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CHELMSFORD RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL

Annual Reports

MEDICAL OFFICER of HEALTH

OF

LIBRARY

AND

CHIEF PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR

FOR

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CHIEF PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR

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STAFF

Clerk of the Rural District Council: C. A. Bohannon. Deputy Clerk of the Rural District Council: F. R. Jones, Solicitor.

PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT

Medical Officer of Health: B. V. Hassan, M.B., B.Ch., B.A.O., D.P.H. (also Medical Officer of Health to Borough of Maldon and Maldon Port Health Authority, Urban District of Burnham-on-Crouch, Rural District of Maldon, and Assistant County Medical Officer, Essex County Council).

> Clerk to Medical Officer of Health: Mrs. J. Rees

CHIEF HEALTH INSPECTOR'S DEPARTMENT Chief Health Inspector and Director of Public Cleansing: T. H. Bartrop, F.R.S.H., F.A.P.H.I.

Deputy Chief Health Inspector: L. G. Smart, F.R.S.H., M.A.P.H.I., A.M.I.P.H.E.

Health Inspectors: R. F. S. Musgrave, M.A.P.H.I. (Senior Assistant) F. B. Brewster G. D. Clare, M.A.P.H.I. M. F. Lee, M.A.P.H.I. R.A.Gates, M.A.P.H.I.

> Meat Inspectors: A. Philip I. Lovie

Public Cleansing Inspector: E. J. Moore

Clerical Staff

1

R. H. Hawkes Mrs. A. B. Fleming Miss C. Upshall W. Kentish (from May, 1968)

PUBLIC HEALTH COMMITTEE

The Public Health Committee consists of the Chairman and Vice Chairman of the Council and sixteen other members.

Chairman of Public Health Committee: Mrs. J. C. Norton

Vice-Chairman of Public Health Committee: Mr. D. Ashford

Members of Public Health Committee:

Mr. D. Chennels
Mr. H. E. Copsey
Mr. C. E. Cottey (Vice - Chairman of the Council)
Mr. W. J. Exley
Mr. A. A. E. Hammond
The Rev. E. C. Lendon
Mr. W. H. Orr (Chairman of the Council)
Miss C. E. Pelly
Mr. H. S. H. Preston
Mr. G. T. H. Richards
Mr. W. K. Seabrook
Mr. F. B. Speakman
Dr. P. T. Spencer - Phillips
Mr. A. Stock
Mrs. J. Wood

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have pleasure in presenting the annual report of the district for the year 1968 compiled in accordance with the requirements of the Public Health Officers Regulations, 1959, and Circular 1/69 of the Department of Health and Social Security.

As holder of the appointment of Medical Officer of Health for less than one month of the year under review I find it difficult to comment in any depth.

I have therefore decided to let the statistics mainly speak for themselves, but in what I hope is a more easily understandable format.

I can report that the general health of the district is satisfactory and that no serious outbreak of communicable disease occurred.

The adjusted birth rate (which is the crude rate modified to allow direct comparison with other areas and with the country as a whole) is slightly below the figure for 1967 but is still well above the national rate. Illegitimate live births were actually and proportionately reduced in 1968.

The adjusted death rate, at 9.5 per thousand, is below the rate for England and Wales, and the infant mortality rate is only half of the national figure. Maternal mortality was once again nil.

Study of the table of causes of death reveals that diseases of the heart and circulation accounted for almost exactly half of the total number of deaths (49.8%). Malignant disease (cancers) caused a further 19%, and just under one sixth of these were cancers of the lung and bronchus.

Finally I would like to thank the Chief Public Health Inspector and all the staff of the Public Health Department for their excellent work during the difficult transition period between my predecessor leaving and my assumption of duty. My thanks are also due to the Engineer & Surveyor for the portions of the report dealing with the water supply and sewerage.

I am, Mr. Chairman, Ladies & Gentlemen

Yours faithfully,

B. V. HASSAN M. B., B. Ch., B. A. O., D. P. H. Medical Officer of Health.

STATISTICS AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS OF THE AREA

(For comparison, figures in brackets refer to 1967)

General Data

Area (in acres)		 86,506	(86,506)
No. of Houses		 21,940	(20,852)
No. of Houses per acre (aver	rage)	 0.22	(0.24)
No. of persons per house (av	verage)	 2.86	(2.91)
Rateable value		 £2,135,757	(£2,011,156)
Product of a penny rate		 £8,505	(£7,866)

Population

Resident Population (Reg. G mid-year estimation	en's ate)	 62,920	(60,930)
Increase over previous year		 1,990	(2,630)
Percentage increase		 3.2	(4.3)
Natural increase (excess of births over deaths)		 518	(619)
Increase due to immigration		 1,472	(2,011)

BIRTHS

(a) <u>Live births</u>	M	<u>F</u>
Legitimate	525 (598)	605 (566)
Illegitimate	23 (30)	26 (28)
Total	548 (628)	631 (594)
Crude birth rate per 1,000 pop	oulation	18.7 (20.1)
Adjusted birth rate " "	"	18.3 (19.7)
Birth rate – England and Wales	<i>"</i>	16.9 (17.2)
Ratio of adjusted birth rate to nati	onal rate	1.08 (1.15)
Illegitimate live births - % of total	live births	4.2 (4.7)
(b) <u>Still births</u>		
Legitimate	5 (5)	10 (10)
Illegitimate	_ (-)	1 (-)
Total	5 (5)	11 (10)
Still birth rate per 1,000 total births	s	13 (12)
""""""""E	ngland and Wales	14 (14.8)
(c) <u>Total births</u> (Live and Still)		
Legitimate	530 (603)	615 (576)
Illegitimate	_23 (30)	27 (28)
Total	553 (633)	642 (604)

DEATHS

<u>Danie</u>							
(a) <u>All Ages</u>	M	<u>F</u>					
	314 (275)	363 (328)					
	Total 677 (60						
Crude death rate per 1,000 population10.8 (9.9)Adjusted death rate per 1,000 population9.5 (8.6)England and Wales per 1,000 population11.9 (11.2)Ratio of adjusted death rate to National Rate0.80 (0.77)							
(b) Deaths of Infants							
(1) Under one year of age	(Infant deaths)						
Legitimate Illegitimate	6 (9) <u>- (-)</u>	5 (11) - (1)					
Total	6 (9)	5 (12)					
Infant mortality rate per 1,000 live b	oirths , England and Wal	9 (17.2) es 18 (18.3)					
(2) Under four weeks of a	ige (Neonatal deaths)						
Legitimate	5 (6) $-(-)$	4 (4)					
Illegitimate	$\frac{-(-)}{5(6)}$	$\frac{-(1)}{4(5)}$					
Total Neonatal mortality rate per 1,000 l	- ()						
Neonatal monanty fate per 1,000 f	" England and Wal	les 12.3 (12.5)					
(3) Under one week of ag							
		3 (4)					
Legitimate Illegitimate	<u>– (–)</u>	<u>- (1)</u>					
Total	5 (5)	3 (5)					
Early Neonatal mortality rate per 1,000 live births 6.8 (8.2)							
(4) <u>Perinatal mortality</u> (St one week of age combi	illbirths and deaths un ned)	nder					
Perinatal mortality rate per 1,000 live and stillbirths Engla	 nd and Wales	20 (20.2) 25 (25.4)					
(c) Maternal mortality (deaths of	of women ascribed to						
pregnancy or childbirth, inclu	iding abortion)						

Maternal mortality rate per 1,000

live an	d	stillb	irths							(-)	
				Er	ngland	and	Wa	les	 0.24	(0.20))

