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Borough of Crosby

Annual Report

of the

Medical Officer of Health For the Year 1969



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Medical Officer of Health For the Year 1969

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BOROUGH OF CROSBY

MAYOR: Councillor G. H. HENLEY

DEPUTY MAYOR: L. HYAM, J.P.

TOWN CLERK: HAROLD O. ROBERTS, D.P.A., Barrister-at-Law.

HEALTH COMMITTEE AT THE END OF 1969

Chairman:

Councillor K. TYSON

Deputy Chairman:

Councillor Mrs. A. SENIOR.

THE MAYOR

THE DEPUTY MAYOR

Ex-Officio Members.

Alderman E. ROSEWARNE

J. SUTCH, B.E.M., J.P.

Councillor Mrs. R. BESWARICK

- ,, Mrs. E. M. BRUCE
- ,, P. P. JOHNSTONE
- " A. J. JONES
- " G. A. MALDWYN JONES
- " Miss J. G. Kemp, J.P.
- .. D. S. KENNEDY
- ,, Mrs. E. M. RIMMER
- " Mrs. B. Taylor
- " G. WALTON
- " J. M. WILLETT

STAFF OF THE PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT DURING 1969

Medical Officer of Health:
J. G. HAILWOOD, M.D., Ch.B., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.P.H.

Deputy Medical Officer of Health: IRENE W. SIMPSON, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H., F.R.S.H.

Assistant Medical Officer of Health:

J. B. CLARKE, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.R.C.O.G., D.P.H.

Dental Officers:

E. CROSBIE, L.D.S. J. B. COONEY, L.D.S., R.C.S. (to 28.3.69) Mrs. M. BIRKINHEAD, B.D.S. (part-time) (from 7.7.69)

Chief Public Health Inspector: G. F. Lewis, M.R.S.H., M.A.P.H.I., D.P.A.(L'pool)

Deputy Chief Public Health Inspector: R. SPENCER, D.P.A.(L'pool)

District Public Health Inspectors:

D. BARBER, M.A.P.H.I. P. M. WATSON E. WARNER

Pupil Public Health Inspector:
I. F. Bebbington

Health Visitors | School Nurses :

Miss K. Armstrong Miss H. Black

Mrs. H. Callaghan (from 1.10.69) Miss H. S. Grossart

Miss A. M. Colley Mrs. A. M. C. Jacob (to 31.1.69)

Mrs. A. R. Conway (from 1.4.69 Miss J. Kenyon to 30.11.69) Miss H. M. Swain

Miss M. Kenny
Miss J. P. T. Lewis

Mrs. M. Power Mrs. J. Parkinson (part-time)

> Clinic Nurse: Mrs. B. Watson

District Midwifery Sisters:

Miss M. I. CARRAHER Mrs. J. M. SULLIVAN Miss J. McGuinness

District Nursing Sisters:

Mrs. F. C. Black
Mrs. M. A. Cole
Mrs. M. A. Garcia
Mrs. M. H. Garden
Mrs. W. Holden
Mrs. E. Bolton
Mrs. M. C. Olson
Mrs. M. O'Donnell
Mrs. R. Shannon

District Nurses:

Mrs. M. MARL

Mrs. M. T. PARENT

Miss M. MULCRONE

Nursing Auxiliary: Mrs. M. R. Scaife

Dental Surgery Assistants:

Miss J. M. CLARKE

Miss M. T. BLUNDELL

Home Teacher for the Blind: Miss K. Burgess

Home Help Organiser: Miss L. CARR

Welfare Services Organiser (part-time): J. LOWE

Social Welfare Officer (part-time): Miss M. LOVELL

Senior Mental Welfare Officer (part-time): T. R. RICE

Mental Welfare Officers (part-time):

Mrs. A. MADDICK

J. WILCOX

Occupational Therapist (part-time): Mrs. C. M. VENABLES

Senior Administrative Assistant:

A. Young, D.M.A., A.R.S.H. (to 31.1.69)

G. NORRIS, D.M.A., M.I.S.W., M.R.S.H. (from 10.3.69)

Chief Clerk: Miss A. M. HOCKENHULL

Clerical Staff:

Mrs. E. M. AYNSLEY

Mrs. N. DUFFY

Mrs. M. LEADBETTER

Mrs. S. Jones

Mrs. V. C. TYERS

Mrs. M. Coote (part-time)

Miss J. Draper Miss B. Steele

Mrs. G. E. HOWELL (from 17.11.69)

Public Health Department, 22, The Esplanade, Waterloo, Crosby.

Mr. MAYOR, LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,

I have the honour to present the 33rd Annual Report on the health of the Borough of Crosby.

The Health of the Borough remained satisfactory during the year. There were 185 cases of infectious diseases notified, compared with 347 in 1968. This is the lowest number of infectious disease notifications ever recorded and is due to a continuing decrease in the number of cases of measles and whooping cough.

The birth rate decreased again at 15.8 per 1,000 population compared with 16.1 in 1968. The figure for England and Wales was 16.3.

The death rate was 13.2 per 1,000 population, showing a minor increase over the rate of 13.1 in 1968, and comparing with a figure of 11.9 for England and Wales. The infant mortality rate at 21 per thousand live births showed a slight increase on the figure of 17 in 1968. The total deaths were 811, the main causes being diseases of the heart and blood vessels 448, cancer 146, chest diseases 102. The highest single cause of death from cancer continues to be cancer of the lung with 36 cases, which represents 4.4% of all deaths and underlines the toll of suffering which is caused by smoking. These deaths do not get the same press publicity or anxiety that is given to road accidents yet 36 persons died from lung cancer due to cigarette smoking compared with only 5 deaths due to motor vehicle accidents and these figures follow the trend for the country as a whole.

Housing conditions continue to improve in Crosby. A total of 218 houses or flats were completed by the Local Authority during the year, whilst a further 80 were built by private enterprise. During the year the Public Health Inspectors visited 3,279 houses of which 829 were found to have defects which required action to make the houses fit and subsequently 735 were made fit.

The staff of the Health Department have carried out their duties in a most competent manner. Some figures of visits made during the year will indicate the extent of the work carried out. The Public Health Inspectors made 10,086 visits to various premises, in relation to housing defects, food hygiene, and the proper upkeep of Offices, Shops and Railway premises. The Health Visitors paid 21,554 visits to children and families in their own homes in regard to the care of infants or social problems. The District Nurses paid 43,935 visits in attending to 641 patients who needed nursing care in their own homes, whilst the Home Helps provided a service to 613 homes where domestic help was necessary. These figures account for only a few of the services, but I would like to pay tribute to the high standard maintained by all the members of the staff during the year.

Finally I would thank the Chairman and Members of the Health Committee for their interest and support during the year and the Chief Officers and their staffs for ready help and assistance at all times.

I am your obedient servant,

J. G. HAILWOOD,

Medical Officer of Health

SECTION 1

Vital Statistics for 1969

Area (land and inland water 4, Population at mid-1969 as esti Population at 1961 census Population at 1951 census Population at 1931 census Number of inhabited houses a Rateable value at 31st December Sum represented by a penny respective statement of the state	t end oper, 19	by Reg			ral	6,820 58,580 59,166 58,362 50,569 17,820 2,056,579 £8,070
				Male	Female	Total
Live Births—legitimate —illegitimate				446 38	387 26	833 64
				484	413	897
Live birth rate per 1,000 popu —unadjusted —adjusted (area com		 lity fact	or 1.0	03)		15.3 15.8
The birth rate for England and Illegitimate live births per cen births						16.3 7
Stillbirths—legitimate —illegitimate				6	3	9
				6	3	9
Stillbirth rate per 1,000 total li The stillbirth rate for England Total live and stillbirths						10 13 906
Deaths Death rate per 1,000 estimated	 l popul			388	423	811
—unadjusted —adjusted (area com			···			13.8
0.96)						13.2
The death rate for England an	d Wal	es was				11.9
Infant deaths (deaths under elegitimate —illegitimate	one yea			11 2 - 13	6 - 6 -	17 2

Infant mortality rates:	
—total infant deaths per 1,000 live births	21
—legitimate infant deaths per 1,000 legitimate live births	20
—illegitimate infant deaths per 1,000 illegitimate live births	31
The infant mortality rate for England and Wales was	18
Neo-natal mortality rate (deaths under 4 weeks per 1,000 total live births)	14
The neo-natal mortality rate for England and Wales was	12
Early neo-natal mortality rate (deaths under 1 week per 1,000 total live births)	14
Early neo-natal mortality rate for England & Wales was	10
Perinatal mortality rate (stillbirths and deaths under 1 week per	
1,000 total live and stillbirths)	24
Perinatal mortality rate for England & Wales was	23
Maternal deaths (including abortion)	Nil
Maternal mortality rate per 1,000 total births	-
The maternal mortality rate for England and Wales was	0.19

