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751 | Guildford Rural District



# ANNUAL REPORT

- OF THE -

Medical Officer of Health

For the Year

1950

Together with the Annual Report of the Sanitary Inspector Digitized by the Internet Archive in 2017 with funding from Wellcome Library

## Guildford Rural District

# ANNUAL REPORT

- OF THE -

Medical Officer of Health

For the Year

1950

Together with the Annual Report of the Sanitary Inspector

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### Guildford Rural District Council

#### STAFF OF THE PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT

#### Medical Officer of Health:

\*J. E. HAINE, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H.

#### Assistant Medical Officer of Health:

\*MARGARET A. POLLOCK, M.B., Ch.B., B.A.O., D.P.H.

#### Visiting Nurse:

\*Mrs. E. M. E. LYDDIARD, S.R.N., S.C.M.

#### Chief Sanitary Inspector:

P. MEDDOWS TAYLOR, M.R.San.I., M.S.I.A., Cert. R.S.I. Meat and Other Foods Inspection.

#### Sanitary Inspectors:

K. G. FREEMAN, M.S.I.A.,

R. B. BROWN, M.R.San.I., M.S.I.A., Cert. R.S.I. Meat and Other Foods Inspection.

Miss M. E. NUNN, A.R.San.I., M.S.I.A., Cert. R.S.I. Meat and Other Foods Inspection.

F. TAYLOR, Cert. R.S.I. and S.I.J.B., Cert. R.S.I. Meat and Other Foods Inspection.

# Cleansing Inspector: A. H. SMITH, M.I.W.H.S.

#### Health Department: Clerical Staff:

\*Chief Clerk, C. B. STUART.

\*N. C. BELLAMY.

\*Miss D. L. MONK.

\*Miss M. H. JEFFERSON.

#### Sanitary Inspector's Department:

W. F. A. JOHNSTONE. Mrs. D. S. PATRICK. Miss O. ELLIS. Miss M. RUDDICK.

\* Also acts in similar capacity for the Hambledon Rural and Haslemere Urban Districts.

## Guildford Rural District Council

Public Health Department,
Millmead House,
Guildford.

August, 1951.

To the Chairman and Members of the Guildford Rural District Council.

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have the honour to present my Annual Report on the health of the District for the year 1950.

The general state of health has remained good, and there have been no serious epidemics of infectious disease. The number of births has increased over last year, although the actual Birth Rate shows a decline. This is due to the figures once again being corrected by the Registrar-General's Comparability Factor, which adjusts the Rate as though the sex and age distribution of the population in this District were in the same proportions as those of the country as a whole. This was done before the war, but was suspended from 1940 onwards.

On the housing side, a special effort has been made to improve the condition of defective dwellings, although the financial difficulties are very great owing to pre-war rents being insufficient to meet present-day costs of repair. A Sanitary Inspector was appointed especially for the purpose of revising and maintaining the Rural Housing Survey, and to make special efforts to have repairs done as far as possible. The Survey has been completely revised, and a great deal done to prevent houses falling into disrepair.

The report emphasises the need for constant care and control of public water supplies and of milk supplies.

By the end of the year approval had been given to a number of the major sewerage schemes for which the Council has been pressing for many years. It is hoped that most of the larger schemes will be commenced during the ensuing year. The

demands on the cesspool-emptying service continue to increase. With more houses being connected to main drainage, it might be expected that they would diminish, but people generally are demanding a higher standard and becoming more interested in sanitation and hygiene. The demands on the service have therefore increased, and this state of affairs is likely to continue despite the gradual absorption of houses into main drainage schemes.

I am grateful for the continued cordial relations with the Council and with all members of the Council's staff, and for much friendly co-operation and assistance. I take the opportunity also of thanking my own staff for their continued good work.

I have the honour to remain,

Your obedient servant,

J. E. HAINE,

Medical Officer of Health.

## STATISTICS & SOCIAL CONDITIONS OF THE AREA

SUMMARY		
	1950	1949
Area in Acres	59,782	59,782
Estimated resident population in July (estimate supplied by Registrar-General)	43,020	43,340
Number of Inhabited Houses according to	10.000	10.005
Rate Books	12,266 (April)	12,065 (May)
Rateable Value (at 1st April following year)	£360,042	£347,256
A sum represented by a Penny Rate (actual)	£1,441	£1,395
Number of Births (legitimate and illegitimate)	706	698
Birth-Rate (actual) per 1,000 of the population	16.41	17.01
Birth-Rate (after correction by the Reg	10.11	11.01
General's Comparability Factor)	15.92	001 -
Number of Still Births	8	21
Number of Deaths	452	461
Death-Rate (actual) per 1,000 of the popula-	10.51	11.13
Death-Rate (after correction by the Reg		
General's Comparability Factor)	9.56	10.13
Natural increase of population during year by excess of births over deaths	254	237
Number of Deaths of Infants (under the age	19	21
of one year)	26.91	30.09
Number of women dying in, or in consequence	20.31	30.08
of, child-birth	0	1
Death-Rate from Influenza per 1,000 of the population	0.09	0.13
Death-Rate from Pneumonia (all forms) per	0.05	0.10
1,000 of the population	0.42	0.44
Death-Rate from Bronchitis per 1,000 of the		
population	0.44	0.37
Death-Rate from Measles per 1,000 of the population	0.02	0.00
Death-Rate from the seven principal zymotic	0.02	0.00
diseases: Smallpox, Whooping-cough,		
Measles, Gastritis, Enteritis and Diarr-		
hœa, Diphtheria, Scarlet Fever and "Fever" (Typhoid, Enteric and Typhus),		
per 1,000 of the population	0.19	0.00
Death-Rate from all forms of Tuberculosis per	0.10	
1,000 of the population	0.12	0.21
Death-Rate from Cancer per 1,000 of the population	1.58	1.90
Death-Rate from Heart Disease per 1,000 of	1,00	1.00
the population	3.51	2.80
Death-Rate from Nephritis and Nephrosis per		
1,000 of the population	0.14	0.30

#### EXTRACTS FROM VITAL STATISTICS

Live Births:	Male	Female.	Total.
Legitimate		341	671
Illegitimate			35
Birth-Rate (per 1,000 estimated residen			16.41
1949			17.01
For the five years, 1945 to 1949			17.94
		Female.	Total.
Still-Births	3	5	8
Rate per 1,000 total births			11.33
1949			30.09
			Total.
Deaths (net)	223	229	452
1949			461
Death-Rate			10.51
			11.13
1949			10.76
For the five years, 1945 to 1949			
Deaths from Pregnancy, Childbirth, and	Abortion		Nil
Rate per 1,000 Total (live and still) Bir	ths		0.00
Death-Rate of Infants under one year	of age:		
All infants per 1,000 live births			26.91
Legitimate infants per 1,000 legitim			
Illegitimate infants per 1,000 illegiti			0.00
The fellowing Table above the kint			000

The following Table shows the birth and death-rates per 1,000 of the population for the District, and for England and Wales, for 1949 and 1950.

#### COMPARATIVE BIRTH AND DEATH-RATES

	Ann		es per 1, opulation.		Mor per	tality	Pregr Childb Abo	s from nancy, irth and rtion
	Birth	-Rate	Death	-Rate	nve	births		1,000 births
	1950	1949	1950	1949	1950	1949	1950	1949
Guildford R.D.	Crude 16.41 Comp.	17.01	Crude 10.51 Comp	Crude 11.13 Comp	26.91	30.09	0.00	1 4
England and Wales	15.92° 15.8	16.7	9.46 * 11.6	10.13*	29.8	32	-	0,98

<sup>\*</sup>After correction by the Registrar-General's Comparability Factor.

The Table on page 11 shows the birth-rates, death-rates and analysis of mortality for certain diseases during 1950 in respect of England and Wales, London and the Guildford Rural District.

#### TABLE II.—CAUSES OF DEATH (ALL AGES)

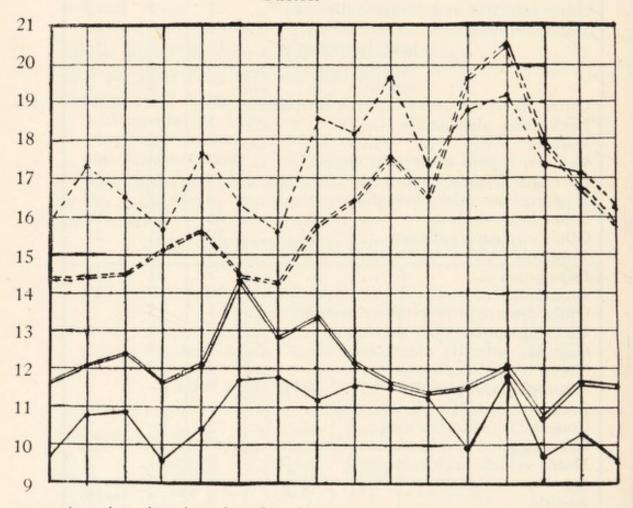
(Figures supplied by Registrar-General)