CAUSES OF DEATH	Male	Female	Total
D.S. Tubernitaia C.D	-		
 B.5 Tuberculosis of Respiratory System B.18 Other Infective and Parasitic Diseases 	1(1)	-(-)	1(1)
	-(-)	1(-)	1(-)
B. 19(1) Malignant Neoplasm – Stomach	11 (9)	10(4)	21 (13)
B. 19(2) Malignant Neoplasm – Lung, Bronchus B. 19(3) Malignant Neoplasm – Breast	17 (22)	2(5)	19(27)
R 10 (A) Malignant Nagalasm Literas	-(-)	12(11)	12(11)
B 19(5) Leukaemia	-(-)	5(4)	5(4)
R 19(6) Other Melignant Magalana	-(3)	2(1)	2(4)
B 20 Benign and Unspecified Magnia	34 (32)	30 (33)	64 (65)
P 21 Dishatas Mallitus	-(-)	5 (-)	5 (-)
B 46(1) Other Endocrine ato Disease	2(-)	3 (3)	5 (3)
B 23 Anapming	2(-)	3(-)	5 (-)
B 46(3) Mental Disorders	-(-)	1(-)	1(-)
B.46(4) Other Diseases of Nervous System etc	-(-)	3(-)	3(-)
B 26 Chronic Phaumatic Heart Discours	5(-)	5 (-)	10(-)
B 27 Hypertensive Disease	2(-)	3(-)	5 (-)
R 28 Jechaamia Haast Dissas	4(2)	9(-)	13(2)
B.29 Other Forms of Heart Disease	91 (56)	76 (51)	167 (107)
B 30 Cerebrovascular Disease	9(17)	26 (37)	35 (54)
B 46(5) Other Diseases of Circulatory System	29 (27)	58 (43)	87 (70)
B 31 Influenza	13(13)	18 (20)	31 (33)
B 32 Pneumonia	1(-)	3(-)	4 (-)
B 33(1) Bronchitis and Emphysicana	34 (34)	46 (46)	80 (80)
B 33(2) Asthma	17 (11)	4(6)	21 (17)
B 46(6) Other Diseases of Pageinstein Cost	2(-)	-(-)	2(-)
R 34 Pentic Illeer	3(1)	5 (3)	8(4)
B 35 Appendicitie	1(2)	2(1)	3 (3)
P 26 L tot tot tot tot tot tot tot tot tot t	2(-)	-(-)	2(-)
P 27 Cinta i C Y		4(-)	
P 46(7) Out - D' - CD'		2(-)	
D 20 Manhaitian 1 M 1		3(-)	
		2(-)	
B.46(8) Other Diseases of Genito-Urinary System		-(-)	
B. 46 (9) Diseases of Skin, Subcutaneous Tissue	2(-)	3(-)	
P 42 Committee in	3(-)		
P 42 Diat I Dice to a		4(1)	
D 44 Out C an in		1(-)	
DAC C I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	1(-)	-(-)	1(-).
REAT Motor Vahiala Angil		3 (34)	
DE 49 All Od	5(7)		
R F 49 Suicide and Salf Inflicted I I.		4(8)	11(12)
b.E. 49 Suicide and Self-Inflicted Injuries	1(3)	-(3)	1 (6)

Total all Causes ... 314(275) 363(328) 677(603)

COMMUNICABLE DISEASES

	٢	NOTIFICATIONS ACCORDING TO AGE GROUPS						Incidence rate per 10,000 population.	
- Andrews	Under 1	1 - 4	5 - 9	10 - 14	15 - 24	25 and over	Total		England and Wales
Measles	9	151	85	-	4	2	251	28.6	48.6
Pneumonia	-	-	-	3	2	3	8	0.9	N.A.
Scarlet Fever	1	7	11	2	1	-	22	2.5	3.1
Whooping Cough	3	17	9	-	1	2	32	3.7	3.6
Infective Hepatitis	_	_	_	_	_	1	1	0.1	4.8 *
Puerperal Pyrexia	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	0.1	N.A.
Poliomyelitis	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.005
Food Poisoning	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	0.3	1.2
Erysipelas	-	_	-	-	-	2	2	0.21	N.A.
Tuberculosis	-	-	-	1	1	5	7	0.8	2.0

* Calculated on half year figures.

N.A. - Not available.

SOUTH ESSEX WATERWORKS COMPANY

Analyses of purified water at Langham, Layer and Hanningfield, 1968

(PARTS PER MILLION)

	Langham Works	Layer-de-la-Haye Works	Hanningfield Works
	(Average of Weekly Analyses)	(Average of Weekly Analyses)	(Average of Monthly Analyses)
Total Dissolved Solids	532	443	397
pH value	7.8	7.6	8.9
Residual Chlorine, Cl.	0.42	0.40	0.48
Chlorides, Cl	52	55	63
Nitrate Nitrogen	5.3	1.2	2.1
Nitaita Nitagan	0.006	0.007	0.014
IT	146	142	102
carbonata	247	150	36
" total	393	292	138
Free Ammonia (NH ₂)	0.15	0.18	0.19
Albuminoid Nitrogen Oxygen absorbed	0.12	0.18	0.21
(4 hours/27° C)	1.28	1.34	1.17
Iron (Fe)	0.01	0.01	0.02

BACTERIOLOGICAL EXAMINATIONS

314	314	12
100.0	100.0	100.0
100.0	99.7	100.0
-	1	
	100.0	100.0 100.0

NOTE: 1. Hanningfield data refer only to analyses made by South Essex Waterworks Company.

2. Figures for iron content at Langham and Layer refer only to monthly tests.

Copy of a Recent Analysis of Water from the Southend Waterworks Company's Mains

(CHEMICAL RESULTS IN PARTS PER MILLION)

Appearance	 Clear and bright
Turbidity (A.P.H.A. units)	 Nil
Colour (Hazen)	 5
Odour	 Nil
Reaction pH	 8.8
Free Carbon Dioxide	 Absent
Electric Conductivity	 550
Dissolved Solids dried at 180° C.	 400
Chlorine present as Chloride	 60
Alkalinity as Calcium Carbonate	 35
Hardness : Total	 140
	35
Carbonate	
Non-Carbonate	 105
Nitrate Nitrogen	 1.0
Nitrite Nitrogen	 Approx. 0.01
Ammoniacal Nitrogen*	 0.03
Albuminoid Nitrogen*	 0.17
Oxygen absorbed	 1.5
Residual Chlorine	 0.06
	Absent
Metals: Iron, Zinc, Copper, Lead	 nosent

* To convert to Ammonia multiply by 1.21

BACTERIOLOGICAL RESULTS

Sampling bottles are treated to remove residual chlorine if present.

Number of colonies developing on Agar per ml. in:-

1 day at 37° C.	=	0
2 days at 37° C.	=	0
3 days at 20 - 22°	C. =	0

	Present in	Absent from	Most Probable Number
Presumptive Coliform reaction Bact. coli. (Type 1) . Cl. welchii reaction .	– ml	100 ml 100 ml 100 ml	0 per 100 ml 0 per 100 ml

This sample is clear and bright in appearance, faintly alkaline in reaction and free from metals. The hardness of the water is very moderate and it contains no excess of mineral or saline constituents in solution. It is of satisfactory organic quality and conforms to the highest standard of bacterial purity.

These results indicate a pure and wholesome water suitable for public supply purposes.

The following information on water supply and sewerage has been kindly provided by the Engineer and Surveyor.

WATER SUPPLY

The following is a summary of the water supplies from the Council's mains for the year ended 31st March, 1969.

