[Report 1939] / Medical Officer of Health, Felixstowe U.D.C.

Contributors

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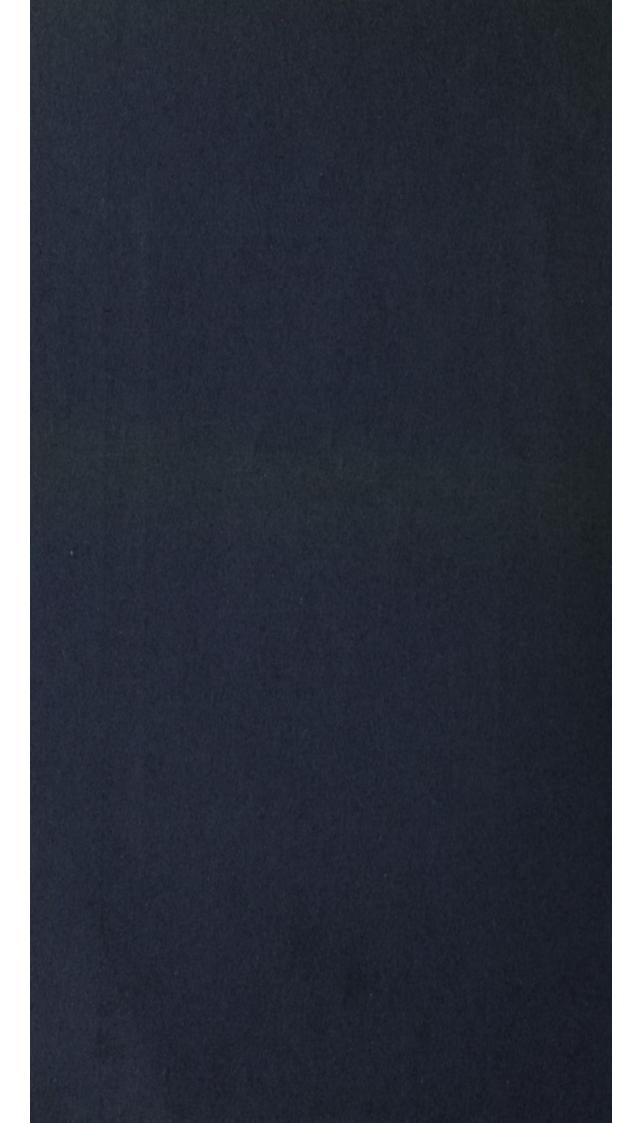


Annual Report

of the

Medical Officer
of Health
and the
Sanitary Inspector

For the Year Ending December, 1939



ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

for the Urban District of Felixstowe for the year 1939 with which is incorporated the Sanitary Inspector's Report

MR. CHAIRMAN, MADAM AND GENTLEMEN,

I have the honour to present my Annual Report for the year ending December 31st, 1939.

Particulars required by the Ministry of Health:—

Medical Officer of Health: G. J. Conford, M.A., D.M. OXON.

Sanitary Inspector: Robert Greenwood, C.R.S.I., M.S.I.A.

Area of	Dist	rict	in acı	res					4	281	
Resident	pop	ulat	ion at	the	mid	dle of	193	19	12	600	
Average	po	pula	tion	for	calc	ulatio	n o	of			
Dea	th r	ate							12	600	
Number	of in	hab	ited h	ouse	es at	end o	of 1	939	3	563	
Live bir	ths									180	
Birt	h ra	te	14.2	per	thou	isand					
Deaths										175	
Dea	th r	ate	13.8	per	thou	isand					
Deaths f										Nil	
Deaths o	f inf	ants	unde	r 1	year	of age	e			6	
Death ra	te of	finf	ants p	er 1	000	births	reg	gistere	ed	33	
Deaths f	rom	Car	cer							27	
,,	10	Me	asles							Nil	
,,	.,	Wh	oopin	g co	ugh		100			Nil	
,,	,,					2 year				Nil	

VITAL STATISTICS

I have taken the figure 12600 as a basis for estimating the birth and death rates, this representing the Registrar General's estimate for 1938, plus the average annual increase for the last few years. When I receive the Registrar General's figures they will be printed separately and added to this report with any necessary corrections as to the birth and death rate,

BIRTH RATE. 180 births were registered in the district, 89 males and 91 females. On the estimate of the population given above, this gives a rate of 14.2 per thousand. The returns as to inward and outward transfers, legitimacy or illegitimacy, have not yet been received.

