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Urban District of Eastwood



ANNUAL REPORT

of the

Medical Officer of Health

for the year 1963

Including the

REPORT OF THE PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR

THE HISTORY OF THE

17

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URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL OF EASTWOOD

1963

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Vice-Chairman: MR. T. J. LEWIS, C.C.

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MR. D. RATCLIFFE

MR. H. ELLIOTT

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MR. W. L. WALTERS

MR. R. J. HART

MR. A. A. WHEELER

MR. H. KNAPP

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MR. T. DAVIS

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MR. A. FLETCHER

MRS. D. RATCLIFFE

MR. H. KNAPP

MR. A. A. WHEELER

MR. E. WILSON

Sub-Committee:

Mr. C. G. Bradley, Mr. C. Limb, Mr. A. A. Wheeler and the
Chairman of the Committee

PUBLIC HEALTH OFFICERS

Medical Officer of Health:

WILLIAM R. PERRY, M.B., B.S., D.P.H.

Surveyor and Public Health Inspector:

P. G. ROLLING, Cert.S.I.B., M.A.P.H.I., A.R.S.H.

Additional Public Health Inspectors:

K. H. TURNER, Cert.S.I.B., M.A.P.H.I.

A. J. PARKIN, Cert.P.H.I.E.B., M.A.P.H.I., M.R.S.H

(Appointed 1/12/63)

Clerks:

(Surveyor's, Health and Housing Depts.)

Miss E. R. Cary

Miss J. M. Viles

Miss J. Betts

Annual Report

To THE URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL OF EASTWOOD

Mr. Chairman, Madam and Gentlemen,

It is my privilege to present the Annual Report for 1963, which shows generally that the health of the area has been satisfactorily maintained.

The Birth Rate rose to 21.8 and the excess of Births over Deaths totalled 121.

The last case of Poliomyelitis notified was in 1958. It is still essential, however, that all children should receive the oral vaccine in order to be protected against the ever present Poliomyelitis virus.

There is no doubt in my mind that cigarette smoking is an important factor in the causation of Lung Cancer, Coronary Thrombosis and Bronchitis. In order to convey to young people the dangers and disadvantages of cigarette smoking the Council collaborated with the Notts. County Council in arranging a visit to a Local Youth Club of the Mobile Display Unit of the Central Council for Health Education.

After considering in some detail the proposition of fluoridation of the public water supplies, in order to improve the dental health of future generations of the community, the Council decided to support such action and conveyed this request to the Statutory Water Authority.

I wish to thank Mr. Rolling for his friendly support at all times, and to acknowledge the work of Mr. Turner and Miss Cary in compiling this Report.

I am,

Your obedient Servant,

WILLIAM R. PERRY,
Medical Officer of Health.

TO THE CHAIRMAN AND MEMBERS OF THE EASTWOOD
URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL

Mr. Chairman, Madam and Gentlemen,

I have pleasure in presenting, in conjunction with that of your Medical Officer of Health, my annual report for the year ended 31st December, 1963.

It will be noted that the Penny Rate Product had a substantial increase from the 1st January to the 31st December, 1963, namely, £404 to £1,150, this being due to the new Valuation List introduced on the 1st April, 1963.

Whilst no new Local Authority houses were completed during the year, the development of the Council's portion of the Castle Street/Raglan Street area was commenced with the erection of five bungalows. These are designed to fit in with the private development in this area, and are to be provided with electrical underfloor space heating and gas water heating. Private enterprise building contributed seventy dwellings during the year, one new area commenced being at The Breach.

Notwithstanding the increased demands on the refuse collection service, it is pleasing to note that the Nett Revenue Charge of £8,195 is £266 less than that for the previous year. The cost of providing dustbins under the Municipal Bin Scheme during its second year is also slightly less than the previous year.

In order that the requirements of the Meat Inspector Regulations, 1963, could be properly met, it was necessary for the Council to appoint an Additional Public Health Inspector, and I am pleased to record that Mr. A. J. Parkin re-joined the Authority on the 1st December, 1963, after a period of three years with the City of Nottingham Health Department.

I am privileged to record the valuable assistance given by Mr. K. H. Turner, and I also wish to express my appreciation of your continued support and interest, and my thanks to Dr. Perry for his help and co-operation; also to my colleagues for their assistance.

I am,

Your obedient Servant,

P. G. ROLLING,

Surveyor and Public Health Inspector.

STATISTICS AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS OF THE AREA

Area	1,172 acres
Population: Estimated by Registrar-General (mid-year, 1963)	10,890
Number of Inhabited Houses (31st December, 1963)	3,504
Rateable Value (1st January, 1963)	£96,904
(31st December, 1963)	£275,950
Product of Penny Rate (1st January, 1963)	£404
(31st December, 1963)	£1,150

During the period the area remained as constituted on 1st April, 1935, when the Nottinghamshire County Review Order, 1934, came into force.

EXTRACTS FROM VITAL STATISTICS FOR 1963

Live Births	Male	Female	Total
Legitimate	120	111	231
Illegitimate	3	4	7
	123	115	238

Birth Rate per 1,000 population: 21.85

Comparability Factor: 0.97

Adjusted Birth Rate: 21.19

Illegitimate live births as a percentage of total lives births: 2.94

Deaths	Male	Female	Total
	64	53	117

Crude Death Rate per 1,000 population: 10.74

Comparability Factor: 1.29

Adjusted Death Rate: 13.85

Natural increase of population (excess of births over deaths): 121

Still Births	Male	Female	Total
Legitimate	4	1	5
Illegitimate	—	1	1
	4	2	6

Still Birth Rate per 1,000 total (live and still) births: 24.79

Infant Mortality

Deaths of Infants under one year of age:

Age in Weeks	Legitimate		Illegitimate		Total
	Males	Females	Males	Females	
0—1	1	3	—	—	4
2—4	—	1	—	—	1
5—52	3	—	—	—	3
Totals	4	4	—	—	8

Infant Mortality Rates

Infant Mortality Rate (deaths under one year per 1,000 live births)	33.81
Legitimate Infant Mortality Rate (deaths under one year per 1,000 legitimate live births)	34.53
Illegitimate Infant Mortality Rate (deaths under one year per 1,000 illegitimate live births)	00.00

Neo-Natal Mortality Rate (deaths under four weeks per 1,000 total live births)	21.01
Early Neo-Natal Mortality Rate (deaths under one week per 1,000 total live births)	16.81
Perinatal Mortality Rate (still births and deaths under one week combined per 1,000 total live and still births)	40.98

Maternal Mortality

There were no deaths attributable to childbirth.