Tuberculosis, respiratory         4         1         5           Tuberculosis, other	Cause of Death		Male	Female	Total
Tuberculosis, other	Tuberculosis, respiratory		4	1	5
Syphilitic disease          1         1         2           Diphtheria           1         —         1           Whooping Cough           —         —         —           Meningococcal infections          —         —         —           Acute Poliomyelitis          —         —         —           Measles           1         —         1           Other infective and parasitic diseases          1         —         1           Measles           4         6         10              4         6         10               2         2           Other infective and parasitic diseases          1         2         3           Malignant neoplasms           6         6         10               2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>_</td><td>_</td><td>_</td></t<>			_	_	_
Diphtheria          1         —         1           Whooping Cough          —         —         —           Meningococcal infections          —         —         —           Acute Poliomyelitis          —         —         —           Measles          1         —         1           Other infective and parasitic diseases         1         2         3           Malignant neoplasm, stomach         4         6         10           , , , lung, bronchus         I3         2         15           , , breast         —         6         6         6           , , , uterus         —         2         2           Other malignant and lymphatic neoplasms         20         14         34           Leukaemia, aleukaemia          —         2         2           Other malignant and lymphatic neoplasms         20         14         34           Leukaemia, aleukaemia          —         3         3           Vascular lesions of nervous system          33         36         69           Coronary disease, a		10000	1	1	2
Whooping Cough         —			1	_	1
Meningococcal infections         —         —         —           Acute Poliomyelitis          —         —         —           Measles           1         —         1           Other infective and parasitic diseases          4         6         10           Malignant neoplasm, stomach          4         6         10           , lung, bronchus          13         2         15           , breast          —         6         6           , breast          —         2         2           Other malignant and lymphatic neoplasms         20         14         34           Leukaemia, aleukaemia          —         2         2           Other malignant and lymphatic neoplasms         20         14         34           Leukaemia, aleukaemia          —         3         3           Vascular lesions of nervous system          33         36         69           Coronary disease, angina           2         7         9           Other heart disease			_		
Acute Poliomyelitis         —         —         —         —         —         —         1         —         2         2         0         Other malignant and lymphatic neoplasms         20         14         34         2         2         2         2         0         Other malignant and lymphatic neoplasms         20         14         34         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         3         3         36         69         6         6         9         2         56         8         4         2         56         8         4         2				_	_
Measles           1         —         1           Other infective and parasitic diseases          1         2         3           Malignant neoplasm, stomach          4         6         10           , lung, bronchus           —         6         6           , breast          —         2         2           Other malignant and lymphatic neoplasms         20         14         34           Leukaemia, aleukaemia          1         —         1           Diabetes          —         3         3           Vascular lesions of nervous system          33         36         69           Coronary disease, angina          34         22         56           Hypertension with heart disease          2         7         9           Other heart disease           36         50         86           Other circulatory disease           10         11         21           Influenza            7         11         18      <		37.00			
Other infective and parasitic diseases         1         2         3           Malignant neoplasm, stomach          4         6         10            ,         lung, bronchus            6         6            ,         breast           6         6            ,           2         2           Other malignant and lymphatic neoplasms         20         14         34           Leukaemia, aleukaemia            3         3           Vascular lesions of nervous system           33         36         69           Coronary disease, angina            34         22         56           Hypertension with heart disease          2         7         9         9         0ther heart disease          2         7         9         9         0ther heart disease <td< td=""><td>Manalan</td><td></td><td>1</td><td></td><td>1</td></td<>	Manalan		1		1
Malignant neoplasm, stomach        4       6       10         ,, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		No. Company	1	2	
"""       """       lung, bronchus         6       6         """       """       breast         2       2         Other malignant and lymphatic neoplasms       20       14       34         Leukaemia, aleukaemia        1        1         Diabetes          3       3         Vascular lesions of nervous system        33       36       69         Coronary disease, angina         34       22       56         Hypertension with heart disease        2       7       9         Other heart disease        2       7       9         Other circulatory disease        10       11       21         Influenza         10       11       21         Influenza         10       9       19         Other disease of respiratory system        1       3       4         Ulcer of stomach and duodenum        7       1       8         Gastritis, enteritis, diarrhoea <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>4</td><td>6</td><td></td></td<>			4	6	
"""         """         breast         ""         -         2         2           Other malignant and lymphatic neoplasms         20         14         34           Leukaemia, aleukaemia         """         1         -         1           Diabetes         """         -         3         3           Vascular lesions of nervous system         """         33         36         69           Coronary disease, angina         """         34         22         56           Hypertension with heart disease         """         2         7         9           Other heart disease         """         2         7         9           Other heart disease         """         10         11         21           Influenza         """         10         11         21           Influenza         """         1         3         4           Pneumonia         """         """         1         1         3         4           Pneumonia         """         """         1         1         3         4         4         4         6         1         3         4         4         1         1         3         4 <td></td> <td></td> <td>13</td> <td></td> <td></td>			13		
Other malignant and lymphatic neoplasms         20         14         34           Leukaemia, aleukaemia          1         —         1           Diabetes          —         3         3           Vascular lesions of nervous system          33         36         69           Coronary disease, angina           34         22         56           Hypertension with heart disease          2         7         9           Other heart disease           36         50         86           Other circulatory disease            10         11         21           Influenza             10         9         19           Other circulatory disease             10         11         21           Influenza               10         9         19           Other disease of respiratory system <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>13</td><td>1000</td><td></td></t<>			13	1000	
Other malignant and lymphatic neoplasms         20         14         34           Leukaemia, aleukaemia          1         —         1           Diabetes           —         3         3           Vascular lesions of nervous system           34         22         56           Coronary disease, angina           34         22         56           Hypertension with heart disease          2         7         9           Other heart disease            10         11         21           Influenza		77			2
Leukaemia, aleukaemia        1       —       1         Diabetes         —       3       3         Vascular lesions of nervous system         34       22       56         Coronary disease, angina         34       22       56         Hypertension with heart disease        2       7       9         Other heart disease         36       50       86         Other heart disease <td></td> <td>1122</td> <td>20</td> <td>Congr.</td> <td>24</td>		1122	20	Congr.	24
Diabetes          —         3         3           Vascular lesions of nervous system           33         36         69           Coronary disease, angina             34         22         56           Hypertension with heart disease				14	
Vascular lesions of nervous system	D. J.		1	2	
Coronary disease, angina          34         22         56           Hypertension with heart disease          2         7         9           Other heart disease           36         50         86           Other circulatory disease           10         11         21           Influenza            1         3         4           Pneumonia               1         1         3         4           Pneumonia               1         1         3         4         2         1         9         19         19         19         19         19         19         10         9         19         19         19         10         1         8         3         4         2         4         6         1         8         4         2         6         4         6         Nephritis         2         4         6         1         2         4         4         4         8         3			22	10000	
Hypertension with heart disease          2         7         9           Other heart disease           36         50         86           Other circulatory disease           10         11         21           Influenza            7         11         18           Pneumonia             7         11         18           Bronchitis					70000
Other heart disease          36         50         86           Other circulatory disease          10         11         21           Influenza          1         3         4           Pneumonia          7         11         18           Bronchitis          10         9         19           Other disease of respiratory system          1         3         4           Ulcer of stomach and duodenum          7         1         8           Gastritis, enteritis, diarrhoea          2         4         6           Nephritis and nephrosis          4         2         6           Hyperplasia of prostate          6         —         6           Pregnancy, childbirth, abortion          —         —           Congenital malformations          3         —         3           Other defined and ill-defined diseases          6         1         7           All other accidents           4         4         8           Suicide           -					77930
Other circulatory disease          10         11         21           Influenza          1         3         4           Pneumonia          7         11         18           Bronchitis          10         9         19           Other disease of respiratory system         1         3         4           Ulcer of stomach and duodenum         7         1         8           Gastritis, enteritis, diarrhoea          2         4         6           Nephritis and nephrosis          4         2         6           Hyperplasia of prostate          6         —         6           Pregnancy, childbirth, abortion          —         —         —           Congenital malformations          3         —         3           Other defined and ill-defined diseases         6         26         32           Motor vehicle accidents          4         4         8           Suicide           5         2         7           Homicide and operations of war             <				100000	0.000
Influenza          1       3       4         Pneumonia          7       11       18         Bronchitis          10       9       19         Other disease of respiratory system         1       3       4         Ulcer of stomach and duodenum         7       1       8         Gastritis, enteritis, diarrhoea         2       4       6         Nephritis and nephrosis         4       2       6         Hyperplasia of prostate          6         6         Pregnancy, childbirth, abortion				1000000	
Pneumonia            7         11         18           Bronchitis            10         9         19           Other disease of respiratory system          1         3         4           Ulcer of stomach and duodenum          7         1         8           Gastritis, enteritis, diarrhoea           2         4         6           Nephritis and nephrosis           4         2         6           Hyperplasia of prostate           6         —         6           Pregnancy, childbirth, abortion                Congenital malformations           3         —             Motor vehicle accidents           6         1         7           All other accidents           4         4         8           Suicide			1000		0.000
Bronchitis			_	100000	17.
Other disease of respiratory system 1 3 4 Ulcer of stomach and duodenum 7 1 8 Gastritis, enteritis, diarrhoea 2 4 6 Nephritis and nephrosis 4 2 6 Hyperplasia of prostate 6 — 6 Pregnancy, childbirth, abortion — — — Congenital malformations 3 — 3 Other defined and ill-defined diseases 6 26 32 Motor vehicle accidents 6 1 7 All other accidents 6 1 7 All other accidents 4 4 8 Suicide 5 2 7 Homicide and operations of war — — —					1000000
Ulcer of stomach and duodenum 7 1 8 Gastritis, enteritis, diarrhoea 2 4 6 Nephritis and nephrosis 4 2 6 Hyperplasia of prostate 6 — 6 Pregnancy, childbirth, abortion — — — Congenital malformations 3 — 3 Other defined and ill-defined diseases 6 26 32 Motor vehicle accidents 6 1 7 All other accidents 6 1 7 All other accidents 4 4 8 Suicide 5 2 7 Homicide and operations of war — — —			10		700
Gastritis, enteritis, diarrhoea        2       4       6         Nephritis and nephrosis         4       2       6         Hyperplasia of prostate         6       —       6         Pregnancy, childbirth, abortion        —       —       —         Congenital malformations        3       —       3         Other defined and ill-defined diseases        6       26       32         Motor vehicle accidents         6       1       7         All other accidents         4       4       8         Suicide         5       2       7         Homicide and operations of war        —       —       —			1	3	
Nephritis and nephrosis        4       2       6         Hyperplasia of prostate        6       —       6         Pregnancy, childbirth, abortion        —       —       —         Congenital malformations        3       —       3         Other defined and ill-defined diseases        6       26       32         Motor vehicle accidents         6       1       7         All other accidents         4       4       8         Suicide         5       2       7         Homicide and operations of war        —       —       —			7	1	1000
Hyperplasia of prostate         6       —       6         Pregnancy, childbirth, abortion        —       —       —         Congenital malformations        3       —       3         Other defined and ill-defined diseases        6       26       32         Motor vehicle accidents         6       1       7         All other accidents         4       4       8         Suicide         5       2       7         Homicide and operations of war        —       —       —				4	6
Pregnancy, childbirth, abortion          —         —         —           Congenital malformations           3         —         3           Other defined and ill-defined diseases          6         26         32           Motor vehicle accidents           6         1         7           All other accidents           4         4         8           Suicide            5         2         7           Homicide and operations of war          —         —         —         —				2	0.85
Congenital malformations          3         —         3           Other defined and ill-defined diseases          6         26         32           Motor vehicle accidents           6         1         7           All other accidents           4         4         8           Suicide            5         2         7           Homicide and operations of war          —         —         —         —			6	-	6
Homicide and operations of war — — —	Pregnancy, childbirth, abortion		-	_	-
Homicide and operations of war — — —			3	_	3
Homicide and operations of war — — —	Other defined and ill-defined diseases		6	26	32
Homicide and operations of war — — —	Motor vehicle accidents		6	1	7
Homicide and operations of war — — —	All other accidents			4	- 8
Homicide and operations of war	Suicide		5	2	7
	Homicide and operations of war		-	_	_
Totals 223 229 452					
	TOTALS		223	229	452

# GRAPH SHOWING BIRTH AND DEATH RATES PER 1,000 OF THE POPULATION

			Guildford R.D.	England and Wales.
Births	******	 		
Deaths		 		

\*=Guildford Rural District Death Rate (and Birth Rate from 1950) after correction by the Registrar-General's Comparability Factor.



