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Contributors

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BOROUGH OF CLITHEROE

ANNUAL REPORT

on the

Health and Sanitary Administration of the Borough

1959





Gentlemen,

I have the honour to submit to you the Annual Report for 1959, which includes the Annual Report of your Chief Public Health Inspector.

Whilst the report contains a large amount of statistical information, opportunity has been taken to comment in greater detail on certain aspects of the work.

I would like to express my grateful thanks to the Chairman, Members of the Council and Officials for their courtesy, help and kindness at all times, and my appreciation of the work done by your late Medical Officer of Health, Dr. J. H. Fairweather, whose death occurred during the year under review.

Your faithful Servant,

CYRIL ROYLE.

MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC HEALTH COMMITTEE 1959

Councillor J. Entwistle, J.P., Mayor

Councillor J. W. D. Critchley, J.P., Deputy Mayor

Chairman:

Councillor S. J. Moore

Vice-Chairman:

Alderman W. Wilkinson

Alderman F. Bentham, J.P.

Alderman C. Chatburn

Alderman J. H. Satterthwaite, M.B.E., J.P.

Councillor D. Coates

Councillor E. Crossley

Councillor S. F. Hardman

Councillor J. Hall

Councillor F. Nelson

Councillor T. Robinson

Councillor W. Sharples

Councillor J. S. Wright

DESTRUCTION OF THE PARTY OF SERVICES

County of Establish J.F., Mayor

modellier J. W. D. Crimbing, J.T., Deputy Mayor

Chairman

PROPERTY OF SECURITY

ALL CONTRACT OF SECRETARY AND ASSESSED OF SECRETARY ASSESSED

STAFF OF THE PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT

(part time)

Medical Officer of Health J. H. FAIRWEATHER, M.D., M.R.C.P., D.P.H. (Deceased July 1959)

Acting Interim Medical Officer C. ROYLE, M.B., Ch.B., D.C.H. of Health

Senior Public Health Inspector. E. COATES, C.S.I.B., A.R.S.H. Food Inspector. Shops Inspector. Cleansing Superintendent.

Additional Public Health Inspector W. GRANGE, C.S.I.B., Meat and Food Certificate.

Clerical Officer

N. CLEGG.

PART I

- A. STATISTICS AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS OF THE AREA
- B. GENERAL PROVISION OF HEALTH SERVICES
- C. PREVALENCE AND CONTROL OF INFECTIOUS DISEASE

b y

C. ROYLE, M.B., Ch.B., D.C.H.

Medical Officer of Health.

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PARTERIES AND SOCIAL COMMITTORS OF THE AREA

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DELIGIOUS SOUTH OF THE STATE OF STATE O

V 8

C. HOTTLE, M.D., CH. R. D.C.H.

Muddenl Officer of Sealth

	A, SUMMA	ARY OF	STATISTICS	AND S	OCIAL COND	ITIONS	
	down to the	207711		nustroil	AND THE REAL PROPERTY.		
	Area	of Boro	ough (in acr	es)		2,386	
	Popul	lation -	Census, 19	51		12,057	
			pulation -			11,970	
			TOTAL OF THE		10-1	0.000	
			ted Houses,			3,886	
	Rateable Sum repre		by a Penny	Rate		£137,980	
	Sum repre	ssenceu	by a remiy	na ve		2011	
Rayon Wacture,	Weaving, Co , Agricultu	otton Bl iral and Manufact	tries carri eaching, Ce Precision ture, Limest	ment Man Engineer one Quar	ufacture, Cring, Domest	hemical Man ic Heater M	uf-
TIVE E	TOTHE	2	SUMMARY OF	VITAL	STATISTICS	Female	Total
	itimate				Male 82	80	162
	egitimate			1 000	3	2	5
					85	82	167
BIRTH	RATE per 1	1.000 of	estimated	Populati	on	2000	
20 20022	susan per						
			14			1	5.8
STILLBI	IRTHS					1	5-8
	IRTHS					1	5.8
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Legi Ille	itimate egitimate per 1,000 t	Crude total (1	ive and sti	0 Ad	11	3 - 3 97	4 - 4 - 23 - 4 - 210
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BIRTH RATE

It will be seen that the number of LIVE BIRTHS registered during the year was 167, giving an adjusted Rate of 15.8 per 1,000 of the population, which is an increase of 1.5 per 1,000 on the figure for the previous year.

The trend of this Rate over the past ten years, in comparison with the rate for England and Wales is shown in the following Table:-

		Clith	eroe	Doto		
Year	N	umber o	f Births	Rate	England and Wales	
	М	F	Total	1,000	Rate per 1,000	
1950	121	113	234	20.4	15.8	
1951	80	79	159	14.4	15.5	
1952	88	73	161	14-5	15.3	
1953	106	85	191	17.2	15.5	
1954	79	80	159	14.9	15.2	
1955	84	78	162	15.3	15.0	
1956	76	71	147	13-9	15.7	
1957	84	73	157	14.8	16.1	
1958	89	62	151	14.3	16.4	
1959	85	82	167	15.8	16.5	
Aver	age - Ye	ars 195	0-1959	15 6	15 7	

STILLBIRTHS

Four stillbirths were assigned to the Borough during 1959, a similar figure to the previous year.

