'KAN, s. the skin; Prov. "Cre jeh'n chayt agh y chrackan;" and "Fagg	us ta
my lheiney agh ny sniessey ta my chrackan.	
Dy CHRAGH'EY, $v$ . to slaughter, slay, destroy Yn CHRAGH'EYDER, s. the slayer, slaught	
spoiler, or destroyer.	C.
Yn CHRAGHT, s. the slaughter, carnage, destion, or ruin.	C.
Yn CHRAID, s. the mockery or derision; v. m deride; —AGH, —IN, —INS, —IT, —	-YM,
-YMS, -YS, 94. DyEY, v. to mock, to scoff, &c.	C. C.

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# CHR

Vn CHRA'IDEVDER, s. the mocker, &c.	1 · · · ·
	C.
Feer CHRAIDOI'LAGH, adv. very scoffingly ; s.	
the mocker, the scoffer; pl. 71.	C.
CHRAIE, a. d. of clay or marl.	C.
Feer CHRAI'EAGH, a. very clayey.	C.
CHRAISHT, v. did squeeze. This word ought	to
be written <i>Hraast</i> ; but as it occurs in Ja	ud.
vi. 38, I have inserted it : the radical	is
Traast.	т.
Yn CHRAIT'NAG, s. the bat.	C.
CHRAIT'NAGH, a. d. of skin or skins ; as, old	lan
chraitnagh.	C.
Yn CHRAIU, s. the crow-bar.	C.
Yn CHRAIU'AIG, s. what is fallen in a ruind	C.
state.	
Yn CHRAM'MAG, s. the snail.	C.
Yn CHRAM'MAN, s. the lump, the bulb or butto	on•
Feer CHRAM'MANAGH, a very lumpy.	C.
Dy CHRAM'MANEY, v. to bulb, &c.	C.
Yn CHRAMP, s. the plague.	C.
	C.
Feer CHRAMP, a. very intricate.	
Yn CHRAP'LAG, s. the wrinkle or crumple.	С.
*CHRAPL OF CHRAPLEE, v. did crumple of wr	
kle; — AGH; — EE; — IN; — INS; — IT; — Y	
—умs; —уs, 94.	C.
Dy CHRAP'LEY, v. to wrinkle or crumple.	С.
Yn CHRATCH, s. the crib, the stall.	C.
Yn CHRAUE, s. the bone ; Prov. " Myr snies	sen
da'n chraue s'miljey yn eill."	Č.
Feer CHRAU'EAGH, a. very bony.	C.
Feer CHRA'UEE, a. very religious, pious, &c.	C.
E CHRA'UEEAGHT, s. his religion or holine	
his piety, godliness, &c.	C.
Yn CHRAUE-FEE'AGH, s. the scald crow	·C·
Yn CHRAUNSH, s. the crush with teeth.	С
	С
Yn CHRAY, s. the clay or marl.	C C
Yn CHRAY, s. the clay or marl.	C C
Yn CHRAY, s. the clay or marl. Yn CHREA, s. the creed, the heads, or tenets faith or belief.	C C C C
Yn CHRAY, s. the clay or marl. Yn CHREA, s. the creed, the heads, or tenets faith or belief. Yn CHREAGH, s. the furrow.	C C C C C
Yn CHRAY, s. the clay or marl. Yn CHREA, s. the creed, the heads, or tenets faith or belief. Yn CHREAGH, s. the furrow. Yn CHREAGH, s. the stack.	C.C. of C.C.
Yn CHRAY, s. the clay or marl. Yn CHREA, s. the creed, the heads, or tenets faith or belief. Yn CHREAGH, s. the furrow. Yn CHREAGH, s. the stack. Yn CHREAGH'LAGH, s. the sage.	C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C
Yn CHRAY, s. the clay or marl. Yn CHREA, s. the creed, the heads, or tenets faith or belief. Yn CHREAGH, s. the furrow. Yn CHREAGH, s. the stack. Yn CHREAGH'LAGH, s. the sage. E CHREA'YN, s. his ague.	C.C. of C.C.C.C.C.
Yn CHRAY, s. the clay or marl. Yn CHREA, s. the creed, the heads, or tenets faith or belief. Yn CHREAGH, s. the furrow. Yn CHREAGH, s. the stack. Yn CHREAGH'LAGH, s. the sage.	C.C. of C.C.C.C.C.
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<ul> <li>Yn CHRAY, s. the clay or marl.</li> <li>Yn CHREA, s. the creed, the heads, or tenets faith or belief.</li> <li>Yn CHREAGH, s. the furrow.</li> <li>Yn CHREAGH, s. the stack.</li> <li>Yn CHREAGH'LAGH, s. the sage.</li> <li>E CHREA'YN, s. his ague.</li> <li>CHRECK, v. did sell, sold; -AGH; -IN; -IN; -IN; -IN; -IN; -IN; Yn CHRECK'EYDER, s. the seller.</li> </ul>	C C of C C C C S C C
<ul> <li>Yn CHRAY, s. the clay or marl.</li> <li>Yn CHREA, s. the creed, the heads, or tenets faith or belief.</li> <li>Yn CHREAGH, s. the furrow.</li> <li>Yn CHREAGH, s. the stack.</li> <li>Yn CHREAGH'LAGH, s. the sage.</li> <li>E CHREA'YN, s. his ague.</li> <li>CHRECK, v. did sell, sold; -AGH; -IN; -IN</li> <li>-IT; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Yn CHRECK'EYDER, s. the seller.</li> <li>Yn CHRED, s. the hem, &amp;c. See Kred.</li> </ul>	C.C. of C.C.C.C.S.C.C.K.
<ul> <li>Yn CHRAY, s. the clay or marl.</li> <li>Yn CHREA, s. the creed, the heads, or tenets faith or belief.</li> <li>Yn CHREAGH, s. the furrow.</li> <li>Yn CHREAGH, s. the stack.</li> <li>Yn CHREAGH'LAGH, s. the sage.</li> <li>E CHREA'YN, s. his ague.</li> <li>CHRECK, v. did sell, sold; -AGH; -IN; -IN</li> <li>-IT; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Yn CHRECK'EYDER, s. the seller.</li> <li>Yn CHRED, s. the hem, &amp;c. See Kred.</li> <li>*CHRED or CHREID, v. did believe or believe</li> </ul>	C.C. of C.C.C.C.S.C.C.K.d.
<ul> <li>Yn CHRAY, s. the clay or marl.</li> <li>Yn CHREA, s. the creed, the heads, or tenets faith or belief.</li> <li>Yn CHREAGH, s. the furrow.</li> <li>Yn CHREAGH, s. the stack.</li> <li>Yn CHREAGH'LAGH, s. the sage.</li> <li>E CHREA'YN, s. his ague.</li> <li>CHRECK, v. did sell, sold; -AGH; -IN; -IN</li> <li>-IT; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Yn CHRECK'EYDER, s. the seller.</li> <li>Yn CHRED, s. the hem, &amp;c. See Kred.</li> <li>*CHRED or CHREID, v. did believe or believe</li> </ul>	C.C. of C.C.C.C.S.C.C.K.d.
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## CHR

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Dy CHREE'AREY, v. to sift or searce.	C.
Yn CHREE'AREYDER, s. the sifter.	c.
Feer CHREE'ART, a. very much sifted.	C.
Dy CHREED'LAGH, v. to shrug or scrub. Creedlagh.	See
Ro CHREEN, a. too ripe, withered or mature.	C.
*CHREEN OF CHREENEE, v. did ripen, &cAC -AGHEY; -YS, 94.	эн;
E CHREE'NAGHT, s. his wisdom.	C.
Feer CHREE'NEY, a. very wise.	C.
Ro CHREENT, 85. too withered.	C.
Feer CHREE-01'L, a. very hearty or full	
-spirits. E CHREE-01'LID, s. his heartiness.	С. С.
My CHREE's, s. my heart, em.	C.
Fuill CHREEST, s. blood of Christ.	C.
Yn CHREES'TEE, s. the christian; $pl YN$	or
-NYN. Yn CHREE'STEEAGHT, s. the Sacrament of	C.
Lord's Supper.	C.
E CHREE'STIAGHT, s. his christianity.	C.
Yn CHREG, s. the rock.	C.
Feer'GAGH, a. very rocky.	С,
Yn ————————————————————————————————————	C.
Sheean —— 'GEY, a. d. the noise or sound the sea on rocks, of the rock or rocks.	C.
	IN;
-INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.	C.
Yn CHREIU'EYDER, s. the ruiner, &c.	C.
Yn CHREM, s. the defect or sore.	C.
CHREON OF CHREOGH, v. did harden or harden -AGH; -EY; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YM -YS, 94.	
Yn CHREOIG'HEYDER, s. the hardener.	C.
Yn CHRETOO'R, s. the creature.	C.
CHRIBB, v. did cringe, contract, or shrin	ik :
-AGH; -EE; -IN; -INS; -IT; -Y	м;
-YMS; -YS, 94.	C.
Yn CHRIB'BAN, s. the curb.	C.
Dy CHRIB'BEY, v. to contract or shrink.	C.
Ro CHRIB'BIDJAGH, a. too niggardly or sting	
CHRIE OF CHRAA, v. did shake, shook; Acts. 17. and xiii. 5; —AGH; —IN; —INS; —Y	м;
-YS, 94.	C.
Ro CHRIET, 85. too shook or shaken.	C.
E CHRINK OF CHROINK, s. pl. his hills, &c.	C.
Yn CHRIV, s. the gallows.	C.
Croae.	See C.
Yn CHROAG, s. the fang, talon, or clutch.	C.
Yn CHROAGA'NE, s. the crook.	C.
Yn CHROAG'HAN, s. the clegg or gadfly.	C.
Feer CHROAGA'NEAGH, a. very full of crooks.	
Yn CHROAG'LAGH, s. the handful in contempt.	
Yn CHROAN OF CHRON, s. the mast.	C.
Yn CHROBAGE', s. the claw.	C.
Yn CHROCK'AN, s. the crock.	C.
Yn CHRODANE', s. the gurnet.	C.
Yn CHROE, s. the pen or coop.	C.
CHROGH, v. did hang or hung; -AGH; -I -INS; -IT; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.	N; C.
Fer'ER, s. a hangman.	C.
Dy'EY, v. to hang or suspend.	c.
Yn ————————————————————————————————————	C'
Yn CHROI'AGHT, s. the incest.	c.
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CHRON, *CHRONN, OF CHRONNEE, v. did descendiscern, or behold; -AGH; -IN; -INS; -I	т:
-YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.	ć
Dy CHRON'NAGHEY, v. to descry, discern, &c.	
Feer CHRON'NAL, a. very plain, obvious, man fest, evident, visible, conspicuous.	C.
E CHRON'NEY, s. his portion, share, fate.	C.
Yn CHRON'NEYDER, s. the discerner, &c.	C.
Yn CHRON-SCOI'DEY, s. the boom.	С. С.
Yn CHRON-SPREI'E, s. the bowsprit. Yn CHRON-TOG'HERYS, s. the winding blades.	
CHRONT, v. did knot; -AGH; -AL; -I	
-INS; -IT; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.	C.
Feer CHRON'TAGH, a. very knotty.	C.
Dy CHRON'TEY OF CHRONTAL, v. to knot bulb.	or C.
Yn CHRON'TEYDER, s. the knotter.	C.
Yn CHRON'TID, s. the knottiness.	C.
Ro CHRON'TIL, 85. too knotted.	C.
Снкоо, v. did create, created ; —лсн ; —vs, 94	
Er CHROO, v. hath, &c. created.	C.
Yn CHROO or Yn CHROOAGHT, s. the creation created nature.	or C.
Yn CHROO'AG, s. the grub or maggot	C.
Feer CHROO'BAGH, a. very lame.	с.
E CHROO'BEE, s. pl. his lame ones.	C.
E CHROO'BID, s. his lameness.	C.
Yn CHROO'DAGH. s. See Fer-croo.	C.
Yn CHROSH, s. the cross, crucifix; the reel. Dy CHRO'SSEY, v. to cross, crucify; to interse	C.
to cancel.	С.
Yn CHRO'TTAG, s. the curlew.	C.
an onnot of onnon, of the most of the	the
iron circle of a wheel; pl. —GHYN; 1 Kin vii. 33.; v. to shoe with iron; —AGH; —1	gs, N:
INS; IT; YM; YMS; YS, 94.	C.
Yn CHROUT, s. the trick or stratagem.	C.
Feer CHROU'TAGH, a. very trickish or crafty.	
E CHROU'TID OF CHROUTYS, s. his craftiness craft; 1 Cor. iii. 19.	or C.
Yn CHROW or CHROUW, s. the bunch or bush	
shrub growing on one stem.	C.
CHROW, v. did hover or hovered; —AGH; —	
Dy CHROWAL, v. to hover, to crave. Yn CHROW'ALTAGH, s. the craver, the claimant.	C.
CHROYM OF CHROYMM, v. did stoop or bo	
stooped; -AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YM	18;
-ys, 94.	C.
Dy CHROYM'MEY, v. to stoop or bow. E CHROYN, s. pl. his nuts.	C. C.
Sy CHRUICK, s. in the bucket ; Isa. xl. 15.	C.
Yn CHRUILL, s. the curve.	С.
E CHRUIN, s. pl. his masts.	C.
Feer CHRUIN or CHRING, v. very close, compa	
For the radical of this word see <i>Psl.</i> xcviii. (round.)	8, C.
Yn CHRUIN'AG, s. the crown of a hat.	C.
Yn CHRUIN'AGH, s. the close multitude.	C.
CHRUINN, v. did close, &c. —AGH; —I —INS; —IT; —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94.	N:
Dy CHRUIN'NAGHEY, v. to besiege, &c.	~ /
	C.
Er CHRUIN'NAGHT, v. hath, &c. besieged, &c.	c.
Yn CHRUIN'NEY, s. the globe, ball, sphere, o	C. C. rb,
Yn CHRUIN'NEY, s. the globe, ball, sphere, o &c., the earth as it is one.	C. C. rb, C.
Yn CHRUIN'NEY, s. the globe, ball, sphere, o	C. C. rb,

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reer CHRDIN NIT, 55. Very closed of besieged.	U.
Yn Chruisht or Chruishtin, s. the pitcher pail; Eccl. xii. 6.	or C.
Yn CHRUIT'TAG, s. the hump back person.	C.
Feer CHRUIT'TAGH, a. very hump backed.	c.
E CHRUIT'TID, s. his hump backedness.	c.
E CHRUM'EEYN, s. pl. his snails.	C.
Yn CHRYSS, v. the girdle, belt, tape, inkle, &c.	
CHRYSS, v. did gird or bind with belt, tape, girdle;AGH;IN;YM;YS, 94.	C.
Dy CHRYS'SEY, v. to gird or bind with girdle.	C.
Yn CHRYSS-SOIL'LEE, s. the swaddling clot	
Job, xxxviii. 9.	C. C.
Yn CHUBEAR', s. the cooper. Yn CHUG, s. the pap or breast milk.	C.
Yn Chugh'Lin, s. the cone.	С.
Yn CHUILL, s. the quill.	C.
Yn CHUILLE'IG, s. the inside corner, nook.	C.
Yn CHUN'NAG, s. the flask, the horn for snutthe snuff box.	C.
CHUIR or *CHUIRR, v. did sow, sowed; bid or	
vite, bade, invited;AGH;IN;IN YM;YMS;YS, 94.	C.
Dy CHUIR'REY, v. to bid or invite.	C.
Yn CHUIR'REYDER, s. the inviter, &c.	C.
Yn CHUISH'LIN, s. the vein.	C.
Yn CHUL'LEE, s. the colour or aspect; the tack furniture, or apparatus to work any thing.	le, C.
Yn CHULLYR, s. the colour.	C.
CHUM OF CHUMM, v. did hold or held; -AG -IN; -INS; -IT; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.	н;
Feer CHUM'IR, a. very compact, tidy, &c.	C.
Yn CHUM'MAL, s. the holding or dwelling.	C.
Yn CHUM'MALTAGH, s. the inhabitant.	C.
Yn CHUM'MEY, s. the form.	C.
<i>Yn</i> CHUM'MEYDER, <i>s</i> . the man that forms. *CHUMR OF CHUMREE, <i>v</i> . did hinder, hinder	C.
deterred; -AGH; -IN; -INS; -IT; -Y	
YMS;YS, 94.	C.
Dy CHUMRA'IL, v. to hinder or deter.	C.
Feer CHUMRAIL'AGH, a. very hindersome. Yn CHUMRAIL'EYDER, s. one that hinders an	C.
ther.	C.
CHUR, v. did give, gave, did put, did send, se &c. See Cur.	C.
Yn CHURJEI'G. See Curjeig.	C.
Yn CHURLEI'D, s. the coverlid.	C.
Feer CHURM'AGH, a. very careful in adheri to the charges or duties enjoined.	
Dy CHURM'AGHEY, v. to charge with duties.	C. C.
Er CHURM'AL, v. hath, &c. charged, &c.	С.
CHURM OF CHURMEE, v. did charge with dutio -AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.	es ;
Yn CHURN, s. the can.	К.
Yn CHURN'AGHT, s. the wheat.	C.
CHURN'EE, a. d. of wheat or wheats	C.
Yn CHURNEE'IN, s. the pet or huff.	C.
Feer CHURNEEIN'AGH, a. very pettish, &c. ve easily thrown down.	C.
Dy CHUR-NY-LIEH, v. to impeach, to accuse.	C.
Yn CHURP, s. the haunch.	C.
Yn CHUR'RAG. s. See Currag. Yn CHUR'RAGH, s. the bog, fen, or mars	C.
place.	C.
CHUR'REE, a. d. of the bog or fen.	C.

Dy CHUR'-ROO, v. to have to do with.	С.
E CHUR'RYM, s. his duty, his charge.	С.
Dy CHUR'RYMAGHEY, v. See Churmaghey.	C.
Dy CHUR-SHAGHEY, v. to adjourn.	C.
	C.
Yn CHURT'LAGH, s. the reed or cane.	100
E CHUSE, s. his quantity.	К.
Yn CHUSH'AG, s. the ragwort or ragweed.	C.
Yn CHUSH'LIN-VOOAR, s. the artery.	С.
CHUSHT, v. did whip, whipped; -AGH; -	IN ;
-INS; -IT; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.	C.
Yn CHUSH'TEY, s. the whipping.	C.
Yn CHUSH'TEYDER, s. the whipper.	C.
Feer Chus'TEY, a. very cursed.	C.
E CHU'TID, s. his keenness or cunning.	К.
Y CHUYR, s. the sister; Jer. iii. 10; Gen. xxx	
31.	S.
CHYL'LOO, a. d. of the Calf Island; as, carrie	
chylloo (the Chickens of the Calf Island).	C.
CHYM'LEE, s. f. 5. the chimney; plYN.	
CHYM'MEY, s. m. 5. compassion; pl. 67.	
CHYM'MEYDAGH, s. m. 5. a compassionate ]	ber-
son; pl. 71.	
CHYMMO'IL, a. 5. compassionate.	
CHYM'MYLT, s. m. 5. a foreskin; 1 Sam. xviii.	95
CHYM'MYLTAGH, s. m. 5. a circumcised perso	
CHYM'MYLTIT, 85. 5. circumcised.	
*CHYMN or CHYMNEE, v. 5. will or beque	ath,
commend or devise; —AGH, 77; —EE, —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —IT, 85; —YM,	80;
-IN, 83; -INS, 84; -IT, 80; -YM,	80;
-YMS, 86; -YS, 88.	
CHYM'NEE, a. d. 5. of a will or testament;	as,
feanish chymnee.	-
CHYM'NEY, s. m. 5. a will or testament; pl.	07;
v. devising, bequeathing.	
CHYM'NEYDER, s. m. 5. a testator, bequeathe	
CHYMS OF CHYMSEE, v. 5. gather; -AGH,	77;
-AGHEY, 82; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -IT,	85;
-YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.	
CHYM'SAGH, s. f. 5. a gathering, a sore ; pl.	
CHYNDAA', v. 5. turn; -AGH, 77; -EE, -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS,	80;
-IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS,	87;
-ys, 88; s. m. a turn; plGHYN.	
Yn CHYN'DAGH, s. 6. the guilty person or thing	. K.
CHYNDAÏT, 85. 5. turned, translated.	
E CHYN'DID, s. 6. his guilt or guiltiness.	К.
Dty CHYN'NEY, s. thy kindred.	К.
Dy CHYR, s. of knots.	К.
CHYRM OF -EE, v. 5. dry or make dry; -A	
77; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS,	
-Ys, 88.	~, ,
'AGHEY, v. 5. drying.	
'EE, a. d. 5. of drying or dryness.	
'EY, a. pl. 5. dry, arid.	
'EYDER, s. m. 5. a dryer, an absorbent	10.54
'IT, 85. 5. dried, absorbed.	
'ID, s. m. 5. dryness, drought.	
CHYR'RYM, a. 5. dry, arid.	
CHYR'RYS, s. 5. a tour or journey ; 1 Sam. xvii	28.
CLAARE, s. m. a dish; plEYN.	
CLAA'SAGH, s. f. a harp; plYN or 71.	
CLAB'BINAGH, a. squally, gusty.	
CLAB'BINID, s. m. squalliness.	
CLAD'DAGH, s. m. the bank of a river. Perh	aps

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therefore, would be a marshy place where rods, willows, or rushes grow; in Ez. xlviii. 15, it is for suburbs; pl. 72.

Yn CLAD'DAN, s. the wash staff.

CLAG or CLAGG, s. m. a bell, a clock.

CLAG-MER'RIU, s. a knell.

CLAGH, s. f. a stone; pl.-YN.

CLAGH-CHRUIN, s. a pebble.

CLAGH-OAIE, s. a gravestone.

CLAGH-BLIEHMEAYN, s. a grindstone.

CLAGH-RUBBAN, s. a rubbing stone.

CLAGH-SHLEEUEE, s. a whetstone.

CLAGH-WYLLIN, s. a millstone.

CLAGH-Y-TOOILL, s. the apple of the eye.

CLAGH, v. stone; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —EY, 82; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.

CLAG'HAGH, a. stony, full of stones.

CLAG'HEY, v. stoning, casting stones on.

CLAG'HEYDER, s. a stoner, one who stones.

CLAG'HIT, 85. stoned.

CLAG'HYN-CLOIE, s. the bird stonechatter.

CLAG'HYN-GEAYL, s. the stone, or what is termed gravel in the bladder.

CLAIG'IN, s. the scalp of the head, the part of the head the hair grows on, the cranium or brain pan; *Psl.* lxviii. 21.

CLAIGHT, s. m. a plait or fold; pl. — YN; v. plait or braid; — AGH, 77; — EE, 80; — EY, 82; — IN, 83; — INS, 84; — YM, 86; — YMS, 87; — YS, 88.

\*CLAM OF CLAME, v. embrace, grasp; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.

CLA'MEY, v. embracing or grasping in a clumsy manner.

CLA'MEYDER, s. m. an embracer, &c.

CLA'MIT, 85. grasped, &c.

CLAMP, s. m. a patch; pl.—YN; v. patch; —AGH, 77; — EE, 80; —EY, 82; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —IT, 85; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.

Yn CLANE, s. the whole.

- CLANN or CLAHN, v. thicken, populate; used chiefly for meal to thicken in boiling
- CLAN'NAGHEY OF CLAN'NEY, v. thickening, populating.
- CLASH, s. f. a hollow in land made by the ending furrow, a hollow on the back of a horse with fatness, any hollow or groove.

CLASHT, v. hear, hearken, hark, hark thou.

CLASHTYN, v. hearing.

Yn CLAT, s. the rod, the wand; Fer-y-clat (the coroner or lockman).

Yn CLAT'TAG, s. the small rod, the dim. of rod. S.

Y CLAT'TYS, s. the statute. S.

Yn CLAYNT, s. the health. S.

CLEA, s. f. any timber or iron barred across each other, as a gate, harrow, roof of a house, &c.

CLEAIEE or CLEIEE, v. harrow; -AGH, 77; - IN, 83; --INS, 84; --IT, 85; --YM, 86; --YMS, 87; --YS, 88.

CLEA'IEEDER, s. m. a harrower.

CLEAIN OF CLEAIYN, s. pl. harrows.

CLEAN, s. m. a cradle or creel; pl. -YN.

CLEAYN, s. m. enticement, allurement, seducement, delusion.

CLEAYN OF CLEAYNEE, v. entice, allure, seduce,

CLAD'DAGH, s. m. the bank of a river. Perhaps this word would be more properly *Clattagh*, as it may be derived from *Clat* (a rod); *Clattagh*,

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delude, inveigle; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —IT, 85; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87;	CLIEN'NEY, a. d. of the children; Mark, vii. 27. CLIN, v. hear. See also Cluin, which I reckon
-Ys, 88.	the best Manks; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83;
CLEAY'NAGHEY OF CLEAY'NEY, v. enticing, &c.	YM, 86; YS, 88.
CLEAY'NEE, a. d. of enticing or alluring, &c.	Yn CLINGAN, s. the back of the shoulder. S.
CLEAYN'EYDER, s. m. an enticer or allurer; pl.	CLINK, s. f. a trick, a curvature ; $pl YN$ .
-YN.	CLINK'ERAGH, v. tinkling; Isa. iii. 16.
CLEAYSH, s. f. an ear, a lug, the handle of a tub	CLIN'EYDER, s. m. a hearer; pl YN.
or can, &c. pl. — YN. CLEAY'SHAGH, a. having ears or lugs,	CLIN'NIT, 85. heard.
CLEAYS'HEY, a. d. of the ear, auricular.	CLIOAG'AGH, s. m. gladers, flagers, swordgrass,
CLEAVSH-LIA'UVR, s. f. a long ear, slow in an-	bulrushes; <i>Exod.</i> ii. 3. <i>Yn</i> CLISSAG, s. the hame.
swering, forbearing.	CLIST, s. m. spring, elasticity; v. —AGH, 77;
CLEAYST, s. f. a fan ; Mat. iii. 12, and Luke, iii. 17; pl YN. S.	-ее, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -IT, 85; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
CLEDGE, s. f. bran; pl YN.	CLIS'TAL, v. springing, bounding.
CLEEAU, s. f. chest, breast, stomach.	CLIS'TEYDER, s. m. a springer or bounder.
Yn CLEEAYST, or CLEEAYSID, s. the thigh. S.	CLIWE, s. f. a sword ; pl YNS.
CLEEIR, a. clear; Hymn 54.	*CLO OF CLOGHEY, v. chase, chasing; -AGH, 77;
CLEICE, s. pl. hedges, a. d. of hedge or hedges.	-ее, 80; -и, 83; -и, 84; -и, 85; -ум, 86; -умs, 87; -уs, 88.
CLEIGH OF CLEIY, s. m. a hedge; v. dig delve, quarry; - AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS,	CLOAG, v. cloak, or cover with a cloak; -AGH,
84; -IT, 85; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.	77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -IT, 85;
CLEIGHT, v. dug, quarried.	YM, 86; YMS, 87, YS, 88.
Yn CLEIH, the people. S.	CLOA'GEY, s. m. a cloak or mantle; pl. 67.
CLEIN, s. pl. See Cleaiyn or Cleain.	CLOAIE, a. d. of stone or stones; Prov. "Brishys accyrys trooid boallaghyn cloaie."
CLEIN, s. m. the clan, the surname.	CLOAN, s. pl. children, descendants.
CLEIYDER, s. m. a delver, a quarrier.	CLOAN-GHEINEY, s. pl. children of men.
CLEIY-FO, v. supplanting.	CLOAN-NY-MOLLAGHT, s. pl. cursed children.
CLEOYN, s. bent, propensity, inclination.	CLO'DER, s. m. a chaser; plYN.
CLEP, s. a grapple or grapnel, a large hook set in a handle; pl. yn.	CLO'EE, a. d. of chasing, or the chase.
CLE'RAGH, s. m. a clerk, a piece put into the	CLOG'HEY, v. chasing.
chimb of a wooden vessel; pl. 71. CLE'RAGH-NY-LIOARYN, s. m. the Clerk of the	CLOIE, s. m. a play; v. play, boil; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86;
Rolls.	-YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
CLE'REE, a. d. of a clerk or clerks.	CLOI'EDER, s. m. a player; plYN.
CLE'REEYS, s. f. clerkship; pl YN.	CLOIET, 85. played, boiled.
CLESP, s. f. a clasp; v. clasp; -AGH, 77; -EE,	CLON-CHOU'R, s. m. the after-birth.
80; -EY, 82; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -IT, 85; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88. CLET, s. f. a rock in the sea near a larger one;	CLOOID, s. m. a clout; pl. —YN; v. to clout; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —IT, 85; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
• it is used for the same in Erse; it is also used	CLOOID-JUIS'T, s. m. a dish clout.
with us for a piece of timber nailed on another	CLOOID RUBBEE, s. m. a towel.
or larger piece to hinder anything from pass- ing, and perhaps had its name from this, as	CLOOIE, s. f. small feathers, fur.
a <i>clet</i> is a hinderance of the water or tide; <i>pl</i> ,	CLOOIE'SAG, s. f. a bolster of feathers; $pl y_N$ .
-TYN. CLEU'IN, s. m. a son-in-law, a daughter's hus-	*CLOU OF CLOUW, s. m. a pair of tongs; pl.—GHYN; 1 Kings, vii. 49.
band. See also <i>Ben-chleuin</i> .	CLOW'AN, s. f. a frame to wind a line on; v. craving, teasing, claiming, dunning.
CLEU'INVS, s. f. affinity, relationship by marriage.	CLOW'ANAGH, s. m. a craver or dunner ; pl. 71.
CLIAGHT, v. accustom, practise; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —IT, 85; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.	CLOW'ANIT, 85. teased by dunning, &c. CLU'IGAGH OF CLU'GAGH, a. crafty, cunning,
CLIAG'HTEY, s. m. practice, habit, custom fash- ion; pl. 67.	wily, treacherous. CLU'GE, s. f. craft, intrigue.
CLIAG'HTEYDER, s. m. a practicer, &c.	CLU'GEID, s. f. craftiness, cunningness.
CLIASS, s. m. a happening alike, the same fate, like as.	Yn CLUG'GID, s. m. the narrow part of the throat, the part where we swallow through, the
CLICK, s. See Clink.	glottis. S.
Yn CLIEAU, s. the mountain. S.	CLUIG, s. pl. bells, clocks.
CLIEGEE'N, s. f. a jewel; Pro. xi. 26; a loop or ring; pl yN. The g in this word ought to	Yn CLUIGHT, s. the offspring; Acts. xvii. 28. S. CLUIN OF *CLUINN, v. hear; —AGH, 77; —EE,
be a $j$ , according to Dr. Kelly's Manks grammar and the latter part of remark 12, as I never	80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -IT, 85; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
heard the hard sound given to the $g$ in this word in conversation. Etymology perhaps from	CLUIN'EYDER, s. m. a hearer ; pl YN.
Cleaysh (an ear), and Jesheen (an ornament).	*CLUS OF CLOOEYS, v. cover with feathers;

-AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; --YM4, 87; -YS, 88.

CLU'SAGHEY, v. expanding the wings over the young of fowls, covering with feathers.

- CLU'SIT, 85. the young of a fowl covered by the dam.
- CLYNN, v. hear. See Cluin.

CLYNN'EE. v. See Cluinee, Exod. XV. 14.

- Vn CLYST, s. the region, suburbs, borders. S.
   COAD, v. protect, defend; —AGH, 77; —AGHEY, 82; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —IT, 85;
- -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88. COA'DAN, s. m. a protected person, a ward.
- COA'DEE, a. d. of protection or defence.
- COA'DEY, s. m. protection; pl. 67.
- COA'DEVDER OF Fer CHOADEE, s. m. a protector.
- COAG'YR, v. cook, dress meat; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- COA'GYREY, s. m. a cook; pl. 67.
- COA'GYRIT, S5. cooked meat, dressed.

COAIR, adv. near, nigh.

COAMR OF COAMREE, v. clothe, dress; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.

COAM'REE, a. d. of clothing or dress.

- COAM'REY, s. m. clothing, garment, attire, dress, apparel; pl. 67.
- COAMREY-VRA'GHEY. s. The meaning of Coamrey in this word is not now in use: it was an old custom of going to drink ale or beer in the person's house where the malt-seller sold his malt.
- COAMREY-YN-THIE, v. keeping the house in repair.
- COAM'REYDER, s. m. a dresser, a clother.
- COAM'RIT, 85. clothed, dressed, covered; it means finished in Neh. vi. 15, and endued in Luke, xxiv. 49.
- COAN OF COUAN, s. m. a valley or glen.
- Co-ARD', s. as high, of the same height.
- COAR-CHRA'TTAGH, s. f. a snipe; pl. 71.
- COAR-NY-HAS'TAN, s. f. a crane; pl. -YN.
- COAR, s. f. a twister; pl. -YN.
- COAR, a. agreeable, sociable, civil, indulgent.
- COARD, v. agree; —AGH, 77; —AIL, 78; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- COARDA'IL, s. m. an agreement; pl. -YN.
- COARDA'ILYS, s. m. agreement, agreeableness.
- COARD'EYDER, s. m. an agreer; pl. -YN.

COARD'IT, 85. agreed, settled.

COA'SAN, s. m. an equal in age.

COAU, s. f. chaff ; pl. - YN.

COAU'AGH, a. chaffy.

COAYL, s. m. loss, damage.

COAYR OF COAIR, a. odd; Num. iii. 48.

CO-AYR'NAGH, s. m. a partaker; Rom. xv. 27.

COB'BYR, s. f. copper ; pl. -YN.

COD'JAL, s. m. a treadle; pl. -YN. See Coshal.

Co-CAS'LEY, a. equal in likeness, alike.

Co-cas'Lys, s. m. likeness, form, portrait.

Co-chor'RYM, a. equal, equipoise.

Co-choud', adv. equidistant, equally far.

\*Co-CHRUIN' or COCHRUINEE, v. congregate, assemble in a multitude, besiege; —AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.

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COCHRUIN'AGHT, s. m. an assembly, a concourse or congregation of people, a besiegement.

COCHRUIN'AGMEY, v. assembling, &c.

COCHRUIN'IT, 85. congregated, besieged, &c.

- Co-Dowi'n, a. as deep, equal in partnership.
- COE, v. grieving, mourning, weeping; -AOH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88. Prov. "Mannagh vow cliaghtey cliaghtey nee cliaghtey coe."

COE'YDER, s. m. a weeper, a griever; pl. - YN.

- Coc'GYL, s. f. cockle, tares; Job, xxxi. 40.
- COGH'AL, s. m. the core of a sore; pl. -YN.
- COL'DYR, s. f. straw drawn for ropes.
- COI'GEE, s. f. a loom; pl. -YN.
- COILL, s. m. a general name for a dog; as, Coill-voddee, a corruption of qual in quallian.
- COIL'LAR, s. m. the halter of a horse; pl. --YN. COIR'REY, s. m. a crucible, a caldron, furnace, or kettle; pl. 67.

COIR'RILLAGH, a. some odds.

- COLIAK', adv. alike, of the same likeness.
- COL'BAGH, s. f. a heifer; pl. 72. The plural of this word ought to be *Colbee* and not *Colbeeyn*, but custom frequently overcomes rule.
- COL'BEE, a. d. of a heifer or heifers.
- COLB OF COL'BEY, s. m. the body, trunk, or hull. This word, no doubt, is the old Manks for body.
- COLEANR'TYS, s. twilight, partaking of light and darkness.
- COLHE'AN, adv. as wide, equally broad. Colhean coliauyr (as broad as long).
- COLHIAB'BAGH, s. m. f. a bed-fellow; a concubine; pl. 71.
- COLIACE', adv. alike, equal. See also Coliak.
- COLIAUYR', adv. as long, equal in length.
- COLL OF COHLL, s. m. hazel, a tree.
- COL'LAGH, s. m. a stallion. The males of many animals are called *Collagh*; as, collagh assyl (a he-ass); collagh muck (a boar); collagh kayt (a he or kaarl cat), &c. pl. 71.
- COLLA'NE, s. f. a gut or entrail.

COLLA'NEAGH, a. intestinal.

- COLLAN-BING', s. m. a sound in the ear as of a bell.
- COLLAN-JARG'AN OF CADLEY-JARGAN, s. m. a sensation of pain generally felt in the foot or feet attended with slight pricking pains all over the member, which is quite torpid at the time. Perhaps it ought to be written Ghallar-jerkan.

COL'LEE, a. d. of a stallion or stallions.

- COL'LEEYS, s. m. the action of a stallion or male animal with his mate.
- Col'Loo, s. f. the Calf Island. This word, like many others, is difficult to know from what it has been derived, as it differs from the Manks of calf, (the young of a cow); but perhaps it ought to be spelled *cauf*. Conjectures in such cases are endless—some persons will have it to be from *cooyl-halloo* (behind the land); others that it is from *coayl* (loss); and others that it is so called on account of its being formerly frequented by puffins, and this word *Colloo*, being their principal note.
- COLL-MEA, s. f. the herb lamb-quarter. Perhaps it ought to be *Kail-mea* (a fat or luxuriant cole or cabbage).
- COLOAVRT', v. conversing ; -AGH, 77, &c.

COLOAYRT'AGH, s. m. converser; pl. 71.

COLOAYRT'YS, s. m. conversation; pl. -YN.

COL'TAR, s. m. a coulter or cutter of a plough; pl. -YN.

COL'TRAG, s. a coulter bill fowl.

\*Combaa's or Combaase, v. compass, surround, encircle; - AGH, 77; - EE, 80; - IN, 83; - INS, 84; - YM, 86; - YMS, 87; - YS, 88.

COMBAA'SAL, v. encompassing, encircling.

COMBAA'SE, s. m. a compass, a circular route.

COMBAA'SEY. v. See Combaasal.

COMBAA'SEYDER, s. m. a compasser; pl. -YN.

COMBAA'SIT, 85. compassed, encompassed.

- COMLEAVR'TAGH OF CHIONNLEAVRTAGH, a. hard to see, difficult to discern because of darkness coming on.
- COMLEAYRT'YS OF CHIONNLEAYRTYS, s. m. the time between day-break and sun-rise, and sunset and night. The word is in its aspirated state in Josh. ii. 5; pl. — YN.
- COM'MEE, a. common participation ; Rev. ii. 20. Prov. "Commee obbyr commee bee."
- COM'MEEYS, s. partnership, fellowship, communion, league. This word and *Boodeeys* are nearly synonymous, the former is used in matters respecting the body and the mind, *Eph*. iii. 9; and the latter in matters of commerce, gain, or partnership.

Co'Mys, s. m. offence, blame; 2 Cor. viii. 20.

Co'MYS, s. m. the private part; pl. -YN.

Co'MYSSEY, v. cohabiting, copulating.

CONAA'NT, s. m. a covenant, a condition; pl. -YN; v. -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.

CONAA'NTAGH, s. m. a covenanter; pl. 71.

CONAA'NTEY, v. covenanting, bargaining.

CONAA'NTIT, 85. covenanted, conditioned.

- CONDA'IG, s. f. a contrary, crabbed person; pl. -- EE.
- CONDAIG'AGH, a. contrary, in opposition.
- CONDAIG'YS, s. f. contrariety, contrariness; pl. --YN.

CONDE'IL, s. f. a goar in timber work ; pl. -YN.

- CON-GHOR'RAGHEY, a. something dark. Perhaps this word is from *Chionn* and *Dorraghey* (hardly dark).
- CON-GHOR'RAGHYS OF CON-GHORRID, s. m. darkness, not altogether dark, pretty dark.
- CON'EEAGHT, s. m. the twilight, the cowering of night.
- CON'NAASAGH OF CON'NYSSON, v. taunting, scoffing, disdainfully sneering, or teasing.
- CON'NAASE, s. f. disdain, contempt.

CON'NAGH-NY-GHIA'RK, s. f. the herb henbane.

CON'NEEYN, s. pl. conies, rabbits.

CON'NING, s. f. a coney, a rabbit.

CON'NYSAGH. See Connaasagh.

CON'REA, s. m. a tup that has his testicles in his back.

CONRIEUGH', a. imaginary, not real.

CONTAN'GRYS, a. cross-grained, crabbed, peevish.

- CON'TRAIE, s. f. the neap tide. The con in this word is supposed to come from coon (narrow), as the shore is narrow at this time.
- CONVA'YRT, s. m. a carcase, a carrion; the pl. is CONVEYRT.
- Coo, s. m. a greyhound; pl. COYIN.

Coo'AG, s. f. a cuckoo; pl. -YN.

COO'AGEY, v. cooing as a dove ; Nah. ii. 7.

COOAT, s. m. a coat; pl. —YN; v. coat; —AGH, 77; —AL, 79; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —IT, 85; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.

COOAT'EY, v. coating, covering with a coat.

- COOAT'EYDER, s. m. a coater, a coverer ; pl. YN.
- COOB or COOID, s. m. inside of a bend; the piece of timber that fills the eye of the nether millstone.

\*Cood or Cood'EE, v. cover — AGH, 77; — EE, 80; — IN, 83; — INS, 84; — IT, 85; — YM, 86; — YMS, 87; — YS, 88.

----- AGH, s. m. a covering ; pl. -- YN.

----- AGHEY, v. covering.

——'EE, a. d. of covering or coverings.

----- EYDER, s. m. a coverer ; pl. ---YN.

COOID, s. f. goods, ware, merchandize; pl. -YN. COOID-RON'NEY, s. m. portion of goods divided. COOID'JAGH, adv. together.

COOID'JAGHEY, v. gathering together; Cant. vi 13. COOID-VOOA'R, s. m. something great.

COOIE, a. fit, convenient, meet ; Ez. xv. 4.

Dy COOIE, adv. duly, fitly, properly.

- COOILL, s. f. a hiding place; Isa. xxviii. 17 There are several estates of land in the Island called *Cooill*, as *Cooill-vane*, *Cooill-injil*, §c.; I suppose from their situation being behind.
- COOILLEE'N, v. fulfil, perform, reward, avenge; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88; s. recompence, compensation; pl. —AGHYN; Rom. xii. 19.; Heb. xi. 26.
- COOILLEE'NEY, v. fulfilling, performing, recompensing, compensating, avenging; s. m. fulfilment, revenge; pl. 67.

COOILLEE'NEYDER, s. m. an avenger, fulfiller, &c.; pl. - YN.

COOILLEE'NIT, 85. fulfilled, finished, &c.

COOILLEY, a. d. of the situation of lying behind. COOILL-LHIAG'HT, s. f. a couch; Amos, iii. 12. COOIN, v. i. help, aid, assist.

COOIN OF COOIN'EE, v. remember, recollect; —AGH, 77; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —IT, 85; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.

COOIN'AGHT OF COOIN'AGHTYN, S. m. memory, recollection, remembrance.

COOIN'AGHYN, s. m. memorandum.

COOIN'EY, s. m. coin ; pl. 67.

COOIN'EYDER, s. m. a coiner, a rememberer.

COOIN'IDAGH, a. retentive, recollective.

COOINSHEANS'E, s. f. conscience; pl. -YN.

COOINSHEANS'AGH, a. conscientious.

COOISH, s. f. a cause, case, affair; pl. - YN.

- COOIS'HAGH, a. cautelous, desirous of information or knowledge, wily, sly.
- Dy Cools'HAGH, adv. wily, cunningly, slily; Josh. ix. 4.
- COOL'LEE OF COYL'LEE, a. d. of a valve or valves, of a leaf of a door, &c.
- COOL'LEY OF COOYL'LEY, s. f. the valve or leaf of a door.

Coon, a. narrow, not wide; v. narrow; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.

Coon, v. help, aid, assist; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.

- COON'EE, a. d. of help or assistance.
- COON'EY, a. pl. narrow, strait.
- COON'EY, s. m. help, aid, assistance ; pl. 67.
- Coon'evder, s. m. or Fer-choonee, a helper, an aider.
- Coon'ID, s. m. narrowness.
- COON'LAGH, s. f. straw; pl. 72.
- COON'LEE, a. d. of straw, of the straw.
- COONR OF COONRE, v. exchange, barter, truck, commute, swop; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —EY, 82; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —IT, 85; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- -----EE, a. d. of exchange, or barter, &c.
- ------EYDER, s. m. an exchanger; pl. -- YN.
- COONT, v. count, reckon, calculate; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —EY, 82; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —IT, 85; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- COON'TEY, s. m. an account, sake, sake of, reckoning, history; pl. 67. Prov. "Coontey ny heïn roish ta ny hoohyn guirt."
- COORSE, s. m. course ; pl. YN.
- COOYL, adv. behind, aback. Fer cooyl-duirn (one to aid or help in case of need).
- COOYL-CAS'SIDAGH, s. m. a backbiter; pl. 71.
- COOVL-CAS'SID, v. backbiting; Rom. i. 30.
- COOYL-CHLEA, a. in ambush, in wait, lying in wait, behind the screen.
- COOYL-SKIR'RAGHTAGH, s. m. a backslider; pl. 71.
- COOVET, s. a court or yard ; pl. YN.
- COOVR'TEY, a. d. of a court or yard.
- CORAA', s. f. voice; pl. -GHYN.
- CORAA-DOR'RAGHEY, s. m. a parable or dark saying; pl. CORAAGHYN-DORRAGHEY.
- CORB, s. m. an heirloom; pl. -- YN.
- CORDA'IL, a. according, pursuant.
- COR'KEY, s. m. oats, oat grain; pl. 67.
- CORKEY-TAG'HYRT, s. m. long bearded oats.
- CORLAIG', s. f. a coalrake or muckrake.
- COR'LAN, s. f. an earth nut or pig nut; pl. -YN.
- CORLHE'IM, v. hop, leap on one foot; —AGH, 77; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- CORLHEIM'ERAGHT, v. hopping, capering, skipping.
- CORM, a. (a contraction of Corrym,) equal equivalent, even, up to; s. m. satisfaction or revenge for something done, compensation; v. —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.

CORM'AGH OF CORMAL, v. making equal or even. CORM'AGHEY, v. equalising, making even.

- CORM'EE, a. d. of equalising.
- CORM'ID, s. m. equality, equivalence, equilibrium, evenness.
- CORMID-TRAA-AR'REE, s. m. the spring or vernal equinox.
- CORMID-TRAA-FOU'YR, s. m. the harvest, or autumnal equinox.
- COR'MIT, 85. made equal, or even ; Job, xxviii. 19.
- CORM'YDER, s. m. a chancellor ; Ezra, iv. 8. CORNEIL', s. f. a corner ; pl.—YN.
- CORNEIL'AGH, a. having corners; a. d. of a corner or corners.
- COROC'KLE, S. m. a consonant; pl. 69.

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- CORP, s. m. a body, a corpse; pl. KIRP; the body of any thing.
- CORP-AS-SLAY'NT, s. m. kind love and best respects.
- COR'RAG, s. f. a hand in contempt, a crook made of the hand or fingers; a knob to hold by to turn a machine; pl. --YN.

COR'RAGH, a. tottering, ready to fall.

- COR'RAN, s. m. a sickle; pl. -- YN. Prov. "Cha dooar rieau drogh veaynee corran mie."
- COR'REE, s. f. anger, resentment; a. angry, displeased.
- COR'REY, a. d. of shooting nets; as, traa-correy (shooting time).
- COR'REY, a. d. of sowing, or seed; as, arroocorrey (seed corn).
- COR'RYDANK, a. crossly disposed.
- COR'REYDER, s. m. a sower; pl. YN.
- COR'RID, s. m. caducity, aptness to fall or totter.
- COR'RILLAGH, s. m. the odds, balance, the fractional part; pl. — YN.
- COR'RYM, a. equal, even; with child. See Corm. CORVAA'L, s. f. confusion, chaos.
- Contract by or gr contrastony chao
- CORVIA'N, s. f. conceit.
- COSAAY'L, s. f. (from Cosh and Soieal,) on the haunches. Soie-cosaayl is sitting with the haunches or hams on the calves of the legs; Ecclesiasticus, xxvi. 2.
- COSH OF COSHEY, a. d. of the foot or feet.
- COSH'AGH, s. m. a pedestrian. This word is seldom used. See *Chosee*.
- COSH'AL, s. f. a treadle; pl. -YN.
- COSH'EE, s. m. pedestrian, foot travellers, footmen. This word is used for both singular and plural; a. d. of travelling on foot.
- COSH'EEAGHT, s. m. the action of walking. Goll ayns cosheeaght hionn (going in quick pace).
- COSH'EE-GHORLEY, s. pl. travellers that have some ailment in their feet, lame travellers.
- COSH'EE-ROOISHT, s. pl. barefeet or barefooted travellers.
- COSH'-RY-CHOLBEY, a. going in a body together, walking cheek-by-jowl.
- \*Cosn, Cosne, or Cossyn, v. gain, earn, win, escape, &c.; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —EY, 82; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.

Cos'NEE, a. d. of gain or earnings.

Co s'NEY, s. m. gain, earnings, winnings, profit, emolument; pl. 67.

Cos'NEYDER, s. m. an earner, a gainer; pl.—vN. Cos'NIT, 85. earned, gained, &c.

- Coso'yl, v. compare, liken; —AGH, 77;— EE, 80; —AGHEY, 82; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- COSO'YLEY, s. m. a comparison, metaphor, simile, &c.; pl. 67.

COSO'YLLAGH, v. comparing.

- COSS'YLLAGH, a. indifferent, passable, tolerable, in a middling state. This word may be from *Caslysagh*, agreeable to the likeness you see it in, or from *Cosh* (of a foot, able to go on foot).
- Cos'syllid, s. m. tolerableness, passableness.
- Cost, v. cost; —AGH, 77; —AL, 79; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88; s. m.
- Cos'TAL, a. costly, precious.

COSTRAY'L, s. f. a jar or large bottle.

Cour, pre. towards, provided for.

COUR-Y-LAA', a. daily, by the day, diurnal.

COUR-Y-TRAA', a. as the time comes.

- COUVR, s. m. cure, relief, remedy; pl,--YN; v. --AGH, 77; --EE, 80; --IN, 83; --INS, 84; --YM, --86; --YMS, 87; --YS, 88.
- Cou'YRAL, v. recovering, getting in a state of convalescence; pl. YN.
- COUYREYDER, s. m. a curer ; pl. YN.
- Cow'AG, s. f. chat, loud talk, unintelligible discourse; pl. - YN.
- Cow'ART, s. m. a coward.
- Cowr, v. mark, note, signify, betoken; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- Cow'RAGHEY, v. mark, signifying, betokening, representing.
- Cow'REE, s. f. sowins, flummery; pl. YN; a.d. of a mark or marks, or signifying.
- Cow'REY, s. m. a mark, token, sign, symptom; pl. 67.
- Cow'RIT, 85. marked, signified.
- COYRD, s. m. a cord; Josh. ii. 15; pl. YN.
- COYRLOR COYRLEE, v. advise, counsel, persuade ; -AGH, 77; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- COYR'LAGHEY, v. advising, counselling, persuading, &c.
- Cow'REYDER, s. m. a marker, one who marks.
- COY'RLAGH NOI, v. dissuading.
- COY'RLEE, a. d. of advice or counsel.
- COY'RLEYDER, s. m. an adviser. See also, Fer Coyrlee.
- COY'RLIT, 85. advised, counselled.
- COVRT, v. giving, sending, putting, &c. See also, *Curt*, which is seldom used.
- COVRT-DY-CHEILLEY OF COVRT-COOIDJAGH, v. joining.
- CRAA, v. shaking, trembling, quaking; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88. Prov. "Tad craa nyn moyrn er y chielley."
- C'RAAD, adv. where; a contraction of cre and raad.
- CRAA'DER, s. m. a shaker, &c.; pl. -- YN.
- CRAA'-HALLOOIN, s. m. an earthquake.

CRAA'IT, 85. shook, shaken.

- CRAC'KAN, s. m. skin, peel, rind; pl. -YN.
- CRAGH OF CRAGHT, s. f. carnage, slaughter, destruction, crash, spoil, prey. "Share craght ve sy cheer, na mee ny mannan cheet stiagh meein."
- CRAGH'EYDER, s. m. a destroyer, slaughterer, spoiler, &c.; pl. Y; Jer. li. 53.
- CRAGH'IT, 85. destroyed, slain.
- CRAID, s. f. mockery, scoffery, irony; v. mock, scoff, &c.; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88. Prov. "Eshyn yiow skeilley, yiow ch craid."
- CRAI'DEY, v. mocking, scoffing, ridiculing.
- CRAID'EYDER OF CRAIDOIL'AGH, s. m. a mocker, scoffer, &c.
- CRAID'IT, 85. mocked. This word is seldom used but as T'eh craidit er (he is mocked at).

CRAIDOIL'AGH, a. in a scoffing, mocking manner. CRAIE, a. d. of clay, made of clay.

CRAIE'AGH, a. clayey, partaking of clay.

- CRE CRAI'TNAG, s. f. a bat; pl. - YN. CRAI'TNAGH, a. d. of skin or skins. CRAI'TNYN, s. pl. skins, peels. CRAID, s. m. an iron crow or lever; pl. -NYN. CRAIU, v. corrode, eating away; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IT, 85; -YS, 88. CRAM'MAG, s. f. a snail. CRAM'MAN, s. m. a lump, bulb, or button ; pl. -YN. CRAM'MANAGH, a. lumpy, bulbous. CRAM'MANEY, v. taking bulbs or lumps. CRAMP, s. m. plague ; -YN; a. intricate, complicated. CRANE OF CRONE, s. m. a knock, or sound of a blow, written in the Manks Scriptures cronk; but as crank is the sound used, and as cronk rather confounds it with cronk (hill), this is inserted; v. — AGH, 77; — AL, 79; — EE, 80; — IN, 83; -YM, 86; -YS, 88. CRANK'EYDER, s. m. a knocker; pl. - YN. CRANE'IT, 85. cracked, distracted, knocked. CRAN'NAG, s. f. a pulpit; pl. -- YN. CRANTE'SSEN, s. m. diameter ; pl. - YN. CRAPL OF CRAPLEE, v. crumple, wrinkle, cockle ; -AGH, 77; - EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88. CRAP'LAG, s. f. a crumple, wrinkle, or crease; pl. -- YN. Prov. "Ta craplag smoo ayns dty hoyn nish na va ro'ee." CRAP'LAGH, a. full of wrinkles, &c. CRAP'LEY, crumpling, wrinkling, &c. CRAP'LEYDER, s. m. a crumpler, &c.; pl. -YN. CRAP'LIT, 85. crumpled, wrinkled, cockled. CRAUE, s. f. a bone ; pl. - YN. CRAUE'AGH, a. bony, having bones. CRAU'EE, a. religious, pious, godly. This word is most likely cra from craa (to shake), and uee from guee (to pray, or beseech), as the head is generally shook by some when speaking on solemn subjects.
- CRAU'EEAGHT, s. m. religion, piety, godliness, holiness; *Heb.* xii, 14. The word *craueeys* is improperly substituted by some.

CRAUEEAGHT-FOALSEY, s. hypocrisy, false piety.

- CRAUEE-OAL'SEY, s. pl. hypocrites.
- CRAUE-FEEAGH, s. m. a scald crow; pl: CRAUE-FIEE.
- CRAY, s. f. clay or marl; v. clay, &c.; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN 83; -INS, 84; -IT, 85; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- CRAY'EE, a. d. of clay or marl; tho' craie is used; this is also in Mark, vii. 4.
- CRAYN-LOSHT, s. m. burning ague; Lev. xxvi. 16.
- CRE, pro. what; in conversation too often pronounced ke; it sometimes is an adverb, and means how, as cre choud (how far, how long).
- CREA, s. f. creed, the heads or tenets of faith or belief; pl. -- cnyn.
- CREAGH, s. f. a stack, a furrow; pl. YN.
- CREAGH'EY, v. stacking, furrowing.
- CREAGH'IT, 85. stacked, furrowed.
- CREAGH'LAGH, s. f. the herb sage.
- CREAN'AGH, a. chilly, shaking with cold.
- CREAU, v. trembling; as, er-creau, (trembleth, quaketh); Job, xxxvii. 1.
- CREAVN, s. m. ague, the shaking or trembling sickness.
- CREAYNVODDEE, s. f. the herb dog's mercury.

#### CRE

- CRECK, v. sell, dispose of by sale; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- CRECK, s. m. a sale ; pl. YN.
- CRECK'EYER, s. m. a seller; pl. -YN.
- CRECK'IT, 85. sold, vended, made sale of.
- C'RED, adv. (Cre red) what, literally what thing.
- CRED OF CREID, v. believe, give credit; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —IT, 85; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- CRED'JAL, v. believing, crediting.
- CRED'JALTEE, s. pl. believers. This as well as the plural of *Credjuagh* is used.
- CRED'JUAGH, s. m. a believer; pl. 71.
- CRED'JUE, s. m. faith, belief, credence.
- CREE, s. f. heart; pl. —AGHYN. Prov. "Ta cree dooie ny share na kione croutagh."
- CREE'AGH, a. d. of the heart or hearts.
- CREEAR, s. f. a sieve, searce; bolter; pl. --YN.; v. sift, searce; --AGH, 77; --EE, 80; --EY, 82; -IN, 83; --INS, 84; --YM, 86; --YMS, 87; --YS, 88.
- CREEAR'EYDER, s. m. a sifter, &c.; pl. YN.
- CREEAR'IT OF CREEART, 85. sifted, &c.
- CREE-BRIS'HT, s. m. a broken heart.
- CRE-EC, adv. what at, why, at what.
- CREED'LAGH OF CREET'LAGH, s. m. shruging, shifting, or moving the shoulder in the clothes.
- CREEN, a. ripe, withered; v. wither, ripen; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -IT, 85; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- CREEN'AGHEY, v. ripening, withering.
- CREEN'AGHT, s. f. wisdom; pl. -YN.
- CREEN'EY, a. wise, provident. Prov. "Ta dooinney creeney mennick jannoo carrey jeh e noid."
- CREEN'EY, a. pl. ripe, withered; as, magheryn creeney (ripe fields).
- CREEN'ID, s. m. 89. ripeness.
- CREENT, 85. ripened, withered.
- CREEO'IL, a. hearty; Dy ----, adv. heartily.
- CREEO'ILID OF CREEO'ILYS, s. m. heartiness, vigour.
- CRE-ERBEE, adv. whatever, whatsoever.
- CREEST, s. m. Christ; pl. -YN.
- CREES'TEE, s. m. a Christian ; pl. - YN or -- NYN.
- CREES'TEEAGH, s. m. Sacrament of the Lord's Supper; pl. YN.

CREES'TIAGHT, s. m. christianity.

- CREG OF \*CREGG, s. f. a rock ; pl. -YN
- CREG'GAGH, a. rocky, having rocks.
- CREG'GAN, s. m. a place or piece of ground left uncultivated in consequence of being rocky or containing stones; generally overgrown with gorse or underwood.

CREG'GEY, a. d. of the rock or rocks.

CREIU, v. ruining.

- CREM, s. a sore or ailment; pl. -YN.
- CREM'AGH, a. diseased with sores, &c.
- CREM'EYDER, s. m. a fault finder, a critic; pl. --YN.
- CRE'N-FA, adv. wherefore, why, literally what for; a contraction of Cre yn fa.
- CREN'-FA-NAGH, adv. why not, wherefore not.
- CREN-OYR', adv. for what cause.
- CREOï, a. hard, obdurate; close, near.

- CREOI OF CREOGH, v. make hard or harden; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- CREOGH OF CREOIGH, v. id., &c.
- CREOID'EY, a. hardy, daring, firm.
- CREOID'YS, s. m. hardiness, daringness, &c.
- CREOIG'HEY OF CREOGHEY, v. hardening.
  - CREOIG'HYS, s. m. hardship; pl. SYN.
  - CREOïT, 85. hardened.
  - CREOÏ-WAN'NALLAGH, a. stiff-necked.
  - CRE-SAILLYM, adv. what I please; -s, id.
  - CRE-SAILT, adv. what thou pleasest ; -s, id.
- CRE-SILLIU, adv. what you please or what is your pleasure.
- CRE-THEIHLL, adv. whatever, where ever.
- CRETOOR, s. m. a creature; pl. YN.; -BIO, an animal.
- CREUJIT, 85. ruined, crushed.
- CRE VEIH OF CRE VOISH, *adv.* from whence, where from, or from where.
- CRE VEL, *adv.* where is, what is. This word is often spoken C'el.
- CRE WHEESH, adv. how big or how great.
- CRE WHELLEEN, adv. how many. The ee in the last syllable is to be sounded as i.
- CRE WOAD', adv. how much.

- ------smoo, adv. how much more.
- CRIB OF \*CRIBB, v. curb, contract, shrink; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- CRIB'BAG, s. f. a loop of rope put round a thing to hoist it by.
- CRIB'BAGHYN, s. m. a silver sixpence is so called in ludicrous talk.
- CRIB'BAN, s. m. a loop of rope to put on a wrestive beast's fore leg to hold it double.
- CRIB'BEY, v. contracting, shrinking in or up.
- CRIB'BIDJAGH, a. parsimonious, niggardly, &c. CRIB'BIT, 85. contracted, shrunk.
- CRIE' v. shake; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —VM, 86; —VS, 88. See also Craa: the both are used.
- CRIG'GYL, s. f. a cripple; pl. YN or 76.
- CRIHT, 85. shook, shaken.
- CRINK OF CROINK, s. pl. hills, mounts.
- CRINK'YL, s. m. a loop in the edge of a sail.
- CRIVASS'AN, s. m. a shrunk or contracted creature; a dwarf; pl. YN.
- CRIY, s. f. gallows ; pl. -AGHYN OF -YN.
- CROAE, s. f. an eye of a needle; the notch of an arrow to admit the bow string.
- CROAG, s. fang, talon, claw, clutch; pl. YN.
- CROAGA'NE, s. f. a crook or hook; pl. --YN; Ez. xl. 43.
- CROAGAN'EAGH, a. having a crook or crooks.
- CROAGH'AN, s. m. a gadfly; a cratching; pl. YN.
- CROAG'LAGH, s. as much as can be brought in the fangs or clutches, or in the hand or hands in contempt.
- CROAG-PAR'TAN, s. f. water seagrum; crab's claws.
- CROAN OF CRON, s. m. a mast.
- CROANRE'ISHT, s. f amradulsa, a species of night shade, the decoction of which is said to

be good for the healings of inward bruises. CROANSCO'IDEY, s. m. a boom.

CROANSPREIE', s. m. a bowsprit.

CROBAG'E, s. f. a boiled claw or foot ; pl. -YN.

CROC'KAN, s. m. a crock ; pl. -YN.

CRODA'NE, s. m. a gurnet; pl. -YN.

- CROE, s. f. a coop; an iron to put under a pot or griddle on the fire.
- CROCH, v. hang, suspended; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; --YS, 88.
- -----'EE, a. d. of hanging or suspension.
- ---- 'EY, v. hanging, suspending.
- ----- 'EYDER, s. m. a hanger; pl. -- YN.
- ----'IT, 85. hung or hanged.
- CROI'AGMT, s. f. incest; Liv. xviii. 17.
- CROI'AGHTAGH, a. incestous.
- CROINE, s. pl. hills, mounts. See also Crink; Isa. xli. 15,
- CROIT, s. f. a croft; pl. -YN.

CROI'YN, s. pl. nuts; reeds.

- CRON, s. m. a scar or cicatrice ; a stain ; pl. YN.
- CRON-CRAA'EE, s. f. aspen tree. See also Chengey ny mraane.
- CRONK, s. m. a hill, or mount, or knock. See Crank for the latter.
- CRONK-KEEILLOW'N, s. m. John's Church-hill or the hill of John's Church; called also Tynwald Hill; is situate about three miles from Peel, in the parish of German, on the main road to Douglas. No doubt but the latter part of this word is a corruption of *Ean* or *Yuan* (John). This is the hill or mount on which the constituted authorities promulgate all their Statute Laws, in Manks and English, to the people.
- CRONN, v. descry, discern, perceive; —AGH, 77; -EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- CRON'NAG, s. m. a round top on the mast of a vessel, the crosstree; s. f. a rock that can be seen before low water; pl. yN.
- CRON'NAGHEY, v. discovereth, discovering, discerneth, &c.
- CRON'NAL, a. evident, visible, obvious, conspicuous, manifest; eminent, notable, plain, famous.
- CRON'NEY, s. m. portion, fate, destiny.
- CRON'NEYDER, s. m. a descrier or discerner.

CRON'NIT, 85. discerned, descried.

- CRONT, s. m. a knot; v. id.; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN 83; —INS, 84; —IT, 85; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
  - AGH, a. knotty, full of knots.
- \_\_\_\_\_/AL, a. knotting, binding with a knot.
- KI'ONE-KIAR'K, s. m. a knot made by putting the two ends together as if one, and turning a knot on.
- -----FID'DERAGH, s. m. a weaver's knot.
  - ---- 'ID, s. m. knottiness or knottedness.
- -----'IT, 85. knotted.
- CROO, v. crawling in grubs, maggots, or vermin.
- CROO OF —AGHT, S. creation; v. create; AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- CROO'AG, s. f. a grub or maggot ; pl. -YN.
- CROO'BAGH, a. lame, crippled; s. m. a lame animal; pl. 71.

- CROO'BID, s. m. lameness.
- CROO'DAGH, s. m. Creator. This word is used by the translator of the Manks Paradise Lost. *Fer. croo*, I think, is the most proper term, which see.
- CROOIN'NEY, s. m. creation, the earth. This orthography is used *Exod*. xxxiv. 10.
- CROO'IT, 85. created.
- CROSH, s. f. a cross or crucifix; a hand reel; the figure of a cross sent round the parish by the Captain to assemble the people; pl. - yN.
- CROSH, v. cross, thwart; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -YM, 86; -YS, 88.

CROSH'EY, a. d. of the cross.

- CROS'SAN, s. m. coral; pl. -YN.
- CROS'EE, v. will, &c. cross, &c.
- CROS'EY, v. crossing, intersecting, crucifying.
- CROST, 85. thwarted, cancelled.
- CROU, s. f. a horse shoe or the shoe of a beast; the iron band on the felloe of a wheel; the pl. of the former is -yn, and the latter -GHYN, 1 Kings, vii. 33.
- CROO, v. shoe; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- CROUT, s. f. a trick, craft, stratagem.
- CROUT'AGH, a. crafty, trickish, cunning, subtle;
  s. m. a crafty subtle person; pl. 71; Job, v. 12.
  CROUT'ID, s. m. 89. craftiness, cunningness.
- choor ib, s. m. og. cratemess, cummigness.
- CROUW, s. f. a bunch growing on one stem or stalk; a *clue*; *pl.*—YN or —GHYN.
- CROW, v. hover; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- CROW'AL, v. hovering, craving.
- CROW'ALTAGH, s. m. a craver, a claimant, a dunner; pl. 71.
- CROW-CHEY'T, s. f. the herb bird's foot.
- CROYM OF \*CROYMM, v. bow, bend, stoop; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —EY, 82; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- CROYM'MEYDER, s. m. one that bows or stoops. CROYM'MIT, 85. bowed, stooped, bent downwards. CRUILL, s. f. a curve; pl. — YN.
- CRUIL'LAGH, a. having a curve or curves, curvy.
- CRUIN or CRING, a. close, compact.
- Dy CRUIN, adv. closely, compactly.
- CRUIN, s. pl. masts.
- CRUINAG, s. m. crown of a hat; pl. -YN.
- CRUIN'LAGH, s. m. an orbit; pl. 72.
- CRUINN, a. round; Psl. xcviii. 8; v. close, compact, besiege; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- CRUIN'NAGHEY, v. closing, making compact, besieging.
- CRUIN'NEY, s. m. a globe, orb or sphere, the earth as it is one; pl. 67.
- CRUIN'NID, s. m. closeness, compactness.
- CRUIN'NIT, 85. closed made compact, besieged, surrounded.
- CRUINT, s. pl. knots; the pl. of Cront.
- CRUISHT OF CRUISHTIN, s. m. a pitcher or pail; pl. -YN.
- CRUIT'TAG, s. f. a hump backed person; pl. YN. CRUIT'TAGH, a. crooked or hump backed; Lev. xxi. 20.
- CRUIT'TID, s. m. humpishness.
- CRUM'MEEYN, s. pl. snails; the pl. of Crammag.

#### CUM

- CRYSS, s. f. belt, tape, inkle, girdle; v. gird, tie or bind with a belt, tape, &c. ; -AGH, 77 ; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- CRYS'SEY, v. girding, binding with a belt or girdle.
- CRYS'SIT, 85. bound with a belt, girdle, or tape.
- CUBA'IR OF CUBE'YR, s. m. a cooper; pl. -YN. CUB'BYL, s. m. a couple, a yoke of two; a roof timber; pl. 76.

CUCK'OLT, s. m. a cuckold; pl. -YN.

- Cug, s. f. pap, breast milk.
- CUGH, s. dirt, excrements. Only used to children. CUGH'LHIN, s. m. a cone ; pl .- YN.
- CUGH'LHINAGH, a. conical, in form of a cone.

CUHT, s. f. a lot; pl. -YN.

- CUHT'AGH, a. short, brief.
- CUILL, s. f. a quill, a piece of reed.
- CUIL'LAGH, a. d. of a back or bedroom ; as, dorrys ny cuillagh.
- CUIL'LEE, s. f. a back room in a house, a bedroom or closet ; pl. -YN.
- CUILLEI'G, s. f. a nook, an inside corner; pl. -YN.

CUILLEIG'AGH, a. having nooks, &c.

- CUIL'LIMER, s. m. a man whose bulk rather deforms him, the feminine of which I believe to be Caillin.
- CUIN, adv. when, at what time.
- CUIN'NAG, s. f. a flask or horn to hold powder or snuff, a snuff box ; pl.-YN.
- CUIR or \*CUIRR, v. sow, invite, bid, shoot; as, Cuir y n'ingagh (shooting the nets or train; -AGH 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86-YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- ---- 'RAGHYN, s. pl. feasts, banquets, invitations. --- 'REE, a. d. of bidding or inviting.
- ---- 'REY, s. m. an invitation ; v. inviting ; pl. 67.
- \_\_\_\_\_/RIT or CUIRT, 85. bidden, invited or sown. CUIRT'LAGH, s. f. reed, reeds, cane, canes.
- CUISH'LIN, s. f. a vein; pl. YN; but I have oftener heard it pluralized as 72.
- CUISH'LIN-VOOAR, s. an artery.
- CUISLE, s. f. a pipe or tube, a conduit.
- CUL'LEE, s. f. a colour or banner ; the aspect of the air; s. pl. the tackle, furniture, or apparatus to work any thing, as a mill, ship, boat, &c.
- CUL'LYR, s. m. colour, hue, die ; pl. -YN.
- CUM or \*CUMM, v. hold, keep, retain, sustain ; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.

CUM'FURT, s. f. the herb comfrey.

- CUM'IR, a. close, concise, tidy, compact.
- CUM'MAL, v. holding, dwelling, inhabiting ; s. m. a dwelling, a holding ; pl.-YN.
- CUMMAL-MA'GH, v. holding out, persevering.
- CUM'MALTAGH, s. m. a dweller, holder, or inha. bitant; pl. 71.
- CUM'MEE, a. d. of holding, of form or shape.
- CUM'MEY, s. m. form, shape, model, appearance; v. conforming, forming, modelling.

CUM'MEYDER, s. m. a former, a holder.

- CUM'MIT, 85. held, stopt, formed, modelled, hewn; 2 Kings, xxii. 6.
- \*CUMR or CUMREE, v. hinder, deter, delay; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84;

- -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- CUMRAA'G, s. m. f. comrade, companion, crony ; pl. -YN.
- CUMRAAGYS, s. m. companionship, familiarity, intimacy.
- CUMRAI'L, v. hindering, deterring; s. f. a hinderance, a stop or stoppage; pl. -YN. Prov. " Myr smoo siyr smoo cumrail."
- CUMRAI'LAGH, a. hindersome; s. m. a hinderer; pl. 71.
- CUM'RIT, 85. hindered, deterred.
- CUR, v. give, put, send; with LESH after it, it is bring, gives, giveth, &c. ; puts, putteth, &c. ; sends, sendeth, &c.
- CUR-ER-SOOYL, v. averting, turning off.
- CUR-HAAR'T, s. f. overthrow ; Job, xxvi. 12.
- CURJEE'D, v. undress, put off thee; -DTY EAD-DAGH, put off thy clothes.
- CURJE'IG, s. f. an alm dish ; no doubt from Curjeirk (a dish to give alms with). This word is used for the surname of CAVENDISH (in Manks) but more properly giving-dish.
- CUR'LAN, s. f. a pig nut or earth nut; pl. -YN.
- CURLE'AD, s. f. a coverlid, a quilt; pl, -YN.
- CURLESH', v. bringing, carrying, &c.
- CURM OF CURRYM, s. m. charge of duty; pl. -YN; enjoined, v. id; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- CURM'AGHEY OF CURM'AL, v. enjoining charges or duties.
- CURM'EY, v. charging to perform duties.
- CURM'EYDER, s. m. one who charges, &c.
- CUR'-MI-NER, in. behold. See Curmyner.
- CUR'MIT, 85. charged with duties or obligations.
- CUR'-MY-NER, in. behold, see, lo; Cur-jee-myner (behold ye).
- CUR'NAGHT, s. f. wheat; pl. 72.
- CUR'NEE, a. d. of wheat or wheaten.
- CURNEE'IN, s. f. pet, huff ; pl. -YN.
- CURNEEIN'AGH, a. pettish, huffish, easily turned or thrown down.
- CURNEEIN'YS, s. f. fickleness, &c.
- CUR-NY-LIEH', v. impeaching, accusing.
- CURP, s. f. buttock, ham, rump; 1 Chron. xix. 4.
- CUR'RAG OF COR'RAG, s. a bundle of osiers.
- CUR'RAGH, s. f. a bog or fen, a marshy place or quagmire ; pl. 72.
- CUR'REE, a. d. of a bog or fen, &c.
- CURRISH', v. doing, practise; Micah, ii. 1.
- CUR'RIT, S5. given, put, sent, &c.
- CURRIT-LESH', 85. brought, carried, &c.
- CURRIT-SHAGH'EY, 85. adjourned.
- CUR:ROO', p. having to do to or with; -syn id. em.
- CUR-RHYM, p. doing with me, having to do with me ; -s, id. em.
- CUR-RHYT', p. to do with thee, having to do with thee; -'s, id. em.
- CURRYM, s. m. duty, charge. See also Curm.
- CURRYM'AGHEY, v. charging, enjoining, &c.
- CURT, v. giving, putting, sending, &c. See also Coyrt.
- CURT'LAGH, s. f. reed or reeds, cane, &c.

CURTLAGH-VUC'E, s. f. herb bur-reed.

CURTHOOL'LAGHEY, v. obscuring, the air gathering a cloudy aspect.

CURTHOOL'LYS OF CURTHOOLLID, s. m. a dark cloudy aspect of the air.

CURT'SHEE, s. f. a courtesy; pl. - YN.

CURTWOAI'E, v. beware, be aware.

- CUR-VOLLEY, d. a. giving him gladness; Jer. XX. 15.
- CUSH'AG, s. f. ragwort or ragweed. The stem or stalk is called dog's standard; the herb is also called St. Jameswort, seagrum, staggerwort, stammerwort; pl. — YN. airh er cushagyn ayns shen." Prov. " Ta

CUSTAL OF GILCHREEST, s. m. Christopher.

- \*CUSTH OF CUSTHEE, v. whip, beat with a rod; -AGH, 77; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86, -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- -'EE, a. d. of whipping or whippings.
- --- 'EY, s. m. a whipping ; pl. 67.
- -YEYDER, s. m. a whipper; pl. -YN.
- -'IT, 85. whipped, beaten with a rod.

CUST'EY, a. cursed, accursed.

CWESH'TAN, s. m. a question ; pl. -YN.

C'WOAD, adv. how many or how much. This is a contraction of Cre woad.

- D, for its sound see Remarks 7 and 8. All the words under this letter not marked 7, require the sound spoken of in Remark 8; and as a radical initial and its changes see 45. D is an initial in words radically from all the vowels, and also from F, as explained in Remarks 60, 119, 121, 143, &c.; in substantives from S, to show the plural possessive or ownership case; and in T for both nouns and verbs, a few of which may be seen by the letters at the end of the lines.
- DA, p. p. 8. to him, for him, him, to, for; as, chur mee da eh (I gave it to him); te aym da (I have it for him); lhig da (let him); eeck da Cesar (pay to Cesar); -syn, id em. It may not perhaps be amiss to state here that this word has something very singular belonging to it as respects the idiom of the English language, but which is, however, peculiar to the Manks. A person that would attempt to translate passages wherein this word occurs in the Manks Scriptures, according to the Hamiltonian or interlinary system, would think it superfluous in many instances, especially where it is placed before plural and feminine nouns; as in 1 Tim. v. ix. Ny lhig da ben-treoghe ve goit; which, to translate literally, would run thus, let not him a widow be taken; and in Gen. chap i. lhig da ny ushtaghyn (let him the waters); *lhig da ny eeanlee* (let him the fowls), &c. &c. A learner must not hesitate to sacrifice the idiom of his own language to learn that of another, but must form phrases altogether incorrect and foreign to his own language.
- DAA, a. 8. two, the dual number; adv. twice, doubly. This is not the word used in counting, but that which is always used with its substantive in the singular number, as the Manks does not make plural till three. See 100.

#### DAM

DAAG, 8. left, did leave. F. DAAGH'AGH, v. would, &c. die. DAAGH'EE, a. d. of dying or colouring. Nyn DAAGH'EY, v. your, &c. frequenting; Jud. v. 6; v. 8. dying, colouring. DAAH-CREE, s. m. heart burn. DAAH'DER, s. m. a dyer or one that singes. DAA-FILLEY OF rather DAA-ILLEY, a. twofold. DAAH, v. die, singe; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN,

F.

A.

- 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88. DAAH'IT, 85. dyed, coloured ; Ex. xxv. 5.
- DAA'HJIT, 85. singed, scorched.
- DAAIL, v. did fail, failed.
- F. DAAIT'NEE, v. did gorse, gorsed. A.
- DAAN'EY OF DANEY, a. bold, daring, impudent, presumptive, rude.
- DAAN'YS, s. f. boldness, presumption, &c.
- DAARK OF DAARKEE, v. did bathe.
- DAARE OF \*DAAR, v. catch ; as, Daare oo (canst thou catch). See also Dawr; both words are used in the Scriptures; -AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. T.
- DAARL OF DAAR'LEE, v. did cook or dress victuals. A.
- DAASE, v. did grow, grew.
- DAAST OF DAASTEE, v. did wring, wrung. F.
- Nyn DAAUE, v. your, &c. being idle, out of employ. T.
- DAAYL OF DAILL, s. m. delay, credit, time before payment. Prov. "Hig daill gys eeck."
- DAEED. a. forty, two score or two twenties.
- DAEED'00, a. fortieth.
- DAG'GLE OF DAGGLEE, v. did frighten or fright. ened, did terrify or terrified, &c. A.
- Nyn DAG'GLOO, s. your, &c. talk or conversation. T.
- Nyn DAG'GYRT, s. your, &c. parson, priest, or S. minister.
- Nyn DAG'GYRTYS, s. your, &c. ministry or priesthood. S.
- DAGH, pro. each, every one of any number taken separately.
- Cha DAGH'YR, v. will not happen ; -IN ; -YM, &c. Т.
- Dy DAGH'YRAGH, v. if would happen. T.
- Er DAGH'YRT, v. hath, &c. happened. T.
- Nyn DAGH'YS, s. your, &c. itch. т.
- DAILL OF DHAILL, v. did hire, hired, did fail, credit, time. See Daayl. Prov. "Roshee daill y dorrys." F.
- DAINE, v. did or didst come.
- Nyn DAIT'NYS, s. your, &c. delight or pleasure. Cha DAIT'TYN LHIAM, v. I had not pleasure or delight. T.
- T. Nyn DALEAI'R, s. your, &c. tailor.
- DALK, adv. will they walk on slowly. Cha \*DALK, not walk slowly ; -AGH ; - IN ; -INS ; -YM; --YMS, 94. T.
- Er DAL'KAL, v. hath, &c. walked slowly. T.
- DAL'LAGH, v. dazzling or to dazzle, to cause blindness by beholding some bright object.
- Nyn DAL'LAGH, v. your, &c. murmuring, grumbling. T.
- DAML OF DAMLEE, v. did wrack or manure with sea weed. F.
- Nyn DAM'MAG, s. your, &c. thicket or bush. T.

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DA'NEY, a. bold, daring. See also Duaney.	DEAM'RE, a. d. of projection.
DANGEY'R OF Rather DANJEYR, s. m. danger, hazard. See Cleigeen.	jecting, jutting.
DANJEY'RAGH, a. dangerous, hazardous.	'EYDER, s. m. a projector, &c.
DANJEY'RID, s. m. dangerousness.	'ır, 85. projected, jutted.
Er DAN'NAGH OF Er DANNAGHTYN, v. hath, &c. continued, remained, abode, &c. T.	DEAN, s. m. 7. a goal or mark ; pl YN. DEAYL'LEE, v. 8. did lime, limed. E.
Nyn DAN'NYS, s. your, &c. tenantry or tenants.	DEAYR'EE, v. did cool, or become less warm. F.
DANSOO'R, v. answered or replied. A.	DEAYRT, v. spill, pour; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80;
DA'NYS, s. See Deanys.	-IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
Nyn DAP'PEY, your, &c. temperature of temper.T	'EE, a d. of spilling or pouring. 'EY, v. spilling, pouring; s. m. a spill
DARK OF DARKEE, v. did wait or waited. F. DARR, v. lasted or did last; 2 Chron. xxix. 28. F.	or pour; pl. 67.
DAR'RAG, s. f. a fishing line made of black hair	———— 'EYDER, s. m. a spiller, pourer; pl. — YN.
snooids; a beam; Mat. vii. 3; perhaps from	'ır, 85. spilled, poured.
its being generally of oak; a log of oak found among turf.	DEAYSH'IL, v. did untie, set free or at liberty. F.
DAR'RAUH, s. m. oak; a. d. oaken.	Nyn DEAYST, s. your, &c. dough. T. Cha *DEAYSTN or DEAYST'NEE, v. not knead;
DAR'RAGH 00, v. wouldst thou come. It is also	-AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS,
used for wouldst thou go. See 62. Ch.	94. T.
DAR'REE, v. shifted or did shift, remove or did remove or shift. This word is also used for	Er DEAYST'NEY, v. hath, &c. kneaded. T.
Darr (last).	DEB'EJAGH, a. 7. desperate. A low word.
DAR'REYDER, s. m. a door keeper, a porter, pl. — YN.	DED'DRYMMEE, v. 8. did lighten or make lighter in weight. E.
DAR'RIN. p. would I come, or would I go;	DEDGE, s. f. 7. something clever. D'EE, v. 8. did eat, ate; Mat. xiii. 4. E.
1 Cor. iv. 18; —s, <i>id. em.</i> Ch.	DEE or DIDEE, s. f. 7. a play thing for a child,
DASH, s. m. a bulk or heap built up; plYN; Exod. viii. 14.	a pretty thing. DEEAL, v. 8. did beat, beat or bet. Y.
DASHT OO, v. wilt thou keep or treasure; -AGH; -EE; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. T.	DEEAR'REE, v. did desire or desired. E.
Nyn DASH'TAGHYN, s. pl. your, &c. treasures. T.	DEEAS'SEE, v. did lend, lent, did borrow, bor-
DAS'IN OF DAS'NEE, v. did winnow, winnowed.T.	rowed. E.
Cha DAST, v. not heed, or not led to be mindful,	DEEAST OF DEEAST'EE, v. did fish or catch fish. E.
or pay attention to; $-AGH$ ; $-IN$ ; $-INS$ ; -YM; $-YMS$ ; $-YS$ , 94. T.	DEEBR OF DEE'BREE, v. did banish, banished, drove or did drive away with the wind, did
-YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. T. Nyn DAS'TEY, s. your, &c. notice, heed, &c. T.	compel to quit, expelled, did expel. E.
DAS'TYR, v. did extirpate or root out. A.	DEECK, v. did pay, paid. E.
DA'SYN, p. em. of Da, which see.	DEGN OF DEGINEE, v. did force. See Deign. E.
DATT, v. did swell, swelled. A.	DEHER'REE, s. f. destruction by fire. DEIE, v. shouted or did shout or call. E.
DAUE, $p. p.$ to them, for them, them. The $pl.$ of $Da$ .	Nyn DEIGH, s. your, &c. hatchet; plYN. T.
DAUE'SYN, p. p. id. em.	DEIGN OF DEIGNEE, v. did force or compel, com-
*DAUNS OF DAUNSE, v. dance, dandle; -AGH,	pelled, or was obliged to comply. E.
77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -IT, 85; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.	D'EILL OF DEILLEE, v. did arm or equip with armour.
DAUNSE, s. m. a dance; pl. see next word.	DEI'NAGH, a. weary, fatigued.
DAUN'SEEYN, s. pl. dances.	DEI'NEY, s. m. pl. men; the pl. of Dooinney.
DAUNSEYR', s. m. a dancer; plYN.	DEI'NYS, s. f. wearisomeness, fatigue.
DAYLL, s. f. a dingle or dale, a valley ; plYN.	D'EIVR, v. drove or did drive, did follow. E. DELL, s. f. 7. a lever; $pl yN$ .
Nyn DAYNT, s. your, &c. covetousness. S.	DELL, s. J. J. a lever; pt YN. DELL, v. 7. deal; AGH, 77; EE, 80; IN,
Cha DAYR, v. not catch; -AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. See also Daare. T.	83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88. —AL, v. 7. dealing; plYN.
Cha DAVRN, v. not drawn; -AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. T.	
Cha DEAB, v. did not form or plan. E.	DEL'LID, s. m. 8. failure of sight, blindness,
Cha DEAGHILL, v. did not change, changed not. C.	dimness of sight.
DEAISHT OF DEAISHTEE, v. did listen, hearkened, listened. E.	DEND, v. 7. attend; as, mannagh dend eh (if he attend not); -AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YS, 94. T.
DEAILL, s. m. 7. a quantity of dry flax tied to- gether before sent to the mill to be cleaned; pl. DEAYILL.	DENDEY'SAGH, a. 8. delicate, donsy, effeminate; s. m. a delicate or effeminate person; pl. 71.
DEAM, v. 8. did cry out. See Deie. E.	DENDEY'SID, s. m. delicacy, effeminacy.
DEAM, v. project or jut; AGH, 77; - EE, 80;	DE'NEE, v. did ask or enquire, asked, &c. F.
-IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87.; -YS, 88.	DEN'MYS, v. nominated, named, did name or nominate. E.

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E.

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Cha DENN OF DEN'NEE, v. did not feel, not felt, or felt not. Prov. "Cha dennee rieau yn soogh y shang." E.

DEOYLL OF DEOYL'LEE, v. did dung, dunged.

- DER OF \*DERR 00, v. wilt thou give; -AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS. For the radical of this irregular verb, see 62.
- DER'REY, adv. till, until, other or either.

Yn DERREY-LIEH', s. m. the one half.

DEST, v. did stick, stuck, fastened, did fasten. F. DET'LEE OT DET'TYL, v. flew, did fly ; Gen. viii. 7.

DEW, s. pl. oxen, bullocks.

- DEWIL, a. cruel, barbarous, savage, severe, inhuman.
- Yn DEWI'LAGH, s. m. the cruel or terrible one; pl. 71; Isa. xxix. 28.
- DEWI'LEY, a. pl. cruel, savage, severe.
- DEWI'LYS, s. f. cruelty, barbarity, inhumanity, severity, inclemency; pl. -syn.
- DEYR, a. dear, not cheap.

 DEYR OF DEVREE, v. condemn or sentence to punishment; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.

DEYR'EE, a. d. of condemnation.

- DEVR'EY, a. pl. dear, not cheap; s. m. condemnation, blame, guilt; v. condemning, condemneth, &c.
- DEYR'EYDER, s. m. a condemner, a sentencer; pl. -YN.
- DEYR'IT, 85. condemned, sentenced.
- DEYRS'NYS, s. dearness, high price.
- DEVSHT OF DEVSHTEE, v. did examine or questioned, did question or examined. F.
- Nyn DHAL'LOO, s. your, &c. land, earth, terra. T. DHAN, v. did flay, flayed. F.
- DHATT OF DATT, v. did swell or swelled.
- Er DHEN'NIU, v. hath, &c, thawed, melted, or liquified. T.
- DHEYR, s. m. bulling; a cow is said to be so when she wants the bull.

DHIANE', s. m. a worm, earth worm; pl. -yN. DHIAN'EAGH, a. wormy, full of worms.

- Nyn DHIE, s. your, &c. house, home ; pl. -YN. T
- DHILG, v. will, &c. throw or cast; -AGH; -IN; -YM, &c. T.
- Er DHILG'EV, v. hath, &c. thrown up, vomited, hath, &c. cast up, &c. T.

DHILL, v. did fold or folded.

DHIM'BYL, v. did brew or brewed.

**DHIN'GYR**, v. did gather pus, ichor, or matter. I. **DHOAN OF DHONE**, a. dark brown, bay.

DHOA'NAGHEY, v. making brown or dark brown. DHOA'NEY, a. pl. brown, &c.

DHOA'NID, s. m. brownness.

- Nyn DHOLT'AN, s. your, &c. house in ruins or decayed old house; 2 Kings, xix. 25. T.
- DHOLTA'NAGH, a. doltish.
- DHON'EY, a. pl. donsy, ill, in a bad state of health.
- DHONK, s. m. a heavy blow or thump; pl. —YN; v. thump, give a heavy blow; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —IT, 85; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- DHONK'AN, s. m. a bruiser in a flax mill, a thumper to beat a pavement; pl. YN.
- DHONK'EY, v. thumping.

- DHONK'EYDER, s. m. one who thumps; pl. -- VN. DHON'NAG, s. f. a general name for a brown cow.
- DHON'NAN, s. m. one that is ill or poorly to do a thing; a dunce; dolt or dastard.
- DHON'NANAGH, a. duncely, dastardly.
- DHOO'AG, s. f. an eclipse; a general name for a black cow.
- DHOOR'AGHT, s. m. a perquisite, something given over and above the settled price or wages; pl. —vn. Undoubtedly called so because often given in the dark.
- DHORNAN'E, s. f. a handle, a helve or hilt, a short handle as that of a knife, sword, sickle, &c.; pl. YN.
- DHORNA'NAGH, a. having handles, baving short handles, as a drawing knife, or two handled knife; skynn dhornanagh.
- Nyn DHOST, adv. we silent; as, bee mayd nyn dhost (we shall be silent).
- DHOTAIL', v. doting, impaired in the understanding by age or otherwise.

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- Ad ny DHREE, s. they the three.
- DHUB'BEY, s. m. a puddle, a pool; pl. 67.
- Nyn DHUILL, s. pl. your, &c. holes.

**D**HULL, s. m. a quantity of thread or yarn wound on a ball the one way or together; a plug or stopple; pl. - YN.

- DHUL'LEV, s. m. scarcity, scantiness. Seldom used but negatively; as, cha row dhulley orroo (they had no scarcity or lack). T.
- DHUSS'AN, s. m. a dozen; pl. -YN.

DHYT, p. p. to thee, for thee; -s, id. em.

- Cha DILG, v. not throw or cast; -AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94. T.
- DIM'LEE, v. did humble, humbled.
- DIM'MAN, v. did drive, drove.
- DIM'MEE, v. departed, did depart or walk away, did go. I.
- DIMRAA', v. did mention or express, &c.
- DIN'JILEE, v. did lower or make low. I.

DINSH, v. told, did tell.

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DIRK, s. f. a dagger, a dart.

DIR'RAG, s. f. a wicket door, a small door or gutter for sheep to pass on; pl. - YN.

- DIRR OF DIRREE, v. rose, did rise.
- DIU, v. drank, did drink.
- DIU, p. p. for you, to you; -ISH, id. em.
- DIU-HEN'E, p. p. for yourself or selves.

DIUN, v. deepen; -AGH 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -YM, 86; -YS, 88.

DIUN'AGHEY, v. deepening, &c.

- DIUN'ID, s. m. depth; pl. -YN.
- DIV'LYN, s. m. 7. Dublin.
- DOAD, v. 8. kindled, did kindle, lit.
- DOAGH, s. f. a vat, a keeve, a press.
- DOALE, s. f. decency, suitableness, discreetness, worth.
- DOALE'AGH OF DOALAGH, a. decent, becoming, suitable, discreet, worthy.
- Dy DOALE'AGH, adv. decently, suitably, discreetly, worthily.
- Ny DOAIL, s. pl. the blind. Isa. XXXV. 5.
- DOAL, a. blind, without sight, dark.
- DOA'LEY, a. pl. blind, sightless.
- Nyn DOALT, s. your, &c. barn ; pl. YN. S.

- DOALTAT'TYM, a. sudden, unexpected, hasty, without knowledge before hand. No doubt from Doaltuittym or Doaltaghyrt (a blindfall or blindhap).
- DOALTAT'TYMAGH OF Dy DOALTATTYM, adv. suddenly.
- DOALTAT'TYMID, s. m. 90. suddenness.
- DOAN'LUCK, v. did bury or inter, buried.
- DOAR'DEE, v. did ordain or ordained, did order 0. or ordered.
- DOAR'LISH, s. f. a gap, a breach; pl. -YN.
- DOAR'LISHAGH, a. having gaps or breaches.
- DOARN, s. f. a fist.
- DOARNAI'G, s. f. See Dornaig.

DOARN-MHUINNEEL, s. f. a cuff.

- DOB, v. did deny or denied, did refuse or refused, did object or objected.
- DOB'BERAN, v. 7 lamenting, mourning, bewailing, deploring, &c.; s. f. lamentation, mourning, audible grief.
- DOB'BERANAGH OF DOBBRANAGH, a. 7. SOFTOWful ; Job, vi. 7 ; s. m. 7. a lamenter, a mourner ; pl. 71.
- DOB'BREE, v. did work, wrought, did labour &c. O Doc'CAR, s. f. dint or stress of labour.
- DOC'CARAGH, a. laborious, done with great dint or exertion of strength.
- DOCCAR-CORAA', s. m. emphasis ; a. AGH, emphatic.
- Doo'CARID, s. m. laboriousness.
- DOC'KLE, v. did word, spoke, or utter; Isa. xlviii. F. 3.
- F. Doc'KLEE, v. did speak or utter in words.
- Cha Dop, v. could not; Esther, ix. 2. F.
- My DOD'DIN, p. before I could ; -s, id. em. F. DOGH'AN, s. m. disorder, distemper, disease, illness; pl. -YN.
- DOGH'ANAGH, a. disordered, ill, &c.; s. m. a disordered, diseased, or sick person; pl. 71.
- DOGH'ANEY, v. disordering, &c.
- Cha DOGHT, v. not choke or strangle; -AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94. T.
- Er DOGH'TEY, v. hath, &c. choked, &c.
- Nyn Dogh'yr, s. your, &c. dowry or marriage portion. т.
- Cha Doig, v. will not understand; -AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94. T.
- Nyn Dolg'GAL, s. your, &c. understanding. T. T.
- Er DOIG'GAL, v. hath, &c. understood.
- Er DOILCHIN, v. hath, &c. merited or deserved. T. Nyn Doil'CHINYS, s. your, &c. deservings, merits, or deserts. T.
- Cha Doill, v. merit, earn, or deserve not ; AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94. T.

DOIL'LEE, a. difficult, not easy.

Dy DOIL'LEE, adv. difficultly, not easily.

- DOIL'LEEID, s. m. difficulty, hardship.
- Er DOIL'LIU, v. hath, &c. deserved, merited, or earned. This word and Er Doilchin are nearly synonymous, but the latter is more used with reference to punishments ; Er Doilliu to rewards, &c. T.
- Nyn DOIL'SHEY, s. your, &c. light, sight. S.
- DOLL, v. blot, deface, erase; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- DOLL OF DOLLEE, v. did hide, hid or concealed. F.

- DOL'LEY, v. blotting, defaceing, &c.
- DOL'LEY, s. lack; Exod. xvi. 18.
- Dol'LIT, 85. blotted, defaced, erased.

DOLM OF DOL'MEE, v. did empty or emptied. F.

- DOLT, s. m. a ward; pl. -AGHYN.
- DOLT'ANYS, s. m. adoption.

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- DOLT'EY, s. m. an adopted child, or a child one has stood sponsor for at baptism; pl. 67.
- DOLTOO'AN, v. did reproach or reproached, did blaspheme or blasphemed. 0.
- Doo, a. black, dark; v. blacken, darken; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- Doo'AN, s. a hook, a fish hook; pl. -YN. The etymology of this word no doubt is Doo (dark), and the diminutive an, (the little thing that lies hid in darkness to deceive).
- DOOAN-Y-CHIONE-CAST, s. f. the herb self-heal.
- DOOAR AD, v. did they get, or got they. G.

DOO'BLE, a. double; pl. -YN.

DOO'BLT, 85. doubled.

- DOO'CHEY, v. blackening, making black.
- DOO'DEE, s. f. a damsel, a wench. Only used colloquially, and that on the South of the Island; perhaps the English *dowdy*, but not understood in so bad a sense.
- DOO'EY, a. pl. black, dark.
- DoogH, a. ill, bad, dire.
- Dy Doogh, adv. badly, not well.
- DOOGH'EY, a. pl. bad, ill, dire.
- DOO GHEU'REY, s. m. the dead of winter.
- Doo-GOR'RYM, a. purple.
- Doo-gon'nymid, s. m. purpleness.
- DOOGH'YS, s. f. nature, quality, kind, temper ; pl.-syn.
- DOOGH'YSSAGH, a. natural, temporal, opposed to spiritual, inbred, according to nature.
- Doo'1D, s. m. blackness, darkness.
- DOOIE, a. kind, beneficent, good natured, true born or bred, natural to.
- DOOI'LEE OF DOOILLEE, v. did oil, did anoint. O.
- DOOIN, p. p. (pronounced Duhn) to us, for us; -YN, id. em. The words Hooin, Rooin, and Dooin are all to us, but used differently; as, cur dooin nyn arran (give us our bread), or rather, give to us our bread. Cur hooin eh (give it to us). Jannoo rooin (doing to us), &c.
- DOOIN, v i. close up, shut up or darken ; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84;-YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- DOOIN'EY, v. shutting, closing or darkening.
- DOOIN'EYDER, s. m. a shutter, a darkener; pl. -YN.
- DOOIN'NEY, s. m. a man; pl. see Deiney.
- -AEG, s. m. a young man.
  - -CHEER'EY, s. m. a countryman.
- -MOYL'LEE, s. m. an applauder, a praiser, said of a man who goes with another to get a wife.
- -POO'SEE, s. m. a bridegroom.
- -POOST, s. m. a married man, a husband.

-SEYR, s. m. a gentleman.

- -SOO'REE, s. m. a wooer, a courter.
- DOOINT, 85. shut, closed, darkened.
  - DOOIR OF DOOIRREE, v. did earth or cover with mould. 0.
  - DOOISHT, v. awake, awaken, awakened ; -AGH,

77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86;	going on what is before.
-YMS, 87;YS, 88.	Dosh'ILL, v. opened, did open. F
DOOISH'TAGH, a. watchful, vigilant.	Dos'NEE, v. did sigh, sighed, sobbed. O.
DOOISH'TEY, a. pl. wakeful, vigilant.	Doss, s. m. a bunch, a cluster, a bow of riband,
DOOISH'TEYDER, s. m. an awakener; plYN.	a cockade.
Dooish'rir, 85. awakened.	Dos'sAGH, a. clustery, bushy, bunchy.
DOOIT, 85. blackened, &c.	Dos'SAN, s. m. a small bunch ; 1 Sam. xxv. 18 ;
DOOL, a. blackish.	plYN.
Doon, s. a field called in English a close; v. shut, close up, darken, &c. —AGM, 77, &c.	Dos'SANAGH, a. bunchy, clusterous; the dim. of Dossagh.
DOON'AGHT, s. m. Sabbath, the Lord's Day,	Dov, p. p. to me, for me, em. See Dooys.
Sunday. Perhaps from <i>Doon</i> (shut or close up),	DOU-HENE, p. p. for myself, to myself.
and aght (way); as doors and gates were all	Dou'RIN, s. m. a distemper, a malady.
to be in a closed up state on this day. Whe-	Dou'RINAGH, a. distemperous, contagious; s. m.
ther this etymology or that of <i>Jedoonee</i> is more	a distempered person ; pl. 71.
probable, the reader is left to judge.	Dow, s. m. an ox, a bullock ; pl. see Dew. Prov.
DOON'EE, a. d. of the Sabbath, Sabbatic.	"Cha stamp rieau yn dow doo er e chass."
DOON'EY, v. shutting, closing, darkening.	Dow'ANEE OF DOWANEY, s. m. dawning of the
DOON'EYDER, s. m. a closer, &c. See Dooineyder.	day.
DOON'LEE, v. did ablute or wash. O.	Dowil, a. See Dewil.
DOO-OAL'EE, s. f. a spider ; plYN.	Dowin, a. deep, entering far.
Nyn Door, s. your, &c. tower ; pl YN. T.	Dow'INEY, a. pl. deep, not superficial.
Doo'RAGHT, s. See Dhooraght.	
Doo'REE, v. did refresh or refreshed.	
*Doosht or Dooshtey, v. awaken, arouse;	Nyn Dow'sHAN, s. your, &c. measurement. T.
-AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM,	DOYN, or DHOAN, which see. The former spell-
86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.	ing is in Zech. vi. 3, for bay.
DOOSH'TEY, s. a wake, a vigil; pl. 67.	Nyn DOYN, s. your, &c. anus or bottom. T.
DOOUR, s. f. a dam, a collection of water, a re-	Nyn DOYRT-MOW, s. their, &c. destruction. T.
servoir.	Nyn DRAA, s. our, &c. time. T.
DOOVET, v. said, did say.	Nyn DRAAGH, s. your, &c. hay. T.
Dooys, p. p. give me, or give to me. The em.	Nyn DRAARTYS, s. your, &c. overthrow. T.
of Dou.	Nyn DRAAS'TEY, s. your, &c. squeezing. T.
DOOYT, s. m. a doubt; plYN; v. id.; -AGH,	Nyn DRAAUE, v. your, &c. ploughing. T.
77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86;	DRABAG, s. f. a dirty woman, a slut; pl YN.
-YMS, 87; -YS, 88.	Nyn DRAID, s. our, &c. street. S.
DOOYTEIL', v. doubting, distrusting.	Nyn DRAIE, s. their, &c. shore. T.
DOOYTEIL'AGH, a. doubtful; s. m. a doubtful or	Cha DRAI'EAGH, v. would not, &c. ebb or abate.
doubting person ; pl. 71.	DRANE, s. f. rhyme, metre, poetry, verse.
DOOYTEIL'YS, s. m. doubtfulness.	DRAP or *DRAPP, v. climb; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80;
DOOYT'IT, 85. doubted.	IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS,
DOOYT'YLAGH, s. m. a doubter ; pl. 71.	88.
DOR'AL, s. f. a pore, puncture, or aperture; $pl$ . — $YN$ .	DRAP'PAL, v. climbing; 1 Sam. xiv. 13; Jer. iv. 29.
Nyn Dor'can, s. your, &c. fumes. T.	DRAP'PIT, 85. climbed up.
Nyn Dorch, s. your, &c. sort, kind, &c. S.	Nyn DRANLAAS'E, s. your, &c. tyranny, &c. T.
Nyn DORCH'AGH, s. your, &c. torment; plYN.	Cha DRANLAAS'AGH, a. would not, &c. tyrannise.
Er ny DORCH'AGHEY, v. being tormented. T.	Nyn DRANLAASAGH, your, &c. tyrant, oppressor.
Cha DORCH OF DORCH'EE, v. not torment;	&c. pl. 71. T.
-AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; YMS, 94. T.	DREASE OF *DREAST, adv. after a while, after a
DORNAIG', s. f. a covering for the hand or fist, with the fingers together, used to guard the hand against thorns; pl YN.	short time to rest or ease; it may be after a person listens a while, (only used negatively); —AGH, id. em.
DORNEEIN', s. m. See Dhornane.	Descent a did have hard of p us
DOR'RAGHEY, a. dark, duskish.	DREE, a. tedious, slow.
Dy Dor'RAGHEY, adv. darkly.	DREEM OF DREEYM, s. m. back; plINYN OF -YN.
DOR'RAGHYS OF DORRID, s. m. 93. darkness; pl. YN.	DREG'GYR, v. replied, did reply or answer, did
DOR'RIN, s. m. tempest, storm ; plYN.	respond. F.
DOR'RINAGH, a. tempestuous, stormy.	Cha DREIG, v. not forsake, abandon, or leave; -AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94. T.
Dor'RYS, s. m. a door; plsyn.	
Dor'RYSH, a. d. of a door or doors.	New Dessent lies a second of the second
DOR'RYS-DOONT OF -DUNT, s. the back or shut door.	<ul> <li>Nyn DREIGEIL'AGH, s. your, &amp;c. forsaker, de- serter, &amp;c. T.</li> <li>DREIGH'YN, s. pl. wretches, slaves.</li> </ul>
Nyn DORT, s. your, &c. thoughtfulness, &c. T.	
Nyn Dosh'IAOHT, v. our, &c. beginning, &c. ;	DREIH, s. m. a wretch, a miserable or forlorn creature, a slave.
	a chiefe of the start of

DREILL, v. kept, did keep,

DREIN OF DREAN, s. m. a wren; pl. -YN.

DREINMOL'LAGH, s. m. the bird tomtit.

- Nyn DREISHT, s. your &c., trust, hope, confidence, &c. T.
- Cha DREISHT, v. not trust, confide, &c.; -AGH;
- --EE; -IN; -INS; -YM; --YMS, 94. T. Nyn DREISHTEIL'AGH, s. m. your &c. trustee, &c.; pl. 71. T.
- DRESS, s. f. a bramble, a briar; pl. YN.
- DRESSAGH, a. briary, having briars.

DRESSEE, a. d. of briar or briars.

- DRIAGH OF DRIAGHT, s. a chain of links; pl. —YN; v. chain; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- DRIAGHT'EY, v. chaining, binding with a chain.
- DRIAGHT'EYDER, s. m. a chainer; pl. -YN.

DRIAGH'TIT, 85. chained, fettered.

DRID, s. m. a slow trot; v. trot slow; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —IT, 85; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.

DRIDAL, v. trotting slow.

- DRID'LAGH, s. m. thin slop, drippings.
- DRIG'AGH, a. watery, dropping water; under enchantment.
- DRIG'EY, v. dropping, falling in drops.
- DRIL'LIN, s. m. a small particle of fire; pl. —YN, or DRILLEEYN.
- Nyn DRIM'MID, s. your, &c. weight or importance. T.
- Nyn DRIM'SHEY, S. your, &c. sorrow, grief, &c. T.
- DRINE, s. m. thorn, thorn tree, quickset; pl. -YN. Of these there are several; as, drine doo or arn (the sloe thorn); drine bugogue (the buck thorn); drine drughaig (the hip thorn); drine skeag (the haw thorn), &c.
- DRINE'AGH, a. thorny, prickly, full of thorn trees or quicksets.
- DRIUAL'TYS OF DRUALTYS, 8. Druidism.
- Nyn DROAILT, s. their, &c. travelling or journey, your, &c. labour in child birth. T.
- Nyn DROAIL'TYS, s. your, &c. pilgrimage, &c. T.

Nyn DROAR OF DROAVR, S. YOUF, &c. crop. T.

- Cha DROG or \*DROGG, v. not lift, rear, build, raise, train; —AGH; —IN; —INS; —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94. T.
- Er DROG'GAL, v. hath, &c. reared, lifted, trained, built, or raised.
- DROGH, an adjunctive, a. male, mis, evil, base, ill, bad.
- DROGH'AD, s. f. a bridge; pl. -YN. Prov. "Moyll y droghad myr heu harrish."
- DROGH-AGHTYS, s. f. ill behaviour, misdemeanor.
- DROGH-CHORRYM, s. f. foul play, evil treatment; Acts, vii. 19.
- Yn DROGH-ER, s. m. the evil one, masculine.
- DROGH-GHOO, s. m. ill fame, reproach, scandal, disgrace, discredit.
- DROGH-HAGHVRT, s. m. a disaster, an ill hap.
- HARROOGHYS, s. m. ill thrift; Eccl. v. 14. HURN, s. m. an ill turn or job.
- YANNOO OF YANTYS, s. m. evil doings. YANTAGH, s. m. an evil doer, a sinner.

Cha DROID or \*DROIDD, v. not scold; -AGH;

- -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. T. Er DROID'DEX, r. hath, &c. scolded. T.
- Er DROID'DEY, v. hath, &c. scolded.

Nyn DROIDDEY, s. your, &c. scolding ; pl. 67. T

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DROL'LANE, s. m. a drone, a drudge, an inactive spiritless creature; and in fond or endearing language, *drollane boght* means, poor dear thing.

DROLLA'NEAGH, a. dronish, drooping.

- DROLLOO, s. m. pot hooks, pot hangers.
- DROM'AG OF DROM'AGH, s. m. a backband, a band over a horse's back.
- DROMM, a. drowsy, dull, torpid; 90th Psl. Manks metre. T.
- DROM'MEY, a. d. of or belonging to the back; gour nyn drommey (backwards); John, xviii. 16.
- DRONE OF DROYN, s. m. a hump or rising part on any thing.
- DRON'NAGH, a. having a hump or rising part.
- ----- 'NAN, s. m. a small hump.
  - ---- 'NEY, a. d. of the hump or rising part.
- \_\_\_\_'NID, s. m. humpishness.
- Nyn DROOR, a. these three; Gen. ix. 19; Num. xii.4. T.
- Nyn DROSH'ID, s. your, &c. strength. T.
- Nyn DROSTEY, s. our, &c. fasting. T.
- Nyn DROUSE, s. their, &c. rubbish. T.
- DROW, s. grains, the malt after the beer is extracted.

DRUAIGHT, s. m. a Druid.

- DRUAIGHT'AGH, a. Druidic. That this word is also the substantive, appears from the plural being in Jer. xxvii. 9; s. m. a Druid; pl. 71.
- DRUAIGHT'YS OF DRUALTYS, s. m. Druidism, enchantment.
- DRUG, s. f. a dray; pl. -- YN.
- DRUGH'AIG, s. f. the hip thorn, the hip thorn berry.
- DRUGH'AIGAGH, a. hippy, full of hips.
- DRUIGHT, s. m. dew; pl. YN.
- DRUIGHTO'IL OF DRUIGHTOILAGH, a. dewy.
- DRUNDIN, s. m. lees, dregs, leys.
- DRUNT, s. f. the gum; pl. YN.
- Nyn DRUSTYR, s. your, &c. dirt.
- Nyn DRUSYN, s. their, &c. trousers.
- Dr', pro. thy, thee; an abbreviation of dty when followed by words beginning with a vowel; as, dt' eddin (thy face); dt' oi (against thee); dt' egooish (without thee); dt' oays hene (thy own good or goodness); Job, v. 12.
- DTY, pro. thy, thee, of thee, belonging to thee; it is also used for a, as in Gen. iv. 12.
- Nyn DUARVSTAL, s. your, &c. shape, resemblance, or picture. T.
- DUG, v. gave, put, sent; as, dug oo daeh (didst thou give it him); or more literally, gavest it thou him; the answer in the negative would be, cha dug (gave not); dug oo ayns shen eh (didst thou put it there); negatively, cha dug (put not); dug oo hooin eh (didst thou send it to us); negatively, cha dug (sent not) or cha ren (didst not); which would answer for them all as well. Who would think this irregular verb is from C.

DUILLAG, s. f. a leaf; pl.-YN.

- \_\_\_\_\_ARGID, s. f. silver weed, tansy.
- \_\_\_\_\_villish, s. f. costmary, alcost.
- AGH OF DUILLAGH, a. leafy.
- DUILLEE, v. did suffer, permit, or allow something to be done; Luke, xiii. 2; 2 Cor. xi. 25. F.

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DUIN OF DUINN, v. did bake or baked.

- DUIRR OF DUIRREE, v. did stay, staid, did wait or tarry. F.
- DUIRN, s. pl. fists, the hands shut or clenched; the pl. of DOARN.
- Cha Duitt, v. not fall; AGH; IN; INS; — YM; — YMS, 94. T.

Er DUITTYM, hath, &c. fell or fallen.

DULGYRN'EE OF DOALGAANHEE, s. f. impairment of the sight so as to see every thing in two. It is generally understood to mean conjuration, or an affection of fascination of the sight; the latter spelling seems to me the best, as it shews its meaning to be a degree of blindness, seeing things double.

DULL'ISH, s. f. a marine eatable leaf, dillisk.

- DULLYR, s. f. dimness, a dark hue, lowering; Mat. xvi. 3.
- Cha DUM or \*DUMM, v. not dip or plunge; -AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94. T.
- Er DUM'MEY, v. hath, &c. dipped, plunged, &c. T. Nyn DUM'MID, s. your, &c. bulk, &c. T.
- DUN'NAL, a. courageous, valiant, intrepid.

DUN'NALLEY, a. pl. courageous, &c.

DUN'NALLID, s. m. courageousness, &c.

- DUN'NALLYS, s. m. courage, bravery, spirit, resolution, intrepidity, fortitude, boldness; Heb. iv. 16.
- DUNT, a. shut or darkened, a corruption of Dooint; as, dorrys dunt (the shut or back door).
- DUN'VER, s. m. a murderer; pl. VN. No doubt dun, from dooinney (a man), and ver from var (did kill or slay).

DUN'VERAGH, a. murderous.

DUN'VER-FAILT, s. m. a ruffian.

DUN'VERHENE, s. m. f. suicide, one who destroys him or herself, a felo de se.

DUN'VERYS, s. m. murder, murderment.

- DUSH'TEE, v. watered, did water.
- Nyn Dush'TEY, s. your, &c. knowledge.
- DWHAAYL, v. did sew, sewed; -AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94. W.

DWOAIAGH, a. detestable, hateful, abhorrent.

- DWOAIE, a. aware; as, be-jee er nyn dwoaie (beware ye, or be ye aware); Mat. vii. 15; Col. ii. 8.
- DWOAIE, s. f. detestation, abhorrence, dislike.
- DWOAIY'SAGH, s. m. a detestable person; the plural is in Pro. xxiv. 24; pl. 71.
- DWOAIYS OF DWOAIEID, v. detestableness, hatefulness.
- Dy, adv. to; when placed before verbs is always to; as, dy aagail (to leave); dy aarlaghey (to cook); dy arraghey (to shift); &c. &c.; pronounced dhe.
- Dy, pre. (pronounced Dhe) of, when placed before substantives; as, lane dy arroo (full of corn); laad dy ooir (a load of earth); kuse dy hollan (a quantity of salt), &c.; there may be exceptions nevertheless; as, veih boayll dy boayl, 2 Chron. xvii. 5; although I think that dy there is only as a substitute or corruption for gys or dys.
- Dy, adv. that or there. I think this word, as used in composition, to be adverbial; as in er aggle dy bee (lest that); er aggle dy beagh (for fear that be); or (for fear there be); dy row (that was); (there was); (that be); (be as that); 2 Sam. xviii. 32.
- Dv, conj. if; dy beagh eh (if he were); dy raghin, or, as it is spoken, dy rhoin (if I went); dy

n'aasagh oo mooar (if thou wouldst grow big). The word dy is a particle used in composition before adjectives, to make them adverbs, as nearly every adjective can be made an adverb by placing dy before it. For sake of abridging the work I have only inserted a few, yet the reader may understand how they are made, by the following.

DY-AALIN, adv. beautifully.

DY-AARLOO, adv. readily.

- DY-BIEAU, adv. quickly.
- DY-BOGHT, adv. poorly.
- DY-CHEILLEY, adv. together.
- DY-CHOOILLEY, adv. every.

DY-SLANE, adv. wholly.

- DY-SURRANSAGH, *adv.* patiently, &c., &c. There are many adverbs in the language without this class.
- DYLL OF DYLLEE, v. called or did call, did visit or name. Y.

Y.

F.

- DYM'BYL, v. brewed or did brew.
- DYM'MYLT, v. did tumble or roll as a horse. Y.

DYM'MYRE, v. bore or did bear, sustain, or testify.

DYM'MYRT, v. did row with oars, rowed. Y

DY-MY-VARROO, v. to kill or slay me.

DYN-BLAYST, a. insipid, without taste.

- DY-NEE, pro. that is; colloquially we say Dy re, but in sacred or solemn discourse we say dynee, the present tense of dy row.
- DYN, pre. un, without, of the same import as Gyn.
- DYN'GYR, v. did gather pus, ichor, corruption, or matter. Y.
- DYN'SEE, v. taught, did teach, learned or did learn, did gain, or impart knowledge. Y.
- Dyn-yss, a. unknown, without knowing or knowledge, by surprise.
- Dy-RE, that is; Methodist Hymn Book, lx. 5. See Dy-nee.
- Dys, pre. to, until, unto; of the same meaning as Gys.

E

- E, for its sound see Remarks 9 and 10; and its changes as a radical initial, see 40, 46, 47, 121, &c.; and in words where it is second letter after F, see 11 and 48.
- E, pro. his, her, hers. The words initialled by mutable consonants that follow the E (his), change or aspirate, but those following E (her), do not. See 112 and 113. E (her) changes initial vowels, as shown in 14 and 40.

E or EH, in. of wonder or surprise.

Dty EA, s. thy rest or quietness.

- EAB OT \*EABB, s. m. an attempt, effort, or push; to say or do some thing; pl. —AGHYN; v. attempt, &c.; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —EY, 82; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- EA'BEE, s. m. a person, &c. partly taught, formed or planned to some particular work or use.

EA'BIT, 85. planned, formed, cut out, marked, &c. \*EAD or EA'DEE, v. be jealous; -AGH, 77; -IN,

83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.

- EAD'DAGH, s. m. woollen cloth, wearing apparel; pl. 72. Eaddagh ceau (wearing clothes).
- EAD'DEE, a. d. of woollen cloth, of wearing apparel.
- EADO'LAGH, a. jealous, suspiciously fearful.
- EADO'LYS, s. f. jealousy, suspicious fear.
- EAGH'CHEOY, s. f. sciatic, rheumatism.
- EAGHT'YR, s. m. surface, superfice, upper part ; pl. -YN.
- EAGHT'YRAGH, a. d. belonging to the surface or uppermost part; a. superficial, shallow.
- EAIRK, s. m. a horn; pl. -YN.
- EAIR'KAGH, a. having horns, horned.
- EAISHT, v. hark, listen, hearken; pl. -AGHYN; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- Dy EAISH'TAGHEY, v. to listen, to hearken.
- EAISH'TEYDER, s. m. a listener, a hearkener; pl. -YN.
- EAISH'TIT, 85. listened, hearkened.
- EA'JEE, a. odious, abominable, hateful, abhorrent, hideous.
- EA'JEEYS, s. m. odiousness, odium, abominableness.
- E EAL'LAGH, s. (from Feallagh,) his folk; Mat. xxi. 36.
- EAL'LYN, s. pl. chops, the sides of the mouth.
- EAM, s. m. call, cry, shout; pl. YN; v. id. -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88. Prov. "Un eam gys bee, as jees gys obbyr."
- Dy EAM'AGHEY, v. to call, to shout.
- EAM'EYDER, s. m. a caller, a shouter; pl. -YN. EAN, s. m. John, in sacred or solemn discourse, but in common talk it is Juan.
- EA'NIN OF EAY'NIN, s. m. a precipice ; pl. -YN.
- E EA'NISH, s. his witness; pl. -YN. F.
- EANISH, s. audience, those present ; Zech. iii. 7.
- EAN'NEE OF EAYN'NEE, a. d. of the precipice.
- EA'RISH, s. weather; sometimes applied to foul weather in opposition to Emshir, which some say ought to be applied to fair or fine weather. It is also used for time of life as, ooilley earish my vea (all the time of my life); pl. -YN; Gen. xlviii. 15, and 1 Peter, i. 17.
- EAR'KAN, s. f. a lapwing; pl. YN.
- EAR'RAG, s. f. a pullet, a young hen or fowl; pl. -YN.
- EAR'ROO, s. m. number; pl. -YN.
- EAR'ROO-AIRHEY, s. m. the golden number.
- EAR'ROOAGH, a. numerous, manifold, multitudinous; Isa. xlvi. 25, and 1 Kings, iii. 9.
- EA'RY OF AE'REE, s. f. an open airy place.
- EASH, s. f. age; pl. -YN.
- EAYL, s. f. lime; pl. -YN.
- \*EAYLL OF EAYLLEE, v. lime; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- Dy EAYL'LAGHEY, v. to lime.
- EAYL'LEY, a. pl. lime.
- EAYL'LEYDER, s. m. one who limes.
- EAYL'LIT, 85. limed, covered with lime.
- EAYL'LYMYN, s. pl. hettles, a part of a weaver's loom.
- EAVIN, s. pl. lambs.

- EAYN, s. m. a lamb. EAY'NAGH, s. m. a desert, a waste.
- EAY'NNEE, a. d. of a desert or wilderness, of a precipice.
- EAY'NIN, s. f. a precipice. See Eanin.
- \*EAYR OF EAYREE, v. make cold, cool; -AGH; F. -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. F,
- Dy EAY'RAGHEY, v. to cool. F. E EAY'RID, s. his coolness.
- Ro EAY'RIT, 85. too cooled. F.
- \*EAYSL OF EAYSHIL, v. untie, loosen; -AGH ; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. F.
- Dy EAYS'LEY, v. to let loose or unbind, to untie or unloose, to set free or at liberty. F.
- E EAYS'LEYDER, s. m. his one who unties or F. unlooses.
- Ro EAYS'LIT, 85. too untied, too unloosed. F.
- EAYST, s. f. moon; pl. -YN.
- EAYST-NOA, s. f. a new moon.
- Ec, pre. at. Something might be said for this word, as is for Da.
- EC'HEY, (Ec eh,) p. his, he, of him, he, &c. has, hath, have, had, &c.; as, shoh yn thie echey (this is his house or home); ta fys echey (he knoweth); te echey (he has got it); ve echey (he had it), &c.; -syn, id. em.
- ECK, pro. her, hers, of her, she has, she had, &c. -sH, id. em.
- EDD, s. m. a hat; a nest; pl. IDD.
- EDD-USHAG, s. m. a bird's nest.
- ED'DEYDER, s. m. a hatter; pl. YN.
- ED'DIN, s. f. a face, front, &c.; pl. -YN. Etymology Oi dooinney.
- ED'DRYM, a. light in weight, not heavy; v. lighten, make light; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88. This word, no doubt, is from Oi trome (opposite to heavy).
- Dy ED'DRYMAGHEY, v. to lighten or make lighter.
- ED'DRYMEE, v. make light or lighter.
- ED'DRYMMID OF EDDRYMMYS, s. m. lightness, want of weight, levity.
- EDDYR, pre. betwixt, between. Prov. "Eddyr daa stoyl ta toyn er laare."
- E ED'JAG, s. his feather; pl. -YN. F.
- EDYR, conj. either, neither, not at all, whether or no, one or other.
- EE, pro. she, and sometimes her. The following passage has them both in: "Ghow ee breid as choodee ee e heddin" (she took a veil and covered her face).
- ЕЕ, v. eat; АGH, 77; ЕЕ, 80; IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- Dty EEACE'LE, s. thy tooth; pl. 69. F.
- Ro EEACK'LAGH, a. too snappish. F.
- E EEAGH'YN, s. pl. his debts; Mat. xviii. 25. F. EEAN or YEEAN, s. m. 47. a chicken, the young
- of a fowl of any kind, a fowl. EEAN'LEE, s. pl. 47. fowls, the fowls of the air.
- EEAN'LEYDER, s. m. 47. a fowler; pl. YN.
- EEAN-RE'AP, s. f. 47. corn-creak, rail.
- EEAR'LYS OF YEEARLYS, s. m. 47. earnest. EEAR'REE OF YEEARREE, s. 47. desire, wish.
- \*EEASS OF EEASSEE, v. 47. lend, borrow ; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- Dy EEAS'SAGHEY, v. 47. to lend, to borrow.

Yn EEAS'SAGHT, s. m. 47. the loan or lending; pl. - YN.

EEAS'SEE, a. d. 47. of lending or of borrowing.

EEAS'SEYDER, s. m. 47. a lender, a borrower; pl. — YN; a creditor, 2 Kings, iv. 1. See also Yeeasseydagh.

EEAS'SIT, 85. 47. lent, borrowed.

- EEAST, s. m. 47. a fish; pl. YN; v. fish; AGH, 77; — IN, 83; — INS, 84; — YM, 86; — YMS, 87; — YS, 88.
- Dy EEAS'TAGH OF EEASTAGHEY, v. 47. to fish, to angle.

EEAS'TEE, a. d. 47. of fishing or angling.

EEAS'TEYR, s. m. 47. a fisher or fisherman, an angler; pl. - YN.

EEAS'TEYRAGH, a. d. 47. of a fisher or angler.

- EEAS'TEYRYS, s. m. 47. the trade or craft of a fisherman.
- EEAS'TIT, 85. 47. fished.
- \*EEBR OF EEBREE, v. banish, send to exile; -AGH, 77; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.

EE'BRIT, 85. banished, transported, sent to exile.

EE'BYRTAGH, s. m. a banished person; pl. 71.

Dy EE'BYRT, v. to drive away, to banish.

EE'BYRTYS, s. m. banishment.

EECK, v. pay; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88; s. m. a payment; pl. -YN.

EEC'KEYDER, s. m. a payer, one who pays.

- EEC'KIT, 85. paid, rewarded.
- **EE'DER OF EEDDYR**, s. m. an eater; pl. YN. The latter spelling is quite absurd, although it is made use of in Jud. xiv. 14.

Yn EE'DOO, a. the twentieth; 1 Chron. xxiv. 16. F Dy EE'DYN, s. pl. of twenties. F.

ЕЕН, s. f. suet or fat of an animal before it is melted.

EEHEN'E, pro. herself.

EEIL or OIEL, s. the night of.

- EE'IT OF EET, 85. eaten, ate. Sometimes improperly sounded Uit. Prov. "Ta bee eeit jarroodit."
- ЕЕК, s. f. a small stack or rick; v. stack or rick; — AGH, 77; — ЕЕ, 80; — IN, 83; — INS, 84; — YM, 86; — YMS, 87; — YS, 88.

--- 'EY, v. stacking, ricking.

---- 'EYDER, s. m. one who stacks or ricks.

---- 'IT, 85. stacked, ricked.

EEM OF EEYM, s. f. butter; Gen. xviii. S.

EER, adv. even, merely.

- EE'REV, s. f. the length that a plough team ploughs in a field without turning; pl. 67. Eerey hallooin.
- EEYM, s. f. butter; pl. --YN. See Eem. Had Eem been the orthography made use of throughout the Scriptures, it would not have confounded it with Eeym (I will eat). The Hebrew of butter is hemah.

EEYM'MEY, a. d. of butter; as, crockan eeymmey (a crock of butter).

Dty EEYN, s. thy wine; Eccl. ix. 7.

EG'GEY, s. f. a web; pl. 67.

E'GIN, s. f. force, compulsion, rape, constraint; want of help; Deut. xxii. 25; extortion, Ez. xxii. 12.

EC'INAGH OF EIG'NAGH, a. forcibly, in want of

help, compulsive; s. m. a person who wants force or help; pl. 71.

Dy EG'INAGHEY, v. to force, to compel, to straiten so as to make to comply, to constrain. For the other derivatives of this verb, see *Eign*.

EGLHINOL'LEY, s. m. linsey woolsey.

Dt' EGOO'ISH, pre. without thee.

EH, pro. he, it, and sometimes him, as in 2 Kings xi. 2, as dollee ad eh (and they hid him).

F.

F.

F.

EH-HRNE', pro. himself.

- EHL/LEY, s. m. attachment, intimacy, taken up with, very fond of, so as to be entirely taken up with. Perhaps *Ellyn* has some analogy to this word.
- EIE, s. m. idea; as, cha row eie aym er (I had no idea of it).
- EIE, s. m. meddle; as, cha dug mee eie er (I did not meddle with him or it). This word may seem strange as it has no substantive in English.

EIE, v. shout, cry, call, call out; —AGH, 77; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 87; —YS, 88. Prov. "Cha nee yn wooa smoo eieys smoo vlieaunys."

EIEIT, EIET, OT EIT, 85. called, cried for, called by name.

EIG, a. stale, flat, vapid.

\*EIGN OF EIG'NEE, v. force, compel, constrain, oblige; —AGH, 77; --EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.

Dy EIG'NAGHEY, v. to force, compel, &c.

- EIG'NEYDER, s. m. a forcer, a ravisher, a compeller; pl. — YN.
- EIG'NIT, 85. forced, compelled, obliged, straitened; Luke, xii. 50.

EIL'KIN, s. m. an errand, a message ; pl. -YN.

EILL, v. arm, fit with armour or arms; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.

Dty EILL, s. thy flesh; pl. -YN.

Dy EILL, s. of flesh; pl. -YN. F.

EIL'LEY, s. f. armour; pl. 67.

EIL'LIT, 85. armed, fitted for war.

Eïn, s. pl. chickens, the young of fowls.

EION'EY, s. See Eaynagh.

Dy EIR'AGHEY, v. to inherit. (Seldom used.)

EIR'AGHT, s. m. inheritance, patrimony; pl. 64. EIR'EY, s. m. an heir, an inheritor; pl. 67.

EIR'INAGH, s. m. a farmer, a husbandman, an agriculturist, a yeoman; pl. 71.

farm on rent.

EIR'INVS, s. m. husbandry, agriculture, farming. EISHT, adv. then, at that time; —AGH, then em. ETT, 85. called, cried to. See *Eieit*.

EIVR, v. drive, follow; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -VM, 86; -VMS 87; -YS, 88.

EIVR'EYDER, s. m. a driver, a follower; pl. --YN. See also Eiyrtysagh.

EIVR'IT, 85. driven, followed.

Dy EIYRT, v. to drive, to follow.

EIVRTY'SAGH, s. m. a follower, an imitator or copier; pl. 71.

EIVRT'YS, or EIVRTS, s. certain consequences.

Un Ery, s. one fathom.

F.

EIY, s. f. the foot lock of a lanket ; pl. -GHYN.

- EIY'STYR, s. m. a halter, a tie; pl. -YN.
- EL'GYS, s. f. spite, choler, fierceness.
- EL'GYSAGH, a. spiteful, spitefully; Mat. xxii. 6; choleric, fierce; s.m. a spiteful person; pl.71.
- EL'LAG, s. f. hickup or hiccough; pl. -YN. Ellag aase as Ellag y vaase.
- EL'LAN, s. f. an island; pl. -YN.
- EL'LANAGH, s. m. an islander; pl. 71.
- EL'LEY, pro. and adv. other, another, else. Aght-elley (otherwise).
- EL'LYN, s. f. manners, behaviour, communications, mein.
- E EME, s. his want, his need, or necessity. F. EM'SHIR OF EMSHYR, s. f. weather, seasonable
- weather. From Imbagh (a season).
- EMSHIRO'IL, a. seasonable, opportune.
- EMSHIRO'ILID, s. m. seasonableness.
- My \*EN or ENYS, v. if ask or enquire; —AGH; —IN; —INS; —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94. F.
- -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. F. My \*END or ENDYS, v. if defend; -AGH; -IN;
- -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. F.
- Dy ENDEIL', v. to defend.
- Dty ENDEIL'AGH, s. thy defender; pl. 71.
- Dty ENDEIL'VS, s. thy defence.
- ENEE, a. d. of presence; as, Kione-enee.
- E EN'ISH, s. his presence.
- \*ENM OF EN'MEE, v. name; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- EN'MEY, a. d. of a name or names.
- EN'MYN, s. pl. names, epithets, appellations.
- EN'MYS, s. m. as much as that it could be named, a little more than nothing; v. name; as, Enmys y lhiannoo shoh (name this child); -AGH, 77; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- EN'MYSIT, 85. named, nominated, called by name.
- ENN OF ENNEY, v. to know or have knowledge of. Fer EN'NAGH, a. (pronounced Ehnnagh,) some one; red ennagh (something).
- \*ENN OF EN'NEE, v. feel; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- Dy EN'NAGHT, v. to feel, to perceive by touch.
- EN'NAGHTYN, s. m. feeling, sympathy; pl. YN.
- EN'NAGHTYN-BOOISAL, s. m. grateful feeling, gratitude.
- EN'NAL, s. f. breath; pl. -YN.
- EN'NALAGH, a. d. of the breath.
- EN'NEE, a. identical; as, yn dooinney shen ennee (that identical man).
- EN'NEEYN, s. pl. brains. This word has no singular in the Manks.
- EN'NEY, s. m. knowledge, as respects knowing one person, place, thing, &c., from another. For the more extensive meaning of the word knowledge, see *Tushtey*.
- EN'NEYDER, s. m. a feeler; pl. -YN.
- EN'NIT, 85. felt.
- ENNOIL', a. endearing, beloved.
- ENNOIL'ID OF ENNOILYS, s. m. endearment, love.
- EN'NYM, s. m. name, epithet, appellation; pl. see Enmyn.
- \*EOYLL OF EOYL'LEE, v. dung, manure; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.

Dy EOYL'LAGH OF EOYL'LAGHEY, v. to dung or manure.

61

F.

EOYL'LEY, s. f. dung, manure, ordure, muck, excrement; pl. 67.

EOYL'LEYDER, s. m. one that dungs, &c.; pl -- YN. EOYL'LIT, 85. dunged, manured.

- ER, pre. on; p. p. on him or on it; -svn, id. em. When an adjunct, prefixed to verbs, means hath, have, having, has, had, hast, hadst, &c. It is also a contraction of *Fer*, after feminines, which see.
- ER, in. on, of incitement.
- ER-A'GGLE, *adv.* for fear, lest. *Er* is sometimes translated, for, as in this word, though more literally it should be, on.
- ER-ASH', *adv.* to appear after being hid, hidden or concealed; to become damp, as such things as have salt in them, will in moist weather; in Ez. xvii. 9, it means, prosper.
- ER-BAST'AL, ad. past, past all.

F.

F.

F.

- Fer ERBEE, a. any one; mas cre-erbee (whatever).
- ERBEY' OF ERBE', adv. because, lit. on cause.
- ER-CAN'NOO, a. enamoured, dotingly fond; Ez. xxiii. 12.
- ER-CHEA', v. fleeing, fled; roie-er-chea (retreating).
- ER-CHEE'-GOLL, adv. about to go; er-chee dy yannoo (about to do, about to act).
- ER-CHEIL'TYN. See Cheiltyn.
- Dty ER-COONEE, s. thy helper.
- ER-COON'TEY, adv. on account.
- Yn ER-CRAU'EE-OALSEY, s. m. the hypocrite; Job, xxxiv. 30.
  F.
- ER-CREAU', v. trembling, shuddering, quivering; Hab. iii. 16.
- ER-DRAIE', v. hath, &c. abated, ebbed, &c.
- ER-DROAI'LT, v. hath, &c. travelled.
- ER-DTY-HWOA'IE, adv. on thy look out, on thy aware or alert.
- ER-DWOOAIE', a. determined to resist.
- ER-DTY-SEYN', adv. p. above thee; -s, id. em. ER-DYN', adv. since.
- ER-DY', adv. ago.
- ER-DY-HEN'NEY, adv. since that, since then, ago.
- ER-DY-RIEAU, *adv.* from eternity, for the ever which is past, all the time that hath been. See *Rieau*.
- ER-EI'GIN OF E'GIN, s. on force; Jud. xx. 5.
- ER-E-SKYN, adv p. above him; -s, id. em.
- ER-E-HON', p. p. for him, for it. Prov. "Dy chooilley ghooinney er e hon hene, as Jee son ooilley."
- ER-E-SON', p. p. for her.
- ER-EIVR'T, v. following after, pursuing after; --s, id. em.
- ER-FEN'NIU, adv. furiously, fiercely.
- ER-FLOAD', adv. on float, afloat.
- EE-GER'REY, a. nigh, at hand, at a short distance, near.
- ER-GHLEE, v. a breaming. A sow pig is said to be so when she wants the boar.
- ER-GHOLL', v. hath, &c. gone; when after Va, had, &c. gone.
- ER-GIYN', a. next after; laa er giyn (the day after); on again; Luke, vii. 11.
- ER-GOOI'L OF ER-GOOY'L, adv. in arrear, behind hand, behind.

62

ER-HENE, a. on himself; reserved, coy. E'RIN, s. f. vestry; 2 Kings, x. 22. E'RINAGH, s. pl. 71. See Eirinagh. ER'IN, s. f. Ireland. See Nerin, ER'INYS, s. See Eirinys. ER-JEET', pt. hath, &c. come or arrived. ER-JEID', a. on edge, as teeth ; Jer. xxxi. 30. ER-JER'REY, adv. lastly, in fine, latterly, behind, not in front. ER-LESH', p. he conceives or imagines; -YN, id. em. ER-LHEH', adv. apart, separately, severally, privately, chiefly; a. private, particular. ER-LHIA'M, p. methinks, I conceive, or imagine. xx. 11. ER-LHIA'T, p. thou conceivest, &c. ; -s, id. em. ER-LHIEE', p. she imagines, &c.; -ISH, id. em. ER-LHIEN', p. we imagine or conceive ; -YN, id. em. ER-LHIEU', p. ye or you conceive, &c.; -ISH, id. em. sently. ER-LHIEU', p. they, &c. conceive, &c.; -syn, id. em. ER-LHIM'MEY, adv. except, save. ER-LHIURID, adv. at length, at full length, along on the ground. ER-LOUY'N, adv. on a rope, by the hand, along. ER-MAY'RN, a. remaining, to fore, left, yet alive. ER-MESH'TEY, a. drunk or drunken. Prov. " Laa er-meshtey as laa er ushtey." ER-MY-SKYN, p. p. above me; -s, id. em. ER-NEA'REY, a. ashamed, for shame. Eh. ER-N'GHOL'L, v. hath, &c. gone, gone. ER-NIAR'T, adv. by might or force of arms. E Ess, s. his spindle. ER-NON'NEY, adv. else, or else, at least. ER-NY', v. having, being. ER-NY-EN'MYS, v. hath or having, &c. been called or named. ER-NY-VE', v. hath or having, &c. been. ER NYN SKYN', adv. p. above us, you, them. ER NYN EIYR'T, adv. p. following after us, in pursuit of. ER NY VIEN'TYN, adv. having been conceived, conceived. -YS, 88. ER-OIE', adv. by night, on the night. ER'REE, a. latter end of, become of, end of. ER'REEISH, s. f. compassion, pity, sympathy, feeling for, by granting relief to those in distress; pl. -YN. ERREEI'SHAGH, a. compassionate, easily affected with sorrow or pain on viewing the calamities or distresses of others as if our own, sympathetic. ERREI'SH, adv. after, or after what has been said or done. ER'REY, s. m. incumbrance, burden, something irksome to be borne, yoke; pl. 67. ER'RIU, adv. p. on you or ye; -ISH, id. em. pl. 71. ER'ROO, s. m. a ploughman, one that holds the Yn Ew, s. the Jew. plough when ploughing; pl. -YN. ERROO'GH, s. m. a chimb; pl. -YN. ER-ROSH'TYN, v. hath, &c. reached or arrived. -YM; -YS. ER-ROU'L OF ER-ROUY'L, a. in a rage, outrageous, violent, disorderly. pl. -YN. ER-SCUIR'R, v. hath &c. ceased or left off. Ro EYSHTIT, 85, too questioned, &c. ER-SHAGH'RYN, v. astray, bewildered, bewrayed,

having erred from the right way.

### EYS

ER'-SHEN, adv. on that, thereon, thereupon. Yn ER-SHIN'NEY, s. the eldest one, masculine. F. ER'-SHOH, adv. whereupon, on this. ER-SKYN', adv. above; super. ER-SKYN-EAR'ROO, a. innumerable. ER-SKYN-INSH', a. unutterable, unspeakable. ER-SKYN-TOW'SE, a. immeasurable. Yn ER-SLOO', s. the least, mus; Jer. viii. 10. F. Yn ER-SMOO', s. the greatest, mas. F. ER-SOOY'L, in. away; pt. gone. ER-SOOY'L-JEE, adv. p. away with you or ye. ER-SOOY'L-LHIAT, adv. p. away with thee. Yn ER-THIE', s. the man of the house; Mat. F. ER-TROAI'LT, v. travailling in child birth. ER-ve', v. have, &c. been. ER-E-CHION'E, adv. p. on his head. ER-Y-CHION'E, adv. on the head, ahead. ER-Y-CHOOY'L, adv. shortly, by and bye, pre-ER-Y-GHER'RIT, adv. lately, shortly. ER-Y-GHRUN'T, adv. on the ground, aground. ER-Y-FA', adv. therefore, wherefore. ER-Y-LIEH', adv. on the half, by the half. ER-YN-OYR', conj. because, on the cause. E ER-YN'SEE, s. his teacher, mas. F. ER-Y-TRAA t'ayn ta lhie yn stayd beayn ain (on our present time depends our future state). ER-Y-VUL'LAGH, adv. atop, on the top. ESH'YN, pro. (Eh shen,) him, he; the em. of ESH'LYN OF ESH'LYS, s. a shroud. F. Es'syl, s. f. an axle or axis; pl. -yn. Es'syn, s. m. a post, jamb of a door, the post of a door frame or gate; pl. - YN. My \*Est or Estys, v. if stuck ; -AGH ; -EE: -IN; -INS; -YM; --YMS; -YS, 94. F. Dy Es'TAL, v. to stick or adhere. F. Ro Es'TIT, 85. too stuck or glued. F. \*ETL OF ETLEE, v. fly; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; Eu, pro. (Ec shiu), your, you, ye, of you, you have, you had, &c; as, yn obbyr eu (your work); daag mee eu eh (I left it with you); nagh row fys eu (did ye not know) ; te eu (you have it) ; ve eu (you or ye had it), &c.; -ISH, id. em. EU'LYS, s. f. fury, indignation, rage, madness. EU'LYSSAGH, a. indignant, inflamed with anger or rage, furious; s. m. a furious person; pl. 71. EU'NYS, s. m. ecstacy, delight, pleasure, rapturous pleasure; pl. -syn. EU'NYSSAGH, a. ecstatic, delightful, pleasant, delectable, affording pleasure in the highest degree; s. m. an enjoyer of ecstatic pleasure; My \*Eysht or Eysh'tys, v. if examine, question, peck out by questioning; -AGH; -IN; F. Dy EYSH'TEY, v. to examine or question. F. Yn Eysh'TEYDER, s. m. the examiner, &c.; F. F.

