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Contributors

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Epsom Rural District.

MEDICAL OFFICER'S

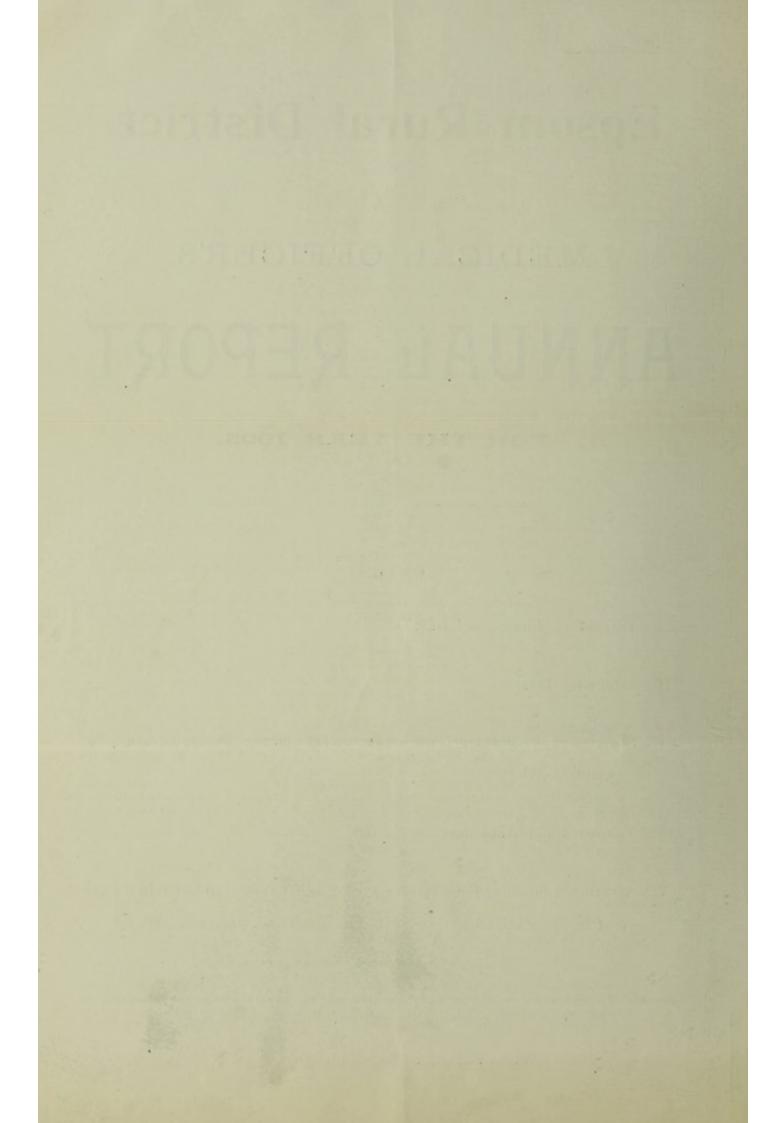
ANNUAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR 1905.

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- I. POPULATION, BIRTHS, and DEATHS.
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- III. SUMMARY of PROCEEDINGS which were taken during the year under the Sanitary Acts.
- IV. FACTORIES and WORKSHOPS.
- V. APPENDIX, containing the Sanitary Inspector's Reports, and certain Tables of Sickness and Mortality, issued by the Local Government Board.

Prepared in accordance with Sec. 14 of the Order of the Local Government Board, dated 23rd March, 1891, regulating the duties of Medical Officers of Health.



EPSOM RURAL DISTRICT.

Report of the Medical Officer of Health,

FOR THE YEAR 1905.

I .- Population, Births, and Deaths.

- 1.—Population.—The nett population of the district in the middle of the year under review, may be estimated at 21,700 persons, exclusive of the special inmates of the London County Asylum and the Boys' Surgical Home, Banstead, and of the Kensington and Chelsea Schools, Ewell.
- 2.—Births.—The Births registered in the district during the year were 538 in number, representing a Birth-rate of 24·8 per 1,000 of the estimated population, as against an average rate of 22·7 for the preceding 10 years, and a rate of 26·3 for the year for Rural England and Wales. Eight of the births were illegitimate, and, in addition to these, 6 illegitimate births and 4 legitimate births occurred in the Epsom Infirmary among persons belonging to parishes in this district.
- 3.—Deaths.—The deaths registered in the district during the year were 445 in number, of which 282 occurred in the Banstead Asylum, 3 in the Cuddington Isolation Hospital, 1 in the Cobham Cottage Hospital, and 2 in the St. Anthony's Home, Cheam. The 282 deaths in the Asylum, and 3 deaths in the other institutions of persons belonging to outside districts, have to be deducted in estimating the death-rate; and the deaths in the Epsom Infirmary, the Brookwood Asylum, and the Dorking and Leatherhead Cottage Hospitals, of 9 parishioners of Banstead, 7 of Cobham, 6 each of Ashtead and Ewell, 5 each of Cheam, Chessington, and Great Bookham, 3 of Fetcham, and 1 each of Little Bookham and Stoke d'Abernon, have to be added. The nett 208 deaths, of which 126 occurred among males and 82 among females, represent an Annual Death-rate of 9.6 per 1,000 of the estimated population, as against an average rate of 11.6 for the preceding 10 years, and a rate of 14.9 for the year for Rural England and Wales. Seven of the deaths were uncertified, and inquests were held into the causes of 12 other deaths.