The table given below sets out details relating to stillbirths for the past ten years:-

Year	Number of Still- Births	Rate per 1,000 (live and	Rate per 1,000 of Population		
		still) Births	Clitheroe	England & Wales	
1950	8	33	0.64	0-37	
1951	7	42	0.58	0.36	
1952	4	24	0.33	0-35	
1953	3	15	0-25	0-35	
1954	1	6	0.08	0-34	
1955	3	18	0-25	0-35	
1956	6	39	0.51	0-37	
1957	9	54	0.75	0.37	
1958	4	26	0.33	0-36	
1959	4	23	0-33	0.35	
	Average - y	ears 1950-59	0.40	0.36	

DEATH RATE

The number of deaths of Clitheroe residents which occurred during the year was 210, representing an adjusted DEATH RATE of 14.6 per 1,000 of the population, an increase of 4.2 per 1,000 on the figure for the previous year.

The Death Rate for the Borough for the past ten years is shown below in comparison with the rate for England and Wales:-

	Clith	heroe	England and Wales
Year	Total Deaths	Adjusted Rate per 1,000	Rate per 1000
1950	183	12-6	11.6
1951	184	13-0	12.5
1952	151	10.7	11.3
1953	202	14.3	11.4
1954	166	11-6	11.3
1955	215	15.1	11.7
1956	252	16.0	11.7
1957	280	15-7	11.5
1958	198	10-4	11.7
1959	210	14.6	11-6
	rage - Y		11.0
	1950-1959	13.4	11.6

INFANT MORTALITY RATE

Four Infant Deaths (under 1 year) were registered during the year, an increase of one on the previous year.

This gives a RATE of 24 per 1,000 live births.

The following Table gives the Infant Mortality Rate per 1,000 live births for the past ten years compared with the Rate for England and Wales:-

Year	Clitheroe	England and Wales
1950	21	29.8
1951	38	29 - 6
1952	25	27-6
1953	10	26 - 8
1954	25	25 - 5
1955	37	24 - 9
1956	7	23 - 8
1957	13	23-0
1958	20	22-5
1959	24	22.0
Average - 1950-1959	22	25 - 6

OTHER INFANT DEATHS

Deaths	from	Measles (all ages)	 	NIL
Deaths	from	Whooping Cough (all ages)	 	NIL
Deaths	from	Diarrhoea (under 2 years)	 	NIL

CAUSES AND SEX DISTRIBUTION OF DEATHS

It will be seen from the Table below that some 138 (66%) of the 210 deaths registered were attributable to three groups of disease, viz:-

Heart Disease					 64
Cancer (all forms)					 32
Vascular Lesions of	f Ner	vous	System	m	 42

During the year, 57 deaths occurred in Clitheroe Hospital (18 Males and 39 Females - chronic sick). Such deaths are not transferable but are assigned to the Borough area. This makes the death rate for Clitheroe Borough considerably higher than it would if the large section of them had been assigned to the areas outside Clitheroe in which normally they would have been resident.

CAUSES AND SEX DISTRIBUTION OF DEATHS - YEAR 1959

Cause of Death	M	F	TOTAL
All causes - Certified	113	97	210
- Uncertified	-	-	-
Diphtheria	-	-	-
Whooping Cough	-	-	-
Measles	120	-	-
Tuberculosis (Respiratory)	-	-	-
Other Tuberculous Diseases	-	-	-
Acute Poliomyelitis	-	-	-
Influenza	2	9	11
Malignant neoplasm, stomach	4	1	5
Malignant neoplasm, lung, bronchus	4	-	4
Malignant neoplasm, uterus	-	1	1
Malignant neoplasm, breast	-	1	1
Other Malignant Neoplasms	7	14	21
Diabetes	-	-	-
Vascular Lesions of Nervous System	16	26	42
Coronary Disease, angina	29	14	43
Hypertension with Heart Disease	2	3	5
Other Heart Disease	9	7	16
Other Diseases of Circulatory System	5	4	9
Pneumonia	4	3	7
Bronchitis	9	1	10
Other Diseases of Respiratory System	2	1	3
Ulcer of Stomach or Duodenum	4	1	5
Gastritis, Enteritis and Diarrhoea	-	1 -	1
Nephritis and Nephrosis	-	1	1
Pregnancy, Childbirth, Abortion	-	-	-
Congenital Malformations	1	-	1
Motor Vehicle Accidents	3	-	3
All Other Accidents	1	3	4
Suicide	1	1	2
All Other Causes	10	5	15
TOTAL	113	97	210

B. GENERAL PROVISION OF HEALTH SERVICES

1. A comprehensive range of services is maintained by the LOCAL HEALTH AUTHORITY, the LANCASHIRE COUNTY COUNCIL. They include Antenatal Clinic (with classes for exercises and relaxation); Child Welfare Clinic; Eye and Aural Clinic; Speech Therapy Clinic and other School Medical Services. Provision is also made for Child Guidance.

