#### [Report 1948] / Medical Officer of Health, Clitheroe U.D.C. / Borough.

#### **Contributors**

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#### BOROUGH OF CLITHEROE.

# ANNUAL REPORT

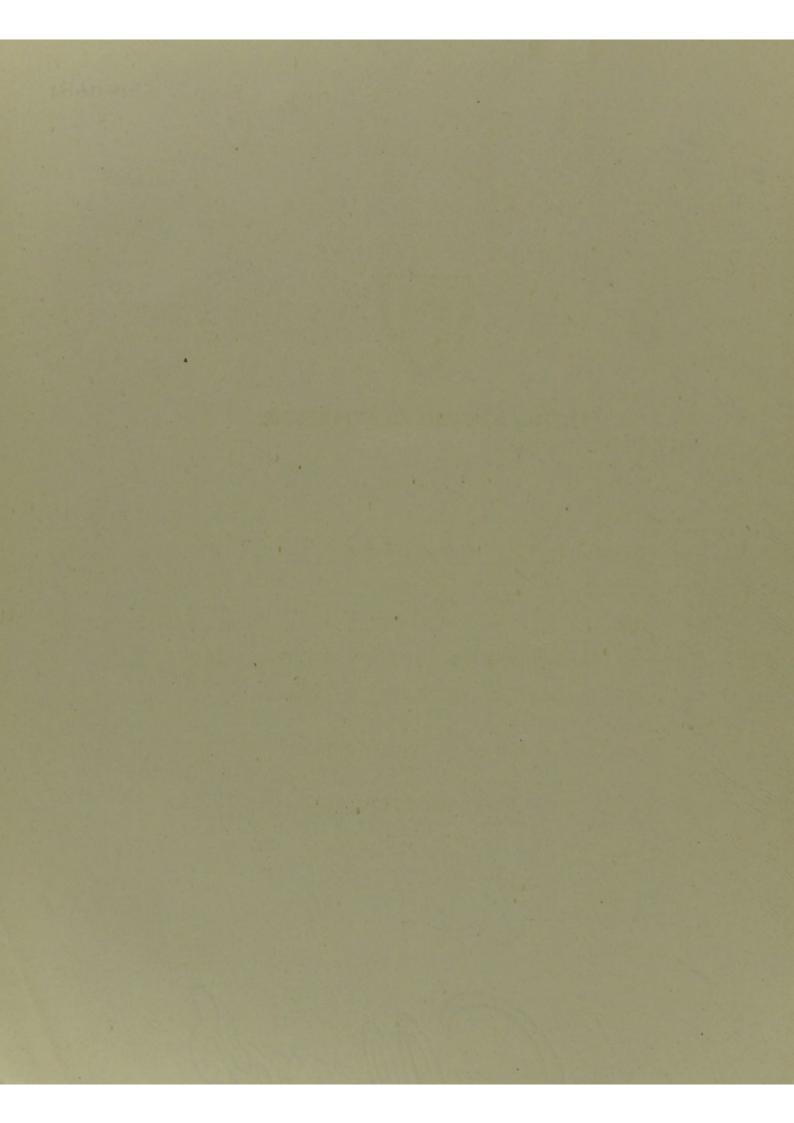
OF

J. H. FAIRWEATHER, M.D., M.R.C.P. D.P.H.

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

FOR THE YEAR ENDING

31ST. DECEMBER, 1948



To the Chairman and Members of the Health Committee of the Borough of Clitheroe.

Lady and Gentlemen,

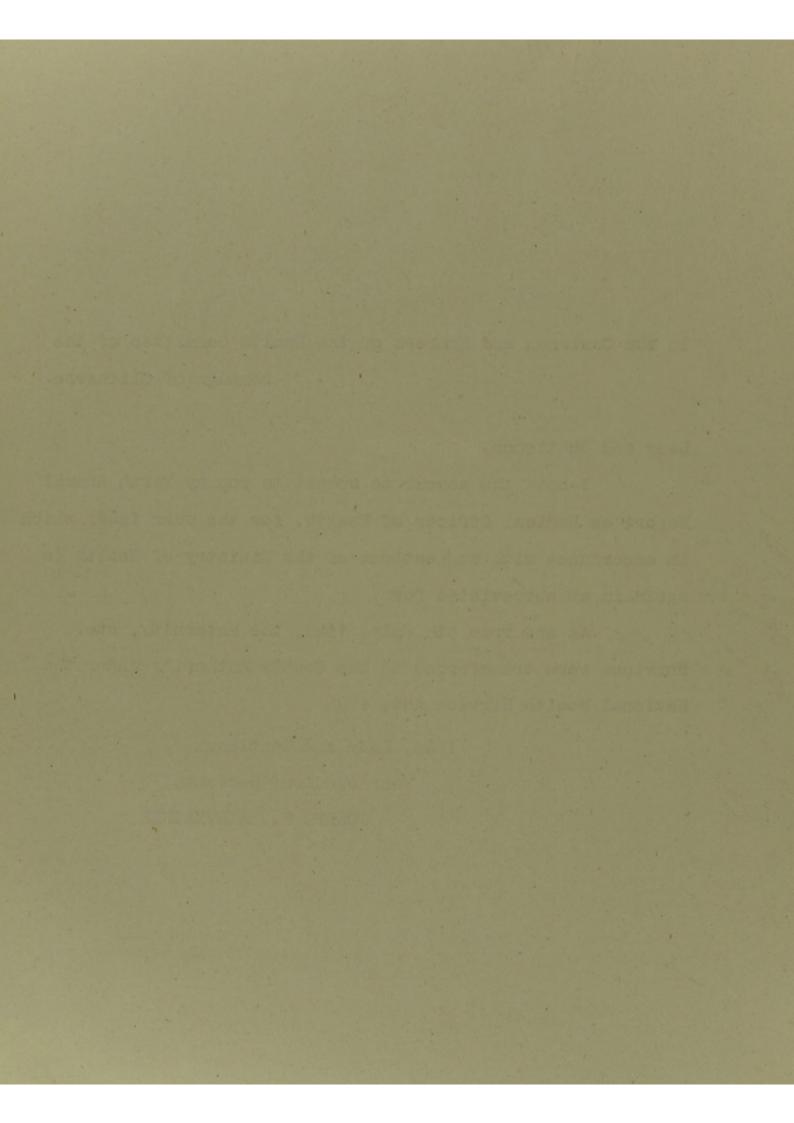
I have the honour to submit to you my Fifth Annual Report as Medical Officer of Health, for the year 1948, which in accordance with suggestions of the Ministry of Health is again in an abbreviated form.