DEATH RATE. 164 deaths were registered in the district, with 3 outward and 14 inward transfers, giving 175 as properly belonging to this district. The death rate is thus 13.8 per thousand. In 1938 the birth rate was 11.5 per thousand, and the death rate 12.7 per thousand. Both have increased but the proportion this year is in favour of the birth rate.

INFANTILE MORTALITY. There were 5 deaths of infants under 1 year of age, with one inward transfer, a total of 6. The rate is thus 33 per thousand births registered.

There was only one death from pulmonary tuberculosis and two from other tuberculous diseases, so that the death rate is only .23 per thousand.

Details as to the prevalence of tuberculosis are given in the accompanying table.

CANCER. The incidence of cancer and the death rate from this cause are about the same as last year. Full details are given in the accompanying table. There were 27 deaths including 3 inward and 1 outward transfer.

INFECTIOUS DISEASE. Patients suffering from notifiable infectious diseases are sent to the Isolation hospital, Ipswich, and disinfection of premises and clothing is done by the employees of the Felixstowe Urban District Council.

The accompanying table gives all the details and the statement of the expenses of treatment and prevention, has been supplied by Mr. Tuddenham, the Accountant.

The account is for the period March 31st, 1938, to March 31st, 1939.

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CANCEL The major was and an incident of the deal of the state of the s

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The accompany of the grey of the dealer and the sourment of the rescours of transpart and prevention, his been supplied by Mr. Tolkenburg the Accompany

The noncess to fee the part of Murch 11st, 1738, to March

	£	s.	d.
Cost of maintenance of patients in Ipswi	ich		
Isolation Hospital	208	11	0
Disinfectants, etc	17	15	31
Meat Inspections and Laboratory fees	59	3	0
Postages and Sundries	3	2	1
Books, Forms, etc	10	13	0
Proportion of cost of Depot & Stables	7	13	71
Sanitary Inspector's Car Allowance	50	0	0
Wages	178	15	9
Gas Pump and Cyanogas	3	9	0
	-		
	539	2	9
Fees received for disinfecting 29 9	6		
	0		
	38	19	6
	£500	3	3

TABLE of INFECTIOUS DISEASES for 1939

Disease	4-5	5-10	10-15			35-45	Total	Treated in Hosp.	Deaths
Scarlet fever	2		4	1	1	1	9	7	Nil
Diphtheria					1		1	1	,,
Anterior Poliomyelitis			1				1	1	
Totals	2		5	1	2	1	11	9	,,

The above table shews that the incidence of infectious disease has been very light. All of the patients except three were inhabitants of the district. The case of diphtheria was a soldier at Landguard fort, the case of anterior poliomyelitis was a child sent into the district from London under the Government evacuation scheme and one of the scarlet fever cases was an inhabitant of Ipswich staying at the Bartlet Convalescent Home.

The expense of removing patients to the Ipswich Isolation Hospital and of their treatment is paid by this district. Disinfection is done by the staff of this Council. Digitized by the Internet Archive in 2017 with funding from Wellcome Library

TUBERCULOSIS TABLE FOR 1939

NEW CASES

DEATHS

Age Periods	Respir	ratory	No Respi	n- ratory	Totals	Respir	ratory	Ne Respi	on- ratory	Totals	
1-5	M	F	м	F 1	1	М	F	М	F 1	1	
5-15		1			1						
15-25		2		1	3			3:			
25-35	1	1	1		3			1		1	
35-45	1		1		2)				1	
45-55	1	1			2		1x			1	
55-65		1			1						
Totals	3	6	2	2	13	1	1	1	1	4	

Note. Of the new cases five were not primary notifications n this district, but were transferred from other areas.

Of the deaths, the case marked thus x was transferred into

Of the deaths, the case marked thus x was transferred into this district and died elsewhere so that it is not included in the mortality table.

TUBERCULOSIS REGISTER FOR 1939

MALES FEMALES

- No.	Respira-	Non- tespira- tory	Respira- tory	Non- Respira- tory	Totals
Number of cases on Register on Jan. 1st, 1939	14	3	9	2	28
Number of Cases notified for the first time during 1939 in this district		2	2	2	8
Cases transferred from other dis- tricts and notified to me by the County M.O.H	1		4		5
Number of cases removed from the Register in 1939	3	1	5	1	10
Number remaining on Register on December 31st, 1939	14	4	10	3	31

TUBERCULOSIS TARLE FOR 1939

Note. Of the new cases five were not primary nontheatines in this district, has were required from other aware.

