

[Report 1958] / Medical Officer of Health, Eccles Borough.

Contributors

Eccles (Greater Manchester, England). Borough Council.

Publication/Creation

1958

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BOROUGH OF ECCLES



ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

Medical Officer of Health

AND THE



Chief Public Health Inspector

1958



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BOROUGH OF ECCLES

LIST OF MEMBERS OF THE TOWN COUNCIL

on

31st December, 1958

His Worship The Mayor :

†M. H. LEWIS, Esq.

Deputy Mayor :

Alderman C. FLANAGAN

Alderman R. BENSON	†Councillor P. LOMAX
Alderman J. BIRCH	Councillor J. P. McDUGALL, M.M., J.P.
*Alderman Mrs. E. BODDAN	†Councillor Mrs. I. M. M. MILLS
†Alderman J. McCANN, M.P.	†Councillor Mrs. M. A. MOORE
†Alderman Mrs. M. O'KANE (the late)	Councillor F. M. NOLAN
†Alderman J. G. SMITH, C.C.	Councillor G. NOLAN
Alderman O. WILLIAMS	†Councillor Mrs. C. D. RHODES
Councillor D. W. ANDERSON	Councillor R. RHODES
Councillor S. P. BAGNALL	Councillor W. ROCHFORD
Councillor C. G. BALDWIN	Councillor H. RUSHFORTH
Councillor J. BRADLEY	†Councillor Mrs. L. SIMPSON
Councillor T. CUSACK	Councillor W. SULLIVAN
Councillor G. K. EDWARDS	Councillor J. H. TOOLEY
Councillor Mrs. M. J. HEMBROUGH, J.P.	†Councillor A. H. WALSH
Councillor C. E. JOHNSON	Councillor G. WILKINSON

*Chairman of the PUBLIC HEALTH Committee.

†Deputy Chairman of the PUBLIC HEALTH Committee.

‡Members of the PUBLIC HEALTH Committee.

PUBLIC HEALTH OFFICERS OF THE LOCAL AUTHORITY

Medical Officer of Health :

WILLIS J. ELWOOD, M.B., B.Ch., B.A.O.(Belf), D.P.H.(Eng.)

Chief Public Health Inspector :

R. MARTIN, D.P.A.(London), M.A.P.H.I., Cert. Insp. Meat and Food.

Deputy Chief Public Health Inspector :

C. L. TAYLOR, M.A.P.H.I., Cert. Insp. Meat and Food.

Public Health Inspectors :

W. BLACK, D.P.A., M.A.P.H.I. * (Resigned 7.12.58)

P. W. COLLIER, M.A.P.H.I. * (Resigned 31.8.58).

A. PRESCOTT, M.A.P.H.I.

A. G. PITT, M.A.P.H.I.*

*Cert. Insp. Meat and Food.

Pupil Public Health Inspectors :

R. D. JOHNSON

P. REEVES (Appointed 1.12.58)

Clerical Staff :

Chief Clerk—J. W. EVANS

D. A. JONES

Mrs. E. HYDE

Miss J. M. FINLEY

Pests Officer :

F. SHEPHERD

ANNUAL REPORT
of the
MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH
for the Year 1958

TO THE MAYOR, ALDERMEN AND COUNCILLORS OF THE
BOROUGH OF ECCLES

Mr. Mayor, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have the honour to present to you my annual report on the health of the Borough during the year 1958. The report is drawn up in accordance with instructions issued by the Minister of Health in Circular 22/58 dated 9th December, 1958.

Full comment is made in the body of the report on the various statistics, and here I take the opportunity of making one or two comments of a more general nature.

The vital statistics follow much the same pattern as has obtained in Eccles for some years. The estimated population at 43,600 differs by only a few hundred from that of 1948, and it has fluctuated only slightly during the intervening years. The live birth rate at 17.7 per 1,000 bears favourable comparison with the national rate (16.4), but most of the other rates compare somewhat unfavourably, e.g., the infant mortality rate in 1958 was 32.5 per 1,000 live births as compared with 22.5 for England and Wales. There are two factors in the environment which cannot fail to have exerted an unfavourable influence on the state of public health as measured by a sensitive yardstick like the infant mortality rate.

(1) Eccles has been saddled with a considerable legacy of bad old houses, for the most part two up and two down, with dark steep narrow stairs, one cold tap, small back yard and outside water closet. The impressive list given in Table XII of the statistical appendix to this report of areas and individual unfit houses in respect of which you have accepted and acted upon my representations, and the spectacle of the new blocks of flats now being built in clearance areas, is the measure of your determination to improve the conditions in which the people of the Borough have to live.

(2) In common with many 'black areas' of the industrial North, Eccles suffers from a shocking degree of air pollution; deposits of over 200 tons per square mile per annum are being recorded. To have already made approximately 1,000 Corporation-owned houses and flats 'smokeless' by tenancy agreement is a considerable achievement, and the aim to make the whole of Eccles smokeless by 1969 is a noble ambition. Progress in the declaration of smoke control areas is absolutely vital if Eccles is to become a cleaner, healthier place to live in.

The accompanying report of Mr. R. Martin gives further detailed information about these and other matters, and it is a pleasure to pay tribute to the loyal co-operation of the staff and to the vast amount of painstaking work within the Department which has made such progress possible.

It remains for me finally to express my appreciation of your continued support and confidence throughout the year.

I am, Ladies and Gentlemen,

Yours obediently,

August, 1959.

WILLIS J. ELWOOD, *Medical Officer of Health.*

STATISTICAL SUMMARY

I. GENERAL STATISTICS

Area (in acres)	3,417
Population (Census 1951)	43,927
Population (Estimated 1958)	43,600
Number of Houses and Flats, 1958	14,492
Rateable Value (December, 1958)	£428,298
Sum represented by a penny rate, 1957/58	£1,678

2. VITAL STATISTICS (See also comment following, and Tables I, II and III).

	M.	F.	Total
Live Births { Legitimate	372	371	743
{ Illegitimate	14	13	27
{ Total	386	384	770
Live birth rate per 1,000 population			17.7
Stillbirths	10	15	25
Still-births rate per 1,000 live and still-births			31.4
Total live and still-births	396	399	795
Infant deaths	13	12	25
Infant mortality rate per 1,000 live births—Total	32.5		
do. do. —Legitimate	32.5		
do. do. —Illegitimate	—		
Neo Natal do. do.	16.9		
(first four weeks)			
Illegitimate live births per cent. of total live births... ..	3.50		
Maternal deaths (including abortion)	—		
Maternal mortality rate per 1,000 live and still-births	—		

PHYSICAL FEATURES OF THE DISTRICT

The area of the Borough is 3,417 acres. It extends from the Gilda Brook, which separates it from the City of Salford, westwards for a distance of four miles to the boundary of Irlam U.D. Its southern boundary is the Manchester Ship Canal, from which it extends northwards for a distance of $1\frac{3}{4}$ miles to the boundaries of Worsley U.D. and Swinton and Pendlebury M.B.

The area is flat, its maximum height above ordnance datum being 136 feet in Half Edge Lane, and its lowest point being below the 50-feet contour line in the neighbourhood of the old bed of the River Irwell at the west end of the Borough.

Barton Moss, which is about 75 feet above ordnance datum, has been drained and reclaimed by the Manchester Corporation Cleansing Department and now consists of fertile agricultural land, quite unsuitable for development owing to the difficulty in obtaining a solid foundation for buildings, the peat being 16 to 20 feet in thickness.

POPULATION

The population at the 1931 Census was 44,416 persons, and at the 1951 Census 43,927, a decrease of 489 persons. The estimated population for the year 1958 as computed by the Registrar General, was 43,600.

OCCUPATIONS

The principal occupations in which the population of the Borough is employed comprise commercial, professional and clerical occupations, a large proportion of these persons being employed in the Trafford Park industrial area. Many adult males are engaged in engineering and metal trades or are railway or transport workers, while a smaller number is engaged in textiles and building trades. Adult female workers are employed in clerical work and in textile and distributive trades.

BIRTHS (See Tables I and II)

The number of live births during 1958 was 770 (386 males and 384 females) as compared with 737 during 1957. This gives a live birthrate of 17.7 per 1,000 population, which is higher than the rate for the previous year (16.9) and shows an increase on the average rate (15.7) for the five years 1953/57.

STILLBIRTHS (See Table I)

The stillbirths numbered 25. The stillbirth rate was 31.4 per 1,000 live and stillbirths, as compared with 21.2 in 1957 and 18.3 in 1956.

INFANT MORTALITY (See Tables I and II)

During 1958 there were 25 deaths of infants under one year of age, which gives an infant mortality rate of 32.5 per 1,000 live births. The infant mortality rate for the Borough in 1957 was 28.5, and the average rate for the five years 1953/57 was 23.3. The rate for England and Wales in 1958 was 22.5.

The neonatal deaths, i.e. the number of deaths occurring in the first month of life, were 13, giving a neonatal mortality of 16.9 per 1,000 live births, as against 24.4 for 1957.

The causes of death in the first year of life were Atelectasis 5, Birth injury 5, Congenital malformation 5, Pneumonia 5, Suffocation (inhalation of food) 2, and other causes 3 cases.

DEATHS (See Tables I to IV)

The number of deaths at all ages during the year was 829, compared with 750 in 1957. The crude death rate was 19.0 per 1,000 of the population, compared with 17.1 in 1957. In recent Annual Reports it has been pointed out that from the beginning of 1953, on instructions from the General Register Office, deaths of persons occurring in hospitals for the chronic sick are attributed to the district in which the hospital is situated, irrespective of the original place of residence of the person concerned. The only hospital for the chronic sick within this Borough is Bridgewater Hospital. The inclusion by the Registrar General of the deaths which have occurred in this Hospital, in calculating the death rates for the district, has weighted unfavourably the crude death rates for 1953 and succeeding years. Such deaths numbered 283 in 1954, 300 in 1955, 255 in 1956, 279 in 1957 and 318 in 1958. Under arrangements previously existing, however, some of these deaths would have been included in any case; comparison with previous years has, therefore, been somewhat difficult.

It is pleasing, therefore, to note that from 1956 onwards the "comparability factor" for deaths which the Registrar General has calculated for each district takes into account the presence in any district of a chronic sick hospital. For Eccles the comparability factor is 0.78, and when the crude death rate of 19.0 is multiplied by this factor we get an adjusted death rate of 14.8 per 1,000 which it is legitimate to compare directly with the *adjusted* death rates of neighbouring districts and with the *adjusted* death rates for Eccles for preceding and succeeding years. The adjusted death rate for Eccles in 1957 was 12.5.

No deaths occurred during the year from measles, diphtheria or whooping cough. Deaths from pulmonary tuberculosis, numbered six.

Deaths from pneumonia and bronchitis totalled 83. Deaths from cancer of the lungs and bronchus were 26, against 29 in 1957, and from other forms of cancer were 116 against 109 in 1957.

29 deaths occurred in infants or children under the age of 15 years ; 606 occurred in persons aged 65 or over.

Accidental deaths totalled 22, compared with 22, 19, 17, 25 and 20 in the previous five years.

An analysis of the deaths from accidental causes in 1958 shows that 6 were due to falls, 7 were due to moving vehicles and 9 to other causes.

MATERNAL MORTALITY

There were no deaths attributable to childbirth in connection with the 795 (live and still) births which occurred in 1958.

The maternal mortality rate for England and Wales in 1958 was 0.43 per 1,000 (live and still) births.

CANCER

The number of deaths which have been due to this cause (including leukaemia) in recent years has been as follows :—

	1954	1955	1956	1957	1958
Cancer of stomach	17	22	9	19	22
Cancer of lung, bronchus ...	23	27	27	29	26
Cancer of breast	10	14	15	10	14
Cancer of uterus	5	8	7	14	10
Cancer of other sites	62	70	61	65	65
Leukaemia, aleukaemia... ..	5	1	4	1	5
Totals	<u>122</u>	<u>142</u>	<u>123</u>	<u>138</u>	<u>142</u>

This gives for 1953 a cancer mortality rate of 3.25 per 1,000 compared with 3.16 per 1,000 in 1957. The national rate for 1958 was 2.12 per 1,000. The 26 deaths from cancer of the lung and bronchus give for Eccles a mortality rate from this cause of 0.59 compared with the national rate of 0.44.

PREVALENCE AND CONTROL OF INFECTIOUS DISEASES

There were 427 notifications of infectious disease (including tuberculosis) during the year, as compared with 1,355 during 1957.

The distribution of these cases as between various age groups and in the various wards of the town is shown in Table V, while in Table VI the infectious diseases experience of 1958 is seen along with that of the preceding 23 years.

There were 213 cases of sonne dysentery compared with 215 in 1957 and 67 in 1956. Seventy-eight of these cases were in the 5—10 year age group. The control of this mild but highly infectious disease is extremely difficult among young children. It appears to spread directly from child to child through personal contact and through the medium of inanimate objects such as toys, pencils and lavatory seats. The provision of adequate washing facilities in all our schools (with hot as well as cold water) is the first essential.

It is pleasing to record that during the year under review three schools had been provided with wash hand basins and hot water supplies, and at several others hand washing facilities were in the process of being installed or improved. The inculcation of the habit of hand-washing after visiting the toilet should be so effective that this becomes an automatic routine about which the child does not need to think.

Two cases of paralytic poliomyelitis were notified. In accordance with the practice recommended by the Ministry of Health, "home and garden" quarantine for 21 days is imposed on child members of each family in which a case occurs.

No other disease appeared in epidemic proportions, and it is pleasing to note that for the sixth year in succession no case of diphtheria was notified.

TUBERCULOSIS

Statistical particulars relative to the incidence of tuberculosis are given in Tables VII, VIII and IX. It will be seen that 18 new cases were notified during the year (15 respiratory and 3 non-respiratory), and that there were 6 deaths (all respiratory). From Table VII it will be seen that the death rate from tuberculosis in 1958 was a little higher in Eccles (0.14 per 1,000) than in England and Wales (0.10 per 1,000).

From Table VIII it will be seen that there were, as at the end of 1958, 193 persons in Eccles suffering from respiratory tuberculosis, and a further 34 suffering from the non-respiratory form of the disease.

Modern methods of treatment have very dramatically reduced the death rate from this disease, as can be seen from Table IX. Unfortunately, however, it happens in some cases that though the treatment prolongs life for many years it does not effect complete cessation of activity of the disease and the patient passes into a stage of chronic infectivity. Such sufferers from tuberculosis have a moral duty to the community to ensure that they do not pass on their infection to others.

We must never forget that respiratory tuberculosis in its active stage is an infectious disease to which young children and adolescents are particularly susceptible.

VACCINATION AND IMMUNISATION

Vaccination against Smallpox

This is advised at about 3 months of age. Infant vaccination gives a measure of protection to the individual for many years; should the disease be contracted subsequently it is generally in a modified form and a fatal issue is unlikely.

