Contributors

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CLAMEERNA POTAL DISTRIUS CONTRAL.

PUBLIC REALING DELASIONT.

REPORT of the MEDICAL OFFICER

of HEALTH.

Year ended 31st. Decomber, 1947.

T.G. RICHARDS,

M.D., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.

Medical Officer of Health.



CLITHEROE RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL.

ANNUAL REPORT of the MEDICAL OFFICER of HEALTH for the year ended 31st December, 1947.

PARTICULARS OF DISTRICT.

Area in acres 32,170.

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Population-Consus 1931, 8644.

Registrar-General's estimate of population, mid-1947 8716.

Number of inhabited houses - (a) Census 1931 ... 1569 (b) End of 1947 according to rate books 1919.

Rateable Value £54,150. Sum represented by a penny rate £216.

VITAL ST TISTICS.

There was no unusual or excessive mortality occurred during the year which required special comment. There were no cases of sickness or invalidity orthy of special note. There do not appear to be any conditions of occuration or environment which have had a prejudicial effect on health.

BIRTHS AND DEATHS.

			Total	Male	Forale
		(Legitimate	121	62	59
Live	births	Illegitimate	24-	2	2
		Total	125	64	61

Birth-rate per 1,000 estimated population mid-1947 14.3

Total Male Female

4 2 2

Still births

Compared with 1946 the birth rate por 1,000 estimated population acus an increase from 13.7 to 14.3, whilst the mean of the 5 years 1942-1946 WES 11.7

Total Male Female

78

Deaths

41

Death-rate per 1,000 estimated population 8.9

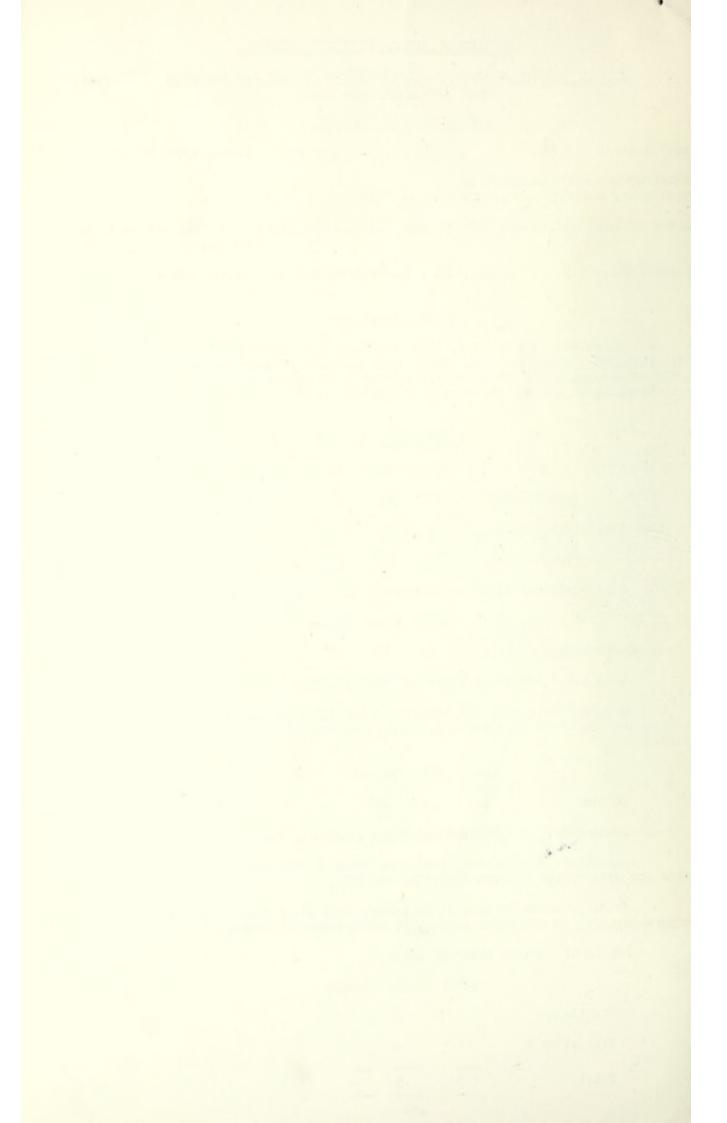
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Compared with 1946 the death rate shows a decrease from 9.1 to 8.9 whilst the mean of the 5 years 1942-1946 was 8.8

It is pleasing to be able to report that there were no deaths from puerperal causes, postabortive sepsis, or other maternal causes.