Of the deaths, the case couled thus a was transferred into this district and died discussions so that this mer terifolds in the mortality table.

TUBERCULOSIS REGISTER ZOR 1929

There were no deaths of previously unnotified cases of tuberculosis.

No case has arisen in which legal action under the regulations for the prevention of tuberculosis has been necessary.

CANCER MORTALITY TABLE for 1939.

Region affected	20-	45		ge P -65	als	Both sexes			
Larynx	М	F	M 1	F	M 1	F	M 2	F	2
Tongue			1				1		1
Gullet			2				2		2
Stomach				1		3		4	4
Bowel & Rectum		1	1		2	2	3	3	6
Breast				4				4	4
Mediastinum				1		1		1	1
Ovary		1						1	1
Penis					1		1		1
Prostate					1		1		1
Uterus						1		1	1
Vulva						1		1	1
Kidney					1		1		1
Spine		1						1	1
		3	5	5	6	8	11	16	27

Note. The above table enumerates the deaths from cancer properly belonging to the district, 3 inward transfers having been added and one outward transfer deducted. The total of deaths from cancer in 1938 was 28.

The Felixstowe Cottage Hospital and the East Suffolk Hospital, Ipswich, attend to cases of cancer in the ordinary course of their work, examination of scrapings and sections being undertaken by Dr. Biddle, the pathologist of the East Suffolk Hospital.

There were no deaths of proviously unnetified cases of

No cites has arreen in which legal nerson under the regulations for the prevention of taberculous has been necessary.

CANCER MORTALITY TABLE for 1939

Wolfe. The shore table commentes the deaths from cancer properly balonging to the district, 3 invests transfers white for convex transfer deducad.

The test of deaths from cancer in 1918 was 18.

The Pelastone Conage Hospital and the East Suffeily Hospital, Ipswich, attend to cases of concer in the ordinary course of their work, examination of errapings and sections being undertaken by Dr. Riddle, the parhologist of the East Suffeil Hospital.

MORTALITY TABLE for 1939.

Diseases			ered	Ou			n.		al belo o Distr	
	M	F	Total	M	F	M	F	M	F	Total
Myocardial degeneration	8	15	23					7	15	22
Organic Heart disease	7	10	17				2	7	12	19
Cerebral Thrombosis	4	9	13				100	4	9	13
Cerebral Hæmorrhage	8	8	16	1		2		9	8	17
Other diseases of Central nervous system	3	3	6			2		5	3	8
Cancer	8	17	25	1		1	2	8	19	27
Nephritis	8	5	13					8	5	13
Pneumonia	5	4	9			1		6	4	10
Bronchitis	3	6	9			1		4	6	10
Other Respiratory diseases	1	3	4					1	3	4
Pulmonary Tuberculosis	1		1	-				1		1
Other Tuberculosis	1		1				1	1	1	2
Diabetes	1		1					1	-	1
Encephalitis Lethargica		1	1						1	1
Influenza	3	2	5	1	000			3	2	5
Diseases of newborn	4	2	6				1	4	3	7
Other diseases	. 5	3	8					5	3	8
Suicides	2		2					2		2
Deaths by violence or accidents	3	1	4			1		4	1	5
Totals	75	89	164	3		8	6	80	95	175

MORTALITY TABLE for 1939.

LABORATORY FACILITIES. The County pathologist examines sputum, blood, etc. for diagnostic purposes in cases of tuberculosis, syphilis, diphtheria, typhoid or other diseases.

The pathologist to the East Suffolk Hospital carries out similar examinations and has a supply of blood for transfusions if required.

Water and milk are analysed by the County analyst.

AMBULANCE FACILITIES. The Council's ambulance kept in a building adjoining the Fire station is used for the transport of patients to and from hospital, accidents, etc. Infectious cases are conveyed by the ambulance sent from the Isolation Hospital, Ipswich.

Hospitals. The Felixstowe Cottage Hospital has 34 beds all of which are available if necessary for the reception of Air raid casualties. 278 Evacuees and others were treated in hospital between September 1st, and the end of the year, 16 as in-patients and 262 as out-patients, the hospital is still being used for this purpose. The Suffolk Convalescent Home has sixty beds and is supported by voluntary contributions. At the outbreak of war, however, the patients were sent away and accommodation provided for 40 sick children. This measure was considered necessary in consequence of the Government evacuation scheme, many children having been received into this and the adjoining Deben Rural district.

