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GUISBOROUGH
URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL

REPORT
for the Year 1954

of the Medical Officer of Health
W. H. BUTCHER, V.R.D., M.A.,
D.M., D.P.H., BARRISTER - AT - LAW,
SURGEON COMMANDER R.N.V.R.



TO THE CHAIRMAN AND MEMBERS

OF THE

GUISBOROUGH URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL

MR. CHAIRMAN AND GENTLEMEN,

I beg to submit my eighth Annual Report for the year 1954, the contents and arrangements of which are in accordance with Circular 28/54 of the Ministry of Health.

I would like at the outset to record my thanks to the Chairman and the members of the Health Committee for their encouragement throughout the year.

To Mr. G. W. Beel I am again obliged for his co-operation at all times. Mr. A. T. Pallister and Mr. E. Ward on all occasions have given me their unstinted help in all matters concerning the health of the District.

I would like to thank Mr. G. D. Aspin, the Chief County Health Inspector; not only has he supplied me with information concerning water and milk samples taken by him, but he has co-operated whenever necessary, in a most helpful manner.

On 1st June Miss M. Imeson was commissioned in the W.R.A.C. and her duties as Senior Clerk in the Area Health Office were undertaken by Mr. E. W. Peacock. I wish to thank both him and Mrs. G. H. Dean (née Waite) for their material contribution to the smooth conduct of affairs.

I am, Gentlemen,

Your obedient servant,

W. H. BUTCHER,

Medical Officer of Health.

BROTTON,

30th May, 1955.

TABLE 1**Public Health Officers**

Whole Time Officers	Guisborough Urban District	Skelton & Brotton Urban District	Loftus Urban District
Medical Officer of Health who is also Asst. County Medical Officer No. 4 Area N.R.C.C. and School Medical Officer, N.R.C.C.	Dr. W. H. Butcher		
Sanitary Inspectors	Mr. A. T. Pallister*	Mr. J. Pattison	Mr. E. Hollis*
Additional Sanitary Inspectors	Mr. E. Ward		(resigned 31/12/54)

*Also Surveyor of the district concerned

SECTION I**Statistics and Social Conditions of the Area****Population**

The Registrar-General's estimate of the population of the district in the mid-year 1954 is 9,270, as compared to an estimate of the population in the mid-year 1953 of 9,032.

General Statistics

I am indebted to the Financial Officer of the Council for the following figures:—

1. Area of the District in acres	....	....	18,948
2. No. of inhabited houses according to the rate books			2,865
3. Rateable Value	....	....	£48,235
4. Sum represented by a penny rate	....	....	£239/12/6

Social Conditions

During the eight years of my holding office with the Council, the historic capital of Cleveland has been undergoing, not only growth, but also change, accelerated during the last two years. It has undergone such changes, no doubt before, during its existence; the dissolution of the Priory, the working of Alum, the opening of the ironstone mines, each in its time must have profoundly affected the social conditions, and in some cases the characteristics of the inhabitants. Now, with the increase of industry on Tees-side and the shortening of communications by the internal combustion engine, another change is being undergone; new dwellers are arriving from Lancashire, from Cheshire, from Middlesbrough and other parts, who will leave the imprint of their characteristics on the future citizens of the growing community.

TABLE 2**Vital Statistics**

		MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL
Live Births	....	96	78	174
Legitimate	....	91	76	167
Illegitimate	....	5	2	7
<hr/>				
Still Births	....	1	4	5
Legitimate	....	1	4	5
Illegitimate	....	—	—	—

Deaths of Infants under 1 year of age

			MALE	FEMALE
Total	....	....	6	2
Legitimate	....	....	6	2
Illegitimate	....	....	—	—

The number of births registered being 174 gives a birth-rate of 18.8 per 1,000 of the population. Allowing for the differing age and sex distribution of the population in different areas, the birth-rate corrected by this comparability factor is 19 compared to 15.2 for England and Wales. Eight infants under the age of one year died, giving an infant mortality rate of 46 per thousand live births compared to the rate for England and Wales of 25.5. Of these infant deaths two occurred in the first four weeks of life.