Deaths of infants under of age :-

	Total.	Male	Fenalo
Legitinate	3	3	-
Illegitimate	- '		
Total	3	3	-
		-1-	



Death rate of infants under one year per 1,000 live births 24

The comparative figure for 1946 was 16, whilst the mean of the 5 years 1942-1946 was 22.

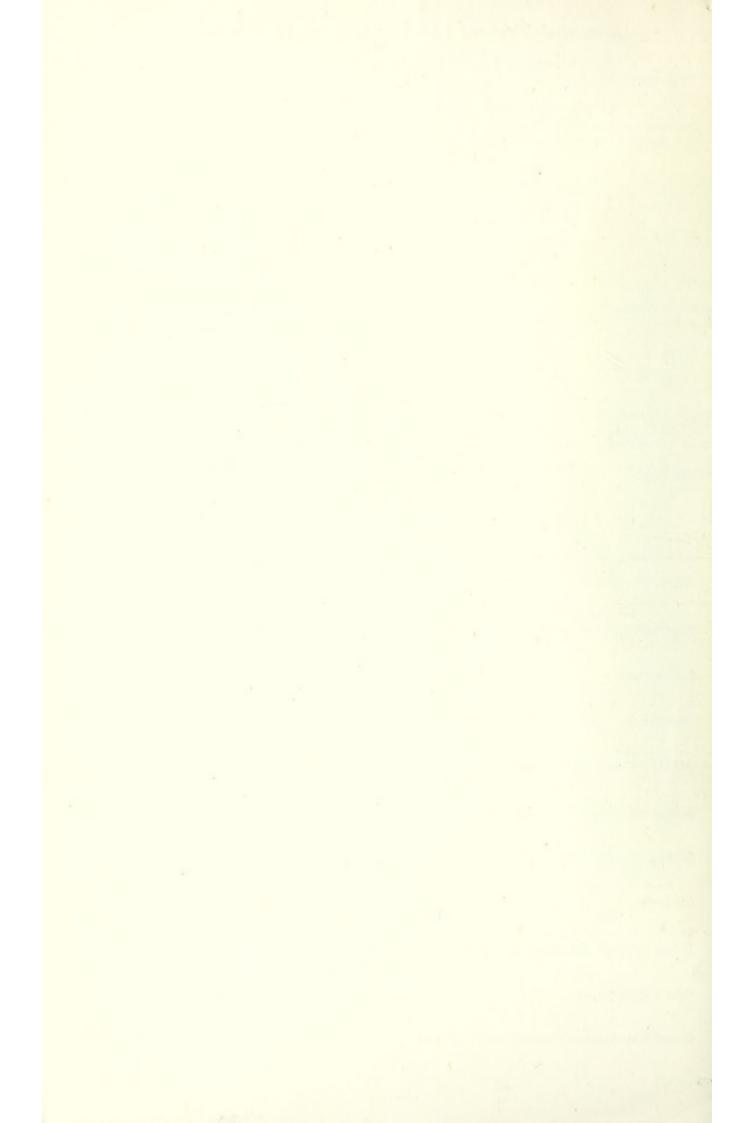
For the whole of England and Wales the live birth rate per 1,000 population was 20.5, and the still births per 1,000 population 0.50, whilst the death rate per 1,000 population was 12.0