The following statement gives details as to the use which has been made of the accommodation.

SUFFOLK CONVALESCENT HOME—SICK BAY. Evacuees admitted from Sept. 2nd to Dec. 31st, 1939.

Ages ranging from 1 year to 14 years.

Boys

Girls	 28	
	_	
	68	
	_	
Impetigo	 	19
Scabies	 	25
Urticaria	 	4
Asthma	 	2
Otitis Media	 	1
Enuresis	 	2
Abdominal Pain	 	1

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Abscess of Ax	illa			1
Tonsillitis				1
Osteomylitis	***			1
Chorea				2
Debility				4
Fracture Radi	us and Ulna			1
? Anterior Pol	iomyelitis			1
Wound of But	tock			1
Bronchitis				1
Rheumatism				1
				-
				68
				-
Maximum nur	mber of pati	ents	present	in
	at the same			22
Average stay			20 da	ays

The Bartlet Convalescent Home was emptied of its patients soon after the outbreak of war and reserved for the reception of Air raid casualties for which it will be used if necessary.

The Herman de Stearn Home, for the reception of patients from the London Hospital, was also vacated for the reception of possible Air raid casualties or sick women and children among the Evacuees.

At the outbreak of war it was found that many of the children sent into the district were suffering from contagious skin diseases and as it was undesirable to billet them with clean children, a hut belonging to the sea scouts was taken and several children were sent to it, under the charge of Nurse Sparkes, the former matron of our Isolation Hospital. After three weeks it was decided to use the Suffolk Convalescent Home for this purpose.

Disorganisation of public work, hardship, discomfort and inconvenience to individual householders, have naturally resulted from the Evacuation scheme, but that every effort has been made to cope with difficulties, is obvious from the admirable report of Mr. Greenwood, the Sanitary Inspector, which I insert verbatim.

Maximum combes of policetts present in the home at the same time

Average stay , 20 days

The Barilet Crovalercent Homewas emptied of its principles seen after the outbreak of war and reserved for the reception of Air raid carealyies for which it will be used if necessary,

The Herman de Steam Hume, by the reception of patients from the Loudon Hospital, was also varied for the reception of possible Air raid casualties or ack women and oblidies among the Evacuum.

At the outleast of our it was found that compy of the children sent into the district were sufficient to an outleast of a solution outle district was sufficient to be a contagned and description of the solution of the solu

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12th March, 1940.

Dear Dr. Conford,

I have made these notes on the Evacuation Scheme which you wished to include in your report.

Early in the year I was instructed to carry out the survey of accommodation which the Government required to be made in all reception areas and a great deal of time was spent on this and other work of preparing for a possible evacuation.

Helped by the willing service of local people, our plans for detraining, distributing and billeting evacuees worked admirably when war broke out and the evacuees actually arrived, but the last minute change in the Government's plans and, in particular, their decision to send several thousand mothers and children by boat produced problems which we had never contemplated nor prepared ourselves to meet.

The task set us at a few days notice was to provide 1,800 additional permanent billets and to receive by boat 8,500 mothers and children during 3 consecutive days. No one knew at what hour of the day they would arrive and we were faced at 48 hours notice with the task of providing sleeping accommodation and food for these successive waves of evacuees and passing them on to other districts as soon as transport and accommodation could be found. In effect, this meant that 12,000 additional persons had to be found some kind of shelter and food unless we could quickly disperse the boat party to other parts of the County.

The numbers actually received were, providentially for us, very much below those we were told to expect and much better arrangements could have been made had we known this, even a few hours in advance, and not had to modify or improvise our arrangements after the actual arrival. The reception was spread over 3 days and the actual total numbers received were:—

By Boat-5,862 By Train-2,673 Total-8,535

All the train party and 360 members of the boat party were found permanent billets in Felixstowe on the day of arrival. The remaining members of the boat party were slept in empty houses, halls, etc., fed and despatched to other parts of East Suffolk to make room for the next batch. The boat party were distributed to the following county districts:—

Woodbridge 585 Aldeburgh 311 Deben 2,400 Blyth 1,176 Samford 860 Felixstowe 360

All this very trying and strenuous work was carried out with the willing help of all kinds of local people, amongst whom it would be invidious to mention names. The response made to our appeals for workers and the number who offered themselves in any capacity without any thought of reward or even of thanks is beyond all praise. If mistakes were made it should be remembered that the whole scheme, as it affected Felixstowe, became at the last moment a vast improvisation only carried through to success by dint of much cheerful team work.