As and from 5th July, 1948, the Maternity, etc.

Services were transferred to the County Authority under the National Health Service Act, 1946.

I am, Lady and Gentlemen,
Your obedient Servant,

JOSEFH H. FAIRWEATHER.



#### PUBLIC HEALTH STAFF

#### MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

JOSEPH H. FAIRWEATHER, M.D., M.R.C.P., D.P.H. (PART-TIME)

#### MATERNITY AND CHILD WELFARE OFFICER

CYRIL ROYLE, M.B., CH.B., D.C.H. (PART-TIME)
(Transferred to Lancashire County Council 5th July, 1948

#### SENIOR SANITARY INSPECTOR

EDWARD COATES, A.R.S.I.

#### HEALTH VISITOR AND SCHOOL NURSE

ELSA W. BATES, S.R.N., S.C.M., H.V. (Transferred to Lancashire County Council 5th July, 1948)

#### SUMMARY OF VITAL STATISTICS

## POPULATION - 11,890

During the year, 211 Live Births were registered (108 Male and 103 Female) giving a BIRTH RATE for 1948 of 17.7 per 1,000 of the estimated resident population, a figure which is 4.2 below that of 1947 and an increase of 0.3 on the average for the previous five years (1943-1947).

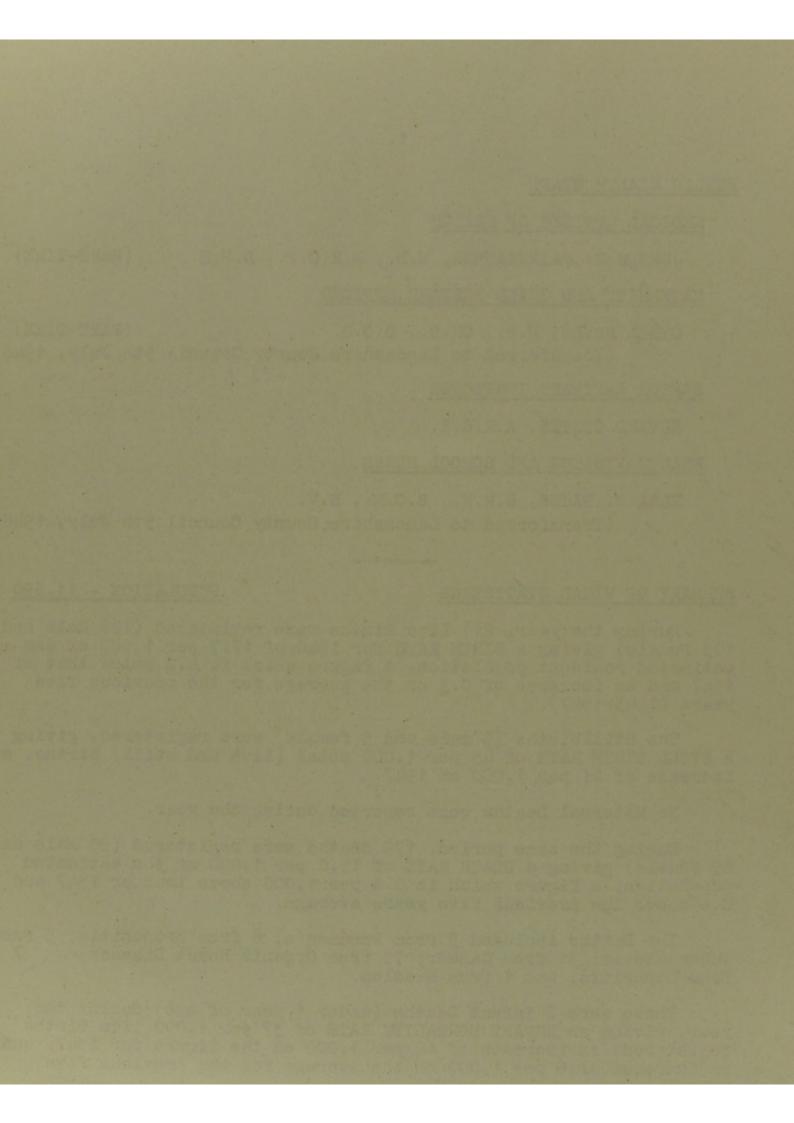
Ten Stillbirths (5 male and 5 female) were registered, giving a STILL BIRTH RATE of 45 per 1,000 total (live and still) births, and increase of 21 per 1,000 on 1947.

No Maternal Deaths were reported during the year.

During the same period, 179 deaths were registered (90 Male and 89 Female) giving a DEATH RATE of 15.0 per 1,000 of the estimated population, a figure which is 0.8 per 1,000 above that of 1947 and 0.6 above the previous five years average.

