

[Report 1948] / Medical Officer of Health, Droitwich R.D.C.

Contributors

Droitwich (England). Rural District Council.

Publication/Creation

1948

Persistent URL

<https://wellcomecollection.org/works/ew9r3ayy>

License and attribution

You have permission to make copies of this work under a Creative Commons, Attribution license.

This licence permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original author and source are credited. See the Legal Code for further information.

Image source should be attributed as specified in the full catalogue record. If no source is given the image should be attributed to Wellcome Collection.



Wellcome Collection
183 Euston Road
London NW1 2BE UK
T +44 (0)20 7611 8722
E library@wellcomecollection.org
<https://wellcomecollection.org>

DROITWICH RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL

ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

AND THE

SURVEYOR & SENIOR SANITARY INSPECTOR.

1948.



EXHIBIT A - BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORT

OF

THE BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

AND

THE BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

AND

THE BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

AND

RURAL DISTRICT OF DROITWICH

ANNUAL REPORT OF MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH FOR THE YEAR 1948.

Public Health Department,
31, Ombersley Street,
Droitwich.

To the Chairman and Members of the
Droitwich Rural District Council.

Gentlemen,

I have the honour to present my Annual Report on the health of
the Rural District for the year 1948.

The report is divided into the following sections :-

- Section A. Statistics and Social Conditions of
the area.
- Section B. General Provision of Health Services
for the area.
- Section C. Sanitary Circumstances of the area.
- Section D. Housing.
- Section E. Inspection and Supervision of Food.
- Section F. Prevalence of and control over
Infectious Disease.

Section A.

STATISTICS AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS OF THE AREA.

Area in Acres	...	...	...	...	51,453.
Number of inhabited houses (end of 1948) according to Rate Books	...	...	...	...	4,120.
Rateable Value	...	...	...	...	£78,941.
Sum represented by one penny rate	...	...	...	...	£333.5s.8d.
Registrar General's estimate of resident population (mid 1947)	...	...	...	...	13,440.

VITAL STATISTICS

	Males.	Females.	Total.
<u>Live Births</u>			
Legitimate	128.	103.	231.
Illegitimate	10.	5.	15.
Birth Rate per 1,000 estimated population			18.3
Birth Rate for England and Wales for the same period			17.9

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE BOARD OF HEALTH

FOR THE YEAR 1908

Public Health Department,
City of New York,
Bureau of Health Statistics.

To the Chairman and Members of the
Board of Health.

Gentlemen,

I have the honor to present to you the Annual Report on the Health of the City of New York for the year 1908.

The report is divided into the following sections:

- Section A. Statistics and Social Conditions of the City.
- Section B. General Statistics of Health Services.
- Section C. Sanitary Conditions of the City.
- Section D. Mortality.
- Section E. Diseases and Hospitalization.
- Section F. Prevention of and Control over Infectious Diseases.

Section A.

STATISTICS AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS OF THE CITY

Area in Acres	24,400
Number of inhabited houses (Jan. 1, 1908)	1,100,000
Population according to 1900 Census	3,437,821
Population in 1908	3,592,000
Number of deaths in 1908	10,440
Rate per 1,000	2.9

DEATHS IN 1908

Age	Sex	Color	Total
Under 1	Male	White	1,000
Under 1	Female	White	1,000
Under 1	Male	Colored	1,000
Under 1	Female	Colored	1,000
Under 1	Male	Chinese	1,000
Under 1	Female	Chinese	1,000
Under 1	Male	Japanese	1,000
Under 1	Female	Japanese	1,000
Under 1	Male	Other	1,000
Under 1	Female	Other	1,000

	Males.	Females.	Total.
<u>Still Births</u>			
Legitimate	2.	1.	3.
Illegitimate	-	1.	1.

Males.	Females.	Total.
--------	----------	--------

Deaths

From all causes	76.	58.	134.
Death rate per 1,000 estimated population			9.9
Death rate for England and Wales			10.8

Deaths of Infants under One Year of Age.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Legitimate	3.	3.	6.
Illegitimate	-	-	-
Infantile Mortality Rate for the Year			24.3
Infantile Mortality Rate for England and Wales for the same period			34.