Total amount of water supplied	 927,668,000 gallons		
Total length of water mains in use	 323.16 miles		
Total number of supplies afforded	 21,456		
New supplies afforded	 1,029		
New mains laid	 6.01 miles		
Old mains renewed	 1.71 miles		

Number of repairs to mains and services 287

It was not necessary to cart any water to individual properties during the year.

The Southend Waterworks Company supplied water to the parish of Mountnessing and parts of the parishes of South Hanningfield and Woodham Ferrers.

A bulk supply of water is provided by the Council to the Braintree Rural District Council to serve properties in their District which are in the Great Leighs and Hatfield Peverel localities.

The water supplied from the South Essex Waterworks Company's trunk mains is satisfactory in both quality and quantity.

The supply is piped to all parts of the District and bacteriological and chemical analyses are taken by the South Essex Waterworks Company at their treatment works. Regular samples for bacteriological examination are also taken throughout the District by the Public Health Inspectors.

The water supplied has had no action on lead piping. There has been no form of contamination that warrants report.

The following table gives details of houses and population supplied with water from the South Essex Waterworks Company.

Parish	No. of Houses Supplied Direct	No. of Houses Supplied by Standpipe	Population Supplied Direct	Population Supplied by Standpipe
Great Baddow Galleywood Little Baddow Boreham Broomfield Chignal Danbury Good Easter East Hanningfield South Hanningfield South Hanningfield (includ ing Caravan Sites) Highwood Ingatestone Gt. & Lt. Leighs Margaretting Margaretting Pleshey Rettendon Roxwell Sandon Springfield Stock Great Waltham Uttle Waltham Woodham Ferrers	1,482 490 798 1,118 121 1,438 162 229 123 740 215 1,636 356 364 40	$ \begin{bmatrix} \\ \\ \\ $	$\begin{array}{c} 11,715\\ 4,299\\ 1,421\\ 2,315\\ 3,243\\ 351\\ 4,230\\ 470\\ 691\\ 369\\ 2,147\\ 624\\ 4,837\\ 1,032\\ 1,056\\ 116\\ 380\\ 1,354\\ 1,195\\ 4,501\\ 1,212\\ 560\\ 1,809\\ 2,010\\ 1,390\\ 3,266\\ 5,606\\ \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ $
	20,835	27	62,299	81

Total Population supplied in District - 62,380.

SEWERAGE

Public sewers are provided in the more populous areas of the following parishes:-

Great Baddow Little Baddow Boreham Broomfield South HanningfieldSandon(Ramsden Heath area)Woodham Ferrers andIngatestone and FryerningBicknacreMountnessingWith the sandom sector of the sandom sector of

Pleshey Rettendon (part) Roxwell Runwell

NUMBER OF DWELLINGS AND ESTIMATED POPULATION IN EACH PARISH AT 31st DECEMBER, 1968

Parish		Number of Dwellings	Estimated Population
Great Baddow		 5,495	16,014
Little Baddow		 490	1,421
Boreham		 798	2,648
Broomfield		 1,118	3,677
Chignal		 124	360
Danbury		 1,438	4,230
Good Easter		 162	470
East Hanningfield		 229	691
South Hanningfield		 708	2,154
West Hanningfield		 740	2,147
Highwood		 215	624
Ingatestone and Fryernin	ng	 1,636	4,837
Great and Little Leighs		 359	1,041
Margaretting		 364	1,056
Mashbury		 40	116
Mountnessing		 493	1,430
Pleshey		 131	380
Rettendon		 471	1,366
Roxwell		 412	1,195
Runwell		 1,189	4,513
Sandon		 371	1,212
Springfield		 196	569
Stock		 606	1,809
Great Waltham		 693	2,010
Little Waltham		 479	1,390
Woodham Ferrers		 1,127	3,296
Writtle		 1,856	5,606
TOTAL		 21,940	66,264

ANNUAL REPORT

of

The Chief Health Inspector, Director of Public Cleansing and Petroleum Inspector

To the Chairman and Members of the Chelmsford Rural District Council.

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have pleasure in presenting my Annual Report for the year 1968.

The rapid development of the District continued – and with this development the environmental health services endeavoured to keep up. Some idea of the development may be gauged from the fact that the equivalent of a parish the size of Boreham is being added every year.

The two services that absorb most of our time and resources – meat inspection and public cleansing – continued their usual pattern throughout the year and the efforts of the staff concerned in main-taining these services without a break are commended.

I record my appreciation and thanks to the Chairman and Members of the Council and to the Chairman and Members of the Public Health Committee for the continued support and encouragement to me and to the work of the department. To Dr. Hassan, I express my thanks for his help and guidance at all times and to Mr. Smart, my Deputy, and to all other members of the staff my appreciation is due for their work in such a wide range of duties.

I am,

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen, Your obedient Servant,

T. H. C. BARTROP.

INSPECTION WORK CARRIED OUT BY THE HEALTH INSPECTORS

The following table gives details of the housing work carried out during the year.

1.	Inspection of Dwelling-Houses:-	
	(1) Number of dwelling-houses inspected for housing defects (under Public Health or Housing Acts)	392
	(2) Number of dwelling-houses found to be in a state so dangerous or injurious to health as to be unfit for human habitation	12
	(3) Number of dwelling-houses (exclusive of those referred to under the preceding sub-head) found not to be in all respects reasonably fit for human habitation	42
2.	Remedy of defects without service of formal notices:-	
	Number of defective dwelling-houses rendered fit in con- sequence of informal action by the local authority or their officers	27
3.	Action under statutory powers:-	21
	Proceedings under Public Health Acts:-	
	(1) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which notices were served requiring defects to be remedied	9
	(2) Number of dwelling-houses in which defects were remedied after service of formal notices:-	
	By Owners Proceedings under Sections 17 and 18 of the Housing	18
	Act, 1957:- (1) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which Dem- olition Orders were made	1
	(2) Number of houses closed as a result of Closing Orders	Nil
	(3) Number of dwelling-houses demolished in pursuance of Demolition Orders:-	
	By Owners	2
	(4) Number of dwelling-houses rendered fit for human habitation as a result of owners complying with under- takings to carry out works of repair	Nil
	(5) Number of houses demolished by owners as a result of	
	informal action	Nil

PARTICULARS OF INSPECTIONS FOR THE YEAR 1968

Housing Inspections	
Under Public Health Acts	 330
Under Housing Acts	 62
Housing Re-Inspections	
Under Public Health Acts	 281
Under Housing Acts	 203
Water Supply	
Mains	 65
Mains Samples	 146
Non-Mains	 21
Non-Mains Samples	 9
House Drainage	
Sewer	 191
Non-Sewer	 698
Connections to Sewer	 77
Pail Closet Conversions	 34
Surface Water Drainage	 122
Rats and Mice	 306
Insect Pests ·	 105
Infectious Diseases	 39
Factories with Mechanical	 48
Power	
Outworkers	 10
Moveable Dwellings	 60
Moveable Dwellings Sites	 58
Noise	 84
Diseases of Animals	 28
Waste Food Order	

Air Pollution

National Survey	 59
Clean Air Acts	 148
Piggeries	 15

Carried Forward 3,199

Brought Forward		3,199
Keeping of Animals		17
Broiler Houses		7
Schools		8
School Kitchens/Canteen	s	140
School Swimming Pools		47
Meat Inspection		1433
Poultry Inspection		4
Slaughterhouse Inspectio	n	
feat		7
Poultry		4
Zeed Decenters		
Food Premises		
Bakehouses		16
Butchers		54
Canteens/Catering		101
Establishments		
Fishmongers		12
Greengrocers		13
Grocers/General Provision	15	143
icensed Premises		38
Jnsatisfactory Food		38
tinerant Food Vendors		21
Surrender of Unfit Food		38
Misc. Food Visits		12
ce Cream		
Premises		11
Sampling		58
Public Cleansing		
Administration		460
Collection		325
Disposal		122
Civic Amenities Act		33
Petroleum		140
Aiscellaneous		440
Total	1.	7,146