List of causes of Death during the year 1969

	Male	Female	Total
Infective and parasitic diseases Malignant neoplasm, stomach Malignant neoplasm, lung, bronchus Malignant neoplasm, breast Malignant neoplasm, uterus Other malignant and lymphatic neoplasms Leukaemia, aleukaemia Diabetes Cerebrovascular disease Ischaemic heart disease Hypertensive disease Other heart disease Other circulatory disease Influenza Pneumonia Bronchitis Other diseases of respiratory system Ulcer of stomach and duodenum Gastritis, enteritis and diarrhoea Congenital malformations Other defined and ill-defined diseases Motor vehicle accidents All other accidents Suicide All other external causes	1 11 29 — 42 2 49 114 5 16 17 5 15 27 8 4 — 2 25 4 5 3 2	-6 7 15 2 30 2 1 79 87 13 46 20 4 28 14 1 2 1 7 34 1	1 17 36 15 2 72 4 3 128 201 18 62 37 9 43 41 9 6 1 9 59 5 28 4 2
	388	423	811

Causes of death of infants under one year of age

	Age at death										
Cause of death	Under 1 day	1 day & less than 7 days	1 wk & less than 4 wks	4 wks & less than 6 mths	6 mths & less than 12 mths	Totals					
Pneumonia	-	-	-	2	-	2					
Congenital malformations	2	-	-	3	-	5					
Acute respiratory infection	-	-	_	1	-	1					
Other diseases peculiar to early infancy	4	7	_	_	_	11					
All other causes	-	-	-	1	-	1					
	6	7	_	7	_	20					

Comparative statistics for selected years

	1900 1920		20	1940	1960	1968	1969		
	Gt. W'loo & Crosby Seaforth			W'loo & Seaforth	Borough of Crosby				
Population	7,974	22,500	14,605	30,233	E4 200	50.440	50,000	F0 F00	
	30,	474	44,	838	54,280	58,440	59,980	58,580	
Births	156	575	280	723	920	1.052	022	607	
	73	1	10	03	830	1,052	923	897	
Birth Rate	19.6	23 .0	20 .6	23 -9	15.2	18.0	16.1	15.8	
Deaths	Deaths 100		133	421	752	777	796	011	
	40	5	554		132	111	790	811	
Death Rate	12.6	12 - 2	9.8	14 -1	13.8	13.0	13.1	13.2	
Deaths of Infants Under 1 year	12	76	22	76	53	25	16	19	
of age	8	88		98		23	10	19	
Deaths from: Diphtheria	_	3	1	8	7	_	-	_	
Scarlet Fever	-	-	1	2	_	-	-	_	
Cancer	3	5	17	45	92	144	144	142	
Heart Disease	?	24	12	27	178	253	279	409	
Pulmonary Tuberculosis	?	24	11	18	29	9	3	1	

SECTION 2

Delegated Health and Welfare Services

As provided by the Local Government Act 1958, the Lancashire County Council delegated to the Borough of Crosby, commencing on the 1st September, 1960, the following functions:

National Health Service Act, 1946

- Sections 21 Health Centres
 - 22 Care of Mothers and Young Children
 - 23 Midwifery
 - 24 Health Visiting
 - 25 Home Nursing
 - 26 Vaccination and Immunisation
 - 28 Prevention of Illness, Care and After Care (except the care or after-care in residential accommodation of persons suffering from mental illness)
 - 29 Home Help Service

Mental Health Act, 1959

National Assistance Act, 1948, Sections 29 and 30

(Welfare of the Blind and Partially Sighted delegated on 1st April 1962)

NATIONAL HEALTH SERVICE ACT 1946—SECTION 21

Health Centres

There are no Health Centres in the Borough and no proposals for the future.

NATIONAL HEALTH SERVICE ACT 1946—SECTION 22

Care of Mothers and Young Children

Ante-natal and Postnatal care. The domiciliary midwives hold a weekly session at Prince Street Clinic, Waterloo, for the women they have booked for home confinement. The Assistant Medical Officer of Health who attends this clinic holds obstetrical qualifications. The reduced attendances, given in the table below, reflect the decreased number of home confinements attended by the midwives during 1969.

	1968	1969
No. of sessions	51	51
No. of individuals attending—ante-natal	88	50
—post-natal	_	1
No. of attendances—ante-natal	326	201
—post-natal	_	1

Relaxation, exercise and mothercraft classes are held under the supervision of one of the health visitors who is also a physiotherapist.

	1968	1969
No. of sessions	49	45
No. of individuals attending	84	88
No. of attendances	559	577

Child Health Centres. These centres are provided to which mothers can bring their babies and toddlers regularly for supervision and advice by the medical officer and the health visitor. Total attendances show an increase on the previous year and the average attendance per session rose from 43 to 47. 69 children were referred to specialists and 30 to the child's own general practitioner. Certain proprietary foods are on sale from the centres for expectant and nursing mothers requiring them for medical reasons and may be supplied on the recommendation of the medical officer or health visitor to mothers and children who attend regularly.

Work done at all Child Health Centres

	No. of sessions	chi	No. of individual children who attended and were born in :		by	f attend y childr at ages	Average attendances by all children per session	
		1969	1968	1967 -1964	0-	1-	2-4	
Prince Street, Waterloo	100	179	110	149	1731	306	420	25
Alexandra Hall, Great Crosby	103	97	182	265	4343	983	1184	63
Seaforth Library, Seaforth	51	102	98	79	1843	351	568	54
All Saints, Crosby	95	197	185	210	2758	840	1035	49
Totals	349	575	575	703	10675	2480	3207	47

Welfare Food Service. On behalf of the Ministry of Health, certain welfare foods viz: National Dried Milk, Orange Juice, Cod Liver Oil and Vitamin tablets, are distributed. Of the five centres, three are staffed by members of the Women's Royal Voluntary Service.

Congenital Malformations. At the end of 1963, the Chief Medical Officer of the Ministry of Health requested that as from 1st January, 1964., information be sent to the General Register Office where malformation had been observed at a child's birth. The object is to compile statistical information from which it should be possible to detect any national or regional changes in the pattern.

The 15 children notified in Crosby during 1969, a decrease on the previous year of four, fell into the following groups:-

Condition					Nu	mber
Cleft lip						1
Cleft palate						1
Congenital dislocat	tion of	hip				1
Down's Syndrome						2
Unspecified malfo	rmatio	ns of	brain, s	pinal	cord	
and nervous s	ystem					1
Talipes						2
Spina bifida						5
Anencephalus						2
Exomphalos, Omp	phaloce	ele (ev	cluding	umbi	lical	
hernia)			···			1
Hydrocephalus						1
Pigmented naevus						1
Reduction deformit	ty hand	d or arr	n			1
					-	19
						19

It will be noted that some of the children were suffering from more than one malformation.

Dental Treatment. Dental treatment, including the supply and repair of dentures, is provided free to expectant and nursing mothers and children under five years of age. Clinics are held at Prince Street and Alexandra Hall. Treatment was given to 97 patients compared to 114 the previous year.

HEALTH SERVICES 13

Work of the Dental Officers

		Infants not yet attending school	Expectant and nursing mothers
No. examined		86	11
No. needing treatment		61	11
No. treated		61	11
No. of individuals actually treated w rendered dentally fit		58	10
No. of attendances for treatment		92	51
No. of extractions		101	30
No. of general anaesthetics administe	ered	41	6
No. of fillings		47	28
No. of other treatments		20	10
No. of patients X-rayed		100T-	1
No. of dentures provided—complete		_	2
partial .		-	1

Ascertainment of Deafness in Young Children. In view of the importance of diagnosing deafness at a very early age, all the health visitors have received special training and carry out screening tests of hearing on young children either at the child welfare centres or in the homes of the children. Cases requiring further investigation are sent to special clinics at Fulwood, Nr. Preston, or in Liverpool.

HEARING TESTS

				ik " 8			Total Ages of children No. of 0- 1- 2- 3- 4-					T-1-1
	-	Ages	of ch	ildre	n.							Total
	0-	1-	2-	3-	4-	No. of tests	0-	1-	2-	3-	4-	No. of tests
No. of first tests	169	19	1	1	-	190	387	35	2	1	-	426
No. of second tests	-	4	_	_	_	4	-	1	_	-	_	1
No. of children who failed two tests	· _	1	_	_	_	1	_	_	_	_	_	-

Phenylketonuria. A severe degree of mental deficiency is associated with a high concentration of phenylamine in the blood and it is important that this be detected as early as possible in order to start dietary treatment. The health visitors make a simple blood test of babies aged between 10-14 days and in 1969 815 tests were made together with 183 follow-up tests. No child was found to be positive.