Twelve Leaths were attributed to Zymotic Diseases, 2 to Influenza, 11 to Phthisis, 28 to Bronchitis and Pneumonia, 19 to Cancer, 22 to Diseases of the Heart, 2 to Appendicitis, 11 to Cerebral Hamorrhage and Apoplexy, and 16 to Old Age.

The deaths from Cancer in each of the 5 years, 1901 to 1905, were 14, 11, 24, 13, and 19 respectively, representing an average annual death-rate of 0.8 per 1,000 of the population. The distribution of the 81 deaths, according to age and sex, was as follows:—

Age in years Male	0-5	15	25	35	45	55	65	75	85	All ages
Male										88
Female	0	0	1	2	9	11	9	13	3	48

4.—Infant Mortality.—The deaths of Infants under one year were 40 in number, and were at the rate of 74 per 1.000 of the registered births, as against an average rate of 93 for the preceeding 10 years, and a rate of 113 for the year for Rural England and Wales. Ewell, with a rate of 157, was the only parish with a rate exceeding 100; of the 11 deaths which represented this rate, 3 were due to Premature Birth and Imperfect Development, and 4 were due to Whooping Cough. An infant belonging to Chessington died in the Epsom Infirmary, and of the 41 children, 24 were male and 17 were female.

The causes of death, classified according to the ages of the infants in weeks and months, will be found in the new table, issued by the Local Government Board, on page 13.

Three of the deaths were uncertified, and an inquest was held into the cause of another death.

The District Council authorised me to obtain from the Registrars of Births and Deaths full copies of the certificates of births registered in each week. I was thereby enabled to distribute in appropriate cases 335 copies of a card, supplied by the County Council, upon the Feeding and Care of Infants.

5.—The Zymotic Death-Rate was 0.55 per 1,000 of the population.

II .- Infectious Diseases.

1.—Small Pox.—In February, a patient at Cobham, who had all the symptoms of Small Pox, was sent to the Croydon and Wimbledon Small Pox Hospital at North Cheam, after I had examined him with his medical attendant. As I felt some doubt about the diagnosis, I requested that he might be placed in a separate ward, and after he had been kept under observation for several days, he was finally declared to be suffering from Chicken Pox.

- 2.—Scarlet Fever.—Thirty-five cases in all were notified in 28 houses, and 32 of the patients were removed to the Isolation Hospital. With the exception of the occurrence of 7 cases at Ashtead in June and July, there was no special incidence of the disease upon any part of the district at any time. One of the Ashtead cases terminated fatally at the hospital.
- 3.—Diphtheria.—The uncertified death of a boy at Mogador, Banstead, who was not attended medically until he was in a moribund condition, was ascribed to Diphtheria, in February.
- At Worcester Park and Cheam Common, 3 cases were notified in 2 houses in January, and 6 cases in 5 houses in February; the schools were accordingly closed for a fortnight, and, with the exception of single cases in April and October, no other cases occurred in this neighbourhood; the illnesses were all of a very mild type.

Sporadic cases of the disease were notified in various parts of the district, but there was no other outbreak during the year. Twenty-four cases in all were reported in 21 houses, and 14 of the patients were removed to the Isolation Hospital.

Thirteen specimens were examined at the Lister Institute, at the expense of the Council, for the presence of the Diphtheria Bacillus, with 3 positive results, and 9 negative results, and the pseudo-bacillus was found to be present in the remaining specimen.

4.—Enteric Fever.—Nine cases were reported in 9 houses, but in several instances the subsequent progress of the illness, or the absence of reaction to the Widal test, indicated that the disease was of another nature. Two cases o curred in the district in connection with the outbreaks at Lincoln and Basingstoke, one patient failing at Worcester Park in January on her return from Lincoln, and another at Great Bookham in September after a visit to Basingstoke.

Five specimens of blood were examined at the Lister Institute for the Widal reaction, and a positive result was obtained with 1 specimen, feeble reactions with 2 specimens, and negative results with the other 2.