ALL CAUSES OF DEATH, 1963

	Male	Female	Total
1.—Tuberculosis, respiratory	1	—	1
2.—Tuberculosis, other	—	—	—
3.—Syphilitic Disease	—	1	1
4.—Diphtheria	—	—	—
5.—Whooping Cough	—	—	—
6.—Meningococcal Infections	—	—	—
7.—Acute Poliomyelitis	—	—	—
8.—Measles	1	—	1
9.—Other Infective and Parasitic Diseases	—	—	—
10.—Malignant Neoplasm, stomach	2	1	3
11.—Malignant Neoplasm, lung, bronchus	4	1	5
12.—Malignant Neoplasm, breast	—	3	3
13.—Malignant Neoplasm, uterus	—	2	2
14.—Other Malignant and Lymphatic Neoplasms	4	3	7
15.—Leukaemia, aleukaemia	—	—	—
16.—Diabetes	—	—	—
17.—Vascular Lesions of Nervous System	6	12	18
18.—Coronary Disease, Angina	17	5	22
19.—Hypertension with Heart Disease ...	3	1	4
20.—Other Heart Diseases	7	10	17
21.—Other Circulatory Diseases	3	4	7
22.—Influenza	—	—	—
23.—Pneumonia	1	1	2
24.—Bronchitis	5	1	6
25.—Other Disease of Respiratory System	2	1	3
26.—Ulcer of Stomach and Duodenum ...	—	—	—
27.—Gastritis, Enteritis and Diarrhoea ...	—	—	—
28.—Nephritis and Nephrosis	—	—	—
29.—Hyperplasia of Prostate	2	—	2
30.—Pregnancy, Childbirth, Abortion ...	—	—	—
31.—Congenital Malformations	—	1	1
32.—Other Defined and Ill-defined Diseases	2	6	8
33.—Motor Vehicle Accidents	3	—	3
34.—All Other Accidents	1	—	1
35.—Suicide	—	—	—
36.—Homicide and Operations of War ...	—	—	—
Total	64	53	117

AGES AT WHICH DEATH OCCURRED

Age at time of death	Jan	Feb	Mar.	Apr	May	June	July	Aug	Sept	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Total 1963	Totals		
	1962	1961	1960	1959	1962	1961	1960	1959	1962	1961	1960	1959	1962	1961	1960	1959
Under 1 year ...	1	—	1	—	1	1	—	—	—	4	—	—	8	4	5	—
1 and under 2 ...	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—
2 and under 5 ...	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—
5 and under 15 ...	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15 and under 25 ...	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	3	—	—	—
25 and under 35 ...	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	—
35 and under 45 ...	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	1	1	—	1	4	7	6	5
45 and under 55 ...	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	2	1	4	8	7	6
55 and under 65 ...	1	3	4	2	4	1	—	1	—	1	2	2	21	17	19	17
65 and under 70 ...	—	1	1	—	1	1	—	2	1	4	—	—	11	15	10	17
70 and under 75 ...	2	—	—	2	6	1	3	2	—	2	—	2	20	21	15	17
75 and under 80 ...	2	2	2	2	4	—	1	1	3	1	1	4	23	17	7	9
80 and under 85 ...	2	2	—	3	1	1	1	2	—	—	—	1	13	10	10	11
85 and under 90 ...	—	1	1	—	1	—	—	—	1	2	—	—	6	10	3	3
90 and under 95 ...	1	—	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	1	3	—
95 and under 100 ...	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Totals ...	9	9	10	12	19	5	5	10	7	15	5	11	117	113	105	85

CAUSES OF DEATH DURING THE LAST TEN YEARS

	1954	1955	1956	1957	1958	1959	1960	1961	1962	1963
1. Tuberculosis, respiratory	1	1	3	—	—	1	—	—	—	1
2. Tuberculosis, other	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—
3. Syphilitic Diseases	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
4. Diphtheria	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
5. Whooping Cough	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
6. Meningococcal infections	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
7. Acute Poliomyelitis	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
8. Measles	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
9. Other Infective and Parasitic Diseases	—	—	—	—	1	—	1	1	—	—
10. Malignant Neoplasm, stomach	2	4	4	4	7	7	3	3	6	3
11. Malignant Neoplasm, lung, bronchus	3	2	3	5	5	4	2	3	4	5
12. Malignant Neoplasm, breast	4	—	—	—	3	5	—	3	1	3
13. Malignant Neoplasm, uterus	1	1	1	1	1	1	—	1	1	2
14. Other Malignant and Lymphatic Neoplasms	10	10	8	6	5	4	8	10	12	7
15. Leukaemia, aleukaemia	—	1	2	2	2	1	1	3	1	—
16. Diabetes	—	1	1	1	—	—	1	1	—	—
17. Vascular Lesions of Nervous System	11	7	16	11	11	8	9	12	9	18
18. Coronary Disease, angina	13	10	5	9	17	14	19	9	17	22
19. Hypertension with Heart Disease	1	4	2	3	2	3	1	3	4	4
20. Other Heart Diseases	17	12	18	11	17	15	10	11	23	17
21. Other Circulatory Diseases	1	4	4	9	7	2	5	8	5	7
22. Influenza	—	1	1	1	—	—	—	2	—	—
23. Pneumonia	9	2	5	3	5	2	1	7	5	2
24. Bronchitis	6	10	4	6	5	5	11	8	8	6
25. Other Diseases of Respiratory System	—	2	1	—	3	2	—	1	3	3
26. Ulcer of Stomach and Duodenum	2	—	2	2	1	1	1	3	—	—
27. Gastritis, Enteritis and Diarrhoea	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—
28. Nephritis and Nephrosis	2	—	3	—	1	1	3	—	—	—
29. Hyperplasia of Prostate	—	—	—	—	1	1	—	—	—	2
30. Pregnancy, Childbirth, Abortion	1	—	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
31. Congenital Malformations	2	3	1	1	1	—	3	1	2	1
32. Other Defined and Ill-defined Diseases	6	10	7	20	10	5	5	8	8	8
33. Motor Vehicle Accidents	3	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	1	3
34. All Other Accidents	2	3	3	3	—	3	—	3	—	1
35. Suicide	2	—	1	1	1	—	—	2	—	—
36. Homicide and Operations of War	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
TOTAL DEATHS	99	89	96	101	106	85	85	105	113	117

The annual variations of the Birth and Death Rates in the District are shown in the following table:—

Year	Birth Rate Per 1,000 of the Population	Death Rate Per 1,000 of the Population	Infant Mort. Rate Per 1,000 Live Births
1950	18.14	10.22	27.62
1951	19.96	9.42	20.3
1952	15.92	8.76	18.75
1953	16.43	10.3	30.12
1954	13.94	9.65	35.00
1955	14.81	8.61	26.14
1956	15.71	9.31	12.34
1957	16.40	9.41	51.14
1958	15.48	9.89	12.05
1959	17.73	7.77	—
1960	19.01	7.62	33.02
1961	20.73	9.85	22.62
1962	21.45	10.49	17.32
1963	21.85	10.74	33.61

Comparative figures for England and Wales read as follows:—

1950	15.8	11.6	29.8
1951	15.5	12.5	29.6
1952	15.3	11.3	27.6
1953	15.5	11.4	26.8
1954	15.2	11.3	25.5
1955	15.0	11.7	24.9
1956	15.6	11.7	23.8
1957	16.1	11.5	23.1
1958	16.4	11.7	22.6
1959	16.5	11.6	22.2
1960	17.1	11.5	21.9
1961	17.4	12.0	21.6
1962	18.0	11.9	21.6
1963	18.2	12.2	20.9

GENERAL PROVISION OF HEALTH SERVICES FOR THE AREA

Public Health Officers

A list of Public Health Officers appears at the commencement of this Report.

