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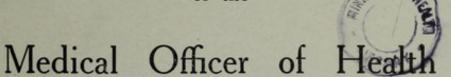
Borough of Dunstable





ANNUAL REPORTS

of the

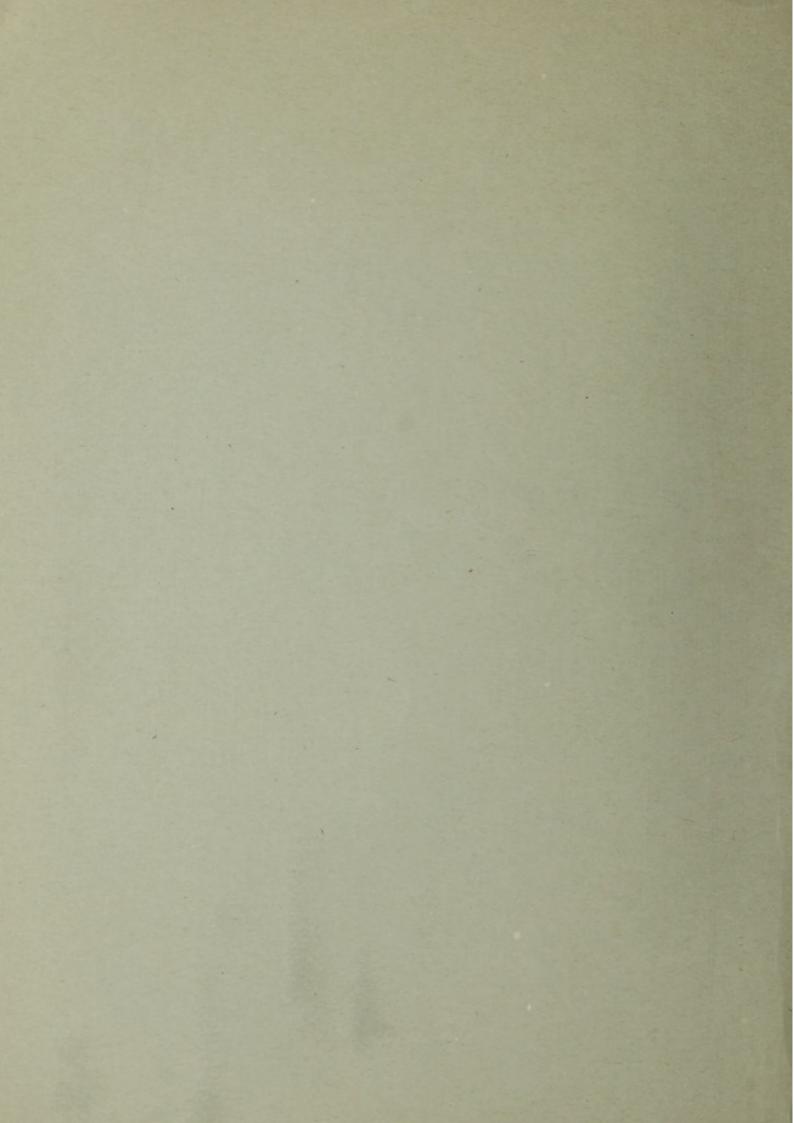


and

Chief Public Health Inspector

for the years

1958 - 1959



THE HEALTH OF DUNSTABLE

REPORT

OF THE

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

FOR

1958 and 1959

H.A.A. PARGETER, M.A., M.B., D.P.H.

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PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT,

PRIORY HOUSE,

DUNSTABLE.

18th April 1961.

To His Worship the Mayor, Aldermen, and Councillors of the Borough of Dunstable.

Gentlemen,

I have the honour to present my Health Report for 1958 and 1959.

The health of the Borough was satisfactory throughout the years, and the area was singularly free from serious epidemic diseases. There were no cases of Diphtheria, Poliomyelitis, Whooping Cough or Food Poisoning, but Measles was widespread in 1959.

There were forty-one deaths from Cancer in 1958, of which eight were Cancer of the Lung. In 1959 there were thirty-nine deaths from the disease, eight being due to Cancer of the Lung.

I wish to acknowledge with thanks the help that has always been given to me by the Town Clerk and the Public Health Inspectors.

I have the honour to be,

Your obedient servant,

H.A.A. Pargeter.

Medical Officer of Health, Borough of Dunstable.

PUBLIC HEALTH STAFF.

- (a) Medical Officer of Health (part-time)
- (b) Chief Public Health Inspector.

H. STEW. M.R.S.H., M.A.P.H.I., R.S.H. Meat and Cther Foods Certificate. (Tel. No. Dunstable 61241).

H.A.A. PARGETER, M.A., M.B., D.P.H. (Tel. No. Dunstable 63526).

- (c) Additional Public Health Inspectors.
 - M. HINCHCLIFFE. M.R.S.H., M.A.P.H.I., R.S.H. Meat and Other Foods Certificate.

F.W.P. HARMSWORTH. A.R.S.H., M.A.P.H.I., R.S.H. Meat and Other Foods Certificate.

(d) Chief Clerk.

Mrs. D.F. WORDSWORTH. (until 1st May 1959)

Mr. K. PAUL. (from 1st July 1959).

(e) Junior Shorthand Typist.

Miss M. JOHN. (until 27th December 1958)

Miss B. J. STRANGE (from 2nd February 1959).

STATISTICS AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS.

DIAITOTIOU MID O	OUTAL OC	110111	OIND.		DIRITION AND GOOTAL COMPLITIONS.											
<u>Vital Statistics</u> .				1958.		1959.										
Area of Borough				2,084 8	cres.	2,084	acres									
Population as estimated by	Registr	ar-Gen	neral	21,300	100	22,320										
Number of inhabited houses Book as at 31st December				7,230		7,540										
Rateable value as at 31st 1	December		£3	13,098	£38	9,995										
Net produce of a penny rate ended 31st March				£1,135	£	1,267										
Number of new houses erected (a) Council (b) Private enter			30.30	151 281		10 330										
EXTRACTS FROM VITAL STATIST	TICS FOR	THE !	YEARS	1958 AND	1959											
The following tables give a years 1958 and 1959 as furnished						es for	the									
	Total	958. M.	F.		.959. M.	F.										
Live Births	429 408 21	202		478 459 19	233											
	ion 1958 Rate ad Rate.															
Birth Rate per 1,000 of populat:	ion 1959	••••	.21.4													
		1958.			1959.											
	Total	М.	F.	Total.	М.	F.										
Still Births Legitimate Illegitimate	9 9	7 7 -	2 2 -	15 15 -	4 4 -	11 11 -										
Rate per 1,000 (live and still births)		20.5			30.4											
Rate per 1,000 of population	MANAGE	0.4			0.7											
Total Live and Still Births:	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.										
Live	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	212	217	478 15	247	231 11										
	7															

438

219 219

493 251 242

Infant deaths (under one year of ag		Illegitimate	Total	
Male	. 4	on cond bati	5	
Total	. 7	old fall Jack	8	
Rate per 1,000 births.	. 16.3	2.3	18.6	
Infant deaths (under four weeks of	age)			
Male		ngastas 1 savira	3 2	
Total.	. 4	1	5	
Rate per 1,000 births.	. 9.3	2.3	11.7	
Illegitimate Live	Births = 4.	9% of total li	ve births	
Maternal Deaths			Nil	
Maternal Mortalit	y rate per 1	,000 live and	still bir	ths -
DEATHS OF INFANTS 1959				
Infant deaths (under one year of ag	19860	Illegitimate	Total	
Male		Boden) BA	9	
Total	British Street	antennand as	16	
Rate per 1,000 births.	. 33.5		33.5	
Infant deaths (under four weeks of	age)			
Male			6	
Total		fifth box	12	
D. 1 3. 000 hinths	25.0		25.2	
Rate per 1,000 births.		of total line	25.2	
Illegitimate Live Maternal Deaths	The same of the same			Nil
152 132 324				
Maternal Mortalit	y rate per I	out Tive and	SCITT OIL	uns -