BIRTH-RATES, DEATH-RATES AND ANALYSIS OF MORTALITY DURING THE YEAR 1950.

	RATE PER 1,000 TOTAL	TE L,000 FAL		ANNI	JAL DI	ANNUAL DEATH-RATE PER 1,000 HOME POPULATION	TH-RATE PEI	PER 1,C	H 000	OME			LIVE THS
	TION	NO.											
	Live Births	Still Births	All Causes	Typhoid and Paratyphoid Fevers	Whooping Cough	Diphtheria	Tuberculosis	Influenza	xodllem2	Acute Poliomyelitis	Pneumonia	Deaths from Diarrh Enteritis (under 2 y	Total Deaths under
England and Wales	15.8	0.37	11.6	0.00	0.01	00.00	0.36	0.10	1	0.02	0.46	1.9	29.8
126 County Boroughs and Great Towns, including London	17.6	0.45	12.3	000	0.01	00.00	0.42	0.09		0.02	0.49	2.2	33.8
148 Smaller Towns (Esti- mated Resident popula- tions 25,000 to 50,000 at Census 1931)	16.7	0.38	116	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.33	0.10	- 1	0.02	0.45	1.6	29.4
London	17.8	0.36	11.8	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.39	0.07	1	0.01	0.48	1.0	26.3
Guildford R.D	15.92*		9.46*	0.19 9,46* 0.00	00.0	0.02	0.12	0.00	1	0.00	0.42	1	26.9

\*After correction by Registrar-General's Comparability Factor.

# GENERAL PROVISION OF HEALTH SERVICES FOR THE AREA

#### LABORATORY FACILITIES.

Pathological Examinations.—The Pathological Department of the Royal Surrey County Hospital undertakes all routine examinations,

The following are details of examinations carried out during the year:

			1950	1949
Diphtheria	 	 	 23	12
Scarlet Fever	 	 	 115	49
Tuberculosis	 	 	 _	_
Fæces	 	 	 7	_
Miscellaneous	 	 	 _	13
		Total	 145	74

Public Health Laboratory Service.—Considerable use is made of this service in connection with major outbreaks such as food poisoning, institutional outbreaks, etc. During 1950 we utilised it on 36 occasions.

We frequently consult the Laboratory for advice, and they are very helpful to us. Such assistance is very much appreciated.

Water Analysis.—The Counties Public Health Laboratories continue to undertake the examination (both chemical and bacteriological) of water samples. 132 samples were examined in 1950.

#### AMBULANCE FACILITIES.

Particulars are given on the next page of the ambulance services operating in the District:

(i) Ambulances available for the conveyance of cases of Infectious Disease:

Name of Authority	No. of Ambu lances	Address of Ambulance Station	Telephone Number
Green Lane Hospital	2 + sitting- case car	1 at Green Lane Hospital, Farnham. 1 at Heath & Wiltshire's Garage, Farnham.	Farnham 6015.
Ottershaw Joint Hospital Board	2	Ottershaw Isolation Hospital.	Otter- shaw 327

#### (ii) Ambulances available for accident and sickness cases:

Name of Authority	No. of Ambu lances	Address of Ambulance Station	Telephone Number
St. John Ambulance Brigade, Guildford.	6 + 2 sitting case cars	Leas Road, Guildford.	Guildford 5334
British Red Cross Society, Godalming.	2	Church Street, Godalming.	Godalm'g 1375
Aldershot Borough Council.	1	Laburnum Road, Aldershot.	Aldershot 299
St. John Ambulance Brigade, Farnham.	2 2 sitting case cars	50, West Street, Farnham.	Farnham 6749
Leatherhead U.D.C.	2	Council Offices, Leatherhead.	Via L'hd. Fire Bgde L'head 2226
Dorking U.D.C. Red Cross. St. John Ambulance Brigade.	1 1 1	West Street, Dorking. West Street, Dorking. May's Garage, South St	Dorking 2222 Dorking 2244

#### NURSING IN THE HOME.

Midwives.—There are 14 Midwives practising in the Rural District supervised by the County Medical Officer of Health. They are distributed in the following parishes:

Albury	 _	Puttenham	 	_
Artington	 _	Ripley	 	-
Ash and Normandy	 3	St. Martha	 	_
Clandon, East	 _	Seale	 	1
Clandon, West	 1	Send	 	2
Compton	 1	Shackleford	 	1
Effingham	 _	Shalford	 	1
Horsley, East	 _	Shere	 	1
Horsley, West	 1	Tongham	 	1
Ockham	 _	Wisley	 	_
Pirbright	 _	Worplesdon	 	1

**District Nurses.**—District Nurses are available in every parish. This service is administered by the County Nursing Association, acting as agents for the Local Health Authority.

Health Visitors.—County Health Visitors visit homes under the School Medical and Child Welfare Services. There are nine H.V.s distributed in the following districts: (a) Pirbright, (b) Send, Ripley, Ockham, E. and W. Clandon, (c) Ash, Ash Vale and Seale (excluding Tongham), (d) Artington, Compton, Puttenham, Shackleford, Worplesdon, (e) Albury, St. Martha, Shalford, Shere and Gomshall, (f) Holmbury St. Mary and Abinger Hammer, (g) E. and W. Horsley, Effingham, (j) Tongham, (k) Wanborough, Normandy and part of Ash.

#### CLINICS AND TREATMENT CENTRES.

Maternity and Child Welfare.—Centres within the District are set out in the table below:

Centre	Address	Days of Centre
Ash	Health Centre, Shaw-	
	field Road, Ash	Every Thursday
Ash Vale	Gospel Hall, Ash Vale .	2nd and 4th Mondays
Ash Wyke	The Village Hall, Nor-	
	mandy	1st and 3rd Mondays
Chilworth	Village Hall, Chilworth	1st and 3rd Fridays
Effingham	Women's Institute,	
	Effingham	1st and 3rd Tuesdays
Horsley, West	Village Hall, West	
	Horsley	1st and 3rd Thursdays
Holmbury St.	Holly Bush, Holmbury	
Mary	St. Mary	2nd and 4th Fridays
Peaslake	Old School Room,	
	Peaslake	2nd and 4th Mondays
Pirbright	Red Cross Hut	Every Tuesday
Puttenham	Old School Room,	
	Puttenham	1st and 3rd Tuesdays
Ripley	Church Hall, Ripley	2nd and 4th Thursdays
Send	Red Cross Hut, Sandy	
	Lane	1st and 3rd Mondays
Shere	Village Hall, Shere	1st and 3rd Thursdays
Shalford	The Institute, Off King's	
	Road, Shalford	Every Wednesday
Wood Street .	Church Hall, Wood	
	Street	2nd and 4th Thursdays
Worplesdon .	Memorial Hall, Perry	
	Hill	2nd and 4th Wednesdays

Ante-Natal Clinics.—Clinics serving the District are held as follows:—

Ash	2nd and 4th Tuesdays, at 2 p.m.
Godalming	1st and 3rd Tuesdays, 9.30 a.m.
Farnham ("Brightwells")	Wednesdays at 2 p.m.
Woking Maternity Home,	Every Friday at 10 a.m., 2nd and
Heathside Road, Woking	4th Wednesdays at 2 p.m., and 2nd Monday at 10 a.m.
St. Luke's Hospital, Guild-	
ford	Booking Clinic, Friday, 9.30 a.m.

Orthopædic Treatment. — In-patient treatment is given at the Royal Surrey County Hospital and at the Rowley Bristow Home at Pyrford.

Orthopædic Clinics for out-patient treatment are available at the Royal Surrey County Hospital on Tuesday afternoons at 1.15 p.m., and at the Rowley Bristow Home on Thursday mornings from 10.30 to 1 p.m.

Chest Clinic.—The Chest Clinic is at Tower House, Epsom Road, Guildford. Days and times for the attendance of the patients are as follows:

Mondays	 	 	 	1.30-4 p.m.
Wednesdays	 	 	 	1.30-4 p.m.
Fridays	 	 	 	9.30-12 noon

Venereal Diseases Clinic.—A Clinic is held at the Royal Surrey County Hospital, Guildford, four days weekly, as follows:

Mondays (Females)	 	 	2-7 p.m.
Thursdays (Females)	 	 	9.30-11 a.m.
Tuesdays (Males)	 	 	5-7 p.m.
Fridays (Males)	 	 	5-7 p.m.
Saturdays (Males)	 	 	9.30-11.30 a.m.

**Birth Control.**—The Birth Control Clinic at Queens Nursing Home, Stoughton Road, Guildford, is held every 1st, 2nd and 3rd Wednesday in the month at 2.40 p.m., and is administered by a Voluntary Committee.

The Clinics mentioned above are all administered by and under the control of the Surrey County Council, except where otherwise stated.

Home Nursing and Home Help Service.—The difficulties of operating a scheme in the rural part of the county are recognised. Help has been given in some cases, but there have been others in which it has not been possible to give help of any kind.

A scheme more elastic, to permit payment of relatives where no regular Home Help is available, would be of help in some cases.

It is particularly the aged and infirm who suffer from the lack of home help, and obviously it would be very much more economical to provide full-time domestic help rather than to allow the aged and infirm to deteriorate into such a condition that they have to be put into hospital. From the humanitarian point of view it would be infinitely preferable.