The following figures show the number of vaccinations done in the District during 1958 and the previous two years :

	1958	1957	1956
(a) Number of primary vaccinations	359	340	298
(b) Number of re-vaccinations	97	90	82
(c) Number of infants under 1 year included in (a) ...	270	261	244

Immunisation against diphtheria, whooping cough and tetanus

Under arrangements made by the County Council, parents have the choice of having children immunised from the age of four months

- (1) by a "triple" vaccine giving protection against diphtheria, whooping cough, and tetanus ;
- (2) by a "combined" vaccine against diphtheria and whooping cough ;
- (3) against whooping cough only ;
- (4) against diphtheria only ;
- (5) against diphtheria and tetanus.

In the case of "triple", "combined" or whooping cough immunisation, three injections are given at intervals of not less than one month.

These protective injections are given free of charge at Clinics and by general practitioners at their surgeries. The County Council pays a fee to general practitioners for sending in a record card containing particulars of these immunisations.

The following table shows the number of children who were immunised during the year :

	Primary	Reinforcing
Whooping Cough only	1	—
Diphtheria only	5	487
Diphtheria and whooping cough "combined" ...	28	4
Diphtheria, whooping cough and tetanus "triple" ...	452	12
Diphtheria and tetanus	54	17
Total diphtheria immunisations included above ...	539	520
Total diphtheria immunisations in 1957	482	185

Vaccination against Poliomyelitis

Under arrangements made by the County Council in accordance with instructions from the Ministry of Health, vaccination was offered during the year to the following groups:—

- 1—Children born in the years 1943-1958.
- 2—Persons born in the years 1933-1942.
- 3—Expectant Mothers.
- 4—General Practitioners and families.
- 5—Ambulance Staff and families.
- 6—Hospital staff, medical students and their families.

Up to the end of the year a total of 6,985 Eccles residents had been so registered since the inauguration of the scheme, and the vaccination of 6,347 of them (by two injections) had been completed ; 4,794 of these vaccinations were done during the year under report. During the year third injections were commenced, 1,047 such injections being given. In addition to British vaccine, American and Canadian Salk was used for vaccinations.

B.C.G. Vaccination against Tuberculosis

Under arrangements made by the County Council, parents of children about to leave school may be invited to consent to their children being skin-tested for susceptibility to tuberculosis, and to their being vaccinated against tuberculosis with B.C.G. vaccine if the skin-test shows them to be susceptible to this disease. During 1958, 301 school children were skin-tested in this manner, 229 of them were found to be susceptible to tuberculosis and 225 of them were vaccinated with B.C.G.

At the end of one year, parents of school children previously vaccinated with B.C.G. are invited to consent to their children being re-tested for susceptibility and, if necessary, to be re-vaccinated with B.C.G. During 1958, 142 such children were re-tested, and in all cases the protection against tuberculosis was still present.

NATIONAL ASSISTANCE ACT, 1948

Section 47 of this Act, as amended in 1951, gives power to remove compulsorily to hospital or Part III accommodation persons in need of care and attention, which they are unable to provide for themselves and which they are not receiving from other persons.

Action is only taken as a last resort when a person is in an advanced state of neglect and is unwilling to go voluntarily.

No order was made under this section during the year, although six cases were investigated. In all cases the provision of care and attention was effected by the Home Help service and the need for hospital and/or admission to Part III accommodation was avoided.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT SUPERANNUATION ACTS 1937—1953

Thirty-five medical examinations of persons for admission under the above Acts were made during the year.

SAFETY IN THE HOME

Including the Annual General Meeting held in the Town Hall on 16th January, 1958, four meetings of the Eccles Home Safety Committee were held during the year.

At the Annual meeting an address was given by Mr. Frank Robinson, F.R.C.S., of the Burns Unit, Baguley Hospital, on "BURNS." He stressed the importance of adequately guarding open and electric fires in the home. His address was illustrated by colour slides showing the results of burns to children and adults in cases which have come under his care.

In addition to Press reports of the meetings of the Committee, advertisements on various aspects of safety in the home have been inserted in the local paper, and a considerable amount of publicity material—posters and leaflets—have been purchased and distributed.

The Eccles Old People's Welfare Association held a carnival in July and a vehicle was entered in the procession which displayed the theme of Home Safety under the slogan "Their Lives are in your hands".

By the end of the year preparations were under way to hold a Home Safety Exhibition early in 1959.

The number of cases which were conveyed to hospital by ambulance during the past five years as a result of home accidents was as follows :—

	1958	1957	1956	1955	1954
Total cases in children under 3 years ...	27	9	26	20	21
Total cases in children 3 to 15 years ...	37	10	33	60	38
Total cases in persons 15 to 60 years ...	27	14	42	43	45
Total cases in persons over 60 years ...	16	8	29	21	31
Total cases in persons of unknown age ...	21	88	21	8	3
	<u>128</u>	<u>129</u>	<u>151</u>	<u>152</u>	<u>138</u>

The cause of the accidents may be summarised as follows :—

	<i>Falls</i>	<i>Scalds</i>	<i>Burns</i>	<i>Wounds</i>	<i>Miscellaneous</i>	<i>TOTAL</i>
1958	67	11	8	13	29	128
1957	62	7	9	18	33	129
1956	80	10	7	32	22	151
1955	72	9	9	46	16	152
1954	80	14	9	8	27	138

It is pleasing to note that for the third year running the total number of home accidents reported shows a decrease on the number for the previous year.

GENERAL PROVISION OF HEALTH SERVICES IN THE AREA

I. Services provided by the Manchester Regional Hospital Board

1. HOSPITALS

Eccles and Patricroft Hospital is an acute general hospital, and Bridgewater Hospital provides beds for chronic sick and mental cases. The Borough is served in the main by the following hospitals :

- (a) General—Salford Royal Hospital ; Park Hospital, Davyhulme ; Eccles and Patricroft Hospital ; Hope Hospital, Salford.
- (b) Infectious Diseases—Ladywell Hospital, Salford.
- (c) Maternity—Park Hospital, Davyhulme ; Hope Hospital, Salford.

2. TUBERCULOSIS SERVICES

While certain aspects of this work, more particularly the domiciliary visiting of cases and contacts, come within the province of the Divisional Medical Officer, the Regional Hospital Board does provide the following :—

- (a) Chest Clinic, Hope Hospital, Salford. New cases, referred by their family doctors, attend by appointment.
- (b) Mass Miniature Radiography Surveys are carried out periodically in the District by the Board's No. 4 Unit, which is based on Bolton.

3. VENEREAL DISEASES CLINIC

St. Luke's Clinic, 11, Duke Street, Liverpool Road, Manchester, 3. New cases should attend at the following times :—

Monday	...	...	10.00 a.m. to 12.30 p.m.
Tuesday	...	...	5.00 p.m. to 7.00 p.m.
Wednesday	...	...	2.00 p.m. to 4.30 p.m.
Thursday	...	...	5.00 p.m. to 7.00 p.m.
Friday	...	...	10.00 a.m. to 12.30 p.m.
Saturday	...	...	10.00 a.m. to 12 noon

II. Services provided by the Local Health Authority

Eccles is one of the four constituent districts of Lancashire County Council Health Division No. 15, which in addition includes the Borough of Swinton and Pendlebury, the Urban District of Worsley and the Urban District of Irlam.

The services which are provided by the County Council are as follows :—

- 1. Care of Mothers and Young Children : this includes ante-natal and child welfare clinics, dental care, distribution of welfare foods and day nurseries.
- 2. School Health Service.
- 3. Midwifery.
- 4. Health Visiting.
- 5. Home Nursing.
- 6. Vaccination and Immunisation.
- 7. Ambulance Service.
- 8. Prevention of illness, care and aftercare : this includes health education, loan of nursing equipment, and convalescence for those who have been ill.
- 9. Home Help Service.
- 10. Mental Health.
- 11. Arrangements for the welfare of blind, deaf and dumb, crippled and handicapped persons.
- 12. Provision of Residential Accommodation for the Aged and Infirm.

Your Medical Officer of Health, in his capacity as Divisional Medical Officer, is the Officer locally responsible for the administration of these services, and any enquiry in regard to them should be addressed to him :—

Dr. W. J. ELWOOD, D.P.H.,
Divisional Medical Officer,
Lancashire County Council Health Division No. 15,
33, Green Lane,
PATRICROFT.

A brief resumé of the above services as available to residents in Eccles is given below (and in the order in which they are named above) :—

MATERNITY AND CHILD WELFARE AND SCHOOL HEALTH SERVICE

SERVICE	CENTRE	HOURS OF ATTENDANCE
ANTE-NATAL & POST NATAL	Green Lane Clinic, Patricroft.	Wednesday 9 a.m. to 11.30 a.m. Thursday 9 a.m. to 11.30 a.m.
CHILD WELFARE ...	1. Green Lane Clinic, Patricroft. 2. Abbey Grove, Eccles. 3. St. Mary Magdalene's School, Catherine Street, Winton.	Monday 2 p.m. to 4 p.m. Tuesday 9 a.m. to 11.30 a.m. Thursday 2 p.m. to 4 p.m. Tuesday 2 p.m. to 4 p.m. Wednesday 2 p.m. to 4 p.m.
DENTAL	Hyde Lodge Clinic, Clarendon Road, Eccles.	By Appointment.
IMMUNISATION ...	1. Hyde Lodge Clinic, Clarendon Road, Eccles. 2. Green Lane Clinic, Patricroft.	By Appointment. By Appointment.
MINOR AILMENTS ...	Hyde Lodge Clinic, Clarendon Road, Eccles.	Monday to Friday 9 a.m. to 11.30 a.m. Medical Officer in attendance Monday.
OPHTHALMIC	Hyde Lodge Clinic, Clarendon Road, Eccles.	Cases referred by School Medical Officer.
ORTHOPAEDIC ...	Green Lane Clinic, Patricroft.	Cases referred by School Medical Officer.
ORTHOPTIC	Green Lane Clinic, Patricroft.	Cases referred by School Medical Officer.
SPEECH THERAPY ...	Green Lane Clinic, Patricroft.	Cases referred by School Medical Officer.

MIDWIFERY

The following are the names and addresses of the midwives practising in Eccles as at the date of writing :—

					Telephone No.
Miss J. D. Bush	...	31, Westwood Crescent, Winton...	...	...	Eccles 3834
Mrs. V. J. Dickenson	...	77, Victoria Crescent, Eccles ...	...	...	Eccles 2641
Miss M. Holt	...	31, Westwood Crescent, Winton...	...	...	Eccles 3834
Mrs. M. Ryan	...	36, Brookhouse Avenue, Peel Green	...	...	Eccles 2447

HEALTH VISITORS

The service of the following health visitors are available in Eccles as at the date of writing :—

				Telephone No.
Mrs. E. W. Christian	...	Hyde Lodge Clinic, Clarendon Road, Eccles	...	Eccles 2386
Miss A. W. M. Fido	...	Hyde Lodge Clinic, Clarendon Road, Eccles	...	Eccles 2386
Miss J. McMullen	...	Hyde Lodge Clinic, Clarendon Road, Eccles	...	Eccles 2386
Miss N. Wilkinson	...	Hyde Lodge Clinic, Clarendon Road, Eccles	...	Eccles 2386

HOME NURSES

The Home Nurses normally work under the direction of the family doctor. The names and addresses and telephone numbers of these nurses are :—

							<i>Telephone No.</i>
Mrs. D. M. Eachus	...	...	86, Liverpool Road, Eccles	...	...	...	Eccles 4128
Mrs. E. Fulton	...	...	5, Winster Road, Peel Green	...	...	...	Eccles 1680
Mrs. S. Gilbert	...	...	c/o The Vicarage, Irlam	...	...	...	Irlam 61
Mrs. M. Halliday	...	...	134, Wellington Road, Eccles	...	...	...	Eccles 3009
Mrs. A. B. Trevithick	...	...	84, Liverpool Road, Eccles	...	...	...	Eccles 4206
Male Nurse : Mr. L. S. Lester			10, Fletcher Avenue, Clifton	...	...	...	Swinton 2503

AMBULANCE SERVICE

In an emergency anyone may call an ambulance, by going to the nearest telephone and dialling 999.

In non-urgent cases requests for ambulance transport can only be made by a doctor, midwife, responsible hospital official or dentist.

The telephone number is :—Swinton 4343.

III. Services provided by the Lancashire Executive Council

Enquiries regarding these services should be addressed to the Secretary, Lancashire Executive Council, 42, West Cliff, Preston. Lists showing the names of family doctors, dentists, pharmacists and opticians who are under contract with the Council can be seen at any Post Office or Public Library.

IV. Public Health Laboratory Service

Public Health Laboratory, Monsall Hospital, Newton Heath, Manchester, 10.

The results of samples and specimens submitted to the Public Analyst and to the Public Health Laboratory Service are set out in Tables XVII to XX in the Appendix.

V. Public Baths

There are two swimming baths ; the larger pool containing approximately 66,000 gallons, and the smaller pool 52,000 gallons. The water from both pools is circulated by an electrically-operated pump to three 8 ft. Bell's Pressure Filters, which are capable of dealing with 24,000 gallons per hour. En route to the filters the water is chlorinated, and alum is added. After filtration, soda is added, and the water is heated and aerated. The whole of the water in the two baths can be passed through in five hours. The treatment of the water is controlled by regular estimations of the pH value and the amount of available chlorine. In addition to the two bathing pools, there are 20 slipper baths for males and 16 for females. The results of the samples of swimming bath water taken during the year are shown in Tables XVIII and XX(c).

VI. Services provided by Voluntary Organisations

The Eccles Old People's Welfare Association (Hon. Secretary Mr. J. E. Greasby, 4, Nasmyth Road, Barton, Eccles) provides a residential hostel for 38 old people. It also manages bed-sitting room accommodation for elderly people (for which application should be made in the first instance to the Corporation's Housing Department), and runs five Old People's Clubs.

Other organisations which may help in meeting particular needs are :—

British Legion (Eccles Branch)	...	...	...	British Legion Club, Chadwick Road, Eccles.
British Red Cross Society	...	...	...	Central Hall, Gladstone Road, Eccles.
Cripples Help Society	...	...	...	5, Cross Street, Manchester, 2.
Eccles Civic Guild of Help	...	...	...	Hon. Secretary : Mr. J. E. Keaveny, Barrister-at-law, 20, Monton Green, Monton, Eccles.
Eccles & District Society for Mentally Handicapped Children	...	...	...	11 Tarn Grove, Worsley.
Forces Help Society & Lord Roberts Workshops	...	...	...	District Head : Mr. C. R. Revans, Rutland House, Rutland Road, Eccles.
Manchester & Salford Blind Aid Society	...	...	...	30, Tonman Street, Manchester, 3.
Soldiers', Sailors', Airmen's Families Association	...	...	...	Hon. Secretary : Mr. H. R. Bailey, Town Hall, Eccles.
The St. John Ambulance Brigade	...	...	...	St. Andrew's School, Eccles.
Urmston & District Group National Spastic Society	...	...	...	Mead House Centre, 97 Church Road, Urmston.
Women's Voluntary Services	...	...	...	Centre Organiser : Mrs. N. Mitchell, 14 Abbey Grove, Eccles.