Laboratory Facilities

Under the National Health Service Act, 1946, samples and specimens are sent to the Public Health Laboratory, 63, Goldsmith Street, Nottingham (Telephone No.: Nottingham 46436).

Mortuary Accommodation

The Mortuary, which is situated at the rear of the Council Offices, Church Street, Eastwood, was used on 47 occasions during the year as compared with 48 for the year 1962. Of these 47 cases, 33 related to persons whose death occurred outside the Urban District.

Mortuary facilities serve the adjoining Parishes of Brinsley, Greasley, Awsworth, Kimberley and Nuthall. The Rural-District Council of Basford, by agreement, are responsible for the payment of fees in respect of persons brought from their district. These fees at the present time are 10s. for the use of the Mortuary with an additional charge of 10s. when a post-mortem is held. These charges have remained unchanged since this service was made available in September, 1948.

Ambulance Facilities

The Ambulance Service is administered by the Nottinghamshire County Council, and the Sub-Station which was at Church Street, Eastwood, ensures that vehicles are readily available for the inhabitants of the district.

An ambulance is summoned by telephoning to the County Ambulance Control, **Telephone Nottm. 55939**, and in the event of an Eastwood ambulance not being available a vehicle is despatched from the nearest County Station.

The service is free and all urgent calls for accident, sudden illness or maternity are answered without question. Non-urgent calls, such as for routine hospital attendance, are only accepted if supported by a recommendation from the District Medical Officer of Health, hospital doctor, private practitioner, nurse, midwife, dentist or other responsible person.

Hospital Service

The hospitals serving this area are at Nottingham (9 miles); Heanor (3 miles); Ilkeston (5 miles); and Mansfield (13 miles).

Application for admission to general hospitals is made direct to the hospital through a doctor or other responsible person. Maternity cases requiring hospital confinement are normally referred to the hospital by the doctor at the Ante-Natal Clinic or by a general practitioner.

Cases of tuberculosis requiring admission to sanatoria are referred to the Chest Physician, Nottingham and District Chest Centre, Gregory Boulevard, Nottingham. (Telephone No.: Nottingham 77884).

The Sheffield Regional Hospital Board controls the Infectious Diseases Hospitals which serve this area. All admissions and discharges of infectious disease cases are notified to the District Medical Officer of Health. Four infectious disease cases required admission to hospital during the year.

The Lodge Moor Isolation Hospital at Sheffield has been designated by the Board to serve this area for the reception of cases of smallpox.

Treatment Centres and Clinics

The following services are under the control of the Nottinghamshire County Council: Child Welfare Centre, Ante-Natal Clinic and School Clinic.

Tuberculosis Dispensaries are at Mansfield, Newark, Nottingham, Retford and Worksop.

Venereal Diseases Treatment Centres are at Mansfield and Nottingham.

Nursing in the Home

Three District Nurses reside in the area for the purpose of treating non-infectious cases. Their nursing area includes the adjoining Parish of Greasley in the Rural District of Basford.

The service is free, and a District Nurse will always do her best to answer an emergency call without waiting for formalities to be completed. In non-emergency cases the Nurse will attend at the request of the private doctor.

The Nurses operate from the following addresses:—

47, Ratcliffe Street, Eastwood. (Tel.: Langley Mill 3371).

314, Nottingham Road East, Eastwood. (Tel.: Langley Mill 2333).

9, Derby Road, Eastwood. (Tel.: Langley Mill 3710).

Midwifery Service

There are three Midwives practising and residing in the Urban District. Gas and Air Analgesia during child-birth is available to all persons residing in the area.

It is very important that an expectant mother should book her Midwife (and her doctor if she so desires) very early in her pregnancy. Names and addresses of Midwives can be obtained from the Notts. County Council, Shire Hall, Nottingham. (Tel.: Nottingham 55024).

Home Help Service

Home Helps are provided by the County Council and are available throughout the area where service is required owing to the presence of any person who is ill, lying-in, an expectant mother, aged, mentally defective, or a child not over compulsory school age.

In maternity cases a Home Help attends daily for two weeks from the birth of the baby, excluding Saturday afternoons and Sunday, and her duties include ordinary domestic work such as cleaning, cooking, washing, care of children, mending and shopping.

In general cases of sickness, or when assisting in the households of old or infirm people, Home Helps undertake such of the above duties as may be necessary. Part-time help can be arranged.

The charge for this service is 4s. 0d. per hour, but where the applicant is unable to afford this amount the County Council's Scale of Assistance is applied.

The office address is: Home Help Service, Watnall Road, Hucknall. (Telephone No.: Hucknall 3596).

Health Visiting

There are two Health Visitors employed by the Nottinghamshire County Council on Maternity and Child Welfare work in the district. The services of a Health Visitor may be secured by calling at the Child Welfare Centre.

Prevention of Illness, Care and After-Care

Facilities provided by the Nottinghamshire County Council, as the Local Health Authority under Part III. of the National Health Service Act, 1946, for the prevention of illness, care and after-care are summarised below.

Tuberculosis

By arrangement with the County Council, the Nottingham and Nottinghamshire Association for the Prevention of Tuberculosis carry out valuable social work, designed not only to facilitate the patient's recovery by solving the special problems of the tuberculosis household, but also to influence the domestic and working environment so as to minimise the chances of relapse and to protect family contacts.

The County Council organise domiciliary visits by trained Health Visitors, provide for the loan of shelters to appropriate cases and arrange rehabilitation at the Sherwood Village Settlement.

B.C.G. vaccination of contacts against tuberculosis is also available through the Chest Physician employed jointly by the County Council and Regional Hospital Board.

Other Types of Illness

- (a) Almoner Service to help and advise on all social problems, including general care and after-care, convalescence and admission to hospital of chronic sick and senile patients.
- (b) Loan of nursing equipment and appliances to patients being nursed at home.
- (c) Convalescence (not involving active medical treatment) —on the recommendation of a general practitioner and

subject to contribution by applicants towards the cost involved according to their financial circumstances.