The Deaths included 5 from Pneumonia; 8 from Bronchitis; 5 from Tuberculosis; 31 from Cancer; 70 from Organic Heart Disease; 7 from Nephritis; and 1 from Measles.

There were 8 Infant Deaths (under 1 year of age) during the year, giving an INFANT MORTALITY RATE of 37 per 1,000 live births registered, an increase of 12 per 1,000 on the figure for 1947, and an increase of 6 per 1,000 on the average for the previous five years.



#### STILL BIRTHS

As mentioned previously, ten Still Births occurred during the year, giving a Rate of 45 per 1,000 total (live and still) births, an increase on the previous year.

All the children were legitimate. Full enquiries were made and it was found that in all cases there had been adequate medical and nursing attention to confinement.

#### NOTIFIABLE DISEASES DURING THE YEAR

266 cases of Notifiable Disease were reported during the year, an increase of 13 cases on the previous year. Of this total, 240 notifications were received in respect of Measles and Whooping Coug some 203 of the former and 37 of the latter being received. One death was attributable to Measles.

There were 15 cases of Scarlet Fever during the year as compared with 5 in 1947, and again no deaths were reported.

One case of Ophthalmia Neonatorum occurred during 1948. The baby was treated at home and vision was unimpaired.

As in the previous year no notifications were received in respect of Diphtheria. The Immunisation Campaign was continued and there was again a gratifying response on the part of parents.

Up to and including 4th July, when control passed to the Count, Authority, 76 children were immunised against Diphtheria, and in addition, 32 re-inforcing injections were given.

The arrangements for the hospitalisation of infectious cases have remained as in previous years.

## SCABIES

Only two cases of this disease were found in school children during the year, and these received the necessary treatment at the School Clinic.

## SUMMARY OF NURSING ARRANGEMENTS, ETC.

There is a Nursing Association in the town, employing three Nurse Midwives, this being taken over by the County Authority in July, 1948.

The Maternity and Child Welfare Centre is now held bi-weekly (Tuesday and Wednesday) in rooms at the Castle House, the Maternity and Child Welfare Officer, Dr. Cyril Royle, attending these Sessions for consultations with mothers.

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The abnormal Midwifery and Ante Natal Services in the Borough have continued satisfactory during the present year.

A Midwives Clinic, at which cases are booked by midwives, and blood pressure, urine tests, etc. carried out, was held weekly (Thursday at 2 p.m.) in rooms at the Congregational School, Moor Lane, Clitheroe. At this Clinic a trained Physiotherapist is also is attendance and supervises an Exercise Class for expectant mothers.

The Consultant Obstetrician and Gynaecologist, Mr. R. M. Corbet, F.R.C.O.G., F.R.C.P.I., F.R.C.S.I. of Preston Royal Infirmary, attends the Ante Natal Clinic on the second Thursday of each month for pre-natal examinations and also post-natal examination of cases following hospital confinements.

Suitable cases are still referred by Mr. Corbet to Preston Royal Infirmary under an arrangement with the Local Authority.

There is also an agreement under the Scheme that in the event of an emergency, in which it is felt that the patient is not fit to travel to Preston Infirmary, Mr. Corbet will visit Clitheroe to dea with the emergency, or to advise.

Facilities are available also for the Obstetrician to bring ou blood from Preston in such severe cases of Post-Partum Haemorrhage as are judged too ill to be moved.

The arrangement continued with the Lancashire County Authority whereby expectant mothers from the Clitheroe Rural District may attend the Midwives Clinic and the Consultant Clinic. Mothers from the Bowland Rural District, if they so desire, may attend the Ante-Natal Exercise Class.

During 1948, a considerable number of midwifery cases have been admitted to the Maternity Ward of the Coplow View Hospital, Clitheroe.

# NATIONAL ASSISTANCE ACT, 1948

No action was found to be necessary under Section 47 of the above Act during the year.