F

- F. For the sound of this letter see Remark 11, and for its changes see 48; it is an initial in no words except radicals and their derivatives; there are no words from other letters that come under it.
- **FA.** This adjunct is affixed to a few words, and signifies, *for*; as, in *cren-fa*, *shen-y-fa*; but the *for* is changed to *fore*, as in wherefore, &c. See also *Faba*.
- FAAG, v. leave, quit, abandon; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- FAAGAIL', v. leaving, quitting, &c.
- FAAG'EYDER, s. m. one who leaves, &c.
- FAAG'IT, 85. left, abandoned, &c.
- FAAG'IT-MOOIE, 85. indicted by the petty or grand jury.
- FAAID, s. m. a turf, a sod; pl. -YN.
- FAA'IE, s. f. (from Fo-hie,) a field called in English, a flat, a field near or under a mansion house better manured than the other fields; pl. —AGHYN.
- FAA'NYS, s. a breach in a fence; pl. -syn.
- \*FAARG OF FAARGE, v. fare, get by; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88. The g in this word ought to be a j.
- FAAR-Y-CHAAGH, a. fate or fare the same.
- FAARE, adv. nigh, near; Ex. xix. 12. The word Aare is from this word, which see.
- \*FAARK OF FAAR'KEE, v. bathe; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —EY, 82; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- FAAR'KEE, a. d. of bathing.
- FAAR'KEY, s. m. the sea, and sometimes a billow or great wave; pl. 67.
- FAAR'KEYDER, s. m. a bather, or one who bathes. FAAR'KIT, 85, bathed.
- FAARN, s. m. rain water dropping through the roof of a house.
- FAASAAG, s. f. beard; pl. YN.
- FAASAAG'AGH, a. having beard, bearded.
- FAASAAG'EY, a. d. of beard or beards; v. getting beard.
- FAA'SAGH, s. m. a wilderness, desert, or desolate place; pl. -- YN.
- FAASE, a. faint, feeble, weak, infirm, not strong. FAASE'LAGH, s. m. the weak part or parts of any
- thing, as of corn not well fed, &c.
- FAASE-REA, s. m. a tup that has been only half castrated.
- FAA'SID, s. m. debility, weakness, faintishness. FAAST'GUIN, s. f. a sponge; pl. -yN.
- FAAST OF FAASTE, v. wring, twist so as to squeeze the water out; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —VS, 88; s. m. a wring, &c.; pl. —AGHYN.
- FAAST'EE, a. d. of wringing, &c.
- FAAST'EY, v. wringing, pressing the water out. FAAST'EYDER, s. m. a wringer or squeezer
- FAAST'IT, 85. wrung, pressed.
- FAAUE, s. m. a hint, a suggestion ; pl. YN. FAAVL, s. f. a turf spade ; pl. - YN.

- FA'BA, a. If we give the Fa in this word the meaning it has in *Cren-fa* and *Ba* (of cattle); it might mean, for cattle; or *Fa* part of the word *Faiyr* (grass), and *Ba* as before (grass for cattle, or cattle's grass). This is the name of a glen or valley in the vicinity of Peel from which that Sheading or Coroner's District takes its name.
- FADAN'E OF FADANYS, s. m. a place left uncultivated, a lonely or solitary place, solitude.
- FADANE'AGH, a. desolate, solitary, unfrequented, wild, uncultivated; s. m. an uncultivated person; pl. 71.
- FADA'NID, s. m. the state of being uncultivated, or of desolation, or solitude.
- FAG'GYS, a. near, nigh, adjacent.
- FAGH'ID, s. m. disdain, derision, contempt, ridicule, mockery; pl. — YN.
- FAGH'IDAGH, a. contemptible, deserving of scorn; s. m. a scorner; pl. 71.
- FAHN'EY, s. m. a wart ; pl. 67.
- FAHN'AGHTAGH, a. warty, grown over with warts.
- FAIK, v. see, see thou; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- FAIK-JEE, v. see ye or you.
- FAIR'IN, v. seeing. See also Fakin.
- FAILL, s. m. hire, wages; pl. YN.
- FAILL, v. hire, engage for wages; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- FAIL'LEE, a. d. of hire or wages.
- FAILLEI'L, v. failing, falling short. For another pronunciation of this word see *Fajeil*.
- FAILLEI'LAGH, a. in a failing state, deficient, faulty.
- FAIL'LEY, v. hireing, binding to serve.
- FAIL'LEYDER, s. m. a hirer; pl. YN.
- FAIL'LIT, 85. failed.
- FAILT, 85. hired, bound to service.
- FAIL-Y-VAAIS'H, a. the failure of death, past recovery, sickness to death.
- FAIN'AGH, s. f. a chariot; pl. 71. I think the plural made use of in Psl. xx. 7, to be incorrect, it being the plural of the next word, and not of this.
- FAINEY, s. f. a ring; pl. 67.
- FAIR'AIG, s. f. a lump in the groin or armpit; pl. -- YN.
- FAISH'NAGH OF FAISHNYS, s. m. a telling before hand future events, foretelling, fortune telling, what is told by a fortune teller, generally used in a bad sense.
- FAISH'NEE, a. d. of or belonging to fortune telling, of knowledge before hand in future events of life.
- FAIYNT, a. faint; Isa. i. 5.
- FAIYR, s. f. grass; pl. -YN.
- ----- GUIY, s. f. goose grass.
- -----FEIYR, s. f. See Guilley-bing.
- FINNAN, s. f. a strong grass growing among corn.
- sonnys, s. f. a kind of soft, whitish grass that grows in rich land.
- FAIY'RAGH, s. m. a litter or layer of hay or straw laid under corn on a kiln.

FAJELL', v. failing. This word is used by some instead of *Failleil*, but I cannot say it is correct, as it is not once used in the Scriptures, to my knowledge.

FAK'IDER, s. m. a seer; pl. - YN.

FAK'IN, v. seeing, beholding.

FAR'INIT, 85. seen, beheld.

- FALLEAY's, s. m. the least glimpse of light, a small gleam or glance.
- FALLEAY'SAGH, a. glimpses seen at intervals. I have no English adjective to show this word.
- FALLO'GYS, s. f. prognostication, divination; pl. -YN.
- FALLO'GYSAGH, s. m. a prognosticator, a diviner.
- FAM, s. m. stem of wrack or oarweed, a sea pine; pl. -- YN.
- FAML OF FAMLEE, v. wrack or manure with sea weed; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- FAM'LAGH OF FAMYRAGH, s. m. sea weed, oar weed, wrack; pl. YN.
- FAM'LAGHEY, v. wracking, manuring with sea weed.
- FAM'LEE, a. d. of wrack or sea weed.
- FAM'LEY. See Famlaghey.
- FAM'LEYDER, s. m. one who manures with sea weed.

FAM'LIT, 85. wracked, manured with sea weed. FAM'MAN, s. m. a tail; pl. -YN.

- FANN, v. flay; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- FAN'NAG, s. f. a crow ; pl. -YN.
- FAN'NAG-VARREY, s. f. a cormorant. See also Shag.
- FAN'NEE, a. d. of flaying, peeling or stripping off the skin.
- FAN'NEYDER, s. m. a flayer; pl. -YN.
- FANT, 85. flayed, peeled.
- FAR, a. fresh; as, dullish-far-ushtey (fresh water dillise).
- FARB, v. fret or inflame, as a sore ; —AGH, 77 ; —EE, 80 ; —IN, 83 ; —INS, 84 ; ·-YM, 86 ; —YMS, 87 ; —YS, 88.

FAR'BAGH, v. fretting, inflaming.

FAR'BIT, 85. fretted or vexed, as a sore.

FAR'BYL, s. m. a trail or train, a tail.

FAR-CHA'IL, s. f. weed or weeds. The Far in this word, and in many of those that follow, means, false, or not real.

FAR-CHARKYL, s. m. a truss hoop.

- FAR-CHASS, s. f. a piece put on the shaft of a sledge car to lengthen it when worn too short; a false or wooden leg or foot; pl. --YN.
- FAR-CHLASHTYN, s. m. dulness of hearing, hard of hearing, not able to hear well.
- FAR-CHLO'IE, s. m. foul play. See also Droghchloie.
- FAR-CHOOISH, s. f. a fictitious cause, a cause adduced for instance.

FARDA'IL, s. m. vanity, folly, inanity ; pl. - YN.

- FARDA'ILAGH OF FARDA'LAGH, a. vain, of little or no worth, diminutive, insignificant, unavailing.
- FARDA'ILYS, s. m. vainness, folly, emptiness, fruitless desire or pursuit; pl. — SYN.
- FAR-EAIS'HTAGH, s. m. the act of lending a deaf ear, pretending to be deaf. Prov. "Cha vel fer erbee cha bouyr, as eshyn nagh jean clashtyn."

FAR'ENNYM, s. m. a bye name, a nick name, ar agnomen, a name besides the real one.
FAR EN'MYSSIT, 85. nick named, bye named falsely so called; 1 Tim. vi. 20.

FAR-FOLT, s. m. false hair, a wig.

FARG. See Ferg.

- FAR-GHUILLAG, s. f. an artificial leaf.
- FARK, v. wait, stay; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88
- FARK'AGHEY OF FARKAGHT, v. waiting, &c.
- FARK'AN-DOAL'LAN, s. m. blindman's buff.

FAR'KEE, a. d. of waiting.

- FAR'KEYDER, s. m. a waiter; pl. -YN.
- FAR'KIT ER, 85. waited on.
- FAR'KYL, s. m. a lid, a pot lid; pl. 76.
- FARLA'NE, s. m. a firlot; pl. -- YN.
- FAR-LHEIV, s. m. a false conception of a calf said to be generated between a cow and what is called a *Tarroo-ushtey*.
- FAR'LING OF FARLENG, s. a farthing; pl. FAR-LEEYN.
- FAR'NEY, s. m. black alder.
- FARR, v. last; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83 -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- FARRAGHT OF FARRAGHTYN, v. lasting, enduring
- FARRAI'N, s. f. the herb avens, colewort, bonet, wild parsnip; pl. —vN.
- FAR'RAL, v. fareing, to fare.
- FARRA'NE, s. a fountain, a spring of water, a source, a spring or gentle breeze of wind; pl. YN.
- FARRA'NEAGH, a. having fountains or springs; a. d. of springs or sources.
- FAR'RAR, s. a wake, a vigil; pl. —YN; v. wake, or forbear sleep; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- FAR'RAREY, v. waking the dead, mourning; Jer. vi. 26.
- FAR'RARIT, 85. waked.
- FARRYS-THIE, s. m. management in housek eeping, economy.
- FAR-SCREEU, OF FAR-SCRIEU, s. m. forgery ; pl. —YN.
- FAR-SCRIEUDER, s. m. a forger ; pl. YN.
- FAR-SCRYSS, s. m. the scarfskin or furfur, the cuticle, the scruff or dandriff.
- FAR-SKEEAL', s. f. a fable; pl. YN.
- FAR-SKEEA'LAGH, a. fabulous.
- FAR-THIE, s. m. (from Fer-thie,) the man of the house.
- FAR-THIE-MOOAR, s. m. major domo, the great man of the house.
- FAR-VAALYS, s. m. from Faiyr (grass); and Maail (rent); hired or rented grass; Pro. xxvii. 26; pl. — SYN.
- FARVA'NE, s. f. a blank ; pl. YN.
- FAR-VLAA, s. m. an artificial flower.
- FAR-VOAL'LEY, s. m. a partition ; pl. 67.
- FAR-UINNAG, s. f. a false window, an imitation of one, a recess in a wall.
- FAR-VEN', s. f. The Far in this word is taken as a corruption of Fer; an amazon, a virago, a woman of masculine appearance, or one who is master of her husband. The Far, taken as false, will be one whom is false to her wedded husband, one who a man has besides his wife; pl. MRAANE-FIR.

vish from Bish; increase, a false increase; v. id. —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84;
-чм, 86; -чмs, 87; -чs, 88.
FARVISH'EYDER, s. m. a forfeiter; plYN.
FARVISH'IT, 85. forfeited.
FAR-UN'NISH, s. f. a scallion; pl,YN.
FASHAGH OF FAITAGH, a. timorous, timid, weak-
ened with fear, fearful.
*FASN OF FASIN, v. winnow, fan; -AGH, 77;
-EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86;
-YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
FAS'NEE, a. d. of winnowing or fanning.
FAS'NEY, s. m. a winnowing; pl. 67.
FAS'NEYDER, s. m. a winnower, a fanner; pl.
-YN.
FAS'NIT, 85. winnowed, fanned.
FASS OF FASSEE, v. feed, feed with grass; -ACH,
77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86;
-YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
FASS'AGHEY OF FASSAGHT, v. feeding.
FASSCA'DAGH, s. m. umbrella; pl. 71.
FASS'EYDER, s. m. a feeder; pl YN.
FASS'IT, 85. fed, fed with grass.
FAST, s. m. quiet, silence, pensiveness; as,
Fea as Fast.
FAST'AGH, a. modest, grave, sedate, serious,
pensive, close.
FAS'TEE, s. a shelter; pl YN.
FAS'TEEAGH, a. having shelter, sheltry.
FAS'TEEID, s. m. the state of the place of shelter.
FAS'TID, s. m. modesty, seriousness, closeness.
FAS'TYR, s. m. evening; plYN.
FAS'TYRACH, a. d. of the evening.
FAS'TYR-BEC', s. late in the afternoon.
FEA, s. m. quietness, rest, stillness.
FEAGH, a. quiet, at rest, still.
FEAT OF FEY. See Feiy.
FEAIL'LERE, s. an almanack, the calendar.
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<ul> <li>FEAIL'LERE, s. an almanack, the calendar.</li> <li>FEAIL'LERE, s. m. feriation, festivity, sacredness.</li> <li>FEAIL'LEY, s. m. festival, feast; pl. 67; a. holy, sacred, hallowed.</li> <li>FEAL'LAGH OF FEAL'LEE, s. m. folk or folks.</li> <li>FEA'NISH, s. m. a witness, a testimony; plYN.</li> <li>FEA'NISH. sooilley, s. an eye witness.</li> <li>FEAYGHT, s. (a contraction of Feayraght,) cold.</li> <li>FEAYULEY, s. m. cave, or as it is called easin; pl. 67.</li> <li>FEAYN, a. wide, expansive.</li> <li>FEAYNFOSHLIT, a. wide, open.</li> <li>YA FEAY'NID-MOOAR, s. m. the great expansive void without boundary or limit.</li> <li>FEAYNY, s. m. wideness, width, expansion, extention.</li> <li>FEAYR, a. frigid, cold, chilly.</li> <li>*FEAYR OF FEAYREE, v. cool, make cold; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.</li> </ul>
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<ul> <li>FEAIL'LERE, s. an almanack, the calendar.</li> <li>FEAIL'LERE, s. m. feriation, festivity, sacredness.</li> <li>FEAIL'LEY, s. m. festival, feast; pl. 67; a. holy, sacred, hallowed.</li> <li>FEAL'LAGH OF FEAL'LEE, s. m. folk or folks.</li> <li>FEA'NISH, s. m. a witness, a testimony; plYN.</li> <li>FEA'NISH.sooILLEY, s. an eye witness.</li> <li>FEAYGHT, s. (a contraction of Feayraght,) cold.</li> <li>FEAYL'LEY, s. m. eave, or as it is called easin; pl. 67.</li> <li>FEAYN, a. wide, expansive.</li> <li>FEAYNFOSHLIT, a. wide, open.</li> <li>Yn FEAY'NID-MOOAR, s. m. the great expansive void without boundary or limit.</li> <li>FEAYR, s. frigid, cold, chilly.</li> <li>*FEAYR or FEAYREE, v. cool, make cold; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.</li> <li>FEAY'RAGAN, s. m. a fan, a parasol; plYN.</li> <li>FEAY'RAGHT, s. m. cold, coldness, frigidity, frigidness, plYN.</li> </ul>

65

and | FEAV'RIT, 85. cooled, made cold.

- \*FEAYSL OF FEAYSHIL, v. loosen, unbind, untie; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- FEAYS'LEE, a. d. of loosening, unbinding, untieing or setting free; as, *Blein-feayslee* (year of Jubilee).
- FEAYS'LEY, s. m. looseness, freedom; pl. 67; v. loosening, unbinding, untieing, setting free.
- FEAYS'LEYDER, s. m. one who unbinds, unties, loosens or sets free; pl. YN.
- FEAVS'LIT, 85. loosed, unbound, untied, set free. FED, s. m. an emotion of the body in laughing;
- v. AGH, 77; EE, 80; IN, 83; INS, 84; — YM, 86; — YMS, 87; — YS, 88.
- FED'DAL, v. shaking of the body in laughing.
- FED'DAN, s. m. a flute, fife, whistle, pipe; pl. --YN.
- FED'DANAGH, v. whistling, to play on any musical instrument with the breath.
- FED'DYN, v. finding, acquiring, obtaining.

- \_\_\_\_\_FOIL'L, v. finding fault, blaming, accusing.
- FED-GAIL'LEY, s. m. the gurgle in the belly of a horse when rode hard.
- FED'JAG, s. f. a feather ; pl. YN.
- FED'JAGAGH, a. having feathers, feathered; a. d. of a feather or feathers.
- FEDJEE'N, s. f. the feather on an arrow; pl. -YN; v. feather the arrow; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- FEDJEE'NAGH, a. having feathers as an arrow.
- FEDJEE'NIT, 85. feathered as an arrow.
- FEE, s. pl. ravens. See also Fiee.
- FEE, v. weaving, to weave; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- FEEAC'KLE OF FEEAC'KYL, s. f. a tooth; pl. 69 for the former, and -yN for latter.
- FEEAC'KLAGH, a. snappish, cross, crabbed, apt to bite, having teeth; Isa. xli. 15.
- FEEAGH, s. m. a raven; pl. see Fiee and Fee; Prov. "Cur meer da'n feeagh as hig ch recisht."

FEEAGH, a. worth, value.

- FEE'AGHYN, s. pl. exactions, just debts, disbursements.
- FEEAIH, s. a buck or doe, the deer kind. The sound of the word is the same in sing. and pl., but the pl.—EE is written, applied to buck and doe with Firryn and Bwoirryn.
- FEED, s. twenty, a score; pl. YN.

FEE'DOO, a. twentieth.

- FEE'IF, 85. wove, woven, platted.
- FEER, adv. very, in a great degree.
- Dy FEER, adv. truly, verily, really.
- FEEU, a. worthy, worth.
- FEEU'DVS OF FEEUD'ID, s. m. discretion, prudence; Pro. i. 4.
- FEEU'ID, s. m. worthiness, worth.
- FEFYN, s. m. wine; pl. YN.
- FEEV'NEY, a. d. of or belonging to wine or vines.

- FEET'NEY, a. pl. wine or vines.
- FEEVN-GEIR', s. m. vinegar.
- FEEYN-BA'NE, s. m. white wine.

FEEYN-JIAR'G, s. m. red wine.

- FEGOOI'SH, pre. without, not with.
- FEH, s. m. a sinew, a tendon ; pl. -YN.
- FEIE, a. wild, not tame, shy.
- FEIE'YS, s. m. venison, the flesh of a wild or untamed animal; a. fierce, wild, untame.
- FEILL, s. f. flesh, butcher's meat : pl. -YN.
- FEIL'LEY, s. See Feailley; a. pl. flesh.
- FEIO'SAGH, a. flimsy, weak, slight, thin, limber, slender.
- FEIO'SID, S. m. flimsiness, slightness, slenderness.
- FEIY, s. m. a fathom; pl. YN OT GHYN. Perhaps the greatest measure then in use, because we say Feiy laa (all or through the day); Feiy ny cruinney (through the globe). See Car.
  FEIYJAGH, a. tedious and grievous; Isa. xxi. 2.
  FEIYR, s. m. noise, fragor, din, clamour; pl. — YN.
  \_\_\_\_\_, v. noise, &c.; — AGH, 77; — EE, 80; — IN, 83; — INS, 84; — YM, 86; — YMS, 87; — YS, 88.
  \_\_\_\_\_\_AL, v. noising, making noise, sounding; 2 Chron. xiii. 12; tingle, 2 Kings, xxi. 12.
  \_\_\_\_\_\_EYDER, s. m. one who makes a noise; pl. — YN.
  \_\_\_\_\_\_IT, 85. noised, sounded.
  FEM'BLAL, v. taking out here and there.
  FEME, s. m. need, want, necessity; pl. — YN.
- FEMOIL', a. needful, necessary, requisite.
- \*FEN OF FENEE, v. ask, enquire; —AGH, 77; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- FEN'AGHT OF FENAGHTYN, v. asking, asketh, &c.
- FEND, v. defend; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM,86; —YMS 87; —YS, 88.
- FENDEI'L, v. defending.
- FENDEI'LAGH, s. m. a defender: pl. 71.
- FENDEI'LYS, s. m. defence; pl. SYN.
- FENDEY'R, s. m. a fender ; pl. YN.
- FEN'DIT, 85. defended.
- FE'NISH, s. m. presence; a. present.
- FE'NIT, 85. asked, enquired.
- FENT, s. m. a waist-band; pl. YN. This word is opposed to Lent.
- FENTMHUINEEL', s. f. a wrist-band.
- **FEOGHAI'G**, s. f. a periwinkle, a sea snail; pl. -YN.
- FEOH, s. abhorrence, disgust, aversion, dislike. FEOH'DAGH, a. disgustful, filthy, rauseous; 2 Peter, ii. 7.
- FEOHOI'L, a. filthy, foul ; Psl. xiv. 4.
- FEOHOI'LYS, s. filthiness, foulness.
- FEOH'DYS, s. abomination, annoyance; Lev. xviii. 22.
- FEOILT, a. liberal, free, bounteous, generous, munificent.
- FEOIL'TAGH, a. bountiful, liberal, giving without grudging; s. m. a liberal person; pl. 71.
- FEOIL'TYS, s. m. liberality, bounty, giving largely; Acts, ii. 46.
- Dy FEOILT OF Dy FEOILTAGH, adv. liberally, bountifully, &c.
- FER, s. m. one, one male, a man. The sing. of Fir.

- FIG
- FER-CHION'NEE, s. m. a redector, a ransomer. FER-CHOA'DEE, s. m. a protector; pl. FIR —. FER-CROO', s. m. creator.
- FER-FAIL'r, s. m. a hired man ; John, x. 13.
- FER-GYNOAY'L, s. m. a foreigner.
- FER'ISH, s. m. a fairy; a hand steel to strike fire with a flint; pl. YN.
- FER-GHER'JEE OF FER-NY-CHERJAGH, s. m. a comforter, a consolator, or consoler.
- FER-NY-FAIL'LEY, s. m. a hireling. The last y in this word I think is wrong; it ought to be e.
- FERG, s. f. ferocity, fierceness, anger, spite.
- FERG'AGH, a. ferocious, fierce, spiteful, angry. FER-LHEE', s. m. a physician, a doctor or sur-
- geon.
- FER-MOOIN'JEREY, s. m. a man-servant.
- FER-01'K, s. m. an officer, a person in office.
- FER-FEAV'REE, s. 11. one above the number wanted in a work, one to cool while the others are working and taking turn about.
- FER LOAYR'T AS LHEH, s. m. an intercessor.
- FER LOAVR'T ER NYN SON, s. m. one speaking for us.
- FER-RAAUEE, s. m. a monitor, a warner.
- FER-REAGH'YS, s. m. an umpire.
- FER-REI'LL, s. m. a ruler, magistrate, or person in authority.
- FER-ROOGH', s. f. an eye lid, a lid; pl. YN.
- FER-ROI'E, s. m. a deserter, a runner.
- FER-TOSH'EE, s. m. the foremost, the first in procession.
- FER-YN'SEE, s. m. a teacher.
- FESS or FESST, s. a spindle; pl. -YN.
- FEST, v. stick, stuck; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- FES'TAL, v. sticking, adhesive.
- FES'TEYDER, s. m. a sticker, an adherer.
- FES'TIT, 85. glued, stuck.
- FEUE, adv. under you or ye; -ISH, id. em.
- FEUE-HENE', pre. under yourselves.
- FEY, s. a fathom. See Feiy.
- FEYSHT, s. a question ; pl. -YN OF -AGHYN.
- FEVSHT, v. question, examine; —AGH, 77; —RE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —VM, 36; —VMS, 87; —VS, 88.
- FEVSH'TEYDER, s. m. a questioner, a inquisitive person.
- FEYSHTEY-TES'SEN, v. cross examining.
- FEYSH'TIT, S5. questioned, examined.
- FEY-YER'REY, adv. at last, lastly, finally. See also Fy.
- FHYNNEI'G, s. f. a pod, a capsul; pl. -YN.
- FHYT, s. m. a fit, a short time ; pl. YN.
- FID'DER, s. m. a weaver ; pl. YN.
- FID'DERAGH, a. d. of or belonging to a weaver; as, *spaal fidderagh* (a weaver's shuttle, or the shuttle of a weaver).
- FID'DERYS, s. m. the trade or craft of a weaver. FID'DYR, s. fry; brick fiddyr (trout fry).
- FIEAU, v. resting or waiting quietly, desisting from doing something; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- FIEAU'EYDER, s. m. a rester, a waiter for.
- FIG'GAGH, a. of a fig or figs.
- FIG'GAN, s. m. a hoop for a sieve or peck ; o

figure, a trap to catch birds; pl. - yn.

FILL, v. fold, lap up; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -VM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.

FILLEA'G, s. f. a shawl; pl. -- YN.

FIL'LEE, a. d. of folding or lapping up.

FIL'LEV, s. m. a fold or lap, a double or crease; pl. 67; v. folding, plaiting, lapping up, rolling; er ny filley (folded).

FIL'LEYDER, s. m. a folder; pl. -YN.

FIL'LIT, 85. folded, lapped up.

- FILLO'SHER, s. m. a needless ornament, cr manœuvre.
- FINE, s. m. a scabbard, sheath, or quiver; pl. YN.
- FING'AN, s. m. the cliff of a rock, a crag, the sharp point of a rock; oie'l fingan (the night preceding St. Thomas's Day, said to be the longest night in the year). Perhaps called Fingan, because on that day people went to the cliffs to catch venison or mutton for Christmas. Prov. "Fauid mooar moayney son oie'l fingan."

FIN'IGAGH, s. m. knot grass.

FIN'NAN, s. m. a kind of grass.

- FIGGH, v. fade, wither; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- FIO'GHEY, v. withering, fading.
- FIO'GHIT OF FIOJIT, 85. withered, faded.
- FIR, s. m. pl. ones, male ones, the pl. of Fer, men.
- FIR-CHIAU'LLEE, s. pl. musicians; Rev. xviii. 22. FIR-CHOO'NEE, s. pl. helpers.

FIR-CHOYR'LEE, s. pl. counsellors.

- FIR-CHRAI'E, s. pl. potters; 1 Chron. iv. 23.
- FIR-GHER'JEE, s. pl. comforters, consolers.
- FIR-OBBEE, s. pl. wizards, sorcerers; 2 Chron. xxxiii. 6.
- FIR-OI'K, s. pl. officers ; Jer. xxvii. 9.
- FIR'RINAGH, a. verily, true, of a truth, faithful. FIR'RINEY, a. d. of truth or verity.
- FIR'RINYS, s. m. a truism, verity, truth, faithfulness.

FIRROO'GH, s. pl. eye lids or lashes, lids.

FIR-VAG'HEE OF VEAGHEE, s. pl. livers, dwellers, inhabitants.

FIR-YN'SEE, s. pl. teachers, instructers.

FIR-YS'SYREE, s. pl. astrologers; Isa. xlvii. 13.

FLAIEE, s. m. a fiend, an imp ; pl. id.

FLAOI'L, a. fluent, eloquent.

FLAOI'LID, s. m. fluency, eloquence.

FLAU'NYS, s. m. heaven, the seat of God, of holy angels, and the blessed, a place of felicity, bliss, or happiness beyond the conception of mortal man. Of the etymology of this word it may be remarked that, as heavenly or spiritual things cannot be understood but by their being compared with things temporal, Mr. JAMES MACPHERSON, in a treatise on the immortality of the soul, page 180, when speaking of the ancient Celtics, says that it is from flath (noble or blessed) and innys (an island) the noble or blessed island. They imagined or believed that the virtuous went after death to some noble, blessed, or happy island; and hence the word Flaunys. Our Phlause (a pa-lace) may also be from hence. This word is never made use of for the aerial heaven. See Niau.

FLAU'NVSSAGH. a. felicitous, blissful, heavenly, angelic, celestial; s. m. an inhabitant of heaven; pl. 71.

FLEE or FLIG, s. f. chicken weed, alsine.

- FLES'HAG, s. f. a rug; pl. YN.
- FLES'HEN, s. m. twilled woollen cloth, blanket cloth.
- FLIAGH'AGH, a. rainy, given to rain or showers, pluvial or pluvious.

FLIAGH'EE, a. d. of or belonging to rain.

FLIAGH'EY, s. m. rain; pl. 67.

- FLIP, s. m. a fib, a lie; pl. YN.
- FLIP'PERAGH, v. telling fibs.
- FLIP'PERAGHT, v. dropping into water, as fish when playing.
- FLIUGH, a. wet; v. id.; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- FLIUGH'EV, v. wetting, making wet; s. m. a wetting.
- FLIUGH'EYDER, s. m. a wetter, one who wets.

FLIUGH'IF, 85. wet, watered.

FLIUGH-NIAGH'TEE, s. sleet.

- FLIUGR'YS, s. m. wetness ; pl. YN.
- FLOAD, v. float; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83;
- -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88. FLOA'DEY, v. floating, flowing on the surface, flowing over.
- FLOA'DRAN, s. m. a floatson.
- FLOAG, s. f. a jot, a tittle, an atom.
- FLOAG'AGH, a. having atoms, &c.
- FLOOYR, s. m. flour ; pl. -YN.
- FLOUT, s. a taunt, scandal, or reproach, a slan. der, or stigma, an aspersion, or scurrility; pl. --YN; v. to taunt, &c.; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- FLOUT'AGH, a. scurril, or scurrilous, taunting, reproachful, slanderous, aspersive, lewdly jocular.
- FLOUT'VRAGHT, v. giving reproach, scandal, or contempt, acting with a deceitful grin of civility in speech.
- FLURT, s. m. a feast, &c., given at the finishing of work, the hireing of a crew on a vessel, &c.
- FLU'STYRNEE, v. faddling, doing little or nothing.
- Fo, pre. under, beneath; p. p. under him; -syn, id. em.
- FOADD, v. kindle, light fire; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.

FOAD'DAN, s. m. a match to kindle fire ; pl. -YN.

FOAD'DEY, v. kindling, lighting fire.

FOAD'DIT, 85. kindled, lit or lighted.

- FOAID, s. m. a sod, a clod ; pl. -YN.
- FOAIN, s. m. the sward, the green grassy surface of the earth or ground; Fo-ain, (under us).
- FOAL'LEY, a. d. of the flesh or blood, carnal, lustful, sensual, corporal.
- FOAL'SAGHT OF FOALSID, falsehood, dissimulation; pl. - YN.
- FOAL'LEY, a. false, fictitious, counterfeit, unjust, treacherous, perfidious, hypocritical.
- FOAST, adv. yet, yet still, over and above what has been mentioned, besides; -AGH, id. em.
- FOAWR OF FOWAR, s. m. a giant ; pl. FOAWIE. FOAWR'AGH, a. gigantic, huge.

- FOAY'NGO, s. m. the condition, state or circumstances found in; cren fouynoo t'ort, (what plight or condition art thou in, or on thee.)
- FOAYR, s. m. favour, kindness; pl. YN; v. favour, bekind to; — AGH, 77; — EE, 80; — IN, 83; — INS, 84; — YM, 86; — YMS, 87; — YS, 88.
- FOAY'RAL, v. favouring, &c.
- FOAY'RIT, 85. favoured, &c.
- FOAYROIL', a. favourable, kind, tender, conducive to.
- FOAYROI'LID OF FOAYROILYS, s. m. favourableness, &c.
- FOAYS, s. m. good, goodness, benefit, beneficence, perfection; Job, xxviii. 3; pl. YN.
- FOAY'SAGH, a. good, beneficial, profitable.
- FQ-CHLEA', adv. under house roof, under cover; 1 Sam. xix. 11.
- Fo-chosh', adv. under foot, beneath, overcome; currit fo-chosh (subdued).
- \*FOCKL OF FOCKLE, s. m. a word; pl. 69; v. word, utter or express; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- FOCK'LAGH, a. d. of words, or oral testimony, verbal; Isa. xliv. 8.
- FOCKLE SON FOCKLE, adv. word for word, verbatim.
- FOCK'LEY, v. wording, expressing, uttering by words.
- FOCK'LEYDER, s. m. a person who utters words; pl. YN.
- FOCKLEY-MAGH', v. proclaiming, promulgating.
- FOCK'LEVR OF FOCKLIOAR, s. m. a dictionary; pl. - YN.
- FOCK'LIT, 85. worded, uttered, spoke, expressed, pronounced.

Fod or \*Fodd, v. may, can ; -IN, 83 ; -INS, 84 ; -YM, 86 ; -YMS, 87 ; -YS, 88.

FOD'DAGH, v. might, could.

FOD'DEE, v. may or might, can or could.

- FOD'DEE, adr. may be, perhaps, peradventure. Prov. "Foddee yn moddey s'jerree tayrtyn y mwaagh."
- FOD'DEY, adv. far, at a great distance, afar, remotely, to great extent; foddey as gerrit (far and near), and when applied to time, long; as,

-----ER DY HENNEY, adv. long since.

---- FARRAGHTYN, adv. long lasting.

FOD'DEY, a. remote, distant, foreign.

FOD'DIAGHT OF FOD'DEEAGHT, s. longing for, earnest desire, continual wish. This word seems to convey, that the person or creature affected by it is far from home.

Fod'did, s. m. farness, distance.

- Fod'dyr, s. m. fodder; v. id. AGH, 77; EE, 80; - 1N 83; — INS, 84; — YM, 86; -- YMS, 87; -- YS, 88.
- FOD'DYRIT, 85. foddered, fed.
- FOD'JEEAGHT, s. m. the distance of the furthest arrow shot in archery, farness.
- FO-DORRYS, s. m. the sole of the door.
- FO-EE, p. p. under her ; -ISH, id. em.
- FO-EEHEN'E, p. p. under herself.
- FOGH'AN. s. m. bruit, the young bud or herbage of any thing; pl. - YN.
- FOGH'ANAGH, a. d. of bruit or bruits.
- FOGH'ANIT, 85. bruited, budded.

FOR

FO-HA'REY, adv. under command.

FO-HEN'E, p. p. under himself.

FOIL'JAGH, a. faulty, blameable, culpable.

- FOIL'JYN, s. pl. faults, foibles.
- FOILL, s. m. a fault, foible, flaw.
- FOI'LLAN, s. f. a gull; pl. -YN.
- FOI'LLIU, s. m. mulcture, toll given at a mill for grinding.
- FOI'LLYCAN, s. m. a butterfly; pl. -YN.
- FOIN, p. p. under us; -YN, id. em.
- FOLAU'E, s. m. a note of hand, a promissory note, a certificate or receipt under a person's hand, or from his hand; pl. - YN, or FOGH-YNLAUE.
- FO-E-LAU'E, adv. under his hand, his subscription; Isa. xliv. 5.
- FO-LAUE-ASPICK, s. m. confirmation.
- FOL'DER OF FOL'DYR, s. m. a mower; pl. -YN.
- FOL'DERVS OF FOLDVRYS, s. m. the craft or trade of a mower, or of one who cuts with a scythe.
- FOL'DYRAGH, a. d. of a mower or mowers.
- Foll or Fol'LEE, v. hide, conceal; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- FOL'LAGHEY, v. hideing, concealing.
- FOL'LAGHTAGH, a. clandestine, by stealth.
- FOL'LAGHTYN, v. hideth, &c.; Prov. xix. 24.
- FoL'LAN, a. wholesome, esculent, eatable, hale, sound; and when applied to doctrine, orthodox, &c.
- FOL'LANID OF FOLLANYS, s. m. wholesomeness, salubrity, orthodoxy.
- FOL'LEYDER, s. m. a hider, a concealer ; pl. -YN.
- FOL'LEY OF FOA'LLEY, a. d. of blood or bloody; Luke, viii. 43 and 44.
- FOL'LIAGHT, s. f. a secret, mystery, concealment secrecy; pl. — YN.
- FOL'LIT, 85. hid, concealed, secreted.
- FOL'LYD OF FOL'LICK, s. m. dry meal put on a cake to bake or clap it out.
- FOL'LYM, a. empty, having nothing in, vacant.
- FOLLYM-FAAS'E, a. desolate; Jer. xxv. 38; Acts. i. 10.
- FOLM OF FOL'MEE, v. empty, discharge; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- FOL'MAGHEY, v. emptying, disburdening.
- FOL'MEY, a. pl. empty. Prov. "Siyn folmey smoo sheean nee."
- FOL'MEYDER, s. m. one who empties.
- FOL'MID, s. m. emptiness, nothing ; Job, xxvi. 7. FOL'MIDYS, s. m. vacancy.
- Destante of an in such the
- FOL'MIT, 85. emptied, discharged.
- FOLT, s. m. hair, the hair of a person's head.
- Fo'-MY-CHEILLEY, adv. through others, subverting; 2 Tim. ii. 14.
- FON'DAGH, a. sufficient, stable, firm, solvent, sure, effectual.
- FON'DID, s. m. sufficiency, solvency, stability.
- FOOIL'LAGH, s. m. leavings, remainder, remnant, fragment or fragments. Prov. " Ta fooillagh naareydagh ny smelley na ee scammyltagh."

FOOIL'LEYRAGHT, v. fribbling.

- FOOIL'LEYREY, s. m. a fribblery.
- FO-RAAD, a. under way or weigh.
- FORD, v. afford; -AUH, 77; -EE, 80; -YS, 888

- FORDRAI'L, v. affording, sparing.
  \*FORDR OF FORDREE, v. afford; —AGH, 77; —IN, 83; —YM, 86, —YS, 88.
- FOR'DRIT, 85. afforded, spared.
- FORT, s. m. ability, able to afford.
- FOR'TAN, s. m. fortune ; pl. -YN.
- FOR'TANAGH, a. fortunate, lucky.
- FOSAID', s. m. a faucet; pl. YN.
- \*FoshL or FoshiL, v. open; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- FOSH'LIT, 85. open, opened.
- Fos'LEY, v. opening; s. m. an opening; pl. 67.
- Fos'LEYDER, s. m. an opener; pl. YN.
- FOS'TER, s. m. a forester; pl. YN.
- FOS'TERAGH, a. d. of a forester or forestery.
- Fos'TERYS, s. m. forestery.
- Fo'syn. See Fo.
- Fou, s. m. a rumour, a report; Ecclesiasticus, xxv. 18.
- Fourbagh or Fourbee, a. unsound, morbid, damaged.
- Fou'DID, s. m. unsoundness, damage, morbidness.
- FOUE, p. p. under them; -syn, id. em.
- FOUE HENE', p. p. under themselves.
- FOUYR, s. f. harvest, autumn ; pl. -YN.
- FOUY'RAGH OF FOUYIR, a. d. of or belonging to harvest.
- FOUY'ROIL, a. congenial or seasonable to the harvest.
- Fow, v. get, procure; Fow aarloo (prepare); Fow dou eh (get it for me). For the relatives of this irregular verb, see 62.
- Fow'AN, s. m. a dry scorching wind, a blast, a blight.
- Fow'ANAGH, a. droughty with scorching wind, withering.
- Fow'ANIT, 85. blasted, blighted, dried up with droughty wind.
- FOYD, p. p. under thee; -s, id. em.
- FOYIN, a. fine. This and the two following words are, I think, only corruptions of the English, but are often used.
- FOVI'NEY, a. pl. fine; as, laghyn foyiney (fine days).
- FOYI'NID, s. m. finery, fineness.
- FOYLL, s. m. a dog's bed, a kennel; a bed in contempt.
- FOYM, p. p. under me; -s, id. em. Ta foym dy bee eh jeant (I have purposed it shall be done); Jer. iv. 28.
- FO-YN-EAYS'T, a. sublunary.
- FOYR, s. m. edge, the edge of a tool or instrument.
- FOY'RAGH, a. having an edge, sharp-edged.
- Foy'RIT, 85. made sharp-edged.
- FRA'GYM, a. out of the way of duty, awry. A low word.
- FRAN'GAGH, s. m. a Frenchman; pl. 71; a. any thing French.
- FRAN'GISH, s. f. the French language.
- FRAP, s. m. the sound made by a sudden or quick blow, or explosion of air.
- FRAP'PAL OF FRAP'PERAGHT, v. cracking or crackling, as thorns in a fire when burning.

69

FRASS, s. m. a shower; pl. -YN.

FRAS'SAGH, a. showery.

- FRAUE, s. m. a root; pl. YN.; v. take root; — AGH, 77; — EE, 80; — IN, 83; — YS, 88.
- FRAUEAI'G, s. f. a small root or fibre; pl. YN.
- FRAUEAIG'AGH, a. having small roots, fibrous.
- FRAU'EIT, 85. grounded, settled by roots in the ground.
- FRAUEOI'L, a. radical; having roots, rooty.
- FREA, s. m. some thing given above the common or ordinary usage.
- FREAVLL OF FREAVL'LEY, v. keeping, keepeth, &c., preserving, conserving, &c.
- FREAYL'LEYDER, s. m. a keeper, a preserver.
- FREAYN, v. flow or overflow; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88; s. m. a flow or flow over; pl. —AGHYN.
- FREAV'NAGH, a. raging; Jude, 13.
- FREAY'NEY, v. flowing above the surface, overflowing; s. m. a flow; pl. 67.
- FREE'NEY, s. m. a pin; pl. 67.
- FREG'GYR, v. reply, answer, do a required act; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- FREG'GYRIT, 85. replied, answered.
- FREG'GYRT, v. replying, answering.
- FREG'GYRTAGH, a. ready to reply or answer; s. m. a person ready to reply or answer; pl. 71.
- FREILL, v. keep, pieserve; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- FREIL'LEYDER, s. m. a keeper. See also Freaylleyder.
- FREILL'-JEE, p. keep ye, &c.
- FREILT, 85. kept, preserved.
- FREOAGH, s. m. frankwort, ling, heath, heather; Jer. xlviii. 6.
- FREOAGH'AGH, a. abounding in heather.
- FREOAGHA'NE, s. f. a ling berry.
- FREOAGHA'NE-GHORRYM, s. f. a bil-berry.
- FREOAIE, a. d. of heather, heath, or ling.
- FRIOG'AN, s. m. a fin, a bristle; offence; pl. YN.
- FRIOG'ANAGH, a. finny, having bristles; offensive, easily offended.
- FRIOOSE, s. m. advertence, heedfulness, eonsideration, attention, respect, esteem, importance, value, consequence, moment, diligence.
- FRIOO'SAGH, a. advertent, mindful, heedful, considerate, attentive, respectful; consequential, momentous; adv. advertently.
- FRIP'LAS, s. m. a fop, a coxcomb ; pl. YN.
- FRIT, s. m. a frivol, a trifle; pl. -YN.
- FRIT'LAG, s. f. a rag, a tatter; pl. YN.
- FRIT'LAGH, a. ragged, tattered, torn.
- FRIT'TAGH, a. triffing, unstable, inconstant.
- FROAISH, s. f. high assuming language of one's self, swash, egotism, brag.
- FROAISHAGH, a. assumptive, assuming, braggart, egotic; s. m. a braggart, an egotist; pl. 71.
- FROAI'SHID, s. m. braggadocio, assumption.
- FROGH, a. dry rotten, not tough.
  - FROGH'EY, a. pl. dry rotten.
  - FROGH'ID, s. m. dry rottenness.
- FROOK, s. m. the flook of an anchor; pl. YN.
- FROUGH, s. f. fog, mist; pl. -YN.

FROUGH'AGH, a. foggy, misty.

FROUGH'ID, s. m. fogginess.

- FROURT, s. f. a freak.
- FROURT'AGH OF FROWRT'AGH, a. freakish, froward, peevish, perverse.
- FROUR'TID, s. m. frowardness.

FUD, pre. among, mixed, through, mingled with. FUD-NY-HOIE, adv. through the night.

- FUD-Y-CHEILLEY, adv. mixed through others.
- FU'DAGH, a. discreet, decent, grave, modest ; 1 Tim. ii. 9 and iii. 11.
- FU'DID, s. m. discretion, decency.
- FUILL, s. f. blood; pl. -YN.
- FUILL OF FUILLEE, v. permit, allow, &c.; -AGH, 77; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- FUIL'LAGH OF FUILLAGHTYN, v. allowing, permitting, suffering to be done, bearing with; Heb. ix. 15.
- FUIL'LIAGHT, s. m. consanguinity, relationship by blood.
- FUILL'TAGH OF FUIL'LIAGHTAGH, a. bloody, eager to spill blood; Psl. cxxxix. 19.
- FUINN, v. bake; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- -EE, a. d. of baking.
- -EY, v. baking; s. m. a baking ; pl. 67.
- -EYDER, s. m. a baker; pl. -YN.
- ----- IT OF FUINNT, 85. baked, baken.
- \*FUIRR OF FUIR'REE, v. stay, tarry, stop; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- -AGHT OF FUIR'RAGHTYN, v. staying, stopping, tarrying.
- -EE-OR'T, in. hold thee or thou, stay thou or thee, stop thou or thee.
- -----EYDER, s. m. a stayer, &c.
- FUYGH, s. m. wood, timber. I think the orthography would be better Foiee.
- FUYGH'AGH, a. wooden. Obsolete.
- FYNNEIG'. See Fhynneig.
- FYN'NERAGHT, s. m. frigidness, coolness, cool breeze.
- FYN'NAGH, a. hairy, having hair.
- FYN'NEY, s. m. fur, hair, the hair that covers the body of an animal.
- FYN-RUY, a. having brown hair or fur.
- FYNNICAN, s. m. the glaire or white of an egg.
- FYRRYN, a. he, male, masculine.
- FYRRYN'AGH, s. m. one of the male sex, one of the masculine gender; pl. 71.
- FYRRYN'ID, s. m. masculineness.
- Fys, s. m. knowledge, knowing; as, ta fys aym (I have knowledge or I know); hug ch fys hym (he sent or gave me knowledge or let me know).
- s. f. foreknowledge, prescience, FYSSYREE, anticipated knowledge of what is to come to pass.
- FY-YER'REY, adv. lastly, at last, finally, in fine. FY-YERREY-HOAL, adv. at long last, &c.

GAE

1 G, for its sound, see Remarks 12 and 13, and its changes, see 49; it is an initial as shown in 43, 45, 46, 51, 54, and 61. S, when changed to C, changes also to G, by placing nyn before it. GA, conj. though, although.

C.

C.

C.

C.

C.

- Nyn GAA, s. your, &c. opportunity. C.
- Nyn GAABAIG', s. your, &c. thick cake. C.
- Nyn GAAEE, s. your, &c. seeds. C.
- Nyn GAAG, s. your, &c. forelock.
- Nyn GAAIDGE, s. your, &c. cage.
- GAAIG, s. f. a crack or chaft; pl. YN; v. id., -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- -AGH, a. having cracks or chaffs.
- -'EY OF GAA'GEY, v. cracking, chaffing; Jer. xiv. 14.
- ---- 'IT, 85. cracked, chaft.
- GAAIL'AGH, s. f. the brood of young that a fowl has at hatching. Α.
- GAAIL'LAGH, s. f. a disease in the mouths of cattle.
- GAAIT'NAGH OF -EY, v. 61. gorsing, or placing edder or fence wood on the top of a hedge; it is also called bearding or eddering. Α. Nyn GAAR'DYS, s. your, &c. genealogy; Ezra, ii. 62. C.
- Nyn GAAR'JYN, s. your, &c. friends. C. Nyn GAAR'JYS, s. your, &c. friendship. C.
- GAAR'LAGH OF -EY, v. 61. cooking. Α.
- Nyn GAART, s. your, &c. quart. K.
- GAASE, v. 61. growing. A.
- Nyn GAA'SHEY, s. your, &c. cheese. C.
- GAAUE, s. m. a smith; pl. -NYN.
- GAAUEDOO, s. m. a blacksmith.
- GAAUE'NYS, s. m. smithery, smith craft.
- GAA-YEIG', a. twelve, (ten and two); pl. -YN. GAA-YEIG'-AS-DAEED, a. fifty-two, (twelve and forty).
- GAA-YEIG-00, a. twelfth.
- Nyn GAAY'NEY, s. your, &c. braying ; Job. xxx. 7. Nyn GAB, s. your, &c. jaw; pl. - BYN. C. Nyn GABBA'NE, s. your, &c. cabin, &c. C. Nyn GAB'BID, s. your, &c. stammering. C.
- Nyn GAB'BYL, s. your, &c. horse. C. Nyn GAB'DIL, s. your, &c. chapter. C.
- GAC'CAN, v. 61. moaning, bewailing.
- A. GAC'CRYS, a. hungry. Α.
- Nyn GAD'DYM, s. your, &c. glampus. C. Nyn GAD'JINYS, s. your, &c. commonness. C.
- Nyn GAD'JER, s. your, &c. huckster. C.
- Nyn GAD'JERYS, s. your, &c. mongery.
- Nyn GAD'LAG, s. your, &c. sleeper.
- Cha GADL or GADLEE, v. not sleep ; -AGH ; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. C.
- Nyn GAD'LEY, s. your, &c. sleep.
- Nyn GAD'LEYDER, s. your, &c. sleeper. C. GADYREE OF GAD'YREY, a. jolly, hot, &c.; a bitch is said to be so when she wants the male. Dty GAEED, s. thy forty, or two twenties D. GAE'LIC, GAILIC, OF GAELG ; s. f. Erse or Manks.

GAER, s. m. short dung, ordure.	
	1
Cha GAGG, v. not war or make battle ; AGH	; ]
-IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.	3. 1
	C.
Nyn GAG'GEYDER, s. your, &c. warrior; p	1
GAG'GLAGH OF GAGGLAGHEY, v. frightening.	
GAG'GYRTS, v. complaining, craving, claiming.	1.
GAGH, pro. each, every one separately. Th	e
mond accord to abanas from d with out	10
word seems to change from d, without a	n
h, in Pro. xxiii. 32.	
Channy a stinging stingeth &s	
GAGHEY, v. stinging, stingeth, &c.	
Nyn GAGHLAA', s. your change; plGHYN. (	
GAGHT, v. act, behave; -AGH; -EE; -IN	;
-INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.	
GAGH'TEY, v. acting, behaving. A	
Nyn GAG'LIAGH, s. your, &c. boundary ; pl. 72.	n
Nyn GAG LIAGH, 8. your, ac. boundary; pr. 72.	-
GA'GYRTSSAGH, s. m. a complainant; pl. 71. A	
GAH, s. m. a sting; plYN.	1
GAH'AGH, a. having a sting, venomous,	
	-
GAID, s. m. a heath or heather rope; plYN	:
v. — Абн, &c.	1
GAID'EE, s. f. one that is jolly, frisky, or wanton	.
GAID'EY, v. roping with heath rope.	
GAID'IT, 65. roped with heather ropes.	
Cha GAIGN, v. not chew or gnaw; -AGH	: 1
-EE; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. C	
Er GAIG'NEY, v. hath, &c. chewed, gnawed. C	
GAIH, s. m. a toy; plAGHYN, or casting the	
	-
final h away.	
GAIH'AGH. a. toyish.	
Nyn GAIL, s. your, &c. cole or cabbage. K	. 1
Cha GAILL, v. not lose ; dy gaill ad, (that they	
10se; Jud. XVIII. 25; —AGH; —EE; —IN	:
lose); Jud. xviii. 25; -AGH; -EE; -IN	
-INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. C	
lose); Jua. XVIII. 25; $-AGH$ ; $-EE$ ; $-IN$ -INS; $-YM$ ; $-YMS$ ; $-YS$ , 94. C GAIL'LEY, s. m. the gizzard or stomach.	
-INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. C GAIL'LEY, s. m. the gizzard or stomach.	
-INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. C GAIL'LEY, s. m. the gizzard or stomach. GAILLEY-PERN, s. m. a fish which I do not know	
-INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. C GAIL'LEY, s. m. the gizzard or stomach.	
-INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. C GAIL'LEY, s. m. the gizzard or stomach. GAILLEY-PERN, s. m. a fish which I do not know the English name of.	
INS;YM;YMS;YS, 94. C GAIL'LEY, s. m. the gizzard or stomach. GAILLEY-PERN, s. m. a fish which I do not know the English name of. Nyn GAINLE, s. your, &c. candle. C	
INS;YM;YMS;YS, 94. C GAIL'LEY, s. m. the gizzard or stomach. GAILLEY-PERN, s. m. a fish which I do not know the English name of. Nyn GAINLE, s. your, &c. candle. C	
INS;YM;YMS;YS, 94. C GAIL'LEY, s. m. the gizzard or stomach. GAILLEY-PERN, s. m. a fish which I do not know the English name of. Nyn GAINLE, s. your, &c. candle. C Nyn GAINLE'RE, s. your &c. candlestick. C.	
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GAM'MAGH, a. wry; distorted.

- Cha GAMM or GAMMEE, v. not make crooked or bend; —AGH; —IN; —INS; —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94.
- GAM'MAN, s. m. game, sport; Jud. xvi. 27; pl. -- YN.

GAM'MANAGH, a. full of game or sport.

Nyn GAM'MID, s. your, &c. crookedness. C.

- GAM'YLT, v. swimming, and perhaps a better word than Snaue, which we make use of. A.
- GANGLA'NYS, v. jangling, bickering, &c.
- GAN'NIDAGH OF GANNIDER, s. m. a mocker of derider.

GANNIDYS, s. m. mockery, scorn, derision.

- GANNOO'INAGH OF GANNOOINAGHEY, v. weakening, enfeebling; Mark viii, 3; debilitate, 61.
- Dy GANNOO'INEE, adv. that they weaken, or grow weak; Matt. xv. 32. A.
- GANNOO'INYS, v. shall or will weaken or grow weak.
- GAN'SOOR, v. answering, replying, doing what is bid. A.

Cha GANT, v. not auction; -AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.

- Nyn GAN'TEY, v. your, &c. auctioning. C.
- Nyn GAN'TEYDER, s. your, &c. bidder at an auction. C.
- Nyn GANVEI'SH, s. your, &c. canvass; pl-yn. C.
- Nyn GAP'PAGH, s. your, &c. captive; pl. 71. C.
- Nyn GAP'PAN, s. your, &c. cup; pl. YN. C.
- Nyn GAP'PEEYS, s. your, &c. captivity ; pl -- YN C
- Nyn GAP'TAN, s. your, &c. captain; pl. -- YN. C.
- Nyn GAP'TANYS, s. your, &c. captainship. C.
- Nyn GAR, s. your, &c. turn, job, &c. C.
- GA'RAGH, a. sourish, acrimonious. Only made use of when speaking of land.

GAR'AGHTEE, v. laughing.

- Nyn GAR'BYD, s. your, &c. bier;  $pl. \rightarrow YN$ , or 76. C.
- Nyn GARCHUIL'LAG, s. your, &c. fly; pl. -YN. C.

GARD, s. m. guard; 2 Chron. xii. 11; v. guard; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.

- GAR'DAR, s. m. a very strong gust of wind; pl. -YN.
- GAR'DEY, v. guarding, protecting.

GAR'DIT, 85. guarded, protected.

- GA'REE, s. f. a sour piece of land, (from Geayr sour).
- GA'REEBRECK, s. f. the bird sea-pie.
- GA'REY, s. m. a garden ; pl. 67.
- GA'REYDER, s. m. a gardener; pl. -YN.
- GA'REYDYS, s. m. gardening.
- GARG, a. acrid, hot and bitter.
- GARG'AGH, v. making acrid or tart.
- GARG'EY, a. pl. acrid, hot and bitter.

GARG'ID OF GARGYS, s. m. acritude, tartness.

Nyn GAR'KYL, s. your, &c. hoop; pl. - YN, or 76. K.

GARLEID', s. f. garlic ; pl. - YN.

GARMAD, s. garment; pl. -YN.

Nyn GARMEISH', s. your, &c. coarse sheet. C. GAR'MIN, s. m. a weaver's beam that the warp is rolled on in weaving; pl. - YN.

Nyn GARN, s. your, &c. monumental pile. C.

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Num Commentary a your the boon, of way C	GAUE, s. m. hazard, risk, peril ; plYN.
Nyn GARNA'NE, s. your, &c. heap; plYN. C.	
Nyn GARNOA'IN, s. your, &c. beetle; plyN.C.	GAUE'AGH, a. hazardous, perilous.
Nyn GARR, s. your, &c. tune, twist, or turn. C.	GAUE'ID, s. m. perilousness.
GAR'RAD, s. m. garret; plYN.	GAUIN, s. m. a young beast of the cow kind, between the age of a calf and a heifer.
Nyn GAR'RAGE, s. your, &c. carrot. C	Nyn GAULG, s. your, &c. awns, hards, &c. C
GAR'RAGH OF GARRAGHEY, v. 61. shifting,	Nyn GAY, s. your, &c. mist. K.
moving out of one place to another. A.	
Nyn GAR'RAGHYN, s. pl. those who befriend you; heats, or spells, or turns of work; the	Nyn GAYR, s. your, &c. car or carriage. C.
pl: of Garrey. C.	Nyn GAYRN, s. your, &c. trumpet, &c. C.
GAR'RAL, v. 61. offering to give, proffering. A.	Nyn GAYT, s. your, &c. cat. K.
GAR'RAN, s. m. a galloway, a pony ; plYN.	Nyn GEAB, your, &c. clod. C.
Nyn GARRA'NE, s. your, &c. sandal; pl YN.	Nyn GEAB'BAGH OF GABBAGH, s. your, &c.
K or C.	cloddy land. C.
Nyn GAR'REY, s. your, &c. friend; pl. 67. C.	GEA'DAGH, or GEA'DAGHEY, v. 61. jealous, being jealous. I cannot describe this word in the
GAR'REY, s. m. a heat, turn, or spell of work.	English as I ought, as there is no verb for it in
Nyn GAR'RIADS, s. your &c. highroad labour ;	that language. E.
plsyn; something wearisome to carry or	GEAISH'TAGH OF GEAISH'TAGHEY, v. 61. listen-
perform. C.	ing, hearkening, hearkeneth, listeneth listens,
Nyn GAR'RICK, s. your, &c. See Carrick. C.	&c. E.
GAR'RISH, v. jeering, mimicing, mocking.	GEAL. See Geeal.
Nyn GAR'ROO, s. your, &c. carp. C.	GEAM, GEA'MAGH, OF GEA'MAGHEY, v. 61. call-
GAR'ROO, a. coarse, rugged, uneven, not fine.	ing, crying, shouting. E.
GAR'ROOID OF GER'ROOID, s. m. roughness, un-	GEAR, v. laugh; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -EY, 82;
evenness.	-IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
Nyn GART, s. your, &c. cart; pl YN. K or C.	GEA'REYDER, s. m. a laugher; pl YN.
GART, s. m. the last reaper on the standing corn	GEA'RIT ER, 85. laughed at or on.
side of a company of reapers in a field.	Nyn GEASE, s. your, &c. buttock. The pl. is in
GART'LHAN, v. weeding corn, &c.	2 Sam. x. 4. K.
GARVA'IN OF GARVEIN'N, s. groats.	Cha GEAU, v. not cast, throw, rain, or wear;
Nyn GAR'VAL, s. your, &c. carol; plYN. C.	-AGH; -EE; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS,
GARVEI'GAGH OF GARVEI'GHEY, v. roaring,	94. C.
bellowing as a lion or bull, &c.	GEAY, s. f. wind ; plGHYN.
GARVROI'E, a. parboiled. This word may be from garrey dy vroie or from giare vroie.	'EE, a. d. of the wind, or of wind.
Cha GAS, v. not twist; -AGH; -IN; -INS;	'EEAGH, a. windy, flatulent.
-YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. C.	'EEID, s. m. windiness, flatuosity.
Nyn GAS'AG, s. your, &c. curl ; plYN. C.	GEAY'IL, a. d. of or belonging to coals.
Er GA'SEY, v. hath, &c. twisted, &c. C.	GEAYL, s. m. coals; pl YN.
Nyn GA'SEYDER, s. your, &c. one who twists ;	GEAY'LIN, s. f. a shoulder; plGEAYLTYN.
рl. — чм. С.	GEAYL'LAGH, v. 61. liming, covering with lime. E.
Er Nyn GASH'ERICKEY, v. hath, &c. been sanc-	GEAYLL, v. 62. This verb is used in an inter-
tified ; Acts, xxvi. 18. C.	rogatory manner; as, geayll oo mee (didst
Nyn GASH'ERICEYS, s. your, &c. holiness,	thou hear me)? geayll ad oo (did they hear thee)? &c.
sanctification, &c. C.	Nyn GEAYN, s. your, &c. ocean or sea. K.
GASK'EYDAGH, a. hasty; Hab. i. 6; s. $m$ ; a person who can work with despatch; $pl.$ 71.	Cha GEAYN, v. not cry; -AGH; -EE; -IN;
Nyn GAS'LYS, s. your, &c. likeness, or sign;	-INS; -YM; -YMS, 94. K.
plsyn. C.	GEAY'NAGHEY, v. making green.
Nyn GASS, s. your, &c. foot; pl YN. C.	GEAT'NEY, a. green.
Nyn GAS'SAN, s. your, &c. path; plYN. C.	Nyn GEAY'NEY, s. your, &c. crying, &c. K.
Er Nyn GAS'TEY, v. hath, &c. been quelled,	GEAY'NID, s. m. greenness.
conquered, &c. C.	GEAVR, a. sour, acid; Isa. xviii. 5; v. make
GAST, 85. chaffed, deased, the skin rubbed off by	sour or acid; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83;
running, walking, or riding.	-INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
GAS'TEY OF GASTAGH, a. agile, nimble, clever,	GEAY'RAGHEY, v. making sour or souring.
expert ; Jer. 1. 9.	GEAY'REE. See Garee, a sour piece of land.
GAS'TID, s. m. agility, cleverness.	GEAY'REY, a. pl. sour, acid.
GAS'TR OF GASTYR, v. 61. root out, extirpate;	GEAY'RID, s. m. sourness, acidity.
$\begin{array}{c} -\text{AGH};  -\text{EE};  -\text{IN};  -\text{INS};  -\text{YM};  -\text{YMS}; \\ -\text{YS}, 94. & A. \end{array}$	GEAY'RIT, 85, soured.
GAS'TRAL OF GAS'TYRT, v. 61. rooting out, ex-	GEAVSH, s. f. long strong hair, as the hair of a
tirpating. A.	horse's tail or mane.
GAS'TYRIT, 85. 61. rooted out, extirpated. A.	GEAVSHTEEN', s. f. long strong hairs in wool.
Nyn GATREE'NEY, s. your, &c. Catharine. C.	GEAVSHTEE'NAGH, a. hairy, having strong hairs.
GATT, v. 61. swelling.	GEAYSHTEE'NID, s. m. hairiness.

Cha GECE, v. not dung, or go to stool; -AGH -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94.	;
GED'DRYMAGH OF GED'DRYMAGHEY, v. 61. mak	
GED'DYN, v. getting, procuring.	
	č.
GEEAL'LEY, v. 61. beating. Though the radice of this word is in Y, as Yeeall, the Y is cas away and it seems to come from $E$ .	u
GEEAR'REE, v. 61. greeting; desiring, beseech	-
GEEAS'SAGHEY OF GEEAS'SAGHT, v. 61. lend ing, lendeth, lends.	-
Nyn GEEAYL, s. their, &c. sense or wit. K	1.1
GEE'BYRT, v. 61. banishing, driving, drifting. E	.
GEECE, v. 61. paying; Prov. "Geeck cabby marroo."	
Nyn GEEILL or GEEIHLL, s. your, &c. church. K	
Nyn GEEIL, s. your, &c. jaw; pl YN. K	
GEEREY, v. 61. making ricks of turf. E Nyn GEESH, s. your, &c. tax or tribute. K	
Nyn GEGEEI'sh, s. your, &c. fortnight.	
GEID, v. steal, thieve, stealing, thieving; -AGH	,
77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86 -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.	
GEID'EY or rather JEIDEY, s. m. a godfather a man who stands sponser for a child at the baptismal font.	e
GEID'EYDER, s. m. a stealer. See Maarliagh for thief.	,
GEID'IT, 85. stole, stolen.	
GEIG'NAGH OF GEIG'NAGHEY, v. 61. forcing compelling, compelleth; urging, urgeth, urges forceth, forces, &c. E	,
Nyn GEILEY, a. d. of your, &c. sense or wit Ec kione nyn Geiley (at their wits end). K	
GEILL, s. m. heed, notice. GEILL, s. m. a spring of water; v. spring	.
-AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IT, 85; -YS, 88.	'
Cha *GEILL OF GEIL, v. not conceal or hide -AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS. K	C
Nyn GEILTYN, v. your, &c. concealing, &c. K	
GEIN'NAGH, s. f. sand; pl. 72.	
GEIN'NAGH-GHARROO, s. f. gravel, coarse sand GEIN'NEE, a. d. of sand.	•
Nyn GEINT, s. your, &c. kind, sort. K	.
Nyn GEIRD, s. your, &c. trade. K	
GEIRR, s. f. tallow, suet; v. crowed, did crow	•
GEIRR'-VILL, s. f. bees' wax, honey wax. GEIRRYM, v. crowing.	
GEIVRT, v. 61. driving, following. E	.
Nyn GEIYT, s. your, &c. cats. K	
Nyn GELE, s. your, &c. chalk. K	
GELL. See Geill.	
Nyn GEL'LAGH, s. your, &c. cock ; pl. 71. K	
Nyn GEM'MYRE, s. your, &c. refuge. K GEN, s. cheer. See Gien.	
GEN-ED'DIN, s. m. countenance.	
Nyn GEN'IP, s. your, &c. hemp. K	
GEN'IPEY, a. pl. hemp ; a. d. of hemp. K	

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1.4	DO: N	 1.
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Nyn GEN'JALLYS, s. your, &c. kindness. GEN'MYS, v. 61. naming, nominating.

GEN'NAGHT OF GEN'NAGHTYN, v. 61. feeling, feels, feeleth. E.
GEN'NAL, a. cheerful, affable, jovial, having sweet engaging looks.
GEN'NALLYS, s. cheerfulness, exhilaration, hila- rity, mirth, affability, jocularity.
GEN'NEY, s. m. scarcity, famine; pl. 67.
GEN'NISH, a. barren.
GENTREIL', v. 61. entering.
Nyn Geoï ID, s. your, &c. wildness, &c. K. GEOYL or *GEOYLL, v. 61. dung; $-AGH$ ; $-IN$ ;
-INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS. E.
GEOYL'LAGHEY, v. 61. dunging, manuring.
Nyn GERE, s. your, &c. comb. K. Cha GERE, v. not comb; -AGH; -IN; -INS;
-YM; -YMS. K. Ge'RINYS, s. 61. farming, husbandry. E.
GER'JAGH, s. m. comfort, consolation, happiness.
That this word is derived from $Ard$ or $Yr$ in $Yrjid$ or $Yrjaghey$ , I have not the least doubt, and of that class of words spoken of in the 61st Remark; so comfort raises and alleviates the heart to whom administered. It is rather of a higher meaning than the English, as it is very seldom used temporally; for which see <i>Souirid</i> and <i>Souir</i> .
GER'JAGHEY, v. comforting, consoling, &c.
GER'JEE OF *GERJ, v. comfort, console; —AGH, 77; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
GER'JEVDER, s. m. a comforter or consoler; plYN.
GER'JIT, S5. comforted, consoled.
GERJOIL' OF GERJOIL'AGH, a. comfortable, con- solatory, joyful, happy.
GERJOI'LID OF GERJOILLYS, s. m. comfortable- ness, &c.
Nyn GER'RAGH OF GER'RAGHEY, s. your, &c. punishment.
Cha GER'REE or *GERR, v. not punish; -AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS. K.
GER'REY. See Er-Gerrey.
GER'REV, s. m. the end; Psl. lxxvii. 8. I suppose the G in this word is a mistake. See Jerrey.
GER'RID OF GER'RIT, adv. shortly, soon.
GER'RYM, v. crowing. See also Geirrym.
Cha GESH, v. not froth or foam; -AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94. K.
Nyn GES'MAD, s. your, &c. step; plyN. K.
Nyn GES'SEY, s. your, &c. cost of piece of land. K
GET'LAGH, v. 61. flying. · E.
GEU, s. a gibstaff, a setting pole.
GEU'AGH, a. forked, branchy.
GEUL, v. gyve, fetter, bind, shackle; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
Geu'ley, s. m. a gyve, a fetter; $pl. 67$ .
GEU'LEYDAGH, s. m. one who is bound; pl. 71; Isa. lxi. 1.
GEU'LEYDER, s. m. one who fetters or binds.
GEU'LIT, 85. fettered, gyved.
GEU'REE, a. d. of winter.
GEU'REY, s. m. winter. Probably from the trees then being bare as poles; pl. 67. See Geu.
Gew, s. f. a severe pain.

K. E.

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Construction of metal	
Gew'AGH, a. painful.	
Nyn GEY, s. your, &c. cream.	К.
Ny GEYR'RAGH, a. d. of sheep; John, x. 1.	К.
GEVRE, a. sharp. See also Gyere.	
GEYSHTEE'N. See Geayshteen.	
GEYSHTEE'NAGH, a. hairy; Gen. xxvii. 23.	
GHA, adv. not. In all probability, from Ch	ha;
as, my va dy gha (if it were or not). The sou	nd
of the gh is not in the English language,	as
shown in Remark 13.	
E GHAA, s. his two; Ghaa wheesh (twice	-
much).	D.
Dy GHAA'GHEY, v. to dye or colour.	D.
GHAAH, v. dyed, did dye; singed, did sing	
-AGH; $-IN;$ $-INS;$ $-YM;$ $-YMS;$	D.
Ro GHAA'HIT, 85. too much dyed	D.
	D.
Ro GHAAH'JIT, 85. too much singed.	
Ro GHAA'NEY, a. too bold or daring.	D.
E GHAA'-YEIG, a. his twelve.	Đ.
Y GHAD'DEE MYR TOU, s. m. f. a wanton	
thou art.	G.
E GHAH, s. his sting.	G.
E GHAIH, s. his toy or gewgaw; plAGHYN.	
E GHAIL'LEY, s. his gizzard; pl. 67.	G.
E GHAILL, his credit time; delay.	D.
GHALL, v. did dazzle or dazzled ; -AGH ; -E	Е;
-IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.	D.
Dy GHAL'LEY, v. to blind or dazzle.	D.
E GHAL'TAGH, s. his gallant.	G.
E GHAM'MAN, s. his game.	G.
E GHANJEY'R, s. danger.	D.
Ro GHANJAY'RAGH, a. too dangerous.	D.
	pl.
71; Acts, xiii. 41.	G.
E GHAN'NIDYS, s. his mockery, scoffing ; v.	his
despising, scorning, &c. Heb. x. 33.	G.
GHA'RAGH, a. d. of a garden or gardens.	G.
E GHARD, s. his guard.	G.
Cha GHARD, v. did or didst not guard ; -AG	н;
-IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94	G.
Yn GHAR'DER, s. the violent gust of wind.	G.
Ro GHAR'DIT, 85. too well guarded.	G.
E GHA'REY, s. his garden.	G.
E GHA'REYDYS, s. his gardening.	G.
E GHAR'MAD, s. his garment.	G.
Dy GHAR'RAGH, a. d. of oak, oaken.	D.
E GHAR'RAN, s. his galloway or pony; pl	
Prov. "Eshyn nagh bee mie rish e gharr	an.
shegin da'n phollan, y chur lesh er e vui n."	G.
	pl.
67.	G.
Ro GHAR'ROO, a. too coarse or rough.	G.
E GHARVEI'GAGH, v. his howling, roaring,	or
E GHARVEI GAGH, C. IIS HOWING, FOUTUS,	G.
yelling.	
yelling. Feer GHAS'TEY, a. very agile or nimble.	G.
yelling. Feer GHAS'TEY, a. very agile or nimble. *GHAUNS OF GHAUNSE, v. did dance, dance	G. ed;
yelling. Feer GHAS'TEY, a. very agile or nimble. *GHAUNS OF GHAUNSE, v. did dance, dance —AGH; —EE; —IN; —INS; —YM; —YM	G. ed; as;
yelling. Feer GHAS'TEY, a. very agile or nimble. *GHAUNS OF GHAUNSE, v. did dance, dance —AGH; —EE; —IN; —INS; —YM; —YM —YS, 94.	G. ed; as; D.
yelling. Feer GHAS'TEY, a. very agile or nimble. *GHAUNS OF GHAUNSE, v. did dance, dance —AGH; —EE; —IN; —INS; —YM; —YM —YS, 94. E GHAUN'SIN, v. his dancing.	G. ed; as;
<ul> <li>yelling.</li> <li>Feer GHAS'TEY, a. very agile or nimble.</li> <li>*GHAUNS OF GHAUNSE, v. did dance, dance, dance, -AGH; -EE; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YM; -YM, -YS, 94.</li> <li>E GHAUN'SIN, v. his dancing.</li> <li>GHAW, s. f. a creek or cove; plGHYN.</li> </ul>	G. ed; as; D. D.
<ul> <li>yelling.</li> <li>Feer GHAS'TEY, a. very agile or nimble.</li> <li>*GHAUNS OF GHAUNSE, v. did dance, dance, -AGH; -EE; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YM; -YM</li> <li>-YS, 94.</li> <li>E GHAUN'SIN, v. his dancing.</li> <li>GHAW, s. f. a creek or cove; plGHYN.</li> <li>GHEAM, v. did project, projected; -AGH; -</li> </ul>	G. ed; IS; D. D.
<ul> <li>yelling.</li> <li>Feer GHAS'TEY, a. very agile or nimble.</li> <li>*GHAUNS OF GHAUNSE, v. did dance, dance —AGH; —EE; —IN; —INS; —YM; —YM —YS, 94.</li> <li>E GHAUN'SIN, v. his dancing.</li> <li>GHAW, s. f. a creek or cove; pl. —GHYN.</li> <li>GHEAM, v. did project, projected; —AGH; — —INS; —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94.</li> </ul>	G. ed; us; D. D. IN; D.
<ul> <li>yelling.</li> <li>Feer GHAS'TEY, a. very agile or nimble.</li> <li>*GHAUNS OF GHAUNSE, v. did dance, dance, -AGH; -EE; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YM -YS, 94.</li> <li>E GHAUN'SIN, v. his dancing.</li> <li>GHAW, s. f. a creek or cove; plGHYN.</li> <li>GHEAM, v. did project, projected; -AGH; - -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Dy GHEA'MEY, v. to project or jut.</li> </ul>	G. ed; D. D. IN; D.
<ul> <li>yelling.</li> <li>Feer GHAS'TEY, a. very agile or nimble.</li> <li>*GHAUNS OF GHAUNSE, v. did dance, dance —AGH; —EE; —IN; —INS; —YM; —YM —YS, 94.</li> <li>E GHAUN'SIN, v. his dancing.</li> <li>GHAW, s. f. a creek or cove; pl. —GHYN.</li> <li>GHEAM, v. did project, projected; —AGH; — —INS; —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94.</li> </ul>	G. ed; IS; D. D. IN; D. D.

GHI

ushtey." G. GHEAY'IL, a. d. of lime; as, aaie-gheayil. G. E GHEAYL'LIN, s. his shoulder. G. E GHEAYL'TYN, s. his shoulders. G. GHEAVRT, v. did spill or pour; -AGH; -IN ; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. D. Dy GHEAYR'TEY, v. to spill or pour. D. Ro GHEAVR'TIT, 85. too much spilled, &c. D. Ry GHED'DYN, v. to be had, to be got, or found. G. Dy GHED'DYN, v. to get, procure, or find. G. Nyn GHEER, s. your, &c. country; Josh. x. 42. This word must be an error. See Jeer, as it ought to be. Nyn GHEH, s. your, &c. hide or pate. S. GHEID, v. did steal, stole; -AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. G. E GHEID'EY, s. his godfather; pl. 67. G. GHEILL, v. did spring ; Jas. iii. 11; -AGH ; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. G. Dy GHEI'NAGH OF GHEINAGHEY, v. to make weary or tired. D. E GHEI'NEY, s. his men. D. Sy GHEI'NNAGH, s. in the sand. G. E GHEI'NYS, s. his wearisomeness. D. GHEIR, v. did crow; -AGH; -EE; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. G. Dy GHEIR, s. of smart or pain. G. GHELL, v. did deal; -AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. D. Dy GHEL'LAL, v. to deal. D. E GHEL'LID, s. his dimness. D. Ben GHEN'NAL, a. a cheerful woman. G. E GHEN'NALLYS, s. his cheerfulness, his kindness. G. Yn GHEN'NEY, s. the scarcity. G. Ro GHEN'NISH, a. too barren. G. E GHEN'NISHID, s. his barrenness. G. E GHER'JAGH, s. his comfort. G. Dy GHER'JAGHEY, v. to comfort, to console. G GHER'JEE, v. did comfort, comforted. G. Yn GHER'JEYDER, s. the comforter. G. Feer GHERJOIL' OF GHERJOIL'AGH, a. verv comfortable, joyful, happy. G. GHERR, v. did crow, crew ; Mark, xiv. 68; -AGH; -EE; -IN; --INS; -YM; --YMS ; -YS, 94. G. Yn GHER'RID or GHER'RIT, s. the short time. G. Er GHERRYM, v. hath, &c. crowed or crew. G. Nyn GHEU, s. your, &c. side. C. E \*GHEUL OF GHEU'LEY, s. his gyve or fetter; v. to gyve or fetter; -AGH; --EE; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. G. Oie GHEU'REE, a. d. the winter's night. G. Yn GHEU'REY, s. the winter. G. Dy GHEW, s. of oxen, of bullocks. D. Ro GHEW'IL, a. too cruel, too barbarous. D. E GHEW'ILYS, s. his cruelty, &c. D. Ro GHEYR, a. too dear. D. GHEYR, v. did condemn, condemned ; -AGH ; -EE; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. D Er GHEY'REY, v. hath, &c. condemned or sentenced to punishment. D.) Ro GHEY'RIT, 85. too much condemned. D.1 Feer GHIAL, a. very white or bright. G.

grants. G
Er GHIAL'DYN, v. hath, &c. promised or granted. G
GHIALL, v. did promise or grant; -AGH;
-EE; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. G
GHIALL OF GHIALLEE, v. did bleach, cleanse, or full.
Er GHIALLAGH OF GHILLAGHEY, v. hath, &c. bleached, made bright or white. G
Ben GHIAL'LEE, a. d. a bleach-woman. G
Yn GHIAL'LEYDER, s. the fuller or bleacher. G
Ro GHIAL'LIT, 85. too bleached, too promised or granted. G
GHIAL'TAGHEY, v. granting, promising, pledg- ing. Matrimonial Service.
Nyn GHIAM'BLE, s. your, &c. temple, &c. C
GHIAR OF GHIARE, did cut. See Yiare. G Ro GHIARE, a. too short. See Yiare. G
Yn GHIARE-VEINN, s. the groats. G
Dy GHIA'REY, v. to cut; pl. 67. G
Yn GHIAR'EYDER, s. the cutter; pl YN. G
GHIAR'REY, a. pl. short.
Ro GHIAS'TYLLAGH, a. too liberal, charitable, or bountiful. G
E GHIAS'TYLLID, s. his charitableness. G
<i>E</i> GHIAS'TYLLYS, <i>s</i> . his charity, bounty, &c. G Dty GHIAT, <i>s</i> . thy gate. G
E GHIB, a. d. of his mouth; as, dy huittym gour
e ghib (to full mouth ways, or with the mouth foremost). See Gob. G
Ro GHIB'BAGH, a. too sharp pointed. G
Yn GHIB'BEECHIU, s. the kibe; plYN. G
Yn GHIEN MIE, s. the good-cheer. G
Er GHIENAGHT'YN, v. hath, &c. conceived. G GHIENT, v. did conceive; —AGH; —IN; —INS; —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94.
-1a, -1as, -1s, 94.
Du GHIENT'YN, v. to conceive. G
Dy GHIENT'YN, v. to conceive.GE GHIM'LAD, s. his wimble.G
E GHIM'LAD, s. his wimble. G E GHIM'MAGH, s. his lobster ; pl. 71. G
E GHIM'LAD, s. his wimble.G $E$ GHIM'MAGH, s. his lobster ; $pl.$ 71.GGHIM'MAN, s. m. an admirer, a suiter or lover ; $pl.$ —YN ; $Ezk.$ xvi. 33.
E GHIM'LAD, s. his wimble.G $E$ GHIM'MAGH, s. his lobster ; $pl.$ 71.GGHIM'MAN, s. m. an admirer, a suiter or lover ; $pl.$ —YN ; $Ezk.$ xvi. 33.Nyn GHING, s. your, &c. heads.K
E GHIM'LAD, s. his wimble. G E GHIM'MAGH, s. his lobster; pl. 71. G GHIM'MAN, s. m. an admirer, a suiter or lover; plYN; Ezk. XVI. 33. Nyn GHING, s. your, &c. heads. K Nyn GHINGEESH', s. your, &c. Pentecost or
E GHIM'LAD, s. his wimble. G E GHIM'MAGH, s. his lobster; pl. 71. G GHIM'MAN, s. m. an admirer, a suiter or lover; pl. —YN; Ezk. xvi. 33. Nyn GHING, s. your, &c. heads. K Nyn GHINGEESH', s. your, &c. Pentecost or Whitsuntide. K E GHIOAL, s. his pledge, pawn, or mortgage;
E GHIM'LAD, s. his wimble.GE GHIM'MAGH, s. his lobster ; $pl.$ 71.GGHIM'MAN, s. m. an admirer, a suiter or lover ; $plYN$ ; $Ezk. xvi. 33.$ Nyn GHING, s. your, &c. heads.Nyn GHINGEESH', s. your, &c. Pentecost or Whitsuntide.KE GHIOAL, s. his pledge, pawn, or mortgage ; $plYN.$ GYn GHIOAL'EYDER, s. the mortgager, pawner, or
<ul> <li>E GHIM'LAD, s. his wimble.</li> <li>G E GHIM'MAGH, s. his lobster ; pl. 71.</li> <li>G GHIM'MAN, s. m. an admirer, a suiter or lover ; plYN ; Ezk. XVI. 33.</li> <li>Nyn GHING, s. your, &amp;c. heads.</li> <li>K Nyn GHINGEESH', s. your, &amp;c. Pentecost or Whitsuntide.</li> <li>K E GHIOAL, s. his pledge, pawn, or mortgage ; plYN.</li> <li>G Yn GHIOAL'EYDER, s. the mortgager, pawner, or pledger.</li> <li>G HIOAL'TEEYN OF GHIOAL'TIAGHTYN, s. his</li> </ul>
E GHIM'LAD, s. his wimble.G $E$ GHIM'MAGH, s. his lobster ; $pl.$ 71.GGHIM'MAN, s. m. an admirer, a suiter or lover ; $plYN$ ; $Ezk.$ xvi. 33.Nyn GHING, s. your, &c. heads.KNyn GHINGEESH', s. your, &c. Pentecost or Whitsuntide.K $E$ GHIOAL, s. his pledge, pawn, or mortgage ; $plYN$ .GYn GHIOAL'EYDER, s. the mortgager, pawner, or pledger.G $E$ GHIOAL'TEEYN OF GHIOAL'TIAGHTYN, s. his pawns or mortgages.GYn GHIOAL'TEEYS OF GHIOAL'TIAGHT, s. the
<ul> <li>E GHIM'LAD, s. his wimble.</li> <li>G E GHIM'MAGH, s. his lobster ; pl. 71.</li> <li>G GHIM'MAN, s. m. an admirer, a suiter or lover; plYN; Ezk. xvi. 33.</li> <li>Nyn GHING, s. your, &amp;c. heads.</li> <li>K Nyn GHINGEESH', s. your, &amp;c. Pentecost or Whitsuntide.</li> <li>K GHIOAL, s. his pledge, pawn, or mortgage; plYN.</li> <li>G Yn GHIOAL'EYDER, s. the mortgager, pawner, or pledger.</li> <li>G GHIOAL'TEEYN OF GHIOAL'TIAGHTYN, s. his pawns or mortgages.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>E GHIM'LAD, s. his wimble.</li> <li>G E GHIM'MAGH, s. his lobster ; pl. 71.</li> <li>G GHIM'MAN, s. m. an admirer, a suiter or lover; plYN; Ezk. xvi. 33.</li> <li>Nyn GHING, s. your, &amp;c. heads.</li> <li>Nyn GHINGESH', s. your, &amp;c. Pentecost or Whitsuntide.</li> <li>K E GHIOAL, s. his pledge, pawn, or mortgage; plYN.</li> <li>G Yn GHIOAL'EYDER, s. the mortgager, pawner, or pledger.</li> <li>G GHIOAL'TEEYN OF GHIOAL'TIAGHTYN, s. his pawns or mortgages.</li> <li>G Yn GHIOAL'TEYS OF GHIOAL'TIAGHT, s. the premises mortgaged, pawned, or pledged.</li> <li>G Yn GHIOAL'TEYR, s. m. the mortgagee.</li> <li>G GHIOOT, v. did gift, gifted ; -AGH; -IN -INS;</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>E GHIN'LAD, s. his wimble.</li> <li>G E GHIM'MAGH, s. his lobster; pl. 71.</li> <li>G GHIM'MAN, s. m. an admirer, a suiter or lover; plYN; Ezk. xvi. 33.</li> <li>Nyn GHING, s. your, &amp;c. heads.</li> <li>K</li> <li>Nyn GHINGESH', s. your, &amp;c. Pentecost or Whitsuntide.</li> <li>K</li> <li>E GHIOAL, s. his pledge, pawn, or mortgage; plYN.</li> <li>G Yn GHIOAL'EYDER, s. the mortgager, pawner, or pledger.</li> <li>G GHIOAL'TEEYN OF GHIOAL'TIAGHTYN, s. his pawns or mortgages.</li> <li>G Yn GHIOAL'TEEYS OF GHIOAL'TIAGHT, s. the premises mortgaged, pawned, or pledged.</li> <li>G Yn GHIOAL'TEYR, s. m. the mortgagee.</li> <li>G GHIOOT, v. did gift, gifted; -AGH; -IN -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>G Er GHIOOT'AL, v. hath, &amp;c. gifted, given; Acts,</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>E GHIN'LAD, s. his wimble.</li> <li>G E GHIM'MAGH, s. his lobster ; pl. 71.</li> <li>G GHIM'MAN, s. m. an admirer, a suiter or lover; plYN; Ezk. xvi. 33.</li> <li>Nyn GHING, s. your, &amp;c. heads.</li> <li>K</li> <li>Nyn GHINGEESH', s. your, &amp;c. Pentecost or Whitsuntide.</li> <li>K</li> <li>E GHIOAL, s. his pledge, pawn, or mortgage; plYN.</li> <li>G G</li> <li>Yn GHIOAL'EYDER, s. the mortgager, pawner, or pledger.</li> <li>G HIOAL'TEEYN OF GHIOAL'TIAGHTYN, s. his pawns or mortgages.</li> <li>G Yn GHIOAL'TEEYS OF GHIOAL'TIAGHTYN, s. the premises mortgaged, pawned, or pledged.</li> <li>G Yn GHIOAL'TEYR, s. m. the mortgagee.</li> <li>G GHIOOT, v. did gift, gifted; -AGH; -IN -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>G Fr GHIOOT'AL, v. hath, &amp;c. gifted, given; Acts, xxvii. 24.</li> <li>G Yn GHIOOT'EYDER, s. the gifter, giver, or be-</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>E GHIN'LAD, s. his wimble.</li> <li>G E GHIM'MAGH, s. his lobster; pl. 71.</li> <li>G GHIM'MAN, s. m. an admirer, a suiter or lover; plYN; Ezk. xvi. 33.</li> <li>Nyn GHING, s. your, &amp;c. heads.</li> <li>K</li> <li>Nyn GHINGEESH', s. your, &amp;c. Pentecost or Whitsuntide.</li> <li>K</li> <li>E GHIOAL, s. his pledge, pawn, or mortgage; plYN.</li> <li>G GHIOAL'EYDER, s. the mortgager, pawner, or pledger.</li> <li>G GHIOAL'TEEYN OF GHIOAL'TIAGHTYN, s. his pawns or mortgages.</li> <li>G Yn GHIOAL'TEEYS OF GHIOAL'TIAGHT, s. the premises mortgaged, pawned, or pledged.</li> <li>G Yn GHIOAL'TEYR, s. m. the mortgagee.</li> <li>G GHIOOT, v. did gift, gifted; -AGH; -IN -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>G Er GHIOOT'AL, v. hath, &amp;c. gifted, given; Acts, xxvii. 24.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>E GHIN'LAD, s. his wimble.</li> <li>G E GHIM'MAGH, s. his lobster ; pl. 71.</li> <li>G GHIM'MAN, s. m. an admirer, a suiter or lover; plYN; Ezk. xvi. 33.</li> <li>Nyn GHING, s. your, &amp;c. heads.</li> <li>K</li> <li>Nyn GHINGEESH', s. your, &amp;c. Pentecost or Whitsuntide.</li> <li>K</li> <li>E GHIOAL, s. his pledge, pawn, or mortgage; plYN.</li> <li>G</li> <li>Yn GHIOAL'EYDER, s. the mortgager, pawner, or pledger.</li> <li>G</li> <li>F GHIOAL'TEEYN OF GHIOAL'TIAGHTYN, s. his pawns or mortgages.</li> <li>G</li> <li>Yn GHIOAL'TEEYS OF GHIOAL'TIAGHTYN, s. the premises mortgaged, pawned, or pledged.</li> <li>G</li> <li>Yn GHIOAL'TEYR, s. m. the mortgagee.</li> <li>G</li> <li>GHIOOT, v. did gift, gifted ; -AGH ; -IN -INS ; -YM ; -YMS ; -VS, 94.</li> <li>G</li> <li>Fr GHIOOT'AL, v. hath, &amp;c. gifted, given ; Acts, xxvii. 24.</li> <li>Yn GHIOOT'EYDER, s. the gifter, giver, or bestower.</li> <li>G</li> <li>Ro GHIOOT'IT, 85. too much gifted.</li> <li>G</li> <li>Fr GHIR'RAGHEY, v. hath, &amp;c. shortened, or</li> </ul>
E GHIN'LAD, s. his wimble.GE GHIM'MAGH, s. his lobster ; pl. 71.GGHIM'MAN, s. m. an admirer, a suiter or lover ; plYN ; Ezk. xvi. 33.Nyn GHING, s. your, &c. heads.KNyn GHINGEESH', s. your, &c. Pentecost or Whitsuntide.KE GHIOAL, s. his pledge, pawn, or mortgage ; plYN.GYn GHIOAL'EYDER, s. the mortgager, pawner, or pledger.GYn GHIOAL'TEEYN OF GHIOAL'TIAGHTYN, s. his pawns or mortgages.GYn GHIOAL'TEEYS OF GHIOAL'TIAGHT, s. the premises mortgaged, pawned, or pledged.GYn GHIOAL'TEYR, s. m. the mortgagee.GGhIOOT, v. did gift, gifted ; -AGH ; -IN -INS ; -YM ; -YMS ; -YS, 94.GEr GHIOOT'AL, v. hath, &c. gifted, given ; Acts, xxvii. 24.GYn GHIOOT'EYDER, s. the gifter, giver, or be- stower.GRo GHIOOT'IT, 85. too much gifted.GEr GHIOOT'IT, 85. too much gifted.GEr GHINOT'IT, 85. too much gifted.GEr GHIN'RAGHEY, v. hath, &c. shortened, or abridged, abbreviated.G
<ul> <li>E GHIN'LAD, s. his wimble.</li> <li>G E GHIM'MAGH, s. his lobster ; pl. 71.</li> <li>G GHIM'MAN, s. m. an admirer, a suiter or lover; plYN; Ezk. xvi. 33.</li> <li>Nyn GHING, s. your, &amp;c. heads.</li> <li>K</li> <li>Nyn GHINGEESH', s. your, &amp;c. Pentecost or Whitsuntide.</li> <li>K</li> <li>E GHIOAL, s. his pledge, pawn, or mortgage; plYN.</li> <li>G</li> <li>Yn GHIOAL'EYDER, s. the mortgager, pawner, or pledger.</li> <li>G</li> <li>F GHIOAL'TEEYN OF GHIOAL'TIAGHTYN, s. his pawns or mortgages.</li> <li>G</li> <li>Yn GHIOAL'TEEYS OF GHIOAL'TIAGHTYN, s. the premises mortgaged, pawned, or pledged.</li> <li>G</li> <li>Yn GHIOAL'TEYR, s. m. the mortgagee.</li> <li>G</li> <li>GHIOOT, v. did gift, gifted ; -AGH ; -IN -INS ; -YM ; -YMS ; -VS, 94.</li> <li>G</li> <li>Fr GHIOOT'AL, v. hath, &amp;c. gifted, given ; Acts, xxvii. 24.</li> <li>Yn GHIOOT'EYDER, s. the gifter, giver, or bestower.</li> <li>G</li> <li>Ro GHIOOT'IT, 85. too much gifted.</li> <li>G</li> <li>Fr GHIR'RAGHEY, v. hath, &amp;c. shortened, or</li> </ul>

#### GHO

Goll dy GHIV'LYN, s. going to Dublin. E GHLAARE-EDDIN, s. his forehead. E GHLARE, s. his language, tongue &c. Clagh-GHLASS, a. a gray or blue stone. GHLASS, v. did lock, or make sure; -AGH; -IN -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. Prov. "Tri- ta'n gheay sy villey yiow shiu magh yn Ghlas ghuilley." Dy GHLAS'SAGH OF GHLAS'SAGHEY, v. to brighte or get gray. Dy GHLAS'SEY, v. to embrace, to lock. Ro GHLAST, 85. too locked. Cha GHLEASH, v. not stir; -AGH; -IN; -INS -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. Er GHLEA'SHAGHEY, v. hath, &c. stirred. Ro GHLEA'SHIT, 85. too stirred. Cha GHLEAYN, v. not entice or allure. GHLECK, v. did wrestle; -AGH; -IN; -INS -YM;YMS; -YS, 94. Yn GHLEC'KEYDER, s. the wrestler; plYN. Yn GHLEY, s. the fibre of slime, &c. GHLEN or *GHLENN, did cleanse or clean; -AGH -EE; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. GHLEN'NEE, a. d. of cleansing.	ass and d g g g g g g g g g g g g g g g g g g
<ul> <li>E GHLAARE-EDDIN, s. his forehead.</li> <li>E GHLARE, s. his language, tongue &amp;c.</li> <li>Clagh-GHLASS, a. a gray or blue stone.</li> <li>GHLASS, v. did lock, or make sure; -AGH; -IN</li> <li>-INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. Prov. "Tr.</li> <li>ta'n gheay sy villey yiow shiu magh yn Ghlas</li> <li>ghuilley."</li> <li>Dy GHLAS'SAGH or GHLAS'SAGHEY, v. to brighte</li> <li>or get gray.</li> <li>Dy GHLAS'SEY, v. to embrace, to lock.</li> <li>Ro GHLAST, 85. too locked.</li> <li>Cha GHLEASH, v. not stir; -AGH; -IN; -INS</li> <li>-YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Er GHLEA'SHAGHEY, v. hath, &amp;c. stirred.</li> <li>Ro GHLEA'SHAGHEY, v. not entice or allure.</li> <li>GHLECK, v. did wrestle; -AGH; -IN; -INS</li> <li>-YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Yn GHLEC'KEYDER, s. the wrestler; plYN.</li> <li>Yn GHLEIY, s. the fibre of slime, &amp;c.</li> <li>GHLEN or *GHLENN, did cleanse or clean; -AGH</li> <li>-EE; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> </ul>	GGG ; a sG nGGG ; GGGG ; GGG HG
<ul> <li>E GHLARE, s. his language, tongue &amp;c.</li> <li>Clagh-GHLASS, a. a gray or blue stone.</li> <li>GHLASS, v. did lock, or make sure; -AGH; -IN</li> <li>-INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. Prov. "Trita'n gheay sy villey yiow shiu magh yn Ghlas ghuilley."</li> <li>Dy GHLAS'SAGH OF GHLAS'SAGHEY, v. to brighte or get gray.</li> <li>Dy GHLAS'SEY, v. to embrace, to lock.</li> <li>Ro GHLAST, 85. too locked.</li> <li>Cha GHLEASH, v. not stir; -AGH; -IN; -INS</li> <li>-YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Er GHLEA'SHAGHEY, v. hath, &amp;c. stirred.</li> <li>Ro GHLEA'SHAGHEY, v. hath, &amp;c. stirred.</li> <li>Cha GHLEAYN, v. not entice or allure.</li> <li>GHLECK, v. did wrestle; -AGH; -IN; -INS</li> <li>-YM; '-YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Yn GHLEC'KEYDER, s. the wrestler; plYN.</li> <li>Yn GHLEIY, s. the fibre of slime, &amp;c.</li> <li>GHLEN or *GHLENN, did cleanse or clean; -AGH</li> <li>-EE; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> </ul>	GG ; a sG nG GG ; G G G G ; G G G HG
Clagh-GHLASS, a. a gray or blue stone. GHLASS, v. did lock, or make sure; -AGH; -IN -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. Prov. "Tr ta'n gheay sy villey yiow shiu magh yn Ghlas ghuilley." Dy GHLAS'SAGH OF GHLAS'SAGHEY, v. to brighte or get gray. Dy GHLAS'SAGH OF GHLAS'SAGHEY, v. to brighte or get gray. Dy GHLAS'SAGH OF GHLAS'SAGHEY, v. to brighte or get gray. Dy GHLAS'SEY, v. to embrace, to lock. Ro GHLAST, 85. too locked. Cha GHLEASH, v. not stir; -AGH; -IN; -INS -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. Er GHLEA'SHAGHEY, v. hath, &c. stirred. Ro GHLEA'SHAGHEY, v. hath, &c. stirred. Cha GHLEAYN, v. not entice or allure. GHLECK, v. did wrestle; -AGH; -IN; -INS -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. Yn GHLEC'KEYDER, s. the wrestler; plYN. Yn GHLEIY, s. the fibre of slime, &c. GHLEN or *GHLENN, did cleanse or clean; -AGH -EE; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. GHLEN'NEE, a. d. of cleansing.	G ; a ss G n G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G
GHLASS, v. did lock, or make sure; —AGH; —IN —INS; —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94. Prov. "Tr. ta'n gheay sy villey yiow shiu magh yn Ghlas ghuilley." Dy GHLAS'SAGH OF GHLAS'SAGHEY, v. to brighte or get gray. Dy GHLAS'SEY, v. to embrace, to lock. Ro GHLAST, 85. too locked. Cha GHLEASH, v. not stir; —AGH; —IN; —INS —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94. Er GHLEA'SHAGHEY, v. hath, &c. stirred. Ro GHLEA'SHAGHEY, v. hath, &c. stirred. Cha GHLEAYN, v. not entice or allure. GHLECK, v. did wrestle; —AGH; —IN; —INS —YM;YMS; —YS, 94. Yn GHLEC'KEYDER, s. the wrestler; pl. —YN. Yn GHLEIY, s. the fibre of slime, &c. GHLEN or *GHLENN, did cleanse or clean; —AGH —EE; —IN; —INS; —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94. GHLEN'NEE, a. d. of cleansing.	is a so no o o i o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o
<ul> <li>-INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. Prov. "Trita'n gheay sy villey yiow shiu magh yn Ghlas ghuilley."</li> <li>Dy GHLAS'SAGH OF GHLAS'SAGHEY, v. to brighte or get gray.</li> <li>Dy GHLAS'SEY, v. to embrace, to lock.</li> <li>Ro GHLAST, 85. too locked.</li> <li>Cha GHLEASH, v. not stir; -AGH; -IN; -INS -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Er GHLEA'SHAGHEY, v. hath, &amp;c. stirred.</li> <li>Ro GHLEAYN, v. not entice or allure.</li> <li>GHLECK, v. did wrestle; -AGH; -IN; -INS -YM;YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Yn GHLEC'KEYDER, s. the wrestler; plYN.</li> <li>Yn GHLEY, s. the fibre of slime, &amp;c.</li> <li>GHLEN or *GHLENN, did cleanse or clean; -AGH -EE; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>GHLEN'NEE, a. d. of cleansing.</li> </ul>	ass and d g g g g g g g g g g g g g g g g g g
<ul> <li>ta'n gheay sy villey yiow shiu magh yn Ghlas ghuilley."</li> <li>Dy GHLAS'SAGHOT GHLAS'SAGHEY, v. to brighte or get gray.</li> <li>Dy GHLAS'SEY, v. to embrace, to lock.</li> <li>Ro GHLAST, 85. too locked.</li> <li>Cha GHLEASH, v. not stir; -AGH; -IN; -INS -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Er GHLEA'SHAGHEY, v. hath, &amp;c. stirred.</li> <li>Ro GHLEA'SHAGHEY, v. hath, &amp;c. stirred.</li> <li>Cha GHLEAYN, v. not entice or allure.</li> <li>GHLECK, v. did wrestle; -AGH; -IN; -INS -YM;YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Yn GHLEC'KEYDER, s. the wrestler; plYN.</li> <li>Yn GHLEIY, s. the fibre of slime, &amp;c.</li> <li>GHLEN or *GHLENN, did cleanse or clean; -AGH -EE; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>GHLEN'NEE, a. d. of cleansing.</li> </ul>	SG NG GG ;G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G
<ul> <li>ghuilley."</li> <li>Dy GHLAS'SAGH OF GHLAS'SAGHEY, v. to brighte or get gray.</li> <li>Dy GHLAS'SEY, v. to embrace, to lock.</li> <li>Ro GHLAST, 85. too locked.</li> <li>Cha GHLEASH, v. not stir; -AGH; -IN; -INS -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Er GHLEA'SHAGHEY, v. hath, &amp;c. stirred.</li> <li>Ro GHLEA'SHAGHEY, v. hath, &amp;c. stirred.</li> <li>Cha GHLEAYN, v. not entice or allure.</li> <li>GHLECK, v. did wrestle; -AGH; -IN; -INS -YM;YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Yn GHLEC'KEYDER, s. the wrestler; plYN.</li> <li>Yn GHLEIY, s. the fibre of slime, &amp;c.</li> <li>GHLEN or *GHLENN, did cleanse or clean; -AGH -EE; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>GHLEN'NEE, a. d. of cleansing.</li> </ul>	G nG G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G
Dy GHLAS'SAGH OF GHLAS'SAGHEY, v. to brighte or get gray. Dy GHLAS'SEY, v. to embrace, to lock. Ro GHLAST, 85. too locked. Cha GHLEASH, v. not stir; $-AGH$ ; $-IN$ ; $-INS$ -YM; $-YMS$ ; $-YS$ , 94. Er GHLEA'SHAGHEY, v. hath, &c. stirred. Ro GHLEA'SHAGHEY, v. hath, &c. stirred. Cha GHLEAYN, v. not entice or allure. GHLECK, v. did wrestle; $-AGH$ ; $-IN$ ; $-INS$ -YM; $-YMS$ ; $-YS$ , 94. Wn GHLEC'KEYDER, s. the wrestler; $pl$ . $-YN$ . Yn GHLEIY, s. the fibre of slime, &c. GHLEN or *GHLENN, did cleanse or clean; $-AGH$ -EE; $-IN$ ; $-INS$ ; $-YM$ ; $-YMS$ ; $-YS$ , 94. GHLEN'NEE, a. d. of cleansing.	ING G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G
or get gray. Dy GHLAS'SEY, v. to embrace, to lock. Ro GHLAST, 85. too locked. Cha GHLEASH, v. not stir; -AGH; -IN; -INS -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. Er GHLEA'SHAGHEY, v. hath, &c. stirred. Ro GHLEA'SHAGHEY, v. hath, &c. stirred. Cha GHLEAYN, v. not entice or allure. GHLECK, v. did wrestle; -AGH; -IN; -INS -YM;YMS; -YS, 94. Yn GHLEC'KEYDER, s. the wrestler; plYN. Yn GHLEIY, s. the fibre of slime, &c. GHLEN or *GHLENN, did cleanse or clean; -AGH -EE; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. GHLEN'NEE, a. d. of cleansing.	GGG;GGGG;GGG;GGG;GGG;GGG
Dy GHLAS'SEY, v. to embrace, to lock. Ro GHLAST, 85. too locked. Cha GHLEASH, v. not stir; $-AGH$ ; $-IN$ ; $-INS$ -YM; $-YMS$ ; $-YS$ , 94. Er GHLEA'SHAGHEY, v. hath, &c. stirred. Ro GHLEA'SHAGHEY, v. hath, &c. stirred. Cha GHLEAYN, v. not entice or allure. GHLECK, v. did wrestle; $-AGH$ ; $-IN$ ; $-INS$ -YM; $-YMS$ ; $-YS$ , 94. Yn GHLEC'KEYDER, s. the wrestler; $pl$ . $-YN$ . Yn GHLEIY, s. the fibre of slime, &c. GHLEN or *GHLENN, did cleanse or clean; $-AGH$ -EE; $-IN$ ; $-INS$ ; $-YM$ ; $-YMS$ ; $-YS$ , 94. GHLEN'NEE, a. d. of cleansing.	G ;G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G
Cha GHLEASH, v. not stir; $-AGH$ ; $-IN$ ; $-INS$ ; -YM; $-YMS$ ; $-YS$ , 94. Er GHLEA'SHAGHEY, v. hath, &c. stirred. Ro GHLEA'SHIT, 85. too stirred. Cha GHLEAYN, v. not entice or allure. GHLECK, v. did wrestle; $-AGH$ ; $-IN$ ; $-INS$ ; -YM; $-YMS$ ; $-YS$ , 94. Yn GHLEC'KEYDER, s. the wrestler; $pl$ . $-YN$ . Yn GHLEIY, s. the fibre of slime, &c. GHLEN or *GHLENN, did cleanse or clean; $-AGH$ -EE; $-IN$ ; $-INS$ ; $-YM$ ; $-YMS$ ; $-YS$ , 94. GHLEN'NEE, a. d. of cleansing.	i G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G
-YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. Er GHLEA'SHAGHEY, v. hath, &c. stirred. Ro GHLEA'SHIT, 85. too stirred. Cha GHLEAYN, v. not entice or allure. GHLECK, v. did wrestle; -AGH; -IN; -INS -YM;YMS; -YS, 94. Yn GHLEC'KEYDER, s. the wrestler; plYN. Yn GHLEIY, s. the fibre of slime, &c. GHLEN or *GHLENN, did cleanse or clean; -AGH -EE; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. GHLEN'NEE, a. d. of cleansing.	G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G
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Ro GHLEA'SHIT, 85. too stirred. Cha GHLEAYN, v. not entice or allure. GHLECK, v. did wrestle; —AGH; —IN; —INS —YM; ·-YMS; —YS, 94. Yn GHLEC'KEYDER, s. the wrestler; pl. —YN. Yn GHLEIY, s. the fibre of slime, &c. GHLEN or *GHLENN, did cleanse or clean; —AGH —EE; —IN; —INS; —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94. GHLEN'NEE, a. d. of cleansing.	G G ; G G H, G
Cha GHLEAYN, v. not entice or allure. GHLECK, v. did wrestle; —AGH; —IN; —INS —YM; ·-YMS; —YS, 94. Yn GHLEC'KEYDER, s. the wrestler; pl. —YN. Yn GHLEIY, s. the fibre of slime, &c. GHLEN or *GHLENN, did cleanse or clean; —AGE —EE; —IN; —INS; —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94. GHLEN'NEE, a. d. of cleansing.	G G G G G G G G
GHLECK, v. did wrestle; —AGH; —IN; —INS —YM; ·-YMS; —YS, 94. Yn GHLEC'KEYDER, s. the wrestler; pl. —YN. Yn GHLEIY, s. the fibre of slime, &c. GHLEN or *GHLENN, did cleanse or clean; —AGE —EE; —IN; —INS; —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94. GHLEN'NEE, a. d. of cleansing.	G G G H, G
-YM; ·-YMS; -YS, 94. Yn GHLEC'KEYDER, s. the wrestler; plYN. Yn GHLEIY, s. the fibre of slime, &c. GHLEN or *GHLENN, did cleanse or clean; -AGE -EE; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. GHLEN'NEE, a. d. of cleansing.	G G H,G
Yn GHLEC'KEYDER, s. the wrestler; pl. —YN. Yn GHLEIY, s. the fibre of slime, &c. GHLEN or *GHLENN, did cleanse or clean; —AGE —EE; —IN; —INS; —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94. GHLEN'NEE, a. d. of cleansing.	G G H,
<ul> <li>Yn GHLEIY, s. the fibre of slime, &amp;c.</li> <li>GHLEN or *GHLENN, did cleanse or clean; —AGE</li> <li>—EE; —IN; —INS; —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94.</li> <li>GHLEN'NEE, a. d. of cleansing.</li> </ul>	G H, G
GHLEN OR *GHLENN, did cleanse or clean; —AGE —EE; —IN; —INS; —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94. ( GHLEN'NEE, a. d. of cleansing.	H, G
-EE; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. GHLEN'NEE, a. d. of cleansing.	G
GHLEN'NEE, a. d. of cleansing.	
	G
	G
	G
	G
	G
	of G
GHLIOON, v. did kneel; -AGH; -IN; -INS	50
	G
	G
	G
	G
	1000
	G
AS CARDOG OF MAD THAP'S POR OMAIN.	GG
	G G G
E GHLOYR, s. his glory; plAGHYN.	G
E GHLOYR, s. his glory; pl. —AGHYN. GHLOYR, v. did glorify; —AGH; —IN; —INS	G
E GHLOYR, s. his glory; pl. —AGHYN. GHLOYR, v. did glorify; —AGH; —IN; —INs —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94.	G
E GHLOYR, s. his glory; pl. —AGHYN. GHLOYR, v. did glorify; —AGH; —IN; —INS —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94. Dy GHLOY'RAGHEY, v. to glorify.	G G G
E GHLOYR, s. his glory; pl. —AGHYN. GHLOYR, v. did glorify; —AGH; —IN; —INS —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94. Dy GHLOY'RAGHEY, v. to glorify. Yn GHLOY'REYDER, s. the glorifier; pl. —YN.	G ;G G
E GHLOYR, s. his glory; pl. —AGHYN. GHLOYR, v. did glorify; —AGH; —IN; —INS —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94. Dy GHLOY'RAGHEY, v. to glorify. Yn GHLOY'REYDER, s. the glorifier; pl. —YN. Feer GHLOYROI'L, a. very glorious.	G G G G
E GHLOYR, s. his glory; $pl.$ —AGHYN. GHLOYR, v. did glorify; —AGH; —IN; —INS —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94. Dy GHLOY'RAGHEY, v. to glorify. Yn GHLOY'REYDER, s. the glorifier; $pl.$ —YN. Feer GHLOYROI'LL, a. very glorious. E GHLOYROI'LLD, s. his gloriousness.	G G G G G G
E GHLOYR, s. his glory; $pl.$ —AGHYN. GHLOYR, v. did glorify; —AGH; —IN; —INS —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94. Dy GHLOY'RAGHEY, v. to glorify. Yn GHLOY'REYDER, s. the glorifier; $pl.$ —YN. Feer GHLOYROI'L, a. very glorious. E GHLOYROI'LID, s. his gloriousness. Yn GHLUT'TEREY, s. the glutton.	G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G
E GHLOYR, s. his glory; $pl.$ —AGHYN. GHLOYR, v. did glorify; —AGH; —IN; —INS —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94. Dy GHLOY'RAGHEY, v. to glorify. Yn GHLOY'REYDER, s. the glorifier; $pl.$ —YN. Feer GHLOYROI'L, a. very glorious. E GHLOYROI'LID, s. his gloriousness. Yn GHLUT'TEREY, s. the glutton. E GHOAGH, s. his vat, or keeve.	G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G
E GHLOYR, s. his glory; $pl.$ —AGHYN. GHLOYR, v. did glorify; —AGH; —IN; —INS —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94. Dy GHLOY'RAGHEY, v. to glorify. Yn GHLOY'REYDER, s. the glorifier; $pl.$ —YN. Feer GHLOYROI'L, a. very glorious. E GHLOYROI'LID, s. his gloriousness. Yn GHLUT'TEREY, s. the glutton. E GHOAGH, s. his vat, or keeve. Ro GHOAI'AGH, a. too decent, &c.	G G G G G G G G D
E GHLOYR, s. his glory; $pl.$ —AGHYN. GHLOYR, v. did glorify; —AGH; —IN; —INS —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94. Dy GHLOY'RAGHEY, v. to glorify. Yn GHLOY'REYDER, s. the glorifier; $pl.$ —YN. Feer GHLOYROI'L, a. very glorious. E GHLOYROI'LID, s. his gloriousness. Yn GHLUT'TEREY, s. the glutton. E GHOAGH, s. his vat, or keeve. Ro GHOAI'AGH, a. too decent, &c. E GHOAIE, s. his decency, &c.	G G G G G G G D D
E GHLOYR, s. his glory; $pl.$ —AGHYN. GHLOYR, v. did glorify; —AGH; —IN; —INS —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94. Dy GHLOY'RAGHEY, v. to glorify. Yn GHLOY'REYDER, s. the glorifier; $pl.$ —YN. Feer GHLOYROI'L, a. very glorious. E GHLOYROI'LID, s. his gloriousness. Yn GHLUT'TEREY, s. the glutton. E GHOAGH, s. his vat, or keeve. Ro GHOAI'AGH, a. too decent, &c. E GHOAIE, s. his decency, &c. Ro GHOAL, a. too blind. GHOA'LEY, a. pl. blind; as, mraane ghoaley.	G G ; G G G G G G G D D D D D
E GHLOYR, s. his glory; $pl.$ —AGHYN. GHLOYR, v. did glorify; —AGH; —IN; —INS —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94. Dy GHLOY'RAGHEY, v. to glorify. Yn GHLOY'REYDER, s. the glorifier; $pl.$ —YN. Feer GHLOYROI'L, a. very glorious. E GHLOYROI'LID, s. his gloriousness. Yn GHLUT'TEREY, s. the glutton. E GHOAGH, s. his vat, or keeve. Ro GHOAI'AGH, a. too decent, &c. E GHOAIE, s. his decency, &c. Ro GHOAL, a. too blind. GHOA'LEY, a. pl. blind; as, mraane ghoaley. Dy GHOAILL, v. to take, to partake.	GG ;GG GG GG DD DD G
E GHLOYR, s. his glory; $pl.$ —AGHYN. GHLOYR, v. did glorify; —AGH; —IN; —INS —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94. Dy GHLOY'RAGHEY, v. to glorify. Yn GHLOY'REYDER, s. the glorifier; $pl.$ —YN. Feer GHLOYROI'LL, a. very glorious. E GHLOYROI'LLD, s. his gloriousness. Yn GHLUT'TEREY, s. the glutton. E GHOAGH, s. his vat, or keeve. Ro GHOAI'AGH, a. too decent, &c. E GHOAIE, s. his decency, &c. Ro GHOAL, a. too blind. GHOA'LEY, a. $pl.$ blind; as, mraane ghoaley. Dy GHOAILL, v. to take, to partake. Dy GHOAL'LEY, v. to blind, to blot; Excel	GG;GGGGGGDDDDDGd
E GHLOYR, s. his glory; pl. —AGHYN. GHLOYR, v. did glorify; —AGH; —IN; —INS —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94. Dy GHLOY'RAGHEY, v. to glorify. Yn GHLOY'REYDER, s. the glorifier; pl. —YN. Feer GHLOYROI'L, a. very glorious. E GHLOYROI'LID, s. his gloriousness. Yn GHLUT'TEREY, s. the glutton. E GHOAGH, s. his vat, or keeve. Ro GHOAI'AGH, a. too decent, &c. E GHOAIE, s. his decency, &c. Ro GHOAL, a. too blind. GHOA'LEY, a. pl. blind; as, mraane ghoaley. Dy GHOAILL, v. to take, to partake. Dy GHOAL'LEY, v. to blind, to blot; Exec xxxii. 32.	GG ;GGGGGGGDDDDGdD
E GHLOYR, s. his glory; pl. —AGHYN. GHLOYR, v. did glorify; —AGH; —IN; —INS —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94. Dy GHLOY'RAGHEY, v. to glorify. Yn GHLOY'REYDER, s. the glorifier; pl. —YN. Feer GHLOYROI'LL, a. very glorious. E GHLOYROI'LLD, s. his gloriousness. Yn GHLUT'TEREY, s. the glutton. E GHOAGH, s. his vat, or keeve. Ro GHOAI'AGH, a. too decent, &c. E GHOAIE, s. his decency, &c. Ro GHOAL, a. too blind. GHOA'LEY, a. pl. blind; as, mraane ghoaley. Dy GHOAILL, v. to take, to partake. Dy GHOAL'LEY, v. to blind, to blot; Excoux xxxii. 32. Ro GHOALTAT'TYM, a. too sudden.	GG;GGGGGGGDDDDGdDD
E GHLOYR, s. his glory; pl. —AGHYN. GHLOYR, v. did glorify; —AGH; —IN; —INS —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94. Dy GHLOY'RAGHEY, v. to glorify. Yn GHLOY'REYDER, s. the glorifier; pl. —YN. Feer GHLOYROI'LLD, s. his gloriousness. Yn GHLUT'TEREY, s. the glutton. E GHOAGH, s. his vat, or keeve. Ro GHOAI'AGH, a. too decent, &c. E GHOAIE, s. his decency, &c. Ro GHOAL, a. too blind. GHOA'LEY, a. pl. blind; as, mraane ghoaley. Dy GHOAILL, v. to take, to partake. Dy GHOAL'LEY, v. to blind, to blot; Exod xxxii. 32. Ro GHOALTAT'TYMAGH, adv. too sudden. Ro GHOALTAT'TYMAGH, adv. too suddenly.	GG;GGGGGGGDDDDDGdDDD
E GHLOYR, s. his glory; pl. —AGHYN. GHLOYR, v. did glorify; —AGH; —IN; —INS —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94. Dy GHLOY'RAGHEY, v. to glorify. Yn GHLOY'REYDER, s. the glorifier; pl. —YN. Feer GHLOYROI'LID, s. his gloriousness. Yn GHLUT'TEREY, s. the glutton. E GHOAGH, s. his vat, or keeve. Ro GHOAI'AGH, a. too decent, &c. E GHOAIE, s. his decency, &c. Ro GHOAL, a. too blind. GHOA'LEY, a. pl. blind; as, mraane ghoaley. Dy GHOAILL, v. to take, to partake. Dy GHOALLEY, v. to blind, to blot; Exod xxxii. 32. Ro GHOALTAT'TYM, a. too sudden. Ro GHOALTAT'TYMAGH, adv. too suddenly. Ro GHOAN, a. too scarce, too brown. G. J	GG;GGGGGGDDDDGdDDD
E GHLOYR, s. his glory; $pl.$ —AGHYN. GHLOYR, v. did glorify; —AGH; —IN; —INS —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94. Dy GHLOY'RAGHEY, v. to glorify. Yn GHLOY'REYDER, s. the glorifier; $pl.$ —YN. Feer GHLOYROI'L, a. very glorious. E GHLOYROI'LID, s. his gloriousness. Yn GHLUT'TEREY, s. the glutton. E GHOAGH, s. his vat, or keeve. Ro GHOAI'AGH, a. too decent, &c. E GHOAIE, s. his decency, &c. Ro GHOAL, a. too blind. GHOA'LEY, a. $pl.$ blind; as, mraane ghoaley. Dy GHOAILL, v. to take, to partake. Dy GHOALLLY, v. to blind, to blot; Exo xxxii. 32. Ro GHOALTAT'TYMAGH, adv. too suddenly. Ro GHOAN, a. too scarce, too brown. Dy GHOAN, a. too scarce, too brown. Dy GHOAN'NAGHEY, v. to make brown.	GG;GGGGGGGDDDDGdDDDD
E GHLOYR, s. his glory; $pl.$ —AGHYN. GHLOYR, v. did glorify; —AGH; —IN; —INS —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94. Dy GHLOY'RAGHEY, v. to glorify. Yn GHLOY'REYDER, s. the glorifier; $pl.$ —YN. Feer GHLOYROI'LL, a. very glorious. E GHLOYROI'LID, s. his gloriousness. Yn GHLUT'TEREY, s. the glutton. E GHOAGH, s. his vat, or keeve. Ro GHOAI'AGH, a. too decent, &c. E GHOAIE, s. his decency, &c. Ro GHOAL, a. too blind. GHOA'LEY, a. $pl.$ blind; as, mraane ghoaley. Dy GHOAL'LEY, v. to take, to partake. Dy GHOAL'LEY, v. to blind, to blot; Exod xxxii. 32. Ro GHOALTAT'TYMAGH, $adv.$ too suddenly. Ro GHOAN, a. too scarce, too brown. GHOA'NAGHEY, v. to make brown. GHOA'NEY, a. $pl.$ brown.	GG ;GGG ;GG G G G D D D D D G d D D D D D D
E GHLOYR, s. his glory; pl. —AGHYN. GHLOYR, v. did glorify; —AGH; —IN; —INS —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94. Dy GHLOY'RAGHEY, v. to glorify. Yn GHLOY'REYDER, s. the glorifier; pl. —YN. Feer GHLOYROI'LL, a. very glorious. E GHLOYROI'LLD, s. his gloriousness. Yn GHLUT'TEREY, s. the glutton. E GHOAGH, s. his vat, or keeve. Ro GHOAI'AGH, a. too decent, &c. E GHOAIE, s. his decency, &c. Ro GHOAL, a. too blind. GHOA'LEY, a. pl. blind; as, mraane ghoaley. Dy GHOAI'LEY, v. to take, to partake. Dy GHOAI'LEY, v. to blind, to blot; Exod xxxii. 32. Ro GHOALTAT'TYMAGH, adv. too suddenly. Ro GHOALTAT'TYMAGH, adv. too suddenly. Dy GHOALTAT'TYMAGH, adv. too suddenly. By GHOALTAT'TYMAGH, adv. too suddenly. CHOA'NEY, a. pl. brown. GHOA'NEY, a. pl. brown. E GHOA'NID, s. his brownness.	GG ;GGG & GG DDDDG dDDDDDD
E GHLOYR, s. his glory; $pl.$ —AGHYN. GHLOYR, v. did glorify; —AGH; —IN; —INS —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94. Dy GHLOY'RAGHEY, v. to glorify. Yn GHLOY'REYDER, s. the glorifier; $pl.$ —YN. Feer GHLOYROI'LID, s. his gloriousness. Yn GHLUT'TEREY, s. the glutton. E GHOAGH, s. his vat, or keeve. Ro GHOAI'AGH, a. too decent, &c. E GHOAIE, s. his decency, &c. Ro GHOAI, a. too blind. GHOA'LEY, a. pl. blind; as, mraane ghoaley. Dy GHOAILL, v. to take, to partake. Dy GHOAILL, v. to take, to partake. Dy GHOALTAT'TYM, a. too sudden. Ro GHOALTAT'TYM, a. too sudden. Ro GHOAN, a. too scarce, too brown. GHOA'NEY, a. pl. brown. E GHOA'NEY, a. pl. brown. E GHOA'NID, s. his brownness. E GHOA'LISH, s. his gap; $pl.$ —YN.	GG ;GGGGGGGDDDDGdDDDDDD
E GHLOYR, s. his glory; $pl AGHYN.$ GHLOYR, v. did glorify; $-AGH; -IN; -INS$ -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. Dy GHLOY'RAGHEY, v. to glorify. Yn GHLOY'REYDER, s. the glorifier; $plYN.$ Feer GHLOYROI'LID, s. his gloriousness. Yn GHLUT'TEREY, s. the glutton. E GHOAGH, s. his vat, or keeve. Ro GHOAI'AGH, a. too decent, &c. E GHOAIE, s. his decency, &c. Ro GHOAL, a. too blind. GHOA'LEY, a. pl. blind; as, mraane ghoaley. Dy GHOALL, v. to take, to partake. Dy GHOALLEY, v. to blind, to blot; Exod xxxii. 32. Ro GHOALTAT'TYMAGH, adv. too sudden. Ro GHOAN, a. too scarce, too brown. GHOA'NEY, a. pl. brown. E GHOA'NEY, a. pl. brown. E GHOA'NID, s. his brownness. E GHOAR'LISH, s. his gap; $plYN.$	GG ;GGG ;GG G D D D D D G d D D D D D D D D D D D

#### GHO

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E GHOB, s. his mouth in contempt.	G
Dty GHOB'BERAN, s. thy lamentation.	D
E GHOB'BERANAGH, s. his lamenter; pl. 71.	D
E GHOC'CAR, s. his dint, or stress of labour.	D
Ro GHOC'CARAGH, a. too laborious.	D
E GHOC'CARID, s. his laboriousness.	D
E GHOGH'AN, s. his disease, or disorder.	D
Ro GHOGH'ANAGH OF GHOGH'ANIT, a. too di ordered, or diseased.	is- D
Dy GHOGH'ANEY, v. to cause disease, or di	is-
order.	D
GHOGHE, v. (from Ghowagh,) would take.	G
Ro GHOIL'LEE, a. too difficult.	D
E GHOIL'LEEID, s. his difficulty.	D
GHOIN, p. (from Ghowin,) I would take.	G
GHOINS, p. idem. em.	G
GHOLL, v. did blot, or blind; -AGH; -E -IN; -INS; -YM; - YMS; -YS, 94.	E; D
E GHOLL, v. his going.	G
Yn GHOLLAGE', s. the pitch-fork, the ear-wi	
or any fork of timber, &c. pl YN.	G
E GHOL'LAN, s. fan or winnowing instrument.	D
Ro GHOL'LIT, S5. too blotted or effaced.	D
E GHOL'TEY, s. his godson.	D
GHONK, v. did thump; -AGH; -EE; -II -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94,	N ;
E GHONK'AN, s. his thumper.	D
Dy GHONK'EY OF GHONK'AL, v. to thump.	D
Ro GHONK'IT, 85. too thumped.	D
E GHON'NAG, s. his brown cow.	D
Ro GHON'NAGH, a. too sore, too crabbed.	G
E GHON'NAN, s. his dunce or dastard.	D
Ro GHON'NANAGH, adv. too duncely or abjectl	y;
Psalm xxxv. 15.	D
GHON'NEY, a. scarce. See also Ghoan; Jer. XV	-
8. This ought to be a <i>pl</i> .	G
E GHOO, s. his word, his fame. Ro GHOO, a. too black, v. blacken ; —лен ; —1	
-YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.	D
E GHOO'AG, s. his eclipse; pl YN.	D
Dy GHOO'AGHEY OF GHOO'GHEY, v. to blacken.	
E GHOO'AN, s. his hook; plYN.	D
Ro GHOO'ANAGH, a. too hooked.	D
GHOOBL OF GHOO'BLE, v. did double; -AG	н :
-EE; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.	D
Dy GHOO'BLEY, v. to double.	D
Ro GHOO'BLIT, 85. too doubled,	D
E GHOO'DEE, s. his damsel or wench.	D
GHOO'EY, a. pl. black.	D
Ro GHOOGH, a. too bad, too ill. Dy GHOO'GHEY, v. to blacken,	D
E GHOO'GHYS, S. his nature.	D D
Ro GHOO'GHYSSAGH, a. too natural.	L
E GHOO'ID, s. his blackness.	I
Ro GHOOIE, a. too kind; boayl e ghooie (1	
native place).	Ι
GHOOIN, v. did close, shut, or darken; -AG -EE; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94	
Dy GHOO'NEY, v. to shut or close up.	I
O GHOOIN'NEY, s. Oh man! voc. case.	I
Ro GHOOIN'NIT OF GHOOINT, 85. too closed	
shut.	I
GHOOISHT, v. did awaken ; -AGH ; -IN ; -IN -YM ; -YS, 94.	NS I

#### GHR

Ro GHOOISH'TIT, 85. too awakened.	D
Ro GHOOIT, 85. too blackened.	D
Awin GHOO'LISH, s. Douglas river.	D
E GHOO'NAGHT, s. his Sunday.	D
Ro GHOO'NAGHTAGH, a. too much on Sunda	ys
or Lord's days.	D
Oie GHOO'NEE, s. the night preceding the Sa	b.
bath or Sunday. Why it is so called is n	
known. Oie Jedoonee, is Sunday night.	D
E GHOO'RAGHT, s. his perquisite; plYN.	D
Dy GHOOS'TEY, v. to awaken.	D
Yn GHOOT, s. the gout; plYN.	G
Ro GHOO'TAGH, a. too gouty.	G
E GHOOYT, s. his doubt.	D
GHOOYT, v. did doubt ; -AGH ; -IN ; -Y	M :
-ys, 94.	D
	6.1
Dy GHOOYTEIL', v. to doubt.	D
Ro GHOOYTEIL'AGH, a. too doubtful.	D
Yn GHOR'LEY, s. the galling.	G
GHORM, v. did make blue; -AGH; -EE; -I	
-INS; -YM;YMS, -YS, 94.	G
Dy GHOR'MAGHEY, v. to colour blue, or ma	ke
blue.	G
Fir GHOR'MEY, a. pl. blue ones.	G
Yn GHOR'MEYDER, s. the dyer of blue.	G
E GHOR'MID, s. his blueness.	G
Ro GHOR'MIT, 85. too much blued,	G
E GHOR'NANE, s, his handle,	D
Ro GHOR'RAGHEY, a. too dark	D
Dy GHOR'RAGHYS OF GHORRID, s. of darkness.	D
Dy GHOR'RIN, s. of tempest.	D
Ro GHOR'RINAGH, a. too tempestuous.	D
E GHOR'RYS, s. his door; plsyn.	
	D
GHORT OF GHOR'TEE, v. did hurt; -AGH; -I	N;
-INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.	G
Yn GHOR'TAGH, s. the hurt; plYN.	G
Ro GHOR'TAGH, a. too sparingly.	G
Yn GHOR'TEY, s. the famine; pl. 67.	
	G
E GHoss, s. his cluster.	D
E GHOS'SAN, s. his small cluster or bunch.	D
Ro GHOS'SANAGH, a. too bunchy.	D
E GHOULL, s. his beam or ray.	G
E GHOU'RIN, s. his distemper.	D
Ro GHOU'RINAGH, a. too contagious.	D
E Gнow, s. his ox or bullock.	D
GHOW, v. did take. See Gow.	
	G
Ro GHOWIN, a. too deep.	D
Му GHOWYM, p. if I take. See Goym.	G
My GHOWYMS, p. id. em. See Goyms.	
My GHOWYS, v. See Goys.	G
	G
Dy GHRA, v. to say; cre tou dy ghra (what th	ou
sayest); Luke, xxii. 60.	G
Er GHRA, v. said, hath, &c. said.	G
E GHRAIH, s. his love,	G
Feer GHRAIH'AGH, a. very loving or lovingly.	0
E Cup town and a very loving or lovingly.	
E GHRAIH'ALTAGH, s. his lover ; pl. 71.	G
E GHRAIH'DER, s. his lover; plYN.	G
Feer GHRAIHOIL', a. very lovely.	G
E GHRAIHOILID OF GHRAIHOILYS, s. his love	1:
ness.	
	G
GHRAIN OF *GHRAINN, v. did grave or care	ve;
-AGH; -EE; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YM	IS;
-ys, 94. Dy GHRAIN'NAGHEY, v. to grave or carve	

#### GHR

GHRAIN'NEE, v. did, &c. grave. See Ghrain. G	E GHR
Er GHRAIN'NEY, v. hath, &c. graven, &c. G	Dy GH
Yn GHRAIN'NEYDER, s. the graver, &c. G	E GHR
Ro GHRAIN'NIT, 85. too graven or carved. G	Feer G
Feer GHRA'NEY, a. very ugly or deformed. G	E GHR
E GHRA'NID, s. his ugliness or deformity. G	worn
E GHRAYSE, s. his grace; pl. 69. G	Yn GHI
Feer GHRAYSOIL', a. very gracious. G	Dy GHI
E GHRAYSOIL'ID, s. his graciousness. G	Ro GHI
E GHREA'MAL, v. his dreaming. D	dewy.
Dty GHREASE, s. thy industry, &c. G	E GHRI
Ben GHREAS'SAG, a. an industrious woman for spinning and making clothing. G	Yn GHE
E GHREAST, s. his while. See Drease. D	E GHR
Ro GHREE, a. too tedious or slow. D	Yn GHR
*GHREES or GHREESEE, v. did stir up to action,	GHUEE,
or kindle to wrath; -AGH; -IN; -INS;	did pr 
үм; үмs; үs, 94. G	Yn GHI
Yn GHREE'SAGH, s. the embers, the live coals	E GHUI
or ashes. G	Yn GHI
Dy GHREE'SAGHEY, v. to kindle or stir to action or wrath; Exod. xxxii. 19, and Lam. iv 11. G	Yn GHU
Ro GHREE'SIT, 85. too stirred or agitated. G	E GHUI
E GHREEYM, s. his back; plYN. G	GHUIR
E GHREIH, s. his wretch, slave, or drudge. D	-AG
E GHREIGH'YN, s. his tools. G	Dy GHU
Ro GHREIH'AGH, a. too wretched. D	Ro GHI
E GHREIM OF GHREME, s. his hold, grasp, stitch,	GHULL,
or bite; pl. — YN. G	-INS
GHREIM, s. did hold, grasp, stitch, &c. -AGH;	E GHU
-IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. G	Ro GHU
Er GHREIM'EY, v. hath, &c. bit, grasped, caught hold of, stitched. G	or int
Ro GHREIM'IT, 85. too much stitched, grasped,	E GHUI
&c. G	Y GHUN
E GHREIN, s. his wren; plYN. D	Ro GHI
*GHREINN OF GHREINNEE, v. did urge or stimu-	E GHUI
late, did encourage or raise the mind to action; Ezra, i. 5; —AGH; —IN; —INS; —YM;	E GHU
-YMS; -Y4, 94. G	Dy GHU 
Er GHREIN'NAGHEY, v. hath, &c. stimulated	E GHUI
or encouraged to something. G	E GHUS
Yn GHREIN'NEY, v. the urging, &c. s. the	GHWEE,
gate. G	
E GHREIY, s. his tool or instrument. G E GHRESS, s. his briar; $plYN$ . D	E GHW
Ro GHRESS'AGH, a. too briary. D	Yn GHV
Fo GHRIAGHT, s. under druidism or inchant-	Ro GHV
ment. D	Dy GHV
E GHRIAGHT, s. his chain, his group, or drove;	E GHW
<i>pl.</i> —YN, D. G	Ro GHY sharp
Yn GHRIAN, s. the sun. Prov. G	GIAL, a
"My ta'n Ghrian jiarg tra girree teh, Foddee shiu jerkal rish fliaghey."	GIALD'I
Feer GHRIAN'AGH, a. sunny. G	grant
Dy GHRIAN'EY, v. to sun, or air in the sun-	GIALL,
shine. G	-IN, -YS,
E GHRINE, s. his thorn tree; plYN. D	GIALL C
E GHRINE, s. his grain; pl YN. G	bright
Ro GHRINE'AGH, a. too thorny, or grainy. D.G	-IN,
Yn GHRIC, s. the goods stolen that criminate	-YS, GIAL'LA
the felon; as, yn ghriu vaarlee. G.	GIAL'LE
E GHROGH'-YANNOO, s. his evil, bad, or ill doings; Prov. Daa Ghrogh eeck tayn geeck	GIAL'LE
rolaue, as dyn geeck edyr. D	GIAL'LI

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E GHROL'LOO, s. his pot-hooks or hangers. D
Dy GHROO'ID, s. of gloominess; Zeph. i. 15. G
E GHROUIG, s. his frown ; pl YN. G
Feer Ghrouw, a. very gloomy; grim, sullen, &c. G
<i>E</i> GHRUAI'E, <i>s</i> . his grimace; his ghastly or grief worn countenance. G
Yn GHRUIGHT, s. the measles.
Dy GHRUIGHT, s. of dew; plYN. D
Ro GHRUIGHTOIL' OF GHRUIGHTOIL'AGH, a. too dewy. D
E GHRUN'DIN, s. his lees or dregs. D
Yn GHRUNT, s. the ground. G
E GHRUNT, s. his gum; pl. —YN. D
Yn GHRYN'DER, s. the giber. G
GHUEE, v. did beseech, besought, or intreat, did pray or prayed; —AGH; —IN; —INS;
-YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. G
Yn GHUEE'DER, s. the beseecher or intreater. G
E GHUIL'LAG, s. his leaf; pl YN. D
Yn GHUIL'LAG, s. the leech. G
Yn GHUIL'LEY, s the boy; pl. 69. G
E GHUIRN, s. his fists. D
GHUIR OF *GHUIRR, v. did hatch, hatched; -AGH; -YS, 94. G
Dy GHUIRR, v. to hatch. G
Ro GHUIR'RAGH; a. too adle or rotten as eggs, too much in a hatching state. G
GHULL, v. did yell, yelp, or howl; —AGH; —IN; —INS; —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94. G
E GHUL'LYRNEE, pt. his yelling, howling, &c. G
Ro GHUN'NAL, a. too courageous, too daring, or intrepid. D
E GHUN'NALLYS, s. his courage. D
Y GHUN'VER, s. a murderer; plYN. D
Ro GHUN'VERAGH, a. too murderous. D
E GHUN'VERYS, s. his murder. D
E GHUOEE, s. his geese. G
Dy GHURNEIL', v. to govern; -AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YS, 94. G
E GHURNEIL'LYS, v. his governing. G
E GHUS'SAN, s. his dozen; plYN. D
GHWEE, v. did curse; -AGH; -IN; -INS;
-YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. G
E GHWEE'AGHYN, v. his cursing. G
Yn GHWEE'DER, s. the curser. G
Ro GHWOAI'AGH, a. too detestable.DDy GHWOAIE, s. of detestation.D
E GHWOAI'EYS, s. his abhorrence, &c. D
Ro GHYERE or GHYEIR, a. too sharp, sour, tart;
sharp edged, strict, acidous. G
GIAL, a. white, glittering, bright. GIALD'IN OF GIALDYNYS, s. m. a promise, a
grant; v. promising, granting; pl YN.
GIALL, v. promise, grant; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
GIALL OF GIALLEE, v. whiten, or make white or
bright, bleach or full; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80;
-IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
GIAL'LAGHEY, v. whitening, bleaching, fulling.
GIAL'LEE, a. d. of whitening, or bleaching.
GIAL/LEY, a. nl. white, bright, or glittering

D GIAL'LEYDER, s. m. a bleacher, a fuller, one that

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whitens; or one that promises or grants.	GIL'LAGH. See Gyllagh.
GIAL'LIT, 85. promised, granted, bleached,	GIL'LID, s. m. brightness, whiteness.
whitened, fulled.	GIM'BYL, v. 62. brewing. I
GIAL'TAGH, s. m. a gallant; pl. 71.	GIM'LAD, s. a wimble or gimlet.
Nyn GIALTEEN'YN, s. your, &c. churches. K	GIM'LAGH OF GIM'LAGHEY, v. 63. humbling. I
GIAL'TEEYS, s. m. gallantry.	GIM'MAGH, s. m. a lobster; pl. 71.
Cha GIANGL OF GIANGLE, v. not tie or bind ;	GIM'MAN, v. 61. driving. I
-AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94 K	GIM'MEEAGHT, v. 63. going; plYN. I
Er GIANG'LEY, v. hath, &c. tied or bound. K	GIMRAA', v. 61. mentioning, repeating. 1
Nyn GIANNOORT', s. our, &c. governor. K	GIN'DYS, v. 61. wondering; Psl. xxii. 17. Y
GIAR, v. cut, hew; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN,	GIN'GYRAGH OF GINGYRAGHT, v. 62. gathering
83; -INS, 84, -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.	pus or matter, as a sore. I
GIARE, a. short, momentary, brief, not long.	GIN'JILLAGHEY, v. 62. lowering, abasing. I
Hyn Gland, S. Jour, con rout	GINSH, v. 61. telling, reporting. I
Cha GIARE, v. not provide or resolve. K GIAREY, a. pl. short, brief; v. cut; Exod. xxxiv. 13.	GINSH'LAGHEY, v. 61. humbling, lowering, abas- ing. See also, <i>Ginjillaghey</i> , of which this is a contraction.
GIARE'-CHOOAT, s. m. a jacket.	GIOAL, s. m. pledge, pawn, mortgage, security.
GIAR'IT, 85. cut, shootened; <i>Exod.</i> xxxii. 16. Nyn GIARK, s. your, &c. hen; pl YN. K	GIOAL'DEE, a. d. of pledge, pawn, or mortgage; Amos, ii. 8.
Nyn GIALGEYR'YS, s. your, &c. subtleness, craftiness.	GIOAL'EYDER, s. m. the pawner, pledger, or mortgager.
GIAR'REY, s. m. a cut; the flux; an edge; pl. 71; v. cutting, hewing, &c.	GIOAL'TEEAGHT OF GIOALTEEYS, s. m. the pre- mises or article pawned, or given in pledge.
GIARREY-FOL'LEY, s. m. the bloody flux. GIAR'REY, a. pl. short; as, deiney giarrey (short	$\left.\begin{array}{c} \text{GIOAL'TEEAGHTYN,} \\ \text{GIOAL'TEENYN,} \\ \text{GIOAL'TEEYN,} \end{array}\right\} s. pl. \text{ mortgages, &c.}$
men. GIAR'REYMAGH, v. excluding, cutting out.	GIOALTEVR', s. m. the mortgagee, one who takes a pledge, &c.
GIAR'REYDER, s. m. a cutter ; plYN.	GIOAL'TIT, 85. pawned, pledged, mortgaged.
GIAR'RIT, 85. cut, hewn.	G10'EE, s. pl. geese, the pl. of Guiy.
Nyn GIAR'ROO, a. your, &c. fourth. K	Nyn GIONE, s. your, &c. head. K
Cha GIART, v. not make even, fix or adjust. K	Cha GION or *GIONN, v. not buy ; -AGH ;
Nyn GIART'AGH, s. your, &c. char or job. K	-EE; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94.
Nyn GIART'EYDER, s. your, &c. adjuster, &c. K	Er GION'NAGHEY, v. hath, &c. bought or pur-
GIAS'TYLLAGH, a. charitable, liberal, bountiful.	chased. K
GIAS'TYLLID, s. m. charitableness.	Nyn GION'NEYDER, s. your, &c. purchaser.
GIAS'TYLLYS, charity, bounty, liberality, gene- rosity.	GIOOT, s. m. a gift; plYN; vAGH, 77; EE, 80;IN, 83;INS, 84;YM, 86; YMS, 87;YS, 88.
GIAT, s. m. a gate, a field.	GIOOT'AL OF GIOOTEY, v. gifting, bestowing.
GIAT'TEY, a.d. of a gate or gates.	GIOT'EYDER, s. m. a gifter, one who gives gifts.
GIAU OF GIAW, s. f. a creek. See Ghaw.	GIOOT'IT, 85. gifted, bestowed.
Nyn GIAULL, s. your, &c. clamour, noise, or din. K	GIR'MID, s. m. blueness. See also Gormid.
Nyn GIAUL'LEEAGHT, s. your music, &c. K	Nyn GIRP, s. your, &c. bodies.
GIB, s. pl. beaks; a. d. of mouths in contempt.	GIR'RAGHEY, v. shortening, abridging.
GIB'BAGH, a. pointed, sharp pointed.	GIR'REE, v. 62. rising, accruing.
GIB'BEECHIU OF GIBBEECHIOW, s. f. a chilblain,	GIRREE-MAGH', v. rising in rebellion.
a kibe; pl. — YN.	GIR'RID, s. shortness, brevity.
Nyn GIED, s. your, &c. liberty, or permission. K	GISH, s. pl. stems, stalks ; Josh. ii. 6.
GIEN OF GIENS, s. m. a feast or gala; 2 Peter, ii. 13. Prov. "Gien nonney gortey."	Nyn GISH'AN, s. your, &c. peck; plYN. K GIU, v. 62. drinking. I
GIEN, s. m. cheer, festivity; temper of mind.	GIUAG, s. f. a gullet; plYN.
GIEN'NAGHTYN, v. conceiving, generating; Luke, i. 31.	GIUCK'LAGH, s. m. broom; plYN. GIUCKLEE, a. d. of broom.
GIENNAG'HTYN REESHT SPYRRYDOIL, s. spiritual birth, regeneration.	Cha GIUNE, v. not calm; —AGH; —E; —INS; —YM; —YMS, 94. K
GIENT, v. conceive, or become pregnant; form	Nyn GIUNEY, s. your, &c. calm; pl. 67. K
in the mind. GIEN'TIT, 85. conceived, formed in the womb or	GLAARE-ED'DIN, s. f. forehead; plYN.
mind.	Nyn GLAA'SAGH, s. your, &c. harp. C
GIEN'TYN, v. conceiving; Gen. XXX. 38. See also Giennaghtyn.	GLAB'BAG, s. f. a poultice; pl. — YN. GLACK, s. f. the hollow of the hand; the loof;
GIG'LERAGH, v. gigling, tittering.	as much hemp in stalks as can be held in the
GIG'LERYS, s. m. gigling.	hand at once; pl. see Glick; v. hold fast in

the hand; $-AGH$ , 77; $-EE$ , 80; $-IN$ , 83; -INS, 84; $-YM$ , 86; $-YMS$ , 87; $-YS$ , 88.	
GLACK'EY, v. holding fast in the hand.	
GLACK'EYDER, s. m. a holder in the hand.	
GLACK'IT, 85. held in the hand.	
Nyn GLAGG, s. your, &c. clock or bell; pl. see	
Gligg. C	1
Nyn GLAGH, your, &c. stone; pl YN. C	
Cha GLAGH, v. not stone; -AGH; -IN; -INS;	
YM; YMS, 94. С	
Er GLAGH'EY, hath, &c. stoned. C	
Nyn GLAGH'EYDER. s. your, &c. stoner. C	
GLARE, s. f. tongue, speech, language; pl.	
GLARAGHYN OF -YN.	
GLASHTIN, s. m. a goblin, a sprite ; pl. 72.	
GLASS, s. m. a lock; pl. GLISH.	
GLASS, a. pale, gray, pale blue; in a growing	
state; applied to vegetation, green, verdant; opposed to <i>Creen</i> ; <i>billey glass</i> (a growing or	
green tree); Jer. xi. 16. Prov. "Freayly craue	
glass."	
GLASS, v. lock or make sure; -AGH, 77; -EE,	
80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87;	
-ys, 88.	
GLAS'SAGHEY, v. getting pale or wan, getting green or gray, &c.	
GLASS-AILEAGH, s. m. a firelock.	
GLASS-AILEAGH, S. M. a MCIOCK. GLAS'SAN, s. f. a sallad.	
GLAS'SERAGHT, s. m. herbage, vegetation, ver-	
dure, grassiness; pl. 72.	
GLAS'SEY, a. pl. pale, gray, green; as, Ed-	
dinyn Glassey, s. pl. (pale faces); Claghyn	1
Glassey, s. pl. (gray stones); Magheryn	
Glassey, s. pl. (green fields).	F
GLAS'SEYDER, s. m. a locker.	
GLAST, 85. locked, made sure under lock.	
Nyn GLAT, s. your, &c. rod. S	
GLEASH, v. stir, move; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87;	
-IN, 55; -INS, 54; -IM, 55; -IMS, 57; -YS, 88.	
GLEASH'AGHEY, stirring, moving.	
GLEASH'EYDER, s. m. a stirrer, a mover; pl.	1
-YN.	
GLEASH'IT, 85. stirred, moved.	1
Cha GLEAYN, v. not entice, seduce, or inveigle;	
-AGH; -EE; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94.C	
Er GLEAYN'AGHEY, hath, &c. enticed, seduced,	
&c. Er ny GLEAYN'EY, v. hath, &c. been enticed,	1
&c. C	(
Nyn GLEAYSH, s. your, &c. ear, lug; plYN. C	1
GLECK, v. wrestle, wrestling ; -AGH, 77 ; -EE,	1
80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS,	(
87; -YS.	
GLECK'EYDER, s. m. a wrestler; pl YN.	
GLECK'IT SON, 85. wrestled for.	0
Nyn GLEEAU, s. your, &c. breast; Nah. ii. 7. C	0
GLEIH, s. m. a position in which to place corn	0
to dry when cut; a handful of corn; Jer. ix. 22; pl YN.	0
GLEISH, a. d. of a lock or locks.	0
Nyn GLEIY, s. your, &c. hedge. C	C
GLEIY, s. f. a fibre of slime or of any glutinous	0
matter.	
GLEIY-FAN'NAG, s. f. duck's meat.	C
GLEIN'NAGH, a. fibrous, slimy.	