The need for Home Helps in cases of tuberculosis, especially, has been referred to in previous reports.

# TILLINGBOURNE VALLEY MOBILE PHYSIOTHERAPY SERVICE.

This voluntary service continues to do most useful and valuable work in the villages of Abinger Hammer, Albury, Chilworth, Farley Green, Gomshall, Holmbury St. Mary, Peaslake, Shalford and Shere. During the year 2,200 treatments were given, and the mileage covered was 7,600.

Old Age Pensioners, or those unable to bear the cost of treatment, are provided with the service free of charge.

The necessity for this type of home service, particularly in rural areas where people would otherwise frequently be unable to obtain any form of treatment at all, is now being generally appreciated throughout the country except by the Regional Hospital Boards, who neither encourage nor support this type of scheme, even though it saves a certain amount of pressure on hospitals and a great deal of expense on ambulances or other forms of transport.

#### HOSPITALS.

The hospitals serving the District are as follows:

General.—St. Luke's Hospital, Guildford, 404 beds, of which at least 57 are maternity. Farnham County Hospital, Hale Road, Farnham, 180 beds. Royal Surrey County Hospital, Guildford, 229 beds, including 23 private beds.

Infectious Disease.—Ottershaw Isolation Hospital, 66 beds. Green Lane Hospital, Farnham, 50 beds.

Hospital Bed Service.—A Hospital Bed Service has been instituted at St. Luke's Hospital, Guildford. Application may be made to this Service where difficulty is experienced in obtaining admission of patients to hospitals in this area.

#### MORTUARIES.

The District depends on mortuaries at Godalming, Woking and Farnham. The numbers of bodies removed thereto from this District in 1950 were eight, eleven and seven respectively. The mortuary at Shalford is used occasionally.

#### BURIAL OF THE DEAD: Sec. 50 of National Assistance Act, 1948.

No cases were dealt with under this Section during 1950.

#### NATIONAL ASSISTANCE ACT, 1948, Section 47.

No action was necessary under this Section of the Act. A great many cases of old people in need were enquired into, and help in one form or another was obtained in several cases. The Visiting Nurse keeps in touch with others by regular visit. Every effort is made to settle cases without recourse to statutory proceedings.

# SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE AREA

#### WATER SUPPLIES.

The usual regular analysis of all public water supplies has been continued, and of private wells whenever necessary.

Difficulties have been experienced with a number of the smaller undertakings, particularly the small private supplies. The larger companies, in general, have ample resources and sufficient safeguards, and unsatisfactory samples are exceptional. In one estate supply it became necessary to have the reservoirs cleaned, and this effected the necessary improvement. The reservoirs had not been emptied for 10 years, similar troubles having been experienced then.

Defective cesspools or small disposal plants in the neighbourhood of public supplies are kept under constant observation, and remedial measures were taken during the year in several cases where conditions had deteriorated.

#### DRAINAGE AND SEWERAGE.

There are nine small sewage disposal works in connection with Council housing estates, in addition to the larger works at Ripley; Oxenden Road, Tongham; and at Shere. These small works are kept under constant supervision by the Superintendent of the Ripley works. In general, they have functioned satisfactorily and have been well maintained. The difficulty of maintaining constant satisfactory effluents from the smaller plants is recognised, and is due mainly to the fluctuations in flow of the relatively small amount of sewage to be dealt with.

Despite occasional flooding at the Ripley Works, the effluent has always been of the highest standard.

#### PUBLIC SCAVENGING.

The refuse tip at Stonebridge has been greatly improved during the year, the accumulations of refuse dumped during the war—when labour was inadequate to handle it efficiently—having been cleared. The drainage of the swamp to the north of the tip has effected a very great improvement.

The collection of refuse and salvage of useful materials has continued satisfactorily.

#### ERADICATION OF BED BUGS.

No cases of infestation were discovered in 1950.

#### HOUSING

The Rural Housing Survey completed in 1947 has been revised and brought up to date. Efforts have been made to get minor repairs done wherever possible, and such major reconstruction as has been possible. The difficulties have been mainly financial, the fixed prewar rents being totally inadequate, in many cases, to pay for running repairs, without any question of major improvements. Nevertheless, a great deal has been accomplished, and so far as possible houses prevented from falling into greater disrepair and therefore into lower categories on the schedule. During the year, 8 houses were demolished, but these comprised principally unsatisfactory structures, often shacks, which under no circumstances could be rendered habitable. There are a great many properties which ought to be demolished, but which, under present difficult conditions, must be allowed to remain, however unsatisfactory, so long as they are not definitely injurious to the health of the occupants.

The acute housing shortage continues, and it is of the utmost importance to maintain every house so far as possible in a habitable condition. A Sanitary Inspector was appointed for the express purpose of dealing with this side of the housing problem, and the results have justified such an appointment.

#### MOVABLE DWELLINGS.

The number of caravans over the whole District continues to increase, 34 licences being granted in 1950 as compared with 16 in 1949. In addition, there are a number of camping sites and many caravans that are not licensed, the total number in the District being very substantial. Some consideration has been given to the possibility of establishing controlled camping grounds, but no definite decisions have yet been made.

There has been a change in the ownership of the "Three Frogs" caravan site (now re-named "Woodlands"), and great improvements have been effected by re-arrangement of the caravans, improvement of the roads and drainage, and by the provision of ablution blocks and permanent sanitation.

In other sites, conditions are not always satisfactory. In one case particularly, the site is suitable for summer use, but is not regarded as satisfactory in winter owing to the wet state of the land.

Continued experience of these sites emphasises the need for the local authority to provide and control camping grounds provided with the necessary amenities. A steady increase in the number of caravans used as permanent homes is likely for many years, until the acute housing shortage is overcome.

Many of the caravans are deteriorating, and in a few years will be unfit for habitation. Meantime, the average number of children per caravan is gradually increasing. The number of children reared under these conditions, never knowing a proper home, will constitute a very serious problem in the next generation. Caravan life, under good conditions, is appreciated by some people, but is very hard upon the elderly, and deprives children of most of the conditions of a proper, permanent home.

#### HOUSING STATISTICS.

1.	Inspection of Dwelling Houses during the Year.	
	(1) (a) Total number of dwelling houses inspected for housing defects (under Public Health or Hous-	0.45
	ing Acts)	947
	(b) Number of inspections made for the purpose	698
	(2) (a) Number of dwelling houses (included under sub-head [1] above) which were inspected and recorded under the Housing (Consolidated) Regulations, 1925/32	76
	(b) Number of inspections made for the purpose	302
	(3) Number of dwelling houses found to be in a state so dangerous or injurious to health as to be unfit for human habitation	16
	(4) Number of dwelling houses (exclusive of those referred to under the preceding sub-head) found not to be in all respects reasonably fit for human habitation	60
2.	Remedy of Defects during the Year without service of Formal Notice.	
	Number of defective dwelling houses rendered fit in consequence of informal action by the Local Authority or their Officers	366
3.	Action under Statutory Powers during the Year.	
	A.—Proceedings under Sections 9, 10 and 16 of The Housing Act, 1936.	
	(1) Number of dwelling houses in respect of which notices were served requiring repairs	13
	(2) Number of dwelling houses which were rendered fit after service of formal notices:	
	(a) By Owners	6 3

	B.—Proceedings under the Public Health Acts:
5	(1) Number of dwelling houses in respect of which notices were served requiring defects to be remedied
	(2) Number of dwelling houses in which defects were remedied after service of formal notices:
5	(a) By Owners
	C.—Proceedings under Sections 11 and 13 of the Housing Act, 1936:
12	(1) Number of dwelling houses in respect of which Demolition Orders were made
8	(2) Number of dwelling houses demolished in pursuance of Demolition Orders
5	(3) Notices served under Section 11 (1) of the Housing Act, 1936, dwelling houses closed on under-
_	taking of Owner (4) Notices served under Section 11 (1) of the Housing Act, 1936, dwelling houses rendered fit on undertaking of Owners
	D.—Proceedings under Section 12 of the Housing Act, 1936:
	(1) Number of separate tenements or underground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were
4	made (2) Number of separate tenements or underground
	rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were determined, the tenement or room having been
_	rendered fit

#### HOUSING PROGRAMME.

The following table shows the Council's Housing Programme as at 31st December, 1950.

Parish	No. of Dwellings ultimately to be erected	Total Immediate Pro- gramme	No. of Dwellings in course of construc- tion	No. of Dwellings Completed
Albury	30	9	_	9
Ash & Normandy	372	314	47	242
Clandon (West) .	80	52	16	36
Compton	31	31	_	31
Effingham	32	20		20
Horsley (East) .	42	42	6	36
Horsley (West) .	92	92	3	89
Pirbright	28	28	4	16
Puttenham	36	8	7	-
Ripley	108	80	10	46
Seale & Tongham	104	16	_	10
Send	80	80	6	74
Shackleford	34	22	_	22
Shalford	148	128	34	76
Shere	90	56	4	44
Worplesdon	154	154	30	124
Total	1,461	1,132	167	875

#### INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD

#### MILK SUPPLIES.

The policy of sampling all milk distributed in the District has continued. Since the keeping quality of milk, dependent to a great extent on bacteriological cleanliness, is checked by other authorities, the responsibility of the local authority is now mainly confined to tests for tuberculosis, and all samples are subjected to a biological test. During the year six infected herds were discovered, two of them in the Guildford Rural District, a total of seven cows being slaughtered as a result.

Close co-operation with the Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries has enabled us to concentrate control on milk from herds with bad records of tuberculosis. Control of milk production being changed from the local authority to the Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries makes it appropriate to review the progress in milk production during the past 16 years. Whilst the number of milk producers and retailers has remained fairly constant, the increase in the production of Tuberculin Tested milk is particularly striking. The encouragement given by the officers of the local authority, and the cordial relations between them and the milk producers, have been instrumental in securing this improvement.

The transfer to the Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries of the supervision of milk production at the farms, which became effective on 1st October, 1949, has necessitated a review of the sampling routine, and at the end of the year I obtained the approval of the Council to the following procedure:—

- (1) Quarterly sampling of all milks distributed, including T.T. milks and pasteurised milks. Samples to be taken in general at the dairies as the milk arrives from the farms.
- (2) All samples to have biological tests only, except pasteurised milks.
- (3) Pasteurised milk, if it passes the phosphatase test, should not require biological examination, but samples that fail to pass the phosphatase test should be examined for tuberculosis.
- (4) Since all milks in distribution will be examined, it should be unnecessary to take further routine samples at schools.