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	Live Birth	Crude doath	Death rate	d population Death rate from Cancer.	Per 1,000 live		Rate of deaths under one year per 1,000 still births.
Mean of 5 years, 1942 - 1946.	11.7	8.8	0,27	1.58	3.75	3.66	22
Tear 1946.	13.7	9.1	0.11	1.60	nil	nil	16
Year 1947.	14.3	8.9	0.57	1.26	r.1.1	nil	24
Increase or decrease in 1947 on 5 years							
average 1942-1946.	+2.6	+0.1	+0.30	-0.32	-3,75	3,66	+2
Previous Year	+0.6	0,2	+0.46	-0, %.	ril	n:1	+8

The total number of deaths (78) may be classified as follows.

Cause of death.	No. of deaths.
Tuberculosis of Respiratory System	3 M 2 F
Influenza.	2 M - F
Measles	- 11 1 F
Cancer of buc: cav: and oesoph;(M) uterus (F)	- M 4 F
Cancer of stomach and duodenum	1 M - F
Cancer of all other sites	4 H 2 ₹
Diabetes	1 H 1 F
Intra cranial Vascular lesions	5 H 4 F
Heart diseases	16 M 15 F
Other diseases of circulatory system	1 M - P



Cause of death.	No. of deaths.
Bronchitis	- 14 1 F
Pneumonia	1 M 2 F
Diarrhoea under 2 years	1 M - F
Appendicitis	1 H - F
Other digestive diseases	1 1/ - F
Vephritis	- 11 1 F
Premature Births	2 K - F
Other Voilent Causes	1 H 1 F
al other causes	1 14 3 F
lotal	41 14 37 F

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INFECTIOUS DISEASES.

The following table shows the incidence in age groups of infectious diseases occurring during the year. Two cases of scarlet fever were removed to Isolation Hospital.

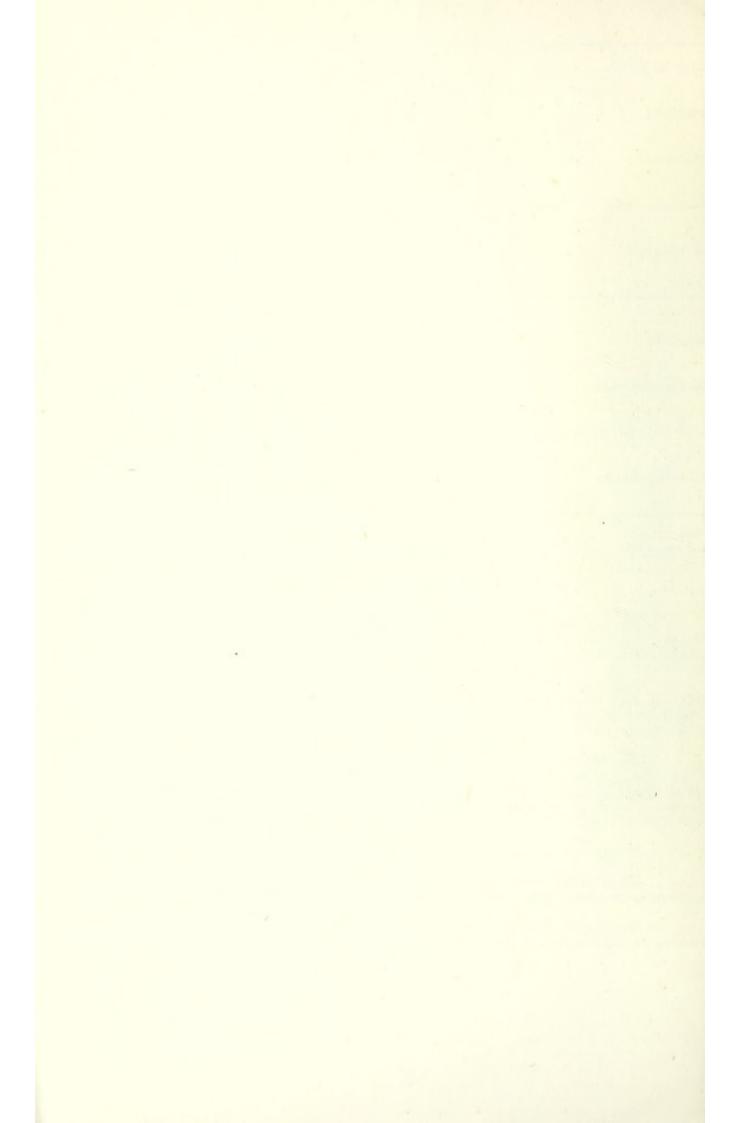
Hospital facilities for ordinary infectious diseases were available by agreement with the Corporation of Darwen at their Isolation Hospital at Bull Hill, Darwen. For smallpox cases an arrangement exists with the Blackburn Corporation for isolation should this be necessary.