These Clinics are carried on at Eastham House, Eshton Terrace, Clitheroe.

The AMBULANCE SERVICE for the town is provided by the Lancashire County Council and vehicles are housed at the Depot in Princess Avenue, Clitheroe.

(i) GENERAL HOSPITAL SERVICES. These are provided by the Manchester Regional Hospital Board in Blackburn, Accrington, Preston, Burnley and Nelson. There is also access where required to Manchester, Liverpool and other hospitals.

CHEST SURGERY is based on Blackpool Victoria Hospital.

This Thoracic Unit is under the direction of Mr. P. Jewsbury,
F.R.C.S., who also visits the hospitals of the Blackburn
and Burnley Group.

BRAIN SURGERY ETC. is based on Preston Royal Infirmary under the Neuro-Surgical Unit conducted by Mr. G. K. Tutton, F.R.C.S., who also visits the hospitals in the Blackburn and Burnley Group.

MATERNITY CASES are provided for at Bramley Meade, Whalley; Queen's Park Hospital, Blackburn, and Preston Royal Infirmary.

INFECTIOUS DISEASES are accommodated as required at Park Lee Hospital, Blackburn, and the Marsden Hospital, Burnley.

CHEST CLINIC. This is now held at Blackburn Royal Infirmary under the direction of the Chest Physician, Dr. R. Ward.

(ii) PATHOLOGICAL AND BACTERIOLOGICAL SERVICES

The Pathological and Bacteriological Departments of the Blackburn and East Lancashire Royal Infirmary, and the Preston Royal Infirmary, do the Public Health Laboratory work in accordance with the Government Scheme officially carried out by the Manchester Regional Hospital Board.

A Sub-Laboratory, under the direction of Dr. Spink, Pathologist to the Blackburn Group of Hospitals, functions in a suite of rooms at the Clitheroe Hospital, and is open between 9-0 a.m. and 9-30 a.m. each Wednesday. The local Practitioners can refer Clitheroe patients for any necessary tests and thus obviate the tiresome travel to more distant hospital centres.

(iii) X-RAY FACILITIES

Blackburn Royal Infirmary; Victoria Hospital, Accrington; Victoria Hospital, Burnley, and Reedyford Hospital, Nelson, all have "Open Access Departments" to which any general medical practitioner can send cases for x-ray examination direct, without the patient having to be sent first to a hospital clinic, thus saving the time of the patient and the consultant when it is appropriate to deal with the case in this manner.

This facility also enables the general medical practitioners to maintain their medical interest because they do not necessarily have to lose the oversight of their cases when direct reference to the x-ray department is appropriate.

III. HEALTH SERVICES PROVIDED BY VOLUNTARY AGENCIES

(i) A PHYSIOTHERAPY CENTRE is conducted in rooms in New Market Street, Clitheroe. This is a voluntary organisation supported by public subscription and small payments made by patients, and also from monies derived from the funds of the former District Nursing Association. It continues to render useful service. A wide variety of treatments are available and appropriate physiotherapy is given to an increasing number of patients when recommended by their medical attendant.

The Centre relieves the pressure on the physiotherapy departments of local hospitals; these departments are grossly under-staffed because of the great shortage of trained personnel.

The Centre also saves patients in time and trouble. It has no connection with the National Health Service.

(i) PHYSIOTHERAPY (continued)....

From time to time, it has been found necessary to appeal to the public for help by means of Coffee Evenings, Open Days at the Centre, etc., and the Committee of the Physiotherapy Unit very much appreciate the support given by the public, without which it would be impossible to carry on.

(ii) THE OLD PEOPLE'S WELFARE CENTRE is housed in commodious premises in Lowergate and continues to be a beneficial and popular social centre much appreciated by the older generation of townspeople. It is supported by voluntary subscriptions and "efforts" and has encouragement from the Borough Council and the County Council.

A CHIROPODY SERVICE for old people is in operation.