PARTICULARS OF NOTICES FOR THE YEAR 1968

SEL.C	Notices	Notices Served			Notices		
	Out- stand- ing at end of 1967	Statu- tory	Infor- mal	Com- plied with	Can- celled	Out- stand- ing at end of 1968	
Structural Defects	76	3	33	26	4	82	
Water Closets	126	5	-	17	-	114	
Pail Closets	3	-	-	-	-	3	
House Drainage	165	3	21	26	6	157	
Other Drainage	7	-	1	-	-	8	
Water Supply	12	1		2	-	11	
Urinals		-	1	-	-	3	
Piggeries	3	-	-	-	-	3	
Animals Im-							
properly Kept	-	-	1	-		1	
Rats and Mice		-	1	-		8	
Moveable Dwellings	2	-	-	-	-	2	
Slaughterhouses	11	-	1	-	-	12	
Food Premises	24	-	13	9	1	27	
Factories - with						1	
Mechanical Power	4	-	5	-	-	9	
Dustbins	32		4	1	-	35	
Miscellaneous	24	-	9	7	3	23	
TOTALS	498	12	90	88	14	498	

PUBLIC HEALTH ACT, 1936

Section 47 (Closet Conversions)

The construction of sewers in areas of older development leads to the necessity of converting various types of closets to water closets and the Council is in these cases able to make grants under section 47 of the Public Health Act, 1936, towards the cost. Alternatively, this work may be included in an application for an Improvement Grant. During the year, ten pail/chemical closets were converted to water closets and connected to the main sewer as a result of action under section 47. These were distributed as follows:—

Danbury	 	1	Woodham	Ferrers	 5
Pleshey)	2	Sandon		 1
Runwell	 	1			

IMPROVEMENT GRANTS UNDER THE HOUSING ACTS

Discretionary Grants continued to be the concern of the Engineer and Surveyor's Department and Standard Grants of this Department.

The following tables give information on the use made of this scheme during the year:-

DISCRETIONARY GRANTS

Applications received		 	 	 38	
Application	ns appro	ved-			
Owner/c	occupiers	5	 	 	 29
Others			 	 	 4
Amount pa	aid		 	 	 £12,164

STANDARD GRANTS

Applications received				 	 49
Applications approv	ved-				
Owner/occupiers				 	 31
Others				 	 20
Grants paid				 	 39
Amounts paid				 	 £7,990
Standard amenities	prov	ided-			
Fixed bath or sho			throom	 	 30
Wash basin				 	 36
Hot water supply				 	 36
Water closet				 	 36
Food store				 	 29

CARAVAN SITES AND CONTROL OF DEVELOPMENT ACT, 1960

During the year, twenty-seven Site Licences were in force. The conditions attached to these licences are based on the Model Conditions, modified where necessary in respect of individual sites.

Parish				S	No. of ite Licences	No. of Caravans		
Little Baddow				~	1	1		
Boreham					2	24		
Chignal					1	1		
Danbury					1	1		
West Hanningfield					5	296		
Highwood					1	8		
Margaretting					2	3		
Mountnessing					2	2		
Rettendon					3	18		
Sandon					1	6		
Stock					1	1		
Great Waltham					1	5		
Little Waltham					1	2		
Woodham Ferrers					1	2		
Writtle					1	2		
					24	372		
Sites licensed for summer months only								
Little Baddow					1	20		
Rettendon					2	177		
						197		

The purchase by the Council of a residential caravan site at Bramwoods Farm, Highwood, was completed in 1965. It is to be developed as a site for some fifty-five residential caravans but this development is to be phased with the proposed main drainage scheme for the parish of Highwood. Plans to this end are already in hand. In the meantime, no additional caravans or changes in occupancy are being permitted.

ESSEX COUNTY COUNCIL ACT, 1933

Ice Cream

The number of registered premises at the end of 1968 was 159.

The retailers' sources of supply and premises are investigated before certificates are issued.

Ice Cream Sampling

One hundred and thirteen samples of ice cream and forty-three samples of ice lollies were submitted to the bacteriologist for examination.

Five of the samples of ice cream and one of the samples of ice lollies were unsatisfactory, but repeat samples proved satisfactory.

CONDEMNED FOODSTUFFS

During 1968, the following foods (other than meat and offal in slaughterhouses) were condemned as unfit for human consumption and were voluntarily surrendered by the owners concerned.

						lb.
Meat, poultry	and of	fal		 		329
Cooked meat, and othe				 		29
Canned meat				 		523
Canned fruit a	nd veg	etable	s	 		503
Fish				 		167
Butter				 		80
Jam				 		30
Apples				 		2,558
Potatoes				 		9,900
Frozen foods				 	1,961	packets.

FOOD HYGIENE (GENERAL) REGULATIONS, 1960

Circular 1/68 of the Ministry of Health requires the following tabular information to be included in the Report.

Regulation 16 requires the provision of wash-hand basins together with an adequate supply either of hot and cold water or of hot water at a suitably controlled temperature (except that cold water only is required where no open food handled) and soap (or detergent), nail brushes and drying facilities.

Regulation 19 requires the provision of facilities for washing food and equipment by means of sinks provided (with certain exceptions) with either hot and cold water or of hot water at a suitably controlled temperature, together with soap (or detergent) and clean cloths or other adequate and suitable cleaning and drying facilities.

			NUMB	ER OF PRE	MISES
Category		Total	complying with Regulation 16	to which Regulation 19 applies	complying with Regulation 19
Bakers		15	15	15	15
Butchers		25	25	25	25
Canteens and Catering Establishments					
		174	174	174	174
Fishmongers		5	5	5	5
Greengrocers		13	13	13	13
Grocers and General Prov	visions	110	110	110	110
Miscellaneous		24	24	12	12
TOTALS		366	366	354	354

There is no public swimming pool in the District. The number of small, private swimming pools (often pre-fabricated) continues to grow and although there is no control over these, we have been pleased to advise on sterilisation and other problems in some cases. A number of schools, state and private, are also being provided with swimming pools. Regular testing (for chlorine content and pH) is carried out at these pools.

WATER SAMPLING

During 1968, a total of 195 samples of mains, well and rain water were taken as follows:-

Samples for bacteriological examination from new and existing mains	 	188
Samples for chemical and bacteriological examination from existing mains	 	3
Samples for bacteriological examination from well supply	 	1
Samples for chemical and bacteriological examination from well supply	 	2
Samples for chemical examination from rain water supply	 	1

MILK SUPPLY

The Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food is responsible for the supervision of dairy farms, and the Essex County Council, under the Milk and Dairies (Special Designations) Regulations, 1963, for the registration of distributors of milk and for issuing dealers' licences and supplementary licences.

BAKEHOUSES

The following table shows the number of bakehouses in use at the end of the year:-

Great Baddow			 Carters (Gt. Baddow) Ltd.
Broomfield			 G. H. Follett.
South Hanningfield	l		 Stafford (Bakeries) Ltd.
Ingatestone and Fr	yerni	ing	 E. Warder.
			S. Raven.
Rettendon			 H. and E. Benson.
Great Waltham			 Bigg Bros.
Little Waltham			 E. W. Amos, Ltd.
Woodham Ferrers			 Taylor and Woodland.