- (d) Infectious Diseases—routine visits by Health Visitors to advise and assist in the prevention of spread of infection.
- (e) Venereal Diseases—follow-up work by Almoners.
- (f) Health Education, including courses of instruction, special lectures to established organisations (including the use of films and film-strips) and the issue of pamphlets, brochures and posters.
- (g) Chiropody services for elderly or handicapped persons, and for expectant mothers.

WELFARE FOODS SERVICE

The issue of Welfare Foods was materially changed when the Government announced that as from 1st June, 1961, Welfare Foods, other than milk, would be sold at prices to cover the cost, i.e.:—

Orange Juice: 1s. 6d. per bottle (previously 5d. per bottle).

Cod Liver Oil: 1s. per bottle (previously free against tokens).

Vitamin Tablets: 6d. per packet (previously free against tokens).

Entitlement is restricted to nursing and expectant mothers, children up to five years old, and handicapped children without the need for tokens, except in cases of hardship, when tokens for free supplies may be obtained.

Welfare Foods are distributed from the Child Welfare Clinic.

NOTTINGHAMSHIRE COUNTY COUNCIL ACT, 1951

Establishments for Massage or Special Treatment

Part VII. of this Act came into force on the 10th March, 1952, in the Eastwood Urban District and the powers and duties applicable to this section have been delegated to the Eastwood Urban District Council.

At the end of the year there were two licensed establishments in the District for massage or special treatment at No. 140, Nottingham Road, and at No. 117a, Nottingham Road.

NATIONAL ASSISTANCE ACT, 1948

The District Welfare Officer for the Eastwood District is Mr. J. Morissey—office address: 6, Mansfield Road, Eastwood (Telephone No.: Langley Mill 3258) and 66, High Street, Hucknall (Telephone No.: Hucknall 2093).

Homes for the Aged

The National Assistance Act, 1948, places a duty and responsibility on County and Borough Councils to provide residential accommodation for persons who, by reason of old age, infirmity or other circumstances, are in need of care and attention which is not otherwise available to them.

For this purpose, the Nottinghamshire County Council maintains eighteen Homes, all of which are occupied to capacity. Details of the accommodation are as follows:—

1. "Stanhope House," Nottingham Road, Bingham—32 men and 32 women.
2. "Hillcrest," Leverton Road, Retford—62 men and 56 women.
3. "Greet House," Upton Road, Southwell—90 women.
4. "The Old Hall," Balderton—8 men and 10 women.
5. "Parkside," Worksop—17 men and 10 women.
6. "Clayworth Hall," Retford—13 men and 7 women.
7. "Oaklands," Retford—6 men and 13 women.
8. "Mount Vernon," Retford—21 women.
9. "The Old Vicarage," Southwell—8 men and 11 women.
10. "Gedling Manor," Carlton—9 men and 23 women.
11. "Beech Hill," Mansfield—50 men and women.
12. "South Manor," Ruddington—11 men and 25 women.
13. "South Muskham Prebend," Southwell—8 men and 22 women.
14. "Kirklands," Kirkby-in-Ashfield—10 men and 28 women.
15. "The Hassocks," Beeston—10 men and 28 women.
16. "Fairfield," Edwalton—50 men and women.
17. "Daleside," Mansfield Woodhouse—50 men and women.
18. "Gatelea," Worksop—50 men and women.

The homes are provided for elderly persons of both sexes, including married couples who, on account of advancing years or infirmity, are no longer able to look after themselves in their own homes and have no one able and willing to look after and care for them. They are not intended for sick persons who need constant medical attention or nursing care, but residents suffering from minor ailments are looked after as in ordinary households.

A maximum charge of £7 3s. 6d. per week is made at present, but residents who cannot afford to pay this amount are required to pay only what they can afford. For example, a resident whose only income is a retirement pension, an old age pension or a National Assistance Board Allowance, keeps 13s. 6d. per week for personal spending.

Short Stay Accommodation

Limited facilities are available for the accommodation for short periods of aged people normally receiving care and attention from relatives to enable such relatives to have a holiday or otherwise to have a short period of relief from their responsibilities.

Welfare Services for the Physically Handicapped

The Home Teaching Service for the Blind was operated by the County Council, and other welfare services for the Blind and Partially Sighted were provided through the agency of the Royal Midland Institution for the Blind. Advice and a comprehensive range of services for persons permanently and substantially handicapped by other forms of physical disability are available through the County Welfare Department.

An occupational service, designed to provide minor outwork and handicrafts for handicapped persons in their homes or at

centres and staffed by qualified occupational therapists, has been established by the County Council and operates throughout the county. Adaptations are carried out at the homes of crippled people and a variety of aids and fixtures can be provided to enable them to be as independent as possible. Provision is made for holiday grants to registered disabled persons and short stay accommodation is arranged, when vacancies can be obtained, for those who need constant care and attention.

A qualified Welfare Officer for the Deaf is available to help the deaf/dumb and the very severely hard of hearing throughout the county. He acts as interpreter whenever such assistance is required—at medical examinations, for example, and at marriages, baptisms, court hearings and interviews with the police or other officials—and works in liaison with the Nottingham Institute for the Deaf, which continues to provide group services.

The need of handicapped persons in any category for voluntary services is referred by the County Welfare Officer to the appropriate organisations.

Handicapped persons are advised to apply to any of the District Welfare Officers or to the County Welfare Officer at the Shire Hall, Nottingham.

Burial or Cremation of the Dead (Section 50)

No burials or cremations under this Section of the Act were required during the year.

National Assistance (Amendment) Act, 1951

The Council has authorised the Medical Officer of Health to make applications under this Act to a Court of Summary Jurisdiction or to a single Justice of the Peace for an order for the urgent removal of certain persons from the premises in which they are residing to a hospital or other place, instead of such application being made by the Council.

No applications for Orders under this Act were made in 1963.

CHILDREN ACT, 1948, AND CHILDREN AND YOUNG PERSONS' ACT, 1933

Child Care Officers covering the area of the Eastwood Urban District Council are:—

Mr. J. C. Booter and Miss N. M. Enever,
1, Short Hill, Nottingham.
Tel.: Nottingham 54982.

The Children's Department of the Nottinghamshire County Council is charged with the responsibility of investigating complaints about the welfare of children and taking those into its care who are not properly looked after. Proceedings may be taken and the children committed to the care of the Council through the Juvenile Courts. The Department also receives applications from parents and others who have the care of children and may take these children into its care.

Children's Homes are maintained in most parts of the County and, in addition, there is a children's nursery, two hostels for

young working people, two approved schools and a remand home for boys. Apart from taking a child into its care, the Department may secure that proper provision is made through one or other Welfare Services or take action to bring about the rehabilitation of problem families or supervise the welfare of children in their homes in certain circumstances.

As many as possible of the children in the care of the Council are placed in foster homes, and the Visiting Officers are always glad to hear of members of the general public who are prepared to help in this way, and to give further information about the Council's scheme.

