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Castle Donington (England). Rural District Council.

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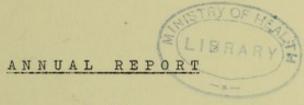
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### CASTLE DONINGTON RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL



of the

### MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

for the year 1953

T. M. MONTFORD

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

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Our the year 1983

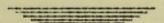
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Public Health Department, Council Offices, CASTLE DONINGTON, Nr. Derby.

28th July, 1954.

TO THE CHAIRMAN
AND MEMBERS OF THE
CASTLE DONINGTON RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL

Mr. Chairman, Mrs. Gibson and Gentlemen,

This Annual Report for 1953 deals with matters of public health which come within my responsibility. It includes some simple statistics which I know will interest you. Reports of examinations of our domestic water supply are appended. These are included largely for record purposes, for you are already aware that, although water pressure has been temporarily inadequate on a few occasions in small areas, the water supplied has been uniform in its high quality.

Diphtheria immunisation maintained the level reached in 1952, and the same proportion of children received reinforcing doses. There was no case of diphtheria in the area, but the condition is still a very serious one, and if twenty-five or more children each year fail to be immunised, as is the present case, a potentially dangerous situation might eventually arise.

Castle Donington and Hemington had a few cases of measles in 1952, but an epidemic started in the last two months of the year in Kegworth. By March this epidemic was dying out and there were only three new cases. In the same month however, three new cases occurred in Castle Donington, and another epidemic was on the way, with the involvement of Hemington, during April. Cases were still being notified in August and there were, in the two latter areas, one hundred and twenty-one cases. With modern therapeutic methods measles is not so liable to give rise to serious complications. Fortunately these epidemics were no exceptions.

In the latter months of the year there was an epidemic of infective hepatitis. This virus infection was almost entirely confined to school children. Parents soon were able to suspect the possibility of the infection in a sick child from the early symptoms of raised temperature, headache, nausea and vomiting coming on after a few days of lassitude and general discomfort. Children were thus usually under treatment before the stage of jaundice occurred.

You will see from the vital statistics tables that our corrected death rate was better than that for England and Wales, but it was not so good as in the previous year. The birth rate, the still birth rate, and the death rate per thousand live births under one year were not quite so good as in 1952. There were five deaths of children under one year. This was an exceptionally high number for our rural area.

I wish to thank the Sanitary Inspector and Surveyor, the Additional Sanitary Inspector and the other members of the Public Health staff for their enthusiastic co-operation throughout the year.

I am,

Your obedient servant, T. M. MONTFORD,

Medical Officer of Health.

### MEMBERS OF THE COUNCIL

Chairman

R.E. Bunting Esq. J.P.

Vice Chairman

W.S. Barnett Esq.

Chairman of the Public Health and General Purposes Committee
S.J. Hardy Esq. J.P.

Chairman of the Housing Committee

A. Moore Esq.

### Councillors

W.S. Barnett Esq.
W.E. Bryan Esq. J.P.
R.E. Bunting Esq. J.P.
Mrs. D.A. Gibson.
S.J. Hardy Esq. J.P.
W.V. Harlow Esq.
Rev. A.T. Hammond.
J. Harrison Esq.
A. Moore Esq.
Captain C.F. Shields
W.H. Snape Esq
J.N. Spalton Esq.
W.E. Smith Esq.
L.G. Toms Esq.
J.R. Woodward Esq.

All Councillors are members of the Public Health Committee

### Public Health Officers

### Medical

T. M. Montford, M.B. Ch.B. Glas. Medical Officer of Health (part time)

### Sanitary Inspectors.

E.N. Pearson. Certificate of the Royal Sanitary
Institute and Sanitary Inspectors Joint Board.
Certificate for Inspection of Meat and Other
Foods Royal Sanitary Institute.
Certificate Sanitary Science Liverpool University.
Surveyor, Sanitary Inspector and Housing Manager.

B.G. Pember Certificate of the Royal Sanitary Institute and Sanitary Inspectors Joint Board. Additional Sanitary Inspector.

### ZYMOTIC DISEASES

### IN THE VILLAGES COMPRISING THE

### RURAL DISTRICT.

### YEAR 1953

Village	Measles	Scarlet Fever	Whooping Cough	Pneumonia	Erysipelas	Total
Breedon-on-the-Hill	11	-	14	1	-	26
Castle Donington	98	19	62	15	2	196
Charley	11	-	3	2	-	16
Diseworth	24	-	1	-		5
Hemington	23	1	-	1		25
Isley Walton	1	-	2	-	-	3
Kegworth	23	4	51	2	1	81
Lockington	6	1-1	4-	1	-	11
Long Whatton	1	-	-	-	-	1,,
Wilson	-	-	4	-	-	4
Total	178	24	141	22	3	368

No notifications of ophthalmia neonatorum were received.