GLEN, a. clean, clear, pure, perfect.

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GLEN'NEE, a. d. of cleansing or making clean.

GLEN'NEY, a. pl. clean, clear, pure, perfect.

GLEN'NEY, v. cleansing, cleaning, clearing.

GLEN'NEYDER, s. m. a cleanser, &c.

GLEN'NID, s. m. 89. cleanliness, purity, &c.

GLEN'NIT, 85, cleansed, purified.

- GLENT, 85. cleaned, cleared; a contraction of Glennit.
- Nyn GLE'RAGH, s. your, &c. clerk.
- Nyn GLE'REEYS, your, &c. clerkship. C
- GLESS, s. f. glass; pl. -YN.
- GLES'SAR, s. m. a glazier; pl. -YN.
- GLESS-HUAR'YSTAL, s. m. a looking-glass, a mirror.

Nyn GLEUIN, s. your, &c. daughter's husband. Nyn GLEUI'NYS, s. your, &c. affinity or relationship by marriage.

- Nyn GLIAGH'TEY, s. custom, practice, habit; pl. 67.
- Cha \*GLIAGHT OF GLIAGHTEE, v. not accustom, practice, &c. -AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94.

- GLICK, a. pat, coming in quick succession.
- Nyn GLIEN'NEY, a. d. of their, &c. children. C
- Cha GLIN or GLUIN, v. not hear; -AGH; -EE; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94. Cha glin ch shen nagh n'ynney lesh.
- GLION, s. f. a glen, a valley, a hollow between mountains; pl. -TEEYN.
- GLION'NAGH, a. having glens or vallies.
- GLION'NAN, s. f. a small valley.
- GLION'NEY, a. d. of the glen or valley.
- GLIOON, s. f. a knee, a crooked timber, as a knee when bent; v. kneel; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- GLIOONAGH, s. f. a disease in the knees; pl. -vn; a herb, arsmart, lakeweed, water pepper.
- GLIOONEE'N, s. f. a garter; pl. -YN.

GLIOO'NEY, v. kneeling.

- GLIOO'NEYDER, s. m. a kneeler.
- GLIOO'NIT OF GLIOONT, 85. kneeled; a. having knees, kneed.

GLIS'TYR, s. m. clyster; pl. -YN.

- C Nyn GLIWE, s. your, &c. glave or sword.
- Vyn GLO, v. your, &c. chasing.
- GLOAS, v. polish, gloss; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- LOA'SA'GHEY OF GLOASEY, v. polishing, glossing.
- LOA'SEYDER, s. m. a polisher; pl. -YN.
- LOA'SIT, 85. polished, glossed.

LOG, s. the rolling of the sea after a storm. C

- Tha GLOIE, v. not play or boil; -AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94.
- LOO, s. m. warp, the order of thread length ways in a web ; pl. -YN.

LOO'AG, s. f. a lump of something to wind varn on, to make a ball or bottom; pl. - YN.

Nyn GLOOID, s. your, &c. clout.

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GLIB, a. pert, fluent.

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Nyn GLOOIE, s. your, &c. plumage, small feathers, fur. C

Nyn GLOOI'SAG, s. your, &c. bolster.

- GLOUT, s. m. a shapeless lump of any thing. Prov. Surree eh yn flout, my yiow eh yn Glout.
- Nyn GLOU or GLOUW, s. their, &c. tongs; pl. --GHYN. C

GLO'YEE, s f. straw taken from the flails after being threshed, without being ruffled, to make straw ropes of.

- GLOYR, s. m. glory; pl. —AGHYN OT —VN; v. glorify; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —VM, 86; —VMS, 87; —VS, 88.
- GLOY'RAGHEY, v. glorifying.
- GLOY'REY, a. d. of glory.
- GLOY'REYDER, s. m. a glorifier.
- GLOY'RIT, 85. glorified, gloried.

GLOYRO'IL, a. glorious.

GLOYRO'ILID, s. m. gloriousness.

GLUG, s. a gurgle; pl. - YN.

- GLUG'ERAGHT OF GLUG'ERNEE, v. gurgling, the noise made on emptying a cask, bottle, &c. when there is no passage for the air but that from which the liquid comes.
- Cha Gluin, v. not hear; —AGH; —IN; —INS; —YM; —YMS, 94. C
- GLUT, s. a piece of timber nailed on a larger to hinder some thing passing any further.

GLUT'TERAGHT, v. gluttoning.

- GLUT'TEREY, s. m. a glutton; pl. 67.
- Cha GOAD, v. not protect; —АGH; —ЕЕ; —IN; —INS; —УМ; —УS, 94. С
- Er GOA'DAGHEY, v. hath, &c. protected.
- Nyn GOA'DEY, s. your, &c. protection.
- Cha GOAGYR, v. not cook; -AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94.
- Nyn GOAG'YREY, s. your, &c. cook; pl. 67. C
- GOAILL, v. (Gow al,) taking. This verb is much used in composition in the Manks, as in the following words.
- GOAIL'LAGH OF GOAIL'TAGH, a. contagious.
- GOAILL AYNS LAU'E OF GOAIL AS LAU'E, v. presuming to say, undertaking or engaging to do, taking in hand, to suppose or say.
- GOAILL-ER, v. to arrogate or assume.
- GOAILL-FOAL'LEY, s. m. incarnation.
- GOAILL-LHUING'YS, v. embarking; s. embarkation.
- GOAILL-NIART, v. prevailing; a. prevalent.
- GOAILL-RAA'D, v. prevailing ; 1 Chron. xxi. 4. GOAILL-RISH', v. acknowledging, admitting ;
- Dy Ghoaill-rish (to acknowledge or admit.)
- GOAILL-STIA'GH, v. including, taking in. GOAILL-TOSH'IAGHT, v. beginning, commencing.
- GOAILL'TYS, s. contagion ; pl. SYN.
- GOAILL-YIN'DYS, v. wondering. See also Gindys.

Nyn GOAIR, qdv. near us, nigh us.

- GOAL, s. the fork of any thing between where the branches, prongs, or legs branch out or diverge; pl. — YN.
- GOAL'-THOO, s. thatch held or made sure on a house, &c., by forks made of briars or wattles, which are cut in short junks, bent, twisted and pointed, and pushed through the thatch into the scraw to bind the thatch on; whence, I suppose, this kind of thatching takes its name; v.

thatching in the above manner; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.

GOAL'-THOOIT, 85. thatched in the above manner.

- GOAL'DAGH, s. m. a guest; pl. 71.
- Cha \*GOAMR OF GOAMREE, v. not clothe or cover with raiment; —AGH; —IN; —INS; —YM; —YMS, 94. C
- Nyn GOAM'REY, s. your, &c. clothing, apparel, raiment. C
- GOAN, s. pl. words. There are scarcely any two words in the Manks that mean exactly the same thing. Focklyn is nearly syn. with this, but focklyn only means a few words; goan means a series of words, a continuation of words, speech; the pl. of Goo.
- GOAN, or (as Dr. Kelly has it in his grammar) GOAUN, a. scarce, rare, hard to be had; it is the latter spelling which is in the prayer book; *Psl.* xii. 1.
- GOAN'LUCK, v. 61. bury, inter; -AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94. O
- GOAN'LUCKEY, v. 61. burying interring.

GOAN'LYS, s. f. spite, malice, hatred, malignity. GOAN'LYSSAGH, a. spiteful, malicious; s. m.

- a spiteful or malicious person ; pl. 71.
- GOAN'STYRNEE OF GOUN'STYRNEE, v. barking, yelping.
- Cha GOARD, v. not agree; -AGH; -IN; --INS; -YM; -YMS, 94.
- Nyn GOARD'AIL, s. your, &c. agreement; pl. -YN. C
- GOAR'DAGHEY, v. ordering, ordaining. O GOAR'DRAIL, v. ordering, ordereth, &c. O

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- GOAR'LEY. See Gorley. Nyn GOAU, s. your, &c. chaff.
- GOAUN. See Goan.

C

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C.

- Nyn GOAYL, s. your, &c. loss.
- GOAYR, s. f. a goat; pl. 76.
- GOAY'RAGH, a. goatish.
- GOAY'REY, a. d. of a goat or goats.
- GOB, s. m. beak, neb, bill; the mouth in contempt.
- GOB DOO, s. m. a muscle.
- GOB'BAG, s. f. a sea dog, a dog fish ; pl. —YN. GOB'BAGHYN, s. pl. muzzles on the mouth. GOB'BAL, v. denying, denies, &c. O
- GOB'BEY, v. budding, springing out of the ground, coming out of the shoot.
- GOB'BRAGH OF GOB'BRAGHEY, v. working. O GOB'LAGHYN, s. pl. compasses, dividers.
- GOBLAN-MAR'REY, s. f. a red-shank.
- Nyn Go'-CHASLYS, s. your, &c. likeness, analogy. C
- GOCK'LEY, v. wording, uttering words. F Nyn GOE, v. your, &c. weeping, grieving. C
- Gog'GAN, s. f. a noggin or piggin ; pl. -YN.
- Nyn Goc'GYL, s. your, &c. cockle or tares.
- Nyn Gogh'AL, s. your, &c. core; pl. YN. C.
- GOGHE, v. (from Gow-agh,) would take.
- Nyn GOH'DYR, s. your, &c. refuse of straw. C. Nyn GOIF, s. your, &c. woman's cap; pl. --YN. Q.
- Nyn GOIGEE, s. your, &c. loom.
- GOIN, v. (from Gow-in,) I would take; -s, id. em.
- Nyn GOIN'NEY, s. your, &c. heath, ling, &c. K

#### GOO

Nyn GOIR'REY, s. your, &c. crucible or fur- nace.	Dy GOOIDSAVE'-LHIAT, v. pro. that thou vouchsafe.
Goir, 85. (from Gow-it,) taken.	GOOIL'LAGH, v. oil, oils, oileth, &c. O
Nyn GOIYN, s. your, &c. greyhound. C	GOOIL'LAGHEY, v. oiling. O
Nyn Gol'BAGH, s. your, &c. heifer ; pl. 72. C	Cha GOOILLEEN', v. not fulfil or perform; -AGH;
Nyn Gol'BEY, s. your, &c. body, trunk, hull. C	-EE; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94. C
Goll, v. going.	Er ny GOOILLEEN'EY, v. hath, &c. been fulfilled,
GOLLAGE', s. f. a fork of any kind but a flesh-	performed, or compensated. C
fork; an earwig; pl. — YN.	Nyn GOOILLEEN'EYDER, s. your, &c. fulfiller, &c.
GOLLAGE'AGH, a. forked, branched.	Cha GOOIN, v. not remember; -AGH; -EE;
Nyn Gol'LAGH, s. your, &c. stallion ; pl. 71. C	-IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94. C
GOLLAN-GEAY'EE, s. a swallow ; pl. GOLLANYN-	Nyn GOOIN'AGHT OF GOOIN'AGHTYN, s. your,
GEAYEE. Prov.— "Cha jean un ghollan-geayee sourey,	&c. memory, or remembrance. C
Ny un Chellagh keylley geurey."	Dy GOOINSHEANS'AGH, adv. consciously. C
GOLL ER MULLAGH CHING, v. going at short	Nyn GOOINSHEANS'E, s. your, &c. conscience.C
notice, in a hurry or bustle.	GOOIR'AGH OT GOOIR'AGHEY, v. 61. earthing. O
GOL'LEYDER, s. m. a goer; pl YN.	Nyn Gooish, s. your, &c. cause; pl YN. C
Nyn Golla'ne, s. your, &c. gut or entrail.	Nyn GOOL'LEY OF GOOYL'LEY. s. your, &c. leaf or valve of a door.
GOL'LISH, v. 61. sweating. O	Goon, s. m. a minister's gown or surplice;
GOLL'REE, adv. p. like her; -ISH, id. em.	plYN.
GOLL'-RHYM, adv. p. like me; -s, id. em.	Cha Goon, v. not help; -AGH; -IN; -INS;
GOLL'.RHYT, adv. p. like thee; -s, id. em.	—умs, 94. С
GOLL'-RISH, adv. p. like him; -YN, id. em. GOLL'-ROO, adv. p. like them; -SYN, id. em.	Nyn Goo'NEY, s. your, &c. help, aid, assistance.C
GOLL'-ROON, adv. p. like us; -YN, id. em.	Nyn Goon'in, s. your, &c. narrowness. C
GOLL RY-CHEILLEY, adv. like one another,	GOON'LAGH OF GOON'LAGHEY, v. abluting, washing.
alike.	Nyn GOON'LACH, s. your, &c. straw. C
GOLL'-TWOAIE, s. m. a rainbow; plYN.	Cha *GOONR OF GOON'REE, v. not exchange;
GOL'MAGH, v. emptieth, &c. F	-AGH; -EE; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS,
GOL'MAGHEY, v. emptying. F	94. C
GOL'TAGHEY, v. saluting ; Luke, x. 4. O	Nyn Goon'REY, s. your, &c. exchange, swop,
Nyn Gol'TAR, s. your, &c. coulter. C	&c. pl. 67.
GOLTOO'AN OF GOLTOOANEY, v. reproaching, reviling scandalizing, &c.	GOO'RAGH OF GOO'RAGHEY, v. refreshing, fresh- ening. O
reviling, scandalizing, &c. O Nyn Gombaas'e, s. your, &c. compass. C	GOORL'LAGH, s. m. the grume of the eye.
Nyn Gombaas E, s. your, &c. fellowship. C	Nyn GOORSE, s. your, &c. course. C
Nyn GONDA'GEYS, S. YOUR, &C. contrariness. C	Nyn GOOYL, s. our, &c. back ; adv. behind us. C
Nyn GONNAA'NT, s. your, &c. covenant or con-	Nyn GOOYL'LOO, adv. behind your, &c. back. C
dition. C	Nyn GOR'AA, s. your, &c. voice; plGHYN. C
Dy GONNAA'SAGH, adv. disdainfully. C	Nyn GORK'EY, s. your, &c. oats; pl. 67. C
Nyn GONNAA'SE, s. your, &c. disdain. C	Nyn GORLA'IG, s. your. &c. coalrake; plYN.C
GON'NAGH, a. (from Guinnagh,) sore, painful;	GOR'LEY OF GOAR'LEY, s. m. a disease.
saucy, peevish.	
GON'NEY, a. pl. scarce; Gen. xli. 50.	
GON'NID OF GON'NYS, s. m. Soreness, as ex- pressed in the following Prov. "Chavel son-	
nys gonnys" (store is no sore).	GAIL'LEY, s. the colic or belly ache.
Nyn Gon'NING, s. your, &c. rabbit. C	GHOL'LAGH, s. a disease causing blind-
Nyn Gon'nysson, v. your, &c. gibing, &c. C	ness, or dimness of sight.
Nyn GONVAYR'T, s. your, &c. carrion, &c. C	PLOOGH'EE, s. the quinsy.
Goo, s. m. word; fame, reputation.	
GOO-YEE', s. m. the word of God, the Scripture.	
Nyn Goo, s. your, &c. greyhound. C	Nyn GORP, s. your, &c. body ; pl. see Girp. C
Nyn Goo'AG, s. your, &c. cuckoo; plYN. C	Nyn Gor'RAG, s. your, &c. hand. See Corrag. C
GOOASH'LAGH, v. 61. worship, worshippeth, &c.O	Nyn Gor'rillagh, s. your, &c. odds. C
GOOASH'LAGHEY, v. 61. worshipping. O	GOR'RYM, s. m. blue. See also Gorm.
Cha *GOOD OF GOO'DEE, v. not cover; -AGH; -EE; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94. C	JIAR'G, s. purple.
Er Goo'DAGHEY, v. hath, &c. covered. C	GLA'ss, s. azure blue, light blue.
Goo'DDIN, s. m. a tubercle, pimple, or small	GORT, a. stale, flat; sour, bitter.
bile.	GORT OF GORTEE, v. hurt; -AGH, 77; -IN, 83;
Nyn Goole'id, s. your, &c. fitness, &c. C	-INS, 84; -IT, 85; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87;
Nyn Gooid, s. your, &c. goods. C	-YS, 88.

GOR'TAGH OF GORTAGHEY, v. hurting.	Cha GRAID, v. not mock or make game; -AGH;
GOR'TAGH, a. parsimonious, stingy, scant.	-EE; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94. C
GOR'TEY, s. m. famine, dearth, scarcity.	Nyn GRAI'DEY, v. your, &c. mocking, scoffing, &c.
GOR'TEYDER, s. m. one who hurts.	Nyn GRAIDOI'LAGH, s. your, &c. mocker, scof-
Er nyn Gosh, s. on your, &c. foot or feet. C	fer, &c. C
GOSH, s. m. what is said to call geese.	Nyn GRAIDOI'LYS, s. your, &c. mockery, scof-
Nyn Gosh'EE, s. your, &c. travellers on foot. C	fery, &c. C
GOSH'TIU OF GOSH'TOO, s. m. f. a sponsor at the baptismal font, a gossip; $pl.$ —YN.	GRAIH, s. f. love; pl YN.
Cha *Gosn or Gosnee, v. not gain, win, &c.	GRAIH'AGH, a. loving, lovesome.
-AGH; -EE;IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS,	Dy GRAIH'AGH, adv. lovingly. GRAIH'ALTEE OF GRAIHDERYN, s. pl. lovers.
94. C	GRAIN ALTEE OF GRAINDERYN, S. pt. lovers. GRAIN'DER, s. m. 2 lover.
Gos'NAGH OF GOSNAGHEY, v. 61. sighing. O	GRAIN-MY-CHREE', s. my heart's love.
Er Gos'NEY, v. hath, &c. gained, profitted. C	GRAIHOIL', a. lovely.
Hyn dos Mirbing, or your, dor gamer, con	Dy GRAIHOIL' OF GRAIHOIL'AGH, adv. lovingly
GOULL, s. a beam or ray; John's day collect. GOU'NAGH, s. f. a cow is so called, strictly	GRAIHOIL'ID OF GRAIHOILYS, s. m. loveliness.
speaking, on being a quarter of a year done	GRAIN, s. m. oat grist.
calving; a stripper; pl. 72.	GRAINN OF GRANNEE, v. grave, carve ; -AGH,
Gou'NEE, a. d. of a stripper or strippers.	77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
Gou'NEY, s. pl. young cattle, between calves	GRAIN'NAGHEY, v. graving, carving.
and heifers; the <i>pl</i> . of <i>Gauin</i> . Nyn GOUR, adv. provided for, towards you,	GRAIN'NEYDER, s. m. a carver, a graver.
your, their, or our, for they, them, you, ye, or	GRAIN'NIT, 85. graved, carved.
us, &c.	GRAIT, 85. said, spoken.
GOUR-Y-CHIO'NE, adv. headlong, by the head.	Nyn GRAIT'NAG, s. your, &c. bat. C
GOUR Y GHIB, adv. face-ways, or mouth-ways.	Nyn GRAIT'NYN, s. your, &c. skins, felts. C
Gov'nys, v. suspecting, surmising, guessing. O	Nyn GRAIU, s. your, &c. crow or lever. C
Cha GOUYR, v. not recover or cure; —AGH; —EE; —IN; —INS; —YM; —YMS, 94. C	Cha GRAIU, v. not corrode or eat away; -AGH;
Nyn Gouy'ral, s. your, &c. recovery, cure. C	-IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94. C Nyn GRAIUAIG', s. your, &c. ruinous state. C
Gow, v. take, receive, go, take thy way; Prov.	Nyn GRAM'MAG, s. your, &c. snail. C
"Gow coyrl bleb son keayrt."	Nyn GRAM'MAN, s. your, &c. lump. C
GOWAGH, v. See Goghe.	GRANG'AN, s. m. a cross peevish person; pl.
GOWAL, v. See Goaill.	-YN.
Gow'EE, v. will or shall take; Gen. xx. 11. Prov. "Gowee bleb rish e voylley as cha;	GRANG'ANAGH, a. crabbed, peevish.
Gow dooinney creeney rish e phlaiynt."	GRANG'ANID OF GRANGANYS, s. m. crabbedness.
GOW HOOD HENE EH, adv. pl. take it or him to	Cha GRANK OT GRONK, v. not knock; —AGH; —IN; —INS; —YM; —YMS, 94. C
thyself.	Nyn GRANK'AL, v. your, &c. knocking. C
GOWIN. See Goin. GOWINS. See Goins.	GRA'NEY, a ugly, deformed, not pretty.
Gowits. See Goit.	GRA'NAGHEY, v. getting ugly or deformed.
Gow-LESH', adv. say on; 1 Sam. xv. 16.	GRA'NID, s. m. ugliness, deformity.
Cha Gowr, v. not mark; -AGH; -EE; -IN;	Nyn GRAN'NAG, s. your, &c. pulpit; plYN. C
INS;YM;YMS, 94. C	GRAN'NEE, s. f. a grandam.
Nyn GowREY, s. your, &c. mark, token, sign,	GRAPE, s. f. an instrument to lift dung.
signification. Gowym, v. See Goym.	Cha GRAPL or GRAPLEE, v. not wrinkle or crumple; -AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS,
Gowyms. See Goyms.	94. C
Gowys. See Goys.	Nyn GRAP'LAG, S. your, &c. wrinkle or crum-
GOYM, v. I will, &c. take; -s, id. em.	ple. C
Nyn GOYRT, v. your, &c. giving. C	GRASH, s. f. a bout of sickness; a job or turn of work.
Goys, v. shall or will take or receive, take, takes.	Nyn GRAUE, s. your, &c. bone. C
taketh, receive, &c.	GRAUE, s. f. grief.
GRA, v. say, saying, saith, sayest.	GRAUE-AASH', s. f. uneasiness, restlessness.
GRA-AGH. See Yiarragh.	GRAUE-AASH'AGH, a. uneasy, restless.
Er nyn GRAA, v. hath, &c. been shook or shaken. C	Nyn GRAU'EEAGHT, s. your, &c. religion, piety,
Cha GRAA, v. not shake; -AGH; -IN; -INS;	&c. C
— YM; — YMS, 94. С	Nyn GRAY, s. your, &c. clay; plGHYN. C
Nyn GRAA'DER, s. your, &c. shaker. C	GRAYSE, s. f. grace; pl. — YN. GRAYSE LHIETTALAGH, s. f. preventing grace.
Nyn GRAC'EAN, s. your, &c. skin. C	GRAYSE LHIETTALAGH, S. J. preventing grace. GRAYSOIL', a. gracious, graceful.
Nyn GRAGH, s. your, &c. carnage, &c. C Nyn GRAGH'EYDER, s. your, &c. spoiler, &c. C	GRAYSOIL', n. gracious, graceful. GRAYSOIL'ID, s. m. gracefulness, graciousness.
WITH LAPACH PUDPD & WORK Sto spoilor Co. A	Our toon with a second brace and the

- Nyn GREA, s. your, &c. creed.
- Nyn GREAGH, s. your, &c. stack, furrow. C GREAIN, s. f. grudge, aversion; a smart felt through the nervous system of the body, on hearing or seeing any thing sudden or awful.
- GREAIN VOGHT ORT, s. (an imprecation,) that thy nerves may be poor.
- GREAS, s. industry in making clothing.
- GREAS'AG, a. industrious housewifery.
- GREA'SEE, s. m. a shoemaker; pl. -YN.
- GREA'SEEVS, s. m. shoemaking, the craft of a shoemaker.
- Cha GRECK, v. not sell; —AGH; —IN; —INS; —YM; —YMS, 94. C
- Nyn GREC'KEYDER, s. your, &c. seller, vender. C
- Cha GRED, v. not hem or grunt; -AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94. K
- GRED-HIASS', s. m. a glowing, grilling, scorching heat. Perhaps the gred in this word is the Manks of the word grid in English; as, gridiron (yiarn greddee).
- GRED OF \*GREDD, v. parch, grill, or roast; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- GRED'DAN, s. f. parched corn; meinn ghreddan (meal of parched corn).
- GRED'DANIT, 85. parched, grilled, roasted.
- GRED'DEE, a. a hot fulsome smell or stink, when applied to smell; as, soar greddee.
- Cha GRED or GREID, v. not believe; -AGH; -EE; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94. C
- Nyn GRED'JAL, v. your, &c. believing.
- Nyn GRED'JUAGH, s. your, &c. believer.
- Nun Canalaur a naur de feith helief
- Nun GRED'JUE, s. your, &c. faith, belief.
- Nyn GREE, s. your, &c. heart; pl. GHYN or —AGHYN. C
- Nyn GREE'AR, s. your, &c. sieve or searce; pl. -YN. C
- GREEISH, s. f. a stair; pl. YN.
- Nyn GREE'NAGHT, s. your, &c. wisdom.
- Nyn GREE'NID, S. your, &c. ripeness.
- \*GREES OF GREESEE, v. stir up to action, kindle to wrath, stimulate; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- GREE'SAGHEY, v. kindling, stirring, stimulating, provoking to action.
- GREE'SAGH, s. f. live ashes, red hot ashes or coals.
- GREE'SEY, v. stirring up, agitating.
- GREE'SEYDER, s. m. a stirrer, a poker; pl. YN.
- GREE'SIT, 85. stirred, agitated, provoked.
- Nyn GREEST, s. our, &c. Christ; pl. -YN.
- Nyn GREES'TEE, s. your, &c. Christian; pl. -NYN. C
- Nyn GREES'TEEAGHT, s. your, &c. sacrament of the Lord's Supper.
- Nyn GREES'TIAGHT, s. your, &c. christianity. C
- Nyn GREG, s. your, &c. rock; pl. YN. C
- Nyn GREG'GAN, s. your, &c. rocky place.
- GREIE, s. m. a tool, gear, instrument, utensil, or implement; pl. - YN.
- GREIGH OF GREIE, v. gear, harness, furnish with tools, gear, or implements; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- GREIGH'EY, v. gearing, harnessing.
- GREIGH'EYDER, s. m. a gearer; a furnisher of

tools or implements; pl. - YN.

Y GREIH, s. the wretch.

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- GREIM OF GREME, s. m. a bite, hold, stitch, gobbet, or bit; pl. —NYN. Prov. "Ta greme ayns traa cooie, sauail nuy."
- GREIM OT \*GREIMM, v. bite, hold; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- GREIM-COLLAN'E, s. f. a gripe.
- GREIM'MEY, pt. biting, stitching, grasping, holding; Exod. xv 14.
- GREIM'MEYDER, s. m. a biter, stitcher, holder. GREIM'MIT, 85. bit, stitched, grasped.
- GREIN, \*GREINN, or GREINNEE, v. encourage, incite, or prompt to action; *Isa*. xiii 17; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- GREIN-AADJYN, s. pl. greaves.
- GREI'NEY, a. d. of, or belonging to, the sun.
- GREIN'NAGHEY, v. encouraging, inciting, to prompt to action.
- GREIN'NEYDER, s. m. an encourager or enciter. GREN'NIT, 85. encouraged, prompt.
- GREIT, 85. geared, harnessed; furnished with tools.
- Cha GREOGH, v. not harden; —AGH; —EE; —IN; —INS; —YM; —YMS, 94. C
- Nyn GREOGH'EY, s. your, &c. hardening. C
- Nyn GREOGH'EYDER, s. your, &c. hardener; pl. -YN. C
- Nyn GREOGH'YS, s. your, &c. hardness or hardship. C
- Nyn GRETOOR', s. your, &c. creature; pl. -YN. C
- GRI'AGHT, s. a group, a drove.
- GRI'AGHTAGH, a. gregarious.
- GRIAN, s. m. sun; pl. YN. I have marked this word of the masculine gender; see Psl. xix. 6; although common usage is against it.
- GRIAN'AGH, a. sunny, sun-shiny.
- GRIB'BEY, s. m. the hollow for dung in a cowhouse; pl. 67.
- Cha GRIB or \*GRIBB, v. not contract or shrink; -AGH;- IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94. C.
- Nyn GRIB'BEY, v. your, &c. contracting, shrinking. C.
- GRIB'BEYDEY, a. a pace of short steps and rather in a hurry.
- GRIG, s. m. the beat of a clock or watch, a second.
- GRIG'YRAGHT, v. beating as a clock or watch.
- GRIN'DER, s. m. a satirist, a taunter; pl. YN.
  GRIN'DERAGH, v. taunting, talking contumeliously.
- GRIN'DEE OF GRIN'DERYN, s. pl. mockers, taunters, ridiculers; Psl. xxxv. 16.
- GRIN'DERYS, s. f. sarcasm.
- GRINE, s. m. a grain ; pl. YN.
- GRINE-ACH'LISH, s. m. a small grain of oats that grows with another.
- GRINE'AGH, a. grainy.
- GRINEEN', s. f. very small grain, a grit.
- GRINEEN'AGH, a. gritty.
- GRINEEN'ID, s. m. grittiness.
- Nyn GRINK OF GROINK, s. your, &c. hills or mounts. C.
- GRINNEY, s. f. a gate, a gateway; pl. 67.

#### GRO

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GRISSNIU'YS. See Groosniuys.	Nyn GROU, s. your, &c. iron shoe; plGHYN. C
GRIU, s. f. the goods that are found in the pos-	GROUIG, s. f. a frown; pl YN; v. frown;
session of a thief or felon; that which crimi-	-AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84;
nates a criminal; Gen. XXX. 33; plGHYN.	-ит, 85; - ум, 86; -умs, 87; -уs, 88.
Nyn GRIY, s. your, &c. gallows. C	GROUIG'AGH, a. having frowns.
Nyn GROAE, s. your, &c. eye of needle. C	GROUIG'EY, v. frowing.
Nyn GROAG, s. your, &c. clutch. C	Nyn GROUT, s. your, &c. trick, craft, C
Nyn GROAGAN'E, s. your, &c. crook. C	Nyn GROU'TID, s. your, &c. craftiness. C
Nyn GROAGH'AN, s. your, &c. gadfly. C	Cha GROU, v. not shoe horses; -AGH; -IN;
Nyn GROAG'LAGH, your, &c. clutch full.	-INS; -YM; -YMS, 94. С
GROAM, s. m. a sad, sorry, or sullen look ; Gen.	Nyn GROUW, s. your, &c. bunch of any thing
iv. 5.	growing on one stem or stalk; plGHYN. C
GROA'MAGH, a. sorrowful, sorry, dejected, sul-	GROUW, a. gloomy, gruff, sulky.
len countenance; Gen. iv. 6.	GROUW'ID, s. m. gloom, sulkiness.
GROA'MID, s. m. sullenness, dejectedness.	Cha GROW, v. not hover; -AGH; -IN; -INS;
Nyn GROAN, s. your, &c. mast. C	YM;YMS, 94. С
	Nyn GROW'AL, v. your, &c. hovering. C
	Cha GROYM OF *GROYMM, v. not stoop or bow;
Nyn GROCKAN, s. your, &c. crock; pl YN. C	-AGH; -IN; -YMS, 94.
Nyn GRODANE', s. your, &c. gurnet; pl YN. C	Er GROYM'MEY, v. hath, &c. stooped or bowed. C
Nyn GROE, s. your, &c. coop; plGHYN. C	
Cha GROGH, v. not hang; -AGH; -IN; - INS;	Nyn GROYN, s. your, &c. nuts, C
-чм; -чмз, 94. C	GRUAI'E, s. f. grimace, a grief worn face, a grim,
Nyn GROGH'EY, v. your, &c. hanging. C	sad, or sorry countenance ; Isaiah, xxv. 8.
Nyn GROGHEY'DER, s. your, &c. hanger, C	GRUANE', s. m. the gill of a fish; $plYN$ .
	Nyn GRUILL, s. your, &c. curve. C
Nyn GROI'AGHT, s. your &c. incest; pl YN. C	Nyn GRUIN, s. your, &c. masts. C
Nyn GROINT, v. your, &c. knots. C	Nyn GRUIN'NEY, s. your, &c. earth, globe, sphere,
Nyn GROIT, s. your, &c. croft. C	orb, &c. ; pl. 67.
Nyn GRON, s. your, &c. nut, reed, scar, mark. C	Nyn GRUIN'NID, s. your, &c. compactness, as
Cha GRONN, v. not descry, discern, see, or be-	being a round body.
hold; -AGH; -EE; -IN; -INS; -YM;	
—тмя, 94. С	Nyn GRUISHT OF GRUISHTYN, s. your, &c. pitcher.
Er GRON'NAGHEY, v. hath &c. descried, dis-	
cerned or seen.	Nyn GRUIT'TAG, s. your, &c. crook back. C
Nyn GRONG'AN, s. your, &c. hillock ; pl YN. C	Nyn GRUIT'TID, s. your, &c. crookedness. C
Nyn GRONK, s. your, &c. hill or mount. C	GRUN'SDYL, s. f. groundsel.
	GRUNT, s. m. ground, bottom, sole; as, grunt my
- you on the you you of the second of the	chass (the sole of my foot).
Nyn GRON'NEEAGHT, s. your &c. doleful lamen-	GRUNT-THIE', s. m. house stead, the ground the
tation; 2. Cron. xxxv. 25. C	house stands on.
Nyn GRON'NEY, s. your, &c. portion, share, al-	GRYLE, s. f. a griddle; plYN.
lotted share. C	GRYN'DER. See Grinder.
Cha GRONT, v. not knot; -AGH; -IN; -INS;	Nyn GRYSS, s. your, &c. girdle, belt, tape. C
—ум; —умs, 94. C	
Nyn GRON'TEY, v. your, &c. knotting, bulbing. C	
GROO, s. m. curd; plGHYN.	Nyn GUAIL, v. to meet us; Gen. xxiv. 60. Q
Nyn GROO, s. your, &c. creation. C	Nyn GUAIYL, s. your, &c. court. Q1
Cha GROO, v. not create; -AGH; -IN; -INS;	GUBB OF GUBBON, s. f. a young gull, guillimot.
-YM; -YMS, 94.	Nyn GUBBEY'R, s. your, &c. cooper. C
Nyn GROO'AG, s. your, &c. grub, maggot. C	GUEE, v. praying, beseeching, intreating : -AGH,
Nyn GROO'BEE, s. your, &c. lame folk. C	77; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87;
	-ys, 88; Jer. xi. 14.
Nyn GROO'BID, s. your &c. lameness. C	GUEEIT, 85. prayed, besought.
GROO'BIN, s. m. a cooper's tool, crowis, groover.	Nyn GUEEYL, s. your, &c. wheel. Q
Nyn GROOIN OF GRUIN, s. pl. mast. C	GUESS, s. m. a time observer; 2 Kings, xxi. 6.
Nyn GROOIN'NEY, s. your, &c. creation of earth,	N. C
a globe, sphere, or orb. See Crooinney. C	
GROOSNIU'YS OF GROONOAYS, s. m. biestings	Nyn GUIG'GAL, s. your, &c. distaff; plYN. Q
or new curd, made of the milk of a cow newly	Nyn GUILL, s. your, &c. quill; pl YN. C
done calving.	GUILLIN'EY, v. 61. elbowing.
Nyn GROSH, s. your, &c. cross. C	Nyn GUILLEE, s. your, &c. backroom. C.
Cha GROSH, v. not cross; -AGH; -IN; -INS;	Nyn GUILLEI'G, s. your, &c. nook. C.
- YM; -YMS, 94. C	GUIL'LEY, s. m. a boy ; pl. 69.
Nyn GROS'SAN, s. your, &c. coral. C	GUIL'LEYBIN'G, s. m. the herb cockshead medic.
Nyn GROS'SEY, v. your, &c thwarting. C	
	GUIL'LEYGLASS OF -GLESH, s. m. a lockman, more literally a lockboy. Were this the name
Nyn GROT'TAG, s. your, &c. curlew; pl YN. C	of a turnkey, it would seem more applicable
GROU'DLE, s. m. a crowder ; pl YN or 76.	For the meaning of glass or glesh in this word.
and the second second a first second second	a grow of grow in the word.

#### GUS

GUIN or \*GUINN, s. m. a pain, an acute pain. This is thought to be the original Manks of pain; v. to pain or give pain; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.

Nyn GUIN'NAG, s. your, &c. snuff horn or box. C GUIN'NAGH, a. painful, sore. We pronounce this word Gonnagh.

GUIN'NEY, v. paining, giving pain.

- GUINT, 85. pained, a sudden pain as shot in some part of the body, an elf shot.
- GUIN'TAGH, s. m. one who is pained or wound-
- ed; the pl. 71, is in Ez. xxvi. 15 and xxviii. 23. GUIRR, v. hatch, hatching, &c.; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.

Nyn GUIRR, v. your, &c. sowing.

GUIR'RAGH, a. adle, rotten; clucking; fowls are said to be so when in a hatching state.

- Nyn GUIR'RAGHYN, s. your, &c. feasts, ban-C quets.
- Er nyn GUIR'REY, v. hath, &c. been bidden or invited. C

GUIRT, 85. hatched.

- Nyn GUISH'LIN, s. your, &c. vein; pl. YN. C GUIY, s. m. a goose.
- GULL, v. howl, yell; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88; Jer. XXV. 34.
- GUL'LAL OF GULLYRNEE, v. howling, yelling; Jer. ii. 15.
- Nyn GUL'LEE, s. your, &c. tackle, apparatus, or equipage; your, &c. colours. C C
- Nyn GUL'LYR, s. your, &c. colour.
- Cha GUM or \*GUMM, v. not hold; -A9H; -EE; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94.
- Cha GUMM, v. not form ; -AGH ; -IN ; -INS ; -YM; -YMS, 94.
- Nyn Gum'MAL, s. your, &c. holding or dwelling. Nyn GUM'MALTAGH, s. your, dweller or holder. C Nyn GUM'MEY s. your, &c. form ; pl. 67.
- Nagh GUM'MEY, adv. no matter, never mind.
- Cha GUMR, v. not hinder ; -AGH ; -IN ; -INS ; -YM; -YMS, 94. C
- Nyn GUMRAI'L, v. your, &c. hindering.
- Nyn GUMRAI'LYS, s. your, &c. hinderance. GUO'IEE, s. pl. geese; the pl. of Guiy.

Nyn Guoir, s. your, &c. woman's cap.

- GUR EH MIE EU, God send you good, thank you. C
- Nyn GURLEAD, s. your, &c. coverlid,
- Nyn GUR'MYN, s. your, &c. duties.
- Nyn GURNEEI'N, s. your, &c. pet, huff, &c.
- Nyn GURN, s. your, &c. can.
- Nyn GUR'NAGHT, s. your, &c. wheat.
- Nyn GURP, s. your, &c. haunch, pl.-YN. Nyn Gur'RAG, s. your, &c. See Currag. Nyn GUR'RAGH, s. your, &c. bog, fen, &c.
- C Nyn GUR'RYM, s. your, &c. duty. Nyn GUR'TAN, s. your, &c. curtain ; pl. - YN. C C Nyn Gus'HAG, s. your, &c. See Cushag.
- Cha GUSHT, v. not whip; -AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94.

85

- GWEE, v. curse; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- GWEE'AGHYN, v. cursing.
- GWEE'DER, s. m. a curser; pl. -YN.
- GWEE'IT, 85. cursed.

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- Gy, pre. to; a contraction of Gys.
- GYERE, a. sour, tart, sharp, strict, rigid, rigorous; v. sour, &c.; -AGH, 77; -E, 80; -YS, 88.
- GYERE'AGHEY, v. souring, sharpening.
- GYE'REY, a. pl. sour, sharp, strict.
- Gye'rid, s. m. sourness, sharpness.
- GyE'RIT, 85. soured, sharpened.
- GYER'SNAGH, s. m. a smart ; pl. -YN.
- GYL'LAGH, v. 61. shouting, calling. Prov. "Yn oghe gyllagh toyn losht da'n aiee."
- GYM'MILT OF GYM'MILTEY, v. 61. rolling or tumbling as a horse will after work, wallowing; 2 Pet. ii. 22.
- GYM'MYRCH, v. in need or necessity.
- GYM'MYRKEY, v, bearing, bearing up, bringing forth, behaving, sustaining.
- GYM'MYRT, v. 61. rowing, rowing with oars. Y GYN, pre. without.
- GYN-DOOYT, adv. without doubt.
- GYN'DYR, v. 61. grazing, browsing, feeding on grass.
- GYN-Eï'E, adv. without meddling, besides. Jud. XX. 17.
- GYN-GRAYSE, adv. graceless.
- GYN-GRUN'T, adv. bottomless, without bottom.
- GYN-LHEI'HYS, adv. incurable; 2 Chron. xxi 18.
- GYN-LOGH'T, adv. without crime or guilt, innocent.
- GYN-LOGH'TYNID, s. m. guiltlessness.
- GYN-OAYL, a. foreign.
- GYN-OA'YL'TAGH, s. m. a foreigner; pl. 71.
- GYN-OAYL'TYS, s. m. foreignness.
- GYN-OYR, adv. without cause.
- GYN'SAGH OF GYNSAGHEY, v. 61. teaching, learning.
- GYN-TOR'T, a. without thought or consideration ; s. incircumspection.
- GYNG'IRAGHT, v. 61. gathering pus or matter, festering, hatching some ill.
- GYN-YS's, a. unknown, without knowledge of. GYRN, v. snarl, grin; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.

GYR'NAL, v. snarling, grinning.

Gys, pre. to, till, until. This is not the word used before verbs. See Dy. Gys and dys are used before other words; dys in colloquial, and gys in sacred and solemn.

As H is not a 'radical initial in the Manks language, it is not to be expected that all the branch words which might be brought under it will appear here; so many, however, are

incorted as will show how the changes	
inserted as will show how the changes effected. See Remark 14, and also 40, 44,	
56, 59, 139, and 163.	
HA, in. of abhorrence or dislike.	
E HAAGH, s. his vessel.	S
HAAGH, v. frequented, did frequent; -AC -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94.	T T
Dy HAAG'HEY, v. to frequent.	T
Ro HAAG'HIT, 85. too frequented.	T
E HAAGHT, s. her lodging.	Α
	IN;
-INS; -YM; -YMS, 94.	T
Dy HAAI'LEY, s. of brine or salt water. E HAAL, s. his adze; her fork.	S
HAAL, v. flowed, or did flow, as milk to	F.A
udder; -AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -Y	
94.	т
Dy HAA'LEY, v. to flow with milk.	Т
E HAA'LID, s. her beauty or comeliness.	A
E HAANE, s. her liver; $pl YN$ . E HAAN'RIT, s. her linen cloth.	A
HAARE, v. did catch, caught. See Hayr.	T
E HAAR'LAGH, s. her cooking.	A
Dy HAAR'NAGH, s. of thunder; pl. 72.	T
Dy HAAR'NAGHEY, v. to thunder.	т
Sheean HAAR'NEE, a. d. the sound or noise	
thunder.	Т
Ny HAART, s. a defeat, rout, or overthrow.	Т
Ny HAART'YS, s. a desolation. E HAASE, s. her growth.	A
E HAASE, s. his mean or method.	S
E HAASH, s. her ease or rest.	Ã
Ny HAAUE, a. idle. Prov. "Cha vow laue	ny
haaue veg."	Т
My HAAUE, s. my safety; Acts, vii. 49.	S
E HAAUE, s. his saw; plYN. Dy HAAU'YRNEE, v. to reach in vomiting.	S T
E HABA'NE, s. her ankle.	A
E HAC'CAN, s. her moan.	A
E HAC'CYRYS, s. her hunger.	A
	S.T
E HAE'GID, s. her youth.	A
E HAG'GAD, s. his tack or small nail.	т
E HAG'GINDYS, s. her willingness.	A
Ny HAG'GLISH, s. of the Church or body of lievers.	be- A
E HAG'GLE, s. her fear.	A
Dy HAG'GLOO, v. to talk.	T
Er HAG'GLOO, v. hath, &c. talked.	т
E HAG'GYRT, s. his parson or priest.	s
E HAG'GYRTYS, s. his ministry or priesthood.	. s
E HAGH'IN, s. her petition.	A
HAGHN OF HAGH'NEE, v. did spare, spar- shunned, or evaded; —AGH; —IN; —IN	
-YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.	S
Dy HAGH'NEY, v. to spare, shun or eschew.	S
HAGHR OF HAGHYR, v. happened, did happe	
-AGH; -IN; -INS; -YMS; -YS, 94.	T
E HAGHT, s. her skill, &c.	A
	Сн Сн
Dy HAGH'YRT, v. to happen.	T
E HAGH'YS, s. his itch.	T
Ro HAGH'YSSAGH, a. too itchy.	T
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# ĤAN

HAGL OF HAGGIL, v. did gather or gather	
Exd. xvi. 18. Dy HAG'LEY OF HAGLYM, v. to gather.	Сн
E HAHLL, s. his saim or fat, blubber on fish.	S
E HAICK OF HEICK, s. his sacks.	S
E HAIE, s. his satiety, his enough.	S
E HAïge, s. her kiln.	A
E HAIG'NEY, s. her mind, &c. Luke, ii. 19.	A
E HAILE, s. her fire.	A
HAILL, v. did salt; -AGH; -IN; -INS; -Y	
-YNS; $-YS$ , 94. E HAILL, s. her wages or hire.	S F
Dy HAIL'LEY, v. to salt.	rS
E HAIL'LEYDER, s. his salter.	S
Ro HAILJEY, a. too salt.	S
E HAIL'JID OF HAILJYS, s. his saltness.	S
Ro HAILT, a. too salted.	s
E HAIN'JYS, s. her acquaintance.	Α
	Сн
E HAINLE, s. her angel; pl. 69.	A
Ny HAINLE'YN, s. the angels.	A
E HAIRH, s. her gold. E HAIT'NYS, s. his pleasure.	A T
Ro HAIT'NYSSAGH, a. too pleasing.	T
My HAIT'TIN, v. if I would have pleasure	or
delight.	T
My HAIT'TYM, v. if I will have pleasure &c. i -s, id. em.	n : T
E HAIT'TYS, s. her, &c. See Aittys.	A
E HA'LEE, s. his quest or pursuit.	s
Dy HALK'-NOA, of spick and span new.	т
HALE, v. did walk; —AGH; —IN; —INS; —Y —YMS; —YS, 94.	M; T
Dy HALK'AL, v. to walk slowly.	T
E HAL'LAGH, s. his murmuring.	т
Ny HAL'LEY, a. d. of the hall ; Luke, xxii. 7.	
E HAL'LID, s. his twinkling.	S
E HAL'LOO, s. his land, earth.	т
HALLOOI'N, a. d. of land or earth.	т
Ro HALLOOI'NAGH, a. to earthly.	T
E HAL'MANE, s. his mushroom. E HAM'ARK, his shamrock.	S
E HAM'BYL, s. his sample.	SS
E HAM'MAG, s. his bush. Prov. " Ta drogh has	
mag ny share na magher foshlit."	
Ro HAM'MAGAGH, a. too bushy.	т
E HAM'MAN, s. her tail.	F
E HAM'MVLT, s. his while.	T
E HAM'MVS, s. her obeisance. E HAMPLEY'R, s. his example.	AS
T. W	or
empty bellied.	S
Dy HANG'AGH, v. to become lank.	s
E HANG'ID OF HANG'YS, s. his lankness.	s
E HANGLA'NE, s. his lank creature.	S
Ny HAN'MEY, a. d. of the soul.	A
HANN, v. did make thin or thinned; -AGE -IN;INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.	T T
*HANN OF HAN'NEE, v. did abide, continue, ta	r-
ry, or endure; -AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM	1;
-YMS; -YS, 94.	Т
Dy HANNAGHT OF HANNAGH'TYN, to continu	e,

HAN'NAH, adv. already, before now, heretofo	
Ro HAN'NEY, a. too thin.	T
E HAN'NISH, s. his whisper.	S
E HANNOO'NID, s. her weakness. E HAN'NYM, s. her soul.	A A
E HAN'NYM, s. her sour. E HAN'NYS, s. his tenantry or tenant.	T
E HANSOO'R, s. her answer.	A
E HAN'STYR, s. his elder or senator.	S
E HANVEA', s. her discord or strife.	A
E HAP, s. his wisp; his shop.	S
E HAPP, s. his top; plYN,	т
E HAP'PAG, s. his tuft.	т
	ii.
24. Use on Useen a did commond on commonde	S
HAR OF HAREE, v. did command or commande -AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -Y	
94.	S
HARBAA', v. did wean or weaned ; -AGH ; -II	
,,,,	н
	н
E HARD'JYN, s. her coasts.	A
E HARD-VAL'LEY, s. her city. Dy HA'REY, v. to command or enjoin.	AS
E HA'REYDER, s. his commander.	S
E HAR'GANE, s. her dispute or contest.	A
Ro HA'RIT, 85. too enjoined or commanded.	S
HARLHE'IM, v. did alight; -AGH; -IN; -IN;	8;
YM; YMS; YS, 94.	т
E HARMA'NE, s. his sermon; his alarm. S.	
E HARMAY'NYS, s. his economy.	T
HARN, s. (from Sarn) Saturday; Prov. Ta Eay harn sy vayrnt dyliooar ayns shiaght bleeaney.	
My *HARR OF HARRAGH, v. if go or come	
-IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94.	Ć
E HAR'RAGH, s. his foal, his girt. S.	-
HAR'REE, a. d. of a foal or foals; as, laai	100
harree. HAR'REE, p. p. over her; —ISH, id. em.	S
HAR'RIN, p. p. over us; -YN, id. em.	
HAR'RID OF HAR'RYD, $p. p. over thee; -s, in$	1.
em.	
HAR'RIN, p. I would go or come. See Roin.	
HAR'RISH, p. p. over, over him; -IN, id. em.	
HAR'RISHDIU, p. p. over you or ye, or	
HAR'RIU, p. p. over you or ye; 1. Cor. ix. 19 The em. of this and the preceding word is	2.
HARRISH Y CHIO'NE, above value.	
	г
	s
E HAR'ROO, s. her corn.	1
	1
E HAR'ROO, s. her corn. HAR'ROO, p. p. over them ; —syn, id. em.	r
E HAR'ROO, s. her corn. HAR'ROO, p. p. over them; —syn, id. em. Ro HARROOG'H, a. too thrifty. E HARROOG'HID, s. his thriftiness or thrift.	
E HAR'ROO, s. her corn. $A$ HAR'ROO, p. p. over them; $-syn, id. em.$ $Ro$ HARROOG'H, a. too thrifty. $E$ HARROOG'HID, s. his thriftiness or thrift.HAR'RYM, p. p. over me; $-s, id. em.$	r
E HAR'ROO, s. her corn. HAR'ROO, p. p. over them; $-syn$ , id. em. Ro HARROOG'H, a. too thrifty. E HARROOG'HID, s. his thriftiness or thrift. HAR'RYM, p. p. over me; $-s$ , id. em. HAR'RYSIN, p. p. over him, em. See [also	r
E HAR'ROO, s. her corn. HAR'ROO, p. p. over them; —syn, id. em. Ro HARROOG'H, a. too thrifty. E HARROOG'HID, s. his thriftiness or thrift. HAR'RYM, p. p. over me; —s, id. em. HAR'RYSIN, p. p. over him, em. See [also Harrishin.	r
E HAR'ROO, s. her corn. HAR'ROO, p. p. over them; —SYN, id. em. Ro HARROOG'H, a. too thrifty. E HARROOG'HID, s. his thriftiness or thrift. HAR'RYM, p. p. over me; —s, id. em. HAR'RYSIN, p. p. over him, em. See [also Harrishin. HAR'RYSTOO, p. p. over them. See Harroo.	r
E HAR'ROO, s. her corn. HAR'ROO, p. p. over them; —syn, id. em. Ro HARROOG'H, a. too thrifty. E HARROOG'HID, s. his thriftiness or thrift. HAR'RYM, p. p. over me; —s, id. em. HAR'RYSIN, p. p. over him, em. See [also Harrishin. HAR'RYSTOO, p. p. over them. See Harroo. E HARVAAN'T, s. his servant.	
<ul> <li>E HAR'ROO, s. her corn.</li> <li>HAR'ROO, p. p. over them; -syn, id. em.</li> <li>Ro HARROOG'H, a. too thrifty.</li> <li>E HARROOG'HID, s. his thriftiness or thrift.</li> <li>HAR'RYM, p. p. over me; -s, id. em.</li> <li>HAR'RYSIN, p. p. over him, em. See [also Harrishin.</li> <li>HAR'RYSTOO, p. p. over them. See Harroo.</li> <li>E HARVAAN'T, s. his servant.</li> <li>Ro HASH, a. too damp.</li> <li>Dy HASH'AGH, v. to dampen.</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>E HAR'ROO, s. her corn.</li> <li>HAR'ROO, p. p. over them; -syn, id. em.</li> <li>Ro HARROOG'H, a. too thrifty.</li> <li>E HARROOG'HID, s. his thriftiness or thrift.</li> <li>HAR'RYM, p. p. over me; -s, id. em.</li> <li>HAR'RYSIN, p. p. over him, em. See [also Harrishin.</li> <li>HAR'RYSTOO, p. p. over them. See Harroo.</li> <li>E HARVAAN'T, s. his servant.</li> <li>Ro HASH, a. too damp.</li> <li>Dy HASH'AGH, v. to dampen.</li> <li>E HASH'ID, s. his dampness.</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>E HAR'ROO, s. her corn.</li> <li>HAR'ROO, p. p. over them; -syn, id. em.</li> <li>Ro HARROOG'H, a. too thrifty.</li> <li>E HARROOG'HID, s. his thriftiness or thrift.</li> <li>HAR'RYM, p. p. over me; -s, id. em.</li> <li>HAR'RYSIN, p. p. over him, em. See [also Harrishin.</li> <li>HAR'RYSTOO, p. p. over them. See Harroo.</li> <li>E HARVAAN'T, s. his servant.</li> <li>Ro HASH, a. too damp.</li> <li>Dy HASH'AGH, v. to dampen.</li> <li>E HASH'ID, s. his dampness.</li> </ul>	

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- 1	4.1	20	A
	11	-12	s

HASHT, v. did treasure up in store; -	AGH ;
-IN; -INS; -YM; -YM; -YS, 94.	Т
HASH'TEE, a. d. of treasure.	Т
Dy HASH'TEY, v. to treasure or store-	т
E HASH'TEYDER, s. his treasurer.	Т
Ro HASH'TIT, 85. too treasured.	Т
HASS, v. did stand, stood; —AGH; —IN; – —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94.	-INS; S
HASS EE, p. she stood.	S
E HAS'SEE, s. her hurt or harm.	A
Dy HASS'LAGH, s. of bent.	S
E HASS'LAYNT, s. her illness.	A
Dy Has'soo, v. to stand.	S
E HAS'SYL, s. her ass.	Ã
HAST. See Hiast.	
HAST, v. did heed or heeded; -AGH; -	-IN;
-INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.	Т
Ro HAST'AGH, a. too sharp of notice; G hastagh (sharp of notice, heedful.)	yere T
Dy HAST'AL, v. to heed, to attend to what said, done, bid, or directed.	at is T
E HAST'AN, s. her conger or eel.	Α
E HAST'DER, s. his thresher.	Т
E HAST'EY OF HAST'ID, s. his intellect, saga	
heed, notice.	Т
Dy HAUAI'L, v. to save.	S
Dty HAUAL'TAGH, s. thy Saviour.	S
Dty HAUALTYS, s. thy salvation. *HAU or HAUE, v. did save or saved; $-A$	S
-IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.	GH ; S
E HAUE'CHYS, s. his safety.	S
Dy HAU'IN, of Hollantide, of the 1st of Nov	
ber, or as it is now, the 12th.	S
HAULT, v. halt, stand still; 2 Sam. ii. 28.	
Ny HAW'IN, a. d. of the river.	A
E HAW'IN, s. her river.	A
Dty HAYLL, s. thy turn in rotation.	S
Dty HAYNT, s. thy covetousness.	S
Ro HAYNTOI'LAGH, a. too covetous. E HAYR, s. her father; pl. —AGHYN.	S
HAVR or *HAVRR, v. caught, catched, or	A
catch; -AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -Y	MS:
-YS, 94. Prov. "Eshyn ghuirrys shei	lley
hayrrys skeilley." Dty HAY'RAGHYN, s. thy sisters; Ez. xvi. 4	T
E HAY'REE, s. his worthless catch.	л. Б Т
E HAY'REY, a. d. of his sister, of her father	_
fath and flan marker 10	S.A.
E HAYRN, s. her share; pl YN.	A
	IN;
-INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.	T
E HAYR'NEYDER, s. his drawer.	Т
Ro HAYR'NIT, 85. too drawn. HEA, v. did flee, fled ; —AGH ; —IN ; —IN	T
-YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.	Сн
	Сн
E HEA'DAGH, v. her being jealous.	E
E HEAD'DAGH, s. her clothes; pl. 72.	E
E HEADO'LYS, s. her jealousy.	E
*HEAGHN OF HEAGHNEE, v. did trouble or a	
tate; -AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YM -YS, 94.	IS; S
Dy HEAGH'NEY, v. to trouble, afflict, or agitat	
E HEAGH'NEYDER, s. his troubler.	S
Ro HEAGH'NIT, 85. too troubled or afflicted.	

#### HEE

	-
E HEAGH'TYR, s. her surface.	E
E HEAGHYN, s. his trouble or affliction.	S
E HEAIRE, v. her horn.	E
E HEAISH'TEYDER, s. her listener.	E
E HEA'JEEYS, s. her odiousness.	E
E HEAM, s. her call, cry, or shout.	E
	F
E HEA'NISH, s. her witness.	E
Ny HEA'RISHYN, s. the weather, the times.	1920
E HEAR'ROO, s. her number.	E
Ny HEAS'HYN, s. the ages, the generations.	E
HEAUM, v. did teem, teemed; -AGH; -I	Ni
-INS; -IT; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.	T
Dy HEAU'MEY, v. to teem or pour.	Т
E HEAU'MEYDER, s. his teemer.	т
Ro HEAU'MIT, 85. too teemed or emptied.	Т
Ny HEAVIN, s. the lambs.	E
E HEAVL, s. her lime.	E
E HEAYM, s. his whin.	т
Ro HEAY'MAGH, a. too whimsical.	T
HEAYN OF HEAYNEE, v. did pray or ejaculat -AGH; -IN; -INS; -IT; -YM; -YM	s :
$-x_{GH}$ ; $-i_{N}$ ; $-i_{N}$ ; $-i_{T}$ ; $-i_{M}$ ; $-i_$	ś
Dy HEAY'NEY, v. to pray or ejaculate for pl	-07
tection, peace, &c.	S
Ny HEAYN'NEE, a. d. of the precipice or hogh	E
	E
Ny HEAYST, a. d. of the moon.	-
HEAYSTN OF HEAYSTNEE, v. did knead	
kneaded; -AGH; -IN; -INS; -IT; -Y	M;
-YMS; -YS, 94.	T
Dy HEAYST'NEY, v. to knead.	T
HEB OF *HEBB, v. offered, did offer, bade or	did
bid; -AGH; -IN; -INS; -IT; -YM; -YM	CH
10, 51.	
Dy Hub bird, of to only once of Freedom	Сн
HEC'KYL, s. m. a hackle; plYN.	
HED, v. will, wilt, or shall, shalt go.	
HED-00, v. (pronounced He'oo) thou wilt g	50;
Hed is used for go, Hig for come. See 62.	
E HEDD, s. her hat, her nest.	E
E HED'DIN, s. her face.	E
E HEE, s. his peace	S
HEE, v. will, wilt, shall, shalt see ; -AGH ; -I	
-IN; -INS; -M; -MS; -VS, 94. The y in	SE ;
any aroy my moy roy or ano y an	ym
and yms is not used; but m and ms in the p	ym ro-
and yms is not used; but m and ms in the p nominals of this verb, 62.	ym ro- F.
and yms is not used; but m and ms in the p	ym ro-
and <i>yms</i> is not used; but <i>m</i> and <i>ms</i> in the p nominals of this verb, 62.	ym ro- F.
and yms is not used; but m and ms in the p nominals of this verb, 62. E HEEA'BYN, s. his soap. Ro HEEA'BYNAGH, a. too soapy.	ym ro- F.
and yms is not used; but m and ms in the p nominals of this verb, 62. E HEEA'BYN, s. his soap. Ro HEEA'BYNAGH, a. too soapy. E HEEAC'KLE, s. her tooth.	ym F.S.S.E
and yms is not used; but m and ms in the p nominals of this verb, 62. E HEEA'BYN, s. his soap. Ro HEEA'BYNAGH, a. too soapy. E HEEAC'KLE, s. her tooth. Dty HEEAN, s. thy sound or noise.	ym F. S S E S
and yms is not used; but m and ms in the p nominals of this verb, 62. E HEEA'BYN, s. his soap. Ro HEEA'BYNAGH, a. too soapy. E HEEAC'KLE, s. her tooth. Dty HEEAN, s. thy sound or noise. Ro HEEAN'AGH, a. too noisy.	ym F. S S E S S
and yms is not used; but m and ms in the p nominals of this verb, 62. E HEEA'BYN, s. his soap. Ro HEEA'BYNAGH, a. too soapy. E HEEAC'KLE, s. her tooth. Dty HEEAN, s. thy sound or noise. Ro HEEAN'AGH, a. too noisy. HEEAR, a. in the west, western.	ym F.S.S.E.S.S.S.S.S.S.S.S.
and yms is not used; but m and ms in the p nominals of this verb, 62. E HEEA'BYN, s. his soap. Ro HEEA'BYNAGH, a. too soapy. E HEEAC'KLE, s. her tooth. Dty HEEAN, s. thy sound or noise. Ro HEEAN'AGH, a. too noisy. HEEAR, a. in the west, western. HEEAR-ASS, a. in the south-west.	ym-F.SSESSSS
and yms is not used; but m and ms in the p nominals of this verb, 62. E HEEA'BYN, s. his soap. Ro HEEA'BYNAGH, a. too soapy. E HEEAC'KLE, s. her tooth. Dty HEEAN, s. thy sound or noise. Ro HEEAN'AGH, a. too noisy. HEEAR, a. in the west, western. HEEAR-ASS, a. in the south-west. HEEB or *HEEBB, v. blew, blasted, did blo	ym F.SSESSS;
and yms is not used; but m and ms in the p nominals of this verb, 62. E HEEA'BYN, s. his soap. Ro HEEA'BYNAGH, a. too soapy. E HEEAC'KLE, s. her tooth. Dty HEEAN, s. thy sound or noise. Ro HEEAN'AGH, a. too noisy. HEEAR, a. in the west, western. HEEAR-ASS, a. in the south-west. HEEB or *HEEBB, v. blew, blasted, did blo -AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -	ym F.SSESSSS;
and yms is not used; but m and ms in the p nominals of this verb, 62. E HEEA'BYN, s. his soap. Ro HEEA'BYNAGH, a. too soapy. E HEEAC'KLE, s. her tooth. Dty HEEAN, s. thy sound or noise. Ro HEEAN'AGH, a. too noisy. HEEAR, a. in the west, western. HEEAR-ASS, a. in the south-west. HEEB or *HEEBB, v. blew, blasted, did blo -AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; - 94; Hag. i. 9.	WTOF. S S E S S S S ;; S
and yms is not used; but m and ms in the p nominals of this verb, 62. E HEEA'BYN, s. his soap. Ro HEEA'BYNAGH, a. too soapy. E HEEAC'KLE, s. her tooth. Dty HEEAN, s. thy sound or noise. Ro HEEAN'AGH, a. too noisy. HEEAR, a. in the west, western. HEEAR-ASS, a. in the south-west. HEEB or *HEEBB, v. blew, blasted, did blo -AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; - 94; Hag. i. 9. E HEE'BANE, s. his wind, or thing driven w	ym F.S.S.E.S.S.S.S.S.S.S.S.S.S.S.S.S.S.S.S.
<ul> <li>and yms is not used; but m and ms in the p nominals of this verb, 62.</li> <li>E HEEA'BYN, s. his soap.</li> <li>Ro HEEA'BYNAGH, a. too soapy.</li> <li>E HEEAC'KLE, s. her tooth.</li> <li>Dty HEEAN, s. thy sound or noise.</li> <li>Ro HEEAN'AGH, a. too noisy.</li> <li>HEEAR, a. in the west, western.</li> <li>HEEAR-ASS, a. in the south-west.</li> <li>HEEB or *HEEBB, v. blew, blasted, did blo -AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; - 94; Hag. i. 9.</li> <li>E HEE'BANE, s. his wind, or thing driven w the wind.</li> </ul>	ym F. S S E S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S
<ul> <li>and yms is not used; but m and ms in the p nominals of this verb, 62.</li> <li>E HEEA'BYN, s. his soap.</li> <li>Ro HEEA'BYNAGH, a. too soapy.</li> <li>E HEEAC'KLE, s. her tooth.</li> <li>Dty HEEAN, s. thy sound or noise.</li> <li>Ro HEEAN'AGH, a. too noisy.</li> <li>HEEAR, a. in the west, western.</li> <li>HEEAR-ASS, a. in the south-west.</li> <li>HEEB or *HEEBB, v. blew, blasted, did blo -ACH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -94; Hag. i. 9.</li> <li>E HEE'BANE, s. his wind, or thing driven w the wind.</li> <li>Er HEE'BEY, v. hath, &amp;c. blown or blew av</li> </ul>	ym ro- F. S S E S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S
<ul> <li>and yms is not used; but m and ms in the p nominals of this verb, 62.</li> <li>E HEEA'BYN, s. his soap.</li> <li>Ro HEEA'BYNAGH, a. too soapy.</li> <li>E HEEAC'KLE, s. her tooth.</li> <li>Dty HEEAN, s. thy sound or noise.</li> <li>Ro HEEAN'AGH, a. too noisy.</li> <li>HEEAR, a. in the west, western.</li> <li>HEEAR-ASS, a. in the south-west.</li> <li>HEEB or *HEEBB, v. blew, blasted, did blo -AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -94; Hag. i. 9.</li> <li>E HEE'BANE, s. his wind, or thing driven w the wind.</li> <li>Er HEE'BEY, v. hath, &amp;c. blown or blew aw with the wind.</li> </ul>	ym ro-F. S S E S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S
<ul> <li>and yms is not used; but m and ms in the p nominals of this verb, 62.</li> <li>E HEEA'BYN, s. his soap.</li> <li>Ro HEEA'BYNAGH, a. too soapy.</li> <li>E HEEAC'KLE, s. her tooth.</li> <li>Dty HEEAN, s. thy sound or noise.</li> <li>Ro HEEAN'AGH, a. too noisy.</li> <li>HEEAR, a. in the west, western.</li> <li>HEEAR-ASS, a. in the south-west.</li> <li>HEEB or *HEEBB, v. blew, blasted, did blo -AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -94; Hag. i. 9.</li> <li>E HEE'BANE, s. his wind, or thing driven w the wind.</li> <li>Er HEE'BEV, v. hath, &amp;c. blown or blew aw with the wind.</li> <li>Ro HEE'BIT, 85. too driven or drifted.</li> </ul>	ym ro- F. S S E S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S
<ul> <li>and yms is not used; but m and ms in the p nominals of this verb, 62.</li> <li>E HEEA'BYN, s. his soap.</li> <li>Ro HEEA'BYNAGH, a. too soapy.</li> <li>E HEEAC'KLE, s. her tooth.</li> <li>Dty HEEAN, s. thy sound or noise.</li> <li>Ro HEEAN'AGH, a. too noisy.</li> <li>HEEAR, a. in the west, western.</li> <li>HEEAR-ASS, a. in the south-west.</li> <li>HEEB or *HEEBB, v. blew, blasted, did blo -AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -94; Hag. i. 9.</li> <li>E HEE'BANE, s. his wind, or thing driven w the wind.</li> <li>Er HEE'BEY, v. hath, &amp;c. blown or blew aw with the wind.</li> <li>Ro HEE'BIT, 85. too driven or drifted.</li> <li>E HEECK, s. her payment,</li> </ul>	ym ro-F. S S E S S S S S S S yrs, S S With S Way S S E
<ul> <li>and yms is not used; but m and ms in the p nominals of this verb, 62.</li> <li>E HEEA'BYN, s. his soap.</li> <li>Ro HEEA'BYNAGH, a. too soapy.</li> <li>E HEEAC'KLE, s. her tooth.</li> <li>Dty HEEAN, s. thy sound or noise.</li> <li>Ro HEEAN'AGH, a. too noisy.</li> <li>HEEAR, a. in the west, western.</li> <li>HEEAR-ASS, a. in the south-west.</li> <li>HEEB or *HEEBB, v. blew, blasted, did blo -AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -94; Hag. i. 9.</li> <li>E HEE'BANE, s. his wind, or thing driven w the wind.</li> <li>Er HEE'BEV, v. hath, &amp;c. blown or blew aw with the wind.</li> <li>Ro HEE'BIT, 85. too driven or drifted.</li> </ul>	ym ro- F. S S E S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S

#### HEI

HEAGH'TYR, s. her surface.	Dy HEEL, s. of threshed oats. S
HEAGHYN, s. his trouble or affliction. S	HEEL, v. filtered, did filter, did sneak away, or
HEAIRE, v. her horn.	sober; -AGH; -IN; -INS; -IT; -YM;
HEAISH'TEYDER, s. her listener. E	-YMS; -YS, 94. S
HEA'JEEYS, s. her odiousness. E	Dy HEE'LAGHEY, v. to sober, &c. S
	Dy HEE'LEY, v. to filter, sneak away, &c. S
HEAM, S. Her can, cry, or shout	Dy HEELNAU'E, s. of mankind. S
F HEA'NISH, s. her witness.	E HEELOGH'E, s. his generation. S
y nEA RISHIN, S. the reductory the	Dy HEEL'TYS, s. of soberness, of temperance. S
FIEAR ROO, S. Her Humbert	E HEER, s. his country; plAGHYN. CH
Vy HEAS'HYN, s. the ages, the generations. E	HEER, v. dried, did dry with fire, &c. -AGH;
HEAUM, v. did teem, teemed; -AGH; -IN;	-IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. CH
-ins; -ii; -in; ino; io; o	Dy HEE'REY, v. to dry by heat of fire. CH
Jy HEAU MEI, O. CO CCCHI OL POLL	Ro HEERT, 85. too dried. CH
HEAU MEYDER, S. HIS COUNCIL	HEESE, adv. down, below
Ro HEAU'MIT, 85. too teemed or emptied. T	Dy HEET, v. to comeEr-ash, v. is to appear.
Vy HEAVIN, s. the lambs.	E HEEYM, s. her butter; plYN. E
E HEAVL, s. her lime. E	HEEYN, v. stretched, did stretch; AGH; -IN;
E HEAYM, s. his whin. T	-INS; -IT; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. E
Ro HEAY'MAGH, a. too whimsical. T	HEEYN, v. stretched, did stretch ; -AGH ; -IN ;
HEAVN OF HEAVNEE, v. did pray or ejaculate;	-INS; -IT; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. S
-AGH; -IN; -INS; -IT; -YM; -YMS;	Dy HEEY'NEY, v. to stretch. S
-ys, 94. S	Ro HEEYNT, 85. too stretched. S
Dy HEAY'NEY, v. to pray or ejaculate for pro-	E HEG'GEY, s. her web; pl. 67. E
tection, peace, &c.	E HEIGIN OF HE'GIN, s. her want of help. E
Ny HEAYN'NEE, a. d. of the precipice or hogh. E	E HEH, s. his hide.
Ny HEAYST, a. d. of the moon.	Ro HEH, a. too hot, too warm. CH
HEAYSTN OF HEAYSTNEE, v. did knead or	**
kneaded; -AGH; -IN; -INS; -IT; -YM;	HEID, v. blew, did blow; -AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.
YMS; YS, 94. Т	E HEIDD, s. his rope or tether. T
Dy HEAYST'NEY, v. to knead. T	HEI'DEE, a. d. of blowing.
HEB or *HEBB, v. offered, did offer, bade or did	CONTRACTOR AND
bid; -AGH; -IN; -INS; -IT; -YM; -YMS; -VS, 04. CH	
10, 34.	Ro HEI'DIT, 85. too much blown. S
Dy HEB'BAL, v. to bid, offer or proffer. CH	HEIGH OF HEIY, v. did peck of pick; -AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. T
HEC'KYL, s. m. a hackle; plYN.	
HED, v. will, wilt, or shall, shalt go.	
HED-00, v. (pronounced He'oo) thou wilt go;	Ro HEIGHT, 85. too pecked or picked. T
Hed is used for go, Hig for come. See 62.	E HEIHLL, s. his time in the world, his world; laghyn-e-heihll (days of his life.) S
E HEDD, s. her hat, her nest. E	Ro HEIGHLL'TAGH, a. too worldly.
E HED'DIN, s. her face. E	
E HEE, s. his peace S	E HEIHLL'TID, s. his worldliness, his worldly mindedness.
HEE, v. will, wilt, shall, shalt see ; AGH ; EE ;	HEILG OF HELG, v. did hunt, hunted ; -AGH ;
-IN; -INS; -M; -MS; -YS, 94. The y in ym and yms is not used; but m and ms in the pro-	-IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. The first
nominals of this verb, 62. F.	spelling is in Gen. xxvii. 30, and the latter in
E HEEA'BYN, s. his soap. S	Jer. xvi. 16.
Ro HEEA'BYNAGH, a. too soapy. S	E HEILGEY'R, s. his hunter.
E HEEAC'KLE, s. her tooth. E	E HEILGEY'RYS, s. his hunting.
Dty HEEAN, s. thy sound or noise.	E HEIL'KIN, s. her errand. I how and E
Ro HEEAN'AGH, a. too noisy. S	HEILL, v. did suppose or imagine, supposed,
	imagined; -AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS;
	-vs, 94. Stands and as a house at all S
	Dy HEIL/LAGH, s. of sallow, sallix, of black sally. S
HEEB or *HEEBB, v. blew, blasted, did blow;	HEIL'LEE, a. d. of sallow or sallix.
$\begin{array}{c} -\operatorname{AGH}; \ -\operatorname{IN}; \ -\operatorname{INS}; \ -\operatorname{YM}; \ -\operatorname{YMS}; \ -\operatorname{YS}, \\ 94; \ Hag. i. 9. \end{array}$	Er HEIL'TYN, v. hath, &c. supposed or ima-
E HEE'BANE, s. his wind, or thing driven with	gined. S
the wind. S	Ny HE'in, s. the chickens, the young of fowls. E
Er HEE'BEY, v. hath, &c. blown or blew away	E HEI'RAGHT, s. her inheritance. E
with the wind. S	E HEI'REY, s. her heir. E
Ro HEE'BIT, 85. too driven or drifted. S	HEIY, v. did push, toss, agitate, mix, &c. ; -AGH ;
E HEECK, s. her payment, E	-IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. S
E HEEID, s. his thickness. CH	Dy HEIV, v. to mix, stir, push, &c. S
Dy HEEI'DEY, s. of silk, silken. S	Ro HEIYT, 85. too agitated, mixed, muddy, &c. S
Dty HEEIN'EY, or HEEINT, s. thy teat or dug. S	E HEIVRTYSSAGH, s. her follower; pl. 71. E
	E HEIY'STYR, S. her halter; plYN. E

#### HEY

E HEL'GYS, s. her malignity.	E	
E HEL'LAN, s. her island.	E	
E HEL'LAN, s. his bee; pl YN.	S	
Ny HEL'LAN, a. d. of the island.	E	
Ny HEL'LANEE, s. the islanders.	E	
HEL'LEY, s. his saliva or spittle ; pl. 67.	S	
Dy HEL'LIU, s. of salve; plYN.	SS	
E HEL'LOO, s. his herd; pl YN. HEL'LYM, (from Yllym,) blown, winded, sou		
ed; 2 Chron. v. 13; 1 Cor. xv. 52.	Y	
HEM, p. p. I will go; -s, id. em.	G	
HEM-MAYD, p. p. we will or shall go.	G	
HEMPR, v. did temper, tempered ; -AGH ; -		
-INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.	T	
Dy HEMPREI'L, v. to temper.	T	
Ro HEMP'RIT, 85. too tempered. E HEMP'YR, s. his temper.	T	
HEND, v. attended, did attend; -AGH; -		
-INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.	T	
Dy HENDEI'L, v. to attend.	Т	
Dy HENDREI'L, s. of lightning.	T	
HENE, pro. self, ownselves.		
E HENG'EY, s. his tongue.	Сн	
E HE'NISH, s. her presence.	E	
E HE'NMYN, s. her names; or as it is in Ac 15, Ny Henmyn (the names).	ts 1. E	
Daa HEN'NALT, s. two tenons ; Exod. xxvi 1		
Ny HE'NN GHOOINNEY, s. an old man.	S	
HEN'NEU, v. thawed, did thaw; -AGH; -		
94.	T	
E HEN'NID, s. his straitness, tightness, tress.	dis- Сн	
E Hannier a his conjective or old age		
E HENN'ID, s. his seniority or old age.	S	
E HENNID, S. his seniority of our age. E HEN'NYM, S. her name.	S E	
E HEN'NYM, s. her name. HEOSE, adv. up, above.	Е	
E HEN'NYM, s. her name. HEOSE, adv. up, above. HERR, v. tarred, did tar; -AGH; -IN; -I	E NS;	
E HEN'NYM, s. her name. HEOSE, adv. up, above. HERR, v. tarred, did tar; -AGH; -IN; -I -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.	E NS; T	
E HEN'NYM, s. her name. HEOSE, adv. up, above. HERR, v. tarred, did tar; —AGH; —IN; —I —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94. Dy HER'RAGHTYN, v. to perish.	E NS; T CH	
<ul> <li>E HEN'NYM, s. her name.</li> <li>HEOSE, adv. up, above.</li> <li>HERR, v. tarred, did tar; -AGH; -IN; -I -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Dy HER'RAGHTYN, v. to perish.</li> <li>Dy HER'RAL, v. to tar, or cover with tar.</li> </ul>	E NS; T CH T	
<ul> <li>E HEN'NYM, s. her name.</li> <li>HEOSE, adv. up, above.</li> <li>HERR, v. tarred, did tar; -AGH; -IN; -I -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Dy HER'RAGHTYN, v. to perish.</li> <li>Dy HER'RAL, v. to tar, or cover with tar.</li> <li>E HER'REY, s. her burden or encumbrance,</li> </ul>	E NS; T CH T E	
<ul> <li>E HEN'NYM, s. her name.</li> <li>HEOSE, adv. up, above.</li> <li>HERR, v. tarred, did tar; -AGH; -IN; -I -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Dy HER'RAGHTYN, v. to perish.</li> <li>Dy HER'RAL, v. to tar, or cover with tar.</li> </ul>	E NS; T CH T	
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<ul> <li>E HEN'NYM, s. her name.</li> <li>HEOSE, adv. up, above.</li> <li>HERR, v. tarred, did tar; -AGH; -IN; -I -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Dy HER'RAGHTYN, v. to perish.</li> <li>Dy HER'RAL, v. to tar, or cover with tar.</li> <li>E HER'REY, s. her burden or encumbrance,</li> <li>E HER'RIU, s. his bulls.</li> <li>Dy HER'RIUID, s. of bitterness.</li> <li>Dy HERVEI'SH, s. to serve, to minister.</li> <li>E HERVEI'SHAGH, s. his server or officiater.</li> <li>E HESH'AGHT, s. his company; plYN.</li> </ul>	E NS; T CH T E T S S S	
<ul> <li>E HEN'NYM, s. her name.</li> <li>HEOSE, adv. up, above.</li> <li>HERR, v. tarred, did tar; -AGH; -IN; -I -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Dy HER'RAGHTYN, v. to perish.</li> <li>Dy HER'RAL, v. to tar, or cover with tar.</li> <li>E HER'REY, s. her burden or encumbrance,</li> <li>E HER'RIU, s. his bulls.</li> <li>Dy HER'RIUID, s. of bitterness.</li> <li>Dy HERVEI'SH, s. to serve, to minister.</li> <li>E HERVEI'SHAGH, s. his server or officiater.</li> <li>E HESH'AGHTY, s. his company; plYN.</li> <li>E HESH'AGHYN, s. his companions, fello</li> </ul>	E NS; T CH T E T S S S	
<ul> <li>E HEN'NYM, s. her name.</li> <li>HEOSE, adv. up, above.</li> <li>HERR, v. tarred, did tar; -AGH; -IN; -I -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Dy HER'RAGHTYN, v. to perish.</li> <li>Dy HER'RAL, v. to tar, or cover with tar.</li> <li>E HER'REY, s. her burden or encumbrance,</li> <li>E HER'RIU, s. his bulls.</li> <li>Dy HER'RIUID, s. of bitterness.</li> <li>Dy HERVEI'SH, s. to serve, to minister.</li> <li>E HERVEI'SHAGH, s. his server or officiater.</li> <li>E HESH'AGHTY, s. his company; plYN.</li> <li>E HESH'AGHYN, s. his companions, fello equals, mates, matches.</li> <li>My ven HESH'EE, a. d. my affianced or</li> </ul>	E NS; T CH T E T S S S S S S be-	
<ul> <li>E HEN'NYM, s. her name.</li> <li>HEOSE, adv. up, above.</li> <li>HERR, v. tarred, did tar; -AGH; -IN; -I -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Dy HER'RAGHTYN, v. to perish.</li> <li>Dy HER'RAL, v. to tar, or cover with tar.</li> <li>E HER'REY, s. her burden or encumbrance,</li> <li>E HER'RIU, s. his bulls.</li> <li>Dy HER'RIUID, s. of bitterness.</li> <li>Dy HERVEI'SH, s. to serve, to minister.</li> <li>E HERVEI'SHAGH, s. his server or officiater.</li> <li>E HESH'AGHTY, s. his company; plYN.</li> <li>E HESH'AGHYN, s. his companions, fellor equals, mates, matches.</li> <li>My ven HESH'EE, a. d. my affianced or trothed wife; Gen. xxix. 21; in Job ii. 9</li> </ul>	E NS; T CH T E T S S S S S S be-t	
<ul> <li>E HEN'NYM, s. her name.</li> <li>HEOSE, adv. up, above.</li> <li>HERB, v. tarred, did tar; -AGH; -IN; -I -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Dy HER'RAGHTYN, v. to perish.</li> <li>Dy HER'RAL, v. to tar, or cover with tar.</li> <li>E HER'REY, s. her burden or encumbrance,</li> <li>E HER'RIV, s. his bulls.</li> <li>Dy HER'RIUID, s. of bitterness.</li> <li>Dy HERVEI'SH, s. to serve, to minister.</li> <li>E HERVEI'SHAGH, s. his server or officiater.</li> <li>E HESH'AGHTYN, s. his company; plYN.</li> <li>E HESH'AGHTN, s. his companions, fellor equals, mates, matches.</li> <li>My ven HESH'EE, a. d. my affianced or trothed wife; Gen. xxix. 21; in Job ii. 9 is Heshey.</li> </ul>	E NS; T CH T E T S S S S S S S S S , it S	
<ul> <li>E HEN'NYM, s. her name.</li> <li>HEOSE, adv. up, above.</li> <li>HERB, v. tarred, did tar; -AGH; -IN; -I -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Dy HER'RAGHTYN, v. to perish.</li> <li>Dy HER'RAL, v. to tar, or cover with tar.</li> <li>E HER'REY, s. her burden or encumbrance,</li> <li>E HER'RIU, s. his bulls.</li> <li>Dy HERYRIUID, s. of bitterness.</li> <li>Dy HERVEI'SH, s. to serve, to minister.</li> <li>E HERVEI'SHAGH, s. his server or officiater.</li> <li>E HESH'AGHTN, s. his company; plYN.</li> <li>E HESH'AGHYN, s. his companions, fello equals, mates, matches.</li> <li>My ven HESH'EE, a. d. my affianced or trothed wife; Gen. xxix. 21; in Job ii. 9 is Heshey.</li> <li>E HESH'ERAGHT, s. his plough team.</li> </ul>	E NS; T CH T E T S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	
<ul> <li>E HEN'NYM, s. her name.</li> <li>HEOSE, adv. up, above.</li> <li>HERR, v. tarred, did tar; -AGH; -IN; -I -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Dy HER'RAGHTYN, v. to perish.</li> <li>Dy HER'RAL, v. to tar, or cover with tar.</li> <li>E HER'REY, s. her burden or encumbrance,</li> <li>E HER'RIU, s. his bulls.</li> <li>Dy HER'RIUID, s. of bitterness.</li> <li>Dy HERVEI'SH, s. to serve, to minister.</li> <li>E HERH'AGHTYN, s. his company; plVN.</li> <li>E HESH'AGHYN, s. his companions, fellogequals, mates, matches.</li> <li>My ven HESH'EE, a. d. my affianced or trothed wife; Gen. xxix. 21; in Job ii. 9 is Heshey.</li> <li>E HESH'EREGHT, s. his plough team.</li> <li>Greïe HESH'EREE, s. a plough team gear.</li> </ul>	E NS; T CH T E T S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	
<ul> <li>E HEN'NYM, s. her name.</li> <li>HEOSE, adv. up, above.</li> <li>HERR, v. tarred, did tar; -AGH; -IN; -I -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Dy HER'RAGHTYN, v. to perish.</li> <li>Dy HER'RAL, v. to tar, or cover with tar.</li> <li>E HER'REY, s. her burden or encumbrance,</li> <li>E HER'RIU, s. his bulls.</li> <li>Dy HER'RIUID, s. of bitterness.</li> <li>Dy HERVEI'SH, s. to serve, to minister.</li> <li>E HERVEI'SHAGH, s. his server or officiater.</li> <li>E HESH'AGHTY, s. his company; plVN.</li> <li>E HESH'AGHTY, s. his companions, fellor equals, matches.</li> <li>My ven HESH'EE, a. d. my affianced or trothed wife; Gen. xxix. 21; in Job ii. 9 is Heshey.</li> <li>E HESH'ERAGHT, s. his plough team.</li> <li>Greïe HESH'EREE, s. a plough teams.</li> <li>E HESH'EREY, s. his companion, mate, equalis, mate, equalis, mate, equalis, mate, equalis, mate, equalis, mate, equalis, s.</li> </ul>	E NS; T CH T E T S S S S S S S S be- it S S S ul,	
<ul> <li>E HEN'NYM, s. her name.</li> <li>HEOSE, adv. up, above.</li> <li>HERR, v. tarred, did tar; -AGH; -IN; -I -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Dy HER'RAGHTYN, v. to perish.</li> <li>Dy HER'RAL, v. to tar, or cover with tar.</li> <li>E HER'REY, s. her burden or encumbrance,</li> <li>E HER'RIU, s. his bulls.</li> <li>Dy HER'RIUID, s. of bitterness.</li> <li>Dy HERVEI'SH, s. to serve, to minister.</li> <li>E HERVEI'SHAGH, s. his server or officiater.</li> <li>E HESH'AGHTYN, s. his company; plVN.</li> <li>E HESH'AGHTY, s. his companions, fellor equals, matches.</li> <li>My ven HESH'EE, a. d. my affianced or trothed wife; Gen. xxix. 21; in Job ii. 9 is Heshey.</li> <li>E HESH'EREEF, s. a plough team.</li> <li>Greïe HESH'EREEF, s. thy plough teams.</li> <li>E HESH'EREY, s. his companion, mate, eq fellow, &amp;c.</li> </ul>	E NS; T CH T E T S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	
<ul> <li>E HEN'NYM, s. her name.</li> <li>HEOSE, adv. up, above.</li> <li>HERR, v. tarred, did tar; -AGH; -IN; -I -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Dy HER'RAGHTYN, v. to perish.</li> <li>Dy HER'RAL, v. to tar, or cover with tar.</li> <li>E HER'REY, s. her burden or encumbrance,</li> <li>E HER'RIU, s. his bulls.</li> <li>Dy HER'RIUD, s. of bitterness.</li> <li>Dy HERVEI'SH, s. to serve, to minister.</li> <li>E HESH'AGHTY, s. his company; plYN.</li> <li>E HESH'AGHTY, s. his companions, fellor equals, mates, matches.</li> <li>My ven HESH'EE, a. d. my affianced or trothed wife; Gen. xxix. 21; in Job ii. 9 is Heshey.</li> <li>E HESH'ERAGHT, s. his companion team.</li> <li>Greïe HESH'EREE, s. a plough team.</li> <li>Greïe HESH'EREE, s. his companion, mate, eq fellow, &amp;c.</li> <li>E HES'MAD, s. his cross-bar or rundle.</li> </ul>	E NS;T CHTETSSSS,Se-itSSS,Se-itSSS,SS ual,ST	
<ul> <li>E HEN'NYM, s. her name.</li> <li>HEOSE, adv. up, above.</li> <li>HERR, v. tarred, did tar; -AGH; -IN; -I -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Dy HER'RAGHTYN, v. to perish.</li> <li>Dy HER'RAL, v. to tar, or cover with tar.</li> <li>E HER'REY, s. her burden or encumbrance,</li> <li>E HER'RIU, s. his bulls.</li> <li>Dy HER'RIUD, s. of bitterness.</li> <li>Dy HERVEI'SH, s. to serve, to minister.</li> <li>E HESH'AGHT, s. his company; plYN.</li> <li>E HESH'AGHTN, s. his companions, fellor equals, mates, matches.</li> <li>My ven HESH'EE, a. d. my affianced or trothed wife; Gen. xxix. 21; in Job ii. 9 is Heshey.</li> <li>E HESH'ERAGHT, s. his companion, mate, eq fellow, &amp;c.</li> <li>E HESH'MAD, s. his cross-bar or rundle.</li> <li>Ro HES'SEN, a. too cross or transverse.</li> </ul>	E NS; T CH T E T S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	
<ul> <li>E HEN'NYM, s. her name.</li> <li>HEOSE, adv. up, above.</li> <li>HERR, v. tarred, did tar; -AGH; -IN; -I -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Dy HER'RAGHTYN, v. to perish.</li> <li>Dy HER'RAL, v. to tar, or cover with tar.</li> <li>E HER'REY, s. her burden or encumbrance,</li> <li>E HER'RIU, s. his bulls.</li> <li>Dy HER'RIUID, s. of bitterness.</li> <li>Dy HERVEI'SH, s. to serve, to minister.</li> <li>E HERH'AGHTYN, s. his company; plVN.</li> <li>E HESH'AGHTYN, s. his companions, fello equals, mates, matches.</li> <li>My ven HESH'EE, a. d. my affianced or trothed wife; Gen. xxix. 21; in Job ii. 9 is Heshey.</li> <li>E HESH'EREEN, s. his companion, mate, eq fellow, &amp;c.</li> <li>E HESH'EN, s. his companion, mate, eq fellow, &amp;c.</li> <li>E HES'MAD, s. his cross-bar or rundle.</li> <li>Ro HES'SENAGH, s. a sexton or sergeant.</li> </ul>	E NS; T CH T E T S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	
<ul> <li>E HEN'NYM, s. her name.</li> <li>HEOSE, adv. up, above.</li> <li>HERR, v. tarred, did tar; -AGH; -IN; -I -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Dy HER'RAGHTYN, v. to perish.</li> <li>Dy HER'RAL, v. to tar, or cover with tar.</li> <li>E HER'REV, s. her burden or encumbrance,</li> <li>E HER'RIU, s. his bulls.</li> <li>Dy HER'RIUID, s. of bitterness.</li> <li>Dy HERVEI'SH, s. to serve, to minister.</li> <li>E HERVEI'SHAGH, s. his server or officiater.</li> <li>E HESH'AOHT, s. his company; plVN.</li> <li>E HESH'AOHT, s. his companions, fello equals, matces, matches.</li> <li>My ven HESH'EE, a. d. my affianced or trothed wife; Gen. xxix. 21; in Job ii. 9 is Heshey.</li> <li>E HESH'ERAGHT, s. his plough team.</li> <li>Greïe HESH'EREEN, s. thy plough teams.</li> <li>E HESH'EREEN, s. his companion, mate, eq fellow, &amp;c.</li> <li>E HES'MAD, s. his cross-bar or rundle.</li> <li>Ro HES'SEN, a. too cross or transverse.</li> <li>Ny HES'SENAGH, s. a sexton or sergeant.</li> <li>HEU, p. p. (a contraction of Hig oo,) thou</li> </ul>	E NS; T CH T E T S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	
<ul> <li>E HEN'NYM, s. her name.</li> <li>HEOSE, adv. up, above.</li> <li>HERR, v. tarred, did tar; -AGH; -IN; -I -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Dy HER'RAGHTYN, v. to perish.</li> <li>Dy HER'RAL, v. to tar, or cover with tar.</li> <li>E HER'REY, s. her burden or encumbrance,</li> <li>E HER'RIU, s. his bulls.</li> <li>Dy HER'RIUID, s. of bitterness.</li> <li>Dy HERVEI'SH, s. to serve, to minister.</li> <li>E HERVEI'SHAGH, s. his server or officiater.</li> <li>E HESH'AGHTYN, s. his company; plVN.</li> <li>E HESH'AGHYN, s. his companions, fello equals, mates, matches.</li> <li>My ven HESH'EE, a. d. my affianced or trothed wife; Gen. xxix. 21; in Job ii. 9 is Heshey.</li> <li>E HESH'ERAGHT, s. his plough team.</li> <li>Greëe HESH'EREEYN, s. thy plough teams.</li> <li>E HESH'EREEYN, s. his companion, mate, eq fellow, &amp;c.</li> <li>E HES'MAD, s. his cross-bar or rundle.</li> <li>Ro HES'SENAGH, s. a sexton or sergeant.</li> </ul>	E NS; T CH T E T S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	
<ul> <li>E HEN'NYM, s. her name.</li> <li>HEOSE, adv. up, above.</li> <li>HERR, v. tarred, did tar; -AGH; -IN; -I -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Dy HER'RAGHTYN, v. to perish.</li> <li>Dy HER'RAL, v. to tar, or cover with tar.</li> <li>E HER'REY, s. her burden or encumbrance,</li> <li>E HER'RIU, s. his bulls.</li> <li>Dy HER'RIUID, s. of bitterness.</li> <li>Dy HERVEI'SH, s. to serve, to minister.</li> <li>E HERN'AGHTYN, s. his company; plYN.</li> <li>E HESH'AGHT, s. his companions, fello equals, matcs, matches.</li> <li>My ven HESH'EE, a. d. my affianced or trothed wife; Gen. xxix. 21; in Job ii. 9 is Heshey.</li> <li>E HESH'ERAGHT, s. his plough team.</li> <li>Greïe HESH'EREE, s. a plough teams.</li> <li>E HESH'EREEYN, s. thy plough teams.</li> <li>E HESH'EREEYN, s. his companion, mate, eq fellow, &amp;c.</li> <li>E HES'MAD, s. his cross-bar or rundle.</li> <li>Ro HES'SEN, a. too cross or transverse.</li> <li>Ny HES'SENAGH, s. a sexton or sergeant.</li> <li>HEU, p. p. (a contraction of Hig oo,) thou go.</li> </ul>	E NS; T CH T E T S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	
<ul> <li>E HEN'NYM, s. her name.</li> <li>HEOSE, adv. up, above.</li> <li>HERR, v. tarred, did tar; -AGH; -IN; -I -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Dy HER'RAGHTYN, v. to perish.</li> <li>Dy HER'RAL, v. to tar, or cover with tar.</li> <li>E HER'REY, s. her burden or encumbrance,</li> <li>E HER'RIU, s. his bulls.</li> <li>Dy HER'RIUID, s. of bitterness.</li> <li>Dy HERVEI'SH, s. to serve, to minister.</li> <li>E HERVEI'SHAGH, s. his server or officiater.</li> <li>E HESH'AGHT, s. his company; plVN.</li> <li>E HESH'AGHT, s. his company; plVN.</li> <li>E HESH'AGHT, s. his company; pl. Or NO.</li> <li>E HESH'AGHT, s. his plough team.</li> <li>Greïe HESH'ERE, s. a plough team.</li> <li>Greïe HESH'EREE, s. a plough teams.</li> <li>E HESH'EREEYN, s. thy plough teams.</li> <li>E HESH'EREY, s. his companion, mate, eqfellow, &amp;c.</li> <li>E HES'MAD, s. his cross-bar or rundle.</li> <li>Ro HES'SEN, a. too cross or transverse.</li> <li>Ny HES'SENAGH, s. a sexton or sergeant.</li> <li>HEU, p. p. (a contraction of Hig oo,) thou go.</li> <li>E HEU, s. his side; derrey heu (one side).</li> </ul>	E NS; T CH T E T S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	

# HIN

E Hey'oo, s. his sixth.	S
HEVR, s. did free, set at liberty, justify, c	lear.
&c. -AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -	-YS,
94.	S
Yn ven HEYR s. the gentlewoman.	S
Dy HEY'REY, v. to justify, free, clear, &c.	S
Ro HEY'RIT, 85. too justified, freed, &c.	S
E HIAGHT, s. his seven; plYN.	S
E HIAGHT'IN, s. his week ; pl YN.	S
Dty HIAGHTJEI'G, s. thy seventeen.	S
E HIAM'BLE, s. his temple.	Сн
E HIAM'YR, s. his chamber.	S
HIAR, s. east, eastern. See also Har.	S
E HIARN, s. his Lord; plYN.	Сн
E HIAR'NYS, s. his lordship; plsyn.	Сн
E HIAR'TANSE, s. his several.	S
Dy HIASS, s. of heat or warmth.	Сн
Booa HIAST, a. a dry cow, a cow that does give milk.	S
HIAUILL, v. did sail, sailed; Acts, xxvii	. 13;
-AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -	
94. No Harrison (2010)	S
Ny HIAULTEY'R, s. a sailor.	S
E HIB'BER, s. his supper; pl YN.	S
HIB'BYN, s. ivy; pl. —YN.	
E HIB'BYR, s. his well; pl. —AGHYN.	Сн
HIC or HUIC, p. p. to her; -ISH, id. em.	
*HICK'YR OF HICKYREE, v. did make sure or	cer-
tain; did establish, confirm, or fasten; -A	
-IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.	S
Dy HICK'YRAGH OF HICKYRAGHEY, v. to cer establish, or make sure.	tify,
Ro HICK'YRIT, 85. too established, made	
sure or certain.	S
E HIDD, s. her hats; her nests.	I
E HIDE, s. his arrow; $pl YN.$	S
E HI'DEY, s. his tide; $pl. 67$ .	Т
Ny HIDEY'R, s. an archer; plYN.	S
E HIDEY'RYS, s. his archery.	S
E HIDOO'R, s. his soldier; plYN.	S
E HIDOO'RYS, s. his soldiery.	s
HIE, v. went, did go.	
E HIE, s. his house; plYN.	т
Dy HIE, a. of bad, ill, badly.	s
HIEE, p. she went or did go.	
HIE'ISH, p. she went, em.	
HIG or *HIGG, v. will or wilt, shall or s	halt
come; -YM; -YMS.	Сн
HILG, v. did throw or cast; threw, or threw	
vomited; -AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -Y	
	Т
Dy H1L'GEY, v. to throw, to vomit, to ejec vomit.	Т
HILL or HIYLL, v. did drop or shed; did spi drain; -AGH -IN; -INS; -YM; -Y	ll or MS;
-YS, 94. E HILLEEI'D, s. his slug or soft snail.	S
	S
Dy HILLEY, v. to shed drop or drain.	
Dty HILLEY, s. thy sight, visit, or look	S
Ny HIM'LEE, s. the humble.	I
E HIM'LEEID, s. her humility.	I
E HIM'MAN, v. her driving.	I
E HEMLEI'G, s. her navel.	I
Ro HING, a. too sick, too ill.	Сп
E HING, s. his sore; plYN.	Сн

	Сн
Ny HINNEE'N, s. a daughter; Luke, xiii. 16.	
By HIN'NEY, a. senior, elder.	SS
HIOILL, v. sailed ; Mat. ix. 1. See Hiauill. HIOLL or HOYLL, v. did bore or perforate, bor	
perforated; -AGH; -IN; -INS; -Y.	м;
-YMS; -YS, 94. Psl. xxii. 17.	Т
	Сн
HIOL'LEE, v. like to have happened. Pr	
"Haghyr eh ny share na hiollee eh."	00.
Dy HIOL'LEY, v. to bore, to perforate.	Т
Ro HIOL'LIT, 85. too bored or perforated.	Т
E HIOLTA'NE, s. his flock; plYN. Dy HIOLTA'NEY, v. to make into flocks.	SS
HIOM, v. did tighten, straiten, or fasten ; -AG	
	Сн
	Сн
	Сн
E HIOON, s. his rush; plYN. HIOW, v. did warm, warmed; -AGH; -I	S
	N; CH
HIR or *HIRR, v. did seek, or enquire, sough	ht,
besought, asked; Jud. v. 25; —AGH; —II —INS; —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94.	N; S
*HIRK OF HIRKEE, v. did shrink, shrunk,	
shrank; -AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YM	s;
-YS, 94.	S
Dy HIRR'AGH OF HIRKAGHEY, v. to shrink, &c. Ro HIRR'IT, 85. too shrunk.	5 5
Dy HIR'REY, v. to seek, ask, &c. Prov. "G	
thie yn ghoayr dy hirrey ollan."	
Ro HIRT, 85. too sought or besought.	S
HIU, p. p. to you or ye; —ISH, id. em. Ro HIU, a. too thick, dense, &c.	Сн
	Сн
	. H. I
Dy HIU'CHEY, v. to thicken or condense.	Сн
HIYLL, v. shed, did drop, or drain. See al	CH SO
HIYLL, v. shed, did drop, or drain. See al Hill.	SO S
<ul><li>HIYLL, v. shed, did drop, or drain. See al Hill.</li><li>Dy HIYL'LEY, v. to shed drop or drain.</li></ul>	SO S
<ul> <li>HIYLL, v. shed, did drop, or drain. See al Hill.</li> <li>Dy HIYL/LEY, v. to shed drop or drain.</li> <li>E HIYN, s. his vessels.</li> </ul>	SO S S S
<ul><li>HIYLL, v. shed, did drop, or drain. See al Hill.</li><li>Dy HIYL'LEY, v. to shed drop or drain.</li></ul>	SO S
<ul> <li>HIYLL, v. shed, did drop, or drain. See al Hill.</li> <li>Dy HIYL'LEY, v. to shed drop or drain.</li> <li>E HIYN, s. his vessels.</li> <li>E HIYR, s. his haste or hurry.</li> <li>Ro HIYR'RAGH, a. too hasty, &amp;c.</li> <li>Dy HIYR'RAGHEY, v. to hasten, to hurry.</li> </ul>	CH SOS S S S S S S S S
<ul> <li>HIYLL, v. shed, did drop, or drain. See al Hill.</li> <li>Dy HIYL'LEY, v. to shed drop or drain.</li> <li>E HIYN, s. his vessels.</li> <li>E HIYR, s. his haste or hurry.</li> <li>Ro HIYR'RAGH, a. too hasty, &amp;c.</li> <li>Dy HIYR'RAGHEY, v. to hasten, to hurry.</li> <li>HIYR'REE, v. did hasten or hastened.</li> </ul>	CH SOS S S S S S S S S S
<ul> <li>HIYLL, v. shed, did drop, or drain. See al Hill.</li> <li>Dy HIYL'LEY, v. to shed drop or drain.</li> <li>E HIYN, s. his vessels.</li> <li>E HIYR, s. his haste or hurry.</li> <li>Ro HIYR'RAGH, a. too hasty, &amp;c.</li> <li>Dy HIYR'RAGHEY, v. to hasten, to hurry.</li> <li>HIYR'REE, v. did hasten or hastened.</li> <li>E HIYR'RID, s. his hastiness or hurry.</li> </ul>	CH SOS S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S
<ul> <li>HIYLL, v. shed, did drop, or drain. See al Hill.</li> <li>Dy HIYL'LEY, v. to shed drop or drain.</li> <li>E HIYN, s. his vessels.</li> <li>E HIYR, s. his haste or hurry.</li> <li>Ro HIYR'RAGH, a. too hasty, &amp;c.</li> <li>Dy HIYR'RAGHEY, v. to hasten, to hurry.</li> <li>HIYR'REE, v. did hasten or hastened.</li> <li>E HIYR'RID, s. his hastiness or hurry.</li> <li>Ro HIYR'RIT, 85. too hastened or hurried.</li> </ul>	CH SOS S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S
<ul> <li>HIYLL, v. shed, did drop, or drain. See al Hill.</li> <li>Dy HIYL'LEY, v. to shed drop or drain.</li> <li>E HIYN, s. his vessels.</li> <li>E HIYR, s. his haste or hurry.</li> <li>Ro HIYR'RAGH, a. too hasty, &amp;c.</li> <li>Dy HIYR'RAGHEY, v. to hasten, to hurry.</li> <li>HIYR'REE, v. did hasten or hastened.</li> <li>E HIYR'RID, s. his hastiness or hurry.</li> <li>Ro HIYR'RIT, 85. too hastened or hurried.</li> <li>E HOA'BYR, s. her seed lop.</li> </ul>	CH SOS S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S
<ul> <li>HIYLL, v. shed, did drop, or drain. See al Hill.</li> <li>Dy HIYL'LEY, v. to shed drop or drain.</li> <li>E HIYN, s. his vessels.</li> <li>E HIYR, s. his haste or hurry.</li> <li>Ro HIYR'RAGH, a. too hasty, &amp;c.</li> <li>Dy HIYR'RAGHEY, v. to hasten, to hurry.</li> <li>HIYR'REE, v. did hasten or hastened.</li> <li>E HIYR'RID, s. his hastiness or hurry.</li> <li>Ro HIYR'RIT, 85. too hastened or hurried.</li> </ul>	CH SOM M M M M M M M M M M M M M M M M M M
<ul> <li>HIYLL, v. shed, did drop, or drain. See al Hill.</li> <li>Dy HIYL'LEY, v. to shed drop or drain.</li> <li>E HIYN, s. his vessels.</li> <li>E HIYR, s. his haste or hurry.</li> <li>Ro HIYR'RAGH, a. too hasty, &amp;c.</li> <li>Dy HIYR'RAGHEY, v. to hasten, to hurry.</li> <li>HIYR'REE, v. did hasten or hastened.</li> <li>E HIYR'RID, s. his hastiness or hurry.</li> <li>Ro HIYR'RIT, 85. too hastened or hurried.</li> <li>E HOA'BYR, s. her seed lop.</li> <li>Ny HOAI'AGHYN, s. the graves; Luke viii. 27.</li> </ul>	CH 80 S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S
<ul> <li>HIYLL, v. shed, did drop, or drain. See al Hill.</li> <li>Dy HIYL'LEY, v. to shed drop or drain.</li> <li>E HIYN, s. his vessels.</li> <li>E HIYR, s. his haste or hurry.</li> <li>Ro HIYR'RAGH, a. too hasty, &amp;c.</li> <li>Dy HIYR'RAGHEY, v. to hasten, to hurry.</li> <li>HIYR'REE, v. did hasten or hastened.</li> <li>E HIYR'RID, s. his hastiness or hurry.</li> <li>Ro HIYR'RIT, 85. too hastened or hurried.</li> <li>E HOA'BYR, s. her seed lop.</li> <li>Ny HOAI'AGHYN, s. the graves; Luke viii. 27.</li> <li>Ny HOAIE, a. d. of the grave; Psl. lxxxvi. 13.</li> <li>HOAIL OT HOAILL, v. did wrap or swathe;AGD</li> </ul>	CH SOS S S S S S S S S S O O O H S al
<ul> <li>HIYLL, v. shed, did drop, or drain. See al Hill.</li> <li>Dy HIYL'LEY, v. to shed drop or drain.</li> <li>E HIYR, s. his vessels.</li> <li>E HIYR, s. his haste or hurry.</li> <li>Ro HIYR'RAGH, a. too hasty, &amp;c.</li> <li>Dy HIYR'RAGHEY, v. to hasten, to hurry.</li> <li>HIYR'REE, v. did hasten or hastened.</li> <li>E HIYR'RID, s. his hastiness or hurry.</li> <li>Ro HIYR'RIT, 85. too hastened or hurried.</li> <li>E HOA'BYR, s. her seed lop.</li> <li>Ny HOAI'AGHYN, s. the graves; Luke viii. 27.</li> <li>Ny HOAIE, a. d. of the grave; Psl. lxxxvi. 13.</li> <li>HOAIL OT HOAILL, v. did wrap or swathe; -AGD</li> <li>-IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>HOAL, adv. hence, over, beyond; Hoal as not (hence and thence); Hoal as wass (over an experimentation)</li> </ul>	CH SOS S S S S S S S S S O O O H S al
<ul> <li>HIYLL, v. shed, did drop, or drain. See al Hill.</li> <li>Dy HIYL'LEY, v. to shed drop or drain.</li> <li>E HIYN, s. his vessels.</li> <li>E HIYR, s. his haste or hurry.</li> <li>Ro HIYR'RAGH, a. too hasty, &amp;c.</li> <li>Dy HIYR'RAGHEY, v. to hasten, to hurry.</li> <li>HIYR'REE, v. did hasten or hastened.</li> <li>E HIYR'RID, s. his hastiness or hurry.</li> <li>Ro HIYR'RIT, 85. too hastened or hurried.</li> <li>E HOA'BYR, s. her seed lop.</li> <li>Ny HOAI'AGHYN, s. the graves; Luke viii. 27.</li> <li>Ny HOAIE, a. d. of the grave; Psl. lxxxvi. 13.</li> <li>HOAIL OT HOAILL, v. did wrap or swathe; -AGI -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>HOAL, adv. hence, over, beyond; Hoal as no (hence and thence); Hoal as wass (over an here.)</li> <li>Ro HOAL'LEE, a. too robust, tall and strong.</li> <li>E HOALT, s. his barn; plYN.</li> </ul>	CH SOS S S S S S S S S S O O O H S ald
<ul> <li>HIYLL, v. shed, did drop, or drain. See al Hill.</li> <li>Dy HIYL'LEY, v. to shed drop or drain.</li> <li>E HIYN, s. his vessels.</li> <li>E HIYR, s. his haste or hurry.</li> <li>Ro HIYR'RAGH, a. too hasty, &amp;c.</li> <li>Dy HIYR'RAGHEY, v. to hasten, to hurry.</li> <li>HIYR'REE, v. did hasten or hastened.</li> <li>E HIYR'RID, s. his hastiness or hurry.</li> <li>Ro HIYR'RIT, 85. too hastened or hurried.</li> <li>E HOA'BYR, s. her seed lop.</li> <li>Ny HOAI'AGHYN, s. the graves; Luke viii. 27.</li> <li>Ny HOAIE, a. d. of the grave; Psl. lxxxvi. 13.</li> <li>HOAIL OF HOAILL, v. did wrap or swathe; -AGD</li> <li>-INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>HOAL, adv. hence, over, beyond; Hoal as not (hence and thence); Hoal as wass (over an here.)</li> <li>Ro HOAL'LEE, a. too robust, tall and strong.</li> <li>E HOALT, s. his barn; plYN.</li> <li>E HOAL'LYS, s. her charm.</li> </ul>	CH SOS S S S S S S S S O O O H S ald T S O
<ul> <li>HIYLL, v. shed, did drop, or drain. See al Hill.</li> <li>Dy HIYL'LEY, v. to shed drop or drain.</li> <li>E HIYN, s. his vessels.</li> <li>E HIYR, s. his haste or hurry.</li> <li>Ro HIYR'RAGH, a. too hasty, &amp;c.</li> <li>Dy HIYR'RAGHEY, v. to hasten, to hurry.</li> <li>HIYR'REE, v. did hasten or hastened.</li> <li>E HIYR'RID, s. his hastiness or hurry.</li> <li>Ro HIYR'RIT, 85. too hastened or hurried.</li> <li>E HOA'BYR, s. her seed lop.</li> <li>Ny HOAI'AGHYN, s. the graves; Luke viii. 27.</li> <li>Ny HOAIE, a. d. of the grave; Psl. lxxxvi. 13.</li> <li>HOAIL OF HOAILL, v. did wrap or swathe; -AGI -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>HOAL, adv. hence, over, beyond; Hoal as not (hence and thence); Hoal as wass (over an here.)</li> <li>Ro HOAL'LEE, a. too robust, tall and strong.</li> <li>E HOALT, s. his barn; plYN.</li> <li>E HOAL'NEY, a. d. of the anus.</li> </ul>	CH SOS S S S S S S S S O O O H S ald T S O T
<ul> <li>HIYLL, v. shed, did drop, or drain. See al Hill.</li> <li>Dy HIYL'LEY, v. to shed drop or drain.</li> <li>E HIYR, s. his vessels.</li> <li>E HIYR, s. his haste or hurry.</li> <li>Ro HIYR'RAGH, a. too hasty, &amp;c.</li> <li>Dy HIYR'RAGHEY, v. to hasten, to hurry.</li> <li>HIYR'RAGHEY, v. to hasten, to hurry.</li> <li>HIYR'REE, v. did hasten or hastened.</li> <li>E HIYR'RID, s. his hastiness or hurry.</li> <li>Ro HIYR'RIT, 85. too hastened or hurried.</li> <li>E HOA'BYR, s. her seed lop.</li> <li>Ny HOAI'AGHYN, s. the graves; Luke viii. 27.</li> <li>Ny HOAIE, a. d. of the grave; Psl. lxxxvi. 13.</li> <li>HOAIL or HOAILL, v. did wrap or swathe; -AGD -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>HOAL, adv. hence, over, beyond; Hoal as not (hence and thence); Hoal as wass (over an here.)</li> <li>Ro HOAL'LEE, a. too robust, tall and strong.</li> <li>E HOALT, s. his barn; plYN.</li> <li>E HOAL'NS, s. her charm.</li> <li>HOAL'NEY, a. d. of the anus.</li> <li>E HOAN'LUCKEY, s. her burial.</li> </ul>	CH SOS S S S S S S S S O O O H S ald T S O T O
<ul> <li>HIYLL, v. shed, did drop, or drain. See al Hill.</li> <li>Dy HIYL'LEY, v. to shed drop or drain.</li> <li>E HIYR, s. his vessels.</li> <li>E HIYR, s. his haste or hurry.</li> <li>Ro HIYR'RAGH, a. too hasty, &amp;c.</li> <li>Dy HIYR'RAGHEY, v. to hasten, to hurry.</li> <li>HIYR'RAGHEY, v. to hasten, to hurry.</li> <li>HIYR'REE, v. did hasten or hastened.</li> <li>E HIYR'RID, s. his hastiness or hurry.</li> <li>Ro HIYR'RIT, 85. too hastened or hurried.</li> <li>E HOA'BYR, s. her seed lop.</li> <li>Ny HOAI'AGHYN, s. the graves; Luke viii. 27.</li> <li>Ny HOAIE, a. d. of the grave; Psl. lxxxvi. 13.</li> <li>HOAIL or HOAILL, v. did wrap or swathe; -AGI -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -VS, 94.</li> <li>HOAL, adv. hence, over, beyond; Hoal as not (hence and thence); Hoal as wass (over an here.)</li> <li>Ro HOAL'LEE, a. too robust, tall and strong.</li> <li>E HOA'LYS, s. her charm.</li> <li>HOALT, s. his barn; plYN.</li> <li>E HOAN'LUCKEY, s. her burial.</li> <li>HOAR, v. smelled, did smell; -AGH; -IN -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> </ul>	CH SOS S S S S S S S S O O O H S ald T S O T O
<ul> <li>HIYLL, v. shed, did drop, or drain. See al Hill.</li> <li>Dy HIYL'LEY, v. to shed drop or drain.</li> <li>E HIYR, s. his vessels.</li> <li>E HIYR, s. his haste or hurry.</li> <li>Ro HIYR'RAGH, a. too hasty, &amp;c.</li> <li>Dy HIYR'RAGHEY, v. to hasten, to hurry.</li> <li>HIYR'REE, v. did hasten or hastened.</li> <li>E HIYR'RID, s. his hastiness or hurry.</li> <li>Ro HIYR'RID, s. his hastiness or hurry.</li> <li>Ro HIYR'RID, s. his hastiness or hurry.</li> <li>Ro HIYR'RID, s. her seed lop.</li> <li>Ny HOAI'AGHYN, s. the graves; Luke viii. 27.</li> <li>Ny HOAI'AGHYN, s. the graves; Luke viii. 27.</li> <li>Ny HOAIE, a. d. of the grave; Psl. lxxxvi. 13.</li> <li>HOAIL OR HOAILL, v. did wrap or swathe; -AGI -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>HOAL, adv. hence, over, beyond; Hoal as no (hence and thence); Hoal as wass (over an here.)</li> <li>Ro HOAL'LEE, a. too robust, tall and strong.</li> <li>E HOALT, s. his barn; plYN.</li> <li>E HOALT, s. her charm.</li> <li>HOA'LYS, s. her charm.</li> <li>HOA'LYS, s. her burial.</li> <li>HOAR, v. smelled, did smell; -AGH; -IN</li> </ul>	CH SOS S S S S S S S S S O O O HS and T S O T O NS

By HOA'RAGH OF HOARAGHEY, v. to dung of Dy HOILSHEA'N, v. to shine or give light.

HOI

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	S
,,	Г Г
E HOARN, s. her barley.	
E HOB'BAL, s. her denial.	
E HOB'BEEYS, s. her sorcery divination, &c	
Acts xvi. 16.	
E HOB'BRAGHYN, s. her works.OE HOB'BREE, s. her worker.O	
E HOB'BYR, s. her work, her font. 0.7	
E Носк, s. his plough share.	3
Ro Hoc'KERAGH, a. too easy or slow.	
E Hop'dag, s. his bannock.	
E HOE, s. her grand-child; pl. — GHYN. C E Hoen, s. his surge or sob. S	
E Hogh'er, s. her key; $pl YN$ .	
HOGH'ER, v. did wind, wound; AGH; IN;	
-INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. T	
Ro HOGH'ERIT, 85. too wound up. T Dy HOGH'ERYS, v. to wind on a ball or bottom. T	
HOGHT, s. eight; plYN.	
HOGHT, v. did choke, choked; -AGH; -IN;	
-INS; -YM; -YM; -YS, 84. T	1
HOGHT-CHEEA'D, s. eight hundred. Dy HOGH'TEY, v. to choke, to strangle. T	
Ro Hogh'TIT, 85. too choked or strangled. T	
HOGHT-JEIG, s. eighteen.	
HOGHT-JEIG AS FEED, s. thirty-eight.	
HOGH'TOO, s. eighth.	
Dty Hogh'yr, s. thy portion or dowry, T E Hoï, pre. against her.	
Hor or Hore, v. did sit, set, sat; -AGH; -IN;	
-INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. S	
Dy Hol'AGH or Hol'AGHEY, v. to set or plant. S	
Er HOI'AGHEY, v. hath, &c. set or planted. S Dy HOIAGHEY-MAGH', v. to set forth, represent,	
describe. S	
Dy Hole, v. to sit. S	
Ny Hore, s. of the night, the night. O	
<i>E</i> HOIE'AG, s. his boss, or straw seat. S <i>Ro</i> HOIET, 85. too set, too seated. S	
Hold or *Holdd, v. understood, did understand,	
had knowledge of; Mat. xiv. 35; -AGH; -IN;	
-INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. T Dy HOIC'GAL, v. to understand. T	
Ro Hoig'gir, 85. too understood. T	
E HOIK'AN, s. her infant. O	
HOIL or *HOILL, v. did deserve, merit, earn; was worthy of reward or punishment; -AGH;	
-IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. T	
Er HOIL'CHIN, v. hath, &c. deserved, earned, merited. T	
HOIL'CHINAGH, a. d. of merit, meritorial, of de- servings. T	
Dty HOIL'CHINYS, s. thy merit or deserving. T	
Ro Holl'LIT, 35. too earned, merited. T	
Dy HOIL'LIU, v. to deserve or merit rewards or punishments.	
HOILSH OF HOIL'SHEE, v. did enlighten, declare.	
publish, proclaim, divulge or elucidate ; -AGH ;	
-IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. S Dy HOIL'SHAGH OF HOIL'SHAGHEY, v. to en-	
lighten, declare, &c. S	
Dy HOILSHEA'N, v. to shine or give light.	