R. GREENWOOD.

The Maternity and Child Welfare Clinics have been held as usual every Thursday at the Salvation Army Hall, Walton, from 2-5 p.m. The attendances have totalled 1961.

The visits paid have been as follows:-

General nursing			3986
Surgical	***		366
Casual cases			496
Miscarriages		999	42
Midwifery			447
Maternity			1131
Health Visits			1117
Ante-natal			323
Pulmonary tubero	culosis		36

The evacuation has added considerably to the work, 57 attendances having been made by expectant mothers among the evacuees in addition to the 144 by those who are resident in the district.

I am, Gentlemen,

Your obedient servant,

G. J. CONFORD, D.M., M.O.H.

All the train party and 160 complets of the load party work bound perceived to Pellandows on the day of extraol. The remaining numbered the best mars more dept in every bounce, talks, etc., ted and desputied to other party of liant bounds to other party of liant bounds to other the court batte. The best party of the best party of the day party of the liant party of the load party of the liant party of the load party of the liant party of the load party of the liant liants.

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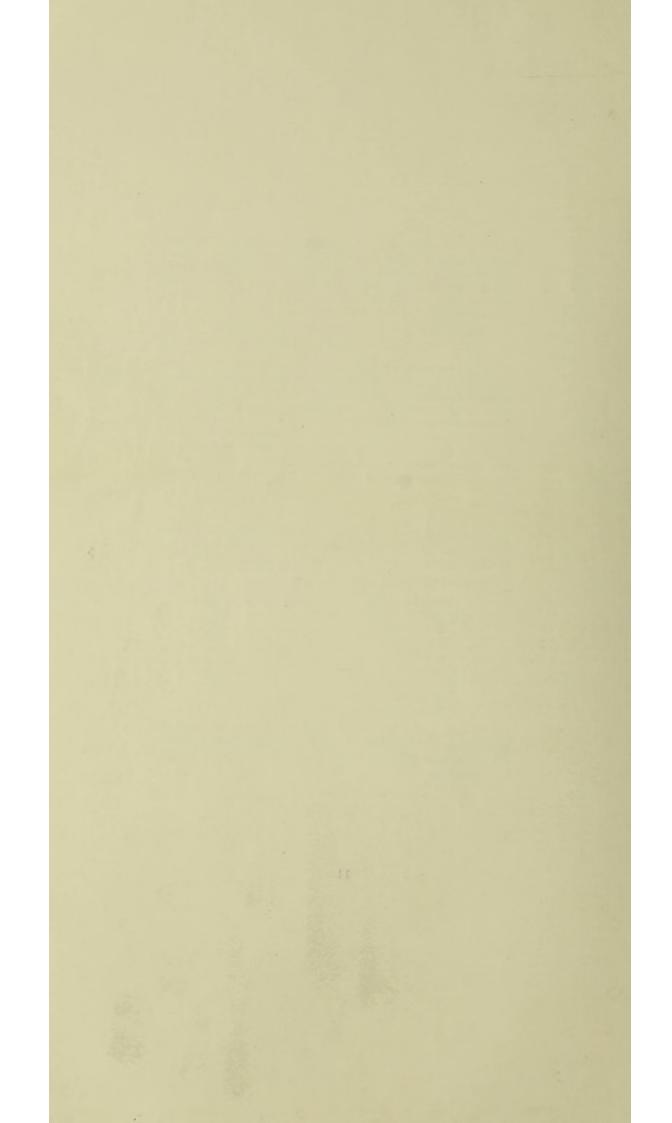
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I am, Gentlemen,

Your obsident servent

G. J. CONFORD, D.M., MO.H.





SANITARY INSPECTOR'S REPORT.

MR. CHAIRMAN, MADAM AND GENTLEMEN,

I have pleasure in presenting a short Annual Report for the year ending 31st December, 1939.

WATER SUPPLY.

Particulars of the new supply were given in last year's report. Samples of the town supply were taken on the 10th January (before the Mill River water was added to the town supply) and on the 9th February (after the mixing). A sample was taken from the Mill River, Bucklesham, at the intake of the new water works on the 14th April for comparison with the treated water

Copy of Certificate of Analysis of Water taken from tap at the Town Hall, Felixstowe, on the 9th February, 1939.

Result of Analysis.

