[Report 1941] / Sanitary Committee [- Medical Officer of Health], Cornwall County Council.

Contributors

Cornwall (England). County Council.

Publication/Creation

1941

Persistent URL

https://wellcomecollection.org/works/jc7xg29t

License and attribution

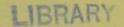
You have permission to make copies of this work under a Creative Commons, Attribution license.

This licence permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original author and source are credited. See the Legal Code for further information.

Image source should be attributed as specified in the full catalogue record. If no source is given the image should be attributed to Wellcome Collection.



Wellcome Collection 183 Euston Road London NW1 2BE UK T +44 (0)20 7611 8722 E library@wellcomecollection.org https://wellcomecollection.org



Cornwall County Council



ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

FOR THE YEAR 1941.



CONTENTS.

						Page
Statistics and Social Conditi	ons					3
Laboratory Facilities						5
Ambulance - Facilities				***		5
Sanitary Circumstances						6
Housing	***					7
Inspection and Supervision	of Food					7
Infectious Diseases	***	***	***			9
Tuberculosis	****	***				9
Venereal Diseases	***	4			1	12
Blind Persons	***		***	7.07		13
Vaccination						14
Maternity and Child Welfare		***			***	15
Work of the County Nursing	Associa	ation	***			17
Infant Welfare Centres	***				***	18
Orthopaedic Treatment				***		19
Report of Supervisor of Mid	lwives			***	***	20
Tables					A	t end

To the Chairman and Members of the Cornwall County Council.

My Lord, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have the honour to present the Annual Report on the Health of the County of Cornwall during the year 1941.

The report continues to be brief and in many ways uninformative. During the course of the year under review two interim reports were issued, one dealing with the influence of the war and the Government's Evacuation Scheme on the incidence of infectious disease in the County, and the other giving a review of the Hospital and Ancillary Services created in Cornwall to meet war conditions. In the interests of economy in paper it has been decided not to include these reports in the current Annual Report, but to take advantage of the fact that these reports were issued to curtail still further the narrative in the present Annual Report.

Outstanding events of the year under consideration were the strengthening of the Midwifery Service by the appointment of Mr. J. G. Hastings Ince as Consultant Obstetrician, the appointment being made in co-operation with the Cornwall Divisional Hospitals Council and the Nuffield Trust; the extension of the Maternity Services by the opening of the Polvellan Maternity Home, Looe, and later of an annexe to the County Maternity Ward at Oak House, Redruth; the enlargement of the arrangements for the treatment of Venereal Disease by an increase in the number of clinics and the employment of specially qualified Medical Practitioners to give treatment at their own Surgeries in order to make the treatment more available particularly in Rural Areas; the taking over of War-time Nurseries from the 1st April, 1941; and the transfer of the supervision of Blind Home Workers to the Bristol Royal Blind Asylum Workshops. At the request of the Ministry of Health the County Council also became responsible during the year for the supervision of Evacuation Sick Bays and Hostels throughout the County.

It is important at a time of expansion of the Health Services to bear in mind that this is a long term policy and returns for money invested cannot be expected in the immediate future. A clear indication of the value of the Health Services over a long period may be obtained from the Tables published in the section of the Report dealing with Blind Persons. Seventy-four of the Blind Persons in the County became blind before they reached the age of one year and yet at the present time there is no infant of that age in this County blind. The preventable nature of most of the blindness arising in early infancy has been recognised and the knowledge is being applied to good effect. The result will be a steady diminution in the number of Blind Persons during the next two or three generations.

I repeat my acknowledgement of the help and consideration I have received from the Chairman and members of my Committee, both collectively and individually, and the loyal assistance I have received from my Staff.

I am,

Your obedient Servant,

R. N. CURNOW, County Medical Officer.

December, 1942.

CORNWALL COUNTY COUNCIL

REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH FOR THE YEAR 1941.

STATISTICS AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS OF THE AREA.

Area Population, 1941 (excluding Scilly Isles)	
Number of inhabited houses (1931 census) Rateable Value Sum represented by a penny rate	estimate) 83,544 £1,558,573 £6,120

The chief industries according to the 1931 Census were:-

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Agricultural	22,588	1,204	23,792
Clay, Sand, Gravel, etc. pits	3,883	41	3,924
Tin and Copper Mines	665	12	677
Other Mines	2,556	18	2,574
Stone Quarries, Mines, etc	2,068	14	2,082
Fishing	2,488	5	2,493

These figures exclude those persons out of employment on Census Day.

Live Births.

		Male.	Female.	Total.
Legitimate		 2,456	2,339	4,795
Illegitimate		 160	134	294
Total	 	 2,616	2,473	5,089

Birth rate per 1,000 of the estimated resident population (4,633 births), 12.47.

0	200	. **			
	au	B	ш	m#	no.
-	•••				445

		Male.	Female.	Total.
Legitmate		 96	79	175
Illegitimate		 10	7	17
Total	 ***	 106	86	192

Deaths.

Male.	Female.	Total.
2,465	2,721	5,186

Death rate per 1,000 of the estimated average population, 13.96.

Deaths from Puerperal causes:-

Puerpe	eral Sepsis	***	6	Rate per 1,00	o total	(live and still)	births	1.13
Other	Puerperal	causes	17	11	11"	"	"	3.20
Total			23	,,	,,	"	**	4.33

Death	rate	of infants under 1 year of age:-	
		fants per 1,000 live births	
L	egitin	nate infants per 1,000 legitimate live births	s 49.22
I	llegiti	mate infants per 1,000 illegitimate live birth	is 105.44
Death	fron	n Cancer (all ages)	643
"	,,	Measles (all ages)	15
,,	33	Whooping cough (all ages)	11
**	**	Diarrhoea (under 2 years of age) .	12

Comparative Rates.

					Con	rnwall.	England&Wales.
Live birtl	hs, rate per 1	,000 ci	vilian pop	ulation		12.47	14.2
Stillbirths	s, rate per 1,0	oo civil	lian popula	ation		0.49	0.51
Total dea	ths under 1 y	ear, rat	te per 1,00	o live bi	rths	52.46	59.0
Diarrhoea	a, under 2 yea	ars, rate	per 1,000	live birt	ths	2.36	5.1
Deaths fr	om all causes	, per 1,	ooo of the	populat	ion	13.96	12.9
,,	Enteric Fev	er per 1	,000 of th	e popula	tion	0.003	0,00
,,	Measles	,	, ,,	,,		0.04	0.03
**	Scarlet Fev	er ,		,,		0.003	0.00
**	Whooping (Cough ,	, ,,	,,		0.029	0.06
**	Diphtheria	,		,,		0.113	0.07
	Influenza	,	, ,,	,,		0.24	0.19
Maternal	Mortality	Puerp	eral sepsis			1.13	0.48
rate pe	r 1,000	Other	puerperal	causes		3.20	1.75
total bi	irths.	Total				1.33	2 22

Birth Rate.