# HOO

Ro HOILSHEA'NAGH, a. too enlightening, &c	
HOIL'SHEE, a. d. of light or enlightenings.	S
Dy HOIL'SHEY, s. of light; pl. 67.	S
Ro HOIL'SHIT, too shown or exhibited, too	
clared or published.	S
Horr, 85. set, planted; 2 Sam. xx. 8.	S
Dy HOLK, adv. evil, wickedly; Psalm cix.	19,
in the day of the month Psalms.	0
E HOLL, s. his earwax, or eeking in wool.	S
HOLL OF HOLLEE, v. did defile or sully; —AG —IN; —INS; —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94.	H; S
Dy Hol'LAGH, or HOLLAGHEY, v. to defile	or
sully.	S
Dty Hol'LAGHYN, s. thy croudy; plYN.	S
E HOL'LAGH, s. her cattle.	0
Dy Hol'LAN, s. of salt.	S
Ro HOLLA'NEAGH, a. too dizzy or heady.	т
E HOLLA'NEYS, s. his dizziness.	T
Ro Hol'LEE. See Hoallee.	т
Dy HOL'LEY, v. to defile or sully.	S
HOLLEY-VA', adv. so was or were.	S
Ro Hol'LIT, 85. too defiled or sullied.	S
Hol'LYN, s. f. holly.	ĩ
HOLLYNSTRAI'E, s. f. sea holly, eringo.	
Ro HoL'LYS, a. too light or bright.	S
Dty HoL'LYSSID, s. thy light or brightness.	S
E HOLMO'RYS, s. her ignorance.	0
HOLT, s. m. a hold or grasp; v. did hold	100
grasp; -AGH, 77; -EY, 82; -IN, 83; -IN	vs.
84; -IT, 85; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88	
Dy HOLT'AL, v. to hold or grasp.	
E HOLT'AN, s. his old house in decay.	T
L' HOLT AN, S. DIS OIU HOUSE IN UCCUJ.	-
E Hom, s. his Thom.	T
	0
E HOM, s. his Thom.	т
E HOM, s. his Thom. E HOMA'SE, s. his Thomas.	T
E HOM, s. his Thom. E HOMA'SE, s. his Thomas. Er eh HON, pre. for him or it.	TTS
E Hom, s. his Thom. E Homa'se, s. his Thomas. Er eh Hon, pre. for him or it. Ro Hon'pagh, a. too avaricious.	TTSS
E Hom, s. his Thom. E HomA'sE, s. his Thomas. Er eh Hon, pre. for him or it. Ro Hon'dagh, a. too avaricious. E Hon'did, s. his avariciousness. E Honn, s. his wave; plyn.	TTSSS
E Hom, s. his Thom. E HomA'sE, s. his Thomas. Er eh Hon, pre. for him or it. Ro Hon'dagh, a. too avaricious. E Hon'did, s. his avariciousness. E Honn, s. his wave; pl. — yn.	TTSSSTS
<ul> <li>E Hom, s. his Thom.</li> <li>E HomA'sE, s. his Thomas.</li> <li>Er eh Hon, pre. for him or it.</li> <li>Ro Hon'dagh, a. too avaricious.</li> <li>E Hon'did, s. his avariciousness.</li> <li>E Honn, s. his wave; pl. —yn.</li> <li>E HonnaA'sE, s. his arrogance, ambition.</li> <li>Ro HonnaA'sAGH, a. too arrogant, too ambitous.</li> </ul>	TTSSSTS tis
<ul> <li>E Hom, s. his Thom.</li> <li>E HomA'sE, s. his Thomas.</li> <li>Er eh Hon, pre. for him or it.</li> <li>Ro Hon'dagh, a. too avaricious.</li> <li>E Hon'did, s. his avariciousness.</li> <li>E Honn, s. his wave; pl. —yn.</li> <li>E HonnaA'sE, s. his arrogance, ambition.</li> <li>Ro HonnaA'sAGH, a. too arrogant, too ambitous.</li> <li>Hon'nick, v. did see, saw, seen. Perhaps fro</li> </ul>	TTSSSTS.
<ul> <li>E Hom, s. his Thom.</li> <li>E HomA'sE, s. his Thomas.</li> <li>Er eh Hon, pre. for him or it.</li> <li>Ro Hon'dagh, a. too avaricious.</li> <li>E Hon'did, s. his avariciousness.</li> <li>E Honn, s. his wave; pl. — yn.</li> <li>E HonnaA'sE, s. his arrogance, ambition.</li> <li>Ro HonnaA'sAGH, a. too arrogant, too ambitious.</li> <li>Hon'nick, v. did see, saw, seen. Perhaps from Hee (seeing.) and Naik. See 62.</li> </ul>	T T S S S T S HIS M
<ul> <li>E Hom, s. his Thom.</li> <li>E HomA'sE, s. his Thomas.</li> <li>Er eh Hon, pre. for him or it.</li> <li>Ro Hon'dagh, a. too avaricious.</li> <li>E Hon'did, s. his avariciousness.</li> <li>E Honn, s. his wave; pl. — yn.</li> <li>E HonnaA'sE, s. his arrogance, ambition.</li> <li>Ro HonnaA'sAGH, a. too arrogant, too ambitous.</li> <li>Hon'nick, v. did see, saw, seen. Perhaps fro Hee (seeing,) and Naik. See 62.</li> <li>E Hon'nys, s. his satiety or abundance.</li> </ul>	TTSSSTSi-Sm S
<ul> <li>E Hom, s. his Thom.</li> <li>E HomA'sE, s. his Thomas.</li> <li>Er eh Hon, pre. for him or it.</li> <li>Ro Hon'DAGH, a. too avaricious.</li> <li>E Hon'DID, s. his avariciousness.</li> <li>E HONN, s. his wave; pl. — YN.</li> <li>E HONNAA'SE, s. his arrogance, ambition.</li> <li>Ro HONNAA'SAGH, a. too arrogant, too ambitous.</li> <li>HON'NICK, v. did see, saw, seen. Perhaps fro Hee (seeing,) and Naik. See 62.</li> <li>E HON'NYS, s. his satiety or abundance.</li> <li>E HOO, s. his juice or substance.</li> </ul>	TTSSSTSIS m SS
<ul> <li>E Hom, s. his Thom.</li> <li>E HomA'sE, s. his Thomas.</li> <li>Er eh Hon, pre. for him or it.</li> <li>Ro Hon'dagh, a. too avaricious.</li> <li>E Hon'did, s. his avariciousness.</li> <li>E HonN, s. his wave; pl. — YN.</li> <li>E HONNAA'SE, s. his arrogance, ambition.</li> <li>Ro HONNAA'SAGH, a. too arrogant, too ambitous.</li> <li>HON'NICK, v. did see, saw, seen. Perhaps fro Hee (seeing,) and Naik. See 62.</li> <li>E HON'NYS, s. his satiety or abundance.</li> <li>E Hoo, s. his juice or substance.</li> <li>Hoo, v. did soak or suck up; —AGH; —IN</li> </ul>	TTSSSTSISM SS;
<ul> <li>E Hom, s. his Thom.</li> <li>E HomA'sE, s. his Thomas.</li> <li>Er eh Hon, pre. for him or it.</li> <li>Ro Hon'dagh, a. too avaricious.</li> <li>E Hon'did, s. his avariciousness.</li> <li>E Honn, s. his wave; pl. — YN.</li> <li>E HonnaA'sE, s. his arrogance, ambition.</li> <li>Ro HonnaA'sAGH, a. too arrogant, too ambitous.</li> <li>Hon'nick, v. did see, saw, seen. Perhaps fro Hee (seeing.) and Naik. See 62.</li> <li>E Hon'nys, s. his satiety or abundance.</li> <li>E Hoo, s. his juice or substance.</li> <li>Hoo, v. did soak or suck up; —AGH; —IN —INS; —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94.</li> </ul>	TTSSSTSISM SS;S
<ul> <li>E Hom, s. his Thom.</li> <li>E HomA'sE, s. his Thomas.</li> <li>Er eh Hon, pre. for him or it.</li> <li>Ro Hon'dagh, a. too avaricious.</li> <li>E Hon'did, s. his avariciousness.</li> <li>E Honn, s. his wave; plyn.</li> <li>E HonnaA'sE, s. his arrogance, ambition.</li> <li>Ro HonnaA'sAGH, a. too arrogant, too ambitous.</li> <li>Hon'nick, v. did see, saw, seen. Perhaps fro Hee (seeing.) and Naik. See 62.</li> <li>E Hon'nys, s. his satiety or abundance.</li> <li>E Hoo, s. his juice or substance.</li> <li>Hoo, v. did soak or suck up; -AGH; -IN -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Hoo, v. did thatch or thatched; -AGH; -IN</li> </ul>	TTSSSTSISM SS;S;
<ul> <li>E Hom, s. his Thom.</li> <li>E HomA'sE, s. his Thomas.</li> <li>Er eh Hon, pre. for him or it.</li> <li>Ro Hon'DAGH, a. too avaricious.</li> <li>E Hon'DID, s. his avariciousness.</li> <li>E HONNA 'sE, s. his arrogance, ambition.</li> <li>Ro HONNAA'SAGH, a. too arrogant, too ambitous.</li> <li>HON'NICK, v. did see, saw, seen. Perhaps fro Hee (seeing,) and Naik. See 62.</li> <li>E HON'NYS, s. his satiety or abundance.</li> <li>E Hoo, s. his juice or substance.</li> <li>Hoo, v. did soak or Suck up; -AGH; -IN -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Hoo, v. did thatch or thatched; -AGH; -IN -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> </ul>	TTSSSTSIS SSTSIS
<ul> <li>E Hom, s. his Thom.</li> <li>E HomA'sE, s. his Thomas.</li> <li>Er eh Hon, pre. for him or it.</li> <li>Ro Hon'DAGH, a. too avaricious.</li> <li>E Hon'DID, s. his avariciousness.</li> <li>E HONNA s. his wave; pl. —YN.</li> <li>E HONNAA'SE, s. his arrogance, ambition.</li> <li>Ro HONNAA'SAGH, a. too arrogant, too ambitous.</li> <li>HON'NICK, v. did see, saw, seen. Perhaps fro Hee (seeing,) and Naik. See 62.</li> <li>E HON'NYS, s. his satiety or abundance.</li> <li>E Hoo, s. his juice or substance.</li> <li>Hoo, v. did soak or Suck up; —AGH; —IN —INS; —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94.</li> <li>Hoo, v. did thatch or thatched; —AGH; —IN —INS; —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94.</li> <li>HOOAR, v. got, received. This is an irregula</li> </ul>	TTSSSTSIS SSTSIS
<ul> <li>E Hom, s. his Thom.</li> <li>E HomA'sE, s. his Thomas.</li> <li>Er eh Hon, pre. for him or it.</li> <li>Ro Hon'DAGH, a. too avaricious.</li> <li>E Hon'DID, s. his avariciousness.</li> <li>E HONNA, s. his wave; pl. —YN.</li> <li>E HONNAA'SE, s. his arrogance, ambition.</li> <li>Ro HONNAA'SAGH, a. too arrogant, too ambitous.</li> <li>HON'NICK, v. did see, saw, seen. Perhaps fro Hee (seeing,) and Naik. See 62.</li> <li>E HON'NYS, s. his satiety or abundance.</li> <li>E HOO, s. his juice or substance.</li> <li>HOO, v. did soak or suck up; —AGH; —IN —INS; —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94.</li> <li>Hoo, v. did thatch or thatched; —AGH; —IN —INS; —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94.</li> <li>HOOAR, v. got, received. This is an irregula derivation of the verb geddyn. See 62.</li> </ul>	TTSSSTSISM SS;;S;Tr
<ul> <li>E Hom, s. his Thom.</li> <li>E HomA'sE, s. his Thomas.</li> <li>Er eh Hon, pre. for him or it.</li> <li>Ro Hon'DAGH, a. too avaricious.</li> <li>E Hon'DID, s. his avariciousness.</li> <li>E HONN, s. his wave; pl. —YN.</li> <li>E HONNAA'SE, s. his arrogance, ambition.</li> <li>Ro HONNAA'SE, s. his arrogance, ambition.</li> <li>Ro HONNAA'SAGH, a. too arrogant, too ambitious.</li> <li>HON'NICK, v. did see, saw, seen. Perhaps fro Hee (seeing,) and Naik. See 62.</li> <li>E HON'NYS, s. his satiety or abundance.</li> <li>E HOO, s. his juice or substance.</li> <li>HOO, v. did soak or suck up; —AGH; —IN —INS; —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94.</li> <li>HOOAR, v. got, received. This is an irregula derivation of the verb geddyn. See 62.</li> <li>HOOD, p. p, to thee; —s, id em.</li> </ul>	TTSSSTSISM SS;STTG
<ul> <li>E Hom, s. his Thom.</li> <li>E HomA'sE, s. his Thomas.</li> <li>Er eh Hon, pre. for him or it.</li> <li>Ro Hon'DAGH, a. too avaricious.</li> <li>E Hon'DID, s. his avariciousness.</li> <li>E HONN, s. his wave; plYN.</li> <li>E HONNAA'SE, s. his arrogance, ambition.</li> <li>Ro HONNAA'SAGH, a. too arrogant, too ambitous.</li> <li>HON'NICK, v. did see, saw, seen. Perhaps fro Hee (seeing,) and Naik. See 62.</li> <li>E HON'NYS, s. his satiety or abundance.</li> <li>E HOO, s. his juice or substance.</li> <li>HOO, v. did soak or suck up; -AGH; -IN -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>HOO, v. did thatch or thatched; -AGH; -IN derivation of the verb geddyn. See 62.</li> <li>HOOD, p. p. to thee; -S, id em.</li> <li>E HOO'DER, s. his soaker, his thatcher. S.</li> </ul>	TTSSSTSISM SS;STTG
<ul> <li>E Hom, s. his Thom.</li> <li>E HomA'sE, s. his Thomas.</li> <li>Er eh Hon, pre. for him or it.</li> <li>Ro Hon'DAGH, a. too avaricious.</li> <li>E Hon'DID, s. his avariciousness.</li> <li>E HONN, s. his wave; pl. —YN.</li> <li>E HONNAA'SE, s. his arrogance, ambition.</li> <li>Ro HONNAA'SAGH, a. too arrogant, too ambitous.</li> <li>HON'NICK, v. did see, saw, seen. Perhaps fro Hee (seeing,) and Naik. See 62.</li> <li>E HON'NYS, s. his satiety or abundance.</li> <li>E HOO, s. his juice or substance.</li> <li>HOO, v. did soak or suck up; —AGH; —IN —INS; —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94.</li> <li>HOO, v. did thatch or thatched; —AGH; —IN —INS; —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94.</li> <li>HOOAR, v. got, received. This is an irregula derivation of the verb geddyn. See 62.</li> <li>HOOD, p. p. to thee; —s, id em.</li> <li>E HOO'DER, s. his soaker, his thatcher. S. HOODHEN'E, p. p. to thyself.</li> </ul>	TTSSSTSISM SS;STTG
<ul> <li>E Hom, s. his Thom.</li> <li>E HomA'se, s. his Thomas.</li> <li>Er eh Hon, pre. for him or it.</li> <li>Ro Hon'DAGH, a. too avaricious.</li> <li>E Hon'DID, s. his avariciousness.</li> <li>E HONN, s. his wave; plYN.</li> <li>E HONNAA'SAGH, a. too arrogant, too ambitous.</li> <li>HON'NICK, v. did see, saw, seen. Perhaps fro Hee (seeing,) and Naik. See 62.</li> <li>E HON'NYS, s. his satiety or abundance.</li> <li>E HOO, s. his juice or substance.</li> <li>HOO, v. did soak or suck up; -AGH; -IN -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>HOOAR, v. got, received. This is an irregula derivation of the verb geddyn. See 62.</li> <li>HOOD, p. p. to thee; -S, id em.</li> <li>E HOO'DER, s. his soaker, his thatcher. S. HOODHEN'E, p. p. to thyself.</li> <li>Dy HOO'EE, s. of soot.</li> </ul>	TTSSSTSISM SS;STTG
<ul> <li>E Hom, s. his Thom.</li> <li>E HomA'se, s. his Thomas.</li> <li>Er eh Hon, pre. for him or it.</li> <li>Ro Hon'dagh, a. too avaricious.</li> <li>E Hon'did, s. his avariciousness.</li> <li>E Honn, s. his wave; plyn.</li> <li>E Honnaa'se, s. his arrogance, ambition.</li> <li>Ro Honnaa'sagh, a. too arrogant, too ambitous.</li> <li>Hon'nick, v. did see, saw, seen. Perhaps fro Hee (seeing.) and Naik. See 62.</li> <li>E Hon'nys, s. his satiety or abundance.</li> <li>E Hoo, s. his juice or substance.</li> <li>Hoo, v. did soak or suck up; -AGH; -IN -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Hoo, v. did thatch or thatched; -AGH; -IN -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>HooAR, v. got, received. This is an irregula derivation of the verb geddyn. See 62.</li> <li>HooD, p. p. to thee; -S, id em.</li> <li>E Hoo'dden, s. his soaker, his thatcher. S. Hoodden, s. of soot.</li> <li>Ny Hoo'HYN, s. the eggs. Prov. "Lhig dentation of the verb set.</li> </ul>	TTSSSTSHSM SS;S;TrG T
<ul> <li>E Hom, s. his Thom.</li> <li>E HomA'sE, s. his Thomas.</li> <li>Er eh Hon, pre. for him or it.</li> <li>Ro Hon'DAGH, a. too avaricious.</li> <li>E Hon'DID, s. his avariciousness.</li> <li>E HONN, s. his wave; plYN.</li> <li>E HONNAA'SE, s. his arrogance, ambition.</li> <li>Ro HONNAA'SE, s. his arrogance, ambition.</li> <li>Ro HONNAA'SAGH, a. too arrogant, too ambitous.</li> <li>HON'NICK, v. did see, saw, seen. Perhaps fro Hee (seeing.) and Naik. See 62.</li> <li>E HON'NYS, s. his satiety or abundance.</li> <li>E HOO, s. his juice or substance.</li> <li>HOO, v. did soak or suck up; -AGH; -IN -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>HOO, v. did thatch or thatched; -AGH; -IN -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>HOOAR, v. got, received. This is an irregula derivation of the verb geddyn. See 62.</li> <li>HOOD, p. p. to thee; -S, id em.</li> <li>E HOO'DER, s. his soaker, his thatcher. S.</li> <li>HOODHEN'E, p. p. to thyself.</li> <li>Dy HOO'EE, s. of soot.</li> <li>Ny HOO'HYN, s. the eggs. Prov. "Lhig de chooilley ushag guirr e hoohyn hene."</li> </ul>	TTSSSTSIS SSSSTTTG T
<ul> <li>E Hom, s. his Thom.</li> <li>E HomA'sE, s. his Thomas.</li> <li>Er eh Hon, pre. for him or it.</li> <li>Ro Hon'DAGH, a. too avaricious.</li> <li>E Hon'DID, s. his avariciousness.</li> <li>E HONN, s. his wave; plYN.</li> <li>E HONNAA'SE, s. his arrogance, ambition.</li> <li>Ro HONNAA'SE, s. his arrogance, ambition.</li> <li>Ro HONNAA'SAGH, a. too arrogant, too ambitous.</li> <li>HON'NICK, v. did see, saw, seen. Perhaps fron Hee (seeing,) and Naik. See 62.</li> <li>E HON'NYS, s. his satiety or abundance.</li> <li>E HON, s. his juice or substance.</li> <li>HOO, v. did soak or suck up; -AGH; -IN -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>HOOAR, v. got, received. This is an irregula derivation of the verb geddyn. See 62.</li> <li>HOOD, p. p. to thee; -s, id em.</li> <li>E HOO'DER, s. his soaker, his thatcher. S.</li> <li>HOODHEN'E, p. p. to thyself.</li> <li>Dy HOO'EE, s. of soot.</li> <li>Ny HOO'HYN, s. the eggs. Prov. "Lhig dechooilley ushag guirr e hoohyn hene."</li> <li>Ny HOOI'GEY, a. d. of the pits.</li> </ul>	TTSSSTSHSM SS;S;TrG T 30
<ul> <li>E Hom, s. his Thom.</li> <li>E HomA'sE, s. his Thomas.</li> <li>Er eh Hon, pre. for him or it.</li> <li>Ro Hon'DAGH, a. too avaricious.</li> <li>E Hon'DID, s. his avariciousness.</li> <li>E HONN, s. his wave; plYN.</li> <li>E HONNAA'SE, s. his arrogance, ambition.</li> <li>Ro HONNAA'SE, s. his arrogance, ambition.</li> <li>Hon'NICK, v. did see, saw, seen. Perhaps from Hee (seeing,) and Naik. See 62.</li> <li>E HON'NYS, s. his satiety or abundance.</li> <li>E HOO, s. his juice or substance.</li> <li>Hoo, v. did soak or suck up; -AGH; -IN -IN -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>HOOAR, v. got, received. This is an irregular derivation of the verb geddyn. See 62.</li> <li>HOOD, p. p. to thee; -S, id em.</li> <li>E HOO'DER, s. his soaker, his thatcher. S. HOODHEN'E, p. p. to thyself.</li> <li>Dy HOO'EE, s. of soot.</li> <li>Ny HOO'HYN, s. the eggs. Prov. "Lhig derivation deriver hoohyn hene."</li> <li>Ny HOO'GEY, a. d. of the pits.</li> <li>Ny HOO'GYN, s. the pits.</li> </ul>	TTSSSTSISM SS;S;TrG T NOO
<ul> <li>E Hom, s. his Thom.</li> <li>E HomA'sE, s. his Thomas.</li> <li>Er eh Hon, pre. for him or it.</li> <li>Ro Hon'DAGH, a. too avaricious.</li> <li>E Hon'DID, s. his avariciousness.</li> <li>E HONN, s. his wave; plYN.</li> <li>E HONNAA'SE, s. his arrogance, ambition.</li> <li>Ro HONNAA'SE, s. his arrogance, ambition.</li> <li>Ro HONNAA'SE, s. his arrogance, ambition.</li> <li>Ro HONNAA'SAGH, a. too arrogant, too ambitous.</li> <li>HON'NICK, v. did see, saw, seen. Perhaps fron Hee (seeing.) and Naik. See 62.</li> <li>E HON'NYS, s. his satiety or abundance.</li> <li>E HOO, s. his juice or substance.</li> <li>HOO, v. did soak or suck up; -AGH; -IN -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>HOOAR, v. got, received. This is an irregula derivation of the verb geddyn. See 62.</li> <li>HOOD, p. p. to thee; -S, id em.</li> <li>E HOO'DER, s. his soaker, his thatcher. S. HOODHEN'E, p. p. to thyself.</li> <li>Dy HOO'EE, s. of soot.</li> <li>Ny HOO'HYN, s. the eggs. Prov. "Lhig dechooilley ushag guirr e hoohyn hene."</li> <li>Ny HOOI'GEY, a. d. of the pits.</li> <li>Ny HOOI'GYN, s. the pits.</li> </ul>	TTSSSTSISM SSISTIG T 300000
<ul> <li>E Hom, s. his Thom.</li> <li>E HomA'sE, s. his Thomas.</li> <li>Er eh Hon, pre. for him or it.</li> <li>Ro Hon'dagh, a. too avaricious.</li> <li>E Hon'ddgh, a. too avariciousness.</li> <li>E Honn, s. his avariciousness.</li> <li>E HonnaA'sE, s. his arrogance, ambition.</li> <li>Ro HonnaA'sE, s. his arrogance, ambition.</li> <li>Ro HonnaA'sAGH, a. too arrogant, too ambitious.</li> <li>Hon'nick, v. did see, saw, seen. Perhaps from Hee (seeing,) and Naik. See 62.</li> <li>E Hon'nys, s. his satiety or abundance.</li> <li>E Hoo, s. his juice or substance.</li> <li>Hoo, v. did soak or suck up; -AGH; -IN -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Hoo, v. did thatch or thatched; -AGH; -IN -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>HooAR, v. got, received. This is an irregular derivation of the verb geddyn. See 62.</li> <li>Hood, p. p. to thee; -s, id em.</li> <li>E Hoo'dder, s. his soaker, his thatcher. S. Hoodder, s. of soot.</li> <li>Ny Hoo'HYN, s. the eggs. Prov. "Lhig derivating guirr e hoohyn hene."</li> <li>Ny Hooi'GeY, a. d. of the pits.</li> <li>Ny Hooi'GYN, s. the pits.</li> <li>E HooIL, s. her oil.</li> <li>HooILL, v. did toil or tire; -AGH; -IN; -INS</li> </ul>	TTSSSTSISM SSISTIG T 300000
<ul> <li>E Hom, s. his Thom.</li> <li>E HomA'sE, s. his Thomas.</li> <li>Er eh Hon, pre. for him or it.</li> <li>Ro Hon'dagh, a. too avaricious.</li> <li>E Hon'ddgh, a. too avariciousness.</li> <li>E Hon'ddgh, s. his avariciousness.</li> <li>E Honna'sE, s. his arrogance, ambition.</li> <li>Ro Honnaa'sE, s. his arrogance, ambition.</li> <li>Hon'nick, v. did see, saw, seen. Perhaps from Hee (seeing,) and Naik. See 62.</li> <li>E Hon'nys, s. his satiety or abundance.</li> <li>E Hoo, s. his juice or substance.</li> <li>Hoo, v. did soak or suck up; -AGH; -IN -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Hoo, v. did thatch or thatched; -AGH; -IN -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>HooAR, v. got, received. This is an irregular derivation of the verb geddyn. See 62.</li> <li>HooD, p. p. to thee; -s, id em.</li> <li>E Hoo'ddyn, s. his soaker, his thatcher. S.</li> <li>Hoodhen'E, p. p. to thyself.</li> <li>Dy Hoo'HNN, s. the eggs. Prov. "Lhig derivation of the pits.</li> <li>Ny Hoo'HNN, s. the pits.</li> <li>E HooIL, s. her oil.</li> <li>HOOILL, v. did toil or tire; -AGH; -IN; -INS -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> </ul>	TTSSSTSISM SS;S;TrG T 300000;

# HOU

	Ro HOOILLEI'LAGH, a. too toilsome, &c.	Т
	Ny HOOIL'LEY, s. a flood; Gen. ix. 15.	T
	Ro HOOIL'LIT, 85. to toiled or tired.	Т
	HOOIN, p. p. to us, let us go. See Dooin ; id. em.	
	HOOIR, v. did forebode or threaten; -	
	-IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.	T
	Ny HOOIR'REY, a. d. of the earth or mould. Ro HOOR, a. too sour.	. 0 S
	E Hoor, s. his tower; $pl YN$ .	T
	E Hoor, s. her hour; $pl YN$ .	ò
	Ro HOOR'AGH, a. too towery.	т
	Dy Hoo'REE, v. to court, to woo.	S
	E HOOR'RAN OF HUR'RAN, s. his round stack.	corn
	E HOOR'RID, s. his leaven or sourness.	s
	E Hoost, s. his flail; plYN.	S
	E HOOT, s. his oaf. See Toot.	т
	Ro HOOT'AGH, a. too much an oaf or idiot.	т
	HOOYL or *HOOYLL, did walk, walked; -A	
	-IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.	S
	E HOOVL, s. her apple.	0
	<i>E</i> HOR'CAN, <i>s</i> . his suffocating fume. Dy HOR'CANEY, <i>v</i> . to stifle with fume.	T T
	E HORCH, his sort; plyn.	S
	HORGH OF HORCHEE, v. did torment or	
	mented; -AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -Y	MS;
		Т
	Dy Hor/chagh, v. to torment.	T
	Er ny HOR'CHAGHEY, v. being tormented. Ro HOR'CHIT, 85. too tormented, too sorted.	T
	E Ho'REE, s. his highwayman; plYN.	T
	Dy HO'REEAGHT, v. to rob on the highway.	T
	Dy Ho'REEYS, s. of highway robbery.	т
	HORLTH, v. to call a cow or cattle.	
	Ben Hor'ragh, a. a pregnant woman.	т
	Ny Hor'RAN, s. a dunghill; Ezra, vi. 11.	Т
	E Horr, s. his heed, thought, &c.	T
	Fer Hosh'EE, a. the first or foremost one.	T
	E HOSHEEVIOR'REY, s. his coroners. E HOSHIAGHJIOR'REY, s. his coroner.	T T
	Dy Hosh'IAGHEY, v. to forward, to expedite.	
	Er dly HOSH'IAGHT, in. go on, go forward;	
	on before thee; -vs. id. em.	T
	HOSH'IAGHT OOILLEY, a. first of all.	Т
	HOSH'TAL, a. left. Would the etymology of a word be too far fetched, if it were said to	
	from Tasht ?—the hand kept or stored up m than the other.	ore
	Ny Host, a. silent; Prov. " Ta chengey ny h	
	ny share na olk y ghra."	т
	Ro Hos'TAGH, a. too tacit or silent.	T
	E Hos'TID, s. his silence or tacitness.	T
	Ben Hos'TNAGH, s. an English woman. Dy Hos'TNEE, s. of English people.	S
	E Hos'TYL, s. her apostle; $pl.$ —YN.	S O
	Ree Hos'TYN, s. the king of England.	s
	Ro Hours, a. too snug or comfortable.	S
	E HOUIR'ID, s. his snugness, &c.	S
	E HOU'RAL, s. her sacrifice or offering.	0
	Laa Hou'REE, a. d. of a summer's day.	S
	Dy Hou'rey, s. of summer.	s
	Eeym Hou'RINAGH, a. summer butter.	S
1	Daa Housa'ne, s. two thousand.	т

E How, s. his buoy line; pl YN.	TÍ	HREIG OF *HREIGG,
How, v. did tow, towed, drag by a rope on th	e	-AGH; -IN; -INS;
water; -AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS	;	Er HREIGEIL' OF HRE
-ys, 94.	T	saken or abandoned.
E How L, S. ms noic, pr. E House	T	Ro HREIH, a. too wi
*Howsh or Howse, v. did measure, measured	;	pale.
-AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.		E HREIH'ID, s. his wr
E How'SHAN, s. his measurement; pl YN.		E HREIGH'YS, s. his n
to now shirt, os. too measured.	T	HREIN OF *HREINN, v. —IN; —INS; —YM;
HOYL OF HOYLEE, v. did compare, typify of	or	E HREIN'NEY, s. his r
liken; —AGH; —IN; —INS; —YM; —YMS —YS, 94.	s	Ro HREIN'NIT, 85. too
Dy Hoy'LAGH, v. to compare typify, or liken.		HREISHT, v. did trust of
Er ny HOY'LAGHEY, v. to be compared, or bein		-IN; -INS; -YM;
compared, typified or likened; Mat. xiii. 24.	S	Dy HREISHTEIL', v. to
HOYLL, v. did bore or perforate. See also Hioll.		E HREISHTEIL'AGH, S.
HOYL'LEE. See Hiollee.		pl. 71.
	S	Ro HREISH'TIT, 85. to
	T	E HRELLEE'N, s. his g
	0	Ben HREOGHE, s. a
	T	which word, accordin
	T	ought to be the tru treoghe.
	T	E HREOGH'YS, s. his v
	1.	Daa HRIE, s. two feet
	T	E HRIM'MID, s. his we
E HRAA, s. his time; plGHYN OF -YN.	T	Ro HRIM'SHAGH, a. to
E HRAAGH, s. his hay ; plINVN.	T	E HRIM'SHAGH, s. his
	T	E HRIM'SHEY, S. his s
HRAAST, v. did squeeze or press ; -AGH ; -IN	;	O HRINAID', s. O Trin
	T	HROAILT, v."did travel
Dy HRAAS'TEY, v. to squeeze or press.	T	-INS; -YM; -YMS
	T	this word when an
*HEAAU or HRAAUE, v. did plough, ploughed		as, Lhiabbee-hroailt,
-AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -Y	s, T	not sounded; as, L travail or lying-in be
	T	Ny HROAIL'TAGH, S S
	T	Dty HROAIL'TYS, s. th
E HRAID, s. his street; plYN.	s	E HROAR OF HROAVR,
HRAIE, v. did ebb or abate; -AGH; -IN		E HROCAIR'YS, s. his
-INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94	T	Ro HROCHOIL', a. too a
	T	HROG OF *HROGG, v.
	T	or raise; -AGH; -I
	T	
	T	As HROG AD ORROO,
*HRANLAA'S OF HRANLAASE, v. did tyranize of	or	Dy HROG'GAL, v. to lif
oppress; -AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS		E HROG'GILLOO, s. his
	T	Ro HROG'GIT, 85. tool
E HRANLAA'SAGH, S. his tyrant or oppresson	r; T	HROGH, v. did hang o
pl. 71. Dy HRANLAA'SEY, v. to tyranize, oppress, o	- 1	This word is improp orthography, Chrogh
	or T	HROID OF *HROIDD,
	T	-AGH; -IN; -IN;
	T	94.
Ro HREAN, a. too valiant or strong ; Psl. xxx	~	Dy HROIDD'EY, v. to s
10.	T	E HROIDD'IDER, s. hi
Ny HREAN'AGH, s. a valiant man; pl 71.	T	Ro HROME, a. too hea
E HREAN'ID, s. his valour or strength.	T	Dy HROM'MYS, s. of h
E HREE, s. his three; 1 Sam. xxxi. 6.	T	HROO, v. did envy or
E HREEAN, s. his bridle; plYN.	S	-IN; -INS; -YM;
*HREICEN OF HREICENEE, v. did beetle or be		Ro HROO'AGH, a. too
with a beetle; -AGH; -IN; -INS; -Y	M ;	Ny HROOID, p. p. th
-YMS; -YS, 94.	т	-syn, id. em.
E HREICKNA'NE, s. his beetle; pl. —YN.	Т	E HROOR, a. his three Ro HROSH'ACH a to
Dy HREICK'NEY, v. to beetle or beat.	Т	Ro HROSH'AGH, a. too
Ro HREICK'NIT, 85. too beetled or beaten.	T	E HROSH'ID, S. his st

#### HRO

v. did forsake, forsook ; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. Т EIG'EY, v. hath, &c. for T retched or miserable, too T T etchedness, &c. nisery; pl. -syn. T did nail or nailed ; -AGH ; -YMS; -YS, 94. T ail; pl. 67; v. nailing. T o nailed. т or hope, trusted ; -AGH; -YMS; -YS, 94. T o trust or hope. т his trustee or trusty one; T o much trusted. т landers. T widow; pl. see Mraane, ng to the rules of Manks, e spelling, and not Ben-T vidowhood. т t in measurement. T eight or heaviness. T o sorrowful, &c. T sorrowful one; pl. 71. T orrow or grief. T ity. T or travail; -AGH; -IN; ; -vs, 94. In expressing adjective, after Lhiabbee, the r is often omitted or hiabbe-hoalt (the bed of d). T a traveller; pl. 71. T y pilgrimage. T s. his crop ; pl. -- YN. T affection or favour. T ffectionate or favourable.T did lift, rear, build, train, N; -INS; -YM; -YMS; T and they arose. T t, rear, build, train, &c. T s lifting, &c. T lifted, reared, &c. T or hung; 2 Sam. xxi. 12. erly spelled; see the true C v. did scold or chide; s; -YM; -YMS; -YS, T cold or chide. T s one who scolds. T vy or weighty. т eaviness. T grudge, envied; -AGH; -YMS ; -YS, 94. T envious. TI rough him, throughout ; TI e. TI o strong. TI T | E HROSH'ID, s. his strength. TI

#### HUR

HROSHT, v. did fast, fasted; -AGH; -IN;
—INS; — YM; —YMS; —YS, 94. Т Е HROSH'TAGH, s. his faster; pl. 71. Т
Dy HROSH'TEY, v. to fast. T
E HROUSE, s. his rubbish. T
E HRUA'NE, s. his triangle. T
E HRUSS, s. his truss; pl YN. T E HRUS'TYR, s. his filth, dirt, or nast. T
E HRUS'TYR, s. his filth, dirt, or nast. T E HUA'RYSTAL, s. his shape, resemblance, com-
parison; Isa. xlvi. 5. T
E HUB'BAG, s. his tub or bushel. Prov. "Tou
towse e arroo liorish dty hubbag hene." T Huc, p. p. to them; -syn, id. em.
HUG, pre. to. This word is used instead of Gys.
Huc, v. put, gave, sent; Hug-eh (he put, he
sent, he gave). Du Hugga'ne, s. of straw rope, S
Dy HUGGA'NE, s. of straw rope. S HUGGA'IN, v. did bind with straw rope; —AGH;
-IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. S
Dy HUGGA'NEY, v. to bind with straw rope. S
Ro Hugga'NIT, 85. too much bound with straw rope. S
HUG'GEY, p. p. to him, unto him; -syn, id. em.
HUG'GEY AS VEIH, adv. hither and thither, to
and fro.
HUIC, p. p. to her; —ISH, id. em. Ny HUILK, s. the evils. U
HUILL, v. did walk; Esther, ii. 11, Acts.
iii. 4; -AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS;
-ys, 94. S E HUILL, s. his holes; a. d. of hole or holes. T
E HUIL/LIN, s. her elbow.
E HUIN'NEY, s. his universe. T
HUITT, v. did fall, fell, devolved; —AGH; —IN; —INS: —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94. T
-INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. T Dy HUIT'TYM, v. to fall, devolve, drop. T
Hul'LAD, s. f. an owl; plYN.
E HUL'LAGH, s. his instant. T
HUM OF *HUMM, v. did dip, dipped; -AGH; -IN: -INS: -YM: -YMS; -YS, 94. T
-IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. T E HUM'ARK, s. his primrose. S
Dy HUM'MEY, v. to dip or plunge. T
E HUM'MID, s. his size or bulk. T
Ro HUM'MIDAGH, a. too bulksome. T
E HUN'DER, s. his summer or sexton. S E HUN'DIN s. her foundation. U
<i>E</i> HUN'DIN, s. her foundation. U <i>E</i> HUNE, s. his rush. See also <i>Hioon</i> . S
HUNN, v. did tun, tunned; -AGH; -IN; -INS;
E HUN'NAG, s. his duck. T Dag HUN'NEY, s. two tons: pl. 67. T
Daa Hun'ney, s. two tons; pl. 67. T Dy Hun'ney, v. to tun. T
E HUN'NISH, s. her onion; plYN. U
Ro HUN'NIT, 85. too inured, too tunned. T
HUR OF *HURR, v. did suffer, suffered; -AGH; -IN: -INS: -YM: -YMS: -YS, 94. S
-IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. S Ro HURDREM'AGH, a. too trust worthy. S
E HURDREM'ID OF HURDREM'YS, S. his trust
worthiness. S
HUR'JUCK OF HURJUCKS, adv. away pig, or away with thee pig.
E HUR'LEY, s. her eagle. U
HUR'LEY-BUR'LEY, adv. higgledy-piggledy, con- fusedly.

#### HYS

93

	1	
	HURLL, v. did toss or tumble; -AGH; -	
	INS;YM;YMS;YS, 94.	S
	Dy HURL'LAGHEY, v. to toss or tumble.	S
	Ro HURL'LIT, 85. too tossed or tumbled.	S
	E HURN, s. his job; drogh-hurn (a bad job)	. T
	Dy HUR'RAL, v. to suffer pain.	S
	E HUR'RAN. See Hoorran.	T
		1
	Ro HUR'RANSAGH, a. too sufferable.	S
	Dy HUR'RANSE, v. to undergo, sustain, suffe	
	Dty HUR'RANSE-FOD'DEY, s. thy long suf	
	ing.	S
	E HUR'RANSEE, s. his sufferers.	S
	Ro HURT, 85. too much suffered.	S
	Mee HUSH'TAGH, a. without knowledge.	т
	E HUSH'TAL, s. his gospel.	S
	Ny HUSH'TALLAGH, s. an evangelist.	S
	Mee HUSH'TEE, s. ignorant people.	T
	Ny HUSH'TEY, s. of water.	U
	Dy HUSH'TEY, s. of knowledge.	Т
	Mee HUSH'TEY, s. want or lack of knowledge	e. T
	HUT, in. of dislike.	
	Dy HUT'TERNEE, v. to neigh.	S
	E HUYR, s. his sister; plAGHYN.	S
	E HUYR'YS, s. his sisterhood.	S
	My HWOAIE, a. northward.	т
	Bee dty HWOAIE, adv. beware thou, be th	
	cautious.	Т
	HYLL, v. shed, drop. See Hill.	S
	Нум, p. p. to me; —s, id. em.	
	E HYM, s. his sum; plYN.	S
	*HYML OF HYM'LEE, v. did pine or decay; -A	GH:
	-IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.	Ś
	Dy HYM'LEY, v. to pine or waste away.	S
	Dy HYM'MEY, s. of compassion.	Сп
	Ro HYMMOI'L, a. too compassionate.	Сн
	Ny HYM'MYDYN, s. the uses.	Y
	HYMN, v. did will or bequeath, &c. -Ac	e
	-IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.	
	My HYM'NAGH, v. if would, &c. will, bequea	and the second s
		Сн
		Сн
	HYMPEN'E, p. p. to myself.	2
	*HYMS OF HYM'SEE, v. did gather, gathere	
	-AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -Y	
		Сн
	Dy HYM'SAGH OF HYM'SAGHEY, v. to gath	100 C
		Сн
		Сн
		Сн
	HYNDAA', v. did turn, turned; -GH; -I	
1		Сн
	- , ,	Сн
	Ro HYNDA'ir, 85. too much turned.	Сп
	*HYRM OF HYRMEE, v. did dry, dried; -AG	н;
1		Сн
1	Dy HYR'MAGH OF HYRMAGHEY, v. to dry.	Сн
1		
	E HYR'RYS, s. his tour or journey. This wo appears, by Sam. xvii. 28, to be from Ch, b	ant
1	which seems to me to be from	T
1	Hyss, v. to set a dog on any thing; $-AG$	
	-IN; -YMS, &C.	п;
1	any amoj cor	

ING'AGH, s. f. a train of nets; pl. 72.

ING'AN, s. m. an anvil; pl. -YN.

- ING'AN, s. m. the issue, increase, or offspring of sheep, cattle, fowls, &c.; Job, xxxix. 2; pl. —YN.
- ING'EE, a. d. of a train or trains of nets.

ING'IN, s. f. the nail of a finger or toe, a hoof.

Dy ING'NEY, v. to cut with the nails or hoofs.

ING'NEY, a. d. of the nail or nails, or hoof.

ING'NIT, 85. cut with nails or hoofs.

- ING'YR, s. f. pus, ichor, corrupted matter of a sore.
- ING'YRAGH, a. pussy, ichorous, gathering pus.
- ING'YRAGH, a. d. of pus or curruption.
- Dy ING'YRAGHT, v. to gather pus or matter, to fester.
- INJEIG', s. f. a pringle, a paddock, a small enclosure of land; pl. - YN.

INJEIG'AGH, a. being in pringles, &c.

IN'JIL, a. low, not high.

- \*IN'JILL OF INJILLEE, v. make low, lower; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- Dy IN'GILLAGHEV, v. to make or bring low, to abase, to subdue, to bring into a state of subjection.

IN'JILLID, s. m. lowness, depression.

IN'JILLIT, 85. made low, abased, humbled, depressed.

IN'NAGH, s. m. woof or weft. Prov. "Lhig da'n innagh lhie er y chione s'jerree."

IN'NEE, a. d. daughter of, girl of.

INNEE'N, s. f. daughter, girl; pl. -YN.

daughters.

- YN INNEEN, *s. pl.* daughters' daughters. YN BRAAR AS SHUYR, *s.* brother and sister's daughters.

INNEY-VEY'L, s. f. a maid or girl that is hired for wages, a handmaid; 1 Kings, iii. 20.

IN'NYD, s. f. lent. See Laa-innyd.

INSH, v. tell or announce; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88. Prov. "Nagh insh dou cre va mee, agh insh dou cre ta mee."

- INSH'EYDER, s. m. a teller, one who announces. INSH'IT, 85. told, announced.
- INSH'LEY, a. d. of lowness or low; Cheu ny inshley (the low side).
- INSH'LID, s. m. lowness. A corruption of Injillid.

IR-CHOYR'LEE, S. COUNSellors.

IRK, s. pl. young pigs; the pl. of Ark.

E IR-01'K, s. his officers.

IRR OF IR'REE, v. rise; —AGH, 77; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88. Prov. "Eshyn lhieys marish moddee, irrys eh marish jarganyn."

IR'REE, s. f. a passion, rising.

IRREE-MAG'H, s. a rebe, ion; pl. -YN.

IRREE-NY-GREIN'NEY m. the rising of the sun.

This letter is radical in all words under it when it is initial, except a few from F.

INC

ICK, UICK, or AUICK, s. f. a creek or gullet. In looking over Dr. Borlase's vocabulary of the Cornish language, (which is now nearly extinct,) I found a word which exactly answers to our Ghaw, Giau, Guick, or Giuag, a creek or gullet. There are not less than nine places in the south of this Island, the names of which end in ick, viz.—Fleshick, Spoldrick, Parwick, Dressick, Saundrick, Grenick, Soderick, Pollick, and Garwick.

ID, s. This, in the Manks, is only an ending syllable to adjectives, and makes them substantives; its meaning is, for the most part, the same as the English ness. See 89, &c.

- IDD, s. pl. nests; Psl. civ. 17; hats, Dan. iii. 21. IDD, a. d. of nest or nests, of hat or hats.
- ID'LEE or ID'LEY, s. m. a string. Perhaps from a hat string.
- IL'LIAM, s. m. William.
- LL'LISH, s. f. the handle or loop in a creel, hand basket, or reticule; pl. — YN.

IM'BAGH, s. m. season; pl. -YN.

IMBAGHOI'L, *u.* seasonable.

IMBAGHOI'LID, s. m. seasonableness.

IM'BEA, s. carriage, character, conduct. No doubt a contraction of Immeeaght-bea.

- IM'BEE, a. d. of the season or seasons.
- IM'BYL, v. brew; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —IT, 85; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- IM'LAGH, s. the fine of groats; the strange sheep to be turned off.

Er ny IM'LAGHEY, v. hath, &c. heen humbled. IM'LEE, a, humble, not proud.

IM'LEEID, s. m. humbleness, humility.

- IMLEIG', s. f. navel; pl. -YN.
- IM'LEYDER, s. m. a brewer ; pl. -YN.

IM'LIT, 85, humbled; brewed.

- IM'MAN, s. m. a drove; pl. YN; v. drive; —AGH, 77; — EE, 80; — IN, 83; — INS, 84; — YM, 86; — YMS, 87; — YS, 88.
- IM'MANAGH, s. m. a driver; pl. 71.
- IM'MANIT, 85. driven, drove.

IM'MEE, v. i. go, begone, -AGH, 77, &c.

- IM'MEEAGHT, v. going, acting.
- IM'MEEIT OF IMMIT, 85. gone.
- IM'MYR, s. f. a bed or butt of land, as many furrows as are put together between the ending furrows, a bed of seed in a garden.
- IMNEA', s. m. anxiety, solicitude, concern, uneasiness for any thing; pl. - YN, or - GHYN.
- IMNE'AGH, a. anxious, solicitous, uneasy ; Mat. vi. 25.

Dy IMNE'AGH, adv. anxiously, &c.

- IMNE'AYS, s. m. anxiousness, anxiety.
- IMRAA', v. mention, rehearse, speak of, repeat; —AGH, 77; EE—, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- IMRAA, DER, s. m. a mentioner, &c.

IMRAA'IT, 85. mentioned, spoken.

IM'RAGHYN, s. pl. lands or beds.

IN'CHYN, s. pl. brains. See also Enneeyn.

F

F

- IRREE-REESH'T OF IRREE-SEOSE REESHT, S. TCsurrection; Mat. xxii. 31. Irree-seose; John, xi. 24.
- IR'REEYN, s. pl. risings, passions of the mind or soul. They are called passions, no doubt, on account of their passing in the mind; Yeear-reeyn, no doubt, is from hence.
- IR-REIL', s. rulers; Isaiah, xlix. 9. F
- IR'REYDER, s. m. a riser; pl. -YN.
- IR'REYDERMAGH, s. m. a rebel.
- Yn IRRIN OF IRRINEY, s. the truth. F
- IR'RIT, 85. risen. Obsolete.

IR'ROO, s. pl. ploughmen, the pl. of Erroo.

- F Dty IR-YNSEE, s. thy teachers.
- ISH, pro. she, her; the em. of Ee.
- IT, s. a. postfix of the same import as ed, English, and requires to be sounded Iht. See 85.
- IU, v. drink, swallow liquid ; -AGH, 77 ; -EE, 80 ; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- IU'DER, s. m. a drinker ; pl. -YN.
- IUIT or IUT, 85. drank, drunk.
- IULAYN'T, s. m. a toast, something said before drinking in company ; pl. - YN.
- Ivo'IL, a. drinkable, fit to drink.

Iuo'ILID, s. m. drinkableness, fitness to drink.

IYN, s. m. a tie on a thievish beast's forelegs.

- For its sound see Remark 16; and for its changes see Remark 50. Words that come under it from other letters are so marked.
- JAAGH, s. f. smoke; pl. -- YN OF -- EYNYN; v. id. -- AGH, 77; -- EE, 80; -- IN, 83; -- INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- JAAGH'AGH, a. smoky.

JAAGH'EY, v. smoking.

JAAGH'EYDER, s. m. a smoker; pl. - YN.

JAAGH'IT, 85. smoked.

JAG'GAD, s. f. a jacket; pl. - YN.

- JAG'GLE OF JAGGLEE, v. did fright or frighten.
- JAGH, v. went, did go; Prov. " Cha jagh Moylley Ghooinney hene rieau foddey voish e ghorrys.'

JAGH'AGH, a. titheable.

JAGH'EE, s. f. tithe, tenth ; pl. -NYN.

JAGH'EEIT OF JAGHIT, 85. tithed.

JAGH'EENYS, s. m. tithing.

- Nyn JAGH'TER, s. your, &c. messenger. Сн
- Nyn JAGH'TERAGHT, s. your, &c. message. Сн
- Cha \*JAGL or JAGGIL, v. not gather; —AGH; —IN; —INS; —YM; —YMS, 94. CH
- JAL'LOO, s. m. an idol, an image; pl. -YN. This word is sometimes used for nothing; as,
- Cha row Jalloo.
- JAL'LOOAGH, a. idolatrous.
- JAL'LOODER, s. m. an idolater; pl. -YN.
- JAL'LOONYS, s. m. idolatry; pl. SYN.
- JAMYS, s. m. James.
- JAN'NOO, v. doing, making, make &c. acting, practising.
- Cha JARBAA', v. not wean ; -AGH ; -IN; -INS ; -YM; -YMS, 94. Сн

- JARG, v. can or canst, could or couldst; -AGH. 77; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- JAR'GAN, s. f. a flea; pl. vN. Perhaps it should be Jerkan, from its leaping.
- JAR'GANAGH, a. pulicose.
- JAR'GANEE, s. pl. small worms found in the gravel, on the sea shore, and used for bait to catch fish.
- JAR'GAN-LEOIGHYR, s. m. a lizard.
- JAR'GITER, 85. overcome, subdued.
- JAR'ROO, adv. indeed, in truth, in verity; it is often used with dy before it; as, dy Jarroo-firinagh (indeed, and in verity, or truth); Exod. ix. 16.
- Dy JARROO-TA', adv. yes indeed, indeed it is, in reality it is so.
- JARROOD', v. forget, forgetting; —АGH, 77; —ЕЕ, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —УМ, 86; —УМS, 87; —УS, 88; s. m. a forget; pl. —УМ.
- JARROOD'EYDER, s. m. a forgetter; pl. -YN.
- JARROOD'IT, 85. forgotten or forgot.
- JAS'DIL OF JASDYL, a. this word is used as an adjective after Jerdein, for Ascension-day or Holy Thursday. Some will have it that Frasdyl is the proper word. If Jasdil is the correct word it may be from Jee as y theihll, as Christ ascended to heaven on that day. If Frasdyl, it may be from Feaillys tooil, as some say it is improper to look or gaze so far as you can on thatday. It may have some reference Acts i. 11.
- JAS'TAN, s. m. a course or row of ling or heather laid on the ground from the hand of the puller; pl. -YN.
- JAS'TANAGH, a. in courses or rows.
- JAS'TEE, s. m. barm, yeast; pl. -YN.
- JAS'TEEIT, S5. barmed, yeasted.
- JAT'TER OF JAUTTER, s. m. a debtor; a dealer; an author.

JEA, s. m. yesterday.

- Nyn JEA, v. your &c., fleeing or retreating. CH Cha JEA, v. not flee or retreat. Сн
- JEADAGH, a. diligent, careful, assiduous, prudent. JEAD'ID OF JEADYS, s. m. diligence, care, spruceness.

JEAID, s. m. on an edge, as teeth by eating acids. JEAIST, s. f. a joist. See Jeayst.

JEAN, v. do, act, make, perform ; it is used also for have; as, Jean myghin orrin, (have mercy on us). Prov. "Jean traagh choud as ta'n ghrian soilshean."

JEAN'NAGH, v. See Jinnagh.

JEAN-JEE', p. do ye or you.

- JEANT, 85. done, finished, performed, acted, made, rendered.
- JEAN'TAGH, s. m. a doer, actor, maker, performer &c.; pl. 71.

JEANT-MAGH', v. endued, made out.

- JEAYST, s. a joist; Heb. ii. 11; pl. -YN.
- Cha JEB or \*JEBB, v. not bid or offer; -AGH; -IN;-INS; -YM; -YMS, 94. CH
- Nyn JEBBAL', v. your, &c. offering or bidding.
- JECREAN', s. Wednesday ; (dies mercurii,) the day dedicated by the heathen to Mercury, the day of Mercury.
- JED 00, or JE'00,' v. wilt thougo. The answer in the affirmative would be hed; in the negative, cha jed.

E

JEDOO'NEE, s. f. (Jedomini, dies dominica,) the Lord's day, the Sabbath. This was the day dedicated by the heathen to the sun—Sunday, as the English name shows.

JEE

- JEE, s. m. God, the creator and upholder of all things; pl. —AGHYN.
- JEE, pro. (added to verbs,) ye or you, as Jeanjee (do ye); tar-jee (come ye); gow-jee (go ye or take ye).
- J'EE, p. p. to her, of her; as, curj'ee eh (give it her or give it to her), te j'ee, (it is of her); -ISH, id. em.
- JEEAGH, v. look, examine by sight, show, visit; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- JEEAGH, in. look, see, behold.
- JEEAGH'EYDER, s. m. a looker, a spectator, one that looks.
- JEEAGH'IT, 85. looked, shown, exhibited.

JEEAGH'YN, v. looking, showing, seeming.

JEEAN, a. earnest, pervent, zealous, sudden.

Dy JEEAN, adv. hastily, earnestly, suddenly.

JEEANID, s. m. earnestness, fervor, zeal.

- JEEAR, s. (from *Eearree*,) the desire, on oath by the desire.
- JEEAS, s. f. an ear or head of corn.
- JEEAS'SYRAGH, v. gleaning, gathering ears or heads or corn.
- JEEAS'SEYDER OF JEEASSEREY, s. m. a gleaner; pl. -- YN.
- JEE'BIN, s. f. a deeping of nets, net.

JEE'BINAGH, a. d. of network.

JEECK, pt. paid. See also Deeck.

**JEED**, p. p. of thee; -s; *id. em.* 

JEEDHENE', p. p. of thyself.

JEEG, s. f. Luke xiv. 5.; Jeeig, 2 Sam. xx. 15, a ditch, a moat, or drain; pl. — YN or — INYN.

JEE'GHYN, s. pl. gods; Jeeghin jalloo (idol gods).

JEEIG, v. drain, ditch; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 84; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.

JEEIG'AGH, a. having ditches or drains.

- JEEIG'EAN, s. f. a rill, a very small stream of water.
- JEEIGEAN'AGH, a. having rills or small streams.
- JEEIGEY, v. draining, ditching, tilting; s. m. a hollow or bend in, as a hollow or bend in the ridge of a house, the back of an animal, &c.; pl. 67.

JEEIG'EYDER, s. m. a drainer or maker of ditches. JEEIG'IT, 85. drained, ditched, tilted.

- JEEILL' OF JEELL, s. f. havoc, waste, destruction, trespass, desolation; Micah, iv. 11.; v. committing havoc or waste; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- JEEL'LAL OF JEELLEY, v. committing havoc, waste or trespass.

JEEL'LEYDER, s. m. one that commits havoc, &c. JEEL'LIT, 85. worried, mangled, dirtied.

JEELT, s. f. a saddle; pl. — YN. v. saddle; — AGH, 77; — AL, 79, or — EY, 82; — EE, 80; — IN, 83; — INS, 84; — YM, 86; — YMS, 87; — YS, 88.

----- BEN, a woman's saddle.

- \_\_\_\_\_ LHIATTAGH', a side saddle.
- EAIRKAGH', a horned saddle.

JEELTEYR,' s. m. a saddler; pl. -YN.

JEELT'IT, 85. saddled, covered with a saddle.

JEI

JEE'LYM, s. m. any thing that is lost in the gathering, as corn when reaping or stacking; drops from a vessel on bringing a liquid; a remnant; Jer. xlvii. 5.; pl. - YN.

JEEM, p. p. of me; -s, id. em.

- JEEMPENE', p. p. of myself.
- JEEN, a. stanch from leak, drop dry, a house is said to be so that takes no rain in.
- JEEN'AGH, s. m. the rinsing of the milking vessels, after the milk has been drained.
- JEEN'YS, s. f. a wedge; pl. —SYN; v. wedge; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- JEEN'YSEY OF JEENYSAL, v. wedging, &c.
- JEEN'YSIT, 85. wedged.
- JEEOIL', a. divine, god like. This, and the two words following, I have never seen nor heard, but as the language stands in need of them, and the words purely Manks and appropriate, I have inserted them.

JEEOIL'AGH, s. m. a divine, a theologian ; pl. 71.

- JEEOIL'YS, s. m. divinity, theology.
- Nyn JEER, s. your &c. country ; pl. AGHYN. CH
- Cha JEER, v. not dry by fire or heat; -AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94.
- \*JEER OF JEEREE, v. make straight; —AGH, 77; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.

JEER'AGH, a. straight, direct.

JEER'AGHEY, v. straighten, &c.

- JEER'EE, v. straighten, make straight.
- Nyn JEER'EY, s. your, &c. drying.
- Nyn JEER'EYDER, s. your, &c. drier. CH

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- JEER'EYDER, s. m. a straightener; pl. -YN.
- JEER'ID, s. m. straightness, directness, uprightness.
- JEER'IT, 85. straightened, made straight.

JEER'YS, s. m. justice, right, equity.

JEES, a. two. This is the two used in counting no doubt a corruption of *Daas*.

JEES-AS-FEED, a. twenty-two or two and twenty.

JEES-AS. DAEED', a. two and forty.

- JEES'TYRNEE, v. creaking, as the creaking of tough wood on breaking, or a new saddle or new shoes on being wrought.
- Er JEET, v. hath, &c. come, arrived.
- Nyn JEET, s. your &c. coming, arrival.
- JEETDRYM-JEEAS', s. f. the herb horse tail.

Yn JEEYS, s. m. the Deity, the Godhead.

JEH, pre. of; adv. off.

- JEH, p. p. of him; -syn, id. em.
- Nyn JEH, s. your, &c. hide.
- JEH-CHASH', a. wild, unruly. The metaphor in this word is no doubt taken from Jeh, (of,) and Chash, or Chosh (of the feet); a horse or other unruly beast that rears its feet off the ground.

JEHEIN'EY, s. m. Friday; (dies veneris,) the day of Venus as the heathens dedicated it; pl. 67.

- JEHEINEY-CHEAYS' OF —CHAISHT, s. m. Good-Friday; the cheays or chaisht is from Casherick, no doubt
- JEH-HENE', p. p. of himself, of itself, spontaneous. JEH-RAIE', a. ungovernable, hard to deal with. JEH-SHEN, p. of that, thereof.

JEH-VOYL'LEY, p. dispraise, censure, dishonour. JEY, p. coming after, behind. JEIDAGH, a. See Jeadagh.

JEIDID OF JEIDYS. See Jeadid.

- JEIG, a. teen ; a postfix used after ten to twenty.
- JEIGH, v. shut, close up ; -AGH, 77 ; -EE, 80 ; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- JEIGH, s. m. a shut; pl. -YN.

JEIGHDER, s. m. a shutter; pl. -- YN.

- JEIGHIT, 85. shut, shut up.
- JEIGOO, a. teenth; a postfix to ordinals from ten to twenty.
- JEIH, a. ten; Jeih as feed (thirty); pl. -YN.

JEIH AS DAEED, a. fifty, or ten and forty.

JEIH THOUSANYN AS FEED, a. thirty thousand. The jeig in this number must be wrong in Num. xxxi. 45.

JEIHOO, a. tenth.

- JEIR, s. tear, tears. This word is alike in sing. and pl., except the diæresis i is used in the pl., as, Jeir; for a few tears we say pl. - YN.
- JEIRK, s. m. an alm; pl. -YN; v. beg; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87.
- JEIRK'AGH, s. m. a beggar, a pauper, a receiver of alms; pl. 71.
- JEIRKEYD'AGH, s. m. an almoner, a giver of alms; pl. 71.

JEIRK'ID, s. m. beggary, paupery.

JEIR'KIT, 85. given in alms.

- JEIRK'YS, s. m. a collection of alms.
- JEIR'REE, a. d. of tears, as in the phrase, Ayns y doo as y jeirree (in blackness of tears)
- JELHE'IN OF JELUNE, s. m. Monday; (dies Lunæ,) the day dedicated to the moon, the moon's day.
- JELLIU, v. warp, warping; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- JELLIU'DER, s. m. one who warps; pl -YN. JELLIT'IT, 85. warped.

JEM OF JEDYM, v. shall or will I go; -s, id. em.

- JEM-MAYD, p. shall we go; 2 Chron. xviii. 5.
- JEM'AVRT, s. m. Tuesday; (dies Martius,) the day dedicated to Mars, the day of Mars.

Nyn JENGEY, s. your, &c. tongue; pl. 67. Сн

Nyn JENNID, s. your, &c. straitness, &c. Сп

- JERDE'IN OF JERDUNE, s. m. Thursday; (dies Joves ;) Jupiter's day, or the day dedicated to Jupiter.
- JERK, v. expect, hope; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- JERK'AL, v. expecting, hoping.

JERK'ALYS, s. m. expectation, hope; pl. - SYN.

JERKEY'DER, s. m. an expecter ; pl. -YN.

JERE'IT, 85. expected, hoped.

- JER'LYN, s. f. darnel; pl. -YN.
- Cha \*JERR or JERREE, v. not perish; -AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94. Сн

Er JERRAGH'TYN, v. hath, &c. perished. Сн JERREE', a. d. of hindmost or last.

JER'REY, s. m. end, conclusion, binder ends.

- JERRIN'AGH, a. dernier, last; a. d. of or belonging to the latter end.
- JESARN', s. Saturday; (dies Saturni,) the day dedicated to Saturn, Saturn's day.

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JESH, a. right, proper, suitable, neat, nice.

- JESH'AGHT, s. an instrument, implement, or utensil; pl. -YN.
- JESH'AL, s. f. water agrimony, water hemp.
- JESH'EEN, s. f. an ornament, garnish, or embellishment; pl. -YN.
- -'AGH, a. ornamental, delicate; Deu. xxviii. 54.

----- 'EY, v. ornamenting, embellishing.

-'EYDER, s. m. one who ornaments.

----- 'ys, s. m. trimmings, embellishments; pl. -YN.

- Nyn JESH'ERAGHT, your, &c. team to s. plough. SH
- JESHEY, a. pl. right, suitable, proper, neat, nice. JESH'ID, s. m. propriety, suitableness.
- JET'LEE, v. flew. See also Detlee.
- JEU, p. p. of them, of those, these; -syn, id. em.
- JEU, p. (a contraction of Jig oo,) wilt thou go or come. Сн
- Nyn JEU, s. your, &c. side.
- JEUS'HAN, s. f. a hinge ; pl. YN.
- JEUSH'ANAGH, a. having hinges.
- JEUSH'ANIT, 85. hinged.
- JEYD, s. m. dad, dada, or daddy.
- JIARG, a. red, ruddy.
- \*JIARG OF JIARGEE, v. redden, make red; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- JIARG'AGH OF JIARGAGHEY, v. reddening, blushing, becoming red.
- JIAR'GEY, a. pl. red, ruddy.
- JIARGEY'DER, s. m. one that makes red.
- JIAR'GIT, 85. made red, reddened.

JIARG-ROOISHT, a. stark naked.

Nyn Jib'BYR, s. your, &c. well.

- Nyn JIARN, s. our, &c. Lord. Сн
  - Сн
- JIG 00, p. wilt thou come? The answer in the affirmative would be Hig; in the negative Cha Jig.

JIGYM, p. will I come? -s, id. em.

- JILG, s. pl. thorns; knitting needles; the pl. of Jolg.
- JIM, p. will I go? -s, id. em. The answer in the affirmative would be Immee; in the negative Cha Jem.
- JIM'MEE, v. did go, departed, went.
- Nyn JIM'NEY, s. your, &c. will; pl. 67. Сн
- JIN OF \*JINN, v. do, perform, &c.; -AGH, 77; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87. See also Jean.
- JIN, p. p. of us; -YN or JEEYN, id. em.; Gen. iii. 22.
- JING v. jam, throng, press; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.

Nyn JING, s. your, &c. sore.

JINGEY', v. pressing, thronging, &c.

JINGEY'DER, s. m. one that presses or throngs.

- JINGIT', 85. pressed, thronged, jammed, trouched. JINGLEYR', s. m. a jangler ; pl. - YN.
- JINGLEYRYS, s. m. jangling.

Nyn JINGYS, s. your, &c. sickness, illness. CH JINNA'IR, s. m. dinner; pl. - YN.

JINNA'IRAGH, a. d. of dinner.

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- JIOLE, U. Suck, sucking; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- JIOLEYDER', s. m. one that sucks, a sucker; pl. -YN.

JIOLIT', or JIOLT, 85. sucked.

- Nyn JIOLLAGH', s. your, &c. hearth.
- Cha JION OF \*JIONN, v. not tighten; —AGH; —IN; —INS; —YM; —YMS, 94. CH
- Nyn JIONNEY', v. your, &c. tightening, straitening; 2 Cor. viii. 12. CH
- JIOOLD, v. discard, cast off, dismiss, thrust out; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- JIOOLDAGH', q. disgustful, cloyish, raising an aversion or nauseousness in the stomach, raising dislike by some offensive action.
- JIOOLDEY', v. loathing, causing satiety, disgusting, causing a nauseous dislike, thrusting out; 1 Kings, ii. 27.
- JIOOLDIT', 85. turned off by dislike.
- JIOOLEYDER', s. m. a discarder, &c.
- Cha Jiow, v. not warm or heat; —AGH; —IN; --INS; -YM; -YMS, 94. CH
- JIR OF \*JIRR, v. say, sayest, sayeth, &c.; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88; Mat. xvii. 20. G
- JIR'GID, s. m. redness; Mat. xvi. 2.
- JIR'KIN, s. m. a coatee or short jacket; pl.

JIR'REE, v. did rise, or arose.

- JIR'RIT, 85. See Grait; said.
- JIS'HIG, s. m. papa, father; pl. -YN.
- JIU, s. m. to day, this day.
- J'10, p. p. of ye or you; perhaps a contraction of Jeh-shiu; Gen XXXiv. 15; -18H, id. em.
- J'ïu, v. did drink, drank. See also Diu. I
- Er JIUGHEY, v. hath &c. thickened. CH
- JIULEAN' OF JIULEANAGH, s. m. a sojourner, a person that stays but a day or two, as the word would indicate, a cotler, or tenant; pl. 71; Lev. xxv. 40. and Cant. viii. 11.
- JIULEANYS, s. m. sojourning, cotlery, living as not at home.
- JOAN, s. m. dust, any dry thing pulverized to powder or dust; pl. —YN; v. dust; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.

JOANEY', v. dusting.

- JOANEY'DER, s. m. a duster; pl. -YN.
- JOANIT, 85. dusted, powdered.
- JOAN'LAGH, s. m. dust of rain, mizzling or drizzling rain; pl. 72.
- JOAR'REE, s. m. a stranger; pl. -YN.
- JOAR'REE, a. strange, remarkable, outlandish; Neh. xiii. 26.
- JOAR'REEAGHT OF JOAR'REEYS, s. m. estrangement, strangeness, a foreign or strange place.
- JOE'AL, s. m. a yoking, what a team can do at once whilst yoked together.
- Jole, s.f. a thorn; one of a set of knitting needles.
- JOLG'AGH, a. thorny, full of thorns.
- JOLG-VRASNEE', s. f. some will have it that this is the proper Manks for spur; pl. JILG.
- Jol'Lys, s. f. voracity, ravenousness.
- JOLLYS'SAGH, a. ravenous, gluttonous, immoderately fond of food, or in the gratification of any sensual desire.

- JOLLYS'SAGH, s. m. a ravenous person or beast; pl. 71.
- JOLLYS'SID. See Jollys.

JOLT'AGH, v. traversing ; Jer. ii. 23.

JOLT'EE, a. hasty, rash.

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- JONEE OF JONEY, s. f. Judith.
- JONSE, s. m. a jolt, or wince.
- JON'SERAGH, v. wincing, acting in a wild and untamely manner, said of a horse that winces.
- JOOID, s. f. greediness, eagerness of appetite.
- JOOIGH, a. this and Jollyssagh are nearly syn. but with this difference, that Jooigh is only to be applied to eagerness of appetite. Jollyssagh to that and all other intemperate desires.
- JOOIO'HID. See Jooid.
- JOUGH, s. f. drink. The Manks here surpasses the English, as that language has only the one word for verb and noun; the Manks verb of drink is Iu; pl. — YN, or — INYN.
- Jouish, s. f. shears; pl. YN.
- JOUSHAG, s. f. a sharper, a termagant; pl. -YN.
- JOUYIL, s. pl. devils, diabolians.
- JOUYL, s. m. devil. The J from Jee and ouyl from dewil cruel, the cruel or evil god. The English I suppose to be formed in like manner, d from dia or deus, and evil added, the evil or bad god; diabolus, &c.
- JOUYL'LAGH, a. devilish, diabolical.
- Joul'LID, s. m. devilishness, devilment.
- JOYN, v. join; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 98.
- JOYN'AL, v. joining.
- JOYN'EYDER, s. m. a joiner; pl. YN.
- JOYN'IT, 85. joined.
- JUAIL or JUAILYS', deprivation, total loss.
- JUAN, s. m. the familiar of John.
- JUAN-MOO'AR, s. m. the black-backed gull.
- JUAN-TEAYST, s. m. the jack-daw.
- JUIST, s. m. a wooden dish; pl. -YN.
- JUIS'TEY, a. d. of a wooden dish or dishes.
- JUM'MAL, v. wasting, destroying, embezzling, squandering, lavishing, consuming by riot; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -EY, 82; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- JUMMAL'LAGH, a. wasteful, lavish, destructive; prodigal; s. m. a wasteful person; pl. 71.
- JUMMAL'ID, s. m. wastefulness, prodigality.
- JUMMAL'IT, 85. wasted, squandered, lavished, &c.
- JUMMAL'TAGH, s. m. a waster, lavisher, &c. pl.71.
- JUNT, s. m. a seam in timber or stone, a joint; pl. - YN; v. joint seam; -ACH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS,87; -YS, 88.
- JUNT'AGH, a. having joints or seams.
- JUNT'AL, v. jointing.
- JUNT'EYDER, s. m. a jointer.
- JUNT'IT, 85. jointed, having joints.
- JURNAA' or JURNAH, s. m. a journey; pl. --GHYN.
- JURNAAGH'EY, v. journeying.
- JUS-NISH, adv. just now.
- Juys, s. m. fir timber, fir ; Ez. xxxi. 8.
- Nyn JYM'MEY, s. your, &c. compassion. Cn
- Nyn JYM'MILT, s. your, &c. circumcision. CH
- Nyn JYM'MILTEY, v. your, &c. circumcising. CH JYMMOO'SACH, a. wrath, indignant, inflamed

with anger, furious, raging.

- JYMMOO'SAGH, s. m. a wrathful, &c. person; pl. 71.
- JYMNOOSE', s. f. wrath, ire, anger, indignation; pl. — YN.
- Nyn JYMMYLT'AGH, s. a circumcised person; pl. 71; Jer. ix. 26. CH
- Nyn JYM'NEY, s. your, &c. will. See also Jimney. CH
- Cha JYMS or JYMSEE, v. not gather; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88. CH Nyn JYM'SAGH, v. your, &c. gathering. Сн Сн Er JYM'SAGHEY, v. hath, &c. gathered. Cha JYNDAA', v. not turn ; -AGH ; -IN; -INS; Сн -YM; -YMS, 94. Сн Nyn JYNDA'AGHYN, s. your, &c. turns. Cha \*JYRM OF JYRMEE, v. not dry; -AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94. Сн Er JYRMAGH'EY, hath, &c. dried. Сн Nyn JyR'MID, s. your, &c. dryness. Сн Сн Nyn JyR'RYS, s. your, &c. tour, &c.

JYS'ICE, s. father. See Jishig.

# K

This letter, like F, has no word from other letters. For its sound, see Remark 17; and its changes see 51. KAART, s. m. a quart; a card; the weight of 7lbs. of wool; pl. -YN. KAART, v. card; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88. KAAR'TEE, a. d. of carding, or to card. KAAR'TEY, v. carding. KAARTEY'DER, s. m. a carder ; pl. -YN. KAAR'TIT, 85. carded. KAHNGYR', s. f. a cancer; pl. -YN. KAIL, s. f. cole, cabbage, colewort. KAIN'LAGH, a. d. of a candle or candles. KAINLE', s. f. a candle. KAINLE'RE, s. m. a candlestick; pl. -YN. KAINLE'REAGH, a. d. of a candlestick. KAIR'DAGH, a. d. of a smithy or smithery. KAIR'DEE, s. f. a smithy, a forge; pl. - YN. KAIR'DEEYS, s. f. smithery or smith craft. KALE, v. calk, stop the leak of a ship or boat; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88. KALK'EY, v. calking, stopping leaks. KALKEY'DER, s. m. a calker; pl. -YN. KALK'IN, s. m. a calking iron; pl. -YN. KALE'IT, 85. calked. KAP, s. See Kiap. KAR'GYS, s. f. Lent, forty days before Easter set apart by the church for fasting. Is the

set apart by the church for fasting. Is the word from Kiar (provide), and Gys (to)?—to provide for that festival; or is it from Kiare (four), and Jeih (ten)?—the number of days it contains.

KARR OF KARREE, ". mend, repair; —AOH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —IN, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88. KAR'RAGH OF KARRAGHEY, v. mending, repairing.

KARREY'DER, s. m. a mender, &c. pl. -YN.

KAR'RIT, 85. repaired, mended.

- KAR'ROO. See Carroo.
- KART'EY, v. carting; raking muck or mire.

KARTEY'DEY, s. m. a gatherer of muck or mire. KART'IT, 85. carted; muck raked.

- KAY, s. f. mist, fog; pl. -GHYN.
- KAYEE'AGH, a. misty, foggy.
- KAY'ID, s. m. mistiness, fogginess.
- KAYT, s. m. a cat; pl. KIYT.
- KAYT'LAG, s. f. a cat fish; pl. -YN.
- KE, pro. what. See Cre.
- Er KEAGH, a. (from Keoï,) wild, raging.
- KEASE, s. f. buttock, ham.
- KEAY'IN, a. d. of the sea or ocean.
- KEAYN, s. m. ocean, sea.
- KEAYN, adv. kindly or kind.
- KEAYN, v. cry, weep; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- KEAY'NEY, v. crying, weeping.
- KEAYNEY'DER, s. m. a crier, one that cries; pl. —YN.
- KEAYN'IT AS, 85. cried out.
- KEAYT, adv. once, one time ; pl. -YN.
- ----- ELLEY, adv. one time more.
- ----- DY ROW, adv. once on a time.
- ----- NY GHAA, adv. many a time.
- KECK, s. m. the excrements or dung of any animal; pl. yN.
- KECK, v. dung; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- -AGH, a. excrementitious.

KEE, a. d. of breast milk.

KEE'AD, s. an hundred; pl. -YN.

- KEEADOO', adv. hundredth.
- KEE'AGH, s. f. breast or pap, the breast that gives milk; pl. -- YN.
- KEE'AGHT, s. f. a plough; pl. -YN.

KEEAK, s. f. a cake; pl. -YN.

KEEAILL' OF KEEAYLL, s. f. sense, wit; pl. -YM.

- KEEAYLL'AGH, a. sensible, witty.
- KEEAYLL-VAIREY, s. f. mother's wit.
- KEEIL, s. f. jaw, jamb, side or cheek.

\_\_\_\_\_ CHIOLLEE, s. hearth side, or fire side.

\_\_\_\_ DOARLISH, s. side of the gap.

DORRYSH, s. side of the door or door side.

- KEE'ILL OF KEEIHLL, s. f. church, kirk.
- KEEILL'EY, a. d. of the jaw or cheek ; caigneykeeilley (chewing the cud). Though in common conversation we say caigney keerey.
- KEEIR, a. a dark colour, the natural colour of what is called in English a black sheep.
- KEEIR'AGH OF KAYRAGH, s. the darkness of the night, between day and night, or night fall. Is this word from Kay (mist)?

- **KEEIR** AS GORRYM, s. m. blue and the colour *keeir* mixed in wool being spun and wove into cloth is so called.
- KEEIR-LHEEAH, s. m. those two colours of wool spun and wove into cloth are so called, and which was formerly the garb generally worn by the Manks peasantry.

KEEIR'EY, a. pl. sable, dark, blackish.

- KEEIR'IT, 85. make dark or black; vel yn oie keeirit? (is it night fall, or is the night as dark as it will be)?
- КЕЕК, s. m. a peep; pl. уN; v. peep; AGH, 77; — EE, 80; — IN, 83; — INS, 84; — УМ, 86; — УМS, 87; — УS, 88.

KEEKEY'DER, s. m. a peeper ; pl. -YN.

KEEP, s. m. a sort of strong grass of the bent kind.

KEER. See Kere.

KEESH, s. f. tax, fee, tribute ; pl. -YN.

KEESH'AGH, a. tributary.

KEGEESH', s. fortnight; pl. -YN. Prov. "Three kegeeshyn dy chegeeshyn slane,

Ta voish laa'l thomys sy nollick gys laa'l breeshey bane."

- KEIL or \*KEILL, v. conceal, hide, secrete; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- KEIL'LEIG, s. f. an enclosure belonging to a church or chapel; s. a fish called kellack or kellag; pl. YN.

KEIL'LEY, a. d. of sense or wit.

KEILLEY'DER, s. m. a concealer, a hider, purloiner.

KEILIL'IT, 85. concealed, hid, secreted.

KEILT'YN, v. concealing, secreting, &c.

KEIM, s. f. amble an ambling pace; Prov. "My ta keim sy laair, bee keim sy lhiy."

KEIM'AGH, a. able to amble.

KEIMER'AGH, ambling, pacing.

KEINT, s. m. kind, sort, species, somewhat like.

- KEIRD, s. f. trade, employment, occupation, business; pl. - YN.
- KEIRD'AGH, s. m. a tradesman, a craftsman; pl. 71; 2 Kings, xxiv. 14.

KEIR'DEY, a. d. of a trade or business.

KEIRN, s. m. the round tree, the mountain ash, a berry of its fruit; a kind of bird.

KEISH, a. obese, fat; s. f. a fat pig.

KEISH'ID, s. m. obeseness, fatness.

KEIYN, a. kind, delicate, kindly ; Prov. xxix. 21.

Dy KEIYN, adv. kindly, delicately; Sam. iv. 5.

KEIYT, s. pl. cats; the pl. of Kayt.

KELK, s. m. chalk; pl. —YN; v. chalk; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.

KELK'AL OF KELKEY, v. chalking.

KELKEY'DER, s. m. a chalker; pl. - YN.

KELKIT, 85. chalked, scored with chalk.

KEL'LAGH, s. m. a cock; a wooden anchor with a stone in it. The male of many fowls are called Kellagh; as, Kellagh Guiy (a gander); Kellagh Tunnag (a drake); Kellagh ny Keylley (a woodcock), &c.; but if none of those are mentioned with Kellagh the male of the hen is understood; pl. 71.

Kell'ee, a. d. of a cock or cocks.

KEM'MYRK, s. f. refuge, protection.

KEM'MYRKAGH, s. m. a refugee, one who stands

### KEV

in need of refuge or protection; pl. 71.

KEN'JAL, a. kind, benevolent, mellow.

KENJAL'LYS, s. m. kindness, benevolence, kindliness.

KENJALLYS-GRA'IHAGH, s. m. loving kindness.

KEN'NIP, s. f. hemp; pl. -YN.

KENNIP'EY, a. d. hempen, of hemp.

KEOIE, a. wild, mad, in a rage, not tame.

KEOIEID OF KEOIEYS, s. m. wildness, &c.

KEOYEE'AGH, a. fulsome, musty.

- KERCHEEN', s. f. m. a cullion, a cringe, an underling, a very dependent being ; pl. — EE.
- KERCHEEN'AGH, a. servile, cringing, mean, dependent, cullionly, slavish, base.
- KERCHEEN'YS, s. f. the act of doing the meanest actions for hire, mean dependancy, slavishness, base, meanness.
- KERE OF KHERE, s. f. a comb, wax; pl. YN, or — NYN; Psalm, xix. 10; v. comb; — AGH, 77; — EE, 80; — IN, 83; — INS, 84; — YM, 86; — YMS, 87; — YS, 88.
- KERE-VOL'LEY, s. f. honey comb, or rather a sweet comb; as the Volley here comes from Millish.

KE'REY, v. combing, teasing, hackling.

KE'REYDER, s.m. a comber, teaser, &c.; pl. -YN.

KE'REIT OF KERET, 85. combed, teased, &c.

- KERNRIAGH'YL, s. m. a square; pl. 76.
- KERR OF KERREE, v. punish; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88. Kerree is in Isaiah, lxi. 4, for repair, when it ought to have been Karree.
- KER'RAGHEY, s. m. punishment, vengeance; pl. 69; v. punishing, taking vengeance.
- KER'REYDER, s. m. a punisher, &c. ; pl. -YN.
- KER'RIT, 85. punished. This word is in Josh. ix. 4, for mended or repaired where it ought to have been Karrit.
- KER'RIU, s. pl. carps; the pl. of Carroo.
- KER'ROO, s. m. a quarter, the fourth part.
- KER'RIN, s. m, a square of any thing, a pane.

KER'RINYN, s. pl. the pl. of Kerroo and Kirrin.

- KESH, s. f. froth, foam; pl. --YN; v. froth, foam; --AGH, 77; --EE, 80; --IN, 83; --INS, 84; --YM, 86; --YMS, 87; --YS, 88.
- KESH'AG, s. f. a bunch of froth or foam that fly together. This word is applied to snow when it comes down like feathers, and to feathers when they get in bunches in a bed, &c.
- KESH'AGAGH, a. in bunches, having bunches.

KESH'AL, v. frothing, foaming, &c.

KESH'EYDER, s. m. a frother, &c.; pl. -YN.

KESH'IT, 85. frothed, foamed.

KES'MAD, s. m. a step, a pace ; pl. -YN.

KESMAD-COSH'EY, a foot step.

- KES'MADEY, v. stepping, pacing.
- KEST, s. m. a turn or cast, a length spun by a roper at a time; pl. — YN; v. cast or struggle; — AGH, 77; — EE, 80; — IN, 83; — INS, 84; — YM, 86; — YMS, 87; — YS, 88.

KEST'AL, v. twisting or struggling in wrestling. KEST'EYDER, s. m. one who gives a cast, turns or

KEST'EYDER, s. m. one who gives a cast, turns or struggle; pl. - YN.

KEST'IT, 85. cast, turned off.

Kev'ys, adv. (a corruption of Cre-fys or Cre'n-fys) what knowledge or knowing. Though I do not wish to support corruptions, yet, this word being so often used in this form in the lan-

KIA guage it may not be amiss to take notice of it. KEVYS DA, adv. how does he know; -SYN, id. em. - DAUE, adv. how do they know; -syn, id. em. - DHYT, adv. how does thou know; -s, id. em. - poors, adv. the emphatic of Dou. - DOU, adv. how do I know. - JEE, adv. how dost she know; -ISH, id. em. KEWYL, s. a keel; pl. -YN. KEY, s. m. cream; a quay; pl. -GHYN. KEYEE, a. d. of a quay or keys. KEYJEEN', s. a cock's comb, a hen's comb; pl. -YN. KEYJEEN'AGH, a. having a comb as a cock. KEYL, a. fine, small, slender; v. to make fine, small, or slender; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88. KEYL'AGH, v. growing or getting fine, small, or slender. KEYL'EY, a. pl. fine, small, slender. KEYL'ID, s. m. fineness, &c. KEYLID-MEA'N, s. the waist. KEYL'IT, 85. made fine or slender. KEYLL, s. f. a wood, a forest. KEYL'LAGH OF KEYH'LAGH, s. f. a dryad, a wood nymph; a fabulous deformed old woman; as, Keyllagh-ny-grummag, and y cheyllagh ghaney myr tou. KEYL'LEY, a. d. of the wood or forest. KEYL'LJYN, s. pl. forests, woods. KEYL'LIU, a. d. of the Calf Island. KEYL'LYS, s. f. a strait, a firth, a narrow neck of sea, a sound ; pl. - YN. KEYM, s. a stile, or steps to go over a fence. KEYM'YN, s. pl. steps on which to step over a river; the pl. of Keym. KEYM-CHREEST', s. f. the herb centuary. KEYN'NAGH, s. f. moss; pl. 72. KEYN'NEE, a. d. of moss. KEYR'RAGH, a. d. of sheep. KEYR'REY, s. f. a sheep; pl. KIRREE. KHENNOU'GH, v. carping, cavilling. KHER'REE, s. f. Kitty. KHYR, s. pl. knots, cars. KHYRLOGH'E, a. unsound, carious. KHYRLOGH'EY, a. pl. unsound, &c. KHYRLOGH'ID, s. m. unsoundness, gourdiness. KIADD, v. form; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88. KIAD'DEY, v. forming, modelling KIAD'DIT, 85. formed; Isa. xlv. 7. KIALG, s. f. guile, deceit, craft, subtlety, wile, cunning; pl. -YN. KIALG'AGH, a. hypocritical, crafty, deceitful, wily, sly. KIAL'GEYR, s. m. a hypocrite, a deceiver, a subtle deceitful person; pl. -YN. KIALGEY'RYS OF KIALGYS, s. m. subtleness, craftiness, deceitfulness. KIALTEEN'YN, s. pl. churches. KIALT'ER, s. m. woollen cloth before it is milled or tucked.

KIALT'ERAGH, a. d. of woollen cloth unmilled.

\*KIANGL OF KINGLE, v. tie, bind, make fast, or secure; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88. Prov. "Kiangle myr noid, as yiow myr carrey."

KIANG'LEE, a. d. of binding or tying.

KIANG'LEY, s. m. a tie, a bandage; pl. 67; v. binding, tying, astringent.

KIANG'LEYDER, s. m. a tyer or binder; pl. -YN.

- KIANGLT OF KIANLT, 85. tied, bound, made fast, secure; costive.
- KIANGLT BOOISE, bound in thanks or bound to thanks.

KIANNOOR'T, s. m. a governor ; pl. - YN.

KIANNOOR'TAGH, a. d. of a governor.

- KIANNOOR'TYS, s. m. government; pl. SYN.
- KIAP, s. m. a block; Isa. lvii. 14, Ez. xix. 14; a last; pl. - yN.
- \*KIAR OF KIARE, a. left; v. provide, resolve; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- KIARAIL', s. f. care, purpose, design, carefulness; pl. — YN; v. care, cares, careth, &c.; determine, &c.

KIARAL'AGH, a. careful, circumspect, industrious; s. m. a careful person; pl. 71.

KIARE, a. four. This word cannot be better pronounced than Kr, or care, English.

----- AS FEED, a. four and twenty.

----- AS DAEED, a. four and forty.

----- FEED, a. fourscore.

KIAR'EYDER, s. m. a provider; one that resolves.

KIARE-FEED AS NUY PERSOONYN JEIG, a. s. ninety-nine persons; Luke, xv. 7.

KIARE-FIL'LEY, adv. four-fold.

KIARE-JEE, p. provide ye.

KIARE-JEE DIU-HENE, provide ye for yourselves. KIARE-JEIG, a. fourteen.

KIARIT, 85. provided; resolved, determined, designed, settled to be.

KIARK, s. f. a hen, the female of fowl; pl. - YN.

— MY-LEYDEE, s. f. a goldfinch.

—— RHEN'NEE, s. f. a partridge.

----- USH'TEY, s. f. a coot.

- KIARK'YL, s. m. a hoop; a circle; pl. 76.
- KIAR'ROO, a. fourth, the ordinal of four.

KIART, a. even, right, just, exact, flat, accurate.

\*KIART OF KIARTEE, v. make even, right, accurate, flat, &c.; —AGH, 77; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.

KIART'AGH OF KIARTAGHEY, v. adjusting, fixing in order, preparing, getting ready, rectifying.

KIART'AGHYN, s. pl. chars, jobs, fixings.

KIART'EY, s. m. a char, a job.

- KIART'IT, 85. made right, even, just, or exact, fixed, finished.
- KIAULL, s. clamour, noise, din; pl. YN; v. make clamour or noise; AGH, 77; EE, 80;
   IN, 83; INS, 84; YM, 86; YMS, 87;
   YS, 88.
- KIAULLANE', s. a bell; a clarion; a clamourer; pl. — YN.
- KIAULLANE'DER, s. m. a bellman, a crier; pl. --yn; Ecclesiasticus, xx. 15.

KIAUL'LEE, a. d. of music or melody.

KIAUL'LEEAGHT, s. m. music with instruments or voice; dancing singing; Luke, xv. 25; pl. — YN.

X

KIAUL'LEY, v. noising, making music.

KIAUL'LEYDER, s. m. a musician, a maker of noise, &c.; pl. -- YN.

KIAUL'LIT, 85. made to sound.

KIAULL-REG'GYRT, s. f. echo.

- KIB'BIN, s. m. a stake, spike, or peg driven or put into some thing to tie to; pl. - YN.
- KICKL OF KICKIL, s. f. tickle, titillation; v. tickle or titillate; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.

KICK'LAGH, a. ticklesome.

KICK'LEY, v. tickling, titillating.

KICK'LIT, 85. tickled.

KIEB'BAGH, a. d. of a spade or spades.

KIEB'BEY, s. m. a spade; pl. 67.

CLEIVEE, s. m. a hedge spade.

GAREY, s. m. a garden spade.

- KIED, s. leave, permission, allowance to do, &c.; pl. —YN.
- KIL/LAGH, a. d. of a church; Prov. Cha boght as lugh killagh; and, Clagh ny killagh ayns kione dty hie wooar. This was once thought the greatest curse.
- KIL'LEY, a. d. near the church, but not belonging to.
- KIM'MAGH, s. m. a criminal, culprit, felon, malefactor; pl.71.

KIM'MEEYS, s. m. criminality, felony.

- KING, s. pl. heads chiefs, ends; the pl. of Kione. KINGE'ESH, s. f. Pentecost, Whitsuntide. Is this word from *Chengees* (tongues in two), or from *quinquagist*, Latin, (fifty)? the number of days from Easter to this feast.
- KINJ'AGH, a. constant, still, continual, regular, incessant.

KINJ'ID, s. m. constancy, continuance, regularity.

KINK, s. m. a wrinkle or double in a rope, yara, or thread with too much twist, pl. — YN.

KIN'-OIE, s. (the Kin from Kione,) the end of the night.

MAIRAGH, s. the end of to-morrow night.

- KIOG, s. f. a lock or ringlet of hair or flax; pl. — YN. Whether this word is in its proper form or not I cannot tell, but as I find it pluralized in *Numbers* the vi. 5, I have inserted it, yet I think it ought to be initialled by S, as in Jud. xvi. 13.
- KIONE, s. m. a head, an end; pl. see King. This word is also used for pass; as, Haink eh gy-koine (and it came to pass).
  - -----EN'EE, a. present, or in presence.
- EIVRT OF EDEIVRT, s. the head of the bed.
- EMSHIR, s. a weather head in the air.
- FENISH, adv. in audience of, present.
- HALLOOIN, s. a cape or promontory.

LAJERAGH, a. headstrong; Hos. iv. 16.

-----ROAUYR, s. the best part, the thick end or head.

TRAM'MAN, s. m. the fish bull-head.

- Y CHEILLEY, adv. through others, mixed. KIONGO'YRT, pre. before, in presence of.
- \*KIONN OF KIONNEE, v. buy, purchase; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.

KION'NAGH OF KIONNAGHEY, v. buying, purchasing.

KION'NAN, v. the dim. of Kione, a lump less than a head, a bundle; Acts, xxviii. 3; pl. --yN.

KION'NEE, a. d. of buying or purchasing.

KION'NEEAGHT, s. m. a purchase; pl. - YN.

- KION'NEYDER, s. m. a buyer or purchaser.
- KION'NIT, 85. bought, purchased.
- KIP or KIPP, s. pl. blocks or logs; the pl. of Kiap; s.f. a whip; Pro. xxvi. 3; pl. - YN. v. whip; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.

KIRB'YL, s. m. a lunch or luncheon ; pl. 76.

KIRK, a. d. of a hen or hens.

KIRK'EY, a. pl. hen or hens.

KIRK'IN, s. m. an unsteady, inconstant person; pl. — YN.

KIRK'INAGH, a. wavering, fluctuating.

KIRK'INYS, s. m. inconstancy.

KIRP, s. pl. bodies; the pl. of Corp.

- KIR'REE, s. pl. sheep; the pl. of Keyrrey.
- KIRT, v. make speed, away; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- KIRT'AGH, v. making haste or speed.
- KISH'AN, s. m. a measure of eight quarts, a peck Prov. "Sheeu kishan dy yoan mayrnt maaill bleeaney vannin."

KISH'AN SHELLAN, s. f. a bee hive.

KISH'ANEY, v. hiving.

- KISH'TEY, s. m. a chest; pl. 67.
- KIT, s. a piece of wood made small in both ends to play with.
- KIUN OF KIUNE, a. calm, tranquil.
- \*KIUN OF KIUNEE, v. calm, tranquillize; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- KIU'NAGH OF KIU'NAGHEY, v. calming.
- KIU'NEY, s. f. a calm; pl. 67. The gender of this is settled under the proverb. See Chiuney.
  KIU'NEYDER, s. m. a calmer.
- KIU'NIT, 85. calmed or becalmed.

KIUT'TAGH, a. left handed ; Jud. iii. 15.

- KOIN'NEE, a. d. of ling or gorse.
- KOIN'NEY, s. m. ling, heather, gorse.
- KOINNEY-AAD'JIN, s. gorse ling.
- KOINNEY-FREAIE', s. heather ling.
- KOIR, s. f. abox, a chest; pl. KOIVR.
- KRED, s. m. a grunt, a hem, the act of discharging the breath with force; a sigh is made by drawing in the breath, this by forcing it out, a weak cough; v. hem, &c.; —ACH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- KRED'AL OF KRED'YRAGH, v. grunting, or discharging the breath short with force.
- KRINK, s. m. a knight; par lost; pl. -YN.

KRINK'YS, s. m. knighthood.

- KRIT'LAGH, s. m. the refuse of a worn out garment.
- KUCKL OF KUCKLEE, v. dry after rain; —AGH, 77; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- KUCK'LEY, s. m. an interval of dry weather after rain; pl. 67.

KURN, s. m. a can; pl. - YN.

KUSE, s. f. a quantity ; pl. -YN.

KUTE, a. keen, acute, cunning. KUT'REMYS, s. m. a selected portion.

KYM'MAGH. See Kimmagh.

KYN'DAGH, conj. because of, on account of.

KYN'DAGH, s. m. the guilty one ; pl. 71.

KYN'DID, s. m. guilt, guiltless.

KYN'NEY, s. m. kindred; pl. 68.

KYR, s. pl. See Kiyr.

Kys, adv. (from Quis or Fys,) how.

TA SHIU, adv. p. how are you or ye; -ISH, id. em.

-T'AD, adv. p. how are they ; -syn, id. em.

-TA MEE, adv. p. how am I.

-TA MISH. id. em.

-TE, adv. p. how is it.

-T'EE, adv. p. how is she; -ISH, id. em.

-TEH, adv. p. how is he.

-TOU, adv. p. how art thou; -USS, id. em.

-VAD, adv. p. how were they; -syn, id. em.

-v'oo or vou, adv. p. how wert thou; -uss, id. em.

KYT'TAGH, a. See Kiuttagh, left handed.

This letter is one of the immutable consonants as set forth in first Remark, and also in 18th.

- LAA, s. m. day. Prov. "Tra hig y laa hig eh choyrle lesh."
- Dy LAA, v. to daub or besmear; Ez. xiii. 10, 11, 12; -AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.

LAA-BLEENEY, s. m. anniversary day.

- LAA-CHAI'E, s. the other day. This chaie comes from Caghlaa (change), the change of a day.
- LAAD, s. m. a load, burden; pl. -- YN; v. load, burden; -- AGH, 77 -- EE, 80; -- IN, 83; -- INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.

LAA'DEY, v. loading, burdening.

LAA'DEYDER, s. m. one who loads; pl. -YN.

LAA'DIT, 85. loaded, laden.

LAA-FEAIL'LEY, s. a holy day, a festive day.

LAAGH, s. f. mire, mud, slush; pl. -YN; v. to cover with mire, &c.; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; -YS, 88.

LAAGH'AGH, a. miry, full of mud.

LAAGH'AN, s. a slough, a place of mire.

LAAGH'EY, a. d. of mire or mud.

LAAGH'IT, 85. mired, mudded.

LAA-IN'NYD, s. m. Ash-wednesday, the first day of lent; from *aoin* or *oine* (a fast); it ought to be *Laa-aoinyd* (a day of fasting); though we have it not for fasting, it is in the Erse.

LAAIR, s. f. a mare; pl. - EEYN.

LAA JEH'N VEE, s. day of the month.

- LAA'L, s. (Laa and Eail,) day and festival, but perhaps ought to be from Laa and Oiel, the day and night of, or the vigil of the festival day.
- LAA'L BREESHEY, s. the feast of St. Brede or Bridget, kept on the first of February. Prov.

" Laa'l breeshey bane, Dy choolley yeeig lane, Dy ghoo ny dy vane ;" and,

" Choud as hig y scell greinney stiagh Laa'l breeshey, 'hig y sniaghtey my jig laa boayldyn."

- LAA'L CHYBBYR-USHTEY, s. m. Epiphany-day. This ought to be Laa'l chebbal ooashley, the day of offering worship, as the wise men of the East did, of which it is a commemoration.
- LAA'L MOIRREY NY GIANLE, s. m. Candlemas-day, kept on the second of February. Prov. "Laa'l moirrey ny gianle, lieh foddyr as lieh aile."
- LAA'L MOIRREY NY SANSH OF SANISH, s. m. the Annunciation-day, kept by the church on the 25th day of March
- LAA'L PARICK, s. m. St. Patrick's day or Patrick-mas day, the festival of St. Patrick, kept on the 17th day of March. " Laa'l Parick arree yn dow gys e staik as y dooinney gys e lhiabbee."
- LAA'L PAUL, s. m. St. Paul's day, held the 25th day of January.

" Laa'l Paul ghorrinagh gheayee, Ghenney er y theihll as baase-mooar sleih; Laa'l Paul aalin as glen, Palchey er y theihll dy arroo as meinn."

- LAAN, s. m. a stud, a mould; pl. -YN. Cant. V. 14.
- Dy LAANAGHEY, v. to heal, to make whole. LAANE, See Lane; Luke, v. 36.
- LAA NY NUYR, s. the next day after to-morrow.
- LAA NY VAIRRAGH, s. lit. the morrow day.

LAA'NEE, v. heal, cure.

LAAOI'L, a. daily, diurnal; Dan. viii. 11.

LAARE, s. f. a floor; pl. - YN; v. floor; - AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.

- LAARE'AGH, s. f. a flooring; pl. -YN.
- LAARE'AGHEY, v. putting on the floor.

LAAR'EY, a. d. of the floor.

- LAARE'YDER, s. m. a floorer; pl. YN.
- LAARE'IT, 85. floored.
- LAARE-VOOI'E OF LAARE-VOAILLEE, s. the threshing or winnowing floor.
- LAA-SHYN'NEE, s. a fox day.
- LAATCH, v. lace; —AGH, 77; EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- LAATCH'AGH, a. d. of lace.

LAATCH'EY, s. m. a lace; pl. 67; v. lacing.

LAATCH'EYDER, s. m. a lacer ; pl. - YN.

- LAATCH'IT, 85. laced.
- LAB, s. m. a lot, a great quantity.
- LABB, s. m. a blow, a severe blow; v. strike severe; -AGH, 77; -YS, 88.
- LAB'BAL, v. striking with something heavy.
- LAB'BEYDER, s. m. a striker with weight.
- LAB'BIT, 85. struck, &c.
- LABR OF LABREE, v. labour, work; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- LA'BOREE OF LABREEYN, s. pl. workers, helpers; Rom. xvi. 3.
- LA'BORAGHT, s. m. labour, work; pl. YN.
- LA'BREE, s. m. a labourer, a worker.
- LA'BRIT, 85. laboured, wrought.
- LAC'CAL, s. m. want, lack; v. wanting, lacking. Prov.-
- "Tra ta fer laccal ben, cha vel eh laccal agh ben, Agh tra ta ben echey, t'eh laccal ymmodee glen." LAC'CALLAGH, s. m. one in want ; pl. 71. See also Ymmyrchagh.
- LAG, a. loose, slack, not tight. See Lhag.

LAGG, s. m. a hollow; pl. see Ligg.

LAG'GAN, s. a hollow, a dimple; pl. -YN.

LAGH'YN, s. pl. days; the pl. of Laa.

- LAH, s. m. lad. Dr. Kelly in his Manks grammar says Lah means sir; but I think it cannot mean that, as it is only used in familiar conversation; the feminine of which is Yah.
- LAHN, v. mash; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- LAHN'EY, v. mashing.
- LAHN'EYDER, s. m. a masher.
- LAHN'IT, 85. mashed.
- LAIK, adv. like; v. to choose, to approve.
- LAIY, v. lay; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -YM, 86; -YS, 88.
- LAIY'AL, v. laying.
- LAIYT, 85. laid; Exod. xxvi. 32.
- LA'JER, a. strong.
- LA'JERAGH OF LAJERYS, a. d. of strength; Ez. xlv. 9.
- LA'JEREY, a. pl. strong.
- LA'JERID, s. m. strength, potency.
- LANE, a. full, much; s. a deal, much. Prov. "Ta lane eddyr raa as jannoo;" and, "Ta lane caillit eddyr y laue as y veeal."
- LANE-DOAR'N, s. f. a handful.
- -DUIR'N OF LANEYN-DUIRN, s. pl. handfuls, fistfuls.
- -Fo, s. defiance; v. to defy.
- \_\_\_\_\_ID, s. m. fulness, repletion, satiety.
- \_\_\_\_\_MAR'REY, s. m. high water.
- -MAR'REY TRAIE, s. turned on the ebb.
- -VIE, a. indifferent, middling, very well. LANE'Y, a. pl. full.
- LANNOO'N, s. m. a twin; pl. -YN.
- LANNOO'NAGH, a. d. of twins.
- LANSH, s. m. a great deal; pl. -- YN.
- LANT, s. f. the lap of one board on another in clinch built vessels. pl. -YN.
- E LAT, S. his rod, his lath.
- E LAT'TAG, s. his small rod ; pl. -YN.
- E LAT'TYS, s. his statute; pl. -SYN.
- LAUE, s. f. a hand; pl. -YN.
- LAU'EE, a. handy, dexterous.
- LAUE'NYN, s. pl. gloves.
- LAUE'-RY-LAUE, adv. hand in hand.
- LAUE-SCRIUEE, s. f. manuscript.
- LAUE'Y, a. d. of the hand or hands.
- LAUE YN EAGHTYR, adv. the upper or whip hand, victory.
- LAUE'YS, s. m. handiness, speed; v. performed in a handy, dexterous, skilful manner.
- LAUE MY HEIGHT, s. m. a hand suit, bound to prosecute by giving the hand to the coroner or lockman on searching for stolen goods.
- E LAYNT, s. his health.

- LEAGH, s. m. reward, price, recompense ; compensation; in Ez. xxii. 12 it is gifts.
- LEAGH-SHIAULLEE, s. fare, payment of passage ; Jonah, i. 3.

LEAGH-MOOAR, a. precious, valuable.

LEAGH'YR OF LAGHYR, s. f. coarse grass like rushes; from Laagh (mire), and Aiyr (grass), it grows in meadows in miry places.

- LEAH, adv. soon, early.
- LEAUM, s. m. a sudden heavy shower of rain, a squelch.
- LEAVE or LHEEAE, a. clear, evident; v. seeing, perceiving. See Remarks 167 and 168.
- LEAVST, v. rock, reel, swing, stagger; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 84; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- LEAYSTANE, s. m. a thing to rock or swing on ; pl. -YN.
- LEAVS'TEY, v. rocking, reeling, staggering; Job, xii. 25.
- LEAYS'TEYDER, s. m. one who rocks, &c., a rocker.
- LEAYS'TIT, 85. rocked, swung.
- LEEID, v. lead, conduct; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; ·-IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- LEEIDEIL', v. leading, conducting.
- LEEIDEIL'AGH, s. m. a leader, a conductor; pl.71.
- LEEIDEIL'AGH PURTEY, s. m. a pilot.
- LEEIDEIL'YS, s. m. guidance, direction.
- LEEID'IT, 85. led, guided.
- LEG'GAD, s. m. a legacy; pl. YN; a person to liking; a custom in former times of calling a lad and lass to be together at a supper, &c.
- LEIGH, s. f. law; pl. -AGHYN; French, Loi.
- LEIGH'DER, s. m. a lawyer, a pleader ; pl. YN.
- LEIGH'DERAGHT, v. at law, suing at law, pleading at court.
- LEIGH'DERYS, s. m. practice at law.
- LEIGHOIL', a. lawful.

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- LEIGHOIL'ID OF LEIGHOILYS, s. lawfulness.
- LEIGH NY HAGGLISH, s. f. canon law.
- LEIH, s. m. forgiveness; v. forgive; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- Dy LEIH, v. to forgive; Mat. vi. 14.
- S Dy LEIH, s. (from Sleih,) of people.
- LEIHT, S5. forgiven, pardoned.
- O LEITYN, s. pl. O mountains! S
- LENT, s. m. the lower edge of any thing that hangs down, the skirt; pl. - YN; opposed to Fent.
- LEOAIE, s. f. lead, metal; pl. YN.
- LEOAI'EY, a. pl. leaden; a. d. of lead.
- LEOD, v. derogate, detract, disesteem, undervalue, dislike; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 57; —YS, 88.
- LEOD'AGHEY, v. becoming less in esteem or value, becoming disliked; Eccl. x. 1. Prov. "Ta rouyr chebbyn mie leodaghey mitchoor."
- LEOD'IT, 85. disesteemed, disrespected, disliked, derogated.
- LEOH, a. d. of ashes.
- LEOIE, s. f. ashes.
- LESH, pre. with, towards; p. p. belonging to him, his.
- LESHYN, id. em.
- LESHHENE, p. p. his own, belonging to himself. LESH'TAL, s. m. (from Lieh skeeal) an excuse.
- LESH'TAL CROOBAGH, s. a lame excuse. Prov. " Cha daink rieau yn baase gyn leshtal."
- LESH'TALAGH, s. m. an excuser; a. excusable or excusatory.
- LESH-TRAA', adv. deliberately.

LEAC, s. f. a flat stone, a slate; pl. -YN.

- LESH-Y-CHEILLEY, adv. one with another.
- LESH Y CHOONID, adv. rather narrow.
- LHAG, a. loose, slack.
- LHAG-CHREE'AGH, a. faint-hearted.
- \*LHAGG OF LHAGGEE, v. slacken, loosen; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- LHAG'GAGHEY, v. loosening, slackening; Dan. v. 6; 2 Kings, iv. 24; Isa. xxxiii. 23.
- LHAG-HAST'AGH, a. weak in knowledge or understanding; Pro. xvii. 18.
- LHAG-LAU'EE, a. faint-handed, feeble-handed.
- LHAG-LAYNT', s. m. indisposition.
- LHAG-LAYNT'AGH, a indisposed, slightly disordered.
- LHAG-STAYD, a. impotent; Jud. vi. 6.
- LHAIH, v. read; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- LHAIHDER, s. m. a reader; pl. -YN.
- LHAIHT, 85. read.
- LHAMPA'NAGH, a. languid, limber, childish.
- LHAMPA'NE, s. m. a languid, weak, limber, not stiff person; pl. — E.
- LHAMPA'NID OF LHAMPANYS, 8. m. langour, want of stiffness, debility.
- LHANGEI'D, s. m. a lanket; pl. -YN.
- LHAN'NEE, s. f. church-land, glebe-land; as, thalloo lhannee.
- LHAP, v. lap, double; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88,
- LHAP'PAL, v. lapping, doubling, folding.
- LHAP'PIT, 85. lapped, doubled, folded.
- LHAR'GAGH, s. f. a descent, declivity, a sloping side of a hill or mountain, down the hill; opposed to Ughtagh; pl. LHARGEEYN.
- LHAR'GEE, a. d. of descent or declivity, of declining or sloping ground.
- Er LHEA, v. hath, &c. starved with cold.
- \*LHEAD OF LHEADEE, v. starve with cold; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- Dy LHEAD'EY, v. to starve with cold.
- LHEA'MYS, s. m. a blemish; pl. -YN.
- LHEA'MYSAGH, a. defective, having blemishes.
- LHEA'MYSID, s. m. defectiveness.
- LHEA'MYSIT, 85. blemished, deformed.
- LHEAN, a. broad, wide.
- LHEA'NAGH OF LHEA'NAGHEY, v. widening, &c.
- LHEA'NEY, a. pl. broad, wide; s. a sprain; pl. 67.
- LHEA'NIT, 85. sprained; widened.
- LHEAYST. See Leayst.
- LH'EE, p. her own, belonging to her, hers; Job, xxxix. 16; —ISH, id. em.
- Er LHEE or LIEE, v. hath, &c. licked, lapped, or cleansed with the tongue.
- Dy LHEEAGH, v. if would lick.
- LHEEAD, s. m. breadth, width; pl. -YN.
- LHEEAH, a. hoary, gray, mouldy.
- LHEEAGH'EY, v. getting hoary, gray, or mouldy.
- LHEEAGH'YS, s. m. hoariness, grayness, mouldiness.
- LHEEAH-RIO', s. f. hoar-frost.
- LHEEAN, s. m. the floor on which the meal falls from a flour mill.
- LHEEAN'NAG, s. f. a small meadow.

LHEAN'NAGH, a. d. of a meadow or meadows.

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- LHEEAN'NEE, s. f. a meadow.
- LHEEAN'TYN, s. pl. meadows.
- E LHEEAS'ID, s. of his thigh; Gen. XXXII. 25. S E LHERAYST, s. his thigh. S
- LHEEGH, s. f. a ladle; pl. -YN.
- LHEIBEID'JAGH, a. unwieldy, cumberous.
- LHEIBEID'JYS OF LHEIBEID'JID, s. m. unwieldiness.
- LHEID, pro. such, like, of that kind.
- LHEIE, v. melt, dissolve, soften, grow tender; disappear; —AGH, 77; —E, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- LHEIE'DER, s. m. a melter, a dissolver, a founder; Jer. vi. 29, it is spelled *Lheeider*; but in Jer. li. 17, it is *Lheieder*; pl. — YN.
- LHFIE ER SOOYL, v. to dwindle away by degrees ; to wear off, to vanish.
- LHEIH, s. f. a place at sea noted for fishing on, by some called *Aahley*.
- LHEIHLL OF LHEIL, v. move, stir about slowly or heavily, use of limbs; Acts, xiv. 8.
- LHEIHT OF LHEIT, 85. melted, dissolved, liquified.
- LHEIH'YS, v. heal, cure a wound.
- Dy LHEIH'YSAGH, a. medical, healing.
- LHEIL'TAGH, s. m. a mover, one who can use or exercise his limbs; pl. -- YN.
- LHEIL'TYS, s. m. exercise, motion.
- LHEIM, s. m. a leap, jump, limp, an embrace of animals; pl. — YN; v. leap, &c.; — AGH 77; — EE, 80; — IN, 83; — INS, 84; — YM, 86; — YMS, 87; — YS, 88.
- LHEIM'MEYDER, s. m. one who leaps, a jumper; pl. yN.
- LHEIM'MEYDER-FAIYR, s. m. a grasshopper.
- LHEIM'MIT, 85. leaped, leapt, covered.
- LHEIM-SUR'LEY, s. m. a standing-jump.
- LHEIM'YRAGH OT LHEIM'YRAGHT, v. skipping, hopping, leaping, &c.; Acts, iii. 8; Nah. iii. 2.
- LHEI'NEY, s. f. a shirt.
- LHEINT'YN, s. pl. shirts.
- LHEIN OF LHEIUN, s. Monday; as, Doonaght as Lheiun (Sunday and Monday).
- LHEIY, s. m. a calf; pl. —EE; Prov. "Ta booa vie ny gha as drogh Lheiy ec."
- LHEMEE'N OF LHEMYN, s. a moth ; pl. -YN.
- LHEMEE'NAGH, a. mothy, having moths.
- LHENG, s. f. a halfpenny; pl. -YN.
- LHER'RYM, s. the larboard quarter of a boat or vessel; pl. YN.
- LHESH, s. f. the hip; pl. -YN.
- LHESH'AGH, a. rocking in walking, as if the hips were weak.
- LHESH'EY, a. d. of the hip or hips.
- LHEU'NICAN, s. a sty on the eye lash; pl. -YN.
- LHIAB'BAGH, a. d. of a bed or beds.
- LHIAB'BAGHYN, s. pl. beds.
- LHIAB'BEE, s. f. a bed. Some say from Liehbee (half meat.)
- LHIAEE'-VREAG, s. f. a fabricated lie, a falsity alleged for truth; nearly of the same meaning with Breag-lhiassit. The Lhiaee in this word would be a. d. of false allegation or contrivance.
- LHIAGHT, s. m. a lying place; a lair, a lodging place, a grave, a couch; Amos, iii. 12, a tomb, a sepulchre; 2 Sam. xxi. 14, 2 Kings, xxiii. 17; pl. — YN.

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LHIAGHT, v. lay in a place, &c.; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.

LHIAGH'TEY, v. laying or lodging in a place.

- LHIAGH'TEYDER, s. m. a layer down or depositor. LHIAGH'TIT, 85. lodged, laid.
- LHIAM, p. mine, my, belonging to me, with me; -s, id. em.
- LHIAM-LHIAT, s. an inconstant or unsteady person.
- LHIAN, pro. our, ours, belonging to us, with us; -YN, id. em.
- LHIANN, v. cleave, flatten; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- LHIAN'NAG, s. f. a flake; any thing flattened, pressed, or made flat; a pea-pod, &c. before it is full; as, *Lhiannag phisheragh*.
- LHIAN'NAGHEV, v. flattening by pressure, mangling, or pressing.
- LHIANNAN-SHEE, s. f. a familiar spirit.

LHIAN'NIT, 85. pressed flat, flattened.

- LHIAN'NOO, s. m. a child. Some say this word is from *Lieh-noo* (half a saint).
- LHIAN'NOOAGH, a. childish, puerile.
- LHIANT, v. cleave, adhere to, stick close to; -AGH, 77, &c.
- LHIAN'TAGH, a. attached, adherent, united with, sticking to.
- LHIAN'TYN, v. cleaving, adhering to, sticking close to.
- LHIAN'TYS, s. m. attachment, adherence.
- LHIARE OF LIARE, s. m. leather. The orthography of both these words is used.
- LHIARE'AGH, a. leathern, of leather.

LHIAS DOU, adv. need I.

- LHIAS OF LHIASEE, v. atone, ransom, amend, correct; replenish, manure; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88. This verb is supposed to be from *lheihys* and *aghey* (healing, making amends, making up what was lost, mending, atoning, healing up the breach); and in this way it is understood in manuring land, putting some thing on to make it as good as before.
- LHIAS'AGH, s. m. manure; amends, recompense. Prov. "Ta dty lhiasagh dty ghoarn."
- LHIAS'AGHEY, s. m. atonement, ransom, restitution; v. atoning, ransoming, amending, correcting; manuring, replenishing.

LHIAS'EE, a. d. of atoning, amending, &c.

- LHIAS'EYDER, s. m. an atoner, amender, recompenser; Jer. li. 56; manurer; pl. --YN.
- LHIAS'IT, 85. atoned, amended, recompensed; manured.
- LHIASS, adv. needs; 2 Tim. ii. 15.
- LHIASS OF LHIAS'SEE, v. allege, invent, contrive lies and tell them for truth; —AGH,77; —EE, 80; —IN, 84; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- LHIASS'AGH, v. contriving and telling untrue stories.
- Dy LHIAS'SAGHEY, v. to allege, invent, and fabricate lies, and tell what is not true of your own invention or fabrication.

LHIAS'SEE, a. d. of alleging lies. See *Lhiaee*. LHIAS'SEYDER, s. m. an alleger of untruths.

LHIAS'IT, 85. alleged, invented, contrived falsely, laid against in untruth; Acts, xxv. 27.

- LHIAS'TEY, a. loath, reluctant, slow to do a thing. LHIAS'TYN, v. in debt, owing.
- LHIAS'TYNAGH, s. m. a debtor, one that owes; pl. 71.
- LHIAS'TYNYS, s. m. debt. Prov. "Share goll dy lhie fegooish shibber na girree ayns lhiastynys."
- LHIAT, pro. thine, belonging to thee, with thee, and sometimes thou; as, cur lhiat eh (bring thou him or it); -s, id. em. Prov. "Lhiat myr hoil oo."

LHIAT'TAGH, a. d. lateral, of a side or sides.

LHIAT'TEE, s. f. side; pl. LHIATTAGHYN or LHIATTEEYN; 2 Kings, xix. 25.

LHIAT'TEE-RY-LHIAT'TEE, s. side by side.

LHIC, s. pl. slates, flat stones.

- LHIE, v. lie, lay down; -AGH, 77; -E, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- LHIEDER, s. m. one that lies down; pl. -YN.
- LHIE-GHREIN'EY, s.m. sunset, the setting of the sun.
- LHIEEN, v. fill, make full; —AGH, 77 —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.

LHIEEN'EY, s. m. a filling, a spasm; pl. 67.

LHIEENEY-AIG'NEY, s. m. satisfaction.

LHIEEN'EYDER, s. m. one who fills; pl. -YN.

LHIEENT, 85. filled, made full.

- LHIEG or \*LHIEGG, v. fell, bring to the ground, fall, cast or throw down; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- LHIEG'GEY, s. m. a fall, degradation; pl. 67. Prov. "Yiow moyrn lhieggey."
- LHIEG'GEYDER, s. m. a feller, one who throws down.

LHIEGGEY-USHTEY, s. m. a waterfall, a cataract.

- LHIEG'GIT, 85. fallen, felled.
- LHIEIT OF LHIET, 85. laid, lain.
- LHIEN, p. p. with us, ours, belonging to us; -YN, id. em. See also Lhian. Heb. xii. 25.
- LHIE-NA'NE, v. said of a horse, cow, sheep, &c. lying on its back in a hollow, so that it cannot rise up of itself.
- LHIEN'NOO, a. d. of children, of the child; Mark ix, 24. and Mat. ii. 16.; the pl. of Lhiannoo.
- Dy LHIEN'NOO, s. of surname, surnamed; Mark iii. 16.
- LHIET OF \*LHIETT, v. let, hinder, prevent, stop; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- LHIET'TAL, v. hindering, stopping, preventing, staying; Job xxxviii. 37.
- LHIET'TALAGH, s. m. a hinderer, a prevention; pl. 71; a. preventive, obstructive.
- LHIET'TRIMMYS, LHIET'RYMYS, OF LIET'TRIMYS, s. m. a hinderance, obstacle, or impediment. This word, the orthography of which is varied in three instances in the Manks Scriptures, is used for difference in Exod. xi. 7; Mal. iii. 18; Acts xv. 9; Rom. iii. 22. Would not Caghlaa or Anchaslys, or Neuchaslys, have been a better word?

LHIET'TRIMYSAGH, a. obstructive, hindersome.

LHIEU'AN, s. m. elm; pl. -YN.

LHIG OT \*LHIGG, v. let, permit, suffer, allow, gallop, shoot; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.

LHIEU, p. p. with you or ye, yours; -ISH, id. em.

LHIEU, p. p. with them, theirs; -syn, id. em.

LHIEU'ANAGH, a. d. of elm timber.

- LHIG'EY, v. galloping. Lhigey'n laair vane, (running from service).
- LHIG'GEY, v. letting, permitting, shooting. The pl. which is according to 67, is in Zec. iv. 2, for discharges, pipes, &c.
- LHIG'GEYDER, s. m. one who lets, permits, &c.

LHIGG'EYDER, s. m. one who gallops ; pl. -YN.

LHIG'GIT, 85. let, allowed, suffered to be.

LHIGG'IT, 85. galloped.

- LHIGGIT-SHAGHEY, 85. postponed, procrastinated, let by, delayed.
- LHIG-ORT, adv. pretend, feign thyself.
- LHIM'MEY, adv. save, except.
- LHING, s. m. life time, days of life; Psl. lxxii. 7; Acts, xi. 28; 2 Kings, xxiii. 22.
- E LHING'AN, s. his shoulder; pl. -YN.
- LHING'ANAGH, a. d. of the shoulder.
- LHING'EY, s. f. a lisne or cavity in a river between rocks.
- LHION'DAIG, s. f. an even grassy plot in a valley; pl. YN.
- LHION'NAIG, s. f. a strand or part of a rope or cord twisted by itself before it is topped; pl. —YN.
- LHION'NEY, a. d. of ale or beer.
- \*LHIS OF LHISAGH, v. should, ought; -IN, 83; -INS, 84.
- LHIU'RAGH OF LHIURAGHEY, v. lengthening.
- LHIU'REE, v. lengthen, make long.
- LHIUR'ID, s. m. length, procerity; pl. -YN.
- LHIY, s. f. a colt; pl. —AGHYN, or —NYN. The latter is in Jud. x. 4.
- LHIY'AGH, a. coltish; ticklish.
- LHOAM OF LHOME, v. bare; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- LHOAM'EE, a. d. of making bare.
- LHOAM'EY, v. making bare.
- LHOAM'EYDER, s. m. one that makes bare.
- LHOAM'ID, s. m. bareness.
- LHOAM'IT, 85. bared, made bare.
- LHOAU Or LOAU, a. rotten, putrid; Num. v. 22; v. rot, putrify; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —VM, 86; —VMS, 87; —VS, 88. Prov. "Leah appee leah lhoau."

LHOAU'EE, a. d. of rottenness.

LHOAU'EY, a. pl. rotten, putrid.

- LHOAU'ID, s. m. rottenness.
- LHOME-LAUEE, a. empty-handed.
- LHOM'MYRT, s. m. the shearing of sheep.
- LHOM'MYRTAGH, a. bare of cover; drawn; as, cliwe lhommyrtagh (a drawn sword).
- LHON, s. m. a blackbird ; pl. -YN.
- LHONG, s. f. a ship; pl.-YN.
- LHONG-CHAGGEE, s. f. a man of war.
- LHONG'EE, a. d. of a meal or meals.
- LHONG'EY, s. m. a meal; pl. 67.
- LHONG-VREE, s. f. a steam-vessel.
- LHONG-SPOOIL'LEE, s. f. a pirate.
- LHOO, s. m. a shaft or thill; pl. -GHYN.
- LHOOB, s. m. a loop ; pl. YN.
- LHOOB, v. bend, bow; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- LHOOB'EY, s. m. a bend, a bow; pl. 67; v. bending.

LHOOB'EYDER, s. m. a bender; pl. -YN.

- LHOOBIT, 85. bent, made crooked. LHOOB-YIARN, s. m. a link.
- LHOTT, s. m. a wound; pl. —YN; v. wound; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- LHOTT'EY, v. wounding, hurting so as to cause a wound.
- LHOTT'EYDER, s. m. one that wounds.
- LHOTT'IT, 85. wounded.
- Cha LHOYS, v. dare not.

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- LHU'AN, s. f. any weak thing that comes out of due time, such as a lamb, calf, swarm of bees, &c.; pl. --YN.
- LHU'ANYS OF LHUNYS, s. m. Lammas.
- LHUDDYR, v. maul, mangle, hack and dirty withal; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- Dy LHUDDYR'AGHEY OF LHUDDYRAL, v. to maul, mangle, &c. in an unskilful manner.
- LHUDDYR'EY, s. m. a mangler, &c.; pl. 69.
- LHUDDYR'IT, 85. mangled, dirtied, draggled in dirt.
- My Lhugg, v. if swallow; -AGH; -IN; --INS; -YM; -YMS, 94.
- Dy LHUGG'EY OF LUGGEY, p. to swallow or gulp up; Isa. xlix. 19. S
- E LHUG'GEYDER, s. his swallower.
- LHUING'EY, a. d. of ship or ships, naval; Rev. xviii. 17.
- LHUING'YS, s. f. shipping.
- LHUING'YS CHAGGEE REEOIL HOSTYN, s. the royal navy of Great Britain.
- LHUNE, s. m. ale, strong drink.
- LHUN OF \*LHUNN, v. launch; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —VS, 88. The but end of an oar is called *lhun*, because used to draw or launch a boat on.
- Dy LHUN'NAGHEY, v. to launch.
- LHUN'NEY, v. launching.
- LHUN'NEYDER, s. m. one who launches; pl. YN.
- LHUN'VIT, 85. launched.
- LHUSS, s. leeks, lentils, herbs.
- LIACK, a. like, equal. See also Liak.
- LIACK, v. approving of, liking; —AGH, 77; —IN, 83; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- LIACE'AL, v. liking.
- LIACE'IT, 85. liked.
- LIAEE, v. (from *Liack*,) liking; as, cha vel liaee aym-er (I have no liking for it).
- Ro LIAGH'AGH, a. too rainy. F
- LIAGH'EE, a. d. of rain. F
- E LIAGH'EY, s. his rain. F
- LIARG'AGH, s. m. a declivity or descent. See also Lhargagh.
- LIAR'GEE, a. d. of declivity or going down; Jer. xlviii. 5.
- LIASS, s. (from *Liehys* or *Leighys*,) law-step, or a step by law or marriage.
- —— HUYR, s. f. a step sister.
- ----- INNEEN, s. f. a step daughter.
- ----- vAC, s. m. a step son.
- ------ VRAAR, s. m. a step brother.
- The latter of these is seldom used.

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LIASS, adv. See Lhiass. S	Dy LIOOAR, adv. enough.
LIASS'AGHEY, v. to allege, feign, or contrive	LIO'REE, p. p. by her; -ISH, id. em.
lies; Neh. vi. 8. See Lhia.	LIO'REEHENE, p. p. by herself.
LIASS'TAGH OF LIASSTEY, a. slothful, remiss,	LIO'RIN, p. p. by us; -YN, id. em.
idle, sluggish, loath to do a thing, indolent, inactive. See also <i>Lhiasstey</i> .	LIO'RISH, pre. and adv. by; p. p. by him, by the, beside; 2 Kings, xi. 20.; -IN, id, em.
LIASS'TID, s. f. sloth, indolence, reluctance,	LIO'RISHHENE, p. p. by himself.
slowness, tardiness.	LIO'ROO, p. p. by them ; -SYN, id. em.
LIAUYR, a. long, prolix, lengthy.	LIO'ROOHENE, p. p. by themselves.
LIAUYR'EY, a. pl. long, lengthy.	LIORT, p. p. by thee; -s, id. em.
LICKLY, <i>adv.</i> likely, probable, but not altogether certain, more for than against.	LIORTHENE, p. p. by thyself.
Fo LIEAU, s. under a mountain ; Rev. vi. 14. S	LIO'RYM, p. p. by me; -s, id. em.
	LIO'RYM PENE, p. p. by myself.
LIECK'AN, s. f. (from Lieh kione,) cheek; 1 Kings xxii. 24; Job, xvi. 10; and Luke, vi. 29; what is seen in a profile view of the head; pl vN.	LIST, s. f. a lean to one side; v. —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS,
LIECE'ANAGH, a. d. of the cheek or cheeks; Caslys lieckanagh would be a profile likeness.	87; —YS, 88. LIS'TAL, v. leaning.
Dy LIEE, v. to lick or lap with the tongue;	LIS'TIT, 85. leaned.
-AGH; -EE; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. S	LITCH'ER, s. m. a lazy person, a sluggard, an idler; pl. — YN.
LIEEN, s. m. lint, flax, linen; pl. —TEEVN or —TEENYN. The pl. is used for nets, perhaps because they are made of flax. Fact vii 26.	LITCH'ERAGH, a. lazy, slothful, idle, indolent, sluggish.
because they are made of flax; <i>Eccl.</i> vii. 26; and <i>Mark</i> , i. 18.	LITCH'ERAGHT, s. f. laziness, idleness, indolence, slothfulness; pl YN.
LIEH, s. m. half, molety; pl. — GHYN. LIEHBA'GE, s. f. a flook, a flat fish; pl. — YN.	"Litcheragh goll dy lhie, Litcheragh dy irree, As Litcheragh dy gholl dys y cheeill jedoonee."
LIEH-CHIART, a. uneven, odd, rough.	Cha Liugh, v. not wet; -AGH; -YM; -YMS;
CHIARTYS, s. m. unevenness.	-ys, 94. F Dy Liugh'ey, v. to wet. F
CHARKYL, s. m. a semicircle.	E LIUGH'YS, s. his wet or wetness. F
CHRAUE, s. f. a gristle.	LIVREY', v. deliver; -AGH,77; -EE, 80; -IN,
	83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
HOOILLAGH, a. monocular, one eyed.	LIVRE'IT, 85. delivered.
LIEGH, a. half gone, half done, mid way.	LIVREY'DER, OF FER LIVREYEE, s. m. a deliv-
LIEGH-LHIEENT, a. half-flood or flowed.	erer; 2 Sam. xxii. 2.
LIEHID OF LIEHD, s. f. half a breadth.	LIVREY'S OF LIVREY'-YS, 8. deliverance; pl.
LIEH-KIART, s. m. the even half.	-syn, Jer. xxx. 7.
LIEH MY LIEH, adv. half each, half apiece.	LOA'GAN, v. stagger, staggering; Isa. xxix. 9.
LIEH'NEEN, s. m. the lining of a hedge, &c.	LOA'GANAGH, s. m. one that staggers; pl. 71.
LIEH-SCOADEY OF LIEH-SKEW, a. slopewise,	LOA'GANYS, s. staggering.
obliquely.	LOAGH, s. See Lugh.
LIEN'NOO, s. surname; as, cre dty liennoo (what is thy surname).	LOAGHRAN'E, s. f. the handle of a flail. See Cass. LOAGHT, v. handle, feel; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80;
LIERIU, p. p. by you or ye;	-IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87;
LIESH, p. See Lesh. Both words are used.	-ys, 88.
Ligo, s. pl. hollows; the pl. of Lagg.	LOAGH'TEE, a. d. of handling.
LIGG'AR, s. m. liquor, spirits; pl. — YN.	LOAGH'TEY, v. handling, feeling with hands. LOAGH'TEYDER, s. m. a handler; pl. — YN.
LIGG'IN, s. m. slack water, eddy water, dead water, where or when there is no tide or stream; pl. — YN.	LOAGH'TIT, 85. handled, felt with the hand.
LIM'MER, s. the passage for water under the	LOAGHTRAN'E, s. See Loaghrane. LOAGH'TYN OF LUGH-DHOAN, a. brown; Gen.
floorings of a boat or vessel.	xxx. 33 and 35. There is no word in English
LINDE'YR, s. f. a lintel; pl. —YN. Dty LING'AN, s. thy shoulder.	by which to express <i>Loaghtyn</i> or <i>Keeir</i> . Lugh dhoan is very descriptive of the colour—Lugh
	(mouse), and <i>Dhoan</i> (brown). These colours
LING'ANAGH, a. d. of the shoulders. S	mixed will produce the shade which is under-
LIOAR, s. f. a book; pl. — YN. This word is used as an oath, and it may seem strange that	stood by Loaghtyn, or the word may be from
it is so used in our excellent translation of the	Lhosht dhoan (burnt brown.)
Scriptures; Isa. xl. 24, and Mal. ii. 2, for yes or yea.	LOAM, a. shorn, bare. See also Lhoam. Both are used. Prov
LIOAR'AGH, a. d. of book or books; as, ynsagh	" Cronk ghlass foddey voym, Loam loam tra roshym eh ;"
lioaragh (book learning). LIOAR'AN, s. f. a small book, a pamphlet.	and another, ""Yn loam leigh yn loam chair;" though some will have it to be, yn loam aggair.
LIOAR-HASHT, s. f. a library; pl YN.	LOAM, v. bare; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN,
LIOAR'LHAN, s. f. (Lieh-arlane,) half a firlot, a	83; - INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
quarter of a boll.	LOAM-CHOSHAGH, a. bare-footed.

### LOA

LOAM'EY, a. pl. bare.

- LOAM'IT, 85. made bare, bared.
- LOAM-LIAS'TEY, a. very reluctant or loath.
- LOAMR, v. fleece, shear off; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 98.
- LOAM'REY, s. f. a fleece; pl. 67.
- LOAM'REYDER, s. m. one that shears the fleece off. LOAM'RIT, 85. fleeced, shorn.
- LOAU, a. rotten, putrid; v. rot, putrify; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- LOAU'YS, s. f. rottenness.
- LOAYR, v. speak, spoke; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88,
- LOAYR'EYDER OF LOAYRTAGH, s. m. a speaker. LOAYR'IT, 85. spoken.
- LOAYRT, v. speaking.
- LOAYR'TYS, s. m. utterance to speak, or of speech.
- LOG'GYR, s. f. something got or allowed above expectation, or for luck.
- LOGH, s. f. a lake, a pool; pl. -YN.
- LOGH'AN, s. f. a small lake; pl. YN; the dim. of Logh.
- LOGHT, s. m. crime, offence, trespass, guilt, transgression, sin; pl. - YN.
- LOGH'TAL, a. severe, violent, stern; deep as a cut, &c; strong as a gale of wind.
- LOGH'TALID, s. m. severity, violence.
- LOGH'TYNID, s. m. criminality, guiltiness.
- LOM'ARCAN, a. alone, deprived of company.
- LOMM, v. make bare; —AGH, 77; —FE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- LOM'MAN, s. m. a scorching wind that dries up and makes the ground bare of herbage; Hos. xiii. 15.
- LOM'MANAGH, a. scorching, baring.
- LOM'MEE, a. d. of baring.
- LOM'MEY, v. making bare.
- LOM'MEYDER, s. m. one that makes bare.
- LOM'MIT, 85. bared, made bare.
- LOM'MYRT, v. shearing sheep, making bare by cutting off the wool or hair.
- LOM'MYRTAGH, s. m. a shearer of sheep; pl. 71; a. anything made bare, as a sword, &c., unsheathed.
- LOM'REY, s. See Loamrey.
- LOM'RIT, 85. shorn bare of wool or hair.
- LON'DERNEE OF LONDYRNEE, v. glaring, dazzling with lustre; Nah. ii. 4.
- LONDEY'R, s. f. a lantern ; pl. YN.
- LONDEYR'AGH, a. d. of a lantern.
- Loo, s. m. an oath; pl. GHYN; v. swear; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- Loo'AN, s. See Lhuan.
- LOO'EE, a. d. of an oath or oaths.
- Loo'IT, 85 sworn.
- LOOR, a. lusty, stout; Gen. xlix. 14.
- Loo'RID, s. m. lustiness.
- LORG, s. m. a staff.
- \*LORG OF LOR'GEE, v. drive or urge forward with a staff; —AGH 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83;

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--INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.

- Dy LORG'AGHEY, v. to excite or drive forward.
- LORG-HOWSH'AN, s. f. a measuring rule.
- LORG-IM'MANAGH, s. f. a goad; Ecclesiasticus, xii. 11.
- LORG'IT, 85. excited, urged.
- LORG-REEOIL OF -REILL, s. f. a sceptre.
- Los'GAN, s. f. a lamp; pl. YN.
- LOSHT, s. f. a bake stone, or baking board.
- LOSHT, v. burn; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88. LOSH'TEE, a. d. of burning.
- LOSHT OF LOSHTIT, 85. burnt, burned.
- Loss, v. blaze, flame; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- Los'sAG, s. f. a small flame or flash.
- LOS'SAGHYN, s. pl. burnings, flamings.
- Los'SAN, s. f. luminous particles seen in the sea by night, and on fish that are not dry, in the dark; the aurora borealis or northern lights.
- LOS'SANAGH, a. having luminous qualities, or aurora borealis.
- Los'SEE, a. d. of flame or flaming, blazing.
- LOS'SEREE, s. f. herbage, herbs.
- Los'sEREY, s. f. an herb; pl. 72.
- Los'sev, v. flaming, burning in a blaze; s. m. a flame; Luke, xvi. 24.
- LOS'TEY, v. burning; pl. 67.
- LOS'TEYDER, s. m. one who puts things to burn.
- LOSTEY-CHAIN'LEY, s. m. the churching of women. Called so, perhaps, from the practice of burning a candle during the service in former times.
- LOTT, s. f. a lot; v. to allot; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- LOURAA'NAGH, a. leprous.
- LOURAA'NYS, LOIHREY, OF LOUREY, s. f. leprosy.
- LOURANE', s. m. a leper; pl. -E.
- Lout, s. m. a loft; pl. -- YN; v. loft; -- AGH, 77; -- EE, 80; -- IN, 83; -- INS, 84; -- YM, 86; -- YMS, 87; -- YS, 88.
- LOUT-EAGH'TYR, s. f. a deck.
- LOUT-EAGH'TYRLHONG, s. f. a ship's deck.
- LOU'TEY, v. a lofting.
- LOU'TEYDER, s. m. one who lofts.
- LOU'TIT, 85. lofted.
- LOUVR, s. f. an abort or abortion; a slink or castling which has been some time dead before brought forth, so that it is partly rotten and stinking.
- LOUYRAN, s. f. a small castling. Prov. "Lhiannoo ny louyran."
- Low, v. allow; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- Low'AL, a. lawful, allowable ; Luke, xiv. 3.
- Low'ALTYS, s. m. approbation.
- Low'ANSE, s. m. a thing allowed; Jer. xxxvii, 21.
- Low'EYDER, s. m. an allower; pl. YN.
- Low'IT, 85. allowed.
- LOYS DHYT, p. darest thou.
- LUB'BAN BRECK, s. f. a sea nettle.
- LUB'BERLAB, s. f. the herb bogbane.
  - LUD'DAN-MEA', s. f. a luminous oily spot on the surface of water; Job, xli. 32.

- LUFF, v. loof, bear close to the windward; —AGH, 77; —AL, 79; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- Lugg, s. f. a sea or sand worm used for bait.

LUGH, s. f. a mouse, a mole; pl. — EE; Isa. ii. 20. LUGH'AG, a. d. of a mouse or mice.

- LUGHT, s. m. load, cargo, burden; what any thing can hold; pl. —YN; v. —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- LUGH'TASH OF LUGHTAGHEY, v. taking in a cargo or load.
- LUGHT'-THIE, s. m. a household, a family.
- LUGH'TEYDER, s. m. one that loads ; pl. -YN.
- LUGH'TIT, 85. loaded, loaden.
- E LUIGHT, s. his offspring, seed, or issue.

LUIRG, s. pl. staves; the pl. of Lorg.

- LU'NAGH, a. rude, sarcastic, contemptuous, slanderous; s. m. a rude person; pl. 71; slanderers; Mark, xv. 18.
- LU'NEY, v. slandering; 2 Sam. xix. 27.

LUNE, v. slander; —AGH, 77; —E, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88. LU'NIT, 85. slandered.

- LUNG'-LANE, a. quite full; Ez. xxviii. 16.
- LUNN, s. See Lhunn.
- LUN'NIN, s. m. London.

LURG, pre. after, after him or it; -syn, id. em.

- LURG'AGH, a. d. of the leg or legs.
- LURG'EY, s. f. a leg; pl. 67.
- LURG'EYDISH, s. f. the herb penny-royal.
- LURG-OOIL'LEY, adv. after all.
- LURG Y THOOIL'LEY, a. postdiluvian.
- Lus. See Lhuss, an herb, leek.
- LUS-BLAYS'TAL, s. f. savory.
- LUS-LHEI'HYS, s. f. Solomon's seal or heal; a species of bell-wort.
- LUS-LU'NA, s. f. moonwort.
- LUS MIL'LISH NY LHEEANAGH, s. f. meadow sweet.
- LUS NY BIN'JEY, s. f. dropwort.
- LUS NY BINJEY MOO'AR, s. f. crudwort.
- LUS NY BINJEY LHEEAN'AGH, s. f. meadow trefoil.
- LUS NY FAHN'NAGHYN, s. f. wartwort, spurge. LUS YN AILE', s. f. burnet.
- LUS Y CHIOL'G, s. f. golden maiden hair.
- LUS Y CHENG'EY VEG, s. f. mouse-ear.
- LUS Y CHOL'LANE, s. f. the herb robin run over the hedge.
- LUS Y LHEAN'EY, s. f. bindweed, convolvulus.
- LUS Y CHOR'RAN, s. f. sickle weed.
- LUS Y DRUIGH'T, s. f. sun-dew.
- LUS NY CHROSH'EY, s. f. cudwort, cotton weed, chaffweed, or dwarf cotton.
- LUS Y GHEW', s. f. purging flax.
- LUS Y DAA PHING', s. f. money-wort, the herb twopence.

LUS NY MOYL MOIR'REY, s. f. marsh mallows. LUS Y YIAR'EY, s. f. flux weed.

- LUS Y VOOIN' OF CLIOAGAGH GLIWNAGH, s. f. gladwin or stinking gladwin.
- LUS Y GHOOT', s. f. gerrard, goutwort.
- LUS-THIE', s. f. sengreen, houseleek.
- LUS-SKEIL'LEY, s. f. loosestrife, or willow-wort.

- LUS Y CRAMMAN DOO', s. f. knapweed or button wort.
- LUS NY MOAL MOIR'REY, s. f. common mallows. LUS NY MIN'NAG, s. f. dandelion, piss-a-bed.
- LUS NY FREENAGHYN MOOAR'EY, s. f. dove's
- foot, crane's bill. LUS Y TOOILL', s. f. clary or clear eye, eye
- bright. LUS FEIE Y TOOILL', s. f. wild clary.
- LUS NY GEAYEE', s. f. anehome.
- LUS Y WEE OF WUIGH, s. f. woald or wold, dyer's weed for dying yellow.
- LUS Y RYP'TAR, s. f. allseed, rupture wort, little flax.
- LUS Y VOL'LEY, s. f. lady's bed-straw.
- LUTCH, v. to carry in a clumsy slovenly manner; —AGH, 77, &c.
- Dy LUTCH'AGH, adv. loobily.
- LUTCH'YNAGH, s. m. a looby, a lubber, an awkward clumsy fellow; pl. 71.
- LUTCH'EY, v. lubbering.

S

## M

- This letter is an initial in words primarily initialled by B, by placing the pronoun Nyn before them, as shown in Remark 41; for its own changes see 52. M', pro. a contraction of my before a word beginning with a vowel; as, M'olt (my hair). Nyn MAA, s. your, &c. cows. B Nyn MAAGH, s. your, &c. beast. B Nyn MAAIE'AGH, s. your, &c. cowhouse. B MAAIG, s. f. a paw, a claw ; pl. - YN. MAAIG'AGH, a. unhandy, clumsy with the hand. MAAIG'EREY, s. m. a person handling awkwardly. MAA'IHLL, a. d. of rent. MAAIL, s. m. rent; pl. -TEEYN. Nyn MAAIR, s. your, &c. crop ; pl. -YN. B Nyn MAARAI'L, s. your, &c. spending. B MAAR'DERAGH, s. m. a fornicator, a whore-monger; pl. 71. MAAR'DERYS, s. f. fornication, whoredom, adultery; Mat. v. 37. Nyn MAARE, s. your, &c. point. B Nyn MAARLE, s. your, &c. English. MAAR'LEE, s. pl. thieves, marauders. MAAR'LIAGH, s. m. a thief, one that steals. MAAR'LYS OF MAARLEEYS, s. theft; Mark, vii. 22. Nyn MAAR'NEY, s. your, &c. gap; pl. 67. B Nyn MAASE or MAASH, s. your, &c. death, visage. B MAASE, s. m. cattle, kine. Nyn MAA'TEY, s. your, &c. boat. B Nyn MAB, s. your, &c. baby. B MAB'BYL, s. m. maple. MAC, s. m. son, fitz.
- MACIMSHEE, s. m. the son of discord or false peace.

Nyn MAC'CAGH, s. your, &c. halt, &c. person. B	MANJOO'R, s. m
MAC'CAN, s. m. a little son : Laa'l maccan;	MAN'NAGH, CO
(Innocent's day), kept by the Church in Christ- mas. It may be from a little son, or from	nagh, not,) if translators of
M'accan (my moan).	word exactly
MACKEW'YL, s. m. a kelson or keelson.	not spell my (
MACMOLLAGHT, s. m. son of a curse, son of	Nyn Man'nagi
perdition, the devil.	Nyn MAN'NAGI
MAC-SOY'LEY, s. m. an instance, a metaphor to	MAN'NAN, s. m
illustrate by.	MAN'NIN, s. f.
MA'DYR, v. matter, import; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87;	Man or Mona favourite Isle
-IN, 83; -INS, 84; -IM, 60, -IMS, 67, -YS, 88.	MAN'NINAGH, d
MA'DYRAL, v. regarding.	Isle of Man.
MAD'YRAN OF MAD'RAN, s. m. the morning	MAN'NINAGH, 8
dawn, the twilight; plYN.	pl. 71.
MAG, s. m. a failure in a rope.	MAN'NINAN MA
MAGGA'NE, s. m. numbness.	the sea. Nyn MAN'SHYP
MAGGA'NAGH, a. numb, clumsy, not acute in	dings.
feeling.	MARA'NE, s. f.
MAGGA'NYS, s. torpor, numbress.	Nyn MAR'ANT
MAG'GLE, s. m. a testicle; plYN.	rantry.
Nyn MAG'GYREY, s. your, &c. threatener. B Nyn MAG'GYRT, v. your, &c. threatening, &c. B	MAR'CHAN, S. 1
MAGH, adv. out, forth; opposed to Stiagh.	MAR'CHANYS,
MAGH, and, out, forth; opposed to bragh. MAGH'ER, s. m. a field; pl YN.	Nyn MARDOON
MAGHER, S. M. a licit, pr 14. MAGH'ERAGH, a. d. of the field; Cant. iv. 5.	Nyn MARDOON
MAGN'EY, adv. forth, from hence forth, hence	MA'REE, $p. p.$
forward; Isa. xli. 22.	Nyn MARGAN'
Nyn MAGHT, s. your, &c. observation, &c. B	MAR'GEE, a. d.
MAGH-VOISH, pre. except, without, exclusive.	MAR'GEY, S. m
MAID'JAGH, a. d. of sticks or timber.	MA'RIN, p. p.
MAID'JEY, s. m. a stick or pole; pl. 69; a.	MA'RISH, p. p. id. em.
anything made of timber in opposition to other	*MARK OF MAI
stuff; as, <i>claare maidjey</i> (a wooden dish).	80; -IN, 83;
MAID'JEY LAUE, s. m. a walking stick. MAID'JEY MASTEE, s. m. a mixing stick.	-ys, 88.
MAID'JEY MASTEE, S. m. a mixing steat. MAID'JEY RAUE, S. m. an oar; pl. 69.	MARK'IAGH, 8,
Nyn MAIH, v. your, &c. drowning. B	MARK'IAGHEY,
MAIH'AGHEY, v. pardoning; Micah, vii. 18.	MARK'ISH, a.
MAIHT, 85. pardoned; Hymn 160.	MARK'IT, 95. 1
MAIL, s. m. Michael.	MARKYM-JEEL tion of the s
MAILL, s. m. rent; pl YN.	sun shiny da
MAIL/LEE, a. d. of rent, having on rent; Acts,	Nyn MAR'NAG
xxviii. 30.	MA'ROO, p. p.
MAIN, pro. us, we; -YN, id. em. See Mayd.	MARR, v. kill,
Nyn MAIN'NEY, s. your, &c. milk. B	83; -INS, 8
MAIN'STYR, s. m. master; plYN.	Nyn MAR'RAG
MAIN'STYRAGHT, s. m. mastery.	MAR'RAN, S. 1
MAIR, s. f. a finger.	MAR'RANAGH,
MAIR CHASS, s. f. a toe.	Nyn MAR'RAN
MAIR'AGH, s. m. morrow, to-morrow; plYN.	MAR'RANYS, S
Nyn MAL'JYN, s. your, &c. towns, estates. B	MARRE-VAAI's olden times
Nyn MAL'LEY, s. your, &c. town, estate. B	over the dea
MAM, s. f. the hands full when placed together by the little fingers.	MAR'REY, a. a
MAMM, s. f. a blain; Exod. ix. 9; pl YN.	MAR'REYDER
Nyn MANE'AGH, v. your, &c. whitening. B	slayer, an av
Nyn Man'gan, s. your, &c. branch. B	Nyn MAR'RIA
Nyn MANGLA'NE, s. your, &c. bough. B	MAR'RINAGH,
Nyn MAN'NISH, s. your, &c. wedding. B	xxvii. 30.
Nyn MANISTHI'E, s. your, &c. management of	MARR-JEE, V.
house affairs. B	MAR'ROO, a. Cha marroo
Nyn MAN'JAGH, s. your, &c. lea land. B	MART, S. M. S
	1 Mintel, 5. 110. 0

MAR

ſ	MANJOO'R, s. m. a manger; plYN.
l	MAN'NAGH, conj. (a compound of my, if, and
ŀ	<i>nagh</i> , not,) if not, or not, unless, except. The translators of the Scriptures have spelled this
l	word exactly as it is sounded; why did they
l	not spell my (if) ma, throughout?
	Nyn MAN'NAGHEY, v. your, &c. blessing. B
1	Nyn MAN'NAGHT, s. your, &c. blessing. B
ł	MAN'NAN, s. m. a kid; pl YN.
ł	MAN'NIN, s. f. the Isle of Man, the Island called Man or Mona; Mannin veg veen (little dear or
1	favourite Isle of Man).
1	MAN'NINAGH, a. Manks, of or belonging to the
1	Isle of Man.
	MAN'NINAGH, s. m. a native of Man or Mona;
1	pl. 71. MAN'NINAN MAC LEAR, s. m. Neptune, son of
	the sea.
	Nyn MAN'SHYN OF MAN'JYN, s. your, &c. wed-
	dings. B
	MARA'NE, s. f. a thimble ; pl YN.
	Nyn MAR'ANTYS, s. your, &c. confidence, war- rantry. B
	MAR'CHAN, s. m. a merchant; plYN.
	MAR'CHANYS, s. m. merchandize.
	Nyn MARDOON'AGH, s. your, &c. tragical poet. B
	Nyn MARDOON', s. your, &c. doleful song. B
	MA'REE, p. p. with her ; -ISH, id. em.
	Nyn MARGAN'E, s. your, &c. bargain. B
	MAR'GEE, a. d. of a fair or market.
	MAR'GEV, s. m. a fair, mart, market.
	MA'RIN, p. p. with us; -YN, id. em.
	MA'RISH, p. p. with, with him, besides; -YN, id. em.
	*MARK OF MAR'KEE, v. ride; -AGH, 77; -EE,
	80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87;
	-YS, 88.
	MARK'IAGH, s. m. a rider; pl. 71.
	MARK'IAGHEY, v. riding. MARK'ISH, a. d. of mark.
	MARK'IT, 95. rode, riden.
	MARKYM-JEEL'YM, s. m. the shaking or vibra-
	tion of the sun shine on the ground on a hot
	sun shiny day.
	Nyn MAR'NAGH, s. your, &c. limpit, flitter. B
	MA'ROO, p. p. with them; -SYN, id. em.
	MARR, v. kill, slay; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
	Nyn MAR'RAGH, s. your, &c. tow. B
	MAR'RAN, s. mistake, error, wrong; Psl. lvi. 7.
	MAR'RANAGH, s. m. one in error; pl. 71.
	Nyn MAR'RANT, s. your, &c. assurance. B
	MAR'RANYS, s. m. mistake, error ; Job, xix. 4.
-	MARRE-VAAI'SH, s. a pall, or covering used in olden times before the use of coffins, to put
	over the dead body on the bier.
	MAR'REY, a. d. of the main or sea.
	MAR'REYDER OF MAR'ROODER, s. m. a killer, a
3	slayer, an avenger.
3	Nyn MAR'RIAGHT, s. your, &c. victory, B MAR'RINAGH, s. m. a mariner; pl. 71, Acts,
3	xxvii. 30.
3	MARR-JEE, v. i. kill ye, slay ye.
f	MAR'ROO, a. dead, slain, killed ; v. killing, &c.
3	Cha marroo as clagh (as dead as a stone.)
	MART, s. m. a beef.