	DEAT	THS.	1958	8.	1959	•
		Male			126 100	1410101
		Total	. 187	no na molt	226	AT TO
		Death Rate: Crude			10.1	
		CAUSES OF DEATH.	plania			
		M	1950	Females.	Males.	Females.
1	All	factored 1800. Dunimp. i.	95	92	126	100
	10000		"	12		100
	2.	Tuberculosis, respiratory Tuberculosis, other	_	000.00	3	190
	3.	Syphilitic Disease	-	27,076	- 1	- 19
*	4.	Diphtheria	-	060	- 9	FET -
~	5.	Whooping Cough	-	OFF TO	- 3	-
	6.	Meningococcal infections	-	OVER DE	-	-
	7.	Acute Poliomyelitis	ī	ASO OF	-	-
	9.	Other infective and parasitic	_	20,050	-	
	,.	diseases	_ /	22,300	_ 8	199
	10.	Malignant neoplasm, lung, bronchus	6	2	6	2
	11.	Malignant neoplasm, stomach	3	1	4	2 5
-	12.	Malignant neoplasm, breast	-	5	-	1 5
3	13.	Malignant neoplasm, uterus	12-14DE	4	T Trans	1
	14.	Other malignant & lymphatic neoplasms	10	10	14	6
	15.	Leukaemia, aleukaemia	-1	10	1	1
	16.	Diabetes	3	1	2	-
	17.	Vascular lesions of nervous system	11	17	16	16
	18.	Coronary disease, angina	17	10	31	13
	19.	Hypertension with heart disease.	2	5	-	3
	20.	Other heart disease	10	13	9	18
	21.	Other circulatory disease	5	3	5	1
	23.	Pneumonia	6	5	3	6
	24.	Bronchitis	2	5	4	2
	25.	Other diseases of respiratory				title Bin
		system	1	-	-	-
	26.	Ulcer of stomach and duodenum	3	of apr age	2	1
	27.	Gastritis, enteritis and diarrhoea Nephritis and nephrosis	- DO	to an interest	-	2
	29.	Hyperplasia of prostate	2		4	
	30.	Pregnancy, childbirth, abortion.	Ed-my h	I to godon	g Intot	
	31.	Congenital malformations	-	-	1	2
	32.	Other defined and ill-defined	BAN ES	ato for 19	Birth R	
	22	diseases	8	7	8	13
	33. 34.	Motor vehicle accidents	4	1	4	1
	35.	Suicide	tel met	1	4	2
	36.	Homicide and operations of war	-	-	_	-
		-6-		***		. L

POPULATION.

The population as estimated by the Registrar General for 1958 was 21,300 and for 1959 22,320 and the table below shows that there has been a total increase of population of 5,060 in the last nine years.

Population 1950 - 1959

Year.	Population.	Increase over previous year.	Natural Increase.		
1950	17,260	yupintiquot,	5.7		
1951	17,070		2.4		
1952	17,090	20	1.5		
1953	17,270	180	5.1		
1954	17,570	300	5.2		
1955	18,140	570	5.2		
1956	19,020	880	9.3		
1957	20,150	1,130	9.9		
1958	21,300	1,150	10.0		
1959	22,320	1,020	11.3		

'Natural Increase' shows the difference between the birth and death rates.

The average yearly increase in the five years is 950.

Birth Rate.

Birth Rates between different areas cannot be compared unless allowance is made for the number of women residents of child bearing age.

The Registrar General supplies a 'comparability factor' to all areas so that an adjusted Birth Rate can be made. The 'factor' for this Borough for 1958 is 0.95 and for 1959 0.92.

The Birth Rate for 1958 was 23.9 after multiplying the 'crude' Birth Rate of 25.2 by the 'comparability factor'. The Birth Rate for England and Wales as a whole was 16.4.

The total number of live births was 429.

The Birth Rate for 1959 was 21.4 after multiplying the 'crude' Birth Rate of 21.4 by the 'comparability factor'. The Birth Rate for England and Wales as a whole was 19.7.

The total number of live births was 478.

Still Births.

The number of Still Births in 1958 was 9 and the Still Birth Rate 0.4 per 1,000 population. The corresponding Rate per 1,000 total Live and Still Births 16.7

The number of Still Births in 1959 was 15 and the Still Birth Rate 0.7 per 1,000 population. The corresponding Rate per 1,000 total Live and Still Births was 30.4.

Death Rate.

The uncorrected Death Rate for 1958 was 8.8. To make allowances for age and sex constitution the Registrar-General has allowed correction of this figure by the 'comparability factor' of 1.23 by which a corrected Death Rate of 10.8 is obtained. The Rate for England and Wales was 11.7.

The uncorrected Death Rate for 1959 was 10.1. To make allowances for age and sex constitution the Registrar-General has allowed correction of this figure by the 'comparability factor' of 1.29 by which a corrected Death Rate of 13.1 is obtained. The Rate for England and Wales was 11.6

Infant Mortality.

The following tables show deaths of infants from stated causes in weeks and months under one year of age.

		Wee		3-	1958. Total under one month.	1-		nth	<u>s</u>	Total under one year.	-
Prematurity Congenital defects	4	1		-	5	-	-	-	-	5	
Preumonia Acute Laryngo- tracheitis			-		-	-	1	-	-	1	
	4	1	-	-	5	2	1	-	-	8	

Infant Mortality. (continued).

		195 r one nth.	Total under one Month.	Over Month under Yes	but one	Total Under one Year.
Prematurity	M. 5	F.	6	м.	F.	6
Birth Injuries Deformities from Birth	1 -	2	2	1	an solo	3
Meningitis	- 0	1 -	1 -	2	1	3
Rate for England and	6	6	12	3	1	16

The matter of Still Births in 1958 was 9 and the Still Birth

BIRTH RATES, DEATH RATES, ANALYSIS OF MORTALITY, MATERNAL DEATH RATES AND CASE RATES FOR CERTAIN INFECTIOUS DISEASES IN THE YEAR 1958.

A STANTENED ALSE	Borough	England
	of	and
	Dunstable.	Wales. T
	Rates per 1	1,000
AB SHIPHHHKKKA BB SH	Civilian Po	
Births:	M M M M M M	
Live Births	23.9	16.4
Still Births	0.4	0.36
	20.5	21.6 (a)
	~~,	22.0 (4)
Deaths:	20.4	44.
All causes	10.8	11.7
Typhoid and Paratyphoid	-	0.00
Whooping Cough	-	0.00
Diphtheria	-	0.00
Tuberculosis		0.10
Influenza	0.05	0.06
Smallpox	_	0.00
Acute Poliomyelitis	_	0.00
Pneumonia	0.52	0.05
4		
Notificiations (corrected):		3
Typhoid Fever	-	0.00
Paratyphoid Gever	-	0.00
Meningococcal Infection	-	0.02
Scarlet Fever	0.75	0.86
Whooping Cough	E REPORT	0.74
Diphtheria	-	0.00
Erysipelas	_	0.07
Smallpox	_	0.00
Measles	14.55	5.75
Pneumonia	1.41	0.49
Acute Poliomyelitis (including Polio	1 1 1 1 1 1	
encephalitis) -		
Paralytic		0.03
Non-Paralytic		0.01
Food Poisoning		0.20
Puerperal Pyrexia	-	0.24
Dysentery	0.05	0.84
Re	ates per 1,00	O live birth
Deaths:	,	7
All causes under 1 year of age	18.6	22.6
Enteritis and diarrhoea under 2 years		
of age	111111	0.4

⁽a) Per 1,000 Total (live and still) births. + Provisional.

1950 1951 1952 1953 1954 1956 1956 1957 1958 1958	Year.	1950 1951 1952 1953 1954 1955 1956 1956 1957 1958	Year.
17,260 17,070 17,090 17,270 17,570 18,140 19,020 20,150 21,300 22,320	Estimated Population.	17,260 17,070 17,090 17,570 18,140 19,020 20,150 21,300 22,320	Estimated Population.
2001000100	Under 4 Weeks.	284 251 270 288 288 355 371 429 478	Live No.
14 ω μ α α α ω φ1 μ1 μ1 μ	Infant Deaths. 4 weeks to 12 months. To	15.5 13.8 12.7 14.0 14.7 18.7 25.2	Births. Rate per 1,000 estimated population.
16859607373	Rate I	5068987794	No.
23 23 23 23 24 23 24	te per 000 live	Whooping Cough,	Still Bin Rate p
	Nu Sepsis	13.9 31.9 28.2 27.0 27.0 32.7 32.7 30.4	Births. e per 1,000
	Maternal D Number	160 210 192 153 173 173 173 173 226	No.
I I I FFI I I I F	Deaths. Ra	Dysambory	Deaths. Rate Es
IIIIIIIII	Rate per 1,000 total births.	9.8 11.2 11.2 9.4 9.4 10.1	te per 1,000 Estimated population.

NOTIFIED INFECTIOUS DISEASES (Civilian). 1958.