Premature Infants. Premature infants are those who weigh $5\frac{1}{2}$ lbs. or less at birth. Health visitors are required to give priority to the visiting of such cases and to work in close co-operation with the midwife in attendance where the confinement takes place at home. Special cots, feeders and hot-water bottles are supplied on loan where necessary. The following table gives details of the 61 premature live births and 4 premature still-births, which occurred:

No. of	premature li	ve births	s :		No. o	f premature st	illbirths	:	
(a)	in hospital			62	(a)	in hospital			4
(b)	at home			2	(b)	at home			_
(c)	in private no homes	ursing		4	(c)	in private nu homes			_
		Total		68			Total		4

Premature stillbirths	Born		At home or in a nursing home	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Prez		щ		In	2	1	1	1=	1	4
77		on or		In 7 and under 28 days	1	1	1	1	1	1
	ng home	Transferred to hospital before 28th day	Died	In 1 and under 7 days	1	1	1	1	1	1
			sferred to before	sferred to before		Within 24 hours of birth	1	1	1	1
rths	a nursir	Tran		Total births	1	1	1	1	1	1
Premature live births	Born at home or in a nursing home at home or in a Transferred before Died		In 7 and under 28 days	1	1	1	1	1	1	
rematur	Born at h	Nursed entirely at home or in a nursing home	Died	In 1 and under 7 days	1	1	1	1	1	1
-				Within 24 hours of birth	1	1	1	1	1	1
		Nurse		Total	1	1	1	н	4	10
				In 7 and under 28 days	1	1	1	1	1	1
	hospital		Died	In 1 and under 7 days	1	-	4	1	1	10
	Born in hospital		Within 24 hours of birth	1	1	1	1	1	-	
				Total	1	63	15	12	33	62
		Weight	at hirth		21b. 3ozs. or less Over 21b.	and incl. 3lb. 4ozs. Over 3lb.	and incl. 4lb. 6ozs. Over 4lb.	and incl. 4lb. 15ozs. Over 4lb. 15ozs. up to	and incl. 51b. 8ozs.	Totals

Care of Unmarried Mothers and their Children. The health visitors keep a careful watch on the children of unmarried mothers and work in close co-operation with the officers of the Children's Department and with moral welfare workers. Grants are made to Voluntary Associations whose workers are active in the area and financial assistance was given to nine unmarried mothers who applied for admission to mother and beby homes, one less than the previous year.

Family Planning Clinics. Women who, for medical reasons and in the interests of their health, require advice on birth control may be referred to a Family Planning Clinic. The Family Planning Association hold weekly sessions at Prince Street Clinic, Waterloo.

Maternity Outfits. Maternity outfits are provided free for patients attended by the domiciliary midwives.

Day Nurseries. There are no day nurseries in the Borough.

NATIONAL HEALTH SERVICE ACT 1946—SECTION 23

Midwifery. The domiciliary midwifery scheme provides for the employment of whole-time midwives who attend the confinements of patients in their own homes. The midwives are provided with pool cars or given an allowance to run their own cars. They made 4,245 visits, showing a decrease on the number for 1968 which was 4,681 visits. The total number of home confinements attended by the midwives decreased from 90 in 1968 to 52 in 1969.

Roll of Midwives at 31st December 1969

	Total No.	No. qualified to administer inhalational analgesics
Local Health Authority Midwives	3	3
Midwives in Nursing homes	4	4

Confinements attended

	Confinement
Local Health Authority Midwives	52
Midwives in Nursing homes	311

Of the 47 confinements attended by the local authority midwives where analgesics were administered, 14 were given Trilene and 33 were given Nitrous Oxide and Oxygen.

The number of women discharged early from the maternity hospitals to the care of the domiciliary midwives was 923 (against 839 in 1968), 2,653 visits being paid to such cases compared with 2,371 the previous year.

NATIONAL HEALTH SERVICE ACT 1946—SECTION 24

Health Visiting. Health Visitors have nursing and midwifery qualifications in addition to possessing the health visitors certificate. They are specially trained to deal with social problems and frequently act as the link between the family and various statutory and voluntary social services available to them. While health visitors are concerned with all classes of the community needing advice, particular attention is given to the care of infants and young children, the aged and the handicapped. Visits during the year totalled 21,554 against 20,852 visits during the previous year.

Persons or households visited

(1)	Total number of cases						6,699
(2)	Children born in—1969						1,095
(3)	—1968						1,074
(4)	-1964/67						3,731
(5)	Total number of children i	n (2) to	(4) abo	ve		***	5,900
(6)	Persons aged 65 or over						722
(7)	Number included in (6)						
	request of a G.P. or hospita						22
(8)	Mentally disordered person						13
(9)		who we	re visit	ted at	the sp	pecial	
	request of a G.P. or hospit	al				***	1
(10)							
	hospitals and excluding ma						8
(11)	Number included in (10)						
	request of a G.P. or hospita						6
0_ 32	Number of tuberculous ho						7
(13)							110
12.45	visitors						118
(14)	Number of households visi						
(15)	diseases						101
(15)	Other cases			***		***	101
		isits pa	id				
							100
	Expectant mothers						
	Children under 5 years						14,456
	Adults (excluding expectant						
	—under 65 years						
	—65 and over						
	Tuberculosis—Cases—unde					***	
	—65 ar	nd over			***		37
	—Contacts—u						371
	-6	5 and ov	er				7
	Others	***					1,388
	Ineffective visits						2,143

NATIONAL HEALTH SERVICE ACT 1946—SECTION 25

Home Nursing. The district nurses are engaged in the attendance on persons who require nursing care in their own homes. They work in close co-operation with the general medical practitioners. The 1,167 cases attended during 1969 compares with 1,179 cases attended during 1968. Visits paid increased from 41,817 to 43,935.

General nursing cases attended

No. on registers at 1st January 1969		 408
New cases attended		 759
	Total	 1,167
No. of cases completed		 760
No. on registers at 31st December 19	069	 407

Visits paid during period

To general cases on registers	 	 39,435
Casual advisory visits	 	 4,500
		43,935

Analysis of 641 completed cases

(a) by sex and age group:

	0-4	5-14	15-44	45-64	65+	Totals
Male	3	9	21	55	116	204
Female	5	2	70	80	280	437

(b) by agency of reference:

Servi	ces of nurs	e reque	ested b	ру		Number	Per cent
	—general p	ractitio	ner		 	485	75.6
	-hospital				 	120	18-8
-	-P.H. Aut	thority			 	14	2.2
-	-direct				 	20	31
-	-other				 	2	0.3

(c)	disposal of cases:				Number	Per cent
-	Recovered, relieved, etc	2		 	288	44.9
	Admitted to hospital			 	176	27.4
	Died		***	 	110	17.2
	Gone away			 	33	5.2
	Out-patient X-ray etc.			 	3	0.5
	Nurse withdrawn			 	27	4.2
	Other			 ***	4	0.6

(d) By disease or ailment and duration of treatment.

	DURATION OF TREATMENTS								
Disease or Ailment	Total No. of cases	Length of Treat- ment (days)	Average duration of treat- ment (weeks)	Total visits	Average No. of visits	Average No. of visits per case per week			
Tuberculosis of									
respiratory system	12	1395	16.6	1075	89.6	5.4			
Other infective and	**	25	20	1.00	100				
parasitic diseases	13	26	2.9	160	12.3	4.2			
Cancer	54	7318	19.4	2868	53.1	2.7			
Diabetes	16	4361	38.9	3403	212.7	5.5			
Anaemias and other	50	47504	1170	EE CT	06.0	0			
blood diseases	58	47594	117.2	5567	96.0	.8			
Mental, psychoneurotic disorders	4	1676	59.9	220	55.0	.9			
Cerebral haemorrhage,	4	1070	39.9	220	33.0	.9			
cerebral embolism and			13.77			700			
thrombosis	19	2191	16.5	488	25.7	1.6			
Other diseases of central	10	2171	10.5	100	23.1	1.0			
nervous system	37	14828	57.3	4150	112.2	2.0			
Diseases of eye, ear									
and mastoid process	10	223	3.2	121	12.1	3.8			
Diseases of heart and									
circulatory system	46	7455	23.2	2218	48.2	2.1			
Influenza	4	598	21.4	115	28.8	1.3			
Pneumonia	19	377	2.8	286	15.1	5.4			
Bronchitis	20	847	6.1	277	13.9	2.3			
Other diseases of									
respiratory system	10	867	12.4	415	41.5	3.3			
Diseases of digestive									
system	76	1034	1.9	569	7.5	3.9			
Diseases of genito-				1010					
urinary system	20	7569	54.1	1242	62.1	1.1			
Diseases of the skin	39	4624	16.9	1442	37.0	2.2			
Diseases of bones and		-							
organs of movement									
(including rheumatism and arthritis)	39	16689	61.1	4470	14.7	1.9			
Senility and ill-defined	39	10003	01.1	1110	A-3.7	1.0			
conditions	97	13505	19.9	2780	28.8	1.4			
Burns and scalds	4	77	2.8	69	17.3	6.2			
Other accidents,	*								
injuries, etc.	28	3712	18.9	628	22.4	1.2			
All other conditions	16	423	3.8	167	10.7	2.7			
Totals	641	137628	30.7	3285	51.1	1.7			