PERMISSIVE PUBLIC HEALTH LEGISLATION IN FORCE IN THE BOROUGH

Public Health Acts (Amendment) Act 1890 (Parts 2, 3, and 4)
 Eccles Corporation Act, 1901
 Public Health Acts (Amendment) Act, 1907 (Part 7, Sections 85 and 86)
 Borough of Eccles (Offensive Trades) Confirmation Order, 1924
 Public Health Act, 1925 (Part 2)
 Slaughter of Animals Act, 1933 (Section 1)
 Food and Drugs Act, 1955 (Sections 16 and 22)
 Lancashire County Council (General Powers) Act, 1951 (Sections 13 and 14)

BYE-LAWS AND REGULATIONS IN FORCE IN THE BOROUGH

										<i>Date of coming into force</i>
Barbers' and Hairdressers' Weekly Half-holiday Order	1927	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	24th Oct., 1927
Buildings	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	31st Aug., 1954
Building (Smoke Prevention)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1st Aug., 1957
Closing Order (Butchers' Shops)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9th June, 1922
Closing Order (Boot and Shoe Shops)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2nd Feb., 1916
Common Lodging Houses	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9th March, 1934
Control of Dogs at night-time	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	28th April, 1927
Eccles Fish and Chip Friers' Weekly Half-holiday Order	1939	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9th May, 1939
Fouling of Footways by Dogs	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1st June, 1952
Good Rule and Government (Spitting)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6th Aug., 1920
Good Rule and Government (Littering)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4th Dec., 1931
Handling, Wrapping and Delivery of Food, etc.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	26th March, 1950
New Streets	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1st June, 1939
Nuisances	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9th March, 1934
Slaughter Houses	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1st Oct., 1956
Smoke Abatement	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16th Dec., 1929

REPORT OF THE CHIEF PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR
TO THE MAYOR, ALDERMEN AND COUNCILLORS OF THE
BOROUGH OF ECCLES

Mr. Mayor, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have the honour to submit my second Report on the sanitary conditions of the Borough, and on the refuse collection and disposal services, for the year ended 31st December, 1958.

The year has been one of steady progress, marked not by any single spectacular incident but by a host of minor, but no less important changes all aimed at providing better conditions and services in the field of environmental hygiene. Details of these changes will be found on the following pages.

The implementation of the Council's Slum Clearance programme continued, and many of the worst areas have been represented or will be represented before the end of 1960. The preparation of reports, schedules and other documents necessary in respect of this work continues to take up a considerable amount of the time of the inspectors and clerical staff. New blocks of flats are already rising on the sites previously occupied by insanitary dwellings and the gradual change in the Borough from house to flat life will be watched with interest.

The Clean Air Act, 1956, described by some as the greatest social legislation of our time, will bring about a change that was unthinkable a few years ago — the abolition of the open coal fire in dwelling houses.

Routine inspections of all types of premises continued during the year. Legal proceedings were instituted under the Public Health Act, 1936, in 12 instances in order to get repairs carried out and in 6 cases for offences under the Food and Drugs Act, 1955, and regulations made thereunder. When the year commenced the department had its full complement of Public Health Inspectors but two inspectors left during the year and replacements were not obtained until early 1959. The establishment was increased by one inspector and this post was filled by a part-time smoke inspector.

The department took over the disposal of refuse and many 'teething troubles' were experienced and considerable time spent organising the service. The weekly collection of domestic refuse continued and thanks are again due to all the personnel of the refuse collection and disposal services who worked through in all weathers to maintain the collection.

In conclusion, I express my thanks for the generous consideration given by the Chairman and members of the Public Health Committee; the encouragement and advice of the Medical Officer of Health, Dr. Elwood, and finally, the loyal co-operation of Mr. C. L. Taylor, my deputy, and all other members of the staff of the department.

I am, Ladies and Gentlemen,

Your obedient servant,

REGINALD MARTIN,

Chief Public Health Inspector.

August, 1959.

REPORT OF THE CHIEF PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR

1. HOUSING

(a) Slum Clearance (Table XII)

Re-housing of the tenants in the Barlow Street/Cawdor Street Compulsory Purchase Order and demolition of the houses in the area proceeded. By the end of the year almost all the families living in unfit houses had been re-housed.

During the year the following Clearance Areas were declared :—

Egerton Street

Worsley Road (No. 1)

Worsley Road (No. 2)

These areas comprised 91 houses. The Egerton Street Compulsory Purchase Order was confirmed in May, 1959. 39 families have already been re-housed from the area.

The Worsley Road, (No. 2) Clearance Order was confirmed in March, 1959. Only 1 family remains to be re-housed from this area.

Preliminary survey and inspection of other proposed clearance areas were carried out ; 5 of these areas have since been represented totalling 118 houses. 18 individual unfit houses were demolished or closed during the year ; 19 families were re-housed.

(b) Sanitary Defects and Disrepair (Tables XIII and XIV)

The number of dwelling houses inspected during the year showed an increase compared with 1957. The number of complaints investigated was 851 and as a result of notices served, 608 houses were " made fit " as compared with 332 houses in 1957.

During 1958, 9 Nuisance Orders were obtained ; 1 person was fined for non-compliance with a Nuisance Order and 2 cases were withdrawn, work having been completed before the dates of the hearings.

(c) Rent Act, 1957 (Table X)

The Rent Act, 1957 came into force on the 6th July, 1957. The resulting enquiries and applications for forms, certificates of disrepair, etc., created a large amount of work in the department. During the year 227 forms " G " were issued to tenants, making a total of 1,627 forms issued since the Act became operative. 71 applications for certificates of disrepair were received during 1958. It can be assumed that many tenants have not taken advantage of their rights under the Act, even though their rents have been increased.

Any nuisances discovered when the premises are inspected under the Act, are followed up using Public Health Act procedure in an effort to speed essential repairs, even though an undertaking may have been issued promising to do the work in the ensuing six months. Very few enquiries were received from persons whose premises were decontrolled by the Act. It has been observed that, on re-letting, some landlords of decontrolled houses include in the tenancy agreement clauses making the tenant responsible for internal repairs.

I consider that the Act has served its intended purpose, if indirectly, in the repair and renovation of many properties. The landlords resistance to carrying out repairs on the grounds of uneconomic rents has decreased considerably, although it must be recorded that many properties in the town have not received the benefit of the Act.

(d) Houses Let-in-Lodgings

Several houses, which are let-in-lodgings or are occupied by more than one family, were inspected during the year. Many of the houses were, with respect to facilities provided for the households accommodated therein so far defective as not to be reasonably suitable for occupation by those householders. The procedure is to serve a notice under section 36 of the Housing Act, 1957 on the persons "having control" of the houses. However, action can only be taken in respect of houses which have received planning permission, or where, by long usage, planning permission is not necessary.

(e) Disinfection and Disinfestation of Premises

(i) Disinfection

During the year 16 houses were disinfected following cases of infectious disease. 53 library books were brought to the Department for disinfection.

(ii) Disinfestation

186 premises, of which 55 were houses owned by the Corporation, were visited and treated by the Pests Officer to eradicate insect pests. In 9 cases disinfestation of the household effects using Hydrogen Cyanide were carried out by a private firm, previous to re-housing of the families.

(f) Sanitary Accommodation in Dwelling Houses

The estimated numbers, and variety of conveniences are as follows :—

Fresh-water flushed closets	...	17,889
Waste-water flushed closets	...	20
Pail-closets	...	43
Dustbins	...	16,539
Baths	...	10,444

The majority of the waste-water flushed closets are in the Park Street and Liverpool Road areas. These are being converted, as they become defective. The pail closets are mostly provided at houses and farms in the Barton Moss area and on temporary building sites.

2. ADMINISTRATION (Tables XIII and XIV)

During the year, 8,869 primary inspections or inquiries and 4,780 re-visits were made. The number of defects or nuisances discovered was 5,967 ; 5,843 defects or nuisances were remedied or abated. A total of 851 informal letters or notices were sent out, and in 273 instances the service of Statutory Notices was necessary, as indicated below :—

Act and Section under which served	No. served in year	No. abated in year	No. of Prosecutions
Public Health Act, 1936, Sec. 39	75	55	—
Public Health Act, 1936, Sec. 45	22	14	—
Public Health Act, 1936, Sec. 93-103	176	151	12
	273	220	12

3. ATMOSPHERIC POLLUTION (Table XV)

The Clean Air Act, 1956, became fully operative on the 1st June, 1958. At the same time regulations were issued setting out the permitted limits of smoke emissions from chimneys and vessels. It was obvious that if the provisions of the Act were to be implemented, additional staff would be necessary. Early in 1959 the services of a specialist inspector were obtained. This officer has been engaged on smoke abatement work for many years. It is pleasing to report that all the major industrial and commercial premises in the town have been visited and detailed records are now available. Up to the present time, pollution of the air has been diminished by adaptations or improvements to several plants.

Special attention was given to complaints arising from the emissions of obnoxious effluvia from 2 firms, one within the Borough and one in the Trafford Park Industrial area. The co-operation of both firms was forthcoming and several discussions have taken place with the respective managements. Steps have been taken to carry out considerable alterations to the plants concerned and it is hoped that when this work is completed it will result in considerable improvement, if not complete abatement of the nuisance.

Measurement of Atmospheric Pollution (Table XV)

There are now 4 instruments in use for estimating the amount of sulphur dioxide in the atmosphere. These are situated at the Sewage Works, the Town's Yard at Westwood Park, the Town Hall and at 5, Somerset Road, Ellesmere Park. The two latter instruments came into use in February, 1958, and although it is unwise to compare results over short periods of time (comparisons are usually over 10 year periods) the results obtained indicate that a similar degree of sulphur pollution exists in all parts of the town. This is no doubt due in part to the close proximity of the Trafford Park industrial area, from which prevailing winds carry large quantities of all types of atmospheric pollution into Eccles. Two deposit gauges are in use, one at the Sewage Works and one at the Town's Yard, Westwood Park. These instruments are used to estimate soluble and insoluble deposited matter. Results show that over 200 tons per square mile per annum are deposited in the vicinity of the gauges. A portable volumetric apparatus was obtained during the year. This instrument is capable of estimating the daily smoke concentration and that of sulphur dioxide. The instrument has been in use at various times and can be used in any part of the town to determine the amount of pollution. It will be especially useful for comparing the results of pollution in periods of "smog" with normal times, and for comparing the amount of smoke in smoke control areas against areas not controlled.

In November 1958, Eccles joined several other local authorities in opposing the proposed extension of a boiler plant at a large firm on the Partington Industrial Estate. The objections were based on the fact that the area was already suffering from severe atmospheric pollution, and that the proposed extension would add a further 36 tons per day of sulphur dioxide to the existing pollution, or that steps should be taken to ensure that the gases should be treated to remove the sulphur before being emitted to atmosphere. A public inquiry was held at Knutsford in November, 1958, by an Inspector of the Ministry of Housing and Local Government. The inquiry extended over 3 days and in July, 1959 the Minister decided to allow the development, subject to the chimney being 375 feet high. This was considered to be the most efficient means of dispersing the flue gases. A further condition was imposed, namely that the plant would be so constructed as to permit the installation of a gas-washing plant, designed to remove sulphur dioxide, at a later date.

Smoke Control Areas

Although no smoke control orders were made in 1958, approximately 1,000 Corporation-owned houses and flats are now "smokeless" by tenancy agreement. Observations were made to ensure compliance with this condition of tenancy. A few tenants were found to be emitting smoke by burning bituminous coal. The offenders were reported to the Housing Committee and following warning letters no further offences were observed. There have been surprisingly few enquiries or complaints regarding the use of smokeless fuels, but on one occasion a request was received from a fuel merchant for assistance in expediting deliveries to him of smokeless fuels.

The town has been divided into 22 proposed smoke control areas and it is proposed to deal with 12 of these areas containing 8,906 premises in the next 5 years. It is the Council's wish to make the whole of Eccles smokeless by 1969. The work of survey and inspection in the first 2 areas to be dealt with has now commenced.

Smoke control areas are being established in varying degrees in adjacent local authority areas and there is no doubt that the next decade will see a vast improvement in the air we breathe.

It is hoped that nothing will occur to retard this important aspect of social progress.

4. INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD (Tables XVI - XXII)

(a) General

The Food Hygiene Regulations of 1955 require the occupiers of food premises, and their employees, to comply with certain requirements which are considered essential if "clean food, clean premises and clean food handlers" are to be the rule.

Inspections of all food premises continued during the year, but on a somewhat restricted scale. Although almost all food premises in the Borough have been visited since the Regulations came into force, the necessary follow-up action in some cases was not possible due to staff shortages towards the end of the year. These outstanding matters were dealt with following the appointment of two inspectors at the beginning of 1959.

Generally speaking, the standard of most shops is quite commendable, and the co-operation of the shopkeeper is forthcoming when the requirements of the regulations are explained. There is, however, no cause for complacency, and the regulations must only be regarded as the very minimum requirements. Although there were only 13 cases of food poisoning notified during the year, this is 13 too many.

The inspection of stalls on the open market is routine on Saturdays, and food stalls and vehicles selling candy floss, toffee apples, hot-dogs etc., on the twice-yearly amusement fair are always given special attention.

During 1958, 18 complaints were received and investigated in respect of food containing foreign matter. Several were dealt with by sending warning letters to the shopkeepers or manufacturers; some were unable to be dealt with due to lack of evidence.

Legal proceedings were instituted under the Food & Drugs Act, 1955 and under the Food Hygiene Regulations, 1955, as indicated below.

	<i>Fined</i>
1. Bread salesman smoking whilst handling unwrapped bread. ...	£2 0 0
2. Meat distributors who did not provide offal containers ...	£5 0 0
3. An employee of the above distributors who did not use offal containers. ...	£2 10 0
4. The same employee for not wearing a head covering whilst carrying carcase meat. ...	£2 10 0
5. Shop manager for selling a mouldy pork pie. ...	£5 0 0
6. Firm for selling a jam tart containing a piece of glass. ...	£10 0 0

(b) Sampling of Food and Drugs (Table XVII)

153 samples of food and drugs were submitted to the Borough Analyst during the year. This number included 97 samples of milk, 47 samples of other food and 9 samples of drugs. Five of these samples were reported by the Borough Analyst to be unsatisfactory. Details of these samples and observations thereon are listed below:—

ADULTERATED OR IRREGULAR SAMPLES

Sample No.	Description	Nature of adulteration or irregularity	Observations
2674	White Bread	Contaminated with carbonised grease.	Baker cautioned
2742	Buttered Balm Cakes	Fatty matter contained not more than 0.2% butter.	Strong caution issued.
2735	Butter Toffee	Contained not more than 0.04% butter.	Description altered to " Butter Flavoured Toffee ".
2788	Fish Cakes	25.4% deficient of fish when compared with the Food Standard (Fish Cakes) Order, 1950.	Formal sample unobtainable.
2824	Glycerine, Lemon and Tinct. Ipec.	The colouring matter, Liquor Ruber, bore the suffix B.P. whereas it is not a B.P. preparation.	Manufacturer submitted an amended label.