Deaths from Special Causes

	1947.	1948.
Deaths from Cancer	21.	19.
Deaths from Measles	-	-
Deaths from Whooping Cough	-	1.
Deaths from Diarrhoea (under 2 years of age)	-	1.

Causes of Death

	Males.	Females.
Typhoid & Paratyphoid Fevers	-	-
Cerebro-spinal fever	-	-
Scarlet Fever	-	-
Whooping Cough	1	-
Diphtheria	-	-
Tuberculosis of Respiratory System	2	3
Other forms of Tuberculosis	-	-
Syphilitic Diseases	1	1
Influenza	-	-
Measles	-	-
Acute Polio-myelitis & Polio-encephalitis	-	-
Acute Infective Encephalitis	-	-
Cancer of buccal cavity & oesophagus; uterus	-	2
Cancer of Stomach and Duodenum	-	1
Cancer of Breast	-	-
Cancer of all other sites	11	5
Diabetes	1	-
Intracranial vascular lesions	5	10
Heart diseases	22	14
Other diseases of circulatory system	4	3
Bronchitis	3	1
Pneumonia	2	5
Other Respiratory Diseases	2	1
Ulcer of Stomach or Duodenum	1	-
Diarrhoea under 2 years	1	-
Appendicitis	1	-
Other digestive diseases	2	1
Nephritis	5	-
Puerperal and post-abortion sepsis	-	-
Other maternal causes	-	-

	Males.	Females.
Premature birth	1	-
Congenital malformations, birth injury and infantile diseases	-	-
Suicide	5	-
Road Traffic accidents	3	2
Other violent causes	1	2
All other causes	2	7

Section B.

General Provision of Health Services for the Area

a) Public Health Officers of the Authority.

Margaret C. Fell, M.B.,CH.B.,D.P.H.,D.C.H.,
Medical Officer of Health.

R. F. Fry, M.R.San.I., M.S.I.A., A.M.Inst.P.C.,
Surveyor and Sanitary Inspector.

D. G. Carter, M.R.San.I., M.S.I.A.,
Additional Sanitary Inspector.

b) Laboratory Service

These are provided at the County Council's Laboratory in Worcester.

c) Ambulance Service

Under the provisions of the National Health Service Act 1946, ambulance facilities are provided by the County Council.

d) Nursing in the Home

Nursing services are provided by the County Council.
Seven District Nurse-Midwives are working in the rural district, and in most instances these nurses undertake the duties of Health Visitors for their district.

e) Hospitals

The district is served by general hospitals in Worcester, Kidderminster and Birmingham.
Cases of Infectious Disease needing hospital treatment are removed to Hill Top Isolation Hospital, Bromsgrove.
Cases of Tuberculosis are admitted to Knightwick Sanatorium and Hill Top Isolation Hospital.

f) Clinics

The district is served by the County Council's Infant Welfare Clinics at Droitwich, Worcester, Ombersley, Stourport, Cutnall Green and Crowle and Antenatal Clinics at Worcester, Droitwich and Stourport.
A new Infant Welfare Centre at Hartlebury was opened early in 1948.

1	Pressure blood
2	Communicable diseases, birth injury and
3	Infants diseases
4	Scabies
5	Head-Neck infections
6	Other venereal diseases
7	All other diseases

Section 5.

General provision of health services for the area

1. Public Health Officer of the County

Mr. J. H. Smith, M.D., M.P.H., D.P.H., D.S.M.,
Medical Officer of Health

Mr. J. H. Smith, M.D., M.P.H., D.P.H., D.S.M.,
Sanitary Inspector

Mr. J. H. Smith, M.D., M.P.H., D.P.H., D.S.M.,
Additional Sanitary Inspector

2. Laboratory Services

These are provided at the County Council's Laboratory in
Barnstaple.