The birth rate in Cornwall for 1941 was 12.47 as compared with 14.2 for England and Wales.

Infant Mortality.

The infant mortality rate was 52.46 per 1,000 live births as compared with 59 for England and Wales. Of the 267 infant deaths, 177 were due to congenital debility, premature birth, malformations, etc.

Infant mortality rates:-

	nty rates			Cornwall.	England & Wales.
1898	***			156	160
1900				126	154
1910				85	105
1911				129	130
1920				59	80
1930				51	60
1931	***		***	54	66
1932				54	65
1933				52	64
1934			***	57	59
1935	***			46	57
1936	***			51	59
1937		***		49	58
1938				50	53
1939				59.	50
1940	***			48	55
1941				52	59

Death Rate.

The death rate for Cornwall (13.96) is higher than that for England and Wales (12.9).

Chief causes of death at all ages:-

Diseases of Heart and Blood Vessels	***	1,428
Cancer		643
Respiratory disease	1	532
Intracranial Vascular lesions		508
Suicide and deaths from violence		312
Tuberculosis		197
Congenital Debility, premature birth,	etc.	177
Nephritis		173

GENERAL PROVISION OF HEALTH SERVICES FOR THE AREA.

Laboratory Facilities.

The Royal Cornwall Infirmary, Truro, Pathological Department, under the charge of Dr. F. D. M. Hocking.

The Redruth Clinical Laboratory under the charge of Dr. C. Rivers.

The Laboratory of the Public Analyst (Dr. H. E. Cox), 11, Billiter Square, London, E.C.3. Specimens of water and food, etc., are sent to this Laboratory by the County Council.

District Councils make their own arrangements with various Laboratories.

Ambulance Facilities.

Motor ambulances are provided and maintained by voluntary organisations, and there is a Joint Committee of representative members of the British Red Cross Society and The Order of St. John, the Cornwall Voluntary Aid Organisation.

The following are the motor ambulances connected with this organisation:—

Station.	Garage.	Officer-in-Charge.
St Austell	Pentewan Road	Comdt. S. Rowley, B.R.C.S. Det. No. 9, Varennes, Penwinnick Rd. Tel. 261.
Bodmin	Head Quarters S.J.A.B. Tel. 198	Supt. W. W. Hearn, S.J.A.B., 14, Clifden Tce.
Camborne	College Street. Tel. 2257 (Police)	Supt. J. Jory, S.J.A.B., 6, Mid Centenary Row. Tel. 3215.
Camelford	Ambulance Station. The Clease. Tel. 50.	Supt. C. S. Moyse, S.J.A.B., Fore Street. Tel. 50.
Falmouth	Ambulance Hall, Quarry Hill. Tel 83.	Supt. J. Jackman, S.J.A.B., Hazelmere, Albany Road. Tel. 583.
Hayle	Ambulance H.Q. Tel. 3355	Supt. J. R. Bond, S.J.A.B., 15, Copper Tce., Hayle. Tel. 3355.

Station	Garage.	Officer-in-Charge.
Helston	Wendron Street. Tel. 58.	Supt. J. B. Gilbert, S.J.A.B., 11, Meneage St., Tel. 58.
Illogan	Headquarters, S.J.A.B., Pool, Redruth.	Supt. W. H. Kevern, S.J.A.B., 90, Agar Road, Illogan Highway, Redruth. Tel. 417.
St. Ives	Dove Street.	Supt. W. H. Care, S.J.A. Div., Gabriel Street, Tel. 81.
Launceston	Ambulance Station, Westgate Street. Tel. 32.	Supt. W. G. Mooney, S.J.A.B., St. Mary's, Tavistock Road. Tel. 32.
Liskeard	Ambulance Station, Fair Park. Tel. 23 (Police).	Transpt. Sgt. S. C. Sanders, S.J.A.B., 13, Fore Street.
Pendeen	Hillside, Trewellard, Pendeen. Tel. St. Just 68.	Ambu. Off. D. J. Briggs, S.J.A.B., The Square, Pendeen. Tel. St. Just 52.
Penzance	Penalverne Car Park.	Supt. T. C. Cooper, S.J.A.B., Alverton Street, Tel. 287.
Redruth	Headquarters, S.J.A. Div., Basset Street. Tel. 159.	Supt. C. C. Pellowe, S.J.A.B., I, Close Hill, Tel. 159.
Truro	City Road. Tel. 2439.	Supt. W. Bennellick, S.J.A.B., 14, St. George's Villas. Tel. 2233.

In addition to the above, there are also ambulances at Bude, Newquay and Torpoint.

These ambulances are not available for ordinary infectious disease, but are used in connection with the Council's Public Health Services. Ambulances for ordinary infectious disease are provided by the District Councils in connection with the Isolation Hospitals. The County Council make a grant of £10 per ambulance to the Cornwall Voluntary Aid Organisation, to be devoted solely to expenses in connection with road accidents.

SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE AREA.

County Councils are not Sanitary Authorities for such purposes as water supply, sewerage, and the arrangements for dealing with infectious disease, but under the Local Government Act, 1929, County Councils may make grants to District Councils in aid of schemes for water supply and sewerage. Grants have been made by the County Council in aid of water supplies for rural areas.

Rivers and Streams. Action to check pollution of rivers or streams may be taken by District Councils or by the County Council.

Schools. The sanitary condition and water supply of the Schools is constantly receiving the attention of the Education Committee, and as opportunity offers Schools are connected with water and drainage schemes.

HOUSING.

Housing Act, 1936. A grant of £1 per house for 40 years has been approved in respect of the following Districts:—

District			No.	of houses
Kerrier Rural		 		45
Truro Rural	***	 		14
St. Germans Rural		 		9
Wadebridge Rural	***	 		18
West Penwith Rural		 		25

INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD.