#### WATERCRESS BEDS.

Samples of the water in which the cress is grown are examined from time to time. No difficulties have been experienced.

#### MEAT.

All slaughtering of cattle is centralised in the Guildford Borough Abattoir.

SHORT PARTICULARS OF MILK SAMPLING FOR THE YEARS 1944, 1945, 1946, 1947, 1948, 1949, 1950.

# ANALYSES RESULTS.

Number of Samples	w	Tradou	Bacte		t		Colifo	Coliform Bacillus	illus	1	T.B.	Cattle Slaugh-
Taken 10,000 to to per ml. 50,000		10,000 to 50,000	0 -	50,000 to 200,000	200,000 and over	Absent Present Present           on all counts         in i	Present, in 1/10	Present in 1/100	Present in 1/1,000	Posi- tive	Nega- tive	tered
Designated 58 Undesignated 34 92 23 26	62	26		25	8	65	10	10	1	1	43	6
Designated 28 53 11 27	п	91	2	12	8	45	22	61	1	1	34	1
Designated 93 194 — — —	1			1	1	167	19	14	∞	-	1	1
Phosphatase Test	Phosphatase Ter	atase Te	t st	Methylen	Methylene Blue Test							
Designated 71 tory The Undesignated 116 187 45 5	Satisfactory 45	Faile 5	ъ	Satisfac- tory 168	Failed 19	126	1	12	60	1	69	1 1
Designated 106 212 83		,		168	15	79	22	15	6	1	108	
Designated 229 356 195			7	266	24	73	19	13	∞	1	125	
Designated 299 The Undesignated 79 The Undesig			3	287	13	Exami	Examination Discontinued	Discon	tinued	ທ	98	7

#### ANTHRAX.

One case of suspected anthrax in a cow, reported at the end of 1949, was confirmed at the beginning of 1950, and the usual precautions were observed at the farm.

#### FOOD AND DRUGS ACT, 1938.

This Act is administered by the Surrey County Council, and I am indebted to the County Medical Officer of Health for the following table, which shows the number of samples analysed, and action taken in respect of this District, during 1950.

Articles	Analysed			Adulterated or Irregular			Prose-	Con-
	Formal	In- formal	Total	Formal	In- formal	Total	Cutions	victions
Milk Confectionery	141	22	163	13	-	13	1	1
Cream Fruit Flavoured	-	2	2	-	2*	2		
Lollies Goat's Cream	_	1	2					
Goat's Milk Ground Almonds	1	3	3					
Olive Oil	-	1 1	3					
Pepper Sausage Meat Sausages		=	1 7					
*Labelling Offence			,	11/10				
Totals	156	30	186	13	2	15	1	1

# PREVALENCE OF, AND CONTROL OVER, INFECTIOUS AND OTHER DISEASES

#### GENERAL.

The total number of cases notified during the year was 537, as compared with 503 in 1950.

Following are details of cases notified:

Disease	1950	1949	1950 Increase + Decrease -
Polio Encephalitis	_	1	- 1
Food Poisoning	155	1	+154
Scarlet Fever	52	30	+ 22
Diphtheria	1	-	+ 1
Pneumonia	11	8	+ 3
Poliomyelitis	9	5	+ 4
Erysipelas	9	8	+ 1
Undulant Fever	1	-	+ 1
Cerebro-Spinal Fever	_	1	- 1
Dysentery	3	2	+ 1
Ophthalmia Neonatorum	_	1	- 1
Acute Infective Encephalitis	1	1	-
Measles	180	392	212
Whooping Cough	114	50	+ 64
Malaria	1	1	_
Lymphocytic Choreo Meningitis		1	1
Typhoid Fever		1	- 1
Total	537	503	+ 34

#### POLIOMYELITIS.

Nine cases were notified, all except two being associated with some degree of paralysis. One of the non-paralytic cases, a man of 56, died from causes not connected with poliomyelitis. Only one of the paralytic cases was severe in type, and all the patients recovered.

Most of the cases occurred in the late autumn and early winter, and there would again appear to be some association between infection and defective sanitation. As is the experience in other districts, a history of undue exertion tended to precede the onset of paralysis.

Many contacts of poliomyelitis cases were visited during the year.

#### FOOD POISONING.

An outbreak of food poisoning on a large scale, though mild in form, occurred in June. The immediate cause was a meal prepared in the Chilworth Central Canteen and distributed to 12 schools, 4 of them in the Guildford Rural District. The total number of cases known to have occurred was 308, of which 154 were in the Guildford Rural District.

The meal was prepared on the 12th June and despatched to the schools on the following day. A small portion was distributed on the 14th June, causing a certain number of additional cases.

The symptoms—acute diarrhæa, some with blood and mucus, vomiting, and severe abdominal pain—developed in from 6 to 16 hours after eating the meal. Recovery was complete in all cases in about 48 hours. The circumstances suggested poisoning by a bacterial toxin, probably staphylococcal in origin.

Corned beef opened on the 12th was used to supplement fresh meat for beef galantine, and one of the tins revealed the presence of staphylococci in large numbers. No pathogenic organisms were found in specimens of vomit nor from the bowel.

The canteen staff were examined, and two of them showed a moderate growth of staphylococcus aureus from the bowel. It was, unfortunately, impossible to identify these staphylococci with the culture obtained from the corned beef, although cultures were sent to the Central Public Health Laboratory at Colindale.

The conditions in the canteen were examined very closely, and a number of improvements suggested, all of which, with one exception, were accepted by the Education Committee, and the work expeditiously done. The exception was a recommendation that cabinet steam sterilisation of food containers should replace the steam jets provided. These steam jets can sterilise the containers if adequate time is allowed, but if the work is hurried, sterilisation must be incomplete. The lids of the containers cannot be sterilised on the jets, and are a possible source of contamination.

This canteen serves some 2,000 meals to 19 schools each day, so that it is a matter of the utmost importance to ensure as complete protection as possible against incidents of this nature. A somewhat similar occurrence was reported the previous summer, originating in the same canteen.

The staff are well-trained and highly efficient, in charge of a most capable canteen manageress. It seems, however, that constant and repeated instruction in hygiene is desirable to maintain the utmost cleanliness at all times in the handling of food. The conditions in the canteen are very good indeed, although the sterilisation of food utensils could be improved.

#### SCARLET FEVER.

Supervision of contacts of all scarlet fever cases was carried out during the year, special precautions being enforced where the contacts' occupations involved the handling of food products or milk.

Contacts of a case in a children's hostel showed an unusually high percentage to be carriers of hæmolytic streptococci. Treatment to remove this condition was carried out before the children were allowed to return to school.

#### DYSENTERY.

No cases of Sonné dysentery were notified during 1950. Doubtless there were many mild cases which did not reach our notice.

One case of **amœbic dysentery**, confirmed bacteriologically, was notified in August. The patient was a man of 44. It is of interest to note that the patient had never been abroad.

Flexner dysentery was diagnosed in two cases in the parish of Shere, the disease being confirmed bacteriologically.

#### EPIDEMIC VOMITING.

Several small localised outbreaks occurred during the autumn, associated with high temperature and, in some cases, diarrhœa. The incubation period was 24 hours or less, and the indisposition lasted 24 hours. The method of spread would appear to be similar to that of influenza.

#### UNDULANT FEVER.

In May, a woman of 68 developed undulant fever. The milk supply was suspected, as it was reported that abortion had occurred among the cattle. Many samples of milk were examined, and the herd was eventually cleared of suspicion. After a protracted illness, the patient recovered.

#### MEASLES.

180 cases were notified, but no deaths occurred.

#### WHOOPING COUGH.

In common with other parts of the country, whooping cough was on the increase towards the end of the year, 53 of the 114 cases in the year occurring within the last two months. There were no deaths, but a very protracted convalescence occurred in many cases. Careful nursing is essential, as whooping cough is one of the most infectious and debilitating of the fevers, and if normal activities are resumed too soon, the unhealthy lung is most receptive to other germs, especially those of tuberculosis.

Two cases occurred in a children's nursery. Unfortunately, these two children had been in contact with the others for the preceding three weeks. After removal of the cases to hospital, the remaining 22 children were immunised with whooping cough vaccine (Glaxo). This seemed to have a beneficial influence in modifying the multiple cases which followed such a long exposure.

#### DERMATITIS.

An unusual type of dermatitis occurred among boys camping on meadow land in the Rural District. Large vesicles formed on the lower limbs and arms, associated with much irritation. This was due to the irritation of a rag-weed which was growing in profusion following the heavy rains, associated with strong sunlight. Mention is made of this here as the condition was originally notified as infectious.

#### DIPHTHERIA.

One fatal case of laryngeal diphtheria was notified from Ockham. The patient was a boy of 16 with an unsatisfactory immunisation history, it being reported that he had been immunised but no records being available.

#### DIPHTHERIA IMMUNISATION: SCHOOL CHILDREN.

The immunisation of children attending the maintained schools continued during 1950, the figure again showing an improvement on previous years.

The table below gives the percentage of children immunised yearly during the last five years:

1946	 	 	 76.78
1947	 	 	 84.05
1948	 	 	 88.23
1949	 	 	 89.25
1950	 	 	 90.80

#### IMMUNISATION OF PRE-SCHOOL CHILDREN.

The number of children under 5 years of age immunised also continues to increase, the percentages for the last five years being shown in the following table:

1946	 	 		38.25
1947	 	 		38.25
1948	 	 		39.00
1949	 	 	***	45.07
1950	 	 		49.05

#### HOME VISITING OF PRE-SCHOOL CHILDREN.

This service plays an important part in the Rural District, where travelling is often a great obstacle. Requests are received from various sources, including parents, and Divisional Medical Officers through their Health Visitors. Many inaccessible homesteads are visited, and others where the mother is obliged to remain at home.

The number of children treated during 1950 was as follows:-

No.	of	First Injections given	 	 65
No.	of	Second Injections given	 	 74

#### SMALLPOX VACCINATION.

Vaccination is offered to all children at the same time as diphtheria immunisation, and is performed also in the home if it is desired.

