The pharmacopoeia of King's College Hospital / compiled by a committee of the staff.

Contributors

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PHARMACOPCEIA

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THE

PHARMACOPŒIA

OF

KING'S COLLEGE HOSPITAL.



THE

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PHARMACOPŒIA

OF

KING'S COLLEGE HOSPITAL

Compiled by a Committee of the Staff

[2nd ed?]

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London :

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PREFACE.

THE present edition of the Pharmacopœia of King's College Hospital has been drawn up by a Committee of the Staff, as the previous edition of 1891 was already exhausted.

Additional formulæ have been inserted, the doses and nomenclature have been altered in accordance with British Pharmacopœia of 1898, and some practical information has been added which it is hoped may be of value.

In the preparation of the present edition the Committee have been indebted to their colleagues for many useful suggestions, and to the Sister-Matron, Miss Monk, for much help with regard to practical details of nursing and food preparation; they have also to express their appreciation of the valuable assistance rendered by Mr. E. B. Fairweather, F.C.S., M.P.S., the chief dispenser to the Hospital.

G. F. S.



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king's College Ibospital.

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KING'S COLLEGE HOSPITAL PHARMACOPŒIA.

K.C.H.P. = King's College Hospital Pharmacopœia.

A. C. E. Mixture, Anæsthetic Inhalation.

lake of	
Absolute Alcohol	I fluid ounce.
Chloroform	2 fluid ounces.
Purified Ether	3 fluid ounces.
Mix.	

Balneum Acidum, Acid Bath.

-

I

Take of		
Vinegar	 	8 fluid ounces.
Hot water	 	I gallon.
Mix.		in historia sa b

Balneum Acidi Borici, Boric Acid Bath.

Take of Saturated Solution of Boric Acid—A sufficient quantity.
To be heated to the required temperature.

Balneum Aeris Calidi.

Hot Air Baths at 120° to 170° F. Applied by special apparatus (e.g., Allen's). Duration, 30 to 60 minutes.

Balneum Alkalinum, Alkaline Bath.

Take of		
Sodium Carbo	onate	 I ounce.
Hot water		 7 gallons.
Dissolve.		

Balneum Aquæ, Water Bath.

Cold		1	 60° F. to	65° F.
Cool			 65° F. ,,	75° F.
Tempera	te		 75° F. ,,	85° F.
Tepid			 85° F. ,,	92° F.
Warm			 92° F. ,,	100° F.
Hot			 100° F. ,,	112° F.

Balneum Sinapis, Mustard Bath.

-		1			C
	0	-	0	0	•
	a	5	C	U	
1000		-	-	~	-

Mustard	 	2 to 4 ounces
Warm water	 	4 gallons.

The mustard must first be made into a smooth paste with a small quantity of the warm water, then added to the water in the bath.

Balneum Vaporis, Vapour Bath.

Warm 100° F. to 120° F. Hot ... 120° F., 140° F. The vapour of hot water applied with a special apparatus, such as Allen's. Duration of bath about 30 minutes.

Cataplasma Acidi Borici, Boric Acid Poultice.

Take of
Crushed Linseed ... 4 ounces.
Boiling Saturated Solution of Boric Acid ... 10 fluid ounces.
Add the crushed linseed gradually, with constant stirring, to the solution.

Cataplasma Acidi Carbolici, Carbolic Acid or Surgical Poultice.

Take of

Crushed Linseed ... 4 ounces. Boiling Solution of Phenol

(strength I in 40 or I

in 60) IO fluid ounces. Add the crushed linseed gradually, with constant stirring, to the solution.

Cataplasma Carbonis, Charcoal Poultice.

Take of

Wood Charcoal, in pow	der	I ounce.
Crushed Linseed		3 ounces.
Boiling water		10 fluid ounces.
	Land La	AND REAL STATES

Mix the crushed linseed and charcoal and add them gradually, with constant stirring, to the water.

Cataplasma Lini, Linseed Poultice.

Take of

Crushed Linseed ... 4 ounces. Boiling water ... IO fluid ounces.

Add the crushed linseed gradually, with constant stirring, to the water. Spread not more than $\frac{1}{4}$ -inch thick on tow or calico.

Cataplasma Panis, Bread Poultice.