The American Mark Har											
Thursday ACAT	Under	1	2	3	4	5	10	15	25	Age	6880
mont total	1	to	to	to	to	to	to	to	&	Un-	Total.
	Year	2	3		5	9			over	known	nells.
					-						-/
Scarlet Fever	-	-	-	1	3	9	2	1	-	-	16
Whooping Cough	350	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ac. Poliomyelitis	by hebi	+		aba						A Sie bet	
(Paralytic)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ac. Poliomyelitis				-	!				-2		
(Non-paralytic).	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	to-Trend
Measles (excluding				6						denno.	and the same of the
rubella)	1	3	-	5	5	15	1	-	1	-	31
Diphtheria	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dysentery	-	- 1	1	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	1
Meningococcal									1000		THE REAL PROPERTY.
infection	-	-	_	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-
Ac. Pneumonia	-	_	_	_	_	_	_ '	-	3		3
Smallpox	-	-	_	_	_	_	_	-	-		The state of the s
Ac. Encephalitis									1700	at Thos	DONGLOSS
(Infective)	-	- 1	_	_		_	_	_	-	· · · BERRO	12000
Ac. Encephalitis				-			-	-	1		Smallpox
(Post-Infectious)									12	a # Tuesdan	Route En
Enteric or Typhoid	-			1					-		10251
	1									20020	POST
fever	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	e Typhos	o Drawns
Paratyphoid fever	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		oval bl	Peralpone
Erysipelas	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		Logiage
Food Poiscning	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Entre	Log book
Puerperal Pyrexia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	LA TOTAL	last ground
Ophthalmia neonatorum	1 -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	mated a	Late Chiles
Infective Hepatitis.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Glandular Fever	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Totals	1	3	1	6	8	24	3	1	4	_	51
	!										1
	+	-			-		-	-			

NOTIFIED INFECTIOUS DISEASES.

General Statistics. The following table shows the number of cases of Infectious Diseases notified during 1959 together with the number admitted to hospital, and the deaths from these diseases:-

Diseases.	Total Cases Notified.	Cases admitted to Hospital.	Total Deaths Registered.
Scarlet Fever	4	· (010)	ozog-co-di
Acute Poliomyelitis:	1 3 3 5	5 5	(allodox
Paralytic	4 4		Dynamics
Measles (excluding rubella)	243	1	ADDL OOL BERNEY
Diphtheria	-	3 - 1	
Dysentery Meningococcal infection			Cont. Long.
Ac. Pneumonia	2	1	9
Smallpox	-	- 1	Re. Encophal
Infective			obsidence)
Post-infectious	-	- ocondy	-
Enteric or Typhoid Fever Paratyphoid Fevers			blodge fares
Erysipelas	-		and a law and
Food Poisoning	5		S Comments
Puerperal Pyrexia Ophthalmia neonatorum		#1112074004	ALEXANDER OF

Scarlet Fever.

During 1958 sixteen cases were notified compared with two in 1957. All were of a mild type. During 1959 four cases were notified.

Whooping Cough.

During 1958 there were no notifications of this diseas. In 1957 there were twenty-four cases. During 1959 there were nine notifications of this disease.

Measles.

During 1958 Thirty-one cases were notified compared with one hundred and eleven in 1957. There was one death due to this disease. During 1959 Two hundred and forty-three cases were notified.

Diphtheria.

No cases were notified during 1958 or 1959.

Dysentery.

During 1958 one case was notified, compared with sixteen in 1957. Infection was due to Shigella Sonnei. During 1959 one case was notified.

Poliomyelitis.

The Borough was free from this disease during 1958 and 1959. One case was notified during 1957.

Food Poisoning.

During 1958 no cases were notified. During 1959 five cases were notified.

TUBERCULOSIS.

NEW CASES AND MORTALITY DURING 1958.

NEW CASES		w Case			Deaths.					
			Non	Part I			Non-			
	Pulmo		Pulmo			onary	Pulmonary			
	M.	F.	M.	F.	М.	F.	M.	F.		
	-	00173	sun or	av none	gogdz	8.888	200	and .		
Under 5 years		-	-	Duran	.000	-	-	THE IL		
5 - 14 years		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
15 - 24 years	-	4	-	-	-	-	10-	or took		
25 - 44 years	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-		
45 - 64 years		-	-	·		-	-	-		
65 and over		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Age unknown		-	-	-	-	- 90	-			
Totals	2	6	-	-	-	-	-	1-10m		

NEW CASES AND MORTALITY DURING 1959.

NEW CA		ew Cas		2011210	Deaths.					
			Non				Non-			
	Pulmo		Pulmo	ALCOHOLD ST.		onary		onary		
	М.	F.	M.	F.	М.	F.	М.	F.		
Under five years.	- 65	1-0		-	L'IL TON	A.TOM	-	915		
5 - 14 years	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-		
15 - 24 years		-	-	-	-	-	-	- DES		
25 - 44 years		3	-	-	1	-	-	-		
45 - 64 years		1	-	-	2	-	-	-		
65 and over		-	-	-	110000	-	-	-		
Age unknown	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 15		
Totals	6	5	-	-	3	-	_	-		
dest and 1950, John	70 19					M qSt	umit.			

NATIONAL ASSISTANCE ACT, 1948 - SECTION 47. Persons in need of care and attention.

This Section provides for the necessary care and attention of persons who:

- (a) are suffering from grave chronic disease or, being aged and infirm or physically incapacitated, are living in insanitary conditions, and
- (b) are unable to devote to themselves, and are not receiving from other persons, proper care and attention.

During 1958 in one case only was it found necessary to take legal action for compulsory removal. During 1959 in two cases only was it found necessary to take legal action for compulsory removal.

ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH

REPORT

OF THE

FOR THE YEARS

1958 and 1959

HAROLD STEW, M.R.S.H., M.A.P.H.I.

PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT,
PRIORY HOUSE,
HIGH STREET SOUTH,
DUNSTABLE.

January, 1961.

His Worship the Mayor, Aldermen and Councillors of the Borough of Dunstable.

Gentlemen,

As a result of the delay in preparation of this report its main purpose can only be a factual record of work carried out and any comment may well be out of date a rea superfluous.

The work of a Local Authority receives little publicity and many of its activities are taken for granted, it is hoped therefore that readers will find in these few pages an indication of the constant activity which is necessary to maintain the very satisfactory standard of environmental health which most of us enjoy.

With increased industrialisation and constant influx of additional population the problem of speedy and efficient removal and disposal of the waste products becomes of paramount importance. By far the largest step forward in this connection during the period under review was the completion of the New Sewage Disposal Works which came into operation early in 1958, details of which, kindly supplied by the Borough Engineer and Surveyor, will be found in paragraph 3 of this Report.

Although the Refuse Collection Service continued to suffer from labour difficulties brought about by the attractiveness of alternative employment in the local factories, it was still found possible to maintain a very regular and satisfactory service. Although the need for tipping space was becoming desperate, the negotiations for a new tipping site were not finalised until the end of 1958. It seems remarkable that in an area from which millions of tons of chalk have been extracted and where the pits are an eyesore all around us it becomes increasingly difficult to obtain tipping facilities.

The work of the Department continued to be completely absorbing in both time and energy and I would like to record my appreciation of the help and support given me by The Medical Officer of Health, other Chicf Officers, Mr. Hinchcliffe, Mr. Harmsworth and the Clerical Staff.

- 17 -

I have the honour to be Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
HAROLD STEW.
Chief Public Health Inspector.

SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE AREA

1. GENERAL.

The town continued to expand, plans for development continue to pour in and will soon completely absorb the comparatively small area contained within the Borough. Despite the considerable industrial development, the population is well served by open spaces and this, combined with a high elevation and prevailing south westerly winds which reach us from the Chiltern Hills, gives the environmental health workers a very good start in their efforts to maintain a satisfactory standard.

2. WATER SUPPLY.

(a) Source and Consumption.

There was no alteration in the general source of supply during 1958 and 1959 and we are indebted to the Eastern Gas Board, who were the water undertakers, for kindly supplying most of the information used in the preparation of this Report. From the following table it will be noted that a high proportion of the supply continues to be provided through Luton, and that the amount consumed continues to increase.

There was no shortage experienced during the period, nor was any anticipated in the immediate future.

	1957. Million gallons.	1958. Million gallons.	1959. Million gallons.
From Wells within the Borough	222.4	206.01	249.81
From Wells at Friars Wash	303.5	360.67	385.13
	525.9	566.67	634,94

This amount can be roughly divided, by way of consumption, in the following manner:-

			1920.	1929.
(1)	Domestic (unmetered)	approx.	458.86	502.47
(2)	Domestic (unmetered) Industrial (metered)	approx.	107.81	132.47

(b) Quality.