Disinfection is carried out by means of fumigation when required. Formalin is used and only terminal disinfection is done by the Council. An arrangement exists with Clitheree Corporation by which means steam disinfection of bedding etc. can be effected. There is no suitable vehicle for the transport of infected bedding to the steam disinfector.

Twenty-one premises were disinfected during the year.

Diphtheria anti-toxin is supplied to medical practitioners by the Council on request and stocks are kept at the Council Offices.

During the year 18 specimens were submitted for examination, 12 being in relation to diphtheria, 1 for typhoid fever, 4 for Scarlet Fever, and one blood test.



TOTAL CASES NOTIFIED.

Discases.	cases AGE FERIODS - YEARS dea						Ttal deaths	cases removed to	Deaths in hospital of persons			
	at all under ages. 1 1-			2- 3- 4- 5- 10-15-20-35-45-65 & over				hospital from the district.	belonging to district			
Scarlet Fever	4			1	2	1					2	
Measles	14		3	2	2		4	. 3		1		
Whooping Cough	16	1	1	5 2	7							
Acute Pnuemonia	1						1			3		
Dysentery	.1								1			
Totals.	36	1	4	82	11	1	- 5	3	1	4	2	
							SIS.					
										compared	l with 6 in	1946.
Ten of the												
Five death							-		-	i occuri	red.	
	on of D	aninh	or 31e	t. 19	1.7 .	tan	ds th	12:0 **				
	OL GU D	eccine.	J.C		*** I 6	o wear						
Pulmonary To	otal No	n-Pul	nonary				tal P Non	ulax -Pul	onary a Lisonary		Total M &	F
Biltioname Te	otal No						tal P	ulax -Pul	onary a		Total M &	F

DIFHTHERIA BIJUNISATION.

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Again the immunisation constitutes one of the features of the public health service in your district. There have been immunisation sessions at all the clinics in the villages.

The prophylactic A.P.T. is used and the total child population under 15 years of age having been protected by immunisation is 1085. During the year 52 children underwent a course of immunisation and 46 children received reinforcing doses.

There were no cases of diphtheria notified during the year. In the past 5 years only 4 cases have been notified as compared with 29 cases in the previous 5 year period.

WATER SUPPLIES.

The water supply throughout the district is provided chiefly by mains either in public or private ownership. The sources of supply are from moorland springs. Water to the Council's mains is derived from Blackburn Corporation for Hurst Green and Woodfields, and from Clitheroe Corporation for portions of Pendleton, Barrow, and to supplement the Council's own supply at Whalley. The villages of Digitized by the Internet Archive in 2017 with funding from Wellcome Library

https://archive.org/details/b2911567x

Downham, Pendleton, Twiston and Little Mitton and the greater portion of Barrow are supplied from sources and mains in private comership. Chatburn, Worston, Chipping and Thornley with Wheatley are supplied from the Council's mains which receive water in bulk from springs in private ownership.

The quality of the water supplied to the district is generally satisfactory. The water supply at Whalley which is regarded as being of doubtful bacteriological quality has been safeguarded in this respect by the installation of a chlorination plant. None is liable to plumbo-solvent action.