Physical characteristics	:		Clear.	No odour.
Reaction:				pH. 7.3
			Parts	per 100,000
Free Ammonia				0.004
Albuminoid Ammonia				0.002
Oxygen absorbed in 2 h	ours	at 37°C		0.030
Nitrogen as Nitrates				Trace
Nitrites				Nil
Chlorine in Chlorides				4.50
Total Hardness				
Permanent Hardness				
Temporary Hardness				
Total Suspended Matter				_
Volatile Suspended Mat				
Solids in Solution at 100				_
Biological Oxygen Dem				_
Poisonous Metals			220	Nil
Impurity Figure				_
ampairi, rigure				

Bacteriological Examination:-No B.Coli present in 25 ml.

SANITARY INSPECTOR'S REPORT.

MR. CREEKINGS, MARRIS AND GESTLESON,

I have pleasure in presenting a short Annual Report for the year seeling 31st December, 1939.

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Furticulars of the new supply were given in last read's report. Samples of the town supply-were taken on the 10th January (before the Mill Silver scalar was added to the fown supply) and on the 20th February (after the mixtout). A sample was taken from the Mill Silver, Buckleshum, at the mixtee of the new scalar works on the 16th April for comparison with the treated water

Cuty of Cortificate of America of Wester takes from any at the Town Hell. February, on the 9th 9th 210.

Result of Analysis.

Bacteriological Equations:No B.Coli present in 25 ml.

Remarks:- The analysis of this water shows no evidence of harmful pollution. In my opinion it is fit for all domestic and drinking purposes.

(Signed) S. BIDDLE,

Acting County Bacteriologist, County Laboratory, Bond Street, Ipswich.

15th February, 1939.

Copy of Certificate of Analysis of Water for Domestic Purposes.

Sample received from R. Greenwood, Esq., Felixstowe Urban District Council of Town Hall, Felixstowe, on the 14th April, 1939, and labelled "Mill River, Bucklesham. Intake of Felixstowe Water Works.'

Result of Analysis.

Physical characteristic	S:		Clear.	No odour.
Reaction:			**	pH. 6.6
			Parts	per 100,000
Free Ammonia				0.003
Albuminoid Ammonia				0.014
Oxygen absorbed in 2	hours	at 37°C		0.050
Nitrogen as Nitrates				Trace
Nitrites				Nil
Chlorine in Chlorides				4.00
Total Hardness				_
Permanent Hardness				_
Temporary Hardness				_
Total Suspended Matte				-
Volatile Suspended Ma	tter			_
Solids in Solution dried	at 1	00°C		-
Biological Oxygen Der	mand			-
Poisonous Metals				Nil
Impurity Figure				_

Bacteriological Examination :-B. Coli present in 25 ml.

Remarks: - Though the presence of B. Coli points to some contamination with animal matter, this water should provide a satisfactory domestic supply if properly treated.

(Signed) H. M. CADE,

County Bacteriologist, County Laboratory, Bond Street, Ipswich.

20th April, 1939.

Hemorks -- The energies of this water shows no cristence of barraris pollution. In my opinion it in fit for all demants and definiting purposes.

Signal S. Smpla.

Arting County Bacterishiguit, County Laboratory,

Ulth Subranes, 1939.

Copy of Cartificate of Audient of Water for Departie Porposes

Sample received from E. Congressed, Eng. Palestone Caban District Council of Town Hall, [edizantes. on the 14th April 1939, and inhelled Mill Blast. Buildischen, Intuin of Polizatows Water Works.

Result of Anniyana.

Barterelogical Examination: B. Coli present or 25 ml.

Research : Though the presents of B. Coll points to some contranament with animal matter, this water should provide a naturing demontic supply if properly treated.

Signal H. M. Caur.

County Easteriologist, County Laboratory, Bond Street, Ipswick.

20th April, 1939.

WELLS.

A sample of water from the shallow well supplying Ferry Lane School and the adjoining Cottage was taken on the 31st January and reported as showing no evidence of harmful pollution.

RIVERS and STREAMS.

No action has been necessary during the year to check the pollution of rivers and streams.

CLOSET ACCOMMODATION.

Particulars of sanitary accommodation are as follows: Houses with water closets connected

riouses with water closets connected	
to sewers	3541
Houses with water closets draining	
direct to sea	. 9
Houses with pail closets	110
Houses with privies	. 6
Houses drained to cesspools or septic	
tanks	. 83
	3749

104 new dwellings were erected during the year.

No conversions of pails to the water carriage system were carried out.

PUBLIC CLEANSING.