3. Ambulance Services

Under the provisions of the National Health Service Act 1946,
ambulance facilities are provided by the County Council.

4. Nurses in the Area

Nursing services are provided by the County Council.
Seven District Nurse-Units are working in the rural district
and in some instances these nurses undertake the duties of Health
Visitors for their district.

5. Hospitals

The district is served by General Hospitals in Barnstaple,
Bideford and Brixton.
Cases of Infectious Diseases requiring hospital treatment are
removed to Hill Top Infectious Hospital, Bideford.
Cases of Tuberculosis are admitted to Barnstaple Sanatorium
and Hill Top Infectious Hospital.

6. Clinics

The district is served by the County Council's Infectious
Clinic at Barnstaple, Bideford, Brixton, Bideford,
Cannell Green and rural and mountain clinics at Bideford,
Bideford and Bideford.
A new Infectious Clinic at Bideford is opened early in
1951.

Section C.

SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE AREA.

1. Water Supply

The parish of North Claines and parts of St. Martin County, Warndon and Hindlip are supplied with water purchased by the Council in bulk from the County Borough of Worcester and distributed through the Council's mains.

The source of this supply is the River Severn and proved sufficient in quantity and quality throughout the year.

The parishes of Dodderhill, Upton Warren and part of the parish of Hadzor are supplied from the mains of the East Worcestershire Waterworks Company, as they lie within the limits of the Company's statutory area of supply.

This supply was satisfactory throughout the year.

Seventy three properties within the Parish of Hartlebury are served with piped water from a borehole in private ownership and this supply proved to be satisfactory during the year.

Twenty nine properties in the Summerfield area of the Hartlebury parish are served from the Kidderminster mains.

Twenty four council houses in the village of Ombersley have a piped water supply from the Council's borehole.

The supply from this borehole continued to be good both in quantity and quality throughout the year and could very well serve other properties in the village.

Apart from those parishes mentioned above, the remainder of the rural district derives its water supply mainly from shallow wells. In many cases the supply from these is unsatisfactory both in quality and quantity.

Of nineteen samples taken from shallow wells during the year, sixteen were reported by the County Analyst to be unfit for drinking purposes.

It is hoped that the Council will press forward with schemes to provide the district with a piped water supply.

The following list of shallow wells were sampled during 1948.

<u>Date.</u>	<u>Address.</u>	<u>Source of Supply</u>	<u>Result</u>
12/3/48.	Park Cottage, Ombersley.	Well.	Unfit.
25/3/48.	The Mill, Doverdale.	Well.	Fit.
4/5/48.	St. Elmo, Martin Hussingtree.	Well.	Fit.
10/5/48.	The Hurst, Fernhill Heath.	Well.	Unfit.
27/5/48.	Retreat Cottage, Fernhill Heath.	Well.	Unfit.
10/6/48.	Himbleton School	Well.	Unfit.
28/6/48.	The Gardens, Crossway Green.	Well.	Unfit.
13/7/48.	Jacobs Ladder Lane, Claines.	Well.	Unfit.
9/8/48.	Hurst Cottage, Fernhill Heath.	Well.	Fit.
16/9/48.	7 & 8, Council Houses, Crowle.	Well.	Unfit.
23/9/48.	Willow Cottage, Bradley Green.	Well.	Unfit.
5/10/48.	Lower Hollowfields Farm, Stock Green.	Well.	Unfit.
5/10/48.	7 & 8, Council Houses, Crowle.	Well.	Unfit.

<u>Date.</u>	<u>Address.</u>	<u>Source of Supply.</u>	<u>Result</u>
5/10/48.	9 & 10, Council Houses, Crowle.	Well.	Unfit.
5/10/48.	11 & 12, Council Houses, Crowle.	Well.	Unfit.
6/10/48.	Netherwood Cottage, Oddingley.	Well.	Unfit.
19/10/48.	Rectory Farm, Upton Warren	Well.	Unfit.
19/11/48.	Council Houses, Hay Lane, Ombersley.	Well.	Unfit.
30/11/48.	Rectory Farm, Upton Warren.	New Well.	Unfit.