(c) Milk Supply (Tables XVII, XIX, XX)

All milk sold in the Borough is bottled outside the Borough by firms who possess modern equipment. Many employ professional staff who regularly sample supplies of milk coming into their dairies from farms, and so are able to maintain the required standards.

(d) Ice Cream (Table XX)

All samples purchased during the year were found to comply with the required food standard, and were bacteriologically satisfactory. All ice cream sold is now manufactured outside the Borough. No contravention of the Ice Cream (Heat Treatment) Regulations, 1959, has been observed.

(e) Meat and Foods Inspection (Tables XXI and XXII)

The local butchers prefer to buy their meat " off the hook " mostly from the Manchester Wholesale Market. Condemned carcase meat is disposed of to an approved firm for manufacture into fertilizers or animal feeding stuffs. Tinned goods were disposed of by burying on the controlled tip.

There were only 2 licensed slaughterhouses in the Borough and neither were used during the year. The ownership of one slaughterhouse changed at the end of the year and the new owner did not apply for renewal of the licence. A decision on the future use of the remaining slaughterhouse was still under consideration at the end of 1958.

(f) Hawkers of Foodstuffs

Twenty-two hawkers are registered under the Lancashire County Council (General Powers) Act, 1951. These are classified as follows :—

Bread and Confectionery	...	1
Eggs and Poultry	...	1
Fish and Greengrocery	...	1
Greengrocery	...	5
Grocery and Greengrocery	...	1
Ice Cream	...	11
Meat	...	1
Shell-Fish	...	1

All vehicles have been inspected frequently during the year, and defects, where observed, have been remedied.

5. PUBLIC SANITARY CONVENIENCES

The cleansing and maintenance of the Public Conveniences listed below is vested in the Public Health Committee.

Situation	Accommodation		
	Females	Males	
	W.C.'s	W.C.'s	Urinal stalls
Bus Station, Lane End ...	6	3	6
Trafford Road	3	2	3
Peel Green	3	2	2
Winton Library... ..	3	2	3
Barton Bridge, Barton Lane ...	3	2	6
Monton Green	3	2	3
Cab Stand, Wellington Road ...	—	—	3
Patricroft Bridge	—	—	3

The following urinals, which are accessible to the public, are also cleansed by the department :—

Blue Bell Hotel, Monton.

Park Hotel, Monton.

* Waggon and Horses Hotel, Peel Green.

* Because of its condition it is proposed to close this urinal during 1959.

The male convenience at the Cab Stand, Wellington Road, requires extensive repairs and it is proposed to close it during 1959 and construct a new convenience incorporating 3 W.C.'s for females, 2 W.C.'s and a 6 stall urinal for males with one wash-hand basin with a cold water supply in each.

A new convenience similar in layout to the above is proposed for 1959 in Nelson Street, Patricroft. This will replace the urinal at Patricroft Bridge, and will also provide accommodation for females.

Much wilful damage was again reported, and the cost of repairs and making good the damage amounted to £243 12s. 11d.

During the year hand washing facilities for the general public were provided at the Bus Station conveniences.

6. MORTUARY ACCOMMODATION

The mortuary situate in the Town's Yard was extended and modernised at an approximate cost of £4,400 in 1956.

The mortuary provides cold storage for 6 bodies, a post-mortem room, a viewing room, a reception room and a small room for the Surgeon.

The accommodation compares favourably with any similar mortuary in the County.

The mortuary has been used for the reception of 44 bodies during the year.

7. CANAL BOATS

The only boats delivering coal to wharfs in the Borough are " Day Boats ", which are not used as living accommodation. The other traffic on the Bridgewater Canal merely passes through the district.

8. DISEASES OF ANIMALS ACT, 1950

During 1958, Eccles was declared an Infected Area under a foot and mouth disease order, from the 18th February, 1958 until the 11th March, 1958. There were, however, no cases of this or any other disease within the Borough during the year. Routine inspections of all animals, mostly swine brought into the Borough were made on arrival, during, and at the end of the restricted period.

9. IMPROVEMENT GRANTS

During 1958, there were 29 informal applications for improvement grants, but in all except one instance the applications were withdrawn or rejected. Many of the applications were for repairs or replacements and not "improvements" within the meaning of the Act. Some were from owners of property in proposed clearance areas.

In several cases, work had been completed prior to application for a grant, and therefore could not be considered.

All the applications were made from owner/occupiers and the intention of the Act to encourage landlords to improve their premises has obviously not been successful.

10. OFFENSIVE TRADES

There are only two offensive trades established within the Borough :—

<i>Location</i>	<i>Trade</i>
Land adjoining 22, Worsley Road	Rag and Bone dealer
Premises in Monton Fields Road	Tripe Boilers and Tallow Melters

Seven visits were paid during the year and no special action was found necessary.

11. HEALTH EDUCATION

Although no special exhibitions were held, the distribution of posters and leaflets to factories and shops continued. Notices for use in food shops requesting customers to refrain from smoking whilst in the shop were obtained and distributed. Lectures were given by Public Health Inspectors to several organisations in the town.

The Council agreed to the publication of a "Clean Food and Clean Air" handbook during 1959.

12. REFUSE COLLECTION AND DISPOSAL (Tables XXVIII to XXX)

(a) Refuse Collection

Again, during the whole of 1958, apart from Whit week and Christmas, all bins (approximately 16,539) from domestic and trade premises were emptied weekly. This satisfactory state is, no doubt, due to the introduction, in the Autumn of 1956, of a bonus system based on the payment of 3d. for each bin collected over and above a daily norm of 106 bins per man day.

As a result of the increased earnings available, very few men have left the service, and applications for employment have been received from men of a good type.

Absenteeism due to all causes was 242 man days, a decrease of 161 man days on 1957. Of this total, 30 man days were lost as a result of injuries, and the average absence due to sickness was only 5.6 days per man per annum. This is a great improvement on previous years.

The employees engaged on refuse collection on 31st December, 1958 were as follows :—

- 1—Foreman.
- 8—Drivers.
- 1—Driver loader.
- 6—Leading hand loaders.
- 21—Loaders.

The weight of refuse collected during the year was 19,639 tons as compared with 18,100 tons in 1957 and 16,300 tons in 1956. The collection of kitchen waste ceased at the end of 1957. During the year, a drive to collect surplus household goods at the source was instituted in an attempt to keep litter off the many crofts and back passages in the town. Requests for removal of refuse numbered 1,194. Over 650 articles of bulky furniture and other goods were removed for destruction, as well as 192 deposits of soil and ashes, and 100 deposits of builders refuse. In 562 instances extra household refuse, following removal into, or out of, a dwelling house were cleared.

During 1958, 1,036 bins were issued under the Municipal Ashbin Scheme. A new type of bin, differing in several respects from the B.S.S. bin was introduced during the year. It is anticipated that this new bin will give better and longer service than the B.S.S. type of bin.

(b) Refuse Disposal

During 1958, the salvage and incinerator plant at the Sewage Works closed down, and the disposal of refuse commenced on a controlled tip in the Worsley Urban District. There are 2 men employed on the tip, an attendant and an 'Angledozer' driver. The tip and approach roads are founded on a deep layer of peat and constant attention has to be given to the filling in of depressions which occur as settlement takes place.

Much trouble and inconvenience has been caused by trespassers on the tip, and the compound and messroom have been broken into several times. The damage to the buildings and thefts have been of a minor nature and it has not been considered necessary on economic grounds to appoint a full-time watchman.

The Corporation purchased premises originally known as the Record Polish Works in Devonshire Road. Following alterations and repairs the premises are now used as a garage and salvage depot.

In addition to the 19,639 tons of household refuse disposed of, 10,221 tons of refuse, soil, sand etc., were tipped making a total of 29,860 tons disposed of on the tip during 1958.

An income of £1,320 for the removal of trade refuse showed an increase of £227 over 1957. An income of £2,690 was derived from the sale of salvageable materials. Details are given in Table XXVII.

TABLE I
VITAL STATISTICS OF WHOLE DISTRICT for 1958 and Previous Five Years

Year	Population Middle of Each Year	Live births		Deaths (all causes)		Still births		Maternal Mortality		Infant Mortality			
		No. registered	Rate per 1,000 pop n	No. registered	Rate per 1,000 pop n	No. registered	Rate per 1,000 total births	No. of deaths registered	Rate per 1,000 total births	No. of deaths registered	Rate per 1,000 live births	No. of deaths registered	Rate per 1,000 live births
1958	43,600	770	*17.7	829	*19.0	25	31.4	—	—	13	32.5	13	16.9
1957	43,720	737	16.9	750	17.1	16	21.2	—	—	21	28.5	18	24.4
1956	43,420	690	15.9	740	17.0	13	18.3	—	—	7	10.0	3	4.3
1955	43,450	622	14.3	801	18.4	18	28.0	1	1.56	21	33.0	13	21.0
1954	43,580	662	15.2	718	17.2	16	23.6	1	1.51	14	21.0	9	14.0
1953	43,780	708	16.2	734	17.3	12	16.7	2	2.82	24	34.0	16	23.0
Average 5 years 1953/57		—	15.7	—	17.4	—	21.56	—	1.18	—	25.3	—	17.3
England and Wales 1958		—	16.4	—	11.7	—	21.6	—	0.43	—	22.5	—	16.2

*Adjusted : Live birth-rate (comparability factor 1.00) = 17.7 per 1,000
Death rate (comparability factor 0.78) = 14.8 per 1,000

TABLE II
BIRTH-RATE, DEATH-RATE and INFANTILE MORTALITY

Single Years and Average Rates for 5-Year Periods

Year	Popu- lation Mid- Year Estimate	Live Births		Deaths		Infant Deaths	
		No.	Rate	No.	Rate	No.	Rate
1935	42,900	553	12.8	498	11.6	23	41.6
1936	42,770	602	14.0	525	12.2	33	54.0
1937	42,560	626	14.7	573	13.4	41	65.0
1938	42,550	593	13.9	521	13.1	36	60.0
1939	42,630	586	13.7	541	12.7	22	37.5
<i>1935-39</i>	—	—	<i>13.8</i>	—	<i>12.6</i>	—	<i>52.1</i>
1940	41,440	602	14.5	711	17.1	49	77.0
1941	40,910	561	13.7	614	15.0	49	90.0
1942	40,360	659	16.3	547	13.5	43	63.7
1943	40,090	637	15.8	491	12.2	35	54.0
1944	39,430	751	19.0	519	13.1	43	57.2
<i>1940-44</i>	—	—	<i>15.9</i>	—	<i>14.2</i>	—	<i>68.0</i>
1945	39,440	628	15.9	568	14.4	42	66.0
1946	41,270	812	19.6	535	12.9	37	45.0
1947	41,740	860	20.6	541	12.9	40	46.0
1948	43,870	797	18.1	515	11.7	27	32.0
1949	43,980	723	16.4	569	12.9	27	37.0
<i>1945-49</i>	—	—	<i>18.1</i>	—	<i>13.0</i>	—	<i>45.2</i>
1950	44,370	685	15.6	571	12.9	15	22.0
1951	43,700	619	14.2	603	13.8	18	29.0
1952	44,020	694	15.8	610	14.3	22	32.0
1953	43,780	708	16.2	734	17.3	24	34.0
1954	43,580	662	15.2	718	17.2	14	21.0
<i>1950-54</i>	—	—	<i>15.4</i>	—	<i>15.1</i>	—	<i>27.6</i>
1955	43,450	622	14.3	801	18.4	21	33.0
1956	43,420	690	15.9	740	17.0	7	10.0
1957	43,720	737	16.9	750	17.1	21	28.5
1958	43,600	770	17.7	829	19.0	25	32.5

TABLE III

BOROUGH OF ECCLES

Causes of Death for the Year 1958. Classified under the Headings of the Abbreviated List of the International Statistical Classification of Diseases, Injuries and Causes of Death.

No.	Causes of Death	Males	Females	Totals
1	Tuberculosis, respiratory	6	—	6
2	Tuberculosis, other	—	—	—
3	Syphilitic disease	—	—	—
4	Diphtheria	—	—	—
5	Whooping Cough	—	—	—
6	Meningococcal infections	—	—	—
7	Acute Poliomyelitis	—	—	—
8	Measles	—	—	—
9	Other infective and parasitic diseases	—	1	1
10	Malignant neoplasm, stomach	10	12	22
11	Malignant neoplasm, lung, bronchus	24	2	26
12	Malignant neoplasm, breast... ..	—	14	14
13	Malignant neoplasm, uterus	—	10	10
14	Other malignant and lymphatic neoplasms	34	31	65
15	Leukaemia, aleukaemia	4	1	5
16	Diabetes	1	8	9
17	Vascular lesions of nervous system	63	99	162
18	Coronary disease, angina	71	37	108
19	Hypertension with heart disease	3	4	7
20	Other heart disease	40	79	119
21	Other circulatory disease	28	48	76
22	Influenza	1	1	2
23	Pneumonia	13	9	22
24	Bronchitis	36	25	61
25	Other disease of respiratory system	6	4	10
26	Ulcer of stomach and duodenum	3	4	7
27	Gastritis, enteritis and diarrhoea	1	2	3
28	Nephritis and nephrosis	3	2	5
29	Hyperplasia of prostate	2	—	2
30	Pregnancy, childbirth, abortion	—	—	—
31	Congenital malformations	2	2	4
32	Other defined and ill-defined diseases	17	38	55
33	Motor vehicle accidents	4	3	7
34	All other accidents	11	4	15
35	Suicide	6	—	6
36	Homicide and operations of war	—	—	—
	TOTALS	389	440	829

TABLE IV
AGE DISTRIBUTION OF DEATHS 1935-1958

Number of deaths in single years

Percentage distribution in five-year periods

YEAR	AGE AT DEATH (YEARS)								TOTAL
	0-	1-	2-	5-	15-	25-	45-	65+	
1935	23	2	5	8	9	56	155	240	498
1936	33	2	5	3	17	53	162	250	525
1937	41	5	8	8	20	49	164	278	573
1938	36	8	5	9	14	55	168	226	521
1939	22	4	7	6	16	64	163	259	541
1935-39	5.83	.79	1.13	1.28	2.86	10.43	30.54	47.14	100%
1940	49	4	10	17	18	65	184	364	711
1941	49	6	9	13	15	60	154	308	614
1942	43	3	6	6	11	60	168	250	547
1943	35	3	4	5	16	32	131	265	491
1944	43	3	2	3	7	53	133	275	519
1940-44	7.60	.66	1.08	1.53	2.32	9.37	26.72	50.72	100%
1945	42	2	5	6	7	39	167	300	568
1946	37	1	3	2	9	45	134	304	535
1947	40	8	5	7	11	37	143	290	541
1948	27	4	3	5	3	26	143	304	515
1949	27	1	3	4	4	28	141	361	569
1945-49	6.34	.59	.70	.88	1.25	6.41	26.69	57.14	100%
1950	15	3	4	6	6	29	158	350	571
1951	18	—	1	1	4	34	150	395	603
1952	22	4	2	2	8	33	153	386	610
1953	24	2	1	3	5	25	183	491	734
1954	14	1	—	2	2	28	140	531	718
1950-54	2.87	.31	.25	.43	.77	4.61	24.22	66.54	100%
1955	21	—	1	3	3	24	183	566	801
1956	7	1	5	2	2	29	152	542	740
1957	21	1	1	5	5	34	157	526	750
1958	25	2	—	2	3	29	161	607	829