A total of one hundred and eighty four samples were submitted for bacteriological examination by the Eastern Gas Board during 1958 and one hundred and eighty three in 1959 and copies of the Reports were forwarded to the Medical Officer of Health. The results of the samples taken from the Town's mains during distribution were uniformly satisfactory.

A typical bacteriological report being as follows:-

"This is a very satisfactory sample. It is clear and bright in appearance and of the highest standard of bacterial purity indicative of a wholesome water suitable for drinking and domestic purposes."

Samples taken from the outlet pump at the Dunstable Waterworks before chlorination, however, showed some bacterial impurity and the bacteriologist reported as follows:-

"This sample is clear and bright in appearance. It shows slight bacterial impurity but coliform organisms are limited to small number and Bact. coli are absent from among them. No difficulty would be expected in the chlorination of the water to achieve the standard of bacterial purity appropriate to a public supply".

It was suggested that the presence of Coliform bacilli had been found to coincide with heavy rainfall, and since there had been no evidence of Coliform faecal origin, it was felt that the automatic chlorination which took place would maintain the supply in a satisfactory condition. Approximately 0.2 parts per million of Chlorine was added to the supply at its source and the residual chlorination recorded in the samples taken varied between 0.2 parts per million and 0.1 parts per million.

One sample was submitted for chemical analysis in 1958 and three in 1959 from the outlet pump at the Dunstable Waterworks. The laboratory reports were as follows:-

"This sample is clear and bright in appearance, neutral in reaction and free from iron and other metals. The water is hard in character but not to an excessive degree and it contains no excess of salinity or mineral constituents in solution. It is of the highest standard of organic and bacterial purity.

These results are indicative of a pure and wholesome water suitable for public supply purposes."

(c) New Works.

No major alterations were carried out during the period under review but some improvements were effected to the service in the Tring Road area and much normal work was necessary to supply new premises.

(d) Plumbo-Solvency.

The chemical analysis taken during the year showed a complete absence of lead and no trace was found of Copper, Zinc, Iron and Manganese. This is not surprising in view of the presence of both permanent and temporary hardness.

(e) Risk of Contamination.

There are no special risks involved in collection or distribution although the presence of a sewer in the Dunstable Waterworks land is causing some concern in view of the unsatisfactory samples.

(f) Number of Dwelling Houses Supplied.

Every house in the town is supplied from the town mains. There are no private supplies. The number of houses in the Borough without a separate piped supply is very small.

3. DRAINAGE AND SEWERAGE.

I am indebted to the Borough Engineer and Surveyor for the following information regarding drainage and sewerage:-

"By far the most important matter concerning Sewerage was the completion of the new Disposal Works, which first came into operation during April, 1958, and which was officially opened by the Minister of Housing & Local Government, the Rt. Hon. Henry Brooke, P.C., M.P. on the 27th June 1958.

The final cost of this works with its design capacity for a population of 40,000, will be about £300,000, and bearing in mind that the generally accepted average cost of a Disposal Works per head of population is £10. to £11. it will be seen that the new Dunstable works are economic both in design and construction.

Moreover, because of the processes employed on an ideal site, operative labour costs are low. In addition to the Manager, a mechanic, four Watermen and Labourers, and a Junior Laboratory Assistant make up the total staff. Analyses of the final effluent from the Works show that the standards are well within those imposed by the Rivers Board.

3. DRAINAGE AND SEWERAGE (continued).

In addition to the new Disposal Works, a new Cutfall Sewer was laid to the Works Intake from Houghton Regis village green. This sewer also provides for the drainage of a very large residential unit north of the village, which is being undertaken jointly by the Luton Rural District Council and the London County Council, and which will ultimately contain over 2,000 dwellings, together with ancillary buildings such as schools, shops, etc.,.

The North Ward Surface Water Outfall, was completed in 1959 and will undoubtedly remedy flooding which has occurred in the vicinity of Brewers Hill Road and the High Street North Railway Bridge.

Other works included the construction of Foul and Surface Water Outfall Sewers draining the southern part of the Croft Golf Course Estate, new lengths of sewers provided by Private Enterprise in the Poynters Road, Luton Road area and a new Surface Water Sewer in Upper Union Street.

The sewers in the Borough generally are in a good condition, although a major blockage occurred in Luton Road in 1958, where the sewer crosses Laporte's Sports Ground, which cost several hundred pounds to rectify."

4. RIVERS AND STREAMS.

There are no rivers or streams in the Borough.

5. PUBLIC CLEANSING.

The Public Health Department is responsible for the collection and disposal of Refuse and Salvage, the Borough Surveyor's Department being responsible for Street Cleansing and gully emptying.

(a) Refuse Collection.

The number of inhabited houses continued to increase, 432 having been built during 1958 and 440 in 1959.

The service was still lcsing good men into the more lucrative and congenial employment in local factories and rather more time was lost than usual as a result of sickness. Two men were off work for 5 and 6 weeks respectively after hospital treatment and a further 1751 man hours were lost as a result of general sickness in 1958 and a total of 1989 man hours in 1959. This is a major difficulty in a district where it is virtually impossible to obtain suitable replacements or casual labour of any kind.

Despite this difficulty a regular weekly collection was maintained except when snow and heavy rain interfered.

(a) Refuse Collection (continued).

The 1948 Lewin 'Compressing' Vehicle which had been very unreliable in its later life was replaced in May 1958 by a Shelvske & Drewry 16/18 cu. yard fore and aft Tipper and this contributed to the maintenance of a satisfactory service.

(b) Refuse Disposal.

The Council's Tip at Whipsnade Road was almost completely filled by the end of 1958, much of it having been levelled off and loads of soil spread to allow re-grassing. Although the land is too far from the centre of town to be of much value as an open space the area has been improved considerably by this reclamation of a very large chalk working which had been an obvious scar upon the approach to the Downs. After four years, negotiations for the purchase of a new site for tipping were concluded early in 1959. The site was a worked out Chalk Quarry just outside the Borough Boundary off Buttercup Lane but only a few hundred yards from the houses at the south western extremity of Meadway. This caused some controversy and the Council met a deputation of Meadway residents who were objecting to the proposed use. They were assured that every possible precaution would be taken to prevent any nuisance, including rigid observance of the rules laid down for Controlled Tipping. Tipping commenced in April 1959, and although there were a few isolated complaints I think it is true to say that the local residents are appreciative of the very careful way in which the Tip has been managed. Much of the credit for this must be given to the Tip Attendant, - Mr. R. Meakins, who with the aid of the Fristol '25' Angledozer has covered the refuse immediately after deposit. A very adequate supply of good covering material has been forthcoming from local Public Works Contractors who are allowed to tip Soil free of charge.

With the continued growth of the Town the volume of refuse increases and the following analysis of the number of loads of various kinds dealt with at the Tip gives some indication of the problem.

ANALYSIS OF THE LOADS DEPOSITED AT THE REFUSE TIP.

	No. of 1958.	Loads. 1959.
Public Health Department.		
Lorry S.1. (Karrier Bantam 7 cu. yds.) Lorry S.2. (Commer Dual-Tip 18/20 cu. yds.) Lorry S.3. (S.D. Fore & Aft. 16/18 cu. yds.) Lorry S.4. (Karrier Bantam 7 cu. yds.) Lorry S.5. (Bedford Side-loader 12 cu.yds.)	538 711 444	373 716 882 376 851
Totals	2,548	3,198
Highways Department.		
Lorry Tractor & Trailer Road Sweeper	381	771 311 255
Totals	1,040	1,337
Luton Rural District Council.	S	MELDINE DAMAGEM
Lorries	302	172
Private Contractors.	EL . 465.	E THE STATE
Trade Refuse		1,636 486
Totals	1,863	2,122
Total number of Loads deposited	5,753	6,829

(c) Salvage.

Waste paper and other Salvage is collected and carried in traffers attached to the refuse collecting vehicles. A separate collection is made from the larger shops and business premises.

The limitations on the amount of waste paper which the Mills would accept from Councils was relaxed during this period and strenuous efforts were made to increase the amount collected. There are several advantages in this:

- (c) Salvage (continued).
- (1) If not collected as salvage it has to be buried on the Tip with consequent labour and loss of valuable tipping space.
- (2) The revenue assists with the costs of maintaining the refuse collection service and
- (3) but certainly not last in importance, the 25% of the revenue which is shared by the employees helps to reduce the considerable gap between the wages which can be paid by Local Authorities and those paid in the local factories.