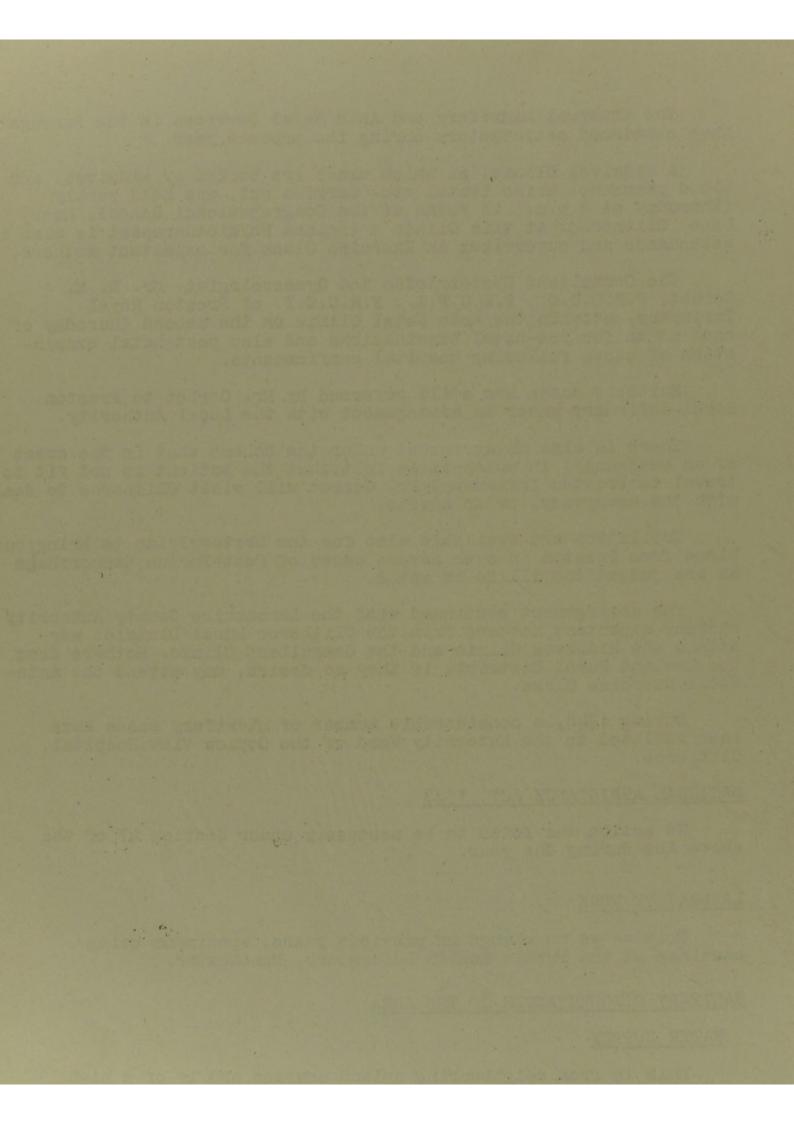
# LABORATORY WORK

This shows no change on previous years, specimens being examined at the Public Health Laboratory, Manchester.

# SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE AREA

# WATER SUPPLY

This is from neighbouring upland sources and is of a high



degree of purity and adequate at the source. The storage capacity of the existing reservoirs, however, is not considered as sufficient, but it is hoped to increase the supply from an artesian source in the near future.

Chemical and Bacteriological examinations of the town's water supply are made monthly with satisfactory results.

All houses in the Borough are supplied from Public Mains direct with one exception, this an old house on the extreme north boundary of the Borough which is supplied from a well.

#### DRAINAGE AND SEWAGE

No change during the year.

#### SANITARY ACCOMMODATION

There still remain in the Borough 13 Pail Closets and some 1,358 Slopwater or "Tippler" Closets.

The prevalent shortages of materials and man-power have rendered impossible the proposed conversion scheme to deal with this obsolete accommodation.

#### HOUSE REFUSE COLLECTION, ETC.

The following is a summary of the work done in the removal of House Refuse (excluding Salvage loads) during the year :-

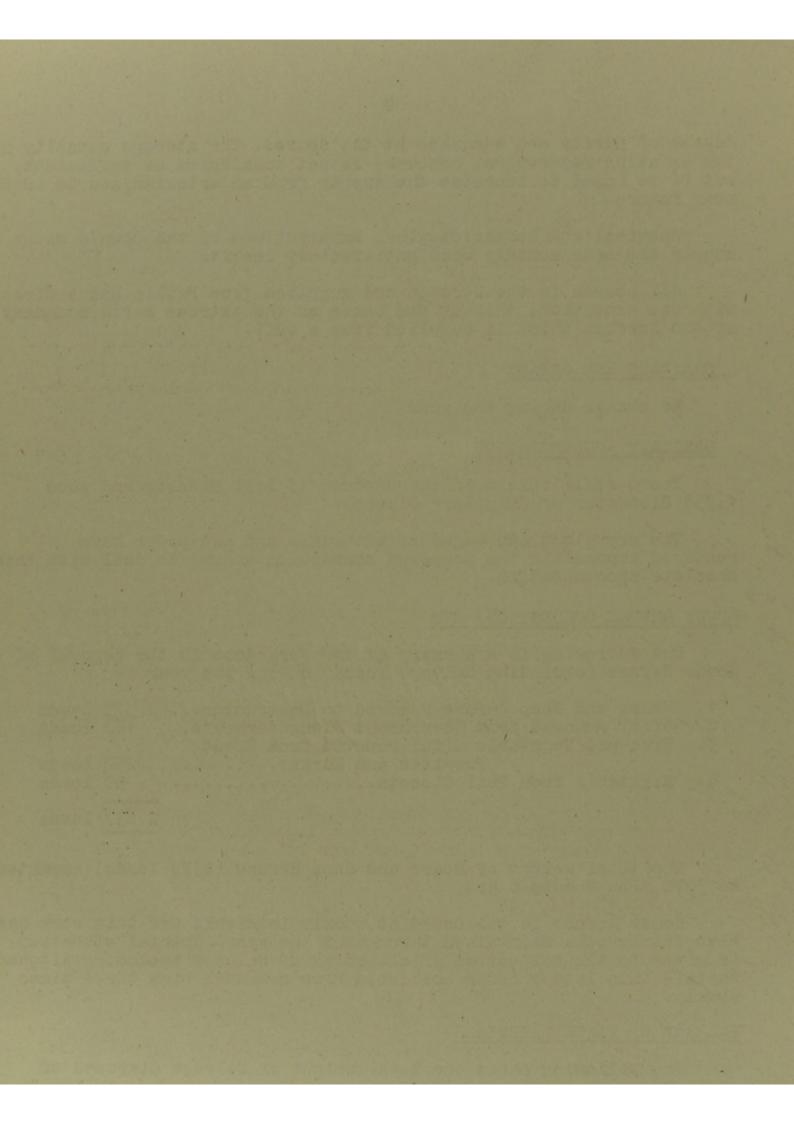
1.	House and Shop Refuse removed to Destructor Offal removed from Government Slaughterhouse		
	Fish and Vegetable Offal removed from Trade Premises and Market Nightsoil from Pail Closets	100 march 2000	loads loads
		2,837	loads

The total weight of House and Shop Refuse (2375 loads) amounted to 3070 tons 8 cwts 0 grs.