Special efforts were made to cater for children who needed to be cared for temporarily in circumstances such as the admission of the mother to hospital for operation or confinement. In this connection, an endeavour has been made to build up a panel of foster parents who would be prepared to take into their homes a small family of two or three children at short notice. Adequate boarding allowances are paid to these foster parents who take children on a temporary basis and help is given by the loan of beds, cots and prams where necessary.

Child Protection

Section 3 of the Children Act, 1958, requires that every person who proposes to maintain a foster-child shall give written notice not less than two weeks before he receives the child, to the Children's Officer, Shire Hall, Nottingham. A foster-child as defined by Section 2 of the Act means a child below the upper limit of the compulsory school age whose care and maintenance, apart from the parents, are undertaken for reward for a period exceeding one month by a person who is not a relative or guardian of his.

Adoption

Section 3 of the Adoption Act, 1958, requires that, except where one of the applicants is a parent, before any application for an Adoption Order in respect of a child under the upper limit of the compulsory school age is presented to the court the Children's Officer must have received three months' prior notice from the applicants of their intention to apply for the Order. Such notice will only take effect from the date on which the child is six weeks old.

Third Party Placements

When any person, other than a parent or guardian, makes arrangements for a child below the upper limit of the compulsory school age to be placed in the care and possession of another person who is not a relative of the child, then the person making the arrangements is required to give the Children's Officer at least fourteen days' prior notice of the intended placement. This provision is made to safeguard children who are not placed for reward or adoption by a person who is not a relative or guardian.

SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE AREA

Water

All houses within the district are provided with a piped water supply by the City of Nottingham Water Department, and taken in bulk from the Derwent Valley Water Board.

No samples were taken by this Authority, but the City Analyst makes bacteriological and chemical examinations monthly of samples taken at Eastwood Filtration Works both before and after treatment and, by special arrangement with the Corporation's Medical Officer of Health, less detailed bacteriological examinations are made weekly.

All water supplied to the district complies with the highest standards stipulated by the Ministry of Housing and Local Government, and the supply was again satisfactory as regards volume and pressure.

The following lengths of new water mains were laid during the year:—

Plumptre Way and Lawrence Avenue ...	670 yards
Kirby Road	152 yards
The Breach	222 yards

Drainage and Sewerage

The whole of the district is provided with sewers with the exception of three small low-lying areas near the south-west boundary, and during the year sewers were extended for approx. 1,830 yards, to serve new housing development at Plumptre Way, The Breach, and Kirby Road.

Sewage disposal is to the Outfall Works at Newthorpe in the adjoining Rural District of Basford, and under the joint control of the Basford and Eastwood Councils.

Rivers and Streams

The Beauvale Brook on part of the northern boundary, and the Nethergreen Brook on part of the eastern boundary of the district, join the River Erewash, which forms the urban district and county boundaries on the western side of the district.

All three are controlled by the Trent River Board under powers conferred by the River Boards Act, 1948, and the Board retains the services of special Rivers Inspectors to deal with river pollution.

Public Cleansing

The total nett cost of Refuse Collection, Disposal and Salvage for the financial year ending 31st March, 1964, was £8,195, as compared with £8,461, £6,742, £6,729, £6,486, and £5,816 for the five years immediately preceding.

Household Refuse

A weekly collection of house refuse was satisfactorily maintained throughout the year. Wheeled trolleys were used to provide a kerbside collection by the Shelvoke and Drewry Fore and Aft Tipper supplemented by the Bedford Side-Loader.

A municipal Dustbin Scheme is operated by the Council for the replacement of defective household dustbins. During 1963, which was the first complete year of the operation of the scheme, 348 dustbins were issued.

Trade Refuse

The collection of trade refuse was carried out upon request, a charge being made for this service.

Refuse Disposal

All household and trade refuse was again disposed of at the Nottingham Road tip. The tipping area was regularly treated with insecticide applied by a powder blower and consequently no serious troubles were experienced due to insect pests. In addition, regular treatments were carried out with rat poison.

Negotiations continued in the attempt to obtain a new tipping site, but it was apparent that suitable sites are almost unobtainable, and it may well be that alternative methods of refuse disposal will have to be considered in the future.

Salvage

The demand for salvage of all types continued to decline, and the total weight collected was over 32 tons less than the previous year. The total income of £427 2s. 6d. was £283 3s. 7d. less than in 1962.

For the first year since the scheme was inaugurated no Salvage Bonus was paid during 1963.

Street Cleansing

Street cleansing was carried out both by the Bedford/Lacre sweeper-collector and by street orderlies. All roads in the district are swept weekly, and daily attention is given to the shopping areas.

The total expenditure on street cleansing for the financial year was £1,592 compared with £1,553 for the previous year. The expenses of cleansing County roads is shared by that Authority and the contribution from the County Council for the financial year was £505.

Sanitary Inspection of the Area

1. Total number of complaints received or registered during the period	66
2. Total number of inspections made during the period	1399
3. Total number of nuisances and defects dealt with during the year	386
4. Total number of notices served during the period:—	
(a) Informal	41
(b) Statutory	1
5. Total number of notices complied with during the period:—	
(a) Informal	38
(b) Statutory	1

SUMMARY OF SALVAGE COLLECTED
YEARS 1957 to 1963

Year	Bones		Ferrous Metals		Non-Ferrous Metals		Textiles		Waste Paper		Income	
	T.	C. Q.	T.	C. Q.	T.	C. Q.	T.	C. Q.	T.	C. Q.	£	s. d.
1957	—	—	0	1 2	—	—	4	4 2½	137	12 0	1187	0 1
1958	—	—	3	2 0	0	1 3	4	10 3	115	13 3	952	3 1
1959	—	—	2	4 0	0	3 0	4	4 3	134	12 1	1083	18 0
1960	—	—	4	11 2	0	4 3	4	15 2¾	126	5 3	1047	19 0
1961	—	—	1	17 0	0	2 0½	5	3 3	128	4 1	1030	8 5
1962	—	—	7	15 3	0	5 1¼	2	1 3¾	82	9 3	710	5 1
1963	—	—	5	10 0	—	—	—	—	54	17 2	427	2 6

Petroleum (Regulations) Acts, 1928 and 1936

Number of Licences issued to store Petroleum ...	13
Number of Licences issued to store Carbide of Calcium	Nil
Total storage capacity for Petroleum Spirit (Galls.)	32,000
Total Fees collected	£12 5 0

All new underground tanks are subjected to a pressure test of 5 lbs. per square inch.

All licensed premises have been inspected and found to be kept in accordance with the conditions of the licences issued.

Pet Animals Act, 1951

One application for the renewal of a licence under this Act was received and granted in respect of a pet shop.