- 5.—Diarrhau caused 3 deaths, in June, July, and November.
- Measles caused no death, but schools were closed at Ashtead in May and at Cheam in October, in consequence of outbreaks of the disease.
- 7.—Whooping Cough was very prevalent, especially at Ewell, where it caused 5 deaths; 2 other deaths occurred at Banstead and Cheam. The schools at Ewell were closed in October, and at Tadworth in November, to check the spread of outbreaks.
 - 8.-Of Erysipelas, 15 cases, none of which proved fatal, were notified.
 - 9.—Of Puerperal Fever, 1 case was notified at Cheam, in September.
- 10.—Tubercular Diseases.—The deaths from Pulmonary Consumption, or Phthisis, were 11 in number, and were at the rate of 0.51 per 1,000 of the population, as against an average rate of 0.94 for the preceding 10 years. There were also 2 deaths from Tubercular Meningitis and 2 from General Tuberculosis. No application was made for the examination of sputum of persons suspected to be suffering from Phthisis. Rooms vacated by consumptive patients were fumigated by the Inspectors, free of charge.
- 11.—Other Preventive Measures.—The infected rooms were fumigated by the Inspectors after each case of Scarlet Fever, Diphtheria, Enteric Fever, and Puerperal Fever, and the walls were stripped and limewashed, where necessary; all articles likely to retain infection were removed to the Hospital and steamed in the Washington Lyons Disinfector, and the occupiers were provided with disinfectants and were instructed in their use. A sanitary inspection of the premises was made in each case. The schools were visited whenever there was reason to suspect that they might be influencing the spread of disease, and absent children, who were reported to have suspicious symptoms, were visited and examined by me at their homes. The number of patients who were removed to the Joint Hospital for treatment, from each of the four districts for which it provides accommodation, is shown in the following table:—

	Epsom Rural.	Sutton Urban.	Carshalton Urban.	Leatherhead Urban.	Total in 1905.	Total in 1904.	Total in 1903.	Total in 1902.
Scarlet Fever	32	35	3	10	80	84	64	143
Diphtheria	14	12	2	5	33	93	37	38
Typhoid Fever	4	_	1	-	5	3	1	4

A number of cases were also received from the districts for which the Tadworth Isolation Hospital provides, when that institution was full.

One death each from Scarlet Fever, Diphtheria, and Pneumonia occurred during the year.

III.—Summary of other Proceedings which were taken during the year under the Sanitary Acts.

Inspections and Nuisances.—Inspections of groups of cottages were made in each parish in the district by the Inspectors and myself. At Banstead a number of defective drains were repaired and ventilated. At Cheam the drainage was improved and ash-bins were provided after an inspection in Washington Road, and a group of cottages at North Cheam were repaired, the yards were paved, and the drains were connected with the sewer. At Ewell cottages were repaired and cleansed, drains were relaid and connected with the sewer, and offensive pigsties were removed. At Bookham a number of cottages were re-drained, new water-closets and a ventilated cesspool were provided, after legal proceedings had been threatened, and a Justices' Order was obtained to prevent recurrence of nuisances from overflowing cesspools on premises in East Street and High Street, a penalty of 10 shillings and costs being imposed. At Downside, Cobham, new drains and water-closets were provided to a number of houses, and others were repaired and cleansed under notice from the Council; at River Hill, cottages were repaired and cleansed, the ventilation of bedrooms was improved, and the yards were paved; at Tartar Hill, the Inspector carried out works of drainage, on failure of the owner to comply with notices and the cost of the work was recovered.

The tabulated reports of the Inspectors will be found on page 8.

Cousheds, Dairies, and Milkshops.—The names of 6 cowkeepers and of 6 dairymen and purveyors were added to the list during the year, making a total of 44 cowkeepers and 14 purveyors at the end of the year. New milkshops were opened at Ashtead and at Cobham, without notice to the Council, and in each case the attention of the occupier was called to the Order, and he was informed that legal proceedings would be taken if the Order were contravened on any future occasion.

A new cowshed was built at a farm at Bookham, and another at Cobham; paving and drainage were carried out at a farm at Baustead; several cowsheds were limewashed under notice; and other minor improvements were made.

Mr. Skilton, M.R.C.V.S., and Mr. Roberts, M.R.C.V.S., were reappointed Veterinary Inspectors to the Council, and presented quarterly reports upon their inspections of the cows belonging to each of the registered cowkeepers. In the course of the year 4 cows at Cobham, 2 at Cheam, and 2 at Ewell, were reported to be suffering from Tuberculosis, and tney were slaughtered at once, with the exception of one, which was removed from the herd, and was no longer milked. Each of the Inspectors reported, as the result of his last examination, that he had discovered no case among the cows, and Mr. Skilton stated that he noticed a marked improvement in the general health of the cows since he made his first examination in the corresponding quarter of the previous year.

Slaughter Houses.—There are 15 premises on the register, to which no additions were made during the year. The premises were inspected regularly, and were found to be kept generally in a condition complying with the Bye-laws. A butcher at Cheam, who was found to be slaughtering in an unregistered building, was informed that legal proceedings would be taken, without further notice, if he repeated the offence. A copy of the circular upon Anthrax, issued by the Board of Agriculture, was distributed among the occupiers of all the slaughter houses and butchers shops in the district. A copy of the circular upon Pig-keeping, also issued by the Board, was in like manner distributed among the pig-keepers.