Take pieces of stale bread about $\frac{1}{2}$ an inch thick and 2 inches square, and pour boiling water over these in a strainer. Allow to stand under cover for a few minutes, then beat up the bread well with a fork, drain off all water, and spread.

Cataplasma Sinapis, Mustard Poultice.

(For an adult.)

Take of

Mustard I part. Crushed Linseed ... 2 or 3 parts. Boiling Water-A sufficient quantity.

(For a child.)

Take of

Mustard ...

... I part.

Crushed Linseed

... 5 parts.

Boiling Water-A sufficient quantity.

Mix the mustard into a thick cream with lukewarm water; then mix the linseed separately as for a linseed poultice; finally stir the two mixtures well together, and spread.

Collodium Salicylicum.

Take of	
Salicylic Acid	 I drachm.
Ether	 2 fluid drachms.
Flexible Collodion to	 I fluid ounce.
Dissolve.	

Collodium Salicylicum Compositum.

Take of	· Zing Sulphate
Salicylic Acid	I drachm.
Extract of Indian Hemp	8 grains.
Ether	
Flexible Collodion to	I fluid ounce.
Dissolve.	

Collyrium Acidi Borici, Boric Acid Eye-wash.

Take of	
Boric Acid	 10 grains.
Distilled Water	 I fluid ounce.
Dissolve.	

Collyrium Acidi Borici cum Belladonna.

Take of	
Boric Acid	5 grains.
Green Extract of Bella-	Wool Fat
donna	5 grains.
Distilled Water	I fluid ounce.
Mix.	

Collyrium Aluminis, Alum Eye-wash.

Take of		-	
Alum		 	4 grains.
Distilled	Water	 	I fluid ounce.
Dissolve.			

Collyrium Zinci Sulphatis Compositum.

Take of			
Zinc Sulphate			1 grain.
Boric Acid		[15 grains.
Distilled Water	FT	1.1.0	I fluid ounce.
Dissolve.			

Confectio Sennæ et Sulphuris.

Take

Confection of Senna

Confection of Sulphur, of each equal parts. Mix. Dose: 1 to 2 drachms.

Cremor Zinci.

Take of			
Olive Oil	CL FILITO AL		$\frac{1}{2}$ ounce.
Zinc Oxide			$\frac{1}{2}$ ounce.
Solution of]	Lime		$\frac{1}{2}$ ounce.
Wool Fat	- salladi	20.100	$\frac{1}{4}$ ounce.

Dissolve the fat in the olive oil and stir in the zinc oxide, afterwards incorporating the lime water.

Decoctum Quercûs.

Take of
Oak Bark, bruised ... 1¹/₄ ounce.
Distilled Water ... I pint.
Boil for ten minutes in a covered vessel, then strain, and pour as much distilled water over the contents of the strainer as will make the strained product measure a pint.
Preparation, Injectio Communis, K.C.H.P.
Dentifricium, Tooth-powder.
Take of

7

Light Carbo	nate of M	lag-	
nesium			2 drachms.
Borax			2 drachms.
Oil of Eucal	yptus		5 minims.
Precipitated	Carbona	te of	and and the
Calcium			I ounce.
Mix.			

Emplastra, B.P., see Appendix, p. 120.

Emulsio Iodoformi et Eucalypti.

Take of			
Oil of Eucalyptu	S		20 minims.
Iodoform (Precip	itated))	20 grains.
Tragacanth .			$4\frac{1}{2}$ grains.
Gum Acacia			9 grains.
Water to			I fluid ounce.
Mix.			

Enema Glycerini.

Take of Glycerin ... I to 2 fluid drms. Warm water--A sufficient quantity. Mix.

Enema Olei Olivæ.

Take of Olive Oil... ... 5 fluid ounces. To be used warm.

Enema Olei Ricini.

Take of				
Castor Oil			I fluid	ounce.
Thin Gruel			20 fluid	ounces.
Mix. To be used	d war	m.		

Enema Opii.

Take of
Tincture of Opium ... ¹/₂ fluid drachm.
Mucilage of Starch ... 2 fluid ounces.
Mix. To be used almost cold.

Enema Saponis.

Take of			
Hard Soap			$\frac{3}{4}$ ounce.
Boiling water			16 fluid ounces.
Dissolve. To	be used	at	a temperature of
95-98° F.			Mix.