Nyn MART, s. your, &c. burden. B	MEAYL'LEE, s. $f$ , a general name for a cow with-
MAR'TAR, s. m, a cripple; pl YN.	out horns.
MAR'TARYS, s. m. crippleness.	MEAVL'LIT, 85. made bald or bare.
MART'LHAN, s. f. a maw worm; pl YN.	Nyn MEAYN'NEE, s. your, &c. reaper. B
MARVA'NAGH, a. mortal.	Nyn MEAYN'ID, s. your, &c. eternity or eternal duration. B
MARVA'NYS, s. m. mortality, frailty, frailness.	
MA'RYM, p. p. with me; -s, id. em.	MEC, s. pl. sons; the pl. of Mac.
Nyn MASH'LAGH, s. your, &c. dash of water. B	M'EE, p. p. about her; —ISH, id. em.
Nyn MASH'TEY, s. your, &c. baptism. B	Nyn MEE, s. your, &c. meat, food.
Nyn MASK'AID, s. your, &c. basket. B	MEE, pro. me, my; as mish meehene (me, myself).
MASOO'NAGH, s. m. a mason ; pl. 71.	MEE, s. f. loin; plGHYN. Scarcely used but in the pl.
MASOO'NYS, s. m. masonry.	MEE, un, dis, im, in, ir; only used as an adjunct.
Nyn Mass, s. your, &c. palm; pl YN; Jud.	
vii. 6. B	MEE, s. f. a month; pl. —AGHYN OF —GHYN. That the Manks had names of their own for the
MAST, v. mix, churn ; -AGH, 77 ; -EE, 80 ; -IN,	months is evident, as Mee ny, Mannan, Mee ny
83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.	Meayllagh, &c.
MAST', pre. a contraction of Mastey before a word beginning with a vowel; as, Mast'ain	Nyn MEEAL, s. your, &c. mouth. B
(among us); Mast'eu (among you); Mast'eckey	Nyn MEEAL'AGHYN, s. your, &c. bridle bits. B
(among it or him); Mast'eck (among her.)	Nyn MEEAYL'ERAGH, v. your, &c. babbling. B
This last is odd in the English, but the Manks	Nyn MEEAL'EREY, s. your, &c. babbler. B
requires it, as if a liquid of the feminine gender is mixed with something.	Nyn MEEAL'LOO, a. d. their, &c. of the mouth
MAS'TEE, pt. of mixing or churning.	or before their mouth. B
	MEEAYL'YS, s. m. fatness.
MAS'TEY, pre. among or amongst, amid or amidst, mingled.	MEEAM'MYS, s. m. disrespect, irreverence.
MAS'TEY, v. mixing, stirring, churning.	MEEAM'MYSAGH, a. disrespectful; s. m. an irre-
MAS'TEY-BAINNEY, v. churning milk.	verent person; pl. 71.
MAS'TEYDER, s. m. a mixer, a churner.	MFEAR'RYS, s. m. impenitence.
MAS'TIT, 85. mixed, churned, stirred.	MEEAR'RYSAGH, a. impenitent; s. m. an impeni- tent person; pl. 71.
MAYD, pro. we ; nee mayd (we will).	MEECHAIR'YS, s. m. iniquity, injustice.
MAYL OF MAYLE, s. m. rent. This word is writ-	MEECHAIR'YSAGH, a. iniquitous, unjust; s. m.
ten no less than four different ways in the	an unjust person; pl. 71.
Scriptures, the first of these is in Cant. viii. 11,	MEECHEEAYL', s. f. silliness, simplicity, non-
the latter in <i>Ezra</i> , iv. 13.	sense.
MAYN'RAGH, s. m. a happy person; pl. 71.	MEECHEEAYL'LAGH, a. silly, simple, nonsensical;
MAYN'REY, a. happy.	s. m. a wantwit; pl. 71.
MAYN'RYS, s. f. happiness.	MEECHEEAYL'LID, s. m. silliness, simpleness.
Nyn MAYR, s. your, &c. lane or way. B	MEECHORDAIL' OF MEECHORDAIL'YS, s. m. disa-
MAYRNT, s. f. March.	greement.
MAY'REY, a. d. of a mother, maternal.	MEECHORDAIL'AGH, a. disagreeing.
Nyn MAYRN, s. your, &c. cap. B	MEECHRAU'EE, a. ungodly, wicked; s. pl. irre- ligious persons.
MAYRN. See Er-mayrn.	MEECHRAU'EEAGHT, s. m. ungodliness, irreligion,
MAYRT, p. p. with thee; -s, id. em.	wickedness, unrighteousness.
MEA, a. greasy, fat, luxuriant.	MEECHED'JAL, v. disbelieving.
Nyn MEA, s. your, &c. life, the conduct or gene- ral manner a person behaves in life. B	MEECHRED'JUE, s. m. unbelief, incredulity.
Nyn MEAGH'EY, s. your, &c. food, living, sus-	MEECHRED'JUAGH, a. unbelieving; s.m. an un-
tenance, victuals.	believer; pl. 71.
MEAIG, s. f. whey; plYN.	MEECHYN'DAGH, a. inculpable; s. m. an incul-
MEAIG'AGH, a. wheyish.	pable or an unblamable person; pl. 71.
MEAIN OF MEAYN, s. f. mine, ore.	MEECHYN'DID, s. m. inculpableness, blameless-
MEAIN'AGH OF MEAINEY, a. d. of ore, mine, &c.	ness.
MEAIN'EYDER, s. m. a miner ; plYN.	MEEGHER'GAGH, s. m. uncomfortableness, dis- tress, disconsolation.
MEAISH, s. f. a mease, five hundred of herrings.	MEEGHERJO'ILAGH, a. uncomfortable; s. m. a
MEAN, s. m. middle, interior.	disconsolate person; pl. 71.
MEAN'AGH, a. middlemost, of the middle.	MEEGHERJO'ILYS, s. m. discontent, unhappiness.
MEAN-OI'E, s. m. midnight.	MEEGHIAST'YTLYS, s. m. uncharitableness.
MEAY, a. See Mea.	MEEHAS'TAGH, a. heedless, inattentive; s. m.
MEAYL, a. bald, without hair or horns, depilous.	an inattentive person ; pl. 71.
*MEAYLL OF MEAYLLEE, v. make depilous;	MEEHAS'TEY OF MEEHAS'TID, s. m. heedless-
-AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM,	ness, inattention.
86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.	MEEHE'NE, pro. myself.
MEAVL'LAGHEY, v. making bald, baring of irre- gularities.	MEEHREIS'HT, s. f. distrust.
6 statistics	

MEEHREISHTEIL', s. f. despair.

- MEEHREISHTEIL'AGH, a. distrustful, despairing ; s. m. a despairing person; pl. 71.
- MEEHUSH'TACH, a. without knowledge, ignorant; s. m. a person void of knowledge; pl. 71.
- MEEHUSH'TEY, s. m. want or lack of knowledge, ignorance.
- MEEIL'EY, s. f. a mile; pl. 67.
- MEEIN, a. tame, not wild, fine, soft; 2 Kings, xxiii. 6; v. tame, assuage, abate; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- MEEI'NAGHEY, v. taming, getting tame, fine or soft.
- MEEI'NEY, a. pl. tame, fine, soft.
- MEEI'NEYDER, s. m. one who tames, a tamer.
- MEEI'NIT, 85. tamed, abated, softened.
- MEEIT, v. meet. Though this word is a corruption of the English, yet it is made use of in the Manks hymns. For its Manks see Quaail and Quaaltagh.
- MEEK, s. f. a wink, a twink or twinkle of the eye; Psl. xxxv. 19; v. to twink; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- MEEK'AGH, a. a person is said to be so that keeps his eye lashes nearly closed.
- MEEK'EY OF MEEKEYRAGH, s. winking, peeping ; Isaiah, viii. 19.
- MEEKEY-SOOILL', s. the twinkling of an eye.
- MEEK'EYDER, s. m. a winker; pl. -YN.
- MEEK'IT, 85. winked.
- \*MEEL or MEE'LEE, v. moisten, soften ; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- MEE'LAGHEY, v. softening, &c.
- MEE'LEY, a. soft, moist, fine to the touch; a. pl.; id. em.
- MEE'LEYDER, s. m. a softener.
- MEE'LIT, 85. softened, moistened.
- MEELOW', v. disallow; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- MEELOW'AL, a. disallowable; v. disallowing. MELOW'IT, 85. disallowed.
- MEEN, a. patient, dear, fine, mild, meek ; v. to make mild, meek, &c.; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- Dy MEEN, adv. patiently, meekly.
- MEEN'AGHEY, v. getting patient, mild, &c.
- MEEN'EY, a. pl. patient, fine, dear, &c.
- MEEN'ID, s. m. patience, meekness.
- MEEN'IT, 85. See Meeinit.
- MEEONNERAGH, a. dishonest; s. m. a dishonest person; pl. 71.
- MEEON'NERID, s. m. dishonesty.
- MEEONNOROIL', a. dishonourable.
- MEEONNOROIL'ID, s. m. dishonourableness.
- MEEOOASH'LAGHEY, v. indignifying, profaning.
- MEEOOASH'LEY, s. m. indignity, dishonour.
- MEEOOAS'LE, a. ignoble, mean.
- MEEOU'RYS, s. m. insuspicion.
- MEEOU'RYSSAGH, a. insuspicious; s. m. an insuspicious person; pl. 71.
- MEER, s. f. a piece; pl. YN. We have this

- word still retained in our language agreeable to that meaning, 1. Sam. xiii. 20; it is the proper Manks of piece; the word Peeish, which is too often made use of, is only a corruption of the English. Why some insist that it means bread may be easily accounted for; as, give the child a piece. Cur meer da'n lhiannoo (give a piece of bread to the child). The above ellipsis may account for it. It is often the case that an article used in an action is called the action itself; for instance, tea for the meal, &c.; v. piece; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- MEE'RAGHEY, v. piecing, or putting pieces together.

MEE'REYDER, s. m. piecer; pl. - YN.

- MEEREIL'TAGH, a. unruly, turbulent, disloyal; s. m. an unruly person; pl. 71.
- MEEREIL'TYS, s. m. unruliness, turbulence, disloyalty.
- MEERIOO'SAGH, a. inattentive, negligent, regardless of what is said or done; s. m. negligent person; pl. 71.
- MEERIOO'SE, s. f. (from Meefricose,) inattention, inadvertence, negligence.
- MEEVAYN'RAGH, s. m. an unhappy one; pl. 71. MEEVAYN'REY, a. unhappy.
- MEEVAYN'RYS, s. f. unhappiness.
- MEEVI'ALLAGH, a. disobedient; s. m. a disobedient person; pl. 71.
- MEEVI'ALLYS, s. disobedience, rebellion.
- MEEVOYL'LEY, s. m. dispraise.
- MEEYL, s. f. a louse; pl. YN.
- MEEYL CHEYRRAGH, s. f. a sheep-louse.
- MEEYL CHREEN, s. f. a small worm or grub that eats away timber, also one that burrows under a person's skin and causes great itch, and on which is the following couplet:
- "Dy beagh ee er e bolg myr t'ee er e dreeym,
- Shimmey mac dooinney yinnagh ee harrish y cheym."
- MEEYL'LAGH, a. lousy.
- MEG, s. f. a cosset, a pet lamb.
- Nyn MEG, s. your, &c. little. B
- в Nyn Meg'gan, s. your, dim. of little.
- Nyn MEG'GID, s. your, &c. littleness.
- MEIH, v. balance, weigh ; -AGH, 77 ; -EE, 80 ; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- MEIH, s. m. a balance, a weight, a scale; mult, much ; pl. -- AGHYN.
- MEIH'AGHEY, v. weighing, balancing.
- MEIH'EYDER, s. m. one that weighs.
- MEIH'IT, 85. weighed, balanced.

Nyn MEIHL'LAGHYN, s. your, &c. grindings. B

- MEIL, s. f. a lip; pl. -LYN.
- MEIL-BAA', s. f. cowslip, preagle, pollianther.
- MEIL'LEY, s. f. a basin, a bowl; pl. 67.
- MEIL'LID, s. m. (from Moal,) despicableness, meanness, degeneracy, poorness.
- MEINN, s. f. meal; pl. -YN.
- MEIN'NEY, a. pl. meal; a. d. of meal.
- MEIR, s. pl. fingers.
- Nyn MEISHT, s. your, &c. brute; pl. -- YN.
- MEIYGH, a. benign, tender; 2 Kings, xxii. 19; v. to be benign; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.

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B

MEIN'GHEY, v. yearning with tenderness or	ference from Mill (honey), the h is inserted;
benignity.	-AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -VS, 88.
MEIY'GHID, s. m. benignity, tenderness. MEIY'GHIT or MEIYGHT, 85. drawn out in ten-	MHIL'LBE, a d. of marring or spoiling.
derness, &c.	MHIL'LEY, v. marring, spoiling, dirtying.
Nyn MEIYN, s. pl. your, &c. beasts. B	MHIL'LEYDER, s. m. a marrer, spoiler, &c.
MELLID-CHREE', s. f. melancholy.	MHIL'LIT, 85. spoiled, marred, &c. Jer. xviii. 4.
Nyn MEN, s. your, &c. wife or woman. B	MHIN'AC, s. f. a pinch, a nip; pl YN.
MENE'ID OF MEN'NICKID, s. m. frequency.	MHINGOGH, v. yawning, gaping.
MEN'NEE, s. f. an awl; pl YN; Exod. xxi. 6.	MHINOYR' OF MINOYRAGH, a. mellow, mealy. MHINOYR'EY, a. pl. mellow, mealy.
MEN'NICK, a. often, frequent. MENOY'R OF MHENOYRAGH, a. (Myn and Ooir,)	MHINOYK EY, a. pt. mellow, mealy. MHINOYR'ID, s. m. mellowness, mealiness.
mellow, mealy, goodly; Jer. xi. 16.	MHIOYR, s. m. the sense of feeling and touch
MENOY'RID, s. m. mellowness.	acuteness of feeling, &c.
MEOIR, s. m. a moar, a man sworn to collect the	MHIOY'RAL, a. having the power and sense of
Lord's rent of a parish.	feeling, and the use of the members.
MEOIR-AGGLISH, s. m. a beadle.	Nyn MHIR, s. your, &c. crops, spits. B Nyn MHIT'TAG, s. your, &c. milk for churning.B
MEOIR'SNYS, s. m. the moarship. Nyn MER'CHYS, s. your, &c. riches. B	MHOL'LIM, a. friable, earthy, ready to fall to
*MERG OF MERGEE, v. rust; —AGH, 77; —EE,	pieces when applied to earth ; when applied to
80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87;	fruit, mellow or getting rotten.
-YS, 88.	*MHOLM OF MHOLMEE, v. moulder, make fria- ble or earthy; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83;
MER'GACH, a. rusty.	-INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
MER'GEV, a. d. of a market or fair.	MHOL'MAGHEY, v. mouldering, making friable,
Mer'ger or Mergys, s. m. rust. Mer'gey, s. m. ensign; Isa. xxx. 17.	earthy, or mellow.
MER'GEVDER, s. m. something that rusts.	MHOL'MEY, a. pl. friable, brittle, mellow.
Mer'GID or MERGYS, s. m. rustiness.	MHOL'MEYDER, s. m. a crumbler, a moulder, or something that renders friable.
MER'GIT, 85. rusted.	MHOL'MID, s. m. friableness, mellowness.
ME'RIU, p. p. with you; -ISH, id. em.	Nyn Mhow, s. your, &c. bow. B
MERRIOO'SE, s. f. stupor, sluggishness.	MHUIL'TCHIN, s. m. a two year old mutton.
MER'RIU, s. pl. the dead.	MHUINNEE'L, s. f. a sleeve.
MER'RIUID, s. m. deadness.	Nyn MHUT, s. your, &c. prop or support. B
MESH'TAL, a. drunken.	MI'AL, a. mansuete, mild, gentle, lenient, good natured.
MESH'TALAGH OF MESHTEYLAGH, s. m. a drunk- ard; pl. 71.	Nyn MI'ALLYS, s. your, &c. subjection, obe-
MESH'TALLYS OF MESHTEYLAGH, s. m. drunk-	dience.
enness; Rom. xiii. 13.	MI'ALYS, s. m. mansuetude, mildness, clemency,
MESH'TEY. See Er-meshtey.	lenity. MI'AN, s. m. Matthew, Matthias. The both
MESH'TEYLYS, s. m. inebriation, intoxication, ebriety, ebriosity. See also Meshtallys.	names are so called according to the old
Mess, s. m. fruit.	phrase : '' Laa'l mian carragh skaa yn arroo sy
Messoi'L, a. fruitful, fertile.	<i>n'ouyr, as marroo ny eavin sy n'arragh.</i> " The feast of St. Matthias is held on the 25th of
Messoi'LID, s. m. fruitfulness.	February, and that of St. Matthew on the 21st
MEST, v. mix; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83;	of September.
-INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.	MIAN, s. m. (sounded <i>Meean</i> ,) appetite, eager wish for some thing, a fond or hankering desire.
MEST'IT, 85. mixed; Deu. xv. 4 and 6.	MIAN'DAGH, a. fond, longing for, having an
MET'TEY, a. tender, delicate. MET'TEY-YS, s. m. delicacy, delicateness; Deu.	appetite for, minded for, desirable; s. m. a
xxviii. 56.	person longing for something; pl. 71.
MEYD'LAGH, a. (from Mooad,) heavy and slow	MIAN'DED, s. m. eagerness of appetite, or mind for something desirable.
in moving on account of size.	MIE, a. good; s. m. good, weal.
MEYD'LID, s. m. slowness and inactivity in	Dy Mie, adv. well.
moving.	Nyn MIEAU'ID, s. your, &c. speed, &c. B
MHED'DYR, s. f. a pail, a vessel like a noggin MHEE'LEY, s. a mile; pl. 67. See also Meeiley.	MIE-CHREE'GH, a. well disposed, good hearted.
MHEIL, s. f. a company of reapers or shearers	MIE DY LIOOAR, adv. well enough.
in a field cutting corn; plYN. The Welsh	MIE'. EV, a. pl. good.
has Medal for the same.	MIE'NYN, s. pl. virtues; Ecclesiasticus, viii. 7. MIE'YS, s. f. goodness.
MHEIL'LEA, s. f. the term is used for the finish- ing of reaping corn; from <i>Mheil</i> (a company	Mil'jey, a. pl. sweet; Cant. i. 3.
of reapers), and Ea from Fea (the reapers' rest).	MIL'JEVDER, s. m. a confectioner; plYN.
MHILL, v. mar, moil, spoil, dirty, or render	Nyn MILJYN, s. your, &c. trees. B
useless. This word is written Mill; Jam. iii. 6; but for the better sound's sake and a dif-	MILL, s. m. honey; Mill er meer (honey on a
, sue for the setter sound's sake and a dil-	piece).

MILL'CHEA, s. m. mildew. Some might think this word an Anglicism, but I rather think the English word a Gaelicism, the mill from	Nyn MLOD, s. your, &c. blade.BNyn MLUG'GAN, s. your, &c. ball.BNyn MOAD'AGH, s. your, &c. cod.B
mar or moil, and kay mist (Millkay).	Nyn Moad'agh, s. your, &c. cod. B Moal, a. mean, meagre, poor, gaunt, despicable,
MILL'CHEAIT, 85. mildewed.	sorry, dim.
MIL'LEY, s. m. a million; 1 Chron. xxi. 5. Nun MIL'LEY, s. your, &c. tree. B	Nyn MOAL OF MOALLEY, s. your, &c. wall. B
Nyn MIL'LEY, s. your, &c. tree. B MIL'LISH, a. sweet. Prov. "Millish dy ghoaill agh sharroo dy eeck."	MOAL'LEY, or as in <i>Deu</i> . xxviii. 65, MOALDEY, <i>a. pl.</i> poor, mean, meagre, despicable, sorry, and when applied to sight, dim.
MILL'JAG, s. f. (from Milljough.) a sweet drink, ale before the hop is added, mead.	Nyn MOAL'LAGHYN, s. pl. your, &c. walls. MOA'NAGH, a. d. of or belonging to turf.
MILL'JAGHEY, v. sweetening.	MOAN'DAGH, a. blunt, not acute, dull on the
MILL'JID OF MILLJYS, s. f. sweetness. MIM'BEE, p. p. about her; —ISH, id. em.	edge, faultering, stammering, feeble; Isaiah, xxxii. 4.
MIM'MEY, s. f. a godmother; pl. 67.	Fer MOAN'DAGH, s. m. a fumbler.
Nyn MINE, s. your, &c. drop. B	Nyn MOAN'DEY, s. your, &c. band. B
Мімо, v. pinch, nip, bite; — Абн, 77; — ЕЕ, 80; — IN, 83; — INS, 84; — УМ, 86; — УМS, 87;	MOAN'DID OF MOAN'DYS, s. m. dulness, blunt- ness.
-vs, 88.	Nyn MOAN'DYR, s. your, &c. nurse. B
Nyn Ming, s. your, &c. jury. B	Nyn MOAN'DYRYS, v. your, &c. nursing. B
MING'EY, v. pinching, nipping, &c. MING'EYDER, s. m. a pincher, a nipper.	MOA'NEE, s. f. a turbary, a field of turfy soil; pl. MOAINTYN OF MOANEEYN.
MING'IT, 85. pinched, nipped. Nyn MING'YS, s. your, &c. music.	MOA'NEY OF MOANAGH, a. turfy, of turf; as, grunt moaney (turfy ground).
MINJEIG', s. f. a young hind or roe; a bundle	Nyn MOAN'NOO, s. your, &c. weaned pig. B
of heather, &c. MIN'NAGH, s. m. guts, bowels, entrails, pith.	MOAR, v. moor, or tie in a harbour; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86;
MIN'NID, s. f. a minute; plYN.	-YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
MIOL, v. tempt, entice; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80;	MOAR'AL, v. mooring.
IN, 83;INS, 84;YM, 86;YMS, 87;	Nyn MOAR'DER, s. your, &c. horder. B
-YS, 88.	MOAR'EYDER, s. m. one that moors.
MIO'LAGH, s. m. a temptation, &c plYN.	Moar'ir, 85. moored.
MIO'LAGHEY, v. tempting, enticing, &c.	Nyn MOAYL, s. your, &c. place. B
MIO'LEYDER, s. m. a tempter, &c ; pl YN.	MOAYN OF MOAYIN, s. f. turf. Nun MOAYRD, s. your, &c table. B
MIO'LIT, 85. tempted, tried.	Nyn MOAYRD, s. your, &c table. B Nyn Mo'chil or Mochilley, s. your, &c. herd. B
MIO'YR, s. See Mhioyr.	Nyn Mo'chillaght, v. your, &c. herding. B
Nyn Mio'ys, s. your, &c. life; plyn. B	Nyn Mock, s. your, &c. gelding. B
MIR'RIL, s. f. a miracle; pl YN. MIR'RILAGH, a. miraculous.	Mod'DAGH, a. doggish.
MISH, pro. me, emphatically.	MOD'DEE, s. pl. dogs. Prov. "Ta ny moddee er
Nyn MISH'AGH OF MISHAGHEY, v. your, &c. increasing or multiplying. B	chur nyn gione sy phot ;" and, "Rouyr moddee, as beggan craueyn."
MIS'SILAGH, a. precarious, fickle.	MOD'DEY, s. m. a dog.
MIS'SILID, s. m. uncertainty, &c.	MOD'DEY AIRH, s. m. a mock sun.
Nyn MIT'CHEY, s. your, &c. bitch. E	MOD'DEY OALDEY, s. m. a wolf.
MITCHOO'R, s. m. a rogue.	Nyn Mod'JAL, s. your, &c. cloud. B
MITCHOO'RAGH, a. roguish, mischievous.	MO'EE, p. p. on her or about her; -ISH, id. em.
MITCHOO'RAGHT, s. f. roguishness, mischief.	Moc'GLAGH, a. of mesh or net.
Nyn MITE, s. your, &c. bait, wick. B	Nyn Moc'GEY, s. your, &c. joy. B
MITH'AN, s. f. a mitten, a glove ; flYN.	Mog'gyl, s. m. a mesh; pl. —yn, or Mogglyn. Mogh'ey, a. early.
MIU, p. p. about you or ye; -ISH, id. em.	Mogh'Eyip or Mogh'ib, s. m. earliness.
Nyn MLAA, s. your, &c. bloom. B	Nyn Mogh'LANE, s. your, &c. bank. B
Nyn MLA'KEY, v. your, &c. gazing. B	Mogh'REY, s. m. morning. A contraction of
Nyn MLAYST, s. your, &c. taste. B	this word is used when Manks people meet
Nyn MLEB, s. your, &c. befooled person, &c. See Bleb. B	each other of a morning; they say Mo'rey, which is so like morrow that people who do not
Nyn MLEEAN'TYN, s. your, &c. years. B	understand the language imagine they speak of to-morrow. To pluralize, the y changes to
Nyn MLEïn, s. your, &c. year. B	eyn. Prov. "Foddee fastyr grianagh ve ec
Nyn MLEN'NICK, s. your, &c. belly fat. B	moghrey bodjalagh."
Nyn MLEST, s, your, &c. blast.BNyn MLIEAUN, v. your, &c. milking.B	Nyn Moght, s. your, &c. poor person. B
Nyn MLIEAU'NAGH, s. your, &c. milking. B	Nyn Mogh'TYNID, s. your, &c. poverty. B
Nyn MLIEAU'NEYDER, s. your, &c. milker. B	MOHLT, s. m. a mutton.
Nyn MLOB'EREY, s. your, &c. babbler. B	M'oï, p. p. against me; a contraction of my and noï.

MOI

MOI'DYN, s. f. a virgin, a maiden. MOI'DYNAGH, a. virginal.	*MOOAD or MOOADEE, v. enlarge, extend, in- crease, magnify, exaggerate; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87;
Mol'DYNYS, s. f. virginity, maidenhead.	-Ys, 88.
MOIR, s. f. mother, a female parent, a dam; Exod. xxii. 30.	MOOA'DAGHEY, v. enlarging, increasing in mag- nitude, exaggerating.
MOIR-NY-USHTAGHYN, s. f. a source of the waters; 2 Kings, ii. 21.	MOOA'DEYDER, s. m. an enlarger, &c.
MOIR'AGH OF MOIROIL, a. motherly, maternal.	MOOA'DIT, 85. enlarged, extended.
Nyn Moin'ey, s. your, &c. disturbance, &c. B Nyn Moin'eyden, s. your, &c. disturber, &c. B	MOOADS OF MOOADYS, s. m. greatness, size, bulk, extremity; Job, xxxv. 15, Isa. xl. 26, Neh. xiii. 22.
MOIR'REY, s. f. Mary.	MOOAR, a. big, large, great, vast, &c.
MoL, s. m. a nave, a mould; pl YN.	Dy MOOAR, adv. greatly, largely, hugely, &c.
Mole, s. f. a milt; plYN.	*MOOAR OF MOOAREE, v. grudge, envy, seeing
Nyn Molg, s. your, &c. belly. B	big or large, too large to be given, or another
MOLGAGH, a. having milt or milts.	to have; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS,
Nyn MOLGAN'E, s. your, &c. calf of leg. B	84;
Nyn Mol'gum, s. your, &c. mouthful. B Molk, v. macerate, mortify, rot; —AGH, 77;	for others to enjoy.
-EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS,	MOORAIG'NAGH, a. magnanimous. MOOARAIG'NYS, s. m. magnanimity.
87; — YS, 88.	MOORA'LAGH, a. haughty, ambitious, ostenta.
Mol'KAGH or MOLKAGHEY, v. macerating, the first stage of fermentation to rottenness.	tious; s. m. a haughty person; pl. 71.
Mol'KEY, v. rotting, putrifying.	MOOARA'LVS, s. f. ambition, haughtiness, osten- tation.
Mol'kit, 85. macerated, putrified. Moll, v. deceive, cheat, dupe, disappoint; Mat. xxiv. 4; Prov. "My yial dy moll;"	MOOARAN' OF MOOARAN'E, s. m. much, many; the dim. of Mooar, a little much.
-AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 85; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.	MOOAR'EY, a. pl. big, great, large, enormous, huge.
Nyn Mol'LAG, s. your, &c. skull. B	MOOAR'EYDER, s. m. one who grudges.
Mol'LAG, s. f. a buoy; pl YN.	MOOAR'IT, 85. grudged.
Mol'LAGH, a. rough, rugged.	MOOAR-LEAGH', a. precious, valuable.; Pro. vi. 26
MOL'LAGHT, s. m. a curse ; plYN.	Cha MOOAR LESH, v. he careth not on account
MOL'LAGHTAGH, a. cursed, accursed, blasphe- mous,	of size;
MOLLAGHT-MYN'NEY, s. m. an execration, a curse of curses, a double curse; Jer. xlii. 18, and xliv. 12.	Cha MOOAR LHIAM, adv. I care not, &c. -s, id. em.
Nyn Mol'LAN, s. your, &c. rock-fish B	MOOAR-OOASLE', a. great honour, honourable; Acts, xxviii. 10.
Mollee, s. f. the eye brow; pl YN.	MOOAR'-RHEYNN, s. m. a province.
Mol'LEY, a. d. of sweetness; Psl. xix. 10, Manks metre.	MOOAR-VOLG'AGH, a. big bellied.
MoL'LEY, v. deceiving, cheating, disappointing.	MOOD, p. p. about thy body, about thee.
Mol'LEYDER, s. m. one who disappoints.	Cur Mood, p. dress; Acts, xli. 8; -s, id. em.
Mol'LID, s. m. roughness, ruggedness. Mol'LIT, 85. cheated, deceived, duped, disap-	Moo'EE, p.*p. about her, about her body; -ISH, id. em.
pointed, mistaken.	Moogh, v. quench, extinguish; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87;
MOLTEYR', s. m. a deceiver, a cheat, an impos- ter; Prov. "Mollee yn Molteyr oo my oddys eh."	-ys, 88. Moogn'Ev, v. quenching, extinguishing.
MOLTEYR'AGH, a. deceitful, fraudulent, insidious.	Moogh'eyder, s. m. a quencher, &c. pl YN.
MOLTEYR'YS, s. m. fraud, deceit, imposition, du- plicity.	Mooch'IT, 85. quenched, extinct, extinguished; Isaiah, xliii. 17.
Nyn MOLVAN'E, s. your, &c. dolthead. B	MOOIDJEEN', s. m. (from Mooie, out, and Jeeyn,
Nyn Molvan'ys, s. your, &c. doltishness. B	of us) an outlawed or excommunicated person,
Nyn Mon'DIAGHT, s. your, &c. bondage. B	one out of the pale of the church, a miscreant;
Mong, v. smile, smirk; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80;	plyN.
-IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.	MOOIDJEEN'AGH, a. behaving as a miscreant or outlawed person.
Mong'ey, v. smiling, smirking.	MOOIDJEEN'YS, s. m. miscreancy; plYN.
Mong'eyder, s. m. a smiler; plYN.	MOOIN, v. i. piss, make animal water.
Mong'iter, 85. smiled on.	MOOINEY, a. pl. urine or animal water.
Nyn MONE'AN, s. your, &c. boor, &c. B MON'NEY, s. m. manner, meaning; a. much,	MOOIN OF MUIN, p. p. about us, or mounted on us; -YN, id. em.
many ; mostly used negatively.	MOOIN'JER, s. f. meiny, domestics, servante
Moo, p. p. about them; -syn, id. em.	about one, relatives, household; Job, i. 3. MOOIN'JEREY, a. d. of a relation, servant, &c.
Nyn Mooa, s. your, &c. cow. B	about saabi, a. a. of a relation, servant, &c.

MOOINJER-VEG'GEY, s. pl. little ones about one	
MOOIN'JERVS, s. m. relationship, alliance, the	e MOYL'LIT, 85. praised, applauded.
state of being related.	MOYLL Y CHIARN, in. hallelujah.
Er MOOIN' Y CHEILLEY, adv. on one another mounted on one another, pell mell.	, Nyn Moyn, s. your, &c. heel.
MOOIR OF MUIR, s. f. (Mare, Latin) main, the	Nyn MOYN'NAGH, s. your, &c. heels
sea; Eccl. i. 7.	MOYRN, s. f. pride, haughtiness. F
MOOIRCHOOR', s. m. a wreck ; plAGHYN ; v	moyrn lhieggey ;" and " Cha vel
-AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84	
-YM, 80; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.	MOVENAGH, a. proud, naughty; s.
MOOIRCHOO'REY, v. wrecking.	person; pl. 71.
MOOIRCHOO'REYDER, s. m. a wrecker; pl YN.	Nyn MRAAG, s. your, &c. shoe.
MOOIRCHOO'RIT, 85. wrecked,	Nyn MRAAIN, s. your, &c. quern.
MOOIREE'REY, s. f. a billow; pl. 67; billows,	MRAANE, s. pl. women, wives.
the rising of the sea by wind, the motion made on standing corn by wind.	
MOOIR-HRA'IE, s. f. the ebb tide, low water.	JEE, s. pl. goddesses.
MOORJEE'NAGH, a. murky, dark, gloomy, of a	also Inneenyn veyl.
sea colour, cloudy, looking for rain, watery.	Nyn MRAAR, s. your, &c. brother.
MOOIRJEE'NYS, s. f. appearance for rain, cloudi-	Note.—It may be well here to obse
ness, lowering, gloominess.	train of substantives and verbs rad
MOOIRLAI'G, s. f. a sea worn stone.	by placing Nyn before them, might
MOOIRLA'NE, s. f. an edible sea tang.	serted, but for brevity's sake are om
MOOIR LHIEE'NEY, s. m. the flowing of the sea,	a few, as reference may be made to
the flood tide.	in B, and change the B to M, a being the same.
Nyn Mooise, s. your, &c. thanks. E	
Nyn Moorvs, s. your, &c. gratitude. E	this to be the old Manks of dinner.
Moom, p. p. about me; —s, id. em.	MRASTYR-BEG', s. m. a luncheon in t
Moon, s. m. urine, piss, animal water.	MREIH, a. d. of women.
Moon, v. piss, &c. -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN,	Nyn MRIW'NYS, s. your, &c. judgme
83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.	MUC OF MUCK, s. f. a pig, hog, swine
MOON'EYDER, s. m. one who makes water.	MUC'KAGH, a. hoggish.
MOONGOAR, s. f. the herb orragh or orrange.	MUCK-AW'IN, s. f. a bear.
This is is one of the quickest herbs known to grow and run to seed.	MUCK'LAGH, s. m. a hogsty or pigsty
MOONT, 85. pissed.	Nyn MUICK, s. your geldings.
Nyn Moo'REY, s. your, &c. beach; pl. 67. B	MUIC'KEY, OF MUIGEY, a. d. of swine
Moost, v. rouse, hastily or suddenly starting	Marrie a al muttone The al of
out of a quiet posture ; -AGH, 77 ; -EE, 80 ;	MUIRT OF MUIHRT, s. pl. beeves.
-IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87;	Nyn Muil'Ly, s. your, &c. blow; pl.
-YS, 88.	Nyn MUINN, v. your, &c. reaping.
Moos'TEY, s. m. a sudden rouse or spring from sleep or a quiet posture; pl. 67.	MUIN'NEY, s. m. mesentery; it is call
Moos' TEYDER, s. m. a rouser; pl YN.	in the English Bible; Lev. iii. 9; pl
Moos'TIT, 85. roused, bustled.	MUL'LAG, s. f. a cask, a keg; pl
MOOYLL, s. f. a mull, a cape; plYN.	MUL'LAGH, s. top, summit; pl. 72.
Nyn Mos'san, s. your, &c. herb. B	MUL'LEE, a. d. of the top or summit.
Moughan's, s. m. a cough; pl YN.	MUM'BOO, p. p. about them; -sy See also Moo.
MOUGHAN'EAGH, a. having a cough.	MUM'MIG, s. f. the familiar of mother
MOUGHA'NEY, v. coughing.	tions for grandmother on the mothe
Nyn Mouy'rib, s. your, &c. deafness. B	the Manks are, Mummig my vummi
Mow, v. waste, decayed, destroyed.	yisick wooar, as my warree.
Cur Mow or Coyrt Mow, v. wasting, decaying,	Nyn Mun, s. your, &c. See Bun.
destroying, consuming, ; Deu. ix. 3.	MUNLAA', s. m. mid-day, noon, twelv
MOYLL, v. praise, applaud; -AGH, 77; -EE,	Nyn Mun'ney, s. your, &c. sheaf; p
80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS,	MUR'LHIN, s. f. a hamper; pl. 72.
87; -ys, 88. Prov. "Moyll y laa mie	MUR'RAN, s. m. a plague or contag
fastyr."	temper.
MOYL'LEE, a. d. of praise or applause.	Nyn MUR'TAG, s. your, &c. blunt knife
MOYL'LEY, s. f. praise, applause, &c.	MUR'TAGHEY, v. bungling, fumbling.
of Moylley Hiarn (praise to the Lord).	Nyn Mus'sal, s. your, &c. handkerch
CHREEST, praise to Christ.	MUSTHAA', s. m. a blunder, an uproar, It may also be the Manks of muster;
REA OF REE, praise to the King.	MUSTHAN'E, s. spunk, rotten wood
	dust.
voirrey, praise to St. Mary.	Nyn MUTTAG, your, &c. buttag.
vREESHEY, praise to St. Mary.	MWAA'EE, s. pl. hares.
(Reserver) prese to bit bridget	and the second se

MWA	
a praiser,	applauder.

MOYLL Y CHIARN, in. hallelujah.
Nyn Moyn, s. your, &c. heel. B
Nyn Moyn'nagh, s. your, &c. heelstrap. B
MOVEN, s. f. pride, haughtiness. Prov. "Yiow
MOVRN, s. f. pride, haughtiness. Prov. "Yiow moyrn lhieggey;" and "Cha vel eh cheet jesh damoyrn, dayannoo red erbee ta laccal leshtal."
MOVR'NAGH, a. proud, haughty; s. m. a proud
person; <i>pl.</i> 71.
Nyn MRAAG, s. your, &c. shoe. B
Wyn MRAAIN, s. your, &c. quern. B
dRAANE, s. pl. women, wives.
TREOGHE, s. pl. widows.
JEE, s. pl. goddesses.
also Inneenyn veyl.
Jyn MRAAR, s. your, &c. brother. B
loteIt may be well here to observe that a
train of substantives and verbs radically in <b>B</b> , by placing Nyn before them, might be here in- serted, but for brevity's sake are omitted, except
a few, as reference may be made to the radicals in B, and change the B to M, the meaning
being the same. IRAS'TYR, s. m. an evening meal. Some think
this to be the old Manks of dinner.
IRASTYR-BEG', s. $m$ . a luncheon in the evening. IREIH, $a$ . $d$ . of women.
yn MRIW'NYS, s. your, &c. judgment. B
IUC OF MUCK, s. f. a pig, hog, swine; plYN.
Iuc'kagh, a. hoggish.
luck-AW'IN, s. f. a bear.
luck'LAGH, s. m. a hogsty or pigsty.
yn Muick, s. your geldings. B
uic'key, or Muigey, a. d. of swine or pigs.
UIHLT, s. pl. muttons. The pl. of Mohlt.
UIRT OF MUIHRT, s. pl. beeves.
yn Mull'Ly, s. your, &c. blow; pl. 67. B
yn MUINN, v. your, &c. reaping. B
UIN'NEY, s. m. mesentery; it is called inwards
in the English Bible; Lev. iii. 9; pl. 67.
UL'LAG, s. f. a cask, a keg; pl. —YN.
UL'LAGH, s. top, summit; pl. 72.
UL'LEE, a. d. of the top or summit.
UM'BOO, p. p. about them; -syn, id. em. See also Moo.
um'mic, s. f. the familiar of mother; appella- ions for grandmother on the mother's side in
the Manks are, Mummig my vummig, ben my tisick wooar, as my warree.
m Mun, s. your, &c. See Bun. B
UNLAA', s. m. mid-day, noon, twelve o'clock.
n Mun'ney, s. your, &c. sheaf; pl. 68. B
vR'LHIN, s. f. a hamper; pl. 72.
emper. m. a plague or contagious dis-
n Mur'TAG, s. your, &c. blunt knife. <b>B</b> r'TAGHEY, v. bungling, fumbling.
n Mus'sal, s. your, &c. handkerchief. B
STHAA', s. m. a blunder, an uproar, a tumult.
t may also be the Manks of muster; pl yn.
STHAN'E, s. spunk, rotten wood turned to
ust.
n MUTTAG, your, &c. buttag. B

- MYG MWAAGH, s. m. a hare. Prov. " Furree yn mwaagh rish e heshey." MWANE, s. f. the embryo of an egg in fowls, &c., the fetus of any other animal in the womb; Job, iii. 16; pl. - YN. MWAN'NAL, s. m. the neck, the nape, the collar or cape; as in Job, xxx. 18. MWAN'NAL CASS, s. f. the small of the leg. MWAN'NAL COOAT, s. m. the cape of a coat, &c. MWAN'NAL LAUE, s. f. the wrist; pl. MWAN-NALLYN LAUE. MWAN'NALLAGH, a. d. of the neck or necks. MWAN'NALLYS, s. m. the act of having the arm round the neck; being in close contact or dispute. MWAR'REE, s. f. a grandmother; pl. - YN. Mwas'HAG, s. f. a wig, a bunch of hair, a blowze; pl. - YN. MWAT'LAG, s. f. a large sea snail, a wilk or walk; pl. -yN. Nyn MWILLEE'N, s. your, &c. loaf; pl. - YN. B MWING, s. f. a mane; pl. -YN. MWING-JEEA'R, s. m. a horse halter ; pl. -YN. Nyn MWIN'NICAN, s. your, &c. yolk. B Nyn MWOAIL'TCHYN, s. your, &c. folds; Jer. xxiii. 3.  $\mathbf{B}$ MWYL'JEY, a. d. of a mill or mills. MWYL'JYN, s. pl. mills. MWYL'LAR, s. m. a miller ; pl. -YN. MWYL'LARAGH, a. d. of a miller. MWYL'LIN, s. a mill or miln. ----- AR'ROO, s. f. a corn mill. ----- FAS'NEE, s. f. a winnowing machine. ----- GEA'YEE, s. f. a wind mill. \_\_\_\_\_ LAAR'E, s. f. a floor mill. \_\_\_\_\_ LAUE', s. f. a hand mill. ----- LIEEN', s. f. a flax mill. ----- USH'TEY, s. f. a water mill. ----- WAL'KEE, s. f. a tuck mill. My, pre. before; Gen. l. 16. My dooar eh baase (before he died). My, pro. my, mine, me. It is always sounded Mhe or Mey. My, conj. if, suppose that, allow that. M'y, adv. pro. that and me (a contraction of y in Dy (that), and m in Mee (me); Rom. vii. 11. My-CHEIL'LEY, a. continuous, together. MY-CHION'E, p. p. about, concerning; of who, of whom; -ESHYN, id. em. My-CHION'E ECK, p. p. about her, concerning her; -ISH, id. em. My-CHION'E OC, p. p. about them, &c.; -SYN, id. em. MY-CHOAU', adv. in chaff. MY-DTY CHION'E, p. p. about thee, concerning thee; 1 Sam. xix. 3. -s, id. em. MY-CHIONE'SYN, p. p. about him, em. See also Mychione-eshyn; Isa. xxix. 16. MY-E-CHION'E, p. p. about him, of him, concerning him; John, x. 36. My-CHOU'R, p. p. for me, provided for me. MYGEAY'RT, pre. about, concerning. MYGEAY'RT Y MO'E'E, p. p. about her; -- ISH, id. em.
- MYGEAY'RT Y MIU', p. p. about you or ye; -ISH, id. em.

- MYGEAY'RT Y MOO', p. p. about them ; -SYN, id. em. MYGEAY'RT Y MOOD', p. p. about thee; -s, id. em. MYGEAY'RT Y MOOIN', p. p. about us; -YN, id. em. MYGEAY'RT Y MOOM', p. p. about me; -YS, id. em. MYGEAY'RT Y MYSH', p. p. about him; -IN, id. em. MYGH'IN, s. f. mercy; pl. -YN. MYGH'INAGH, a. merciful, clement; s. m. a merciful person; pl. 71. MYGH'INID OF MYGHINYS, s. f. mercifulness. MY-HEE'AR, a. westward, to the west. My-HIA'R, a. eastward, to the east. MY-HWO'AIE, a. northward, to the north. My-LA'UE, pro. s. my hand; after Cheet it is an adv. going on, coming on, going forward, getting better in health or circumstances. MYLEEA'NEY, s. f. this year. MY-LESH', v. belonging, owning. MYLA'EE, a. with the descent, drooping. MY-LHIEU', pro. pl. the owners. MY-LIEH', adv. my behalf; Deu. xxxi. 19. MY-LIOA'R, adv. could hardly. MY-LOM'ARCAN, pro. a. I alone; Job, i. 16. My LUR'G, p. p. after me; -s, id. em. MY MY CHIO'NE, p. p. about me, concerning me; -s, id. em. Myn, a. small, fine, as flour, &c. MYN'AGHEY, v. mincing, making small. MYN-CHYR'L, s. pl. little cares or ones. MYNEEAL'LOO, a. fainted, fell in a trance, swooned; Dan. viii. 27. MYN'EASH, s. m. minority. MYN'EY, a. pl. small, fine, &c. MY-NER', in. behold ; as, ver oo my-ner. My-NIES'SEY, adv. next to, by, nearest to; Num. ii. 20. MYN'LAGH, s. m. the fine of meal or flour. MYN'OVR, v. i. pilfer, steal small things; -AGH, 77, &c. MYNGYRAGHT, v. pilfering, picking and stealing, stealing small things. MYNJEI'G, s. f. a package ; pl. - YN. MYN'NEY, s. m. a double curse, a great oath. Er M'YN'SAGHEY, v. hath, &c. been taught. MY NY GIO'NE, p. p. about them, about whom : -s, id. im.; Jud. vi. 15. MY NYN GIO'NE, p. p. about them; -s, id. em. MYN'THEY, s. f. mint; Luke, xi. 42. Myr, conj. as, like. MY-RASS', a. bolled, in seed. MYR-CHA'AGH, adv. withal, along with ; 2 Sam. x. 17. MYR DY BEA'GH, adv. as it were. MY REN', v. if did, if done. MYRGED'DIN, adv. also, likewise, in like manner. MYR-HAYN'T, adv. covetously. MYR RAGH, adv. as not. MYR'RAGH, adv. as like, as would, as were. MYR SHEN, adv. as that, in that manner. MYR SHOH, adv. thus, as this.
  - MYR TE, adv. as it is.

MYR TEH, adv. as he is.

MYR VA, adv. as was.

- MYR VE, adv. as before, as it was, as it were; statu quo.
- MYR VEAGH, adv. as would be.
- MYR V'EH, c. p. as he was.
- MYR VOU TOU, c. p. as thou wert, so thou art.
- MYR-YEIN', a. as it were real, in a pretended manner, sham. Prov. "Cadley ny moddee tra ta my mraane creearey."
- MY SHE SHEN, adv. if it be, if that should.
- MYSH, p. p. about, about him; -IN, id. em.
- Mys'KID or Mys'KIT, s. m. malice, hatred.
- Mys'KIDAGH, a. malicious; Ez. XXV. 15.
- MY TA DY GHA, adv. if is or not, if it is or not,
- MY VA DY GHA, adv. if it were or not.
- My veg'GAN LHIAT, adv. if too little for thee, or if thou thought too little.
- MY VLAA', a. in flower.
- MY VOYM BAASE, adv. before I die.
- MY-Y-CHIO'NE, p. p. of which, about which. MY-YEÏ', adv. p. after me.
- Ministry and pranted into
- MY-YEI'SH, a. in ear, out of the blade.
- MY YIA'ss, adv. southward, to the south.

N

This letter is one of the immutables, and does not change; words primarily initialled by vowels come under it, and some from F, G, S, &c. as shown. The reader is not to expect the whole of the branch words or derivatives, but as many of them will appear as may show how the changes are effected. The changelings from F to N all change to V in sacred or solemn discourse or writing.

NA, adv. than.

Cha NAAG, v. not leave or forsake; -AGH;
-EE; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94. F
Er NAAGAI'L, v. hath, &c. left, &c. F
Y NAAIE, s. the flat. F
Cha *N'AAIT'N OF NAAIT'NEE, v. not gorse;
-AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94. A
Er N'AAIT'NAGHEY, v. hath, &c. gorsed. A
NAAR OF NAA'REE, v. shame, disgrace; -AGH,
77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86;
-YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
NAA'RAGHEY, v. shameing.
NAAR'DEY, a. waste, decayed, abolished.
NAA'REY, s. f. shame. See Nearey.
NAA'REYDAGH, a. shameful, bashful.
NAA'REYDER, s. m. one who shames ; plYN.
NAA'RILDAGH, a. bashful.
NAA'RIT, pt. shamed.
Cha NAARK or NAAR'KEE, v. not bathe; -AGH;
-IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94. F
Er NAAR'KEY, v. hath, &c. bathed. F
Cha *N'AARL or NAAR'LEE, v. not cook or
dress meat; -AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM;
— YMS, 94. A

- Er NAAR'LAGHEY, v. hath, &c. cooked victuals.A Cha \*N'AAS OF NAASE, v. not grow; —AGH; —EE; —IN; —INS; —YM; —YMS, 94. A
- Er N'AASE, v. hath, &c. grown. A
- Cha N'AAST, v. not wring; —AGH; —EE; —IN; --INS; —YM; —YMS, 94. F
- Er N'AAS'TEY, pt. hath, &c. wrung. F
- Dy \*NAAU or NAAUE, v. to creep, to swim; -A3H; -EE; -IN, -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94. S
- Cha N'AB'BYR, v. not say; —AGH; —EE; —IN; —INS; —YM; —YMS, 94. A
- NA'BOO, s. m. a neighbour ; pl. -YN.
- NA'BOOAGH, a neighbourly.
- NA'BOONYS OF NABOOYS s. m. neighbourhood.
- NAG'GYR, a. out of use'; above what is wanted; idle; neglected.
- Cha N'AG'GL OF NAG'GLE, v. not fear or frighten; —AGH; —EE; —IN; —INS; —YM; —YMS, 94. A
- Er N'AG'GLAGHEY, v. hath, &c. frightened. A
- NAGH, adv. not. There are two words in the Manks for not; this for interrogating and commanding negatively; the other word (Cha,) is for answering negatively or denying. Ny is often used instead of this word, but I think improperly; as, in Jer.xliii. 2, "Ny gow sheese gys Egypt," and in 2 Kings, ii. 18, "Ny gow Jee," which ought to have been Nagh.

- NAGH VOD VE, adv. cannot be, impossible.
- NAGHT, s. m. the way; with myr like as, that as; a contraction of Yn and Aght.
- Yn NAH, s. f. (from Aa,) second, the ordinal of two. As this word is initialled by n besides the n in Yn, other words initialled by vowels might claim the same; as, Yn Nollagh (the cattle); Yn Naassagh (the wilderness); yet, this is not the case.
- NAIGHT, s. m. news, narrative, narration, tale. Bee NAIGHT, s. m. a novelty in meat, some new or delicate meat to eat, a dainty.
- NAIGH'EAGH, a. giving to tell news or tales.
- Cha NAIK Or NAK, v. not see; -AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94. F
- Er NAIK'IN, v. hath, &c. seen. This verb and Naik and its declinables are not in Scripture; it is Vaik which is used on solemn or sacred occasions, but Naik in common conversation.F
- Cha \*NAILL OF NAIL/LEE, v. not fail; —AGH; -IN; —INS; —YM; —YMS, 94. F
- Er NAILLEIL', v. hath, &c. failed.
- Cha NAILL OF NAILLEE, v. not wish, not hire; —AGH; —IN; —INS; —YM; —YMS, 94. S.F Er NAIL'LEY, v. hath, &c. hired. F
- Cha NAILL'-LHIEN, p. we would not wish, &c. S
- Cha NAIL'LISH, p. he wishes not, or his will is not for; -IN, id. em.
- Cha NAIL'LIU. See Nilliu. S
- NAILT, p. wouldst thou wish or be pleased to be so? -s, id. em. S
- NAIM, s. m. uncle, the father or mother's brother; 2 Kings, xxiv. 17; Lev. xxv. 49; pl. -- vN.
- NAISHT, pt. espoused, promised in marriage, bargained to marry; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- NAISH'TEE, a. d. of espousals, or matrimonial.

NAGH LHIG Y JEE, in. let not God or God forbid!

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urriage.	Er N'EAISH'TAGHEV, v. nath, &c. hearkened, &c. E
and, Caledonia.	NEAL. Though this word is in Joel ii. 6, it ought
rom N'alpin, on	to be written Neeal, which see.
ountains therein,	Cha N'EAM, v. not shout, call, or cry; $-AGH$ ; -EE; $-IN$ ; $-INS$ ; $-YM$ ; $-YMS$ , 94. E
chman. A	Er N'EA'MAGHEY, v. hath, &c. called, &c. E
not manure with	NEA'REY, s. f. shame, bashfulness.
-1NS; -YM;	Cha N'EAR'ROO, v. not number or count; -AGH;
F F	-EE; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94. E
vracked. F ntraction or part	Cha *N'EAYLL OF N'EAYLLEE, v. not lime; -AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94. E
used in familiar	Er N'EAYL'LAGHEY, v. hath, &c. limed. E
U	NEAVR, pre. since, so long since, ago; Mark,
U	ix. 21; —ys, id. em.
one. U U	Cha *NEAVRE OF NEAVREE, v. not cool; —AGH; —IN; —INS; —YM; —YMS, 94. F
ot flay; -AGH;	Er NEAVR'RAGHEY, v. hath, &c. cooled. F
, 94. F	Cha N'EAY'SL OF NEAY'SHIL, v. not loose or
ayed. All those	untie; -AGH; -EE; -IN; -INS; -YM;
y V, as specified	-YMS, 94. E
or reply; —AGH;	Er N'EAY'SLEY, v. hath, &c. loosed. E Sy N'EAYST, s. m. in the moon. E
-YMS, 94. A	Sy N'EDD, s. in the hat, in the nest. E
YN.	Cha NED'DAN OF NED'DANEE, v. not whistle;
Iark, xi. 14.	-AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94. F
point of the com-	Er NED'DANAGH, v. hath, &c. whistled. F
nificant or vain	Sy N'ED'DIN, s. in the face. E
F	Cha N'ED'DRYM OF NED'DRYMEE, v. not lighten in weight; —AGH; —IN; —INS; —YM;
dispute; -AGH;	YMS, 94. Е
A argunad Sta	Cha NEE, v. is not, will not, not as; Eph. v. 15.
tc. argued, &c. A ot wait'; —AGH;	Had this word been written Ne or Ney and not the same as Nee (will), I think it would have
94. F	been much better; as too many meanings
waited. F	under the same form perplex the memory.
calamity. A	NEE, v. will or wilt, will or wilt do. Cha N'EE, v. not eat; —AGH; —IN; —YM;
s, 94. F.A	-YMS, 94.
it not otherwise	Dy NEE, v. that is, that were, that was. Dy
nevitably, of ne-	<i>Re</i> is used for this word in common conversation, which see.
thee.	'Sy NEEACKLE, s. in the tooth. F
A nf hath &c	Cha NEEAGH, s. not worth, good for nothing.
r, pt. hath, &c.	See also Cha Neeu. This word is written
sted. F	Niceagh (would wash), Jer. xiii. 10. F NEEAL OF NEEAL'LOO, v. swoon or faint.
red or proffered.A	NEEAL, s. m. aspect, countenance.
red, mimicked. G	NEEA'LERAGHT, v. changing countenance or
vinnow.	aspect.
winnow; —AGH; )4. F	Cha NEEALL, v. not beat; -AGH; -EE; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94. Y
ng, nought; Job,	Er NEEAL'LEY, v. hath, &c. beaten. Y
	NEEAR, a. from the west. SH
Che Saurane	NEEAR-ASS', a. from the south west. SH
Christmas box, a	NEEAR-HWOAI'E, a. from the north-west. SH
atuity.	'Sy N'EEAST, s. in the fish. E or Y
ath, &c. espoused,	Er N'EEAS'TAGHEY, v. hath, &c. fished. E or Y Cha *N'EE'BR OF NEE'BREE, v. not drift or
F	banish away; -AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM;
AND STREET, S. J. S.	YMS, 94. Е
AGH; —EE; —IN; A	Er N'EE'BYRT, v. hath, &c. drifted, &c.
7iii. 14.	Cha N'EECK, v. not pay; —AGH; —IN; —INS; —YM; —YMS, 94.
24.	Nyn NEEIL'LEY, v. their &c. eating; Pro. i. 31. E
s; -YM; -YMS,	Cha NEEE, v. not rick or stack; -AGH; -EE;
s; — m; — ms, E	— IN; — YM, &c. В

NAISH'TEY, v. bargaining in ma NAISH'TIT, pt. See Naisht.

- NAL'BIN OF NOLBIN, S. Scotl Some say that this word is fi account of the great Alpine mo and others that it is from Albic
- Sy N'AL'BINAGH, s. in the Scot
- Cha \*NAML OF NAM'LEE, v. I sea weed; -AGH; -IN; -YMS, 94.

Er NAM'LAGHEY, v. hath, &c. v

- NANE, s. f. and a. one; a con of the word Unnane, what is talk; pl. - YN.
- NANE JEIG, a. eleven.

NANE JEIG AS FEED, a. thirty.

- NANE JEIGOO, s. eleventh.
- Cha NANN OF NAN'NEE, v. n -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS,
- Er NAN'NEY, v. hath, &c. fl words from F are initialled by under the word Naikin.

Cha N'ANSOOR', v. not answer o -EE; -IN; -INS; -YM; -

NAP'IN, s. m. a turnip; pl. ---

NAR, adv. no, nor, or never; A

- Sy N'ARD, s. in the coast or p pass.
- Ny NARDA'LYS, s. the insig thing; pl. -syn.
- Cha N'ARGANE', v. not argue or -E; -IN; -INS, 94.

Er N'ARGA'NEY, v. 120. hath, 8 Cha \*NARK OF N'ARE'IEE, v. n

-IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS,

Er NARK'IAGHEY, v. hath, &c.

- Sy N'ARK'YS, s. the adversity,
- Cha \*NARR OF NAR'REE, v. no not shift; -AGH; -IN; -IN
- NARRA NOAIN' DHYT, adv. may be known to thee, or may it i cessity, or fate come on or to

Sy N'AR'RAGH, s. the spring.

- Er N'AR'RAGH OF NAR'RAGHE shifted.
- Er NAR'RAGHT, v. hath, &c. la

Er N'AR'RAL, v. hath, &c. offer Er NAR'RISH, v. hath, &c. jeen

- NASHT. See Naisht.
- Cha \*NASN or NASNEE, v. not v -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS, 9
- NAS'TEE, adv. gratis, for nothi i. 9.

NAS'TEE, a. d. of espousals.

NAS'TEEAGH, adv. gratuitously

- NASTEY-NOL'LICK, S. M. a ( gift given at Christmas, a gra
- Er NAS'TEY OF NAIS'TEY, v. ha &c.; Hos. ii. 19.

Sy NAS'TYR, s. in the evening

Cha N'ATT, v. not swell; -A -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94.

NAUNT, s. f. an aunt; Lev. XV

NAY, adv. nay ; 1 Chron. xxi.

Cha N'EAISHT, v. not hearken -AGH; -EE; -IN; -IN 04.

NEE'M OF NEEYM, p. 1 will; -s, id. em.

Yn NEEN, s. the daughter or girl; a contraction of Inneen.

NEESE, adv. from below, up. It is also used when you ask-is the cow dry from milk (vel y vooa neese) ? when she is dry the word is Shast.

NEESE SHEESE, adv. up and down.

- NEESHT, adv. besides, also, too; ro too, is nearly syn. Teh shoh neesht ro veg (this also is too little); -AGH, id. em.
- Cha N'EEU, a. not worth, worthless; Job. xviii. 12.
- NEEU, a. reduced to want, undone; Pro. vi. 30, and Isa. viii. 21. See Neunhee.

NEGOOI'SH, pre. without, without him or it. F

- Cha N'EIG, v. not deaden, get flat or stale; -AGH; -EE; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94. Prov. " Cha neig yn choo ta caaee ny hoyn." E
- Cha \*N'EIGN OF NEIG'NEE, v. not force; -AGH; -1N; -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94. E

Er N'EIG'NAGHEY, pt. hath, &c. forced, &c. E 'Sy NEILL, s. in the flesh. F

Cha \*N'EILL or NEIL'LEE, v. not arm or equip; -AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94. E

'Sy N'EI'RAGHT, s. in the inheritance

'Sy N'EI'REY, s. in the heir.

'Sy N'EIR'INAGH, s. in the farmer or husbandman.

- Cha \*N'EIYR Or NEIY'REE, v. not drive ; -AGH ; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94. æ
- Cha NEL, v. is not, am not, are not, art not. This, in colloquial talk, is often the negative answer to the interrogative Vel. Cha nee has also the same meaning, but the question must be put differently; as, vel oo goll thie (art thou going home) ? the answer negatively would be cha vel or cha nel; but if the question be asked thus, nee goll thie t'ou (is it going home thou art) ? the answer negatively would be cha nee (is not or am not), instead of nel; Vel is always used in sacred or solemn discourse.

E 'Sy N'EL'LAN, s. in the island. 'Sy N'EM'SHYR, s. in the weather. E Cha NEN or NE'NAGH, v. not ask or enquire;

- -EE; -IN, -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94. Er NE'NAGHTYN, v. hath, &c. asked, &c. F
- Cha NEND, v. not defend; -AGH; -EE; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94.
- Er NENDEIL', hath, &c. defended. Cha N'ENN Or N'EN'NEE, v. not feel; -AGH;
- -EE; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94. E
- Er NEN'NAGHTYN, v. hath, &c. felt.
- 'Sy N'ENN'AL, s. in the breath.
- Ne'oo, p. thou wilt; -s, id. em.

NEOSE, adv. from above, down.

- NEOSE SEOSE, adv. down and up.
- Cha N'EOYLL OF NEOYL'LEE, v. not dung or manure; -AGH; -EE; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94. E

Er N'EOYL'LAGHEY, v. hath, &c. dunged. E NEP, s. f. the herb hoar-hound.

Y NER'NAGH, s. the Irishman.

- Y N'ER'REY, s. the yoke, the encumbrance, or burden. E F
- Y NESS OF NESST, s. the spindle.
- Y N'ES'SYN, s. the door post.

- Cha \*NEST OF NESTEE, v. not stick; -AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94. F Er NES'TAL, v. hath, &c. stuck. F
- Cha N'ETL OF NET'LEE, v. not fly; -AGH ; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94.  $\mathbf{E}$

Er N'ET'LAGHEY, v. hath, &c. flown or flew. E NEU, an adjunct, un, in, dis, im, ir, &c. and of

- the same meaning with am, an, mee, &c.
- NEU-AA'LIN, a. inelegant, uncomely.
- NEU-AA'SH, s. f. uneasiness, discontent.
- NEU-AA'SHAGH, a. uneasy, not easy. NEU-AA'SID, s. m. disquiet, discontentedness;
- difficulty.
- NEU-A'BYL, a. unable, impossible.
- NEU-AGH'TAL, a. unskilful, awkward.
- NEU-AGH'TALLYS, s. f. unskilfulness, &c.
- NEU-AG'GINDAGH OF NEU-AGGINAGH, a. undesirable, unminded for, averse.
- NEU-AG'GINDYS, s. f. undesirableness.
- NEU-AIN'JYSSAGH, a. unacquainted.
- NEU-AM'MYSSAGH, a. undutifulness; s. m. an undutiful person ; pl. 71.
- NEU-AP'PEE, a. immature, unripe.
- NEU-AR'RYLTAGH, a. unwilling, involuntary.
- NEU-AR'RYLTYS, s. f. unwillingness, reluctance.
- NEU-AT'CHIMID, s. m. unawedness.
- NEU-AT'CHIMIT, a. unawed.

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NEU-CHA'DJIN, a. uncommon, rare ; Dan. ii. 11.

- NEU-CHAGHLAA'EE, a. unchangeable, invariable, immutable.
- NEU-CHAG'LIT, a. 6. unbounded, unlimited.
- NEU-CHAG'LIT, a. 5. ungathered.
- NEU-CHAI'RAGH, a. unjust, unrighteous, unfair. NEU-CHAS'LEY, a. different, unlike.
- NEU-CHAS'LYS, s. f. difference, unlikeness.
- NEU-CHEEAYL'LAGH, a. unwary unwittingly.
- NEU-CHEN'JAL, a. unkind, not kindly.
- NEU-CHIARAI'LAGH, a. uncareful, careless.
- NEU-CHIAR'T, a. uneven, not level, dissimilar, inaccurate.
- NEU-CHIAR'TYS, s. f. unevenness, partiality, inaccuracy.
- NEU-CHIN'JAGH, a. irregular, inconsistent, unsteady.
- NEU-CHOOI'E, a. unfit, incapable, inordinate, indecent; Col. iii. 5.
- NEU-CHOR'RYM, a. unequal, disproportionate.
- NEU-CHOR'RYMID, s. m. inequality, partiality; Isaiah, iii. 17.
- NEU-CHOR'RYMIT, a. unequalled, unparalleled.
- NEU-CHREE'N, a. unripe, unwithered.
- NEU-CHREE'NEY, a. unwise, simple.
- NEU-CHYN'DAGH, a. 6. unblamable, free from crime; s. m. a blameless person; pl. 71; Pro. vi. 17.
- NEU-CHUM'MALTIT, pt. uninhabited.
- NEU-E'NIT OF NEU-FE'NIT, pt. unasked, unsolicited.
- NEU-EN'NAGHTAGH, a. unfeeling insensible; s. m. an unfeeling person ; pl. 71.
- NEU-ERREEI'SHAGH, a. imcompassionate; s. m. a person void of compassion ; pl. 71.
- NEU-FEA'GH, a. unquiet, restless.
- NEU-FEAG'HID, s. m. disquietude.
- NEU-FEEU', a. unworthy, wanting merit, mean,

inadequate, defective.	NEU-HRE'ISHTEI'LAGH, a. not to be trusted,
NEU-FEEU'ID, s. m. unworthiness, worthlessness, meanness.	perfidious, treacherous. NEU-HUR'RANSAGH, a. insufferable, not to be
NEU-FIL'L, v. unfold, unfurl.	endured.
NEU-FIL'LEY, v. unfolding, unfurling.	NEU-HUSH'TAGH, a. foolishly; 1 Chron. xxi. 8.
NEU-FIR'RINAGH, a. untrue, unfaithful; s. m. an unfaithful person; pl. 71.	NEU-HWOAI'AGH, a. unwary, incautious. NEU-IMNE'AGH, a. insolicitous, unanxious.
NEU-FIR'RINID, s. m. unfaithfulness, perfidious- ness.	NEU-IMNEA'VS, s. f. insolicitude, inanxiety, unconcernedness.
NEU-FIR'INYS, s. f. untruth, false assertion.	NEU-IMRAA'IT, a. unexpressed, unspoken of.
NEU-FOCK'LAGH, a. inaffable, unspeakable.	NEU-IN'SHIT, a. untoid, unannounced.
NEU-FOCK'LID, s. m. inaffability, unspeakable- ness.	NEU-IU'IT, a. undrank. NEU-IU0I'L, a. undrinkable.
NEU-FOIL'IAGH, a. unblameable, faultless; s. m. a faultless person; pl. 71.	NEU-LAU'EE, a. unhandy. NEU-LOGH'TYNID, s. m. innocence, not guilty.
NEU-FOL/LAN, a. unwholesome, prejudicial, in- salubrious, corrupt.	NEU-LOM'RIT, a. unshorn, unfleeced.
NEW-FOL'LANID, s. m. unwholesomeness, &c.	NEU-LOSH'AGH, a. incombustible.
NEU-FON'DAGH, a. insufficient, incapable, insol- vent; s. m. an incapable person; pl. 71.	NEU-LOW'AL, a. disallowable, unfit, immoral, immodest, illtimed.
NEU-FON'DID, s. m. insufficiency.	NEU-LOW'IT, a. disallowed.
NEU-FUI'DAGH, a. unbecoming, indecent.	NEU-LUGH'TIT, a. unladen, unloaded.
NEU-FUI'DID, s. m. indecency, indiscretion.	NEU-NHEE', a. reduced to mere nothing, use- less for any thing.
NEU-GLHEN', a. unclean, impure, corrupt.	NEU-NIEE'T, a. unwashen, unwashed.
NEU-GHLEN'NID, s. m. uncleanness, impurity,	NEU-OAYL'LAGH, a. unaccustomed; Jer. xxxi. 18
lewdness, incontinence.	NEU-ON'NERAGH, a. dishonest.
NEU-GHER'JAGH, s. m. discomfort.	NEU-ON'NERID, s. m. dishonesty.
NEU-GHERJOI'L, a. disconsolate.	NEU-OOAS'LE, a. ignoble, disgraceful.
NEU-GHERJOI'LID, s. m. disconsolateness.	NEU-RAI'PIT, a. unrent, untorn.
NEU-GHOAI'AGH, a. untidy, slovenly, uncivil, imprudent.	NEU-REA', a. uneven, not even.
NEU-GHOAI'YS, s. f. untidiness, slovenliness, imprudence, want of decency.	NEU-RESOO'NAGH, a. unreasonable. NEU-RHEYN'NIT, a. undivided, undistributed.
NEU-GHOOI'E, a. unkindly; barren; 2 Kings ii. 19.	NEU-RONSOI'LAGH, <i>a</i> . unsearchable, inscrutable, inexplorable.
NEU-GHOOH'YSSAGH, a. unnatural, disaffection- ate, monstrous; s. m. an unnatural person;	NEU-RUG'GIT, a. unborn.
pl. 71.	NEU-SAMPEY'RIT, a. unexampled, unprecedented.
NEU-GHOOGH'YSSID, s. m. disaffection, unnatu- ralness.	NEU-SCHLEïo'L, a. unskilful. NEU-SCANS'H, s. f. disregard, disesteem.
NEU-GHOOYTEI'LAGH, a. undoubtful. NEU-GHOOY'TIT, a. undoubted.	NEU-SCANSHOIL', a. disregardful.
NEU-GHOR'TIT, a. unhurt.	NEU-SCEL'T, a. uncloven, uncleaved.
NEU-GHOLL RY CHEIL'LEY, a. dissimilar.	NEU-SKAH'T, a. unshook, unshaken, unshed.
NEU-GHOLL RY CHEIL'LID, s. m. dissimilarity.	NEU-SKEE', a. untired, unweary.
NEU-HAAG'HEY, v. unfrequenting,	NEU-SKIL'T, a. unshelled.
NEU-HAAG'HIT, a. unfrequented.	NEU-SLAYNTOIL', a. unhealthy. NEU-SLAYNTOIL'YS, s. f. unhealthiness.
NEU-HAS'TAGH, a. unmindful, insensible, re- gardless.	NEU-SMAGH'TIT, a. uncorrected.
NEU-HARROOG'H, a. unthrifty, careless; Isaiah, xxxii. 9.	NEU-SMOON'IT, a. unthought. NEU-SNIEM'MIT, a. unknit, unnoosed.
NEU-HARROOG'HYS, s. f. unthriftiness, sloth.	NEU-SNIEU'IT, a. unspun.
NEU-HAT'NYSSAGH, a. unpleasing, unpleasant.	NEU-SOO-OIL' OF NEU-HOO-OIL, a. unjuicy.
NEU-HEEL'T, a. intemperate, inebriated.	NEU-SPEEIN'T, a. unpeeled.
NEU-HEEL'TYS, s. f. intemperance, inebriety.	NEU-SPEIY'T, a. unhacked.
NEU-HEIHLL'TAGH, a. immaterial, incorporal.	NEU-SPREI'T, a. unsprinkled. NEU-STAM'PIT, a. untrodden.
NEU-HEIHLL'TYS, s. m. immateriality.	NEU-STOA'MEY, a. unstately.
NEU-HICK'YR, a. unsure, unsteady, unstable.	NEU-STOA'MEY, a. unstately. NEU-STOA'MID, s. m. unstateliness.
NEU-HICK'YRYS, s. f. uncertainty, precarious- ness, unsteadiness.	NEU-VAASOIL' OR -VARVA'NAGH, a. immortal, deathless.
NEU-HOI'T, a. unset, unplanted.	NEU-VAGH'TAL, a. indistinct, undiscernible.
NEU-HOIG'GALTAGH, a. not having understand- ing, ignorant.	NEU-VAIH'T, a. undrowned.
NEU-HOIG'GALTYS, s. f. want of understanding, ignorance.	NEU-VANLA'NAGH, a. without boughs. NEU-VAR'B, a. unharsh, pleasing.
NEU-HOIL'SHIT, a. unenlightened; undeclared.	NEU-VASE'TIT, a. unbaptized.

NEU-VAYN'REY, a. unhappy, miserable. NEU-VEAY'N, a. unpermanent. NEU-VEEIN', a. untame; coarse. NEU-VESSOI'L, a. unfruitful, infertile, infecund. NEU-VESSOI'LID, s. m. unfruitfulness. NEU-VLAYS'T, s. m. distaste, insipidness. NEU-VLAYS'TAL, a. unsavory, insipid. NEU-VODJAL'IT, a. unclouded. NEU-VOGH'T, a. not poor. NEU-VONDEIS'H, s. f. disadvantage. NEU-VONDEIS'HAGH, a. disadvantageous, ununprofitable. NEU-VOOI'YS, s. f. ingratitude. NEU-VOOI'SAL, a. unthankful. NEU-VRAA'RAGH, a. unbrotherly. NEU-VROI'E, a. unboiled. NEU-VYGHIN'AGH, a. unmerciful, inclement, illenient. NEU-VYGHI'NID, s. m. unmercifulness. NEU-WAL'KIT, a. untucked, unmilled. NEU-WHAAL'T, a. unsewed. NEU-WHUIN'NIT, a. unreaped, unshorn, unpulled. NEU-WOOI'AGH, a. unwilling, unpleased. NEU-WOOI'SAL, a. unthankful. See also Neuvooisal. NEU-WOOI'YS, s. See Neu-vooiys. NEU-YARROO'DAGH, a. unforgetful. NEU-YARROO'DIT, a. unforgotten. NEU-YEAN'T, a. undone, unmade. NEU-YEEA'N, a. not zealous. NEU-YEE'RAGH, a. indirect, not fair, not straight. NEU-YEE'RYS, s. f. injustice, iniquity, crookedness. NEU-YEID'AGH, a. not assiduous, indiscreet. NEU-YEIGH'T, a. unshut. NEU-YERK'IT, a. unexpected. NEU-YES'H, a. improper, unbecoming, unsuitable, unseemly, inapplicable, awkward. NEU-YIAL'LIT, a. unpromised ; unbleached. NEU-YIEN'TIT, a. unconceived. NEU-YING'IT, a. unpressed. NEU-YL'LIT, a. uncalled. NEU-YM'MYDAGH OF NEU-YMMYDOI'L, a. unuseful, useless. NEU-YM'MYRCHAGH, a. unnecessary, needless. NEU-YM'MYRKIT, a. unborne. NEU-YN'RICK, a. insincere, unrighteous, unjust. NEU-YN'SIT, a. unlearned, untaught, illiterate; Rom. i. 14. NEU-YUM'MALIT, a. unwasted, unlavished. NEU-YYMMOOS'SAGH, a. not wrathful. Er N'GHED'DYN, pt. hath, &c. got or gotten. G Er N'GHIAL'TAGHEY, pt. hath, &c. granted. G Er N'GHIAL'DYN, pt. hath, &c. promised. Er N'GHOL'L, pt. hath, &c, gone. G Y N'HAN'NAG, s. the crow. F Y N'HAN'NAG CHARRAGH, s. the scald crow. F S Nagh NHA'RE, a. is it not better or best. NHED'DERAGH, v. fidgeting or fidging. NHEE, s. m. thing; pl. -AGHYN OF -GHYN. Cha NHEGIN, v. (sounded Neign,) must not. S NHE'RIN, S. Ireland. Prov. Mie Mannin, mie

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S Cha NHIM'MEY, a. not many. Cha NHIONE OF NIONE, v. know not. Prov. Share yn olk shione dooin, na yn olk nagh S nhione dooin. S Cha NHYN'NEY, v. like not, do not like. Yn NIAGH, s. m. the nag, the riding-horse; Job, xxxix. 19, and Zec. x. 3. S Dy NIAGH'TEY, s. of snow. NIAG'HYN, s. m. washing; pl. -YN; v. washing. NIAR, s. f. from the east. S S NIAR-ASS, s. f. from the south-east. S NIAR-HWOAI'E, s. f. from the north-east. Cha N'IARR, v. not say; -AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94; Gen. xliii. 7. \*NIART OF NIARTEE, v. give might or strength; -AGH, 77; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88. NIART, s. m. might, strength; pl. -YN. It is used adjectively for great, large, &c. as in Job, i. 3. Dy NIAR'TAGHEY, v. to strengthen. NIAR'TAL, a. mighty, strong, potent. NIAR'TALLAGH, s. m. a mighty person; pl. 71; Pro. xxi. 22. NIAR'TALLYS, s. f. mightiness, dignity. NIAR'TEY, v. strengthen, make mighty. NIAR'TEYDER, s. m. a strengthener; pl. -YN. NIAR'TIT, 85. strengthened, made mighty. NIAU, s. m. heaven; pl. -GHYN. Nyn NIDD, s. pl. your, &c. hats, nests. T NIEE, v. wash; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88. NIEE'AGHYN, v. washing. See also Niaghyn. NIEE'DER, s. m. a washer; pl. -YN. NIEE'T, pt. washed. NIEU, s. f. venom, virulence, poison. NIEU'AGH, a. venomous, virulent. NIEU'NYS OF NIEUNID, s. f. venomousness. NIL'LIU, p. will ye or you be pleased ; -ISH, id. em. S Er N'IM'BYL, v. hath, &c. brewed. I Cha \*N'IML or NIMLEE, v. 126. not brew; -AGH; -IN; -YM; -YMS, 94. Er N'IM'MAN, v. hath, &c. driven. Cha N'IM'MAN, v. not drive; -AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94. Y N'IM'MANAGH, s. the driver. Ŧ Er N'IM'MEEAGHT, v. hath, &c. gone, departed, gone away. Cha N'IMRAA', v. not mention or speak of; -GH; -EE; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94. 1 I Y N'IMRAA'DER, s. the mentioner. Y N'IN'GAGH, s. the train. T Y N'ING'IN, s. the nail, the hoof. T Cha N'IN'GYR, v. 126. not gather pus, matter, or corruption as a sore; -AGH; -EE; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94. Er N'ING'RAGH, v. hath &c. gathered pus, ichor, matter, &c. Cha N'IN'JILL OF N'INJILLEE, v. not make low or abase; -AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94. Er N'IN'JILLAGHEY, v. hath, &c. made low or abased.

Cha N'INSH, v. not tell or announce; -ACH; -EE; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94.

Cha N'INSHL or N'INSHLEE, v. not lower;
-AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94. I
Er N'INSHLAGH OF N'INSHLAGHEY. See Er
N'in'gillaghey. I
Cha N'IRR, v. not rise; -AGH; -EE; -IN;
-INS; -YM; -YMS, 94. I
Er N'IR'REE, v. hath, &c. risen. I
Sy N'IR'RIN, s. in the truth. F
Sy N'IR'RINEY, s. in the, idem. em.; Prov. Cha
bee breagery credit, ga dy ninsh eh y n'irriney.
NISH, adv. now, this time; -TAGH, id. em.
Cha N'IU, v. 126. not drink; -AGH; -EE;
-IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94. I
Er NIU, pt. hath, &c. drank. I
NIU'RIN, s. m. hell; pl. — YN.
NIU'RINAGH, a. hellish, infernal; s. m. an in-
habitant of hell; pl YN.
NUI'RINYS, s. f. hellishness.
NoA, a. new, modern, recent.
NOA'EY, a. pl. new, modern, &c.
Y NOAB'BYR, s. the seedlop or hopper. O
Cha NOAD or *N'OADD, v. 128. not kindle;
-AGH; -EE; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94. F
Er NOAD'DEY, pt. hath, &c. kindled. F
NOA'DYR, conj. neither, not either.
NOAID, s. m. newness, recentness.
NOAIN, a. of necessity, of irresistible power,
free from choice, inevitable fate.
NOAL, adv. from a place home, from the other
side to this, from thence, from where the
speaker is, opposed to Noon.
Cha N'OAN'LUCK, v. 128. not bury or inter;
-AGH; -EE; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94. 0
Er N'OAN'LUCKEY, v. hath, &c. buried, &c. O
Cha N'OARD Or N'OARDR, v. not order or ordain;
-AGH; -EE; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94.0
Er NOAR'DAGHEY OF N'OAR'DRAIL, v. hath, &c.
ordered or ordained. O
Cha N'OAYR OF NOAYREE, v. not show favour;
-AGH; - IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94. F
Er N'OAY'RAGHEY, v. hath, &c. favoured. F
Cha Nob or *Nobb, v. 128. not deny; —AGH; —EE; —IN; —INS; —YM; —YMS, 94. O
Er N'OB'BAL, v. hath, &c. denied. O
Cha *N'OBBR OF NOB'BREE, v. not work; -AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94. O
Cha *N'OCKL OF NOCKLEE, v. not express in words; -AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94. F
Er N'OCK'LEY, v. hath, &c. spoken or expressed
in words. F
Cha NOD OF "NODD, 7, CALL OF CAUSE HULL - APRIL
Cha NoD or *NoDD, v. can or canst not; —AGH; —IN; —INS; —YM; —YMS, 94. See also Vod. F
-IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94. See also Vod. F Cha Noche, v. not get or would not get. Y
-IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94. See also Vod. F
-IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94. See also Vod. F Cha Noche, v. not get or would not get. Y
—IN; —INS; —YM; —YMS, 94. See also Vod. F Cha Noghe, v. not get or would not get. Y Noght, s. to-night, this night, N'oght, a. (a contraction of Neu-voght) not poor; lit. unpoor; as in the phrase boght as n'oght
—IN; —INS; —YM; —YMS, 94. See also Vod. F Cha Noghe, v. not get or would not get. Y Noght, s. to-night, this night, N'oght, a. (a contraction of Neu-voght) not poor; lit. unpoor; as in the phrase boght as n'oght (poor and unpoor).
—IN; —INS; —YM; —YMS, 94. See also Vod. F Cha Noghe, v. not get or would not get. Y Noght, s. to-night, this night, N'oght, a. (a contraction of Neu-voght) not poor; lit. unpoor; as in the phrase boght as n'oght
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IN;INS;YM;YMS, 94. See also Vod. F Cha Noghe, v. not get or would not get. Y Noght, s. to-night, this night, N'oght, a. (a contraction of Neu-voght) not poor; lit. unpoor; as in the phrase boght as n'oght (poor and unpoor). Noï, pre. & p. p. against, against him;syn, id. em. Noï ву нoï, adv. against one another.
IN;INS;YM;YMS, 94. See also Vod. F Cha Noghe, v. not get or would not get. Y Noght, s. to-night, this night, N'oght, a. (a contraction of Neu-voght) not poor; lit. unpoor; as in the phrase boght as n'oght (poor and unpoor). Noī, pre. & p. p. against, against him;syn, id. em.
IN;INS;YM;YMS, 94. See also Vod. F Cha Noghe, v. not get or would not get. Y Noght, s. to-night, this night, N'oght, a. (a contraction of Neu-voght) not poor; lit. unpoor; as in the phrase boght as n'oght (poor and unpoor). Noï, pre. & p. p. against, against him;syn, id. em. Noï ву нoï, adv. against one another.
IN;INS;YM;YMS, 94. See also Vod. F Cha Noche, v. not get or would not get. Y Nocht, s. to-night, this night, N'oght, a. (a contraction of Neu-voght) not poor; lit. unpoor; as in the phrase boght as n'oght (poor and unpoor). Noï, pre. & p. p. against, against him;syn, id. em. Noï RY Hoï, adv. against one another. NoID, s. m. an enemy, an adversary; plyn.
-IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94. See also Vod. F Cha Noche, v. not get or would not get. Y Nocht, s. to-night, this night, N'OGHT, a. (a contraction of Neu-voght) not poor; lit. unpoor; as in the phrase boght as n'oght (poor and unpoor). Noï, pre. & p. p. against, against him; -syn, id. em. Noï RY HOï, adv. against one another. Noid, s. m. an enemy, an adversary; plYN. Noid'AGH, a. hostile, at enmity.
<ul> <li>-IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94. See also Vod. F Cha Noghe, v. not get or would not get. Y Noght, s. to-night, this night,</li> <li>N'oght, a. (a contraction of Neu-voght) not poor; lit. unpoor; as in the phrase boght as n'oght (poor and unpoor).</li> <li>Noï, pre. &amp; p. p. against, against him; -syn, id. em.</li> <li>Noï RY Hoï, adv. against one another.</li> <li>Noid, s. m. an enemy, an adversary; plyn.</li> <li>Noid'Agh, a. hostile, at enmity.</li> <li>Noid'ey, a. d. of an enemy; Jer. xxx. 14.</li> </ul>

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2.7	۰.		<u></u>	۰.

No'IN, p. would I get; -s, id. em.	
Noin, p. would i get; -s, ta. em. Noin. See Noain.	
Noïvs, s. f. opposition, prejudice.	
Y N'OLK, s. the evil, the injury.	0
Cha Noll or Nol'LEE, v. not hide; -AGH; -I	~
-INS; -YM; -YMS, 94.	F
Y N'OL'LAGH, s. pl. the cattle. Though th	nis
word is seldom found in its present orthogr	
phy, it is inserted as pronounced. See Nah.	1000
Er Nol'LAGHEY, v. hath, &c. hid.	F
Yn Nol'LICK, s the Christmas. Cha *Nolm or Nol'MEE, v. not empty; —AG	0
-IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94.	H; F
Er N'OL'MAGH OF NOLMAGHEY, v. hath, 8	-
emptied.	F
Cha N'OLTOO'AN, v. not reproach ; -AGI	
-EE; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94.	0
Er NOLTOO'ANEY, v. hath, &c. reproached.	0
NON'NEY, adv. else, or. See also Er-Nonney.	
Noo, s. m. a saint; plGHYN.	
Noo, a. holy, sacred, hallowed, divine.	
Cha *N'OOASHL OF NOOASHLEE, v. not worshi -ACH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94.	Pi
Er N'OOASH'LAGHEY, v. hath, &c. worshipped.	~
Cha *N'OOILL OF NOOILLEE, v. not oil or anoin	
	ó
Er N'OOIL'LAGHEY, v. hath oiled or anointed.	0
Cha NOOIR or *NOOIRR, v. not earth or mould	
-AGH; -EE; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94.	
Er N'OOIR'RAGHEY, v. hath, &c. earthed, &c.	
Noon, adv. to a part from home, to the oth side from this, to beyond somewhere, over.	er
NOON AS NOAL, adv. hence and thence, to and fr	
Tar Noon, adv. come over; Acts, xvi. 9.	0.
Cha *NOONL OF NOON'LEE, v. notablute or was	h .
	ó
Er N'OON'LAGHEY, v. hath, &c. abluted	or
washed.	0
Cha *N'oor or Nooree, v. not refresh or fres	
en; —AGH; —IN; —INS; —YM; —YMS, 94. Er N'00'RAGHEY, v. hath, &c. refreshed	
freshened.	O
NOO'REY VIE ORT, adv. the good hour, the good	-
hour to die, or the good earth on thee.	
Cha *N'oshl or Nosh'LEE, v. not open; -AG	
-IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94.	F
Er N'os'LEY, v. hath, &c. opened. Cha *N'osN or N'osNEE, v. not sigh; -AG	F
-IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94.	H; O
Er N'os'NAGHEY, v. hath, &c. sighed.	õ
Er N'OU'RALLEY, v. hath, &c. sacrificed.	õ
Now, p. wilt thou get, will they, you &c. get.	Y
Nowin. See No'in; -s, id. em.	
Now or Nowys. A contraction of Now uss, wi	ilt
thou get; em.	
No'YM, p. will I get; -s, id. em.	
*Null or Null'LEE, v. not suffer or permi -AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94.	t;
Er N'UIL'LAGHTYN, v. hath, &c. suffered or pe	F
mitted.	F
Sy N'UILLIN, s. in the elbow.	U
Sy NUIN'NAG, in the window.	U
Cha NUINN, or NUIN'NEY, v. bake; -AGI -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94.	H ;
Er Nuin'ney, v. hath, &c. baked.	
NUIR, s. m. next day after to-morrow.	F
and and and and and the second	

ia	N'UIRR OF NUIR'REE,	υ.	not	stay;	-AGH ;
-	IN; -INS; -YM; -Y	MS,	94.		F
r ]	N'UIR'RAGHTYN, v. ha	th, 8	&c. 8	stayed.	F

NUR'REE, s. f. last year, the past year.

Cha NUR'RYS, adv. need not be surprised.

Cha N'USHT OF NUSH'TEE, v. not water; -AGH; -EE; -IN; -YM; -YMS, 94. U

Er N'USH'TAGHEY, v. hath, &c. watered. NUY, s. m. nine.

NUY-JEIG, a. nineteen.

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E

NUY AS FEED, s. m. twenty and nine.

NUY FEED, s. m. nine score or 180.

NUY FEE'DOO, a. hundred and eightieth.

Cha N'WHAA'L, v. not sew ; -AGH, &c.

Er N'WHAA'LEY, v. hath, &c. sewed.

- Ny, art. pl. the, the article used before plural nouns; it is also used before singular nouns in the genitive or ownership case; as, eaghtyr ny hooirrey (the surface of the earth, or rather the earth's surface); skianyn ny geayee (the wings of the wind, or more literally the wind's wings); cliaghtey ny cheerey (the country's custom). It is also used for the article a and an, as in the service of baptism, ny heirey (an heir); ny henn ghooinney (an old man); ny vreagerey (a liar); ny lomarcan (alone).
- Ny, conj. or, nor; as, eshyn ny mish (he or I); dooinney ny ben (man or woman); ny mish (nor I); ny eshyn (nor he).
- Ny, a prefix or particle used in composition, and when prefixed to adjectives makes the comparative case; as, ny share (better); ny saa (younger), &c.; and when prefixed to other words signified, literally, a, in English; as in ny vud (among); ny chour (for him), but more literally it would be (a for him); ny hrooid literally (a through him).
- Ny, adv. not. This word, which is a corruption of Nagh, ought not to be. See Nagh.
- Er N'YAN'NOO, v. hath, . done, made performed. J
- NY-CHIO'NE, adv. by the hand; Jud. xvi. 26; literally, a-head of, mingled among; Num. xvi. 6 and 9.

Ny'GOOI'SH, p. p. without him or it.

NY-HROO'ID, p. p. through him; -syn, id. em.

- Cha N'YIAR or \*N'YIARR, v. not say; -AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94, G
- Sy N'YIARN, s. in the iron.

Er N'YIAR'NEY, v. hath, &c. ironed, smoothed. Y

NY-JET', p. p. abaft or behind them, after them or us.

NYM. See Nee'm.

Cha N'YM'MYRK, v. not bear; -AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94. Y

Er N'YM'MYRKEY, v. hath, &c. borne.

NYN, pro. our, their, your; ours, theirs, yours, and sometimes them, these, those, we, &c.; or where it is placed in *Luke*, xiii. 2, and in *Acts*, ii. 32, and such like places the last nmust be redundant. This word causes great changes in the initials of primary words. See Remark 118.

NY-NEES'HT, a. the two, the both.

Cha N'YNS OF NYNSEE, v. not learn, not teach; —AGH; —IN; —INS; —YM; —YMS, 94. Y Er N'YN'SAGHEY, pt. hath, &c. learned, taught. Y Cha NYR'RYS, v. not wonder. Y

NY-SHEY'N, adv. presently, by and by .

Ny-sod'jey, adv. mcreover, furthermore, any more, no more, no further.

NY-VUD' OC, adv. among them, amongst them. NY YEÏ', p. p. after him, behind him.

Ny-yein', adv. nevertheless, notwithstanding, howbeit.

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OABBYR, s. f. a seedlop, a hopper; pl. — YN. My \*OADD or OADDYS, v. if kindle or ignite,

- -AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94. F Dy OADDEY, v. to kindle or ignite. F
- Ro OADDIT, 85. too kindled. F
- OALAGH, a. perjured, forsworn. A person is said to be so when he swears a thing to be true, which he knows to be false. Loo-oaiagh (a false oath).
- E OAID, s. his sod; pl. -YN. F.

OAIE OF OAYE, s. f. a grave; pl. -GHYN.

OAIE, s. m. face, front; Jer. xxxii. 33; pl. — YN. OAIEYS, s. f. perjury.

E OAIN, s. his sward or grassy surface. F

- OAINJYR, s. f. a harlot, a concubine. For the etymology of the Oain in this word and the three following, I find that in the Gælic dictionary, by the Rev. W. Shaw, M.A., it is a person or thing on loan or hire.
- OAINJYEAGH, a. illegitimate, out of marriage, base born; *lhiannoo oainjyragh* (a bastard); in ludicrous language called *fer thammag*.

Dy OAINJYRAGHEY, v. to bastardize.

- OAINJYRYS, s. f. bastardy.
- OALDEY, a. wolfish, voracious, rapacious, eager after prey, wild.
- OALDYN, s. pl. haunts, lurking places.
- Dy OALEY, v. to sew. Perhaps this word ought to be written Aaley. W
- Dy OALSAGHT, s. of falsehood. F
- Dty OALSEREY, s. thy hypocrite or false person; Job, ii. 3. F
- Ro OALSEY, a. too false, &c. F E OALSID, s. m. his falseness. F
- OALSUM, s. m. a tie on a thievish cow, a rope tied from the horn or head to the leg.
- OALSUM'IT, 85. tied from the horn to the leg.
- OALYS, s. f. a charm, a divination; Ez. xxi. 22.
- OALYS'AGH, s. m. an enchanter; pl. 71; adv. enchantingly.
- OAN'LUCK, v. bury, inter, deposit in the earth or in stones; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- OAN'LUCKEE, a. d. of a funeral, exequies, or burial.
- OAN'LUCKEY, s. m. a funeral or burial; pl. 76.
- OAN'LUCKEYDER, s. m. a burier, one who buries. OAN'LUCKIT, 85. buried, intered.
- OANLYN OF OALYN. Though the former of these may, perhaps, be the hest orthography, yet see Aunlyn.

OAN'REY, s. m. a petticoat; pl. 67.

OARD, s. f. a large hammer. See Oayrd.

OARD OF OARDEE, v. order, ordain ; - AGH, 77 ; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.

OAR'DAGH, s. m. ordinance, order; pl. -- YN. Prov. " Obbyr dyn oardagh obbyr dyn booise."

Dy OAR'DAGHEY, v. to order or ordain.

OAR'DERIT, 85. ordered, ordained.

- OAR'DR OF OAR'DREE, v. will order, &c. ; -AGH, 77; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- Dy OAR'DRAIL, v. to set in order, &c.

OAR'DRAILYS, s. f. order or ordering.

- OAR'LAGH, s. m. an inch pl. 72. Prov. " Tra tou jannoo yn trie jean yn oarlagh."
- OARN, s. f. barley; pl. -TEEYN.

OA'SEIR, s. m. an overseer, a. guardian ; pl. - YN. OA'SEIRYS, s. f. guardianship, &c.

- OASH, s. m. habit. Used more in a bad sense; as, drogh-oush (a bad habit).
- OASHT, s. f. a yearling sheep, a sheep of one year. It is used for ewe and male, as in Exod. xii. 5.
- OA'SHYR, s. f. a stocking, a blade of corn or grass; Exd. ix. 32; pl. - YN, hose; Dan. iii. 21,
- OASHYR-VOYN'NEE, s. f. a stocking without a foot but having a string under the foot.
- OASHYR SLOB'BAGH, s. f. a stocking having no sole to the foot, but a lappet covering the top of the foot, with a loop to the fore toe and a heel strap.
- OAST, a. frequented, resorted to; as, thie oast (an inn, a public house), a house where people frequent or resort, to drink strong drink or liquor. See Ben-oast.

OAS'TEYDER, s. m. an inn-keeper, a publican.

- OAST-RIC'K, s. m. a public or ale-house sign.
- OAS'TYS, s. f. what is sold by the publican, or perhaps the authority or licence whereby they are permitted to sell or retail. Vel ad shoh freayl oastys myleeaney ?
- OAYE, s. f. grave. See hymn book for this spellwhich would I think have been better; ing, as Oaie is used for front or face.
- OAYLL, s. m. a haunt, a place much frequented or used, usage.
- OAYLL, a. as in Gobbag-oayll, a species of dog fish, that stays on frequented places. J believe this to be the word, and not Gobbag-ghoal, as the fish is not blind.
- Dy ve OAYL'LAGH, v. to be accustomed, used of, usual; a. wonted, habitual, customary, usual, inured to by habit, acquired by long practice, acquainted with.

OAYLLAA'SHAGH, a. easy disposed, not violent. OAYL'LUSS, s. f. the science of botany.

Dty OAY'NOO, s. thy condition or plight found in. F

Dty OAYR, v. thy favour.

OAYRD OF OARD, s. f. a hammer; formerly applied to big and little, but now generally applied to a sledge hammer; pl. -YN, F

Dy OAYROI'L, adv. favourably.

Dy OAYS, s. of good, of goodness; Deu. x. 13. F OB, s. m. hops.

- OBAIH'A OF OBAIH'AGH, s. a word to call or frighten deer.
- OB or \*OBB, v. deny, refuse, disown ; -AGH, 77 -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.

Dy OB'BAL, v. to deny, refuse, forbid.

OB'BEE, a. d. of enchantment or sorcery.

OB'BEEYS, s. f. ariolation, enchantment, sorcery.

OB'BEYDER, s. m. a denier ; pl. - YN.

OB'BIT, 85. denied, refused, forbidden.

\*OBBR OF OB'BREE, v. WOIK ; -AGH, 77 ; -IN, 83; --- INS, 84; -- YM, 86; -- YMS, 87; -- YS, 88.

Dy OB'BRAGHEY, v. to work, to labour, to operate, to ferment, to toil.

OB'BREE, s. m. a worker, a workman; pl. - YN. OB'BRINAGH, s. m. a mechanic; pl. 71.

OB'BRIT, 85. wrought.

- OB'BYR, s. f. work, labour, toil, operation, ac-tion; pl. —AGHYN. Prov. "Obbyr laa yn ghuilley buigh or buee, obbyr laue," (manual).
- Oc, pro. their, them, they have, they had, &c.; as, yn vaagh oc (their beast), ny vud oc (among them), te oc (they have it), ve oc (they had it, &c.); -syn, id. em.

My \*ODD or ODDYS, v. if can, canst, could or couldst; -AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.

Dty OD'DEEAGHT, s. thy longing.

Dy OD'DID, s. of farness, remoteness. F

F

OE, s. m. f. a grandchild, a son or daughter of a son or daughter; pl. -GHYN.

OEN'YN, s. f. oxlip or cowslip.

OF'FISHEAR, s. m. an overseer, an officer; pl. -- YN.

OGH OT OCH. See Ugh.

OGHE, s. f. oven; pl. -YN. Prov. "Yn oghe gyllagh toyn losht da'n aiee."

OGH'ER, s. f. a key; pl. -YN.

OGH'LISH. See Achlish.

OGH'RISH, s. f. bosom ; pl. -YN.

Dy OGH'RISHEY, v. to embosom.

OGH'RISHIT, 85. embosomed.

OGH'SAN, s. f. rebuke, reproof; pl. -YN.

Ogh'sANAGH, a. reprehensible.

OGHT OF UGHT, s. f. the corn that a set of reapers cut at once through a field.

OGH'YR, s. f. the roe or spawn of fish; pl. -YN. OGH'YRAGH, a. d. of roe or spawn.

OI, pre. against; as, Dt' oi (against thee) -s, id. em.

OIE, s. f. night; pl. -GHYN.

OIE-IN'NYD, s. f. the night before Ashwednesday. Prov.-

" Oie-innyd bee dty volg lane

My jig laa caisht yiow traast son shen." Another:

" Oie mooie, as Oie elley sthie Olk son cabbil, agh son kirree mie."

- OIE'L OF EAIL, s. f. eve, even or vigil, the night preceding a feast or festival, whether the first or last of these is best, perhaps ought to partake of both ; as, Oielaa'l the eve or night of the festival.
- OIE-REHOL'LYS, s. f. a moon light night.

Yn OIE-NOGHT, s. f. this very night.

OIK, s. m. office; pl. -YN.

F

OIK'AN, s. m. an infant; pl. - YN. There is a pronunciation of this word on the south side : of the island Oinkan or Inkan.

OIK'ANAGH, a. infantile, infantine.

OIK'ANYS, s. f. infancy, first part of life.

E OIL or OILL, s. his fault or foible ; pl. -JYN. F

OIR or OIRR, s. m. edge, verge, the edge of any-

thing not sharp; the sharp edge is royr.	OM
OIR'RAG, s. f. a ridge or drill; pl YN.	Dy
OIRR-CRUIN'REY, s. m. the horizon.	ON
OIRR-MOOI'E, s. m. outside or edge, outer edge.	E
OIRR STHI'E, s. m. the inside edge or verge.	0'
Dy OIR'RYSEY, v. to chaff of the edge by tossing.	Dy
OIR'RYSIT, 85. chaft, the edge worn.	01
OLK, a. evil, bad, noxious, wicked.	ON
OLK, s. f. evil, injury, mischief.	ON
Dy OLK, adv. wickedly, badly.	ON
OLE'EV, a. pl. evil, bad, wicked.	t
OLK'ID, s. m. badness, evilness.	ON
OLK'YS, s. f. wickedness, iniquity, malignity,	ON
corruption of manners, moral, ill.	ON
OLK'YSSAGH, a. evil disposed, wickedly designed;	ON
s. m. an evil disposed person ; pl. 71.	ON
OL'LAGH, s. f. cattle. Though this word does	ON
not require the <i>pl</i> . article, it requires the <i>pl</i> . adjective.	ON
OL'LAGHAN, s. m. an angle, the angle on a	ON
hedge spade for the foot; plYN.	00
My OLL OF OLLYS, v. if hide; -AGH; -IN;	h
-INS; -YM; -YMS, 94. F	0
Dy OL'LAGHEY, v. to hide, to secrete.	00
OL'LAN, s. wool; plYN.	00
OL'LANAGH, a. woolly.	t
OL'LAY, s. f. a swan; pl. OLLEE.	8
OL'LEE, a. d. of cattle.	-
OL'LEY, a. d. of wool, woollen.	Dy
OL'LICK, s. f. Christmas; from Yule or Yulic,	00
Scotch, or Halg (holy), Saxon. Prov	00.
" Ollick vog Rhullie vea."	d
OL'LISH, s. f. sweat, perspiration; plYN.	00.
OL'LYM, S. m. alum.	Oo. ii
My OLM OF OLMEE, v. if empty; -AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94. F	00
Dy OL'MAGHEY, v. to empty. F	00
Yn OL'MEYDER, s. 111. the emptier. F	SI
E OL'MEYDYS, s. his vacancy.	001
E OL'MID s. his emptiness. F	-
Ro OL'MIT, 85. too emptied. F	001
OLT, s. f. an organ, a faculty of the body, a	001
member, a limb of the body ; plYN.	001
Dty OLT, s. the hair of thy head. F	001
OLT OF OLTEE, v. salute or give refreshment;	001
-A3H, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84;	001
-YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.	-
Dy OL'TAGHEY, v. to salute; Mark, xv. 18, to	-
receive; <i>Matt.</i> x. 4, to get the members or or- gans of the body refreshed by meat, drink or	Dy
sleep. Oltaghey ollee (a cattle salute, a fight).	001
OLTAGHEY-BEA', s. refreshment in life by being	001
brought to partake of meat, drink or sleep	001
which sustain nature ; Acts, xxviii. 7.	001
DL'TEE-JEE, v. salute ye, or give ye refreshment;	001
1 Peter, y. 14.	001
DL'TEY, s. m. a member of society a member of a body of people ; $pl.$ —NYN.	xl
DLTOO'AN, v. reproach, disgrace; -AGH, 77;	001
-EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 80;	EC
-YMS, 87; -YS, 88; s. m. a reproacher, &c.	001
OLTOO'ANAGH, a. reproachful, reproachable;	001
s. m. upbraider, one who reproaches; pl. 71.	Oot

Dy OLTOO'ANEY, v. to reproach, to upbraid. OLTOO'ANIT, 85. reproached, upbraided. OM'MIDAN, s. m. a fool; pl. -- YN.

OM'MIDJAGH, a. foolish.

Dy OM'MIDJAGH, adv. foolishly.

OM'MIDJYS, s. f. foolishness.

E ON'DID, s. his sufficiency.

O'NEY, a. innocent.

Dy O'NEY, adv. innocently.

O'NID, s. m. innocence.

ONNA'NE, s. f. a thistle; pl. -YN.

ONNA'NEAGH, a. thistly.

ONNANE-FRAN'AGH, s. f. the down or cotton thistle.

ONANE-VEEI'N OF -VUCK, s. f. the sow-thistle.

ONNANE-VOIR'REY, s. f. the cardus-thistle.

ON'NEE, s. f. Ann.

ON'NERAGH, a. honest.

ON'NERID', honesty.

ON'NOR, s. m. honour.

ONNOROI'L, a. honourable.

ONNOROI'LID, s. m. honourableness.

- Oo, pro. thou, sometimes thee and thy; as, hooar mee thie oo (I got thee home); oohene (thyself).
- OOASLE, a. worthy, noble, excellent, exalted, sublime, magnificent.
- OOASHL OF OOASH'LEE, v. worship, pay adoration, reverence, do homage; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, —YS, 88.

Dy OOASH'LAGHEY, v. to worship, to do homage. OOASH'LEE, a. d. of worship, &c.

OOASH'LEY, s. m. worship, adoration, honour, dignity, &c.

OOASH'LEYDER, s. m. a worshipper, &c; pl. -YN.

OOASH'LID OF OOASHLYS, s. f. excellency, eminency, dignity, nobleness.

OOASH'LIT, 85. worshipped, revered.

- OOAS'LEY, a. pl. worshipful, reverent, noble, sublime.
- Оон, s. f. an egg; an udder; pl. yN; latter, — GHYN.

Oon'AGH, a. oviparous.

OOHEN'E, pro. thyself.

OOH'EY, a. pl. eggs; a. d. of eggs.

Oold, s. f. a pit; pl. - YN.

OOIG'ANAGH, a. full of pits.

DOILL, s. f. oil; pl. — YN; v. oil or anoint; — AGH, 77; — EE, 80; — IN, 83; — INS, 84; — YM, 86; — YMS, 87; — YS, 88.

Dy OOIL'LAGHEY, v. to oil or anoint.

OOIL'LEY, a. all; s. m. all, the whole.

- OOIL'LEY AS ASS, adv. all and all; lit. all and out.
- DOILLEY COOID'JAGH, adv. altogether, quite.
- OOIL'LEYDER, s. m. one who oils or anoints.

OOILLEY-NIAR'TAL, a. almighty, omnipotent.

OOILLEY NIAR'TALYS, s. f. excellency; Job, xl. 10.

OOILLEY-TUSH'TAGH, a. all-knowing, omniscious. E OOIL'LIAGHT, s. his leavings.

Ooll'LIT, 85. oiled, anointed.

OOIR, s. f. earth, soil, mould.

OOIR, \*OOIRR, or OORREE, v. earth, mould; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.

F

Dy OOIR'RAGHEY, v. to earth or mould.

OOIR'REY, a. pl. earth, mound, soil.

OOIR'REY, a. d. of the earth or soil.

OOIR'REYDER, s. m. one who earths or moulds. OOIR'RIT, 85. earthed, moulded.

OO'LEY, s. m. estimation; Lev. vi. 6.

OO'LEYDER, s. m. an estimator; pl. -YN.

- Oo'LIT, 85. estimated; determined; Exod. xxi. 22; amerced; Deu. xxii. 19.
- OOL'LEE OF OOLEE, a. guilty, chargeable with crime.
- OOL'LEEID, s. guiltiness, conviction of guilt.
- \*OONL OF OONLEE, v. ablute, wash ; -AGH, 77 ; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- Dy OON'LAGHEY, v. to wash the body or parts thereof.
- OON'LAGHYN, s. pl. ablutions, lavations; Ooanlaghyn (washings), Heb. ix. 10.
- OON'LEE, a. d. of abluting or washing the body.

OON'LEY, s. m. an ablution, a lavation; pl. 67.

OON'LEYDER, s. m. an abluter; pl, -YN.

- OoN'LIT, 85. abluted, washed, eluted.
- OOR, s. f. an hour; pl. -AGHYN OF -YN. Oor, a. fresh, not salt.
- \*Oor or Ooree, v. freshen, make fresh ; -AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- Dy OO'RAGHEY, v. to refresh or freshen.
- OO'REE, a. d. of refreshing or freshening.

OO'REY, a. pl. fresh, not salt.

- OO'REYDER, s. m. a refresher; pl. -YN.
- OOREYDER-GREIN'EY, s. m. a sun-dial.
- OO'RIDAGH OF OO'RILTAGH, s. m. refreshment. Oo'RIT, 85. refreshed, freshened.
- OOYL, s. f. an apple; pl. -YN.
- OOY'LAGH, a. d. of apples.

Ooy'LEY, a. pl. apple, apples.

ORCH, s. f. orts, refuse; Lam. iii. 45; v. idem.; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.

Dy OR'CHAL, v. to make orts.

OR'CHIT, 85. made orts or refuse of.

- ORDAA'G, s. f. a thumb; pl. -YN.
- ORDAAG-CHAS's, s. f. a great toe; pl. ORDAAGYN-CASS.
- ORDAAG'AGH, a. clumsy in the fingers; a. d. of the thumb or thumbs.
- OR'RAGHEY, s. m. a shot. Generally applied to the shot of an arrow; as, Orraghey sidey; pl. 69.

OR'RIN, p. p. on us; -YN. id. em. OR'ROO, p. p. on them; -syn, d. em.

OR'ROO-SHID, p. p. on those.

OR'ROO-SHOH, p. p. on these.

OR'RYM, p, on me; -s, id. em.

OR'RYMPENE, p. on myself.

ORT, p. on thee ;-s, id. em.

Dty ORT, s. thy ability.

My \*Oshl or Oshlys, v. if open ; -AGH ; --IN: F -INS; -YM; -YMS, 94.

Dy Os'LEY, v. to open, to disclose.

- E Os'LEYDER, s. his opener or discloser. \*Osn or Osnee, v. sigh; -AGH, 77; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- Dy Os'NAGHEY, v. to sigh or sob.

Os'NEE, a. d. of a sigh or sob.

- Os'NEY, s. m. a sigh or sob.
- Os'NEYDER, s.m. one who sighs or sobs ; pl. -YN. OSNIT, 85. sighed ; as, teh osnit ass (he is sighed out).

OS'TYL, s. m. apostle, disciple ; pl. -YN.

OS'TYLLAGH, a. apostolic.

Os'TYLLYS, s. m. apostleship.

OU'RAL, s. m. a sacrifice, an offering; pl. -YN.

OU'RALLAGH, a. d. sacrificial, of a sacrifice.

Dy OU'RALLEY, v. to offer sacrifice.

- OU'RYS, s. f. suspicion ; drogh-ourys (suspicion of ill).
- OU'RYSSAGH, a. suspicious, suspecting; s. m. a suspicious person; pl. 71.

Ouw, s. f. the herb, marsh penny wort. Said to be injurious to sheep that eat it. Prov -"Cha nee tra ta'n cheyrrey gee yn ouw te cheet r'ee."

OUWATTA, in. ho, brave! Obsolete.

OUYR, a. dun, a dun colour.

OUY'RAGH, a. dunnish, dull, gloomy.

Yn OURR, s. the harvest; 2 Sam. xxi. 9. 10. F Yn Ow, s. the howe.

OYR, s. m. cause, reason, motive, occasion; pl. -YN.

- For its sound, see Remark 24 and 25. This letter like C and G, goes over the same words twice, to have the aspirate H in them.
- PAA or PAAGH, a. thirsty, athirst. The first is used in common conversation and in poetry, the latter in scripture.

PAAG, s. f. a kiss; pl. -- YN. v. kiss; -- AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.

PAA'GEY, v. kissing, salute by joining lips.

PAA'GEYDER, s. m. one who kisses.

PAA'GIT, 85. kissed.

PAAIE', s. f. Peggy.

PAAL, s. f. a pen, a coop; pl. - YN.

- PAARD OF PAART, v. part, depart; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- PAARDAI'L OF PAARTAIL, v. parting with, departing.

PAAR'DIT, 85. expired, departed.

PAART, s. m. some, part, part of.

PAA'YS, s. f. thirst; -SYN.

PA'BYR, s. m. paper; pl. — YN, v. paper; — AGH, 77; — EE, 80; — IN, 83; — INS, 84; — YM, 86; — YMS, 87; — YS, 88.

PA'BYRAL, v. papering.

F

F

F

PA'BYREY, a. pl. paper, a. d. of paper.

PABYR-CRAIT'NAGH, s. parchment.

PA'BYREYDER, s. m. a paperer; pl. - YN.

PA'BYRIT, 85. papered. PAD'JER, s. f. prayer; pl. -YN.

PAD'JERAGH, a. d. of prayer.

PAG'GAD, s. m. a packet; pl. -YN.

### PEE

PAG'GEY, s. m. a pack ; pl. 67.

- PAIRE, s. m. a park; pl. -YN.
- PAIT'CHAGH, a. childish. PAIT'CHEY, s. m. a child; pl. 69.
- PAITT, s. f. pest, pestilence, plague.
- PAIT'TAGH, a. pestilential, plaguy.
- PAIT'TOIL, a. pestilent, pestiferous.
- PAL'CHEY, s. m. plenty; pl. 67.
- PAL'CHEY, a. plentiful, plenteous.
- Dy PAL'CHEY, adv. plentifully, copiously.
- PAL'CHID OF PAL'CHYS, s. f. plenteousness;
- 1 Sam. xxv. 6.
- PANDOOG'H, v. panting, pant; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- PAN'NEY, s. m. a pan; pl. 67.
- PAN'NYS, s. f. penance; pl. -syn.
- PA'PAN, s. m. a pope ; pl. YN.
- PA'PANAGH, a. papistical, popish; s. m. a papist; pl. 71.
- PA'PANYS, s. f. popery.
- PARA'NE, s. f. a wild parsnip; pl. YN.
- PARDOO'N, v. pardon, remit; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- PARDOO'N, s. m. pardon, forgiveness; pl. --YN. PARDOO'NEY, v. pardoning, forgiving.
- PARDOO'NEYDER, s. m. a pardoner; pl. -YN.
- PARDOO'NIT, 85. pardoned, forgiven.
- PAR'GYS, s. m. paradise; pl. -YN.
- PA'RICK, s. m. Patrick; s. f. a small lobster; pl. -YN.
- PARLA'NE, s. m. Bartholomew. The festival of this saint is kept on the 24th of August. Prov. "Laa'l parlane, daa honn goll sy nane."
- PAR'TAN, s. f. a crab; pl. YN.
- PAR'TEAYS, s. m. f. a partner; pl. SYN.
- PASH, s. f. an earthen pan, a panmug, a potsherd; Pro. xxvi. 23.
- PASH'EYDER, s. m. a potter; pl. -YN.
- PA'TRAG, s. f. a partridge; pl, -YN.
- PEA'MAD, s. m. a pavement; pl. -YN.
- PEAJEO'G, s. m. f. a niggard, a miser; pl. YN. PEAJEO'GAGH, a. niggardly.
- PEAJEO'GYS, s. f. niggardliness.
- PEC'CAH, s. m. sin ; pl. PECCAGHYN.
- PEC'CAGH, s. m. a sinner; pl. 71.
- PECCOT'L, a. sinful, wicked, vile.
- PECCOIL'LYS, s. f. sinfulness.
- PED'DYR, s m. Peter. In general improperly pronounced *Peedyr*, the Manks of pewter.
- PEEAGHA'NE, s. a stuffing of the breath passage, a hoarseness, dyspnoea.
- PEEAGHA'NAGH OF PEEAGHA'NIT, a. stuffed up in the breath passage, so as not to be able to speak above the breath, hoarse.
- PEEAGH'EREE, s. caterwauling or cat rutting.
- PEE'DYR, s. m. pewter; pl. -YN.
- PEED'YRAGH, a. d. of pewter.
- PEE'GAGH, s. m. a large skate or ray fish, a thornback; pl. -- YN.
- PEEIKEA'R, &. m. a spy, a descrier; pl. YN. PREIKEA'RAGH, v. spying, descrying, prying.

- PEEIKEA'RYS, s. f. the craft or business of a spy. PEEK, s. f. the top of a gable.
- PEE'LEY, s. f. (from Pill,) a fortress, a pile or tower; pl. 67.
- PEE'OGE, s. f. a puny, petty, tiny thing; pl. --YN.
- PEESH, s. f. piece, part of the whole; pl. -YN; v. to put pieces together; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88. We could well do without this word. See Meer.
- PELL, s. m. the prominence of the belly.
- PEL'LAG, s f. a small division of something, generally applied to the division of a cart load in small heaps or parts; pl. - yN.
- PELT, s. m. the felt or skin; pl. -YN.
- PENE, pro. self, own. Hene changes to Pene after the letter m.
- PER'KIN, s. m. a prater, an impertinent, saucy fellow, a pragmatic; pl. - YN; Ecclesiasticus, XX. 8.
- PER'KINAGH, *a.* prating, pratling in matters not concerned in, pragmatical.
- PER'KINYS, s. f. prate, pragmaticalness.
- PER'KYN, s. f. a porpoise, a herring-hog; pl. 72. Yn pherkyn wooar (the great sea or herringhog).
- PER'REE, s. m. a short jacket without a tail; pl. -- YN.
- PERSOON', s. m. a person; pl. -YN.
- PERSOON'AGH, adv. in person, personally.
- PES'MAD, s. f. a parsnip; pl. -YN.
- PES'SON, s. m. a rector; pl. -YN.
- PES'SONAGH, a. d. of a rector.
- PES'SONYS, s. f. the office of a rector.
- \*\*\* The words preceding, under this letter, and those subsequent to the word *Phynnodderee*, would here all change from *p* to *ph*, but to avoid so much repetition a few only are given as examples. The verbs are all given; the preterit of each could not be shown without their insertion.
- Ro PHAA or PHAAGH, a. too thirsty.
- PHAAG, v. did kiss or kissed; -AGH; -EE; -IN; -INS; -IT; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. P
- Yn PHAA'GEYDER, s. the kisser. P
- PHAAIE, s. Peggy, voc. case. P
- PHAART OF PHAARD, v. did part or depart; -AGH; -EE; -IN; -INS; -IT; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. P
- E PHAA'ys, s. his thirst.
- PHA'BYR, v. did paper or papered; —AGH; —EE; —IN; —INS; —IT; —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94. P
- PHADEY'R, s. m. a prophet; pl. -YN. That this word is not initialled as it ought, see Adeyr.
- PHADEY'R-BEN, s. f. a prophetess.
- PHADEY'RAGH, a. d. of a prophet.
- PHADEY'RYS, s. m. prophecy.
- PHANDOO'GH, v. did pant or panted; —AGR; —EE; —IN; —INS; —IT; —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94. P
- PHARDOO'N, v. did pardon or pardoned; -AGH; -EE; -IN; -INS; -IT; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. P
- Un PHARICK, s. m. one Patrick. Prov. "Ta daa Pharick jannoo un ghimmagh." P
- Yn PHEC'CAGH, s. the sinner. This word and its radical are often used for person; as, Jer.

xliii. 6, and Acts, xiii. 11. It is generally sounded as if written Phy"agh, and the radi-P cal Py'agh. PHEESH, v. did piece or pieced; -AGH; -EE; -IN; -INS; -IT; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. P PHIAN, v. did pain or pained ; -- AGH ; -IN; -INS; -IT; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. P PHIB'BYR, v. did pepper or peppered; -AGH; -EE; -IN; -INS; -IT; -YM; -YMS; -ys, 94. PHIYR, v. did pair or paired; -AGH; -EE; -IN; P -INS; -IT; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. PHLAIYNT, v. did complain, &c.; -AGH; -EE; -IN; -INS; -YM; -IT; -YMS; -YS, 94. P PHLA'STYR, v. did plaster, &c.; -AGH; -EE; -IN; -INS; -IT; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. P PHLEAD, v. did plead or talk, &c.; -AGH; -EE; -IN; -INS; -IT; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. PHLOOGH, v. did smother or stifle, &c.; -AGH; -EE; -IN; -INS; -IT; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. PHLUCK, v. did pluck or pull; -AGH; -EE; -IN; -INS; -IT; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. P PHOINT OF PHOINSH, v. did appoint ; -AGH , &c., -YS, 94. PHOLLD, v. did uphold, &c.; -AGH; -IN; -YM; -YS, 94. P PHOLL, v. did mat or adhere; -AGH; &C. -IN; -YM; -YS, 94. PHOLT, v. did thump, thumped; -AGH, &c.; -YS, 94. PHOO'DYR, v. did powder, powdered ; -AGH, &c.; -ys, 94. PHOOSE, v. did marry, married; -AGH; -IN; -YM; -YS, 94. P PHREACH, v. did preach ; &c. - vs, 94. PHROW, v. did prove, try or experience, proved ; -AGH; -IN; -INS; -IT; -YM; -YMS; - YS, 94. Dy PHROW'AL, v. to prove, to depose, or swear on oath. P Yn PHROW'ALTAGH, s. the prover or deposer. P PHRYS'SOON, v. did imprison or incarcerate; -AGH, &c.; -YS, 94. PHUN'DAIL, v. did impound, &c.; -AGH; -IN; -YM; -YS, 94. PHUTT, v. did push, &c.; -AGH, &c.; -YS, 94. P PHUYT, a. d. of the pot or pots; as, cooid y phuyt. PHYNNOD'DEREE, s. m. a satyr; Isa. xxxiv. 14. That this word stands precisely in the same predicament as the word Phadeyr, there can be no doubt; derived from Fynney (hair or fur), and Oashyr or Oashyree (of stockings or hose); the name seems to imply that its hair or fur is its covering. PIAN, s. m. (sounded Peean,) pain; pl. -YN. I think that this word is nothing more than a corruption of the English, and could be well dispensed with. See Guin. PIAN'DAGH, a. painful; s. m. a person in pain; pl. 71. PIAN'EY, v. paining. PIAN'IT OF PIANT, 85. pained. PIB'BIN, s. f. a puffin ; pl. - YN. PIB'BYR, s. m. pepper; pl. -YN. PIB'BYRAGH, a. d. of pepper. PICE, s. f. pitch; Isa. xxxiv. 9; a pick-axe.

PICK-HALLOOI'N, s. f. slime, bitumen. PIEA'NAT, s. f. a magpie; pl. - YN or the at changed to -EE. PIG'OVL, s. f. pickle; pl. - YN. PIHTT, s. f. a woman's privity. PIL'LAGH, s. m. a pillow; Ez. xiii. 18; pl.-YN. PIN or \*PINN, s. f. a peg; Ez. xv. iii; pl. -AGHYN. PING, s. f. a penny ; pl. -YN. PIOB, s. a pipe, flute; pl. - YN. PIR'RAGH, s. f. a species of gull, pinquin; pl.71. PIS'HAG, s. f. a spell, conjuration. PIS'HAGAGH, a. incantatory, magical. PIS'HAGYS, s. f. magic, enchantment. PIS'HEYRAGH, v. whispering. PIS'HIN, s. m. a kitten; pl. - YN, or 72. PIS'HYR, s. f. peas or pease ; pl. -YN. PIS'HYRAGH, a. d. of peas. PIYR, s. f. a pair, a couple; pl. - YN; v. pair; -AGH, 77; -AL, 79, OF -EY, 82; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88. PIY'RIT, 85. paired, coupled. PLAASE, s. f. a palace; pl. - YN. \*PLAA'STR OF PLAA'STREE, v. plaster; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88. PLAASTRAI'L, v. plastering. PLAA'STREYDER, s. m. a plasterer; pl. - YN. PLAA'STRIT, 85. plastered. PLAA'STYR, s. m. plaster; pl. - YN. PLAG'GAD, s. m. oats, from the time it is in ear till threshed, has a right to be so called. It is always Corkey, but not Sheel till threshed and winnowed. PLAIYNT, s. complaint; pl. -YN; v. complain ; -AGH, 77; ---EE, 80; ---IN, 83; --INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88. PLAIYNT'AGH, s. m. a complainer; pl. 71. PLAIYNT'IT, 85. complained. PLEADEI'LYS, s. discourse, joint talk. PLEAT, s. m. prate, prattle, talk; v. idem.; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88. Prov.-"Boayl ta gioee ta keck, as boayl ta mraane ta pleat." PLEATEI'L OF PLEATEY, v. pleading, pratling, talking, prating. PLEA'TEYDER, s. m. a pleader, or prater. PLEA'TIT, 85. talked. PLOOGH, v. smother, stifle; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88. PLOOGHA'NE, s. f. a suffocating fume. PLOOGH'EYDER, s. m. a smotherer; pl. -YN. PLOOGH'IT, 85. smothered, stifled, suffocated. POA'GEY, s. m. a bag; pl. 67. POAN'REY, s. m. beans; pl. 67. POB'BLE, s. m. people, audience, population. Pod'dash, s. f. pottage; pl. - YN. Pop'JAL, s. f. a flagon, jug, urn ; Isa. xxii. 4. Pog'GAID, s. f. a pocket; pl. -YN. Pon, in. of dislike. POHLL, v. uphold, warrant, &c.; -AGH, 77: -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.

POHLL'DER, s. m. an upholder, &c.

POHLL'DIT, 85. upholden, warranted.

- POHLL, s. f. a pole stone; pl. --vN. Stones fastened to both ends of herring nets to sink them when fishing. One is called *Pohll y vaatey*, and the other *Pohll famman*.
- POHL'LINAGH, s. m. a mermaid, or rather a merman; pl. 71.
- POHN'NAR, s. m. a child grown between infancy and adolescence. There appears to be three stages before puberty, in the Manks language · Oikan, Pohnnar, and Scollag or Scoilg.
- POHT, s. m. a pot; pl. POIYT.
- POIN'NEE, a. stout, sturdy, stiff.

POIN'NEEID, s. m. stoutness, sturdiness.

- POINHT, s. a lace of leather or thong; pl. -YN.
- POINT OF POINSH, v. appoint, bid, or order; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- POINTEI'L, v. appointing, bidding.

POINT'IT, 85. appointed, bidden.

- POLL OF POHLL, v. prune, mat, or stick together; —ACH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- POL'LAGH, s. f. marsh parsnip.
- POL'LAL, v. pruning, cropping.
- POL'LAN, s. a saddle cloth, a cloth for the back of a horse; pl. -YN.
- POL'LEY, v. sticking together without weaving, as wool in a hat.

POL'LIT, 85. matted, stuck together.

- POLT, s. m. a blow, stroke, or thump; or perhaps it means the sound or report of a blow, shot, &c., more than the blow, &c. itself; v. strike, &c.; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- POL'TAL OF POL'TEY, v. striking, thumping, &c.
- POLTEY'DER, s. m. a thumper, &c.; pl. -YN.
- Pol'TIT, 85. thumped, struck.
- PONTREI'L, s. f. a plummet; 2 Kings, xxi. 13.
- POOAR, s. m. power, puissance, authority; pl. —AGHYN; token, warrant; pl. —YN; vel pooar ec yn eayst (does the moon shine).
- POOA'RAGH, a. d. of power or might.
- POOA'RAL, a. powerful, mighty, puissant.
- POOAR-GIOA'L, s. m. an execution.
- Poo'dyr, s. m. powder; pl. YN.
- Poo'DYR OF POODYREE, v. powder of dust; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 36; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- Poo'DYRAL, v. powdering.
- POO'DVRIT, 85. powdered, dusted.
- POOI'SHEE, s. f. a posy, a flower.

POOINT, s. pl. pots.

- Poos or Poose, v. marry, wed, wive; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- Poo'sEE, a. d. of marriage, matrimonial, conjugal.
- POO'SEY, s. m. a marriage, a wedding; pl. 67; v. marrying, wedding.
- POO'SEVDER, s. m. one who marries.
- Poost, 85. married, wedded.
- POOTCH, s. a pouch; pl. -YN.
- POOT'CHAGH, a. poutish, sullen, sulky.

- POOT'CHID, s. m. sullenness, sulkiness.
- Pos'san, s. m. a parcel. Generally applied to sheep.
- Pos'TYR, s. f. a scold, a bully; Ecclesiasticus xxvi. 27.
- POUINC, s. pl. laces, strings, thongs.
- POYLL, s. f. puddle, pool.
- PRAD'DAG. Psl. lxxviii. 46. See Braddag.
- PRASH, s. m. brass; pl. -YN.
- PRA'SHEY, a. d. of brass, brazen.
- PRA'SHEYDER, s. m. a brazier; pl. -YN.
- PRA'SHIT, 85. brazed, lined with brass.
- PRAYLL, v. pray, praying. I have inserted this word although not without an objection. See conclusion of introduction, page 15.
- PREACH, v. preach, publish a religious oration.
- PREACHEI'L, v. preaching.
- PREACHOO'R, s. m. a preacher; pl. -YN.
- PREA'CHIT, 85. preached.
- PREIS OF PREAYS, s. f. pressure of business; Mark, ix. 25.
- PREIS'SAL, v. pressing.
- PREM'EE, s. f. a necessary or privy.
- PRIN'DEVS, s. m. f. an apprentice; pl. SYN.
- PRINJEIG', s. f. paunch, the belly tripe; pl. -YN.
- PRIOS, s. m. price; Gal. pl. -YN.
- PRISE, s. f. a fulcrum; pl. —YN.; v. raise by lever on a fulcrum; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —YM, 86; —YS, 88.
- PRI'SAL, v. raising by lever and fulcrum.
- PRI'SIT, 85. raised by lever.
- PROW, v. prove, try, evince; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- PROW'AL, s. m. proof, experience, deposition; pl. — YN; v. proving, trying, deposing.
- PROW'ALTAGH, s. m. a prover, a deposer ; pl. 71.
- PROW'ALTYS, a. probatory, probationary.
- PROW'ALYS, s. f. probation, trial.
- PROW'IT OF PROWT, 85. proved, deposed, tried.
- PRUGH, v. hoard; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —YM, 86; —YS, 88.
- PRUGH'AG, s. m. a hoarder, a miser; pl. -YN. Pro. "Tasht prugag as ee lughag."
- PRUGH'IT, 85. hoarded.
- PRYSSOO'N, s. m. a prison; v. imprison; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- PRYSSOO'NAGH, s. m. a prisoner; pl. 71.
- PRYSSOO'NEY, v. imprisoning.
- PRYSSOO'NEYDER, s. m. one who imprisons.
- PRYSSOO'NIT, 85. imprisoned.
- PUCK'LER, s. m. a snug farmer on a small farm. PUDDA'SE, s. f. a potato; pl. -YN.
- PUHT OF PUIT, v. push; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS 88.
- PUHT'TAGH OF PUIT'TAGH, a. pushing, apt to push.
- PUH'TEY, v. pushing.
- PUH'TEYDER, s. m. a pusher.
- PUH'TIT, 85. pushed.
- PUID'DIHN, s. f. pudding ; pl. PUIDDEEYN.
- PUIHE, in. away cow, begone cow.
- PUILL, s. pl. pools, puddles; pl. of poyll.

PUINT, s. pl. pounds; pl. of punt.

PUIRT, s. pl. harbours, ports, havens.

Puiss, s. f. a cheek ; pl. -YN.

PUNDAIG', s. f. a hard stem of grass; pl. -YN. PUNDAIG'AGH, a. having hard stems.

PUNDAI'L, s. a pinfold or pound; v. impound; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.

PUNDAI'LEYDER, s. m. an impounder; pl. --YN. PUNDAI'LIT, 85. impounded.

- PUNT, s. m. a pound, 20 shillings; pl. see Puint; a small yawl or boat; pl. -YN.
- PURT, s. f. port, harbour, haven. The best pl. of this word is puirt, but in scripture it is purtyn.

PUR'TEY, a. d. of a port or harbour.

- PURT-NOO-MOIR'REY, s. Port St. Mary. This safe and excellent harbour, which has been greatly improved of late years by the building of a new quay, no doubt took its name from a Catholic Chapel which formerly stood adjacent thereto, called St. Mary's, now razed from the foundation.
- PURT-NY-HIN'SHEY OF INNYSEY, s. Peel, literally, the harbour of the Island—the town and harbour of Peel. Some say that this word is derived from ny hinshley, (the low situation); others, from ny ynsee (the seat of the literate): but it is obviously from inch or innys (an Island), the genitive article ny changes inch to hinch and ey; in that case, the harbour of the Peel Island.
- PURT-SHEEA'RAN OF SHEEAR AYN, s. Port Erin, the most western port or harbour of the Island, now generally called Port Iron.
- Puss, s. f. cheek. See also Puiss; pl. --YN. v. puff; --AGH, 77; --EE, 80; --IN, 83; --INS, 84; -- YM, 86; --YMS, 87; --YS, 88.
- PUS'SAGH, a. having fat or chubbed cheeks, choleric, puffy.
- PUS'SAL OF PUS'SEY, v. getting swelled in the cheeks with choler.

Py, s. f. a pie; pl. -AGHYN.

**Py'AGH OF** P'AGH, s. m. a person. No doubt this is a contraction or a corruption of *peccagh* (a sinnner), which see; it is used in common talk, and with some propriety when in opposition to *baugh*, as *Py'agh ny baagh*.

PyHT, in. pshaw, of contempt.

PYLE, s. f. a sharp pointed iron or ferrule on an arrow, an emeroid; pl. - YN.

PYNJOUIRYN, s. pl. pincers.

PYNT, s. m. a pint ; pl. - YN.

PYNT'ERAGHT, v. pinting, drinking pints.

Рузноо'л, s. m. poison; pl. — ул; v. poison; — AGH, 77; — ЕЕ, 80; — IN, 83; — INS, 84; — УМ, 86; — УМS, 87; — УS, 88.

Pyshoo'NAGH, a. poisonous, pernicious.

PYSHOO'NEY, v. poisoning.

- PYSHOO'NEYDER, s. m. one who poisons.
- PYSHOO'NIT, 85. poisoned.

This letter for its sound see Remark 26, and for its changes see 54, 159, and 160. QUAAON, a. gruff, sour, torvous, morose, sullen, sulky, estranged, alien; Psl. lxix. 8.

QUAAGHEY, v. getting gruff or gloomy.

QUAAIL, v. to meet, to confront on meeting.

QUAAL'LAGH, a. of or belonging to a court.

QUAAL'TAGH OF QUAL'TAGH, s. m. one who meets; pl. 71. Pro. xvii. 12. Hos. xiii. 8. The first person met on New Year's Day, or on going on some new work, &c. A company of young lads or men, generally went in old times on what they termed the Qualtagh, at Christmas or New Year's Day to the house of their more wealthy neighbours; some one of the company repeating in an audible voice the following rhyme:-

"Ollick ghennal erriu as bleïn feer vie, Seihll as slaynt da'n slane lught thie; Bea as gennallys eu bio ry-cheilley, Shee as graih eddyr mraane as deiney; Cooid as cowryn, stock as stoyr. Palchey phuddase, as skaddan dy-liooar; Arran as caashey, eeym as roayrt; Baase, myr lugh, ayns uhllin ny soalt; Cadley sauchey tra vees shiu ny lhie, As feeackle y jargan, nagh bee dy mie."

When this was repeated, they were then invited in to partake of the best that the house could afford.

- QUAAL'TYS or QUAL'TYS, s. f. a meeting, an interview; Psl. lxxxv. 10.
- QUAIVL, s. m. a court, a place where justice or judgment is administered, perhaps called so because people have to confront the judge or oneanother; pl. —vn.
- QUAIYL-ARDREIL'TA 3H, s. m. the chancery court. This has no doubt been corrupted to what you hear Quaiyl-andrailagh; some say the latter is from Quaiyl-wandrailagh (the wandering court), but I prefer the first.

QUAIVL-THEA'Y, s. f. the common law.

QUAL'LIAN, s. m. a cub, a pup or whelp; pl. - YN. QUAL'LIANAGH, a. d. of a cub or whelp.

QUAL'TEY, v. meeting, coming face to face.

QUAL'TIT, 85. met, assembled.

QUE, pro. what. Now written Cre.

QUEEL OF QUEEYL, s. f. a wheel; pl. - YN.

QUEEVL'AGH, a. d. of a wheel or wheels.

QUEEYL'LAGH, s. f. a band or bandage; pl. 72. This word is seldom used for any thing but the band of a sheaf; it ought to be the Manks of felloe.

QUEEYL'LAGHEY, v. binding, wheeling.

QUEEYL'LEYLER, s. m. a wheelwright, a binder. QUEEYL'LIT, 85. wheeled, bound.

QUEIG, a. five; pl. -YN. Latin quinque.

QUEIG-JEI'G, a. fifteen.

QUEIG AS FEE'D, a. twenty-five or more, lit. five and twenty.

QUEIG-JEI'GOO OF QUEIGOO-YEIG, a. fifteenth. QUEI'GOO, a. the fifth.

QUIG'GAL, s. f. the distaff, the lint or tow put on the distaff to spin; pl. - YN.

QUIG'GALAGH, a. d. of or belonging to a distaff or the lint or flax on the distaff.

QUING, s. f. a yoke, a swingletree.

QUIR, s. See Cuir.

Quoi, pro. who, whom, which, whose.

QUOI EC TA FYS, p. who knows.

QUOIE or QUAINE, s. (from Quaagh) estranged alien people, strange people.

QUOI-ERBEE', pro. whoever, whosoever, whomsoever.

QUOIP, s. f. a woman's cap, or head-dress; pl. -YN, OF QUOIVYN.

QUOI'NEY. See Coiney.

R

- This letter is one of the immutables in the Manks language, and changeth not; neither do many words from other letters come under it, except a few from F where R is second letter.
- RAA, s. m. a saying; pl. -GHYN.
- RAA-CREE'NEY, s. m. a wise saying, a proverb; pl. RAAGHYN-CREENEY.
- RAAD, s. m. a road, way, vent; adv. where; v. ride at anchor, to give way; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- RAAD'EE. a. d. of anchorage.

RAAD'EY, v. anchoring.

- RAA-DOR'RAGHEY, s. m. dark saying, a riddle; Jud. xiv. 12 and 15.
- RAAH, s. m. report, prosperity; Psl. lxxiii. 3.
- RAAI'DYN, s. pl. roads, ways ; Job. xiii. 27.

RAA'IT, 85. said, spoken.

- RAA-KEEAVL'LAGH, s. m. a maxim, an adage.
- RAA'LISH, s. m. loose, empty talk; pl. YN.
- RAANE, s. m. bail, surety, guarantee; pl. RAANTEEYN OF RAANTEENYN; 2 Chron. XXV 24.

RAANTEE'NYS, s. f. suretiship.

RAA-OI'LAGH, a. proverbial.

- \*RAAU or RAAUE, v. warn, admonish ; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- RAAUE, s. m. a warning, a caution; pl. -YN.
- Fer RAAU'EE OF RAAUEVDER, s. m. a warner, an admonisher, a monitor; pl. of the former Fir, of the latter -YN.

RAAU'IT, 85. warned, admonished.

RAD'LING, s. m. pales, railing; Ecclesiasticus, xxii. 18.

RAG, s. m. a short storm; pl. -- YN.

RAG-RAN'NEE, s. m. an arch rogue.

RAGH, v. would go; Cha Ragh (would not go).

RAG'HIDEY, a. able to go or walk about.

RAGH'IN, p. I would go.

RAGH'INS, p. id. em. See Ro'in.

RAGH'TAL, a. rash, violent.

- RAGH'TALID, RAGH'TALYS, OF RAGHLID, s. m. rashness, violence.
- RAGH'TANYS, s. f. rigour; pl. YN.
- RAH, s. m. a hago, funk, a strong smell; it is also used for a strong taste.
- RAH'AGH, a. rammish; strong scented.
- RAHOI'L OF RAA-OIL, a. famous, successful; Ecclesiasticus, xx. 9.
- RAH'GYL, S. f. the herb horseradish, poorman's pepper.

RAI'EE, s. f. a quarter of a year.

RAIGH, s. f. a rein; pl. - YN. This word was formerly applied to the reins or ropes from the horse gear to the harrow.

- RAINE, v. did arrive or arrived.
- RAIP, v. rend, tear, lacerate; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; -YS, 88.

RE

RAIPEE, a. d. of rending or tearing.

RAIP'EY, s. m. a rent or tear; v. rending, &c.

RAIP'EYDER, s. m. a render, a tearer ; pl. -YN.

- RAIP'IT, 85. rent, torn, lacerated.
- RAIP-ROAYRT, s. f. a spring tide that tears things away.
- \*RAIS OF RAISE, v. grope, move slowly; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- RAI'SEY, v. groping, moving slowly.
- RAI'SEY, s. m. a grope, a move, as in the dark; pl. 67.
- RAI'SEYDER, s. m. one who gropes.
- RAI'SIT, S5. groped, stirred.

RAIS'TYL, s. m. a rake; pl. -YN.

- RAIS'TYLAGH, a. rakish, dissolute.
- RANG'AN, s. m. a worn out animal; pl. YN.
- RANK, s. f. France.
- RANK, a. high or rapid in growth, luxuriant, rapid, hasty growth. Whether the Manks or the English can lay the best claim to this word I cannot decide, but I believe the Manks to be a much older language.
- RANK'ID OF RANKYS, s. rankness, luxuriance, exuberance, hastiness, rapidity.
- RAN'NEE, s. m. a roguish fellow, a wag.
- RAP, s. m. a counterfeit, a base coin; a little rogue,
- RASS, s. m, seed; pl. -YN or -INYN. Phrase, Rass as cass.
- RASS, v. rip, undo a sewing ; -AGH, 77 ; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.

RASS'AG OF REEASSAG, s. f. a creel.

- RAS'SEY, s. m. a rip, a rent in the seam ; pl. 67 ; v. ripping, undoing a sewing, undoing any work.
- RAS'SEYDER, s. m. a ripper, a render of work.
- RASST OF RAST, 85. ripped.
- RAS'TAGH, a. gusty, squally, rapidity of wind, windy, boisterous; Mat. xiv. 30.
- RASTAN'E, s. m. an uncultivated piece of land.
- RASTA'NAGH, a. uncultivated, unimproved by tillage.

RASTA'NID, s. m. uncultivation.

- RAS'TID, s. m. gustiness, squalliness.
- RATCH, s. m. a run. It might have been the original Manks of race, but it is now only generally applied to a run or race before a jump; pl. -YN; v. -AGH, 77; &c.
- RATCH'AL, v. making runs.
- RATCH'EYDER, s. m. a runner of short runs.
- RATCH'IT, 85. run or pulled quickly.

RAUE, s. f. Rome.