House Refuse is collected at weekly intervals and this work has been fairly well maintained throughout the year. Special attention is given to the collection of all forms of Salvage including Kitcher Waste - this latter being collected from communal bins three times weekly.

## SALVAGE OF WASTE MATERIALS

The following shows the total weight of Salvage disposed of



and the income derived therefrom during year ended 31st December, 1948.

	T.	C.	Q.	LBS.	£	:	S	;	D
Waste Paper (all grades). Ferrous Metals Baled Destructor Tins Non-Ferrous Metals Textiles Bottles and Jars Kitchen Waste	9. 36. 1. 7.	12. 7. 6. 10. 14. 5.	1. 0. 1. 0. 1.	0. 0. 27. 0. 0.	57 6 14.		738		0 11 0
3	355.	1.	1.	27.£	1038	:	18	;	3

#### FACTORIES AND SHOPS

Regular inspection of Factory premises and Shops was carried out by the Public Health Staff and it was found necessary to issue notices for several minor defects only during the year.

#### INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD

#### MILK SUPPLY

There are some twenty-five Dairy Farms on the Register with accommodation for approximately 400 cattle. The standard of cleanliness and methods of milk production has been found, as a result of frequent inspections, to be generally satisfactory.

Under the Milk (Special Designations) Regulations, eight dealers are distributing T.T. Milk; three "Accredited" Milk; and two "Pasteurised" Milk.

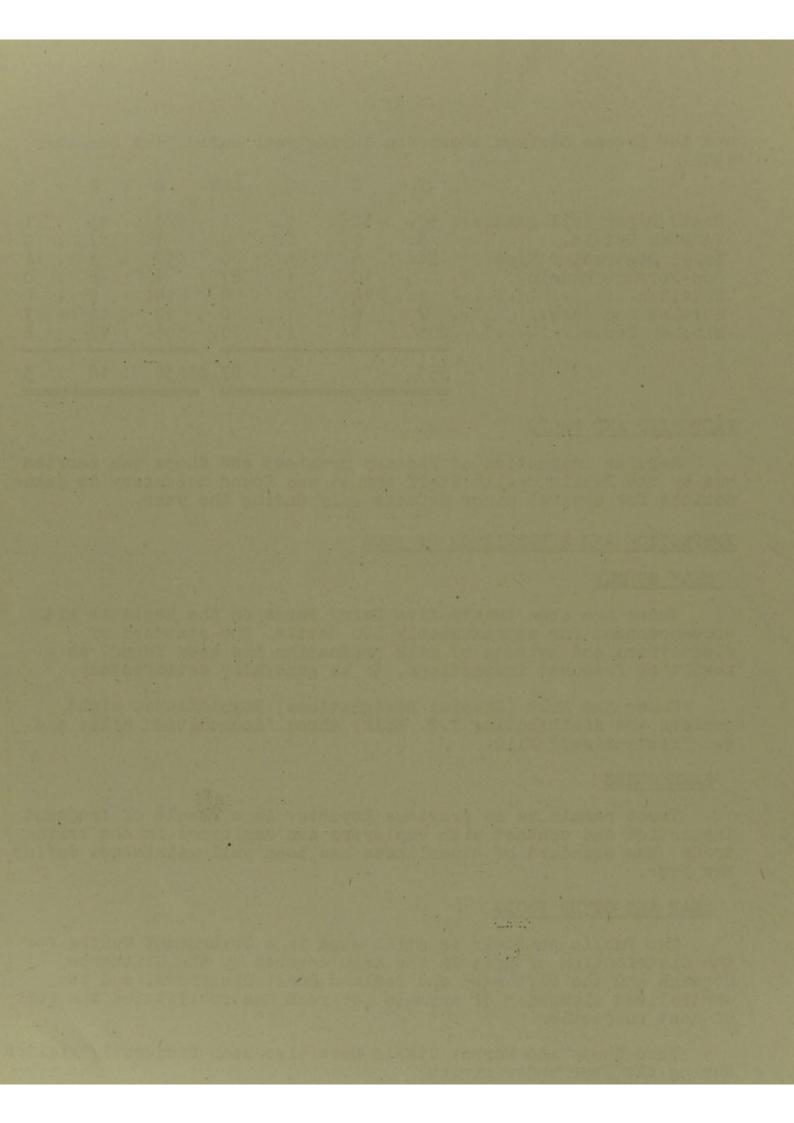
# BAKEHOUSES

These remain as in previous Reports. As a result of frequent inspection and contact with employers and employees in the baking trade, the standard of cleanliness has been well maintained during the year.

# MEAT AND OTHER FOODS

The Public Abattoir is still used as a Government Centre for the distribution of meat in the area covered by the Clitheroe Borough and the Clitheroe and Bowland Rural Districts, and the centralised slaughter of animals for food has facilitated the work of meat inspection.

Food Shops and Market Stalls have also been frequently visited during the year under review.



The following shows the amount of food condemned and removed from the Food Supply during the year :-

#### MEAT

37 Beast Carcases	12,210	lbs.	13	Calf Carcases	681	lbs.
2 Sides of Beef	458	lbs.	13	Heads & Plucks	119	lbs
14 Hindquarters	1,590	lbs.		Carcase Parts	45	lbs
9 Part Hindquarters	331	lbs.	1	Calf Head	6	lbs.
18 Forequarters	2,009	lbs.	31	Sheep Carcases	967	lbs.
4 Part Forequarters	222	lbs.	35	Heads & Plucks	228	lbs.
Carcase Parts	259	lbs.	998	Sheep Livers	1;616	lbs.
Liver Trimmings	6,621	lbs.		Carcase Parts	93	lbs.
57 Sets of Offal	2,421	lbs.	12	Sheep Flucks	34	lbs.
47 Heads and Tongues	1,233	lbs.		Sheep Fat	10	lbs.
Beef Fat	737	lbs.	1	Pig Carcase	272	lbs
25 Skirts	48	lbs.	1	Pig Head	16	lbs.
15 Hearts	59	lbs.	1	Pig Pluck	7	lbs.
270 Lites and 34 Melts	1,841	lbs.		Carcase Parts	18	lbs.
Udder	670	lbs.	1	Pig Liver	2	lbs.
8 Tails	15	lbs.				