Milk (Special Designations) Orders, 1936 and 1938. These Orders provide that no person may use a "special designation" for any milk unless there is in force a milk licence authorising the use of that designation in connection with that milk, nor may any description be used in regard to the sale of milk which is calculated falsely to suggest that the cows are free from tuberculosis or that the milk has been graded or tested by any competent person.

The County Council is responsible for the granting of licences for the production of Tuberculin Tested milk and Accredited milk.

					Tuber	culin Tested.	Accredited.
No. of	licences	on 31st	December,	1936		36	232
,,	,,,	,,	**	1937		36	299
,,	,,	,,	,,	1938		60	328
,,	,,	,,	,,	1939	***	96	400
,,	"	,,	,,	1940		100	462
",	,,	**		1941	***	104	471

The following number of samples were taken during the year, with the results shown:—

		Tuberculin Tested.	Accredited.
		343	1,443
***		240	970
		103	473
were 1	made	up as follows:-	
ctase	Test	16	66
ent		59	265
ctase	Test		
ent		28	142
	were rectase	were made ctase Test ent	343 240 103 were made up as follows:— ctase Test 16 ent 59 actase Test

Milk Supplied to Schools. The Milk in Schools Scheme continued to be popular and arrangements were made with the various Evacuating Authorities for free milk to be made available for such of their children as needed it. At the end of the year 26,580 Elementary School pupils were receiving milk, an increase of some 4,000 over the figure for the previous year. Supplies had been arranged for 422 out of 523 school departments.

Meat and other Foods.

The County of Cornwall Act 1929, S.68, when adopted by a District Council provides for the registration of manufacturers, vendors, merchants, dealers, and premises for the manufacture or storage or sale of ice-cream. The majority of the District Councils have adopted this Section of the Act.

S.69 is in operation without adoption and provides for the notification of infectious disease and for dealing with infected ice-cream. It also provides for the inspection of materials, commodities or articles of food on such premises.

Adulteration, etc.
Samples taken during the year under the Food and Drugs (Adulteration)
Act, 1938, were as follows:—

Name of Article		Number of Samples taken	Genuine	Adul- terated	Remarks
Baking Powder		4	3	1	Deficiency in Tartaric
Batter flour		1	1		Acid.
Beef and Vegetable extract		1	1	-	
Bicarbonate of soda		1	1		
Butter	***	4	4		
Butter flavouring		1	1	-	
Cafe au lait powder	***	1	1 3	-	
Cake and Pudding mixture Cocoa		3	1	-	
Coffee and Chicory	***	2	2		
Cooking Fat		2	2		
Cornflour	***	1	1		
Crab Paste		1	1	_	
Dandelion Coffee		1	1	-	
Drugs		6	6	-	
Egg substitutes	***	7	6	1	Deficiency in egg.
Egg squares		2	1	2	Deficiency in egg.
Egg yellow	***	1	1	-	
Essence of Almonds Extract of meat	***	1	1	-	
Flour		3	3		
Gin	***	2	2		
Gravy		2	2		
Groats		1	1	-	
Ground Cinnamon	***	1	1		
Ground Ginger		1	1	-	
Ground Rice	***	L	1	-	
Malt Vinegar Milk	***	3 287	3 250	37	23 Added water.
	***		200		10 deficient in fats, 4 deficient in non-fatty solids.
Milk substitute	***	1	-	1	No egg.
Onion substitutes	***	5	70	5	No onion.
Orange & Lemon substitut		14	10	4	No vitamins,
Pickling spice Pudding mixtures	***	4	4		
Raspberry Red		1	1	_	
Rice		ī	. 1	-	
Rice custard		1	1		
Rolled Oats		1	1	-	
Rum		1	1	-	
Saffron Substitute	***	1	1	-	
Sausages		2	2	1	12 parts lead per million
Sardines Self Raising Flour	***	1	1	0	12 parts read per minor
Stuffing Floar	***	1	1	1	No egg.
Sugar substitute	***	3	3	1	2 60.
Sweetening tablets		2	2	-	
Whisky	***	5	5	-	
White pepper		2	2	-	
Yolk of egg fish dressing	***	- 1	-	1	No egg.
Yorkshire Pudding		1	1		
TOTALS		393	339	54	13.74% adulterated.

There were also 267 Gerber tests of milk during 1941.

PREVALENCE OF, AND CONTROL OVER, INFECTIOUS AND OTHER DISEASES.

During the year, 438 cases of infectious diseases were admitted to the County Emergency Isolation Hospital at Truro, from most districts in the County, compared with the last 6 months of 1940, the opening period of the hospital, when 209 cases were admitted.

The principal reasons for admission were:-

Diphtheria	 	195
Diphtheria Carriers	 ***	31
Scarlet fever	 	87
Cerebro-spinal meningitis	 ***	57
Poliomyelitis	 	10

There were 23 deaths, viz., Diphtheria 11, Scarlet fever 1, Cerebro spinal meningitis 9, Tubercular meningitis 1, Pneumococcal meningitis 1.

Children discharged from the County Isolation Hospital after an attack of diphtheria are referred to the Orthopaedic Clinic nearest their home for remedial exercises.

The following figures show the incidence of infectious diseases during the year, as compared with the previous year.

Diphtheria. 523 cases with 42 deaths occurred during the year 1941 as compared with 392 cases with 26 deaths during the year 1940.

The great increase in incidence of Diphtheria emphasizes the urgent need for active schemes for immunisation against Diphtheria throughout the County. Generally speaking schemes were in operation and were actively pressed with great success by all Medical Officers of Health.

Scarlet Fever. 580 cases with I death occurred during the year 1941 as compared with 617 cases with 3 deaths during the previous year.

Enteric Fever. 32 cases with 1 death occurred during the year 1941 as compared with 18 cases with 2 deaths during the previous year.

Cerebro-Spinal Fever. 95 cases with 17 deaths occurred during the year 1941 as compared with 67 cases with 18 deaths during the year 1940, and only 2 cases during 1939.

Measles and Whooping Cough. 5,664 cases of Measles and 1,210 cases of Whooping Cough with 15 and 11 deaths respectively as compared with 4,492 cases of Measles and 287 of Whooping Cough with 6 and 5 deaths respectively during the year 1940. The provision of isolation hospital accommodation for these diseases has long been recognised as necessary.

Cancer. 643 deaths during the year 1941 as compared with 577 during the year 1940 and 623 during the year 1939.