Enema Sodii Chloridi. Take of Sodium Chloride ... 2 drachms. Warm water ... 16 fluid ounces. Dissolve. To be used warm. Enema Terebinthinæ. Take of Oil of Turpentine \dots $\frac{1}{2}$ to I fluid oz. Gruel, or Soap Enema ... 16 fluid ounces. Mix. Fotus Acidi Borici, Boracic Fomentation. Take of Boric Acid ... 6 drachms. Boiling water ... I pint. Dissolve. To be used at a temperature of 120° F. to 130° F. Fotus Belladonnæ, Belladonna Fomentation. Take of Tincture of Belladonna... I to 2 fluid drms. Boiling water-A sufficient quantity. The tincture to be sprinkled on flannel which has been wrung out from boiling water, immediately before application. Fotus Opii, Opium Fomentation. Take of Tincture of Opium ... 1 to I fluid drm. Boiling water-A sufficient quantity. The tincture to be sprinkled on flannel which

has been wrung out from boiling water immediately before application. Fotus Papaveris, Poppy Fomentation. Take of Bruised Poppy Capsules 2 ounces. Water \dots \dots $I\frac{1}{2}$ pint. Boil for 15 minutes and strain, use at a temperature of 120° F. to 130° F. Fotus Sodii, Soda Fomentation. Take of Sodium Carbonate ... 1 ounce. ... 20 fluid ounces, Water Dissolve by boiling. Fotus Terebinthinæ, Turpentine Stupe. See Appendix, p. 76-77. Gargarisma Acidi Carbolici. Take of Glycerin of Phenol ... 10 minims. Water to ... I fluid ounce. Mix. Gargarisma Acidi Tannici. Take of Glycerin of Tannic Acid I fluid drachm. Water to ... I fluid ounce. Mix. Gargarisma Aluminis. Take of Alum ... 3 grains. Diluted Sulphuric Acid... 10 minims. I fluid ounce. Water to ... Dissolve.

Gargarisma Hydrargyri Perchloridi.

Take of				
Mercuric	Chlor	ide	61.10	$\frac{1}{16}$ grain.
Diluted	Hy	droch		submit about
Acid				11 minims.
Glycerin				8 minims.
Water to				I fluid ounce.
Dissolve.		todd v		

Gargarisma Potassii Chloratis.

Take of			
Potassiu	m Chl	lorate	 10 grains.
Water			 I fluid ounce.
Dissolve.			

Gargarisma Potassii Chloratis Acidum.

Take ofPotassium Chlorate...IO grains.Diluted HydrochloricAcid......Glycerin......Water to......Dissolve.

Gargarisma Potassii Permanganatis.

Take of Solution of Potassium Permanganate... IO minims. Distilled Water to ... I fluid ounce. Mix.

12
Gargarisma Sodæ Chlorinatæ. Take of
Solution of Chlorinated
Soda 20 minims. Water to I fluid ounce.
Mix.
Glycerina, B.P. See Appendix, p. 120.
Glycerinum Belladonnæ (B. P. C.)
Take of
Green Extract of Bella-
donna I ounce.
Boiling Distilled Water I fluid drachm.
Glycerin I fluid ounce.
The extract to be rubbed with the distilled
water, and the glycerin added gradually.
Glycerinum Iodi, Morton's Fluid.
Take of
Iodine IO grains.
Potassium Iodide 30 grains.
Glycerin I fluid ounce.
Dissolve.
Glycerinum Iodoformi.
Take of Iodoform (washed with I in 20 Solution of Phenol) I part.
Glycerin 9 parts. Mix.

Guttæ Acidi Borici.

Take of
Boric Acid...20 grains.Methylated Spirit...I fluid ounce.Dissolve.Used as aural application.

Guttæ Argenti Nitratis.

Take of	2010-0	allegieries in ce
Silver Nitrate	/	 2 grains.
Distilled water		 I fluid ounce.
Dissolve.		

Guttæ Atropinæ Sulphatis.

Take of	and the sector
Atropine Sulphate	4 grains.
Salicylic Acid	$\dots \frac{1}{2}$ grain.
Distilled water to	I fluid ounce.
Dissolve.	

Guttæ Cocainæ.

Take ofCocaine Hydrochloride... 8 grains.Distilled water ... I fluid ounce.Dissolve.

Guttæ Fluorescein.

Take of Fluorescein ... Solution of Potash Distilled water to Dissolve.