Scavenging.—The weekly removal of house refuse in the parish of Ashtead, and the fortnightly removal in the parishes of Cheam, Cuddington, and Ewell, was again carried out under contract.

The system, adopted at Banstead by the Council in the previous year, of providing and collecting weekly tub-closets containing acidified peat-moss, and of deodorising and emptying cesspools, was continued under contract under the supervision of Mr. Wooldridge, the Sanitary Inspector, who informs me that 51 new tubs were provided, and that the same number of closet and privy buildings were altered to adapt them to the new system; that 134 tubs were in use at the end of the year, and that 430 cesspools were emptied during the year.

Bye-laws and New Buildings.—The Bye-laws relating to New Buildings were revised and approved by the Local Government Board. The chief alteration consists in a relaxation of the Bye-law relating to the material to be used in the construction of the walls of dwelling-houses, so that, under certain limitations as to the distance from other buildings, it is made permissible to erect houses of timber. Cycle-houses and similar outbuildings have also been exempted from the operation of the Bye-laws.

A number of persons were called upon, from time to time, to attend before the Council in consequence of breaches of the Bye-laws, and in several instances illegal buildings were removed.

The Surveyors have furnished me with the following particulars of the number of plans submitted for approval:—

				In 1895	In 1896	In 1897	In 1898	In 1899	In 1900	In 1901	In 1902	In 1903	In 1904	In 190
for w	hich pla	buildings at Chans were submitted the Bye-Laws	for	11	27	18	33	99	114	107	184	117	95	104
Ditto	ditto	at Ewell	***	7	6	20	31	34	16	34	35	52	32	134
Ditto	ditto	at Cuddington	***	6	8	9	10	9	23	13	17	13	7	11
Ditto			***			- 4	7.00	- 20	10000			70.00		1000
	ditto	at Ashtead		2	11	18	21	34	32	61	42	56	59	59
Ditto	ditto	at Banstead		244		***	***	***	***	9	8	26	48	56
Ditto	ditto	at G. Bookham								2	8	37	20	35
Ditto	ditto	at L. Bookham								2	4	8	4	1
Ditto	ditto	at Cobham								18	14	30	41	53
Ditto	ditto	at Fetcham									2	_	_	3
Ditto	ditto	at Headley									1	1	1	_
Ditto	ditto	at Stoke		10000						5	14	24	10	26
Ditto	ditto	at Chessington								_	9	7	4	4

The Council, under the sanction of the Local Government Board, adopted the Public Health (Buildings in Streets) Act, 1888, in February.

Works of Sewerage and Sewage Disposal :-

- (a) Cheam and Cuddington.—A new sewer was laid by the Council in Sutton Road, Cheam, and plans were submitted for the construction of sewers in Cuddington parish, to take the drainage of a number of houses, which cannot at present be connected with the sewers. In Cheam, 1,562 yards of sewers were constructed. Mr. Wooldridge has been asked to submit a report and estimates upon the question of the provision of more powerful engines and a new air-compressor at the Works.
- (b) Cobham.—Application was made to the Local Government Board in April for sanction to borrow £751 for the construction of a detritus tank at the Works, upon plans prepared by Mr. Pratley. The Board, however, desired that an engineer should be consulted, and eventually the Council carried out the work without obtaining a loan. A number of ventilating columns were substituted for ventilating surface manholes, which were closed on account of nuisances arising from them.
- (c) Ashtead.—Sewers were extended in five roads in the parish, and ventilating shafts were substituted for offensive ventilating manholes in certain roads.
- (d) EWELL.—The Council extended the sewers in several roads, 340 yards in all, in order to receive the drainage from houses on new estates, a contribution being made in each case by the owners.

The number of premises for which plans were submitted for re-draining existing buildings into cesspools, were 1 at Banstead, 13 at Bookham, 2 at Cobham, and 2 at Stoke d'Abernon; and for re-draining and connecting with the sewers, were 8 at Ashtead, 22 at Cheam, 40 at Cobham, 1 at Cuddington, 16 at Ewell, and 8 at Great Bookham.

No complaint was received during the year from the Thames Conservancy Board with regard to the effluents from any of the Outfall Works.

Water Supply.—I made chemical examinations of samples of water from the mains of the Leatherhead and the Sutton Water Companies, in each case with satisfactory results. I also examined a sample from a private well at Bookham, but I was unable to say that it was unfit for domestic use. Water from the main of the Leatherhead Company was laid on to some cottages at Oxshott, after the attention of the owner had been drawn to the unsatisfactory condition of the well. Water was also laid on to a house in Ewell, upon service of a notice under Section 62 of the Public Health Act, 1875.

The Private Street Works Act, 1892.—An application was made by the Council for powers under this Act with regard to three streets at Banstead which were in an insanitary condition, and I was asked to report upon the matter. An enquiry was held in October by Col. W. R. Slacke, R.E., but the Local Government Board had not granted an Order by the end of the year.