POULTRY INSPECTION

The difficulties of providing a local authority-based inspection service for poultry may be gauged by the fact that the output from one premises alone is of the order of six million birds a year. At these premises, the firm's own inspection and quality control service is checked from time to time, and is considered to be a satisfactory one. The premises were purpose-built and the standard of the equipment is of a high order.

Whilst concentrating our efforts on these large premises, I must express my concern that many small premises, often seasonal in character, do not always attain the necessary high standards of food hygiene. Under existing law, the operators of these premises are not required to notify the local authority of their intention to use such premises.

OFFICES, SHOPS AND RAILWAY PREMISES ACT, 1963

This Act, reinforced by Orders and Regulations made thereunder, is designed to contribute to the health, welfare and safety of persons employed in offices, shops and certain railway premises and extends legislation into new fields of non-industrial employment.

Close liaison is maintained with the Factory Inspectorate and with the County Fire Brigade. The following information is extracted from the Annual Return to the Ministry of Labour.

Class of Premises	Number registered during 1968	Total number registered at end of 1968
Offices	 1	69
Retail shops	 2	170
Wholesale shops, warehouses	 -	12
Catering establishments open to public, canteens	 _	34
Fuel storage depots	 -	1
Totals	 	286

Number of registered premises receiving a general inspection in 1968 ... 23 Number of visits of all kinds to registered premises in 1968 ... 71

Number of persons employed in each class of workplace:

Offices					 	743
Retail shops					 	599
Wholesale departm	nents,	wareho	ouses		 	81
Catering establishing	ments	open t	to pub	lic	 	114
Canteens					 	33
Fuel storage depo	ots				 	5
Total (875	males	s, 700	female	s)	 	1,575

Number of	accidents	reported	during	year				Nil.
-----------	-----------	----------	--------	------	--	--	--	------

1968 was the fourth full year in which the semi-automatic smoke and sulphur dioxide recording instrument at the Water Tower, Mountnessing, was in operation.

The mean daily recordings for each month of these four years is set out below, from which it will be seen that although the seasonal pattern of smoke and sulphur dioxide concentrations continues, 1968 saw yet another small decrease in the amount of smoke in the atmosphere. There was a significant decrease in the sulphur dioxide readings and the rises of 1966 and 1968 have been checked. In fact, the average daily figure for 1968 is back to the 1965 figure.

			Smoke			Su	Sulphur		Dioxide	
		1965	1966	1967	1968	1965	1966	1967	1968	
January	 	45	53	43	35	82	75	101	89	
February	 	41	26	36	31	52	62	81	78	
March	 	37	33	13	17	84	86	60	56	
April	 	19	17	13	17	48	50	44	65	
May	 	14	13	10	11	45	47	56	47	
June	 	10	12	10	9	36	47	60	52	
July	 	9	10	10	8	38	41	70	45	
August	 	13	12	10	10	41	41	62	43	
September	 	24	18	15	12	60	50	49	47	
October	 	34	21	14	18	39	47	56	60	
November	 	46	42	33	43	56	75	76	50	
December	 	59	23	46	25	110	91	104	66	
Year	 	29	23	21	20	58	59	68	58	

Arithmetic Mean of Daily concentrations in micrograms per cubic metre.

ADMINISTRATION OF THE FACTORIES ACT, 1961

1. INSPECTIONS for the purpose of provisions as to health including inspections made by Health Inspectors.

	Number		Number of			
Premises	on Register	Inspec- tions	Written Notices	of Occupiers Prosecuted — — —		
 (i) Factories in which Sections 1, 2, 3, 4 and 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities (ii) Factories not included in (i) in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (iii) Other Premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding out- workers' premises) 	- 216 —	- 48 -	_ 5 _			
TOTAL	216	48	5			

2. CASES IN WHICH DEFECTS WERE FOUND

	Nur	Number of cases in which			
Particulars	Found	Reme- died	to H.M.	rred by H.M. Inspector	prosecu- tions were instituted
Want of cleanliness (S.1.) Overcrowding (S.2.)	-	-	=		-
Unreasonable temperature (S.3.)	4	-	_	_	_
Inadequate ventilation (S.4.)	-	_	_	-	-
Ineffective drainage of floors (S.6.) Sanitary [Insufficient	-	-	_	_	_
Conveni- ences defective	5	_	_		
(S.7.) Not separate for sexes	-	_	-	_	
Other Offences against the Act (not including offences relating to outwork)					
TOTAL	5	/ _	_	_	_

OUTWORK

	Prosecutions (7)	111	1
Section 134	Notices served (6)	111	I
	No. of instances of work in unwhole- some premises (5)	111	1
	No. of prosecu- tions for failure to supply lists (4)	111	I
Section 133	No. of cases of default in sending lists to the Council (3)	111	1
	No. of out-workers in August list required by Sect. 133 (1) (c) (2)	16 2 2	20
	Nature of Work (1)	Wearing apparel–Making, etc. Basket Making Miscellaneous	TOTAL

MEAT INSPECTION

The meat inspection service was again maintained throughout the year and every animal slaughtered in the District for human consumption received a detailed inspection in accordance with the requirements of the Meat Inspection Regulations, 1963. The total number of animals slaughtered and inspected was 117,405 and the amount of meat and edible offal found diseased, unsound or unfit for human consumption totalled 105 tons 10 cwts. 60 lb.

The staff available for meat inspection remained at one under establishment and renewed efforts will be made to remedy this during the coming year.

	Cattle excluding Cows	Cows	Calves	Sheep and Lambs	Pigs		Total neat c tons	onde	mned
1955 1956 1957 1958 1959 1960 1961 1962 1963 1964 1965 1966 1967	2,096 2,482 3,187 3,313 2,785 4,283 5,946 6,241 6,292 7,041 6,733 7,587 6,884	599 511 462 994 1,543 1,323 1,132 1,274 1,448 1,313 1,054 1,371 1,537	445 826 533 396 536 1,431 1,008 1,119 744 405 423 600 465	5,672 6,306 9,259 16,868 25,612 19,782 31,793 36,211 31,314 37,969 36,589 48,665 35,985	10,716 13,206 18,849 31,284 31,440 38,961 39,487 43,380 42,749 63,732 77,816 87,807 78,553	19,528 23,331 32,290 52,555 61,916 65,780 79,366 88,675 82,547 110,460 122,615 146,030 123,428	11 10 13 17 33 24 23 24 25 64 71 93 89	6 17 17 17 17 12 14 8 10 15 5 16 19	54 46 88 93 78 69 36 89 36 89 78 32 7 20 90

TABLE I. - Number of animals killed and inspected:-

The number of animals inspected and affected with disease, etc., are set out in the following table (Table II), the figures in brackets relating to the year 1967.

TABLE II. - Animals inspected and number affected with disease, etc.

	Cattle, including			Sheep and	
	Cows	Cows	Calves	Lambs	Pigs
Number inspected	6,083 (6,884)	2,019 (1,537)	271 (465)	27,289 (35,985)	81,743 (78,553)
ALL DISEASES					
EXCEPT TUBERCULOSIS					
Whole carcases condemned	3	9	9	16	94
Carcases of which some part	(3)	(6)	(17)	(9)	(109)
or organ was condemned	2,314 (2,752)	915 (504)	3 (12)	6,945	32,636 (31,528)
Percentage of the number inspected affected	38.0	45.8	4.4	25.5	40.0
TUBERCULOSIS ONLY	(40.0)	(33.0)	(6.2)	(14.9)	(40.3)
Whole carcases condemned	-	-	-	-	-
Carcases of which some part	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(2)
or organ was condemned	-	-	-	-	2,384*
Percentage of the number	(2)	(1)	(-)	(-)	(2,570)
inspected affected	0.0 (0.03)	0.0 (0.065)	0.0 (-)	0.0 (-)	2.9* (3.3)

*This figure includes references to cases of *Corynebacterium equi*, which is sometimes difficult to distinguish from tuberculosis with the resources available. The amount of tubercular* meat (all from pigs) (12 tons 9 cwts. 50 lb.) was approximately one-eighth of the total, compared with one-seventh in 1967, but a most significant and encouraging item to report is that for the first time ever no evidence of tuberculosis in bovines was found. This is a measure of the success of the Bovine Tuberculosis Eradication Scheme started only a few years ago by the Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food.