- RAUE'AGH, a. Romish.
- RAUE, a. d. of the stroke of an oar, or rowing. RAUGH, a. a light red colour.
- RAUN, s. f. a seal, a sea-calf; pl. -TEEYN or -YN; Lam. iv. 3.

RAY. See Re.

RE, s. f. the moon, one of the names of the moon; the same word which the Rev. Wm. Shaw gives in his Gaelic dictionary for moon ;

moon; although the translators of the Bible have written it Ray, Isa. 1x. 19, the same as a ray of light.

RE-HOL'LYS VOOAR Y N'OUYR, s. f. the great harvest moonlight, called so from the moon's rising about or near the same time for a week successively, at the time of full, caused by the situation of the earth and moon at or after the autumnal equinox.

RE-HOL'LYS VOOAR NY GABBYL, s. f. the moonlight that immediately follows the former.

RE, v. is, as; dy re (that is); Hymn Book.

REA, s. m. a ram, a tup; pl. -GHYN.

REA, a. even, level, plain, smooth.

- REA'DAN, s. f. a windpipe; a sharp puff or blast of wind; pl. - YN.
- REAGH, a. ruttish, wanton, merry, sportive, lecherous.
- REAGH OF REALE, v. disentangle, decide, clear; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.

REAGH'EE, a. d. of disentanglement, clearance.

REAGH'EY, s. m. decision, disentanglement; pl. 67; v. unravelling, clearing, disentangling, deciding.

REAGH'EYDER, s. m. a decider, &c.; pl. -YN.

REAGH'YS, s. f. decision; settlement.

REATD, s. m. wantonness, merriment, sport, mirth, lecherousness.

REA'-ID, s. m. smoothness, evenness.

- My REAIL'LYS, v. if keep or if shall or will keep; Acts. xv. 29. This word is differently written in 1 Kings, ix. 4. F
- REAISH, s. f. a span; pl. -- YN. This word, no doubt, ought to be the Manks of cubit.

REA'IT, 85. decided, disentangled, unravelled, cleared, settled.

REA'JAGH, a. orderly, correct, discreet.

REAJID OF REAJYS, s. discretion, order.

Dy \*REAYLL OF REAYLLEY, v. to keep, to preserve; —AGH; —IN; —INS; —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94. F

REAYLT. See Ben-reaylt.

- REAYRT OF REAYRTYS, s. m. view, extention of sight, reach of view.
- REA'ys, a. riggish, tupping, wanting the tup or ram.
- RECORT', v. record, register; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.

RECORT'EY, v. recording, registering.

- RECORT'IT, 85. recorded, registered.
- RECORT'YS, s. f. a record, a register; pl. SYN. RECORT'YSSER, s. m. a recorder, a registrar;
- pl. -- YN; 1 Kings, iv. 3.

RECORTYS-KIL'LAGH, s. f. church register.

RED, s. m. a thing; pl. —DYN. Nhee is nearly syn. with this word, but there are words that nhee will not agree with; as, un red (one thing); un nhee, red elley, nhee elley, the nhee does not sound so agreeably with these. Prov. "Ta'n red ta goit dy mie,

Ny share na'n red ta jeant dy mie." And,

"Cha nee eshyn ta red beg echey ta boght, Ayh eshyn ta geearree mooarane."

RED-HE'NE, s. m. the thing itself.

REE, s. m. king; pl. -AGHYN OF -GHYN.

R'EE, adv. p. to her, unto her; -ISH, id. em.

- REEALL, v. wriggle, cleanse corn; —AGH, 77; --EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; --YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- REEAL'LEY, v. wriggling, cleansing corn in a sieve; Jer. iv. 11, and Amos, ix. 9.

REEAL'LEYDER, s. m. a wriggler; pl. -YN.

REEAL'LIT OF REEALT, 85. wriggled.

REEAN, s. m. a rattle or tightness in the breast or chest, a difficulty in breathing.

- REEAST OF REEASTA'NE, s. m. a rough, uneven, uncultivated piece of ground; pl. — YN.
- REEAST'AGH, a. coarse, rude, uneven, rough; when applied to cloth having large and small threads; when applied to land having hillocks and hollows.
- REEAST'ID, s. m. unevenness, coarseness, roughness.
- REEAYL'LAGH, s. m. anything thinly scattered or spread; pl. - YN.
- REE'JEREY, s. m. regent prince, vicegerent, prince; Hos. iii. 4; pl. 67.

REEN, a. tough, rop, vicid, gluey.

- REEN OF REENEE, v. toughen, to get tough; -AGH, 77; -YS, 88.
- Dy REE'NAGHEY, v. to toughen, get tough.

REE'NEY, a. pl. tough, ropy, &c.

REE'NEYDER, s. m. something that toughens. REE'NID, s. m. toughness, &c., hard to be chewed.

REE'NIT, 85. toughened, &c.

- REEOI'L, kingly, royal, regal.
- REERI'AGHT, s. m. kingdom; pl. -YN.

REESHT, adv. again; -AGH, id. em.

RE'GIRYN. See Reyggyryn.

- Cha Rec'GYR, v. not reply, or not do a required act; —AGH; —EE; —IN; —INS; —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94. F
- Dy REG'GYRT, v. to reply or do something required to be done, to response. F
- REIH, s. m. choice; *pl.* REIGHYN; v. choose; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88. Reih as teigh (pick and choice).
- REIH'DER, s. m. a chooser; pl. -YN.
- REIH'IT OF REIHT, 85. chosen. Cloan reiht (the elect).
- REILL, s. m. rule, reign; pl. --YN; v. rule, reign, govern; --AGH, 77; --EE, 80; --IN, 83; --INS, 84; --YM, 86; --YMS, 87; --YS, 88.

REILL or REIL'LEY, v. governing.

REILLT, 85. ruled, governed.

REIL'TAGH, s m. a ruler, a magistrate ; pl. 71.

REIL'TYS, s. f. rule, government.

REIN. See Ben-rein.

REIR OF RERE, according to, to the utmost of, as far, as far as possible.

REI'REY, v. reaching, extending.

- REIS, s. m. race; pl. YN. Gael.
- REM'LAD, s. m. a remnant, a narrow stripe of cloth, &c.; pl. - YN.
- REN, v. did, didst; the preterit of Jean.

RENAI'G, s. f. a hair, one hair ; pl. -YN.

RENAI'GAGH, a. hairy, having hairs.

RESH, a. d. of seed; as, arroo resh (seed corn); snaie resh (the vital thread).

- Resoo'n, s. m. reason, rationality; pl. -- YN. v. reason; -- AGH, 77; -- EE, 80; -- IN, 83; -- INS, 84; -- YM, 86; -- YMS, 87; -- YS, 88.
- RESOO'NAGH, a. reasonable, rational.
- RESOO'NEY, v. reasoning, arguing.
- RESOO'NEYDER, s. m. a reasoner, an arguer.
- RESOO'NIT, 85. reasoned.
- RESOW'IR OF RESOWR, s. m. a receiver; pl. YN. REUE, adv. p. before you or ye, or go ye, begone; —ISH, id. em.
- REUEHE'NE, adv. p. before yourselves.
- REU'ID OF REU'RID, s. m. fatness, fat; Psalm, xvii. 10.
- REUYR OF ROUYR, v. dig, delve, root; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- REUY'REY, v. digging, delving, rooting.
- REUY'REYDER, s. m. a digger; pl. -YN.
- REUY'RIT, 85. dug, delved, rooted.
- REY, done, done with, a total failure; Rev. xviii. 14; Hymn, 76.
- REYG'GYRYN, s. pl. a few, some few; Zec. xi. 11.
- REYNN. See Rheynn; Exod. xv. 9, and Acts, xiii. 19.
- RHEAM OF REAM, s. m. realm; pl. YN.
- RHEA'MYS, s. room, space, extent.
- RHEA'MYSSAGH, a. roomy, spacious, extensive, capacious.
- RHEA'MYSSID, s. m. roominess, spaciousness.
- RHEN'NAGH, s. f. fern; pl. 72.
- RHEN'NEE, a. d. of fern.
- RHE'SAR, s. f. razor; pl. -YN.
- RHEYNN, v. divide, distribute; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88; s. m. a division, a distribution; pl. —YN.
- RHEYN'NEYDER, s. m. a divider; pl. -YN.
- RHEYN'NIT, 85. divided, distributed.
- RHEYRT OF RHEYR'TYS. See Reayst.
- RHEYR'TYSSAGH, a. within the reach of sight or view.
- RHOL'LAN, s. f. a whirler, spool, a nave; pl. --YN; sheeves; 1 Kings, vii. 33.
- RHOL'LANAGH, a. having spools, &c.
- RHUM, s. m. room, apartment; pl. -YN.
- RHUM-AAR'LEE, s. m. a kitchen.
- RHUM'BYL, s. m. the edge or skirt of a loose garment; Num. xv. 38.
- RHUMSAA', s. f. Ramsey, a town in the parish of Maughold.
- RHUS'AG, s. f. an amulet; pl, -YN.
- RHYM, p. p. to me, unto me; -s, id. em.
- RHYM'BIU, adv. p. before you or ye; —ISH, id. em.
- RHYM'BOO, adv. p. before them; hie ad rhymboo (they went away or on before them); -syn, id. em.
- RHYT, p. p. to thee, unto thee; -s, id. em.
- RIB'BAG, s. f. a piece, part, or parcel rent or torn off from something.
- RIB'BEH OF RIB'BEY, s. f. a snare, trap, or gin, something to entrap unwarily; pl. 76.
- RIB'BEYDER, s. m. an ensnarer, a fowler; Pro. vi. 5; pl. — YN. See also *Eeanleyder*.

- ROA
- RIBL OF RIB'IL, v. ripple; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS 88.
- RIB'LAS, s. m. a lath under the scraw of a thatched house; pl. —syn. See also Thooane. RIB'LEY, v. rippling.
- RIB'LEYDER, s. m. a rippler; pl. YN.
- RIB'LIT, 85. rippled.
- RICK, s. m, a satisfactory answer; a resolve uniformity of rule, a steady determined manner, settled rule; pl. - YN.
- RIEAU, s. m. ever, the ever that is past; rieau er dy henney (ever since); er dy rieau (from everlasting); cha row rieau (never was).

RIEUGH, a. real, not imaginary.

RIF'TAN, s. m. a refused person, a worthless fellow; pl. — YN.

RIG'GAN, v. rut; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -YS, 88. RIG'GANEY, v. rutting.

- RIG'GYL, s. m. a ram half castrated ; pl. -YN.
- RIM'LAGH, s. f. a fishing line; pl. 72.
- RIM'LEE, a. d. of a fishing line.
- RIMMEI'G, s. f. a weal, a stripe, a streak, a mark made in the skin by the blow of a whip or rod, &c.; pl. — YN; v. to make weals, &c.; — AGH, 77; — EE, 80; — IN, 83; — INS, 84; — YM, 86; — YMS, 87; — YS, 88.
- RIM'MEY, s. m. a rim, a ledge; pl. 67; 1 Kings, vii. 36.
- RIM'MEI'GAGH, a. having weals, stripes, or streaks.
- RIMMEI'GEYDER, s. m. one who makes weals, streaks, &c.
- RIMMEI'GIT, 85. streaked, striped, variegated.
- RING, s. f. a verse, a subdivision ; Gael.
- RIN'KYN or ROANKYN, s. pl. things separated or scattered from the main body.
- RIO, s. m. frost, ice; pl. GHYN; v. freeze, coagulate; -AGH, 77; — EE, 80; — YS, 88.
- RIO'EE, a. d. of frost or ice.
- RIO'EEAGH, a. frosty, icy.
- RIO'DER, s. m. a freezer; pl. -YN.
- RIO'JIT, 85. frozen, coagulated.
- RISH, adv. p. with, by, unto him, with him; -YN, id. em.
- RISH-HENE, p. p. to himself, with himself.
- E RIT'LAG, s. his rag; pl. -YN.
- E RIT'LID, s. his raggedness.
- RIU, p. p. to you, unto you or ye; dy ghoaill riu (to receive you); Luke, ix. 5; —ISH, id. em.
- RIU'RID, s. f. fatness, fat. It is contracted to Riu'id, and also used for thickness or largeness in circumference ; pl. - yN.
- RIYR, adv. last night, yester-night.
- Ro, adv. too; from Rouyr or Rour, too much; rocreoi (too hard). There is another ro (before) as, rolaue (before hand), this latter is from roish.
- ROA, s. m. a row; pl. —GHYN; v. to set in row; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- ROA'GHEY, v. making in rows.
- ROA'GAN, s. f. a scollop ; pl. -YN.
- ROA'IT, 85. rowed.
- ROAYRT OF ROAET, s. f. the spring tide, a great flow of any thing; pl. —YN; vel y roayrt ec y vullagh (is the spring at the height)? Prov. "Lurg roayrt hig contraie."

F.

F

- ROAUY'RAGH, s. m. f. a fat one. This word is seldom used, but I find the plural in Zec. xi. 16
- ROAUY'REY, a. pl. fat, thick.

ROAUN OF ROAUYN. See Raun.

ROB'BEE, s. f. a ruffle pl. -YN.

- Rock, v. cockle, pucker; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- ROCK'EY, s. m. a pucker, &c.; pl 67; v. cockling, puckering.

ROCK'EYDER, s. m. one who cockles, &c.

ROCK'IT, 85. cockled, puckered.

- RODDAG, s. f. a very coarsely woven creel, or straw rope net work.
- ROD'DAGAGH, s. m. moor gall ; pl. -YN.
- ROD'DAN, s. f. a rat; pl. -YN.
- RO'EE, p. p. before her ; -ISH, id. em.
- Roï, adv. reserved for, provided for or against.
- ROI'BAGE OF ROBAIG, s. f. a wisker; pl. -YN.
- Role, v. run, running, ran; AGH, 77; EE, 80; — IN, 83; — INS, 84; — YM, 86; — YMS, 87; — YS, 88.
- Ro'ïe, adv. before now ; Sam. xvii. 30.
- ROIE'DER, s. m. a runner ; pl. -YN.

ROTEHEN'E, p. p. before herself .

ROIE-FOL'LEY, s. the bloody flux.

Roig, s. f. the King's evil.

- ROIGHT, 85. run through.
- ROIH, s. f. an arm ; pl. -AGHYN.
- Ro'in, p. before us; -yn, id. em.
- Roïn, p. I would go; -s, id. em.
- ROINHEN'E, p. p. before us, before ourselves.
- ROISH, adv. before, anterior, before him; -- YN, id. em.
- ROISH-HEN'E, p. p. before himself.
- ROISH Y THOOIL'LEY, a. antideluvian.
- Roïr, 85. run, cast, melted, molten; 1 Kings, vii. 33.
- ROLAU'E, adv. before, beforehand.
- ROLAUE'ID OF ROLAUEYS, s. m. anticipation, the act of being before hand.
- Roll or Rowl, v. roll; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- Rol'LAG, s. f. the hollow an oar works in on the gunwale of a boat; pl. - YN.
- ROLLA'GE, s. f. a star; pl. -YN.
- ROLLA'GEAGH, a. starry ; Cant. vi. 4.
- ROLLAE'GYDAGH, s. m. an astrologer, an astronomer; pl. 71.
- ROLLAE'GYDYS, s. f. astrology, astronomy.
- ROL'LEY, s. f. a roll ; pl. 67.

ROL'LEYDER, s. m. a roller; pl. - YN.

ROL'LIT, 85. rolled.

RO'MANAGH, s. m. a Roman ; pl. 71.

RON'NEEAGHT OF RONNIAGHT, s. m. reverie or revery, ribaldry, a foolish song, ranting talk, raving in drink, &c.; Job, xxx. 9; pl. — YN.

RON'NEY, s. m. a portion, share, division ; pl. 67.

- \*Rons or Ronsee, v. search, ransack, rummage; —AGH, 77; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- RON'SAGH OF RONSAGHEY, v. searching, ransacking, rummaging.

RON'SEY, s. m. a search, a ransack ; pl. 67.

RON'SEYDER, s. m. a searcher, &c. ; pl. -YN.

Ron'sir, 85. ransacked, searched.

- Roo, p. p. to them, with them, unto them; -syn, id. em.
- Roo, s. m. a ruff; pl. -GHYN.
- ROO-HEN'E, p. p. to themselves.
- ROOIN, p. p. to us, used in, doing to us; -YN, to us, em.
- ROOISHT, s. m. the naked; Job xxiv. 7; v. stripped naked, bared of covering; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- ROOIS'HTEY, a. pl. naked, uncovered.
- ROOISH'TEYDER, s. m. a person or thing that strips or makes naked.
- ROOISH'TID, s. m. nakedness, nudity.
- ROOISHT'IT, 85. stript or stripped, made naked or bare of clothing.
- ROOIT, s. f. a peal; as, rooit harnee, (a peal of thunder); pl. -YN.
- Roon, s. f. rancour, resentment, malice, spite.
- Roo'NAGH, a. rancorousness, spiteful, perverse; Mat. xvii. 17; revengeful, malignant, vindictive.
- Roo'NID, s. m. rancorousness, &c.
- Roost, s. m. rind, bark, peel; v. strip, make bare, peel off, unbark; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- Roostee'n, s. m. a naked person; pl. -EE; Isa. lviii. 7.
- ROOSTEE'NAGH, a. naked, in want of clothes.

Roost'EY, v. making naked, or robbing.

- ROOST'EYR, s. m. a robber ; pl. -YN.
- ROOSTEY'RYS, s. f. robbery; Fsl. lxii. 10.
- Roost'IT, 85. robbed, rifled; Zec. xiv. 2.
- Rosh, v. reach, stretch; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- ROSH'EYDER, s. m. one who reaches; pl. —YN. ROSH'IT, 85. reached, extended.
- ROSH'TYN, v. reaching.
- Er ROSH'TYN, v. hath, &c. reached, arrived.
- R'ou, p. thou was, wast thou? 1 Kings, xviii. 10; -s, id. em.
- ROUAI'L, v. roving, roaming, rambling, wandering; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- ROUALL'LAGH, a. unsettled, of a roaming, rambling, unsteady mind, devious.
- ROUAIL'TAGH, s. m. a rover, rambler, &c.; pl. 71.
- ROUAIL'TYS-AIGNEY, s. m. the roving or wandering of the mind.
- ROUAN, s. m. riot, uproar; v. idem; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- ROUAN'AGH, a. riotous ; s. m. a rioter ; pl. 71. ROUAN'ID OF ROUAN'YS, s. f. riotousness, rioting. ROUD, adv. too far, too late.
- ROUE, p. p. before them ; -- SYN, id. em.
- ROUE-HENE, p. p. before themselves.
- ROUR OF ROUYR, too much; *Exod.* xviii. 18; too many, over and above what should be.
- ROU'REY, s. f. a headland, a piece of land in the end of a field, called so, no doubt, because in old times, generally dug.

#### RYA

- ROUYL, s. m. rage, fury; a. rabid, furious, frantic. See Er-roul.
  Row, v. was, wast, were, wert.
- Row, p. wast thou; -s, id. em.
- Rowl, p. wast thou; \_\_\_\_, u.e.m. Rowl, v. roll; Mat. xxvii. 60; Mark xv. 46; \_\_AGH, 77; \_\_EE, 80; \_\_IN, 83; \_\_INS, 84; \_\_YM, 86; \_\_YMS, 87; \_\_YS, 88.
- RowL'AL, v. rolling, rolleth.
- ROWLEY, s. m. a roll ; pl. 67.
- ROWL'EYDER, s. m. a roller ; pl. -YN.
- RowL'IT, 85. rolled ; Mark xvi. 4.
- ROYD, p. p. before thee; -s, id. em.
- ROYD HENE, p. p. before thyself.
- ROYD 00, p. p. away thou, begone thou.
- ROYM, p. p. before me; -s, id. em.
- ROYMPENE, p. p. before myself.
- RUAGH, a. inclined to red, brown.
- RUB OT \*RUBB, v. wipe, rub; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- RUBBAG. See Ribbag.
- RUB'BAN. See Rybban.
- RUB'BEYDER, s. m. a rubber, a wiper.
- RUB'BIT, 85. wiped, rubbed.
- RUCK, s. f. a rick of turf or hay; pl. —YN; v. rick; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- RUC'KEYDER, s. m. one who makes ricks.

RUC'RIT, 85. ricked.

- RUG'GAGH, a. rugged, rough, uneven, harsh.
- RUGG OF RUGGYR, v. did bare, was or wast born, did come by birth; —AGH, 77; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- Er RUG'GAGHTYN, v. hath, &c. borne.
- Er ny Rug'gey, v. hath, &c. been born.
- Rug'gir, 85. born, brought forth.
- RUG'GYR, s. m. birth, the time of birth; as, yn laa ruggyr mee (the day of my birth); ruggyr ee lhianno mac (she brought forth a male child); born; Acts, xxii. 3.
- RUIL'LICK OF RHULLICK, s. f. a grave yard, a place set apart to bury the dead in, a churchyard.
- RUIL'LICKEY, a. d. of a grave or church-yard.
- RUIS'SAGH, a. ruddy, reddish, of a fresh blooming colour.
- RUM'BYL, s. the edge or skirt of a garment; Nah. iii. 5.
- RUNT, a. round, circular, globular; v. to make round, &c.; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- RUN'TAG, s. f. a round lump of a thing.
- RUN'TAGH, a. roundish, oval.
- RUN'TAGHEY, v. rounding.
- RUN'TEY, a. pl. round, circular.
- RUN'TID, s. m. roundness.
- RUN'TIT, 85. rounded.
- Ruy, a. reddish, brown.
- RUY'EY, a. pl. brown, reddish.
- RUYGH'EY, v. getting brown, reddening.
- Ruy'in, s. m. brownness, reddishness.
- Ry, (sounded *Re*,) to be, to, by, and sometimes a. This particle or adjunct is used before words as the following.
- RY-AK'IN, v. to be seen. Cha jinnagh dooinney ta coyrt dy ve ry-akin dy bragh jeirk sy dorraghys.

A

RYB'BAN, s. m. a riband; pl. --YN; Num. XV 38. RY-CHEIL'LEY, adv. together, stuck together. RY-CHLASH'TYN, v. to be heard.

- RY-CHLEAYS'HYN, adv. by the ears.
- Ry-сноз'н, adv. by the feet, by foot.
- RYD'LAN, s. f. a cribble, a riddle; pl. -YN.
- RY-EN'NAGHTYN, v. to be felt, or being felt.
- Ry-FOD'DEY, adv. by a long time.
- Ry-GHED'DYN, v. to be had or found.
- RY-HEET,' v. to come, being to come.
- Rv-HESH'AGHT, v. to be in company, accompanying.
- Ry-ної or Ry-oї, *adv.* reserved against, for and against.
- RY-HROS'TEY, v. to be fasting.
- RV-LHEAY'ST, adv. by the thigh, on the thigh; Cant. iii. 8.
- RY-LHIAT'TEE, adv. by the side, aside.
- RYP'TAR, s. f. rupture; pl. -YN.

#### \*\*\*\*\*

# S

- This letter, for its sound and changes, see Remark 28, &c. The feature of all the adjectives and the participles past of the language (which only I have marked participles) when initialled by this letter, is a feature that is not, perhaps, in any other language, but peculiar to the Manks alone; when such adjective ends in *agh*, that *agh* generally changes to *ee* in the comparative and superlative degrees. See 58.
- SAA, a. younger, youngest; the comp. and sup. of Aeg, positive, and S'aeg which is the degree —there is not one word in English which gives its definition; its meaning is, how young, or young is the person? and so for all the adjectives and participles, as shown in Remark 58.
- SAAGH, s. m. a vessel; pl. SIYN.
- SAAIL'LEY, s. f. brine, sea-water, salt-water; Ez. xlvii. 11.
- S'AAIT'NIT, a. how gorsed, or greatly, or well gorsed.
- S'AAITT OF SAITT, a. how antic, odd, funny, comical, or ridiculous. A
- S'AAIT'TEY, a. id., comp. and sup.
- S'AA'LIN, a. how beautiful, elegant, fair, comely, handsome, grand, noble, amiable, &c. A
- S'AAR'LEY, a. id., comparative and superlative. A S'AAR'LIT, a. how dressed, cooked, or made ready.
- ready. A S'AAR'LOO, a. how ready, prone, apt, &c., comparative and superlative. A
- SAASE, s. m. a mean method or measure; pl. -- YN.
- SAA'SEAGH, a. by means, measures or methods.
- SAASE-LHEIH'YS, s. m. medicine; Jer. xlvi. 11. S'AA'SHAGH, a. how easy, how much at rest
- or quietness. A
- S'AA'SHAGHT OF SASSEY, a. id., comp. and sup. A
- SAA'SILAGH, s. m. a methodist; pl. 71.
- S'AA'SIT, a. how grown or greatly grown. A
- SAAUE, s. m. a saw; pl. --NYN; v. saw; --AGH, 77; --EE, 80; --IN, 83; --INS, 84; --YM, 86; --YMS, 87; --YS, 88.

SAAU'EYDER, s. m. a sawer or sawyer; pl YN.	1 5
SAAU'IT, 85. sawn or sawed.	1 5
SAAYLL, s. m. sale; pl YN.	1 5
S'A'BYL, a. how able or greatly able. A	1
S'AC'CRYSSAGH, a. how hungry, &c. A	1 5
S'AC'CRYSSEE, a. id., comp. and sup. A	
SACE, s. m. sack. This word is nearly the	2
same in all languages, and is thought to be	1
an antediluvian word; pl. SEICK.	
Cha SAEC, p. p. she does not know; -ISH, id.	1 8
em. This word ought to end with $k$ , as $eck$ ,	
and not ec (at).	1 5
S'AEG, a. how young or youthful. A	1 8
Cha SAEU, p. p. ye or you do not know; -ISH,	1
id. em.	5
S'AGGAIR'AGH, a. how unjust, how wrong. A	1 5
S'AGGAIR'EE, a. id. comp. and sup. A	
S'AG'GLAGH, a. how fearful, afraid. A	2
S'AG'GLEE, a. id., comp. and sup. A	2
S'AGGLE, adv. cause of fear. This word is used	20
in answer in the affirmative to <i>Baggle</i> when there is cause of fear.	2
S'AG'GLIT, a. how frightened.	2
SAG'GYRT, s. m. a minister, a priest or clergy-	5
man; plYN.	5
SAC'GYRTAGH, a. d. of a priest or parson.	8
SAG'GYRTYS, s. f. priesthood, &c.	
S'AGH'TAL, a. how skilful, artful, &c. A	
S'AGH'TALEY, a. id., com. and sup. A	5
SAHLL OF SAILL, s. m. saim, the white flesh of	92
pork, &c. the blubber of fish, &c. grease;	5
pork, &c. the blubber of fish, &c. grease; Psl. cxix. 70. Prov. "Slaa sahll er toyn	5
muck roauyr."	2 02
SAHL'LAGH, a. having saim, &c.	2
SAICE, a. d. of a sack or sacks.	52
SAIE, adv. what satisfies, enough.	S
SAIE'ID, s. m. satiety. See Sonnys.	S
SAIL, s. m. seal; v. seal, secure; -AGH, 77;	S
-EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86;	S
-YMS, 87; -YS, 88.	S
S'AI'LEAGH, a. how fiery. A	S
S'AI'LEE, a. id., comparative and superlative. A	S
SAILIT, 85. sealed.	S
SAIL'JEY, a. salt.	S
SAIL'JYS, s. f. saltness.	2 *
SAILL, v. salt; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83;	-
-INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.	
My SAIL'LEE, p. if she please; -ISH, id. em.	S
SAIL'LEY OF SAL'LEY, v. salting.	S
SAILLEY'R, s. f. a salt cellar ; plYN,	
My SAIL'LISH OF SALLISH, p. if he please; -IN, id. em.	S
	S
My SAIL/LIN, p. if we please; -YN, id. em.	S
SAILLT, 85. salted.	4
SAIL'LYN, p. I please; -s, id. em.	S
My SAILT, p. if thou please, if it please thee.	S
Cha S'AIN, p. we know not; -YN, id. em. A	S
S'AIN'GYSSAGH, a. how acquainted. A	S
S'AIN'GYSSEE, a. id. em., comp. and sup. A	S
S'AITT. See Saaitt.	S
SAL'LEYDER, s. m. a salter ; pl YN.	
S' ALMO'RAGH, a. how ignorant A	S

S'ALMO'REE, a. id., comp. and sup.

A

SAM'ARK, s. a shamrock ; pl. - YN. EAM'ARKAGH, a. having shamrocks. SAM'ARKEE, a. id., comp. and sup. SAM'BYL, s. m. a sample; pl. 76. S'AM'LIT, a. how wracked, &c. F S'AM'MYSSAGH, a. how dutiful, submissive, or obedient. A S'AM'MYSSEE, a. id., comp. and sup. A SAMPLEY'R, s. m. example, pattern, precedent for others to imitate. SAMPLEY'RAGH, a. exemplary, sign; Num. xxvi. 10. SAMPLEY'REE, a. id., comp. and sup. S'ANCHASH'ERICK, a. how unholy, unsanctified or profane. A S'ANCHASH'ERICEEY, a. id., comp. and sup. A S'ANCHAS'LEY, a. how different, how unlike; comp. and sup. A S'ANCHIAR'T, a. how uneven. A S'ANCHIAR'TEY, a. id., comp. and sup. A S'ANGAA'ISHAGH, a. how much in anguish. A S'ANGAA'ISHEE, a. id., comp. and sup. A S'ANGAA'ISHIT, a. how anguished. A S'AN'MAGH, a. how late. A S'AN'MEE, a. id., comp. and sup. A SAN'NISH OF SON'NISH, s. f. a whisper; pl. - YN; v. to whisper or susurrate; -AGH, 77; -EE 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS. 88. 'ANNOO'N, a. how weak or feeble. A "ANNOO'NEY, a. id., comp. and sup. A S'ANOAYL'LAGH, a. how unaccustomed. A "ANOAYL'LEE, a. id., com. and sup. A SANSH OF SANSHIT, a. annunciated. As, laa'l Moirrey ny Sansh. ANS'HERAGHT, v. whispering. ANS'HEREY, s. m. whisperer ; pl. SANSHERRYN. 'ANOAYL'LEE, a. id., comp. and sup. A 'ANVE'AGH, a. how discordant, &c. A 'ANVE'AEE, a. id., comp. and sup. A 'ANVEN'NICK, a. how seldom. A 'ANVEN'KEY, a. id., comp. and sup. A "ANVIO' a. how inanimate ; comp. and sup. A AP, s. f. a wisp, the outside of timber ; pl. -YN. "AP'PEE, a. how ripe or mature; comp. & sup. A SAR or SARE, v. command, enjoin; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88. 'ARD, a. how high or lofty. A 'ARDA'LAGH, a. how vain, insignificant or diminutive. A 'ARDA'LEE, a. id., comp. and sup. A 'ARD-CHREE'AGH, a. how haughty. A A'REY, s. m. a command, precept or injunction; pl. 67. A'REYDER, s. m. a commander; pl. -YN. 'ARGA'NAGH, a. how disputative, &c. A 'ARGA'NEE, a. id., comp. and sup. A AR'KYL, s. f. weed, sarcle. See also Farchail. A'RIT, 85. commanded, enjoined. A 'ARK'YSSAGH, a. how calamitous, disastrous, adverse, or irksome. A S'ARK'YSSEE, a. id., comp. and sup. A SARN, s. m. a contraction of Jesarn, Saturday.

SAAU'EAL, v. sawing.

### SBA

a de la sin in contomnt	
SAR'RAH, s. m. sir, in contempt.	
S'AR REIDAGH, G. HOW WHICH HA	1
S'AR'REYDEE, a. id., comp. and sup. A	1
S'AR'RYLTAGH, a. how willing or inclined for. A	
S'AR'RYLTEE, a. id., comp. and sup. A	1
SAR'RYMAGH, a. how reverential, how much for	ł
giving due respect. A	1
S'AR'RYMEE, a. id., comp. and sup. A	L
SAR'RYSSAGH, a. sorry or sorrowful, how re-	L
pentant or penitential. A	1
S'AR'RYSSEE, a. id., comp. and sup. A	
SAS'SEY, a. more or most easy or cheap, the	
com. and sup. of Aashagh.	
S'AT'CHIMAGH, a. how awful, dreadful, dismal,	
terrible, &c. A	
S'AT'CHIMEE, a. id., comp. and sup. A	
SAT'CHIMIT, a. how awed, how dreaded. A	
SAU'ALLAGH, s. m. a salvor ; pl. 71.	1
SAUAL'TAGH, s. m. a saviour ; pl. 71.	1
SAUAL'TYS, s. f. salvation, redemption.	1
SAUA'IL, v. saving, saveth, &c.	1
SAU'CHEY, a. safe, not dangerous.	1
Dy SAUCHEY, adv. safely.	
SAUE OF SAU. V. SAVE: -AGH, 77; -EE, 80;	1
-IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87;	1
-ys, 88.	1
SAYEYDER, s. m. a saver; plYN.	1
SAUIN, s. f, Hollantide, (from Saue save) either from All Souls or All Saints Day, kept by the	ł
church of Rome on the first and the other on	
the second of November, to pray for the sal-	
vation of all souls and saints departed, to have	
them saved.	1
them saved.	-
them saved. SAUI'NEY, a. d. See Souiney. SAU'IT, 85. saved. SAVEE'N. s. f. slumber; v. id., -AGH, 77;	
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## SBO

S'BAC'CEE, a. id., comp. and sup.	в
S'BAG'GIRAGH OF SB'AG'GYRTAGH, a. how the	and the second se
ening or insulting, how menacing.	В
S'BAG'GYRTEE, a. id., comp. and sup.	B
S'BAGH'TAL, a. how plain, obvious, mani evident, distinct, clear, discernible, &c. co	
and sup.	B
S'BAIHT, a. how drowned.	в
S'BAL'LOO, a. how dumb, comp. and sup.	в
S'BANE, a. how white.	в
S'BA'NEE OF S'BANEY, id., comp. and sup.	в
S'BA'NIT, a. how whitened.	в
S'BANGANAGH, a. how branchy.	В
S'BANG'ANEE, a. id., comp. and sup.	В
S'BANG'LANEAGH, a. how full of boughs. Pro	
"S'banglaneagh yn phy'agh."	B
S'BANG'LANEE, a. id., comp. and sup. S'BAN'NEE, a. how blest, how calm or f	B
comp. and sup.	B
S'BAN'NIT, a. how blessed.	в
S'BARB OF S'BARBAGH, a. how harsh or rough	h. B
S'BARB'EY, a. id., comp. and sup.	в
S'BARGA'NIT, a. how bargained.	в
S'BASH'TIT, a. how much or well baptized.	в
S'BEA'SAGH OF S'BEY'SAGH, a. how submissiv	re. B
S'BEA'SEE, a. id., comp. and sup.	В
S'BEAYN, a. how durable, lasting or perman	
how immortal or eternal. Prov.—"Quoi e S'beayn cha beayn y chenndiaght."	
"S'beayn dagh olk."	And, B
S'BEAYN'EY, a. id., comp. and sup.	в
S'BEE'IT, a. how well fed; comp. and sup.	в
S'BEG, a. how little or small, little indeed.	В
S'BEIHLT, a. how ground.	в
S'BEISH'TAGH, a. how beastly or brutal.	в
S'BEISH'TEE, a. id., comp. and sup.	В
S'BER'CHAGH, a. how rich, &c.	В
S'BER'CHEE, a. id., comp. and sup.	В
S'BI'ALLAGH, a. how obedient, &c.	В
S'BI'ALLEE, a. id., comp. and sup.	В
S'BIEAU, a. how swift or speedy, comp. & su	
S'BIL'LAGH, a. how grown over with trees.	B
S'BIL'LEE a. id., comp. and sup. S'BING, a. how shrill, how melodious.	BB
S'BING'EY, a. id., comp. and sup.	B
S'BING'AGH, a. how much for juries,	B
S'BIO, a. how much alive ; choud as S'bio	
(as long as I live). Though I think it cou	ld be
expressed as well, choud as bee'm bio.	В
S'BIO-OI'L OF S'BIO-AL, a. how lively; c	
and sup.	B
S'BIOYR, a. how brisk or smart. S'BIOY'REY, a. id., comp. and sup.	B
SBIR'RAGH OF S'BYR'RAGH, a. how sharp poin	
SBIR RACH OF S BIR RACH, a. now sharp point SBIR'REE, a. id., comp. and sup.	B
S'BLAA'AGH OF S'BLA'AGH, a. how flower	
full of flowers.	B
S'BLAA'EE, id., comp. and sup.	В
S'BLAS'TAL, a. how savory, tasty, sippid, c	
and sup.	B
S'BOG, a. how soft or moist.	В
S'BOGGOI'L, a. how joyous or joyful, com. 8	10 m
S'BOGHT, a. how poor or mean.	B
S'BOGHTEY, a. id., comp. and sup.	B

# SCA

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# SCA

S'BOIR'RAGH, a. how troublesome, &c. B	SCAAN'JOON, s. f. a phantom, a skeleton; pl YN.
S'BOIR'REE, a. id., comp. and sup. B	SCAANT, 85. cracked, having flaws.
S'BOL'LAGH, a. how quite bare, how entirely or wholly bare. B	SCAAP, v. did escape ; 1 Sam. xix. 12.
S'BOL'LEE, a. id., comp. and sup. B	S'CAAR'JYSSAGH, a. how friendly. C
S'BOLVA'NAGH, a. how stupid or dull of appre-	S'CAAR'JYSSEE, a. more friendly, most friendly.C
hension. B	S'CAB'BAGAGH, a. how full of docks. C
S'BOLVA'NEE, a. id., comp. and sup. B	S'CAB'BAGEE, a. id., comp. and sup. C
S'BOOI'AGH, a. how glad or willing, how well	S'CAD'DAN, s. m. herring. See also Skeddan. C
pleased. Prov" S'booiagh yn voght er yn	S'CAD'JIN, a. how common. C
veggan." B	S'CAD'JINEE, a. more common, most common. C
S'BOOIEE, a. id., com. and sup. B	S'CAD'LAGH, a. how sleepy or drowsy. C
S'BOUYR, a. how deaf. B	S'CAD'LEE, a. sleepier, sleepiest.
S'BOUY'REY, a. deafer, deafest. B	SCADOO', s. shadow, dark shade.
S'BREA'GAGH, a. how addicted to lying or tell- ing lies. B	SCADOO'AGH, a. shadowing, shady.
S'BREA'GEE, id., com. and sup. B	SCADOO'EE, a. more shady, most shady.
S'BRED'DAGH, a. how thievish. B	S'CAGHLA'IT, a. how changed or altered. C
S'BREE'NAGH, a. how sultry or warm. B	SCAHT, 85. shook. See Skaht.
S'BREE'NEE, a. more sultry, most sultry. B	S'CAIG'NIT, a. how chewed or gnawed. C
S'BREEOI'L, a. how vigorous or forcible, how	S'CAIL'LIT OF S'CAILT, a. how lost. C
energetic or full of meaning. B	S'CAIR, SCAIR'AGH, or S'CAIRAL, a. how just,
S'BREEOI'LEY, a. id., com. and sup. B	right, true, upright, righteous. C
S'BREIN, a. how nasty or filthy. B	S'CAIR'EE, a. more and most just, right, &c. C S'CAIRAI'LAGH, a. how careful.
S'BREI'NEY, a. nastier, nastiest. B	S'CAIRAI'LEE, a. more and most careful. C
S'BRIN'NAGH, a. how pert or full of flattery. B	S'CAIRT, a. how even, exact, accurate, just,
S'BRIN'NEE, a. id., com. and sup. B	level, flat.
S'BRINT, a. how flatterous, &c. B	S'CAIR'TEY, a. more and most even, exact, &c. C
S'BRISHT, a. how broken. B	S'CAL'GAGH, a. full of awns.
S'BRISH'TAGH, a. how brittle, &c. B	S'CAL'GEE, a. more and most full of awns. C
S'BRISH'TEE, a. more brittle, most brittle. B	S'CAM, a. how crooked, wrong, distorted, per-
S'BROIGH, a. how dirty or muddy. B	verted, perverse, wry. C
S'BROIEE, a. dirtier, dirtiest. B	S'CAMLAA'GAGH, a. how illegal, intricate in law, how implex.
S'BROIE, a. how boiled or baked, comp. and sup. B	S'CAMLAA'GEE, a. id., com. and sup. C.
S'BROIGH'IT, a. how dirtied. B	SCAM'MALT, s. m. a scaffold; plYN.
S'BROU'TAGH, a. how brutish. B	S'CAM'MEY, a. the comparative and superlative
S'BROU'TEE, a. more brutish, most brutish. B	of Cam and S'cam.
S'BUGGA'NAGH, a. how dreary, frightful, dis-	S'CAM'MIT, a. how bent or made crooked. C
mal. B	SCAM'MYLT, s. f. scandal, reproach, defamation.
S'BUGGA'NEE, a. id., comp. and sup. B	SCAM'MYLTAGH, a. scandalous, reproachful,
S'BUIG'GEY, a. the comparative and superlative of Bog and S'bog. B	infamous, vile, disgraceful; s. m. a person who defames or reproaches; pl. 71.
S'BUI'GHEY, a. more yellow, most yellow. B	Dy SCAM'MYLTEY, v. to scandal or reproach.
S'BWAAGH, a. how pretty. B	SCAM'MYLTID OF SCAM'MYLTYS, s. f. disgrace.
S'BWAAIE, a. prettier, prettiest. B	fulness, scandalousness.
S'BWOAIL'TAGH, a. how apt to strike. B	SCAM'MYLTIT, 85. scandalized, &c.
S'BWOAIL'TEE, a. apter, or aptest to strike. B	SCANSH, s. f. regard, consequence, respect.
S'BWOAILT, how threshed or struck. B	SCANSHOI'L, a. regardful, &c.
SCAA, s. m. a shade, a shadow.	SCANSH'-SMOO, a. important.
SCAA, shed. See also Skaa and Skah.	SCANSH'-VOOAR, s. f. importance.
SCAAG'HEY, v. shadowing ; Heb. ix. 5.	S'CANT'IT, a. how auctioned. C
SCAAIL'LAGH, a. scaly, squamous.	*SCAP or SCAPE, v. escaped; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87;
SCAAIL'LEE, a. id., comp. and sup.	-YS, 88.
SCAALHEA'N, s. m. a broad scatter; plYN.	SCAPAI'L, v. escaping.
SCAALHEA'NEY, v. scattering; Isa. xli. 16.	Er SCAPAI'L, v. hath, &c. escaped.
SCAAL'LEY, s. m. a scale; pl. 67.	SCAPE, s. m. an escape, a shield ; plYN.
SCAALLIT, a. covered with scales.	SCA'PALTAGH, s. m. one who escapes; pl. 71.
SCAALIAGHEE, s. f. an umbrella, a shade to cast off rain.	SCA'PIT, 85. escaped, avoided, untaken.
SCAAN, s. an apparition, a ghost, a spectre, a	SCARLEO'D, s. m. scarlet, a red colour.
spirit; plyn; Luke, xxxiv. 37, and Mat.	S'CARNA'NAGH, a. how full of heaps. C
xiv. 26.	S'CARNA'NEE, a. more and most full of heaps. C
SCAA'NEY, s. m. a crack, flaw, or fissure; pl. 67.	SCAR or *SCARR, v. separate, disperse, sever;

sometimes used instead of the word spread ;
-AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
-YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
SCAR'RAG, s. f. a skate or ray fish; plYN.
S'CAR'RAGH, a. how carious or rotten. C
S'CAR'REE, a. id., comp. and sup. C
SCAR'REE, a. d. of separation or severance.
SCAR REE, a. a. or separation of seventing
SCAR'REY, v. separating, spreading, disuniting, disjoining, severing; s. m. a separation, a
disunion; pl. 67.
SCAR'REYDER, s. m. a separator; plYN.
SCAR'REY VEIH YN AGGLISH, s. f. schism.
SCAR'RIT OF SCARRT, 85. separated.
S'CAS'SANAGH, a. how full of paths. C
S'CAS'SANEE, a. id., comp. and sup. C
S'CAST, a. how twisted or twined. C
S'CAST'IT, a. how quelled or overcome. C
S'en au/um a how changed or altered. C
S CEAGH LIT, a. now changed of another
S CEAUT, a. non work, case, or encount
SCELL, s. m. a beam or ray of light; plYN.
SCELL-GREI'NEY, s. m. a sun-beam.
S CELT, 85. cloven, split, bursted; v. cleave
asunder; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS,
84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
SCELT'EYDER, s. m. a cleaver, a spliter; plYN.
S'CHARBA'it, a. how weaned. C
S'CHASH'ERICK, a. how holy or hallowed. C
S'CHASH ERICKEY, a. id., comp. and sup. C
S CHASH ERICKEY, u. tu., comp. and sup.
S'CHEE, a. the comp. and sup. of Chiu. Prov
A le jacos neg o chece nee dente gi
S'CHEEY, a. pl. the comp. and sup. of Chiu, when speaking in the plural number.
speaking in the plana number.
S'CHEN'NEY, a. the comp. and sup. of Chion,
tighter, tightest; faster, fastest; straiter,
straitest; Acts. xxvi. 5. C
S'CHIL'LEERAGH, a. how direct or strait for-
The contract of the contract o
S CHIL LEERES, at any compt and oup.
SCHIM'MEIG, s. f. a streak or stripe; pl YN;
v. streak, stripe, variegate ; -AGH, 77; -EE,
80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS,
87; -vs, 88.
SCHIM'MEIGAGH, a. having streaks, stripes;
variegated, how streaked, &c.
SCHIM'MEIGEE, a. id., comp. and sup.
SCHIM'MEIGEY, v. streaking, variegating.
SCHIM'MEIGEYDER, s. m. one who streaks, &c.
SCHIM'MEIGIT, 85. streaked, striped.
S'CHING, a. how sick or ill. C
S'CHING'EY, a. id., comp. and sup. C
a current, and a suprementation of
S'CHION'NIT OF S'CHIONT, 85. how tightened or straitened.
S'CHIOW'IT OF S'CHCOWT, a. how warmed. C
S'CHIRM, a. how dry, how arid. C
S'CHIR'MEY, a. id., comp. and sup. C
S'CHIR'MIT, a. how dried. C
S'CHIOO OF S'CHIU, a. how thick or dense. C
S'CHLASH'AGH, a. how full of ending furrows. C
S'CHLASH'IT, a. how furrowed. C
SCHLEÏ, s. f. skill, art, dexterity.
SCHLEï'AL OF SCHLEïOI'L, a. skilful, artful, in-
genious, dexterous.
Source a moreon more hotton bottont.
S'CHOE, a. warmer, warmest; hotter, hottest;
the comp. and sup. of Cheh. C

#### SCO

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C

SCHOIGH, a. snug, trim, warm. SCHOIGH'EY, a. id., comp. and sup. SCHOILL, s. m. a school; 2 Kings, xxii. 14; pl. -YN. SCHOIL'LAR, s. m. f. a scholar; pl. - YN. S'CHOOINSHEANS'AGH, a. how conscionable or C conscious. C S'CHOOINSHEANS'EE, a. id., comp. and sup. C S'CHUS'TEY, a. how cursed or accursed. C S'CHYM'SAGH, a. how much for gathering. C S'CHYM'SEE, a. id., comp. and sup. S'CHYM'SIT, a. how gathered. C C S'CHYNDAA'IT, a. how turned or converted. S'CLAB'BINAGH, a. how gusty, squally, &c. C C S'CLAB'BINEE, a. id., comp. and sup. S'CLAGH'AGH, a. how stony. C S'CLAGH'EE, a. id., comp. and sup. C S'CLAHN'IT, a. how thickened. C C S'CLAIGH'TIT, a. how plaited. S'CLA'MIT, a. how clumsily embraced. C S'CLAMP'IT, a. how patched. C S'CLAUGH'TAL, a. with how much satisfaction in the use of comp. and sup. C C S'CLEAY'NIT, a. how enticed, allured, &c. S'CLEI'EET, a. how harrowed. C S'CLEIGHT OF S'CLEIVIT, a. how dug, delved, or quarried. C S'CLIAGH'TIT, a. how accustomed. C S'CLU'GAGH, a. how cunning or crafty. C S'CLU'GEE, a. id., comp. and sup. C S'CLUIN'IT, a. how well heard. C SCOA'DEY, s. a sloop, a smack ; pl. 67. S'COA'GYRIT, a. how cooked or dressed. C S'COAM'RIT, a. how clad or clothed. C S'COAN, a. how scarce or scant, scarcely. This word ought to be written S'goan. C S'COAR, a. how agreeable, social, or civil. C SCOAR'NAGH, s. f. the throat; pl. 72. SCOAR'NEE, a. d. of the throat. SCOB'BEY, s. m. a snack, a repast; pl. 67. SCOIDAN, s. m. the sheet of a sail; pl. - YN. SCOIDEY, s. m. obliqueness, aslope, askew. SCOIGH, s. f. squeam, disgust; pl. - YN. Scoilg, s. m. f. a slender grown child. S'COIR OF S'COYR, a. how odd, comp. and sup. C SCOLB, v. chip, break the shell; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88. SCOL'BEY, v. chipping; stirring to rise from bed. SCOL'BIT, 85. chipped, &c. SCOLD, scald; -AGH, 77; &c. SCOL'DEE, a. d. of scalding. SCOL'DEY, s. m. a scald; pl. 67; v. scalding. SCOL'DIT, 85. scalded. SCOL'LAG, s. m. a stripling, a boy in a state subject to stripes, as stripling implies. The Manks etymology might be one fit for school or a scholar. SCOLT, v. split; -AGH, 77; -YS, 88. SCOL'TEY, s. m. a split or burst; pl. 67; v. splitting. SCOL'TEYDER, s. m. one who splits. S'COMBAA'SIT, a. how encompassed or sur-

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rounded.

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S'CONDAI'GAGH, a. how contrary.	C
S'CONDAI'GEE, a. id., comp. and sup.	С
S'CON'NAGH, OF MORE properly S'GONNAGH,	а.
how sore, how crabbed.	С
S'CON'NEE, a. id., comp. and sup.	
S'coo'DIT, a. how covered, &c.	С
Scoo'DYN, s. f. a nasty scruff or scum, four	nd
on vessels which are not kept properly clear	1;
plYN.	,
S'COOID'SAVE, v. may vouchsafe. See Sgooid	
S'COOIE, a. how fit or proper.	C
S'coor'EY, a. id., comp. and sup.	C
S'COOIL'LEENIT, a. how fulfilled, compensate	C,
rewarded, recompensed, or finished.	c
S'coolN'-LHIAM, p. I remember.	c
S'COOIN'-LHIAT, p. thou rememberest.	c
S'COOIN'-LHEE, p. she remembers.	
S'COOIN'-LHIEU, p. they remember, and you ye remember.	C
S'COOIN'-LHESH, p. he remembers.	C
S'COOIN'-LHIEN, p. we remember.	C
S'COOIN'AGHTAGH OF S'COOIN'IDAGH, a. ho	
recollective or retentive.	C
S'COOIN'IDEE, a. id., comp. and sup.	С
S'COOIN'EY, a. the comp. and sup. of Coon.	C
S'coon'IT, a. how remembered.	C
SCOOIR, v. scour or scrub; -AGH, 77; -E	Е.
80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YM	s,
87;	
SCOOIR'EE, a. d. of scouring.	
SCOOIR'EY, s. m. a scouring; pl. 67; v. scou	r-
ing, scrubbing.	
SCOOIR'EYDER, s. m. a scourer; plYN.	
SCOOIRT, 85. scoured.	~
SCOOIRT, 85. scoured. S'coon, a. how narrow.	С
SCOOIRT, 85. scoured. S'coon, a. how narrow. S'coon'rit, a. how exchanged or swopped.	C
SCOOIRT, 85. scoured. S'COON, a. how narrow. S'COON'RIT, a. how exchanged or swopped. S'COON'TIT, a. how counted, reckoned or [ca	C ul-
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<ul> <li>SCOOIRT, 85. scoured.</li> <li>S'COON, a. how narrow.</li> <li>S'COON'RIT, a. how exchanged or swopped.</li> <li>S'COON'TIT, a. how counted, reckoned or [ca culated.</li> <li>SCOOYR, s. f. drunkenness, intoxication.</li> <li>SCOOYR'IT, a. drunk, intoxicated.</li> </ul>	C d-C
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<ul> <li>SCOOIRT, 85. scoured.</li> <li>S'COON, a. how narrow.</li> <li>S'COON'RIT, a. how exchanged or swopped.</li> <li>S'COON'TIT, a. how counted, reckoned or [ca culated.</li> <li>SCOOYR, s. f. drunkenness, intoxication.</li> <li>SCOOYR'IT, a. drunk, intoxicated.</li> <li>S'CORM OF S'CORRYM, a. how equal.</li> <li>S'CORM'EY OF S'CORRYMEY, a. id., comp. &amp; sup.</li> </ul>	Cl-C CC
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<ul> <li>SCOOIRT, 85. scoured.</li> <li>S'COON, a. how narrow.</li> <li>S'COON'RIT, a. how exchanged or swopped.</li> <li>S'COON'RIT, a. how counted, reckoned or [ca culated.</li> <li>SCOOYR, s. f. drunkenness, intoxication.</li> <li>SCOOYR'IT, a. drunk, intoxicated.</li> <li>S'CORM OF S'CORRYM, a. how equal.</li> <li>S'CORM'EY OF S'CORRYMEY, a. id., comp. &amp; sup.</li> <li>S'CORM'IT, a. how equalized.</li> <li>S'CORNEI'LAGH, a. how cornered.</li> <li>S'COR'RAGH, a. how tottering, comp. and sup.</li> <li>S'COR'REE, a. how angry or vexed, comp. an sup.</li> <li>S'COR'RYM. See Corm.</li> <li>S'COS'SILAGH, a. how indifferent.</li> <li>S'COS'SILAGH, a. how indifferent.</li> <li>S'COS'SILAGH, a. how indifferent.</li> <li>S'COS'TAL OF S'COS'TALAGH, a. how costly.</li> <li>S'COSTALEE, a. id., comp. and sup.</li> <li>SCOM'AN, s. f. a lung or light; pl. —YN.</li> <li>S'COW'RIT, a. how marked.</li> <li>SCOYLG, s. f. a shriek; pl. —YN; v. shriel</li> </ul>	Clo CCCCCdCCCCCCC C ;
<ul> <li>SCOOIRT, 85. scoured.</li> <li>S'COON, a. how narrow.</li> <li>S'COON'RIT, a. how exchanged or swopped.</li> <li>S'COON'RIT, a. how counted, reckoned or [ca culated.</li> <li>SCOOYR, s. f. drunkenness, intoxication.</li> <li>SCOOYR'IT, a. drunk, intoxicated.</li> <li>S'CORM'EY OF S'CORRYMEY, a. id., comp. &amp; sup.</li> <li>S'CORM'EY OF S'CORRYMEY, a. id., comp. &amp; sup.</li> <li>S'CORM'IT, a. how equalized.</li> <li>S'CORNEI'LAGH, a. how cornered.</li> <li>S'COR'REE, a. how angry or vexed, comp. and sup.</li> <li>S'COR'REE, a. how gained or earned.</li> <li>S'COS'SILAGH, a. how indifferent.</li> <li>S'COS'SILEE, a. id., comp. and sup.</li> <li>S'COS'TAL OF S'COS'TALAGH, a. how costly.</li> <li>S'COSTALEE, a. id., comp. and sup.</li> <li>SCOM'AN, s. f. a lung or light; pl. —YN.</li> <li>S'COW'RIT, a. how marked.</li> </ul>	Clo CCCCCdCCCCCCC C ;
<ul> <li>SCOOIRT, 85. scoured.</li> <li>S'COON, a. how narrow.</li> <li>S'COON'RIT, a. how exchanged or swopped.</li> <li>S'COON'TIT, a. how counted, reckoned or [ca culated.</li> <li>SCOOYR, s. f. drunkenness, intoxication.</li> <li>SCOOYR'IT, a. drunk, intoxicated.</li> <li>S'CORM'OF S'CORRYMEY, a. id., comp. &amp; sup.</li> <li>S'CORM'EY OF S'CORRYMEY, a. id., comp. &amp; sup.</li> <li>S'CORM'IT, a. how equalized.</li> <li>S'CORNEI'LAGH, a. how cornered.</li> <li>S'COR'RACH, a. how tottering, comp. and sup.</li> <li>S'COR'REE, a. how angry or vexed, comp. an sup.</li> <li>S'COR'RYM. See Corm.</li> <li>S'COS'SILAGH, a. how indifferent.</li> <li>S'COS'SILAGH, a. how indifferent.</li> <li>S'COS'SILEE, a. id., comp. and sup.</li> <li>S'COSTALEE, a. id., comp.</li> <li>S'COSTALEE, a. id., comp.</li> <li>S'COSTALEE, a. id., comp.</li> <li>S'COSTALEE, a. id., comp.</li> </ul>	Clo CCCCCdCCCCCCC C ;
<ul> <li>SCOOIRT, 85. SCOURED.</li> <li>S'COON, a. how narrow.</li> <li>S'COON'RIT, a. how exchanged or swopped.</li> <li>S'COON'RIT, a. how counted, reckoned or [ca culated.</li> <li>SCOOYR, s. f. drunkenness, intoxication.</li> <li>SCOOYR'IT, a. drunk, intoxicated.</li> <li>S'CORM'EY OF S'CORRYMEY, a. id., comp. &amp; sup.</li> <li>S'CORM'EY OF S'CORRYMEY, a. id., comp. &amp; sup.</li> <li>S'CORM'IT, a. how equalized.</li> <li>S'CORNEI'LAGH, a. how cornered.</li> <li>S'COR'RAGH, a. how tottering, comp. and sup.</li> <li>S'COR'REE, a. how angry or vexed, comp. an sup.</li> <li>S'COR'RYM. See Corm.</li> <li>S'COS'SILAGH, a. how indifferent.</li> <li>S'COS'SILAGH, a. how indifferent.</li> <li>S'COS'SILEE, a. id., comp. and sup.</li> <li>S'COSTALEE, a. id., comp. and sup.</li> <li>SCOM'AN, s. f. a lung or light; pl. —YN.</li> <li>S'COM'RIT, a. how marked.</li> <li>SCOYLG, s. f. a shriek; pl. —YN; v. shriel —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84</li> <li>—YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.</li> </ul>	Clo CCCCCdCCCCCCC C ;
<ul> <li>SCOOIRT, 85. scoured.</li> <li>S'COON, a. how narrow.</li> <li>S'COON'RIT, a. how exchanged or swopped.</li> <li>S'COON'RIT, a. how counted, reckoned or [ca culated.</li> <li>SCOOYR, s. f. drunkenness, intoxication.</li> <li>SCOOYR'IT, a. drunk, intoxicated.</li> <li>S'CORM OF S'CORRYM, a. how equal.</li> <li>S'CORM'EY OF S'CORRYMEY, a. id., comp. &amp; sup.</li> <li>S'CORM'IT, a. how equalized.</li> <li>S'CORNEI'LAGH, a. how cornered.</li> <li>S'COR'REE, a. how angry or vexed, comp. and sup.</li> <li>S'COR'REE, a. how gained or earned.</li> <li>S'COS'SILAGH, a. how indifferent.</li> <li>S'COS'SILEE, a. id., comp. and sup.</li> <li>S'COSTALEE, a. id., comp. and sup.</li> <li>S'COSTALEE, a. id., comp. and sup.</li> <li>S'COSTALEE, a. id., comp. and sup.</li> <li>S'COW'AN, s. f. a lung or light; pl. —YN.</li> <li>S'COW'RIT, a. how marked.</li> <li>SCOYLG, s. f. a shriek; pl. —YN; v. shriel —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 8- —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.</li> <li>SCOYLG'AGH, a. to be shrieking often.</li> </ul>	Clo CCCCCdCCCCCCC C ;
<ul> <li>SCOOIRT, 85. scoured.</li> <li>S'COON, a. how narrow.</li> <li>S'COON'RIT, a. how exchanged or swopped.</li> <li>S'COON'RIT, a. how counted, reckoned or 'ca culated.</li> <li>SCOOYR, s. f. drunkenness, intoxication.</li> <li>SCOOYR'IT, a. drunk, intoxicated.</li> <li>S'CORM OF S'CORRYM, a. how equal.</li> <li>S'CORM'EY OF S'CORRYMEY, a. id., comp. &amp; sup.</li> <li>S'CORM'IT, a. how equalized.</li> <li>S'CORNEI'LAGH, a. how cornered.</li> <li>S'COR'RAGH, a. how tottering, comp. and sup.</li> <li>S'COR'RAGH, a. how tottering, comp. and sup.</li> <li>S'COR'REE, a. how angry or vexed, comp. an sup.</li> <li>S'COS'NIT, a. how gained or earned.</li> <li>S'COS'SILEE, a. id., comp. and sup.</li> <li>S'COS'SILEE, a. id., comp. and sup.</li> <li>S'COS'TAL OF S'COS'TALAGH, a. how costly.</li> <li>S'COW'AN, s. f. a lung or light; plYN.</li> <li>S'COW'RIT, a. how marked.</li> <li>SCOYLG, s. f. a shriek; plYN; v. shriel -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 8-YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.</li> <li>SCOYLG'AGH, a. to be shrieking often.</li> <li>SCOYL'GERNEE, v. cackling as a hen.</li> </ul>	Clo CCCCCdCCCCCCC C ;
<ul> <li>SCOOIRT, 85. SCOURED.</li> <li>S'COON, a. how narrow.</li> <li>S'COON'RIT, a. how exchanged or swopped.</li> <li>S'COON'RIT, a. how counted, reckoned or 'ca culated.</li> <li>SCOOYR, s. f. drunkenness, intoxication.</li> <li>SCOOYR'IT, a. drunk, intoxicated.</li> <li>S'CORM OF S'CORRYM, a. how equal.</li> <li>S'CORM'EY OF S'CORRYMEY, a. id., comp. &amp; sup.</li> <li>S'CORM'IT, a. how equalized.</li> <li>S'CORN'IT, a. how equalized.</li> <li>S'CORN'IT, a. how equalized.</li> <li>S'CORN'IT, a. how equalized.</li> <li>S'CORM'IT, a. how equalized.</li> <li>S'CORM'IT, a. how equalized.</li> <li>S'CORM'IT, a. how tottering, comp. and sup.</li> <li>S'COR'RAGH, a. how tottering, comp. and sup.</li> <li>S'COR'REE, a. how angry or vexed, comp. an sup.</li> <li>S'COS'SILAGH, a. how gained or earned.</li> <li>S'COS'SILAGH, a. how indifferent.</li> <li>S'COS'SILAGH, a. how indifferent.</li> <li>S'COS'SILAGH, a. how indifferent.</li> <li>S'COS'SILAGH, a. how marked.</li> <li>SCOM'AN, s. f. a lung or light; plYN.</li> <li>S'COW'RIT, a. how marked.</li> <li>SCOYLG, s. f. a shriek; plYN; v. shriefle -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 80; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.</li> <li>SCOYLG'AGH, a. to be shrieking often.</li> <li>SCOYL'GERNEE, v. cackling as a hen.</li> <li>SCOYL'GERNEE, v. shrieking.</li> </ul>	Clo CCCCCdCCCCCCC C ;

### SCR

C C	SCRA OF SCRAI'GEY, v. scrawing; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86;
н, а.	-YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
C	SCRA-CHRAA'EE, s. f. aquagmire, a shaking bog. SCRAA'EE, a. d. of scraws.
С	SCRAA'IT, 85. covered with scraws.
found	SCRABA'GE, s. f. a scratch; pl. SCRABAGHYN.
elean;	SCRA'BEY, v. scratching or scraping.
	SCRABEYDER, s. m. a scraper, &c.
ooid.	SCRA'BIT, 85. scratched, scraped.
С	SCRAGH, s. f. a scream; pl YN.
С	S'CAIDOI'LAGH, a. how much for scoffing or
sated, C	mocking. c S'CRAIDOI'LEE, a. id., comp. and sup. C
č	S'CRAIDOI'LEE, a. id., comp. and sup. C S'CRAIE'AGH, a. how clayey. C
C	SCRAIG, s. f. a scraw; pl
C	-IT, 85; -YS, 88.
ou or	SCRAIG'EY, covering with scraws.
C	SCRAIG'EYDER, s. m. one who scraws.
C	S'CRAIT'NAGH, a. how skinny, full of skins. C
C	S'CRAIT'NEE, a. id., comp. and sup.
how	S'CRAIU-AIG'AGH, a. how ruinous. C
C	S'CRAIUAIG'EE, a. id., comp. and sup. C
C	S'CRAMAN'MAGH, a. how lumpy. C
C	S'CRAM'MANEE, a. id., comp. and sup. C
С	S'CRAP'LAGH, a. how much crumpled, &c. C
-EE, -YMS,	S'CRAP'LEE, a. a. id., comp. and sup. C
1 40,	S'CRAP'LIT, a. how crumpled. C
aan si ja	S'CRAUE'AGH, a. how bony, comp. and sup. C
scour-	S'CRAU'EE, a. how pious, religious, godly, holy, righteous, comp. and sup. C
	S'CRAYT, a. how clayed. C
915	S'CREAN'AGH, a. how chilly or cold. C
С	S'CREAN'EE, id., comp. and sup. C
I. C	SCREAU, s. f. a kiln last, as much corn as is put
r cal-	on the kiln to dry at once; pl. — YN.
C	SCREB, s. f. scab; plYN.
	SCREB'BAGH, a. scabby, how scabby.
	SCRE'BEE, a. id., comp. and sup. Prov. "Ta un cheyrey screbbagh doghaney yn clane shioltane.
С	SCREB'BID, s. m. scabbedness, scabbiness.
sup.C	S'CRECK'IT, a. how sold.
С	SCRED, s. f. a gasp; pl YN.
C	S'CRED'IT, a. how much believed. C
up. C	SCREE'AGH, a. screech; Isaiah, xxxiv. 14.
and C	S'CREE'ART OF SCREERT, a. how sifted. C
c	SCREEB, s. f. a scratch or scrape. This is nearly
C	of the same meaning as <i>Scrabage</i> , but, perhaps with this difference that <i>screeb</i> is the action of
C	several sharps drawn over, scrabage but of only
С	one sharp; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83;
. C	-INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
С	SCREEB'EY, v. scratching or scratting.
atess.	SCREEB'EVDER, s. m. a scratcher; plYN.
С	SCREEB'IT, 85. scratched, scraped.
nriek;	S'CREEN, a. how ripe or withered, comp. & sup. C
, 84;	S'CREE'NEY, a. how wise, more or most wise. C
Res (	S'CREE-OI'L, a. how hearty, comp. and sup. C
13952	SCREEU, SCRIEU, or SCRIU, v. write, scribble, wrote; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS,
Seuse.	84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
ind a last	SCREEU'EE, a. d. of writing or penmanship; as
1.10.74	fedjag-screeeuce (a per.); Psalm, xliv. 2.
C	SCREEUDE'YR OF SCRUDE'YR, s. m. a scribe, writer or scribbler; pl YN.
	or seriouer, prIN.

SUR	51711
SCREEUEY'RUS, s. f. writing, penmanship.	S'CROU'TAGH, a. crafty or subtle.
SCREEUT OF SCRUIT, 85. written, scribbled.	S'CROU'TEE, a. id., comp. and sup.
SCREEU'YN, s. m. a letter, an epistle ; Acts, xv. 23.	S'crow'IT, a. how shod.
pl. SCREEUNYN.	S'CRO'YM, a, how stooped or bent f and sup.
S'CREG'GAGH, a. how rocky. C	SCRUI'N, s. f. swarm of bees.
S'CREG'GEE, a. id., comp. and sup. C S'CREG'GANAGH, a. how full of small rock, &c. C	S'CRUIN or S'CRUING, a. how comp
S'CREG'GANAGH, a. now full of small lock, dc. C S'CREG'GANEE, a. id., comp.'and sup. C	S'CRUIN'NIT, a. how besieged or cl
S'CREOÏ, a. how hard, obdurate or obstinate, comp.	S'CRUIT'TAGH, a. how hump backe
and sup. C	S'CRUIT'TEE, a. id., comp. and sup.
S'CROI'DEY, a. how hardy, comp. and sup. C	SCRYSS, s. m. a pareing, a shaving
SCRI, v. descry, espy; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80;	SCUD'LAGH, s. m. a luggage, pl. 7
-IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.	Scugh, v. remove, move, shift; -A
Scri'AL, v. descrying, spying.	80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 8 —YS, 88.
SCRI'ALTAGH, s. m. a descrier, a spy; pl. 71.	SCUGH'EY, s. m. removal; pl. 67. a.
S'CRIB'BEYJAGH, a. how niggardly, parsimoni-	Scugh'EYDER, s. m. a remover; p.
ous, or penurious. C	Scugh'IT, 85. shifted, removed, m
S'CRIB'BEYJEE, a. more niggardly, most nig-	S'CUILLEI'GAGH, a. how full of insi
gardly. C S'CRIB'BIT. a, how shrunk or contracted. C	S'CUILLEI'GEE, a. id., comp. and s
S'CRIB'BIT, a. how shrunk or contracted. C SCRIB'IDER, s. m. a grater ; plYN.	SCUIRR, v. cease, desist, leave of
Scri'-ir, a. how descried or spied.	-EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84 -YS, 88. Prov. "Trascuirrys y
SCRIP'TYR, s. m. scripture ; pl YN. "Te	scuirrys yn veeal dy voylley."
coontit tushey ooasle dy hoiggal leighyn as cli-	SCUIR'REYDER, s. m. one who ceas
aghtaghyn y cheer ta dooinney cummal ayn. Agh cre woad S'ooasle eh dy hoiggal slattyssyn	SCUITCH, v. scourge ; -AGH, 77 ; -
niau as leighyn beaynid dy bragh farraghtyn ta	80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —IT, 8 —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
ain ayns ny scriptyryn casherick."	Scuitch'Eyder, s. m. a scourger;
SCRIP'TYRAGH, a. scriptural.	SCUM'MEY, adv. what matter, no
Scriss, v. pare, shave; —AOH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87;	not matter.
-YS, 88.	S'CUM'MIT, a. how held, how form
SCRIS'SAN, s. m. a pareing, a thin skin or scum.	S'CUMRAI'LAGH, a. how hinderson
SCRIS'SEV, v. pareing, shaving.	S'CUMRAI'LEE, a. id., comp. and
SCRIS'SEYDER, s. m. a parer, a shaver.	S'CURNEEI'NAGH, a. how huffish, p steady.
SCRISS'-NY-GREG OF CLEAYSH-LHEEAH, s. f. a moss that grows on rocks, and is used in dying	S'CURNEEI'NEE, a. id., comp. and
red.	S'CUR'RIT, a. how given, put or se
SCRIST, 85. pared, chaft, shaved.	S'CUS'LINAGH, a. how full of veins
SCROB'BAG, s. f. the crop of a fowl, a gizzard;	S'CUS'LNEE, a. id., comp and sup.
pl. —нум; Lev. i. 16.	SCU'YR, s. m. a skewer; pl YN;
SCROB'BAGHYN, s. pl. the dewlap of oxen.	-AL, 79; -EE, 80; -IN, 83 -IT, 85; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87;
SCROD, v. screw; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -YM, 86; -YS, 88.	Scuy'REYDER, s. m. one who skew
SCRO'DA, s. f. a screw; plGHYN.	S'DAAH'JIT, a. how singed.
SCRO'DEY, v. screwing.	S'DAA'IT OF S'DAAT, how dyed.
SCR'DEYDER, s.m. a screwer; plYN.	S'DAA'NEY, a. how bold or daring
Scro'DIT, 85. screwed.	S'DANJEY'RAGH, a. how dangerou
S'CROGGA'NAGH, a. how hooked. C	S'DANJEY'REE, a. id., comp. and s
S'CROGGA'NEE, a. id., comp. and sup. C	S'DAUN'SIT, a. how danced.
S'crogh'ir, a. how hung. C	S'DEA'MIT, a. how projected.
SCROIG, s. f. a crust, a scruff ; pl. —YN. S'CRONG'ANAGH, a. how full of hillocks. C	S'DEAYR'TIT, a. how spilled or pou S'DEB'EJAGH, a. how desperate.
S'CRONG'ANAGH, a. how full of hillocks. C S'CRONG'ANEE, a. id., comp. and sup. C	S'DE'BEJEE, a. id., comp. and sup.
S'CRON'NAL, a. how plain, obvious, evident,	S'DEI'NAGH, a. how weary or tire
manifest, visible, conspicious, easily seen,	S'DEI'NEE, a. id., comp. and sup.
comp. and sup.	S'DEN'DEYSAGH, a. how delicate,
S'CRON'NIT, a. how seen, discerned, beheld. C	S'DEN'DEYSEE, a. more and most
S'CRON'TAGH, a. how knotty. C	S'DEWIL, a. how cruel, inhuman.
S'CRON'TEE, a. more knotty, most knotty. C S'CRON'TIT, a. how knotted. C	S'DEWI'LEY, a. more and most cru
S'CRON'TIT, a. how knotted. C SCROO. See Scroda.	S'DEVR, a. how dear.
S'CROO'BAGH, a. how lame. C	S'DEY'REY, a. dearer, dearest.
S'CROO'BEE, a. more lame, most lame. C	S'DEY'RIT, a. how condemned or s S'DHOAN OF S'DHONE, a. how broy
	S DHOAN OF S DHONE, a. HOW DION

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S'CROU'TEE, a. id., comp. and sup.	С
CROW'IT, a. how shod.	C
S'CRO'YM, a. how stooped or bent forward, co	mp.
and sup.	C
SCRUI'N, s. f. swarm of bees.	
S'CRUIN OF S'CRUING, a. how compact or clos	e.C
S'CRUIN'NIT, a. how besieged or closed.	С
S'CRUIT'TAGH, a. how hump backed.	С
S'CRUIT'TEE, a. id., comp. and sup.	
SCRYSS, s. m. a pareing, a shaving.	
SCUD'LAGH, s. m. a luggage, pl. 72.	
Scugh, v. remove, move, shift; -AGH, 77; -	EE,
80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, -YS, 88.	87;
SCUGH'EY, s. m. removal; pl. 67. a. removing,	&c.
SCUGH'EYDER, s. m. a remover; pl YN.	
Scugh'IT, 85. shifted, removed, moved.	
S'CUILLEI'GAGH, a. how full of inside corners	. C
S'CUILLEI'GEE, a. id., comp. and sup.	C
SCUIRR, v. cease, desist, leave off; -AGH,	77;
-EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YMS, -YS, 88. Prov. "Trascuirrys y laue dy cho	87 ; oyrt
scuirrys yn veeal dy voylley."	
SCUIR'REYDER, s. m. one who ceases, &c.	
SCUITCH, v. scourge; -AGH, 77; -AL, 79; - 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -IT, 85; -YM,	
-YMS, 87; -YS, 88. SCUITCH'EYDER, s. m. a scourger; plYN.	
Scum'mey, $adv$ , what matter, no matter, we	blue
not matter.	Juia
	C
S'CUM'MIT, a. how held, how formed. S'CUMRAI'LAGH, a. how hindersome.	C
S'CUMRAI'LEE, a. id., comp. and sup.	C C
S'CURNEEI'NAGH, a. how huffish, pettish, or	
steady.	C C
S'CURNEEI'NEE, a. id., comp. and sup.	C
S'CUR'RIT, a. how given, put or sent.	C
S'CUS'LINAGH, a. how full of veins.	C
S'CUS'LNEE, a. id., comp and sup.	C
SCU'YR, s. m. askewer; plYN; vAGH.	77 :
-AL, 79; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, -IT, 85; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.	84;
SCUY'REYDER, s. m. one who skewers.	
S'DAAH'JIT, a. how singed.	D
S'DAA'IT OF S'DAAT, how dyed.	
S'DAA'NEY, a. how bold or daring.	D
S'DANJEY'RAGH, a. how dangerous.	D
S'DANJEY'REE, a. id., comp. and sup.	D
S'DAUN'SIT, a. how danced.	D
S'DEA'MIT, a. how projected.	D
S'DEAYR'TIT, a. how spilled or poured.	D
S'DEB'EJAGH, a. how desperate.	D
S'DE'BEJEE, a. id., comp. and sup.	D
S'DEI'NAGH, a. how weary or tired.	D
S'DEI'NEE, a. id., comp. and sup.	D
S'DEN'DEYSAGH, a. how delicate, donsy.	D
S'DEN'DEVSEE, a. more and most delicate.	D
S'DEWIL, a. how cruel, inhuman.	D
S'DEWI'LEY, a. more and most cruel.	D
S'DEYR, a. how dear.	D
S'DEY'REY, a. dearer, dearest.	D
S'DEY'RIT, a. how condemned or sentenced.	D
S'DHOAN OF S'DHONE, a. how brown.	D

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S'DHOA'NEY, a. browner, brownest. D	S'DUN'VEREE, a. more and most murderous. D
S'DHOL'LIT, a. how blotted, or defaced. D	S'DWOAI'AGH, a. how detestable. how hateful,
S'DHOLTA'NAGH, a. how doltish. D	with what hatred or dislike, comp. and sup. D
S'DHOLTA'NEE, a. id., comp. and sup. D	S'EA'BIT, a. how planned or formed for some work or state.
S'DHON'NANAGH, a. how dastardly. D	S'EADO'LAGH, a. how jealous. E
S'DHON'NANEE, a. id., comp. and sup. D	S'EADO'LEE, a. id., comp. and sup. E
S'DHON'NEY, a. how ill or donsy. D	SEAGH'IN OF SEAGH'YN, v. afflict, trouble, grieve,
S'DIU'NEY, a. deeper, deepest, the comp. and	&c. -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS,
sup. of Dowin.	84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
S'DOAI'AGH, a. how decent or genteel, comp.	SEAGH'IN OF SEAGHYN, s. m. affliction, sorrow,
and sup. D S'DOAL, a. how blind. D	grief, trouble, agitation. This word comes
S'DOA'LEY, a. blinder, blindest. D	from Seiy, (to agitate). SEAGH'INAGH OF SEAGHYNAGH, a. afflictive,
S'DOALTAT'TYM, a. how sudden or unawares. D	grievous, sorrowful, troublesome.
S'DOALTAT'TYMAGH, a. how suddenly. D	SEAGH'NEY, v. afflicting, troubling.
S'DOALTAT'TYMEE, a. id., comp. and sup. D	SEAGH'NEYDER, s. m. one who afflicts or
S'DOC'CARRAGH, a. how laborious, with how	troubles.
much dint or stress of labour. D	SEAGH'NIT, 85. grieved, troubled, &c.
S'DOC'CARREE, a. id., comp. and sup.; 1 Cor.	S'EAR'KAGH, a. how horny. E
xv. 10. D	S'EAR'KEE, a. id., comp. and sup. E
S'DOGH'ANAGH, a. how disorded. D	S'EA'JEE, a. how odious or abominable, comp.
S'DOGH'ANEE, a. id., comp. and sup. D	and sup. E
S'DOIL'LEE, a. how difficult, comp. and sup. D	S'EAR'ROOAGH, a. how numerous. E
S'DOL'LIT, a. how blotted or blinded. D	S'EAR'ROOEE, a. more and most numerous. E
S'DOO, a. how black. Prov. "Myr s'doo yn feeagh viow eh sheshev."	S'EAVL'LIT, a. how limed. E
Joenge Joen en e	Cha S'EC, p. she does not know; -ISH, id. em. E
S'DOO'EY, a. blacker, blackest. D S'DOOGH, a. how ill, bad; Mat. xii. 45; worse,	Cha S'EC'HEY, p. he does not know; -syn, id. em.
worst. D	S'ED'DRYM, a. how light in weight, comp. and
S'DOOGH'YSSAGH, a. how natural or congenial,	sup.
with what natural instinct. D	S'EEA'SIT, a. how lent or borrowed.
S'DOOIE, a. how kind or affectionate, comp.	S'EEAS'TIT, a. how fished.
and sup. D	S'EE'BRYT, a. how drifted or driven. E
S'DOOINT, a. how closed or shut. D	SEEC'KIT, a. how paid or well paid. E
S'DOOISHT, a. how much awake, how vigilant. D	SEIGH, s. m. a mix or stir. Quallian jeh'n eheid
S'DOOISH'TIT, a. how awakened, comp. and	seigh (a pup of the first litter). $ply_N$ .
sup. D S'DOR'RACHEY, a. how dark. D	S'EIG'NAGH, a. how needy, or in what want of
S'DOR'REE, a. darker, darkest. D	help or force to do a thing. E
S'DOR'RINACH, a. how tempestaous. D	S'EIG'NEE, a. id., 58.
S'DOR'RINEE, a. id., comp. and sup. D	S'EIG'NIT, 85. how forced, compelled, or obliged.E
S'DOU'RINAGH, a. how distempered. D	SEIHLL, s. f. world; for the gender of this see Job ix. 24; time in the world, a man's life-time
S'DOU'RINEE, a. id., comp. and sup. D	in the world; plYN.
S'DOWIN, a. how deep. D	SEIHLLT, a. d. of the world, worldly.
S'DREE, a. how slow or tedious, slower, slow-	SEIHLL'TAGH, a. of or belonging to the world;
est. D	secular, corporeal; how worldly; opposed to
S'DRES'SAGH, a. how briary. D	Spyrrydoil; s. m. a worldling. SEIHLL'TEE, a. id., comp. and sup.; s. world.
S'DRES'SEE, a. more briary, most briary. D	lings.
S'DRIAGH'TIT, a. now chained. D	SEIHLL'TID OF SEIHLLTYS, s. worldliness or
S'DRINE'AGH, a. how thorny. D	worldly-mindedness.
S'DRI'NEE, a. more thorny, most thorny. D	SEIHILL, a. d. of the world.
S'DROLLA'NEAGH, $a$ . how despicable or mean. D	S'EIL'LIT, a. how armed. E
S'DROLLA'NEE, a. nearer, nearest. D	S'EIT, a. how called or shouted for.
S'DRON'NAGH, a. how humpish. D	SEIV, s. m. a shank, that part of an instrument
S'DRON'NEE, a. id., comp. and sup. D	that goes into the handle; a push or shove, a thrust; v. to push or shove; -AGH, 77; -IN,
S'DRUGAIG'AGH, a. how hippy or full of hips. D	83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
S'DRUGAIGEE, a. id., comp. and sup. D	SEIY'EYDER OF SEIY'DER, s. m. an agitator, a
S'DRUIGHTOI'LAGH, a. how dewy. D	mixer.
S'DRUIGHTOI'LEE, a. more dewy, most dewy. D	SEIG'JAGH, a. agitatous; sore; Micah, ii. 10.
S'DUIL/LAGAGH, a. how leafy. D	S'EIYR'IT, 85. how driven. E
S'DUIL/LAGEE, a. more leafy, most leafy. D	SEIYT, 85. stirred, mixed, muddy, agitated,
S'DUN'NAL, a. how courageous, brave, daring, or intrepid, comp. and sup.	troubled, rolled; Isa. ix. 5.
S'DUN'VERAGH, a. how murderous. D	S'EL'GYSSAGH, a. how implacable, in anger, choler, or spite.
	E

SFA		
S'EL'GYSSEE, a. id. em., 58.	Е	1
S'EN'MYSIT, a. how named or nominated.	E	1
S'EN'NAGHTAGH, a. how feelingly.	E	
S'EN'NAGHTEE, a. id., 58.	E	1
S'EN'NIT, a. how felt.	E	
S'EN'NOIL, a. how beloved or endeared.	E	
S'EN'NOILEY, a. id., comp. and sup.	E	
SEOSE, adv. upwards, up.	-	1
S'EOYL'LIT, a. how dunged.	E	1
S'ERREE, a. how end, become of, mean Acts, ii. 12; befallen, how will the end		1
Deu. xxix. 28.	E.	1
S'ERREEI'SHAGH, a. how compassionate.	E	1
S'ERREEI'SHEE, a. id., 58.	Е	1
SES'SENAGH, s. m. a sergeant, a sexton ; pl	. 71.	1
SETT, s. f. a plant, a piece of potato to pla	ant;	
Ez. xvii. 5; plvn; v. plant; -AGH,	77;	
-EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.	80;	
SET'TAL, v. planting, setting.		
SET'TIT, 85. planted, set.		1
Cha S'eu, p. ye or you know not; -ISH, id. e	m.E	
S'EU'LYSSAGH, a. how indignant or infla		
with anger, furious.	E	
S'EU'LYSSEE, a. id., 58.	Е	1
S'EU'NYSSAGH, a. how delectable, with y		
rapturous delight.	E	
S'EU'NYSSEE, a. id., 58.	E	
SEYIR, s. m. a carpenter, a wright, a joine	er.	
SEYIR-CLAGH, s. m. a mason ; Galic.		
SEVIREY, a. d. of a carpenter or wright.		
SEVIR'SNYS, s. f. carpentry. SEVR, a. free, clear, at liberty; dooiney s	our	
(a gentleman, a man clear of labour, an	in-	
dependent person).		
SEYR, v. to free, clear, or set at liberty, to just	ify;	
-AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.	84;	
SEY'REY, a. pl. clear, justify.		
SEY'RIT, 85. justified, freed, cleared.		
SEYR'SNYS, s. f. freedom, justification.		
S'FAA'GIT, a. how left or deserted.	F	
S'FAAR'KIT, a. how bathed.	F	
S'FAASAA'GAGH, a. how full of beard.	F	
S'FAASAA'GEE, a. id., 58.	F	
S'FAA'SAGH, a. how desolate.	F	
S'FAASE, a. how weak, slender, faint.	F	1
S'FAAS'TIT, a. how wrung.	F	1
S'FADA'NAGH, a. how solitary.	F	;
S'FADA'NEE, a. id., 58.	F	;
S'FAG'GYS, a. how near or nigh, comp. and s		1
See Sniessey.	F	;
S'FAGH'IDAGH, a. how deserving of scorn.	F	-
S'FAGH'IDEE, a. id., 58.	F	
S'FAILT, a. how hired.	F	
S'FAIL'LIT, a. how much failed. S'FAIL'AGH, a. how fearful or timorous.	F	
S'FAIT'EE, a. id., 58.	F	
S'FAR'INIT, a. how seen or visible.	F	
S'FAM'LIT, a. how wracked.	F	
S'FAM'MANAGH, a. how tailed.	F	
S'FAM'MANEE, a. id., 58.	F	\$
S'FANT, a. how flayed.	F	
S'FAR'BIT, a. how fretted or inflamed.	F	20
the same is the sure of the same same is the same same	1	

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S'FARDA'LAGH, a. how vain, diminutive or	
significant.	F
S'FARDA'LEE, a. id., 58.	F
S'FAR'RARIT, a. how waked. S'FASH'AGH, a. See S'faitagh.	F
S'FAS'NIT, a. how winnowed.	F
S'FAS'SIT, a. how fed with grass.	F
S'FAST'AGH, a. how modest or serious.	F
S'FAST'EE, a. id., 58.	F
S'FAST'EE OF S'FAST'EEAGH, a. how shelt	
comp. and sup.	F
S'FEAGH, a. how quiet, still, or silent.	F
S'FEARE. a. id., 58.	F
S'FEAYN, a, how wide, open, or extensive.	F
S'FEAYN'EY, a. wider, widest.	F
S'FEAYR, a. how cold or frigid.	F
S'FEAYR'EY, a. colder, coldest. "Ny three get ghyn s'feayrey dennee, Fion Mc Cooil."	ay- F
" Geay henneu, as geay huill, As geay fo ny shiauill."	
S'FEAVRIT, a. how cooled.	F
S'FEAYSLIT, a. how loosed or free.	F
S'FEDJAGAGH, a. how feathered.	F
S'FEDJAGEE, a. id., 58.	F
S'FEEAGH, a. of how much value or wor comp. and sup.	th, F
S'FEECKLAGH, a. how snappish or cross, ho	
apt to bite, or use the teeth.	F
S'FEEACKLEE, a. id., 58.	F
S'FEEIT, a. how wove or woven.	F
S'FEER, a. how true, true that, of a trut Isa. xxxvii. 18.	F
S'FEEU, a. how worthy or worthy is.	F
S'FEEUEY, a. id., comp. and sup. pl.	F
S'FEILLAGH, a. how fleshy.	F
S'FEILLEE, a. more fleshy, most fleshy. S'FEOISAGH, a. how slight, limber, slender, fine	F
S'FEOISEE, a. slighter, slightest.	.r F
S'FEIYRAGH, a. how noisy.	F
S'FEIYREE, a. id., 58.	F
S'FEIYRIT, a. how noised or clamoured.	F
S'FEMOIL, a. how needful or needed.	F
S'FEMOILEY, a. more needy, most needy.	F
S'FENDEILAGH, a. how defensive.	F
S'FENDEILEE, a. id., 58.	F
S'FENDIT, a. how defended.	F
S'FE'NIT, a. how after asked.	F
S'FEOHDAGH, a. how filthy, foul or nauseous.	F
	F
	F
	F
	F
	F
	F
	F
	F F
	F
S'FIGH'IT OF S'FIGJIT, a. how faded, how	6.8
	F
faithful, genuine, with what veracity or truth	?.
S'FIR'RINEE, a. id., 58.	F

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### SGE

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S'FLAUNYSSAGH, a. how heavenly, angelic, feli- citous, blissful, &c. F	S'FREOAGHA'NAGH, a. how abundant in ling berries. F
S'FLAUNYSSEE, a. id., 58. F	S'FREOAGHA'NEE, a. id., 58. F
S'FLIAGH'AGH, a. how rainy. F	S'FREOAGH'IT, a. how stored in heather. F
S'FLIAGH'EE, a. id. 58. F	S'FRIOG'ANAGH, a. how finny, how snappish. F
S'FLIUGH, a. how wet. F	S'FRIOG'ANEE, a. id., comp. and sup. F
S'FLIUGH'EY, a. wetter, wettest. F	S'FRIOG'ANIT, a. how finned. F
S'FLUIGH'IT, a. how saturated with wet. F	S'FRIOO'SAGH, a. how attentive, with how much
S'FLOAOI'L, a. fluent or eloquent. F	respect or regard. F
S'FLOAOI'LEY, a. more fluent, most fluent. F	S'FRIOO'SEE, a. id., comp. and sup. F
S'FLOU'TAGH, a. how scurrilous or opprobrious.F	S'ERIT'LAGH, a. how ragged. F
S'FLOU'TEE, a. id. 58. F	S'FRIT'LEE, a. more ragged, most ragged. F
S'FOAD'DIT, a. how kindled or lighted. F	S'FROGH, a. how dry, rotten. F
S'FOAL'LEY, a. how carnal or sensual F	S'FROGH'EY, a. id., comp. and swp. F
S'FOAL'SEY, a. how false. F	S'FROURT OF S'FROWAR'TAGH, a. how froward,
S'FOAYROI'L, a. how favourable. F	peevish, perverse; Deu. xxxii. 20. F
S'FOAYROI'LEY, a. more favourable, most fa-	S'FROUR'TEE OF S'FROWARTEE, a. id., 58.
vourable. F	S'FUD' Y CHEILLEY, a. how much through each other, or through others.
S'FOAYR'IT, a. how favoured. F	Stand on St.
S'FOCK'LAGH, a. how verbose, loquacious. F	
S'FOCK'LIT, a. how worded or spoken. F	S'FUIR'RAGHTAGH, a. how much for staying or tarrying.
S'FOD'DEY, a. how far, how long since. S'foddey	S'FUIR'RAGHTEE, a. id., 58. F
beayn y Ree (long live the King). Comp. and sup. See Sodjey. F	S'FUIGHT OF S'FUYGHT, a. how timbered. F
S'FOIL'JAGH, a. how faulty or criminal.	S'FYNNEIG'AGH, a. how well podded. F
	S'FYNNEIG'EE, a. id., 58.
S'FOIL'JEE, a. id., 58. F S'FOL'LAN, a. how wholesome, esculent, how	S'FVN'NIT, a. how well furred, or grown over
orthodox, comp. and sup., or S'follaney. F	with hair or fur.
S'FOL'LIT, a. how hid or hidden.	S'FYR'RYN, a. how he or masculine. F
S'FOL'LYM, a. how empty.	S'GAAI'GAGH, a. how full of cracks or chafts. F
S'FOL/LYMEY, a. more empty, most empty. F	S'GAAI'GEE, a. id., 58. G
S'FOL'LYMIT, a. how emptied.	S'GAAI'GIT, a. how cracked or chafed. G
S'FON'DAGH, a. how sufficient, &c. F	S'GAEL'LIGAGH, a. how much for Manks or ErseG
S'FON'DEE, a. id., 58. This word ought to be	S'GAEL'LIGEE, a. id., 58. G
used in Exod. iv. 13 instead of S'fondagh. F	SGAIRT, s. f. the midriff or diaphragm, a par-
S'FOSH'LIT, a. how open. F	tition; plYN.
S'FOW'ANAGH, a. how droughty or scorching	S'GAL'LAGH, a. how gusty. G
dry. F	S'GAL/LEE, a. id., 58. G
S'FOW'ANEE, a. id., 58. F	S'GAM'MANAGH, a. how gamesome. G
S'FOW'ANIT, a. scorched or dried up. F	S'GAM'MANEE, a. id., comp. and sup. G
S'FOYR'AGH OF SFOYR'AL, a. how sharp	S'GANGLA'NAGH, a. how much for jangling. G
edged.	S'GANGLA'NEE, a. id., 58. G
S'FOYR'EE, a. id., comp. and sup. F	S'GARD'IT, a. how guarded. G
S'FOYR'IT, a. See Shleeut. F	S'GARG, a. how acrid, comp. and sup. G
S'FRAP'PAGH, a. how crackling. F	S'GAR'GAGH, a, how acrimonious. G
S'FRAP'PEE, a. id., comp. and sup. F	S'GAR'GEE, a. id., comp. and sup. G
S'FRAS'SAGH, a. how showery. F	S'GAR'ROO, a. how coarse or rough. G
S'FRAS'SEE, a. id., 58. F	S'GAS'TEY, a. how agile or nimble, comp. and
S'FRAU'AGH, a. how rooty or having strong	sup. G
roots. F	S'GAUE'AGH, a. how hazardous. G
S'FRAU'EE, a. id., comp. and sup. F	S'GAU'EE, a. id., comp. and sup. G
S'FRAUAIG'AGH, a. with how many small roots.F	S'GEAYEE'AGH, a. how windy. G
S'FRAUAIG'EE, a. id., comp. and sup. F	S'GEAYEE, a. id., 58. G
S'FRAU'IT, a. how rooted or grounded. F	S'GEAY'NEY, a. how green, comp. and sup. G
S'FREAYN'AGH, a. how overflowing. F	S'GEAVE OF S'GEIE, a. how sour, sharp or tart;
S'FREAYN'EE, a. id., 58. F	Isaiah, xviii. 5. G
S'FREAVN'IT, a, how overflowing or flowed above the surface.	S'GEAY'REY, a. id., comp. and sup. G
	S'GEN'NAL, a. how cheerful, free, affable, glad,
S'FREG'GYRTAGH, a. how replicative, or ready to do a thing.	merry, comp. and sup. G
S'FREG'GYRTEE, a. id., comp. and sup. F	S'GEN'NISH, a. how barren, comp. and sup. G S'GERJOI'LAGH, a. how comfortable. G
S'FREILT, a. how kept. F	Gi
S'FREOAGH'AGH, a. how full of heather. F	Gianafara an Gianafara - 1 - 1 - 1
S'FREOAGH'EE, a. id., 58.	Clamping a 21 same and
Y Y	G GERJEY, a. ia., comp. and sup.

#### SGR

S'GEU'LIT, a. how bound with shackles.	G
S'GEU'RAGH, a. how winterly.	G
S'GEU'REE, a. id., 58.	G
S'GEW'AGH, a. with what acheing.	G
S'JEW'EE, a. id., comp. and sup.	G
S'GHAN'NIDAGH, a. how derisory or derisive.	G
	G
S'GHAN'NIDEE, a. id., 58.	10.00
S'GHEN'NEY, a. scarcer, scarcest; the com	
and sup. of Goan.	G
S'GIAL, a. how bright, glittering or white.	G
S'GIAL'LIT, a. how promised, granted, bleache whitened, or brightened.	d, G
S'GIARE, a. how short, or short it is. Pro	
" S'giare y jough na yn skeeal."	G
S'GIAR'IT, a. how cut.	G
S'GAS'TYLAGH, a. how charitable or generous.	G
S'GAS'TYLEE, a. id., 58.	G
S'GIE'BAGH, a. how sharp or pointed.	G
S'GIB'BEE, a. id., 58.	G
S'GIEN'TIT, a. how conceived.	G
S'GIL'LEY, a. brighter, brightest; whiter, whites the comp. and sup. of Gial.	G
S'GIOAL'TIT, a. how mortgaged or pledged.	G
S'GIOOT'IT, a. how gifted.	G
S'GIR'REY, a. shorter, shortest, comp. and su of Giare.	G.
S'GIR'ROO, a. coarser, coarsest, comp. and su	p.
of Garroo.	G
S'GLAC'EIT, a. how pressed in the hand.	G
S'GLASS, a. how verdant, how pale or gray.	G
S'GLAS'SEY, a. more verdant, most verdan	
paler, palest, &c.	G
	G
S'GLAST, a. how locked.	
S'GLEA'SHIT, a. how stirred.	G
S'GLEN, a. how clear, or pure.	G
S'GLEN'YEY, a. id., comp. and sup.	G
S'GLIB, a. how fluent, comp. and sup.	G
S'GLOA'SIT, a. how glossed or polished.	G
S'GLOY'ROIL, a. how glorious.	G
S'GLOY'ROILEY, a. id., comp. and sup.	G
S'GOAN, a. how scarce. See S'coan.	G
	G
S'GOAN'LYSSAGH, a. how malicious.	
S'GOAN'LYSSEE, a. id., 58.	G
S'GON'NAGH, a. how sore.	G
S'GON'NEE, a. id., 58.	G
S'GOOID'SAVE, a. more or most vouchsafe.	G
S'GOR'RYM, a. how blue.	G
S'GOR'RYMEY, a. id., comp. and sup.	G
S'GORT, a. how stale.	G
	G
S'GOR'TEY, a. id., comp. and sup.	
S'GOR'TIT, a. how hurt.	G
S'GRAI'HAGH, a. how loving, with what love.	G
S'GRAI'HEE, a. id., 58; Mat. x. 37.	G
S'GRAIHOI'L, a. how lovely.	G
S'GRAIHOI'LEY, a. id., comp. and sup.	G
S'GRA'NEY, a. how ugly or deformed, com	ap.
and sup.	G
S'GRAN'IT, a. how graven.	G
S'GRAYSOI'L, a. how gracious.	G
S'GRAYSOI'LEY, a. id., comp. and sup.	G
S'GREE'SIT, a. how stimulated.	G
S'GREIM'MIT, a. grasped or bit.	G
S'GRE'IT. a. how geared or harnessed : how w	
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stocked with tools. G S'GRI'AGHTAGH, a. how gregarious or in droves.G S'GRI'AGHTEE, a. id., 58. G S'GRIAN'AGH, a. how sunny. G G S'GRIAN'FE, a. id., 58. S'GRIN'DERAGH, a. how much for taunting. G S'GRINDEREE, a. id., 58. G S'GRINE'AGH, a. how grainy. G G S'GRIN'EE, a. id., 58. S'GIU'AGAGH, a. how much in gullets or creeks. G S'GIU'AGEE. a. id,. 58. G S'GROA'MAGH, a. how sad or low hearted, how G sullen. S'GROA'MEE, a. id., comp. and sup. G G S'GRUN'TIT, a. how grounded. S'GUINT, a. how racked with pain, how wounded or pained. G S'GUIR'RAGH, a. how addle or rotten; as eggs when so, how much in a hatching state, as a hen or fowl when so. G S'GUIR'REE, a. id., comp. and sup. G S'GYERE, a. how sharp. G S'GYE'REY, a. id., comp. and sup. of Gyere. G SHAG, s. m. a cormorant; pl. - YN. A low word. SHAGH'EY, adv. by, dy gholl shaghey (to pass by). SHAGH'EY, pre. past, past by. SHAGHEY EH-HENE, adv. out of his senses or reason. SHAGHN OF SHAGHIN, v. shun, avoid, eschew spare, escape; -- AGH, 77; -- EE, 80; -- IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88. SHAGH'NEY, v. shunning, avoiding, &c.; pl. 67. SHAGH'NEYDER, s. m. a sparer, shunner, &c.; pl. -YN. SHAGH'NIT, 85. spared, shunned, avoided. SHAGH'RYN, v. See Er-shaghryn. SHAGH'RYNAGH OF SHAGH'YRNAGH, S. m. an estray, one astray. SHAGH'RYNYS, s. f. the state of being astray, or out of proper mind or senses, confusion ; Gen. xi. 7; deviation, error; James, v. 20. SHAGH'RYNYS CREDJUE, s. heresy Acts, xxiv. 5. SHAGH'YD, s. by thee, past thee, a contraction of Shaghey ayd. SHAGH'IN, p. past us, by us (shaghey ain). SHAGH'YM, p. by me, past me (shaghey aym). SHAGH'YN, v. shun. Prov. "shaghyn dagh olk." SHA'LEE, s. f. quest, pursuit, design. SHAL'LID, s. f. the twinkling of an eye; pl. -YN. SHALMA'NE, s. a mushroom, fungus, club.top, frog-cheese; pl. -YN. SHAM'YR, s. f. a chamber; pl. - YN. SHAM'YRDER, s. m., a chamberlain ; 2 Kings, xxiii. 11. Esth. ii. 15.; pl. -YN. SHAN'ER, s. m. grandfather ; dty henn shaner (thy great grand father). SHANG, a. lank, lean, empty, not swelled or puffed out. This word is very expressive of the state; Gen, xli. 21. where the English is "ill favoured" and in Isa. xvii. 4. SHANG, v. to be lank, lean, not plump; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.

SHANG'AGH, v. getting lank, less in bulk or thickness, getting shrunk, and not so full or plump. SHANG'EY, a. pl. lank not plump.

SHANG'ID, s. m. lankness, emptiness of the belly or bowels, inanition, leanness; Job, xvi. 8.

SHANG'IT, 85. shrunk, or grown lank.

SHANGLAN'E, s. m. one that is lank or empty.
SHANGLA'NAGH, a. empty bellied, comp. and sup.
s. m. an empty person or beast; pl. 71.

SHANGLA'NEY. v. becoming empty bellied.

SHANGLA'NID, s. m. the state of being empty.

SHANGLA'NIT, 85. shrunken by want of food.

SHANGLA NII, 55. Shitulaten Sy elder; pl. -YN.

SHAPP, s. f. a shop; pl. -YN.

SHA'RAGH OF SHA'RAGHEY, v. getting better, improving, getting in a state of convalescence.

- SHARE, a. better, best; as, ny share (better) yn dooinney, share (the best man) the comp. and sup. of mie (and so for all the adjectives. See also 58.
- SHARE. v. to better, improve, &c.; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —IT, 85; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.

5. The possessive pronouns might here be all joined to this, as in the case of Bare, and the meaning the same, but in the present tense; as, Shareda, Share-Ihiam, Share-Ihiat, &c. Prov. "Share soie son veg, na roie son veg."

SHARE'ID, s. m. preferableness, superiority.

SHARE'IT, 85. bettered, improved.

SHAR'KAGH. s. m. a porpoise; pl. 71.

SHARMA'NE, s. f. a sermon; pl. - YN.

SHARMA'NAGH, a. sermonlike; s. m. one who preaches sermons, a preacher; pl. 71.

SHARMA'NE-VUCK, s. f. sow thistle. See also Onnane meein.

SHARMA'NEY, v. preaching sermons.

SHAR'RAGH, s. m. a foal; pl. 71.

SHAR'ROO, a. bitter, acrid, comp. and sup.

SHAR'TANSE, a. several. See also Shiartanse.

SHARVAA'NT, s. f. a servant ; pl. - YN.

SHAS'LAGH, s. f. bent-grass; pl. -YN.

SHAS'LEE, a. d. of bent-grass.

- SHASS, v. stand, stop; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- SHASS-GREINEY GEUREE, s. the winter solstice. SHASS-GREINLY SOUREE, s. the summer solstice. SHAS'SEYDER, s. m. a stander; pl. —YN.
- SHAS'SOO, v. standing; s. m. erection; pl. YN.

SHAST, a. sterile, barren, dry. See also Shiast.

SHAWK, s. f. the hawk or glede ; Deu. xiv. 13.

SHAWM, s. m. the cornet; pl. - YN; Psl. cvii. 9.

SHAYLL, s. f. succession, rotation, gradation, turn about, first come first served; Esth. il. 12.

SHAY'REY, a. d. of a sister or sisters.

- SHAYR'RAGHYN, s. pl. sisters. A corruption of Shuyrraghyn, probably because it sounds better in opposition to Braaraghyn.
- SHE, adv. yes, yea, ay. This word which is a contraction of *shen eh*, literally (that's it) to *sh'eh* and the last *h* cast off. There is another yes in the Manks. See *Ta*.
- SHEA'DIN OF SHEA'DING, s. f. a. division into six, as the Island is; the district of a coroner from Shey-rheynn.

SHEAIN OF SHEE-AIN, s. p. peace to us; a prayer for the peace and blessing of God.

SHEAIN EH MIE ORRIN, in. an interjection of

wonder or surprise, praying that God might diffuse his good peace on or among us.

SHEANE, s. f. a wen; Lev. xxii. 22.; pl. -YN.

SHEANSE, s. m. science; pl. -YN.

- SHEAYN'EY, v. praying ejaculatory prayers; as, shee yee dy row marin, shee chreest hooin, &c.
- SHEAVN'EYDER, s. m. one who performs ejaculations.
- SHEAYNT, 85. blest with peace; thalloo sheaynt (land of peace); Jer. xii. 5. In Amos, vii. 9. the sanctuaries are called thieyn sheaynt, fer sheaynt (one who had performed) sheayney (peaceable.)
- SHEAYN NY MEA, in. (probably a contraction of Shee ayns nyn mea) peace in your life, peace be to ye. Prov. "Sheayn dty hie as dty aaght ta'n fer driaght ec dty ghorrys."

SHECK'TER, s. m. an executor; pl. - YN.

SHECK'TER-AYNS-TREISHT, s. m. administrator.

SHECK'TERAGHT, s. f. goods, money, or effects left a person by will; a legacy.

SHECK'TERYS, s. f. executorship.

SHEE, s. f. peace ; pl. -GHYN.

SHEEAB'IN, s. m. soap ; pl. -YN.

SHEEAB'INAGH, a. soapy.

SHEEAB'INEE, a. id., comp. and sup.

SHEE'AGH, a. is worth, in value.

- SHEE'ALTAGH, s. m. a mediator, an intercessor, an appeaser. Bishop Wilson's book on sacrament, page 40; pl. 71.
- SHEEAN, s. m. sound, noise, clamour. The Hebrew sheon is very like the Manks. The literality of this word would be shee (peace) and an, dim. (little peace).
- SHEEAN, v. noise, sound, &c. Though this word is seldom used as a verb singly, it is sometimes used pronominally, and with the terminations; —AGH; —AL; —IN; —IN; —IT; —YM; & —YS, 88.

SHEEAN'AGH, a. sonorous, sounding.

SHEEANAN'E, s. f. accent; pl. -- yN.

SHEEAR, s. f. west, westward.

SHEEAR Ass, s. f. south-west.

SHEEAR-HWOA'IE, s. f. north-west.

SHEEB, s. m. a blast of wind that drifts some thing before it; a sharp scold; pl. — AGHYN.

- SHEEB, v. drift, drive with wind; scold; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- SHEEBAN'E, s. m. the continuation of a blast of wind, &c., that drives; the dim. of Sheeb; pl. -YN.
- SHEEB'EV, v. drifting before the wind, as snow, sand, &c.; pl. 67.

SHEEB'EYDER, s. m. a drifter; pl. - YN.

SHEEB'IT, 85. drifted, driven.

SHEE DY ROU HIU, peace be to you.

SHEE DY ROW MAYRT, peace be with thee.

SHEE DY ROW MARIN, peace be with us.

SHEE DY ROY MERIU, peace be with you.

SHEE DY VEA, welcome,

SHEE DY VEA DTY VALLEY, welcome to thy home. SHEEI'DAGH, a. d. silken, of silk,

SHEEI'DEY, s. m. silk; pl. 67.

SHEEIN'EY OF SHEEINT, s. f. a teat, dug, nipple, pap; first pl. 67, last pl. - YN.

SHEEINT'AGH, a. papillous, having paps or teats, mammeated.

- SHEEL, s. m. oats, from the time it is threshed till sown, or dried for the mill. This word is for seed, Job, xxi. 8.; pl. - YN.
- SHEEL, v. sober, filter, strain, sile, &c.; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- SHEEL'AGHEY, v. sobering, filtering.
- SHEEL CORREY, s. m. seed oats.
- SHEEL'EY, v. straining, filtering, sneaking.

SHEEL'EYDER, s. m. one who strains, filters, &c.

- SHEEL'IT, 85. filtered, strained.
- SHEELNAU'E, s. mankind, human beings. This word no doubt is from *Sheel* (seed) as in *Job*, xxi. 8.; and *naue* a corruption of *niau* (heaven,) the seed or offspring of heaven.
- SHEELOGH'E, s. m. a generation, age; pl. --YN. SHEELT, a. sober, temperate.
- SHEEL'TEY, a. pl. sober, temperate, comp. and sup.
- SHEEL'TID, s. m. soberness.
- SHEEL'TYS, s. f. sobriety, temperance.
- SHEEOI'L, a. peaceable, quiet, comp. and sup. or Sheeoiley.
- SHEER, d. true, sure, or about to; as, sheer loayrt er nyn son (about or sure to speak for us). Litany.
- SHEESE, adv. down.
- SHEEU, s. is worth, worthy.
- SHEEVL, s. This word is used in the Manks translation of Milton's Paradise Lost, for a contraction of Sheelnaue, which see.
- SHEEYN, v. stretch, extend, distend; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- SHEEY'NEY, s. m. a stretch ; pl. 67; v. stretching.
- SHEEY'NEYDER, s. m. a stretcher; pl. YN.
- SHEEYNEY-MAGH', v. stretching out.
- SHEEYNT, 85. stretched, extended.
- SHEGIN, v. (shyin) must, shall.
- SHEGIN, v. lurking for, lying in wait; Luke, xi. 54. SHEH, s. f. hide, felt; pl. —GHYN.
- SHEID, s. m. a blow, blast or puff of wind; pl. —AGHYN. v. blow, expel wind; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- SHEI'DEE, a. d. of blowing.
- SHEI'DEY, s. m. a windy or blowing time; pl. 67; v. blowing.
- SHEI'DEYDER, s. m. a blower ; pl. -YN.
- SHEI'DIT, 85. blown.
- SHEIL'LAGH, s. f. salix, black willows or sally. pl. 71.
- SHEIL'LEE OF SHELLEE, a. d. of salix or willow; Isaiah, xliv. 4.
- SHEIL'TYN OF ShEIN, v. supposing, conjecturing, thinking; Acts, xiv. 19.
- SHELG OF SHEILG, v. hunt, hunting; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- SHELGEY'R, s. m. a hunter, pl. YN.
- SHELGE'RYS, s. f. huntsmanship ; pl. -YN.
- SHEL'GIT, 85. hunted.
- \*SHELL OF SHELLAGH, v. imagine, suppose, conjecture; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- SHEL'LEE, a. d. See Sheillee.
- SHEL'LAN, s. f. a bee; pl. -YN.

- SHELLAN-MOO'AR, s. f. a large bee.
- SHEL'LEIG, s. f. a bee-hive ; pl. YN.
- SHEL'LEY, s. saliva, spittle ; pl. 67.
- SHEL'LIU, s. f. salve ; pl. -YN.
- SHEL'LOO, s. a herd of cattle; pl. -YN.
  - SHEL'TYN, v. See Sheiltyn.
  - SHEN, pro. adv. that, so, these, those, thence.
  - SHEN BEE EH, adv. so be it, amen.
  - SHEN'DIAGHT, s. m. age, old age, aged, the old, the aged.
  - SHEN'N-AYR, s. m. fore father, progenitor.
  - SHENN, a. old, aged, senile.
  - SHEN'NID, s. m. oldness, senesence.
- SHENN-SCOLLAG-AE'G, s. m. a bachelor.
- SHENN-SHAN'ER, s. m. great-grand-father.
- SHENN-VEN-AEG, s. f. an old maid.
- SHEN-Y-FA', adv. therefore, wherefore.
- SHER'RUID, s. bitterness; pl. YN.
- SHESH'AGHT, s. company, society; pl. -YN.
- SHESH'EE, a. d. of a companion or *pl*. Though this word is in *Heb.* x. 33, for companions, the plural of *Sheshey*, I think *Sheshaghyn* would be more correct.
- SHESH'EY, s. m. a companion, an equal, a mate, one of a pair, a match, a husband; Gen. iii. 6; pl. 67. Prov. "Ta shehey chammah as ayrn."
- SHESN'ERAGH OF SHESH'ERAGHT, s. f. a team to plough with. Perhaps from being formerly made by partners; pl. 72.
- SHESH'EREE, a. d. of or belonging to a team to plough.
- SHEY, a. six; pl. -GHYN.
- SHEYGIN, v. watching for prey. See also Shegin. SHEY-JEI'G, a. sixteen.
- SHEY-JEI'GOO OF SHEYOOYEIG, a. sixteenth.
- SHEY'00, a. sixth.
- SHIAGHT, a. seven; pl. -YN.
- SHIAGH'TIN, s. f. a week; pl. YN or 72.
- SHIAGH'TJEIG, a. seventeen.
- SHIAGHTJEI'GOO OF SHIAGHTOOYEIG, a. seventeenth.
- SHIAGH'TOO, a. seventh.
- SHIAM'EYDER, s. m. See Shamyrder.
- SHIAR, s. east, eastward. Prov. "Giare sheear liauyr shiar."
- SHIAR-ASS, s. m. south-east.
- SHIAR-HWOAI'E, s. m. north-east.
- SHIAR'TANSE, a. several. See also Shartanse.
- SHIAST, a. dry, steril, barren, not giving milk. SHIAS'TEY, a. pl. idem.
- SHIA'UILL, v. sail, float; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87;
- -YS, 88. SHIAULL, s. m. a sail; pl. SHIAUIHLL.
- SHIAUL'LAGH OF SHIAUL'LAGHEY, v. fixing, getting in order to sail, or to do any other work, getting equipped.
- SHIAUL/LEE, a. d. of sailing or getting in order. SHIAUL/LEY, v. sailing, floating.
- SHIAUL'LEYDER, s. m. a person who can set an instrument in order to work; pl. YN.
- SHIAUL'LIT, 85. set in order.
- SHIAULT, 85. sailed, floated.
- SHIAULTEY'R OF SHIOLTEY'R, s. m. a sailor; pl. - YN.

- SHIAULTEY'RYS, s. f. sailorship, the business or craft of a sailor.
- SHIB'BER, s. m. supper; pl. YN.

" Dy ve aashagh syn oie, monney shibber nagh ee ; Er nonney n'oo plaiynt, ec laccal dty laynt."

And, "Shibber eddrym, Ihiabbee ghlen."

- SHIB'BERAGH, a. d. of supper, belonging to supper.
- SHIC'KYR, a. sure, certain, steadfast, stable, steady, fixed, fast, firm.

Dy SHICKYR, adv. surely, certainly, firmly, &c.

- \*SHIC'KYR OF SHIC'KYREE, v. make sure, &c.;
   —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84;
   —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- SHICK'YRAGH OF SHICKYRAGHEY, v. making sure, fast, or certain.

SHICK'YREE, a. the comp. and sup. of Shickyr. SHICK'YREY, a. pl. sure, certain, &c.

- SHICK'YREYDER, s. m. an affirmer, a securer.
- SHICK'VRIT, 85. secured, established, made steadfast or sure.
- SHICK'YRYS, s. f. certainty, security, confidence.
- Son SHICK'YRYS, adv. positively, confidently, assuredly.
- SHID, adv. yonder, there.
- SHILL, v. shed, spill; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88,
- SHIL'LAGH, a. d. of sight or sights.
- SHIL'LEE, s. f. a mass or assemblage of thin slate, or bits of thin stone.
- SHILLEEI'D, s. f. a slug or soft snail; pl. -- YN. SHILLEY, s. m. sight, look, view; pl. 67.

SHIL'LEY-FAGGYS, a. purblind.

SHILLEY-FAGOYS, a. purbinu

- SHIL'LEY, v. shedding, spilling, draining, dropping.
- SHILLEY-SOOIL'LEY, s. f. eye-sight.
- SHILLEY-YIN'DYSSAGH, s. m. spectacle; 1 Cor. iv. 9.

SHIL'LISH, s. See Chillys.

- SHIL'LIT, 85: shed; drained.
- SHIM'MEY, a. how many, many.

SHIN, pro. we, us; -YN, id. em.

- SHIN-HENE', pro. ourselves.
- SHIN'NEY, a. elder, eldest, senior; comp. and sup. of Shenn.
- SHIN'NEYID, s. m. seniority, oldness.
- SHIOLTA'NAGH, a. being in flocks.
- SHIOLTANE, s. f. a flock ; pl. YN.

SHIOLTA'NEY, v. flocking.

SHIONE, v. do or doth know.

- SHIR or \*SHIRR, v. ask, seek, endeavour, require; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- SHIRK, v. shrink, dry up, contract, shrivel; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.

SHIRK'AGHEY, v. shrinking, shrivelling, &c.

SHIRK'EYDER, s. m. a shriveller.

SHIRK'IT OF SHIRGIT, 85. shrivelled, shrunk.

SHIRRAGH-NY-GIARE, s. m. the falcon, a hawk. SHIR'REY, s. m. a request; v. seeking, asking,

- endeavouring ; pl. 67. SHIR'BEYDER, s. m. an asker, seeker.
- SHIR'RIT OF SHIRRT, 85. sought, desired, bidden,

asked, invited, solicited, required.

- SHIR'ROO, a. more or most bitter; the comp. and sup. of Sharroo; Eccl. vii. 26.
- SHIRVEI'SH, s. m. service, servitude.
- SHIRVEI'SHAGH, a. serviceable, &c.; s. m. one that serves or officiates; pl. 71.

SHIU, pro. ye, you; -ISH, id. em.

SHLAISS, adv. needs.

- SHLEA, a. broader, wider, broadest, widest; the com. and sup. of Lhean.
- SHLEAIG, s. f. a small lick, a stinted bit.
- SHLEAR'AGH, a. delaying, postponing, procrastinating time.
- SHLEAVST, s. f. thigh, flank ; pl. -- YN; Lev. iii. 4.
- SHLEE, a. more or most in number.
- SHLEEU OF SHLIEU, v. sharpen, whet; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- SHLEEU'DER, s. m. a sharpener; pl. YN.
- SHLEEUIT OF SHLEEUT, 85. sharpened, whetted a. fain, keen, bent for.
- SHLEIV, s. f. a spear, a scimitar, a short sword; pl. — GHYN.
- SHLIAW'IN OF SHLIAWN, a. slippery, slape, or slapy; sly, insidious.
- SHLIAWI'NAGH OF SHLIAWNAGHEY, v. getting slippery.
- SHLIAW'NEY, a. pl. slippery, slapy; Jer. xxiii. 12.
- SHLIAW'NID OF SHLIAWNYS, s. slipperiness, slapiness.
- SHLIEE, v. lick or lap up; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.

SHLIEE'DER, s. m. one that licks; pl. - YN.

SHLIEET, 85. licked or lapped up.

SHLIEEU. See Shleeu.

- SHLIG, s. f. a shell, a shred; Isaiah, xxx. 14; pl. —GYN.
- SHLIG'GAGH, a. shelly.
- SHLIG'GRE, a. id., 58.
- SHLING'AN, s. f. the shoulder, or back part of the shoulder; pl. yN.
- SHNOAG OF SHNOAG'EREY, s. m. a sneakup; pl. — YN.
- SHNOAG'AGH, a. sneaky or sneaking.

SHNOAG'YRAGHT, v. sneaking.

- SHOALTEY'R, s. m. a sailor; 2 Kings, ix. 27; pl. -- YN.
- SHOG'GYL, s. f. rye; Exod. ix. 32; pl. YN.

SHOH, adv. this, here.

- SHOLL, s. f. the wax of the ear, the natural greasiness or eek of wool; pl. YN.
- SHOLLAN'E, s. f, a strainer, a filterer; pl. -- YN. SHOOILL, v. walk; -- AGH, 77; -- EE, 80; -- IN, 83;
- -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- SHOOIL'LEYDER, s. m. a walker, a pedestrian.
- SHOOIL'LIT OF SHOOYLT, 85. walked.
- SHOOYLL, v. walking. Yn un shooyll (the one fate or pass).

SHOOYLL-NY-DHIE'YN, v. begging.

- SHOU'SHAN, s. f. a shive; pl. -YN.
- SHU, v. sue, prosecute; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- SHU'AL, v. sueing, prosecuting.

SHU'ALTAGH, s. m. plaintiff, a complainant; pl. 71
SHUD'DYR, s. f. scissors ; plYN.
SHUGHLAIG', s. f. sorrel or sourdock.
SHUGHLAIG'AGH, v. abounding in sorrel.
SHU'GYR, s. m. sugar; pl YN.
SHUILG, v. nibble, eat in small morsels ; -AGH,
77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
SHUIL'GEY, v. nibbling, eating by small morsels.
SHULLG'EYDER, v. a nibbler; plYN.
SHUIL'GIT, 85. eaten slowly, &c.
SHUIT, 85. sued, prosecuted.
SHUIT OF SHOOIT, s. m. a suit, shift or effort;
<i>pl.</i> —YN.
SHUIT'ELAGH, s. m. a shifter, a progger; pl. 71.
SHUIT'IT, 85. shifted, &c.
SHUNE, SHIOON, Or SHUIN, s. f. a rush; pl YN.
SHU'NAGH, a. d. rushy, of rushes.
SHUT'TERNEE, v. neighing.
SHUYR, s. f. a sister; pl. —AGHYN. SHYML OF SHYMLEE, v. pine or languish; —AGH,
77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86;
-YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
SHYM'LEY, Ø. pining, languishing.
SHYM'LEYDER, s. m. one who pines as in a con-
sumption
SHYM'LIT, 85. pined away.
SHYN'NAGH, s. m. a fox; pl. 71.
SHYN'NEE, a. d. of a fox or foxes.
SHYN'NEY, v. do or doth like or love. SHYR'RAGH, s. m. a kite; pl. 71.
SICK, s. pl. plough shares; pl. of Sock.
SIDE, s. f. an arrow, a shaft; plYN.
Sibe, s. J. an arrow, a shart, pr18. Si'dey, a. d. of an arrow or shaft.
SIDEY'R, s. m. an archer; plYN,
SIDEY'RAGH, a. d. of archery.
SIDEY'RYS, s. f. archery.
SIDOO'R, s. m. a soldier ; plYN.
SIDOO'RAGH, a. d. of a soldier.
SIDOOR-MAR'REY, s. m. a marine.
SIDOO'RYS, s. f. soldiery, soldiership.
SIE, a. sad, bad, ill.
SI'EY, a. pl. sad, bad, ill.
SIEYR, s. pl. carpenters, joiners, wrights; the pl. of Seyir; 2 Kings, xxii. 6.
SIEYR-CLAGH', s. pl. masons.
My SIL'LIU, p. p. if you please; —ISH, id. em.
S'IM'LEE, a. how humble; comp. and sup. of
Imlee. I
S'IM'MANIT, a. how drove or driven. I
S'IM'NEAGH, a. how anxious.
S'IM'NEAEE, a. id., 58. I
S'IM'RAAIT, a. how often mentioned.
S'IN'JIL, a. how low. I
S'IN'JILLEY OF S'HINSLEY, a. id., comp. and sup. I S'IN'SHIT. a. how often told. I
S'IU'IT OF S'IUT, a. how drank up. I SIYN, s. pl. vessels; the pl. of Saagh.
SIYN, s. pl. vessels; the pl. of Saugh. SIYN-IU', s. pl. drinking vessels.
SIVR, s. m. haste, hurry, expedition.
SIYR, S. M. haste, hurry, expedition. SIYR'RAGH, a. hasty, expeditious, in a hurry.
SIYR/REE, a. more or most hasty.
SIYR'REE, v. hasten, make haste, move swiftly.

SKA

L	SIYR'RID, s. m. hastiness, expeditiousness.	
	S'JAAGH'AGH, a. how smoky.	J
	S'JAAGH'EE, a. id., 58.	J
	S'JARROO'DAGH, a. how forgetful.	J
	S'JARROO'DEE, a. id. 58.	J
•	S'JARROO'DIT, a. how forgotten.	J
•	S'JEANT, a. how done or performed.	J
	S'JEAN'TAGH, a. how diligent.	3
	S'JEAN'TEE, a. id., 58.	J
	S'JEEAN, a. how fervent or ardent, how muc	
	earnest, in a hurry.	3
	S'JEEAN'EV OF S'JEEAN'NEY, a. id., comp. sup.; Mark, xiv. 31.	and
	S'JEEAGH'IT, a. how much shown or looked a	
	S'JEEAS'SAGH, a. how full of ears or head	
	corn.	J
	S'JEEAS'SEE, a. id., 58.	J
	S'JEE'BINAGH, a. how full of net work.	J
	S'JEE'BINEE, a. id., 58,	J
	S'JEEIG'AGH, a. how full of ditches.	J
	S'JEEIG'EE, a. id., 58.	J
	S'JEEIL'LIT, a. how worried, mangled, w havock done to.	
	S'JEEL'TIT, a. how saddled.	J
	S'JEEN, a. how drop dry, how tight from leak	J
	S'JEEN'EY, a. id., com. and sup.	J
	S'JEEN'YSSIT, a. how wedged.	J
	S'JEE'RAGH, a. how straight or direct.	J
	S'JEE'REE, a. id., 58.	J
	S'JEIGHT, a. how shut or closed.	J
	S'JER'REE OF S'TIER'REE, a. the last, the lates	t. J
	S'JER'RINAGH, a. how much tending to the l	
1	or latter end.	J
	S'JER'RINEE, a. id., 58.	J
	S'JESH, a. how right, becoming, suitable or p per.	
	S'JESH'EY, a. id., comp. and sup.	J
	S'JEU'SHANIT, a. how hinged.	J
	S'JIARG, a. how red.	J
	S'JIARG'EY, a. id., comp. and sup.	J
	S'JING'IT, a. how pressed or thronged.	J
-	S'JIO'LIT OF S'JIOLT, a. how sucked.	J
1	S'JOAN'AGH, a. how dusty.	J
	S'JOAN'EE, a. id. 58.	J
	S'JOAN'IT, a. how dusted.	J
	S'JOA'REE, a. how strange.	J
	S'JOL'LYSSAGH, a. how ravenous or immod	
	rately eager after any sensual gratification.	J
	S'JOL'LYSSEE, a. id., 58.	J
	S'JOOIGH, a. how voracious or greedy. S'JOOIGH'EY, a. id., comp. and sup.	J
1	S'JOOIL'DAGH, a. how disgustful or nauseous.	1000
	S'JOOIL'DEE, a. id. 58.	J
	S'JOOIL'DIT, a. how discarded or turned off.	J
	S'JOUYL'LAGH, a. how devilish or diabolical.	J
	S'JOUYL'LEE, a. id., 58.	J
1	S'JUM'MALAGH OF S'JUMMALTAGH, a. how wast	e_
	ful or lavishing.	J
1	S'JUM'MALEE, a. id., 58.	J
	S'JYMMOO'SAGH, a. how wroth.	J
	S'JYMMOO'SEE, a. id., 58.	J
-	SKAAL, s. f. a flat dish, a saucer; pl YN.	
1	SEAA'LEY, s. $f$ . a flat wooden dish used in wor	t.

SKAA'LHEAN, s. f. dispersion, shed abroad ; Jer. xxv. 34. See also Scaalhean.
SKAB'BAG, s. f. a lock or handful of green flax;
pl. — YN. SEAH, v. shed, shake; — AGH, 77; — EE, 80;
-IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
STAT of a strong wind that sheds or shakes
corn or fruit; a mark in the ear of sheep; pl. —GHYN.
SEAH'EE, a. d. of shedding or shaking.
SKAH'EYDER, s. m. a shedder or shaker.
SKAH'IT OF SKAHT, v. shook, scattered, shed.
SKAIG OF SKEAG, s. f. a haw; plYN.
SKAIG'AGH, a. having hawthorn berries or haws.
SKAIRT, s. f. the caul; Hos. xiii. 8; plYN.
S'KAR'EYLAGH, a. how circular. K
S'KAR'KYLEE, a. id., 58. K
S'KAR'RIT, a. how mended or repaired. K
S'KAR'TIT, a. how carted or raked with a coal- rake. K
SKAUGH, s. f. disgust, nauseousness.
SKAWGH, a. neat, trim, compact.
S'KEAYEE'AGH, a. how misty, comp. and sup. K
SKEAB, s. f. a besom; pl YN; v. sweep;
-AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
SKEAB'AN, s. f. a brush ; plYN.
SKEAB'EY, v. sweeping, brushing.
SKEAB'EYDER, s. m. a sweeper; pl YN.
SKEAB'IT, 85. swept, brushed.
SREAH OF SKEAY, S. Spew, vomit; v. vomit, &c.
-AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84;
-YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
SKEAY'AGH, a. squeamish ; Isa. xxiv. 9.
SKEAY'DER, s. m. one who spews or vomits. SKEAY'IT or SKEAYT, 85. spewed, vomitted.
SKEAYL, v. spread, scatter, dispel, dispense;
-AGH, 77: -EE, 80: -IN, 83; -INS, 84;
-YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
SKEAYL'EY, v. spreading, scattering; pl. 67.
SKEAYLT, 85. spread, scattered.
SKED'DAN, s. m. a herring, herrings; plYN.
Skee, a. tired, weary, fatigued.
SKEE'AGH, a. tiresome, wearisome.
SKEEAH, s. See Skeah and Skeay.
SKEEAL, s. f. story, tale, narrative, tidings; plYN.
SKEEAL'AGH, a. having stories.
SKEEAL'EE, a. id., 58.
SKEEAL'EREY OF SKEEALLEYDER, s. m. a story-
teller, a news-monger; Pro. xviii. 8.
S'KEEAYL'LAGH, a. how sensible or witty. K
S'KEEAYL'LEE, a. id., 58.
S'REEIR, a. how dark coloured, sable. K
S'REEIR'EY, a. id., comp. and sup. K
SKEE'REY, s. f. (from Scarrey,) a parish; pl. 67.
SKEET, s. m. a creeping, sneaking fellow.
SKEET'AGH, a. in a sneaking manner.
SKEET'EE, a. id., comp. and sup.
Skeey, a. pl. tired, weary.
SKEE'YS, s. f. tiresomeness, wearisomeness.
SKEIEE, s. f. the scathe or stilt, of a plough.
S'KEIL'LIT, a. how concealed or hid. K SKEILT, v. split or rent; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80;

-IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88. SKEILT-CHAS'SAGH, a. cloven-footed. SKEILT'AN, s. m. a lath; pl. -YN. SKEIY, s. f. a faggot or bundle of something to shut a door or gap; pl. -GHYN. "Skeiy sy doarlish." SKELF, s m. a rail; pl. -YN. SKEL'IM, s. a whim, a freak ; pl. -YN. SKEL'IMAGH, a. whimish, freakish. E. A. SKEL'IMEE, a. id., comp. and sup. SKELL, v. to vanish, to disappear; Luke, xxiv. 31; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88. SKEL'LOO, s. f. a shelf; pl. -YN. Skelt, s. a squat; pl. -- YN; v. to squat; -- AGH, 77; -- EE, 80; -- IN, 83, -- INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; --YS, 88. SKEL'TAGH, a. apt to squat, apt to start aside. SKEL'TEE, a id., comp. and sup. S'KEN'JAL, a. how kindly, mellow. K S'KEN'JALEY, a. id., comp. and sup. K SKEOG, s. f. a lock of hair or flax, &c., pl. - YN. S'REOIE, a. how wild or mad. K S'KEOI'EY, a. id., comp. and sup. K SKEOIGH, a. spruce, tidy. SKEOIGH'EY, a. id., comp. and sup. SKER, s. f. a rock in the sea; pl. - YN. S'KERET, a. how well teased or combed. K SKER'IN, s. m. a splice or scarf; pl. 72 or -YN. SKER'IT, 85. spliced, scarfed. S'KER'RIT, a. how punished. K S'KESHAGH, a. how frothy or foamy. K S'KESHEE, a. id., 58. K S'KEYL, a. how fine or slender. K SKEYL'LEY, a. id., comp. and sup. S'KHYRLOGH'E, a. how unsound in body. K S'KHYRLOGH'EY, a. id., comp. and sup. K S'KIAL'GAGH, a. how hypocritical, crafty, deceitful, or subtile. K S'KIAL'GEE, a. id., 58. K SKIAN, s. f. a wing; pl. -YN. SKIAN'AGH, a. winged, having wings; s. m. a winged creature, a fowl ; pl. 71. Eccl. x. 20. SKIAN'IT, 85. winged, pinioned. S'KIANLT, a. how tied or bound. K S'KIARA'LAGH, a. how careful. K S'KIARA'LEE, a. id., 58. K S'KIA'RIT, a. how designed or resolved. K S'KIART, a. how even, exact, just, level, flat. K S'KIAR'TEY, a. id., comp. and sup. K S'KIART'IT, a. how fixed, prepared, made even. K SKIB'BYLT, a. light of foot, nimble ; 2 Sam. ii. 18. SKIB'BYLTEY, a. id., comp. and sup. S'KICK'LAGH, a. how ticklesome. K S'KICK'LEE, a. id., 58. K SKIEL'LEY, s. m. hurt, harm scath; pl. 67. SKIHLL, v. shell, strip of the shell or husk : -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88. SKIHL'LEE, a. d. of shelling. SKIHL/LEY, s. m. a shelling ; v. shelling, taking off the shells, husks, or hulls.

SKIHL'LEYDER, s. m. one who shells, &c.

SKIHLT, 85. shelled, hulled. SKILLEIG', s. f. a narrow stripe of any thing ; pl. -YN. SEILLEIG'AGH, a. being in narrow stripes. SKILLEIG'EE, a. id., 58. ERIL'LIN, s. f. a shilling, pl. 72. SKIM'MEE, s. m. a crew, a boat or ship's crew. K S'KIN' JAGH, a. how constant or regular. K S'RIN'JEE, a. id., 58. SKI09. See Skeog. SKIOLG, s. m. (from S'keyl,) a slender youth. S'KION'NIT, a. how purchased or bought. K K S'EIP'PIT, a. how whipped. SKIR OF \*SKYRR, v. slip, slide; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88. SKIR'RAG, s. f. a splinter; pl. - YN. SKIR'RAGHTAGH, s. m. one that slides or slips ; pl. 71. Er SKIR'RAGHTYN, v. hath, &c. slipped or slidden; Pro xiv. 14. SKIR'REY, v. slipping, sliding. SKIR'REVDER, s. m. a slider or slipper. SKIR'RIT, 85. slided, slipped. K S'KIUNE, a. how calm or serene. S'KIU'NEY, a. id., comp. and sup. K K SKIU'NIT, a. how calmed. SKON, s. m. meat or drink got by intrusion. SKYLL OF SKYL'LEY, s. f. (corrupted from Skeerey,) a parish. SKORT, s. f. a chasm; pl. -YN. S'KYN'DAGH, a. how much because of, how criminal or guilty. к S'KYN'DEE, a. id., 58. K SKYNN, s. f. a knife; pl. -AGHYN. Skynnyn is used for the plural in Pro. xiii. 14. SEYNN-AT'TEY, s. f. a dagger; Jud. iii. 16, 21. SKYNN-PHEN'NEY, s. f. a pen knife; Jer. xxxvi.23 SKYOLL, s. f. a great deal, a large quantity. SEVER, v. slip, slide. See Skir. The former word is used in Psl. xviii. 36, and Jer. ii. 19, and iii. 12. SEVR'RAGHTAGH, a. apt to slide or slip. SEVR'RAGHTEE, a. id., comp: and sup. SEVRT'LAGH, s. f. a lap full; pl. 72. SLAA, v. daub, besmear, plaster; -AGH, 77; -EE, S0; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88. SLAA'DAAH, v. painting. SLAA'DER, s. m. a dauber, &c.; pl. -YN. S'LAA'DIT, a. how loaded or laden. K SLAAIR, s. m. This word ought to be used for mortar, a composition that would daub. SLAA'IT OF SLAIYT, 85, daubed, besmeared, plastered. SLAAN, v. heal; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88. SLAA'NAGH OF SLAA'NAGHEY, v. healing, getting whole. SLAA'NEE, a. d. of healing. SLAA'NEYDER, s. m. a healer; pl. -YN. SLAA'NIT, 85. healed, made whole. SLAAN'-LUSS, s. f. ribwort.

S'LAAT'SHAGH, a. how laced or covered with lace.

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S'LAAT'SHEE, a. id., 58.	L
S'LAAT'SHIT, a. how laced.	L
S'LAB'RIT, a. how laboured.	L
SLAD'DAN, s. f. a wash staff; pl. —YN. S'LAG, a. how slack or loose.	
S'LAG'GEY, a. id., comp. and sup.	
S'LAG'GIT, a. how loosened or slackened.	L
S'LAGH'AGH, a. how miry.	-
S'LAGH'EE OF S'LAGHEY, a. more or most miry	L.
S'LA'JER, a. how strong. For the comp. a	
sup. of this word see Stroshey.	L
SLANE, a. whole, total, hale.	
SLANE'AGHEY, v. healing, making whole;	a.
sanative, healing.	
SLANE-AVD, p. p. farewell with thee; -s, id. e	m.
SLANE'ID, s. m. wholeness, perfection. SLANE JEANT MAGH, a. complete, perfect.	
SLANE SEANT MACH, a. complete, perfect. SLANE KIARIT, adv. wholly resolved.	
SLANE LIART, p. p. fare thee well.	
SLANELHIEU, $p$ . $p$ fare ye well, or farewell wi	th
you.	
SLANE-LUSS OF SLAN-LUSS. See also Slaanlu ribwort, 'called so in Manks on account of quality in assisting nature to heal, wh applied.	its
SLANE PALCHEY, s. abundance ; 1 Chro. xxix. 9	21.
SLANE POOAR, s. authority; Esther, ix. 29.	
SLANE TUSHTAGH, a. perfect knowledge.	
SLANEY, a. pl. whole, healed.	
SLANE-YN'RICK, a. perfect ; Job, i. 18.	
SLANE-YN'SIT, a. perfect; Isa. xlii. 19.	1
SLAT OF SLATT, s. f. a rod; the yard of a animal; a badge of office. Slat ayns more (some punishment or chastisement provided SLAT'TAG, s. f. a small rod; the dim. of Slat.	071
SLATTER, s. m. yarding; a custom in th	is
Island, in former times, that the constitut authorities could notice any man or woma	ed
servant and make him or her serve for or year at very low wages.	le
SLAT'TYS, s. m. a statute, a decree or precep	t;
plsyn.	
S'LAU'EE, a. how handy, comp. and sup.	
SLAYNT, s. f. health, saneness, sanity; pl yr	
SLAYNTOI'L, a. healthy, healthful, sane, soun	d.
SLAYNTOI'LEY, a. id., comp. and sup.	
SLAYNTOI'LID, s. m. healthiness.	
SLEAB, s. m. a slave; pl. — YN. S'LEAH, a. how soon or shortly.	L
S'LEAÏE, a. id., comp. and sup.; Heb. xii. 9.	
SLEAVE, s. f. a trail, sledge or drag; Ez. xxi	
4; v. trail, drag; —ACH, 77; —EE, 80; —II 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 8	N,
SLEAY'DAGH, a. trailsome, &c.	
SLEAY'DEE, a. id., comp. and sup. SLEAY'DEY, v. trailing, dragging.	
SLEAY DEV, 5. training, dragging. SLEAY DEVDER, s. m. one who trails; plyr	
SLEAY DEFDER, S. M. One who trains, pr	
SLEAYST, s. f. a shovel; a fan; plYN.	
SLEE'AN, s. f. a goad ; pl YN ; Ecclesiasticu. XXXVIII. 25.	8,
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SLEETCH, s. f. slime; pl YN.	
SLEETCH'AGH, a. slimy.	