In Cuddington parish, Hampton and Windsor Road were made up and taken over by the Council under this Act.

IV .- Factories and Workshops.

A tabulated Report upon the administration of the Factory and Workshop Act, 1901, in the form given below, is now required by the Home Office.

All the workshops on the Register were visited and were found to be in good sanitary condition, except for a few minor defects, consisting mainly in want of cleanliness. Two workshops were cleansed under my certificate, upon the failure of the occupiers to comply with verbal requests.

Section 22 of the Public Health Acts Amendment Act, 1890, is in force in this district. Sanitary conveniences have been provided in compliance with this section, in previous years, for all factories and workshops in which the accommodation was insufficient or wanting.

I gave notice to H.M. Inspector of Factories of the erection of machinery in a laundry, which thereby came within the definition of a factory. No women or young persons were found to be working in any workshop in which no abstract of the Act was exhibited.

All the bakehouses comply with the special requirements of the Act, and there is no underground bakehouse in the district.

No lists of homeworkers were received, either from firms in the district or from other Authorities.

1.—INSPECTION.

INCLUDING INSPECTIONS MADE BY SANITARY INSPECTORS OF INSPECTORS OF NUISANCES.

Premi	000				Number of	
1 reini	aca.			Inspection.	Written Notices.	Prosecutions.
Factories (including Factory Workshops (including Work Workplaces Homeworkers' Premises	Laund shop La	ries) aundrie	s)	 176 10	10 —	Ξ
		Total		 188	10	_

2.-DEFECTS FOUND.

					N	umber of Defe	ets.	Number
Particula	rs.				Found.	Remedied.	Referred to H.M. Inspector.	of Prosecutions.
Nuisances under the Public He	ealth A	cts:-						
Want of cleanliness					8	8		
Want of ventilation					-	-		
Overcrowding					_			
Want of drainage of floor	8				1	1		
Other Nuisances	***				1	1		
		ficient		***	_			
Sapitary accommodation	unsui	itable or	defec	tive		-		
	(not s	eparate	for sex	xes	_	-		
Offences under the Factory and	Work	shop A	ct		-	-		
		Total			10	10		

3.—OTHER MATTERS.

		C	lass.					Number.
Matters notified to H.M					A at (a. 19	19)		-
Failure to affix Abs							***	
Action taken in ma				ined by H	.M. Insp	ectors	***	
Inspectors as re						Land sond	40	
Public Health Ac		ot under				iken) seni	10	
Factory Act (s. 5)		1 1	I.M. Inspe	ectors	***	***	-
Other		***		***	***	***	***	1
Inderground Bakehouse	es (s. 101)	***	***	***	***		-
Iomework—								
Outworkers	***	***	***		***	***	***	
Vorkshops on the Regis	ter (s. 1	31) at the	end of t	he year			***	141
Vorkshop Bakehouses								24
., Laundries						***		23
Other Workshops								94
	850							
	T	stal numl	her of wor	kshops or	Register			141
	100.0	Acces Backers		morro P o-			47000	

THE SANITARY INSPECTOR'S REPORT.

For the Year ending December 31st, 1905.

THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE			
Complaints received in writing		ooldridge 33	Mr. Pratley.
Deamises inspected under See 99 of the Dublic Health Act 1975		878	
Do inspections		659	548 400
Nuisangas disagrapad			
	***	735	840
,, remedied without being reported	***	610	286
,, reported to the Sanitary Authority	222	125	54
,, remedied after report	***	70	54
Preliminary Notices served by the Inspector		281	184
Notices served by order of the Sanitary Authority		27	10
Smoke Test applied to old drains		18	8
Particulars of Work done for the Abatement of Nuisances, by Ou	ners		
or Occupiers, in compliance with Notices.			
Privies, pails, cesspools, and drains cleansed, and deposits removed		62	80
Privies and pail-closets re-constructed as water-closets		25	80
Privies re-placed by earth-closets or pails		42	3
Water-closets provided with flushing apparatus		6	3
Premises provided with closet accommodation		10	2
,, ,, ,, ash bins			127
Drains re-constructed, ventilated, and connected with sewers		31	82
Premises provided with efficient drainage, after notice		40	23
Premises from which animals, improperly kept, were removed		_	1
Houses which were provided with efficient ventilation		6	8
Surface of yards paved with an impervious material			22
Houses at which injurious overcrowding was abated		4	
Legal proceedings taken, under Sec. 96, for abatement of nuisances (no. of ti		_	1
Houses closed by the Justices as unfit for human habitation, under the Housi			
the Working Classes Act, 1890		-	-
Foul, damp, unwholesome Houses repaired and cleansed		186	58
" " " " closed by owners after notice		_	-
Houses cleansed and whitewashed under Sec. 46 of the Public Health Act, 1	1875	6	35
Seizures of unwholesame meat, poultry, fish, vegetables, corn, bread, flour	or,		
milk, under Sec. 116 of the Public Health Act, 1875	***	-	
Water Supply :			
Number of Samples of Water sent to the Medical Officer of Health for Analys	is	1	1
Number of Wells permanently closed as unfit for drinking purposes		_	8
Water Supply provided by owners of property, after notice		1	7

W. T. WOOLDRIDGE, FRANK A. PRATLEY,

Sanitary Inspectors.