Shops Act, 1950

No complaints were received during the year under the provisions of Section 38 of the Act relating to sanitary conveniences, ventilations and temperature in shops in which persons are employed.

Alterations and improvements were made to three existing shops during 1963 including the redevelopment of the site of a large multiple store.

Moveable Dwellings

No applications were received under the Caravan Sites and Control of Development Act, 1960.

Atmospheric Pollution

There was no necessity for any formal action under the Clean Air Act in respect of smoke emissions, but a number of complaints were dealt with informally.

All new buildings in the district are subject to Building By-laws made under Section 61 of the Public Health Act and Section 24 of the Clean Air Act.

The Standard Deposit Gauge continued in use at Percy Street and the following Table is a summary of the Public Analyst's monthly reports on the content of the Deposit Gauge:—

Month	Rainfall (inches)	Undissolved Matter (Tons per square mile)	Dissolved Matter	Total Solids
January	0.79	2.72	4.57	7.29
February ...	0.39	1.29	1.23	2.52
March	2.92	12.66	6.00	18.66
April	2.01	12.56	5.20	17.76
May	0.95	7.09	2.78	9.87
June	2.68	7.62	5.10	12.72
July	3.07	7.62	5.10	12.72
August	2.80	6.00	3.91	9.91
September ...	3.82	5.70	3.51	9.21
October	1.42	5.36	3.91	9.27
November ...	3.47	4.44	3.31	7.75
December ...	0.83	5.43	2.72	8.15

Swimming Baths and Pools

There are no public or privately owned swimming baths or pools within the area, the nearest open-air swimming bath being situated in the adjoining Urban District of Heanor.

Very little progress was made towards the proposed swimming bath to be included within the Civic Centre development.

Prevention of Damage by Pests Act, 1949

Thirty notifications of infestations by rats and mice were received during the year, and a total of fifty-two infestations were dealt with by the Department by poisoning with Warfarin.

In addition, the Council's refuse tip was regularly treated and the routine six-monthly treatment of the district's sewers was carried out.

Public Health Acts Amendment Act, 1907 (Section 86)

One person was registered as an Old Metal and Marine Store Dealer at the end of the year.

HOUSING

Ten unfit houses were the subject of Representations submitted during the year. Nine of these were in one Clearance Area and the tenth was dealt with by the making of an individual Demolition Order. Seventeen houses were demolished, six in a Clearance Area and eleven the subject of Individual Demolition Orders, and one house was closed.

Nineteen applications for Improvement Grants were received and approved, all of these being for Standard Grants. This compares with twelve Standard and one Discretionary Grant granted during the previous year. The total amount paid in Grants was £1,060 10s. compared with £738 during 1962.

For the second year in succession no applications were received for Certificates of Disrepair under the Rent Act 1957, and it would seem that the value of this Act has been very limited.

The total number of persons rehoused in new and existing houses provided by the Local Authority was 38 representing 14 families, and at the end of the year there were 902 Council houses in occupation.

In 1963 the Council decided to make advances for house purchase in accordance with the Housing (Financial Provisions) Act 1958/59. The total of advances agreed to during the year was £7,350 in respect of seven properties.

HOUSING STATISTICS

Number of houses erected during the year:—

(a) By the local Authority	Nil
(b) Privately built	70
	<hr/>
Total number of houses erected ...	70
	<hr/>

1.—Inspection of Dwelling-houses during the year:—	
for housing defects (under Public Health or Housing Acts)	48
(b) Number of inspections made for the purpose	98
(2) (a) Number of dwelling-houses included under sub-head (1) above) which were inspected and recorded under the Housing Consolidated Regulations	Nil
(b) Number of inspections made for the purpose	Nil
(3) Number of dwelling-houses found to be in a state so dangerous or injurious to health as to be unfit for human habitation	10
(4) Number of dwelling-houses (exclusive of those referred to under the preceding sub-head) found not to be in all respects reasonably fit for human habitation	38
2.—Remedy of Defects during the year without service of formal Notices:—	
Number of defective dwelling-houses rendered fit in consequence of informal action by the Local Authority or their Officers	34
(3).—Action under Statutory Powers during the year:—	
(a) Proceedings under Sections 9, 10 and 12 of the Housing Act, 1957:—	
(1) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which Notices were served requiring repairs	Nil
(2) Number of dwelling-houses which were rendered fit after service of formal Notices:—	
(a) By owners	Nil
(b) By Local Authority in default of owners	Nil
(b) Proceedings under Public Health Acts:—	
(1) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which Notices were served requiring defects to be remedied	1
(2) Number of dwelling-houses in which defects were remedied after service of formal Notices:—	
(a) By owners	1
(b) By Local Authority in default of owners	Nil
(c) Proceedings under Sections 16, 17 and 23 of the Housing Act, 1957:—	
(1) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which Demolition Orders were made	1
(2) Number of dwelling-houses demolished in pursuance of Demolition Orders	11
(3) Number of dwelling-houses demolished in pursuance of Clearance Orders	6

(d) Proceedings under Section 18 of the Housing Act, 1957:—	
(1) Number of separate tenements or underground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were made	Nil
(2) Number of separate tenements or underground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were determined, the tenement or room having been rendered fit	Nil
(e) Proceedings under Sections 10 and 11 of the Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act, 1953:—	
Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which Closing Orders were made	Nil
4.—Housing Act, 1957, Part IV.—Overcrowding:—	
(a) (i) Number of dwellings overcrowded at the end of the year	—
(ii) Number of families dwelling therein	—
(iii) Number of persons dwelling therein	—
(b) Number of new cases of overcrowding reported during the year	1
(c) (i) Number of cases of overcrowding relieved during the year	Nil
(ii) Number of persons concerned in such cases	6
(d) Number of cases in which dwelling-houses have again become overcrowded after the Local Authority have taken steps for the abatement of overcrowding	Nil

It is still not possible to assess the real position of overcrowding throughout the district in the absence of a detailed survey.

HOUSING ACTS, 1936 and 1957

Summary of action taken with Houses not regarded as capable of repair, 1936 to 1963.