NATIONAL HEALTH SERVICE ACT 1946—SECTION 26

Vaccination and Immunisation

Vaccination against Smallpox.—facilities are provided for the free vaccination of any person desiring it either at the clinics or by general practitioners. Twenty-seven general practitioners were taking part in these arrangements at the end of the year. Supplies of vaccine lymph are obtained in bulk through the Public Health Laboratory Service and distributed from the Health Department to general practitioners and the clinics.

No. of vaccinations performed

	At	clinics	By general practitioners		Total	
	Age in	n years	Age in	ı years	Age i	n years
	0-4	5-15	0-4	5-15	0-4	5-15
Primary vaccination	165	9	130	10	295	19
Re-vaccination	1	9	7	15	8	24

Immunisation against Diphtheria, Whooping Cough, Tetanus and Poliomyelitis—

Immunisation against diphtheria, whooping cough and tetanus can be given as a "triple" vaccine, or a "combined" vaccine against diphtheria and whooping cough or tetanus or a "single" vaccine against diphtheria alone. Vaccination against poliomyelitis is offered free to all persons between the ages of six months and forty years. In addition, doctors and their families, hospital workers, expectant mothers, persons going to visit and reside outside Europe, Canada or America, dental surgeons and their staffs and families, nurses and public health staffs and their families, are also eligible for vaccination. As with smallpox vaccination immunisations are provided either at the clinics or by general practitioners.

Children protected

			Year of b	irth	
Protection given against		1969/ 66	1965/ 62	Others under 16	Totals
Diphtheria	P.	372	43	8	423
	R.	168	495	67	731
Whooping cough	P.	368	22	4	394
	R.	141	115	22	278
Tetanus	P.	372	44	9	425
	R.	170	495	70	735
Poliomyelitis	P.	382	101	39	522
	R.	182	513	116	811
Measles	P.	209	111	10	330

P-primary immunisation. R-reinforcement injection.

NATIONAL HEALTH SERVICE ACT 1946—SECTION 28

Prevention of Illness, Care and After-care

Tuberculosis. The treatment of tuberculosis is the responsibility of the Liverpool Regional Hospital Board but Tuberculosis Visitors, employed by the County Council, are engaged in the domiciliary visiting of notified cases of tuberculosis and contacts, working in close co-operation with the chest physician whose clinic they attend regularly. Extra nourishment may be provided in certain circumstances where this is recommended by the chest physician. Garden shelters and medical requisites may be loaned to tuberculous patients. Financial responsibility may be accepted for maintenance in special residential training centres.

In accordance with the Public Health (Tuberculosis) Regulations 1952, 17 new cases were registered during the year compared with 19 the previous year. One death from tuberculosis was recorded.

B.C.G. Vaccination. The B.C.G. vaccination scheme offers vaccination against tuberculosis where appropriate, to school children from approximately 10 years of age up to school leaving age, including students attending universities, teacher training colleges, technical colleges and other further education establishments. The Medical Officers receive special training in B.C.G. vaccination technique. 303 persons were vaccinated in 1969, by the Chest Physician at the Chest Clinic, and fourteen schools were completed by the School Medical Officers.

(a) Vaccinations by the Chest Physician

	Under 2 years of age	2 & under 5 years of age	5 & under 15 years of age	15 years of age & over
No. of persons tested	10	17	117	159
No. found positive	_	_	_	_
No. found negative	10	17	117	159
No. of persons vaccinated	10	17	117	159

(b) Vaco	inati	on of S	School	leaver	's	1969	1968
No. of schools completed						14	11
No. of consent forms sent	to pa	rents				1580	1080
No. returned—refused						121	125
—consented						1084	908
No. found positive						110	102
No. found negative						799	658
No. of children vaccinated						710	632

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Cervical Cytology. A total of 477 women were examined at the cervical cytology clinic held at Prince Street. Of these 23 were referred to their general practitioners for other conditions, and a possible positive result to the smear test for cervical cancer was given to seven.

Health Education. The staff of the Health Department, and the health visitors in particular, are all continuously engaged in health education. Activities include talks on health matters to the mothers attending the clinics, women's organisations and other associations, supported on occasion by the showing of films.

Convalescent Care. Convalescent Home care is arranged in suitable cases on the recommendation of a general practitioner, the applicants paying the whole or part of the cost according to their financial means. Three applicants (one male and two female) were assisted during the year, one more than in the previous year.

Mothercraft Training. Residential training may be arranged in appropriate cases for mothers who can be accompanied by their children. In the main, these are problem families or potential problem families. A charge is made, according to means.

Loan of Nursing Equipment. Articles of nursing equipment are available on loan to patients who are confined or nursed at home. Items of equipment available include: air rings, beds, mattresses, bed-rests, invalid chairs, walking aids, bed pans, commodes, draw sheets and urinals. There is no charge for this service.

Chiropody Service. This free service is limited to the aged, the physically handicapped and expectant mothers. Two sessions per week are held at the School Clinic, Seaforth, four at the School Clinic, Waterloo and one at the Community Centre on Brownmoor Estate. The chiropodists are full-time employees on loan from Health Division No. 7 but the organising of the clinics is done by the Crosby Old People's Welfare Committee. The number of individuals treated in 1969 was 856 compared with 806 in 1968 and the number of treatments given was 2,941 compared with 2,967 the previous year.

Work done at the Chiropody Clinics

No. of clinics	Total No. of clinic		o. of trea		No	of indivi	duals
operating at yr. end	sessions held	In clinics	At home	Total	In clinics	At home	Total
3	367	2781	160	2941	781	75	856

All the patients treated were in the category "aged", except for four handicapped persons and one expectant mother who received eleven treatments.

NATIONAL HEALTH SERVICE ACT 1946—SECTION 29

Home Help Service.

The services of a home help are available to expectant mothers, families deprived of the mother's care by sudden illness or removal to hospital, sick or aged persons living alone who are unable to look after themselves and have no relative to care for them. The home help manages the home in the absence of the mother, keeps the house clean, shops, prepares and cooks meals, cares for the children and does the washing and mending. A charge is made according to means. 57 part-time home helps were employed at 31st December, 1969.

Cases attended during 1969 1968 Special cases Confinement—at home 1 15 8 —away from home ... 2 1 Tuberculosis—aged 65 or over 2 —aged under 65 ... 2 Mentally disordered—aged under 65 49 43 Chronic sick—aged under 65 ... 503 465 —aged and infirm (65 or over) 12 17 All other cases—aged 65 or over 40 35 —aged under 65 ... 592 613

NATIONAL HEALTH SERVICE ACT 1946—SECTIONS 28 & 51 AND THE MENTAL HEALTH ACT 1959.

Mental Health Services. The Mental Health Act 1959 came into operation on the 1st November 1960, repealing the Mental Deficiency and Lunacy Acts. The new Act envisages a fresh approach to the problem of mental illness, admissions to hospital for treatment to be an informal arrangement through psychiatric out-patient clinics just as in other illnesses. Compulsory emergency admissions, instead of being dealt with through a magistrate as under the old legislation, will be arranged by doctors. The Mental Welfare Officers undertake the care and aftercare of patients who no longer need hospital treatment, making regular visits to offer help and guidance. They work in close co-operation with the psychiatric clinic staff. The part-time services of the Mental Welfare Officers are made available from Lancashire Health Division No. 7. A Social Club for Convalescent patients is held on one night a week at the Training Centre, 11, Crosby Road South, Waterloo.

Training Centre. The Waterloo Training Centre for mentally subnormal children has not been delegated and is still administered by the Lancashire Health Division No. 7.

Residential Accommodation. Residential accommodation for the mentally disordered has not been delegated by the County Council.