	Population,	Don		Тота	DEATHS R		ED IN	TOTAL DEATHS	Deaths of Non- residents	Deaths of Residents registered	DE	THS AGES
Year.	estimated to Middle of each Year.	DIR	THS.		ONE YEAR F AGE.	AT ALL	Ages.	PUBLIC INSTITU-	registered in Public Institu- tions in	in Public Institu- tions beyond the	TO	NGING THE BICT.
1	2	Num- ber. 3	Rate.*	Num- ber. 5	Nate per 1000 Births registered.	Num- ber. 7	Rate.*	DISTRICT.	the District.	District.	Num- ber. 12	Rate.*
1895 1896 1897 1898 1899 1990 1901 1902 1903 1904	16,810 17,210 17,625 18,050 18,500 18,960 19,440 19,950 20,420 21,000	378 382 377 412 421 449 445 463 458 500	22-4 22-2 21-4 22-8 22-7 23-6 22-8 23-2 22-5 23-8	37 38 36 34 43 43 49 49 30 38	98 100 96 83 102 97 110 106 66 76	358 345 397 382 412 422 356 464 369 410	21 2 20 0 22 5 21 2 22 2 22 2 18 1 20 0 15 7 19 5	175 183 236 207 205 231 182 272 204 227	175 183 234 207 199 228 181 269 202 225	27 31 29 39 42 36 36 47 30 44	210 193 192 214 255 230 211 242 197 229	12 5 11·2 10·9 11·9 13·8 12 1 10 8 12·1 9·6 10 9
Averages for years 1895—1904	18,800	429	22:7	40	93	391	20-3	212	210	36	217	11.6
1905	21,700	538	24.8	40	74	445	18:0	288	285	48	208	9-6

^{*} Rates in Columns 4, 8, and 13 calculated per 1,000 of estimated population.

Note.—The deaths included in Column 7 of this table are the whole of those registered during the year as having actually occurred within the district or division. The deaths included in Column 12 are the number in Column 7, corrected by the subtraction of the number in Column 10 and the addition of the number in Column 11.

By the term "Non-residents" is meant persons brought into the district on account of sickness or infirmity, and dying in public institutions there; and by the term "Residents" is meant persons who have been taken out of the district on account of sickness or infirmity, and have died in public institutions elsewhere.

The deaths of "Non-residents" included in column 10 occurred in the London County Asylum, Banstead; the Cuddington Joint Isolation Hospital; the St. Anthony's Hospital, Cheam; the Kensington and Chelsea Workhouse Schools, Ewell; the Cobham Nurses' Home; and the Headley Convalescent Home; and also, for the years 1902 and 1903, in the Croydon and Wimbledon Small Pox Hospital, Cheam.

The deaths of "Residents" included in column 11 occurred in the Epsom Workhouse and Cottage Hospital; the Brookwood County Asylum; the St. Peter's Home, Woking; the Sutton Cottage Hospital; and the Leatherhead Cottage Hospital.

The population of Banstead Asylum and of Ewell Schools have been excluded from the above figures.

Area of District in acres)	Asylum, etc 3,187	At
(exclusive of area 31,057.	Rest of District 19,306 - C	
covered by water).)	Number of inhabited houses 3,851 of	1901.
	Average number of persons per house, 5.0/	

TABLE III.

Cases of Infectious Disease notified during the Year 1905.

		Case		ISTRI		VHOL	26	T	or.	AL (Cas	Lo				IN	KA	H	E								Lo		
Notifiable Disease.	*		At	Ages	-Yei	urs.				(H).	1	. n	1	1	- Property	chom.		Ī			(H.)		n.				Bookham.	Bookham	
	At all Ages	Under 1.	1 to 5.	5 to 15.	15 to 25.	25 to 65.	65 and upwards	Banstead	Cheam.	Cuddington	Ewell.	Chessington.	Ashtend.	Headley.	Fetcham.	Little Rookhum	Stoke.	Cobham.	Banstead	Cheam.	Cuddington	Ewell.	Chessington.	Ashtend.	Headley.	Fetcham.	Great Bool		Stoke.
Small Pox	1					1												1											
Cholera	24		4	14	3	3		1:	ii	2	2		1					3	3	7	• •	1			• •		.;		
Diphtheria dembranous Croup	29	**		14			**	1	111	1	1		1							H					1				
Erysipelas	15		2	1	2	8	2	2	2	1	2	3	8			2													
carlet Fever	35		8	21	5	1		9	8		6	1	10					1	8	7		5	1	10					
Typhus Fever																													
interic Fever	9			2		7		2	1	1			4			1 -			1	-	1			2					
Relapsing Fever			2.2	**	**		**			• •			-							-						•		**	
Continued Fever	i				**	i	**	100	1	**				1		-				-				**	**			-	
'uerperal Fever 'lague		**		**	::		100	1	1	100								1											
ingine ii ii				_		_	_		_			_	-			-	-	L	-			_			_				
Totals	85		14	38	10	21	2	17	23	4	10	4	18			4.		6	12	14	1	6	1	12			1		

The Isolation Hospital, used by the sick of the District. The Satton, Epsom, &c., Joint Hospital and is in the parish marked (H) in the Table.