2. Sewerage & Sewage Disposal

The projected schemes for the parishes of Hartlebury, Ombersley, Crowle and Dodderhill were advanced during the year and reached the stage of submission to the County Council. In the case of Hartlebury where the proposed disposal is by pumping main to the Kidderminster Joint Works, negotiations were opened with the Kidderminster Borough Council and the Stourport U.D.C., as to the terms for reception and treatment of the sewage and there appears to be some hope that terms will be agreed.

All the schemes are urgently required, but especially in the case of Hartlebury and Crowle where the present disposal gives rise to public nuisance.

The plant at Fernhill Heath continues to give a satisfactory effluent.

3. Refuse Collection and Disposal

Refuse collection is carried out by the Council in the whole of the area. Collection is made by Council employees using hired vehicles. A fortnightly collection in the villages and a monthly collection in the outlying areas was made during the year.

Disposal of refuse is by controlled tipping with the use of clinker as a covering material.

Details of the cost of refuse collection and disposal during last financial years ending 31st March are given below :-

	1945-46.	1946-47.	1947-48.	1948-49.
Hire of Vehicles	£2470.	£2440.	£2591.	£2345.
Wages	£ 911.	£1096.	£1080.	£1478.
Totals	£3381.	£3536.	£3671.	£3823.

Salvage is collected in conjunction with refuse collection, the amounts collected are shown in the following table :-

	<u>Weight.</u>			<u>Value.</u>		
	<u>Tons.</u>	<u>Cwts.</u>	<u>Qrs.</u>	<u>£.</u>	<u>s.</u>	<u>d.</u>
Waste Paper	29.	-	-	200.	10.	1.
Mixed Rags		14.	-	14.	15.	-
Scrap Iron	4.	9.	-	8.	3.	2.
Totals	34.	3.	-	223.	8.	3.

Serial	Amount	Particulars
1000	1000	1000
1001	1001	1001
1002	1002	1002
1003	1003	1003
1004	1004	1004
1005	1005	1005
1006	1006	1006
1007	1007	1007
1008	1008	1008
1009	1009	1009
1010	1010	1010

2. Summary of Receipts

The following table shows the receipts of the fund for the year ending 31st March 1948. The receipts are classified into three main groups: (a) Receipts from the public, (b) Receipts from the Government, and (c) Receipts from other sources. The total receipts for the year are Rs. 10,00,000.

All the receipts are subject to audit and are subject to the provisions of the Public Accounts Act, 1919.

The following table shows the receipts of the fund for the year ending 31st March 1948.

3. Summary of Expenditure

The following table shows the expenditure of the fund for the year ending 31st March 1948. The expenditure is classified into three main groups: (a) Expenditure on the public, (b) Expenditure on the Government, and (c) Expenditure on other sources. The total expenditure for the year is Rs. 10,00,000.

The following table shows the expenditure of the fund for the year ending 31st March 1948.

The following table shows the expenditure of the fund for the year ending 31st March 1948.

Serial	Amount	Particulars
1000	1000	1000
1001	1001	1001
1002	1002	1002
1003	1003	1003
1004	1004	1004
1005	1005	1005
1006	1006	1006
1007	1007	1007
1008	1008	1008
1009	1009	1009
1010	1010	1010

The following table shows the expenditure of the fund for the year ending 31st March 1948.

Serial	Amount	Particulars
1000	1000	1000
1001	1001	1001
1002	1002	1002
1003	1003	1003
1004	1004	1004
1005	1005	1005
1006	1006	1006
1007	1007	1007
1008	1008	1008
1009	1009	1009
1010	1010	1010

Section D.

HOUSING

In my last annual report I stressed the great need for improving the housing conditions in the district, and again I wish to draw the attention of the Council to the urgent need for re-housing families who are at present living in overcrowded or insanitary conditions.

Many houses in the district are considered to be suitable only for demolition and it is hoped that as the building of new houses proceeds it will be possible to deal with these unfit houses.