Table I. at the end of the Report shows the number of cases of Infectious Disease notified in each District in the County.

TUBERCULOSIS.

The Council's Sanatorium at Tehidy has 108 beds, and there are tuberculosis treatment centres at Penzance, Tuckingmill, Truro, St. Austell and Liskeard. A table showing work at the treatment centres is given at the end of the Report (Table II).

The Tuberculosis Officer, on receipt of a notification, informs the notifying practitioner that he proposes to follow up the notification unless the practitioner reports that there are special reasons why this should not be done.

No action has been taken under the Public Health (Prevention of Tuberculosis) Regulations, 1925 (relating to persons suffering from Pulmonary Tuberculosis employed in the milk trade), or under Section 172 of the Public Health Act, 1936 (relating to the compulsory removal to hospital of persons suffering from Tuberculosis).

The following Table shows the cases actually diagnosed as tuberculosis by the County Tuberculosis Officer:—

NEW (DEFINITE) CASES.

Year		Pt	ılmon	ary			Non-	Pulmonary and Non- Pulmonary			
	Men.	Women	Boys	Girls	Total.	Men	Women	Boys	Girls	Total	Total
1926	136	98	7	3	239	18	18	14	11	61	300
1927	111	89	7	8	215	9	16	16	6	47	262
1928	106	105	10	5	226	11	11	12	5	39	265
1929	110	88	3	3	204	12	17	7	6	42	246
1980	94	92	8	7	196	18	12	18	2	40	236
1931	107	95	4	5	211	9	10	4	4	27	238
1982	102	92	8	3	200	8	15	8	7	38	238
1988	103	73	-	7	183	18	7	2	2	24	207
1984	91	74	1	4	170	12	18	7	8	45	215
1985	87	51	2	-	140	8	10	4	4	26	166
1936	77	66	1	4	148	7	5	4	2	18	166
1987	79	60	6	8	148	12	4	5	1	22	170
1938	92	56	3		151	17	11	8	6	42	193
1989	74	64	3	3	144	10	18	8	10	41	185
1940	98	68	5	2	168	10	5	6	9	30	198
1941	97	68	1	5	171	9	6	11	10	36	207

New Cases and Mortality during 1941.

			New Cases Notified.				Deaths.					
Age Period.		Pulmonary		Non-Pulmonary.		Pulm	onary.	Non-Pulmonary.				
		M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.			
0— I	***	-	_	I	-			2	I			
1- 5		-	2	2	1	-	-	2	3			
5-15		3	3	16	10	1	2	3	8			
15-45		94	102	II	8	48	46	8	6			
45-65		28	15	1	2	34	II	4	4			
65 and u	pwards	7	2	I	-	8.	6	1	2			
		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Totals	2.02	132	124	32	21	91	65	20	24			
		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
		25	56		53	I	56	4	4			
				309			2	000				

The notifications of non-pulmonary tuberculosis were as follows:-

				1938	1939	1940	1941
Bones and	l joint	S		38	26	23	24
Glands				13	9	9	16
Meninges				7	7	8	4
Abdomen	and p	eritone	um	5	3	5	3
Kidneys a	and B	ladder	***	2	4	2	4
Others				5	2	2	2
				-	-	-	-
				70	51	49	53
					_	_	_

VENEREAL DISEASES.

Treatment Centres: (1) Royal Cornwall Infirmary, Truro, (2) Tuckingmill, near Camborne, (3) The City Hospital, Plymouth. All Treatment Centres in the Country are open to all comers.

Summary of Work done:-

		TREATMENT CENTRE AT PLYMOUTH. (Patients from Cornwall				TREATMENT CENTRE				TREATMENT CENTRE AT TRUBO		
	1920	1939	ly).	1941	1920	1939	1940	1941	from (May) 1939	1940	1941	
No. of Persons dealt with at the out-patient Dept. for the first time and found to be suffering from:—	1020				1020							
Syphilis	55	12	4	8	54	22	13	38	22	69	225	
Soft Chancre	-	2	1	1	-	2	1	-	1	2	7	
Gonorrhœa	20	28	12	11	37	43	- 25	40	56	116	289	
Conditions other than Venereal	18	26	18	13	3	39	10	17	26	83	130	
Total	93	68	35	33	94	106	49	95	105	270	651	
Total No. of attendances at the out-patient dept.	808	688	546	415	554	851	529	562	900	2083	4138	
Aggregate No. of in-patient days	1059	355	397	89	-	39	_	-	528	990	2415	
No. of doses of Arsenoben- zene Compounds given. (Out-patients and In-patients.)	305	84	111	87	302	374	176	237	194	748	1810	
Examination of pathological material at the Treatment Centre or sent to an ap- proved laboratory for—												
Detection of Spirochetes	1	-	_	-	1	-	-	_	4	21	73	
,, Gonococci	32	232	137	92	30	74	44	60	95	272	636	
Wassermann reaction	117	74	62	61	89	93	59	77	159	164	449	
Others	-	-	19	14	-	88	38	69	104	149	215	

A new Treatment Centre was opened at the Royal Cornwall Infirmary, Truro, in 1939, and five beds are reserved for cases requiring in-patient treatment. Arrangements are made for new cases to be seen at any time and irrigations and other treatment carried out daily. A second weekly session commenced on 1st April, 1941.

In accordance with advice from the Ministry of Health a Scheme was drawn up towards the end of the year for the provision of treatment for Venereal Diseases at the surgeries of medical practitioners with special skill and experience in the treatment of these diseases.

Summary for Cornish Patients.

Nun

1920. 1936. 1937. 1938. 1939. 1940. 1941. New cases 187 251 219 222 279 354 779 Total attendances at Clinics ... 1,362 2,301 2,090 2,121 2,439 3,158 5,115 Specimens examined from Clinics 270 575 559 708 923 965 1,756

The following shows the number of new cases at the Treatment Centres actually found to be suffering from venereal diseases:—

1920. 1930. 1931. 1932. 1933. 1934. 1935. 1936. 1937. 1938 1939. 1940, 1941, 166 144 130 145 142 155 122 174 148 158 188 243 619

The Pathological Department of The Royal Cornwall Infirmary, Truro, under the direction of Dr. F. D. M. Hocking, has been approved by the Minister of Health for the examination of specimens from persons suffering, or suspected to be suffering, from Venereal Disease. The necessary outfits and directions are supplied to medical practitioners by Dr. Hocking.