C. PREVALENCE AND CONTROL OF INFECTIOUS DISEASE

The incidence of Infectious Diseases during 1959 is shown in the following Table, which includes particulars of cases notified to the Authority, cases removed to hospital, and deaths from these diseases. Cases of the non-notifiable minor infectious diseases are not included:-

	Total			Case	s Notif	fied		m-4-1	Cases
Notifiable	Cases		Age Periode - veers				Total Deaths	removed	
Disease	Ages	0-1	1-4	5-9	10-24	25-64	65 and over		Hospita
Smallpox	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Diphtheria	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1211
Scarlet Fever	9	-	4	5	-	-	-	-	-
Measles	99	-	60	37	2	-	-	-	-
Whooping Cough	51	3	24	22	2	-	-	-	-
Ac. Pneumonia	8	-	-	-	-	5	3	7	-
Puer. Pyrexia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Poliomyelitis,P.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-do- NP.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Encephalitis	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dysentery	4	-	-	1	3	-	-	-	-
Oph.Neonatorum	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Erysipelas	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
Food Poisoning	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
T. B. Respiratory		-	-	-	-	2	-	-	5
T. B. Other Forms	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTALS	174	3	88	65	7	7	4	7	5

It will be seen from the foregoing Table that 174 cases of notifiable disease were reported during the year, a decrease of 38 cases on the previous year.

I set out overleaf a Table for five years, for comparative purposes.

Disease	1955	1956	1957	1958	1959
Smallpox	-	-	-	-	-
Diphtheria	165-111	-	-	100	-
Scarlet Fever	14	26	10	16	9
Measles	40	-	157	233	99
Whooping Cough	27	70	16	5	51
Typhoid Fever	-	-	-	-	- 0
Paratyphoid Fever	-	-	-	-	-
Poliomyelitis - P	-	8	1	-	-
-doNP	-	6	2	-	-
Erysipelas	1	3	1	-	1
Acute Pneumonia	1	5	15	2	8
Dysentery	-	-	-	-	4
Ophthalmia Neonatorum	-	-	-	-	-
Malaria - all forms	-	108-	-	- 0	-
Food Poisoning	1	-	-	1	-
Puerperal Pyrexia	-	-	-	-	-
Tuberculosis -	THE PARTY OF THE P				
Respiratory	3	9	4	2	2
-do- Other Forms	2	1	1	2	-
Infective Encephalitis	-	-	-	-	-
TOTALS	89	128	207	261	174

There were increases during 1959 in the number of cases of Whooping Cough and Acute Pneumonia, but the incidence of Scarlet Fever and Measles was lower than in the previous year.

It is pleasing to report that Clitheroe was again free from Diphtheria during 1959. Only one case of this disease has occurred in the town since 1946.

It must again be stressed that if this record is to be maintained a high level of immunisation is essential.

The Lancashire County Council have given the opportunity to every Medical Practitioner in the area to provide immunisation against Whooping Cough, generally at the same time as immunisation against Diphtheria. Commonly immunisation is given against Tetanus ("lock-jaw") at the same time. These facilities are available at the Clinics or at the doctors' surgeries, for all children.

FOOD INFECTIONS

No action was called for in 1959 in respect of any Food Poisoning.

POLIOMYELITIS

The town was again free from Poliomyelitis during the year, but it is essential that immunisation should not be neglected.

The response as far as school children are concerned has been very good, most of them being done at the Lancashire County Council Child Welfare Centre at the Clinic, Eshton Terrace, Clitheroe. Now immunisation against poliomyelitis is available to all people up to the age of 40 years, but it is disappointing that more adults have not availed themselves of this opportunity. It should be emphasised that poliomyelitis is not a disease confined to childhood: some of the most serious cases are to be found in adults, especially those who do heavy manual work, and it is most important that adults should be immunised. It is not necessary for them to attend a Clinic. Their own family doctors have all the facilities required for immediate immunisation.

Immunisation Schemes have developed quickly and so the time has come when, in their first year, children may be protected against five serious infectious diseases, namely, Smallpox, Diphtheria, Whooping Cough, Tetanus and Poliomyelitis.

Protection against Tuberculosis was also begun in 1957, by the County Council's Scheme for B.C.G. Vaccination.

INCIDENCE AND MORTALITY OF TUBERCULOSIS

During 1959 cases of Tuberculosis were admitted to various Sanatoria under the Regional Hospital Board which administers the general scheme. Close liaison is still maintained between the Board and the Local Public Health Department.

All the necessary disinfections following these cases are carried out by our own Department.

The following Table shows the age group incidence of new cases of tuberculosis notified, and the deaths therefrom in 1959:-

Age		New C	ases			Dea	ths	VISION .
Periods	Respir	atory	Respir	Non Respiratory		ratory	Non Respirator	
Years	М.	F.	М.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
0-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1-17	-
5-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
15-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
20-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
45-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	200
55-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
65-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
75+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTALS	2 2	-	-	-		-		-

It will be seen that two cases of Respiratory Tuberculosis were reported during the year. No deaths were attributable to the disease during this period.