Refuse collection is under the control of the Surveyor. Particulars of the service given have been included in previous reports.

SANITARY INSPECTION OF THE AREA.

Complaints received	122
Number of houses inspected under the Public	
Health Act and Housing Acts	48
Number of houses inspected and recorded	
under the Housing Act	13

WELLS

A rample of water from the shallow well supplying Perry Lane School and the subjection Cottage was able to the the Shallow and reported as aboving no address of herested collution.

RIVERS and STREAMS

No action has been necessary during the year to check the collection of rivers and arrestme.

CHOSET ACCOMMODATION.

the control of the co

104 per declines were excited during the year. He conversions of pulls to the water currents system were current but.

PUBLIC CLEANING

Refuse collection to under the control of the Surveyor.

Perticulair of the service given have been included in
mercion reports.

AND DESCRIPTION OF THE AREA.

Complaints received
Mumber of houses inspected nodes the Public
Whicher of houses inspected and recorded
Number of houses inspected and recorded
ander the Harming Act.

ROUTINE INSPECTIONS.

oakehouse)		5 12
		3
		75
		798
ION.		
		31
		39
***	***	28
14.		
ft		9
***		9
	****	17 13
		130
		120
		7
		48
		4
		9
		4
		1
		57
		7
		61
***		11 7
ces		43
		92
		16
**	***	96
	•••	10
	s	16
	•••	45
		42
		24
		100
uses under the Housing Act		185
	etc. ces	etc. ces ft.

ROPTINE INSPECTIONS.

S	H	0	PS	A	CI	Γ.	1	9	34	

7

CAMPING SITES.

Number of sites licensed by the Council for camping Applications refused

Efforts were made to improve the conditions under which camping is done in the Urban District. The greatest obstacle to such improvements is the exemption of 42 days from the necessity of holding a licence from the Local Authority. This period well covers the peak of the season and robs the Local Authority of effective control just when they most need it.

SMOKE ABATEMENT.

The district is free from industrial smoke.

HOUSING.

Number of houses inspected under the Public	
Health and Housing Acts	48
Number of inspections made for the purpose	185
Number of houses recorded under the Housing	
Regulations	13
Informal notices served Public Health Act	92
Informal notices served Housing Act	25
Statutory notices served Public Health Act	1
Statutory notices served Housing Act	4

One house was reported as being unfit for human habitation and not repairable at reasonable expense. No, undertaking was given by the owner to repair or close the house and the matter is in abeyance.

INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD. MILK SUPPLY.

Two new cowsheds were registered during the year one a conversion of an old shed and one an entirely new building.

There are now in the district:-

9 registered cowsheds.

7 registered dairies.

8 persons registered as purveyors of milk in sealed bottles or cartons only.

SHORE ACT, 1914.

The monies of inspections made take this Act.

Searthfung the year one and the found for carriers.

Number of examples were insect.

Number of examples were insect.

Number of the found in the Urban District.

The found is the cost of the recognition of the carriers o

INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD.

Two new coverings were equitived during the year

abelesco letalines

is persons registered as gurerrors of milk in scaled

Dairymen holding special licences from the Council under the Milk (Special Designations) Order, 1936, are as follows:—

Bottlers of T.T. Milk		1
Dealers in T.T. Milk		2
Dealers in T.T. Milk (Certific	ed)	1
Licensed Pasteurisers		1
Bottlers of Accredited Milk		2
Dealers in Accredited Milk		1
Dealers in Pasteurised Milk		2
		_
		10

A sample of a cowshed water supply was taken and found to be free from all harmful pollution.

28 inspections of cowsheds were made during the year.

EXAMINATION OF MILK FOR CLEANLINESS.

31 samples of graded and "ordinary" milks were submitted to the County Laboratory, Ipswich, for bacteriological examination:—

T.T. Milk	110	***	6
Accredited			8
Pasteurised	***		11
Ungraded			6
			-
			31
			-

MILK FAILING TO COMPLY.

6 samples of graded milks (3 Pasteurised and 3 Accredited) failed to comply with the required standards of bacterial purity. The Accredited milk was produced in East Suffolk and investigations were made by the County Sanitary Inspector. The unsatisfactory Pasteurised milk was from a supply pasteurised outside the district.

There were also two samples of ordinary milk of unsatisfactory standard.

MEAT INSPECTION.

There are 2 licensed and 3 registered slaughterhouses in the district.