TABLE V
NOTIFIABLE DISEASES—1958
NUMBER OF CASES OF INFECTIOUS DISEASE NOTIFIED

	Cases Notified Ages :												
	Total Cases all ages	Under 1 year	1 to 2	2 to 3	3 to 4	4 to 5	5 to 10	10 to 15	15 to 20	20 to 35	35 to 45	45 to 65	65 and over
Scarlet Fever	15	—	—	2	2	2	8	—	1	—	—	—	—
Erysipelas	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	3
Pneumonia	25	—	—	—	—	2	—	2	1	—	1	9	10
Ophthalmia Neonatorum...	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Whooping Cough	88	6	5	11	10	14	34	5	—	—	—	3	—
Measles	44	2	6	8	1	10	15	—	—	2	—	—	—
Poliomyelitis :													
Paralytic... ..	2	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	—
Non-paralytic	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Acute Encephalitis	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Tuberculosis :													
Respiratory	15	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	2	4	1	6	1
Non-respiratory...	3	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	2	—	—	—
Dysentery	213	9	13	16	15	31	78	19	2	18	5	5	2
Food Poisoning	13	—	—	1	—	—	1	5	—	2	2	2	—
Puerperal Pyrexia...	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	—	—	—
TOTALS	427	17	24	38	28	60	137	32	6	34	10	25	16

**WARD DISTRIBUTION; NUMBER OF CASES REMOVED TO HOSPITAL,
AND DEATHS IN HOSPITAL DURING THE YEAR 1958**

	Wards								Hospital		
	Barton	Eccles	Irwell	Monton	Patricroft	Trafford	Westwood Park	Winton	Total cases re- moved to hospital	Deaths in hospital	Total deaths
Scarlet Fever	1	2	1	3	—	—	4	4	1	—	—
Erysipelas	—	1	—	1	—	—	2	—	—	—	—
Pneumonia	6	—	1	—	3	1	7	7	2	—	—
Ophthalmia Neonatorum...	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Whooping Cough	9	2	4	19	9	2	14	29	2	—	—
Measles	1	6	3	16	3	3	6	6	—	—	—
Poliomyelitis :											
Paralytic... ..	—	—	1	—	1	—	—	—	2	—	—
Non-paralytic	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Encephalitis	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Tuberculosis :											
Respiratory	1	2	3	4	—	1	2	2	12	3	6
Non-respiratory...	—	—	1	—	1	—	—	1	3	—	—
Dysentery	5	15	51	16	43	37	27	19	10	—	—
Food Poisoning	2	1	3	1	—	—	5	1	—	—	—
Puerperal Pyrexia...	1	1	1	—	—	—	1	1	2	—	—
TOTALS	26	30	69	60	60	44	68	70	34	3	6

TABLE VI
NOTIFIABLE DISEASES
ANNUAL NOTIFICATIONS 1935-1958

YEAR	Smallpox	Diphtheria	Scarlet Fever	Puerperal Pyrexia	Erysipelas	Pneumonia	Whooping Cough	Measles	Poliomyelitis, paralytic	Poliomyelitis, non-paralytic	Dysentery	Typhoid and Paratyphoid	Food poisoning	Ophthalmia neonatorum	Tuberculosis, respiratory	Tuberculosis, non-respiratory	Meningococcal infection	Acute encephalitis	Malaria	TOTALS
1935	—	72	79	5	31	50	119	184	—	—	—	—	—	2	32	15	—	—	—	589
1936	—	57	49	11	19	40	373	654	—	—	—	—	—	2	41	27	—	—	—	1,273
1937	—	74	75	7	27	43	207	36	—	—	—	—	—	1	45	15	—	1	—	531
1938	—	55	123	8	20	35	151	1,027	1	—	—	—	—	1	46	25	—	—	—	1,492
1939	—	62	33	3	25	49	299	8	—	—	—	—	—	1	47	18	—	—	—	545
1940	—	148	46	2	18	37	91	703	—	—	1	—	—	3	35	14	—	—	—	1,097
1941	—	113	44	3	12	39	370	466	—	—	—	—	—	8	14	12	—	—	—	1,081
1942	—	69	111	4	16	15	84	547	1	—	2	—	—	14	54	22	—	—	—	939
1943	—	73	125	3	8	29	130	262	—	—	1	—	—	10	40	10	—	—	—	691
1944	—	27	94	2	13	29	227	283	—	—	3	—	—	3	32	14	—	—	—	827
1945	—	55	66	3	13	30	36	599	2	—	3	—	—	2	42	9	—	—	—	860
1946	—	15	42	6	17	37	55	183	1	—	1	—	—	1	35	14	—	—	—	407
1947	—	4	29	—	13	35	146	743	46	—	—	—	—	4	54	6	—	—	—	1,080
1948	—	4	75	2	23	25	167	566	1	—	—	—	—	3	36	4	—	—	—	906
1949	—	1	115	1	12	35	139	414	4	—	—	—	1	2	42	4	—	2	—	772
1950	—	8	72	1	14	36	132	413	—	2	3	—	8	4	52	7	4	—	—	756
1951	—	7	91	—	19	40	102	794	—	—	69	5	10	3	41	4	2	—	—	1,187
1952	—	—	33	1	5	33	101	448	1	—	5	—	2	2	30	11	—	—	—	672
1953	—	—	40	1	17	38	66	304	1	—	10	—	6	—	29	9	—	—	—	521
1954	—	—	41	1	11	23	230	82	1	—	304	—	43	1	34	4	1	—	—	776
1955	—	—	43	2	14	25	122	925	3	—	5	—	18	—	29	5	2	1	—	1,194
1956	—	—	56	—	6	28	116	68	5	2	67	—	15	2	20	1	—	1	—	387
1957	—	—	40	3	9	34	85	926	1	—	215	—	13	1	20	8	—	—	—	1,355
1958	—	—	15	5	4	25	88	44	2	—	213	—	13	—	15	3	—	—	—	427

TABLE VII
TUBERCULOSIS, NEW CASES AND DEATHS 1958

AGE PERIODS (YEARS)	*NEW CASES				DEATHS			
	Respiratory		Non-Respiratory		Respiratory		Non-Respiratory	
	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
0—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—
5—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
10—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15—	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
20—	1	—	—	1	—	—	—	—
25—	2	1	—	1	—	—	—	—
35—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
45—	2	—	—	—	2	—	—	—
55—	4	—	—	—	3	—	—	—
65 and upwards	1	—	—	—	1	—	—	—
TOTALS	13	2	1	2	6	—	—	—
	15		3		6		—	
	18				6			
Rates per 1,000 population	0.34		0.07		0.14		—	
	0.41				0.14			
Eng. and Wales Rates per 1,000 population	0.59		0.07		0.09		0.01	
	0.66				0.10			

*New cases include all primary notifications and any other NEW cases coming to the knowledge of the Medical Officer of Health during the year, but do not include Inward Transfers.

TABLE VIII
TUBERCULOSIS

Number of cases on Register as at 31st December, 1958

	Respiratory	Non-Respiratory	Total
Males	112	13	125
Females	81	21	102
TOTAL at 31.12.58	193	34	227
TOTAL at 31.12.57	194	33	227

TABLE IX
TUBERCULOSIS

INCIDENCE AND DEATH-RATES ANNUALLY 1939-1958

YEAR	INCIDENCE			DEATHS		
	Case Rate per 1,000			Death Rate per 1,000		
	Resp.	Non-Resp.	Total	Resp.	Non-Resp.	Total
1939... ..	1.10	.42	1.52	.63	.04	.67
1940... ..	.84	.33	1.17	.62	.12	.74
1941... ..	.34	.29	.63	.47	.10	.57
1942... ..	1.33	.54	1.87	.66	—	.66
1943... ..	.99	.24	1.23	.37	.14	.51
1944... ..	.81	.35	1.16	.50	.17	.67
1945... ..	1.06	.22	1.28	.43	.02	.45
1946... ..	.84	.34	1.18	.55	.07	.62
1947... ..	1.31	.21	1.52	.52	.19	.71
1948... ..	.86	.06	.92	.22	.07	.29
1949... ..	1.00	.13	1.13	.40	.04	.44
1950... ..	1.17	.15	1.32	.31	.04	.35
1951... ..	.93	.09	1.02	.45	.02	.47
1952... ..	.74	.24	.98	.34	.06	.40
1953... ..	.66	.20	.86	.27	—	.27
1954... ..	.78	.09	.87	.20	—	.20
1955... ..	.66	.11	.77	.11	—	.11
1956... ..	.46	.02	.48	.14	.02	.16
1957... ..	.45	.18	.63	.07	.02	.09
1958... ..	.34	.07	.41	.14	—	.14
Average for 20 years	.83	.22	1.05	.37	.06	.43
Average for first 5-year period 1939-1943	.92	.36	1.28	.55	.08	.63
Average for last 5-year period 1954-1958	.54	.09	.63	.13	.01	.14

TABLE X
HOUSING STATISTICS

		<i>No. of Houses</i>
1. Inspection of Dwelling-Houses during the year 1958		
(1) (a) Total number of dwelling-houses inspected for housing defects (under Public Health or Housing Acts)		2,528
(b) Number of inspections, made for the purpose		4,205
(2) Dwelling-houses unfit for human habitation and not capable at reasonable expense of being rendered fit :		
(a) Number found during year		13
(b) Number (or estimated number) remaining at end of year		681
(3) Number of dwelling-houses found during the year to be unfit for human habitation but capable of being rendered fit		877
2. Clearance Areas (Housing Act, 1957) :—		
(1) Number of dwelling-houses demolished during year :		
(a) Unfit houses		89
(b) Other houses		10
(2) Number of persons displaced		443
3. Houses not included in Clearance Areas :—		
(1) Houses demolished or closed during year :		
(a) Housing Act, 1957—		
(i) Demolished as a result of formal or informal procedure (Section 17) ...	17	54
(ii) Closed in pursuance of an undertaking given by owners under Section 17 and still in force	1	4
(iii) Parts of building closed (Section 16 and 35)	None	None
(2) Repairs during the year :—		<i>No. of Houses</i>
(a) Unfit houses made fit and houses in which defects were remedied during the period after informal action by the local authority		439
(b) Public Health Acts—action after service of formal notice— Houses in which defects were remedied—		
(i) By owners		165
(ii) By local authority in default of owners		4
(c) Housing Act, 1957—action after service of formal notice— Houses made fit—		
(i) By owners		—
(ii) By local authority in default of owners		—
(d) Housing Act, 1957 : Houses reconstructed, enlarged or improved and Demolition Orders revoked (Section 5) ...		—
4. Certificates of Disrepair		
(a) Rent Act, 1957—		
Number of applications for certificates		71
Number of decisions not to issue certificates		64
Number of certificates issued		33
Number of applications for revocation of certificates		27
Number granted		19
Number refused		8
(b) Certificate as to remedying of defects specified in a Landlord's undertaking to remedy defects— Number of certificates issued under para. 8(2) of 1st schedule... ..		18
5. Overcrowding		
19 cases of overcrowding were relieved during the year, involving 73 persons. Of these, 10 were Corporation houses, and 9 private houses. These figures have been supplied by the Housing Manager (Mr. Bush).		

TABLE XI

HOUSING PROGRESS (Years 1946 to 1958 inclusive)

Year	Built by local Authority		Built by Private Enterprise		Houses Demolished or Closed
	Houses	Flats	Houses	Flats	
1946	34	—	8	—	4
1947	97	—	9	—	23
1948	83	—	10	—	3
1949	161	—	1	—	2
1950	130	—	—	2	5
1951	101	—	18	—	3
1952	34	24	17	—	1
1953	155	—	27	—	18
1954	51	6	8	—	3
1955	180	88	29	—	7
1956	194	60	77	—	58
1957	154	25	93	1	104
1958	66	76	18	—	117
Total	1,440	279	315	3	348

TABLE XII

HOUSING ACT 1957—Statements of action from 9th June, 1954

(a) Houses in Clearance Areas

(1) Description of Clearance Area	(2) Date of (a) Clearance Order or Compulsory Purchase Order and (b) confirmation by Minister	(3) Address or situation of house	(4) No. of persons displaced	(5) No. of families displaced	(6) Date of displacement	(7) Date of demolition	(8) Information as to re-housing
Gower St./Henry St. Clearance Area	(a) 27.6.1955 (C.O.) (b) 23.9.1955	1-13, George Street 1-21, Henry Street 1-15, Legh Street 1-19, Gower Street 2-20, Gower Street Total 46 houses	19 35 25 34 40 153	8 11 10 11 10 50	—	All by May, 1956	—
Trafford Road No. 1 Clearance Area	(a) 7.1.1957 (C.P.O.) (b) 5.6.1957	350-358, Trafford Road 1 & 2, Mount Pleasant Total 7 houses	11 6 17	5 2 7	—	All by Nov., 1957	—
Part Barlow St./Cawdor St. Clearance Area	(a) 7.1.1957 (C.P.O.) (b) 5.6.1957	2-66, Barlow Street 1/3-63, Barlow Street 320-324, Trafford Road 328-330, Trafford Road 1-11, Cawdor Street 15-21, Cawdor Street 4-12, Adelaide Street 1-11, Adelaide Street 2-14, Wade Street 1-13, Wade Street 6-20, Eliza Street Total 112 houses	96 95 7 5 26 9 16 20 20 16 28 338	30 33 3 2 6 3 5 6 7 6 8 109	—	All by June, 1959	—

N.B. Full details of these areas were given in the Annual Report for 1957—pages 34 to 38 and page 41 refer.