The following Table gives the Death Rates for Respiratory Tuberculosis in the Borough, the County of Lancaster, and England and Wales, for the past ten years:-

	Rate per 1,000 of Population							
Year	Clitheroe	Lancashire	England and Wales					
1950	0.16	0.28	0.32					
1951	0-17	0 - 26	0.28					
1952	0.17	0-20	0.21					
1953	0.17	0.18	0.18					
1954	0.08	0-14	0.16					
1955	0.08	0.15	0.13					
1956	0.17	0.11	0.11					
1957	0.08	0-10	0.09					
1958	0.08	0.10	0.10					
1959	0.00	0.08	0.06					
Average - Year 1950-1959	8 0.12	0.16	0.16					

MASS RADIOGRAPHY SURVEY July - August 1959

This was the third X-ray Survey carried out in Clitheroe and District; previous Surveys taking place in 1951 and 1956.

The preliminary figures relating to the recent Survey are appended, together with those for 1956, as a comparison:-

Males	Females	Total
87	89	169
1656	1024	2680
721	1290	2011
-	4	4
2464	2400	4864
	IN A	
600	770	1370
1590	1160	2750
1050	1850	2900
40	-	40
3280	3780	7060
	87 1656 721 - 2464 600 1590 1050 40	1656 1024 721 1290 - 4 2464 2400 600 770 1590 1160 1050 1850 40 -

The figures for 1959 show a decrease of 2,196 of which 1,201 can be accounted for by the fact that school children under 15 years of age are not eligible for x-ray nowadays. The Medical Director of the No.1 Unit had anticipated a reduction in the number attending the Survey as the Leeds Regional Hospital Board's Unit undertook a Survey of Waddington, Grindleton, Bolton-by-Bowland and District in July of this year. A further reason for reduction is the exclusion of expectant mothers and school children from the General Public Sessions.

A pleasing feature of the 1959 Survey is that of the 4,864 people examined, 1,144 had not been x-rayed by Mass Radiography previously.

which was a property of the Party of the Par

PART II

ENVIRONMENTAL HYGIENE

- 1. SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE AREA (Including Refuse Collection and Disposal)
- 2. HOUSING
 - 3. INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD

b y

E. COATES, C.S.I.B., A.R.S.H.
Senior Public Health Inspector and Cleansing
Superintendent.

11 7844

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1. SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE AREA

WATER SUPPLY

The town is supplied predominently by water collected from springs on the Corporation's gathering grounds on Grindleton Fell. In times of drought the supply is augmented by subterranean water pumped from the Council's two boreholes also situated on the gathering grounds. Mains were laid during the year to serve new housing programmes.

WATER SAMPLING

During the year, 39 samples were listed for bacteriological purity. The majority of the samples were satisfactory; the few doubtful samples were of raw water prior to chlorination.

The water provided in the town for domestic consumption is of excellent quality.

DRAINAGE AND SEWAGE

Continued housing development, both private and by the Council, necessitated further sewer construction.

SANITARY ACCOMMODATION

There are in the Borough some 15 Pail Closets, 1,001 Waste Water or "Tipper" Closets, and 3,606 Freshwater Closets.

During the year 1957, a Scheme for the abolition of the remaining pail and waste-water closets was inaugurated, the Council undertaking to make a Grant of £10 for each conversion to the freshwater system. At the end of year 1959,45 conversions under the scheme had been completed satisfactorily. A further 19 such closets were abolished under Improvement Schemes, making a total of 64 for the year.

A considerable number of these obsolete closets are in properties scheduled for demolition in the Slum Clearance Programme, so that they will be still further reduced in this way.

RIVERS AND STREAMS

No special action was called for in respect of pollution during the year.

REFUSE REMOVAL AND DISPOSAL

The following is a summary of the work done in the removal of House and Shop Refuse, etc., (excluding salvage loads) during the year ended 31st December, 1959.

1.	House	and	Shop	Refuse	removed	 	3787	loads

2. Offal removed from Public Abattoir ... 173 loads

3. Fish and Vegetable Offal removed ... 273 loads

4. Nightsoil from Pail Closets ... 53 loads

TOTAL ... 4286

There are some 4950 dustbins in use in the Borough area at the end of 1959. The control of replacement bins is in the hands of the Local Authority under a scheme which has been operated for many years past.

During the greater part of the year dustbins were emptied at intervals of 7 to 10 days. A weekly collection is aimed at but the collection frequency is inevitably extended following holiday periods. The problem of collection, was however, aggravated on several occasions during the year when the staff was depleted through absences due to sickness.

SALVAGE

The collection of salvage material continued satisfactorily during 1959. The prices for waste paper and cardboard, the main source of income, remained steady during the year and there was no disposal difficulty.

The following Table shows the total weight of salvage disposed of and the income derived therefrom during the year ended 31st December 1959:-

	Weight				Revenue	
Material	T.	C.	Q.	LBS.	£ s. d.	
Waste Paper	24	10	-	-	137. 7	
Cardboard	13	16	-	-	103.10	
Baled Dest. Tins	23	12	-	-	112.13. 9.	
Textiles	-	7	-	-	3.10	
Ferrous Metal	-	-	-	-		
Non-Ferr. Metal	-	5	-		12. 8	
TOTALS	62	10	-	-	369. 8. 9.	