TABLE 3 — Vital Statistics**CAUSES OF DEATH**

		MALE	FEMALE
Tuberculosis, Respiratory	....	1	—
Tuberculosis, other	....	—	—
Syphilitic Disease	....	—	—
Diphtheria	....	—	—
Whooping Cough	....	—	—
Meningo-coccal infections	....	—	—
Acute poliomyelitis	....	—	—
Measles	....	—	—
Other infective and parasitic Diseases	....	—	1
Malignant neoplasm of stomach	....	2	1
Malignant neoplasm of lung, bronchus	....	2	—

TABLE 3—Vital Statistics—*continued*
CAUSES OF DEATH—*continued*

	MALE	FEMALE
Malignant neoplasm of breast	—	—
Malignant neoplasm of uterus	—	—
Other malignant and lymphatic neoplasms	5	6
Leukaemia	—	—
Diabetes	—	—
Vascular lesions of nervous system	2	6
Coronary disease, angina	11	8
Hypertension with heart disease	3	—
Other heart diseases	10	15
Other circulatory diseases	2	—
Influenza	1	—
Pneumonia	4	—
Bronchitis	7	3
Other diseases of respiratory system	1	1
Ulcer of stomach and duodenum	—	—
Gastro-enteritis and diarrhoea	—	—
Nephritis and nephrosis	1	1
Hyperplasia of prostate	1	—
Pregnancy, child-birth, abortion	—	1
Congenital malformations	1	—
Other defined or ill-defined diseases	1	8
Motor Vehicle accidents	—	—
All other accidents	2	2
Suicide	1	—
Homicide and operations of war	—	—
ALL CAUSES	58	53

The deaths are classified under the thirty-six headings based on the Abbreviated List of the International Statistical Classification of Diseases, Injuries and Causes of Death, 1948. Table 3 shows clearly what killed residents in Guisborough in 1954. The 111 deaths give a death rate of 11.9 per thousand of the population. Allowing for the differing age and sex distribution of the population in different areas, the death rate correction by this comparability factor is 11.8 compared to 11.3 per thousand for England and Wales.

TABLE 4
NOTIFIABLE DISEASES, 1954
(other than Tuberculosis)

	All Ages	Under 1 year	1 year	2	3	4	5—	10—	15—	25—	35—	45—	65—	Age Un- known
Scarlet Fever	18	—	—	5	2	3	7	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
Puerperal Pyrexia	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—
Pneumonia	5	1	—	1	—	1	—	—	—	—	1	1	—	—
Poliomyelitis	3	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	1	—	1	—	—	—
Dysentery	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
Measles	14	1	2	2	3	1	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Whooping Cough	2	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

SECTION II

Infectious Diseases

Table 4 shows the incidence of the notifiable infectious diseases as notified except tuberculosis. I observe that 4 people died of pneumonia out of a total number notified of 5; I could conclude, no doubt erroneously, that notwithstanding the great advances in anti-biotics pneumonia is a fatal disease in Guisborough.

Tuberculosis

Three new cases of respiratory tuberculosis and no cases of non-respiratory tuberculosis were notified during the year.

TABLE 5
Tuberculosis

AGE GROUPS Years	RESPIRATORY FORM		NON-RESPIRATORY FORM	
	Male	Female	Male	Female
0 to 4	—	—	—	—
5 to 9	—	—	—	—
10 to 14	—	—	—	—
15 to 19	—	—	—	—
20 to 24	1	1	—	—
25 to 44	—	—	—	—
45 to 54	—	—	—	—
55 to 64	1	—	—	—
65 to 74	—	—	—	—
TOTAL	2	1	—	—

There was one death from this cause.

The co-operation with the Chest Physician, Dr. L. Rowley, is satisfactory; the contacts are supervised by the health visitors of the Local Health Authority; children among the contacts are subjected to the tuberculin diagnostic jelly test; when necessary contacts are X-rayed. The Sanitary Inspectors report on their housing accommodation. Finally, the Local Sanitary Authority is sympathetic towards rehousing such cases as I recommend.

Immunization

At the end of 1952 a prophylactic was introduced for use in infants with a view to giving protection at the same time against both diphtheria and whooping cough.

TABLE 6
Immunizations against Diphtheria or Whooping Cough and Diphtheria

	Under 1	1	2	3	4	5-9	10-14	TOTAL
Completed Immunizations	27	75	2	3	2	18	10	137
Reinforcing Doses	—	—	—	—	2	141	93	236

Immunization was available to children at the hands of the family doctor, or at the Immunization Clinic of the Local Health Authority at Guisborough, and at the infant welfare centre of the Local Health Authority at Lazenby. All children under the age of one year whom I immunize myself receive the combined prophylactic against both diphtheria and whooping cough, unless a child already has had whooping cough.