... 8 grains. ... 130 minims. ... 1 fluid ounce.

14				
Guttæ Homatropine. Take of Homatropine Hydrobro-				
mide 5 grains. Distilled water I fluid ounce. Dissolve.				
Guttæ Homatropinæ et Cocaine. Take of				
Homatropine Hydrobro- mide 5 grains. Cocaine Hydrochloride 4 grains. Distilled water I fluid ounce. Dissolve.				
Guttæ Physostigminæ, Eserine Drops. Take of Physostigmine Sulphate ¹ / ₂ grain. Distilled water I fluid ounce.				
Guttæ Sodii Bicarbonatis. Take of Sodium Bicarbonate IO grains. Water I fluid ounce. Dissolve. Used as aural application.				
Haustus Chloral, Chloral Draught. Take of Chloral Hydrate 15 grains. Syrup of Tolu I fluid drachm. Water to I fluid ounce. Mix.				

Take of Liquid Extract of Male ... I fluid drachm. Fern ... Gum Acacia Powder ... I drachm. Peppermint Water to ... $I\frac{1}{2}$ fluid ounces. Mix. To be followed by a saline purge, not by castor oil. Haustus Imperialis, Imperial Drink. Take of Acid Potassium Tartrate I ounce. Tartaric Acid ... I ounce. 12 minims. Oil of Lemon ... Refined Sugar ... 16 ounces. ... Boiling water I gallon, Dissolve. Haustus Paraldehyde. Take of ... I fluid drachm. Paraldehyde I fluid drachm. Syrupus Aurantii ... Iffluid ounces Water to Mix. Haustus Sulphonal. Take of Sulphonal 20 grains. . . . Compound Tragacanth Powder ... 12 grains. ... Chloroform Water I fluid ounce. ...

Mix.

Haustus Trional.

Take of			10 335
Trional			20 grains.
Compound	Tragac	anth	1 1111
Powder			12 grains.
Chloroform	Water		I fluid ounce.
Mix.			10

Infusum Gentianæ Simplex.

Take of
Gentian Root, thinly
sliced ¹/₄ ounce.
Boiling water ... I pint.
Infuse 15 minutes then strain.
Preparation, Mistura Gentianæ, K.C.H.P.

Injectio Acidi Carbolici.

Take of Phenol ... I part. Water (110°-120° F.) to 60 parts. Dissolve. Used as vaginal douche.

Injectio Communis.

Take of	
Alum	10 grains.
Zinc Sulphate	6 grains.
Decoction of Oak Bark	I fluid ounce.
Dissolve.	

Injectio Creolin.

Take of
Creolin IO minims.Water 20 fluid ounces.Mix. Used as vaginal douche.

Injectio Hydrargyri Perchloridi.

Take of Mercuric Chloride ... I part. Water (110°-120° F.) ... 2000 parts. Dissolve. Used as vaginal douche.

INJECTIONES HYPODERMICÆ.

Injectio Apomorphinæ Hypodermica, B.P., contains Apomorphine Hydrochloride, I part, Dilute Hydrochloric Acid I part, Distilled Water to 100 parts. It is a I per cent. solution of Apomorphine Hydrochloride.

Dose : 5 to 10 minims.

Injectio Atropinæ Hypodermica is the Liquor Atropinæ Sulphatis, B.P. It is a I per cent. solution of Atropine Sulphate.

Dose: 1 to 3 minims.

Injectio Cocainæ Hypodermica, B.P., contains Cocaine Hydrochloride 33 grains, Salicylic Acid $\frac{1}{2}$ grain, Distilled Water 6 fluid drachms. It is a 10 per cent. solution of Cocaine Hydrochloride.

Dose: 2 to 5 minims.

2

Injectio Ergotæ Hypodermica, B.P., contains Extract of Ergot 10 parts, Phenol 0'3 parts, Distilled Water to 30 parts. It is a 33 per cent. solution of Extract of Ergot (Ergotin). Dose : 3 to 10 minims.

Injectio Morphinæ Hypodermica, B.P., contains Morphine Tartrate 5 grains, Distilled Water 110 minims. It is a 5 per cent. solution of Morphine Tartrate.

Dose : 2 to 5 minims.