The following is a summary of the housing work carried out during the year :-

Number of new houses erected during the year :-

(i) By the local authority	28
(ii) By other local authorities (Worcester City in R.D.C. Area)	84.
(iii) By other bodies or persons	5.

1. Inspection of dwelling-houses during the year :-

1. (a) Total number of dwelling-houses inspected for housing defects (under Public Health or Housing Acts)	27.
(b) Number of inspections made for the purpose	104.
2. (a) Number of dwelling-houses (included under sub-head (1) above) which were inspected and recorded under the Housing Consolidated Regulations, 1925 and 1932	Nil.
(b) Number of inspections made for the purpose	Nil.
3. Number of dwelling-houses found to be in a state so dangerous or injurious to health as to be unfit for human habitation	Nil.
4. Number of dwelling-houses (exclusive of those referred to under the preceding sub-head) found not to be in all respects reasonably fit for human habitation	20.

2. Remedy of defects during the year without service of formal notices :-

Number of defective dwelling-houses rendered fit in consequence of informal action by the local authority or their officers	20.
--	-----

3. Action under statutory powers during the year :-

(a) Proceedings under sections, 9,10 and 16 of the Housing Act, 1936:	
(1) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which notices were served requiring repairs	Nil.
(2) Number of dwelling-houses which were rendered fit after service of formal notices :-	
(a) By owners	Nil.
(b) By local authority in default of owners	Nil.

NOTES

As my last annual report I addressed the great need for housing the housing commission in the district, and again I wish to draw the attention of the Council to the urgent need for housing facilities. The rate of increase in the population is overwhelming.

Many houses in the district are condemned and are suitable only for demolition and it is hoped that in the building of new houses progress will be made to deal with these matters.

The following is a summary of the housing work carried out during the year:

Summary of new houses reported during the year:

- (i) By the local authority
- (ii) By other local authorities (Worcester City is R.D.C. House)
- (iii) By other bodies or persons

1. Inspection of dwelling-houses during the year:

- (a) Total number of dwelling-houses inspected for housing purposes under Public Health Act, 1936
- (b) Number of inspections made for the purpose
- (c) Number of dwelling-houses inspected under the Act, 1936 which were found to be in a state of disrepair and required repairs
- (d) Number of inspections made for the purpose
- (e) Number of dwelling-houses found to be in a state of disrepair and required repairs
- (f) Number of dwelling-houses found to be in a state of disrepair and required repairs
- (g) Number of dwelling-houses found to be in a state of disrepair and required repairs

2. State of affairs during the year ending 31st March 1937

- (a) Number of dwelling-houses found to be in a state of disrepair and required repairs
- (b) Number of dwelling-houses found to be in a state of disrepair and required repairs
- (c) Number of dwelling-houses found to be in a state of disrepair and required repairs
- (d) Number of dwelling-houses found to be in a state of disrepair and required repairs
- (e) Number of dwelling-houses found to be in a state of disrepair and required repairs
- (f) Number of dwelling-houses found to be in a state of disrepair and required repairs
- (g) Number of dwelling-houses found to be in a state of disrepair and required repairs
- (h) Number of dwelling-houses found to be in a state of disrepair and required repairs
- (i) Number of dwelling-houses found to be in a state of disrepair and required repairs
- (j) Number of dwelling-houses found to be in a state of disrepair and required repairs

(b) Proceedings under Public Health Acts :

(1) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which notices were served requiring defects to be remedied 1.

(2) Number of dwelling-houses in which defects were remedied after service of formal notices :-

(a) By owners 1.

(b) By local authority in default of owners Nil.

(c) Proceedings under sections 11 and 13 of the Housing Act, 1936:

(1) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which Demolition Orders were made Nil.

(2) Number of dwelling-houses demolished in pursuance of Demolition Orders Nil.

(d) Proceedings under section 12 of the Housing Act, 1936:

(1) Number of separate tenements or underground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were made Nil.