Regarding protection against smallpox, 42 persons received primary vaccinations and 11 were revaccinated making a total of 63.

SECTION III

The General Provision of Health Services in the District

1. Laboratory Facilities.

This work is now done at the Public Health Laboratory, Middlesbrough, only the biological test for tuberculous milk being carried out at the Public Health Laboratory, Northallerton. I thank Dr. R. Blowers, its director, for his helpful co-operation on all occasions.

2. National Health Service Act, 1946.

With certain exceptions the Guisborough Area Health Sub-Committee of the Health Committee of the County Council exercises the functions of the Local Health Authority in supervising the day to day administration of the services provided under this Act. The Committee meets once a month in rotation at Guisborough, Skelton and Loftus. It is composed of members of the County Council, of the three District Councils of Guisborough, Skelton and Brotton, and Loftus, and of certain co-opted members. Among the services administered are the following:—

- Domestic Help Service.
- Prevention of illness: Care and After Care.
- Ambulance Service.
- Vaccination and Immunization.
- Home Nursing.
- Health Visiting.
- Midwifery.
- Care of Mothers and Young Children.

A comprehensive programme of clinical work with a preventative and educative outlook is carried out at the Centres and Clinics of the Local Health Authority throughout the District.

3. Guisborough Area Voluntary Care Committee.

I would like to record the useful work done by this Body for the welfare of persons suffering from tuberculosis and other illnesses. Whereas in connection with the welfare of the tuberculous the Committee has certain funds allocated to it, for the welfare of other sufferers it depends entirely on voluntary contributions. Enquiries and requests for assistance may be made to the Honorary Secretary, Area Health Office, Brotton, Saltburn (Telephone: Brotton 256).

4. National Assistance Acts, 1948 and 1951—Section 47.

During the year I managed to avoid advising the Local Sanitary Authorities to have recourse to the procedure prescribed in these Acts. Getting the aged sick into hospital is becoming, in my experience, an increasingly difficult and lengthy procedure. I am not referring to the chronic sick but to aged persons who, owing to the onset of an acute condition superimposed on old age or chronic illness, or to the worsening of a chronic

disease so that it becomes acute, are no longer fit to remain at home, because the services of the Home Nurse and of the Domestic Help, even if relatives are available to assist (many of these old persons are alone) cannot be regarded as proper care and attention. I do not suggest, from my limited experience, that these cases are numerous during the course of the year, but they do occur from month to month, and when they occur, for the patient's sake there should be hospital accommodation available without delay.

SECTION IV—Water Supplies

TABLE 7

Bacteriological Results of the Treated Water of the Guisborough Urban District Council

Date 1954	No. of Colonies developing on Agar per ml. at 37° C. in 2 days	Presumptive Coliform Reaction from 100 ml.	Bact. Coli Type 1 in 100 ml.	Classification
16th March	0	less than 1	absent	Class 1
13th April	0	less than 1	absent	Class 1
10th August	35	160	160	Class 4
30th August	3	less than 1	absent	Class 1
19th October	48	20	8	Class 4
26th October	10	less than 1	absent	Class 1

TABLE 8

Bacteriological Results of the Treated Water of the Cleveland Water Company

Source	Date 1954	No. of Colonies developing on Agar per ml. at 37° C. in 2 days	Presumptive coliform reaction from 100 ml.	Bact. Coli Type 1 from 100 ml.	Classifi- cation
Upleatham	Jan. 19	6	1	less than 1	Class 2
Upleatham	Feb. 16	2	less than 1	absent	Class 1
Upleatham	Mar. 8	0	less than 1	absent	Class 1
Upleatham	April 13	0	absent	absent	Class 1
Upleatham	July 20	2	less than 1	absent	Class 1
Corngrave	Jan. 19	4	3	less than 1	Class 3
Corngrave	Feb. 16	2	less than 1	absent	Class 1