How successful our Salvage efforts have been is reflected in the following table of income:

1954	Year 1957.				Ye	Year 1958.			Year 1959.			
	Tons	cwts	qrs	lbs	tons	cwts	qrs	lbs	tons	cwts	qrs	lbs.
Paper	290	3	1		339	7	1		455	14	2	-
Heavy Iron	7	10	3	-	5	19	3	-	11	1	1	-
Rags	3	18	1	14	4	8	3	7	5	1	2	21
Brass, Lead,												
Aluminium, Copper	1	2	1	19	1	6	-	26	1	14	1	23
Tins	8	-	-	-	20	-	-	-	-	6	3	100
VALUE	VALUE £2,594. 15s. 4d.			£3	,090.	7s.	10d.	£4,0	016. 1	Ls. 2	d.	

(d) Public Health Department Depot.

On 31st January 1958 the Council, at a Special Purposes Committee, agreed in principle to the Establishment of a Public Health Department Depot at Meadway, and at the end of 1959 detailed plans had been prepared for submission to the Tlanning Authority. At the time of going to press the Department is still struggling to carry out its functions from the obsolete and completely inadequate West Street Depot.

Regard should be given to the increased difficulties resulting from: (1) the considerably increased flow of waste paper which is handled in what is nothing more than an open fronted wooden shed and 2 cwt. bales having to be manhandled to a height of 10' to facilitate storage,

(2) the impossibility of entrance and exit for the larger capacity vehicles which consequently have to park temporarily, when unhitching trailers, in a Trunk Road

which is getting busier every day,

(d) Public Health Department Depot (continued).

(3) the need for additional and larger garages for

these vehicles, and

(4) the necessity of providing at least some reasonably adequate welfare provisions for the men who are employed on one of the less pleasant tasks in all weathers.

(e) Cleansing of Cesspools.

It will not be possible to reduce the number of cesspools in the Town until a sewer is provided which can serve those properties in Tring Road and The Avenue which are below the level of the existing sewers.

6. SANITARY INSPECTION OF THE AREA.

The following schedules give details and number of inspections made and the results of notices served:-

2000	1958	1959
General Sanitation.	ablants	0 (9)
Drain tests. Water supply. Drainage Keeping of Animals. Accumulations. National Assistance Act Fried fish shops. Hotels and lodging houses Houses Let in Lodgings. Caravans. Caravan Sites. Dilapidated buildings. Factories - with power - without power. Swimming Pool. Workplaces. Bakehouses. Public Conveniences. Theatres and places of Entertainment. Licensed premises. Refuse collection. Refuse disposal. Rats, mice and rabbits. Atmospheric Pollution. Schools. Shops. General administration and miscellaneous Interviews. Offensive smells. Public Mortuary.	39 8 407 25 48 62 8 37 3 490 2 80 128 6 21 21 7 218 16 18 372 194 170 15 7 113 731 1086 17 10	87 6 41,7 8 39 40 8 5 1124 24 92 100 17 18 15 5 170 14 36 348 272 56 77 2 89 663 894 39 8
Under Public Health Acts. Number of houses inspected	251	248
Visits paid to above houses Under Housing Acts.	990	991
Number of houses inspected	104 351	104 428

6. SANITARY INSPECTION OF THE AREA (continued).

	1958	1959
Housing (continued).		
Overcrowding.	on Inne	N. Bar
Number of houses inspected	17 40	10 16
Filthy and Verminous Premises.	0.570-0.0	
Number of houses inspected	20 48	34 57
Rent Act	149	30
Housing Applications etc	205	131.
Improvement Grants	201	243
infectious Diseases.		
Inquiries in cases of infectious diseases Visits re. disinfection	25 12 33	12 7 43
leat and Food Inspection.		
Inspection of Meat.		
Visits to slaughterhouse	369 3 4	594 11 1
Visits to:-		
Butchers Canteens Dairies and milk distributors Fishmonger and poulterers Food preparing premises Grocers Greengrocers and fruiterers Ice-cream premises Market stalls Restaurants	59 12 8 10 22 135 19 12 459 47	32 4 14 13 13 33 25 16 544 47
Other food premises Meat delivery vehicles	12 51 4	14 28 7

6. SANITARY INSPECTION OF THE AREA (continued).

	1958	1959
Meat and Food Inspection (continued).	- nalibe	Overer
Visits in connection with sampling:-	or today	
Milk bacteriological	6	- 4
Water Swimming Pool	13	1 6
		Bank Ac
Miscellaneous food visits	66	23
Pet Animals Act	4	6
	aarasi	1 cuphte
	020 .00	nothery
	1958	1959
Number of Abatement Notices served	7	12
The second National American	7	9
Number of Abatement Notices complied with	265	254
	265 255	
Number of Informal Notices given	The state of the s	254
Number of Informal Notices given	The state of the s	254
Number of Informal Notices given	255	254 237

Firegrates repaired or new provided

Chimney flues improved.....

Eaves gutters repaired or new provided

Ventilation improved.....

Sub-Floor ventilation provided or improved

SCHEDULE OF WORK DONE (continued).

	1959.	1958	1959
(a)	Structural Alterations (continued).	RADER	El restal
	Boundary walls rebuilt	1	12 .D.W
	Doors and frames repaired or new provided	10	8
	Windows and frames repaired or new provided	39	18
	Window sills repaired or new provided	19	2
	External walls repaired, repointed or rendered	15	4
	Yard and passage paving repaired or new provided	4	6
	Water storage tanks repaired or new provided	3	4
	Exterior redecoration carried out	3 5 2	3
	Doors provided with weatherboards and weatherbars	2	1
	Doorsteps repaired or new provided	15	8
	Food stores provided or improved	1	1
	Staircases repaired	2	
	Handrail provided	1	Secreta
	Airbricks provided or renewed	3	3
	Window reveals and sills repointed	22	1
	Windows provided with sashcords	23	18
	Coal stores repaired	3	red ris-W
	Miscellaneous	2	3
	Bak addition building demolished and rebuilt	ent- t	1
(b)	Water Closets and Drainage Defects (Houses).		- Link
	W.C. cisterns repaired or new provided	47	24
	Inspection chambers provided	3	~=
	Inspection chambers improved	41 3 2	3
	Inspection chambers provided with covers and fram		3
	Waste pipes repaired or new provided	2	i
	W.C. seats repaired or new provided	8	1
	W.C. pans provided	10	6
	Flush pipe joints renewed	2	1
	Drains repaired or relaid	5	7
	New drains laid	3 2	-
	Soil pipes repaired or new provided		2000 hard
	Drains cleared	8	0.00 807.7
	Gullies provided	1	2
	Overflow pipes repaired	ddol 5	2 3 1
	Waste pipes disconnected from rainwater pipe		1
	Waste pipes repaired or new provided	ggue Ti	9 4
	Sink and washbasins renewed Dirty W.C. cleansed	Lyong :	1
	Gully dishings and surrounds repaired	5	
	W.C. roofs repaired	5 7	10
	W.C. ceilings repaired	2	Dr una 1
	W.C. walls repaired	9	4
	W.C. eaves gutters and R.W.P. repaired or new		
	provided	6	3

SCHEDULE OF WORK DONE (continued).

	1989 1 1989	1958	1959.
(b)	Water Closets and Drainage Defects (Houses) (conti	nued).	South B
	W.C. floors repaired. W.C. doors and frames repaired. Dilapidated W.C. structures demolished. Disused drains sealed. Water supply pipes and stopcocks repaired. Tap repaired or renewed. Miscellaneous. Water supply restored to W.C.	2532923-	5 1 6 14 - 3 6
(c)	Food Hygiene Regulations.	7977 79	Doorst
	Businesses ceased in lieu of compliance with Regulations Storage of returnable container improved. Warnings re smoking whilst handling food. Names and addresses provided on stalls and vehicle Hot water supply provided or improved. Wash hand basins provided. Sinks provided. First aid kits provided. Soap, nailbrushes and towels provided. Walls repaired. Ceilings repaired. Rooms decorated. Equipment cleansed. Food display improved. Ventilation improved. Floors repaired. Personal cleanliness improved. Clothing storage improved. "Wash your hands" Notices provided in W.C's. Businesses discontinued at unsanitary premises. Dirty conditions remedied. Food storage improved. W.C's. cleansed. Ventilated lobby provided between W.C. and food room. W.C. water supply pipes repaired. W.C. pans provided. Inspection chambers provided. Drains repaired. Drains laid.	10 5 1 3 3 6 4 4 6 2 1 7 1 2 11 2 4 1 3 2 - 1 1 1	1-2132-1113-1111211- 116

SCHEDULE OF WORK DONE (continued).