No. of Clearance Areas represented	13
No. of Clearance Orders made and confirmed	11
No. of Clearance Areas where houses purchased before the making of a Clearance Order	1
No. of Houses in Clearance Areas	112
No. of Representations made for Demolition and Closing Orders	166
No. of Demolition Orders made	123
No. of Closing Orders made	18
No. of Undertakings accepted to make the houses fit for human habitation	9
No. of Undertakings given by the owners to cease to use the premises for human habitation	19
No. of Houses to be demolished	230
No. of Houses demolished	215
No. of Houses where demolition is pending	15
No. of persons displaced from unfit houses	722

HOUSING

The following table shows the number of houses erected since 1921:—

Year	Houses Erected by the Council	Houses Erected by Private Enterprise	Total
1921	18 (Addison Villas)	—	18
1922	22 (do.)	—	22
1923	—	1	1
1924	—	10	10
1925	—	42	42
1926	—	18	18
1927	—	6	6
1928	—	3	3
1929	—	6	6
1930	50 (South Street)	1	51
1931	53 (do.)	9	62
1932	40 (do.)	12	52
1933	20 (do.)	6	26
1934	—	12	12
1935	30 (Newthorpe Common) ...	11	41
1936	4 (South Street)	29	33
1937	26 (Newthorpe Common) ...	38	64
1938	32 (Mill Road)	15	47
1939	—	4	4
1940-45	—	—	—
1946	20 (Newthorpe Common) ...	1	21
1947	48 (Church View Estate)	2	50
1948	100 (do.)	4	104
1949	54 (do.)	3	57
1950	60 (do.)	5	71
	6 (Memorial Cottages)		
1951	62 (Church View Estate)	6	68
1952	44 (do.)	21	65
1953	34 (do.)	41	75
1954	42 (do.)	37	79
1955	38 (do.)	46	84
1956	12 (do.)	50	62
1957	18 (do.)	65	83
1958	30 (do.)	90	120
1959	18 (do.)	80	98
1960	—	51	51
1961	13 (do.)	33	46
1962	8 (do.)	53	61
1963	—	70	70
TOTALS	902	881	1,783

INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF MEAT AND FOOD

MEAT AND FOOD INSPECTION

Condemned Foodstuffs (other than Fresh Meat)

During the period the following foods were surrendered as being unfit for human consumption: —

	lbs.
40 tins Meat (various)	49½
18 „ Fish (various)	7
58 „ Vegetables (various)	45½
178 „ Fruit (various)	185¼
84 „ Tomatoes	90¼
25 „ Tomato Juice	18
13 „ Soup (various)	10
1 „ Fruit Pudding	½
10 „ Creamed Rice	6
13 „ Cream	4½
3 „ Sago	2½
53 Pkts. Frozen Sausage	18
26 „ „ Steaklets	26
42 „ „ Fish	42
10 „ „ Fish Cakes	1½
58 „ „ Fish Fingers	26
10 „ „ Chicken	5
70 „ „ Beans	30
47 „ „ Potatoes	19½
201 „ „ Peas	108
40 „ „ Beef	15½
4 „ „ Shepherds Pie	2
3 „ „ Turkey Pie	1½
Total weight (in lbs.) ...	714

Food Analysis

The following articles were purchased in the district by the County Inspectors for examination and analysis and found to be genuine:—

1 Apricots, dried.	1 Mashed Potato.
1 Aspic Jelly Powder.	1 Meat Tenderizer.
1 Beef Pie.	19 Bottles Milk.
1 Blue Stilton Cheese.	1 Milk, condensed.
1 Bronchial Emulsion.	1 Olive Oil.
1 Fish Cake.	1 Onions, dried.
1 Fruit Sauce.	2 Oranges.
4 Gin.	1 Potato Puffs.
1 Grapefruit Juice.	1 Rum Eclairs.
1 Glycerine, Lemon & Honey.	1 Cream Salad.
	1 Sliced Stringless Beans.
1 Ice Cream.	1 Steak & Kidney Pie.
1 Laxative Tablet.	1 Vinegar, malt.
1 Lemon Marmalade.	4 Whisky.

One sample of dehydrated beans was found to contain an insect and the packers were cautioned.

A lemon cream cake was found to be such that it should not have been described as cream cake and the manufacturers were cautioned for this.

Of twenty samples of milk purchased, one was found to contain foreign matter, and this resulted in the bottlers being cautioned.

SLAUGHTERING & MEAT INSPECTION

The Meat Inspection Regulations, 1963, came into operation on the 1st October, 1963, and from this date the Local Authority were required to inspect all meat to a prescribed standard at slaughterhouses within the Urban District, and were empowered to make a charge for this service.

Owing to the large number of animals killed at one Slaughterhouse it was not found possible to maintain 100 per cent. meat inspection with existing staff, and so an additional Inspector was appointed principally for this duty.

The number of slaughterhouses, etc., in use at the end of the year was as follows:—

Private Slaughterhouses	2
Public Slaughterhouses	Nil
Knackers Yards	Nil

	Sheep and Lambs	Pigs
Total No. killed	366	24790
Number inspected	366	7743
All diseases except Tuberculosis—		
Whole carcasses condemned	—	33
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned ...	2	845
Percentage of the number inspected affected with disease other than Tuberculosis	0.5	11.3
Tuberculosis only—		
Whole carcasses condemned	—	—
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned	—	172
Percentage of the number inspected affected with Tuberculosis	—	2.2

Total weight of meat condemned as a result of the above inspections: 8,625 lbs.

Slaughter of Animals' Act, 1958

Eighteen persons were licensed as slaughterers under the provisions of the Act. Such licences are valid for one year only.

MILK AND DAIRIES

Milk and Dairies (General) Regulations, 1959

At the end of the year six persons were registered as Distributors of milk.

Sampling of milk in the District is regularly carried out by the County Council, and I am indebted to Mr. Gregory, the Chief Inspector, for the following information:—

Article	No. of samples obtained	No. found to be satisfactory	No. found to be unsatisfactory
Raw Milk	20	19	1
Pasteurised Milk	112	110	2
Sterilised Milk	10	10	—
Milk Bottles	48	48	—

Ice Cream

Three applications for the registration of premises for the sale of ice cream under Section 16 of the Food and Drug Act 1955 were approved during the year, and one registration was transferred to a new occupier.

The number of premises on the Register at the end of the year was forty-two.

One sample of ice cream was obtained by the Weights and Measures Department, of the Notts. County Council, and this was found to be satisfactory.

Food Hygiene Regulations, 1960

All new food premises and alterations to existing food premises submitted for approval under the Council's Building Byelaws are especially examined to ensure compliance with the Food Hygiene Regulations.

Although warnings were issued on a number of occasions for contraventions of the Regulations it was not found necessary to take any formal action.

Food Poisoning

No cases of food poisoning were notified during the year.

PREVALENCE OF, AND CONTROL OVER INFECTIOUS AND OTHER DISEASES

General

The total number of Infectious and Notifiable Diseases notified during the year was 169, compared with 34, 174, 61, 199, and 32 for the five years immediately preceding. These cases are classified in the Tables on pages 37 and 38.

The number of notifications of each disease was as follows:—

Dysentery	3
Encephalitis Lethargica	1
Erysipelas	1
Measles	152
Pneumonia	2
Scarlet Fever	3
Tuberculosis	2
Whooping Cough	5

Premises were disinfected where requested and disinfectant supplied to infected households.

Diphtheria

For the sixteenth year in succession no case of Diphtheria was confirmed in the District.