Guardianship. The authority may accept the duties of guardianship.

Mental Health Service

Men Under County Council	-																
	Menta	Mentally ill		Elderly	erly	0,	Subnormal	rmal		Seve	Severly subnormal	bnor	nal		To	Totals	
	er 16	16 & over	over	infirm	rm	Under 16	r 16	16 &	over	Under 16	r 16	16 &	over	Und	Under 16	16&	over
Mumber of persons under County Council	F	M	H	M	H	M	H	M	H	M	F	M	H	M	F	M	H
care at 31.12.69	1	11	180	1	1	7	5	23	13	14	5	15	5	21	10	109	198
Of the persons above: (a) No. attending a C.C. Training Centre or Special Care Unit (see note F) —	1	1	1	-	1	9	4	4	-	13	10	7	4	19	6	17	10
	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	63	1	1	1	1	1	1	5	2
	1	1	1	1	1	-	-	3	1	1	1	1	-	П	1	0	CI
(d) No. awaiting admission to a C.C. home for the aged (e) No. receiving home visits and not	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	-	1	1	61	1
included in above: (i) suitable to attend a training centre —	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	- 1	1
(ii) others	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	00	6	-	1	00	1	-	1	16	6
for admission to hospital at 31.12.69 (a) in urgent need of hospital care Number of admissions for temporary	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	1	1	1	1	1
(a) to N.H.S. Hospitals	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	-	2	-	60	1	2	1
Modation	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	1	1	1	-	1
(a) Hospital, on discharge from in- patient treatment	1	41	76	1	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-
	11	11	11	11	11	11	-	-1	11	11	1	11	11	11	12	-1	11

NATIONAL ASSISTANCE ACT 1948—SECTIONS 29 & 30

Welfare Services for the Blind and Partially Sighted. The administration of this service was delegated to the Council from the Lancashire County Council on the 1st April, 1962. Blind persons newly registered during the year totalled 12 and of these 1 was in the age group 60-64 and the remaining 11 were over 65 years. Of the 14 newly registered partially sighted, 1 was in the age group 5-15, 2 between 21-49, 3 between 50-64 and the remaining 8 were over 65 years.

Registered blind persons as at 31.12.69

Age Group			
Years	Males	Females	Total
0—4	-	-	_
5—15	_	_	_
16-20	3	1	4
21-49	6	3	9
50—64	10	12	22
65 and over	16	60	76
	35	76	111

Registered partially sighted persons as at 31.12.69

Age group Years	Males	Females	Total
0-4	_	_	_
5—15	4	1	5
16-20	2	_	2
21-49	5	3	8
50-64	3	4	7
65 and over	5	24	29
	19	32	51

A handicraft centre is organised at St. Andrew's Church Hall, Waterloo, each Wednesday morning and afternoon and a social centre at Linacre Mission, Litherland, is open each Tuesday afternoon.

At the end of the year, 29 blind and 3 partially sighted persons possessed talking book machines.

Welfare Services for the Handicapped (other than the blind and partially sighted). It is the duty of the Council to arrange for social workers to advise handicapped persons how best to obtain any available assistance of which they may be in need and to assist them to overcome the

HEALTH SERVICES 27

effects of their disabilities. The assistance of Voluntary Organisations in domiciliary visiting is welcomed. Financial help may be given for works of adaptation in the home and the provision of special equipment to mitigate the effect of disability. Facilities are available for the tuition and practice of handicrafts. Welfare Services for the Deaf and Hard of Hearing have not been delegated from the County Council.

Of the 73 men and 93 women on the register of handicapped persons at the end of the year, 19 were employed in open industry, and 3 in sheltered workshops. The number who were incapable of work was 24.

The Occupational Therapist made 380 visits to 28 handicapped persons.

Financial assistance was given in five cases for adaptations at the homes of handicapped persons to provide greater comfort or convenience and a further three cases to enable the Ministry of Health to supply a vehicle.

The County Council arranged for a party of handicapped persons to go on holiday to a holiday camp during the early summer and 4 people from Crosby were included in the party. Five were sent on holiday to Lakeland View, Fleetwood, a County Council holiday home.

Nurseries and Child Minders Regulations Act, 1948

This Act requires that Registers should be kept of:-

- (a) Premises where children are received to be looked after.
- (b) Persons who for reward receive into their homes children under the age of 5 to be looked after.

From the 1st November, 1968, the Council's powers have been extended by the Health Services and Public Health Act, 1968, to enable registration to be refused on grounds of unsatisfactory premises, equipment or persons. The Council have a duty to arrange inspection and to lay down numbers of children and staff. The penalties for non-registration have been increased.

Eleven child minders and six play groups were registered at the end of the year.

Medical Examinations

The medical staff carried out medical examinations for a variety of purposes as the table below indicates:—

Fitness for employment			 20
Children in care of the Children's Con	mmitt	ee	 38
Entry to Teachers Training Colleges			 80
Entrants to teaching profession			 4

SECTION 3

INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD

During the year 186 samples of food and drugs were purchased and submitted for analysis. 60 were formal and 126 were informal samples. Full details are given in the following table.

Article	N	o, examin	ed	or other	adulterate rwise givi irregular	ng rise	No. of Vendors Warned	Inform- ations laid
	Formal	Informal	Total	Formal	Informal	Total	warned	mu
Acacia honey	-	1	1	-	- 1	-	-	-
Almond flavouring		99						
essence	-	1	1	_		-	-	_
Apple pie filling	-	1	1	-	-	-		_
Apricot chutney	-	1	1	_	-	-	-	_
Aspirin		1	1	-	-	-	-	_
Baby dinner	_	1	1	_	-	-	-	-
Baked beans with pork								
sausage	_	1	1	_	-	-	-	-
Beef croquettes	_	1	1	-	_	_	-	-
Beef casserole with								
potato dumplings	_	1	1	-		-	-	-
Beef Italienne—								
Ready Meal	-	1	1	-		_	-	_
Black pudding	_	1	1	_		_	-	-
Bloater fish paste	-	1	1	_	-	_	_	_
Boned chicken in jelly	_	1	1	_	-	-	-	-
Brawn	_	1	1	_	_	_	_	_
Brewers' yeast	-	1	1	-		_	_	_
Bread	-	1	1	_	1	1	1	_
Brandy flavoured butter	_	1	1	_		_	_	_
Cheese	-	1	1	_	_	_	_	_
Cereal mixture for								
soups and stews	-	1	1	_	_	_	_	_
Cheese blended with								
beer	_	1	1	_	_	_	_	_
Chilli Sauce Relish	-	1	1	_		_	_	
Chicken curry and rice	_	1	1	_			_	_
Chicken with mushrooms		100					3510	
and vegetables	-	1	1	_		_	_	_
Children's cough syrup	_	1	1	_	_	_		
Chocolate flavour		1000	0		1000		1	
Sweet Whip		1	1	_		_		
Chopped braised pork	100		-					
kidneys in gravy	-	1	1	_	1	1	1	The last
Cinnamon sugar	_	1	î	_	_	1	1	
Cod roes	_	2	2					
Cooked shrimps	_	1	ĩ					
Cornflour	_	î	î				_	-
Corn Relish	_	î	1				-	
Crab spread	_	2	2				_	-
Cream	_	1	ī			1000	-	-
Creamed horseradish	_	1	1		-		1	-
Cream of Tartar		2	2		_	_	-	_
Cu-Bits Relish		1	1		-	-	-	-
Curry paste		1	1	_	-	-	-	7
Curry powder		1	1		-	_	-	-
Desiccated coconut		1	1		-	1	-	-
- STOCKER COCOTILE		1	1	_	_	_	-	-
Carried forward		42	42		-	-		
- TOTAL		12	42	_	2	2	2	-