TABLE II.

Vital Statistics of separate Localities in 1905 and previous years.

1				- 9		F.,
1	1905 .	Averages of Years 1895 to 1904.	1896 1897 1897 1897 1898 1900 1901 1902 1903		Year,	NAMES OF
	3550	3060	22695 22770 2945 3095 3180 3360	8	Population esti- mated to middle of each Year.	1.
	76	70	8252282228	b.	Births registered.	Bass
	60	96	28884488848	e.	Deaths at all Ages.	BANSTEAD.
	G0	œ	1000004	d.	Deaths under 1 year	
	4200	3240	2510 2730 2960 2985 3135 3440 3600 3770 3950	o.	Population esti- mated to middle of each Year	io
	156	89	70 64 77 77 80 81 100 113	b.	Births registered.	1000
	42	39	5845548881	5	Deaths at all Ages.	Снеам.
1	00	10	14 8 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 1	d.	Deaths under 1 year.	
	2900	2640	2590 2595 2595 2600 2600 2600 2720 2720	a.	Population esti mated to middle of each Year.	9
	70	57 80	6899688333	6	Births registered.	Ewell.
	53	SO CIE	428888844	2	Deaths at all Ages	ELT.
	11	G4	ರಾಜರಾವ ಈ ಎಂದು ರಾ	P.	Deaths under 1 year	
	2200	1810	1555 1605 1606 1715 1775 1835 1970 2020 2100	3	Population esti- mated to middle of each Year.	*
	63	50 00	2444884889	7	Births registered.	ASHTEAD
	1200	18	2508111111111111111111111111111111111111	9	Deaths at all Ages.	TEAD.
	Ot	to	10 00 - 00 4 10 - 10 -	i,	Deaths under 1 year.	
	1630	1550	1470 1490 1505 1525 1545 1585 1605	a.	Population esti- mated to middle of each Year.	0. H
	36	55	28222282	0.	Births registered.	Тик Воокпамя.
	18	21	82888878	2	Deaths at all Ages.	кушло
	60	4	60 A O C C A C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	1	Deaths under 1 year.	7
	2860	2680	2540 2570 2570 2600 2600 2700 2700 2700 2700 2800 2800	9	Population esti- mated to middle of each Year.	6. Cuddington, Store, Chesenstron, Fetchan, and Headley.
	51	57	5688 578 578 578 578 578 578 578 578 578 5	b.	Births registered.	STREET, FETC
	100	26	8 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	2	Deaths at all Ages.	PETCI PETCI
	CG CG	4	0034040400	d.	Deaths under 1 year.	OKE,
	4360	3780	3840 3440 3525 3620 3620 3720 4140 4250	9.	Population esti- mated to middle of each Year.	7.
	86	85	2887887388	6.	Births registered.	Сопиля
	31	=	68246563646	9	Deaths at all Ages.	жин
	co	7	**************************************	a.	Deaths under 1 year.	
,			MEGHADINA TELEP			

Norges.—Deaths of residents occurring beyond the district are included in sub-columns c of this table, and those of non-residents registered in the district are excluded.

Deaths of residents occurring in public institutions are allotted to the respective localities, according to addresses of the deceased.

TABLE IV.

Table, shewing the number of deaths from the Seven Chief Zymotic Diseases and from Phthisis, and the number of cases notified, in each of the years 1880 to 1905.