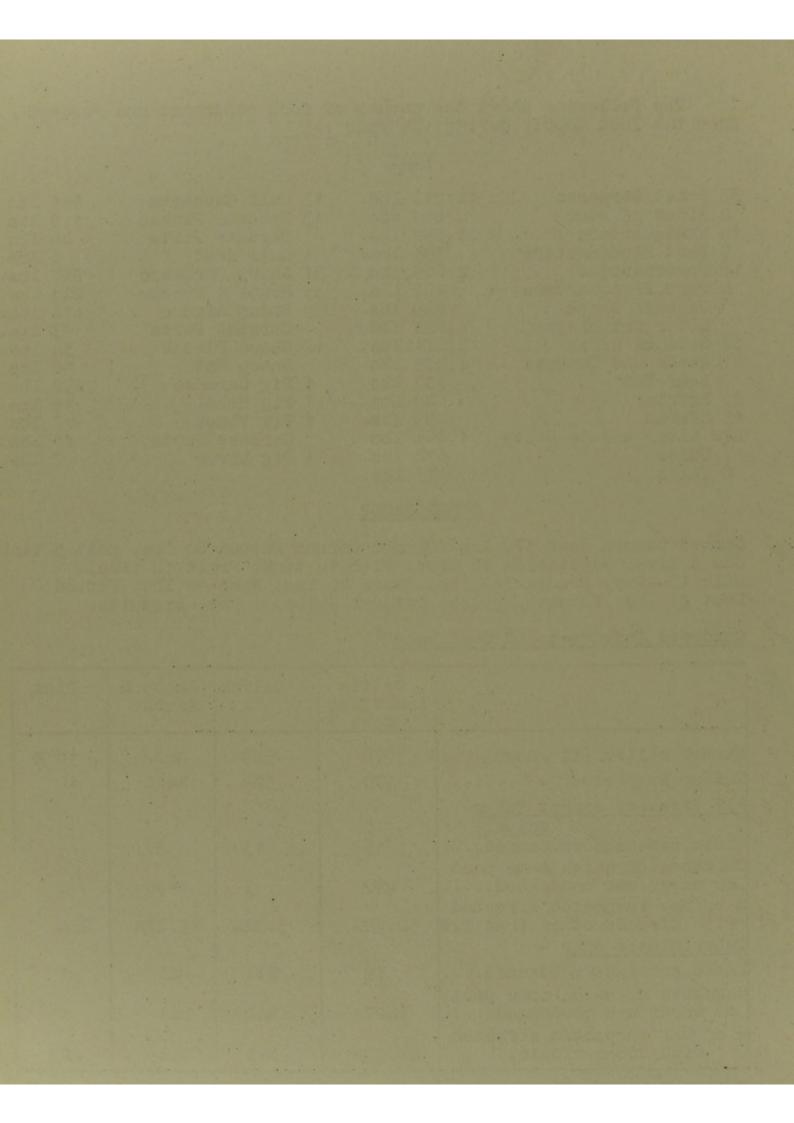
#### OTHER FOODS.

Canned Corned Beef 372 lbs; Canned Corned Mutton 60 lbs; Meat 5 tins Jam 5 tins; Vegetables 76 tins; Fish 14 tins; Fruit 14 tins; Milk 19 tins; Prunes 160 lbs; Pears 40 lbs; Fish 98 lbs; Potted Meat 21 lbs; Walnuts 42 lbs; Oatmeal 2 lbs; 1 pkt. biscuits.

## Carcases Inspected and Condemned:

	Cattle including Cows.	Calves	Sheep & Lambs.	Pigs
Number killed (if known)	970	529	4422	10 X
Number inspected	970	529	4422	10
All diseases except Tuber- culosis				
Whole carcases condemned	18	13	31	-
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned	492	3	998	2
with disease other than T.B	52.58%	3.02%	23.27%	20%
Tuberculosis only - Whole carcases condemned	19	Nil	Nil	1
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned	407	Nil	Nil	1
of No. inspected affected with Tuberculosis	43.92%	Nil	Nil	20%

X - 97 Cottagers' Pigs were slaughtered and inspected in addition to those shown above.



# PROMOTION OF CLEANLINESS AND GOOD HABITS AND THE ELIMINATION OF VERMINOUS CONDITIONS.

There has been no widespread lice infestation in the Borough so that no extensive campaign to combat lousiness has been called for

The Department's Nurse has again carried out regular cleanliness inspections in the Schools, and the standard was found to be high. Only in one or two cases was it found necessary to issue instructions to parents.

Talks on Personal Hygiene and the Formation of Good Habits regarding cleanliness are given by the Teachers in the Schools.

#### RODENT CONTROL

The Council employs one full-time Rodent Operator to carry out the work of disinfestation under the direction of the Senior Sanita Inspector.

The town is divided into eight sections and regular tours of inspection of premises within these sections are carried out by the Operator, complete records being kept of all infestations and treatments carried out.