Formal Informal Total	Inform- ations laid
Diarrhoea tablets	1810
Diarrhoea fablets	-
Eclair buns mix	-
Eclair buns mix	-
Egg & Bacon B'fast	
Fish spread	_
Flouride toothpaste	
Food colours	
Grill	
Grill	-
Herring fillets in wine sauce	-
Sauce	
Sauce	
Horlicks	-
Horlicks	-
Hot Dog Relish	
Imitation bacon bits Instant creamed potatoes Instant creamed Insta	-
Dotatoes	-
Laxative pills	
Laxative pills	-
Lemon and pepper Seasoning - 2 2 - - - - - - -	-
Seasoning	
Lemon curd	-
Lemon wafer diet biscuits - 1 1 - - - -	-
biscuits — 1 1 —<	
Malt drink — 1 1 —	-
Malt vinegar — 1 1 — <t< td=""><td>-</td></t<>	-
Margarine — 1 1 —	_
Masalova — 1 1 — 1 1 —<	-
Mashed Potato Mix — 1 1 —	_
Meat Pie — 1 1 —<	-
Meat Pudding — 1 1 — <t< td=""><td>_</td></t<>	_
Milk 60 3 63 — 2 2 2 — <td>-</td>	-
Minced beef and onions with gravy — 2 2 —	-
Minced beef and onions with gravy — 2 2 —	-
onions with gravy — 2 2 —	
Mince meat — 1 1 —	-
Mixed fruit jam — 1 1 —	_
Mixed salad — 1 1 — <td< td=""><td>-</td></td<>	-
Mussels — 1 1 — </td <td>_</td>	_
Mussels — 1 1 — </td <td>-</td>	-
Peaches in syrup — 1 1 —	-
Pickled stuffed olives — 1 1 —	_
Pickled stuffed olives — 1 1 —	_
syrup — 1 1 — <td>-</td>	-
syrup — 1 1 — <td></td>	
mixture	-
mixture	
Pork — 1 1 —	-
Prepared Seville _ 1 1	-
oranges - 1 1 - - -	_
Predigested drink — 1 1 — — —	_
Puffed rice - 1 1 - - -	-
Pure apple juice	-
Carried forward 60 92 152 — 5 5 5	_

Article	N	o. examin	ed	or oth	adulteraterwise givi irregulari	ing rise	ng rise No. of Vendors Warned	
	Formal	Informal	Total	Formal	Informal	Total		laid
Brought forward	60	92	152	-	5	5	5	-
Pure onion powder	_	1	1	_	-	-	_	-
Ready meal	_	1	1	-	_	-	-	-
Rich onion gravy mix	_	1	1	-	_	_	-	-
Rosemary	_	1	1	_	-	_	-	-
Rubbed Thyme	_	1	1	_	-	_	_	
Salmon	_	1	1	_	_	_	-	-
Sal volatile	_	1	1	_	1	1	1	-
Salad dressing	_	1	1	_	_	_		-
Sauerkraut with meat	38 3		1330					
and sausage	_	1	1			-		-
Self Raising flour		2	2	_	_	_	_	1
Skinless pork sausage	3_	ĩ	1	_	_	-		-
Slightly salted butter		1	î	_	_	_		_
				100 000	The same of			
Spaghetti sauce		1	1			_		_
seasoning		1	1					
Smoked Oysters Smoked Pork Paté		1	1					
		1	1					
Starched reduced loaf		2						
Steak with gravy	-	1	2					
Steak and Kidney Pie	_	1	1		_		-	
Steak and Kidney				la constitution of	Name .			10000
pudding	-	1	1	_	_	_	_	-
Stewed steak with		-	0	Bloom St.				- 40
gravy	-	2	2	-	_	_	-	-
Strawberry jam	-	1	1	-	_	_	_	-
Stuffed cabbage	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-
Swiss paté	-	1	1	_	_	_	-	-
Tea Instant	-	1	1	-	-	_	-	-
Toothpaste	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-
Turkey with chestnut		12						
and cranberry soup	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-
Vegetable soup	-	1	1	-	_	_	-	-
Vindalo paste	-	2	2	-	-	_	-	-
Vitamin tablets	-	1	1	-		-	-	-
Yeast	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-
Totals	60	126	186	_	6	6	6	_

Of the 186 samples taken and submitted for analysis, 6 (or 3.2% of the total) were reported as falling short of the required standard composition, as being definitely adulterated or giving rise to irregularities. Details of these are set out in the following table:-

Observations	Communicated with Wholesaler.	Communicated with Baker.	Communicated with Vendor.	Communicated with Vendor.	Communicated with Manufacturer.	Communicated with Vendor.
Nature of adulteration or irregularity	Deficient in proof spirit and soluble solids	Contained foreign matter	Contained Disinfectant	Contained added water	Deficient in meat	Deficient in free ammonia and ammonium carbonate
Type of sample	Formal	Informal	Informal	Informal	Informal	Informal
Article	Marsalova	Bread	Milk	Milk	Chopped Braised Pork Kidneys in Gravy	Sal Volatile
Serial No.	1	34	37	82	125	124

LANCASHIRE COUNTY COUNCIL (GENERAL POWERS) ACT 1951.

Section 14 of this Act, which has been adopted by the Corporation, provides for the registration of hawkers of food and premises used by them for storage. These premises are regularly inspected, and all practicable control is exercised over the hawkers themselves.

ICE CREAM.

All premises at which ice-cream is manufactured or sold were regularly inspected, 186 visits being made during the year.

In addition, 72 samples were taken for bacteriological examination. Samples were submitted to a methylene blue reduction test, and divided into four grades, in accordance with a provisional grading system recommended by the Ministry of Health. As a working basis, the Ministry have suggested that 50% of the samples from any one source should fall into grade 1, 80% into grades 1 and 2, and none into grade 4. No claims for the infallibility of this test are made by the Ministry, but it forms a useful adjunct to regular inspection, and helps the Public Health Inspectors to concentrate their efforts on endeavouring to improve the technique of the less satisfactory producers and retailers.

When sampling ice-cream it is the Public Health Inspectors' practice to devote special attention to the less satisfactory sources of supply, and to take immediate 'repeat' samples when the original sample is placed in grade 3 or 4.

70 samples were submitted to the 'methylene blue' test and of these 33 were placed in grade one, 27 in grade two, 9 in grade three and 1 in grade four.

MEAT AND OTHER FOODS

The inspection of food premises is carried out by the Public Health Inspectors, all of whom possess the necessary qualifications. Shops, vehicles and premises where food is prepared, stored, conveyed or sold are kept under constant supervision.

In carrying out this work the following inspections were made:—Butchers' Shops, 148 inspections.

Other Food Shops, Vehicles and Premises, 1,202 inspections.

MILK SUPPLY

Under the Milk (Special Designation) Regulations, 1963-5, the number of dealers' licences in force at the end of the year was:-

Pre-packed milk-95

Untreated milk—15

The number of dealers authorised to deal in milk of the following designations was:-

Untreated—15

Pasteurised—94

Sterilised-82

Ultra Heat Treated-2

Visits of inspection made during the year numbered 206.

CLEANLINESS OF MILK SUPPLY.

The standard of cleanliness adopted by the Corporation is that prescribed by the Ministry. 90 samples of milk were submitted for bacteriological examination during the year, and of these 88, or 97.7 per cent, reached the required standard of cleanliness.

Particulars of samples failing to reach the required standard were forwarded to the Chief Milk Production Officer to the Lancashire Agricultural Executive Committee, and where the sample had been obtained from local dairymen, the dairies were specially visited also.

The table below gives in detail the results of all samples taken during the year:—

Total Number of	Grade of Milk Sampled			
Samples	Untreated	Pasteurised	Sterilized	
90	Second Person	85	5	

Results	Number of samples submitted to test	Number satisfactory	Number unsatisfactory	Number void
Methylene Blue Test	85	69	2	14
Phosphatase Test	85	85	-	_
Turbidity Test	21	21	-	_
Inoculation Test	_	-	-	_
Brucellosis-Ring Test	_	_	_	_

UNSOUND FOOD.

During the year the undermentioned quantities of food were found to be unfit for human consumption and were voluntarily surrendered.

***	 2,645 lbs. 6 ozs.
	 1,153 lbs. 1 oz.
	 1,775 lbs. 12 ozs.
	 609 lbs. 14 ozs.
	 52 lbs.
	 $6\frac{1}{2}$ pints.
	 68½ gallons.
	 354 lbs. $13\frac{1}{2}$ ozs.
	 491 lbs. 14 ozs.

BAKEHOUSES.

At the end of 1969 there were 13 bakehouses in the Borough. All bakehouses were inspected, and generally found to be maintained in a clean and satisfactory condition, 55 visits being made during the year.

In several instances bakehouses were noticed to be in need of cleansing and limewashing, and on notifying the occupier the matter was promptly remedied. Various minor defects were noted and on intimation were subsequently rectified.

There are no basement bakehouses in the Borough.

FOOD HYGIENE REGULATIONS.

The requirements of the Regulations were generally well observed. Minor infringements were rectified upon request, and no prosecutions were necessary. Table of Infectious Diseases Notified during 1969.

SECTION 4

Prevalence and Control of Infectious Diseases.