In addition to the above, three (the same number as in 1967) bovine carcases were found to be affected with the parasite *Cysticercus bovis* which causes the condition commonly known as "measly beef". The carcases were released when we were satisfied that arrangements had been made for them to be held for three weeks in a refrigerator at 20°F. This treatment destroys the cysts, provided they are not generalised in the carcase musculature as well as in the usual sites of predilection.

All the meat condemned was voluntarily surrendered by those concerned and it was not necessary to resort to any legal action.

The inspection staff have continued to keep detailed records of the amount and reasons for condemnations and I am grateful to them for their care and thoroughness in this matter. The annual survey of the causes for the various condemnations is set out in the following Table III (pages 31 & 32).

In my report of 1967 I referred to the great economic importance of some of these diseases and conditions. The figures for 1968 show that:-

1,878 bovine livers (approximately 23% of the total compared with 25% last year) were affected with distomatosis (liver fluke);

6,064 sheep's livers (approximately 22% of the total, compared with 20% last year) were affected with parasites, about one-third being liver flukes;

13,782 pigs' livers (approximately 17% of the total, compared with 16% last year) were affected with ascarides and another 4,813 (6% of the total, compared with 5% last year) with cirrhosis;

7,011 pigs' lungs (8.6% of the total, compared with 9.7% last year) were affected with pneumonia and another 3,459 (4.2% of the total, compared with 3.8% last year) with pleurisy and congestion, whilst 763 pigs (0.9% of the total, compared with 8.8% last year) were affected with arthritis of sufficient magnitude to warrant condemnation of the parts affected. Although this last figure shows a dramatic drop, the figures in general suggest that a determined attack should be made poor animal husbandry.

TABLE III - Numbers of condemnations and reasons therefor. CATTLE, INCLUDING COWS

UEAD	N	o. of whole or parts	No. of whole or parts
HEAD		1	Distancia
Abscesses	••••	6	Distomatosis 33
Actinomycosis		13	Emphysema 34
Contamination		4	Melanosis 1
Cysticercus bovis		4	Pleurisy 224
HEART			Pneumonia 39
Cyst		1	SKIRT
Cysticercus bovis		9	Contamination 16
Pericarditis		10	Cysticercus bovis 10
Xanthosis		1	Peritonitis 15
INTESTIN	ES		SPLEEN
Peritonitis		2	Congestion 8
KIDNEY			Inflammation 1
Abscesses		2	TAILS
Cysts		16	Contamination 8
Nephritis		101	TONGUE
Petechial haemorrhage		2	Actinobacillosis 17
LIVER			Cysticercus bovis 3
Abscesses		363	Traumatism 2
Cirrhosis		19	PARTS OF CARCASES
Cysts		7	A becaseae Q
Degeneration		14	Arthritic 2
Distomatosis		1,878	Druising 16
Hanatitie		8	Contomination 1
Melanosis		2	Oodama 2
Parasitas (other)		21	Mastitie 1
Paritonitis		21	
		304	Pneumonia and Odour 1
Telangiectasis	••••		CARCASES AND ALL ORGANS
Tumours	••••	2	Acetonaemia 1
LUNGS		20	Emaciation and atrophy 1
Abscesses	••••	30	Fevered 2
Actinobacillosis	••••	1	Fever and emaciation 1
Congestion		14	Oedema and emaciation 1
Contamination		106	Septic mastitis 1
Cysts		27	Septic metritis 3
			Septic pericarditis 1

SHEEP AND LAMBS

HEART Blood-splashing ... 5 ... Cysticercus ovis ... 13 Pericarditis 2 ... **KIDNEYS** Nephritis ... 1 LIVER Contamination 9 Distomatosis ... 2,059 Parasites (other) ... 4,005 LUNGS Contamination ... 9 ... Parasites ... 780 Pleurisy ... 13

...

...

Pneumonia

PI	LUCI	KS	
Contamination			44
Inflammation			84
Parasites			150
PARTS O	F C	ARCASE	
Abscesses			2
Bruising			8
Oedema			1
Septic pleurisy			î
CARCASES AN	ND A	LLOR	
Abscesses	12 11	LL OIL	2
Bruising			ĩ
Emaciation			6
Immaturity			
Gangrene			2
			2 2 1
Lymphosarcoma Oedema	L		2
Oedema			4

165

CALVES

	No. of who or parts		No. of whole
PARTS OF CA			or parts
TAKIS OF CA	RCASES	CARCASES AND ALL	LORGANS
Peritonitis		Joint Ill	3
Septic pneumonia	2	Odour	2
Septie pheumoma	2	Septic pericarditis.	1
		Septic pneumonia.	3
		PIGS	
FLARE	1	PARTS OF CAR	CACEC
Abscesses	102		
Contamination	260		16
Inflammation	2,135	Atrophy	63
HEAD AND TO	ONGUE		2
Abscesses	49	Frueinalae	58
Tuberculosis	2,099	Interstitial myosotis	10
HEART		Metanlacia	1
Endocarditis	5	Ordana	0
Pericarditis	1,035	Peritonitis	8 2
KIDNEY		Sentic plauries	8
Abscesses	2		12
Cysts	723		
Nephritis	357	Tuberculosis	21
Pyelonephritis	2	100010010515	1
LIVER		CARCASES AND ALL	ODCANE
Ascarides	13,782	Congestion	the second s
Cirrhosis	4,813	Emaciation	6
Contamination	33	Fever	6
Cysts	4	Iaundice	1
LUNGS		Lymphosarcoma	5
Abscesses	2	Morihund	3
Congestion	3,112		13
Contamination	29	Pyaemia	3
Pleurisy	347	Pyelonenhritis	1
Pneumonia	7,011	Paratyphoid	1
MESENTER	RY	Odour	i
Abscesses	5	Oedema	6
Enteritis	2	Septicaemia	1
Peritonitis	2,520	Septic arthritis	3
Tuberculosis	1,389	Septic pneumonia	4
PLUCKS	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Septic peritonitis	7
Contamination	118	Septic pericarditis	4 7 2 2
Inflammation	2,590	Swine erysipelas	2
Tuberculosis	1	and a point in	

This report shows, in my opinion, that the high standard of this Council's meat inspection service has been maintained and the Council, and the consumer public, may be assured that all meat that goes out of this District is inspected by a qualified inspectorate working with a skill and thoroughness that such an essential public service demands.

Slaughterhouses

J. Copsey and Sons, Ltd., "Rothmans," High Street, Great Baddow.

A. Fincham, High Street, Ingatestone.

F.D. Mahoney, Ltd., Ramsden Heath.

Knackers Yard

There is one in the District situated in the parish of Great Baddow.

It was inspected regularly and no cause for complaint arose. The premises were closed by the owners on the 31st December.

Slaughtermen's Licences

Under the Slaughter of Animals Act, 1958, the department is responsible for the issue of licences to and the supervision of slaughtermen practising within the District. In 1968, eighteen licences were issued.