Injectio Morphinæ et Atropinæ Hypodermica contains Morphine Tartrate $\frac{1}{2}$ grain, Atropine Sulphate $\frac{1}{50}$ grain, in Distilled Water 10 minims.

Dose: 2 to 8 minims.

Injectio Pilocarpinæ Hypodermica, a Solution of Pilocarpine Nitrate in Distilled Water (I in 20).

Dose: 2 to 6 minims.

Injectio Strychninæ Hypodermica is the Liquor Strychninæ Hydrochloride, B.P. It is a 1 per cent. solution of Strychnine Hydrochloride.

Dose: I to 5 minims.

Injectio Iodi.

Take of

Tincture of Iodine ... I fluid drachm. Water (110° to 120° F.) to 20 fluid ounces. Mix. Used as vaginal douche.

Injectio Lysol.

Take of
Lysol......4 fluid drachms.Water......20 fluid ounces.Mix.Used as vaginal douche.

Injectio Papaveris.

Take of

Poppy Capsules (Bruised) I ounce.

Water 20 fluid ounces. Boil for ten minutes, then strain and use at a temperature of 110° to 120° F. Used as

vaginal douche.

Injectio Potassii Permanganatis.

Take of

Solution of Potassium

Permanganate ... I fluid drachm. Water (110° to 120° F.) to 20 fluid ounces. Mix. Used as vaginal douche.

Injectio Sanitas.

Take of

Sanitas fluid ... I fluid ounce. Water (110° to 120° F.) to 20 fluid ounces. Mix. Used as vaginal douche.

Injectio Zinci Permanganatis.

Take of
Zinc Permanganate ... ¹/₄ grain.
Distilled Water ... I fluid ounce.
Dissolve.
Injectio Zinci Sulphatis.	al story Lynads is
Take of	
Zinc Sulphate	
	3 grains.
Distilled Water Dissolve.	I fluid ounce.
Insufflatio Bismuthi Composit	ta, Ferrier's Snuff.
Take of	
Morphine Hydrochloride	I grain.
Gum Acacia Powder	60 grains.
Bismuth Subnitrate	180 grains.
Mix. From I to 3 drachms snuff during twenty-four ho	
Insufflatio Menthol Composit	a.
Take of	
Menthol	3 grains.
Cocaine Hydrochloride	$\frac{1}{2}$ grain.
Boric Acid Powder	$\frac{1}{2}$ ounce.
Bismuth Carbonate	$\frac{1}{2}$ ounce.
Mix.	
Lamellæ, B.P. See Appendix,	p. 121.
Linctus Camphoræ Composit	us.
Take of	
Compound Tincture of	njeetie Zinci Pa
Camphor	and the second second
Oxymel of Squills	20 minims.
Syrup of Tolu	20 minims.
Mix.	Dose: I drachm.

Linctus Opiatus.

Take of				
Diluted Sulphur	ric Acie	d	2 minims.	
Syrup of Squills	·		4 minims.	
Compound Tin	ncture	of		
Camphor		0	15 minims.	
Treacle			8 minims.	
Anise Water to	g		I fluid drachm	
Mix.		1	Dose: I drachm.	

Linimenta, B.P. See Appendix, p. 121.

Linimentum Belladonnæ et Chloroformi.

Take

Liniment of Belladonna

Liniment of Chloroform, of each equal parts. Mix.

Lotiones, B.P. See Appendix, p. 122.

Lotio Acidi Borici.

Take of	110		P. BORN
Boric Ac	id	q	 15 grains.
Water			 I fluid ounce.
Dissolve.			

Lotio Acidi Tannici.

Take of Tannic Acid ... Methylated Spirit Dissolve.

... 10 grains. ... I fluid ounce.

Lotio Alkalina.	
Take of	
Sodium Bicarbonate	 10 grains.
Water	 I fluid ounce.
Dissolve.	

Lotio Alkalina Composita.

Take of	
Sodium Bicarbonate	15 grains.
Borax	15 grains.
Sodium Chloride	15 grains.
Phenol	5 grains.
Glycerin	I fluid drachm.
Water to	I fluid ounce.

Dissolve. One tablespoonful in two tablespoonfuls of warm water to be sniffed up the nose night and morning.

Lotio Ammonii Chloridi.

Take of

Dissolve.

Ammonium Chloride ... 15 grains.

Water ... I fluid ounce.