Total	deaths	111111 11 11111111111111111111111111111	2
	Age Un- known	111111111111111111111111111111111111111	1
	65 yrs. & over		9
	45-64 yrs.		12
	25-44 yrs.		00
sdno	15-24 yrs.		6
Age Groups	10-14 yrs.	& 1 2 4	12
	5-9 yrs.	01 05 1 1 4 1 1 1 4	51
	3—4 yrs.	25 27 3.05	37
	1—2 yrs.	12 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	35
	Under 1 yr.	-	6
 Number	of cases notified	111 102 111 111 111 112 114 116	185
Norifield	Diseases	Scarlet Fever Whooping Cough Diphtheria Measles Malaria Meningococcal Infection Acute Poliomyelitis— paralytic non-paralytic non-paralytic post-infectious Dysentery Ophthalmia Neonatorum Puerperal Pyrexia Smallpox Paratyphoid Fevers Food Poisoning Erysipelas Tuberculosis: Pulmonary Infective Jaundice	TOTALS

The corrected total of confirmed cases of infectious disease amounted to 185 as against 341 the previous year. 262 visits were made by the Public Health Inspectors for the purpose of investigating certain cases of infectious disease.

Disinfection was carried out at premises where infectious diseases occurred, 7 houses being treated during the year. In addition, 131 articles of clothing, bedding, &c., and 93 library books were removed and treated at the disinfecting station.

The Borough Education Officer and principals at the schools were notified of occurrences concerning school children, and the Borough Librarian was notified of all cases.

Infectious Diseases recorded in selected years since the formation of the Borough.

Diseases			1937	1940	1950	1960	1969
Scarlet Fever			 83	109	120	83	18
Whooping Cough .			 37	26	155	70	11
Diphtheria and Memb.	. Cr	oup	 87	103	_	_	_
Measles			 278	893	779	858	102
Meningococcal Infection	n		 _	17	3	1	_
0 1' 1'.			 _	2	6	_	_
P 1 1'.'			 _	1	1	_	_
			 _	_	1	11	1
Ophthalmia Neonatoru	ım		 4	19	_	_	_
Puerperal Pyrexia .			 1	6	1	1	_
011			 _	_	_	_	_
Paratyphoid Fevers .			 _	2000	_	_	_
Enteric or Typhoid Fe	ver		 7	5	_		_
Food Poisoning .			 _	_	1	_	
Carrier also			 20	32	20	7	_
Malania			 _	1	1		
Tuberculosis—Pulmon	arv		 66	71	103	40	1
Tuberculosis—Non-Pu	ılmo	narv	 19	12	8	4	1
Typhus Fever .			 _	_	_		_
*T. C. atima T 1'			 -	-	-	_	1
		Totals	 603	1297	1199	1107	18

^{*}Notifiable Disease from 1st October 1968.

SECTION 5

Shops Act, 1950.

The Act came into operation on 1st October, 1950, but as a consolidating measure only, making no change in the existing legislation.

Under the Act the routine inspection of shops was continued during 1969, a total of 111 inspections being made during the year. Defects and contraventions discovered were referred to the persons responsible. These matters received prompt attention and were dealt with informally.

At the end of the year there were 991 occupied shops on the register; there are very few empty shops in the area.

THE PET ANIMALS ACT, 1951.

This Act confers upon Local Authorities power to licence and control pet shops. All shops in the Borough where animals are sold are inspected and in licensing such premises the Council have imposed conditions designed to secure the comfort and humane treatment of the animals concerned.

PETROLEUM REGULATIONS.

Thirty-four premises were licensed during the year for the storage of petrol. 17 of these premises were public filling stations; in the remaining cases petrol was stored only for use in the Licensees' vehicles.

Four licences were issued for the storage of cellulose thinners.

THE OFFICES, SHOPS AND RAILWAY PREMISES ACT, 1963

This Act, which came into force on 1st August, 1964, increased the local authorities power of control over shops, for the first time extended these powers to offices, and made registration obligatory upon the proprietors of both types of premises.

The table below gives details of each type of premises on the register at the end of the year and the number of visits made.

Class	Number of premises	Number received a general inspection	Number of exemptions
Offices	102	18	_
Retail Shops	503	181	_
Wholesale shops, Warehouses	7	14	_
Catering establishments, Canteens	42	12	_
Fuel storage depots	1	1	_
No. of visits of all kinds		338	

SECTION 6

FACTORIES ACTS, 1937 to 1961.

1. INSPECTIONS for purposes of provisions as to health.

		Normalian		Number of	
	Premises	Number on Register	In- spections	Written Notices	Occupiers Prosecuted
(i)	Factories in which Sections 1, 2, 3, 4 and 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities	9	21	_	_
(ii)	Factories not included in (i) in which Sec. 7 is enforced by the Local Authority	58	176	2	_
(iii)	Other Premises in which Sec. 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding outworkers' premises)	10	12	_	_
	Total	77	209	2	-

2. CASES IN WHICH DEFECTS WERE FOUND.

Particulars	Nur	Number of cases in which defects were found						
Particulars	Found	Found Remedied To H.M.		erred By H.M. Inspector	Prosecu- tions were In- stituted			
Want of cleanliness (S.1.)	8	8	-	_	-			
Overcrowding (S.2.)		-	-	_	-			
Unreasonable temperature (S.3.)	-	_	_	_	-			
Inadequate ventilation (S.4.)	3	3	_	_	-			
Ineffective drainage of floors (S.6.	.) —	_	-	-	-			
Sanitary Conveniences (S.7.) (a) Insufficient	. –	_	_	_	_			
(b) Unsuitable or defective	10	10	_	_	-			
(c) Not separate for sexes	–	_	-	_	-			
Other offences against the Act (not including offences relating to Outwork)		_	_	_	_			
TOTAL	21	21	_	-	-			

HOME WORKERS.

Occupiers of factories from which work of certain kinds is given out are compelled to keep a list of outworkers employed by them, and to send a copy of the list to the Local Authority in February and August of each year. There were no outworkers in Crosby during 1969, but lists of those employed by firms in Crosby and living in other districts were sent to the local authorities concerned.

SECTION 7

Housing and Environmental Hygiene.

NUMBER OF NEW HOUSES ERECTED DURING THE YEAR

		Houses, maisonettes and bungalows	Flats
By the local authority	 	186	32
By other local authorities	 	_	-
By other bodies or persons	 	27	53

INSPECTION OF THE DISTRICT

During the year 10,086 premises in the Borough were inspected.

To secure the abatement of nuisances found during these inspections, 826 preliminary notices were served upon owners and occupiers. Cases in which these notices were not complied with were reported to the Health Committee, upon whose order 345 statutory notices were served.

Premises were visited while work was in progress with the object of ensuring that the nuisances were satisfactorily abated, the number of such re-inspections being 3,309. 3,916 nuisances were discovered and 3,560 abated during the year.

Intimations were sent to the Borough Engineer's Department on 97 occasions regarding the following matters noted during inspections of the district.

Choked or damaged gullies and	sewers	33
Defective paving and pathways		5
Removal of refuse and debris		32
Dangerous walls and buildings		8
Miscellaneous matters		19

INSPECTION OF DWELLING-HOUSES DURING THE Y	EAR
1. (a). Total number of dwelling-houses inspected for housing defects (under Public Health or Housing Acts)	3,279
(b). Number of inspections made for the purpose	6,973
2. (a). Number of dwelling-houses (included under 1 above) which were inspected and recorded under the Housing Consolidated Regulations, 1925	-
(b). Number of inspections made for the purpose	-
3. Number of houses in a state so dangerous or injurious to health as to be unfit for human habitation	approx. 1,000
4. Number of dwelling-houses (exclusive of 3 above) found not to be in all respects reasonably fit for human habitation	829
REMEDY OF DEFECTS WITHOUT SERVICE OF FORMAL NOTICES	
Number of defective dwelling-houses rendered fit in consequence of informal action by the Local Authority or their officers	489
ACTION UNDER STATUTORY POWERS	
Proceedings under Public Health Acts :	
(1). Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which notices were served requiring defects to be remedied	246
(2). Number of dwelling-houses in which defects were remedied after service of formal notices:—	
(a). By owners	246
(b). By Local Authority in default of owners	-
Proceedings under Sections 16 and 17 of Housing Act, 1957:—	
(1). Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which Demolition Orders were made	_
(2). Number of dwelling-houses demolished in pursuance of Demolition Orders	_
(3). Number of houses in clearance areas confirmed during the year	261

THE RENT ACT, 1957.

Six applications for a Certificate of Disrepair were received during the year. Two certificates were issued.

Two applications for the issue of certificates as to the remedying of defects were received.

OFFENSIVE TRADES AND FISH FRIERS.

There are no premises in the Borough at which offensive trades are carried on.

There were 22 fish frying establishments on the register at the end of 1969. 56 visits of inspection were made during the year and in all cases the premises were found to be maintained in a clean and satisfactory condition. Minor matters discovered in inspections were all remedied informally.