A BONUS SCHEME for the collection of waste paper and cardboard operates in the department.

LITTER

Litter Bins are sited in the principal streets of the town. These are under the control of the Borough Engineer's Department and are emptied by the street sweepers on their round.

SANITARY INSPECTION OF THE DISTRICT

Number of Premises visited	 2,446
Number of Nuisances discovered	 229
Number of Nuisances abated	 231
Number of House Inspections under Housing	
Acts	 142
Number of House Re-inspections	 47
Number of Inspections re: Rent Act, 1957	 6
Number of Bakehouse Inspections	14
Number of Factory Inspections	96
Number of Inspections re: "Means of Escap	4
Number of Visits to Food Shops and Stalls	18
Number of Visits to Dairies	3
Number of Visits to Schools and School Can	
Number of Visits to Abattoir	366
	21
Number of Visits to Ice Cream Shops	21
Number of Visits under Shops Acts	1
Number of Visits to Offices under P.H. Act	
Number of Visits to Infected Houses	5
Number of Visits re: Work in Progress	74
Miscellaneous Visits re: Complaints, etc.	190
Number of Houses disinfected	5
Number of Houses disinfested	
Informal Notices to Owners, etc	160
Statutory Notices served	 3

MOVEABLE DWELLINGS AND CAMP SITES

Permission was given under Section 269 of the Public Health Act, 1936 for the siting of two caravans for a limited period only, as the owners were experiencing housing difficulty at the time.

There are no official Camping Sites in the Borough.

SHOP PREMISES

Routine inspection, and special inspection as occasion required, continued during the year. It was not found necessary to issue any notices during the year.

FACTORIES

There are at present 18 Non-Power and 117 Power Factories, a total of 135 premises, on the register and coming within the purview of the Factories Act.

Inspection during the year proved that the standard generally was satisfactory, but it was found necessary to give informal notice in four cases - one for want of cleanliness of walls, etc., and three for unsuitable or defective sanitary accommodation.

1 - INSPECTIONS for purposes of provisions as to health (including inspections made by Public Health Inspectors)

Base - Major	110 - Hajar			
Premises (1)	Number on Register (2)	Inspect- ions (3)	Written notices (4)	Occupiers prosecuted (5)
(i) Factories in which Sections 1,2,3,4 and 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities	18	12	2	Later is to be desired at a start
(ii) Factories not incl- uded in (i) in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority		84	2	Observations the case of the c
(iii) Other Premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding outworkers' premises)	Mi dDA t-1101.025 plione odp puntle she	eniera do eniera do en otol b e era boo	Denetes in the case	Miselledi avot edi man, le se
TOTAL	135	96	4	50.500

2 - Cases in which DEFECTS were found. (If defects are discovered at the premises on two, three or more separate occasions they should be reckoned as two, three or more "cases")

P. Marian	Number dei	of cas	Number of cases in which pros-			
Particulars	Found	Remedied		By H.M. Insp.	ecutions were inst- ituted	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	
Want of cleanliness (S.1):	1	1	NEW THE	18247 AU	100 -	
Overcrowding (S.2):	an other l	Same and	S-ENH-	AR SHO		
Unreasonable temperature (S3	1):	22 30 0	coupler	Dan ex	Households	
Inadequate ventilation (S.4):	of Assessi	RAHADI O	W. SP. Ly.	Line planequ	-
Ineffective drainage of floors (S.6):					rate or side	
Sanitary Conveniences (S.7)	L. S. S. J. J.	424 344	DEPO IVO		stant sat	
(a) Insufficient:			- ABITAB	TRIBUR	rusk our fur	ı
(b) Unsuitable or defective:	3	3	-	-		
(c) Not separate for sexes:		D Tari	111111	L. Work		
Other offences against the Act (not including offences relating to Out-work):	-	Parlan e	Silve to		year)	
TOTAL:	4	4	-	-		-

SCHOOLS

All Schools in the Borough now have modern sanitary amenities, including washing facilities.

PUBLIC CONVENIENCES

A considerable amount of wilful damage was again done in the Public Conveniences, despite the posting of Police Notices. There is far too much vandalism in such public places in these days, and the cost of repairing damage is quite considerable and an unnecessary charge on the ratepayer.

DUST NUISANCE

During the early part of the year, representations were made to Messrs. Richard Briggs and Sons Limited, Bankfield Quarry, regarding the dust nuisance issuing from their stone crushing and stone drying plant. Full co-operation from the firm was forthcoming, and in August they were in a position to inform us that a Contract had been made with a firm of Civil Engineering Contractors for the construction of an Electrical Precipitation Plant and which would take about nine months to construct.

Representations were also made with another local firm about the undue emission of smoke from their boiler chimney, which resulted in the fitting to their Lancashire Boiler of an automatic plant for the burning of a comparatively cheap smokeless solid fuel.