As regards quantity there has been no shortage of water to the properties supplied. Some areas of the district are in need of an increased supply, particularly for agricultural requirements. Many farms rely on independent supplies which are known to be inadequate. With a view to ascertaining the estimated present and future needs of the district a report was in 1946 presented on your instructions by ir. A. Brooksbank, M. I.C.E., M. I.W.E., Consulting Engineer. The report sets out proposals for the future supply of the district and was submitted to the Ministry of Health.

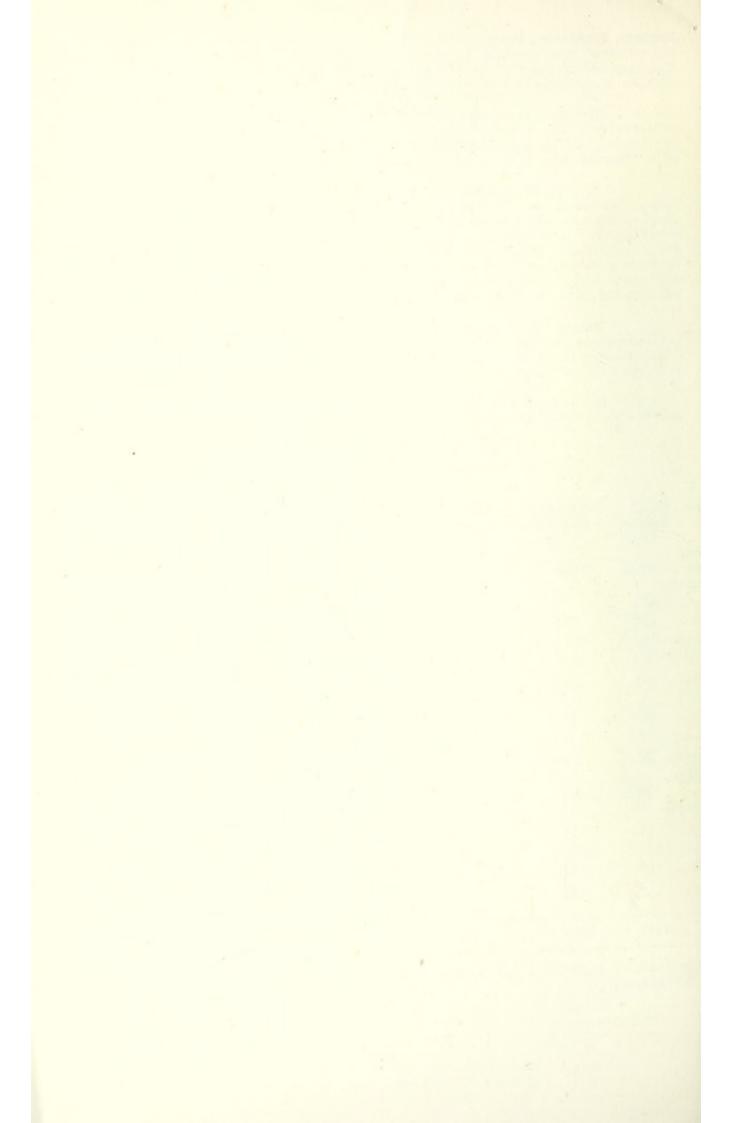
During the present year the Joint Report on Bowland and Clitheroe Area Water Supplies was presented, and the Clitheroe and Bowland Area Water Supply -Joint Working Party was formed, to review existing mater supplies and potential resources of the areas.

Below is a table showing particulars of the number of dwelling houses and the population supplied:-

No. of houses and population supplied direct with constant supply.