-			
		1958	1959.
(c)	Food Hygiene Regulations.	o) Jasi	mical (a)
	Rainwater pipe disconnected from drain	1	1
	Accumulations removed	1 2 15	2
	Dustbins provided	15	
	Yard paving relaid		1 3
	Meat delivery vehicle provided with Offal bins Warnings re. carrying meat without head covering	-	1
	warmings re. carrying meat wromout mead covering	e mmy	singt ()
(d)	Shops.	10 mm	V#120
	W.C's. decorated	-	1
	Rooms decorated	-	1
	Heating provided or improved	1	
	Vertilation provided or improved	1	January -
	Lighting Provided or improved	2	FEEE
	Eaves gutters repaired or new provided	2	G wall
	Yard and passage paving provided or repaired	î	admit.
	Drains cleared	1 2 1 2 1 2 2	domina.
	Drains laid	2	120205
	Drains repaired	-	1
	Inspection chambers provided	-	1
	Floors repaired	-	2
	Ceilings repaired	_	1
, .		BECOUNTY	maria (a)
(e)	Factories.	ad sos	Banne
	Use ceased in lieu of compliance with Act	-	1
	Drains cleared	1	2
	Drains relaid	5	1
	Urinals provided	3	
	W.C. structures repaired	3	-
	Dirty sanitary accommodation cleansed	5 3 3 4 7	-
	W.C's. redecorated		
	W.C. seats repaired or new provided	4 2	2
	W.C. cisterns repaired or new provided	7	1
	Sanitary accommodation suitably marked for both	1	
	sexes	4	
	Suitable screening provided to sanitary		
	accommodation	2	-
	Electric lighting provided to sanitary	1	
	accommodation	2	1
	Intervening ventilated space provided to sanitary accommodation	3	-
	Sinks provided	2	-
		1	1

SCHEDULE OF WORK DONE (continued).

	. CORO	1958	1959
(e)	Factories. (continued).		1 1 1 1
	Wash hand basins provided	9	amaged.
	Number of employees reduced where sanitary accommodation insufficient	1 -	ī
(f)	Tents, Vans and Sheds.	197 0	
	Caravans moved in lieu of compliance with Act Standings and yard improved	- 1	1
	Number on site reduced and distance between made adequate	1	794
	W.C's. provided	1 2 1 2 1 2 1	Blog Z
	Gullies provided	2	TOWN TO THE REAL PROPERTY.
	Inspection chambers provided	2	-
	Water supply improved	1	1
	Accumulations removed Dustbins provided Soakaway provided	-	1 1 1
(g)	Other Premises.	ages at	CELLED.
	Dangerous buildings made safe	1 3	4 2
	Disused wells filled Eaves gutter and rainwater pipe provided at place of Public Entertainment		1

OFFENSIVE TRADES - Section 107 Public Health Act, 1936.

Section 86 of the Public Health Acts (Amendment) Act, 1907, requiring the registration of Marine Store Dealers' premises and for the keeping of records is in force in the Borough. There are only two premises registered, both dealing in scrap metal and rags.

FACTORIES ACT. 1937

Information as to the number of Inspections made, notices served and work carried out under the provisions of the above Act are set out below:

(1) INSPECTIONS FOR PURPOSES OF PROVISIONS AS TO HEALTH.

-02 0 100 -	Num	ber	. D. U	Number of					
Premises	Regi	n		ections 1959	Write	ten		cuted	
(1)Factories in which Sections 1,2,3,4 and 6 are to be en- forced by Local Authori- ties	12	11	6	17	2	1959	o osi oraki	TimenI(s stansU(s stan	
(11)Factories not included in (1) above in which Section is enforced by the Local Authority		122	128	100	12	7	noon notine relate X)	the vaff (not inc) (not inc) offences	
(111)Other Premise in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding out-workers' premises)	8	14	21	18	25	1959		EZATOT	
TOTAL	153	147	155	135	14	7	-	-	

(2) CASES IN WHICH DEFECTS WERE FOUND.

		Numl		ases in w		Number of
Particulars	M 0.		defects	were four	cases in	
	1			Referre	-	which pro- secutions
			Re-	H.M.In-	By H.M.In-	
		Found	medied		spector	The state of the s
and Landell	The state of	2 04114		1	DECOUCE	BOTOGOGA
Sanitary			ampitho		telged	
Conveniences:			1337		LOS ESSA	
/ \=			_			of astronautra
(a) Insufficient.			1 2	-	-	Which Scott or
(b)Unsuitable or	1959	1	2	-	-	0 Bm 0, 8, 5, 6
defective.	1958	9	7	_	1	-39 no of 926
401000110.	1959	6	7 3	_	1 3	10 10000
	-///					- POLICE ESCOL
(c)Not separate	100 1		THE REAL PROPERTY.	3 13	201	
for sexes.	1958	1	1	-	-	
	1959	-	-	-	-	-
011						11 own do (E)
Other offences	-					and the same state of
(not including offences relation	na					a to-motion all
to Outwork).	1958	1	1			Local edit
oo casworn,.	1959		201	200	2	Will applicable
TOTALS.	1958		10		1	The second second
TOTALD.						Section of
	1959	7	5	-	3	Si C To Line E

(3) OUTWORK - SECTIONS 110 and 111

	SECT No. of out-	SECTI out-	SECTION 110	N 110	NO.		No. of		SECTION 111			
Nature of Work	August list required by Section 110 (1) (c) 1958 1959	list 3 by 110 3)	of default in sending lists to th Council.	of default in sending lists to the Council.	prosecutions for failure to supply lists.	for failure work in to supply unwholesome lists.	instances work in unwholesom premises. 1958 1959	instances of work in unwholesome premises. 1958 1959	Notices served. 1958 1999		Prosecu- tions.	-nc-
Wearing apparel (Making, etc.)	30	36	1	1	1	1	1	1	ı	1	1	
Box Making	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Novelty Making	2	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Plastic Goods	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
TOTAL	34	40	1	ı	1	1	1	1	ı	1	1	

8. ATMOSPHERIC POLLUTION (continued).

A factory adjacent to the Southern boundary of the Town was responsible for two further complaints but these were promptly and adequately dealt with by our colleagues in the neighbouring Rural District.

9. SWIMMING POOLS.

There is one swimming pool in the Borough open to the general public.

It is privately owned, open air, and the water which is supplied from its own deep well is constantly circulating and is filtered chlorinated and aerated.

Most of the local Schools use the pool for swimming instruction during the Summer and constant watch is therefore maintained on the quality of the water.

Although the twelve samples of bath water taken by the Department were reported upon as satisfactory in every case but one conditions generally as to the upkeep of the Pool deteriorated.

In view of the lack of statutory power to deal with any unsatisfactory conditions the Council agreed to make Bye-laws under Section 233 of the Public Health Act 1936 for:

- (a) securing the purity of the water therein;
- (b) ensuring the adequacy and cleanliness of the accommodation thereat;
- (c) regulating the conduct of persons resorting thereto; and
- (d) the prevention of accidents.

These bye laws based on the Model Standard laid down by the Ministry were submitted for confirmation towards the end of 1959.

10. PLACES OF PUBLIC ENTERTAINMENT.

There is only one cinema within the Borough and regular inspection of the sanitary accommodation has been carried out.

The County Council as Licensing Authority were provided with the necessary annual Certificates that the sanitary accommodation was adequate and had been maintained satisfactorily during the years 1958 and 1959.

As a result of constant watchfulness a satisfactory standard of hygier is now obtained in the food stalls and sanitary accommodation which accompany the Annual Statute Fair.

11. DISINFESTATION.

Particulars of the action taken for the eradication of bed bugs is set out below:

					1900	1909
(a)	Number	of Council Houses		Infested Disinfested	1	1 1
(b)	Number	of Other Houses	(1)	Infested	-	1

Three private houses were disinfested in 1958 to eradicate fleas.

(2) Disinfested ...

1

The Council agreed to provide a full service for the destruction of wasps nests and 6 were destroyed in 1958 and 62 in 1959.

12. RODENT CONTROL.

A baiting and poisoning treatment of the sewers was carried out between 11th and 26th November 1958. Sixty of the towns Six hundred and twenty manholes were test baited and twenty showed a bait take. These indicated a heavy infestation again in the Central and Northern areas of the Town, a maximum number of manholes in these areas were then prebaited and poison baited with damp sausage rusk and zinc phosphide. Seventy six out of the ninety manholes prebaited showed a "take" including sixty with a "complete take"

A further maintenance treatment for rats in sewers was carried out in March 1959. Eighty manholes were prebaited and thirty six only showed a "take" Bread mash and arsenious oxide were used for the prisoning treatment and the result shows an encouraging reduction in the rat population in the Sewers.