Later in the year, information was received that a smokeless oilfired boiler was to be installed at the Clitheroe Hospital to replace the coal-fired steam boiler, thus eliminating one more source of smoke emission. A smokeless oil-fired steam boiler was also installed at the Pimlico Works of the Imperial Chemical Industries Ltd.,

Observations of other factory chimneys in the district were made during the year with visits of inspection to the boiler plants and at the same time talks with furnace men on the elimination of smoke.

PREVENTION OF DAMAGE BY PESTS ACT, 1949

The Health Department employs a full-time Operator on Rodent Control, etc. The town is divided into eight sections and regular tours of inspection of premises and land are made within these sections, and treatments carried out where necessary.

One test baiting and two maintenance treatments of the town's sewers are carried out each year in accordance with Ministry instructions.

During 1959, treatments were also carried out on behalf of the Bowland Rural District Council as follows:-

Refuse Tips - 6; Farms - 5; Hotels - 2:

One large premise was also treated for rat and mice infestation.

Householders and occupiers of industrial premises in the Borough area co-operate well with the department by giving prompt notice of infestation by rats or mice.

The Table on the following page gives a summary of the work done during the year under review.

	The same of the sa	Type of	Proper	ties
	Service Security Services (Security Security Sec	Non-Agricu		
		Dwelling Houses	All Other	ultural
(a)	Number of Properties in District	4126	605	61
(b)	Number of Properties inspected	57	605	61
(c)	Total Inspections carried out	60	1621	220
(d)	Number of Properties which were found to be infested by	of to red	AN L	
2000	Rats - Major	nh to- (ad)	9	-
mile	- Minor	11	8	4
	Mice - Major	W W - 18	-	-
SHED	- Minor	46	11	-
(e)	Number of Infested Properties Treated	57	28	4
(1)	Total Treatments Carried Out (including re- treatments)	60	34	5
(g).	Number of "Block" Schemes	16.2	4	-

RAG FLOCK AND OTHER FILLING MATERIALS ACT, 1951

Two sets of premises are registered in accordance with this Act.

PET ANIMALS ACT, 1951

Under this Act, two Licences were issued during the year. Conditions on the premises of the Firms concerned were quite satisfactory during the period under review.

DEALERS IN OLD METAL, ETC.

In accordance with Section 86 of the Public Health Acts (Amendment) Act, 1907, six dealers are registered with the Local Authority. In this matter the Department's Officials co-operate with the Police Authority when necessary.

CHIEF SANITARY REQUIREMENTS OF THE DISTRICT

- a. The abolition of sub-standard housing accommodation considered unfit for human habitation, and the provision of new housing for displaced persons.
- b. The re-conditioning and improvement of other properties in the town.
- c. The conversion to the freshwater system of the remaining pail closets and waste-water closets.

 (Grant Scheme now operating).
 - d. The provision of a Public Convenience which is centrally situated, and equipped with facilities for washing, etc. (Under consideration at the end of the year).

2. HOUSING CONDITIONS

Housing conditions generally in the Borough are good, but we have still over 200 sub-standard houses to be dealt with under the Local Authority's Programme of Clearance.

The Clitheroe (Whalley Road No.1 Clearance Area) Compulsory Purchase Order 1958, was confirmed with slight modification on the 26th February 1959.

At the end of the year some 24 families had been rehoused from this area.

During 1959, three individual houses - 56 Parson Lane, 32b King Street and 66 Moor Lane - were found to be unfit for habitation and not capable at reasonable expense of being rendered fit. The houses were closed after undertakings not to relet had been given by the owners.

RENT ACT, 1957 FIRST SCHEDULE

Par	t I - Applications for Certificates of Disrepair	
(1)	Number of applications for certificates	5
(2)	Number of decisions not to issue certificates	-
(3)	Number of decisions to issue certificates	1
	(a) in respect of some but not all defects	5
	(b) in respect of all defects	-
(4)	Number of undertakings given by landlords under paragraph 5 of the First Schedule	3
(5)	Number of undertakings refused by Local Authority under proviso to paragraph 5 of the First Schedule	-
(6)	Number of Certificates issued	2
Par	t II - Applications for Cancellation of Certifica	tes
(7)	Applications by landlords to Local Authority for cancellation of certificates	2
(8)	Objections by tenants to cancellation of certificates	1
(9)	Decisions by Local Authority to cancel in spite of tenants' objection	-775
(10)	Certificates cancelled by Local Authority	1

IMPROVEMENT SCHEMES

(a) Discretionary Grants

Under the Housing Acts 1949, 1954 and 1958, 6 of the 7 Schemes brought forward from the previous year were completed satisfactorily and "Certificates of Completion" issued. The remaining other Scheme was carried over to 1960.

During 1959, 14 new Schemes were submitted to the Council, and in all cases Grants were made. 6 of these were completed and Certificates issued during the year. In the remaining 8 Schemes the works were in hand but not completed at the end of the year.