Parish	No. of	Estimated	From publi		From othe approved	sources	Without p constant	supply
	houses.	Population.	No. of hous	es. Pop.	No. of how	ases. Pop.	No. of hou	ses. Rop.
Aighton								
Bailey 2	298	988	179	555	96	34.8	25	85
Chaigley						24-		
Bowland	with							
Leagram	38	190	6	32	25	122	7	36
Chatburn	342	1103	34.1	1099	1	4	-	-
Chipping	227	802	154	54.9	47	172	26	81
Downham	61	226	<u>_</u>	-	60	222	1	4
Little								-
Mitton	10	51	10	51	-	-	-	-
Mearley	8	30	-	- 4	8	30	-	-
Pendleto	n 80	21,1,+	29	88	51	156	-	-
Thornley								
with	78	317	20	82	. 48	174	15	61
Wheatley							-	
Twiston	22	59	-	-	20	53	2	6
Whalley	537	4036+	522	1737	13	42	2	7
Wiswell	186	542	77	223	109	319	-	-
Worston	32	128	3	92	9	36	-	-
Total	1919	8716	1361	4508	482	16.78	76	280

*Includes approximately 2,250 persons at Calderstones Institution for Hental Defectives.



Samples from 6 parish supplies were submitted for Chemical and Bacteriological examinations. Bacteriological examination showed 1 satisfactory and 5 unsatisfactory, but Chemical data showed there had been no gross pollution. Chemical examination showed 5 to be satisfactory and 1 doubtful.

14 samples of proposed private supplies to outlying properties were submitted for examination with the following results:-

- 1. Satisfactory
- 2. Within satisfactory limit for rural supply 6.

3.

3. Unsatisfactory

The ex War Department main to Moreton Hall Polish Camp was taken over during the year. Arrangements are being made for supply from Accrington and District Gas and Water Board and connections to be made to properties between Cock Bridge and Portfield Rev.

DRAINAGE AND SEVERAGE.

The existing scarge disposal works at Chatburn and Barrow performed satisfactorily during the year. Frequent visits were made to the works by the inspector of the Lancashire Rivers Board and no complaints were received. Samples of effluent were submitted for analysis and in each case proved to be of a satisfactory quality. One sample taken in September from Whalley effluent was reported as unsatisfactory followed by a similar result in March, 1948. This indicated that the plant is working to full capacity, although modification of treatment methods has given more satisfactory results.

The work on the proposed severage scheme for the village of Downham, and the extensions to the works at Chatburg were practically completed at the end of the year.

Hurst Green Sewerage scheme commenced in March 1947 and good progress was maintained. Technical difficulties have arisen and been overcome and the scheme is nearing completion.

The contractor for the Chipping Severage scheme commenced work on the site during March 1948; little actual progress was made up to the year end.

Schemmes in preparation for the severage of the villages of Pendleton and Worston have had to be temporarily abandored as a result of the Government retrenchment pelicy.

CLOSET ACCOMMODATION AT END OF 1947.

Priv	ies 536	Pail Clos	ets 196
No.	of houses on water carriage system		1093.
No.	of fresh water closets		895.
No.	of waste water closets		298.
No.	of privies converted to fresh water close	13	6.
No.	of pail closets converted to fresh water	closets	15.
No.	of waste water closets converted to fresh	water closets	5.
No.	of privies converted to pail closets.		2.

REFUSE COLLECTION.

The greater portion of the district is scavenged by a system of direct labour with the exception of Hurst Green, Woodfields and Stonyhurst which is carried out by contract.

The scheme provides for the collection of domestic and trade refuse and includes the emptying of pail closets. Disposal is by means of tipping at tips under the Council's control in various parts of the district.

There is still a need for the substitution of regulation bins for those ashpits still in existence, although the number of these is gradually being reduced, (52 were converted during the year) and the extension of the service to cover the whole of the district.



SANITARY INSPECTIONS DURING 1946.