SLEETCH'EE, a. id., comp. and sug

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SLEETCH'AL, v. lurking, sneaking.	
SLEG'GAN, s. f. a cleaver; pl YN.	
SLEGGAN-SLEEU', s. f. foxglove.	
SLEICE, v. slake, as lime; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80 -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87	2
-Ys, 88.	1
SLEICK'AL, v. slaking.	
SLEICK'IT, 85. slaked.	
SLEIG, s. a small bit or morsel.	
SLEIH, s. m. 96. people, inhabitants.	
S'LEIHT, a. how forgiven.	
SLEIT'AGH, a. mountainous, hilly, how hilly.	
SLEIT'EE, a. id., comp. and sup.	
SLEI'TYN, s. pl. mountains.	
S'LEISH OF S'LESH, v. belonging to, owning	
	2
	1
Dulo Dii, ii non an garra	
	2
	6
	5
SLHEE, a. more or most in number; Jud. xvi. 30	
Prov. "Myr sniessey da'n oie slhee mitchoor."	•
S'LHEEAH, a. how hoary or gray, comp. and	1
	6
SLHEEA'SID, a. d. of the thigh.	
SLHEEAYST, s. f. thigh ; pl YN ; Gen. xxiv. 9	
S'LHEIBEID'JAGH, a. how unwieldy, &c."	6
S'LHEIBEID'JEE, a. id., 58.	1
S'LHIANT'AGH, a. how attached.	L
S'LHIANT'EE, a. id., 58.	L
'SLHIG, v. and let or permit.	Ĺ
S'LHIU'REY, a. longer, longest, the comp. and	d
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S'LIAS'TEY, a. how loath, comp. and sup.	L
S'LIAUYR, a. how long.	L
S'LICK'LY, a. how likely, comp. and sup.	L
SLIEAU, s. m. a mountain.	
SLIB'BIN, s. m. sloven; plYN.	
SLIB'BINAGH, a. slovenly.	
SLIB'BINEE, a. id., comp. and sup.	
SLIEE, v. did lick. See also Shlee.	
SLIEN'NOO, s. m. (from Slane noo.) surname	;
as in the case of Jacob to Israel; Simon to Peter, &c. or from <i>Slaa noo</i> , to rub or anoin	0
with some unctious matter at time surnamed.	
SLIEN'NOO, v. to surname : -AGH, 77; -EE	
80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS	
87; -YS, 88.	
SLIEN'NOOIT, 85. surnamed.	
SLI'MAN, s. m. a loose garment; pl YN.	
SLING, s. f. a weaver's slaie.	
SLIOAR OF SLIOOAR, adv. hardly enough	,
enough, what sufficeth; John, xiv. 8.	
SLIS'SAG, s. f. a hame, a slice; plYN.	
S'LITCH'ERACH, a, how lazy.	Γ.

ta laare y valley vargee." L S'LOAM'EY, a. id., comp. and sup. L S'LOAM'IT, a. how bared. T. S'LOAM'YT, a. how shorn or fleeced. L SLOAT, s. m. abatement from rain. SLOATA'IL, v. abating raining. S'LOAU, a. how rotten. L S'LOAU'EY, a. id., comp. and sup. L S'LOAYR'IT, a. how much spoken. L SLOB'BAGH, a. sloppy, having slop. SLOCK, s. f. the live part in a horn. S'LOGH'ANAGH, a. how full of lakes. L S'LOGH'ANEE, a. id., 58. L S'LOGH'TAL, a. how severe or heavy. L S'LOGH'TALEY, a. id., comp. and sup. L SLOO, a. smaller, smallest, less, least. Prov.-"Myr sloo yn cheshaght smoo yn ayrn." Ny SLOOID, conj. unless, except, if not. Prov.-"Ta keeayll ommidjys ny slooid ny t'ee ec dooinney creency dy reayll." S'LOOIT, a. how sworn. L S'LOSHT, a. how burned. L S'LOSHT'AGH, a. with what burning smart.  $\mathbf{L}$ S'LOSHT'EE, a. id., 58. L S'LOS'SANAGH, a. how luminous. L S'LOS'SANEE, a. id., 58. L S'LOURAA'NAGH, a. how leprous. L S'LOURAA'NEE, a. id., 58. L SLOU'REF, s. f. a rackentree ; what a pot or a kettle is suspended by when hung on the fire ; pl. -YN. S'LOUT'IT, a. how lofted. L S'LOW'AL, a. how much approved or allowed of. L S'LOW'ALEY, a. id., comp. and sup. L S'LOW'IT, a. how allowed. L SLUG or SLUGG, v. swallow, gulp ; -AGH, 77 ; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88. SLUG'GAG, s. f. a gulp, a swallow; pl. -YN. SLUOGAN'E, s. f. slake or sloake. SLUC'GEY, v. swallowing, gulping. SLUG'GEYDER, s. m. a swallower; pl. - YN. SLUG'GIT, 85. swallowed, gulped. SLUIGHT, s. m. issue, posterity, progeny, offspring. SLUIGHT, a. some, some little. SLUIGHTOI'L, a. fruitful in children. SLUHT, s. f. slut; pl. -YN. Prov-"Guilley smuggagh dooinney glen, Inneen smuggagh sluht dy ven.' SLUHT'AGH, a. sluttish. SLUHT'EE, a. id., 58. SLYST, s. m. border, suburb, environ ; pl. -YN. S'MAAI'GAGH, a. how awkward in handling. M S'MAAI'GEE, a. id., 58. M S'MAGA'NEAGH, a. how numb. M S'MAGA'NEE, a. id., 58. M SMAGHT, s. m. correction, chastlsement; pl. -YN; v. correct, chastise; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.

SMAGHT'AGHEY OF SMAGHTEY, v. correcting,

afflicting, chastising chastening.

SMAGHT'EYDER, s. m. a correcter.

S'LITCH'EREE, a. id., 58. S'LIUGH'EY, a. See S'fliugh. S'LIVRE'IT, a. how delivered. S'LOAGH'TIT, a. how handled or felt with hands. L S'LOAGH'TYN, a. how dun and brown. S'LOAM, a. how bare or shorn. Prov. "S'loam

S'LITCH'ERAGH, a. how lazy.

#### SMA

SMAGHT'IT, 85. corrected, afflicted.
SMAIR, s. f. a berry; pl. 73.
SMALE, s. f. a spark; plYN.
SMA'LEAGH, a. producing sparks.
SMA'LEE, a. d. of sparks; Exod. xxxvii. 23.
SMAL'YDER, s. m. a snuffer ; plYN.
SMARAGE', s. f. a live coal of fire that has ceased
to blaze; pl YN.
SMARA'GEAGH, a. having live coals that have ceased to blaze or flame.
SMARA'GEE, a. id., comp. and sup.
SMARR, v. grease; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN,
83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
SMAR'REY, s. m. grease; pl. 67; v. greasing.
SMAR'REYDER, s m. a greaser; pl YN.
SMAR'RIT OF SMARRT, 85. greased.
S'MAR'ROO, a. how dead, how lifeless, comp.
and sup. M
S'MARVA'NAGH, a. how mortal or frail. M
S'MARVA'NEE, a. id., 58. M
SMAYN'REY, a. how happy, comp. and sup. M
S'MEA, a. how fat or greasy, how luxuriant, comp. and sup. M
S'MEEROOI'SAGH, a. how careless, inattentive. M
S'MEEROOI'SEE, a. id., 58. M
S'MEEIN OF S'MEEN, a. how tame, meek, mild;
or how fine, as flour, powder, &c. M
S'MEEI'NEY OF S'MEENEY, a. id. comp. and
sup. • M
S'MEE'LEY, a. how moist, soft, yielding to the
touch. M S'MEE'KAGH, a. how meek eved. M
S'MEE'KAGH, a. how meek eyed. M S'MEE'KEE, a. id., 58. M
S MEE REE, U. 10., 00. DI
S'MEEY'LAGH, a. how lousy. M
S'MEEY'LAGH, a. how lousy. M S'MEEY'LEE, a. id., 58.
S'MEEY'LAGH, a. how lousy. M S'MEEY'LEE, a. id., 58. SMEG'GYL, s. f. the chin; pl. —YN.
S'MEEY'LAGH, a. how lousy. M S'MEEY'LEE, a. id., 58. SMEG'GYL, s. f. the chin; pl. —YN. S'MEIYGH, a. how tender. M
S'MEEY'LAGH, a. how lousy. M S'MEEY'LEE, a. id., 58. SMEG'GYL, s. f. the chin; pl. —YN. S'MEIYGH, a. how tender. M S'MEI'YGHEY, a. id., comp. and sup. M
S'MEEY'LAGH, a. how lousy. M S'MEEY'LEE, a. id., 58. SMEG'GYL, s. f. the chin; pl. —YN. S'MEIYGH, a. how tender. M
S'MEEY'LAGH, a. how lousy. M S'MEEY'LEE, a. id., 58. SMEG'GYL, s. f. the chin; pl. —YN. S'MEIYGH, a. how tender. M S'MEI'YGHEY, a. id., comp. and sup. M S'MEIR'EEAGH, a. pecking berries. S'MEL'LEY, a. more or most mean, male, poor, despicable, the comp. and sup. of Moal. M
S'MEEY'LAGH, a. how lousy. M S'MEEY'LEE, a. id., 58. SMEG'GYL, s. f. the chin; pl. —YN. S'MEIYGH, a. how tender. M S'MEIYGHEY, a. id., comp. and sup. M S'MEIR'EEAGH, a. pecking berries. S'MEL'LEY. a. more or most mean, male, poor, despicable, the comp. and sup. of Moal. M S'MEN'NICK, a. how often or frequent. M
S'MEEY'LAGH, a. how lousy. M S'MEEY'LEE, a. id., 58. SMEG'GYL, s. f. the chin; pl. —YN. S'MEIYGH, a. how tender. M S'MEIYGHEY, a. id., comp. and sup. M S'MEIR'EEAGH, a. pecking berries. S'MEL'LEY. a. more or most mean, male, poor, despicable, the comp. and sup. of Moal. M S'MEN'NICK, a. how often or frequent. M S'MEN'NICKEY OF S'MANK'EY, a. id., comp. and
S'MEEY'LAGH, a. how lousy. M S'MEEY'LEE, a. id., 58. SMEG'GYL, s. f. the chin; pl. —YN. S'MEIYGH, a. how tender. M S'MEIYGHEY, a. id., comp. and sup. M S'MEIR'EEAGH, a. pecking berries. S'MEL'LEY. a. more or most mean, male, poor, despicable, the comp. and sup. of Moal. M S'MEN'NICK, a. how often or frequent. M S'MEN'NICKEY OF S'MANK'EY, a. id., comp. and sup.; Acts, xxiv. 26. M
S'MEEY'LAGH, a. how lousy. M S'MEEY'LEE, a. id., 58. SMEG'GYL, s. f. the chin; pl. —YN. S'MEIYGH, a. how tender. M S'MEIYGHEY, a. id., comp. and sup. M S'MEIR'EEAGH, a. pecking berries. S'MEL'LEY, a. more or most mean, male, poor, despicable, the comp. and sup. of Moal. M S'MEN'NICK, a. how often or frequent. M S'MEN'NICKEY OF S'MANK'EY, a. id., comp. and sup.; Acts, xxiv. 26. M SMERG, in. wo, a denunciation of calamity.
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S'MEEY'LAGH, a. how lousy. M S'MEEY'LEE, a. id., 58. SMEG'GYL, s. f. the chin; plYN. S'MEIYGH, a. how tender. M S'MEIYGHEY, a. id., comp. and sup. M S'MEIY'EEAGH, a. pecking berries. S'MEL'LEY. a. more or most mean, male, poor, despicable, the comp. and sup. of Moal. M S'MEN'NICK, a. how often or frequent. M S'MEN'NICKEY OF S'MANK'EY, a. id., comp. and sup.; Acts, xxiv. 26. M SMERG, in. WO, a denunciation of calamity. S'MER'GAGH, a. how rusty. M S'MER'GEE, a. id., 58. M SMERG'EY, a. more or most woful. SMES'SEY, a. worse, worst. S'MESSOI'L, a. how fruitful, comp. and sup. M S'MHENO'YR OF S'MHENOYRAGH, a. how mealy or mellow. M S'MHENO'YREY OF S'MHEROYREE, a. id., comp. and sup. M S'MIAN'DAGH, a. how earnestly wished for, longed for, how desirous to the mind or ap- petite. M S'MIAN'DEE, a. id., 58. M

SMIGH, s. f. snuff, the snuff of a candle.

SMIGH'YL, s. f. a small particle of fire, as the snuff of a candle.
SMIL'JEY, a. sweeter, sweetest, the comp. and sup. of Millish (sweet).
S'MILLISH a. how sweet, with what sweetness. M
S'MIL'LIT, a. how spoiled. M
S'MIR'RILAGH, a. how miraculous. M
S'MIR'RILEE, a. id., 58. M
S'MITCHOO'RAGH, a. how roguish, mischievous,
or fraudulent. M
S'MITCHOO'REE, a. id., 58. M
S'MOAL, a. how mean, poor, male, despicable. Some persons use <i>Smoailley</i> as the <i>comp</i> . and <i>sup</i> . of this word, but I prefer <i>Smelley</i> . M
S'MOA'NAGH, a. how turfy. M
S'MOA'NEE, a. id., 58. M
S'MOAN'DAGH, a. how blunt, dull, feeble, not
acute. M
S'MOAN'DEE, a. id., 58. M
SMOASH, v. smash, crush; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; YS, 88.
SMOASHIT, 85. smashed, crushed.
SMOCK, s. f. a shift; $pl YN$ .
SMOGH'AN, s. m. stink, bad smell; Amos, iv. 10.
SMOGH'ANAGH, a. stinking, having stink.
SMOGH'ANEE, a. id., comp. and sup.
SMOGHA'NE, s. m. a suffocating or smouldering
fume.
SMOGHA'NEY, v. smouldering.
SMOGHA'NIT, 85. smouldered.
S'MOGH'EY, a. how early, comp. and sup. M
S'MOL'LAGH, a. how rough, how hairy. M
S'MOL'LEE, a. id., comp. and sup. M
S'MOL'LAGHTAGH, a. how accursed. M
S'MOL'LAGHTEE, a. id., 58. M
S'MOL'LIT, a. how deceived or cheated. M
S'MOL'TEY'RAGH, a. how deceitful. M
S'MOLTEY'REE, a. id., comp. and sup. M
SMOO, a. bigger, biggest, greater, greatest,
larger, largest, more or most, the comp. and sup. of Mooar. "Eshyn smoo hayrys, smoo vees echey."
S'MOOAR, a. how big, great, large; Luke, i. 49. M
S'MOOARA'LAGH, a. how haughty, &c. M
S'MOOAR'LEE, a. id., 58. M
S'MOOAR'IT, a. how grudged or begrudged. M
SMOOD, v. smooth, calender; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
SMOO'DAL, v. smoothing, &c.
SMOO'DIT, 85. smoothed.
S'MOOGH'IT, a. how quenched. M
SMOOIN, v. think, recollect, consider; -AGH,
77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
SMOOI'NAGH OF SMOOI'NAGHEY, v. thinking, re- collecting, considering.
SMOOI'NAGHT, s. m. a thought ; plYN.
SMOOI'NEE, v. This word, through custom, is often made use of instead of Smooin; as in John xvi.2, and the Prov. "Cha smooinee rieau
er yn olk naght ren."
SMOOI'NEYDER, s. m. a thinker; pl YN.

SMOOI'NEYDER, s. m. a thinker; pl. — SMOOI'NIT, 85. thought of, recollected.

J

SMOOIR, v. smile, smirk, titter; -ACH, 77

180 BITA	
-EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 80 -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.	6;
SMOOIR'EY, OF SMOOIROOI'L, v. smiling, titte ing; s.m. a kind of stifled or smothered laug	r- h.
SMOOIR'EYDER, s. m. one who laughs a little.	
SMOOIR'IT, 85. smiled, laughed.	
SMOOIR'LAGH, s. pl. broken bits, fragments pl. 72.	5;
SMOOIRAN'E, s. all in broken bits or fragment	s.
SMORIG, s. f. snuff, huff, pet. SMORIG'AGH, a. snuffish, pettish.	
	M
S'MOUGHA'NEE, a. id., 58.	INT.
S'MOW, a. how wasted or decayed.	Μ
S'MOW'EY, a. id., comp. and sup.	Μ
S'MOYL'LIT, a. how praised.	Μ
S'MOYR'NAGH, a. how proud.	Μ
S'MOY'RNEE, a. id., 58.	M
SMUG, s. f. a snot, a spit; pl, -GYN.	
SMUG'GAGH, a. snotty.	
SMUG'GEF, a. id., comp. and sup.	
SMUG-COO'AG, s. f. cuckoo spittle.	
SMUG'GEV, v. snotting, spitting.	
SMUG'GIT, 85. snotted, spat. A	
SMUIR, s. m. marrow; plYN.	2
SMUIR'AGH, a. marrowy.	
SMUIR'EE, a. id., comp. and sup.	
	M
	M
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	M
SNAA, a. d. of thread, yarn, or nets.	-
SNAAL, s. m. a mountain in the parish of Maugl old, called so from <i>Sniaghtey</i> (snow) as its sun mit is often in winter covered with snow; it said to be 600 yards above the level of the set and a few feet higher than Baroole.	a- is
S'NAAR'DEY, a. how reduced to nothing, ho	
decayed or annihilated. S'NAA'REYDAGH OF SNAA'RILDAGH, a, how muc	N h
ashamed.	N
	N
SNAG'GER, v. gnash; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 80	v,
SNAG'GERAGH OF SNAG'GERAGHT, v. gnashing.	
SNAG'GEYDER, s. m. a gnasher; plyn.	
SNAID, s. f. a needle; pl yN.	
SNAI'DEY, a. d. of a needle or needles.	
SNAIE, s. m. thread, a quantity of yarn or thread pl. —NYN.	1;
pt	
SNAP, s. m. a nap of sleep ; pl YN.	
SNAF'ERAGHT, v. taking naps of sleep.	
SNAP'EDER, s. m. one who takes naps.	
SNAP'PERAL, v. stumbling, stumbleth, &c. Kia Snapperal (a stumbling block.)	p
SNAUE, v. creep, swim ; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80	;
-IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87	7:
-ys, 88. Gamylt is better Manks for swin but snaue is what is used.	1,
SNAUA'NE, s. m. a slumber (a corruption of Saveenys,) a fibre of gossamer.	of
SNAUA'NEE, s. pl. gossamers, fine fibres on th ground on a fine day in unsettled weather,	e

SOA

SNEEU, v. spin, spinning; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80 -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88. SNEEU'EE, a. d. of spinning. SNEEU'DER OF SNEAU'EYDER, s. m. a spinner; pl. -YN. SNEEU'IT, 85. spun. SNEG, s. f. a latch ; pl. - YN. SNEC'GAGH, a. captious, snappish, how captious. SNEG'GEE, a. id. comp. and sup. SNEIH OF SNEE, s. f. vexation, anything that vexes one; pl. - YN. SNEIH'AGH, a. vexatious, how vexatious. SNEIH'EE, a. id., comp. and sup. SNES'SEY or SNIES'SEY, a. nearer, nearest; the comp. and sup. of Faggys. SNEU-AAR'LOO, a. how unprepared. It may be well here to remark that the S may be placed before all the adjectives, having neu before them, and for abridgement I have inserted only a few; as, N S'NEU-CHIAR'T, a. how uneven, &c. N S'NEU-FEEU' a. how unworthy. N S'NEU-GHLEN', a. how unclean. N S'NEU-HARROO'GH, a. how unthrifty. N S'NEU-LOW'AL, a. how disallowable. N S'NEU-REA', a. how uneven, &c. N SNIAGH'TEE, a. d. of snow. SNIAGHT'EY, s. m. snow ; pl. 67. SNIAGHTEY-GAR'ROO, s. m. hail. S'NIAR'TAL, a. how mighty, or strong; comp. and sup. N SNIEM or \*SNIEMM, s. a noose or running knot, a bow knot; pl. -YN. v. noose or knot; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -IT, 85; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88. SNIEM'MEY, v. noosing ; knitting, as a bone after being broke, piecing together. SNIEM'MEYDER, s. m. knitter; pl. -YN. SNIEM'MIT, 85. noosed, knitted, pieced. SNIENG, s. f. a nit, a louse egg; pl. -YN. SNIENG'AGH, a. nitty, having nits. SNIENG'AN, s. f. an ant, a pismire ; pl. -YN. SNIEN'ANAGH, a. having ants or pismires. S'NIEU'NAGH, a. how poisonous or venomous. N S'NIEU'NEE, a. id., 58. N SNIG, s. f. a fillip, a sharp stroke or blow. S'NOA, a. how new or modern ; comp. and sup. N SNOG OF SNUIG, s. m. a nod; pl. - YN. v. nod; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -IT, 85; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88. SNOG'GAL, v. nodding. SNOOID OF SNOAID, s. f. a length of hair in as fishing line or gear; pl. - YN. SOAILL or SOILL, v. wrap, or bind round ; Isaiah, XXX. 20.; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88. SOAIL'LAGH, a. sumptous, warmly clad. SOAIL'LEE, a. d. of wrapping round. SOALL'LEY OF SOLL'LEY, v. wrapping round. SOAIL'LEYDER, s. m. a wrapper; pl. -YN. SOAIL'LID, s. m. luxury; pl. -YN. SOAIL'LIT, 85. wrapped round. SOAILT, a. d. of a barn or barns. SOAIL'TAGH, s. m. an effeminate person; pl. 71

ground on a fine day in unsettled weather, SNAU'EYDER, s. m. a creeper,

S'OAL'SEY, a. now false, comp. and sup. F	1
SOALT, s. f. a barn; plYN.	1
S'OAN'LUCKIT, how buried. O	
SOAR, s. m. a smell; pl YN; (used to good and	18
bad); v. smell, scent; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80;	1 8
-IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87;	
-ys, 88.	18
SOAR'AL, v. smelling, scenting.	18
SOARCH, s. See Sorch.	1 3
SOAR'EYDER, s. m. a smeller; plYN.	
SOAR'IT, 85. smelled.	1 8
S'OAYL'LAGH, a. how used of. O	1 92
S'OAYL'LEE, a. id., comp. and sup. O	-
S'OB'BIT, a. how denied. O	
S'OB'BRIT, a. how wrought. O	S
Cha S'oc, p. they do not know;syn, id.em. O	
Sock, s. f. a plough share.	
SOCKERAGH, a. easy, tardy, moderate, slow,	
plain ; Gen. xxv. 27.	2
SOCKEREE, a. id., comp. and sup.	S
Sod'dag, s. f. a bannock; pl YN.	S
SODDAG-VER'REEN OF SODDAG-VERRIN, 8. m. a	S
thick clapped cake; a cake generally under-	S
stood as the last of a baking, and left longer on the griddle to harden; 1 <i>Kings</i> , xvii. 13.	S
Sop'jey, a. further, furthest, farther, farthest;	
the comp. and sup. of Foddey.	S
SOGH, s. f. a surge; a sob or groan; pl YN;	S
v. surge, sob, groan; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80;	S
-IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87;	S
	S
SOGH'AL, v. sobbing, surging, groaning; Ez.	S
XXX. 24.	S
Sogh'EYDER, s m. a sobber, groaner; plYN.	S
Sogn'ir, 85. surged, sobbed.	S
SOI OF SOIE, v. set, sit, plant; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87;	S
-YS, 88.	
SOI'AGH OF SOIAGHEY, v. setting, planting.	S
SOIAGH-BEG', v. despising, slighting.	S
Sol'AGH-JEH, s. m. acceptance, approbation.	
SOI'AGHEY, having respect to; Gen. iv. 4.	S
Sole, v. sit, set, plant.	S
Soie'AG, s. f. a seat or sofa, a seat made of	S
matted straw; plYN.	DI
SOIE'DER, s. m. a sitter, a setter; pl YN.	S
SOIE'DERAGH, a. sedentary.	S
SOILL, v. See Soaill.	
SOIL'LEY, v. wrapping, binding up; Isa. xxx. 26.	S'
Soilsh or Soil'shee, v. enlighten, declare,	S'
illume; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS,	Se
84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.	S'
SOIL'SHAGH OF SOILSHAGHEY, v. enlightening,	Se
declaring, publishing, exhibiting, showing, setting forth, revealing.	
Soul'shean, v. shining, shineth, shines.	Sc
SOILSHEAN, C. Shining, shineth, shines. SOILSHEAN'AGH, a. shiny, bright, splendid,	
radiant, glittering; Hab. iii. 11; how shiny.	Se
SOILSREAN'EE, a. id., comp. and sup.	So
SOIL'SHEY, s. m. light, illumination; pl. 67.	-
SOIL'SHEYDER, s. m. an enlightener, &c plyn.	So
Sollsh'ir, 85. enlightened, exhibited, shown.	Se
Solt, S5. set, seated, planted.	So
SOIT-JEH', 85. accepted set by 1 Sam, xviii, 30.	So

SO'LAGHEY, v. comparing, compareth, &c. SOLE Y DORRYS, s. the threshold of the door; Zeph. i. 9. Solit, 85. compared. S'OLK, a. how evil, ill, bad. Prov. " Myr s'olk ayn smessey ass.' 0 S'OLKYSSAGH, a. how wicked, iniquitous. 0 OLKYSSEE, a. id., comp. and sup. 0 SOLL OF SOLLEE', v. defile, pollute, soil, -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88. SOL'LAGHEY, v. soiling, defiling, polluting. SOLLAGHEY-LAU'E, s. a bribe, something put into the hand to pervert the judgment; Micah, vii. 3. SOLLAGH'YN, s. f. croudy, a kind of pottage made of oatmeal and the water or broth wherein flesh meat had been boiled, and the fat of the broth poured thereon. OL'LAN, s. m. salt; pl. -YN. OL'LANAGH, a. saltish, salty. OL'LEY TA, adv. so is, or it is. OL'LEY VA, adv. so was, or so it was. OL'LEYDER, s. m. a defiler, polluter. OL'LIT, 55. defiled, soiled, polluted ; Isaiah, xxviii. 8. OLLYS, a. light, bright, shiny. OL'LYSEY, a. id., comp. and sup. OL'LYSSID, s. m. brightness, lustre. 'OLTOO'ANAGH, a. how reproachful. 0 OLTOO'ANEE, a. id., 58. 0 'OLTOO'ANIT, a. how reproached. 0 'OM'MIDJAGH, a. how foolish. 0 'OM'MIDJEE, a. id., 58. 0 ON, pre. for, because of, in search of. ON'DAGH, a. sordid, avaricious, greedy of gain, selfish. ON'DEE, a. id., comp. and sup. ON'DEREY, s. m. a greedy or selfish person; pl. 68. Prov. "Ta'n breagerey molley yn sonderey." on'did, s. m. sordidness, churlishness. ONEY, a. how innocent, comp. and sup. 0 ONNAA'SAGH, a. arrogant, haughty, self-conceited. ONNAA'SE, s. f. arrogance, ambition. ONNAA'SEE, a. more arrogant, most arrogant, the comp. and sup. of Sonnaasagh. 0 ON'NERAGH, a. how honest. ON'NEREE, a. id., em. 58. 0 ON'NEY, a. d. of satiety or plenty. ONNOROI'L, a. how honourable, comp. and sup. on'NYS, s. f. satiety, abundance, plenitude, luck. NYNYSSAGH, a. abundant, copious, abounding in plenty; Jer. li. 13. N'NYSSEE, a. id., comp. and sup. N SHEN AS OOILLEY, conj. notwithstanding, for that and all. N WHEESH, conj. forasmuch, whereas; Isa. xxix. 13.

Soo, s. m. juice, essence, substance; pl. - GHYN.

Soo, v. soak, suck up; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87;;

-- YS, 88. SOOANE', s. f. wash-brew; pl. -- YN.

<sup>\*</sup>Sol or So'lee, v. compare; -AGH, 77; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.

trious, exalted, sublime, magnificent, comp. and sup.	
S'OOASHLIT, a. how worshipped.	
SOO'DER, s. m. a soaker, sipper, tippler ; pl YN.	
SOODRAGH'T, s. m. the recussion of a wave on the shore; pl YN.	
SOOEE, s. f. soot; plVN.	
Sooee'AGH, a. sooty.	
SOOEEY, a. pl. soot.	1
Soogн, a. plenary, substantial, solvent, plen- tiful.	
SOOGH'ID, s. m. substance, plenteousness, ple- nariness, substantialness. Soo'ID, s. m. juiciness.	
S'ooig'ANAGH, a. how full of pits.	
S'001G'ANEE, a. id., 58. 0	
SOOILL, s. f. an eye; pl YN.	
SOOIL'LAGH, a. having eyes.	
SOOIL'LEY, a. d. of the eye or eyes.	
S'OOIL'LIT, a. how anointed or oiled. O	
SOOILL NY GEAYEE, s. f. the wind's eye, the	
point the wind blows from ; Acts, xxvii. 15.	
S'OOIR'RAGH, a. how earthy. O	
S'001R'REE, a. id., 58. 0	
S'OOIRRIT, a. how earthed. O	
Sooisht, a. d. of a flail.	
SOOISHT'EY, a. d. of flails.	
Soorr, 85. soaked, soaked up.	
S00-0'1L, a. juicy, having juice, comp. and sup.	
S'OOR, a. how fresh. Soorey, comp. and sup. O	
Soor, a. sour, leavened. Hebrew, Seor; Welsh, Sur.	
SOOR OF SOOREE, v. sour, leaven; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.	
SOO'RAGH OF SOO'RAGHEY, v. souring, leavening.	
Soo'REE, v. wooing, courting ; s. f. courtship. Prov. "Sooree ghiare, yn tooree share."	
Soo'REY, a. pl. sour, leavened.	1
Soo'RID, s. m. sourness, leaven.	
S'00'RILTAGH, a. how freshening or refreshing.O S'00'RILTEE, a. id., 58. O	
Soo'RIT, 85. soured, leavened.	1
SOOS'LAGH, s. m. a composition of liquid where- in there is some substance.	
Soost, s. f. a flail; pl YN.	
Sorch, v. assort, sort; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.	
SORCH, s. m. sort, kind, a species; plYN.	
SORCHEYDER. s. m. an assorter; pl YN.	
SORCH'IT, 85. assorted, sorted.	
SORN OF SURN, s. f. the fire-place in a kiln.	
SORNAI'G, s. f. a sewer or covered drain.	
SOST'NACH OF SOSTYNACH, a. English, British, or Saxon; s. m. an Englishman, a Briton.	
SOST'NEE, s. pl. English people.	
Sos'TYN, s. England.	
S'os'TYLAGH, a. apostolic. O	
S'OS'LYLEE, a. id., 58. O	
SOU-AIG'NEY, (Sie or Seiy-aigney,) s. f. bitter- ness; 1 Sam. xviii. 8; grief of mind, sorrow of spirit; Lam. iii. 65.	
and inclusion	

AIG'NAGH, a. in a state of bitterness of SU mind or spirit.

spire.

SPE

S'OOAS'LE, a. how worthy, noble, great, illus- | SOU-AIG'NEE, a. id., comp. and sup. Souid, s. m. an old worn out horse. Soure or Sour, as spelled in Numbers xi. 18, or as in Job xxxi. 20, Souvr, a. warm, snug, comfortable, not in want as respects circumstances. Sourr'in, s. m. solace, warmth, snugness. SOUNEY, a. d. of November or Hollantide. SOUR'EE, a. d. of summer. Sour'EY, s. m. summer. Perhaps from Souir (warm). S'ou'yr, a. how dun. 0 S'OUY'REY, a. id. comp. and sup. 0 S'ou'RYSSAGH, how suspicious. 0 S'OU'RYSSEE, a. id., 58. 0 Sows, s. f. a sudden blow or slap; pl. -YN. SOYL OF SOYLEE, v. compare, typify ; -AGH, 77 ; -EE, -80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; - YMS, 87; -YS, 88. SOY'LAGHEY, s. a comparison ; pl. 69; Jud. viii. 2 and 3; v. comparing, typifying, matching. Sor'LEE, v. will, &c. compare. This is shown above, but this word has the pronominal coalesced with it in some places in Scripture, as, Soylee-ym, Mat. vii. 24. Soy'LIT, 85. compared, matched with. Soyl'LEY, s. m. enjoyment, fruition, possession. S'PAA or S'PAAGH, a. how thirsty, first comp. and sup. SPAAG, s. f. a spattle, the foot of a fowl, the foot in contempt; pl. -YN. SPAA'GAGH, a. splay-footed, SPAA'GEE, a. id., comp. and sup. SPAA'GIT, a. having spattles. S'PAA'GIT, a. how kissed. P SPAAI'NAGH, a. Spanish. SPAAI'NEY, s. f. Spain SPAAL, s. f. a shuttle ; pl. -YN. SPAAR, v. spare, save, do without; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88. SPAARAI'L, v. sparing, saving. SPAARAI'LAGH, a. frugal, sparing. SPAARAI'LEE, a. id., comp. and sup. SPAA'RAI'LYS, s. f. frugality savingness. SPAA'REYDER, s. m. a sparer; pl. - YN. SPAA'RIT, 85. spared, afforded, saved. S'PA'BYRIT, a. how papered. SPAEE, s. f. a swathe of grass from the scythe. SPA'GEY, s. m. a scrip; pl. 67. SPAIN, s. m. (Spein), a spoon ; pl. -YN. S'PAIT'TOIL, a. how pestilential, comp. and sup.P SPAKE, s. f. a spoke; pl. 69; 1 Kings, vii, 33. S'PALCHEY, a. how plentious or plentiful, comp. and sup. P S'PARDOO'NIT, a. how pardoned. P SPARROO, sm. a sparrow; pl. SPERRIU. SPATTAN, s. light lodged corn ; pl. -YN. S'PEAJEO'GAGH, a. how miserly or niggardly. P S'PEAJEO'GEE, a. id., 58. P S'PECCOI'L, a. how sinful, comp. and sup. P SPECK'LEYRYN, s. pl. spectacles. S'PEEAGHA'NIT, a. how unable to speak above the breath. P SPEEGEEN' OF SPEEKEEN', s. f. a small peak or

SPEEIK, v. pry, peep, spy; -AGH. 77; -EE, 80;	1
-IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87;	
-YS, 88.	
SPEEIKEAR', s. m. a pryer, peeper, spy; pl YN.	
SPEEIKEAR'RAGH OF SPEEIKEY, v. prying, peep- ing, descrying.	
SPEEIKEEN'AGH, a. spiry.	1
SPEEIKEEN'EE, a. id., comp. and sup.	
SPEEIN, v. peel, strip off the rind, skin, husk,	
or bark; —ACH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.	
SPEEINE'16, s. f. the rind or peeling; plYN.	
The pl. is often used for splinters; as, Te brisht ayns specineigyn.	
SPEEINE'IGAGH, a. having peelings, how full of	
peel or rind.	
SPEEI'NEIGEE, a. id., comp. and sup.	
SPEEI'NEY, v. peeling, taking off the rind, &c.	
SPEEI'NEYDER, s. m. a peeler; pl YN.	
SPEEI'NIT OF SPEEINT, 85. peeled.	
SPEEK, s. f. a peak, a spire; pl YN.	
SPEIV, s. f. a hack, mattock, or hoe; pl. — GHYN; v. hack, hoe; — AGH, 77; — EE, 80; — IN, 83;	
-INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.	1
SPEIY'DER, s. m. a hacker; pl YN.	
SPEIYT, 85. hacked.	1
SPELT, s. f. a wattle or hurdle; pl YN.	1
SPERRIU, s. pl. sparrows; Luke, xii. 5.	
SPEYR, s. the sky.	1
S'PHEER, a. how true; 2 Kings, xix. 17. See S'feer as it ought to be written. P	
S'PIAN'DAGH, a. how painful P	
S'PIAN'DEE, a. id., 58. P	1
S'PIANT, how pained. P	1 3
SPINCH, s, f. a scullion; pl YN.	1
SPINCH'YRAGT, v. scullioning, doing the work of a scullion.	
SPIN'NEY, s. m, elasticity; pl. 67.	
SPIN'NYCAN, s. f. the disease in fowls, called	
the pip; pl. —YN.	1
S'PISH'AGAGH, a. how much for spells or charms.	
S'PISH'AGEE, id. 58. P	1
SPIT'LHIN, s. m. supposed to have been the name	
of a saint, for which there are two days in the year, <i>laa'l spitlhin source</i> (18th May), <i>laa'l</i>	1
spitlhin geuree (18th November).	1
S'PIY'RIT, a. how paired. P	5
S'PLAA'STRIT, a. how plastered. P	5
S'PLAIYN'TIT, a. how complained of. P	1
S'PLOOGHA'NAGH, a. how suffocating. P	1 8
S'PLOOGHA'NEE, a. id., 58. P	8
S'PLOOGHA'NIT, a. how suffocated. P	5
S'PLUCK'IT, a. how pulled. P	S
SPLUGH'AN, s. f. a pouch; pl YN.	
SPOAR, s. m. space ; plAGHYN.	1
S'POHL'LIT, a. how upholded. P	5
SPOHT, s. m. a spot; plYN OF SPUIT.	8
SPOHT'TAGH, a. spotty, full of spots.	8
SPORT'TIT, a. spotted, how spotted.	8
S'POIN'TIT, a. how appointed. P	
SPOIN, v. geld, splay, castrate; —AGH, 77;	8
-EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86;	1.1.1.5
-YMS, 87; -YS, 88.	07 02
SFOIY'DER, s. m. a gelder, a splayer.	12 02
SPOINT, 85. gelded, splayed.	2

SPOLG. See Sputg.

SPOL'LAG, s. f. a chip; pl. - YN.

SPOL'LAGAGH, a. chippy, having chips.

SPOL'LAGEE, a. id. comp. and sup.

S'POL'LIT, v. how matted.

S'POL'TIT, a. how struck, or thumped.

SPONK, s. m. tinder, burnt cloth to catch fire from the spark of flint and steel; v. dry or parch up; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.

SPONK'EY, v. drying up with drought.

SPONK'IT, 85. dried up with drought.

- SPON'NAG, s. f. a span, a trick, or error; as the the Prov.— "Ta'n chied Sponnag lowit."
- S'POOAR'AGH, a. how powerful or mighty. P
- S'POOAR'AL, a. id., comp. and sup. This change in the termination is contrary to the general rule. SPOOIE, a See S'booie.
- SPOOL OF SPOOLL, v. spoil, rob, plunder; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; --YS, 88.
- SPOOIL'LEY, s. m. spoil, prey, plunder ; pl. 67.
- SPOOIL'LEYDER, s. m. a spoiler, a robber; pl. YN.
- SPOOLL'LIT OF SPOOLLT, 85. spoiled, plundered.
- S'PODST, a. how married or wedded.
- SPOOYT, a. spout; pl. YN; v. spout; AGH, 77; — EE, 80; — IN, 83; — INS, 84; — YM, 86; — YMS, 87; — YS, 88.
- SPOOVT'LAGH, s. m. something poured through a spout.

SPOOV'TEY, v. spouting, squirting.

- SPOOYT'ERAGH, v. spurting, squatting.
- SPOOYT'ERAGHT, s. m. spurtable drink, only fit to be spurted out.
- SPOOYT'EYREY, s. m. a squirter, a sputterer.
- SPOOVE'IT, 85. spouted, squirted, sputted.

SPOR'RAN, s. a purse; pl. -YN.

SPORRAN-Y-VO'CHIL, s. f. shepherd's purse, mithridate.

SPOTCH, s. a joke, a jest; pl. — YN; v. joke, jest; — AGH, 77; — EE, 80 — IN, 83; — INS, 84; — YM, 86; — YMS, 87; — YS, 88.

SPOTCH'AGH a. jocose, jocular.

- SPOTCH'AL OF SPOTCHERAGHT, v. joking, jesting.
- SPOTCH'EYDER, s. m. a joker, jester.
- SPOTCH'IT, 85. joked, jested.
- SPRANG'AGH, a. out of rule, not regular.
- SPRANG'AN, s. something that causes unevenness.
- SPRANGLANE', s. something made up irregularly.
- SPREI'GHYN, s. pl. sprinkles, splashes.
- SPREIH, s. m. a sprinkle, a splash; v. sprinkle, splash; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- SPREIH'DER, s. m. a sprinkler; pl. YN.
- SPREIHT, 85. sprinkled, splashed.
- S'PREI'SAL, a. how pressing or busy.
- SPRET, s. m. a start, struggle, shove; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; 84; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.

P

SPRET'AL, v. starting, struggling, &c.

SPROAG OF SPROAIG, s. f. something saved sparingly; pl. - YN.

P

P

PRET'EYDER, s. m. one that starts, &c.

SPRET'IT, 85. started, &c.

### SRI

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### STA

School X, S. in excition spleen wronght up to Fremary. Structure School X, S. week, vexcel so above measure as to be frame. So weread, vexcel so above measure as to be frame. So weread, vexcel so above measure as to be frame. So weread, vexcel so above measure as to be frame. So weread, vexcel so above measure as to be frame. So weread, vexcel so above measure so the frame. So weread, vexcel so above measure so the frame. So weread, vexcel so above measure so the frame. So weread, we were the comp. and seg. Secure X, B, A above for Spoil. So were the comp. and seg. Secure X, B, A above for Spoil. So were the comp. and seg. Secure X, S. f. a sharp or smart pinch, or pin of the bone. Secure X, S. Sec Species. Secure X, S. Sec	- the man of a family al any VN	S'RIMMEI'GIT, a. how striped. R
STRUCT, S. J. VERED, VERED, VERED, S. VERED, VERED, VERED, S. VERED, VERED, VERED, S. VERED, VE	SPROGH'AN, s. the crop of a fowl; plYN.	
Supromy is to be frantic.S is to be frantic.S'PROVENT, a. how proved or sworn, how eXperiments.S'ROVENT, a. how fat or thick.KS'PROVENT, a. how inprisoned.PS'PROVENT, S. See Specinging.S'PROVANCAR, a. how reached.RS'PROVENT, S. See Specinging.S'PROVANCAR, a. how ricked.RS'PROVENT, a. spriftual jYN.S'ROUTANT/TR. a. how ricked.RS'PROVENT, a. how pristil, plYN.S'REVENT, a. how ricked.RS'PROVENT, a. how pointed.PS'RUC'ANAOR, a. how ricked.RS'PROVENT, a. how world.RS'RUC'ANAOR, a. how ricked.RS'PROVENT, a. how world.S'RUC'ANAOR, a. how ricked.RS'PROVENT, a. how world.S'RUC'ANAOR, a. how ricked.RS'PROVENT, a. how world.S'RUC'ANAOR, a. how ricked.RS'RUST, A. how world.S'RUST'R. A. how ricked.RS'RUST'R, a. how world.S'RUST'R. A. ho		
STRATT, a. how proved or sworn, how experiments to be framede. S' noaver, a. how fart thick. S' noaver, a. id., 58. S' noaver, a. how fart thick. S' no	irenzy.	
S'proy'tr, a. how run, cast, melted, or molten. E Finened. P Finened. P S'proy and stary. Set of spinkl. Set of Spinkl. S'proy and Spinkl. S'proy		
TeineddPS'ProtLace's and, a. how stary.BS'ProtLac's and, a. how stary.BS'ProtLac's and, a. how stary.BS'ProtLac's and, b. S.S'ProtLac's and, b. A.S'ProtLac's and, b. S.S'ProtLac's an		
$ \begin{aligned} & graves of virt, a. how imprisoned. P \\ & Furth, s. pl. spots, the pl. of Spotl. \\ & Srut, s. pl. a peck or pinch of the bone; r. \\ & peck, plck, & c:, -A on, 77; -Ek, & 00; -10*. \\ & Strut, s. f. a peck or pinch of the bone; r. \\ & graves, s. f. a sharp or smart pinch, or nip of the bone; plrx. \\ & Srut, s. r, f. a sharp or smart pinch, or nip of the bone; plrx. \\ & Srut, s. r, a how stripped or bared. R \\ & Srut, s. r, a how stripped or bared. R \\ & Srut, s. r, a how stripped or bared. R \\ & Srut, s. r, a how stripped or bared. R \\ & Srut, s. r, a how stripped or bared. R \\ & Srut, s. r, a how stripped respectively. R \\ & Srut, s. r, a how stripped respectively. R \\ & Srut, s. r, a how reached. R \\ & Srut, s. r, a how reached. R \\ & Srut, s. r, a how reached. R \\ & Srut, s. r, a how reached. R \\ & Srut, s. r, a how reached. R \\ & Srut, s. r, a how reached. R \\ & Srut, s. r, a how reached. R \\ & Srut, s. r, a how reached. R \\ & Srut, s. r, a how reached. R \\ & Srut, s. r, a how reached. R \\ & Srut, s. r, a how reached. R \\ & Srut, s. r, a how reached. R \\ & Srut, s. r, a how reached. R \\ & Srut, s. r, a how reached. R \\ & Srut, s. r, a how reached. R \\ & Srut, s. r, a how reached. R \\ & Srut, s. r, a how reached. R \\ & Srut, s. r, a how reached. R \\ & Srut, s. r, a how reached. R \\ & Srut, s. r, a how rubed. R \\ & Srut, s. r, a how rubed. R \\ & Srut, s. r, a how rubed or torn. R \\ & Srut, s. r, a how rubed or torn. R \\ & Srut, s. r, a how rudel. R \\ & Srut, s. r, a how rudel. R \\ & Srut, s. r, a how rudel. R \\ & Srut, s. how rudel. R \\ & Srut, s. r, a how rudel. R \\ & Srut, s. r, a how rudel. R \\ & Srut, s. r, a how rudel. R \\ & Srut, s. r, a how rudel. R \\ & Srut, s. r, s. $		
S FRUSSOU SIT, a. how injunctions in the section of the bone, spinor,		
SPULGA S. f. a heek or plinch of the bone; s. f. a peck or plinch of the bone; s. f. a harp or smart plinch, or nip SPULGA'R, S. f. a sharp or smart plinch, or nip of the bone; pl vs. SPULGA'R, s. pecking or plinching the flesh of the bone. SPULGA'R, s. m. a pecker, &c. SPULGA'R, s. m. a pecker, &c. SPULGA'R, s. m. a pecker, &c. SPULGA'R, s. see Specine's. SPULGA'R, s. exclose Specine's. SPULGA'R, s. a collar beam; pl vs. SPULGA'R, s. a, spiritual, immaterial, comp. and spy. SPURGY, s. s. f. spirituality. SPURGY, s. a, dow rolf, sullen or morose, how STANG'R, a. how ruff, sullen or morose, how	S PRYSSOO NIT, a. now imprisoned.	
peck, pick, &c. $-Acti, 77; -EE, 90; -IN, 83; -WARS, &c. +Acti, 77; -EE, 90; -IN, 85; -WARS, a. hay or smart pinch, or nip of the bone, plwx.SFULLA'IT, 8. hap or smart pinch, or nip of the bone, plwx.SFULLA'IT, 8. hap or smart pinch, or nip of the bone, plwx.SFULLA'IT, 8. how rancourous or spitchul. RSFULLA'IT, 8. how rancourous or most or spitchul. RSFULLA'IT, 8. how rancourous or spitchul. RSFULLA'IT, 8. how rancourous or spitchul. RSFULLA'IT, 8. how rancourous or spitchul. RSF$	SPUITT, s. pl. spots; the pl. of spone.	
is $ x_N$ , 85, $- x_N$ , set or smart pinch, or nip of the bone; pl. $- x_N$ . Spurdary, s. packing or pinching the fields of the bone. Spurdary, s. methods, s. m. a packer, &c. Spurdary, s. m. spirit, pl. $- x_N$ . Spurdary, s. m. spirit, pl. $- x_N$ . Sprana spirit, pl. $- x_N$ .	SPULG, s. f. a peck or pinch of the bone; c.	
SPUTION S. J. a sharp or smart pinch, or nip off the bone. SPUTO'RY, a. pecking or pinching the fields off the bone. SPUTO'RY, a., pecking or pinching the fields off SPUTO'RY, a., specifield. SPUTO'RY, a.,	99 S6 S8.	S'ROOISH'TIT, a. how stripped or bared. R
of the bone; $plvx.$ STRUE ( $x, c.$ pecking or pinching the fields of the bone. SPULA'TR, S. pecked, &c. SPULA'TR,	Source of a sharp or smart pinch, or nip	S'ROO'NAGH, a. how rancourous or spiteful. R
SPUTATE STATES, a. a pocker, &c. SPULATENDER, s. m. a strenuous poposing, sposition, stiffened up. SPULATENDER, s. m. a staker, plYN. SPULATENDER, s. m. a staker, plYN. SPULAT	off the hone: nlYN.	S'ROO'NEE, a. id., 58. R
the bone.SRUCATATAGE OF SHOULATTAGE, A. DOW FOURG. FORMING, S. SEE Specing.SPULG'1T, 85. pecked, &c.RSPULG'1T, 85. pecked, &c.RSPURS, s. acollar beam plyn.S'ROUTANL'RE, a. id., 58.SPYRS, s. acollar beam plyn.S'ROUTANL'RE, a. id., 58.SPYRTRYD-NOO', s. M. HOLG Ghost.RSPYRTRYD-NOO', s. m. HOLG Ghost.RSPYRTRYD-NOO', s. f. spiritual, immaterial, comp. and sup.S'RUC'ANEE, a. id., 58.SPYRTRYDO, S. f. spiritual, immaterial, comp. and sup.S'RUC'ANEE, a. id., 58.SPYRTRYDO, S. f. spiritual, immaterial, comp. and sup.S'RUS'ANGL, a. how ruddy.SPYRTRYDO, A. dow gruff, sullen or morose, how strange or alled.S'RUS'ANGL, a. how ruddy.S'QUAAGH, a. how gruff, sullen or morose, how strange or alled.S'RUS'ANGL, a. how rudd.S'RAATUT, a. how warned.RS'RAATUT, a. how rated or torn.RS'RAATUT, a. how rated or torn.RS'RAAS'TAGH, a. how rougl or gusty.RS'RAAS'TAGH, a. how rougl or gugal or gusty.RS'RAAS'TAGH, a. how rougl or gusty.RS'RAAS'TAGH, a. how rougl, comp. and sup.RS'RAAS'TAGH, a. how rougl, comp. and sup.RS'RAAS'TAGH, a. how rougl, comp. and sup.RS'RAAS'TAGH,	Spurchey a pecking or pinching the flesh off	S'ROSH'IT, a. now reached. R
Spula'EYDER, s. m. a pocker, &c. Spula'EYDER, s. m. a pocker, &c. Spussed's, S. See Specineig. Spussed's, a. See Specineig		S'ROUAIL'AGH OF S'ROUAIL'TAGH, a. how roving,
SPULLOY TRANSPER, a. id., 58. R SPYNEND, S. See Specing. SPYNEND, S. S. Spiritual, immaterial, comp. and sup. SPYNEND, S. S. Spiritual, immaterial, comp. and sup. SPYNEND, S. S. Spiritual, immaterial, comp. and sup. SPYNEND, S. S. Spiritual, S. S. See SPYNEND, SWIST, S. AND WEIGH. SPYNEND, S. S. Spiritual, a. did. comp. and sup. SPYNEND, S. See Specing. SPYNEND, S. See Specing. SPNEND, S. See Spread Specing. SPNEND, Specing Specing Specing. SPNEND, Specing Specing Specing. SPNEND, Specing Specing Specing Specing. SPNEND, Specing Specing Specing Specing. SPNEND, Specing Specing Specing Specing. SPNEND, Specing Specing Specing Specing Specing. SPNEND, Specing Sp		
SPYNNEIG', s. See Specincig. SPYNNEIG', s. See Specincig. SPYNNEIG', s. See Specincig. SPYNT'RO, s. m. Spirit pl. $-YN$ . SPYNT'RO, s. m. Spirit pl. $-YN$ . SPYNT'RO, s. m. Spirit pl. $-YN$ . SPYNT'RO, s. f. spiritual, immaterial, comp. and sup. SPYNT'RO, s. f. spiritual, immaterial, comp. and sup. SPNT'RO, s. f. spiritual, immaterial, comp. and sup. SPNT'RO, s. f. spiritual, immaterial, comp. and sup. SPNT'RO, s. f. spiritual, sup. SPNT'RO, s. f. spiritual, immaterial, comp. and sup. SPNT'RO, s. m. Super sup. SPNT'RO, s. f. spiritual, sup. SPNT'RO, sup.		S'ROUAIL'EE OF S'ROUAIL'TEE, a. id., 58. R
Sever, s. a collar beam; $plvx.$ Sever, s. a. collar beam; $plvx.$ Sever vary not $i_{b}$ , a. spiritual; $plvx.$ Sever vary not $i_{b}$ , a. spiritual; immaterial, comp, and sup. Sever vary not $i_{b}$ , a. spiritual; $plvx.$ Sever vary not $i_{b}$ ,		S'ROU'ANAGH, a how riotous. R
SPUR'ATD, s. m. spirit, plvx. SPUR'ATD, s. m. spirit, plvx. SPUR'ATD, s. m. spiritual, immaterial, comp. and sup. SPUR'ATD, s. m. spiritual, immaterial, comp. and sup. SPUR'ATD, s. f. spirituality. SPUR'ATD, s. f. spirituality. SPUR'		
STURY DATE: STARY DATE: STARY DATE:		
SFIRENTD'NOT'L, a. spiritual, immaterial, comp. and sup. SFTRENTD'La, a. spiritual, immaterial, comp. and sup. SFTRENT'LA, a. how rolose, bw strange or aliened. P S'RANT'LA, a. how poisoned. P S'RANT'LA, a. how rends or toolent. R S'RANT'LA, a. how rend or torn. R S'RANT'LA, a. how squally or gusty. R S'RANT'LA, a. how usully or gusty. R S'RANT'LA, a. how usull'LA'LA'LA'LA'LA'LA'LA'LA'LA'LA'LA'LA'LA'		
STRATTOLY, a, how printed part of the set o		
SPYR'RYDYS, s. f. spirituality.S'RUS'HAOH, a. how ruddy.RSPYR'GYDYS, s. f. spijot; pl. $-YN$ .S'RUS'HAOH, a. how ruddy.RS'PYSHO'SYR, a. how poisoned.PS'QUAAGH, a. how gruff, sullen or morose, how strange or aliened.QS'QUAAGH, a. how gruff, sullen or morose, how strange or aliened.RS'QUAAGH, a. how gruff, sullen or morose, how strange or aliened.RS'QUAAGH, a. how warned.RS'RAAUT, a. how rash or violent.S'RUY'Ex, a. id., comp. and sup.S'RANK, a. how luxuriant, comp. and sup., or S'rank'ey.S'RAAGH, a. how squally or gusty.S'RASS'TAGH, a. how squally or gusty.S'TAAGTT, a. how restling or at made fold hedges; plYN.S'RASS'TAGH, a. how uncultivated.S'TAAGTT, a. how regular, comp. and sup. S'RAAGT, a. how cultivated.S'TAAGTT, a. how requented.TS'RASTANER, a. id., comp. and sup. Prov"Tra sreaic yn chloie, share f aagail iel," and "Myr smoo yn cheshaght, sreaie yn chloie."S'TAAGTT, a. how welded or soldered. TTS'REA'MYSSAGH, a. how vorony.RS'TAAY'NEYDER, s. m. a strenuous opponent. S'TAAY'NEYDER, s. m. a strenuous opposition, straat's tra, s. f. a strenuous opposition, stiffened up.S'REEA'MYSSAGH, a. how wore, coarse, rough, & RS'TAGT'YI, S. S. et or Struck up against, confront- ing, set in opposition, stiffened up.S'REEA'MYSSAGH, a. how worded.RS'REEA'T, a. how word or most roomy.RS'REEA'T, a. how word or most roomy.RS'REEA'T, a. how word or most roomy.RS'REEA'T, a. how word or most roomy.RS'RE		
SPTTTOG, s. f. spigot; $plvN.$ S'RUSTHE, a. $id., 58.$ RS'RYTTOG, s. f. spigot; $plvN.$ S'RUST, a. how round.RS'RUST, a. how round.QS'RUST, a. how round.RS'RAAUT, a. how reading.QS'RUST, a. how round.RS'RAAUT, a. how reading.QS'RUST, a. how reading.RS'RAAUT, a. how reading.QS'RUST, a. how reading.RS'RAAUT, a. how reading.QS'RUST, a. how reading.RS'RAAUT, a. how reading.RS'RUST, a. how reading.RS'RAATANER, a. id., 58.RS'RAATANE, a. how squally or gusty.RS'RAASTANEH, a. how squally or gusty.RS'AAATT, a. how requented.TS'RAASTANEH, a. how squally or gusty.R'S'RAATA, s. m. three men called a Staa formerly made fold hedges; $plvN.$ S'RAATA, s. m. three men called a Staa formerly made fold hedges; $plvN.$ S'RAATANEH, a. how squally or gusty.R'S'RAATA, s. m. stable; $pl. 76.$ S'RAATT, a. how welquented.TS'RAATANEH, a. how squally or gusty.R'S'RAATA, s. m. three men called a Staa formerly made fold hedges; $plvN.$ S'RAATT, a. how welquented.TS'RAATANEH, a. how squally or gusty.R'S'RAATT, a. how welquented.TS'RAATT, a. how welquented.TS'RAATANEH, a. how merry or wanton.R'S'RAATT, a. how welquented.TS'RAATT, a. how welquented.TS'REA'MYSSEH, a. how word or most roomy.R'S'RAATY, S. standing statue, iffer in gasinst, or stranding firm against; $pl. 0f; P'Poo. Xxl. 29.$ S'RAATYAN, S. standing statue, iffer in pl		
S'PYSHOO'NT, a. how poisoned. P S'PYSHOO'NT, a. how poisoned. P S'PYSHOO'NT, a. how graff, sullen or morose, how strange or aliened. S S'PYSHOO'ANT, a. how graff, sullen or morose, how strange or aliened. S S'PYSHOO'ATE, a. id., comp. and sup. Q S'PYSHOO'ATE, a. id., comp. and sup. Q S'RAAGH, a. how wared. R S'RAYAT, a. how reat or torn. R S'RAAGH, a. how reat or torn. R S'RASS'TAGH, a. how request or torn. R S'RASS'TAGH, a. how squally or gusty. R S'RASS'TAGH, a. how uncultivated. R S'RASTA'NAGH, a. how uncultivated. R S'RASTA'NAGH, a. how uncultivated. R S'RASTA'NAGH, a. how merry or wanton. R S'REAGH, a. how werey or mad sup. Prov"'Tra sreaie yn chloice, sire faagail jed, "and "Tra sreaie yn chloice, sire faagail jed," and "Tra sreaie yn chloice." S'REA'NYSSACH, a. how decided or disen- tangled. R S'REAYIT, a. how werggled. R S'REAG'TEE, a. id., 58. R S'REAG'YEE, a. id., 59. R S'REAG'YEE, a. id., 58. R S'REAG'YEE, a. id., 59. R S'REAG'YEE, a. id., 59. R S'REAG'YEE, a.		
<ul> <li>S'QUAAGH, a. how gruff, sullen or morose, how strange or aliened.</li> <li>S'QUAAGH, a. how rath or morose, how strange or aliened.</li> <li>S'QUAAGH, a. id. comp. and sup.</li> <li>S'RUY, a. how redish or brown.</li> <li>R</li> <li>S'RAAUIT, a. how rash or violent.</li> <li>R</li> <li>S'RAAUTT, a. how rash or violent.</li> <li>R</li> <li>S'RAAGH, a. how vash or violent.</li> <li>R</li> <li>S'RANK'AL, a. how rash or violent.</li> <li>R</li> <li>S'RANK'AL, a. how rash or violent.</li> <li>R</li> <li>S'RANK'AL, a. how vash or violent.</li> <li>R</li> <li>S'RANK'AL, a. how rash or violent.</li> <li>R</li> <li>S'RANK'AL, a. how stand or violent.</li> <li>R</li> <li>S'RANK'AGH, a. how squally or gusty.</li> <li>S'RASS'TEE, a. id., 58.</li> <li>S'RASA'TAGH, a. how squally or gusty.</li> <li>S'RASA'TAGH, a. how stand or or gent and sup.</li> <li>S'REA'MYSSAGH, a. how roomy.</li> <li>S'REA'MYSSAGH, a. how roomy.</li> <li>S'REA'MYSSAGH, a. how roomy.</li> <li>S'REA'MYSSAGH, a. how roomy.</li> <li>S'REA'MYSSAGH, a. how decided or disentangled.</li> <li>S'REAST, a. how wriggled.</li> <li>S'REASTAGH, a. how wriggled.</li> <li>S'REAST, a. how kough or ropy.</li> <li>S'REASTAGH, a. how wriggled.</li> <li>S'REASTAGH, a. how wriggled.</li> <li>S'REASTAGH, a. how royal or kingly, comp. and sup.</li> <li>S'REASTAGH, a. how royal or kingly, comp. and sup.</li> <li>S'REAST, a. how wriggled.</li> <li>S'REASTAGH, a. how royal or kingly. comp. and sup.</li> <li< td=""><td></td><td></td></li<></ul>		
strange or aliened.QS'RUY, a. how reddish or brown.RS'QUAALE, a. id. comp. and sup.QS'RUY'EY, a. id., comp. and sup.RS'RAAUT, a. how randoRS'RAAUT, a. how rash or violent.RS'RAAYAT, a. how rash or violent.RS'RAAYAT, a. how rash or violent.RS'RAAYAT, a. how reat or torn.RS'RAAYAT, a. how reat or torn.RS'RANK, a. how luxuriant, comp. and sup., or S'rank'ey.RS'RASTARA, a. how squally or gusty.RS'RASTARA, a. how squally or gusty.RS'RASTARAGH, a. how uncultivated.RS'RASTANER, a. id., 58.RS'RAARAGH, a. how uncultivated.RS'RAARAGH, a. how merry or waton.RS'RAARAGH, a. how merry or waton.RS'RAARAGH, a. how merry or waton.RS'RAARAGH, a. how merry or waton.RS'REAMARAGH, a. how merry or waton.RS'REAMAYSAGH, a. how comp.RS'REAMAYSAGH, a. how decided or disentargied.RS'REAMAYSAGH, a. how decided or disentargied.RS'REAMAYSAGH, a. how kept.RS'REAMAYSAGH, a. how kept.RS'REAMAYSAGH, a. how kept.RS'REAMAYSAGH, a. how kept.RS'REAMAYSAGH, a. how reasonable.RS'REAMARAGH, a. how road or kingly, comp. and sup.S'TAGH'YNSAGH, a. how keyd.S'REAMARA, a. h		
<ul> <li>STRATT, a. how rent or torn.</li> <li>STRATT, a. how squally or gusty.</li> <li>STRATT, a. how squally or gusty.</li> <li>STRATT, a. how rent or torn.</li> <li>STRATT, a. how rent or torn.</li> <li>STRATT, a. how rent or torn.</li> <li>STRATT, a. how squally or gusty.</li> <li>STRATT, a. how rent or torn.</li> <li>STRATT, a. how will deter the torn or Strantfirm against in wrestling or at this work these men called a Strate form the stary made fold hedges; plvx.</li> <li>STRATT, a. how well of the deter the torn.</li> <li>STRATT, a. how well or or torn.</li> <li>STRATT, a. how well or or regular, comp. and sup.</li> <li>STRATT, a. how weren or regular, comp. and sup.</li> <li>STRATT, a. how merry or wanton.</li> <li>STRATT, a. how merry or wanton.</li> <li>STRATT, a. how merry or most roomy.</li> <li>STRATT, a. how kept.</li> <li>STRATT, a. how weigeld.</li> <li>STRATT, a. how reasonable.</li> <li>STRETT, a. how weigeld.</li> <li>STRATT, s. f. a stake, a</li></ul>		
S'RAAUIT, a. how warned. S'RAAUIT, a. how rash or violent. S'RAAUIT, a. how rash or violent. S'RAAUT, a. how squally or gusty. S'RAAUT, a. how squally or gusty. S'RAAUT, a. how squally or gusty. S'RAAUT, a. how represent the state of the sta	Strange of another	S'RUY, a. how reddish or brown. R
S'RAGH'TAL, a. how rash or violent. S'RAGH'TAL, a. how rash or violent. S'RAGH'TAL, a. how rash or violent. S'RAM'PTT, a. how rent or torn. S'RAM'PTT, a. how rent or torn. S'RAM'PTT, a. how squally or gusty. S'RAM'E'. S'RAMS'TER, a. id., 58. S'RAM'AGH, a. how sucultivated. S'RAM'AGH, a. how uncultivated. S'RAM'AGH, a. how uncultivated. S'RAM'ANSER, a. id., 58. S'REA'MYSSAGH, a. how decided or disen. S'REA'MYSSAGH, a. how wriggled. S'REAAT, a. how wold or ropy. S'REEAT, a. how tough or kingly, comp. and sup. S'REEM'NEY, a. d., comp. and sup. S'REEM'NEY, a. d., comp. and sup. S'REEM'NEY, a. how tough or kingly, comp. and sup. S'REEM'NEY, a. how dug or delved. S'RENO'NAGH, a. how dug or delved. S'RENY'NT, a. how dug of delved. S'RIMMEI'CAGH, a. how full of stripes, or weals. S'RENY'NT, a. how dug of delved. S'RIMMEI'CAGH, a. how dug of delved. S'RIM'Y'N'N'T, S. staked, anchored. S'RIM		S'RUY'EY, a. id., comp. and sup. R
S'RAI'PIT, a. how rent or torn. S'RANK, a. how luxuriant, comp. and sup, or S'RANK'ey. S'RASS'TAGH, a. how squally or gusty. S'RASS'TAGH, a. how coultivated. S'RAST, a. how veren or regular, comp. and sup. S'REAGH, a. how merry or wanton. S'REAGH, a. how rent or most nomy. S'REAGH, a. how roomy. S'REAGH, a. how week of the standing firm areaie yn chicke, store faaguil jch,'' and "Myry smoo yn cheshaght, sreaie yn chicle." S'REAGH, a. how week of the store of most roomy. S'REAGH, a. how week of the store of most roomy. S'REAGH, a. how week of the store		STAA, s. m. three men making hedges together,
<ul> <li>STRAIN, a. how luxuriant, comp. and sup., or S'rank'ey.</li> <li>STRANK, a. how squally or gusty.</li> <li>S'rass'raeu, a. id., 58.</li> <li>S'rass'raeu, a. how ripped.</li> <li>S'rasstar's, a. how ripped.</li> <li>S'rasstar's, a. how ripped.</li> <li>S'rasstar's, a. how regular, comp. and sup.</li> <li>S'rasstar's, a. how merry or wanton.</li> <li>S'rasstar, a. id., 58.</li> <li>S'rasstar, a. id., 58.</li> <li>S'rasstar, a. id., 58.</li> <li>S'rasstar, a. id., 58.</li> <li>S'rasstar's, a. id., comp. and sup. Pron.,—"Trasserie yn chioie."</li> <li>S'rasstar's, a. id., comp. and sup. Pron.,—"Trasserie yn chioie."</li> <li>S'rasstar's, a. id., comp. and sup. Pron.,—"Trasserie yn chioie."</li> <li>S'rasstar's, a. id., comp. and sup. Pron.,—"Trasserie yn chioie."</li> <li>S'rasstar's, a. id., comp. and sup. Pron.,—"Trasserie yn chioie."</li> <li>S'rasstar's, a. id., comp. and sup.</li> <li>S'rasstar's, a. id., c</li></ul>		two of them cutting the sod and one lifting.
<ul> <li>SRANK, d. now intuiting, comp. and sup., of S'rank'ey.</li> <li>S'RANK, d. now intuiting, comp. and sup.</li> <li>S'RASS'TAGH, a. how squally or gusty.</li> <li>S'RASS'TEE, a. id., 58.</li> <li>S'RAST, a. how requented.</li> <li>S'RAAGH'IT, a. how requented.</li> <li>S'RAAGH, a. how neutlivated.</li> <li>S'RAAGH, a. how coultivated.</li> <li>S'RAAGH, a. how requented.</li> <li>S'RAAGH, a. how merry or wanton.</li> <li>S'REAGH, a. how roomy. and sup. Prov"Trasson on chicking the composition, velemently pushing against, or standing firm against; pl. 67; Prov. xxi. 29.</li> <li>S'REAMYNSAGH, a. how roomy.</li> <li>S'REAMYNSAGH, a. how wriggled.</li> <li>S'REAMYN, S. m. a strenuous opponent.</li> <li>S'REAMY, a. how wriggled.</li> <li>S'REAMY, a. how wriggled.</li> <li>S'REAMY, a. how wriggled.</li> <li>S'REAMY, a. how tough or ropy.</li> <li>S'REAMY, a. how tough or ropy.</li> <li>S'REAMY, a. how royal or kingly, comp. and sup.</li> <li>S'REEM' a. how tough or ropy.</li> <li>S'REEMY, a. how royal or kingly, comp. and sup.</li> <li>S'REEMY, a. how royal or kingly, comp. and sup.</li> <li>S'REEMY, a. how royal or kingly, comp. and sup.</li> <li>S'REAGH, a. how reasonable.</li> <li>S'REMILT, a. how dug of delved.</li> <li>S'REMY'NT, a. how dug of delved</li></ul>		
Strank eg.made foll hedges; $plyN.$ S'RASS'TAGH, a. how squally or gusty.RS'RASS'TEE, a. id., 58.RS'RAST, a. how ripped.S'TAAGH'IT, a. how welded or soldered.TS'RASTA'NAGH, a. how uncultivated.RS'RASTA'NAGH, a. how uncultivated.RS'RASTA'NAGH, a. how uncultivated.RS'RASTA'NAGH, a. how menor regular, comp. and sup.S'TAA'BIT, a. how welded or soldered.TS'RASTA'NAGH, a. how merry or wanton.RS'REAGH, a. how roomy.RS'REAGH, a. how roomy.RS'REAGH, a. how roomy.RS'REAGH, a. how weigled.RS'REAGTAGH, a. how weigled.RS'REEAT, a. how weigled.RS'REEAT, a. how tough or ropy.RS'REEAT, a. how tough or ropy.RS'REEN' A. how royal or kingly, comp. and sup.S'TAGH'YLS, s. f. awkwardhees.S'REEN', a. how royal or kingly, comp. and sup.S'TAGH'YLS, s. f. awkwardhees.S'REEN', a. how royal or kingly, comp. and sup.S'TAGH'YLS, s. f. awkwardhees.S'REEN', a. how royal or kingly, comp. and sup.S'TAGH'YLS, s. f. awkwardhees.S'REEN', a. how royal or kingly, comp. and sup.<		this work these men called a Stag formerly
S'RASS'TAGH, a. how squally or gusty. R S'RASS'TEE, a. $id$ , 58. R S'RASS'TEE, a. $id$ , 58. R S'RASTANEE, a. $id$ , 58. R S'RAAGH'IT, a. how welded or soldered. T S'TAAGH'IT, a. how welded or soldered. T S'TAAGH'IT, a. how welded or soldered. T S'TAAGH, a. how welded or soldered. T S'TAAGH'Y, a. how welded or soldered. T S'TAAGH'YEY, e. solderenously opposing, opposition, streamently pushing against, or standing firm against; $pl., 67$ ; $Proe. xxi. 29$ . S'TAAGH'YEYDER, s. m. a streanous opponent. S'TAAY'NEYDER, s. m. a stranduos opponent. S'TAAY'NEYDER, s. m. a standing statue, like in opposi- tion to some force. S'TAAY'NEY, s. f. awkward, awkwardly. S'TAGH'YLEE, a. $id$ , comp. and sup. S'REEN' a. how togh or ropy. S'REEN' a. how tough or ropy. S'REEN', a. how royal or kingly, comp. and sup. S'REEN', a. how wereasonable. S'RAGH'YLEE, a. $id$ , 58. T S'TAGH'YENEE, a. $id$ , 59. $YN$ . S'TAGH'YENEE, a. $id$ , 59. $YN$	orann cy.	
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Site Early at now integrationSite Stage at the second	S'REAYLT, a. how kept. R	
S'REEAS'TEE, a. id., 58.RS'REEAS'TEE, a. id., 58.RS'REEN' a. how tough or ropy.RS'REEN' a. d., comp. and sup.STAGH'YLEE, a. id., comp. and sup.S'REEN' a. how royal or kingly, comp. and sup.STAGH'YLYS, s. f. awkwardness.S'REEOIL', a. how royal or kingly, comp. and sup.S'TAGH'YSSAGH, a. how itchy.TS'REILT, a. how chosen or elected.RS'REILT, a. how ruled.RS'RESOO'NAGH, a. how reasonable.RS'RESOO'NAGH, a. how dug or delved.RS'REUY'RIT, a. how dug or delved.RS'RHEYN'NIT, a. how divided.RS'RIMMEI'GAGH, a. how full of stripes, or weals.RS'RIMMEI'GAGH, a. how full of stripes, or weals.RS'RIMMEI'GAGH, a. dow full of stripes, or weals.RS'RIMMEI'GAGH, a. dow full of stripes, or weals.RS'RIMMEI'GAGH, a. how full of stripes, or weals.RS'RIMMEI'GAGH, a. dow full of stripes, or weals.RS'RIMMEI'GAGH, a. dow full of stripes, or weals.RS'RIMMEI'GAGH, a. do f tin.STAIN'NACH, a. d. of tin.	S'REEALT, a. how wriggled. R	
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S'RIMMEI'GAGH, a. how full of stripes, or weals. R S'RIMMEI'GAGH, a. how full of stripes, or weals. R S'RIMMEI'GAGH, a. d. of tin.	A REAL PROPERTY AND A REAL PROPERTY AND	STAIK'EYDER, s. m. a staker ; plYN.
S'RIMMEI'GAGH, a. how full of stripes, or weals. R STAIN'NACH, a. d. of tin.		
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	STAM'PEYDER, s. m. a treader; pl YN.	STHAP OF *STHAPP, s. f.
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	S'TAN'NAGHTAGH, a. how continual, &c. T	STHAP'PAL, v. stopping;
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	STAN'NAIR, s. m. a hawk ; plYN.	STHAP'PEYDER, s. m. a st
	S'TAP'PAGAGH, a. how tufty. T	STHAP'PIT, 85. stopped.
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	STAP'PAN, s. m. a stump; a small one, as that of	STHAR'TEY, s. m. a job or
	corn after being cut; plYN. STAP'PANAGH, a. how stumpy.	STHEG, s. f. a steak or sli
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	S'TAP'PEE, a. how quick, fast, or rapid.	STHEIN'NEY, a. thinner,
	STARK, a. stiff, inflexible; stiffen.	sup. of Thanney.
	STARK'AGH OF STARKAGHEY, v. stiffening, get-	STHEW'IR, s. pl. staves, po
	ting stiff.	STHIE, adv. in, within, wi opposed to Mooie.
	STARK'EY, a. pl. stiff, &c., and the comp. and sup. of Stark.	STHILK, s. pl. stalks, stem
	S'TARMAY'NAGH, a. how economical. T	STHITT, s. pl. steers, bullo
	S'TARMAY'NEE, a. id., 58. T	STROCE, s. m. stock, fund,
	S'TARROO'GH, a. how thrifty, comp. and sup. T	STHOC'KAN, s. f. the bo stock.
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	S'TASH'EY, a. id., comp. and sup. T	ramify or grow in man
	S'TAS'TAGH, a. how intelligent or quick of dis- cernment. T	root; — AGH, 77; — EE, 84; — YM, 86; — YMS, 8
	S'TAS'TEE, a. id., 58. T	STHO'LEY, v. sprouting, sp
	STATE-HALLOOI'N, s. m. a farm ; Mat. xxii. 5.	the one root, growing pr
	STAYD, s. m. state, case, pomp; plYN.	STHO'LIT, 85. sprouted, rai
ł	STAVD-NOA', s. m. regeneration ; Mat. xix. 28.	STHOLL, s. m. a stall, a sta —AGH, 77; —EE, 80;
ľ	STAYDOIL' OF STAYDOIL'AGH, a. stately, pomp- ous; s. m. a pompous person; pl. 71.	-ум, 86; -умs, 87; -
ļ	STAYDOIL'LYS, s. f. pompousness, pomposity.	STHOL'LAL, v. stationing,
ŀ	S'TAYR'NIT, a. how drawn. T	S'THOLLA'NAGH, a. how,
	STEAB, s. f. a dart; plYN.	cious.
	STEAT OF STEAIT, s. f. estate, or State of Ame-	S'THOLLA'NEE, a. id., 58. STHOL'LEYDER, s. m. one t
l	rica; pl. — YN.	STHOL'LIT, 85. stationed, s
	STEAON, s. m. Stephen. S'TEAU'MAGH, a. how whimsical, freakish, or	S'THOL'LIT, a. how bored
ļ	fantastic. T	STHOO, s. See Stoo.
	S'TEAU'MEE, a. id., 58.	S'THOO'IT, a. how thatches
ł	S'TEAU'MIT, a. how teemed or emptied of water.T	STHOOK, s. f. a pile or sh generally of twelve.
	STEET, s. Though this is the orthography in Jude, iv., I have written it Skeet, which see.	STHOOK, v. make into piles
	STEIL'LIN OF STEILLYN, s. m. steel.	STHOOK'EY, v. making into
	S'TEN'DIT, a. how attended. T	STHOOK'EYDER, s. m. one
	STER'RM, s. m. storm; plYN.	STHOOK'IT, 85. made in sto
	STER'RYMAGH, a. stormy, how stormy.	S'THOR'RANAGH, a. how fu
	STER'RYMEE, a. id., comp. and sup.	S'THOR'RANEE, a. id., 58.
	STER'RYMID, s. m. storminess.	STHOW'RAN, s. m. a stat tempt, standing as a pole
	STER'RYMIT, 85. stormed. S'TES'SEN, a. cross or transverse, comp. and	STHOW'YR, s. m. a staff or
	sup. T	STHUGGEY, s. m. about hal
	STALK, s. m. a stalk or stem.	S'THUM'MIDAGH, a. how bu
	S'THALLOOI'NAGH, a. how terrestrial or earthly.T	S'THUM'MIDEE, a. id., 58.
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S'THUM'MIT, a. how dipped. T	-YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
STHURNEISH', s. f. stubbornness.	STOYR'AL OF STOY'REY, v. storing, treasuring.
STHURNEISH'AGH, a. stubborn, how stubborn.	STOY'REYDER, s. m. a storer; pl YN.
STHURNEISH'EE, a. id., comp. and sup.	STOY'RIT, 85. stored, treasured.
STIAGH, adv. in, into; opposed to Magh (out).	STOYR-RON'NEY, s. m. a dividend; but it is generally understood to be a remainder after
STIARK, a. few, seldom, how few; Mat. vii. 14.	division not worth dividing.
Prov.—" Stiark keayrt ta dooinney siyragh an seaghyn."	S'TRAAR'TIT, a. how desolated. T
*STIUR OF STIURE, v. steer or guide a vessel on	S'TAAR'TYSSAGH, a. how desolating. T
a passage by the helm or rudder; -AGH, 77;	S'TRAAR'TYSSEE, a. id., 58. T
-EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86;	S'TRAAS'TIT, a. how squcezed. T
-YMS, 87; -YS, 88.	S'TRAAU'IT, a. how ploughed. T
STIUR'EE, a. d. of a rudder or rudders.	STRAH, s. f. a plain, level country ; a champaign ;
STIU'REY, s. m. a rudder ; pl. 67 ; v. steering.	plGHYN; 2 Kings, xiv. 25.
STUI'REVDER, s. m. skipper, steerer, or helmsman.	STRAID, s. f. a street; pl YN.
STIU'RIT, 85. steered.	STRAID'DEY, a. d. of a street or streets.
STIURT, s. m. a steward; pl. — YN.	STRAIE or STRAIH, a. d. of the shore.
STIUR'TAGH, a. stewardlike. STIUR'TEY, a. d. of a steward or stewards.	S'TRAIH'IT, a. how ebbed or abated. T
STIUR'TYS, s. f. stewardship.	STRAM'LAG, s. $f$ a crankled or awkward thing;
STOA'MAGH OF STOA'MEY, a. stately, ornamental	plYN.
proportionable in the members.	S'TRAM'MAN, a. how foul, wrong, or amiss. T
STOA'MID, s. m. stateliness, grandeur.	S'TRAM'MANEY, a. id., comp. and sup,
STOAN'DEY, s. m. a standish, a kind of barrel;	S'TRANLAA'SAGH, a. how tyrannical or oppressive. S'TRANLAA'SEE, a. id., 58. T
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S'TOAR'IT, a. how dunged. T	STRAP, s. m. a line or string; pl YN.
S'TOGH'ERIT, a. how wound up. T	STRAUE, s. f. a straw; pl YN. For a quan-
S'TOGH'TIT, a. how choked or strangled. T	tity of straw, see Coonlagh.
S'TOIG'GALTAGH, a. how knowing or able to understand, how skilful in judgment. T	S'TREAN, a. valiant or stout. T
S'TOIG'GALTEE, a. id., 58. T	S'TREA'NEY, a. id., comp. and sup. T
S'TOIG'GIT, a. how understood. T	STREB, v. struggle, wrest; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80;
S'TOIL'CHINAGH, a. how meritorious. T	-IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
S'TOIL'CHINEE, a. id., 58. T	STRE'BIN OF STRE'PEY, v. struggling. See
S'TOIL'LIT, a. how earned or deserved. T	Strepey.
STOO, s. m. stuff, substance, element, material;	STREEAN, s. f. a bridle; pl YN or TEEYN.
pl. — GHYN.	STREEAN-VOLG'AGH, s. f. a martingale.
STOO'ALT, a. solid.	STREE'BAGH, s. f. a strumpet, whore, or pros-
STOO'ALTYS, s. f. solidity,	titute; pl. 71. or rather 72.
STOOA'MID, s. m. this word is in 1 Cor. xi. 15, for glory, and in 12 and 23 verses for honour-	STREE'BEE, a. d. of a strumpet or whore. STREE'BEEYS, s. f. whoredom, prostitution.
able. Stoamid, perhaps is the word meant.	STREE OF STREIU, s. f. strife, contention;
S'TOOIL'LIT, a. how toiled or weary. T	plGHYN; v. strive, contend; -AGH, 77;
S'TOOT'AGH, a. how oafish. T	-EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86;
S'TOOT'EE, a. id., 58. T	-YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
STOO-THI'E, s. m. household furniture.	STREEUAIL'TAGH, a. apt to strive, or be at vari- ance; s. m. a contentious person; pl. 71.
STORALL, v. storing, sparing, saving.	STREEUAIL'TEE, a. more or most apt to strive.
S'TOR'CANAGH, a. how fumy or reeky. T	STREEUAIL'TYS, s. f. contentiousness, discord.
S'TOR'CANEE, a. id., 58. T	STREEU'DER, s. m. a contender, or striver;
S'TOR'RAGH, a. how pregnant. T	pl YN.
S'TOR'REE, a. id., 58. T	STREEU'IT, 85. striven.
STOTT, s. m. a steer, a bullock. STOW, v. bestow; $-AGH$ , 77; $-EE$ , 80; $-IN$ ,	S'TREICE'NIT, a. how beetled. T
83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.	STREIGH'YR OF STREIYR, v. sneeze or neese;
STOW'AL, v. bestowing.	-AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
STOW'ALTAGH, s. m. a bestower; pl. 71.	STREIGH'RAGHT OF STREIGH'ERNEE, v. sneezing;
STOW'EYDER, s. m. one that stows.	2 Kings iv. 35; Job xli. 18.
STOW'IT OF STOWT, 85. bestowed.	STREIGH'EYDER, s. m. a sneezer; pl YN.
STOYL, s. m. a stool, a seat.	STREIGH'ERIT OF STREIVRIT, 85. sneezed.
STOYL-COSH'EY, s. m. a foot-stool.	S'TREIG'IT, a. how forsaken. T
STOYL-REEOI'L, s. m. a throne or regal seat.	S'TREIH, a. how miserable, wretched, forlorn, pitiful, dismal, pale; comp. and sup.
STOYL-SHICK'YR, s. m. a form.	S'TREIN'NIT, a. how nailed.
STOVR, s. m. store, treasure; pl. — YN; v. id.; —AGH, 77; — EE, 80; — IN, 83; — INS, 84;	STREIPE, s. f. a stirrup; pl YN.
, 11, 11, 00, -IN, 00; -INS, 04;	reference in an inclusive of the first of the state of the

- STREIR, s. m. a rope or string; as, muck er streir.
- T S'TREISHTEI'LAGH, a. how trusty.
- T S'TREISHTEI'LEE, a. id,. 58. T
- S'TREISHT'IT, a. how much trusted.
- STRENG, s. m. a string ; pl. -YN.
- S'TREOGHE, a. how widowed or forsaken; the comp. and sup. of S'treoghey.
- STREP, v. struggle, wrestle, wallow; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88. -ум, 86;
- STRE'PEY, v. struggling, wallowing; 2 Sam. XX. 12.
- STRE'PEYDER, s. m. a struggler; pl. -YN.
- STRE'PIT, 85. struggled, wallowed.
- STREYR, s. f. the handle or gear fixed forward of a pillion on a horse; pl. -YN.
- STRIG OF \*STRIGG, s. f. a draw or stripe of milk from a teat; pl. - YN; v. stripe or draw from a teat; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.

STRIG'GAGH, a. slow in giving the milk.

- STRIG'GEE, a. id., comp. and sup.
- STRIG'GEY, s. drawing milk by stripes or strokes ; v. milking the strippings
- STRIG'GEYDER, s. m. a drawer of milk by stripes or strokes.
- STRIG-GHOU'NAGH, s. f. a stripper, or a cow more than one year on the same milk.
- STRIG'IT, 85. drawn by strokes, milked.
- STRIG'GLE, s. f. a whet-board, the instrument with which a mower whets or sharpens his scythe.
- STRIC'GYL, s. f. a strikeless; pl. YN.
- STRIM'MEY, a. heavier, heaviest, the comp. and sup. of Strome.
- S'TRIM'SHAGH, a. how sorrowful or mournful, how loaded with grief or heaviness. T
- S'TRIM'SHEE, a. id., 58.
- STRINNOO'GH, v. snoreing.
- STRIT'LAG, s. f. a jade, jilt, trollop, or trull.
- S'TOAIL'TIT, a. how travelled.
- STROA'NEY, a. d. nasal, of the nose.
- STROA'NYN, s. p. nostrils.
- S'TROCHOI'L, a. how favourable or lenient. T
- S'TROCHOI'LEY, a. id., comp. and sup. T T
- S'TROG'GIT, a. how lifted, reared, built. STROIE, v. destroy, waste, spend; -AGH, 77;
- -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87 ; -YS, 88.
- STROI'ALTAGH, s. m. a destroyer, a spender, a prodigal; pl. 71; a. wasteful, prodigal.
- STROI'EDER, s. m. a spender, a waster ; pl. YN.
- STROIN, s. f. a nose; pl. YN OF TEEYN.
- STROINEE'N, s. f. a nuzzle, a pig's ring.
- S'TROME, a. how heavy or weighty. T
- STRON. s. m. a snort or snuffle; pl. YN; v. id.;
- -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- STRON'AN, s. m. a snuffler.
- STRON'NAGH, a. sounding through the nose or nostrils.
- STRON'NEE, a. id., comp. and sup.
- STROO, s. m. the current of a stream; pl. -YN. S'TROO'AGH, a. how envious. T STROO'AN, s. f. a stream ; pl. -YN.

- STROO'ANAGH, a. streamy, full of streams.
- STROO'ANEE, a. id., comp. and sup.
- S'TROO'EE, a. more envious, most envious. T STROOHEN'E, p. it appears to me or myself, 1 am
- persuaded in myself, I imagine or suppose, methinks.
- STROOIG, s. See Struge.
- STROOS OF STROOYS, it appears so, (perhaps from Streeu, strife); there has been a strife in me how it is, and it is so settled by me that it will or shall be as I say; the emphatic of Stroohene.
- STROS'HEY, a. stronger, strongest, the comp. and sup. of Lajer and Troshagh.
- S'TROSH'TAGH, a. how much for fasting.
- S'TROSH'TEE, a. id., 58.
- STRUAN'E, s. f. a triangular bannock. But it ought to be written S'troorane.
- STRUGE, or \*STRUG, s. f. a gentle stroke of the hand; v. to draw or stroke the hand gently over; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- STRU'GEY, v. stroking, drawing the hand gently or kindly over. This word is used for strike in 2 Kings, v. 11.
- STRU'GEYDER, s. m. one who strokes.
- STRU'GIT, 85. stroked gently.
- STRULL, s. f. a rinse; pl. AGHYN; v. rinse; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- STRUL'LEY, v. rinsing, streaming, shedding out ; pl. 67.
- STRUL'LEYDER, s. m. a rinser; pl. YN.
- STRUL'LIT OF STRULT, 85. rinsed, shed.
- STRUM'PAG, s. f. a strumpet, a harlot; Amos, vii. 17; pl. -YN.
- STUB'BIN, s. m. a cat without a tail.
- STUB'BYL, s. m. stubble

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- STUD'DYL, s. m. a timber in a vessel's side.
- STUGG OF STUG'GEY, s. m. a stoutling, a part or piece of a thing, a thing not so big or stout as shall be; pl. 67.
- STUILL, s. pl. stools, basis.
- STUITT, a. stout, neat, trim.
- STUIT'TEY, a. id., comp. and sup.; a. pl. stout, neat, trim.
- STUNDA'YRT, s. m. a yard ; pl. YN. This might be the Manks of standard, and perhaps right, as this (the yard) was the only standard measure in use; therefore called Stundayrt (standard).
- S'TUSH'TAGH, a. how knowing or versed in knowledge. T T
- S'TUSH'TEE, a. id., 58.
- STYR, v. hiss; used to set a dog on.
- STYRE, v. stiffen or lay stiff; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -ys, 88. See Stark.
- STYRK'EYDER, s. m. a stiffener ; pl. YN.
- STYR'IT, 85. stiffened.
- SUGGAN'E, s. m. a straw rope; pl. YN.
- SUGGA'NAGH, a. d. of straw rope.
- SUGGANE-COR'RAG, s. m. a straw rope made on the thumb.
- SUM'ARK, s. f. a primrose; pl. YN.

SUN'DER, s. m. a summer or sexton ; pl. -YN.

SUN'DERAGH, a. d. of the sumner, &c. SUN'DERYS, s. f. sumnership.

SUNT, a. sound, sane, not unhealthy.

- SUNT'ID, s. m. soundness.
- SUR OF \*SURR, v. suffer, allow; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83;-INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- SURDREM'AGH, a. trust-worthy, sufficient, fit to trust. The simile in this word is taken from whether a horse will suffer to be rode on the back, Sur dreeym agh, sufferable on the back.

SURDREM'EE, a. id., comp. and sup.

SUR-JEE, v. suffer ye.

- SURL or \*SURLL, v. sprawl, toss, tumble ; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- SURL'LEY, s. m. a sprawl, toss, or tumble ; pl. 67.
- SURL'LEYDER, s. m. a sprawler, a tumbler; pl. -YN.
- SURL'LIT, 85. sprawled, tumbled.
- SURN, s. f. a fire-place in a kiln, or under an oven; pl. -- YN.

SURR, v. See Sur.

- SUR'RAL, v. suffering, enduring.
- SUR'RANSE, s. f. suffering, sufferance.
- SUR'RANSSAGH, a. patient, suffering ; Heb. x. 36. sufferable, able to suffer; s. m. a sufferer; pl. 71. a. d. of suffering.
- SUR'RANS'SEE, a. more or most able to suffer ; s. pl. sufferers.
- SURRANSE-FOD'DEY, s. f. long-suffering, forbearance.

SUR'RIT OF SURRT, 85. suffered, permitted.

SURRYS-ENN', adv. allowed to be well known.

SURSMOOIN'AGHT, s. m. consideration. ; pl. - YN.

- Laa'l SUSH'IN, s. Swithin's day. This day is marked in the calender on the 15th of July, and is said that if it rains on this day, there will not be a day without rain for forty days afterwards.
- S'USH'LAGH OF SUSHT'LAGH, a. how watery. U U S'USH'LEE, a. id., 58.
- SUSH'TAL, s. m. Gospel. This word no doubt is Su from Sheeu (being of worth) and Shtal, from Skeeal, (news or tidings, worthy or valuable news, or tidings.)
- SUSH'TALAGH, s. m. an evangelist, a gospel believer.
- S'vondel'shagh, a. how advantageous. S'VONDEI'SHEE, a. id., 58.
- S'WAGGAAN'TAGH, a. how vagabond or vagrant. S'WAGGAAN'TEE, a. id., 58. W

S'WAL'KIT, a. how tucked. W

S'WAR'REE, how witty, crafty or cunning ; comp. w and sup.

S'WHAA'YLT OF SWHAAYLT, a. how sewed.

- Sy, pre. & art. in the, an abbreviation of ayns y, the two last letters used before consonants.
- SYDE, s. f. an arrow ; Exod. xix. 13. See Side. S'YIAR'NIT, a. how ironed, or covered with iron. Y
- S'YIN'DYSSAGH, a. how wonderful or wonderous. S'YIN'DYSSEE, a. id., comp. and sup. Y S'YL'LIT, a. how called, or shouted to. Y SYM, s. m. a sum; pl. -YN. Y
- S'YM'MYDAGH, a. how useful.
- S'YM'MYRCHAGH, a. how needful, necessary. S'YM'MYRCHEE, a. id., 58.
- S'YMMYRKIT, a. how borne or sustained.

- SYMN, v. cite, summon, publish bans of matrimony; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; --YS, 88.
- SYM'NEY, v. citing, summoning, publishing matrimonial bans; s. m. a citation; pl. 67.

SYM'NEYDER, s. m. a summoner, &c. pl. -YN.

SYM'NIT, 85. summoned, cited, &c.

- SYN, pre. & art. in the; an abbreviation of ayns yn, the three last letters used before words initialled by vowels.
- SYN'NIN, s. f. a tug or thong, from the middle of the small swingletree to the end of the large one, in which irons are now used; pl.-yn. or Synneeyn.
- S'YN'RICK, a. how sincere, candid, upright, or just, comp. and sup.
- S'YN'SIT, a. how learned, taught, instructed, or educated. Y

SYN-YNNYD, adv. in lieu of, instead, in place of. SYRJEY, a. higher, highest, comp. and sup. of ard.

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- This letter and its changes see remarks 30 and 59; it takes in derivatives from S. Most words in T would sound better, according to the Manks pronunciation with h after them, as shown in Remark 30.
- TA, v. (present tense) am, are, art, is; is an answer in the affirmative corresponding with yes, or ay, in English, though not the same part of speech. Ta mee (I am); ta shin (we are); ta oo, or as contracted, t'ou (thou art); ta eh, or as contracted, t'eh (he is); and as contracted for the neuter gender, te (it is). There are other words that answer affirmatively when the question is put to suit them, as, she (yes); nee (will); fod (can); &c., &c. the answers negatively would be cha nee, cha jean, cha vod, &c. There is great nicety in these replies; but however illiterate the Manksman may be, he never fails using the proper word. Ta is only used in assertions and affirmations : see vel, which has the same meaning in interrogations.
- Yn TAAGH, s. the vessel.

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TAAGH, v. frequent, visit often; -AGH, 77; -EE, S0; -IN, S3; -INS, S4; -YM, S6; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.

- TAAGH'DA OF TAAGHER, s. m. a cause-way; pl. -YN.
- TAAGH'EY, v. frequenting, resorting often to. visiting. I would have written this word Thaagh'ey, only it is used in Psl. cxlii. 9. and in John, xviii. 20. without an h.

TAAGH'EYDER, s. m. one that frequents a place. TAAGH'IT, 85. frequented, resorted to.

TAAH OF TAA, s. m. a weld, a solder; v. weld, solder, mixed; Dan. ii. 43.; -AGH, 77; -EE, -80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.

TAAH'DER, s. m. a welder; pl. - YN.

TAAH'IT OF TAAHT, 85. welded, soldered.

- TAAL, v. flow as milk from the udder to the teat when milked or sucked ; -AGH, 77 ; -EE, 80 ; -YS, 88.
- TAAL'EY, v. flowing of milk from the udder to the teat.

TAAL'IT, 85. flowed.

- TAAR or TAARE, v. catch. See also Tayr ; the three words are used for the same meaning ; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- TAA'REE, s. f. a worthless catch, a trifle; pl. -YN.
- TAAR'NAGH, s. m. thunder; pl. 72.
- TAAR'NAGHEY, v. thundering.
- TAAR'NEE, a. d. of thunder, belonging to thunder.
- TAAU or TAAUE, a. idle; out of employment.
- TAAUE, s. f. a squeam or qualm; a reach in vomiting; pl. -NYN.
- TAAU'EYNEE OF TAAUERNEE, v. reaching or forcing to vomit.
- TAAU'ID, s. m. idleness.
- TACK, s. m. a tax; pl. -YN.
- Yn TACK, s. the sack.
- TACK'EYDAGH, s. m. a person taxed ; pl. 71.
- TACK'EYDER, s. m. a taxer, an usurer ; pl. -YN.
- TA'D, pro. v. (from Ta ad,) they are; -syn, id. em.
- Eh TA DY MY CHOYRT, he who has sent me.
- TAG'GAD, s. f. a tack or tache, a small nail; pl. -YN.
- TAG'GLOO, v. talking, conversing.
- Yn TAG'GYRT, s. the priest or parson.
- Yn TAG'GYRTYS, s. the priesthood.
- TAGH'YR, s. m. hap, chance; v. happen; -AGH, 77; — EE, 80; — IN, 83; — INS, 84; — YM, 86; — YMS, 87; — YS, 88.
- TAGH'YRIT, 85. happened.
- TAGH'YRT, v. happening, occurring.
- TAGH'YRYN, s. pl. a few, some that happen.
- TAGH'YS, s. f. itch; pl. -YN.
- TAGH'YSSAGH, a. itchy, infected with itch.
- Yn TAIL'JYS, s. the saltness.
- TAILL, s. f. the rynd that bears the millstone.
- TAILL, v. cut or mark the tally; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- TAIL'LEY, s. m. tally; pl. 67; Exd. v. 18.
- TAIL'LEYDER, s. m. one who tallies.
- TAIL'LIT, 85. tallied.
- T'AIN, pro. v. we have; -YN, id. em.
- TAIT'NYS, s. f. pleasure, delight; pl.-YN.
- TAIT'NYSSAGH, a. pleasant, delightful, acceptable; Acts, xxiv. 27.
- TAIT'NYSSID, s. f. pleasantness, delightfulness.
- TALK, v. walk, walk slowly ; -AGH, 77 ; -EE, 80 ; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- TALK'AL, v. walking slowly.
- TALK'EYDER, s. m. a slow walker; pl. -YN.
- TALK'IT, 85. walked in slow pace.
- TAL'LAGH, v. murmuring, grumbling, complaining.
- TAL'LEYDER, s. m. a murmurer, &c.; pl. YN.
- TAL'LIT, 85. murmured, grumbled.
- TAM'MYLT, s. m. a while; pl. -YN.
- TAM'MYLTAGH, a. in whiles, nows and thens.
- TANN, v. tarry, continue, abide; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- TAN'NAGHT OF TANNAGHTYN, v. continuing,

- tarrying, abiding, or continueth, tarrieth, abideth, or endureth.
- TAN'NEYDER, s. m. an abider or continuer.
- TAN'NIT, 85. continued, &c.
- TAN'NYS, s. f. tenantry, tenant; pl. -YN.
- TAN'NYSSAGH, a. tenantable.
- TAPP, s. m. a plaything, a top; pl. YN.
- TAP'PAG, s. f. a tuft of feathers, or hair on the head; pl. - YN.
- TAP'PAGAGH, a. tufty, having tufts.
- TAP'PAGIT, 85. tufted.

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- TAP'PEE, a. quick, fast, speedy.
- TAP'PEEYS OF TAP'PEEID, s. m. speed, quickness, fastness of motion.
- TAP'PEV, s. m. temperament, temperature, equinamity of temper. That which a person loses, when he gives way to passion ; *chaill* ad nyn dappey (they lost their evenness of temper).
- TAR, v. come, come away. This word, I think, is derived from Taare or Tayr (catch), and not from Cheet (come).
- TAR AD, p. they are. A corruption of Ta'ad. See Ta'd.
- TAR'LHEIM, v. alight, alighting, coming down from a horse or beast on which a person rides; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- TARLHEIM'AN, s. m. a stile or step, made use of when mounting on, or alighting off, a beast. TARLHEIM'IT, 85. alighted.
- TARMAY'NAGH, a. economical, managing well, husbanding; s. m. an economist; pl. 71.
- TARMAY'NEY, v. managing well, making the best of things.
- TARMAY'NIT, 85. managed well.
- TARMAY'NYS, s. f. economy, good management; pl. -- SYN.
- TAR'RAGH, s. m. a girth ; pl. 72.
- TAR'REE, a. d. of a girth.
- TAR'ROO, s. m. Taurus, a bull.
  - TARROO-DEYI'LL, s. m. the bull-worm.
  - TARROOGH', a. thrifty, industrious.
  - TARROOGH'ID OF TARROOGHYS, s. f. thrift, thriftiness, industry.
  - TARROO-PUHT'TAGH, s. m. a pushing bull.
  - TARROO-OL'LEE, s. m. a cow's bull, in opposition to other bulls.
  - TARROO-USH'TEY, s. m. a nondescript animal.
  - TASH, a. damp, dank, moist.
  - TASH'AGH, v. getting damp, damping.
  - TASH'ID, s. m. dampness, moisture.
- TA SHEN DY GHRA, adv. that is to say, to wit.
- TASHT, v. treasure, keep, store; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- TASHT'EE, a. d. of treasuring or keeping store.
- TASHT'EY, v. treasuring, storing, depositing.
- TASHT'EYDER, s. m. a treasurer, a storer.
- TASHT'IT, 85. treasured, stored.
- TAST, v. heed, attend, notice, observe; -AGH, 77; — EE, 80; — IN, 83; — INS, 84; — YM, 86; — YMS, 87; — YS, 88.
- TAST'AGH, a. knowing, sagacious, intelligent, discerning.
- TAST'AL, v. heeding attending to, observing.
- TAST'ER, s. m. a thresher with a flail; pl. -YN.

TEE TAST'ERAGHT, v. threshing; Isa. xli. 15. TAST'ERYS, s. f. the threshing. TAST'EY, s. m. notice, heed, observation. TAST'ID, s. m. sagacity, attention. TAST'EYDER, s. m. one who heeds. TAST'IT, 85. heeded, observed. Yn TAUAL'TAGH, s. the Saviour. Yn TAUAL'TYS, s. the salvation. Yn TAU'IN, s. the hollandtide. TAUINT, v. saunter; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; TAUINT'YRAGHT, v. sauntering. TAUINT'YRYS, s. f. the action of sauntering. Cre T'AYD, what hast thou? -s, id. em. Cre T'AYM, what have I? -s, id. em. Cre T'AYN, what is in ? -s and -syn, id. em. Yn TAYNT, s. the covetousness. TAYR, v. catch. The Methodist Hymn Book has it Thayr, which spelling I would have adopted, but that it is not in in our translation of the scriptures. See also Taare; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, TAYR'EYDER, s. m. a catcher; pl. -YN. TAY'RIT, 85. caught. TAYR'TYN, v. catching. TAYRN, s. m. a draw; pl. - \*N; v. draw, deduce; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; --YS, 88. TAYRN'EYDER, s. m. a drawer; pl. -YN. TAYRN'IT, 85. drawn, deduced.

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- TE, p. it, it is. I know not the reason of the difference made in the orthography of this word from that of Teh, (the masculine gender), as both words are sounded alike, except it be to show where the neuter gender occurs in English. See 102.
- TEAD OF TEID, s. m. a rope, pl. -DYN. See Walker's Dictionary on the word tether.
- TEAUM, v. teem, empty, pour out; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88. s. m. a teem, spill or pour; pl. -- AGHYN.

TEAUM'EE, a. d. of teeming.

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-YS, 88.

87; -- vs, 88.

TEAUM'EY, v. teeming, pouring.

TEAUM'EYDER, s. m. a teemer ; pl .- YN.

TEAUM'IT, 85. teemed, emptied.

- TEAYM, s. f. a whim, conceit, an odd freak, fancy, or fit; pl.-YN.
- TEAYM'AGH, a. whimsical, fantastical, freakish, heady; 2 Tim. iii. 4.

TEAYM'ID, s. m. whimsicalness, headiness, &c. TEAYST, s. f. dough; pl. -YN.

TEAYS'TAG, s. f. a dumpling ; pl. -YN.

TEAYS'TAGH, a. doughy, not hardened.

\*TEAYSTN OF TEAYS'TNEE, v. knead, or bake; -AGH, 77; -EE,-80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.

TEAYST'NEE, a. d. of kneading.

TEAYST'NEY, v. kneading.

TEAYST'NEYTER, s. m. a kneader; pl. - YN.

TEAYST'NIT, 85. kneaded.

T'EC, p. she has or hath; -ISH, id. em. a contraction of ta ec; it is also used in the mascu line, as in, ooilley ny t'ec dooinney ver eh son e THA

vioys, (all that a man hath will he give for his life). Cre T'ECHEY, p. what hath he; -syn, id. em. T'EE, p. she is; -ISH, id. em. T'EH, p. he is. This ought also to be, it is. See Te. T'EHSYN. See Teshyn; the em. of T'eh. TEIDD or TEDD. See Tead; a rope or tether. TEIGH, s. f. a hatchet; pl. -YN. Y TEIHLL, s. (from Seihll) the world. S TEIR'ROO, s. pl. bulls; Psalms, l. 13. ТЕІЧ, v. pick, gather, pick up; —АGH, 77; —ЕЕ, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —ҮМ, 86; —ҮМS, 87; —YS, 88. Prov. "Raad ta jees ta reih, As Raad ta troor ta teiy." TEIY'DER, s. m. a picker ; pl. -YN. TEIYT, 85. picked, gathered. TEKS, s. m. a text; pl. - YN. TEND, v. attend, wait on ; -AGH, 77 ; -EE, 80 ; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88. TENDEI'L, v. attending, waiting on. TEND'IT, 85. attended, waited on. TENDREI'L, s. m. lightning. Ten from Teine (fire), Erse; and dreil from Drillin, (a small particle of fire). TENDREI'LAGH, a. having lightning. TER'RISH, s. m. something severe. TER'RIU, s. pl. bulls ; Jer. 1. 11. T'ESH'YN, p. he is, emphatically. E TES'MAD, s. f. (from Tessen and Maidjey) a cross stick or bar, a step or rundle in a ladder, a bar in a barrow, &c.; pl. -YN. TES'SEN, a. cross, transverse, athwart. TES'SENAGH, adv. transversely, &c. TES'SENID, s. m. crossness. T'EU, p. you having or your having ; -ISH, id. em. TEY, s. m. tea; pl. -GHYN. Yn TEYIR, s. the carpenter. S THAA, v. weld, solder; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YS, 88; welding, soldering THAAGH'EY, v. See Taaghey. THAAL, s. an adze; pl. - YN. THAG'GYR, s. f. a large drain over a stream. THAGH'ER, s. m. a causeway ; pl. -YN. THAGH'EY, v. frequenting, &c; it is written thus in the Psalter; Psalms, cxix. 17. See Taaghey. THAISH, s. f. noise made by the emission of a person's breath, conversing not louder than the breath; hug mee enney er liorish yn thaish echey cheayl mee thaish jeh. According to Mr. Macpherson thaish or taise, in Celtic, means a ghost. THALHE'AR, s. m. a tailor ; pl. -- YN. THALK'-NOA, a. spick-span new. THAL'LOO, s. m. land, terra, earth. I have marked this word as I think it ought to be, as passages are at variance on its gender. See Psl. cvi. 17. and Mark, iv. 28. Goll dys thalloo. (going to stool). THALLOO'IN, a. d. of land or terra. THALLOO'INAGH, a. territorial, earthy, terrestrial, composed of land. THALLOO'INID, s. m. THALLOO'INYS, s. f. earthliness. THAM'MAG, s. f. a thicket, a bush ; pl. -YN.

THAM'MAGAGH, a. full of thickets, bushy.

\*THANN OF THAN'NEE, v. thin, rarify ; -AGH, 77:

- THAN'NAGHEY, v. making thin.
- THAN'NEE, v. make thin, rarify.
- THAN'NEY, a. thin, not thick, tenuous.
- THAN'NEYDER, s. m. one who make thin.
- THAN'NID, s. m. thinness, tenuity, liquidity.
- THAN'NID, s. f. a hoggerel or thave, a sheep in its third year.
- THAN'NIT, 85. made thin, thinned.
- THANVA'NEE, v. astonish, amaze.
- THANVA'NAGH, a. astonishing.
- THANVA'NEYS, s. f. astonishment; Ez. iv. 28.
- THA'REE, s. See Taaree.
- THARMA'NE, s. m. an alarm; Joel, ii. 1.; a confusion, or confused noise; Isaiah, ix. 5. rumbling; Jer. xlvii. 3. It is also used for a severe blow or stroke.
- THARMA'NAGH, a. noisy, alarming, rushing or rustling.
- THARMA'NEYS, s. f. noisiness, or the sound or noise of people in confusion.
- THAR'RAR, s. f. an auger; pl. YN.
- THAR'RARYS, s. f, the work of an auger.
- THAR'REV, s. f. the essence or best part, the pith or juice.
- THAR'TAGH, a. costive, bound in the body.
- THASSAN'E, s. f. a murmuring noise, as of the rolling of a stream of water; the sound of unintelligible talk, &c.
- THAUE OF THOE, v. a word used to drive sheep.
- Yn THAYNT OC, s. their covetousness; Psalms, lxxviii. 19.
- THEAY OF THEO, s. f. the public, the peasantry, the common people, the laity, (in opposition to the clergy); the vulgar, the people of a country, the populace, (in opposition to the rulers.) Prov. "Stroshey yn theay na yn Chiarn."
- THEAYST, s. f. dough; Jer. vii. 18. See also Teayst.
- THEIHLL, s. See also Teihll.
- THEIN'NIU, v. thaw, liquify; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —YS, 88.
- THEIN'NIU, v. thawing, liquifying,
- THEIN'NIUIT, 85. thawed.
- THER, s. m. tar; pl. -YN.
- THER'RIU, s. pl. bulls; Gen. xxxil. 15.
- THIE, s. m. a tenement, a house or home; pl.-YN.
- —— BAAN'RIT, s. m. a bedlam.
- \_\_\_\_\_ CLOIE', s. m. a play-house.
- \_\_\_\_\_ ER'REY, s. m. an infirmary.
- \_\_\_\_\_ IM'BYL, s. m. a brew-house.
- \_\_\_\_\_ KEESH', s. m. a custom-house.
- \_\_\_\_\_ KIARK', s. m. a hen-house.
- \_\_\_\_\_ LHION'NEY, s. m. an ale-house.
- \_\_\_\_\_ MER'GEE, s. f. a market-house.
- ----- OAST', s. m. an inn, a public-house.
- ----- OL'LEE, s. f. a cow-house.
- \_\_\_\_\_ SMAGHT', s. m. a house of correction.
- ----- sou'ree, s. f. a summer-house.
- \_\_\_\_\_ STOYR', s. m. a store or warehouse.
- ----- VEAGH'EE, s. f. a dwelling house.
- ----- vec', s. f. a necessary or privy.
- THIEOI'L, a. domestic.
- THIEOI'LAGH. s. m. a domestic ; pl. 71.

- THIOLL, v. bore, pierce; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- THIOL'LEY, v. boring holes; s. f. a thowl; pl. 67. THIOL'LEYDER, s. m. a borer; pl. - YN.
- THIOL'LIT, 85. bored, holed.
- THIT, s. f. a lisp; pl. --YN.
- THIT'TAGH, a. lisping.
- THOA'GAN, v. gape with the mouth open, staring; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- THOA'GANAGH, s. m. one who gapes or stares.
- THOA'GANYS, s. f. gaping, staring.
- THOAN'NEY, a. d. of the backside, or bottom of the arse or anus.
- THOIN OF THOYN, s. f. the arse, anus or fundament; Thoyn ry hoyn, (to draw tails.)
- THOL'LOG, s. f. a crab louse ; pl. YN.
- THOL'LOG FAIVE, s. f. a shrew mouse, a field mouse.
- THOLLANE', s. m. a dizzard, dizziness.
- THOLLANE'AGH, a. dizzy, capricious.
- THOLLANE'YS, s. f. caprice, giddiness.
- THOL/LEE OF TOAL/LEE, a. great of stature, tall and corpulent withal, robust, athletic.
- THOL'TAN, s. m. a house in ruins or in a ruinous state, a house left to have holes in its roof; pl. YN.
- THOMAAS'E, s. m. Thomas.
- THO'MYS, a. d. of Thomas.
- THOO, s. m. thatch; pl. —GHYN, v. thatch; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- THOOAN'E, s. f. a rib or lath on the roof of a house under the scraws; pl. -yN.
- THOOA'NEY, v. ribbing or lathing.
- THOO'DER, s. m. a thatcher; pl. -YN.
- THOO'EE, a. d. of thatch.
- THOOIL'LEY, s. f. a torrent, a flood, an inundation or deluge; pl. 67.
- THOOIT, 85. thatched, covered with thatch.
- THOOT OF TOOT, s. m. a booby, an idiot; pl. YN.
- THOO'TAGH, a. oafish, not having common sense. THOOTCH OF THOOTCHEY, s. m. a short space of time.
- THOOTID, s. m. oafishness, idiotism.
- THO'REE, s. m. a highwayman, one that robbeth on the highway; pl. — YN.
- THO'REEAGH, v. committing robbery on the highway.
- THO'REEAGHT OF THO'REEVS, s. f. robbery, highway robbery.
- THORNAN'E, s. m. a wooden hammer or mallet; pl. — YN, or 69.
- THOR'RAGH, a. pregnant. See also Torragh.
- THOR'RAN, s. f. a dunghill; pl. -YN.
- THOR'RID, s. m. pregnancy.
- THORT, s. f. consideration, circumspection, heed, thought or thoughtfulness; hardly ever used but in the negative. See *Gyn-tort*.
- THOUSAN'E, s. m. a thousand; pl. -YN.
- THOW, s. m. a line used to tie the buoy to the net in fishing; pl. — GHYN; v. tow, haul; — AGH, 77; — EE, 80; — IN, 83; — INS, 84; — YM, 86; — YMS, 87; — YS, 88.
- THOW'AL, v. towing, hauling.
- THOW'DER, s. m. a tower, a hauler.

#### TOG

THOWT, s. m. a thwart; pl. -YN.

THOW'IT, 85. towed, hauled.

- THREE. See Troor. THRESH'TEE, s. f. the third course of sods on a fold hedge.
- THRUSS, s. f. truss, a bundle of straw; pl. -YN. THUILL, s. pl. holes.
- THUM OF \*THUMM, v. dip, immerse; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- THUM'MEY, v. dipping, immersing ; s. m. a dip, an immersion ; pl. 67.
- THUM'MEYDER, s. m. a dipper; pl. -YN.
- THUM'MID, s. m. bulk, size.
- THUM'MIDAGH, a. bulksome, lumbersome.
- THUM'MIT, 85. dipped.
- THUN'NAG, s. f. a duck ; pl. -YN.
- THUN'NEY, s. m. a ton; pl. 67.; v. tunning. THUN'NIT, 85. tunned, inured.
- Yn THURN, s. the fire-place of a kiln.
- THURN-MIE', s. a good turn or job.
- THUR'RAN, s. See Tooran.
- THUR'RICK, s. f. a short space of time. A low word.

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- THUR'RYS, s. f. a tour, journey, mission.
- THUR'RYSSAGH, s. m. a tourist; pl. 71.
- Y TIDE, s. the arrow, the shaft.
- TI'DEE, a. d. of the tide or tides.
- TI'DEY, s. f. tide; pl. 67.; tidey-hraie, (the ebb tide). See also, Mooir-hraie, yn tidey-varrey, (the sea tide).
- Y TIE, s. the ill, the bad.
- TILG, v. throw, cast, vomit; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- TIL'GEE, a. d. of vomiting or throwing up.
- TIL'GEY, s. m. a vomit ; pl. 67 ; v. throwing, casting, vomiting; s. an abortion or miscarriage in beasts.
- TIL'GEYDER, s. m. a thrower, a caster.
- TIL'GIT, 85. thrown, cast, vomited.
- TINGLEY'R, s. m. a tinker ; pl. YN,
- TINGLEY'RAGH, a. d. of a tinker.
- TINGLEY'RYS, s. f. the trade or craft of a tinker. Yn TLAT, s. the rod. S
- Yn TLAT'TAG, s. the small rod.
- Yn TLAYNT, s. the health.
- Yn TLIG, s. the shell.
- TOAILT, a. d. of a barn.
- TOAL'LEE, a. tall and strong, robust, athletic, corpulent ; Deu. i. 28, and ii. 10.

Yn TOALT, s. the barn.

- TOAN'NEY. See Thoanney.
- TOAR, \*TOARR OF TOARREY, v. dung; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- TOAR'RAGH OF TOAR'RAGHEY, v. dunging, manuring by cattle, &c. ; dunging the land.
- TOAR'REY, s. m. a dung ; pl. 67.
- TOAR'REYDER, s. m. a dunger ; pl. -YN.
- TOAR'RIT, 85. dunged.
- TOB'BYR, s. f. a front; pl. -YN.
- Cre T'oc, p. p. what have they; -syn, id. em. TOGH'ER, v. wind yarn or thread; -AGH, 77;
- -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.

TOGH'ERIT OF TOGHRIT, 85. wound, TOGH'ERYS, v. winding; also said of a pregnant woman. TOGH'REYDER, s. m. a winder; pl. - YN. TOGHT, v. choke, strangle; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88. TOGH'TEE, a. d. of choking or strangling. TOGH'TEY, v. choking, strangling. TOGH'TEYDER, s. m. one who chokes. TOGH'TIT, 85. choked, strangled; Acts, xv. 29. TOGH'YR, s. f. dowry, portion; pl. -YN. Yn TOIE'AG, s. the seat or boss Toic or \*Toicc, v. understand; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; --- YMS, 87; --- YS, 88. TOIG'GAL, s. f. understanding. TOIG'GALAGH OF TOIG'GALTAGH, a. having understanding; s. m. a person that understands; pl. 71. Toic'GALTYS, s. f. intellect, understanding. TOIG'GEYDER, s. m. one who understands. Toig'gir, 85. understood. TOIL'CHIN, v. deserving, meriting, demeriting. TOIL'CHINAGH, a. meritorious, meritorial. TOIL'CHINYS, s. f. deservings, merits. TOILL, v. earn, deserve; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88. TOIL'LEYDER, s. m. one who earns or deserves. TOIL'LIT, 85. earned, deserved. TOIL'LIU, v. earning, deserving, meriting. Y TOIL'SHEY, s. the light. S Y TOL'LAN, s. the salt. S TONN, s. f. a wave; pl. - YN. TON'NAGH, a. wavy. Y TOOILL, s. the eye. S TOOILL, v. toil, labour; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88. TOOILLEI'L, s. f. toil, fatigue; v. toiling, tireing. TOOILLEI'LAGH, a. tiresome, toilsome, laborious. TOOIL'LEY OF TOOILLIU, a. more, more besides what is. TOOIL'LEYDER, s. m. a toiler; pl. -- YN. TOIL'LIT, 85. toiled, fatigued. TOOR, s. m. a tower; pl. -YN. TOO'RAGH, a. towery. Too'RAN, s. f. a turret, a small tower : a round corn stack; pronounced Thurran; pl. - YN. Yn Too'REE, s. the courtship. S Yn Toost, s. the flail. S Toor, s. m. an oaf, an idiot; pl. - YN. I think this word is better written Thoot. TOO'TEY, s. f. what might adhere by touching. TOR'CAN, s. f. suffocating fume, reek, vapour of smoke; Acts, ii. 19; pl. - YN. TOR'CANAGH, a. fumy, suffocating, reeky. TOR'CANYS, s. f. suffocation. Y TORCH, s. the sort. S \*TORCH OF TORCHEE, v. torment ; -AGH, 77 ; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88. TORCH'AGH, s. m. torment, torture; pl. -YN. TORCH'AGHEY, v. tormenting, torturing. TORCH'EYDER, s. m. a tormentor ; pl. -YN.

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TORCH'IT, 85. tormented, tortured.

TOR'RAGH, a. pregnant.

Tor'RID, s. See Thorrid.

TOR'RIN, p. p. on us; -YN, id. em. TOR'ROO, p. p. on them; -SYN, id. em.

TOR'RYM, p. p. on me; -s, id. em.

TORT, p. p. on thee ; -s, id. em.

- TOSH'EE, a. foremost. Laa'l moirrey thoshee (Mary's foremost or first feast).
- TOSHEE-VIOAR'REE, s. pl. coroners, shrieves.
- TOSH'IAGHEY, v. giving beginning, setting forward.
- TOSHIAGH-JIOA'REY, s. m. a coroner or sheriff, a man sworn under the crown or king to cite before judges, hold inquests, execute writs, executions, &c. The etymology of this word, like many other, is hard to find; the Scotch Gaelic has *Taoiseach* for a chieftain, the Irish have the same word for chieftain and captain, from either or both it may have been derived; but whence the *joarey* or *joaree* which is added? is it a corruption of *Jeh-ree* (of the king), or *Fo-ree* (under the king), and changed to *Jo-ree* or *Jo-rey*?
- TOSH'IAGHT, s. m. beginning, commencement, first, foremost, forepart; pl. -- YN.

TOST OF TOS'TAGH, a. silent, tacit.

Dy Tos'TAGH, adv. silently, tacitly.

Tos'TID, s. m. silence, tacitness.

Tov, p. thou art; -uss, thou art, em.

Y TOUREE, a. d. of summer.

Sy TOUREY, s. in the summer.

Town, s. m. a hole; pl. TUILL.

- Towse, s. m. a measure; pl. VN; v. measuring. It is also made use of for weighing; as, tou er ny howse ayns ny meihaghyn as er dty gheddyn eddrym; Dan. v. 27.
- Towsh, v. measure, weigh; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- Tow'SHAN, s. m. a measurement, the measure; pl. -YN.
- Tow'sheyder, s. m. a measurer, a weigher.

Tow'sHIT, 85. measured, weighed.

- TOYRT OF TOYRTYS, s. f. a donation, a present, some thing given gratis or unasked; pl. - YN.
- TOYRT-MOW', s. f. destruction, damnation, desolation; Zep. i. 15.

TOYRT-MOW'YS, s. f. destructiveness.

- TOYRT'YSAGH, s. m. a donor, a bestower; pl. 71.
- TRA, adv. when; used in affirmations and assertions, but not in interrogations, except when *Cre'n* is placed before it; as, *cre'n tra* (what time). *Prov. "Tra ta thie dty naboo er aile* gow cairail jeh dty hie hene."

TRAA, s. m. time; pl. -GHYN.

TRAAGH, s. f. hay; pl. -YN or -INYN.

TRAA-LON'GEE, s. f. meal-time.

- TRAA TAYN, adv. present time, time that is, already.
- TRAAR'TYS, s. f. (from Treih haghyrtys,) destruction of inhabitants, desolation; Job. v. 22.
- TRAAR'TYSSAGH, a. desolating; s. m. a desolater; pl. 71.

TRAAR'TYSSIT, 85. desolated.

TRAAST, v. squeeze, press; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88; s. m. a squeeze; pl. —AGHYN. TRE

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TRAAS'TEY, v. squeezing, pressing.

TRAAS'TEYDER, s. m. a squeezer; pl. - YN.

TRAAS'TIT, 85. squeezed, pressed.

- TRAAUE, v. plough; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- TRAAU'EE, a. d. of ploughing.
- TRAAU'EYDER, s. m. See Erroo.
- TRAAU'IT, 85. ploughed.

- \*TRAIE or TRAIH, s. f. shore; pl. YN; v. ebb, abate; — AGH, 77; — E, 80; — YS, 88.
- TRAIE-VAR'REY, s. f. low-water.

TRAIT, 85. ebbed, abated.

- TRAITOOR', s. m. a traitor, a betrayer, a treacherous person, one who commits treason; pl. -YN.
- TRAITOOR'AGH, a. traitorous, treacherous.
- TRAITOO'RYS, s. f. treason, treachery.
- TRAM'MAN, s. f. the elder tree; a. foul, entangled, amiss.
- TRA'MYLT, a. sturdy, stout.

TRA'MYLTEY, a. pl. sturdy.

- TRANLAA's, v. tyrannise, oppress; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- TRANLAA'SAGH, s. m. a tyrant, an oppressor, a persecutor; pl. 71; a. tyrannical, &c.
- TRANLAA'SE, s. f. tyranny, oppression, persecution, severity.
- TRANLAA'SEY, v. tyrannising, oppressing, persecuting.
- TRANLAA'SIT, 85. tyrannised, oppressed, &c.
- TRAR'TAGH, a. glutted, overstalled.
- TRASS, a. third, the ordinal of *Troor*. See also *Tress*.
- TRA'VAL, s. f. a trowel; pl. YN.
- TRAW OF TROA, s. f. the surge of a stream.
- TREAN, a. valiant, heroic.

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- TREA'NAGH, s. m. a valiant person; pl. 71; valiant persons, the mighty; Job, xii. 21.
- TREA'NEY, a. pl. valiant, mighty.
- TREA'NID, s. m. valiantness, might, strength.
- TREE'AH OF TRUSH, s. f. used to call a pig. Y TREEAN, s. the bridle. S
- TREEN, s. f. a township that divides tithe into three.
- TREICEN, v. beetle, strike with a beetle; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
- TREICENAN'E, s. f. a beetle; pl. YN.
- TREICE'NEY, v. striking with a beetle or bruiser.
- TREICE'NEYDER, s. m. one who strikes with a beetle.
- TREICK'NIT, 85. beetled, bruised.
- TREIG, v. forsake, desert, abandon; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- TREIGEIL', v. forsaking, deserting, abandoning.
- TREIGEIL'AGH OT TREIG'EYDER, s. m. a forsaker, a deserter; pl. 71 and -- YN.
- TREIG'IT, 85. forsaken, abandoned, forlorn.
- TREIH, a. miserable, wretched, forlorn, pitiable; and when applied to complexion means sallow, pale, &c.
- TREIH'AGH, adv. miserably, pitifully.
- TREIH-HRIM'SHAGH, a. doleful, lamentable.

Y TRAID, s. the street.

TREIH'ID, s. m. miserableness, paleness.

TREIH'YS, s. f. misery ; pl. -SYN.

TREILL, a. ready to venture.

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- TREIN, v. nail, fasten with nails; -AGH, 7 -ее, -80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -УМ, 86; -УМS, 87; -УS, 88.
- TREI'NEY, s. f. a nail; pl. 67; v. nailing.

TREI'NEYDER, s. m. a nailer.

TREI'NIT, 85. nailed, fastened with nails.

- \*TREISHT OF TREISHTEIL', s. trust, hope; pl. --YN; v. trust, hope for; --AGH, 77; --EE, 80; --IN, 83; --INS, 84; --YM, 86; --YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- TREISHTEIL', v. trusting, hoping.
- TREISHTEIL'AGH, a. worthy of trust, trusty; s. m. a trustee; pl. 71.
- TREISHTEIL'YS, s. f. trustiness, faithfulness, fidelity.
- TREISHT'EYDER, s. m. on who trusts ; pl. YN. TREISHT'IT, 85. trusted, credited.
- TRELLEE'N, s. m. the glanders, a disease which horses are subject to.
- TRELLEE'NAGH, a. diseased with the glanders.
- TRENSHOO'R, s. f. a trencher; pl. -YN.
- TREOGH'AN, s. f. an orphan; pl. -- YN.
- TREOGHE, a. (from Treig) widowed, forsaken.
- TREOGH'YS, s. f. widowhood; Isa. xlvii. 9.
- TRESS, a. third. See also Trass.
- TREW, s. f. the quincy. This disease is also called Gorley-plooghee.
- TRICK, a. quick in succession.
- TRIE, s. f. a foot, twelve inches; it is also used for the sole of the foot ; as, fo trie my chass (under the sole of my foot); trie oashyr (the foot of a stocking); pl. -- YN.

TRIE-HOW'SHAN, s. a foot-rule.

TRILLEE'N, s. f. the pleiades.

TRIM'MID, s. m. heaviness, weight.

- TRIM'SHAGH, a. heavy, sorrowful, mournful, grievous ; s. m. a sorrowful person ; pl. 71.
- TRIM'SHEY, s. m. heaviness, grief, sorrow.

TRIM'SHEY NY HOI'E, s. the dead of the night.

TRO, s. f. trait; as, chied tro.

- TROA, s. f. the surge of a stream.
- TROA'GYR, v. trudge, march ; -AGH, 77 ; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- TROA'GYRAGHT, v. trudging, marching.

TROA'GYREY, s. m. one who trudged; pl. 68. TROA'GYRIT, 85. trudged, marched.

- TROAILT, v. travelling; labour; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- TROAIL'TAGH, s. m. a traveller ; pl. 71.
- TROAILTAGH CRAU'EE, s. m. a pilgrim.

TROAIL'TIT, 85. travelled, traversed.

- TROAIL'TYS, s. f. pilgrimage, travel; pl. SYN.
- TROAR OF TROAYR, s. f. crop, what comes off the land in harvest; pl. - YN; Hag. i. 11.
- TROCAL'RYS, s. f. justice blended with mercy; (Tro from Treoghe, and Cairys, justice,) such justice as a widowed person would expect; mercy, affection, favourableness; Pro. XX. 28.
- TROCHOI'L OF TROCOI'L, a. favourable, affectionate; Jer. xv. 5.

- TROCHOI'LYS, s. See Trocairys.
- TROG or \*TROGG, v. lift, rear, train, build';

TRO

- -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88; take, Mat. xvii. 27, and Pro. xxii. 6.
- TROG'GAL, v. lifting, rearing, training, building ; Phrase-Troggal y vair veg.
- TROG'GEYDER, s.m. a lifter, founder, &c; pl. -YN
- Er TROG'GILLOO OF TROG'GLOO, a. a lifting; a beast is said to be so, when by reason of leanness or sickness it cannot rise without help; Zech. xi. 16.
- TROG'GIT, 85. lifted, reared, built, trained.
- TROG-OR'T, p. arise, arise thou; Chron. xxii. 16.
- TROID or \*TROIDD, v. scold, chide, quarrel with the tongue; -AGH. 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- TROID'DEY, v. scolding, chiding; Exod. xvii. 2; pl. 67.
- TROID'DEVDER, s. m. a scolder, a termagant.
- TROID'DIT, 85. scolded, chid, or chode.
- TROME, a. heavy, weighty; it is also used to express with young, or with child.
- TROME-CHAD'LAGH, a. drowsy.
- TROME-CHOOI'SAGH, a. important, of great weight or consequence.
- TROME-TOR'RAGH, a. big with child.
- TROM'MEY OF TRO'MEY, a. pl. heavy, weighty, grievous; Acts, xxv. 7.
- TROM'MYS, s. f. heaviness, See also Trimmid, which is employed when any thing having weight or heaviness is spoken of ; Trommys for heaviness on the body, dejectedness, melancholy, pensiveness; as in the Phrase " Chingys ny Trommys."
- TROO, s. f. envy; pl. -YN or -GHYN; v. envy, grudge; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.

S

- TROO'AGH, a. envious, grudging.
- Y TROOAN, s. the stream.
- TROOAN'E OF TROORAN'E, s. a triangle.
- TROO'ANE'AGH, a. triangular.
- TROO'DER, s. m. an envier ; pl. YN.
- TROOID, adv. through, from one end or side to the other.
- TROOID-MAGH', pre. throughout, quite through. TROOID-TAGH'YRT, adv. accidentally.

TROO'IT, 85. envied, grudged.

- TROOR, a. three ; the radical of Droor ; Gen. ix. 19; obsolete in common talk.
- TROO'SYN, s. f. trousers, hose.
- TROSH'AGH, a. strong; s. m. a strong creature; pl. 71. See also Lajer.
- TROSH'ID, s. m. strength, potency, &c.
- TROSHT, v. fast, abstain from food.
- TROST, v. fast, abstain from food; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- TROST'EE, a. d. of a fast or fasting.
- TROST'EY, v. fasting, abstaining; s. m. a fast; pl. 67.
- TROST'EYDER, s. m. a faster ; pl. YN.

TROST'IT, 85. fasted. Not used.

- TROUISE, s. f. trash, trumpery, rubbish; pl. 69.
- TROYT, v. trot; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.
- TROYT'EYDER, s. m. a trotter; pl. -YN.

TWO TROYT'IT, 85. trotted. TRUB'EYL, s. trouble; Luke, viii. 49. TRUGH'ANAGH, s. m. one who murmurs, a murmurer; pl. 71; v. murmuring, grumbling. TRUGHA'NEY, v. murmuring, complaining. TRUGHA'NYS, s. f. murmur, grumble. TRUST'YR, s. f. dirt, filth, nast; pl. -YN. TRUST'YRAGH, a. dirty, filthy. See Broigh. TRUT'LAG, s. f. a starling ; pl. -YN. TRY, v. attempt, try; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88. TRY'AL, a. the mill-stone grit is so called. Clagh tryal. TUAR'YSTAL, s. f. the shape and carriage of the body, the form or appearance; Ez. x. 21; the fashion; Ez. xliii. 11; the resemblance; pl. -YN. TUB'BAG, s. f. a tub, a bushel or measure of four pecks; pl. -YN. TUB'BIR OF TUB'BYR, s. f. a laver, a font; pl. -YN TUIG, s. f. a twig; pl. -YN. TUIG-Y-YEEIG'EY, s. f. the twig of the ditch, called or corrupted by some to Treebey-yeeigey, the twig of sallix or sally that grows spontaneously in marshy places. TUILL, s. pl. holes ; Luke, ix. 58. TUIN'NEY, s. m. the universe; Gael. TUITT, v. fall; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88. TUIT'TEYDER, s. m. one who falls ; pl. -YN. TUITTEYDER-MAGH', s. m. one who quarrels. TUIT'TYM, v. falling ; s. m. a fall ; pl. -YN. TUIT'TYMAGH, a. d. of falling, incident to falling. TUITTYM-MAGH', v. falling out, quarrelling. TUIT'TYM NEEAL, v. falling lifeless ; Sam. ii. 11 ; swooning or fainting. TUL'LAGH, s. f. an instant; pl. 72. TUL'LAGHTAGH, a. instantaneous. TUM, v. See Thum. TUN'NEY, v. See Thunney. TUN, v. draw ale off in casks; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88. TUN'NEY, v. filling casks with ale or beer. TURNEI'R OF TURNEY'R, s. m. an attorney; pl. -YN. TURNEI'RAGH, a. d. of an attorney. TURNEI'RYS, s. f. attorneyship, the practice of an attorney; pl. -syn. TUSH'TAGH, a. knowing, having knowledge; s. m. a knowing one; pl. 71. Yn TUSH'TAL, s. the gospel. S TUSH'TEY, s. m. knowledge; pl. 67. TUT'LER, s. m. a tattler a tale bearer ; pl. - YN. TUT'LERAGH OF TUT'LERAGHT, v. tattling, tale bearing. TUT'LERYS, s. f. the practice of tale bearing. TWOAI'AGH, a. aware of, apprehensive, cautious, on the look out. Cur TwoAIE, v. beware, take heed.

Er TWOAIE, a. aware, vigilant.

TWOAIE, s. f. north.

TWOAIE SHEEAR HWOAIE, s. north, northwest. TWOAIE AS GYS Y SHEEAR, s. north and by west. TWOAIE SHIAR HWOAIE, s. north, northeast.

#### UNN

As a radical initial, is like the other vowels in the Manks language. See Remarks.

Ny Up, a. among, mixed.

UD'LAN, s. f. a swivel; pl. - YN.

- UGH or OGH, an interjection of disappointment, frustration, or defeat.
- UGH' CHA NEE, in. Dr. Kelly in his Manks grammer says the meaning is "wo is me."
- UGH CHOIN SHE, in. O that it is.
- UGHT, s. f. lap. See Oght; pl. -YN.
- UGH'TAGH, s f. ascent, acclivity, a rising ground ; pl. 72.
- UGH'TEE, a. d. of ascent or acclivity.
- UHL'LEY, a. d. of the stack-yard or hagyard.
- UHL'LIN, s. a stack-yard or hagyard.
- UILK, s. pl. evils; the pl. of Olk. See also Huilk; Deu. xxxi. 17.
- Dty UILL, s. thy blood.
- Dty UIL/LIAGHT, s. thy consanguinity or relationship by blood. F
- UIL'LIN, s. f. elbow. Prov. "Sniessey yn uillin na yn doarn."
- UIL'JYN, s. pl. elbows.
- UIN'NAG, s. f. a window ; pl. -YN.
- UINNAG-CHLEA, s. f. a sky-light or literally a roof-light.

My \*UINN or UIN'NYS, v. if bake; — AGH; — EE; — IN; — INS; — YM; — YMS; — YS, 94. F

- Ben UIN'NEE, a. d. a bake woman. F
- Dy UIN'NEY, v. to bake. F E UIN'NEYDER, s. his baker. F
- E UIN'NEYDER, s. his baker. F Ro UIN'NIT, 85. too baked. F
- My \*UIRR OF UIR'RYS, v. if stay or tarry ;
- -AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS. F Dy UIR'RAGHT OF UIR'RAGHTYN, v. to stay or tarry. F
- Dty UIR'REYDER, s. thy stayer.
- ULLAA'GACH, s. f. woodbine, honeysuckle.
- UL'LEE, a. conversant; Ec. xxxix. 3.; ready, prepared; Matt. xxii. 4, 24, 44.
- UL'LYMAR, s. f. wormwood; pl. -YN.
- E UM'MUG, s. his mother.
- UN, a. one. Un is only part of the word Unnane (one); un is always used before substantives; as, un laa (one day); un red (one thing), &c.; but the whole word unnane, or the latter syllable nane, is used before other words.
- Yn UN споотр, s. the same, one and the same; Gen. xli. 26.
- UNDAA'GAGH, s. f. nettles.
- UN'DIN, s. m. foundation, basis; pl. -YN.
- UN'DINAGH, a. fundamental.
- UN'JIN, s. m. ash, leil; Isa. vi. 13.
- UU'JINAGH, a. d. ashen, of ash.
- UNNAN'E, s. f. one. This word is not made use of before substantives as it is a sustantive itself. See Un and Nane.

UNNANEJE'IG, a. eleven.

- UNNANE'YS, s. f. unity, union.
- UNNA'NEYSAGH, a. in unition.

NNNA'NEYSEY, v. uniting, to unite.

UNNA'NEYSIT, 85. united.

UN'NISH, s. f. an onion ; pl. - YN.

F

P

F

M

### VAI

UN'RICK, a. only. This orthography is used in	Yn VAARE'LAGH, s. the refuse of grain. B
the Manks Hymn Book, hymn cxlviii. 3, and	VAARE, v. did bare or poll; -AGH; -IN;
perhaps more analogous. See Ynrican.	INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. B
UR'LEE, s. pl. eagles.	Dy VAA'REY, v. to make bare, or cut off roughness.
UR'LEY, s. m. an eagle.	Cha VAARGE'JAGH, v. would not, &c., fare. F
UR'REE, p. p. on her; -ISH, id. em.	Ro VAA'RIT, 85. too spent or bared. B
URREE-HENE', p. p. on herself.	Cha VAARK or VAARKEE, v. not bathe; -AGH;
Use, s. m. interest; pl YN.	-IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS. F
USH'AG, s. f. a bird; plYN. Prov. "Ta ushag ayns laue chammah as jees sy thammag."	Er VAAR'KEY, s. hath, &c., bathed. F
USH'AG HAP'PAGH, s. f. the lark or tuft bird.	Nyn VAAR'KEY, s. your, &c., sea or bathing. F
USH'AG REAISHT OF REEAST, s. f. the mountain	Ben VAAR'LAGH, a. a woman that speaks Eng-
plover.	lish. B
USH'AG ROAUYR NY HOARN, s. f. the bunting.	Dty VAARLE, s. thy English. B
USH'AG VOLTEE, s. f. the wagtail.	Dy VAAR'LEE, s. of thieves. M
USH'AG WEE, s. f. the yellow hammer.	Dy VAAR'LEEYS OF VAAR'LYS, s. of theft. M
Ush'LAGH, a. watery, wet.	Yn VAAR'LIAGH, s. the thief; pl. 71. M
USHT OF USH'TEE, v. water, moisten, wet;	Yn VAAR'NEY, s. the breach or gap. B
-AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84;	Nyn VAASAA'G, v. your, &c., beard. F
-YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88. Dy USH'TAGH OF USH'TAGHEY, v. to water, to	E VAASE, s. his death. B
steep in water.	E VAASE OF VAANSE, s. his cattle or kine. M
Ush'TEY, s. m. water; pl. 67.	Feer VAASOI'L, a. very deathly or deadly. B
USHTEY-BIO'. See Bioghey roayrt.	My VAAST, v. if wring; -AGH; -IN; -YM; -YS. F
USH'TEYDER, s. m. a waterer; pl VN.	Er VAAS'TEY, v. hath, &c. wrung. F
USH'TIT, 85. watered, steeped.	E VAA'TEY, s. his boat; pl. 69. B
USH'YLAGH, s. m. a very light and weak person,	Yn VAB, s. the babe ; the sheep mark. B
a mere skeleton.	Yn VABAN, s. the baby. B
Uss, pro. thee; the em. of Oo.	Dty VAC, s. thy son; -s, id. em. M
UYLL, a. (from Oayl,) a frequented watering	Yn VAC'CAGH, s. the halt person. B
place; as, <i>logh-uyll</i> (a pool or lake near a house where animals go to water).	VAD, p. they were; -syn, id. em.
nouse where annuas go to water,	Nyn VADEY'R, s. your, &c. prophet ; plYN ;
	Nyh VADEY R, S. your, e.c. prophet; ptYN:
	themselves, prophets; Acts, xv. 32. PH
	themselves, prophets; Acts, xv. 32. PH Yn VA'DRAN OF VADYRAN, s. the dawn; Matt.
	themselves, prophets; Acts, xv. 32. PH Yn VA'DRAN OF VADYRAN, s. the dawn; Matt. xxviii. 1; the morning; Isaiah, xiv. 12. M
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VAIR OO, v. didst thou see.	F
Cha VAIK, v. 144. did not see; -AGH; -II	N; F
-YM, 94. Nagh VAIL 00, v. that thou fail not; -AG	
&c.	F
Er VAILEI'L, v. hath, &c. failed.	F
Nyn VAILL, s. your, &c. hire or wages.	F
Cha VAILL, v. not hire; -AGH; -IN; -Y	M, F
94. Er VAIL'LEY, v. hath, &c. hired.	F
Yy VAINSH'TER OF VAINSHTYR, s. the maste	1000
plYN.	M
Yn VAINSH'TYRAGHT, s. the mastery.	м
E VAIR, s. his finger.	Μ
Laa ny VAIR'AGH, s. the morrow or morrow	M
day. Er VAE'IN, v. hath, &c. seen; Luke, ii. 30.	F
E VAL'JYN, s. his towns or estates.	B
Yn VAL'LA OF VAL'LEY, s. the town or estate.	в
Dy VAL'LEY, adv. of home, homeward.	в
Feer VAL'LOO, a. very deaf. Yn toddag vall	00
(the dumb cake).	B
E VAL'LOOID, s. his dumbness.	B M
E VAM, s. his blain. Er VAM'LAGH, v. hath, &c. wracked.	F
$V_{A'N}$ (from $Va yn$ ,) it was or were.	-
Feer VANE, a. very white.	в
Er VA'NEAGH, v. hath, &c. whitened.	в
Dy VA'NEAGHEY, v. to whiten.	в
E VA'NEID, s. his whiteness.	в
VA'NEY, a. pl. white; as, kirree vaney (whi	te
sheep).	B
Yn VAN'GAN, s. the branch. Feer VAN'GANAGH, a. very branchy.	B
Yn VANGLANE', s. the bough.	в
Feer VANGLANE'AGH, a. very full of boughs.	в
E VAN'ISTHIE, s. his management of hou	se
affairs.	B
Yn VAN'JAGH, s. the lea land.	B M
Yn VANJOO'R, s. the manger; pl YN. E VAN'JYN, s. his weddings.	B
VANN OF VANNEE, v. did bless; -AGH; -II	-
-INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.	B
Yn VAN'NAG, s. the ballad; plYN.	в
Er VAN'NAGHEY, v. hath, &c. blessed.	в
Yn VAN'NAGHT, s. the blessing.	В
on the many of one of the second seco	M
Feer VAN'NEE, a. very blessed, calm, or train quil.	B
	F
	M
Dy VAN'NINAGH, s. of a Manks person; pl. 71.1	M
	B
	B
	B
	B F
	M
VAR-A-MISH, p. I'll warrant.	
E VAR'ANTYS, s. his warrantry, assurance, o	r
confidence.	B
,,,,,,,	B
Ro VAR'BAGH, a. too harsh, &c. Er VAR'BAGH, p. hath, &c. fretted : as a sore.	B
TAR BAGH, D. Hath, AC, Helley : as a sore.	