### GRAPH COMPARING THE SEASONAL INCIDENCE

### OF MEASURES IN THE DISTRICT DURING 1952 and 1953.

	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apl.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sep.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	
75					į.		1953						75
70			other	n de	/	nich		Solines Toures	m	Hens		1952	70
65			1	953 /									65
60								\					60
55								1					55
50								A P					50
45						-1							45
40									1				40
35												me	35
30										1			30
25										1			25
20													20
15											1	-	15
10						4		-					10
5								38		71			5
0	12	52			1952				1952		/	1953	
	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apl.	May	June	July	Aug.		1000	Nov.	Dec.	

The steep rise in December, 1952, was due largely to the epidemic in Kegworth, but there were soon cases elsewhere, notably in Breedon-on-the-H ill. The peak in June, 1953 related directly to the Castle Donington and Hemington cases

### ZYMOTIC DISEASES.

### NOTIFICATION RATES PER 1,000 POPULATION

Notifications	Rural	Donington District ncil	England and Wales	Great Towns	Smaller Towns
Primary Pneumonia	1953 2.21	<u>1952</u> 1.68	1953 0.84	<u>1953</u> 0.92	<u>1953</u> 0.76
Scarlet Fever	2.41	1.05	1.39	1.50	1.44
Erysipelas	0.31	0.31	0.14	0.14	0.13
Whooping Cough	14.16	1.99	3.58	3.72	3.38
Measles	17.88	8.31	12.36	11.27	12.32
Poliomyelitis Paralytic Non-Paralytic	d -	- 1	0.07 0.04	0.06 0.03	0.06 0.04
Puerperal Pyrexia		0.73	18.23	24.33	12.46
Diphtheria		_	0.01	0.01	0.01
Paratyphoid	<b>5</b> -	1	0.01	0.01	0,01

## DIPHTHERIA IMMUNISATION.

### NUMBER OF CHILDREN INCINISED

## DURING THE PERICO 1st January to 31st December, 1953.

-
1 2 3 4 1952 1951 1950 1949
85 12 6
1

This table was supplied by the County Medical Officer of Health

One hundred and twenty children were immunised against diphtherla during the year. The table also shows thint one hundred and seven children who had been immunised in earlier years received a reinforcing dose. Each child should be fully immunised a few months before it is a year old and a third, or boosting dose, should be given just before it commences school, when the acquired immuity is lessening, and the risk of inflection is about to become greater.

### VITAL STATISTICS

### CIVILIAN POPULATION

9,958

### COMPARABILITY FACTORS

Births 1.13 Deaths 0.99

### LIVE BIRTHS

	M.	F.
Total	74	76
Legitimate	70	73
Illegitimate	4	. 3

### STILL BIRTHS

	M.	F.
Total	3	1
Legitimate	3	1
Illegitimate	-	-

### DEATHS OF INFANTS UNDER ONE YEAR OF AGE

	M.	F.
Total	3	2
Legitimate	3	2
Illegitimate	-	-

Actual Birth and Death Rates are multiplied by the appropriate Comparability Factor so that figures are obtained which are corrected for disproportion in the age and sex groupings.

### DISTRICT FIGURES

Area in Acres	23,743
Estimated Population	9,958
Number of Inhabited Houses	2,895
Rateable Value	41,206
Product of Penny Rate	£151

### DEATH RATES

### PER 1,000 OF THE POPULATION

Diseases	Castle Donington Rural District Council	England and Wales	Great Towns	Small Towns				
All Causes	9.55	11.4	12.2	11.3				
Tuberculosis	- 1	0.20	0.24	0.19				
Influenza	0.30	0.16	0.15	0.17				
Pneumonia	0.20	0.55	0.59	0.52				
	PER 1,00	BIRTH RATES	<u>ION</u>					
Live Births (Corrected)	15.06	15.5	17.0	15.7				
Still Births	0,40	0.35	0.43	0.34				
belowne	DEATH RATE  PER 1,000 LIVE BIRTHS UNDER ONE YEAR							
3	33.3	26.8	30.8	24.3				

MATERNAL DEATH RATE - Nil.

### HOUSING.

During 1953 forty houses were erected, thirty by the Council. The Rural District Council have, since the war, built a total of three hundred and thirty six.

The table below, which does not include temporary prefabricated bungalows illustrates that we have built a comparatively high proportion of houses per thousand of the population.