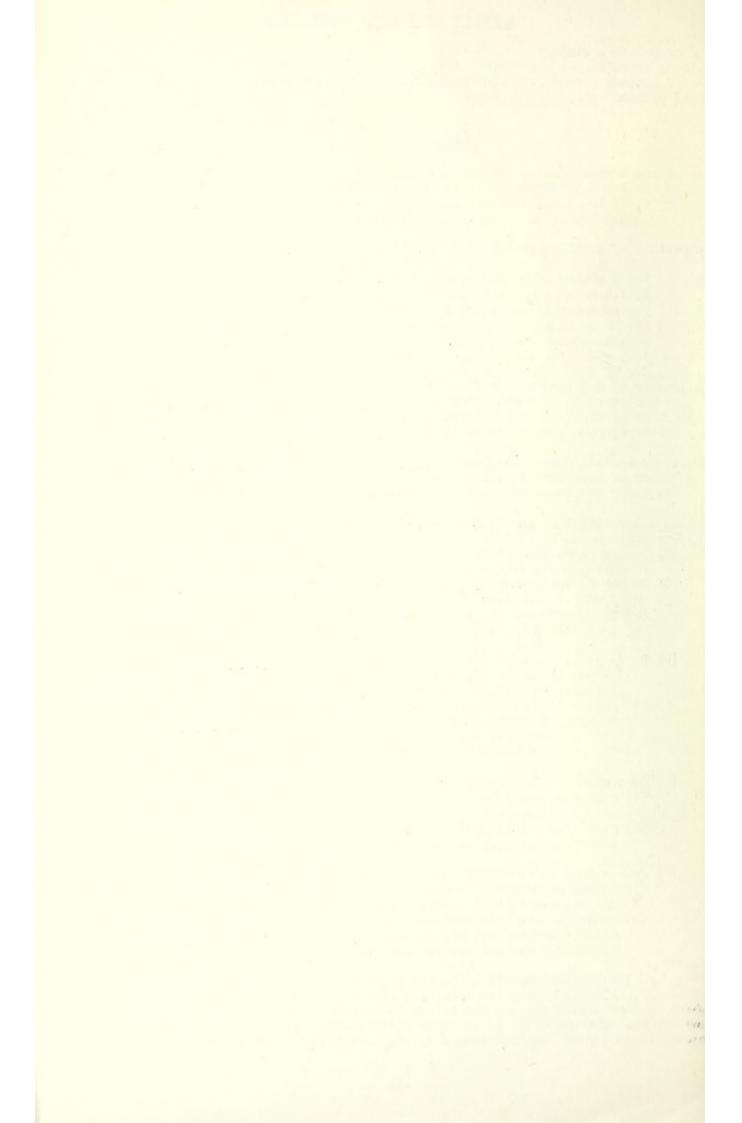
No. of premises visited 1071. Defects or nuisances discovered 187. No. abated 162. No. of notices served.....informal 82.statutory.....nil. Legal proceedings.....none.

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HOUSING.

	No. of new houses erected during year. (1) By the local authority
1.	Inspection of dwolling during year.
	 (1) (a) Fotal number of houses inspected for housing defects (under Fublic Health or Housing Acts)
2.	Remedy of defects during the year without service of formal notices: Number of defective duclling houses rendered fit in consequence of informal action by the local authority or their officers
3.	 Action under statutory powers during the year:- (a) Proceedings under sections 9,10 and 16 of the Housing Act, 1936: (1) Number of dwelling houses in respect of which notices were served requiring repairs. (2) Number of dwelling houses in which defects were remodied after service of formal notices:- (a) By owners (b) By local authorizity in default of owners.
	 (b) Proceedings under Public Health Asts:- (1) Dubber of dwelling houses in respect of which notices were served requiring defects to be remedice
	 (a) Proceedings under sections 11 and 13 of the Housing Act, 1936: (1) Humber of dwelling houses in respect of which Demolition Orders (2) Humber of dwelling houses demolished in pursuance of Demolition (3) Orders
	 (d) Proceedings under section 12 of the Housing Act, 1936:- (1) Number of separate tenements or underground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were made. (2) Number of separate tenements or underground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were determined, the tenement or room having been
	The housing conditions in the district are fairly good indeed by mural

which accrued during the war and is continuing due to the shortage of materials and labour. The operation of the Rent Restrictions Acts has a detrimental influence on the condition of tenanted houses by the prohibition of rent increases for repairs.