The following table gives details of vaccination carried out in the District during 1950:—

Age at	Numl	per of Person	s Vaccinated (	or Re-vaccinate	ed)	
Vaccination	Under 1	1 to 4	5 to 14	15 or over	Total	
Number Vaccinated	338	49	21	18	426	
Number Re- vaccinated	Nil	5	37	116	158	

All the above were carried out by general practitioners with the exception of 46 primary and 10 re-vaccinations carried out by this Department, and 74 primary vaccinations reported from Welfare Centres.

One case of Generalised Vaccinia was reported during the year. The patient, a boy of 5 months, was admitted to the Great Ormond Street Children's Hospital, London.

#### DIPHTHERIA IMMUNISATION

	CHILDREN	UNDER F	IVE YEARS OF AGE	
	Immunised 1/1/50 to 31/12/50	Immunised prior to 1/1/50	Estimated Population under 5 years	Percentage Immunised
1950	525	1,160	3,435 (RegGen. Estimate 1950)	49.05
1949	384	1,117	3,330 (RegGen. Estimate 1949)	45.07

# CHILDREN BETWEEN THE AGES OF 5-15 YEARS (Treatment carried out by Public Health Department)

	Immunised 1/1/50 to 31/12/50	Re- Immunised 1/1/50 to 31/12/50	Immunised prior to 1/1/50 and still at School	Estimated Population 5–15 years	Per- centage Immu- nised
1950	129	594	3,383	3,868 (S.C.C. Schools)	90,80
				5,759 (RegGen. Estimate 1950)	70.46
1949	83	313	3,361	3,859	89,25
				(S.C.C. Schools) 5,481 (RegGen. Estimate 1949)	74.24

#### IMMUNISED IN PRIVATE SCHOOLS

(Information obtained from Principals of 12 Private Schools out of 20 circularised)

No. of Children on Register	No. Immunised	Percentage Immunised
643	526	81,80

IMMUNISATION STATE, BY SCHOOLS, AS AT 31st DECEMBER, 1950.

Percentage of children	CT	93.75	80.16	85.71	86.12	88.61	92.18	92.86	93.88	87.50	94.29	85.37	91.38	100.00	96.30	93.33	88.46	94.87	19.16	98.54	89.47	89.05	100.00	86.43	94.91	93.14	95.31	96.05	94.12	91.67	88.07	80.08	90.53	00.00
out	Re-imm.	2	46	49	69	25	16	6	9	1-	12	27	20	23	16	16	10	9	34	10	11	33	60	20	10	15	23	10	16	6	26	23	7	504
ment carried during 1950.	2nd Inj.	3	11	15	6	10	1	60	1	1	20	60	1	1	1	9	1	1	1	1	1	1	5	9/	12	00	6	1	4	61	14	9	20	00+
Treatment durin	1st Inj.	1	19	11	[*	13	1-	63	89	60	5	9	12	1	60	60	1	2	00	1-	9	00	67	60	15	20	6	ေ	1	3	15	9	20	Gur
school.	No. not immunised	60	49	30	19	23	13	4	60	60	2	30	15	1	69	7	60	63	12	9	9	15	1,	19	12	9	60	-	00	18	13	13	6	0
attending	No. immu- nised.	45	198	180	262	179	166	52	46	21	93	175	159	31	78	86	23	37	131	87	51	122	99	121	224	80	19	170	128	198	96	118	98	000
Children	Total	48	247	210	281	202	179	56	49	24	35	205	174	31	81	105	26	39	143	93	57	137	56	140	236	86	64	177	136	216	109	131	95	1363
		Albury C. of E	Ash Common C. of E	Ash Vale C.P	Ash Walsh C. of E	Ash Wyke C.P	Ash Yeomans Bridge Sec		Compton C. of E	E.	3		Effingham C.P	Mary	East Horslev C. of E	E.			S.		of E.	Rinley C. of E		Send C. of E	Send Secondary	Shackleford C. of E		Shalford C.P. Mixed	Shere C of E.	Secondary		Wood Street C.P	Gosden House Special School	Secretary of the second second second

INFECTIOUS DISEASES, 1950.

TABLE SHOWING NUMBER OF CASES NOTIFIED AND WHERE TREATED.

лотоТ	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	587
EirsleM	111111111	-
Undulant Fever	11111111	1
Diphtheria	11111111-	1
Poliomyelitis	01     4 00	6
Erysipelas		6
Pneumonia		11
Dysentery	-      0	8
Whooping-	112	114
Food Buinosioq	155	155
Acute Infective Encephalitis	11-1111111	-
Scarlet Fever	° 42 4	52
Measles	1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1	180
Where Treated	St. Luke's Hospital Middlesex Hospital Farnham County Hospital Aldershot Isolation Hospital Ottershaw Isolation Hospital Green Lane Hospital Dorking County Hospital Aldershot Civil Hospital Royal Surrey County Hospital At Home	Totals

INFECTIOUS DISEASE, 1950 AGE INCIDENCE. (Other than Tuberculosis.)

	-	Deaths	11-111-1111	23
	Cases Admitted to Hospital		331	47
		and Over	111111111111111111111111111111111111111	9
		50.60	-     27       - 78	3
		40.50		=
	90	30.40	0-   0-           -	10
	-Year	20.30	10111111111	5
	At Ages—Years	15.20		5
	At /	5-10 10.15 15.20 20.30 30.40 40.50 50.60 and Over	11 886 91	112
		5-10	113 25 25 63 63 63 63 63 63 63 63 63 63 63 63 63	268
		1-5	11   2 2     146	103
		under 1	4       0       -	00
	At	Ages	180 52 11 114 3 11 9 11 1	537
١		63	:: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	:
I		CASE	halit	:
		SISE	::::::::	:
	NOTIFIABLE DISEASE		Scarlet Fever Acute Infective Encephalitis Food Poisoning Whooping-cough Dysentery Diphtheria Poliomyelitis Preumonia Erysipelas Malaria Undulant Fever	Totals

INCIDENCE OF NOTIFIED INFECTIOUS DISEASE (other than Tuberculosis), 1950.

# PARISH BY PARISH.

	Total	1 155 155 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 3 3	537
	Worplesdon	4       1   1     4	89
	Wisley		1
	Wanborough	-  -	- 4
	Shere	2 2 2 3 3 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 2 3 3 3 3 3	97
	Shalford	50	88
	Shackleford		ro.
	Send	13   1   1   2	18
	Seale	-4	4
	St. Martha	8           8	42
- P	Ripley		12
Parish	Puttenham		12
H	Pirbright	1	9
	Оскрат	-         -	
	Horsley, West	1-11-11/02	10
	Horsley, East	1881   315   1	34
	Effingham		42
	Compton		1
	Clandon, West	0   1   1   1   1	=
	Clandon, East,	-	-
	Ash & Vormandy	100   100	36
	Artington		4
	Albury	1 0 4	41
		11111111111	:
	NOTIFIABLE DISEASE 1950	Acute Infective Encephalitis Scarlet Fever Food Poisoning Diphtheria Erysipelas Acute Poliomyelitis Undulant Fever Malaria Measles Whooping-cough	Totals
	NOTIF	Acute Infective E Scarlet Fever Food Poisoning Diphtheria Erysipelas Acute Poliomyelit Pneumonia Undulant Fever Malaria Measles Whooping-cough Dysentery	

#### SCHOOL ABSENTEES.

The table on page 37 shows the number of children absent from school suffering, or suspected to be suffering, from any infectious or contagious disease, including contacts with cases of infectious disease.

#### HEALTH DEPARTMENT VISITING NURSE.

The work of the Visiting Nurse has shown no sign of diminishing. Her visits include the investigation of infectious diseases; visits in connection with immunisation in schools, and in the homes of people unable to take their children to Welfare Centres; visits where questions of health are involved, and visits to old people in need of help. She also does health propaganda and general instruction in hygiene.

Scabies Visits		 	 41
Special Home Visits		 	 216
School Immunisation V	isits	 	 86
Scarlet Fever Contacts		 	 138
Tuberculosis Visits		 	 88
Home Immunisation Vis	its	 	 129
Visits (AGED PERSON	NS)	 	 57
Vaccination Visits		 	 86
Food Poisoning Visits		 	 27
Poliomyelitis Visits		 	 10
Miscellaneous Visits		 	 42
		Total	 920

The table below gives details of the scabies cases treated in the District during the year 1950.

	1		Number T	reated	
Month		Sca	bies	Pedic	culosis
		Adults	Children	Adults	Children
January		_	3	_	_
February		_	1	_	_
March		_	_	_	_
April		_	-	_	_
May		_	_	_	_
June		_	_	_	_
July		_	_	-	_
August		2	1	_	_
September		_	1		_
October		_	_		_
November		_	3	_	_
December		-	-	_	-
Totals		2	9	_	_

# SCHOOL ABSENTEES, 1950.

School	Scarlet Fever	Chicken-pox	Measles	German Measles	Jaundice	Acute Poliomyelitis	Mumps	Whooping-cough	Pneumonia	Totals
Albury C. of E  Ash Common C. of E  Ash Vale County Primary  Ash Walsh C. of E  Ash Wyke  Chilworth C. of E  Clandon, East, C. of E.  Clandon, West, C. of E.  Compton C. of E  Effingham County Primary  Holmbury St. Mary C. of E.  Horsley, East, C. of E.  Ockham C. of E  Peaslake C. of E  Pirbright County Primary  Puttenham C. of E  Ripley C. of E  Seale C. of E  Seale C. of E  Shalford County Primary  Shackleford C. of E  Shalford Infants  Shalford Infants  Tillingbourne Secondary  Tongham C. of E  Tillingbourne Secondary  Tongham C. of E  Wood Street County Primary  Worplesdon, Perry Hill  County Primary	1 1 1 1 1 2 - 1 - 3 - - 4 8 - 2 1		2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 - - - 3 1 8 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	1	7 - 7 - 7 - 7 7			-9 -9 -9 3 	4	1 30 2 15 61 — 6 56 24 — 1 10 3 42 18 1 29 1 — 64
Totals	 43	119	57	11	14	1	50	113	4	412

#### CANCER.

There were 67 deaths from malignant disease during 1950, 37 male and 30 female. The age incidence of these persons is shown in the table below:

DEATHS FROM CANCER

SITE		0-40	40-	50	50	-60	60	-70	70	-80		ver 0	То	tals	Gr To	and
	M	F	М	F	M	F	М	F	M	F	М	F	М	F	1950	194
Alimentary Canal		_	2	_	3	_	2	3	3	5	_	_	10	8	18	23
Breast		-	-	1	_	2		3	_	-	-	_	-	6	6	12
Lung		-	1	1	6	_	3	1	3	_	_	_	13	2	15	11
Liver		-	_	-	-	1	1	3	1	-	-	_	2	4	6	8
Tongue		-	-			-	_	_		-		_	_	-	-	
Other		-	2	1	1	2	4	4	5	3	-	-	12	10	22	29
1950 1949	-	3	5 3	3 4	1 <b>0</b>	5	10 16	14 8	12	8 10	_ 6	10	37 37	30 46	67	83

The following table shows the deaths from cancer during the last sixteen years.