(2) Number of separate tenements or underground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were determined, the tenement or room having been rendered fit Nil.

4. Housing Act, 1936.-Part IV. - Overcrowding :-

(a) (i)	Number of dwellings overcrowded at the end of the year	... ..	) No detailed figures available.
(ii)	Number of families dwelling therein	... ..
(iii)	Number of persons dwelling therein	... ..
(b)	Number of new cases of overcrowding reported during the year	... ..	)
(c) (i)	Number of cases of overcrowding relieved during the year	... ..	)
(ii)	Number of persons concerned in such cases	... ..	)
(iii)	Number of houses again overcrowded after being previously relieved	... ..	)

(b) Proceedings under Public Health Act:

(1) Number of deaths - names in respect of which
the Act was applied, and the date of death.

(2) Name of person - names in which the Act was
applied, and the date of death.

(3) Name of person - names in which the Act was
applied, and the date of death.

(4) Name of person - names in which the Act was
applied, and the date of death.

(5) Proceedings under section 12 of the Act, and
the date of death.

(6) Number of deaths - names in respect of which
the Act was applied, and the date of death.

(7) Name of person - names in which the Act was
applied, and the date of death.

(8) Proceedings under section 12 of the Act, and
the date of death.

(9) Name of person - names in which the Act was
applied, and the date of death.

(10) Name of person - names in which the Act was
applied, and the date of death.

(11) Name of person - names in which the Act was
applied, and the date of death.

(12) Name of person - names in which the Act was
applied, and the date of death.

(13) Name of person - names in which the Act was
applied, and the date of death.

(14) Name of person - names in which the Act was
applied, and the date of death.

(15) Name of person - names in which the Act was
applied, and the date of death.

(16) Name of person - names in which the Act was
applied, and the date of death.

(17) Name of person - names in which the Act was
applied, and the date of death.

(18) Name of person - names in which the Act was
applied, and the date of death.

(19) Name of person - names in which the Act was
applied, and the date of death.

(20) Name of person - names in which the Act was
applied, and the date of death.

(21) Name of person - names in which the Act was
applied, and the date of death.

(22) Name of person - names in which the Act was
applied, and the date of death.

(23) Name of person - names in which the Act was
applied, and the date of death.

(24) Name of person - names in which the Act was
applied, and the date of death.

(25) Name of person - names in which the Act was
applied, and the date of death.

Camping Sites and Temporary Dwellings

The licenced camping grounds mainly situated near the River Severn were again fully occupied during the holiday periods and were kept under regular supervision by the Sanitary Inspectors.

The very assorted and growing collection of temporary dwellings along and near the riverside at Holt Fleet seriously depreciates the amenities of the district and it is hoped that when conditions permit vigorous action will be taken to improve this.

Section E.

Inspection and Supervision of Food.

Regular inspections of premises where food is prepared, stored, or sold were made by the Sanitary Inspectors during the year, and conditions generally were found to be satisfactory.

The following articles of food were condemned during the year :-

	No. of Tins	lbs.	ozs.
Sugar	-	83.	-
Blackberries	2	-	19½ ca.
Milk	1 (2pt)	-	-
Milk	1 (1½pt)	-	-
Beans	1	-	16½ ca.
Sun Maid Raisins	-	30.	-
Hazel Nuts	-	381.	-
Bacon	-	13.	-
Salad Dressing (½ gallon)	-	-	-
Marmalade	53	39¾.	-
Orange Juice	1	-	-
Peaches	2	2.	-
Rhubarb	1	1.	2½.

Milk Production & Distribution

Registrations required by the Milk and Dairies Regulations were as follows :-

Registered Dairy Farms	...	...	166.
" Producers	...	...	144.
" Purveyors	...	...	71.

The following licences issued by the County Council to producers of designated milk within the rural district were in force at the 31st December, 1948 :-

Accredited Milk	...	...	27.
Tuberculin Tested Milk	...	...	15.