### EXTRACT FROM

### HOUSING RETURN FOR ENGLAND AND WALES

### POST WAR HOUSES COMPLETED ON 31st DECEMBER, 1953

### Rural Districts - Leicestershire

	Population	No. of New Houses Completed	No. per 1,000 of Population
Ashby-de-la-Zouch	13,700	372	27.1
Barrow-upon-Soar	48,900	1,170	23.9
Billesden	7,800	215	27.6
Blaby	39,800	831	20.9
CASTLE DONINGTON	9,958	316	31.9
Lutterworth	11,800	350	29.7
Market Bosworth	26,400	785	29.7
Market Harborough	10,000	300	30.0
Melton & Delvoir	18,700	333	17.8

### WATER SUPPLY

Samples of water taken from piped supplies in various districts in the area were all found after bacteriological examination, to be suitable for domestic use.

Reports from the supplying authorities are shown in the following pages.

### PARTICULARS OF WATER SUPPLIES

### FROM PUBLIC MAINS

Parish	No. of Houses		Direct		Standpipes	Private Supply	Well Supply
Castle Donington No. 4 Site Kegworth Belton Breedon-on-the-Hill Charley Isley-cum-Langley No. 1 Site Lockington/Hemington Long Whatton/) Diseworth	1952 972 13 815 181 233 81 26 10 161 369	1953 975 10 832 197 234 81 26 7 161 372	917 13 735 155 208 - 11 10 135 163 114	1953 923 10 792 173 209 - 11 7 140 166 114	35  22 2    19	7	17 -18 22 18 81 15 - 21 50 23
Total	2,861	2,895	2,461	2,545	78	7	265

### POPULATION

Parish	Estimated Population	Direct	Standpipes	Private Supply	Well Supply
Castle Donington No. 4 Site Kegworth Belton Breedon-on-the-Hill Charley Isley-cum-Langley No. 1 Site Lockington/Hemington Long Whatton/) Diseworth	3,499 37 2,759 645 791 399 101 27 506 7,194	3,364 37 2,646 557 704 - 43 27 442 534 356	76  50 10  - - 17 59	24	59 -63 78 63 399 58 -64 160 68
Total	9,958	8,710	212	24	1,012

These figures do not include the National Service Hostel, Castle Donington, where the huts are in intermittent occupation.

### WATER SUPPLY OBTAINED FROM

### LOUGHBOROUGH CORPORATION

### REPORT FROM MR. W. GRANGER, A.M. Inst.C.E. Borough Surveyor and Water Engineer, LOUGHBOROUGH.

Samples of water were taken on the following dates :-

### BACTERIOLOGICAL

5th	January	1953
2nd	February	1953
23rd	February	1953.
30th	March	1953
6th	May	1953
28th	May,	1953
24th	June	1953
7th	August,	1953
31st	August,	1953
6th	October,	1953
3rd	November	1953.
2nd	December,	1953
30th	December,	1953.

### CHEMICAL.

24th June, 1953. 30th December, 1953

In all cases the reports were satisfactory.

LONG EATON URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL

# REPORTS BY COUNTY BACTERIOLOGIST ON WATER IN THE NEW RESERVOIR, CASTLE DONINGTON

Bacteriologically the sample of water is for drinking purposes	Suitable	-			-	-	Total Control	=	=	=	
Differential Coliform test.  Probable number of Faccal B. Coli. per 100 ml.	fart, onla	MA GALL	1	1	1	1	1	1	1.	J.	1
Presumptive Coliform Count. Probable number of coliform bacilli present per 100 ml.	LEN	195		the control of the co		1207 1208 1208 1208 1208 1208 1208 1208 1208	=	=	=	-	=
Age in Hours	ν <u>ί</u> 4	-[cs	2	2	44	274	10t	4	-	- 01	M4
Date 1953	Jan. 24	Feb. 18	Mar. 25	Apl. 22	May 20	June 24	July 22	Sep. 23	0ct. 21	Nov. 25	Dec. 23

Francis Turner, Engineer & Surveyor.

> Town Hall, LONG EATON.

6th May, 1954.

### DERWENT WATER SUPPLIED

### BY LEICESTER CITY CORPORATION

### REPORT FROM MR HAL WALLHOUSE, A.M.I.C.E. M.I.W.E.

### WATER ENGINEER AND MANAGER TO CITY OF LEICESTER.

Intensified sampling for chemical and bacteriological analyses of water both from the Derwent Valley Water Board and from local resources has been the practice for over a year.

Briefly the particulars about sampling of the Derwent water are:-

### (a) Sawley Meter House

Samples are taken daily throughout the year and are subjected to the presumptive test for Bacterium Coli on the spot, and a gas heated incubator and other necessary equipment have been fitted in the Meter House. The object of this is to give an immediate danger signal should there be any pollution present.

Since this system has been in operation every analysis has shown negative results for presumptive B. coli.