BLIND PERSONS.

There are 5 Home Teachers, four sighted and one blind. These work under the County Blind Association and visit the homes of blind persons and teach Moon and Braille reading, and otherwise keep under observation all blind persons who wish to be visited. 7,787 visits were made by these Home Teachers to blind persons, and 259 lessons given.

The supervision of the Cornish Home Workers was transferred from the South Devon and Cornwall Institution for the Blind, Plymouth, to the Bristol Royal Blind Asylum Workshops on 1st April, 1941.

Prevention of Blindness. The Council have adopted a system of voluntary notification by medical practitioners of persons threatened with blindness.

There were 813 registered blind persons on 31st March, 1942, 317 males and 496 females, an increase during the 12 months of 13. 109 new cases were registered during the year 1941. The following Table shows the age groups of blind persons:—

mber of Blind Perso	ons in Age Groups	Ages at which Bline	lness occurred.
Age Period.	Number.		Number.
0— I	-	o— I	74
1- 5	4	1- 5	5
5—16	16	5—10	24
16-21	13	10-20	34
21-40	47	20-30	50
40-50	44	30-40	53
50-65	178	40-50	86
65-70	103	50-60	163
Over 70	408	60-70	162
		Over 70	162
Total	813	Total	813
			-

Blind Children of School Age, 5-16

	Normal.	Mentally Deficient.	Physically Defective.	Total.
In Schools for the Blind	6	-	_	6
Other Schools	-	_	_	-
Not at School	2	6	2	10

Training and Employment (Age period 16 and upwards).

97

77	1	20.3
Himi	OW	ed-
ALC: A A.A.	O'A SEC. Y	Contract Con

Total undergoing training 6 Unemployable 690 Total 793

Physically and Mentally Defective (all ages).

(a) Mentally De (b) Physically D				27 26
(c) Deaf				37
(d) Combination	of (a)	and (b)		I
(e) Combination	of (a)	and (c)	***	6
(f) Combination	of (b)	and (c)		5
(g) Combination	of (a),	(b), (c)	***	3
То	tal			105

Unemployable persons resident in Homes for the Blind, Mental Hospitals, or Poor Law Institutions.

Homes for the Blind	 ****		4
Mental Hospitals	 ***	222	15
Poor Law Institutions	 ***		25
Total	 		44

VACCINATION.

The following is a summary of returns respecting the vaccination of children whose births were registered during the year 1940, and number of certificates and Statutory declarations received by Vaccination Officers during the year 1941.

No. of births.	fully vaccin-	ceptible	Statutory declarations of conscien- tious objections.	unvacc- inated.	ment by	to other	to places	account-
4,630	831	24	2,831	144	25	154	407	224

MATERNITY AND CHILD WELFARE.

Area. The County Council is the Supervising Authority under the Midwives Acts for the whole County, but for other Maternity and Child Welfare work the Boroughs of Penzance and Falmouth are separate Authorities. (These Boroughs are also separate Education Authorities).

Maternity Ward. A maternity ward with 19 beds is maintained by the County Council at the Camborne-Redruth Miners' and General Hospital, Redruth, under an agreement with the governing body of that Institution. 304 cases were admitted during the year, as compared with 221 in the previous year. There were 7 maternal deaths, 13 Infant deaths, certified as premature, and 25 still births.

The following were the chief reasons for admission:-

Home conditions			54
Albuminuria			36
Contracted Pelvis			32
Previous History of	abnorn	nality	21
Toxaemia of pregna	ncy		16
Ante partum haemo	rrhage		14
Eclampsia			10

33 Caesarian sections were performed, i.e. 10.85% of total admissions, as compared with 13.12% for the previous year.

Of the 304 cases admitted 172 were delivered by midwives and 78 by Doctors. In the other cases confinement did not take place while in the Hospital. There were also 61 cases admitted to other hospitals in Cornwall, and 571 cases admitted to the Emergency Maternity Homes.

Difficult cases from the Eastern part of the County may be admitted to the Prince of Wales's Hospital, Plymouth, The City Hospital, Plymouth, The Alexandra Homes, Devonport, and the Royal Devon and Exeter Hospital, Exeter. Eight cases were admitted to these Hospitals during the year.

Maternity Cases. In the Institutions transferred to the County Council under the Local Government Act, 1929, there are 14 maternity beds, to which 63 women were admitted during the year, 53 being delivered by midwives and 9 by Doctors.

Rosemundy Home, 19 beds, for unmarried girls, is maintained by the Cornwall Preventive and Rescue Association. The girls are usually retained for one year.

midwiczy.			
	1914.	1940.	1941.
mber of births in the			
ounty	6,413	4,431	5,089

Number attended by Midwives 1,690(26.35%) 2,490(56.19%) 2,948(57.92%)

Number attended by Midwives acting as Maternity

Nun

Nurses ... 1,089(16.98%) 1,660(37.46%) 1,980(38.91%)

Total attended by Midwives

in either capacity ... 2,779(43.33%) 4,150(93.65%) 4,928(96.83%)

Medical help was sent for by Midwives in 52.23% of their cases as compared with 51.08% for 1940, 61.68% for 1939, 56.07% for 1938, 52.43% for 1937.

Maternal Mortality. There were 6 deaths from Sepsis and 17 from other causes connected with child bearing, making a total of 23 deaths. The following are the rates per 1,000 births, including still births in recent years.

		Sepsis.	Other Causes.	Total Cornwall.	England & Wales.
1919-22		0.76	3.26	4.02	1
1924		0.58	2.12	2.70	3.90
1925		1.82	5.05	6.87	4.08
1926		0.62	2.47	3.09	4.12
1927		1.27	3.17	4.44	4.11
1928		1.71	3.86	5.57	4.42
1929	***	1,94	3.24	5.18	4.33
1930		0.86	3.87	4.73	4.40
1931	***	0.85	2.78	3.63	3.94
1932	***	0.87	2.85	3.72	4.06
1933		1.81	2.72	4-53	4.23
1934		1.81	4.09	5.91	4.41
1935		0.68	3.88	4.57	3.93
1936		1.14	2.75	3.89	3.65
1937		0.48	3.12	3.60	3.11
1938		1.42	3.32	4.74	2.97
1939		0.72	2.62	3.34	2.82
1940		0.22	2.18	2.40	2.16
1941		1.13	3.20	4.33	2.23

The rates for particular years are very variable owing to the comparatively small number of births. The rate for the last five years was 3.68 and for the previous five years 4.52.