Since 1955, some 109 Improvement Schemes have been submitted and in 88 cases Grants made by the Council

It is pleasing to know that many of the older properties which are structurally sound are being brought up to modern standards at a fraction of the cost of new building, and will thus provide excellent housing accommodation for many years to come.

(b) Standard Grants

16 Applications for the Standard Grant were submitted and approved during 1959. Work was completed at the end of the year in one case only, the remaining 15 Schemes being carried over to 1960.

HOUSING STATISTICS

Number of Houses, Flats and Bungalows erected by the Local Authority during the year 10
Number of Houses, Flats and Bungalows erected by other persons during the year
Number of Houses inspected for housing defects 62
Number of Houses found during the year to be unfit for human habitation
Number of Houses found during the year not to be in all respects fit for habitation
Number of Houses existing at the end of the year which are considered to be unfit and not capable at reasonable expense of being rendered fit
Number of Houses rendered fit in consequence of informal action by Local Authority or Officers
Number of Houses demolished or closed during the year
Number of cases of Overcrowding relieved

3. INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD

MILK SUPPLY

The Local Authority is responsible for milk distribution and the supervision of dairymen only, the inspection of farms, cowsheds, etc. being the responsibility of the Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food.

Four sets of premises in the Borough are registered as Dairies. Routine inspection of these premises proved them to be satisfactorily maintained.

Five Dealers' Licences for the sale of Tuberculin Tested Milk and two for the sale of Pasteurised Milk and six for the sale of Sterilised Milk were issued during the year.

Following a report from the Public Health Laboratory at Preston, concerning a sample of raw milk taken by the County Health Inspector and subsequently found to be infected with a Brucella Organisms, from one or more local farms, a series of check samples were taken by this department. After taking separate and individual samples it was reported that three cows were passing Brucella Organisms and when the significance of this was explained to the owner the affected cows were sold for slaughter.

MEAT AND OTHER FOODS

There are no Private Slaughterhouses in the Borough, and all slaughtering is carried out at the Authority's Abattoir. A 100% inspection service of meat carcases is maintained by the Council's Inspectors.

The disposal of condemned meat and offals is under the control of the Local Authority. All such meat is dyed and is sold to a reputable firm of processors who have given an undertaking as to appropriate ultimate disposal.

The Table listed overleaf shows the amount of food condemned and removed from the supply during the year ended 31st December, 1959.

Non-Tubercular Carcase Meat	150 lbs.
Non-Tubercular Offals	886 lbs.
Tubercular Carcase Meat	86 lbs.
Tubercular Offals	510 lbs.
Canned Beef	10 lbs.
Canned Ham	79 lbs.
Canned Tongue	21 lbs.
Cheese	10 lbs.
Margarine	10 lbs.
Canned Fruit	180 tins
Canned Vegetables	113 tins
Fish	10 tins
Coffee	10 tins
Soups	109 tins
Jam	43 jars
Jelly	11 jars
Biscuits	57 Packets
Herbs	96 Packets

MEAT CARCASES INSPECTED	AND CON 1959	DEMNED	DURING	THE Y	EAR
	Cattle exclud- ing Cows	Cows	Calves	Sheep and Lambs	Pigs
Number killed Number inspected	894 894	26 26	5 5	5803 5803	1391 1391
All diseases except Tuber- culosis and Cysticercosis:-			10-11		
Whole Carcases condemned	NIL	NIL	NIL	2	NIL
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned	429	10	NIL	113	29
Percentage of number insp- ected affected with disease other than T.B. and Cysticerci	48%	38%	NIL	2%	2%
Tuberculosis only:- Whole Carcases condemned Carcases of which some	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
part or organ was condemned	24	1	NIL	NIL	7
Percentage affected	3%	4%	NIL	NIL	0.5%
Cysticercosis:-	B. B.	PRO			
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned	1	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
Carcases submitted for treatment by refriger- ation	1	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
Generalised and totally condemned	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL

Under Section 14 of the Food and Drugs Act, 16 premises are registered for the preparation and manufacture of sausages, or potted, pressed, pickled or preserved meat foods intended for sale. Fifty-five premises are also registered for the sale of Ice Cream.

MEAT AND OTHER FOODS (continued).....

Seven hawkers of food and their premises are registered under Section 14 of the Lancashire County Council (General Powers) Act, 1951.

Byelaws made under Section 15 of the Food and Drugs Act 1938, in respect of the Handling, Wrapping and Delivery of Food for Sale, and the Sale of Food in the Open Air, are in force in the Borough, and copies are supplied to the occupiers of food shops and stalls.

Notices requesting customers not to bring dogs into food shops are still displayed in a large majority of these premises, and are generally appreciated by the traders and customers alike.

Routine inspections, and special inspections as called for, are carried out in respect of food shops and stalls, and food preparing premises generally.