The following licences were issued under the Milk (Special Designations) Regulations by the Council :-

Principal Pasteurisers Licences	...	3.
Dealers for Tuberculin Tested Milk	...	3.
Accredited Milk	...	3.
Supplementary Licence to sell Pasteurised Milk	...	2.

Casein Milk and Temperature

The following results were obtained from the tests made on the milk of the various herds during the summer of 1914. The results are given in the following table.

The very best results were obtained from the milk of the herds which were kept in the best condition. The milk of these herds was found to be of the highest quality and it is hoped that the results of the tests will be of some value.

Section I.

Inspection and Sampling of Milk

Before the milk is used for any purpose, it should be inspected and sampled. The inspection should be made by the person who is to use the milk, and the sampling should be made by the person who is to analyze the milk.

The following table shows the results of the inspection and sampling of the milk of the various herds during the summer of 1914.

No. of Herd	No. of Cows	No. of Cows	No. of Cows
1	100	100	100
2	100	100	100
3	100	100	100
4	100	100	100
5	100	100	100
6	100	100	100
7	100	100	100
8	100	100	100
9	100	100	100
10	100	100	100
11	100	100	100
12	100	100	100
13	100	100	100
14	100	100	100
15	100	100	100
16	100	100	100
17	100	100	100
18	100	100	100
19	100	100	100
20	100	100	100

Section II.

The following table shows the results of the inspection and sampling of the milk of the various herds during the summer of 1914.

100	100	100
100	100	100
100	100	100

The following table shows the results of the inspection and sampling of the milk of the various herds during the summer of 1914.

100	100	100
100	100	100

The following table shows the results of the inspection and sampling of the milk of the various herds during the summer of 1914.

100	100	100
100	100	100
100	100	100
100	100	100
100	100	100

Rodent Control

During the year the general survey was completed and with the exception of the refuse tip at Battenton no major infestations were found.

Poisoning operations were carried out at every place where infestations were found namely at 12 business premises and 29 private dwellings. Of these two cases were infestations by mice and the remainder were rat infestation.

Routine treatment of the Council's refuse tips and sewers was carried out and also the sewage works at Fernhill Heath.

The sewers at Fernhill Heath and Ombersley showed no signs of infestation, and satisfactory primary and secondary poisoning operations were carried out at Battenton tip during the year

Section F.

PREVALANCE OF & CONTROL OVER INFECTIOUS DISEASE

Diphtheria Immunisation

Under the provisions of the National Health Service Act 1946, children can be immunised against Diphtheria, free of cost, by their own doctor or at one of the County Council's Clinics.

The following table shows the number of children who were immunised during the year :-

Number of children who completed a course of primary immunisation in the Authority's area during 1948.			Number of children who were given a Secondary or re-inforcing injection during the year.
Under 5 yrs.	5-14 years.	Total.	Under 14 years.
159.	9.	168.	54.

No case of diphtheria was notified in the district during the year.

No serious outbreak of infectious disease occurred in the district during the year.

The incidence of notifiable disease during 1948 is shown in the following table :-

Background

During the past few years, the general public has become increasingly aware of the various types of diseases that are caused by bacteria.

Infection diseases are caused by bacteria and are very common. Infection diseases are caused by bacteria and are very common. Infection diseases are caused by bacteria and are very common.

Some of the most common infection diseases are caused by bacteria. Some of the most common infection diseases are caused by bacteria. Some of the most common infection diseases are caused by bacteria.

The purpose of this report is to provide information on the various types of infection diseases that are caused by bacteria. The purpose of this report is to provide information on the various types of infection diseases that are caused by bacteria.

Objectives

1. To determine the number of infection diseases that are caused by bacteria.

2. To determine the number of infection diseases that are caused by bacteria.

In the past few years, the general public has become increasingly aware of the various types of diseases that are caused by bacteria. In the past few years, the general public has become increasingly aware of the various types of diseases that are caused by bacteria.

The following table shows the number of infection diseases that are caused by bacteria. The following table shows the number of infection diseases that are caused by bacteria.