Delivered holding special Responsition the Council under the Milk (Special Resignations) Order, 1926, are as

Bentlers of T.F. Milk (Carolish Desires in T.F. Milk (Carolish)
Licensed Petrauteur
Bentlers of Accredited Milk (Desires in Protestined Milk (Desires in Protestine Milk (Desires in Milk (Desires in

A sample of a covaled water supply eas taken and found to be free from all harroful pollution.

RESERVATION OF MILE POR CLEANLINESS

If remains of graded and "indicate," miles over submitted to the County Labourery, (preside, for hearterfoldstall expendently).

Acceptant Instance In

MILICARCHING TO COMPLY

e samples of graded males in Passessent and J Averadited)
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Samisty Inspector. The meantminitory Passessent milk
was from a supply pasterness of the desired.

There were also two samples of ordinary milk of any

MEAT INSPECTION.

There are I licensed and I required chrochterhouses in the district.

798 visits of inspection to slaughterhouses during slaughtering hours were made during the year and 75 to butchers' shops. These inspections were suspended for a period, and thereafter much reduced, by the work of receiving the evacuees which arrived here on the outbreak of war.

DETAILS OF CARCASES INSPECTED.

Beasts Sheep Calves Pigs 371 704 59 2485

PARTICULARS OF PARTS OF CARCASES OR ORGANS CONDEMNED.

TUBERCULOUS.

11 beasts heads

10 ,, tongues

8 .. lungs

4 " livers

1 ,, mesentery

3 pigs carcases and offals

75 " heads

7 " plucks

14 " mesenteries

1 " liver

1 " lung

NON-TUBERCULOUS.

12 beasts livers

1 " heart

l " lung

4 pigs livers

10 lbs pressed veal

Approximate total weight of meat condemned-1894 lbs.

All condemned meat is destroyed at the Council's refuse destructor.

No cows, bulls or boars were slaughtered during the year. The butchers kill only good class animals.

It was necessary to seize and have formally condemned by a magistrate a quantity of unsound fish which was found deposited for preparation for sale at a fish shop. Legal proceedings were not instituted. 768 visits of imperior is shighterisones doring classification for the post and 75 to be interested from the post of the post

DETAILS OF CARCASTS INSPECTED.

Brief Caline Pure

PARTICULARS OF PARTS OF CARCERS OR ORCARS

TUBERCULOUS

11 beauty bead.

TO LONGER

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ATTENDED TO

10 ffts pressed veak

Approximate total weight of mant condemped "Lays the.

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HUMANE SLAUGHTERING.

The use of the humane killer is compulsory on all classes of animals and the law requiring its use is well observed.

MEAT REGULATIONS (ILLEGAL SLAUGHTERING).

One case of slaughtering without notice was reported during the year and the butcher received a warning.

RATS AND MICE (DESTRUCTION) ACT, 1919.

The District Council took over these duties in 1939. 48 inspections were made during the year and 10 notices

During March a "Rat Week" was held and 2d. offered for every rat brought to the Council Depot. The result was disappointing, only 186 rats being brought in.

THE GOVERNMENT EVACUATION SCHEME.

A great part of the work of this department during the year has been concerned with the Evacuation Scheme. Full arrangements were made for the reception of evacuees at distributing centres and all things considered the arrangements worked well when they had to be put into operation in September. From that date to the end of the year evacuation matters necessarily became my chief concern.

Complaints of nuisances and insanitary conditions have been attended to and such other public health duties as it is imperative to carry out, but the number and variety of questions arising out of the presence of the evacuees has left no time for routine sanitary inspections as understood in normal peace time conditions.

I would like to express my appreciation of the help and advice given me by Dr. Conford in coping with the many unusual problems arising out of the evacuation scheme and also to record the very valuable assistance given me in the same work by my clerk, Mr. W. Hubbard.

I am, Mr. Chairman, Madam and Gentlemen,

Your obedient servant,

ROBERT GREENWOOD, C.R.S.I., M.S.I.A.

March, 1940.

Sanitary Inspector.

HUMANE SLAUGHTERING.
The use of the humane killer is compulsory on all claus

MEAT REQUESTIONS (HARRON SEAUGHTERING).

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I sould bise to express my staymeration of the field and advice given many advice given me by Dr. Confeed in security with the many man advice sould be executive assistance given me in the same work by my clerk. Mr. W. Hubbard.

I am, Mr. Chairman, Madem and Gordenson,

Your obedient servant,

ROBERT GREENWOOD, CESS., MAIA.

March, 1940.

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