TABLE 9

Miscellaneous Waters—Bacteriological Results

Source	Date 1954	No. of colonies developing on Agar per ml. at 37° C. in 2 days	Presumptive coliform reaction from 100 ml.	Bct. Coli Type 1 from 100 ml.	Classification
Hutton Village	Mar. 3	1	less than 1	absent	Class 1
Hutton Lane	April 13	0	less than 1	absent	Class 1
Hutton Village	June 21	0	absent	absent	Class 1
Rowland Keld	Oct. 19	38	absent	absent	Class 1
Newton	July 20	0	5	less than 1	Class 3
Yearby Pump nr. Home Farm	April 13	0	1	less than 1	Class 3
Yearby (Pump No. 17)	April 13	2	less than 1	absent	Class 1
Upsall	May 25	1	less than 1	absent	Class 1

TABLE 10—Chemical Results in parts per million

Source	.....	Hutton Village
Date of Sample	.....	June 21st
Turbidity parts per million Silica Scale	.....	Nil
Reaction pH	.....	6.8
Total Solids	.....	70
Free Carbon Dioxide	.....	a trace
Chlorine in Chlorides	.....	18
Alkalinity as Calcium Carbonate	.....	10
Hardness: Total	.....	20
Temporary	.....	10
Nitrate Nitrogen	.....	0.0
Nitrite Nitrogen	.....	0.0
Ammoniacal Nitrogen	.....	0.017
Albuminoid Nitrogen	.....	0.000
Oxygen absorbed in 4 hrs. at 27° C.	.....	0.05
Metals: Iron	.....	0.05
Other metals	.....	absent
Residual Chlorine	.....	0.5

This water has a solvent action on bright lead foil as is to be expected from its pH reaction and its low alkalinity.

TABLE 11—Rainfall in the District, 1954

<i>Period</i>	<i>Inches</i>	<i>Period</i>	<i>Inches</i>	<i>Period</i>	<i>Inches</i>
January	2.53	June	2.32	November	5.96
February	2.04	July	1.39	December	2.37
March	1.70	August	8.77		
April	.21	September	1.45	TOTAL	36.07
May	3.02	October	4.51		

Annual Rainfall

	<i>Inches</i>		<i>Inches</i>
1948	27.31	1951	40.65
1949	23.85	1952	29.90
1950	35.31	1953	23.77
		1954	36.07

Public Health Act 1936—Section III**Water Act 1945—Section 28**

During the year the supply of the Cleveland Water Company was extended to the village of Yearby; I am glad to note that the residents are having the water piped into their houses. I was reading a few days ago some of the Annual Reports of the first Medical Officer of Health, Dr. W. W. Stainthorpe and I noted that more than fifty years ago he found the Yearby wells polluted.

The supply to the town failed in May due to a burst in the 6" trunk main in Whitby Lane. Owing to the depth of the main it was impossible to repair expeditiously and it was found necessary to open up the old wells throughout the Town and also to cart water to the Housing Sites and Dunsdale. This length of main, approximately 250 yards in length, was relaid at a depth of approximately 3 feet, in September and October.

There was no shortage of water during the year although the supply was implemented by pumping from the Wiley Cat Beck, the pumps working a total of 722 hours during the year.

New 3" mains, a total of 164 yards in length were laid to replace existing defective mains in Auckland Street and Patten Lane.

The Council's Consulting Engineer's scheme for the improvement of the existing water supply works received Ministry approval during the year and is now awaiting submission of final bills and specifications before going to tender. When this work is completed it will give only an extra day and a half's water storage. The Council's Consulting Engineers have now completed a further scheme for a bulk supply from the Tees Valley Water Board and this has been forwarded to the Ministry for consideration.

TABLE 12**Number of Dwelling Houses supplied by Public Water**

1. Supply direct to houses:	2616
2. Number of dwellings supplied by means of standpipes:	41
3. Number of dwellings receiving water from various private sources	208
TOTAL	2865

TABLE 13—Ice Cream, 1954

Manufacturer	No. of samples examined	Number of samples in provisional grades			
		Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4
Galante	4	1	1	2	—
Meddocream	14	3	3	4	4
Walls	23	19	4	—	—
Lyons	8	3	5	—	—
Eldorado	11	8	3	—	—
Northern Dairies	10	4	5	1	—
Erimus	7	3	4	—	—
TOTAL	77	41	25	7	4

SECTION V**Inspection and Supervision of Food****Food Poisoning**

No outbreak of food poisoning was notified to me.

Section 20—Milk and Dairies Regulations 1949

No action was taken during the year under the above Regulations.