DISEASES OF ANIMALS ACT, 1950 DISEASES OF ANIMALS (WASTE FOODS) ORDER,1957

This Order prohibits the feeding of unboiled waste foods to certain animals or to poultry and requires, in general, all premises where waste food boiling is carried out to be licensed with the local authority. The Order also contains other controls designed to prevent the spread of foot-and-mouth and other diseases.

There are four licensed boiling plants in this District.

ANIMAL BOARDING ESTABLISHMENTS ACT, 1963

This Act provides, with a few exceptions, for the annual licensing of boarding establishments for cats and dogs.

Conditions are attached to each licence and these have regard to the accommodation, control of infection, food and drink, fire precautions, exercising facilities and other allied matters.

The Council has appointed Messrs. Newsholme, Fairhead and Felgate, M's.R.C.V.S., as Veterinary Officers. All the premises, prior to and after licensing, are inspected and reported upon by the Veterinary Officers.

At the end of the year, eleven licences were in force, distributed as follows:-

Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Aston, Longmead, Stock Road, Galleywood.

Mr. J. H. Bailey, Ladybird Kennels, Roman Road, Ingatestone.

Mr. P. J. Poston, Homefield Kennels, Main Road, Widford (Margaretting parish).

Messrs. P. Blow and T. D. Lockett, Eastfields, Main Road, Margaretting.

Mrs. M. Neave, Buckhatch Farm, Rettendon Common, Rettendon.

Mr. and Mrs. G. L. Lindsey, Gayfields, Woodham Road, Battlesbridge, Rettendon.

Mr. and Mrs. I. Frith, Salcombe, Chalk Street, Rettendon.

Mr. F. A. W. Barker, Chelmerton Kennels, Roxwell Road, Roxwell.

Miss J. E. Heard, Sandon Hall Bungalow, Sandon.

Mrs. C. Swift, Greenwoods Farm, Stock.

Mrs. M. Bailey, Fairybridge Kennels, Domsey Lane, Little Waltham.

PUBLIC CLEANSING

Refuse Collection

The year saw the continued development of the refuse collection service to meet the needs of a rapidly growing District. At the end of the year, approximately 190 households and premises received a twice-weekly service, 20,000 a weekly service and 2,440 a fortnightly one. The relatively small number of complaints about the service reflects, in general, the satisfactory way in which all engaged in the service go about their work. The incentive bonus scheme continues to prove its worth, but the increase in productivity and the growth of the District are highlighting certain shortcomings of our simple scheme.

The problem of absences through holidays, sickness and other causes continues and the employment of temporary labour during the holiday months has done little to improve the situation. The increase in the number of men with long-service holiday entitlements has made it necessary to adopt a policy of more strict control of holiday dates. Checks are made of absences due to non-certified sickness.

The problem of the increase in bulk of domestic refuse is being dealt with by the use of larger capacity collection vehicles. We now have four vehicles with power presses and six continuous-loading compression vehicles, all of which have greater pay-loads. The use of the bulk-container system continued to grow and, at the end of the year, eighty-nine were in use at flats and at offices, shop and trade premises.

The collection service was extended during the year to Runwell Hospital, including the staff houses. The refuse is stored in paper sacks in individual wards and units. The sacks are then conveyed to a central collection point from which they are collected twice-weekly by the Council.

The special collection service continued to be in demand and one of the smaller vehicles is utilised full-time on this. The service caters for certain food, trade and business premises and householders who have bulky items of refuse.

The problem of collecting refuse from unmade roads is now only acute in the parishes of Woodham Ferrers and Runwell and here, at certain road junctions, we maintain paper sacks on holders within fenced compounds.

Inaccessibility of dustbins due to the increasing number of attached garages on private housing estates and locked side-entrance gates remains a difficult problem.

A skip system of collection is operated, in which refuse is removed from the bin site by emptying it into a plastic or aluminium alloy skip; this is subsequently emptied into the collection vehicle.

Collection Frequencies

Creat Ded	1			
Great Bad			 	Weekly
Little Bad	dow		 	Weekly
Boreham			 	Weekly
Broomfield			 	Weekly
Chignal	•••		 	Fortnightly
Danbury			 	Weekly*
Good East				
(a)	Village area		 	Weekly
	Remainder of	parish	 	Fortnightly
East Hanni				
(a)	Village area		 	Weekly
(b) I	Remainder of	parish	 	Fortnightly
South Hann			 	Weekly*
West Hanni	ngfield		 	Fortnightly
Highwood				Fortnightly
Ingatestone	and Fryernin	g	 	Weekly
Great & Lit	tle Leighs			Fortnightly
Margarettin	g		 	roringhily
	Village area			Weekly
(b) I	Remainder of	parish	 	Fortnightly
Mashbury			 	Fortnightly
Mountnessin			 	Weekly*
Pleshey	-	1	 	WCCKIY
(a) V	illage area			Weekly
(b) F	Remainder of	parish	 	Fortnightly
Rettendon			 	Weekly
Roxwell			 	Weekly
Runwell			 	Weekly
Sandon			 	Weekly
Springfield			 	Weekly
Stock			 	Weekly
Great Walth			 	weekiy
(a) V	illage area		 	Weekly
(b) R	emainder of r	parish	 	Fortnightly
Little Walth	am			· or enginery
(a) V	illage area		 	Weekly
(b) R	emainder of p	arish	 	Fortnightly
Woodham F	errers			. or tingitty
(a) So	outh Woodhar	n Ferrers	 	Weekly*
(b) N	orth Woodhan	m	 	Fortnightly
Writtle			 	Weekly
* * * * *				neekiy

*A few isolated properties in these parishes are collected fortnightly.

Refuse Disposal

The whole of the refuse arising from the District (approximately 17,250 tons) was disposed of by controlled tipping in a worked-out gravel pit owned by the Council and situated off Little Waltham Road, Broomfield.

The levelling and consolidation of the refuse and the spreading of covering soil was carried out by the use of a mechanical shovel. The Weatherill L.61B (No. 5) continued to give satisfactory service. The Weatherill L.61 (No. 4) purchased in 1963, gave service as a reserve machine.

Public Cleansing Depot

The accommodation comprises garages for vehicles, workshop, spare parts store, office, general store, messroom, locker room, clothesdrying room and sanitary accommodation. The yard is concreted and contains a vehicle-washdown area. The alteration carried out to provide more spacious accommodation has not solved the problem of congestion at the Depot. This congestion is brought about by the use of larger types of vehicles and the increasing number of workmen's cars.

The disposal of surface water and the water from the wash-down area gave rise to difficulties during the winter months.

Alterations carried out at the Depot included the conversion of two small garages into an office and stores.

The appointment of a Depot Clerk has enabled better records to be kept at the depot office and has relieved the general office of some work.