Dissolve. One tablespoonful in two tablespoonfuls of warm water to be sniffed up the nose night and morning.

Lotio Acidi Carbolici	et Hydrargyri (Strong
Mixture).	
Take of	
Phenol	25 parts.
Mercuric Chloride	I part.
Water	500 parts.
Dissolute	A REAL PROPERTY OF A READ PROPERTY OF A REAL PROPER

Lotio Evaporans.

Take of Ammonium Chloride ... 12 grains. Alcohol (90 per cent.) ... 36 minims. Water to I fluid ounce. Dissolve.

Lotio Lysol (Aural).

Take of

Lysol ... 2 fluid ounces. Distilled Water to ... 20 fluid ounces. Mix. One ounce of this solution made up to 1/2 pint with warm water previously boiled, constitutes a I per cent. solution.

Lotio Plumbi.

Take of		
Strong Solution of 2	Lead	
Subacetate		6 minims.
Distilled Water to		I fluid ounce.
Mix.		

Lotio Plumbi cum Opio.

Take of		
Strong Solution of	Lead	
Subacetate		5 minims.
Tincture of Opium		30 minims.
Water to		I fluid ounce.
Mix.		10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 -

-4	-	
Lotio Potassii Permanga Take of	anati	Lotio Bragera.8
Solution of Potass	ium	
Permanganate		40 minims.
Distilled Water to		I fluid ounce.
Mix.		
Lotio Rubra.		
Take of		
Boric Acid		10 grains.
Zinc Sulphate		I grain.
Spirit of Rosemary		9 minims.
Spirit of Lavender		9 minims.
Water to		I fluid ounce.
Dissolve.		
Lotio Sanitas et Potassii	i Chl	oratis.
Take of		
Potassium Chlorate		10 grains.
Sanitas Fluid	1	10 minims.
Water to		I fluid ounce.
Dissolve.		
Lotio Sulphuris Sedativa	a.	
Take of		
Precipitated Sulphur		11 grains.
Prepared Calamine		15 grains.
Zinc Oxide		15 grains.
Solution of Lime		I fluid drachm.
Glycerin		30 minims.
Distilled Water to		I fluid ounce.
Mix,		

Lotio Zinci Sulphatis.

D

Take of		
Zinc Sulphate	 	2 grains.
Water	 	I fluid ounce.
Dissolve.		

Mistura Acidi Aromatica.

Take of			
Diluted	Hydroch	loric	ant a more
Acid			7 minims.
Compound	Spirit	of	+
Horserad	ish		10 minims.
Tincture of	Ginger		10 minims.
Infusion of	Calumba,	to	I fluid ounce.
Mix.	Enne:	Dose	: I fluid ounce.

Mistura Acidi Nitro-Hydrochlorici.

Take ofDilutedNitro-Hydro-chloric Acid...Infusion of Chiretta to...I fluid ounce.Mix.Dose : 1 fluid ounce.

Mistura Acidi Sulphurici cum Opio.

Take of		
Diluted Sulphuric Ac	id	20 minims.
Tincture of Opium		10 minims.
Spirit of Chloroform	·*	20 minims.
Camphor Water to		I fluid ounce.
Mix,	Dose	: I fluid ounce.

Mistura Ætheris cum Ammonia. Take of Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia I fluid drachm. Spirit of Ether ... 30 minims. ... I minim. Chloroform ... Camphor Water to ... I fluid ounce. Dose : I fluid ounce. Mix. Mistura Alba. Take of . Light Magnesium Car-... 10 grains. bonate Magnesium Sulphate ... 1 drachm. Peppermint Water ... I fluid ounce. Mix. Dose: I fluid ounce. Mistura Ammoniæ. Take of Ammonium Carbonate ... 4 grains. 20 minims. Treacle Compound Tincture of Lavender ... 20 minims. Peppermint Water to . I fluid ounce. Mix. Dose: I fluid ounce. Mistura Ammonii Acetatis. Take of Solution of Ammonium Acetate ... 4 fluid drachms. ... I fluid ounce. Water to ...

Mix.

Dose: I fluid ounce.

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Mistura Arsenicalis.		
Take of		
Arsenical Solution		4 minims.
Infusion of Quassia to		I fluid ounce,
Mix.	Dose	: I fluid ounce.
Mistura Bismuthi.		
Take of		
Bismuth Carbonate		15 grains.
Sodium Bicarbonate	0	10 grains.
Compound Powder	of	
Tragacanth		10 grains.
Spirit of Chloroform	*	10 minims.
Peppermint Water to		I fluid ounce.
Mix.	Dose	: I fluid ounce.