Ice Cream

Two premises are on the register for the manufacture of ice cream. In addition there are seventeen premises where ice cream previously packed by the producers is sold. These were regularly inspected; seventy-seven samples of ice cream were taken and conveyed to the Public Health Laboratory at Middlesbrough under approved conditions and submitted to the Methylene Blue Test. The results are given in Table 13. The producers within the district were informed of their results. In the case of producers outside the district the information was passed to the Medical Officer of Health of the district concerned and the retailer also informed.

Bakehouses

There are five in the district. Ten inspections were carried out.

Milk Supply

There are 20 milk distributors.

Byelaws

Byelaws made under Section 15 of the Food and Drugs Act 1938 for securing the observance of Sanitary and Cleanly Practices and Conditions in connection with the Handling, Wrapping and Delivery of Food and Sale of Food in the open air.

Food Retail Premises and Meat Inspection

Seventy visits were made to food premises and seventy-five to slaughterhouses. Before slaughtering recommenced in the District the existing slaughterhouses were inspected and complete schedules were prepared setting out the works which had to be carried out before licences would be reissued. The necessary works were carried out, in all cases, before July and the necessary licences issued.

Number of Slaughterhouses on the register	....	6
Number of Licensed Slaughtermen	....	7
Number of Carcases inspected July/December, 1954:		
Cattle 48; Sheep 63; Pigs 47; Calves 4		

No condemnation certificates have been issued; 8 cwt. 50 lbs. of unsound meat were voluntarily surrendered.

SECTION VI—Housing

Building has continued on the Park Lane Estate, a total of eighty-nine houses being completed and occupied during the year. The completion of the site has seen the end of building of Council houses in Guisborough until such times as the proposed bulk supply scheme from the Tees Valley Water Board is brought into operation. Further sites for Council house development have already been "earmarked".

One house only was erected during the year for private occupation.

Nineteen hundred and fifty-four saw the coming into operation of the Housing Repairs and Rents Act which besides laying down new standards of fitness for dwelling houses has two main features. Firstly, Local Authorities have to submit to the Ministry within twelve months proposals for dealing with houses in their area which appear to be unfit for human habitation. A preliminary survey has been made throughout the Urban District and the form of proposal set out by the Ministry completed and returned. A total of approximately 222 houses is involved. Secondly, the Act deals with the repair and maintenance, together with increased rentals, of existing borderline houses. A landlord may increase the rent of his property provided the house is fit for human habitation, as laid down in the Act, and if he satisfies certain statutory requirements. The tenant of a house, if he feels the house is not in a sufficiently good condition to justify a rent increase can apply to the Local Authority for a Certificate of Disrepair which is issued or not by the Local Authority after consideration of detailed reports by their officers. Several applications have been dealt with informally during the year.

In May, 1954, the Council decided to operate the provisions of the Housing Act 1949 in connection with grant aid for the conversion and improvement of existing premises. A considerable number of houses in the Guisborough Urban District are suitable for improvement and proper use of the facilities provided under the Act would bring them up to date and make them into comfortable modern homes.

A total of 6 applications for grant aid were received during the year and approval given in each case.

TABLE 14
Housing Statistics

Number of new houses completed in 1954

(a) By the Council	....	....	....	....	89
(b) Other	....	....	....	....	1
1. <i>Inspection of dwellinghouses during the year</i>	....			
(1) (a) Total number of dwellinghouses inspected for housing defects (under Public Health or Housing Acts)	....	....			200
(b) Number of inspections made for the purpose	....	....			353
(2) (a) Number of dwellinghouses (included under sub-head (1) above) which were inspected and recorded under the Housing Consolidation Regulations, 1925 and 1932	....	....			0
(b) Number of inspections made for the purpose	....	....			0
(3) Number of dwellinghouses found to be in a state so dangerous or injurious to health as to be unfit for human habitation	....				1
(4) Number of dwellinghouses (exclusive of those referred to under the preceding sub-head) found to be not in all respects reason- ably fit for human habitation	....	....	....		43
2. <i>Remedy of defects during the year without service of formal notices</i>					
(1) Number of defective dwellinghouses rendered fit in consequence of informal action by the local authority or their officers					27
(2) Number of dwellinghouses where work is in progress but not yet completed	....	....	....	....	15
(3) Number of Notices in course of preparation (not yet served)	....				0
(4) Number of Notices outstanding	....	....	....		0
3. <i>Action under Statutory Powers during the year</i>					
A. Proceedings under Sections 9, 10 and 16 of the Housing Act, 1936					0
B. Proceedings under Public Health Acts					
(1) Number of dwellinghouses in respect of which notices were served requiring defects to be remedied	....	....			1
(2) Number of dwellinghouses in which defects were remedied after service of formal notices					
(a) By Owners	....	....	....	....	0
(b) By local authority in default of owners	....	....	....	....	0
C. Proceedings under Sections 11 and 13 of the Housing Act, 1936					
(1) Number of dwellinghouses in respect of which Demolition Orders were made	....	....	....	....	0