The following table shows the action taken with regard to surface infestations of Rats and Mice.

1	Dwelli	ing Houses.	Business Premises.		
	Initial.	Retreatments.	Initial.	Retreatments	
1958.	82	167	14	10	
1959.	72	84	30	76	

All the work was carried out by the one part-time rodent operative employed in the Department under the direction of the Public Health Inspectors.

SECTION D.

HOUSING

(a) UNFIT PROPERTIES.

As the result of doubt on the part of the Council as to their capability for continued re-housing on the same level the Slum Clearance programme was slowed down somewhat during this period. Considerable activity however took place by way of consolidation and in conclusion of action previously taken.

The Dunstable (Church Street) Compulsory Purchase Order No. 1/1956 consisting of nine unfit houses and a fish shop was confirmed by the Minister in November 1958.

A total of 37 families comprising 85 persons were rehoused from unfit properties by the Council. They consisted of 21 families from properties in private ownership and 16 from unfit properties owned by the Council, this latter category being largely from Bennetts Close Meadway, Manchester Place, High Street North and Nos. 51 to 57 St. Mary's Street.

Sixteen houses in Beale Street Nos. 9 to 39 were "Represented" in December 1958 and a "Clearance Order" finally confirmed in March 1960 after a Public Inquiry had been held in January 1960

The following sixteen premises were the subject of Demolition or Closing Orders after Individual Unfit House procedure:

Nos. 1, 2 and 3 Ashton Street.) Nos. 1, 3 and 5 West Street.)	Almshouses, Closing Orders.
44 Church Street	Closing Order.
30 High Street South	Closing Order.
134 High Street South	Demolition Order.
143 High Street South	Closing Order.
165 High Street South	Undertakings accepted.
167 High Street South	Undertakings accepted.
132 Victoria Street	Demolition Order .
134 Victoria Street	Demolition Order.
136 Victoria Street	Demolition Order.
138 Victoria Street	Demolition Order.

(a) UNFIT PROPERTIES (continued).

The following premises were demolished during the period under review:

Dunstable Clearance Area No. 3/1956.	
Nos. 47 to 55 Church Street	5 houses.
Dunstable Clearance Area No. 4/1956.	
Nos. 153 to 161 Church Street	5 houses.
Individual Unfit Houses.	
Nos. 62 to 72 High Street South	5 houses.
Nos. 58 to 60 High Street South	3 houses.
Nos. 130 to 134 High Street South	3 houses.
Nos. 5 to 11 Church Street	4 houses.
Nos. 127 to 137 Church Street	6 houses.
Nos. 141 to 145 Church Street	3 houses.
Nos. 149 to 151 Church Street	2 houses.
Nos. 163 to 165 Church Street	2 houses.
Nos. 78 to 80 High Street North	2 houses.
Nos. 227 to 235 High Street North	5 houses.
Nos. 51 to 57 St. Mary's Street	4 houses.
Eight Bells Public House and 11, 12 and 13 Ashton Street	4 houses.
Meadway & Bennetts Close M.A.P. Chalets	40 houses.

707 houses were inspected for defects under the Public Health and Housing Acts and 2,750 visits were made for this purpose.

238 houses were made fit as the result of informal action by the Department and 4 made fit after Statutory action, including for the first time the use of Section 9 of the Housing Act 1957.

(b) Overcrowding.

56 visits were made in respect of suspected overcrowding at 27 premises.

It was found that by immediate action as soon as the Department was aware of the likelihood of a problem arising it was possible to avert trouble by advice and persuasion. This was particularly so in the case of non-nationals who tended to have a lower standard than that in force in this Country, but who quickly responded to any instruction given by the Inspectors.

(c) Rent Act.

Applications for certificates of disrepair continued to require a considerable amount of time and attention in 1958 when 26 applications were received but the volume of work reduced to a trickle in 1959 when only 4 applications were received.

(d) Improvement Grants.

Four applications for grants under the Housing Act 1949 and Housing Repairs and Rents Act 1954 were received in 1958 and five in 1959. Grants amounting to £516.15. O. in 1958 and £630. 5. O. in 1959 were approved under these Acts.

Fifteen applications for "Standard" Grants under the House Purchase and Housing Act 1959 were received in the second half of that year, but although Grants totalling £1,575. were approved by the Council, seven of the applications were not proceeded with and none were actually completed or grants paid before the end of 1959.

(e) New Housing.

The number of new houses completed during the two years was as follows:

		1958.	1959.
(a)	By Council	151	10
(b)	By Private Enterprise	281	330

SECTION E.

INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD.

1. MILK SUPPLY.

Dunstable is a specified area under Section 41 of the Food and Drugs Act 1955 and all milk sold in the Borough must be either Tuberculin Tested, Pasteurised or Sterilised.

Six samples of Pasteurised milk, two samples of Tuberculin Tested/ Pasteurised milk and two samples of Sterilised Milk were submitted to the Public Health Laboratory and were reported upon as conforming to the appropriate standard in each case.

Registration under the Milk and Dairies Re 1954 was as follows:	egulations	1949 &
1994 was as lollows:	1958	1959
Number of Distributors of Milk	41	43
Number of Dealers Licences authorising the use of Special Designations: Pasteurised	. 32	10 32
Number of Supplementary Licences authorising the use of Special Designations:		10
Pasteurised	. 3	10 5 8

2. ICE CREAM.

Registration under Section 16 Food and Drugs Act 1955 was as follows:

1958	1959
Premises registered for the sale of Ice Cream 65	70
Premises registered for the manufacture and sale of Ice Cream 4	4

Ice Cream was only manufactured at one shop in the Borough and a complete cold mix was used.

Only three Samples were submitted to the Public Health Laboratory for examination but they were each placed in Grade I.

3. MEAT AND OTHER FOODS.

(a) Slaughterhouse.

All food animals slaughtered at the one private slaughterhouse were inspected, but to achieve this 100% meat inspection it was necessary for the Inspectors to work a considerable amount of overtime.

The amount of slaughtering carried out provided more than enough meat to supply local needs, the surplus being transported to neighbouring areas. Advantage was taken of the Exchequer Grant made available by the Government in respect of the Inspection of Meat which was not for local consumption.

The Slaughterhouses (Hygiene) Regulations 1958 and the Slaughter of Animals (Prevention of Cruelty) Regulations 1958 came into force in January 1958 and immediate steps were taken to try and bring the premises into full compliance with the regulations. No great success was achieved until the ownership of the Slaughterhouse changed hands early in 1959 and the new owner agreed to carry out all the work advised and directed by the Department.

It was possible to foresee an early submission to the Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food of the report required by the Slaughterhouse Reports (Appointed Day) Order 1959

The following tables show the number of animals slaughtered and inspected at the Slaughterhouse together with details of the number diseased and percentages of the number affected with Tuberculosis.

The incidence of Cysticercus Bovis continued to increase, there being 23 cases in 1958 and 23 in 1959, compared with 17 in 1957 and only 6 in 1956. In all cases the condition was localised, the affected parts were condemned and the remainder of the offal and carcases subjected to cold storage treatment for a period of 21 days at a temperature not exceeding 16 Fahrenheit in accordance with Ministry recommendations.

CARCASES AND OFFAL INSPECTED AND CONDEMNED IN WHOLE OR IN PART. 1 9 5 8.

	Cattle Excluding Cows.	Cows.	Calves.	Sheep and Lambs.	Pigs.	Horses.
Number Killed (if known)	1,187	566	305	4,159	3,462	rosqual
Number inspected	1,187	566	305	4,159	3,462	eri -
All diseases except Tuberculosis and Cysticerci Whole carcases condemned	The course	dena s	3	16	4	dellare ton bow
Carcases of which some art or organ was condemned	306	186	3	408	193	colona to constant
Percentage of the number inspected affected with disease other than tuberculosis and cysticerci	25.8	32.9	2	10.2	5.7	dos book
Tuberculosis only: Whole carcases condemned	-	1	-	FEQUER .	1	-
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned	57	30	1	Najara Antona	52	o sopposit
Percentage of the number inspected affected with tuberculosis	4.8	5.5	0.3	Line of the second	1.5	Define 2 colle 6 perfe u
Cysticercosis. Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned	19	4	AL 1944	13.000	no sout	atorpied stooped
Carcases submitted to treatment by refrigeration	. 19	4	-	-	-	-
Generalised and totally condemned		- N	-		in	

CARCASES AND OFFAL INSPECTED AND CONDEMNED IN WHOLE OR IN PART. 1 9 5 9.