TABLE XII (continued)

(a) Houses in Clearance Areas

(1) Description of Clearance Area	(2) Date of (a) Clearance Order or Compulsory Purchase Order and (b) confirmation by Minister	(3) Address or situation of house	(4) No. of persons displaced	(5) No. of families displaced	(6) Date of displacement	(7) Date of demolition	(8) Information as to re-housing
Barlow St./Cawdor St. Clearance Area	(a) 7.1.1957 (C.P.O.) (b) 5.6.1957	65, Barlow Street	3	1	Sept., 1958	—	Re-housed
		13, Cawdor Street	1	1	July, 1959	May, 1958	Re-housed
		29, Cawdor Street	2	1	April, 1959	—	—
		31, Cawdor Street	4	1	Nov., 1958	—	Re-housed
		33, Cawdor Street	3	1	Oct., 1958	—	Re-housed
		35, Cawdor Street	3	1	Oct., 1958	—	Re-housed
		37, Cawdor Street	—	—	—	—	—
		39, Cawdor Street	4	1	Nov., 1958	—	Re-housed
		41, Cawdor Street	4	1	Sept., 1958	—	Re-housed
		43, Cawdor Street	2	1	Oct., 1958	—	Re-housed
		45, Cawdor Street	2	1	Jan., 1959	—	Re-housed
		47, Cawdor Street	3	1	—	—	—
		1/3, Eliza Street	4	1	—	June, 1959	—
		5, Eliza Street	4	1	Aug., 1958	June, 1959	Re-housed
		7, Eliza Street	1	1	Sept., 1958	June, 1959	Re-housed
		9, Eliza Street	4	1	Sept., 1958	June, 1959	Re-housed
		11, Eliza Street	2	1	Jan., 1959	June, 1959	Re-housed
		13, Eliza Street	1	1	July, 1958	June, 1959	Re-housed
		15, Eliza Street	4	1	Aug., 1958	June, 1959	Re-housed
		17, Eliza Street	1	1	Sept., 1958	June, 1959	Re-housed
		19, Eliza Street	3	1	Sept., 1958	June, 1959	Re-housed
		21, Eliza Street	3	1	Sept., 1958	June, 1959	Re-housed
		23, Eliza Street	2	1	July, 1958	June, 1959	Re-housed
		25, Eliza Street	2	1	Dec., 1958	June, 1959	Re-housed
		27, Eliza Street	1	1	Oct., 1958	—	Re-housed
		20, Cawdor Street	2	1	—	May, 1959	—
		22, Cawdor Street	5	2	Sept., 1958	May, 1959	Re-housed
		24, Cawdor Street	1	1	Nov., 1958	May, 1959	Re-housed
		26, Cawdor Street	3	1	—	May, 1959	—
		28, Cawdor Street	4	1	Oct., 1958	March, 1959	Re-housed
		30, Cawdor Street	2	1	Dec., 1958	March, 1959	Re-housed
		32, Cawdor Street	1	1	Sept., 1958	March, 1959	Re-housed
		34, Cawdor Street	3	1	Nov., 1958	March, 1959	Re-housed
		36, Cawdor Street	6	1	Jan., 1959	March, 1959	Re-housed

TABLE XII (continued)

(a) Houses in Clearance Areas

(1) Description of Clearance Area	(2) Date of (a) Clearance Order or Compulsory Purchase Order and (b) confirmation by Minister	(3) Address or situation of house	(4) No. of persons displaced	(5) No. of families displaced	(6) Date of displacement	(7) Date of demolition	(8) Information as to re-housing
Barlow St./Cawdor St. Clearance Area	(a) 7.1.1957 (C.P.O.) (b) 5.6.1957	38, Cawdor Street	1	1	Dec., 1958	March, 1959	Re-housed
		40, Cawdor Street	2	1	Oct., 1958	March, 1959	Re-housed
		42, Cawdor Street	2	1	Dec., 1958	March, 1959	Re-housed
		2, Barton Grove	2	1	July, 1958	March, 1959	Re-housed
		4, Barton Grove	3	1	Nov., 1958	March, 1959	Re-housed
		6, Barton Grove	2	1	June, 1958	March, 1959	Re-housed
		8, Barton Grove	3	1	Aug., 1958	March, 1959	Re-housed
		10, Barton Grove	6	1	July, 1958	March, 1959	Re-housed
		12, Barton Grove	3	1	July, 1958	March, 1959	Re-housed
		14, Barton Grove	4	1	Sept., 1958	March, 1959	Re-housed
		16, Barton Grove	4	1	July, 1958	March, 1959	Re-housed
		18, Barton Grove	1	1	Oct., 1958	March, 1959	Re-housed
		20, Barton Grove	7	1	Aug., 1958	March, 1959	Re-housed
		22, Barton Grove	2	1	Sept., 1958	March, 1959	Re-housed
		24, Barton Grove	5	1	Aug., 1958	March, 1959	Re-housed
		26, Barton Grove	4	1	Aug., 1958	March, 1959	Re-housed
		28, Barton Grove	5	2	Aug., 1958	March, 1959	Re-housed
		30, Barton Grove	3	1	Sept., 1958	March, 1959	Re-housed
		32, Barton Grove	—	—	—	March, 1959	—
		1, Barton Grove	2	1	Sept., 1958	Dec., 1958	Re-housed
		3, Barton Grove	3	1	May, 1958	Dec., 1958	Re-housed
		5, Barton Grove	11	1	July, 1958	Dec., 1958	Re-housed
		7, Barton Grove	4	1	July, 1958	Nov., 1958	Re-housed
		9, Barton Grove	3	1	Sept., 1958	Nov., 1958	Re-housed
		11, Barton Grove	1	1	Nov., 1958	Nov., 1958	Re-housed
		13, Barton Grove	3	1	Sept., 1958	Nov., 1958	Re-housed
		15, Barton Grove	1	1	Oct., 1958	Jan., 1959	Re-housed
		13, Myrtle Grove	4	1	Aug., 1958	Sept., 1958	Re-housed
		15, Myrtle Grove	3	1	July, 1958	Sept., 1958	Re-housed
		17, Myrtle Grove	3	1	June, 1958	Sept., 1958	Re-housed
		19, Myrtle Grove	4	1	July, 1958	Sept., 1958	Re-housed
		29, Myrtle Grove	3	1	Nov., 1958	March, 1959	Re-housed
		31, Myrtle Grove	3	1	Sept., 1958	March, 1959	Re-housed
		33, Myrtle Grove	3	1	Sept., 1958	March, 1959	Re-housed

TABLE XII (continued)

(a) Houses in Clearance Areas

(1) Description of Clearance Area	(2) Date of (a) Clearance Order or Compulsory Purchase Order and (b) confirmation by Minister	(3) Address or situation of house	(4) No. of persons displaced	(5) No. of families displaced	(6) Date of displacement	(7) Date of demolition	(8) Information as to re-housing
Barlow St./Cawdor St. Clearance Area	(a) 7.1.1957 (C.P.O.) (b) 5.6.1957	35, Myrtle Grove	4	1	Oct., 1957	Mar., 1959	Re-housed
		2, Enfield Street	1	1	Sept., 1958	Dec., 1958	Re-housed
		4, Enfield Street	4	1	Oct., 1958	Dec., 1958	Re-housed
		6, Enfield Street	3	1	July, 1958	Nov., 1958	Re-housed
		8, Enfield Street	—	—	—	Nov., 1958	—
		10, Enfield Street	2	1	Sept., 1958	Oct., 1958	Re-housed
		12, Enfield Street	4	1	May, 1958	Oct., 1958	Re-housed
		14, Enfield Street	2	1	Oct., 1958	Oct., 1958	Re-housed
		16, Enfield Street	4	1	Sept., 1958	Oct., 1958	Re-housed
		18, Enfield Street	5	1	Sept., 1958	Oct., 1958	Re-housed
		20, Enfield Street	2	1	July, 1958	Oct., 1958	Re-housed
		22, Enfield Street	4	1	May, 1958	Oct., 1958	Re-housed
		24, Enfield Street	3	1	July, 1958	Oct., 1958	Re-housed
		26, Enfield Street	2	1	Sept., 1958	Oct., 1958	Re-housed
		28, Enfield Street	1	1	Oct., 1958	Oct., 1958	Re-housed
		30, Enfield Street	1	1	Sept., 1958	Oct., 1958	Re-housed
Egerton Street Clearance Area	(a) 4.11.1958 (C.P.O.) (b) 8.5.1959	32, Enfield Street	5	1	Sept., 1958	Sept., 1958	Re-housed
		1, Bridgewater Street	—	—	—	—	—
		3, Bridgewater Street	4	1	Feb., 1959	—	Re-housed
		5, Bridgewater Street	—	—	—	—	—
		7, Bridgewater Street	4	1	Mar., 1959	—	Re-housed
		9, Bridgewater Street	—	—	—	—	—
		11, Bridgewater Street	2	1	July, 1959	—	Re-housed
		13, Bridgewater Street	3	1	July, 1959	—	Re-housed
		15, Bridgewater Street	—	—	—	—	—
		17, Bridgewater Street	—	—	—	—	—
		19, Bridgewater Street	3	1	Mar., 1959	—	Re-housed
		21, Bridgewater Street	—	—	—	—	—
		23, Bridgewater Street	—	—	—	—	—
		25, Bridgewater Street	2	1	Aug., 1959	—	Re-housed
		27, Bridgewater Street	2	1	May, 1959	—	Re-housed
		29, Bridgewater Street	2	1	Dec., 1958	—	Re-housed
		31, Bridgewater Street	2	1	Aug., 1959	—	Re-housed

TABLE XII (continued)

(a) Houses in Clearance Areas

(1) Description of Clearance Area	(2) Date of (a) Clearance Order or Compulsory Purchase Order and (b) confirmation by Minister	(3) Address or situation of house	(4) No. of persons displaced	(5) No. of families displaced	(6) Date of displacement	(7) Date of demolition	(8) Information as to re-housing
Egerton Street Clearance Area	(a) 4.11.1958 (C.P.O.) (b) 8.5.1959	33, Bridgewater Street	—	—	—	—	—
		2, Cross Road	2	1	July, 1959	—	Re-housed
		4, Cross Road	4	1	July, 1959	—	Re-housed
		6, Cross Road	—	—	—	—	—
		8, Cross Road	2	1	July, 1959	—	Re-housed
		10, Cross Road	2	1	July, 1959	—	Re-housed
		1, Cross Road	2	1	June, 1958	—	Re-housed
		2, Egerton Street	1	1	July, 1959	—	Re-housed
		4, Egerton Street	3	1	May, 1959	—	Re-housed
		6, Egerton Street	—	—	—	—	—
		8, Egerton Street	4	1	Dec., 1958	—	Re-housed
		10, Egerton Street	1	1	July, 1959	—	Re-housed
		12, Egerton Street	3	1	June, 1959	—	Re-housed
		14, Egerton Street	2	1	June, 1959	—	Re-housed
		16, Egerton Street	1	1	July, 1959	—	Re-housed
		18, Egerton Street	—	—	—	—	—
		20, Egerton Street	2	1	July, 1959	—	Re-housed
		22, Egerton Street	3	1	June, 1959	—	Re-housed
		24, Egerton Street	4	1	July, 1959	—	Re-housed
		26, Egerton Street	—	—	—	—	—
		28, Egerton Street	2	1	June, 1959	—	Re-housed
		30, Egerton Street	3	1	April, 1959	—	Re-housed
		32, Egerton Street	—	—	—	—	—
		34, Egerton Street	3	1	Nov., 1958	—	Re-housed
		1, Egerton Street	4	1	June, 1959	—	—
		3, Egerton Street	—	—	—	—	—
		5, Egerton Street	4	1	July, 1959	—	Re-housed
		7, Egerton Street	3	1	June, 1959	—	Re-housed
		9, Egerton Street	5	1	June, 1959	—	Re-housed
		11, Egerton Street	—	—	—	—	—
		13, Egerton Street	5	1	June, 1959	—	Re-housed
		15, Egerton Street	—	—	—	—	—
		17, Egerton Street	3	1	June, 1959	—	Re-housed
		19, Egerton Street	—	—	—	—	—
		21, Egerton Street	4	1	June, 1959	—	Re-housed

TABLE XII (continued)

(a) Houses in Clearance Areas

(1) Description of Clearance Area	(2) Date of (a) Clearance Order or Compulsory Purchase Order and (b) confirmation by Minister	(3) Address or situation of house	(4) No. of persons displaced	(5) No. of families displaced	(6) Date of displacement	(7) Date of demolition	(8) Information as to re-housing
Egerton Street Clearance Area	(a) 4.11.1958 (C.P.O.) (b) 8.5.1959	23, Egerton Street	—	—	—	—	—
		25, Egerton Street	1	1	July, 1959	—	Re-housed
		27, Egerton Street	—	—	—	—	—
		29, Egerton Street	2	1	July, 1959	—	Re-housed
		31, Egerton Street	—	—	—	—	—
		33, Egerton Street	4	1	July, 1959	—	Re-housed
Worsley Road No. 2 Clearance Area	(a) 2.12.1958 (C.O.) (b) 24.3.1959	35, Egerton Street	4	1	July, 1959	—	Re-housed
		8, South King Street	—	—	—	—	—
		4, South King Street	3	1	Nov., 1958	—	Re-housed
		9, Worsley Road	3	1	Feb., 1959	—	Re-housed
		9a, Worsley Road	3	1	Feb., 1959	—	Re-housed
		10, Worsley Road	2	1	April, 1959	—	Re-housed
		11, Worsley Road	3	1	Feb., 1959	—	Re-housed
		12, Worsley Road	3	1	Dec., 1958	—	Re-housed
		13, Worsley Road	3	1	Feb., 1959	—	Re-housed
		14, Worsley Road	3	1	Jan., 1959	—	Re-housed
		15, Worsley Road	2	1	Feb., 1959	—	Re-housed
		16, Worsley Road	1	1	July, 1959	—	Re-housed
		17, Worsley Road	2	1	Aug., 1959	—	Re-housed
		18, Worsley Road	5	2	May, 1959	—	Re-housed
		19, Worsley Road	1	1	June, 1959	—	Re-housed
		20, Worsley Road	—	—	—	—	—
Mee's Square Clearance Area	(a) 3.3.1959 (C.O.) (b) 22.6.1959	21, Worsley Road	4	1	May, 1959	—	Re-housed
		6, Mee's Square	4	1	Aug., 1959	—	Re-housed
		7, Mee's Square	—	—	—	—	—
		8, Mee's Square	—	—	—	—	—
		9, Mee's Square	—	—	—	—	—
		10, Mee's Square	—	—	—	—	—
		11, Mee's Square	—	—	—	—	—
		12, Mee's Square	—	—	—	—	—
		13, Mee's Square	—	—	—	—	—
		14, Mee's Square	—	—	—	—	—

TABLE XII (continued)

(b) Individual Unfit Houses

Since 1954 Seventy-four (74) houses (including four Corporation owned houses) have been demolished.
Full details appeared in the Annual Report for 1957—pages 42, 43 and 44 refer.