Details of combined Diphtheria, Whooping Cough and Tetanus Immunisation carried out in 1963 are as follows:—

Age	Under Health Dept. Arrangements	By Private Practitioners	"Boosters"	
			Under Health Dept. Arrangements	By Private Practitioners
Under 1 year	52	4	—	—
1 year	76	11	—	—
2 years	7	—	—	—
3 „	2	—	—	—
4 „	—	—	1	—
5 - 9 „	3	—	144	7
10 - 15 „	—	—	1	—
Totals ...	140	15	146	7

Smallpox

Details of persons vaccinated or re-vaccinated during the year are as follows:—

Age	Primary Treatment		Re-vaccination	
	Under Health Dept. Arrangements	By Private Practitioners	Under Health Dept. Arrangements	By Private Practitioners
Under 1 year	12	3	—	—
1 year	56	4	—	—
2 - 4 years	—	—	—	—
5 - 15 „	—	—	—	—
15+ „	—	6	—	2
Totals ...	68	13	—	2

Poliomyelitis (Infantile Paralysis)

No case of poliomyelitis was reported during the year. Vaccination is now available to everyone up to the age of 40 years, and during 1963 the vaccination was carried out in schools, clinics and factories.

Oral vaccine became available during the early part of 1962, and, with few exceptions, is now in general use. Supplies of vaccine are plentiful and are obtained on requisition from the Nottingham County Council Health Department.

During the year 313 persons received a primary course and 305 received a booster dose as shown by the following table:—

	Under Health Dept. arrangements	By Private Practitioners	Totals
Primary Course ...	264	49	313
Booster Dose ...	275	30	305
Totals ...	539	79	618

Measles

During the year 152 cases of Measles were notified, as compared with 24 and 147 for the two preceding years.

Whooping Cough

There were 5 cases of Whooping Cough notified, as compared with 0, 6, 4 and 0 for the four preceding years.

Scarlet Fever

Three cases were notified, as compared with 8, 2, 10, 11 and 1 for the preceding five years.

Two cases of Pneumonia were notified during the year as compared with 1 and 10 cases for the two preceding years.

Tuberculosis

Two cases of all forms of this disease were added to the District Register during the year, as compared with 2, 5, 5, 6, and 14 during the preceding five years.

The following Table shows the age and sex distribution of the notified cases (including both new cases and cases moved into the district from elsewhere) and deaths from tuberculosis during 1963.

TUBERCULOSIS NOTIFICATIONS AND DEATHS DURING 1963

Age Groups	New Cases				Cases transferred into District				Cases removed from Register through death			
	Pulmonary		Non-Pulmonary		Pulmonary		Non-Pulmonary		Pulmonary		Non-Pulmonary	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Under 1 year	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1 - 4 years	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
5 - 14 "	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15 - 24 "	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
25 - 34 "	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 - 44 "	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
45 - 54 "	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
55 - 64 "	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
65 years +	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Totals ...	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1

There were 41 names of persons residing in the District on the Register of Cases on the 31st December, 1963, as follows:—

Pulmonary Cases	Non-Pulmonary Cases
25 males	1 male
15 females	— females

B.C.G. Vaccination of Schoolchildren

Vaccination against Tuberculosis was carried out by the Medical Officer of Health. All schoolchildren of 10 years of age and over are eligible.

The procedure consists of a preliminary skin test to find out who would benefit from the protection which B.C.G. vaccination confers. These children are known as the negative reactors to the test. Those who have a positive reaction are not vaccinated, but are referred for a full chest X-Ray, and are subsequently kept under review.

The B.C.G. procedure is thus of two-fold value. It enables those who have not been in contact with the tuberculosis germ to be vaccinated and so protected for the future, whereas the children who have already been in contact with the germ can be examined by X-Ray and kept under supervision.

The following table summarises the work done:—

School	Skin Tested	Number		Total
		Positive	Negative	Vaccinated
Walker Street County Secondary	124	14	110	110
Eastwood Hall Park Co. Sec. Tech ...	83	9	74	74

**PREVALENCE OF NOTIFIABLE DISEASES DURING THE
LAST 10 YEARS
(Confirmed Cases)**

Disease	1954	1955	1956	1957	1958	1959	1960	1961	1962	1963
Cerebro-Spinal Fever ...	1	—	1	1	1	2	—	—	—	—
Diphtheria ...	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Dysentery ...	1	1	1	13	—	—	1	1	—	3
Encephalitis Lethargica ...	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
Enteric Fever ...	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Erysipelas ...	—	2	2	—	—	—	1	—	—	1
Food Poisoning ...	—	1	—	—	—	—	6	2	—	—
Measles ...	2	256	4	223	15	175	30	147	24	152
Ophthalmia Neonatorum	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	—
Paratyphoid Fever ...	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Pneumonia ...	5	12	6	2	2	6	4	10	1	2
Poliomyelitis ...	1	2	—	1	1	—	—	—	—	—
Puerperal Pyrexia or Fever	1	1	1	—	—	—	1	2	—	—
Scarlet Fever ...	6	3	1	2	1	11	10	2	8	3
Tuberculosis ...	9*	16*	7*	8*	12*	5*	4*	3*	—	2*
Whooping Cough ...	52	14	29	10	—	—	4	6	—	5
TOTALS ...	78	308	53	260	32	199	61	174	34	169

* New cases only—Inward Transfers not included

FACTORIES ACT, 1961

PART I. OF THE ACT

1.—INSPECTIONS for purposes of provisions as to health (including inspections made by Public Health Inspectors).

Premises	Number on Register	Inspections	Number of Written Notices	Occupiers prosecuted
(i) Factories in which Sections 1, 2, 3, 4 and 6 are to be enforced by Local Authority	1	1	—	—
(ii) Factories not included in (i) in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority	36	17	1	—
(iii) Other Premises in which Section 7 is enforced by Local Authority (excluding outworkers' premises)	—	—	—	—
Total ...	37	18	1	—

2.—CASES IN WHICH DEFECTS WERE FOUND.

Particulars	Number of cases in which defects were found		Referred To H.M. Inspector		Number of cases in which prosecutions were instituted
	Found	Remedied	By H.M. Inspector	By H.M. Inspector	were
Want of Cleanliness (S.1)	—	—	—	—	—
Unsuitable or Defective Sanitary Conveniences (S.7)	1	1	—	—	—
Total ...	1	1	—	—	—

PART VIII. OF THE ACT OUTWORK

(Sections 133 and 134)

Nature of Work	Section 133		Section 134			
	No. of out-workers in August list required by Sect. 133 (1) (c)	No. of cases of default in sending lists to the Council	No. of prose- cutions for failure to supply lists	No. of instances of work in unwhole- some premises	Notices served	Prose- cutions
Wearing apparel— Making, etc.	13	—	—	—	—	—
Lace, lace curtains and nets	1	—	—	—	—	—
Total ...	14	—	—	—	—	—