Year	Number of infection diseases that are caused by bacteria	Number of infection diseases that are caused by bacteria	Number of infection diseases that are caused by bacteria	Number of infection diseases that are caused by bacteria
1950	100	100	100	100
1951	100	100	100	100
1952	100	100	100	100
1953	100	100	100	100
1954	100	100	100	100
1955	100	100	100	100
1956	100	100	100	100
1957	100	100	100	100
1958	100	100	100	100
1959	100	100	100	100
1960	100	100	100	100

No cases of infection diseases were reported in the past few years.

No cases of infection diseases were reported in the past few years.

No cases of infection diseases were reported in the past few years.

The Incidence of cases of Notifiable Disease during 1948 is shown in the following table :-

	Under one year.	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	10.	15.	20.	35.	45.	65.	Total Cases notified	Cases admitted to Hosp.	Total Deaths.
1. Scarlet Fever	-	-	1	2	1	12	10	-	1	-	-	-	27.	16.	-
2. Measles (excluding Rubella)	1	2	-	2	2	18	-	-	1	-	-	-	26.	-	-
3. Whooping Cough	1	1	2	2	3	2	1	-	1	-	-	-	13.	-	-
4. Acute Pneumonia (primary & influenzal)	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	1	-	-	-	3.	-	-
5. Puerperal Pyrexia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	2.	2.	-
6. Erysipelas	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	-	3.	-	-
Totals	2	3	3	6	6	34	11	-	6	2	1	-	74.	18.	-

The following table shows the occurrence of Infectious Disease in Parishes during the year.

Parish.	Scarlet Fever.	Measles.	Whooping Cough.	Acute Pneumonia.	Puerperal Pyrexia.	Erysipelas.
North Claines	1.	7	-	1	-	3
Crowle	1	-	-	-	-	-
Doddershill	1	3	1	-	-	-
Elmbridge	-	-	-	1	-	-
Elmley Lovett	-	-	-	-	1	-
Hanbury	-	3	5	-	-	-
Hartlebury	1	3	3	1	-	-
Himbleton	3	-	-	-	-	-
Hindlip	2	5	-	-	-	-
Martin Hussington	1	1	-	-	-	-
Ombersley	1	3	1	-	1	-
Salwarpe	-	-	2	-	-	-
St. Martin Co.	1	-	-	-	-	-
Tibberton	1	-	-	-	-	-
Upton Warren	1	-	-	-	-	-
Warndon	-	-	1	-	-	-
Westwood	-	1	-	-	-	-
Totals	27	26	13	3	2	3

TUBERCULOSIS

New Cases and Deaths notified during 1948 (excluding transferred deaths)

NEW CASES				DEATHS			
Respiratory.		Non-Respiratory.		Respiratory.		Non-Respiratory	
M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
3.	1.	1.	1.	2.	2.	-	-

Cases remaining on Register at
end of December 1947

Cases remaining on Register at
end of December 1948

Pulmonary.		Non-Pulmonary	
M.	F.	M.	F.
23.	27.	7.	3.
24.	25.	8.	4.

We are,

Your obedient Servants,

MARGARET C. FELL.

Medical Officer of Health.

R. F. FRY,

Surveyor & Chief Sanitary Officer.

APPENDIX

Persons and vessels arriving during 1948 (excluding transients)

Persons		Vessels	
Arrived	Departed	Arrived	Departed
1	1	1	1
2	2	2	2
3	3	3	3
4	4	4	4
5	5	5	5
6	6	6	6
7	7	7	7
8	8	8	8
9	9	9	9
10	10	10	10

Persons		Vessels	
Arrived	Departed	Arrived	Departed
11	11	11	11
12	12	12	12
13	13	13	13
14	14	14	14
15	15	15	15
16	16	16	16
17	17	17	17
18	18	18	18
19	19	19	19
20	20	20	20

Persons remaining on register at end of December 1947

Persons remaining on register at end of December 1948

See also

Non-Resident Aliens

NAME AND ADDRESS

Medical Officer of Health

1948-1949

Director of Civil Registry Office