During the year 44 premises were found to be rat infested and the necessary treatment was carried out with a resultant kill of 1,896 rats. Block treatments of premises were carried out in several instances. Eighteen sets of premises were also treated for infestation by mice.

Special attention was again given to the Sewers in the Borough area, and two Maintenance Treatments were carried out.

## VISITS BY PUBLIC HEALTH STAFF

## Sanitary Inspectors

House to House Inspections	30
House to House Re-Inspections	4
Other House Inspections	325
Factory Inspections (including Bakehouses)	260
	254
	586
Visits to Food Shops and Stalls	228
Visits to Inhabited Vans (Fairground)	6
Visits to Infected Houses	18
Visits re. Work in Progress	62
Miscellaneous Visits re. Complaints, etc	869
Houses Disinfected	12

#### Health Visitor

(Visits up to and including 4th July, 1948).

Prima															
Secon	d Vis	sits	to :	Inf	ants	ur	de	r	1	ye	ear				141
Visit	s to	Chil	ldre	n 1	- 5	ye	ar	s.							263
Visit	s to	Expe	ecta	nt ]	Moth	ers									19
Visit	s re.	Sti	llb:	irt	hs										8
Misce	llane	eous	Vis:	its											38

#### HOUSING CONDITIONS

It has not yet been found possible to proceed with any major schemes of demolition or reconditioning insanitary property, and only the more serious defects have been given attention during the past year.

Clitheroe, like most towns, experiences an acute shortage of housing accommodation for all classes of the population and the Authority is making every endeavour to accelerate it's Housing Programme.

During the year under review, 27 traditional permanent houses and 41 permanent pre-fabricated houses were handed over for occupation.

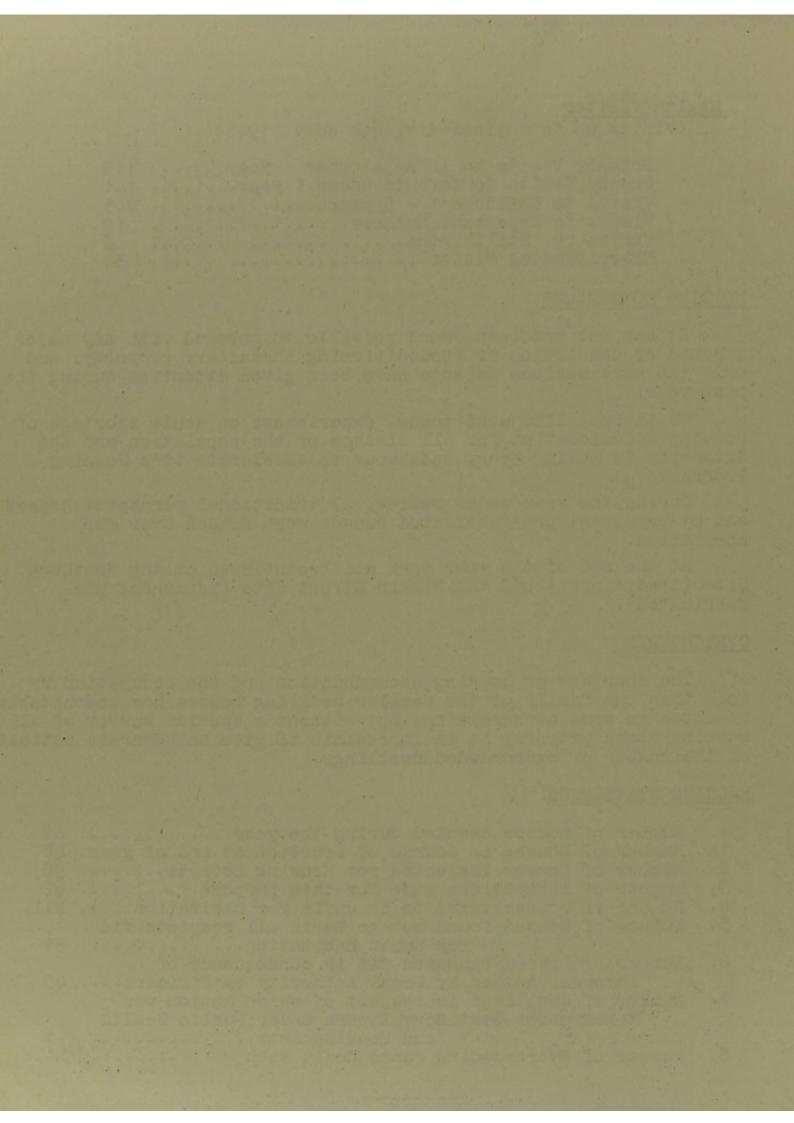
At the end of the year work still continued on the Henthorn Site (traditional) and the Wilkin Street Site (permanent prefabricated).

#### OVERCROWDING

The shortage of housing accommodation and the occupation by more than one family of the smaller dwelling houses has undoubtably resulted in some overcrowding, but without a special survey of all working class property it is impossible to give an accurate estimatof the number of overcrowded dwellings.