Table 14—Housing Statistics—continued

(2) Number of dwellinghouses in which defects were remedied after service of formal notices	....	....	....
(a) By Owners	....	....	0
(b) By local authority in default of owners	....	....	0
D. Proceedings under section 12, Housing Act, 1936	....	....	0

Housing Act, 1936 (Overcrowding)

Some overcrowding exists, but no recent or accurate figures are available.

SECTION VII

Sanitary Circumstances of the District

TABLE 15

Nuisance Inspections

Total number of inspections made for nuisances only	....	810
Nuisances found	....	446
Nuisances in hand, end of previous year	....	13
Total needing abatement	....	418
Abated during the year	....	418
Outstanding at end of year	....	0
Notices served, informal	274	Complied with 248
Notices served, statutory	0	Complied with 0
Total Number of summonses or other legal proceedings	....	0

Drainage and Sewerage

Normal extensions of the sewerage system in Guisborough have taken place in connection with housing development. A Ministry Inquiry has been held during the year in connection with the scheme prepared by the Council's Consulting Engineers for the drainage of the area at Lazenby and Lackenby adjacent to the developing plants of Imperial Chemical Industries; the completion of the terms of contract are being awaited.

Rodent Control

During the year the Council's Refuse Tip and sewers have been treated, the technique recommended by the Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries (Infestation Control Division) has been employed in all cases.

Experimental Treatment in the Council's Sewers has continued throughout the year in conjunction with the Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries.

Surveys have been carried out on 15 farms and treatments for rodent control carried out in 2 instances.

Routine surveys have been carried out in connection with both business premises and private and Local Authority houses and treatment carried out as and where necessary.

Closet Accommodation

41 pan closets were converted to water closets.

91 new water closets were provided for new buildings.

109 new sanitary pans and 165 new dustbins were provided.

268 tests and inspections were made of defective or new drainage systems of which 137 were to new drainage systems.

There were at the end of the year, 2,830 water closets and 403 pan closets. The Council pays a grant of £10 or half the cost, whichever is the cheaper, of each approved conversion.

I note that no fewer than 132 new water closets have been added to those already existing.

Scavenging

There has been no change in the system of public cleansing. The refuse tip is maintained in a satisfactory manner ; the land reclaimed by tipping is returned to agriculture.

Common Lodging Houses

There is one in the district. It was inspected on six occasions. It is only used by two male adults.

Smoke abatement

No action was necessary.

Tents, Vans and Sheds

These enter the district in the summer and are subject to regular inspections. The Council have allowed the stationing of one caravan at Hutton Village, certain requirements regarding water and sanitation being a condition of the licence.

Shops Acts, 1930—Sections 10 and 13

Seventy visits were paid under the above Act.

Byelaws in force in the District

Byelaws in respect of cleansing of footpaths and pavements; nuisances; common lodging houses; and slaughterhouses: 24th July, 1893. Byelaws with respect to tents, vans and sheds: 16th November, 1917. Byelaws in respect of new streets and buildings: 27th April, 1925. Building Byelaws: 10th March, 1939.

Byelaws with respect to swimming baths and bathing pools: 18th October, 1946.

SECTION VIII : Factories Act, 1937 and 1948

The following figures have been returned to the Director of Statistics, Ministry of Labour and National Service, regarding factories in the district.

TABLE 16

1. Inspections for the purposes of provisions as to health (including inspections made by Sanitary Inspector)

Premises	No. on Register	No. of Inspections	No. of written Notices	Occupiers Prosecuted
(I) Factories in which Sections 1, 2, 3, 4, and 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities	11	30	—	—
(II) Factories not included in (I) in which Section 7 is enforced by Local Authority	25	47	—	—
(III) Other premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding out-workers' premises)	—	—	—	—
TOTAL	34	77	—	—