Ante-natal Examinations. The Council have a scheme under which a midwife may arrange with a medical practitioner for an ante-natal examination of her patients, and 1,384 such primary examinations were made during 1941. In 1940 there were 1,080 examinations, and the previous year 1,023. Arrangements are now made for two ante-natal and one post-natal examinations.

Consultants. A second opinion was obtained by medical practitioners for 28 patients under the Council's scheme.

Work of the Health Visitors. The following is the work of the wholetime Health Visitors and District Nurses acting as Health Visitors, for the years ended 31st March:—

Health visits to mothers and children Attendances at Clinics and Treat-	1939. 55,381	1940. 53,890	1941. 56,016	1942. 58,181
ment Centres	315	315	318	316
Visits to tuberculosis patients	2,666	3,142	2,442	2,688
Sessions at Infant Welfare Centres	1,083	1,215	1,261	1,385
Lectures and talks to mothers	230	280	180	207
School inspections	652	642	763	660
School children followed up	1,358	1,040	5,075	5,009
Visits to boarded-out children	623	653	649	577

Excluding the Boroughs of Penzance and Falmouth, which have separate Maternity and Child Welfare Schemes, the County Health Visitors with the District Nurses acting for the County Council made the following visits:—

To Expectant Mothers-

First Total		***	1938. 3,285	1939. 3,132	1940. 3,229	1941. 3,079
To children		vear of	20,041	19,558	18,776	16,429
First	visits	year or	3,443	3,240	3,436	3,529
Total			25,505	24,856	25,560	23,531
To children Total	visits	the ages	of 1 and 5	29,034	27,641	26,964

Work of the Cornwall County Nursing Association for the Year ended 31st March, 1942.

Number of District	Nursing	Associatio	ns	 126
Nurses employed				 157

Of these 14 are Queens Nurses.

18 are Hospital trained with District Nursing.
125 are State Registered Midwives.

New patients attended by Nurses:-

Medical			***		8,507
Surgical			5	***	6,445
Midwifery and ma	ternity	cases		***	3,181
					18,133
Nursing visits					261,664
Casual visits					49,990
Ante-natal visits					16,429
Nights on duty					1,873
Operations attend	led				300

Emergency Nurses. Five emergency nurses are provided by the County Nursing Association for the use of the County Council when required for the nursing of cases of Puerperal Pyrexia, Puerperal Fever, and Ophthalmia Neonatorum. When not employed by the Council they are employed by the County Nursing Association and the District Nursing Associations.

Nursing in the Home. This is undertaken by the 127 District Nursing Associations, 126 of which are affiliated to the County Nursing Association and employ 157 nurses. North Tamerton is included in the Devon County Nursing Association.

Infant Welfare Centres. No Centres are maintained by the Council. The following Centres are maintained by Voluntary Associations in the County Maternity and Child Welfare Area:—

Bodmin.	Padstow.
Bude.	Penryn.
Camborne.	Perranporth.
Camelford. Delabole.	Perranwell. Redruth.
Grampound Road.	St. Agnes.
Hayle.	St. Austell.
Illogan (Pool).	St. Blazey and Par.
Launceston.	St. Day.
Liskeard.	St. Ives.
Looe.	Trebetherick.
Newquay.	Truro.
	Wadebridge.

Total number of children who attended at the Centres for the first time during the year:—

during the year.—							
	1935.	1936.	1937.	1938.	1939.	1940.	1941.
Number of Centres	17	17	20	22	23	22	25
(i) Children under 1 year							
of age	265	321	383	532	541	868	1,185
(ii) Children between the							
ages of 1 and 5 years	190	137	205	306	320	597	636
Percentage of notified live							
births represented in							
(i) aboye	7.31	9.1	11.2	15.24	15.37	22.31	26.40

In a rural county such as Cornwall most mothers find the distances too great to attend the Centres, and the Health Visitors follow up cases to their homes.

Ophthalmia Neonatorum.

	Cases				1		
Noti-	Tre	ated	Vision	Vision	Total	Deaths	
fied.	At In Home. Hospital.		Unimpaired.	Impaired.	Blindness,	Deaths	
28	16	12	28	-	-	-	

Many of the cases notified were very mild. An emergency nurse is supplied for home nursing when necessary.

Child Life Protection. 82 persons receiving children for reward were on the Register at the end of the year, and 136 such children were registered. Squint. Arrangements are made for the examination of children under school age with Squint, and for the provision of glasses in necessitous cases. 24 children under school age were so examined during the year, and glasses provided free in 7 cases.

Nursing Homes Registration. There are 28 registered Nursing Homes. Exemption from registration has been granted to 15 Hospitals. No powers have been delegated.

ORTHOPAEDIC TREATMENT.

Clinics. There are 13 Orthopaedic Clinics maintained by the County Council, with Dr. W. W. Rentoul as part-time Medical Officer, as follows:—

Clinic.	Where held.	Day & time.	Doctor's day.
St. Just	Women's Institute.	Thursdays, 10 a.m.	Second Thursday.
Penzance	The Congregational School-	Thursdays,	Last
	room, Market Jew Street,	1.30 p.m.	Thursday.
Helston	Public Assistance Institu-	Mondays,	Third
	tion.	10 a.m.	Monday.
Camborne	Church Mission Hall,	Wednesdays,	Fourth
	Trelowarren Street.	10 a.m.	Wednesday.
Falmouth	All Saints Church Hall, The Crescent, Kimberley Park.	Tuesdays, 2.30 p.m.	Second Tuesday.
Truro	The Royal Cornwall	Mondays,	First
	Infirmary.	2 p.m.	Monday.
Newquay	Dartford Physical Training College, Kingsfield, Pentire.	Fridays, 2 p.m.	Second Friday.
St. Austell	Health Centre, Moorland	Tuesdays,	Third
	Road.	10 a.m.	Tuesday.
Bodmin	Centenary Assembly Rooms,	Fridays,	Fourth
	Fore Street.	2 p.m.	Friday.
Wadebridge	Congregational Church	Fridays,	Third
	Rooms,, Molesworth Rd.	10 a.m.	Friday.
Liskeard	Welfare Centre, Fair Park	Saturdays,	Second
	Road.	10 a.m.	Saturday.
Camelford	St. John Ambulance	2nd & 4th	Fourth
	Brigade Hall.	Friday.	Friday.
Bude	Women's Institute.	1st & 3rd Friday.	Third Friday.