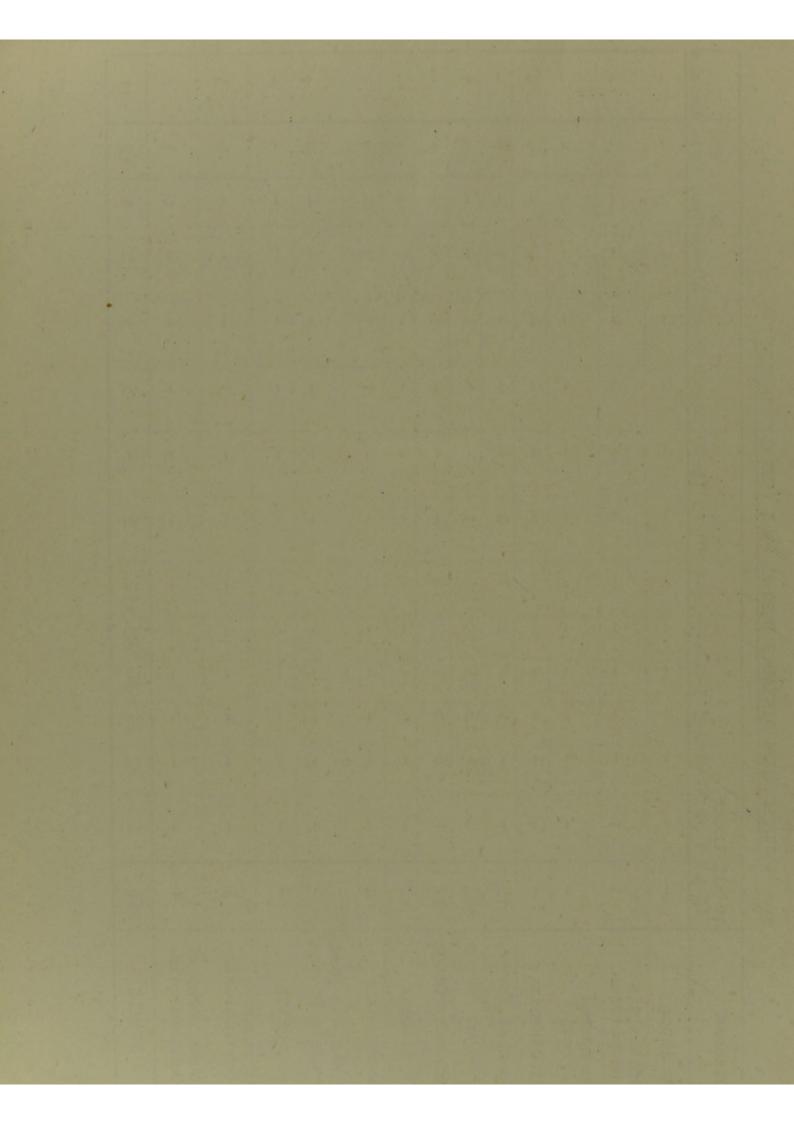
#### HOUSING STATISTICS

1.	Number of houses erected during the year	
1a.	Number of houses in course of erection at end of year.	
2.	Number of Houses Inspected for Housing Defects	56
3.	Number of inspections made for this purpose	62
4.	Number of houses found to be unfit for habitation	Nil.
5.	Number of houses found not to be in all respects fit	
	for human habitation	51
6.	Number of houses rendered fit in consequence of	2
	informal action by Local Authority or Officers	45
7.	Number of dwellings in respect of which action was	
	taken under Statutory Powers under Public Health	
	and Housing Acts	1
8.	Number of Overcrowding cases dealt with	Nil.



# NOTIFIABLE DISEASES DURING 1948 (CIVILIANS ONLY)

		4		-	-	-		-	-	,	-			
Deaths	1	1	1	1	1	1	ı	1	5	1-	1	3	2	11
To	1	1	1	1	5	1	i	1	,	1	1	9	-	12
65 & 0ver	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	. 1	1	1	-	-
45-65	1	1	. 1.	1	_	1	1	2	0	ı	1	ı	1	5
35-45	1	ı	ı	1	1	~	-	1	~	ı	1	ı	1	3
20-35	1	1	1	1	1	-	1	1	_	1	ı	N	ı	5
15-20	1		ı	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	ı	1	1	1
10-15	1	ı	1	1	4	-	1	1	1	1	ı	1	1	5
5-10	1	ı	1	1	7	16	177	1	!	,	1	1	1	112
4-5	1	1	1,	1	0	39	2	1	1	1	-1	1	1-	43
3-4	1	1	1	1	!	29	7	1	1	1	1	1	1	36
2-3	1	ı	1	1	-	16	9	1	1	1	1	1	1	23
1-2 2-3 3-4 4-5	1	1	1	1	1	21	9	1	1	1	1	1	. 1	27
Under 1 yr.	1	-	1	1	1	7	-	1	1	ı	1	1	1	9
At all Ages.	1	-	1	1	15	203	37	2	7	1	1	5	-	266
Disease	Smallpox	Ophthalmia Neonatorum	Puerperal Pyrexia	Diphtheria	Scarlet Fever	Measles	Whocping Cough	Erjsipelas	Premionia	fyphoid & Para- typhoid Fevers	Meningitis	Pulmonary Tuberculosis	Other Forms of Tuberculosis	TOTALS



# CAUSES OF DEATH DURING 1948

CAUSE OF DEATH	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL
All causes - Certified Uncertified.	90	89	179
Typhoid and Paratyphoid Fever Cerebro-Spinal Fever Scarlet Fever Whooping Cough Diphtheria Tuberculosis of Respiratory System Other Tuberculous Diseases Influenza Measles Acute Encephalitis Premature Birth, Congenital Malformation, Birth Injuries Cancer (all forms) Diabetes Heart Diseases Other Diseases of Circulatory System Bronchitis Pneumonia Other Respiratory Diseases Ulcer of Stomach er Duodenum Diarrhoea (under 2 years) Appendicitis Nephritis Puerperal Sepsis Other Maternal Causes Suicide Road Traffic Accidents Other Violent Causes All Other Causes	2 46-5 3341311	1-1-1 12-1- 25-5 351143-24	1 32-1- 61-0 6851174130
TOTALS	90	89	179