### (b) At Hallgates.

Samples are taken three times a week and subjected to an extended chemical and bacteriological examination by Mr. F.C. Bullock, B.Sc., F.R.I.C., the City Analyst.

The results over the past year have been consistently good with no presumptive B. coli.

The following are typical figures from the last analysis :-

рН	7.3
Colour	
Nitrite	0.004 ppm.
Chloride	12 ppm.
Residual chlorine	0.05ppm
Coliform Organisms	
Plate Count at 37°C	1

### SEWERAGE.

The sewerage schemes at Long Whatton and Diseworth and Belton have been completed and the work of conversions of pail closets to the water carriage system was proceeding.

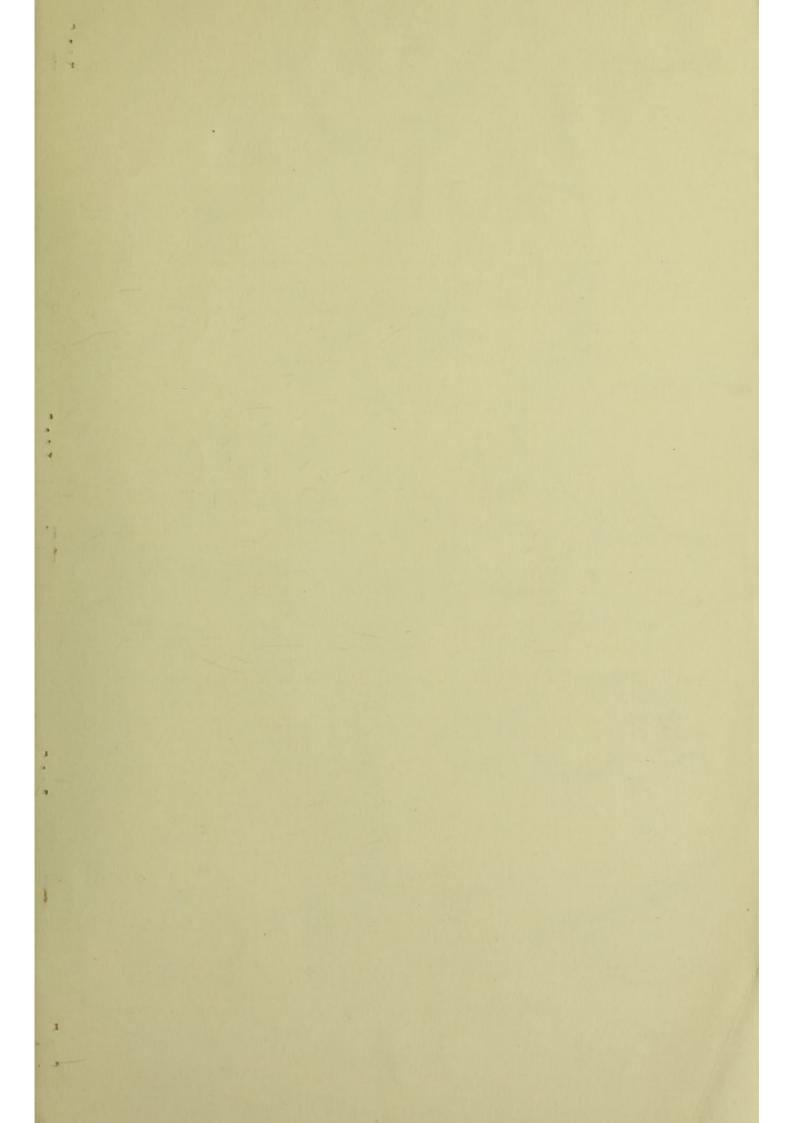
### FOOD PREMISES

Туре	Number in District.	Number of Inspections
Butchers Shops	8	16
Premises selling Pre-packed Icecream	22	24
Manufacture of Icecream	Derived to institute to and books of the Value Books of the Owner of the Control of the Owner of	2
Cafes and the control of	To nathank 9 should realise	14
Fried Fish Shops	nds configure 3 with motor	6
Bakehouses	4	that borter 4
Dairies	A page of the same of	12
Milk Distributors	36	19

Disposal of condemned food is at present by collection and burial on the Council's controlled tips.

The following is a list of foodstuffs condemned during the year :-

Commodity	Condition	Amount	
Full Cream Unsweetened Milk	Blown	3 x 16 oz. tins	
Beef	Extensive Bruising		
	Decomposition	15 Ibs	
Head and Tongue	Decomposition	40 lbs.	
Beef	Extensive Bruising	26 lbs.	
Tinned Ox Tongue Danish	Decomposition	6 1bs	
F.E.G. Cooked Ham	Decomposition	13 lbs 15 ozs.	
Hindquarters Beef, Grade A	General Bruising	34 lbs.	



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