REMOVAL OF HOUSE REFUSE.

This work is carried out under the direction of the Borough Engineer and supervised by the Cleansing Superintendent.

The removal of household refuse throughout the Borough is effected by means of mechanised vehicles. Ashbins are emptied weekly.

Shop refuse is removed twice weekly by means of a covered motor vehicle, and the charge for collection is 1/- per bin after one free bin.

The Corporation dispose of the refuse by controlled tipping, under a joint scheme operated by Crosby, Bootle and Litherland.

During the year an estimated total of 15,613 tons of refuse was collected and removed.

STREAMS AND WATERCOURSES.

The streams and ditches are cleansed and bottomed by their owners and receive frequent inspection.

With the spread of new houses into the rural area, the task of keeping ditches clear becomes more difficult each year, and constant supervision is necessary.

SMOKE ABATEMENT.

There are four factory chimneys in the Borough. 319 observations were taken during the year, but few serious emissions of smoke were noted. There can be little doubt that nearly all the atmospheric pollution in the Borough is now due to domestic chimneys and smoke blown in from other areas.

A daily volumetric smoke and sulphur dioxide recorder is in operation at Alexandra Hall.

CINEMAS.

There is one cinema in the Borough which was inspected and found to be well conducted.

VERMIN-INFESTED PREMISES.

Where vermin are found, whatever treatment seems most appropriate is promptly applied. Bug-infested dwellings are liberally sprayed with a solution of 5% D.D.T. in paraffin. Bedding is removed before spraying commences, treated with high pressure steam, and returned, aired and ready for use, on the same day. Flies, fleas and moths are dealt with by a lighter spraying with the same insecticide, or by the dissemination of insecticidal smokes in the affected rooms. Cockroaches, ants and 'silverfish' are combated by the use of a mixture of 10% D.D.T. in an inert powder. This has proved effective, and has the advantage of being almost odourless. Benzene hexachloride and dieldrin are also used in suitable cases, and aqueous suspensions of D.D.T. have been employed where there was danger of fire.

Precautions are taken to guard against the risk of bug-infestation in Corporation houses, and if the least trace of infestation is found, the furniture is fumigated with hydrogen cyanide during removal. This work is carried out by contractors in the employ of the Council. At the same time, bedding, etc., is treated by high pressure steam in the Corporation's disinfector.

All complaints received regarding infestation were investigated, and bugs were found in the following premises:—

Council Houses, 10.

Other Houses, 16.

49 detailed inspections were recorded under this heading during the year, and 216 premises were disinfested on account of infestation by fleas, moths, cockroaches, ants, 'silverfish', wasps, woodworms and spider-beetles.

TENTS, VANS AND SHEDS.

There are no temporary dwellings on licensed sites in the Borough.

PREVENTION OF DAMAGE BY PESTS ACT, 1949.

The acquired immunity of mice to the rodenticides in common use continued to cause concern, but new rodenticides, reasonably effective against mice have been used during the year with good results.

			Type of property		
			Non-agricultural	Agricultural	
No. of properties in distric	t		21,596	19	
Total no. of properties insp	pected fo	llow-			
ing notification			700	-	
No. infested by (a) rats			273	_	
(b) mice			427	-	

SCHOOLS.

At the end of 1969 there were 33 Schools in the Borough. The names of all children who are excluded from school on account of infectious disease in their homes are notified to the Head Teachers of the schools concerned.

BACTERIOLOGICAL WORK

All specimens requiring bacteriological examination are submitted to The Public Health Laboratory, Liverpool.

WATER SUPPLY

The Liverpool Corporation supply the whole of the Borough with water excellent in quality and adequate in quantity, drawn chiefly from Llyn Celyn and Lake Vyrnwy in North Wales, supplemented by water from the River Dee. All houses are served from the public mains.

The water is purified by filtration, and afterwards treated with chlorine. Samples are regularly examined by the Liverpool City Bacteriologist, with uniformly satisfactory results. The water contains 0.04 natural flouride (expressed as F in P.P.M.).

No difficulties due to plumbo-solvent action have been experienced.

SCAVENGING

This work is carried out by Corporation workmen under the supervision of a Cleansing Superintendent directed by the Borough Engineer.

The main roads are cleansed daily, other roads at less frequent intervals—at least once weekly. The district is therefore kept in a clean and tidy state, the whole of the approximately 86 miles of roads with their passages receiving regular attention. The work is carried out on the gang system and hand-controlled electric vehicles are used. Large gully emptiers are in use with a smaller machine for passage gullies.

SUMMARY OF WORK OF PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTORS, 1969.

PUBLIC HEALT	TH AND I	Housing Acts.	
		ng houses inspected under Public Health Act	2970
22		" re-visited under Public Health Act	330
33		" inspected under Housing Acts	309
,,		" re-visited " " "	33
,,,		" inspected re vermin	49
33		" inspected re overcrowding and re-housing	52
"	complai	ints received and investigated	2864
Communa Casa			
GENERAL SAN		- 1 - 1 1 1 to to	120
Number (of visits i	re drainage inspections and tests	137
"	33	Water Supply	128
>>	33	Infectious Diseases and Disinfection	158
33	"	Rats and Mice Infestation	209
**	"	Factories, workplaces and outworkers' rooms	30
>>	>>	Houses let in lodgings Smoke Observations and Clean Air Act	248
33	33		-
>>	33	Pet Shops Petroleum Act	105
>>	33		69
33	"	Explosives Acts Public Conveniences	22
33	33	Common Yards and Passages	117
33	"	Refuse Collection and Disposal	101
33	"	Accumulation of Manure	
2)	33	Schools	13
33	33	Animal Boarding Establishments	2
"	,,	Watercourses	
33	33	Rodent Control—Baiting of Manholes	486
33	33		400
MEAT AND FO	OD INSPI	ECTION.	
Number of	of visits t	o Preserved Food Premises	103
33	33	Butchers' Shops	148
>>	"	Dairies and Milk Shops	206
>>	33	Fishmongers and Poulterers	58
33	33	Fried Fish Shops	56
33	>>	Greengrocers and Fruiterers	84
33	33	Grocers	289
33	33	Bakers and Confectioners	55
33	33	Restaurants and Dining Rooms	155
13	33	Licensed Houses	31
33	33	Ice Cream Premises	172
33	33	Other Food Premises	159
33	33	Street Hawkers and Vendors	6
Number o	of sample	s taken—Food and Drugs	181
33	33	-Milk for Bacteriological Examination	90
>>	>>	—Ice Cream	72
MISCELLANEOU	S.		
		nder Offices Shape and Ballous B	-
Number	f visits u	nder Offices, Shops and Railway Premises Act	480
Number	f visite o	Shops concerning Shops Act	111
Number	f visits C	oncerning Improvement Grants	25
Interviews	with Or	oncerning Rent Acts	29
Sundry vi	sits and	wners, Contractors, etc.	136
January VI	THE HEILT	inspections	282

DISINFECTION AND DISINFESTATION.	
Rooms, etc., disinfected after Infectious Diseases :-	
Number of rooms	3
Number of articles of clothing, bedding, etc.	42
Number of Library Books	105
Number of Verminous Rooms Disinfested	485
Notices Served and Complied With.	
Preliminary notices served	026
Preliminary notices complied with	826 973
Statutory notices served	346
Statutory notices complied with	444
Nuisances Abated and Defects Remedied.	
(a) Dwelling Houses—	
Dangerous or defective walls rebuilt	16
Roofs repaired or renewed	306
External walls re-pointed or repaired	81
Rainwater pipes and eavesgutters repaired or renewed	207
Dampness remedied	632
Wall plaster repaired	216
Ceilings repaired or renewed	173
Floors or stairways repaired or renewed	106
Doors repaired or renewed	86
Windows repaired or renewed	305
Cooking ranges and fireplaces repaired or renewed	3
Chimneys and stacks repaired	56
Water supply pipes repaired or supply improved	90
Sinks provided, renewed or repaired	41
Sink waste pipes renewed or repaired	94
Yards and passages paved or repaired	66
Miscellaneous	10
(b) Drainage—	
Drains cleared of obstruction	447
Drains repaired or reconstructed	11
Soil pipes, ventilating shafts, etc., repaired	13
(c) Water Closets—	
New water closets provided	2
Compartments repaired or cleansed	8
Basins provided or repaired	99
Cisterns provided or repaired	119
Cesspools cleansed or repaired	1
(d) Dustbins—	
New dustbins provided	86
•	
(e) Miscellaneous—	
Offensive accumulations removed	15
Dirty premises cleansed	1