DEATHS FROM CANCER DURING THE LAST SIXTEEN YEARS

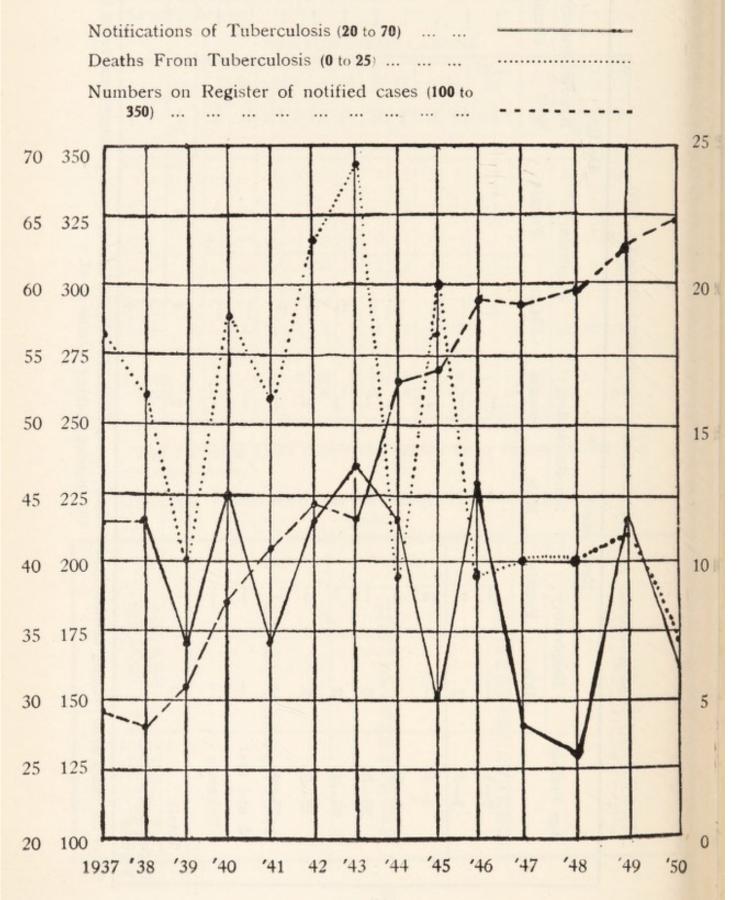
Year	Male	Female	Total	Death-Rate
1935	30	34	64	1.95
1936	33	23	56	1.73
1937	28	31	59	1.75
1938	25	25	50	1.42
1939	28	37	65	1.62
1940	19	41	60	1.58
1941	30	42	72	1.75
1942	29	41	70	1.79
1943	38	55	93	2.47
1944	42	33	75	1.98
1945	41	34	75	2.35
1946	26	41	67	1.77
1947	43	33	76	1.96
1948	35	37	72	1.77
1949	37	46	83	1.90
1950	37	30	67	1.58

NEW CASES AND MORTALITY OF TUBERCULOSIS, 1950.

		New C	Cases*			Q	Deaths	
Age Periods	Respi	Respiratory	Non-Res	Non-Respiratory	Respi	Respiratory	Non-Res	Non-Respiratory
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
0-1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
1—5	1	23	1	1	1	1	1	1
5—15	1	63	1	1	1	1	1	1
15—25	4	23	ಣ	1	1	1	1	1
25—35	10	1	6	1	1	1	1	1
35—45	3	ı	00	1	2	1	1	1
45—55	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
55—65	4	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
65 and over	1	1	ಣ	1	1	1	1	1
Unknown	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Totals	19	7	19	2	4	60		
Registrar General's Figures					4	-	ı	-

\*32 of the cases were primary notifications, 4 cases were notified after death, and 11 were patients transferred into the district, making a total of 47.

# GRAPH SHOWING THE ANNUAL NOTIFICATIONS AND DEATHS FROM TUBERCULOSIS.



#### TUBERCULOSIS.

The following table shows the number and types of cases on the Register at 31st December for the last 12 years:

Year	Puln	nonary	Non-Pu	lmonary	Total No. on Register at 31st Decembe		
rear	Male	Female	Male	Female			
1939	58	48	21	28	155		
1940	75	52	21	36	184		
1941	82	57	27	39	205		
1942	85	64	30	45	224		
1943	90	61	33	32	216		
1944	101	70	37	60	268		
1945	103	74	33	59	269		
1946	113	81	41	57	292		
1947	117	84	40	50	291		
1948	118	83	43	52	296		
1949	129	83	45	58	315		
1950	131	90	50	53	324		

During 1950 there were 32 new cases (Primary). They were distributed in the following areas:

Ash		 	4	Pirbright		 	1
Chilworth		 	3	Ripley		 	1
Compton		 	1	Shacklefor	d	 	1
Effingham		 	3	Shalford		 	3
East Horsle	ey	 	3	Send		 	2
Gomshall		 	1	Shere		 	4
Ockham		 	2	Tongham		 	1
Peasmarsh		 	1	Worplesdon	n .	 	1

The Table on page 39 shows the new cases and deaths in age periods; pulmonary and non-pulmonary figures are given separately.

The following table shows the notifications and deaths in the District, with the corresponding rates per 1,000 of the population during the past 10 years:

Year	Cases Notified	Notification Rate	Deaths	Death-Rate per 1,000 of the Population
1941	34	0.83	16	0,39
1942	43	1.09	22	0.56
1943	47	1.25	24	0.64
1944	43	1.16	9	0.24
1945	30	0.82	20	0.54
1946	46	1.22	9	0.24
1947	28	0.72	10	0.26
1948	26	0.63	10	0.24
1949	43	1.03	11	0.26
1950	32	0.74	7	0.16

Tuberculous Glands.—Reference was made, in the report for 1949, to the number of cases of glandular tuberculosis reported in the Shalford area. Intensive search was made in 1950 for evidence of milk-borne disease, the investigation being carried out simultaneously in the adjoining part of the Hambledon Rural District, and in the Guildford Borough. Eventually 4 herds were found to be infected, 1 of them in the Guildford Rural District. Five cows were slaughtered, 2 of these being in the Guildford Rural District. Unfortunately, one cow had been disposed of to the north of England, and despite efforts to trace it, it was impossible to do so.

Since the transfer to the Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries of the supervision of milk production at the farms, which became effective on 1st October, 1949, samples of milk have been taken from distributors only. This has led to further long delay in the identification first of the herd affected, and subsequently of the individual cows, the test for tuberculosis in milk taking, as a rule, a minimum of six weeks.

As a result of these occurrences the routine of milk sampling has been altered so that the milk from each herd is now sampled separately, and very close liaison has been established with the Veterinary Department of the Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries, with the regular interchange of reports and analyses. Very much closer supervision has accordingly been established.

#### TUBERCULOSIS CARE COMMITTEE.

The Committee held only two meetings during the period, the Chairman, in consultation with the Hon. Secretary, having exercised delegated powers to deal with day-to-day cases submitted by the Care Almoner. The number of cases considered was 18.

Assistance was given in the following forms (some patients receiving help under more than one heading):—

Pocket money				
Rail and bus fares				
Beds, bedding, etc				
Clothing				
Materials for making up for	patient's own	use or	for	
occupational therapy				
Grants for extra nourishmen	t			
Christmas grants of 10/- each				1

The total expenditure involved by these grants was £66 14s. 8d.

The Care Committee had a balance of £91 10s. 4d. in hand at 31st March, 1951.

# ANNUAL REPORT OF THE CHIEF SANITARY INSPECTOR AND CLEANSING OFFI. ER

#### INSPECTIONS.

The total number of inspections made by the Sanitary Inspectors during the year was 5,761, in accordance with the following table:

#### VISITS.

	Water Supplies				232
	Dairy Premises				77
	Factories and Workshop	os			68
	Bakehouses				9
	Slaughterhouses, butcher	s' shop	s, etc.		68
	Shops				116
	Tents, Vans and Sheds				360
	Knackers' Yards				4
	Refuse—				
	Collection				26
	Disposal				13
	Infectious Disease				38
	Food Preparing Premise	es			31
	Rats and Mice				46
	Milk Sampling				379
	Stables and Piggeries				47
	Housing Visits (all purp	oses)-			
	Inspections				947
	Re-inspections				698
	Other Visits				720
	Drainage				1491
	Smoke Observations				20
	Other Miscellaneous Vis	its			371
			Total		5761
NOTICE	ES.				
	Statutory Notices Serve	ed			48
	Preliminary Notices Ser				341
			Total		389
	Statute Nation C	11 - 3 - 77	7141		0.5
	Statutory Notices Comp			• • • •	35
	Preliminary Notices Com			•••	366
	Notices Not Complied V	vith		•••	343
			m-4-1		
			Total	***	744
					and the second of

#### SAMPLING OF MILK AND WATER SUPPLIES: SUMMARY.

Milk samples for bacteriological Water samples for analysis—	Satis- factory 366	Unsatis- factory 11		
Main supplies	 		113	6
Well supplies	 		7	4
Water from watercress beds	 		2	_

#### INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOODSTUFF-MILK.

#### (a) MILK SUPPLIES.

There were registered in the area 44 distributors of milk; of these, 23 purveyed milk from premises situated outside the Council's area. The major proportion of the milk distributed is now pasteurised, small distributors taking supplies in bottles from the larger dairies. A reduction in the number of complaints received as to souring of milk in the warmer weather was noted.