The Clinics at Penzance and Falmouth are provided in conjunction with the Penzance and Falmouth Local Education Authorities.

There are in addition the following Clinics:-

Launceston.—(Maintained by the Devonian Association).

Doctor's day: 1st Monday in the month at 2.30 p.m.

Mount Gold, Plymouth.—(Maintained by the Plymouth City Council). Doctor's days: 2nd and 4th Fridays in the month at 2.30 p.m.

Hospitals.

Truro.—The Royal Cornwall Infirmary, Truro.

Plymouth.—The Mount Gold Hospital, Mount Gold Road, Plymouth.

Exeter.—The Princess Elizabeth Orthopaedic Hospital, Buckerell Bore, Exeter.

Ivybridge.—The Dame Hannah Rogers' Orthopaedic Hospital, Ivybridge, Devon.

The number of Orthopaedic beds at the Royal Cornwall Infirmary, Truro, is 42.

Particulars of the work of the Clinics is shown in Tables III and IV at the end of the Report.

REPORT OF THE SUPERVISOR OF MIDWIVES.

The number of midwives who notified their intention to practise in the County during the year 1941 was 266. Of these, 26 were to fill vacancies of midwives who ceased to practise in the County during the year, and 6 were temporary appointments for holiday and relief duty. At the end of the year there were 231 midwives on the roll, as follows:—

Domiciliary Midwives.	Midwives in Institutions.	Total.
205	26	231

Of the domiciliary midwives 137 work under the Cornwall County Nursing Association, 3 work under independent associations, and 65 were in private practice.

The midwives are of 4 classes:—			
	1700	1940.	1941.
(1) Village nurse-midwives, 15 mon-	ths training	204	179
(2) Village nurse-midwives, 27 mont	hs training	I	14
(3) Hospital training and C.M.B. (Certificate	30	22
(4) Queen's Nurses, Hospital, Distric	et and		
C.M.B. Certificate		16	16

Of the 26 midwives who ceased to practise in the County 4 were for marriage, 8 for work in other Counties, 5 for health reasons, 8 for home duties or other work, and 1 for further training.

Cases attended by midwives in different groups:-

Cases arrena	od 0, 11			P.A.I. Maternity Homes	Nursing Homes and
		C.C.N.A.	Assns.	and Hosps.	Private Practice 283
As midwife		2,113	56	496	
As maternity	nurse	1,093	II	330	546

During the year 565 visits were made, in addition to 188 special visits of enquiry; an average of 3 visits to each practising midwife.

Notifications Received.

(For all cases, domiciliary and institution).

During Puerperium

For Child

		Cases		Deat	hs.	Artificial	to be
	A	ttended.	Stillbirths.	Mother.	Child.	Feeding.	Infectious.
As	midwife	2,948	39	7	31	80	49
As	maternity nurse	1,980	_	-	-	-	2
			-	-	-		_
	Totals	4,928	39	7	31	80	51
			-	-	-	-	. —
	Number of Times	Medica	al Aid Soug	ght.			
					1940.	1941.	
	For Mother—						
	During A	Ante-nat	al Period		288	351	
	At Labou	ır			729	855	

C. TEALE

100

155

1,272

Supervisor of Midwives.

139

196

1,541

TABLE I.

Infectious Diseases notified in each district during the Year 1941.

S'ANITARY DISTRICT	Smallpox	Diphtheria	Enteric Fever	Scarlet Fever	Erysipelas	Puerperal Pyrexia	Opntnalmia Neonatorum	Fulmonary Tuberculosis	Other forms of Tuberculosis	Encephalitis Lethargica	Acute Polio-Encephalitis	-	Cerebro-Spinal Fever	Pneumonia	Malaria	Measles	Whooping Cough	Totals
URBAN Bodmin Bude-Stratton Camborne-Redruth Falmouth Fowey Helston Launceston Liskeard Looe Lostwithiel Newquay Padstow Penryn Penzance St. Austell St. Ives St Just Saltash Torpoint Truro City		23 7 18	4 3	10 8 21 12 2 16 2 8 7 1 1 72 33 128 30 5 	22 5 4 1 2 3 11 2 	4 2 11 3 1 1 3 1 1 4 2 1 2 2	2 7 1 1 1 1 3 2	1 8 42 16 4 2 2 1 3 20 1 2 15 29 3 6 6 1 4	2 3 7 3 1 1 2 1 3 8 8 		i	1	2 1 9 4 1 1 2 1 10 10 4 5 2 19 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	5 45 4 3 7 3 14 1 2 3 5 11 8 20 8 5	1	589 162 100 259 151 18 333 100 445 53 406 85 42 100 26 ——	21 14 31 18 57 22 25 50 9 6	31 22 930 243 18 116 132 399 180 71 452 7 133 712 198 587 150 130 129 119
TOTALS		. 34	3 17	374	51	38	18	166	42		1	10	72	144	1	2968	501	4143
Kerrier		. 2 . 1 . 2 . 2	3 0 3 1 4 3 10 4 2	11 2 12 68 21	10 3 6	3 2 2 3 3 5 5	1	17 12 2 24 14	1 2 4 4 2 1 4 4 6 4 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	2 4 1 3 5			1 1 3 2 8 3 2 1	15 3 139		420 1552 175 244 2696	27 10 116 87 190 2184 52 17	314 585 191 557 224 701 6 881 350 355 4164



TABLE II. TUBERCULOSIS.
RETURN SHOWING WORK OF DISPENSARIES.