Transport

The transport for the public cleansing service consisted of the following vehicles:-

	wing venieres			
Vehic No.	le Make	Capacity in cu. yds.	Date Purchased	Mileage 1968
* 7	Shelvoke & Drewry (Diesel			
	Fore-and-Aft Tipper)	16/18	1954	6,271
* 9	Shelvoke & Drewry (Diesel	10/10	1751	0,271
	Fore-and-Aft Tipper)	16/18	1957	899
12	Shelvoke & Drewry (Diesel	10/10	1951	077
12	Fore-and-Aft Tipper)	16/18	1958	9,309
13		10/10	1930	9,509
15	Shelvoke & Drewry (Diesel	16/10	1059	(000
14	Fore-and-Aft Tipper)	16/18	1958	6,900
14	Shelvoke & Drewry (Diesel		1050	0.255
1.5	Side Loader)	11	1959	8,255
15	Shelvoke & Drewry (Diesel			
	Side Loader)	11	1959	10,418
16	Shelvoke & Drewry (Diesel	and the second second		
	Fore-and-Aft Tipper)	12/14	1960	9,827
17	Ford Eagle Body Side			
	Loader (Petrol)	3	1961	8,315
18	Shelvoke & Drewry (Diesel			
	Fore-and-Aft Tipper)	12/14	1962	11,677
19	Shelvoke & Drewry (Diesel			
	Fore-and-Aft Tipper -			
	Bulk Loader)	16/18	1962	7,065
20	Bedford 15 cwt. Dropside			
	Truck (Petrol)		1963	7,333
21	Shelvoke & Drewry (Diesel			
	Fore-and-Aft Tipper - Bulk			
	Loader with Powerpress)	25	1963	6,237
22	Shelvoke & Drewry (Diesel			0,201
	Fore-and-Aft Tipper - Bulk			
	Loader with Powerpress)	25	1964	9,339
23	Shelvoke & Drewry (Diesel	20	170.1	1,001
	Fore-and-Aft Tipper - Bulk			
	Loader with Powerpress)	25	1964	8,756
24	Bedford 15 cwt. Dropside		1501	0,750
	Truck (Petrol)	-	1965	8,485
25	Shelvoke & Drewry (Diesel		1705	0,100
	- Pakamatic)	35	1965	5,592
26	Shelvoke & Drewry (Diesel		1700	0,092
100	– Pakamatic)	35	1966	4,955
28	Shelvoke & Drewry (Diesel	50	1500	1,200
	– Pakamatic)	35	1967	9,810
		50	1.501	3,010

Transport - continued.....

Vehic No.		Capacity in cu. yds.	Date Purchased	Mileage 1968
†29	Shelvoke & Drewry (Diesel			
	Fore-and-Aft Tipper)	25	1968	2,957
†30	Shelvoke & Drewry (Diesel		(July)	
	– Pakamatic)	35	1968	3,081
†31	Shelvoke & Drewry (Diesel		(July)	
	– Pakamatic)	35	1968	3,989
†32	Shelvoke & Drewry (Diesel		(August)	
1.22	– Pakamatic)	35	1968	3,716
†33	B. M. C. (Diesel		(August)	
	– Side Loader)	7	1968	1,250
	Lean Vahialas from M		(Nov.)	
-	Loan Vehicles from Messrs.	Shelvoke and Dre	ewry, Ltd	4,710
		Tet	1 101	150 146
		Tota	al Mileage	159,146

* Taken out of service during 1968. † Brought into service during 1968.

Every effort is made to reduce the number of accidents, but it must be remembered that our heavy, long wheel-base vehicles, with overhanging auxiliary equipment, are out under all weather conditions five days a week and operate on all classes of roads, lanes, estate roads and driveways, continually stopping, starting and turning round.

Maintenance and repair of all the Department's vehicles are undertaken in the workshop by two fitter/mechanics. On occasions, specialist work is carried out by the vehicle manufacturers. The workshop equipment includes automatic air compressor, welding equipment, engine-lifting crane, pressure lubrication and steam cleaner. Working conditions were considerably improved during the year by the installation of a 14-tons heavy duty vehicle lift.

Salvage

The salvage bonus scheme continued in operation on a limited scale. One-third of the proceeds are retained by the Council, the remaining two-thirds being allocated to the workmen.

Civic Amenities Act, 1967.

In view of the continuing problem of indiscriminate dumping of litter and refuse on roadside laybys, the Department undertook the clearance of litter bins from laybys on the A12 Trunk Road and several other laybys on county roads. This work commenced in July, 1968, and the cost is defrayed by the Essex County Council on an agreed formula.

A total of 1,616 emptyings was made from forty-three litter bins at the laybys on the A12. Twenty litter bins are regularly serviced on laybys on county roads.

The Council also helps in the reduction of the problem of litter by providing a free disposal service at the refuse tip, by arranging special collections (free of charge) for bulky and unwanted articles and by collecting, usually free of charge, unsightly deposits of rubbish provided they are collected together in a spot accessible for vehicles.

Nightsoil Collection

A weekly collection of nightsoil from premises in specified areas in the parishes of Rettendon and Woodham Ferrers is carried out by a private contractor, Mr. G. Barker, of Steeple.

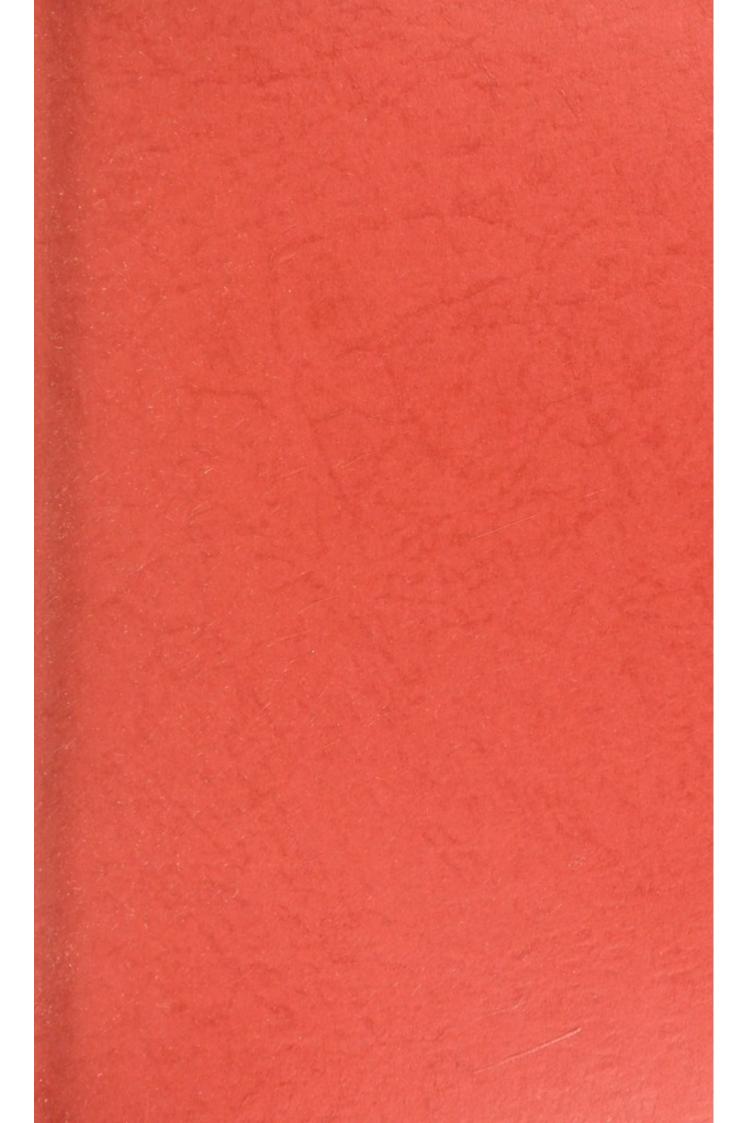
Cesspool Emptying Service

This service came into operation on the 18th February, 1964, and by the end of 1968, 2,734 applications had been received.

The scheme is carried out by contract by Messrs. Purle Waste Disposal (Eastern) Ltd., of Rayleigh. The charges at the end of the year were 70/- for the first 1,250 gallon load and 40/- for each additional load or part thereof. These charges are for the emptying of the cesspool only and do not include any charges for the cleansing of any choked or blocked drain, trap or inspection chamber or for the digging out of sludge. The charges for such additional work are negotiated direct with the contractors.

PETROLEUM SPIRIT LICENCES

During the year, 178 licences to store petroleum spirit were granted. Of these, 120 were for private installations and 58 for filling stations. The amount received in fees was £654. 17. 6d.



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