	~	0	<u> 100 100 </u>	101		
	Cattle	Carra	Califor	Sheep	Dian	Немаса
cap me	Excluding Cows.	COWS.	carves.	and Lambs.	rigs.	Horses
Number killed (if known)	1,147	739	117	12,208	3,776	Po-redo
Number inspected	1,147	739	117	12,208	3,776	March
All diseases except Tuberculosis and Cysticerci Whole carcases condemned	1	3	_	10		Junga Jung/A
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned	467	272	2	739	193	005700 doi:-11
Percentage of the number inspected affected with disease other than tuberculosis	308	68		in the second		tor.
and cysticerci	40.8	37.2	1.7	6.1	5.1	-
Tuberculosis only: Whole carcases condemned	1	2	1-1	200 -	-	-
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned	30	19	1 1 1 1	00 II -	43	raun-1
Tend on the same of the same o	-		+			-
Percentage of the umber inspected affected with	or a	63.				March
tuberculosis	2.7	2.8	1-2	7 -	1.1	111-1
7						
Cysticercosis Carcases of which some part or organ was	2 2	51.12	1			a court
condemned	19	4	1 -	-	-	- 1446
Carcases submitted to treatment by	c ox	388		10		judgeE
refrigeration	19	4	- 8	EL T.		200 50
Generalised and totally condemned	4 4 4 4	28	- 19	gt.	.,,	dangott

Table showing monthly totals of animals slaughtered and inspected during 1958:-

Month.	Cattle excluding Cows.	Cows.	Calves.	Sheep and Lambs	Pigs.	Total.
January	119	60	29	278	277	763
February	90	47	73	128	251	589
March	92	52	31	166	269	610
April/May	202	88	48	441	534	1,313
June	193	87	19	789	515	1,603
July/Aug	110	41	11	434	258	854
September	92	43	30	517	296	978
October	111	50	28	533	332	1,054
November	92	46	17	447	303	905
December	86	52	19	426	427	1,010
TOTALS	1,187	566	305	4,159	3,462	9,679

Table showing monthly totals of animals slaughtered and inspected during 1959:-

Month.	Cattle excluding Cows.	Cows.	Calves.	Sheep and Lambs.	Pigs.	Total.
January	113	53	14	450	301	931
February	90	44	13	249	305	701
March	57	61	10	277	295	700
April	57	50	1	340	386	834
May	35	41	1	738	265	1,083
June	59	51	2	1,011	263	1,386
July	96	56	-	1,336	310	1,798
August	115	56	8	1,518	312	2,009
September	146	88	10	2,240	335	2,819
October	138	79	11	1,971	232	2,431
November	120	83	12	1,253	326	1,794
December	118	77	35	825	446	1,501
TOTALS.	1,147	739	117	12,208	3,776	17,987.

Tables showing monthly and yearly total of meat from various animals voluntarily surrendered as unfit for human consumption at the Dunstable Slaughterhouse:
1 9 5 8.

Month.	Bovine including Calves.	Sheep.	Pigs.	Total
January	1,063	17	295	1,375
February	787	82	244	1,113
March	547	127	155	829
April/May	2,013	167	758	2,938
June	1,561	324	260	2,145
July/August	940	105	106	1,151
September	1,138	411	167	1,716
October	707	278	125	1,110
November	824	267	499	1,590
December	1,271	122	504	1,897
TOTALS	10,851 lbs.	1,900 lbs	3,113 lbs.	15,864 lbs.

1959

Month.	Bovine including Calves.	Sheer.	Pigs.	Total
January	741	103	128	972
February	1,851	104	88	2,043
March	939	27	85	1,051
April/May	896	293	229	1,418
June	835	223	90	1,148
July/August	2,708	548	283	3,539
September	2,622	348	74	3,044
October	1,091	292	95	1,478
November	2,155	269	140	2,564
December	2,244	157	161	2,562
TOTALS	16,082 lbs.	2,364 lbs	.1,373 lbs.	19,819 lbs.

Slaughter of Animals Acts 1933 and 1954.

In 1958 seven persons were licensed under the above Acts to slaughter animals with one further person licensed to slaughter animals whilst under the supervision of any person holding a licence not subject to such a condition.

In 1959 ten persons were licensed under the above Acts to slaughter animals with two further persons licensed to slaughter animals whilst under the supervision of any person holding a licence not subject to such a condition.

Meat and Food Other than in Slaughterhouse.

The following table shows the amount and variety of foodstuffs voluntarily surrendered by the owners and destroyed or utilised for animal feeding stuffs, as being unfit for himan consumption:-

201	1958		195	9
Article.	Tins, Packets, bottles, Jars or Cartons.	lbs.	Tins, Packets, bottles, Jars or Cartons.	lbs.
Tomatoes	61 84 31	7 14 8	75 84 15 2	54
Fruit	80 14 1 62 2 galls 68 9	42	139 23 24 3 16	nuary brusry rch rch rdlAmy 20 ly/August
Ham Certo Kippers Coffee Herrings Tripe Shrimps	1	14		70 20
Creamed Sago			1 3 2 4	28

FOOD PREMISES GENERALLY. FOOD HYGIENE REGULATIONS 1955.

Much good work continues to be done in this field but much remains to be done. It will be seen from the Schedule of Work Done headed Food Hygiene Regulations that considerable improvements were obtained in food premises but it is a long steady process of education and elimination.

FOOD AND DRUGS ACT 1955.

Although the Bedfordshire County Council are the Food and Drugs Authority and as such are mainly responsible for the quality and standards provisions of the Act certain duties still remain with the local authority.

The total number of Food premises in the Borough at the end of 1958 and 1959 was as follows:

2,,0 and 2,,, and ab 2		and men or Envisore	1958	1959
Bakers	(a) (b)	Bakehouses	7	6
Butchers			20	21
Canteens	(a) (b)	Factories	11	11
	(c)	Shop	11	11
Chemists			4	4
Clubs			11	12
Fishmongers			8	7
Greengreers.	(a)	Retail	13	15
	(b)	Wholesale	2	2
Grocers			50	50
Ice Cream Store			1	1
Licensed premises			26	27
Nut packing premises Off-licences			1	
Restaurants and Snack			25	26
Sugar Confectionery.			25	28

No formal samples were submitted for analysis but four cases of food not of the nature, substance or quality demanded were investigated. Two cases of unsound food sold were dealt with under Section 9 of the Food and Drugs Act 1955 and an allegation that a churn of milk had been delivered in a dirty condition to a Hospital kitchen was found proved and a warning letter sent. The Department was also called upon to try and trace a consignment of apples alleged to be dangerous as the result of an arsenical and lead spray deposit on the surface.

ADDITIONAL DUTIES.

In addition to the normal routine work of a Public Health Department the following extra-ordinary duties are the responsibility of the Department in Dunstable and some indication of the activity under each heading is given.

National Assistance Act 1948.

It was necessary to arrange the burial, in accordance with section 50 of the above Act, of two persons who had died in the area and for whom no satisfactory burial arrangements had been made or were likely to be made otherwise than by the Local Authority.

The help of the Department was also sought in connection with five persons believed to be in need of proper care and attention. In two cases it was necessary to use the powers contained in Section 47 of the above Act.

A close liaison is still maintained with the Dunstable Old People's Welfare Association to our mutual advantage.

Public Mortuary.

The Local Authority maintain one of the finest establishments of this kind in the County and the day to day administration is carried out by the Department.

During 1958 twenty-seven bodies were deposited and during 1959 fourteen bodies were deposited: as follows:

from:	Luton Rural District Council	17	1959
	Ampthill	1	1
	Dunstable Borough	9	12

Public Conveniences.

Dunstable's situation on two main trunk roads means that these facilities are enjoyed by a far greater number than the normal population.

Two full-time attendants and four part-time cleaners were employed at the four Public Conveniences and we are satisfied that, despite continued malicious damage to fixtures and fittings, they are maintained in a very satisfactory condition and do the Town credit.

The collection of monies is carried out by the Treasurer's Department but the responsibility for administration, maintenance and repair is carried out by the Public Health Department.

Pet Animals Act, 1951.

The one licence issued to a man who regularly attends Dunstable market was amended in 1959 to include Rabbits and Puppies but conditions at all times were satisfactory.

Game Dealers Licences.

Three licences were issued during the years 1958 and 1959, to local butchers.

RAINFALL.

The following figures of rainfall in the Borough over the last ten years are included in the Report for record purposes:-

Year.	inches.
1950	30.63
1951	31.99
1952	27.39
1953	20.61
1954	29.10
1955	20.85
1956	27.49
1957	24.19
1958	31.10
1959	20.37

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