The arrangement with the Surrey County Council, under which sampling and control of pasteurising plants under the Milk (Special Designations) (Pasteurised and Sterilised) Regulations, 1949, is carried out by the Chief Sanitary Inspector as agent for the County Medical Officer, continued during the year, only one such plant being licensed. Satisfactory results continued to be received on pasteurised milk samples.

Licences for sale of milk under special designation were granted as follows:

#### Dealers' Licences:

Pasteurised Milk					14
Tuberculin Tested Milk					13
Sterilised Milk					6
plementary Licences:					
Pasteurised Milk					17
Tuberculin Tested Milk					13
Sterilised Milk					1
	Tuberculin Tested Milk Sterilised Milk oplementary Licences: Pasteurised Milk Tuberculin Tested Milk	Tuberculin Tested Milk Sterilised Milk  plementary Licences: Pasteurised Milk Tuberculin Tested Milk	Tuberculin Tested Milk Sterilised Milk  pplementary Licences: Pasteurised Milk  Tuberculin Tested Milk	Tuberculin Tested Milk Sterilised Milk  pplementary Licences:  Pasteurised Milk  Tuberculin Tested Milk	Tuberculin Tested Milk Sterilised Milk

#### (b) MILK SAMPLING.

During the year, 377 samples of milk were taken. The following tables show the total number of samples in each grade and the cause of failure in respect of samples failing to reach the prescribed standard, or, in the case of milk not designated, the standard prescribed for designated raw milk.

Of these samples, 80 were subjected to biological examination by guinea pig inoculation for the presence of tuberculosis. In five cases positive reports were received.

N.B.—Following the coming into operation of the Milk (Special Designations) Regulations, 1949, at the 1st October, 1949, the examination of samples for B. Coli has been discontinued, having regard to the omission of this test from these Regulations.

MILK SAMPLING, 1950: SUMMARY OF RESULTS.

se Test	Failed	1	1	1	3	1
PHOSPHATASE TEST	Satisfactory	Í	1	19	227	1
AL EXAK.	Failed	1	1	. 1	1	22
Test Biological Exam.	Satisfactory	6	3	1	. 1	74
	Not Done— Temperature over 65°F.	1	1	4	. 65	-
METHYLENE BLUE	Failed	2	1	1	1	11
МЕТ	Satisfactory	36	ı	15	170	99
Total Samples	Taken	47	3	19	230	79
Grade of Milk		Tuberculin Tested	Accredited	Tuberculin Tested Pasteurised	Pasteurised	Ordinary
1			45			

# MEAT AND OTHER FOODS.

# CARCASES INSPECTED AND CONDEMNED.

	Cattle excluding Cows	Cows	Calves	Sheep & Lambs	Pigs
Number killed (if known)	_	_		_	_
Number inspected	_	_	_		1
All diseases except Tuberculosis Whole carcases					
condemned					_
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned	_	_	_		_
Percentage of the num- ber inspected affected with disease other than tuberculosis				_	
Tuberculosis Only. Whole carcases condemned		_		_	1
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned		_	_	_	-
Percentage of the num- ber inspected affected					
with tuberculosis	_	-	-	-	100%

The following quantities of foodstuff were inspected and certified as unfit for human consumption:

				cwts.	qrs.	stns.	lbs.	OZ.
Fresh Beef				4	3	0	7	C
Fresh Pork					1	1	6	0
Ox Liver						1	11	0
Sausage Meat							6	0
Frozen Rabbits					2	0	4	0
Tinned Meats (in	cludi	ng Cor	rned					
Beef)				1	3	1	11	13
Bacon					3	1	0	4
Cheese					1	1	4	0
Butter							11	8
Margerine						1	6	8
Suet							6	0
Fresh Eggs					2	1	2	12
Dried Egg								4
Sugar					1	1	0	0
Tea							2	0
Lard						1	0	0
Tinned Fish							1	14
Tinned Milk					1	0	2	7
Tinned Vegetables				1	0	1	2	8
Dried Vegetables	(Pea	s, Ler	ntils,					
etc.)						1	13	0
Tinned Soups							5	0
Tinned Fruit						1	12	11
Dried Fruit				1	1	0	10	8
Jams (tinned and	jars	)				1	1	8
Other Miscellaneo	us F	ood I	tems	1	0	0	7	11
				-				
Total				15	1	0	10	4

#### WATER SUPPLIES.

During the year, 119 samples of water were taken from the following public and private main supplies serving the area in accordance with a pre-determined rota:

Guildford Borough Supply.
Mid-Wessex Water Company.
Mid-Southern Utility Company.
Wey Valley Water Company.
Woking Water Company.
Godalming Borough Supply.
East Surrey Water Company.
Hurtwood Water Company.
Hambledon R.D.C. Supply.

Wanborough and City Estates Private Supply. Eastbury Manor Private Supply. Albury Estate Private Supply. Manor House, Shere, Private Supply. Loseley Estate Private Supply.

Two of the small private supplies received adverse reports during the year, but in each case it was possible to obtain an improvement, in one case by the cleansing of storage tanks with temporary chlorination, and in the second case by improvement in the chlorination of the water.

Of 11 samples from private well supplies, 4 were reported as unsatisfactory. In one case, two premises were subsequently connected to the public main supply which was available, and in the other cases improvement of the wells was obtained by cleansing.

During the year small main extensions were carried out at Ash, resulting in the connection of 12 cottages to the supply. The Council also agreed to the extension of the water main to serve 8 cottages at Farley Heath.

### INSPECTION OF FACTORIES.

	Number	Number of				
Premises	on Register	Inspections		Occupiers Prosecuted		
<ul> <li>(i) Factories in which Sections 1, 2, 3, 4 and 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities</li> <li>(ii) Factories not included in (i) in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority</li> </ul>	43	35	18			
(iii) Other premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority* (excluding out-workers' premises).		5	5			
Total	138	65	28			

<sup>\*</sup> Electrical stations (Section 103) [1]), Institutions (Section 104), and sites of Building Operations and Works of Engineering Construction (Sections 107 and 108).

# CASES IN WHICH DEFECTS WERE FOUND

	Nur	No. of Cases in			
Particulars	Found	Remedied			which prosecu- tions were instituted
Want of Cleanliness (S.1)	7	7	_	_	name
Overcrowding (S.2)	****	-	_	_	- 11
Unreasonable Temperature (S.3)	_		_	-	_
Inadequate Ventilation (S.4)	_	-	-	-	-
Ineffective Drainage of Floors (S.6)	-	-	_	-	
Sanitary Conveniences (S.7)  (a) Insufficient  (b) Unsuitable or defec-	8	8		-	~~
tive (c) Not separate for	12	12	-		-
other offences against the Act (not including offences	2	2	7		-
relating to Outwork)	1	1	3	-	_
Total	30	30	3	_	

#### MOVABLE DWELLINGS AND CAMPING GROUNDS.

(a) Public Health Act, 1936—Section 269.

Licences granted for use of caravans as dwellings ... 34
Licences granted to use land as a camp site ... Nil

(b) Surrey County Council Act, 1931—The Bogs and The Quadrant, Ash Vale.

The Order prohibiting the use of land in this area as a camping site continued in force, and was operated in a number of cases where caravans or tents were stationed on the land contrary to the Order.

Four prosecutions were taken against persons ignoring the Order and retaining movable dwellings within the defined area.

#### SLAUGHTERHOUSES AND KNACKERS' YARDS.

Licences were granted for the use of premises in the following parishes as slaughterhouses during the year; owing to the restriction on private killing, little or no slaughtering has been carried out:

Albury		 		1
East Horsle	у	 		1
Shalford		 	***	1
Shere		 		1
Tongham		 		1

Licences were granted for the use of premises in the following parishes as knackers' yards:

Artington		 	 1
Ash	 	 	 2

# PEST DESTRUCTION ACT, 1949—RODENT CONTROL.

One rodent operative is employed to implement the Council's undertaking to carry out treatment of rat or mouse infestation at domestic premises free of cost to occupiers; where infestation at business or commercial premises is undertaken, the cost of the work is re-charged.

Total number of complaints is mouse infestation	eceived	of .	rat and	226
Infestations found on investigat	tion of	com	plaints—	
			Rats	Mice
Domestic premises			169	21
Commercial premises			14	_
				-
	Total		183	21
				_

All infestations found were eradicated either by the Council's operative or private contractors. The availability of the free service has tended to increase the number of complaints received.

In addition, all Local Authority premises, land and refuse tips were treated periodically.

#### CLEANSING SERVICES.

#### (a) Refuse Collection.

The fortnightly collection of house refuse was continued throughout the year in all parishes by means of side loading refuse vehicles, disposal being effected at the two tips at Stonebridge, Bramley and Ash Vale.

No major problems were noted, although the volume of refuse collected continues to increase; the availability of labour for the work fluctuates and becomes increasingly difficult, giving rise at times to concern.

#### (b) Cleansing of Pail Closets.

Collection of night soil is carried out in the Parish of Ash, and Tongham area of Seale. Twice weekly collection is made at 756 premises, a further 116 being subject to weekly clearance.

The disposal of night soil continues to be by arrangement with the Farnborough Urban District Council, who receive this in their sewers for treatment in the sewage works.

In the Parishes of St. Martha, Shalford and Albury twice weekly collection is made from 119 premises. Disposal being to main sewers.

No special difficulties arose with this Service during the year.

#### (c) Cleansing of Cesspools.

The Council's three-monthly free emptying service continued to be provided to all premises from which requests were received, the work being carried out with nine vacuum tank vehicles.

A total of 8,182 requests were received in the year, while the number of cesspools emptied amounted to 8,208, involving the removal of 16,937 loads of sewage.

A steady growth is noted in the demand for this Service, arising both from the increasing number of premises with cesspool drainage and the more frequent emptying of individual cesspools; the latter appears to be necessitated by the increased density of population and the increase in water consumption noted in the Medical Officer of Health's report for 1949.

Disposal, where possible, was to main sewers by agreement with the Borough of Guildford, Borough of Aldershot and the Urban District of Farnborough. The Council rent one site at Elm Hill, Normandy, where sewage is tipped for disposal on the land and in other areas sewage is disposed of on private land by agreement with farmers.

P. MEDDOWS TAYLOR,

Chief Sanitary Inspector and Cleansing Officer.