(1) Address or situation of house	(2) Undertaking accepted	Orders Made		(5) No. of persons displaced	(6) No. of families displaced	(7) Date of displacement	(8) Date of demolition	(9) Date of closure	(10) Information as to re-housing
		(3) Demolition	(4) Closing						
2, Preston Avenue ...	Nov., 1955	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Made fit
11, Park Avenue ...	—	Feb., 1957	—	5	1	Apl., 1957	—	—	Made fit
103, Worsley Road ...	Sept., 1955	—	—	4	1	Jan., 1956	—	Jan., 1956	Re-housed
185, Liverpool Road ...	Dec., 1955	—	—	4	1	Jan., 1956	—	Jan., 1956	Re-housed
24, James Terrace ...	June, 1956	—	—	3	1	July, 1956	—	July, 1956	Re-housed
10, Back Chapel Street ...	—	—	—	5	1	Dec., 1956	—	Dec., 1956	Re-housed
481, Liverpool Road ...	July, 1957	Oct., 1958	—	2	1	Dec., 1957	—	Dec., 1957	Re-housed
17, Bradburn Street ...	—	Oct., 1956	—	1	1	Dec., 1957	—	—	Re-housed
19, Bradburn Street ...	—	Oct., 1956	—	2	1	May, 1957	—	—	Re-housed
21, Bradburn Street ...	—	Oct., 1956	—	2	1	Dec., 1956	—	—	Re-housed
17, Aldred Street ...	—	*Oct., 1957	—	7	1	Feb., 1959	—	—	Re-housed
19, Aldred Street ...	—	*Oct., 1957	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
21, Aldred Street ...	—	*Oct., 1957	—	4	1	Jan., 1958	—	—	Re-housed
536, Barton Lane ...	—	*Oct., 1957	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
42, King Street ...	—	*Mar., 1958	—	2	1	May, 1958	Jan., 1959	—	Re-housed
44, King Street ...	—	*Mar., 1958	—	4	1	May, 1958	Jan., 1959	—	Re-housed
46, King Street ...	—	*Mar., 1958	—	—	—	—	Jan., 1959	—	—
48, King Street ...	—	*Mar., 1958	—	1	1	Nov., 1958	Jan., 1959	—	Re-housed
50, King Street ...	—	*Mar., 1958	—	5	1	Oct., 1958	Jan., 1959	—	Re-housed
52, King Street ...	—	*Mar., 1958	—	2	1	Aug., 1958	Jan., 1959	—	Re-housed
54, King Street ...	—	*Mar., 1958	—	4	1	Sept., 1958	Jan., 1959	—	Re-housed
56, King Street ...	—	*Mar., 1958	—	3	1	June, 1958	Jan., 1959	—	Re-housed
22, Barlow Lane ...	—	—	—	—	—	—	Apl., 1958	—	—
266, Worsley Road ...	—	—	—	—	—	—	Sept., 1958	—	—
268, Worsley Road ...	—	—	—	3	1	May, 1958	Sept., 1958	—	Re-housed
14, Alder Forest ...	—	Sept., 1958	—	2	1	Sept., 1958	Oct., 1958	—	Re-housed
15, Alder Forest ...	—	Sept., 1958	—	3	1	Sept., 1958	Oct., 1958	—	Re-housed
264, Worsley Road ...	Sept., 1958	—	—	4	1	Oct., 1958	—	July, 1958	Re-housed
1, New Lane ...	—	Sept., 1958	—	1	1	Apl., 1959	—	—	Re-housed
3, New Lane ...	—	Sept., 1958	—	2	1	Apl., 1959	—	—	Re-housed
6, Back Chapel Street ...	—	Oct., 1958	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
8, Back Chapel Street ...	—	Oct., 1958	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

*Certified by M.O.H. as unfit for habitation (Houses owned by Corporation)

TABLE XII (continued)

(b) Individual Unfit Houses

(1) Address or situation of house	(2) Undertaking accepted	Orders Made		(5) No. of persons displaced	(6) No. of families displaced	(7) Date of displacement	(8) Date of demolition	(9) Date of closure	(10) Information as to re-housing
		(3) Demolition	(4) Closing						
12, Back Chapel Street	—	Oct., 1958	—	4	1	Nov., 1958	—	—	Re-housed
1, Renshaw's Buildings	—	Nov., 1958	—	6	1	March, 1959	—	—	Re-housed
2, Renshaw's Buildings	—	Nov., 1958	—	4	1	Dec., 1958	—	—	Re-housed
3, Renshaw's Buildings	—	Nov., 1958	—	3	1	March, 1959	—	—	Re-housed
4, Renshaw's Buildings	—	Nov., 1958	—	5	1	Jan., 1959	—	—	Re-housed
219, Church Street	—	Nov., 1958	—	2	1	Nov., 1958	—	—	Re-housed
7, Golden Street	—	Oct., 1958	—	2	1	Dec., 1958	—	—	Re-housed
8, Golden Street	—	Oct., 1958	—	1	1	March, 1959	—	—	Re-housed
9, Golden Street	—	Oct., 1958	—	2	1	Jan., 1959	—	—	Re-housed
10, Golden Street	—	Oct., 1958	—	2	1	Jan., 1959	—	—	Re-housed
1, Renshaw Place	—	Dec., 1958	—	2	1	Dec., 1958	—	—	Re-housed
2, Renshaw Place	—	Nov., 1958	—	5	1	Dec., 1958	—	—	Re-housed
3, Renshaw Place	—	Nov., 1958	—	2	1	Jan., 1959	—	—	Re-housed
25, Church Road	To be made fit	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
27, Church Road		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
29, Church Road		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
28, King William Street	—	Jan., 1959	—	1	1	Jan., 1959	May, 1959	—	Re-housed
30, King William Street	—	Jan., 1959	—	2	1	Jan., 1959	May, 1959	—	Re-housed
32, King William Street	—	Jan., 1959	—	2	1	Jan., 1959	May, 1959	—	Re-housed
34, King William Street	—	Jan., 1959	—	2	1	March, 1959	May, 1959	—	Re-housed
36, King William Street	—	Jan., 1959	—	1	1	Feb., 1959	May, 1959	—	Re-housed
38, King William Street	—	Jan., 1959	—	2	1	Jan., 1959	May, 1959	—	Re-housed
40, King William Street	—	Dec., 1958	—	2	1	May, 1959	May, 1959	—	Re-housed
2, Railway View	—	Dec., 1958	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
3, Railway View	—	Dec., 1958	—	2	1	May, 1959	—	—	Re-housed
12, Cleavley Road	—	Dec., 1958	—	2	1	Apr., 1959	—	—	Re-housed
37, King William Street	—	Dec., 1958	—	4	1	Feb., 1959	—	—	Re-housed
39, King William Street	—	Dec., 1958	—	3	1	Mar., 1959	—	—	Re-housed
41, King William Street	—	Dec., 1958	—	3	1	May, 1959	—	—	Re-housed
43, King William Street	—	Dec., 1958	—	4	1	Jan., 1959	—	—	Re-housed
514, Liverpool Road	—	Dec., 1958	—	4	1	Mar., 1959	—	—	Re-housed
516, Liverpool Road	—	Dec., 1958	—	1	1	May, 1959	—	—	Re-housed
518, Liverpool Road	—	Dec., 1958	—	—	—	—	—	—	Re-housed
520, Liverpool Road	—	Dec., 1958	—	2	1	Dec., 1958	—	—	Re-housed

TABLE XII (continued)

(b) Individual Unfit Houses

(1) Address or situation of house	(2) Undertaking accepted	Orders Made		(5) No. of persons displaced	(6) No. of families displaced	(7) Date of displacement	(8) Date of demolition	(9) Date of closure	(10) Information as to re-housing
		(3) Demolition	(4) Closing						
121, Worsley Road ...	—	Dec., 1958	—	5	2	July, 1959	—	—	Re-housed
123, Worsley Road ...	—	Dec., 1958	—	2	1	Aug., 1959	—	—	Re-housed
125/127, Worsley Road ...	—	Jan., 1959	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
3, Peel Green Road...	—	—	Jan., 1959	4	1	April, 1959	—	—	Re-housed
5, Peel Green Road...	—	—	Jan., 1959	6	1	May, 1959	—	Apl., 1959 May, 1959	Re-housed
79, Barton Road ...	—	Jan., 1959	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
2, Bridge View ...	—	Jan., 1959	—	3	1	May, 1959	—	—	Re-housed
3, Bridge View ...	—	Jan., 1959	—	4	1	May, 1959	—	—	Re-housed
384, Liverpool Road ...	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
83, Milton Street ...	—	March, 1959	—	3	1	April, 1959	Dec., 1958 June, 1959	—	Re-housed
1, Railway View ...	—	March, 1959	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
5, Leigh's Fold ...	—	April, 1959	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
7, Leigh's Fold ...	—	April, 1959	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
9, Leigh's Fold ...	—	April, 1959	—	3	1	May, 1959	—	—	Re-housed
11, Leigh's Fold ...	—	April, 1959	—	2	1	May, 1959	—	—	Re-housed
8, New Street ...	May, 1959	—	—	3	1	May, 1959	—	May, 1959	Re-housed
86, Barton Road ...	June, 1959	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
22, King William Street ...	July, 1959	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
24, King William Street ...	July, 1959	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

TABLE XIII
INSPECTIONS OF PREMISES

Type of premises or reason for inspection	No. of visits	No. of re-visits
Factories and Workplaces :		
Factories—power	63	58
Factories—non-power	12	—
Outworker's premises	11	—
Offices and workplaces	14	2
Shops Act	80	16
Total	180	76
Atmospheric Pollution :		
Smoke Observations	181	—
Smoke Control—Inspection of Plant... ..	44	—
Smoke Control—Prior Approval	1	—
Nuisance from smoke, grit and effluvia	80	21
Smoke Control Area—Premises	90	2
Total ...	396	23
Housing and Sanitation :		
Applicants for Corporation houses ...	315	12
Certificates of Disrepair	170	262
Dangerous Structures	24	10
Defects and disrepair	713	2,585
Drainage and sanitary fittings	179	163
Filthy and verminous premises	97	99
Houses—let-in-lodgings	14	12
Improvement grants	55	12
Interviews with owners and contractors	404	—
Inspections of work in progress	28	43
Overcrowding	6	1
Tents, Vans and Sheds	4	4
Unfit houses—survey	480	518
—inspection	443	484
Land charge searches	615	—
Total	3,547	4,205
Food Premises :		
Bakehouses	19	6
Butchers and cooked meat shops ...	44	8
Dairies and milk shops... ..	21	15
Factory Canteens	59	—
School Canteens	10	—
Fish, fruit and vegetable shops	24	15
Food inspection... ..	149	16
Food—Investigation of complaint	45	—
Food and drug sampling	131	3
Food Hawkers	28	3
Grocers and confectioners shops	81	11
Market stalls	1,760	—
Merchandise Marks Act	60	—
Delivery (food) Vans	13	—
Off-Licensed premises	23	8
Public Houses	58	8
Restaurants, cafe's and snackbars ...	13	3
Slaughterhouses... ..	3	—
Transport of meat	32	4
Water sampling... ..	18	—
Other premises	10	3
Total	2,601	103

TABLE XIII (continued)

Type of premises or reason for inspection	No. of visits	No. of re-visits
Infectious Disease—inquiries	623	179
Keeping of Animals		
Diseases of Animals Act	38	—
Pet Shops	10	—
Piggeries	22	—
Other Animals	22	7
Total	92	7
Refuse Collection and Disposal :		
Ashbins	104	—
Accumulations of refuse	127	42
Controlled Tip	110	—
Devonshire Road Depot	37	—
Totals	378	42
Various		
Cinemas	6	—
Fairgrounds	11	—
Marine Store Dealers	12	1
Persons in need of care and attention	21	6
Public Conveniences	220	—
Rodent Control	140	127
Schools	47	9
Rag Flock etc. Act	6	1
Offensive Trades	6	1
Miscellaneous	571	—
Agriculture (S.H. & W.) Act	12	—
Totals	1,052	145

TABLE XIV

SUMMARY OF NUISANCES ABATED AND DEFECTS OR CONTRAVENTIONS REMEDIED DURING 1958

Accumulations removed	1,372
Chimney stacks repaired	11
Dangerous structures	10
Dampness remedied	141
Doors and gates repaired etc.	22
Drains, cleansed, repaired, renewed etc.	66
Eavesgutters and rainwater pipes repaired or renewed	208
Filthy and verminous premises cleansed... ..	9
Fireplaces repaired etc.	16
Floors repaired and renewed	45
Roofs repaired	246
Steps repaired	7
Sinks and waste pipes repaired or renewed	36
Statutory information not inscribed in rent books	4
Unclassified defects etc., remedied	50
Walls and ceilings repaired	146
Walls pointed etc.	19
Waste of water (including burst pipes) abated	25
Water closets Repaired or renewed— Additional provided— }	75
Windows repaired or renewed	99
Yard walls repaired or re-built	2
Yard surfaces and paths relaid	10
Total	2,619

TABLE XV

ATMOSPHERIC POLLUTION

(a) Estimated Amounts of Sulphur Dioxide

(ESTIMATION OF SO₂ EXPRESSED AS mgms SO₂ per day/100 sq. cms. PbO₂)

STATION NO :—	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
LOCATION :—	SEWAGE WORKS PEEL GREEN ROAD	TOWN'S YARD WESTWOOD PARK	* TOWN HALL	*5 SOMERSET ROAD ELLESMERE PARK
1958				
JAN. ...	3.58	3.45	—	—
FEB. ...	3.78	2.58	3.57	3.04
MAR. ...	5.30	3.05	3.51	3.29
APR. ...	2.89	1.88	2.50	2.37
MAY ...	2.05	1.83	2.21	2.30
JUNE ...	2.05	1.49	1.95	1.85
JULY ...	1.40	0.98	1.62	1.45
AUG. ...	1.35	1.22	1.70	1.65
SEPT. ...	2.84	1.61	2.43	2.27
OCT. ...	1.75	1.92	2.36	2.49
NOV. ...	4.70	2.87	3.62	3.83
DEC. ...	4.79	4.10	4.03	4.41

* Use of instruments at these sites commenced February, 1958.

(b) Mean Monthly Results

SUMMER, 1956	1.92	2.36	—	—
SUMMER, 1957	2.29	1.32	—	—
SUMMER, 1958	2.10	1.50	2.07	1.96
WINTER, 1955/56	4.22	3.33	—	—
WINTER, 1956/57	3.50	2.81	—	—
WINTER, 1957/58	3.92	2.98	—	—
YEAR 1955/56	3.32	2.36	—	—
YEAR 1956/57	2.93	2.14	—	—
YEAR 1957/58	3.01	2.24	2.44	2.28

(c) Record of Observations of Deposited Matter for the Year

(Figures given show rate of deposition in tons per square mile per month).