			1937.	1938.	1939.	1940.	1941.
	Definitely tuberculous		169	192	180	198	207
EW CASES examined during the year (excluding contacts)	Diagnosis not completed		61	71	61	79	104
year (excluding contacts)	Non-tuberculous		369	380	378	525	544
NEW CASES	Definitely tuberculous		I	1	5	-	_
ONTACTS examined during the	Diagnosis not completed		2	4	3	I	2
year	Non-tuberculous		242	217	233	186	147
CASES written off Dispensary	Recovered		58	35	35	32	14
Register	Non-tuberculous		659	648	679	768	755
NUMBER OF CASES on Dispen-	Definitely tuberculous		801	844	. 901	1,006	1,117
sary Register on 31st December	Diagnosis not completed	_ -	71	83	76	75	107
Number of attendances at the Dispe			1,930	1,875	2,108	2,415	2,848
Number of attendances at the Bispo 			225 720	191 734	170 658	181 655	179 691
Number of visits by nurses or healt	h visitors to homes for dispensar	у	2,943	2,762	3,236	2,501*	2,858*
purposes Cases written off during the year a	as dead (all causes)		130	128	107	III	123
Cases transferred to other areas, '			49	84	47	66	79
	areas, lost sight of, returned, etc.		48	85	58	92	110
Number of insured persons under of 31st December			184	168	185	179	180
Number of visits by Tuberculosis personal consultations)	Officers to homes (including		902	825	842	747	707
Number of specimens of sputum,	etc., examined		440	403	360	370	344
Number of X-ray examinations m		гу	277	353	382	597	X-rayed o screened 1,127
Number of "T.B. plus" cases of December			414	418	422	447	469
	Number of cases passing thro	ugh t	the Dispens	sary Register	1,845	2,058	2,195

TABLE III. ORTHOPAEDIC TREATMENT.

ATTENDANCES AT CLINICS AND NUMBERS ON REGISTERS, 1941.

(Including the Boroughs of Penzance and Falmouth).

			Attend	ances on	Surgeon'	s Days.								Number of Cases on Register.				
Clinic.		Ne	w Cases.		Total Attendances.				Total Attendances on all Days.					on 31.12.41				
	Under School age.	School age.	Tuber- culosis. (all ages)	Total.	Under School age.	School age.	Tuber- culosis. (all ages)	Total.	Under School age.	School age.	Tuber- culosis. (all ages)	Adults.	Total.	Under School age.	School age.	Tuber- culosis (all ages)	Adults.	Total.
		26	-	20	24	227	32	287	20	1,126	24	26	1,196				3	63
St. Just	26		1	30 68	179	231	74	670	248	1,845	135	366	2,594	3	53	14	54	253
Penzance (County cases)	20	41		30	1/9	417 309	74	309	-40	1,045	-33	300	~,594	33	152		34	-55
(Borough cases)	15	30	2	51	84	286	53	423	176	1,070	79	265	1,590	30	78	10	45	163
Helston	22	50	1	73	128	483	84	695	338	1,824	208	342	2,712	60	174	24	74	332
Camborne Calmouth (County cases)	18	17	ı i	36	105	163	52	320)	342	1,227	IOI	258	1,928	25	77	II	21	134
(Borough cases)	10	14		14	-	217	3-	217	34-	-,,	-	-30	_	-3	1 "	_	_	
Truro	34	61	2	97	275	731	91	1,097	694	2,727	438	210	4,069	92	174	29	49	344
St. Austell	46	107	4	157	284	996	68	1,348	739	4,692	196	619	6,246	73	264	19	89	445
Bodmin	16	29	1	46	40	336	28	404	56	1,190	107	82	1,435	20	74	5	26	125
Wadebridge	25	65		90	104	534	13	651	173	1,998	20	336	2,527	32	120	3	51	206
Liskeard	48	101	2	151	157	560	48	765	376	2,762	120	532	3,790	58	238	14	67	377
Newquay	16	96	I	113	89	370	24	483	206	1,582	94	346	2,228	10	102	6	17	135
Camelford	_	4	_	4	2	II	_	13	7	45	_	10	62	3	15	_	6	24
Bude	5	10	1	16	5	10	1	16	16	44		4	64	6	14		2	22
Totals of County																		
Council Clinics	275	685	16	976	1,476	5,654	568	7,698	3,391	22,132	1,522	3;396	30,441	445	1,535	139	504	2,623
Launceston	7	34	3	44	36	185	14	235	37	296	14		347	12	38	7	-	57
Mount Gold	1	3	_	4	I	29	-	30	I	57	_	-	58	2	, 6	_	-	8
Totals of Cornish Cases	283	722	19	1,024	1,513	5,868	582	7,963	3.429	22,485	1,536	3,396	30,846	459	1,579	146	504	2,688

@

25 TABLE IV.

PARTICULARS RELATING TO THE WORK AT THE ORTHOPAEDIC CLINICS IN THE COUNTY.

(Excluding the Boroughs of Penzance and Falmouth).

		Year 1930.	Year 1931.	Year 1932.	Year 1933	Year 1934.	Year 1935.	Year 1936.	Year 1937.	Year 1938.	Year 1939.	Year 1940.	Year 1941.	Totals.
seen at Clinics	Under School age	 23	36	68	112	86	78	97	126	118	174	148 327	283 678	1,349 2,952
	School age Orthopaedic T.B.	 66 —	73	134	214	203	196	336	262 2	240 18	10	7	19	56
	Total	 89	109	202	326	289	274	433	390	376	407	482	980	4-357
Number of attend-	Under School age	1	50	148	324	420	527	635	777	945	1,222	1,101	1,230 4,664	7,380 29,138
ances of old cases on	School age Orthopaedic T.B.	 23 —	134	368	847	1,494	1,843	2,887	3,911 146	4,371 300	4,665 509	3.931 489	563	2,007
	Total	 24	184	516	1,171	1,914	2,370	3.522	4,834	5,616	6,396	5,521	6,457	38,525
Total attendances on Doctor's days	Under School age School age Orthopaedic T.B.	 89	86 207	216 502	436 1,061	506 1,697	605 2,039	73 ² 3,223	903 4,173 148	1,063 4,611 318	1,396 4,888 519	1,249 4,258 496	1.513 5.342 582	8,729 32,090 2,063
	Total	 113	293	718	1,497	2,203	2,644	3,955	5,224	5,992	6,803	6,003	7.437	42,882
Number recommended for admission as In- Patients	Jnder School age School age Orthopaedic T.B.	 32	17	23 38	4 ² 4 ¹	35 72	31 60	24 48	26 45 12	25 51 16	33 43 23	16 40 14	10 31 —	296 549 65
	Total	 	65	61	83	107	91	72	83	92	99	60	41	910
Number admitted as In-Patients	Under School age School age Orthopaedic T.B.	 22	12 45	16 34 —	29 44 —	24 50	21 54 —	20 48 —	14 38 3	17 48 9	32 61 19	24 33 26	17 13 7	233 490 64
	Total	 29	57	50	73	74	75	68	55	74	112	83	37	787