Year.	Sma	llpox.	Scarlet	Fever.	Diph	theria.	Enterio	Fever.	Diarrhœa.	Measles.	Whooping Cough.	Phthisis.
Ye	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Deaths.	Deaths.	Deaths.	Deaths.
1880	_	_	17	3	18	6	16	3	13	4	6	
1881	4	_	77	6	10	5	17	1	1		3	
1882	2	-	41	-	2	1	4	-	4	1	9	
1888	1	_	69	4	25	6	5	2	1		2	
1884	1	-	54	2	29	5	8	2	2	4	10	4
1885	5	1	16	1	36	12	3	-	8	3	1	
1886	-	-	14	-	8	2	4	-	8	1	4	3
1887	-	_	33	2	15	4	8	_	2	_	_	
1888	-	-		-	10	1	9	-	4		7	
1889	_	_	24	_	5	2	4	3	4	7	10	
1890		-	17	2	62	11	1	1	1		4	
1891	-	-	6		14	4	1	1	-	3	5	
1892	-	-	78	2	38	16	3	1	_ 1	-	5	
1898	-	_	92	5	25	12	4	2	4	5	1	18
1894	-	-	24		8	4	6	-	2	3	6	14
1895	-	-	49	1	11	2	7	1	5	1	-	20
1896	-	-	61	-	8	5	3	-	2	- 6	4	15
1897	1	-	34	-	15	3	5	1	2	-	4	17
1898	-	_	31	-	15		4	-	12	2	3	15
1899	-	-	114	4	29	2	4	1	14	3	11	25
1900	-	-	108	2	18	2	3	1	9		-	20
1901	-	1000	37	-	26	5	2	-	14	-	7	11
1902	2	-	131	2	26	4	9	2	5	2	7	13
1903	1	-	38	1	16	1	-	-	8	1	11	15
1904	-	-	25	-	26	8	1	_	7	8	-	26
1905		-	35	1	24	1	9		3		7	11

Note.—The Infectious Disease Notification Act has been in force since December, 1889.

TABLE V.

Causes of, and Ages at, Death during Year 1905.

	DEATHS IN OR BELONGING TO WHOLE DISTRICT AT SUBJOINED AGES.								DEATHS IN OR BELONGING TO LOCALITIES (AT ALL AGES).										TOTAL
CAUSES OF DEATH.	All Ages.	Under 1.	1 and under 5.	5 and under 15.	15 and under 25.	25 and under 65.	65 and upwards.	Banstead.	Cheam.	Cudd:ngton.	Ewell.	Chessington.	Ashtend.	Fetcham	Great Bookham.	Little Bookham.	Stoke d'Abernon.	Cobham	DEATHS IN PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS IN THE DISTRICT
Small Pox Measles Scarlet Fever Whooping-cough Diphtheria and Membranous Croup. Croup Typhus Fever Enteric Other continued Epidemic Influenza Cholera Plague Diarrhœa Enteritis Puerperal Fever Erysipelas Other Septic Diseases Phthisis Other tubercular diseases Cancer, malignant disease Bronchitis Pneumonia Pleurisy Other diseases of Respiratory Organs Alcoholism Cirrhosis of Liver Venereal diseases Premature birth Diseases and accidents of parturition Heart diseases Accidents Suicides	. 2 3 11 4 19 6 22 1 1 1 1 9 22 4 1		1	1	1			11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	1 2 5 1 4	1	1 2 2 5 1		1 3 3 3 2 1 2	- 2	1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 1 2 2	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1 2 4	1
All Causes	208	41	11	7	5	57	87							1 10				-	288

TABLE VI.

INFANTILE MORTALITY DURING THE YEAR 1905.

Deaths from stated Causes in Weeks and Months under One Year of Age.

CAU	SE OF	DEATH	í.			Under 1 Week.	1-2 Weeks.	2-3 Weeks.	3-4 Weeks.	Total under 1 Month.	1-2 Months.	2-3 Months.	3-4 Months.	4-5 Months.	5-6 Months.	6-7 Months.	7-8 Months.	9-10 Months.	10-11 Months.	11-12 Months.	Total Death under One Year,
ALL CAUSES-																1	T	T	I		-/-
Certified Uncertified	::	::	::	::				3		13	3		4	2	3	4	1.		1	1	38
								-	_									-	-	-	
Common Infectious Dis																		L			
Small-pox Chicken-Pox		**	**		200	9				**											1
Measles		**				_		• •	_	**											1
Scarlet Fever		**	**		70.7	-		**	-	**											4.4.
Diphtheria : Croup		**		::		-		::	_												**
			::			•					1										6
Diarrheal Diseases—									١				ı							Н	
Diarrhœa, all forms											1						1				2
Enteritis (not Tube																					
Gastritis, Gastro-in																					
Wasting Diseases-					_				-1											П	
						7		2		9										ш	9
Congenital Defects													1		1			1			3
The second secon		1.																1			
Want of Breast-mil																					
Atrophy, Debility, 3						1				-			1								2
Tuberculous Diseases—									1				1			ı				П	
Tuberculous Mening																					
Tuberculous Peritor			enterica																		
Other Tuberculous	Diseases																				
Erysipelas																					
Syphilis														1							1
Rickets									-												
Meningitis (not Tubercu									-				-		200					_	1
Convulsions										1											5
Bronchitis									_												
Pneumonia								1													7
Suffocation, overlaying																					**
Other Causes						1				1			1		1 .				1		4
				-		10	1	3		14	3		5	2	3	4	1	3	5	1	41
						2.767	-	1.7		4.4	1.7		45	2	40	4	4	1.2	10.0	-	

Births in the year—Legitimate 530; Illegitimate 8. Deaths from all Causes at all Ages 208.

Population-Estimated to middle of 1905, 21,700.