STATION NO :—	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
1958				
JAN., ...	22.53	23.95	—	—
FEB., ...	20.78	18.30	—	—
MAR., ...	18.99	16.18	—	—
APR., ...	12.69	12.65	—	—
MAY, ...	22.23	22.75	—	—
JUNE, ...	18.78	16.58	—	—
JULY, ...	17.51	13.87	—	—
AUG., ...	14.81	14.37	—	—
SEPT., ...	17.74	16.38	—	—
OCT., ...	13.07	15.30	—	—
NOV., ...	19.91	19.12	—	—
DEC., ...	19.10	20.68	—	—
TOTALS FOR YEAR	218.14	210.13	—	—

(d) Mean Monthly Results

SUMMER, 1956	23.14	18.82	—	—
SUMMER, 1957	22.43	15.11	—	—
SUMMER, 1958	16.96	16.38	—	—
WINTER, 1955/56	21.77	17.98	—	—
WINTER, 1956/57	18.34	17.13	—	—
WINTER, 1957/58	18.67	18.67	—	—
YEAR 1955/56	20.96	16.39	—	—
YEAR 1956/57	20.74	17.97	—	—
YEAR 1957/58	17.81	17.52	—	—

TABLE XVI
REGISTRATION OF PREMISES FOR THE MANUFACTURE
AND SALE OF ICE CREAM AND PRESERVED FOODS
(Food and Drugs Act, 1955, Section 16)

Type of Premises	Number Registered	Number of Inspections
Manufacture of Ice-Cream	—	—
Sale of Ice-Cream	126	33
Manufacture of sausages	13	} 87
Manufacture of sausage and preserved meat	13	
Manufacture of preserved meat	9	
Preparation of preserved fish	31	
Totals	192	120

TABLE XVII
FOOD AND DRUGS SAMPLES

Nature of Sample	No. Taken	Satisfactory	Unsatisfactory
Milk	97	97	—
Baking Powder	1	1	—
Brawn Pork	1	1	—
Bread	1	—	1
Bun Mixture	1	1	—
Butter	1	1	—
Cakes, Balm, Buttered... ..	1	—	1
Cakes, Eccles	1	1	—
Cheese	2	2	—
Cheese Spread Buttered	1	1	—
Condiment (Non-Brewed)	1	1	—
Cream Double	1	1	—
Egg Frozen	1	1	—
Fat, Cooking	1	1	—
Fish Cakes	1	—	1
Flour	2	2	—
Gin	1	1	—
Honey	1	1	—
Ice-Cream	9	9	—
Jam, Raspberry	1	1	—
Jelly, Table	2	2	—
Lemon Cheese	2	2	—
Margarine	1	1	—
Marzipan	2	2	—
Meat Paste	2	2	—
Orange Squash	2	2	—
Sausage, Pork	1	1	—
Sweets Boiled	1	1	—
Tea	2	2	—
Toffee, Butter	2	1	1
Vinegar, Malt	1	1	—
Aspirin Tablets	1	1	—
Bicarbonate of Soda BP	1	1	—
Boracic Powder... ..	1	1	—
Epsom Salts	1	1	—
Glycerin Lemon & Tinct. Ipecac... ..	1	—	1
Phospherine Tablets	1	1	—
Seidlitz Powders	1	1	—
Tincture of Iodine BP	1	1	—
Zinc and Castor Oil BP.	1	1	—
Total ...	153	148	5

TABLE XVIII
BATH WATER SAMPLES FROM PUBLIC BATHS (Chemical Analysis)

Bath	No. Taken	Satisfactory	Unsatisfactory
Large Plunge	14	13	1
Small Plunge	16	16	—
TOTAL	30	29	1

TABLE XIX

DISTRIBUTORS OF MILK AND LICENCES ISSUED

The Milk and Dairies (General) Regulations 1959.

No. of registered distributors operating from— :

(a) Dairies in the district	6
(b) Shops in the district	155
(c) Premises in other districts	12

The Milk (Special Designation) (Raw Milk) Regulations 1949-54.

No. of dealer's licences issued in respect of

Tuberculin-tested milk30

No. of supplementary licences issued in respect of

Tuberculin-tested milk8

The Milk (Special Designation) (Pasteurised and Sterilised Milk) Regulations 1949-53.

No. of " Pasteurisers " licences issued..... None

No. of dealer's licences issued in respect of

(a) Pasteurised milk87

(b) Sterilised milk157

No. of supplementary licences issued in respect of

(a) Pasteurised milk7

(b) Sterilised milk7

TABLE XX

BACTERIOLOGICAL EXAMINATIONS

(a) Samples of Milk

	Nature of Test and Result							
	Tubercle Bacilli		Methylene Blue Test		Phosphatase Test		Turbidity Test	
	Satis.	Unsat.	Satis.	Unsat.	Satis.	Unsat.	Satis.	Unsat.
Tuberculin-tested milk...	3	—	2	2	—	—	—	—
Tuberculin-tested (Pasteurised) milk ...	1	—	26	—	26	—	—	—
Pasteurised milk ...	6	—	35 (1 void)	—	36	—	—	—
Sterilised milk	—	—	—	—	—	—	31	—
Totals	10	—	64	2	62	—	31	—

(b) Samples of Ice-Cream

Result of Examination			
Satisfactory		Unsatisfactory	
Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4
8	2	1	1

(c) Samples of Swimming-Bath Water

Taken	Satisfactory	Unsatisfactory
28	28	Nil

(d) Nose and Throat Swabs (for Diphtheria)

Taken	Positive	Negative
13	Nil	13

(e) Specimens of Faeces

Taken	Positive	Negative
1,466	468	998

TABLE XXI
MEAT INSPECTION
CARCASES INSPECTED AND MEAT CONDEMNED WITHIN THE DISTRICT

	Cattle excluding Cows	Cows	Calves	Sheep and Lambs	Pigs	Horses
Number killed	—	—	—	—	—	—
Number inspected	—	—	—	—	—	—
All diseases except Tuberculosis and Cysticerci :						
Whole carcasses condemned	—	—	—	—	—	—
Carcasses of which some part or organ was condemned	—	—	—	—	—	—
Percentage of the number inspected affected with disease other than Tuberculosis and Cysticerci	—	—	—	—	—	—
Tuberculosis only :						
Whole carcasses condemned	—	—	—	—	—	—
Carcasses of which some part or organ was condemned	—	—	—	—	—	—
Percentage of number inspected affected with Tuberculosis... ..	—	—	—	—	—	—
Cysticercosis :						
Carcasses of which some part or organ was condemned	—	—	—	—	—	—
Carcasses submitted to treatment by refrigeration	—	—	—	—	—	—
Generalised and totally condemned	—	—	—	—	—	—

TABLE XXII
INSPECTION OF OTHER FOODS
DETAILS OF UNSOUND FOOD SURRENDERED BY FOOD
WHOLESALESAERS AND RETAILERS

Food	Containers	Lbs.	Carcases
Bacon	—	65	—
Cheese	—	20	—
Coffee	24	—	—
Fish	144	—	—
Fowl	23	20	29
Fruit	1,226	—	—
Meat	1,073	190	—
Milk	232	—	—
Preserves	11	—	—
Soup	211	—	—
Veg.	1,208	870	—
	4,152	1,165	29

TABLE XXIII
INSPECTION OF FOOD PREMISES DURING 1958

Defects, contraventions etc.	No. Found	No. Remedied
Ceilings, defective	3	—
Clothing accommodation not provided ...	6	2
Contamination, risk of	3	2
First Aid Kits, insufficient or absence of ...	12	6
Floors, defective	5	—
Floors, in need of cleansing	4	2
Hot water, absence of, to washbasins or sinks	14	—
Lighting or Ventilation insufficient	5	2
Refuse bins, defective	6	—
Rooms, requiring cleaning or re-decoration ...	20	4
Sanitary accommodation, unsatisfactory ...	3	1
Sinks, defective	3	1
Towels, nail brushes, soap etc., absence of ...	7	1
Utensils and fittings defective, insanitary etc.	25	4
Walls defective	5	2
Washbasins, absence of	8	3
Windows defective, broken glazing etc. ...	5	2
Total	134	32

TABLE XXIV
FACTORIES ACT, 1937 AND 1948

(a) Inspections for purposes of Provisions as to Health

Premises (1)	Number on Register (2)	Number of :		Occupiers prosecuted (5)
		Inspections (3)	Written Notices (4)	
(1) Factories in which Sections 1, 2, 3, 4, and 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities	25	12	3	—
(2) Factories not included in (1) in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority	164	121	8	—
(3) Other premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding out-workers' premises) ...	12	50	2	—
TOTAL	201	183	13	—

(b) Defects Found

Particulars (1)	Number of cases in which defects were found				Number of cases in which prose- cutions were instituted
	Found (2)	Remed. (3)	To H.M. Inspector (4)	By H.M. Inspector (5)	
Want of cleanliness	—	—	—	—	—
Overcrowding	—	—	—	—	—
Unreasonable temperature	—	—	—	—	—
Inadequate ventilation	—	—	—	—	—
Ineffective drainage of floors... ..	1	1	—	—	—
Sanitary conveniences :					
(a) insufficient	1	—	—	—	—
(b) unsuitable or defective	15	12	—	5	—
(c) not separate for sexes... ..	2	1	—	1	—
Other offences against the Act (not including offences relating to out-work)	—	—	—	—	—
TOTAL ...	19	14	—	6	—

There are 5 out-workers in the Borough.

TABLE XXV

SHOPS ACT, 1950

There are 905 occupied shops in the Borough, classified as follows :—

Animal Foods	2	Hairdressers	40
Artists' Materials	2	Jewellers	6
Auctioneers	1	Leather Goods	3
Bread and Confectionery	30	Millinery	7
Butchers	48	Motor Accessories and Petrol Sales	17
Boots and Shoes	15	Mixed Business	73
Boot and Shoe Repairers	11	Newsagents and Stationery	44
Chemists	13	Off-Licences	47
Cafes and Snack Bars	16	On-Licences	48
Cycle Dealers	10	Opticians	4
Cooked Meats and Tripe... ..	6	Outfitters	52
Dyers and Cleaners	17	Photographers	4
Drapers	29	Post Offices (Mainly)	9
Decorators' Supplies	17	Piano Dealers	1
Electric and Radio Appliances	21	Pet Shops	4
Engineers' Tools	2	Pawnbrokers	1
Fancy Goods	8	Sanitary Fittings	5
Fish and Chips	31	Sweets and Tobacco	40
Fishmongers	3	Sewing Machines	1
Florists	7	Sports Equipment	1
Funeral Directors	3	Surgical Appliances	2
Fents	2	Tobacconists	4
Gas Appliances	1	Toys	4
Grocers	86	Travel Agency	1
Greengrocers	46	Walk-round Stores	4
Hardware	27	Wardrobe Dealers	8
House Furnishers	10	Woodworkers' Supplies	5
		Wholesale Dealers	6

TABLE XXVI

PREVENTION OF DAMAGE BY PESTS ACT, 1949 (RODENT CONTROL)

	TYPE OF PROPERTY				Total
	Local authority	Dwelling houses	All other premises	Agricultural premises	
1. Number of Properties inspected as a result of					
(a) Notification	3	76	56	—	135
(b) Survey under the Act	19	341	32	6	398
(c) Otherwise	—	—	1	—	1
2. Total inspections carried out including re-inspections	140	1,068	455	16	1,679
3. Number of " Properties " inspected which were found to be infested by					
(a) Rats (i) Major	—	—	—	—	—
(ii) Minor	5	39	22	1	67
(b) Mice (i) Major	—	—	2	—	2
(ii) Minor	13	33	48	—	94
4. Number of Infested Properties treated by the Local Authority	18	72	72	1	163
5. Total Treatments carried out	18	72	72	1	163

£69 19s. 4d. was recovered from the occupiers of properties where treatments were undertaken.

The treatment of the Sewer system in the Borough is the responsibility of the Borough Engineer and Surveyor's Department.

TABLE XXVII
RAG FLOCK AND OTHER FILLING MATERIALS ACT, 1951

Number of Registered Premises ... 3
Number of Inspections ... 7
Number of Samples taken ... 11

RESULTS OF SAMPLES

Sample No.	Material	Chlorine Test (Parts per 100,000)	Oil and soap test %	Soluble Extracted matter %	Trash Content %	Dust Index	Oil %	Insoluble Extracted matter %	Total Extracted matter %	Remarks
66	Curled Feathers ...	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.9	Satisfactory
67	Curled Feathers ...	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2.0	Satisfactory
68	Loose Kapok Cotton Mixture ...	—	—	—	0.7	—	—	—	—	Satisfactory
69	New Cotton Millpuff ...	—	—	—	8.1	—	0.7	—	—	Satisfactory
70	Curled Woollen Flock ...	—	3.5	—	—	—	—	—	—	Satisfactory
71	Washed Flock Loose ...	58	1.8	1.2	—	—	—	—	—	Unsatisfactory
72	Washed Flock Loose ...	16	3.2	1.2	—	—	—	—	—	Satisfactory
73	Woollen Mixture Felt ...	16	2.9	0.9	—	—	—	—	—	Satisfactory
74	New Cotton Felt ...	—	—	—	4.0	1.2	0.7	—	—	Satisfactory
75	Coir Fibre... ..	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.4	—	Satisfactory
76	Washed Flock Loose ...	21	2.1	1.4	—	—	—	—	—	Satisfactory

Informal sample No. 71 was found to be unsatisfactory as to chlorine content. Formal sample No. 76 was taken of the same manufacturer's material. This sample was, however, found to comply with the regulations made under the above Act.

TABLE XXVIII
COLLECTION AND DISPOSAL OF HOUSE AND TRADE REFUSE

Particulars	Collection	Disposal	Totals
	£	£	£
1. GROSS EXPENDITURE			
(a) Labour	18,269	3,557	21,826
(b) Transport	12,332	172	12,504
(c) Plant, equipment, land and buildings	1,642	3,306	4,948
(d) Other items	19	7	26
TOTAL GROSS EXPENDITURE	32,262	7,042	39,304
2. GROSS INCOME	894	3,303	4,197
3. NETT COST	31,368	3,739	35,107
UNIT COSTS	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
4. Gross cost per ton, labour only	18 7	2 5	21 0
5. Gross cost per ton, transport only	12 7	2	12 9
6. Nett Cost per ton	31 11	2 6	34 5
	£	£	£
7. Nett cost per 1,000 population...	719	86	805
8. Nett cost per 1,000 premises ...	1,997	238	2,235

TABLE XXIX
SALVAGE RETURNS, 1958

	Weight				Income		
	Tons cwts. qrs. lbs.				£	s.	d.
Baled Tins	20	9	0	0	88	7	6
Baled Paper	369	16	1	0	2,495	12	11
Bottles	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Textiles	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Iron and Steel	20	7	0	0	77	4	0
Non-ferrous Metals	0	9	0	0	23	7	6
Bones	0	13	1	0	4	12	9
Dust	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Cinders	—	—	—	—	1	4	0
Totals	411	14	2	0	2,690	8	8

TABLE XXX
DETAILS OF MOTOR TRANSPORT AT 31ST DECEMBER, 1958

Fleet No.	Description	Date Purchased	Cost
1	S.D. OTE 327	Aug., 1952	£1,187
2	S.D. RTJ 127	Dec., 1953	£2,124
4	S.D. UTC 866	Dec., 1954	£1,548
5	DENNIS LTB 166	Sept., 1949	£910
6	DENNIS WTD 240	Sept., 1955	£1,349
7	DENNIS LTF 413	May, 1950	£910
8	DENNIS MTD 451	Nov., 1950	£995
10	S.D. 989 BTF	May, 1957	£1,623
11	S.D. 870 BUR	Jan. 1958	£1,795
12	BEDFORD VNB 86	Dec., 1957	£548
13	S.D. 909 EAR	Sept., 1958	£2,880

F. COLLINS & Co. (S) LTD.
Bolton Street.
Bury, Lancs.