### **VAS**

E VAR'BID, s. his harshness.	В
Yn VAR'CHAN, s. the merchant.	M
E VAR'CHANYS, s. his merchandize.	M
E VARDOO'N, s. his doleful song.	B
E VARDOO'NVS, s. his tragical singing.	в
VARE. See Vaare.	в
VARGA'N, v. did or didst bargain; -AGH; - -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.	IN; B
E VARGANE', s. his bargain ; pl. — YN.	B
Feer VARGA'NAGH, a. very much for bargain	1.1
Dy VERGA'NEY, v. to bargain.	B
Yn VARGA'NEYDER, s. the bargainer ; pl Y	N.B
VAR'GEE, a. d. of the fair or market. Chav	el y
Vanninaghdy bragh creeney, dys y laa lur	
vargee. Yn VAR'GEY, s. the fair or market; pl. 67.	M M
Yn VARK, s. the mark.	M
*VARK or VARKEE, v. did ride or rode; -A	
IN;INS;YM;YMS;YS, 94.	M
Er VARE'AGH, v. hath, &c. rode.	M
Yn VARE'IAGH, s. the rider; pl. 71.	M
Er VARK'IAGHEY, v. hath, &c. waited; rodo ridden. F.	
Yn VAR'NAGH, s. the limpet or flitter; pl. 71	. M
Yn VAR'NEY, s. the gap or breach.	B
"Tou er y varney veayl."	~
Yn VARR, s. the bar of the court or port.	В
	IN;
-INS; -YM; -YMS;YS, 94.	M
Yn VAR'RAGH, s. the tow.	B
Yn VAR'RAN, s. the error or mistake. Feer VAR'RANACH, a. very erroneous, &c.	M M
E VAR'RANT, s. his assurance, &c.	B
E VAR'RANTYS, s. See Varantys.	B
Eggey VAR'REE, a. d. a web of tow.	в
Yn VAR'REL, s. the barrel.	в
Yn VAR'REY, s. the bar or barrow.	B
Baare VAR'REY, a. d. on the surface of the sea	-
Yn VAR'RIAGHT, s. the victory or dominion. $P_{2}$ Var's and the victory of dominion.	B
Ro VAR'ROO, a. too dead or lifeless. Yn VAR'ROO, s. the dead or deceased person.	M
Yn VAR'ROODER, s. the killer or slayer.	M
Feil VART, s. beef.	M
Yn VART, the beef.	M
E VART, s. his burden.	В
Yn VAR'TAR, v. the cripple.	M
E VAR'TARYS, s. his decrepitude.	M
Yn VART'LHAN, s. the maw-worm.	M
E VAR-VAAISH, s. his pall.	M
Feer VARVA'NAGH, $a$ . very mortal or frail. E VARVA'NYS, $s$ . his mortality, &c.	M M
VA SHID OF VAIK SHID, in. a. see yonder.	F
Yn VASH'LAGH, s. the douse.	B
VASHT, v. did baptize; -AGH; -IN; -IN	
-YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.	B
VASH'TEE, a. d. of baptism; as, yn tobbyr vas tee (the baptismal font).	SA- B
Er VASH'TEY, v. hath, &c. baptized.	B
Yn VASH'TEYDER, s. the baptizer.	B
Ro VASH'TIT, 85. too much baptized.	B
Yn VAS'KAID, s. the basket.	B
Er VAS'NEY, v. hath, &c. winnowed.	P
Dty VASS, s. thy palm; plYN.	B
Er VAS'SAGHEY, v. hath, &c. fed with grass.	P

#### VEE

VAST, v. did mix or stir together; -AGH; -I -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.	N; M
Laue VAS'TEE, a. d. a hand to mix, &c.	M
Dy VAS'TEY, v. to mix or stir together.	м
Yn VAS'TEYDER, s. the mixer.	м
Ro VAS'TIT, 85. too mixed.	M
Yn VAYL'LEE, s. the bailiff.	в
V'AYM, p. I had; -s id. em.	
V'AYNDOO, p. in them ; SYN, id. em.	
Feer VAYN'REY, a. very happy.	M
E VAYN'RYS, s. his happiness.	M B
Yn VAYR OF VEYR, s. the way, lane, &c. VAYREY, a. d. of a mother.	M
Yn VAYRN, s. the cap used instead of a hat.	B
Yn VAYRNT, s. the march. Prov. "Ta'n vay	100
chionney as yn nah vee fanney."	Μ
Dy VE, v. to be, being.	в
VE, v. was, were, it was or were.	
Er VE, v. hath, &c. been, was.	
Yn VEA, s. the life time.	
E VEA, s. his life time.	1
VEA, s. ado; as, cre hon tou cummal wheesh vea ort.	ay
Ro VEA or VAA, a. too fat or greasy, too lux	cu-
riant.	Μ
Nyn VEA, s. your, &c. quiet, &c.	F
VEAGH, v. would be, were, wert, wouldst.	в
VEAGH or VAGH, v. did or didst live or fee	
-AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS,9-	B
VEAGH'EE, a. d. of living or dwelling. Dy VEAGH'EY, v. to live or dwell.	B
Yn VEAGH'EY, s. the food or living.	B
Er VEAGH'EY, v. hath, &c. lived, fed, dwelt.	в
Yn VEAIG, s. the whey.	M
Yn VEAIN or VEAYN, s. the mine.	м
Yn VEAI'NEYDER, s. the miner.	м
Un VEAISH, s. one mease.	м
Yn VEAN, s. the middle.	Μ
Mee VEA'NAGH, s. the middle month.	M
Nyn VEA'NISH, s. your, &c. witness.	F
Ro VEAYL, a. too bald or bare. Er VEAYL'LAGHEY, v. hath, &c. made bald	M
bare of hair, horns, &c.	or M
Yn VEAYL'LEE, s. the cow void of horns.	м
Nyn VEAVL'LEY, s. your, &c. eave.	F
Ro VEAYN, a. too permanent or lasting.	в
Dy VEAYN'AGHEY, v. to prolong, to perpetuate	1000
Yn VEAYN'EE, s. the reaper or shearer.	B
Laue VEAY'NEY, a. d. hand of the shearer.	В
Yn VEAYN'ID, s. the eternity, or eternal dution.	B
Er VEAY'RAGHEY, v. hath, &c. cooled.	F
Nyn VEAY'RAGHT, s. your, &c. cold or coldness	s.F
Er VEAYS'LEY, v. hath, &c. loosed, set free or	at
liberty, untied.	F
E VEC, s. his sons.	ME
Er VED'DANAGH, v. hath, &c. whistled,	FF
Nyn VED'JAG, s. your, &c. feather. E VEE, s. his meat or food.	Б
Dty VEE, s. thy loin ; pl. —GHYN.	M
Yn VEE, s. the month; $pl.$ — GHYN.	M
V'EE, p. she was or were; —ISH, id. em.	-
E VEE, adjunct, his male; un, dis, in, ir, &	kc.
See Mee, of which this is a changeling.	M

-	Note.—I have only inserted a few of the wo beginning with Mee, (adjunct), which will se as examples.	rds
	E VEE AAR'LOOID, s. his unpreparedness unreadiness.	or M
	Nyn VEEACELE, s. your, &c. tooth.	F
	Ben VEEAGH, a. a monthly woman.	M
	Dty VEEAL, s. thy mouth.	B
	E VEEAL'AGHYN, s. his bridle bits.	B
	Dy VEEAL'ERAGHT, $v$ . to babble or tattle. Yn VEEAL'EREY, s. the babbler.	B
	Cheu VEEAL'LOO, s. front or mouth side.	B
	Yn VEEALYS, s. the fatness.	M
	E VEEAR'RYS, s. his impenitence.	M
	Yn VEEAR'RYSAGH, s. the impenitent one.	M
	Feer VEECHAI'RAGH, a. very unjust.	M
	E VEECHAI'RYS, s. his injustice.	M
	E VEECHIARAIL', s. his carelessness.	M
1	E VEECHORDAIL', s. his disagreeing. E VEECHORDAIL'YS, s. his disagreement.	M
	Feer VEECHRA'UEE, a. very ungodly, wick	M
	unrighteous, irreligious, &c.	M
	Uss VEECHRED'JUAGH, s. thon unbeliever.	м
	Yn VEECHRED'JUE, s. the unbelief.	Μ
	E VEEGHER'JAGH, s. his discomfort.	M
	E VEEGH'YN DY HYMMEY, s. his bowels of co passion; 1 John, iii. 17.	M M
	Ro VEEHAS'TAGH, a. too heedless.	M
	E VEEHAS'TEY OF VEEHASTID, s. his heedle	
	ness.	M
	Ro VEEHUSH'TAGH, a. too simple or ignorant	
	E VEEHUSH'TEY, s. his lack of knowledge, simplicity, or ignorance.	M
	Un VEEILEY, s. one mile; pl. 67.	M
	VEEIN, s. pet, dear, darling, favourite, &c.	М
1	Ro VEEIN or VEEN, a. too fine, small, or tame	
	VEEIN OF VEEI'NEE, v. did tame; make fi	
	small, or smooth; —AGH;IN; —INS; —Y —YMS; —YS, 94.	M
	Dy VEEI'NAGH OF VEEI'NAGHEY, v. to tan	
	make fine, small, or smooth; to moderate.	M
	VEEL'NEY, a. pl. tame; fine, small, &c.	M
	Yn VEEI'NEYDER, s. the tamer, &c. Ro VEEI'NIT, 85. too tamed, &c.	M
	VEEK, v. did wink, winked; -AGH; -IN; -IN	-
	-YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.	M
	Ro VEEK'AGH, a. too meekeyed.	м
	Yn VEEK'EY, s. the wink of the eye.	M
	Ro VEEK'IT ER, a. too winked at.	M
1	*VEEL OF VEELEE, v. did soften, soften —AGH; —IN; —INS; —YM; -YMS; —YS, 94	
	Dy VEE'LAGH OF VEELAGHEY, v. to soften.	M
	Feer VEE'LEY, v. very soft or moist.	м
	Yn VEE'LEYDER, s. the softener.	м
	Ro VEE'LIT, 85. too softened.	M
	My VEEL'LEY MHILLEE ORT, my dirty mile	on
	thee, or my bad wish on thee. My VEE'M, $p$ . if I be; $-s$ , $id. em$ .	
	VEEN, s. See Veein. Mannin veg veen (lit	tle
	dear Isle of Man).	M
	Feer VEEN, a. very patient, mild, &c.	M
		as-
	suage, appease, allay, or moderate. Er VEE'NAGHEY, v. hath, &c. abated, allay	M ed.
	an the water, o. nath, etc. abateu, anay	
	moderated, &c. VEE'NEE, v. did abate, appease, &c.	M

### VEI

VEE'NEY, a. pl. patient, meek, &c.	M
E VEE'NID, s. his patience, meekness.	Μ
Ben VEE OIL', a. a menstruous woman.	м
E VEE OOASH'LEY, s. his dishonour.	Μ
E VEEOU'RYS, s. his insuspicion.	М
Ro VEEOU'RYSSAGH, a. too insuspicious.	М
E VEEOU'YSSAGH, s. his insuspicious one;	pl.
71.	M
Dty VEER, s. thy piece; pl YN.	M
Dy VEER'AGHEY, v. to piece.	M
Yn VEEREIL'TAGH, s. the unruly one.	M
E VEERIOOS'E, s. his inattention, &c.	M M
Ro VEERIOOS'SAGH, a. too inattentive.	M
VEES, v. will or shall be.	M
Feer VEEVI'ALLAGH, a. very disobedient. E VEEVI'ALLYS, s. his disobedience.	M
Ro VEEVI'ALLYS, S. his disobelience.	M
E VEEVAYN'REY, a. too unhappy.	M
Yn VEEYL, s. the louse; plLYN.	M
Ro VEEYL', S. the louse; pr	M
	Veg
is also understood to mean none or nothi	ng;
as, cha daag eh veg dou, (he left nothing	or
none for me); veg share na, (no better than	-
Yn VEG'GAN, s. the little. See Beggan.	B
Ny VEG'GAN AS NY VEG'GAN, adv. by little	and
little, gradually. Cloan VEG'GEY, a. pl. little children.	B
Yn Veg'gid, s. the littleness.	B
Nyn VEGGOOIS'H, p. p. without us; 1 Cor.iv.	
$V_{EH}^{i}$ , p. he was, he were.	
VEHR or VERR, v. did calve, yean, lay, foal, &	kc. :
	-YS,
94.	В
Dy VEHT'TAL, v. to wager or bet; -AGH, &c	
VEIGN, v. I were, I would be; -ISH, id. em	
VEIGH OF VEIH, s. scale or balance ; pl. —AGH	
Rev. vi. 5. v. did weigh or balance; -A -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 84.	GH; M
Er VEIH'AGHEY, v. hath, &c., balanced	
weighed.	M
Dy VEIH'EY or VEIGH'EY, v. to weigh or balan	ceM
VEIH, p. p. from, from him ; -syn, id. em.	
Cre VEIH, adv. whence, where from.	
VEIH, s. a balance; plAGHYN, Isa. xlv	
See Veigh.	M
	-1N; B
-INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. E VEIHL'LAGHYN, s. his grindings.	B
<i>Yn</i> VEIHL'LEYDER, <i>s.</i> the grinder.	B
Ro VEIHLT, a. too ground.	B
VEIH MY CHEILLEY, adv. asunder.	-
VEIH SHID, adv. from thence.	
VEIH SHOH, adv. hence, from hence.	
Dty VEIL, s. thy lip; plLYN.	м
Yn VEIL'LEY, s. the basin or bowl.	M
E'VEIL'LID, s. his despicableness, &c.	M
Yn VEINN, s. the pinnacle.	в
Yn VEINN, s. the meal.	М
Koir VEIN'NEY, a. d. of meal box or chest.	м
E VEIR, s. his fingers.	м
Yn VEISHT, s. the brute, the beast.	в
Ro VEISH'TAGH, a. too brutish or beastly.	73
and then then, at too bratish or beastly.	B

VER	

Yn VEISHTEIG' LOAUEE, s. the palmer worm.	B
Yn VEISHTEIG' VERGAGH, s. the canker worm.	в
	в
Feer VEIVGH, a. very mild or tender, benign gentle.	or M
8	M
Dy VEIYGH'AGHEY, v. to yearn with tenderness.	M
	M
E VEIYN, s. his beasts, of cattle.	B
Nyn VEIYR, s. your, &c., noise.	F
Er VEIY'EAL, v. hath, &c., noised or sounded.	
VEL, v. is, are, art, am, (interrogatively); Ta, Manks of the same words in answering or r pluing	
plying. Nyn VEME, s. your, &c., want.	F
Yn VEN, s. the woman, the wife.	в
My VEN-HESH'EY, s. my wife; Job, xix. 17.;	all
those words compounded with <i>Ben</i> , (a wome or wife) might be here inserted, but the read may refer to <i>Ben</i> , and change them to <i>Ven</i> , required.	er
Er VE'NAGHTYN, v. hath, &c., asked.	F
Er VENDEI'L, v. hath, &c., defended.	F
VE'NEE, s. inherent propensity; a low word.	
Nyn VE'NISH, s. their, &c., presence.	F
VENN, v. did touch or touched; -AGH; -I -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.	N B
Cre VEN'NAGH RISH, v. what would befal hi what would touch him severely.	m, B
Dy VEN'NALT, v. to waft the wind or air.	в
Yn VEN'NEE, s. the awl.	М
Ro VEN'NICK, a. too often, too frequent.	Μ
VENTR, v. did venture or ventured; —AG 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 8	
-YMS, 87; -YS, 88. Dy VENTREI'L, v. to venture.	
Er VEN'TYN, v. hath touched or meddled with.	в
Yn VEN'TYR, s. the venture ; plYN.	
Yn VEOIR, s. the moar or collector of crow	vn
rent. Yn VEOIR'SNYS, s. the moarship.	M
Nyn VER-CROO, s. our, &c., creator.	MF
VER or *VERR, v. will give, put, send, brin	
— YM; — YMS.	ć
Feer VERCH'AGH, a. very rich.	B
Yn VERCH'AGH, s. the rich one.	B
Yn VERCH'ID, s. the richness. Yn VERCH'ys, s. the riches.	B
Feer Ver'gagh, a. very rusty.	M
Yn Ver'gys, s. the rust.	M
Yn VER'GID, s. the rustiness.	M
Ro VER'GIT, a. too rusty or rusted.	м
VERR, v. did overtake or overtook; -AGH; -I -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.	N; B
Er VER'RAGHT OF VER'RAGHTYN, v. hath, &	
overtaken.	B
Yn VERREE'N OF VERRI'N, s. the clapt cake. Yn VER'REMAN, s. the neck collar.	B
Yn VER REMAN, S. the neck conar. Yn VER'REYDER, s. the overtaker.	B
Yn VER'RISH, s. the berry or grape.	B
Ro VER'RIT, a. too overtaken.	B
Shiu VER'RIU or VER'ROO, s. ye dead.	M
E VER'RIUID OF VER'ROOID, s. his deadness.	М
Ro VERRT, a. too calved, layed, &c.	B
Nyn VER-YN'SEE, s. our, &c., teacher, scho	
master.	F

Feer VESH'TAL, a. very drunken.	M
Yn VESH'TALLACH OF VESH'TCYLAGH, S. t drunkard.	he M
E VESH'TALLYS OF VESH'TEYLYS, s. his drun	
enness.	М
VESHYN, p. he was or were ; em.	
Yn VESS, s. the fruit.	M
Feer VESSOI'L, a. very fruitful. Yn VESSOIL'LID, s. the fruitfulness.	M
VEST, s. f. a waistcoat.	
Cha VEST, v. 144. not stick; -AGH; -I	Ν;
-INS; -YM; -YMS, 94.	F
Er VES'TAL, v. hath, &c., stuck.	F
Feer VET'TEY, a. very tender.	M
E VET'TEVID or VET'TVS, s. his tenderness. V'RU, p. ye or you had; a contraction of $va$ e	
-1SH, id. em.	~ ,
VEUE, p. p. from you or ye; -ISH, id. em.	_
E VEUYR, s. his deaf.	B
E VEUY'RID, s. his deafness.	В
Yn VEYGE, s. the voyage ; Acts, xxvii. 10. Feer VEYHD'LAGH, a. very unwieldy.	м
E VEYHD'LID or VEYHD'LYS, s. unwieldiness.	1000
Yn VEYR or VAYR, s. the lane, way, or avenue.	
Er VEYSH'TEY, v. hath, &c., examined.	F
Yn VHED'DYR, s. the pail, or piggin.	м
Yn VHEE'LEY, s. the mile.	м
Yn VHEIL, s. the company of reapers.	М
VHEILL, v. did grind or grinded; Num. xi. 8.	в
Yn VHEIL'LEA, s. the harvest feast.	M
E VHER, s. his spit or roaster.	в
VHILL, v. did dirty, spoil, or render usele -AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.	
Dy VHIL'LAGHYN, s. of millions.	M
Un VHIL'LE, s. one million.	M
Dy VHIL'LEY, v. to spoil, mar, moil, or dirty.	M
Yn VHIL'LEYDER, s. the spoiler, &c.	М
Ro VHIL'LIT, a. too spoiled, &c.	M
Fn VHIN'AG, s. the pinch or nip.	M
Dy VHINOO'GH, v. to yawn or gape.	M
Feer VHINOY'R OF VHINOYRAGH, a. very m low or mealy.	M
E VHINOY'RID OF VHINOY'RYS, s. his mello	
ness.	M
E VHIOVE, s. his feeling or use of faculties.	M
Feer VHIOY'RAL, a. very acute of feeling.	M
E VHIR, s. his crops.	В
Yn VHIT'TAG, s. the milk for churning.	B
Erny VHLIEH, v. hath, &c., been ground; Isa xxviii. 28.	B
Ro VHLIT, a. too milked.	B
Ro VHOL'LIM, a. too friable or brittle.	M
Er VHOL'MAGH, v. hath, &c., got friable.	Μ
E VHOL'MID, s. his friability.	M
	. B
E Vnow, s. his bow to shoot with, his prow. M	
E VHUINNEE'L, s. his sleeve. Yn VHULLUGH'T, s. the may flower.	M
Yn VHURKAN, s. the bodkin.	B
Yn VHUR'TAG, s. the blunt knife.	B
Yn WHUT'TAG, s. the gusset or goar in ploughin	
Yn VHYN'TEY, s. the herb mint.	M
Feer VIAL, a. very subjective.	B

### VIR

Ro VIAL'LAGH, a. too obedient or submissive.	в
E VIAL'LYS, s. his obedience or submission.	B
E VIAN, s. his Matthew or Matthias.	M
E VIAN, s. his eager wish or fond desire; Isaid	
xxix. 8.	M
Ro VIAN'DAGH, a. too hankering after, too fo of, longing too much for or after.	M
	M
Yn Vie, s. the good.	M
Feer Vie, a. very good, very well.	B
Feer VIEAU, a. very swift or speedy.	B
E VIEAU'ID, s. his swiftness or speed.	M
Fir VIE'-EY, a. pl. good ones.	
E VIE'NYN, s. his virtues.	M
E VIE'YS, s. his goodness.	M
E VIL'JYN, s. his trees.	B
Yn VILL, s. the honey.	M
Feer VIL'LAGH, a. very full of trees.	B
Yn VIL'LEY, s. the tree.	B
Yn VIL'LEY. See Yn Vhille, the million.	M
E VIL'JID, s. his sweetness.	M
Feer VIL'LISH, a. very sweet.	M
Dty VIM'MEY, s. thy female sponsor at the font.	
Yn VINE, s. the drop.	В
VING, v. did bite or pinch; —AGH; —IN; —IN —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94.	M
Yn VING, s. the jury.	B
Ro VING, a. too shrill.	B
Er VING'EY, v. hath, &c., bit or pinched.	M
Ro VING'IT, a. too bit or pinched.	M
E VING'YS, s his music.	B
Er VIN'JAGHEY, v. hath, &c., curdled; Job, x. 1	10.000
$Y_n$ VINJEAN', s. the curds and whey, the curd	
milk.	B
Yn VINJEIG', s. the kid of a hind.	M
Yn VINK, s. the bench.	в
E VINN, s. his corners.	В
Yn VIN'NAGH, s. the guts, entrails or bowels, t	the
pith of timber.	M
Yn VIN'NID, s. the rennet.	в
Yn VIN'NID, s. the minute.	M
Feer VIO, a. very much alive.	B
VIO'EE, v. did quicken or vivify.	B
Dy VIOGH'EY, v. to quicken or animate, to a	
liven or vivify.	B
Yn VIOL, s. the violin or fiddle. *VIOL or VIOL'LEE, v. did tempt or tempte	B
-AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.	M
Dy VIOL'LAGH, v. to tempt.	M
Yn VIOL'LAGH, s. the temptation.	M
Er VIOL'LAGH, v. hath, &c., tempted.	M
Dty VIOL'LEY, v. thy tempting.	M
Yn VIOL'LEYDER, s. the tempter.	M
Ro VIOL'LIT, a. too tempted.	M
Feer VIOYR, a. very brisk.	B
* VIOYR OF VIOYREE, v. did make brisk ; -AG	
-IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.	B
Dy VIOY'RAGHEY, v. to make brisk.	B
VIOY'REY, a. pl. brisk, smart.	B
E VIOY'RID, s. his briskness.	в
Ro VIOY'RIT, a. made too brisk.	в
Dty Vio'ys, s. thy life. Prov. "Lesh y vi	oys
shegin jannoo."	B
Nyn'VIR, s. your, &c., ones or men.	V
Yn VIR'AG, s. the eye tooth.	B

### VLU

Feer VIR'RAGH, a. very sharp pointed.	в
Dy VIR'RAGHEY, v. to sharpen the point.	в
*VIRR or VIR'REE, v. did sharpen the poin	t;
-AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94	·B
*VISH OF VISH'EE, v. did increase, multiply, prosper; -AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YM	S;
-ys, 94.	B
Dy VISH'AGH OF VISHAGHEY, v. to increase,	
augment, &c.	B
Feer VIS'SILAGH, a. very precarious.	M M
Yn VIS'SILID, s. the uncertainty, &c. Yn VITCH'EY, s. the bitch.	B
Yn VITCHEY, s. the blich.	B
Yn VIT'THAN, s. the mitten or glove.	M
Yn VLAA, s. the bloom, blossom, or flower.	в
Dy VLAA'GHEY, v. to blossom or flower.	в
Ro VLAA'GHIT, a. too blossomed, &c.	в
VLAAK OF VLAKE, v. did gaze or gape ; -AG	
-EY; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94	
Yn VLAA'SHAG WUIGH OF YN VASKAID WEE, the wild or field marygold.	s. B
Yn VLAE'EYDER, s. the gazer.	в
Yn VLASS OF VLAYST, s. the taste or savour.	B
Feer VLAYS'TAL, a. very tasteful or sippid.	в
VLAYST, v. did taste; -AGH; -IN; -IN	s;
-YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.	в
Dy VLAYS'TYN, v. to taste.	B
E VLEAN, s. his groin or flank.	B
Yn VLEAYN, s. the emerod or pile. Yn VLEAYST, s. the husk or shell, the cover	B
grains in a pod; the shell of an egg.	B
Ro VLEAYS'TAGH, a. too husky.	в
Yn VLEB, s. the foolish or befooled person.	в
Feer VLEB'BINAGH, a. very simple or silly.	в
Chiass VLEEA'NEY, a. d. the heat of the year	
E VLEEAN'TYN, s. his years.	В
Yn VLEIE, s. the halfling.	B
Yn VLEIN, s. the year.	B
Yn VLEN'NICK, s. the belly fat. Nyn VLESH'EN, s. your, &c. blanket cloth.	B F
$Y_n$ VLESS EN, S. your, dc. blanket cloth. Yn VLESS, s. the blast.	в
VLEST, v. did blast; -AGH; -YS, 94.	B
Dy VLES'TAL, v. to blast.	B
Ro VLES'TIT, a. too blasted.	в
E VLHUID, s. his blades.	в
E VLICE, s. his blocks.	в
VLIEAUN, v. did milk or milked ; -AGH ; -I	
-IN3; -YM; -YMS;YS, 94.	B
Yn VLIEAU'NAGH, s. the milking.	B
Yn VLIEAU'NEYDER, s. the milker. Ro VLIEAU'NIT, a. too milked.	B B
My VLIUGH, v. if wet; $-AGH$ ; $-IN$ ; $-Y$	100
-ys, 94.	F
Er VLIUGH'EY, v, hath, &c. wetted.	F
Yn VLOB'BEREY, s. the babbler.	В
Yn VLOC'KAN, s. See Blockan.	B
Yn VLOD, s. the blade.	B
Yn VLOUSE, s. the blowse.	B
My VLOYS, v. if darest or durst. Yn VLUG'GAN, s. the ball.	B B
Dy VLUGGANEY, v. to ball or glomerate.	B
Booa VLUIGHT, a. a milk cow.	B
Yn VLUIGH'TAGH, s. the whole of the m	
cattle.	в

### VOD

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Yn Voa, s. the cow; Job, xxi. 10. See also Booa.	
Booa. H Yn VoA'DAGH, s. the cod. H	
Cha VOAD or *VOADD, v. not kindle; -AGH	_
-IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. H	3
Er VOAD'DEY, v. hath, &c. kindled.	
E VOAD'RYMYN, s. his greaves. E Feer VOAL, a. very poor, mean, or despicable.M	
VOAL OF *VOALL, v. did wall; -AGH; -IN	
-тм; -тя. I	ś
	B
Yn VOAL HUSH'TAGH, s. the person having no great share of knowledge, a fool; Prov. xxix	D
20. N	
	B
VOAL'LEY, a. pl. mean, despicable.	
	B
Feer VOA'NAGH, a. very turfy.	
VOAND, v. did band; -AGH; -IN; -YM	
YS, 94.	B
Feer VOAN'DAGH, a. very faltering; blunt feeble, dull.	
	B
	B
	B
	B
Dy VOAN'DYRYS, v. to nurse. Yn VOA'NEE OF VOAYNEE, s. the turbary, the	B
field of turfy soil.	
Creagh VOA'NEY, a. d. a stack of turf.	
	B
VOAR, v. did moor; -AGH; -IN; -YM; -YS 94.	
Er VOAR'AL, v. hath, &c. moored.	
E VOAR'YN, s. his moorings.	
Ro VOAR'IT, a. too moored.	
Er VOASTEI'L, v. hath, &c. boasted. I Yn VOAYLL, s. the place; the play ball.	B
Yn VOAYN, s. the turf or peat.	
	B
	F
V'oc, p. they had, that they had; a contraction	1
of Va oc; -SYN, id. em. Yn Vo'cHIL or VOCHILLEY, s. the herd o	r
herdsman.	B
Vo'cHIL, v. did herd; -AGH; -IN; -YM	B
-YS, 94. Dy Vo'chillagh or Vochillaghey, v. to herd.I	
	B
	B
	B
Er VOCK'LEY, v. hath, &c. uttered or spoken. I VOD or *VODD, v. can, canst, may, mayst, &c.	
	ř
	F
E VOD'DEE, s. his dogs. N	
Cha Vod'dev, v. not long, not far. I Dy Vod'dev BEAVN Y REE, long live the king	F
or long may the king live; 2 Kings, xi. 12.	E,
Yn VOD'DEY, s. the dog. Prov. "Ceau crau. ayns beeal drogh voddey;" and "Baase y der rey voddey grayse y voddey elley." M	ī
Cl. U /	F
The West was a second s	P

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### VOL

The state of the sloud	Sec. 1
Yn Vop'JAL, s. the cloud.	в
Feer Vod'JALAGH, a. very cloudy.	в
Er VOL'JALEY, v. hath, &c. gathered clouds.	в
VOEE, p. p. from her; -ISH, id. em.	
	в
Ro Voc, a. too soft or moist.	-
My Voc or Vocc, v. if would soften; -AC	B ;
-IN; -YM; -YS.	B
Dy Voc'GAGHEY, v. to soften or moisten.	1000
Dy Voc'cey, s. of joy or gladness.	В
Dy Voc'GEYSAGH, v. to rejoice, to triumph,	to
gladden. This word is seldom used;	me
phrase, dy goaill boggey, or dy ve gennal, a	B
having superseded it.	1000
E Voc'oil, s. his meshes.	M
Ro Voggol'L, a. too joyous.	в
Yn Vog'gyl, s. the mesh.	в
Dy Voc'GYSSAGH, v. to boast.	в
Yn Vog'gyssagn, s. the boaster; v. boasting.	B
VOGHE, v. would get.	
Cha Voghe, v. would not get.	
Feer Vogh'Ey, a. very early.	M
	M
E VOGH'ID, s. his earliness.	100
Feer VOGHLA'NAGH, a. very full of banks.	в
Yn VOGLANE', s. the bank.	в
Yn Vogh'REY, s. the morning.	м
Yn VOGHT, s. the poor body.	в
Feer VOGHT, a. very poor.	в
E VOGH'TYNID, s. his poverty.	B
Yn VOHLT, s. the mutton.	M
	nu
Void, p. p. from thee; -s, id. em.	
Yn Vol'DYN, s. the virgin or maiden.	M
VOID'YNAGH, a. virginal.	M
VOI'DYNYS, s. virginity.	M
Yn VOIL, s. the mull.	м
Nyn Voil'JYN, s. your, &c. faults.	
	F
VOIN, p. p. from us: -yN, id. em.	F
VOIN, p. p. from us; -YN, id. em.	1
Vo'IN, p. (from Voghin) would I get ; -s, id. e	em.
Vo'IN, p. (from Voghin) would I get; -s, id. e E VOIR, s. his mother.	em. M
Vo'IN, p. (from Voghin) would I get; -s, id. e E VOIR, s. his mother. VOIR, v. did disturb or trouble; -AGH;1	m. M
Vo'IN, p. (from Voghin) would I get; -s, id. e E VOIR, s. his mother. VOIR, v. did disturb or trouble; -AGH;1 -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.	m. M N; B
Vo'IN, p. (from Voghin) would I get; -s, id. e E VOIR, s. his mother. VOIR, v. did disturb or trouble; -AGH; -I -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. Feer VOI'RAGH, a. very troublesome, &c.	m. M
<ul> <li>VO'IN, p. (from Voghin) would I get; -s, id. e</li> <li>E VOIR, s. his mother.</li> <li>VOIR, v. did disturb or trouble; -AGH; -I</li> <li>-INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Feer VOI'RAGH, a. very troublesome, &amp;c.</li> <li>Dy VOI'RAGHEY OF VOIREY, v. to disturb</li> </ul>	m. M B B or
<ul> <li>VO'IN, p. (from Voghin) would I get; -s, id. e</li> <li>E VOIR, s. his mother.</li> <li>VOIR, v. did disturb or trouble; -AGH; -I</li> <li>-INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Feer VOI'RAGH, a. very troublesome, &amp;c.</li> <li>Dy VOI'RAGHEY OF VOIREY, v. to disturb trouble.</li> </ul>	em. M B B
<ul> <li>VO'IN, p. (from Voghin) would I get; -s, id. e</li> <li>E VOIR, s. his mother.</li> <li>VOIR, v. did disturb or trouble; -AGH; -I</li> <li>-INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Feer VOI'RAGH, a. very troublesome, &amp;c.</li> <li>Dy VOI'RAGHEY OF VOIREY, v. to disturb trouble.</li> <li>Yn VOI'REY, s. the disturbance or trouble;</li> </ul>	m. M B B or B or B or
<ul> <li>VO'IN, p. (from Voghin) would I get; -s, id. e</li> <li>E VOIR, s. his mother.</li> <li>VOIR, v. did disturb or trouble; -AGH; -I</li> <li>-INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Feer VOI'RAGHEY or VOIREY, v. to disturb trouble.</li> <li>Vn VOI'REY, s. the disturbance or trouble; bother, a low English word.</li> </ul>	m. M B B or B or B or B
<ul> <li>VO'IN, p. (from Voghin) would I get; -s, id. e</li> <li>E VOIR, s. his mother.</li> <li>VOIR, v. did disturb or trouble; -AGH;I</li> <li>-INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Feer VOI'RAGH, a. very troublesome, &amp;c.</li> <li>Dy VOI'RAGHEY OF VOIREY, v. to disturb trouble.</li> <li>Yn VOI'REY, s. the disturbance or trouble; bother, a low English word.</li> <li>Yn VOI'REYDER, s. the troubler or disturber.</li> </ul>	m. M B B or B or B B B
<ul> <li>VO'IN, p. (from Voghin) would I get; -s, id. e</li> <li>E VOIR, s. his mother.</li> <li>VOIR, v. did disturb or trouble; -AGH; -I</li> <li>-INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Feer VOI'RAGHEY or VOIREY, v. to disturb trouble.</li> <li>Yn VOI'REY, s. the disturbance or trouble; bother, a low English word.</li> <li>Yn VOI'REYDER, s. the troubler or disturber.</li> <li>Ro VOI'RIT, a. too disturbed, &amp;c.</li> </ul>	M S B B OF B B B B
<ul> <li>VO'IN, p. (from Voghin) would I get; -s, id. e</li> <li>E VOIR, s. his mother.</li> <li>VOIR, v. did disturb or trouble; -AGH; -I</li> <li>-INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Feer VOI'RAGH, a. very troublesome, &amp;c.</li> <li>Dy VOI'RAGHEY OF VOIREY, v. to disturb trouble.</li> <li>Yn VOI'REY, s. the disturbance or trouble; bother, a low English word.</li> <li>Yn VOI'REYDER, s. the troubler or disturber.</li> <li>Ro VOI'RIT, a. too disturbed, &amp;c.</li> <li>VOISH, pre. from; p. p. from him; -YN, id. e</li> </ul>	M S B B OF B B B B
<ul> <li>VO'IN, p. (from Voghin) would I get; -s, id. e</li> <li>E VOIR, s. his mother.</li> <li>VOIR, v. did disturb or trouble; -AGH; -I</li> <li>-INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Feer VOI'RAGHEY or VOIREY, v. to disturb trouble.</li> <li>Yn VOI'REY, s. the disturbance or trouble; bother, a low English word.</li> <li>Yn VOI'REYDER, s. the troubler or disturber.</li> <li>Ro VOI'RIT, a. too disturbed, &amp;c.</li> </ul>	M S B B OF B B B B
<ul> <li>VO'IN, p. (from Voghin) would I get; -s, id. e E VOIR, s. his mother.</li> <li>VOIR, v. did disturb or trouble; -AGH; -I -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Feer VOI'RAGH, a. very troublesome, &amp;c.</li> <li>Dy VOI'RAGHEY OF VOIREY, v. to disturb trouble.</li> <li>Yn VOI'REY, s. the disturbance or trouble; bother, a low English word.</li> <li>Yn VOI'REYDER, s. the troubler or disturber.</li> <li>Ro VOI'RIT, a. too disturbed, &amp;c.</li> <li>VOISH, pre. from; p. p. from him; -YN, id. e Yn VOITEIL OF VOIEI'L, s. the bottle.</li> </ul>	m. M M ; B B or B B B B B B B B B B B B
<ul> <li>VO'IN, p. (from Voghin) would I get; -s, id. e</li> <li>E VOIR, s. his mother.</li> <li>VOIR, v. did disturb or trouble; -AGH; -I</li> <li>-INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Feer VOI'RAGH, a. very troublesome, &amp;c.</li> <li>Dy VOI'RAGHEY OF VOIREY, v. to disturb trouble.</li> <li>Yn VOI'REY, s. the disturbance or trouble; bother, a low English word.</li> <li>Yn VOI'REYDER, s. the troubler or disturber.</li> <li>Ro VOI'RIT, a. too disturbed, &amp;c.</li> <li>VOISH, pre. from; p. p. from him; -YN, id. e</li> </ul>	m. M M ; B B or B B B B B B B B B B B B
<ul> <li>VO'IN, p. (from Voghin) would I get; -s, id. e E VOIR, s. his mother.</li> <li>VOIR, v. did disturb or trouble; -AGH; -I -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Feer VOI'RAGH, a. very troublesome, &amp;c.</li> <li>Dy VOI'RAGHEY OF VOIREY, v. to disturb trouble.</li> <li>Yn VOI'REY, s. the disturbance or trouble; bother, a low English word.</li> <li>Yn VOI'REYDER, s. the troubler or disturber.</li> <li>Ro VOI'RIT, a. too disturbed, &amp;c.</li> <li>VOISH, pre. from; p. p. from him; -YN, id. e Yn VOITEIL OF VOIEI'L, s. the bottle.</li> <li>Yn VOL, s. the nave, the mould to cast anythi In.</li> </ul>	m. M M ; B B or B B B B B B B B B B m B ng M
<ul> <li>VO'IN, p. (from Voghin) would I get; -s, id. e E VOIR, s. his mother.</li> <li>VOIR, v. did disturb or trouble; -AGH; -I -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Feer VOI'RAGH, a. very troublesome, &amp;c.</li> <li>Dy VOI'RAGHEY OF VOIREY, v. to disturb trouble.</li> <li>Yn VOI'REY, s. the disturbance or trouble; bother, a low English word.</li> <li>Yn VOI'REYDER, s. the troubler or disturber.</li> <li>Ro VOI'RIT, a. too disturbed, &amp;c.</li> <li>VOISH, pre. from; p. p. from him; -YN, id. e Yn VOILSH, s. the nave, the mould to cast anythin.</li> <li>Yn VOLG, s. the belly, the milt.</li> </ul>	m. M M ; B B or B or B B B B m. B m M M
<ul> <li>VO'IN, p. (from Voghin) would I get; -s, id. e E VOIR, s. his mother.</li> <li>VOIR, v. did disturb or trouble; -AGH; -I -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Feer VOI'RAGHEY or VOIREY, v. to disturb trouble.</li> <li>Vn VOI'REY, s. the disturbance or trouble; bother, a low English word.</li> <li>Yn VOI'REYDER, s. the troubler or disturber.</li> <li>Ro VOI'RIT, a. too disturbed, &amp;c.</li> <li>VOISH, pre. from; p. p. from him; -YN, id. e Yn VOIREIL OR VOIEI'L, s. the bottle.</li> <li>Yn VOLC, s. the belly, the milt.</li> <li>VOLG, v. did roast or blister; -AGH; -I</li> </ul>	m. M M ; B B or B or B B B B m. B m M M
<ul> <li>VO'IN, p. (from Voghin) would I get; -s, id. e E VOIR, s. his mother.</li> <li>VOIR, v. did disturb or trouble; -AGH; -I -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Feer VOI'RAGHEY or VOIREY, v. to disturb trouble.</li> <li>Yn VOI'REY, s. the disturbance or trouble; bother, a low English word.</li> <li>Yn VOI'REYDER, s. the troubler or disturber.</li> <li>Ro VOI'RIT, a. too disturbed, &amp;c.</li> <li>VOISH, pre. from; p. p. from him; -YN, id. e Yn VOITEIL OF VOTEI'L, s. the bottle.</li> <li>Yn VOLG, s. the belly, the milt.</li> <li>VOLG, v. did roast or blister; -AGH; -I -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> </ul>	M N; B B OF B OF B B B MM B N S B MM M S B
<ul> <li>VO'IN, p. (from Voghin) would I get; -s, id. e E VOIR, s. his mother.</li> <li>VOIR, v. did disturb or trouble; -AGH; -I -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Feer VOI'RAGHEY or VOIREY, v. to disturb trouble.</li> <li>YN VOI'REY, s. the disturbance or trouble; bother, a low English word.</li> <li>YN VOI'REYDER, s. the troubler or disturber.</li> <li>Ro VOI'RIT, a. too disturbed, &amp;c.</li> <li>VOISH, pre. from; p. p. from him; -YN, id. e Yn VOITEIL OF VOTEI'L, s. the bottle.</li> <li>YN VOLG, s. the belly, the milt.</li> <li>VOLG, v. did roast or blister; -AGH; -I -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Feer VOL'GAGH, a. very milty.</li> </ul>	M N; B B OF B B B B M. B B M M S B M M S B M
<ul> <li>VO'IN, p. (from Voghin) would I get; -s, id. e E VOIR, s. his mother.</li> <li>VOIR, v. did disturb or trouble; -AGH; -I -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Feer VOI'RAGH, a. very troublesome, &amp;c.</li> <li>Dy VOI'RAGHEY OF VOIREY, v. to disturb trouble.</li> <li>YA VOI'REY, s. the disturbance or trouble; bother, a low English word.</li> <li>YN VOI'REYDER, s. the troubler or disturber.</li> <li>Ro VOI'RIT, a. too disturbed, &amp;c.</li> <li>VOISH, pre. from; p. p. from him; -YN, id. e Yn VOITEIL OF VOTEI'L, s. the bottle.</li> <li>Yn VOL, s. the nave, the mould to cast anythi in.</li> <li>Yn VOLG, v. did roast or blister; -AGH; -I -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Feer VOL'GAGH, a. very milty.</li> <li>VOL'GAGH, a. d. of the belly.</li> </ul>	M N; B B OF B OF B B B M. B N; B M B
<ul> <li>VO'IN, p. (from Voghin) would I get; -s, id. e E VOIR, s. his mother.</li> <li>VOIR, v. did disturb or trouble; -AGH; -I -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Feer VOI'RAGH, a. very troublesome, &amp;c.</li> <li>Dy VOI'RAGHEY OF VOIREY, v. to disturb trouble.</li> <li>Yn VOI'REY, s. the disturbance or trouble; bother, a low English word.</li> <li>Yn VOI'REYDER, s. the troubler or disturber.</li> <li>Ro VOI'RIT, a. too disturbed, &amp;c.</li> <li>VOISH, pre. from; p. p. from him; -YN, id. e Yn VOITEIL OF VOTEI'L, s. the bottle.</li> <li>Yn VOLG, s. the nave, the mould to cast anythi in.</li> <li>Yn VOLG, s. the belly, the milt.</li> <li>VOLG, v. did roast or blister; -AGH; -I -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Feer VOL'GAGH, a. very milty.</li> <li>VOL'GAGH, a. d. of the belly.</li> <li>Yn VOL'GAN, s the bubble or little belly.</li> </ul>	m. M B B B C C B B B B B B B B B B B B B
<ul> <li>VO'IN, p. (from Voghin) would I get; -s, id. e E VOIR, s. his mother.</li> <li>VOIR, v. did disturb or trouble; -AGH; -I -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Feer VOI'RAGH, a. very troublesome, &amp;c.</li> <li>Dy VOI'RAGHEY OF VOIREY, v. to disturb trouble.</li> <li>Yn VOI'REY, s. the disturbance or trouble; bother, a low English word.</li> <li>Yn VOI'REYDER, s. the troubler or disturber.</li> <li>Ro VOI'RIT, a. too disturbed, &amp;c.</li> <li>VOISH, pre. from; p. p. from him; -YN, id. e Yn VOITEIL OF VOTEI'L, s. the bottle.</li> <li>Yn VOLG, s. the nave, the mould to cast anythi In.</li> <li>Yn VOLG, s. the belly, the milt.</li> <li>VOLG, v. did roast or blister; -AGH; -I -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Feer VOL'GAGH, a. d. of the belly.</li> <li>Yn VOL'GAN, s the bubble or little belly.</li> <li>Yn VOLGANE', s. the belly or calf of the leg.</li> </ul>	m. M N; B B o c B B B B B B M M M S B B B B B B B B B B B B B
<ul> <li>VO'IN, p. (from Voghin) would I get; -s, id. e E VOIR, s. his mother.</li> <li>VOIR, v. did disturb or trouble; -AGH; -I -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Feer VOI'RAGH, a. very troublesome, &amp;c.</li> <li>Dy VOI'RAGHEY OF VOIREY, v. to disturb trouble.</li> <li>Yn VOI'REY, s. the disturbance or trouble; bother, a low English word.</li> <li>Yn VOI'REYDER, s. the troubler or disturber.</li> <li>Ro VOI'RIT, a. too disturbed, &amp;c.</li> <li>VOISH, pre. from; p. p. from him; -YN, id. e Yn VOITEIL OF VOTEI'L, s. the bottle.</li> <li>Yn VOLG, s. the nave, the mould to cast anythi In.</li> <li>Yn VOLG, s. the belly, the milt.</li> <li>VOLG, v. did roast or blister; -AGH; -I -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Feer VOL'GAGH, a. very milty.</li> <li>VOL'GAN, s the bubble or little belly.</li> <li>Yn VOLGANE', s. the belly or calf of the leg. Er VOL'GEY, v. hath, &amp;c. roasted; &amp;c.</li> </ul>	M. M. B. B. OF B. OF B.
<ul> <li>Vo'IN, p. (from Voghin) would I get; -s, id. e E VOIR, s. his mother.</li> <li>VOIR, v. did disturb or trouble; -AGH; -I -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Feer VOI'RAGHEY or VOIREY, v. to disturb trouble.</li> <li>Vn VOI'REY, s. the disturbance or trouble; bother, a low English word.</li> <li>Yn VOI'REYDER, s. the troubler or disturber.</li> <li>Ro VOI'RIT, a. too disturbed, &amp;c.</li> <li>VOISH, pre. from; p. p. from him; -YN, id. e Yn VOLG, s. the nave, the mould to cast anythi In.</li> <li>Yn VOLG, s. the belly, the milt.</li> <li>VOLG, v. did roast or blister; -AGH; -I -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Feer VOL'GAGH, a. very milty.</li> <li>VOL'GAGH, a. d. of the belly.</li> <li>Yn VOLGAN, s the bubble or little belly.</li> <li>Yn VOLGANE', s. the roaster or parcher.</li> </ul>	m. M N; B B o c B B B B B B M M M S B B B B B B B B B B B B B
<ul> <li>Vo'IN, p. (from Voghin) would I get; -s, id. e E VOIR, s. his mother.</li> <li>VOIR, v. did disturb or trouble; -AGH; -I -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Feer VOI'RAGHEY OF VOIREY, v. to disturb trouble.</li> <li>Vn VOI'REY, s. the disturbance or trouble; bother, a low English word.</li> <li>Yn VOI'REYDER, s. the troubler or disturber.</li> <li>Ro VOI'RIT, a. too disturbed, &amp;c.</li> <li>VOISH, pre. from; p. p. from him; -YN, id. e Yn VOITEIL OF VOTEI'L, s. the bottle.</li> <li>Yn VOLG, s. the nave, the mould to cast anythi in.</li> <li>Yn VOLG, s. the belly, the milt.</li> <li>VOLG, v. did roast or blister; -AGH; -I -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Feer VOL'GAGH, a. very milty.</li> <li>VOL'GAGH, a. d. of the belly.</li> <li>Yn VOLGANE', s. the bubble or little belly.</li> <li>Yn VOLGANE', s. the roaster or parcher.</li> <li>Ro VOL'GIT, a. too roasted, &amp;c.</li> </ul>	M. M. B. B. OF B. OF B.
<ul> <li>Vo'IN, p. (from Voghin) would I get; -s, id. e E VOIR, s. his mother.</li> <li>VOIR, v. did disturb or trouble; -AGH; -I -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Feer VOI'RAGHEY OF VOIREY, v. to disturb trouble.</li> <li>Vn VOI'REY, s. the disturbance or trouble; bother, a low English word.</li> <li>Yn VOI'REYDER, s. the troubler or disturber.</li> <li>Ro VOI'RIT, a. too disturbed, &amp;c.</li> <li>VOISH, pre. from; p. p. from him; -YN, id. e Yn VOITEIL OF VOTEI'L, s. the bottle.</li> <li>Yn VOLG, s. the nave, the mould to cast anythi In.</li> <li>Yn VOLG, s. the belly, the milt.</li> <li>VOLG, v. did roast or blister; -AGH; -I -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Feer VOL'GAGH, a. Very milty.</li> <li>VOL'GAGH, a. d. of the belly.</li> <li>Yn VOLGANE', s. the bubble or little belly.</li> <li>Yn VOLGEYDER, s. the roaster or parcher.</li> <li>Ro VOL'GIT, a. too roasted, &amp;c.</li> <li>Yn VOL'GIT, a. too roasted, &amp;c.</li> </ul>	M. N; B B OB OB B B B. B B B B B B B B B B B
<ul> <li>Vo'IN, p. (from Voghin) would I get; -s, id. e E VOIR, s. his mother.</li> <li>VOIR, v. did disturb or trouble; -AGH; -I -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Feer VOI'RAGHEY OF VOIREY, v. to disturb trouble.</li> <li>Vn VOI'REY, s. the disturbance or trouble; bother, a low English word.</li> <li>Yn VOI'REYDER, s. the troubler or disturber.</li> <li>Ro VOI'RIT, a. too disturbed, &amp;c.</li> <li>VOISH, pre. from; p. p. from him; -YN, id. e Yn VOITEIL OF VOTEI'L, s. the bottle.</li> <li>Yn VOLG, s. the nave, the mould to cast anythi In.</li> <li>Yn VOLG, s. the belly, the milt.</li> <li>VOLG, v. did roast or blister; -AGH; -I -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Feer VOL'GAGH, a. Very milty.</li> <li>VOL'GAGH, a. d. of the belly.</li> <li>Yn VOLGANE', s. the bubble or little belly.</li> <li>Yn VOLGEYDER, s. the roaster or parcher.</li> <li>Ro VOL'GIT, a. too roasted, &amp;c.</li> <li>Yn VOL'GIT, a. too roasted, &amp;c.</li> </ul>	M. N; B B OB OB B B B. B B B B B B B B B B B
<ul> <li>Vo'IN, p. (from Voghin) would I get; -s, id. e E VOIR, s. his mother.</li> <li>VOIR, v. did disturb or trouble; -AGH; -I -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Feer VOI'RAGHEY OF VOIREY, v. to disturb trouble.</li> <li>Vn VOI'REY, s. the disturbance or trouble; bother, a low English word.</li> <li>Yn VOI'REYDER, s. the troubler or disturber.</li> <li>Ro VOI'RIT, a. too disturbed, &amp;c.</li> <li>VOISH, pre. from; p. p. from him; -YN, id. e Yn VOITEIL OF VOTEI'L, s. the bottle.</li> <li>Yn VOLG, s. the nave, the mould to cast anythi in.</li> <li>Yn VOLG, s. the belly, the milt.</li> <li>VOLG, v. did roast or blister; -AGH; -I -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.</li> <li>Feer VOL'GAGH, a. very milty.</li> <li>VOL'GAGH, a. d. of the belly.</li> <li>Yn VOLGANE', s. the bubble or little belly.</li> <li>Yn VOLGANE', s. the roaster or parcher.</li> <li>Ro VOL'GIT, a. too roasted, &amp;c.</li> </ul>	M. N; B B OB OB B B B. B B B B B B B B B B B

Dy Vol'KAGHEY, v. to macerate, to putrify.	M
Ro Vol'KIT, a. too macerated.	M
Voll, v. did deceive or cheat, did disappoin -AGH; -EE; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YM	
	M
Yn Vol'LAG, s. the buoy.	M
Ro Vol'LAGH, a. too rough. Ro Vol'LAGH, a. too bare or too barely broug	M
or gathered. This and preceding word, thou	gh
spelled alike, are nearly in direct opposition.	B
Er VOL'LAGHEY, v. hath, &c., hid, hidden concealed.	or
Yn Vol'LAGHT, s. the curse.	M
Ro Vol'LAGHTAGH, a. too cursed or blasphe	
ous. E Vol'LAGHTID, s. his cursedness.	M
Yn Vol'LAN, s. the old wife fish.	B
E VOL'LEE, s. his eye brow.	M
Dy Vol'LEY, v. to cheat or deceive, &c.	M
Yn Vol'LEY, s. the boll.	B
Kere Vol'LEV, a. sweet comb, honey con This word Volley comes from Millish, (sweet	10. t):
and means a. d. of sweetness.	M
Yn Vol'LEYDEY, s. the disappointer.	M
E VOL'LID, s. his roughness. Er VOL'MAGH OF VOL'MAGHEY, v. hath, &	M &c.
emptied.	F
Nyn Volt, s. your, &c. hair; Ez. xliv. 20.	F
Yn VOL'TEYR, s. the deceiver, rogue or cheat.	
Ro VOLTEY'RAGH, a. too deceitful, roguish, &c E VOLTEY'RYS, s. his deceit, fraud, &c.	,M
Feer Volva'NAGH, a. very stupid, &c., foolis	10.00
Job, xxx. 8.	в
Yn VOLVANE', s. the stupid person, the dolther the person dull of apprehension.	ad, B
E VOLVANE'YS, s. his stupidity or dullness	
apprehension.	B
VONDEIS'H, s. advantage, profit; pl yN. VONDEIS'HAGH, a. advantageous, profitable.	
Dy Von'DIAGHT OF VON'DEEYS. s. of bondage.	B
VONG, v. did smile or smirk; -AGH; -I	N ;
-INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.	M
E VONG, s. his smile or smirk. Dy VONG'EY, v. to smile, to smirk.	M
Yn VONG'EYDER, s. the smiler.	M
Yn Von'kan, s. the bumpkin or boor.	B
Ro Von'KANAGH, a. too boorish, c.	B
E VON'KANYS, s. his boorishness, &c. Yn VON'NAD, s. the bonnet.	BB
Yn VON'NEE, s. the old mare.	B
Cre'n Von'NEY, s. what manner, what meaning	gM
Yn VON'NEY, s. the much, the many.	M
V'00, p. See Vou, thou wert. Yn V00A, s. the cow.	в
Yn VOOAD, s. the size, bulk or bigness.	M
VOOAD, v. enlarge, extend ; -AGH ; -EE ; -I	
-INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.	M
Er VOOA'DAGH OF VOOA'DAGHEY, v. hath, 8 enlarged, extended, magnified, increased	
bulk.	M
Yn Vooa'ns or Vooa'nys, s. the greatness, bu size or magnitude.	lk, M
Feer VOOAR, a. very great, large, big, huge.	
Chennid VOOAR, a. a great strait; 1 Chron. xxi. 1.	3M
VOOAR OF VOOAREE, v. did grudge or begrudg	re;
-AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94	. 101

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Er VOOAR'AGH OF VOOAR'AGHEY, v. hath, &	кс., М
grudged, &c,	M
Yn VOOARA'LAGH, s. the haughty person.	M
Feer VOOARA'LAGH, a. very haughty, &c.	M
E VOOARA'LYS, s. his haughtiness, &c.	M
E VOOARAN'E, s. his much or mickle.	M
Kirree VOOAR'EY, a. pl. big sheep.	M
Yn VOOAR'EYDER, s. the grudger.	1000
Ro Voo'DEE, a. too much in partnership.	B
E VOO'DEEYS, s. his partnership.	В
Voocu, v. did quench or quenched; -AC	M
-IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.	B
Yn Voogh, s. the bilge.	M
Dy VOOGH'EY, v. to quench.	M
Yn VOGH'EYDER, s. the quencher.	M
Ro Vogn'ir, a too quenched.	B
Ro Vool'AGH, a. too willing.	M
Yn VOOIDJEEN', s. the outcast or miscreant.	
Feer VOOIDJEEN'AGH, a. See Mooidjeenagh.	M
E VOOIDJEEN'YS, s. his miscreancy.	M
VOOIE, a. See Laare Vooie.	В
VOOIN, v. did make urine; -AGH; -IN; -IN;	Ms : M
-yM; -YMS; -YS, 94.	M
Yn VOOIN'EYDER, s. the maker of urine.	M
Ro VOOINT, a. too pissed.	
Yn VOOIN'JER, s. the domestics, the serva the household.	M
Fir VOOIN'JEREY, s. men servants.	M
E VOOIN'JERYS, s. his relationship, &c.	M
Ere Vooin or Vo'in, s. on top of, on his b	1000
or on him.	M
Yn VOOIR, s. the sea ; Eccl. i. 7.	M
E VOOISE, s. his thanks.	в
Feer Vooi'SAL, a. very thankful or grateful.	в
E Vooi'ys, s. his gratitude.	в
Dy VOON, v. to piss; s. of urine.	M
Yn Voo'REV, s. the beach.	в
VOOST, v. did rouse, sally or rush ; -AGH ; -	IN:
-INS; -YM; -YMS, 94.	M
Er Voos'TEY, v. hath, &c., roused, &c.	Μ
Yn VOOSTEY'R, s. the rouser.	Μ
Yn Voors, s. the boot.	в
Er VORDRAI'L, v. hath, &c., afforded.	F
Nyn VORT, s. your, &c, ability.	F
V'ORT, p. p. on thee; -s, id. em.	
Cha Voshi or Voshil, v. not open; -A	Contraction of the second
-IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.	F
Er Vos'LEY, v. hath, &c., opened.	F
Yn Vos'sAN, s. the wort.	В
Vov, p. thou wert; -vs, id. em.	1
Er Vou'DAGHEY, v. hath, &c., become dama	ged F
or unsound.	F
E VOU'DEEID, s. his unsoundness.	r
Voue, p. p. from them; -syn, id. em.	в
Yn Vours, s. the stays or bodice.	B
Yn Voui'NAGH, s. the long waist.	. M
The rooms, or one cont of man and	
Voult, v. did bolt; -AGH; -IN; -YM; -YS,	B
Dy Voul'TAL, v. to bolt.	В
Ro Voul'rir, a. too bolted.	B
Ro Vouvr, a. too deaf.	
Dy VOUY'RAGH, v. to deafen.	B B
Er VOUY'RAGHEY, v. hath, &c., deafened.	D

### VRA

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Yn Vouv'RAN or VouRAN, s. the person a li deaf, the deaf diminutive creature; Jer. li. 1	ttle
E VOUYRA'NYS, s. his little deafness.	B
Mraane VOUY'REY, a. pl. deaf women.	B
Yn Vouy'REYDER, s. the deafener.	B
Ro Vouy'RIT, a. too deafened.	B
Vow, p. 144. will thou get; -s, id. em.	G
Vow AD, will they get; -syn, id. em. Cha Vow, p. 144. not get.	GG
Vowym or Vo'ym, p. 144. will I get.	G
My VOWYM OF VO'YM BAASE, before I die.	G
VOWYMS OF VQ'YMS, p. will I get; em.	G
VOYLL, v. did praise; -AGH; -IN; -IN;	
-YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.	M
Fir VOVL'LEE, p. praisers, applauders. Dy VOVL'LEY, v. to praise, to applaud,	M
Yn Vovl'LEVDER, s. the praiser.	M
Ro VOYL'LIT, a. too praised.	M
VOYM, p. p. from me; -s, id. em.	
Yn Vovn, s. the heel.	B
Yn VOYN'NAGH, s. the heel strap.	B
Yn VOYRN, s. the pride Prov. "Cha den rieau yn voyrn feayraght."	M
Feer Voyn'nagh, a. very proud.	M
E VOYR'NEE, s. his proud ones.	M
VRA or VRAA, s. (from Bra) ever, used in poetry	y.B
Yn VRAAG, s. the shoe. Prov. "Ta fys ec	
chooilley ghooinney c'raad ta'n vraag gorte eh."	B
Er VRAA'GEY, v. hath, &c., shod.	B
Yn VRAAIN, s. the quern.	В
E VRAANE, s. his women or wives.	M
E VRAAR, s. his brother.	B
VRAA'REY, a. d. of a brother or brothers; as, the song.	B
My vraarey chree	-
She er dty choontey ta mee soie.	
Yn VRACK, s. the mackrel or trout. VRACK, v. did point or sharpen; -AGH; -I	B
-INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.	B
Yn VRAC'KAN, s. the brindle.	в
Dy VRAC'KRY, s. to sharpen a tool, and not	
grinding; to variegate. Yn VRAC'KEYDER, s. the pointer or sharpener.	B
Ro VRAC'KIT, a. too sharpened.	B
Yn VRAD'DAG, s. the reptile, grub, &c.	B
Yn VRAD'DAN, s. the salmon.	в
Ben VRAEU, a. a brave woman or wife.	B
Fir VRAEU'EY, a. d brave men.	B
Feer VRAGH'EE, a. very malty. Er VRAGH'EY, v. hath, &c., malted; a. d.	B
malt.	B
Yn VRAGH'EYDEN, s. the maltster.	в
E VRAGH'ID, s. his maltiness.	B
Yn VRAGH'TAN, s. the slice or piece of bre spread over with butter, &c.	ad
VRAH, v. did betray, -AGH; -IN; -IN	
-YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.	B
Fir VRAH'EE, s. betrayers. Yn VRAH'EYDER, s. the betrayer.	BB
Ro VRAH'IT, a. too betrayed.	B
Yn VRAN'-CLOOIE, s. the down.	B
Yn VRAN'GLASH, s. the wrong or error.	B
E VRANLAA'DEE, s. his ravings.	B
Yn VRANLAA'DER, s. the raver.	B

### VRE

E VRANLAA'DYS, s. his ravings.	в
VRANL OF VRANLEE, v. did fallow; -AGH; -I	N; B
-INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.	B
Yn VRAN'LAI'G, s. the breach on a shore.	B
Yn VRAN'LEYCAN, s. the staggers.	100
Dy VRAN'LEY, v. to fallow.	B
Yn VRANLEYDER, s. the fallower.	B
Ro VRAN'LIT, a. too fallowed.	-
VRANS, v. did dash; -AGH; -IN; -IN	B
-YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. Dy VRANS'EY, v. to dash; Isa. xiii. 16.	B
	B
E VRASH, s. his brace. Yn VRASH'LAGH, s. the charlock ; the crupper.	0.00
Yn VRASH LAGH, S. the brand.	B
VRASN OF VRASNEE, v. did provoke, stimula	-
or affront, did exasperate; -AGH; -I	N;
-INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.	B
Er VRAS'NAGHEY, v. hath, &c. provoked, &c.	В
Glaare VRAS'NEE, a. d. provoking, or affronti	ng
language, &c.	в
Dy VRAS'NEY, v. to provoke or exasperate.	B
Yn VRAS'NEYDER, s. the provoker, &c.	B
Ro VRAS'NIT, a. too provoked, &c.	B
Yn VREA'DAGH, s. the swingletree.	B
Yn VREAG, s. the lie.	В
Feer VREA'GAGH, a. very lying.	В
Yn VREA'GEREY, s. the liar.	B
Er VREA'GEY, v. hath, &c. lied; John, viii. 44	. B
Er nyn VREAYLL, v. hath, &c, been kept; E	st.
ix. 28.	F
Er VREAYL'LEY, v. hath, &c. kept; Nah. i. 7.	T.
VREB, v. did kick or kicked; -AGH; -I	N; B
-INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. Yn VREB'AG, s. the kiln without a roof; t	
certain posture to warm.	B
Dy VREB'AL, v. to kick,	В
Yn VREB'AN, s. the small kick, or what is left	of
dirt by a kick.	в
Feer VREB'ANAGH, a. very full of dirt by kicks	B.B
Yn VREB'EYDER, s. the one who kicks.	в
Ro VREB'IT, a. too much kicked.	в
Yn VRECK, s. the smallpox.	в
Feer VRECK, a. very spotted, variegated, &c.	в
Yn VRECK'LAGH, s. the something very spotted	.B
Feer VRED'DAGH, a. very thievish.	в
E VRED'DID, s. his thievishness or theft.	в
Yn VREE, s. the steam or vigour, &c.	В
VEREAR OF * VREEARR, v. did vow, vowe	ed,
swear; -AOH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YM	s; B
-ys, 94.	B
E VREEAR'REY, S. his vow.	B
Yn VREEAR'REYDER, s. the one who vows.	B
Ro VREEAR'RIT, a. too vowed.	B
Yn VREECK, s. the brick.	B
Yn VREEN OF VREENID, s. the sultriness.	B
Feer VREEN'AGH, a. very sultry.	B
VREEN'EY, a. pl. sultry.	B
Yn VREEOC'KLE, S. the vowel.	B
Feer VREEOI'L, a. very vigorous, &c.	
Oie'l VREESH'EY, s. Brede or Bridget's night	B
vigil. Yn VREG, s. the lie; 1 Kings, xiii. 8.	B
Feer VRE'GAGH, See Vreagagh.	B
VREID, v. did veil or veiled; -AGH; -IN; -IN	-
-YM; -YMS; -YS, 94; 2 Kings, ix. 30.	B

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### VRO

Yn VREID, s. the veil.	B
VREIG, v. did coax or coaxed; -AGH; -IN	1:
-INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.	в
Dy VREIG'EY, v. to coax.	B
Yn VREIG'EYDER, s. the coaxer.	B
Ro VREIG'IT, a. too coaxed.	B
Dy VREILL oo, that thou keep. This word	
also spelled Reayll and Vreayll.	F
	1.
Er VREIL'LEY, v. hath, &c. kept.	F
VREIM, v. did break wind behind; -AGI	-
-1N; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.	В
Dy VREIM'ARAGH, v. to fart.	B
Yn VREIM'EYDER, s. the farter.	В
Yn VREIM'IN, s. the stinking fellow.	B
Yn VREIN, s. the womb.	в
Ro VREINN, a. too stinking or nasty.	в
Er VREIN'NAGH OF VREIN'NAGHEY, v. hath, 8	-
stunk or become stinking.	B
YnVREIN'NEY, s. the part that hangs under t	1000
belly of a brood goose.	B
Dy VEIN'NID, s. of nastiness, stink.	B
	D
Yn VREISH'AG, s. See radical Breishag.	
Yn VRELEI'G, s. See Breleig.	
Yn VRELLEEIN', s. the sheet.	в
Yn VREL'LISH, s. the ale wort.	в
Yn VRENEEN', s. the mote or atom.	в
Feer VRENEEN'AGH, a. very full of motes, &c.	-
	B
Yn VRET'NAGH, s. the Welshman.	-
E VRET'NEE, s. his Welsh people.	в
Yn VRET'NISH, s. the Welsh language.	в
Cheer VRET'YN, s. the Welsh country, Wales.	B
VREY, v. did calve, lay, yean, &c. Vehr is t	he
word used in common talk; -AGH; -E	
	B
*VRI or VRIE, v. did enquire, ask or enquire	d;
-AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94	B
Er VRI'AGHT, v. hath, &c., enquired or asked.	в
E VRICH'YN, s. his breeches.	B
	-
E VRICE, & his trouts or mackrels.	15
E VRICE, s. his trouts or mackrels.	B
Ro VRIET, a. too enquired or asked.	в
Ro VRIET, a. too enquired or asked. VRISH, v. did break or broke; -AGH; -II	В N;
Ro VRIET, a. too enquired or asked. VRISH, v. did break or broke; —AGH; —IN —INS; —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94.	B B
Ro VRIET, a. too enquired or asked. VRISH, v. did break or broke; —AGH; —IN —INS; —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94. Er VRISH'EY, v. hath, &c., broke or broken.	B B B B
Ro VRIET, a. too enquired or asked. VRISH, v. did break or broke; —AGH; —II —INS; —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94. Er VRISH'EY, v. hath, &c., broke or broken. Er VRISHEY-POO'SEY, v. hath, &c., committ	B B B B ed
Ro VRIET, a. too enquired or asked. VRISH, v. did break or broke; —AGH; —II —INS; —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94. Er VRISH'EY, v. hath, &c., broke or broken. Er VRISHEY-POO'SEY, v. hath, &c., committ adultry, literally broke marriage.	B B B ed B
Ro VRIET, a. too enquired or asked. VRISH, v. did break or broke; —AGH; —IN —INS; —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94. Er VRISH'EY, v. hath, &c., broke or broken. Er VRISHEY-POO'SEY, v. hath, &c., committ adultry, literally broke marriage. Yn VRISH'EYDER, s. the breaker.	B B B B B B B B
Ro VRIET, a. too enquired or asked. VRISH, v. did break or broke; —AGH; —IN —INS; —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94. Er VRISH'EY, v. hath, &c., broke or broken. Er VRISHEY-POO'SEY, v. hath, &c., committ adultry, literally broke marriage. Yn VRISH'EYDER, s. the breaker. Ro VRISHT, a, too broken.	B B B ed B
Ro VRIET, a. too enquired or asked. VRISH, v. did break or broke; —AGH; —IN —INS; —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94. Er VRISH'EY, v. hath, &c., broke or broken. Er VRISHEY-POO'SEY, v. hath, &c., committ adultry, literally broke marriage. Yn VRISH'EYDER, s. the breaker.	B B B B B B B B
Ro VRIET, a. too enquired or asked. VRISH, v. did break or broke; —AGH; —IN —INS; —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94. Er VRISH'EY, v. hath, &c., broke or broken. Er VRISHEY-POO'SEY, v. hath, &c., committ adultry, literally broke marriage. Yn VRISH'EYDER, s. the breaker. Ro VRISHT, a, too broken.	B ; B B ed B B B B
<ul> <li>Ro VRIET, a. too enquired or asked.</li> <li>VRISH, v. did break or broke; —AGH; —IN —INS; —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94.</li> <li>Er VRISH'EY, v. hath, &amp;c., broke or broken.</li> <li>Er VRISHEY-POO'SEY, v. hath, &amp;c., committ adultry, literally broke marriage.</li> <li>Yn VRISH'EYDER, s. the breaker.</li> <li>Ro VRISHT, a. too broken.</li> <li>Feer VRISH'TAGH, a. very brittle.</li> <li>Yn VRIW, s. the judge or deemster.</li> </ul>	B ; B B ed B B B B B B
Ro VRIET, a. too enquired or asked. VRISH, v. did break or broke; —AGH; —IN —INS; —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94. Er VRISH'EY, v. hath, &c., broke or broken. Er VRISHEY-POO'SEY, v. hath, &c., committ adultry, literally broke marriage. Yn VRISH'EYDER, s. the breaker. Ro VRISHT, a, too broken. Feer VRISH'TAGH, a. very brittle. Yn VRIW, s. the judge or deemster. Er VRIW'NYS, v. hath, &c., judged.	B ; B B ed B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B
Ro VRIET, a. too enquired or asked. VRISH, v. did break or broke; —AGH; —IN —INS; —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94. Er VRISH'EY, v. hath, &c., broke or broken. Er VRISHEY-POO'SEY, v. hath, &c., committ adultry, literally broke marriage. Yn VRISH'EYDER, s. the breaker. Ro VRISHT, a, too broken. Feer VRISH'TAGH, a. very brittle. Yn VRIW, s. the judge or deemster. Er VRIW'NYS, v. hath, &c., judged. E VRIW'NYSSYN, s. his judgments.	B ;; B B ed B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B
Ro VRIET, a. too enquired or asked. VRISH, v. did break or broke; —AGH; —IN —INS; —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94. Er VRISH'EY, v. hath, &c., broke or broken. Er VRISHEY-POO'SEY, v. hath, &c., committ adultry, literally broke marriage. Yn VRISH'EYDER, s. the breaker. Ro VRISHT, a, too broken. Feer VRISH'TAGH, a. very brittle. Yn VRIW, s. the judge or deemster. Er VRIW'NYS, v. hath, &c., judged. E VRIW'NYSSYN, s. his judgments. VROACH, v. did tap; —AGH; —IN; —IN	B ;B B ed B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B
<ul> <li>Ro VRIET, a. too enquired or asked.</li> <li>VRISH, v. did break or broke; —AGH; —IN —INS; —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94.</li> <li>Er VRISH'EY, v. hath, &amp;c., broke or broken.</li> <li>Er VRISHEY-POO'SEY, v. hath, &amp;c., committ adultry, literally broke marriage.</li> <li>Yn VRISH'EYDER, s. the breaker.</li> <li>Ro VRISHT, a. too broken.</li> <li>Feer VRISH'TAGH, a. very brittle.</li> <li>Yn VRIW, s. the judge or deemster.</li> <li>Er VRIW'NYS, v. hath, &amp;c., judged.</li> <li>E VRIW'NYSSYN, s. his judgments.</li> <li>VROACH, v. did tap; —AGH; —IN; —IN —YM; —YMS; —YS.</li> </ul>	B ;B B ed B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B
<ul> <li>Ro VRIET, a. too enquired or asked.</li> <li>VRISH, v. did break or broke; —AGH; —IN —INS; —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94.</li> <li>Er VRISH'EY, v. hath, &amp;c., broke or broken.</li> <li>Er VRISHEY-POO'SEY, v. hath, &amp;c., committ adultry, literally broke marriage.</li> <li>Yn VRISH'EYDER, s. the breaker.</li> <li>Ro VRISHT, a. too broken.</li> <li>Feer VRISH'TAGH, a. very brittle.</li> <li>Yn VRIW, s. the judge or deemster.</li> <li>Er VRIW'NYS, v. hath, &amp;c., judged.</li> <li>E VRIW'NYSSYN, s. his judgments.</li> <li>VROACH, v. did tap; —AGH; —IN; —IN —YM; —YMS; —YS.</li> <li>Dy VROACHEIL, v. to broach or tap.</li> </ul>	B ; B B ed B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B
<ul> <li>Ro VRIET, a. too enquired or asked.</li> <li>VRISH, v. did break or broke; —AGH; —II —INS; —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94.</li> <li>Er VRISH'EY, v. hath, &amp;c., broke or broken.</li> <li>Er VRISHEY-POO'SEY, v. hath, &amp;c., committ adultry, literally broke marriage.</li> <li>Yn VRISH'EYDER, s. the breaker.</li> <li>Ro VRISHT, a. too broken.</li> <li>Feer VRISH'TAGH, a. very brittle.</li> <li>Yn VRIW, s. the judge or deemster.</li> <li>Er VRIW'NYS, v. hath, &amp;c., judged.</li> <li>E VRIW'NYSSYN, s. his judgments.</li> <li>VROACH, v. did tap; —AGH; —IN; —IN —YM; —YMS; —YS.</li> <li>Dy VROACHEIL, v. to broach or tap.</li> <li>Yn VROACH'EY, s. the roll of yarn or thread.</li> </ul>	B ; B B ed B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B
<ul> <li>Ro VRIET, a. too enquired or asked.</li> <li>VRISH, v. did break or broke; —AGH; —IN —INS; —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94.</li> <li>Er VRISH'EY, v. hath, &amp;c., broke or broken.</li> <li>Er VRISHEY-POO'SEY, v. hath, &amp;c., committ adultry, literally broke marriage.</li> <li>Yn VRISH'EYDER, s. the breaker.</li> <li>Ro VRISHT, a, too broken.</li> <li>Feer VRISH'TAGH, a. very brittle.</li> <li>Yn VRIW, s. the judge or deemster.</li> <li>Er VRIW'NYS, v. hath, &amp;c., judged.</li> <li>E VRIW'NYSSYN, s. his judgments.</li> <li>VROACH, v. did tap; —AGH; —IN; —IN —YM; —YMS; —YS.</li> <li>Dy VROACHEIL, v. to broach or tap.</li> <li>Yn VROACH'EYDER, s. the tapper.</li> </ul>	B ;B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B
<ul> <li>Ro VRIET, a. too enquired or asked.</li> <li>VRISH, v. did break or broke; —AGH; —II —INS; —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94.</li> <li>Er VRISH'EY, v. hath, &amp;c., broke or broken.</li> <li>Er VRISHEY-POO'SEY, v. hath, &amp;c., committ adultry, literally broke marriage.</li> <li>Yn VRISH'EYDER, s. the breaker.</li> <li>Ro VRISHT, a. too broken.</li> <li>Feer VRISH'TAGH, a. very brittle.</li> <li>Yn VRIW, s. the judge or deemster.</li> <li>Er VRIW'NYS, v. hath, &amp;c., judged.</li> <li>E VRIW'NYSSYN, s. his judgments.</li> <li>VROACH, v. did tap; —AGH; —IN; —IN —YM; —YMS; —YS.</li> <li>Dy VROACHEIL, v. to broach or tap.</li> <li>Yn VROACH'EY, s. the roll of yarn or thread.</li> </ul>	B ;B B d B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B
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<ul> <li>Ro VRIET, a. too enquired or asked.</li> <li>VRISH, v. did break or broke; —AGH; —IN —INS; —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94.</li> <li>Er VRISH'EY, v. hath, &amp;c., broke or broken.</li> <li>Er VRISHEY-POO'SEY, v. hath, &amp;c., committ adultry, literally broke marriage.</li> <li>Yn VRISH'EYDER, s. the breaker.</li> <li>Ro VRISHT, a. too broken.</li> <li>Feer VRISH'TAGH, a. very brittle.</li> <li>Yn VRIW, s. the judge or deemster.</li> <li>Er VRIW'NYS, v. hath, &amp;c., judged.</li> <li>E VRIW'NYSSYN, s. his judgments.</li> <li>VROACH, v. did tap; —AGH; —IN; —IN —YM; —YMS; —YS.</li> <li>Dy VROACHEIL, v. to broach or tap.</li> <li>Yn VROACH'EYDER, s. the tapper.</li> <li>Ro VROACH'IT, a. too tapped.</li> <li>Yn VROC, s. the badger.</li> <li>Yn VROCK, s. the orts.</li> </ul>	B ;B B ed B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B
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<ul> <li>Ro VRIET, a. too enquired or asked.</li> <li>VRISH, v. did break or broke; —AGH; —II —INS; —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94.</li> <li>Er VRISH'EY, v. hath, &amp;c., broke or broken.</li> <li>Er VRISHEY-POO'SEY, v. hath, &amp;c., committ adultry, literally broke marriage.</li> <li>Yn VRISH'EYDER, s. the breaker.</li> <li>Ro VRISHT, a. too broken.</li> <li>Feer VRISH'TAGH, a. very brittle.</li> <li>Yn VRIW, s. the judge or deemster.</li> <li>Er VRIW'NYS, v. hath, &amp;c., judged.</li> <li>E VRIW'NYSSYN, s. his judgments.</li> <li>VROACH, v. did tap; —AGH; —IN; —IN —YM; —YMS; —YS.</li> <li>Dy VROACHEIL, v. to broach or tap.</li> <li>Yn VROACH'EY, s. the roll of yarn or thread.</li> <li>Yn VROACH'IT, a. too tapped.</li> <li>Yn VROCK, s. the badger.</li> <li>Yn VROCK, s. the orts.</li> <li>VROCK, v. did make ort or refuse of; —AGH; —YS</li> <li>Dy VROCK'EY, v. to make orts of.</li> </ul>	B;BBedBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBB
<ul> <li>Ro VRIET, a. too enquired or asked.</li> <li>VRISH, v. did break or broke; —AGH; —II —INS; —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94.</li> <li>Er VRISH'EY, v. hath, &amp;c., broke or broken.</li> <li>Er VRISHEY-POO'SEY, v. hath, &amp;c., committ adultry, literally broke marriage.</li> <li>Yn VRISH'EYDER, s. the breaker.</li> <li>Ro VRISHT, a. too broken.</li> <li>Feer VRISH'TAGH, a. very brittle.</li> <li>Yn VRIW, s. the judge or deemster.</li> <li>Er VRIW'NYS, v. hath, &amp;c., judged.</li> <li>E VRIW'NYSSYN, s. his judgments.</li> <li>VROACH, v. did tap; —AGH; —IN; —IN —YM; —YMS; —YS.</li> <li>Dy VROACHEIL, v. to broach or tap.</li> <li>Yn VROACH'EYDER, s. the tapper.</li> <li>Ro VROACH'IT, a. too tapped.</li> <li>Yn VROCK, s. the orts.</li> <li>VROCK, v. did make ort or refuse of; —AGH; —YS</li> <li>Dy VROCK'EY, v. to make orts of.</li> <li>Yn VROCK'IL or VOGH'IL, s. the breast or colla</li> </ul>	B;BBedBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBB
<ul> <li>Ro VRIET, a. too enquired or asked.</li> <li>VRISH, v. did break or broke; —AGH; —II —INS; —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94.</li> <li>Er VRISH'EY, v. hath, &amp;c., broke or broken.</li> <li>Er VRISHEY-POO'SEY, v. hath, &amp;c., committ adultry, literally broke marriage.</li> <li>Yn VRISH'EYDER, s. the breaker.</li> <li>Ro VRISHT, a. too broken.</li> <li>Feer VRISH'TAGH, a. very brittle.</li> <li>Yn VRIW, s. the judge or deemster.</li> <li>Er VRIW'NYS, v. hath, &amp;c., judged.</li> <li>E VRIW'NYSSYN, s. his judgments.</li> <li>VROACH, v. did tap; —AGH; —IN; —IN —YM; —YMS; —YS.</li> <li>Dy VROACHEIL, v. to broach or tap.</li> <li>Yn VROACH'EY, s. the roll of yarn or thread.</li> <li>Yn VROACH'IT, a. too tapped.</li> <li>Yn VROCK, s. the badger.</li> <li>Yn VROCK, s. the orts.</li> <li>VROCK, v. did make ort or refuse of; —AGH; —YS</li> <li>Dy VROCK'EY, v. to make orts of.</li> </ul>	B;BB edB B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B

# VUI

Ro VROCK'IT, a. too ortsed.	в
VROD or *VRODD, v. did pierce, poke, sta	ıb,
prick; -AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YM	s;
-ys, 94.	B
Dy VROD'DEY, v. to pierce, poke, &c.	B
Yn VROD'DEYDER, s. the piercer, &c.	B
Ro VROD'DIT, a. too pierced, &c.	BB
Yn VROID, s. the dirt, filth, filthiness.	-
*VROI OF VROIE, v. did boil or boiled; -AG -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.	в
Yn VROIE'DER, s. the boiler.	B
Ro VROIET, a. too much boiled.	в
VROIGH, v. did dirty or dirtied; -AGH; -I	N:
-INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.	B
Dy VROIGH'EY, v. to dirty, &c.	в
Yn VROIGH'EYDER, s. the dirtier.	в
Ro VROIGH'IT, a. too dirtied.	в
VROILL, v. did bur or bruise down; -AG	н;
-INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. See Broull.	в
Dy VROIL'LEY, v. to bur or bruise down.	в
Yn VROIL'LEYDER, s. the burrer, &c.	B
Ro VROIL'LIT, a. too much bruised or blunted	
Yn VROIT, s. the broth.	в
VROO, v. did bruise or bruised ; -AGH ; -II	N;
-INS; -YM; -YMS;YS, 94.	BB
Yn VROO'DER, s. the bruiser.	B
Yn VROOGH, s. the brink or brow. VROOIGHT, v. did belch or belched; -AG	
-IN'; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.	B
Dy VROOIGHTOIL', v. to belch.	в
Yn VROOILL OF VROOIL'LAGH, s. the crumbs.	в
Ro VROO'JIT, a. too much bruised.	в
E VROO'NYN, s. his brinks or brows.	в
Yn VROUISH, s. the brewis.	в
Yn VROUT OF VROUIT, s. the brute.	в
Ro VROUT'AGH, a. too brutish or brutal,	в
E VROUT'ID, s. his brutishness or brutality.	в
Yn VRU'AN, s. the rash.	в
Feer VRU'ANAGH, a. very full of rash.	в
Yn VRY, s. the malt. Prov "Ta'n vry erskyn y churnaght."	в
Feer VRYN'NAGH, a. very pert or flatterous.	в
Dy VRYN'NERAGHT, v. to flatter.	в
E VRYN'NERYS, s. his flattery.	в
E VRYN'NID, s. his pertness.	
Ro VRYNT, a. too pert.	
Yn VUCK, s. the pig or hog. Prov "Lhig dy chooilley vuck reuyrey jee hene."	
	м
	M
	M
	B
Ny VUD EU, among you; 2 Cor. xi. 30.	F
	of
Doodee.	
and cooline , or the solution	в
Feer VUGGANE'AGH, a. very dreary or frightfu	l, B
, or , another, up to the second	B
in coord doily of the same state	B
	B
	B
	B
	B

# VYN

E VUILC, s. his bellies.	в
E VUILG-SHEID'EE, s. his bellows.	в
E VUILL, s. his places. This word as wel <i>Voayllyn</i> , is used for the plural of place.	l as B
Yn VUIL'LEY, s. the blow or stroke.	B
VUINN, v. did reap or reaped, did shear co	1000
pull flax, hemp, ling; cut turf, &c. -Ac	
-IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.	B
Yn VUIN'NEY, s. the mesentery.	B
Yn VUIN'NEYDER, s. the turf cutter, &c. Ro VUIN'NIT, a. too reaped, shorn, pulled, &a	B
Cha VUIR or *VUIRR, v. not stay; —AGH; —	
-INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94,	F
Yn VUIR, s. the sea. See also Vooir.	м
E VUIRCHOO'RAGHYN, s. his wrecks.	M
E VUIRD, s. his tables, boards, &c.	в
Yn VUIREI'REY, s. the billow.	M
Yn VUIRHRAIE', s. the ebb tide.	M
Feer VUIRJEE'NAGH, s. very gloomy.	M
E VUIRJEE'NYS, s. his gloominess.	M
Yn VUIRLAIG', s. the stone worn by the sea. Yn VUIRLANE', s. the sea tang.	M
Er VUIR'RIAGHT OF VUIR'RAGHTYN, v. hath,	
stayed; Acts, xxv. 6.	F
VUITCH, v. did bewitch; -AGH; -EE; -	
-INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.	B
Er VUITCH'AL, v. hath, &c. bewitched.	B
Yn VUITCH'ERAGHT, s. the witchcraft.	B
Yn VUITCH'EYDER, s. the bewitcher. Ro VUITCH'IT, a. too bewitched.	B
Yn VUITCHOO'R, s. the butcher.	B
E VUITCHOO'RYS, s. his butchery.	B
Yn VUL'LAG, s. the cask or keg.	M
Yn VUL'LAGH, s. the top, the summit,	the
height; as, vel "yn eayst ec y vullagh (is	
moon at the height or full) ? E Vul'LEE, a. d. his top or head; Acts, i.	M
pl	M
Dty VUM'MIG, s. thy mother, colloquially.	м
Yn Vun, s. the butt end; the meaning.	в
Yn VUNDEI'L, s. the bundle.	в
Yn VUNLAA', s. the mid-day or noon.	M
Yn VUN'NEY, s. the sheaf; pl. 68.	B
Dty Vun'nys, s. thy almost.	B
Feer VUN RY SKY'N, a. very topsy turvy, upside down.	or B
Yn VUR'LEY, s. the cress or cresses.	B
Yn VUR'LHIN, s. the hamper.	м
Yn Vur'Roo, s. the eye rock at the Calf.	в
Cha VUR'RYS LHIAM DA. See radical Burrys.	в
Yn VUR'TAG, s. the blunt knife.	в
Dy VUR'TAGH, v. to fumble, to work with a po or blunt tool.	M
Er VUR'TAGHEY, v. hath, &c. fumbled or wroug	
in a bungling manner. Yn Vus'sAL, s. the handkerchief.	MB
Yn VUSTAA' OF VUSTHAA', s. the bustle.	M
Yn VUSTHANE', s. the dust of rotten wood.	M
Yn VUTT, s. the prop or buttress.	B
E VYGH'IN, s. his mercy.	M
Feer Vygh'INAGH, a. very merciful.	м
Dy VYGH'INEE, s. of merciful ones.	M
	M
Feer Vyn. v. very fine, small, &c.	M

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-N	ъ			N -

Dy VYN'AGHEY, v. to make small, &c. M	E WAR'REE, s. his grandmother. M
VYN'GYR, v. did pilfer or steal small things; -AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.M	WASS, adv. below, down. It is sometimes used in opposition to Hoal; any where the speaker
Dy VYN'GYRAGHT, v. to pilfer or steal petty	is; ayns shoh wass (here below). Yn WASH'AG, s. the wig or tuft of hair. M
things. Yn VYNJEIG', s. the small package.	E WAT'LAG, s. his wilk or walk. M
E VYN'NAGH, s. his bowels ; Job, xx. 14. See	WED, s. m. wad or wadding.
Vinnagh. M	Ro WEE, a. too yellow. See Wuigh. B
Feer Vys'GIDAGH, a. very malicious or spite- ful. M	WEE, v. did curse or beseech; —AGH; —IN; —INS; —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94. G
E VYS'KID OF VYS'KIT, s. his malice or spite. M	Dy WEE'AGHYN, v. to curse. G
	Yn WEE'DER, s. the curser. G Yn WEEI'GHEY, s. the jaundice. B
TET	Yn WEEI'GHEY, s. the jaundice.BRo WEE'IT, a. too cursed.G
VV	WEUE, p. p. from you; -ISH, id. em. See Veue.V
This letter, as primary initial, is seen in the fol-	WEUE-HENE, p. p. from yourselves. V
lowing columns, and also as initial in deriva- tives where it is second letter, or where OO, U and sometimes O are next after primary mu-	WHAAL OF WHAYLL, v. SeW; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; —IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.
table initials in a word. Note.—The derivatives from V are only used in	WHAA'LEY, v. sewing; s. m. a sewing or seam; pl. 67.
common conversation, and not in sacred or solemn language.	WHAA'LEYDER, s. m. one who sews.
E WAA'EE, s. his hares. M	WHAAL'LEV, s. m. a clinch nail; pl. 67. WHAALT, pt. sewed.
E WAAG, s. his bowling stones; his hut or	Vn WHAALTAGH, s. the meeter. Q
E WAAGH, s. his hare.	My WHAIL, v. to meet me. Q
Feer WAAGH OT WHAAGH, a. very pretty. B	Er WHAIL'TEY, v. hath, &c. met Q
Dy WAA'LEY, v. to sew.	Yn WHAIYLL, s. the court; pl. —YN. Q
Yn WAANE or WANE, s. the cow-house or booth. B	WHED'DYR, s. f. a barb; plYN. WHED'DYRAGH, a. barby, having barbs.
WAGAAN', v. stroll idly.	WHEESH, adv. as much, so much; cre wheesh,
WAGAAN'TAGH, s. m. a vagrant or vagabond; a. in a vagabond, vagrant manner.	cre whillin, (how much). Yn WHEIG, s. the five; pl. —YN. Q
WAGAAN'TYS, s. vagrancy.	Yn WHEIG'GOO, s. the fifth. Q
WAHLL, in. well.	Yn WHEIGJEIG', a. the fifteen. Q
WALK, v. tuck or mill woollen cloth; —AGH, 77; —EE, 80; — IN, 83; —INS, 84; —YM, 86; —YMS, 87; —YS, 88.	<ul> <li>Yn WHEGJEIG'OO OF WHEIGOOYEIG, a. the fifteenth.</li> <li>Q</li> <li>Yn WHEIG AS FEE'DOO, a. the twenty-fifth.</li> </ul>
WALK'EE, a. d. of tucking or milling.	E WHID, s. his penises. B
WALK'EY, v. tucking, milling.	WHIL'LEEN, or as it is always pronounced
WALK'EYDER OF WALKER, s. a tucker or miller of woollen cloth, a fuller; Mark, ix. 3.	WHIL'LIN OF WHYL'LIN, adv. as many, so many; (how many).
WALK'IT, pt. tucked, milled.	E WHING, s. his yoke; his large swingletree. Q
WANDRAIL', v. wandering. WANDRAIL'AGH, a. wandering; s. m. a person that wanders.	WHINGJEEA'R, s. m. the leading horse or bul- lock in a yoke or team, the beast that is fore- most inside.
WANDRAIL'YSSYN, s. pl. wanderings.	Yn WHIV'ER, s. the quiver; Gen. xxvii. 3. Q
E WAN'NAL, s. his neck. M	WHOIG OF WHAIG, s. f. a thrum; plYN.
Creoi WAN'NALLAGH, a. stiffnecked; s. stiff- necked person. M	Yn WHON, s. the stump. B Feer WHON'NAGH, a. very stumpy. B
Creoi WAN'NALLYS, s. stiffneckedness, stub- bornness. M	Ard WHUAIYL, s. the council. Though this spelling is made use of, I think it better writ-
WAP'PIN, s. m. a weapon; plYN.	ten Whaiyl, which see. Q
WAP'PINAGH, a. having weapons.	E WHUAIL'LAN, s. his pup or whelp. Q
WAR, s. m. the stroke of an oar in rowing or plying; pl YN.	Yn WHUEEYL, s. the wheel. Q Yn WHUEEYL'LAGH, s. the band; pl. 72. Q
WAR'DOONAGH, s. a. a warden; pl. 71.	Yn WHUEEYL'LAGH, s. the band; pl. 72. Q Yn WHUIG'GAL, s. the distaff; it is also applied
WAR'DOOR, s. m. a jailor; pl YN; Acts, XVI. 23.	to the lint on the distaff. Q
WARP, s. m. a cast, a three; pl PYN.	E WHUINEE'L, s. his sleeve. M
WARF, v. wrap, bind round; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88.	Smock WHUINEEL'LAGH, a. a shift having sleeves. M
WAR'PAL, v. wrapping, binding round.	WHUSH, in. hold thy peace, hush. E WIL'LEEN' s. 42. his loaf; Lev. xxiii, 17. B
WAR'PIT, pt. wrapped, bound. WAR'RAG, s. f. m. a wit; pl YN.	Yn Wing, s. the mane. M
WAR'REE, a. witty, crafty, &c.	E WIN'NICAN, s. 42. his yolk. B

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#### WOO

WIS'TAD, s. f. worsted.	Fir
E WOATE, s. his hatred or detestation. D	Ben
Ro WOAI'AGH, a. too hateful or detestable. D	EV
E WOAI'YS, s. his detestableness. D	Yn
WOAILL v. 42. did strike or smite; -AGH;	Dy Se
-IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. B <i>Yn</i> WOALL'LEE, s. 42, the fold. B	Wo
	Wo
Yn WOAIL'LEY, s. 42. the blow or stroke. B Yn WOAIL'LEYDER OF WOAILTEYR, s. 42. the	Wo
striker or smiter. B	of
Ro WOALLT, a. 42. threshed or striken. B	Wo
Ro WOAIL'TAGH, a. 42. too apt to strike. B	Wo
E WOAILT'CHYN, s. 42. folds or foldings. B	EV
Yn WOAILTEEN', s. 42. the heavy mallet. B	Dy
Dy WOAL'LEY, v. 42. to strike, to thresh. B	Ro
E WOID, s. 42. his penis. B	Yn di
F WOIE, s. 42. his boy; pl. —AGHYN. B	EV
V. 42. did trouble or disturb, did harass; 3H; -EE; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS;	Yn
-ys, 94. See also Voir. B	Ro
Ro WOI'RAGH, a. 42. too troublesome, &c. B	Dy
Yn WOIRANE', s. 42. the troublesome one. B	Yn
E WOIA'NYS, s. 42. his trouble, harrassing. B	Yn
E Wol'REY, s. 42. his trouble or disturbance. B	Wu
Yn WOI'REYDER, s. 42. the troubler or disturber. B	- D.
Oie'l WOIR'REY, s. Mary's night. M	Dy E
Kirree WOIRRYN, s. 42. she sheep. B	Ro
Un WOIR'RYNAGH, s. 42. one female. B	EV
Yn WOIR'RYNID, s. 42. the feminality. B	Yn
WOISH, pre. from. Prov. "Woish y laue gys	WY
y veeal" (from hand to mouth). V	EI
WOISH, p. p. from him; -VN, id. em. V	cr
WOISH'LEEYN, s. pl. pennyworts. WOL'LAD, s. a wallet.	Yn
WON'DEISH, s. advantage, profit. V	WY
WON'DEISHSAGH, a. advantageous, profitable. V	1.00
Yn WOOA, s. 42. the cow. See also Vooa. B	
Cre WOOAD KEAVRT, how many times. M	
E WOOAD, s. his size, bigness. M	
Dy WOOAD'AGHEY, v. to enlarge or expand. M	1
E WOOADS OF WOOAD'YS, s. his size, greatness,	v.
em. M Feer WOOAR, a. very big, great, or large. M	Y, a W
Dy WOOAR'AGHEY, v. to begrudge. M	Y, (
Ro WOOARA'LAGH, a. too haughty or ambi-	be
tious. M	<i>y</i> (g
E WOOARA'LYS, s. his haughtiness or osten-	ec
tation. M	de
Dy WOOASH'LAGHEY, v. to worship. O Note.—I have initialled these words, from O, with	Dy
W, though I never saw them so written; yet	YAA
nothing is more common than to hear them	Ro
so spoken.	Dy
Yn WOOASH'LEYDER, s. the worshipper. O WOOASH'LIT, 85. worshipped. O	Ro
Feer Woor'AGH, a. 42, very willing or pleased. B	EY
E Woo'ID or WooI'-ID, s. 42. his willingness, B	YAC
Tou dty WOOIDJEEN', s. thou art an excommu-	tio
nicated person. M	EY
E WOOIDJEE'NYS, s. his outlawry. M	EY
WOOIN, p. p. from us; -yN, id. em. V	YAR
WOOINHENE', p. from ourselves. V	EJ
E WOOIN'JER, s. his household or domestics. M	Ny

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1.13	٢.	A		2	

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Fir WOOIN'JER, s. men-servants.	M
Ben WOOIN'JEREY, s. a woman relation.	м
E WOOIN'JERYS, s. his relationship.	Μ
Yn WOOIR, s. the sea.	M
Dy Wool'ys, v. 42. to please; 2 Chron. x.	7.
See also Matrimony.	в
WOOYM, p. p. from me; -s, id. em.	V
WOOYMPENE', p. p. from myself.	v
Wor, v. This word is used to make a horse	go
off to the right, to chee or gee.	1
WOUE, p. p. from them; -syn, id. em.	V
WOUE HENE, p. p. from themselves.	V
E WUICK, s. 42. his geldings.	В
Dy WUIGGYS, s. of moisture.	в
Ro WUIGH OF WEE, a. 42. too yellow.	В
Yn WUIGH'EY OF WEEIGH'EY, s. 42. the jan dice.	
	B
E WUILG, s. 42. his bellies.	В
Yn WUIL'LEY, s. 42. the blow or stroke.	B
Ro WUILT, a. 42. too smitten.	B
Dy WUINN, 42. See Vuinn, to reap, &c.	в
Yn WUIN'NAGH, s. 42. the lax or looseness.	в
Yn WUIR. See Wooir, the sea.	M
WUITCH, s. 42. witch; v. did bewitch; -AC -IN; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.	
Dy WUITCH'AL, v. 42. to bewitch.	B
E WUITCH'ERAGHT, s. 42. his witchcraft.	B
Ro WUITCH'IT, a. 42. too bewitched.	B
E Wyl'Jyn, s. his mills.	
	M
Yn WYL'LAR, s. the miller.	M
WYL'LARAGH, a. d. of or belonging to a mill	ler.
E WYL'LARYS, 8. his millership or his trade craft of a miller.	or
Yn Wyl'LIN, s. the mill or miln.	100
WYL'LINAGH WYLJEY, a. d. of a mill or mills	M
in a mini of mins	· TAT

# Y

Y, as a radical initial, does not change, but all words radically in J come under it.

Y, (article) the contraction of $yn$ . It is often	en used
before words beginning with a consonal	nt: as.
y Dooinney, (the man); Goll gys.y	nagher
(going to the field), &c. It is sometimes	neodin
composition for A, as in Luke, ix. 3.	Nu Thia
da daa chooat y pheesh y ve'eu.	ing inug
Dy YAAGH, s. of smoke.	J
YAAGH, v. did smoke; -AGH; -IN;	-INS -
-YM; -YMS;-YS, 94.	T. S.
Ro YAAGH'AGH, a. too smoky.	J
Dy YAAGH'EY, v. to smoke.	J
Ro YAAGH'IT, a. too smoked.	J
E YAG'GID & his jackot	3
E LAG GID, S. DIS 190000	

J YAGH, in. anon; said to the speaker when the hearer does not well know what is said, a notice to repeat what was said before.

E YAGH'EE, s. his tithe.	J
E YAGH'EENYS, s. his tithing trade.	J
YAH OF YAGH, s. lass; plYN.	1.14
E YAL'LOO, s. his idol or image.	J
Ny YAL'LOODER, s. an idolater.	J

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E YAM'YS, s. his James. J	D
Dy YAN'NOO, v. to do, act, make, &c. J	Y
Drogh YAN'TAGH, s. a sinner, an evil doer or	1
actor, a transgressor, po. /	
Cha YARG, v. could or couldst not; —AGH; —EE; —IN; —INS; —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94. J	L
E YARG'AN, s. his flea. J	Y
YARNAIG', s. f. a hank of yarn or thread ; plYN.	Y
YARR OF YIAR'RAGH, v. (from Jir) would or	Y E
wouldst say; -AGH; -EE; -IN; -INS;	I
-YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. J Dty VAR'ROO s, thy indeed. J	1
Dty YAR'ROO, s. thy indeed. J Dy YARROO'D, s. to forget; -AGH; -IN;	E
-INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. J	I
Ro YARROO'DAGH, a. too forgetful. J	Ŀ
E YARROODEY, v. his forgetting. J	Y
Ro YARROO'DIT, a. too forgotten. J	-
E YAS'TAN. See Jastan. J	I
Dy YAS'TEE, s. of yeast or barm. J	E H
E YAT'TER, s. his debtor, his dealer with, his	-
author. J E YAW, s. his creek. G	D
E YEA, s. his yesterday.J $E$ YEA'ID, s, his sharpness of teeth.J	E
YEAL. See Yeeal.	h
Drogh YEAN'TAGH, s. an evil doer, a sinner.	Y
Though this word is more analogous; yet, see	I
Drogh-yantagh. J	E
E YECREAN, s. his Wednesday. J	I
E YEDOO'NEE, s. his Lord's day or Sunday. J	
Dty YEE, s. thy God. J	Y
YEEAGH, v. did look, show, showed or appeared; -AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. J	
Ro YEEAGH'IT, a. too looked on or shown. J	
Dty YEEAGH'YN, v. to look; visit, or show. J	I
YBEAL, s. f. a thong, a string of hide; Acts,	F
xxii. 25. YEEAL-CHAS'SEE, s. f. a piece of thong tied be-	1
tween the handle and the rod of a flail, whereon	
it works.	1
YEEAL, v. beat; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83;	3
-INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88. YEEAL'LEY, v. beating; s. m. a beating; pl. 67.	I
YEEAL'LEYDER, s. m. a beater.	F
YEEALT, 85. beaten.	*
YEEAN, s. m. a chicken, a chick, the young of	
any fowl. This word is also written without	I
a Ý. Prov. "Ta'n yeean myr e ghooie my vel clooie er e chione."	I
YEEAN'LEE, s. pl. fowls, the fowls of the air. E	1
Ro YEEAN, a. too earnest, zealous or fervent. J	F
E YEEAN'ID, s. his earnestness, zeal, ardency. J	1
YEEAR'LYS, s. m. an earnest. E	3
YEEAR'REE, s. f. a desire, a wish. E	3
YEEARREEO'IL, a. desirable. E	
YEEAR'REVDER, s. m. one that desires ; pl YN.	I
YEEAR'RIT, 85. desired. E	
E YEEAS, s. his ear or head of corn. J	3
YEEAS'EYDAGH, s.m. alender; pl.71; Pro. xxii.7	1
YEEAS'EYDER, s. m. a borrower. YEEASS or YEEAS'SEE, v. 42. lend or borrow;	1
-AGH; -EE; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS;	1
-YS, 94.	1
Dy YEEAS'SAGHEY, v. to lend, to borrow.	1 3
YEEAS'SIT, 85. lent, borrowed.	1 1

YEI

Dy YEEAS'SYRRAGHT, v. to glean, to gather ears
or heads of corn. J YEEAST, s. m. 42. fish; plYN.; v. fish;
-AGH; -EE; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS;
-YS, 94. Dy YEEAS'TAGHEY, v. to fish or catch fish. J
YEEAST'EE, a. d. of fishing.
YEEASTEYR', s. m. a fisherman; pl. — YN. YEEASTEYR'AGH, a. d. of a fisher or fisherman.
E YEE'BIN, s. his deeping of nets. J
Ro YEE'BINAGH, a. too much deepings, too
much in mesh or net work. J E YEE'BINYS, s. his net or mesh work. J
E YEEGH'YN, s. his idol gods. J
E YEEIG, s. his ditch or drain. J
YEEIG, v. did ditch or drain; —AGH; —IN; —INS; —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94. J
Ro YEEIG'ACH, a. too full of ditches, &c. J
E YEEIGEAN', s. his small ditch or rill, J
Ro YEEIGEAN'AGH, a. too full of small ditches, drains or rills of water.
Dy YEEIG'EY, v. drain or make ditches; to tilt a
cask. J E YEEIG'EYDER, s. his drainer, &c. J
Ro YEEIG'IT, a. too drained or ditched. J
YEEL, v. did havoc or waste; -AGH; -IN;
-INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. J Dy YEEL'AL, v. to make havoc, &c. J
E YEEL'EYDER, s. his damager or waster. J
Ro YEEL'IT, a. too much made havoc of, wasted,
dirtied, &c. J YEELT, v. did saddle or saddled ; —AGH ; —IN ;
-INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. J
Dy YEELT'AL OF YEELTEY, v. to saddle. J E YEELTEYR', s. his saddler. J
Ro YEELT'IT, a. too saddled. J
Ro YEEN, a. too stanch from rain or leak. J
E YEEN'AGH, s. his rinsing of the milking ves- sels. J
E YEEN'NYS, s. his wedge; plsyn. J
YEEN'NYS, v. did wedge; -AGH; -IN; -INS;
-YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. J Dy YEEN'NYSEY, v. to wedge. J
Ro YEEN'NYSIT, a. too wedged. J
*YEER OF YEEREE, v. did straighten; -AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. J
Dy YEER'AGHEY, v. to straighten. J
E YEER'EYDER, s. his straightener. J
E YEER'ID OF YEERYS, s. his straightness or up- rightness. J
Ro YEER'IT, a. too straightened. J
E YEES, s. his two. J YEE'SEY, s. m. Jesus.
YEEST'YR, v. did creak; -AGH; -IN; -INS;
-YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. J
Dy YEEST'YRNEE, v. to creak, &c. J E YEE'YS, s. his Godhead. J
YEH, (from Jeh,) of; yn derrey yea (the either
one of). J
E YEHEI'NEY, s. his Friday. J My YEï, adv. after me, abaft me. J
Ro YEID'AGH, a. too snug and tidy. J
E YEID'ID, s. his tidiness, &c. J
Trass YEIG, a. the thirteen.JTrass YEIG'00, a. the thirteenth.J

#### YEU

	0.00
YEIGH, v. did shut; -ACH; -IN; -INS; -YM;	Ro
-YMS; -YS, 94. J Du YEIGH, v. to shut. J	Ro
	Dty
and an and an and an and an and an and an and and	Dy
ALO I LIUNI, a. COU SHARE	YL
YEIH. See Ny Yeih. E YEIH. s. his ten. J	Fe
	YL
$ \begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	n
E YEIRK, s. alm; pl. $-YN$ . J	-
YEIRK, s. did give alms; -AGH; -IN; -INS;	Er
-YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. J	E
E YEIRE'AGH, s. his beggar; pl. 71. J	YL
E YEIRR'EYDAGH, s. his giver of alms or almoner.	YL
E YEIRK'ID, s. his beggary. J	Yn
Ro YEIRK'IT, a. too given in alms. J	Ro
E YEIR'REE, a. d. of histears. J	I
E YELHEI'N OF YELHUIN', s. his Monday. J	YI
YEL'LIU, v. did warp a web; -AGH; -IN;	
-INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. J	Ro
E YEL'LIUDER, s. his warper; plYN. J	Fe
Ro YEL'LIUIT, s. too warped. J	Yn
E YEMA'YRT, s. his Tuesday. J	1
Feer YEN'NAL, a. very glad, cheerful, free. G	YI.
E YEN'NALLYS, s. his cheerfulness, &c. G	Dy
Dy YEN'NALLYS, 8. of joyfulness, gladness. G	Dy
E YERDEIN', s. his Thursday. J	E
Ro YERE, a. too sharp, tart, or sour. G	*Y
Dy YERE'AGH OF YEREAGHEY, v. to sharpen or sour. G	Dy
E YERE'ID, s. his sharpness or sourness. G	YI
Ro YERE'IT, s. too sharpened or tart. G	E
*YERK or YERK'EE, v. did expect, trust, or hope;	Ro
-AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. J	YI
Dy YERR'AL, v. to expect, trust, or hope. J	1
E YERK'ALLYS, s. his expectation, &c. J	-
E YERK'EYDER, s. his expecter. J	Dy
Ro YERK'IT, a. too expected or hoped. J	YI
Dy YER'LYN, s. of darnel. J	YI
YER'NAGH, s. m. an Irishman; pl. 71; a. Irish,	YI
any thing Irish.	Yn
YER'NISH, s. f. the Irish language.	Ro
E YER'REE, s. his hindmost or last; as, fy-yerree	E
(at last, lastly, finally). J E YER'REY, s. his end, his last, his hinder ends;	Ro
pl. 67. J	
YER'RINAGH, a. d. of the last or latter; as,	E
lhiabbee-yerrinagh (of the death-bed, or the bed	Fe
that ends, or is final); Mat. xii. 45. J.	E
E YESARN', s. his Saturday. J	E
Laue YESH, a. right hand. J	1 .
Ro YESH, a. too right, proper, suitable, &c. J	E
E YESH'AGHT, s. his implement, instrument, or utensil. J	YI
YESHEEN', v. did ornament, embellish; -AGH;	
-IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. J	Ro
E YESHEEN,' s. his ornament, &c. J	Dy
Ro YESHEEN'AGH, a. too ornamental, too deco-	Dy
rated, or set off. J	Dy
Dy YESHEEN'EY, v. to adorn, embellish, &c. J	
Ro YESHEEN'IT, a. too ornamented, &c. J	YI
E YESHEEN'YS, s. his ornamenting, &c. J	Y
E YEU'REY, s. his winter. G	
E YEU'SHAN, &. his hinge. J	D

### YIN

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Ro YEU'SHANAGH, a. having too many hinges.	1
	1
	J
	7
YIAL OF YIALL, v. did promise or grant; -AGH -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.	i
Feer YIAL, a. very glittering, bright, or white.	
YIAL OF YIAL'LEE, a. did bleach, whiten, o	
make bright; -AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM	;
	Gł
Er YIAL'DYN, v. hath, &c. promised, granted.	-
	G
YIAL'LEE, a. d. of whitening, brightening, &c. ( YIAL'LEY, a. pl. white, bright, &c.	G
Yn YIAL'LEYDER, s. the bleacher or fuller, th	
	đ
Ro YIAL'LIT, a. too bleached or whitened, to	0
1	G
YIARE OF *YIARR, v. did cut; -AGH; -IN	
	G G
	G
Yn YIARE'-CHOONLAGH, s. the stubble; Is	100
	G
YIAR'EY, a. pl. short.	G
	G
Dy YIAREY-SEOS'E, $v$ . to carve or cut up meat.	
	G
*YIARG OF YIARG'EE, v. did redden; -AGE -IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94.	J
Dy YIARO'AGH OF YIARG'AGHEY, v. to redden.	
YIARO'EY, a. pl. red.	J
E YIARG'EYDER, s. his reddener.	J
Ro YIARG'IT, a. made too red or reddened.	J
YIARN, s. m. iron; pl YN; v. iron; AGI	
77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 80	;
-YMS, 87; -YS, 88. Dy YIARN'AL OF YIARNEY, v. to iron.	
YIARN-FOLD'YRAGH, s. f. a scythe or sithe.	
YIARN-GIAR'REE, s. an edged tool.	
YIAR'NIT, 85. ironed, finished with iron.	
Yn YIARREY-FOLLEY, s. the bloody flux.	
	G
E YIAS'SID, s. his southernness.	
L' TIAS SID, 8. IIIS SOUTHERINGSS.	J
	J G
Ro YIASTYLAGH, a. too charitable or liberal. E YIAS'TYLYS, s. his charity, liberality, c	G
Ro YIASTYLAGH, a. too charitable or liberal. E YIAS'TYLYS, s. his charity, liberality, o bounty.	G or G
<ul> <li>Ro YIASTYLAGH, a. too charitable or liberal.</li> <li>E YIAS'TYLYS, s. his charity, liberality, o bounty.</li> <li>E YIAT, s. his gate; pl. —TYN.</li> </ul>	G G G
<ul> <li>Ro YIASTYLAGH, a. too charitable or liberal.</li> <li>E YIAS'TYLYS, s. his charity, liberality, a bounty.</li> <li>E YIAT, s. his gate; plTYN.</li> <li>Feer YIB'BAGH, a. very pointed, sharp, &amp;c.</li> </ul>	G Or G G G
<ul> <li>Ro YIASTYLAGH, a. too charitable or liberal.</li> <li>E YIAS'TYLYS, s. his charity, liberality, o bounty.</li> <li>E YIAT, s. his gate; plTYN.</li> <li>Feer YIB'BAGH, a. very pointed, sharp, &amp;c.</li> <li>E YIBB'EEHIU, s. his chilblain.</li> </ul>	G or G G G G
<ul> <li>Ro YIASTYLAGH, a. too charitable or liberal.</li> <li>E YIAS'TYLYS, s. his charity, liberality, o bounty.</li> <li>E YIAT, s. his gate; pl. —TYN.</li> <li>Feer YIB'BAGH, a. very pointed, sharp, &amp;c.</li> <li>E YIBB'EEHIU, s. his chilblain.</li> <li>E YIEN, s. his cheer; drogh yien (sad); Gen</li> </ul>	G or G G G G
<ul> <li>Ro YIASTYLAGH, a. too charitable or liberal.</li> <li>E YIAS'TYLYS, s. his charity, liberality, o bounty.</li> <li>E YIAT, s. his gate; pl. —TYN.</li> <li>Feer YIB'BAGH, a. very pointed, sharp, &amp;c.</li> <li>E YIBB'EEHIU, s. his chilblain.</li> <li>E YIEN, s. his cheer; drogh yien (sad); Gen</li> </ul>	Greeces.
<ul> <li>Ro YIASTYLAGH, a. too charitable or liberal.</li> <li>E YIAS'TYLYS, s. his charity, liberality, a bounty.</li> <li>E YIAT, s. his gate; pl. —TYN.</li> <li>Feer YIB'BAGH, a. very pointed, sharp, &amp;c.</li> <li>E YIBB'EEHIU, s. his chilblain.</li> <li>E YIEN, s. his cheer; drogh yien (sad); Gen xl. 6.</li> <li>Er YIEN'NAGHTYN, v. hath, &amp;c. conceived, &amp;c.</li> <li>YIENT, v. did conceive or conceived; —AGE</li> </ul>	Greede
<ul> <li>Ro YIASTYLAGH, a. too charitable or liberal.</li> <li>E YIAS'TYLYS, s. his charity, liberality, a bounty.</li> <li>E YIAT, s. his gate; pl. —TYN.</li> <li>Feer YIB'BAGH, a. very pointed, sharp, &amp;c.</li> <li>E YIBB'EEHIU, s. his chilblain.</li> <li>E YIEN, s. his cheer; drogh yien (sad); Gen xl. 6.</li> <li>Er YIEN'NAGHTYN, v. hath, &amp;c. conceived, &amp;c.</li> <li>YIENT, v. did conceive or conceived; —AGE &amp;c. —YS.</li> </ul>	G n G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G
<ul> <li>Ro YIASTYLAGH, a. too charitable or liberal.</li> <li>E YIAS'TYLYS, s. his charity, liberality, a bounty.</li> <li>E YIAT, s. his gate; pl. —TYN.</li> <li>Feer YIB'BAGH, a. very pointed, sharp, &amp;c.</li> <li>E YIBB'EEHIU, s. his chilblain.</li> <li>E YIEN, s. his cheer; drogh yien (sad); Gen xl. 6.</li> <li>Er YIEN'NAGHTYN, v. hath, &amp;c. conceived, &amp;c.</li> <li>YIENT, v. did conceive or conceived; —AGE &amp;c. —YS.</li> <li>Ro YIENT'IT, a. too conceived, &amp;c.</li> </ul>	6
<ul> <li>Ro YIASTYLAGH, a. too charitable or liberal.</li> <li>E YIAS'TYLYS, s. his charity, liberality, a bounty.</li> <li>E YIAT, s. his gate; plTYN.</li> <li>Feer YIB'BAGH, a. very pointed, sharp, &amp;c.</li> <li>E YIBB'EEHIU, s. his chilblain.</li> <li>E YIEN, s. his cheer; drogh yien (sad); Gen xl. 6.</li> <li>Er YIEN'NAGHTYN, v. hath, &amp;c. conceived, &amp;c.</li> <li>YIENT, v. did conceive or conceived;AGE &amp;cYS.</li> <li>Ro YIENT'IT, a. too conceived, &amp;c.</li> <li>Dy YIENT'YN, v. to conceive.</li> </ul>	6 0 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6
<ul> <li>Ro YIASTVLAGH, a. too charitable or liberal.</li> <li>E YIAS'TVLYS, s. his charity, liberality, a bounty.</li> <li>E YIAT, s. his gate; plTVN.</li> <li>Feer YIB'BAGH, a. very pointed, sharp, &amp;c.</li> <li>E YIBB'EEHIU, s. his chilblain.</li> <li>E YIEN, s. his cheer; drogh yien (sad); Gen xl. 6.</li> <li>Er YIEN'NAGHTYN, v. hath, &amp;c. conceived, &amp;c.</li> <li>YIENT, v. did conceive or conceived;AGE &amp;cYS.</li> <li>Ro YIENT'IT, a. too conceived, &amp;c.</li> <li>Dy YIENT'YN, v. to conceive.</li> <li>Dy YIG'LERAGH, v. to giggle.</li> </ul>	0 x 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
<ul> <li>Ro YIASTVLAGH, a. too charitable or liberal.</li> <li>E YIAS'TVLYS, s. his charity, liberality, a bounty.</li> <li>E YIAT, s. his gate; plTVN.</li> <li>Feer YIB'BAGH, a. very pointed, sharp, &amp;c.</li> <li>E YIBB'EEHIU, s. his chilblain.</li> <li>E YIEN, s. his cheer; drogh yien (sad); Gen xl. 6.</li> <li>Er YIEN'NAGHTVN, v. hath, &amp;c. conceived, &amp;c.</li> <li>YIENT, v. did conceive or conceived;AGE &amp;cYS.</li> <li>Ro YIENT'IT, a. too conceived, &amp;c.</li> <li>Dy YIENT'YN, v. to giggle.</li> <li>Dy YILG, s. of thorns; of knitting needles.</li> </ul>	1 9 9 9 9 1 1 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
<ul> <li>Ro YIASTYLAGH, a. too charitable or liberal.</li> <li>E YIAS'TYLYS, s. his charity, liberality, a bounty.</li> <li>E YIAT, s. his gate; pl. —TYN.</li> <li>Feer YIB'BAGH, a. very pointed, sharp, &amp;c.</li> <li>E YIBB'EEHIU, s. his chilblain.</li> <li>E YIEN, s. his cheer; drogh yien (sad); Gen xl. 6.</li> <li>Er YIEN'NAGHTYN, v. hath, &amp;c. conceived, &amp;c.</li> <li>YIENT, v. did conceive or conceived; —AGE &amp;c. —YS.</li> <li>Ro YIENT'IT, a. too conceived, &amp;c.</li> <li>Dy YIENT'YN, v. to conceive.</li> <li>Dy YIE/LERAGH, v. to giggle.</li> <li>Dy YILG, s. of thorns; of knitting needles.</li> <li>E YIM'MAGH, s. his lobster.</li> </ul>	010000:00:00:0000
<ul> <li>Ro YIASTVLAGH, a. too charitable or liberal.</li> <li>E YIAS'TVLYS, s. his charity, liberality, a bounty.</li> <li>E YIAT, s. his gate; plTVN.</li> <li>Feer YIB'BAGH, a. very pointed, sharp, &amp;c.</li> <li>E YIBB'EEHIU, s. his chilblain.</li> <li>E YIEN, s. his cheer; drogh yien (sad); Gen xl. 6.</li> <li>Er YIEN'NAGHTVN, v. hath, &amp;c. conceived, &amp;c.</li> <li>YIENT, v. did conceive or conceived;AGE &amp;cYS.</li> <li>Ro YIENT'IT, a. too conceived, &amp;c.</li> <li>Dy YIENT'YN, v. to giggle.</li> <li>Dy YILG, s. of thorns; of knitting needles.</li> </ul>	0 10000 .00 .00 .00 10 t;

Dy YIN'DYSSAGH, adv. wonderfully, &c.

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YING, v. did jam, cram, throng, press, rushed;
Acts, xix. 29; —ACH; —IN; —INS; —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94. J
Dy YING'EY, v. to jam, cram, throng, rush,
press, &c. J
E YING'EYDER, s. his rusher, presser, &c. J
Ro YING'IT, a. too crammed, stuffed. &c. J
My YIN'NAGH, v. if would or wouldst do. J
Dty YINNAIR' s. thy dinner. J
YINNAI'RAGH, a. d. of dinner or dinners. J
My YIN'NIN, s. if I would, &c. do; -s, id. em. J
E YIOAL, s. his pawn, pledge, or mortgage. G E YIOAL/EXDER, s. his mortgager. G
-,,,
E YIOAL'TEEAGHTYN, s. his mortgages, &c. G E YIOAL'TEEYN, s. his pawns, &c. G
E YIOALTEYR', s. his taker of pawn, pledge, or
mortgagee. G
E YIOALTEYR'VS, s. his practice of mortgagee
or mortgaging. G
YIOM, p. I would get or have. G
Nyn Y10'in or Y10YN, s. their, &c. knowing or
knowledge; Isa. lvii. 9; their, &c. purpose; Acts xxvii. 13.
Jeh Y10ïn, adv. knowingly.
YIOLE, v. did suck or sucked; -AGH; -IN;
-INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. J
E Y10'LEYDER, s. his sucker. J
Ro Y10'LIT, a. too sucked. J
Y100'LD or Y100LT, v, discard, turn off, cast off,
or dismiss; -AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM;
-YMS; -YS, 94. J
Ro YIOOL'DAGH, a. too cloyish or apt to turn on the stomach. J
Dy YIOOL'DEY, v. to discard or cast off, to dis-
miss on account of disgust or aversion. J
E YIOOL'DEYDER, s. his discarder, &c. J
Ro Y100L'DIT, a. too discarded, &c. J
Y100T, v. did gift or gifted; -AGH; -IN;
-INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. G
Dy Y100'TAL, v. to gift or bestow. G Yn Y100'TEYDER, s. the gifter or bestower. G
Ro Y100'TIT, a. too gifted. G
Yiow, p. wilt get, thou wilt get; -s, id. em.
Yrow, p. they will get; -syn, id. em.
YIO'YM OF YOYM, p. I will get or have; -s,
id. em.
YIR'GEE, v. did or didst redden. See also Yiargee.J
E YIR'GID, s. his redness. J
E YIR'KIN, s. his jacket or coatee. J
E YIR'RID, s. his shortness. J
Dty Y15'H1G, s. thy papa, thy father, colloquially J
E YIULEAN', s. his sojourner; plEE. J
Ro YIULEAN'AGH, a. too sojourner-like, too cot- ler or tenant-like. J
YLL or YL'LEE, v. shout, cry out, exclaim, call ;
-AGH. 77; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86;
УМS, 87; УS, 88.
YL'LAGH, s. m. a call or shout; plYN.
Dy YL'LAGH, v. to call, to shout or cry out.
Er YL'LA'GHEY, v. hath, &c., called, &c.
YL'LEYDER, s. m. a caller, shouter, excluimer.
YL'LIT, 85. called, shouted for.
YM'MILT OF YM'MYLT, v. tumble or roll, as a horse does after work; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN,

93 --- INS, 84; -- YM, 86; -- YMS, 87; -- YS, 88.

Dy YM'MYLTEY, v. to roll, tumble or wallow. YM'MYLTIT, 85. rolled, tumbled, wallowed. YM'MODEE, a. many, great many. YM'MYD, s. m. use; pl. -YN. YM'MYDAGH OF YM'MYDOIL, a. useful. YM'MYDEY, v. using. YM'MYDIT, 85. used. YMMYDOI'LID OF YMMYDYS, s. f. usefulness. YM'MVLT. See Ymmilt. YM'MYRCH, s. f. need, necessity; pl. - YN. YM'MVRCHAGH, a. needful, necessary; s. m. a necessitous person; pl. 71. YM'MYRE, v. bear, bear with, behave; -AGH, 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87 : -YS, 88. Dy YM'MYRKEY, v. to bear, to bear up, to bring forth, to carry, sustain, behave, &c ; s. a birth ; Job, iii. 16; pl. 67. YM'MYRKIT, 85. borne, sustained, supported, carried, &c. YM'MYRT, v. row with oars; -AGH, 77; &c. -YS, 88. YM'MYRTAGH, s. m. a rower; pl. 71. YM'MYRTIT, 85. rowed. YN'DYR, v. graze, browse, feed on grass ; -AGH. 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS. 88. YN'DYRAGH, s. m. one that grazes, a grazier ; pl 71 Dy YN'DYR, v. to feed on grass, to graze. YN'DVRIT, 85. grass eaten, grazed. Dy YNG'NEY, v. to cut with hoofs or nails. YNG'NIT, 85. cut with hoofs, nails, claws, &c. YNG'NYN. s. pl. nails, hoofs, or hooves, claws ; Zech. xi. 16. YNG'YR, s. f. pus, matter, ichor, corrupted matter. YNG'YRAGH, a. d. of pus, matter, &c. See also Ingyr and Ingyragh, &c. Dy YNG'YRAGHT, v. to gather pus, matter, &c. YNG'YRIT, 85. gathered, festered. YN'NYD, s. f. a stead, impression, place, station. site, vestige; pl.-YN. Ayns YN'NYD, adv. in lieu, place, stead of, in joint. YN'NYDAGH, a. having impressions, marks of what had been, local. YNNYD-VEAGH'EE, s. f. a dwelling place. YNNYD Y VREC'K, s. f. the marks of the small pox. YN'RICAN, a. only, onely or one like. This word would have been more analogous had it been spelled Unrican. YN'RICK, a. (from Un, one, and Rick, settled rule); sincere, upright, just, perfect; 1 Chron. xxix. 9. Dooinney ynrick, (a man of one settled rule in any thing good). YN'RICKYS, s. f. sincerity, uprightness, integrity, righteousness, truth. \*YNS OF YN'SEE, v. learn, teach, instruct ; -AGH. 77; -EE, 80; -IN, 83; -INS, 84; -YM, 86; -YMS, 87; -YS, 88. YN'SAGH, s. m. learning, literature, erudition. instruction, doctrine; pl. - YN.

YNSAGH-LIOA'RAGH, s. m. book learning, the use of letters, in contradistinction to the learning of any thing else.

YM'MYLTAGH, s. m. a tumbler or roller ; pl. 71.

### YOU

YNSAGH-KEAYI'N, s. f. navigation.	YOYN, v. did join or joined; -AGH; -IN;
Dy YN'SAGHEY, v. to learn, to teach, to instruct,	-INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. J
to receive instruction.	Dy Yoy'NAL, v. to join. J
YN'SEE, a. d. of learning or teaching.	Ro Yov'NIT, a. too joined. J
Fer YN'SEE, s. m. a teacher, a taught person.	YRJ OF YRJEE, v. make higher, exalt; -AGH;
Fir YN'SEE, s. pl. teachers, taught persons.	IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS. A
YN'SEYDAGH, s. m. a learner, a pupil, a scholar;	Dy YR'JAGHEY, v. to exalt; Isaiah, xxxiii. 5. A
<i>pl.</i> 71.	Yn YR'JEY, s. the height. A
YN'SEYDER, s. m. a teacher; plYN.	Yn YR'JID, s. the height or highness. A
YN'SIT, 85. learned, taught.	Jees YR'VIN, s. two males or he ones; Dan.
Dy YN'SIT, adv. learnedly.	vili. 5. F
YN'SOIL, a. teachable, able to learn.	E YR'RYND, s. his he-ness, masculineness. F
YOAN, v. did dust or dusted; -AGH; -IN;	Ys'KAN, s. an ell; pl. —YN.
-INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94, J	Ys'KID, s. shank or hough; 2 Sam. viii. 4; Josh. xi. 9; the part an animal has below the trunk
Ro Yoan'AGH, a. too dusty. J	of the body; pl YN. Yskidyn liaugrey (long
Dy YOAN'EY, v. to dust. J	shanks).
E YOAN'EVDER, s. his duster. J	Yn Ys'sEREE, s. the knowledge, the fore know-
Ro YOAN'IT, a. too dusted. J Dy YOAN'LAGH, s. of misling or drizzling rain. J	ledge; Luke, xi. 52.
Dy YOAN'LAGHEY, v. to missle or drizzle rain. J	Dy YUAI'L, s. of deprivation or loss. J
	Er YUAI'L, v. hath, &c., deprived or lost. J
Ny YOAR'REE, s. a stranger. J Ro YOAR'REE, a. too strange. J	YUAN, s. John, voc. of Juan. J
E YOAR'REEAGHT, s. his strange or foreign	E YUIL'LEY, s. his boy; $p!$ . 69. G
place. J	YUIS'TEY, a. d. of a wooden dish. J
E YOAR'REEVS, s. his estrangement. J	Yn YUIY, s. the goose. G
Yo'IN. See Yioyn; Pro. xxiv. 28.	Er YUM'MAL, v. hath, &c., wasted, lavished or
Yo'IN, I would get or have; -s, id. em.	squandered; —AGH; —IN; —INS; -YM; —YMS; —YS, 94. J
YOR, v. yoke; -AGH; -EE; -IN; -INS;	Ro YUM'MALLAGH OF YUM'MALTAGH, a. too
-YM; -YMS -YS, 94. J	wasteful or avish, &c. s. a waster, a squan-
Dy Yok'AL, v. to yoke. J	derer, &c. pl. 71. J
Daa Yok'AL, s. two yokings. J	E YUM'MAL OF YUM'MALLYS, s. his wastefulness,
Veh Yok'ır, 85. he was yoked. J	his lavishing or squandering. J Ro YUM'MALLIT, a. too wasted, destroyed, &c. J
E YOLG, s. his thorn or knitting needle. J	YUNT, v. did joint or jointed; -AGH; -IN;
E YoL'LYS, s. his voracity or greediness. J	-INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS. J
Ro YoL'LYSSAGH, a. too voracious, greedy, too	Droyh YUNT, s. a bad seam or joint in wood.
ravenous; s. a ravenous person; pl. 71.	stone, &c. J
*Yons or Yonse, v. did jolt or wince; —AGH; —IN; —YM; —YMS; —YS, 94. J	Dy YUNT'AL OF YUNTEY, v. to joint together in
Dy YON'SERAGH, v. to jolt or wince. J	joints, to join in seams. J
E YON'SEYDER, s. his wincer, &c. J	E YUNT'EYDER, s. his jointer. J
Ro Yon'sir, a. too much jolted or winced. J	Ro YUNT'IT, 85. too jointed. J
E Yooid, s. his eagerness of appetite. J	E YURNAA' OF YURNAH', s. his journey; pl. GHYN OFYN.
Ro YOOIGH, a. too greedy. See Jooigh. J	Dy YUNNAGH'EY, v. to journey. J
YOOIGH'EY, a. pl. greedy; as, moddee yooighey,	E YURNAH'YS, s. his journeying. J
(greedy dogs). J	Dy Yuys, s. of fir. J
Dy Youch, s. of drink. J	Ro YYMMOO'SAGH, a. too wroth or wrathful,
E Youish, s. his shears. J	angry. J
Dy You'yIL, s. pl. of devils. , J	E YYMMOOSE', s. his wrath, anger, fury, rage;
Y YOUYL, s. a devil. J	<i>pl.</i> —YN. <b>J</b>
Ro Youyl'LAGH, a. too devilish or diabolical. J	Dy YYMMOOS'EY, v. to make wroth or angry. J

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YOYN, v. did join or joined; -AGH; -IN;
-INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS, 94. J
Dy Yoy'NAL, v. to join. J
Ro Yov'nir, a. too joined. J
YRJ OF YRJEE, v. make higher, exalt; -ACH; IN; -INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS. A
Dy YR'JAGHEY, v. to exalt; Isaiah, xxxiii. 5. A
Yn YR'JEY, s. the height.
Yn YR'JID, s. the height or highness. A
Jees YR'VIN, s. two males or he ones; Dan.
viii. 5. F
E YR'RYNID, s. his he-ness, masculineness. F
Ys'KAN, s. an ell; plYN.
Ys'KID, s. shank or hough; 2 Sam. viii. 4; Josh.
xi. 9; the part an animal has below the trunk
of the body; plvn. Yskidyn liaugrey (long shanks).
Yn Ys'sEREE, s. the knowledge, the fore know-
ledge; Luke, xi. 52.
Dy YUAI'L, s. of deprivation or loss. J
Er YUAI'L, v. hath, &c., deprived or lost. J
YUAN, s. John, voc. of Juan. J
E YUIL'LEY, s. his boy; pl. 69. G
YUIS'TEY, a. d. of a wooden dish. J
Yn Yury, s. the goose. G
Er YUM'NAL, v. hath, &c., wasted, lavished or
squandered; -AGH; -IN; -INS; -YM;
-YMS; -YS, 94. J
Ro YUM'MALLAGH OF YUM'MALTAGH, a. too wasteful optavish, &c. s. a waster, a squan-
derer, &c. pl. 71. J
E YUM'MAL OF YUM'MALLYS, s. his wastefulness,
his lavishing or squandering. J
Ro YUM'MALLIT, a. too wasted, destroyed, &c. J
YUNT, v. did joint or jointed; -AGH; -IN;
-INS; -YM; -YMS; -YS. J
Droyh YUNT, s. a bad seam or joint in wood, stone, &c.
Dy YUNT'AL OF YUNTEY, v. to joint together in
joints, to join in seams. J
E YUNT'EYDER, s. his jointer. J
Ro YUNT'IT, 85. too jointed. J
E YURNAA' OF YURNAH', s. his journey; pl.
-GHYN OF -YN. J
Dy YUNNAGH'EY, v. to journey. J
E YURNAH'YS, s. his journeying. J
Dy Yuys, s. of fir. J
Ro YYMMOO'SAGH, a. too wroth or wrathful,
angry. J E YYMMOOSE', s. his wrath, anger, fury, rage;
plYN. J
Dy YYMMOOS'EY, v. to make wroth or angry. J

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# AN ADDENDUM OR APPENDIX

#### OF WORDS OMITTED IN TRANSCRIBING THE FOREGOING WORK.

AA-VIO'EE OF AA-VIO'GHEE, v. revive, quicken, enliven.	GLIEEMIA'N, s. f. concupisence, lust, GLIM'INAGH, s. m. a sweetheart, a lover.
AB'BYRLHIT, s. m. the alphabet.	LESSOON' s. f. a lesson ; plYN.
AIGNEY-SEYR', s. m. free will.	MEEIN-CHIN'JAGH, a. moderate.
AN, s. as a termination to words, shows diminu- tion.	MEEINCHIN'JID, s. m. moderation.
ANJEE'RAGH, a. not straight. Notwithstanding the etymology given under the word Oainjyr, I hesitate not to say that Oainjyragh came from this.	<ul> <li>MER'RE, s. f. stupor, deadness of design to what is right, and, as it were, propelled to do what is wrong.</li> <li>MERRE-CHEIL'LEY, s. f. deadness of wit or sense.</li> </ul>
BRAS'NIT, 85. provoked, excited.	OB'BALTACH, s. m. an abstainer; pl. 71.
CASSAN-NY-GREI'NEY, s. m. the zodiac.	OB'BALTYS, s. f. abstinence; plSYN
CLOOI'DERAGHT, v. patching, clouting.	Dy PHOAGEY, v. to bag, jut, bulge or swell.
CLOOI'DIT, 85. clouted, patched.	POYLL SLUC'CEE, s. f. a whirlpool.
Спиетсн, v. cower, stoop; —лон, 77; &c., —vs, 88.	SEYIR-QUEEY'L, s. m. a wheelwright. SHEEYN'AG, s. f. a line, a straight line.
CRUET'CHAL, v. cowering, stooping.	SKYOL'TAGH, a. profuse.
CRUET'CHIT, 85. cowered, stooped.	SKYOL'TYS, s. f. profusion.
Dy-BE or Dy-BEY, adv. for cause, because. See also Erbey.	SLAT EEAS'TEE, s. f. a fishing rod. SLUG'GEE, a. d. of swallowing.
FRAUE-OAIE', s. f. a feature; plYN.	SMIT'TAN, s. f. smut.
FRAUE-OC'KLE s. f. etymology.	STRANE, s. m. a file of men, a rank.
GAEL'GAGH, a. Manks or Erse, exclusively ap- plied to the languages.	

# ERRATA.

Under Remark 109,a7th line, for "Ys" read Sy. Page 15th, first column, next line to the last, for "Geddyn" read GREDDYN. Under the word AIRH, for "Jee" read J'EE. For the word "Bog-renish" read Bog-UNNISH. "Creckeyer" read CRECKEYDER. "Croo" after Crou, read CROU. Under the word CLIWE, for "-yns" read -NYN. DANYS, for "Deanys" read DAANYS. GROUIGEY, for "frowing" read FROWNING. GUAALTAGH, for "meter" read MEETER. HALLOOINAGH, for "to" read TOO. JEEAN, for "pervent" read FERVENT. For the word "Keayt" read KEAYRT. ----- "Mooraignagh" read MOOARAIGNAGH. "Merger" read MERGEY. Under the word MOONGOAR, for "orragh" or "orrange" read ORRAGE OF ORRACH. MY NY GIONE, for "ein" read EM. ----- OOIRREY, for "mound" read MOULD. For the word "Ourr" read OUYR. Under the word REEN, for "rop" read ROPY. ROOSTEVRYS, for "Fsl." read PsL. For the word "Shass-greinley" read SHASS-GREINEY.

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