The steep rise in building costs continued during the year and compared unforcurably with the stabilised rents of houses.

The survey of houses recommended in the Hobhouse Report continued during the year, the information gained will be a reliable guide to the housing conditions of the district and the future needs. It is unfortunate in this respect that present conditions do not permit more definite action under the Housing Acts.

Overcrowding continues as in the previous year and is due mainly to the shortage of houses for newly marvied couples.

With regard to the provision of new houses, the Council's Housing programme was seriously curtailed as a result of Governments revised allocations during the year.

The Chipping Housing Scheme - 32 houses -. During the year good progress Win maintained all the houses being under construction at the end of the year and the first six completed houses were occupied during the early part of 1948. This scheme was unaffected by the revised allocations.

The Hurst Green Housing Scheme was reduced from 18 traditional houses to 1 pair of Airey precast houses, for agricultural workers; after negotiations with the Ministry of Health permission was given for the erection of 6 traditional houses, for agricultural workers. The work on the six houses commenced in March 1948.

The Chatburn Housing Scheme was veduced on the revised allocation from 12 traditional houses to 1 pair of Airey precast houses for agricultural workers only. Work on the pair of Airey precast houses commenced in the early part of 1948.

The Whalley Housing Scheme was reduced on the revised allocations from 24 traditional houses to 1 pair of Aircy present houses for agricultural workers only. Owing to the abandoning of the Whalley Site, through technical difficulties encountered in providing sever and drainage services, no progress has been made with Aircy precast houses.

INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD.

Hilk Supply.

3

The administration of the Milk and Deirics Acts, Orders, and Regulations depends entirely on the frequent and regular inspection of coucheds and dairies which was maintained during the year. The maker of milking machines in operation continues to increase and attention is directed towards the proper cleansing of the various parts of the equipment.

No. of new and converted shippons and dairies. 10.

During the year every effort has been made to encourage producers to consider the advantages in the production of designated milk.

No.	of	dairy farms.	228.
No.	of	cowkeepers.	312.
No.	of	dairymen other than coukeepers.	2.
No.	of	farms producing T.T. Milk,	13.
No.	of	farms producing Accredited Hilk.	19.
No.	of	licensed pasteurising planis.	1.
No.	of	licences issued for bottling T.T. Milk.	1.
No.	01	licences issued for bottling T.T. (Pastcurised) Hilk	. 1.

Sampling of Milk.

Tuberculous Mill		of samples submitted. satisfactory.	17 . 17 .
Bacteriological	Examina	tions.	

No.	of samples submitted.	/ 40.
No.	satisfactory.	32.
No.	unsatisfactory.	8,



Meat Distribution, Slaughterhouses etc.

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The slaughter of animals for human consumption and the inspection of carcases continued under the control of the Ministry of Food in the Borough of Clitheroe. Inspections of meat in shops and vans in your district have been made, no diseased or unsound meat was found.

Whenever practicable pigs slaughtered for home consumption have been inspected for the protection of the consumer. During the year 459 pigs were slaughtered for home consumption, the majority of these were inspected and no discased or unsound carcases were found.

A licence for the slaughter of animals was greated to the Co-operative Wholesale Society of Manchester for their premises at Shaw House Farm, Whalley. Those premises are under the control of the Ministry of Food and used for storage only.

ICE CREAM.

Eight premises are registered for the manufacture of ice-cream. All were frequently visited during the samer months.

27 samples were submitted for examination and reported upon as follows :-

Grade I - 9 Grade II - 4 Grade III - 4 Grade IV - 10.

The results of the samples were communicated to the respective manufacturers, unsatisfactory results were followed by repeat visits of inspection and instruction.

FACTORIES ACT 1937.

The factories in the district are in fairly good condition.

42 factories are in operation in the district all of which were inspected. Two defects were discovered and remedied without recourse to statutory action.