Mistura Boro-Benzoatis.

Take of		
Ammonium Benzoate		20 grains.
Boric Acid		10 grains.
Tincture of Hyoscyam	nus	30 minims.
Infusion of Buchu to		I fluid ounce.
Mix.	Dose	: I fluid ounce.
listura Bromidi Compo	sita	

Mistura Bromidi Composita.

Take of		
Potassium Bromide		15 grains.
Solution of Strychi	nine	and the spin
Hydrochloride		3 minims.
Tincture of Capsicum	relia di	2 minims.
Peppermint Water		I fluid ounce.
Mix.	Dose	: I fluid ounce.

Mistura Bromidi cum Arsenico.

Take of	
Potassium Bromide	15 grains.
Arsenical Solution	4 minims.
Syrup	I fluid drachm.
Cinnamon Water to	I fluid ounce.
Mix.	Dose : I fluid ounce.

Mistura Buchu Composita.

Take ofPotassium Bicarbonate ...15 grains.Tincture of Hyoscyamus20 minims.Spirit of Chloroform ...10 minims.Infusion of Buchu to ...I fluid ounce.Mix.Dose : I fluid ounce.

Mistura Chloroformi.

Take of
Spirit of ChloroformIO minims.Mucilage of Tragacanth toI fluid ounce.Mix.Dose : I fluid ounce.

Mistura Cinchonæ Acida.

Take ofDilute Nitric Acid... IO minims.Decoction of Cinchona toI fluid ounce.Mix.Dose : I fluid ounce.

Mistura Copaibæ Acida.

Take of		
Copaiba		20 minims.
Dilute Sulphuric Acid		10 minims.
Mucilage of Acacia		$\frac{1}{2}$ fluid ounce.
Water to		I fluid ounce.
Mix.	Dose	: I fluid ounce.

Mistura Copaibæ Alkalina.

20 minims.
, IO minims.
2 fluid drachms.
I fluid ounce.
Dose: I fluid ounce.

Mistura Creosoti Composita.

Take of		
Creosote	14	5 minims.
Almond Oil	idla	40 minims.
Gum Acacia in Pow	vder	20 grains.
Tragacanth in Pow	der	2 grains.
Syrup of Orange		40 minims.
Water to		I fluid ounce.
Mix.	Dose	: I fluid ounce.

Mistura Cretæ Aromatica.

Take of

Aromatic Powder of Chalk30 grains.Cinnamon Water to...I fluid ounce.Mix.Dose : I fluid ounce.

Mistura Cretæ cum Hæmatoxylc.

Take of
Tincture of Catechu30 minims.Chalk Mixture...4 fluid drachms.Decoction of Logwood toI ounce.Mix.Dose: I fluid ounce.

Mistura Effervescens.

Take of Sodium Bicarbonate ... 20 grains.
Water ... I fluid ounce.
Dissolve.
Tartaric Acid ... I8 grains.
Water 4 fluid drachms.
Dissolve. One fluid ounce of the former and half a fluid ounce of the latter to be mixed, and taken whilst effervescing.

Mistura Ergotæ.

Take of				
Liquid	Extract	of E	rgot g	30 minims.
Borax			Baron.	4 grains.
Ammon	ium Carl	oonate	e	4 grains.
Tinctur	e of Cap	sicum	1	3 minims.
Chlorof	orm Wate	er to		I fluid ounce.
Mix.			Dose :	I fluid ounce.

Mistura Ergotæ cum Ferro.

Take ofLiquid Extract of Ergot20 minims.Tincture of Ferric Chloride10 minims.Spirit of Chloroform...Water to...Mix.Dose : I fluid ounce.

Mistura Ergotæ et Potassii Bromidi.

Take ofPotassium Bromide...Liquid Extract of Ergot20 minims.Chloroform Water to...I fluid ounce.Mix.Dose : I fluid ounce.

Mistura Euchlori.

Take of
Potassium Chlorate in
Powder ... 30 grains.
Hydrochloric Acid ... 40 minims.
Mix and allow to stand five minutes, then gradually add (shaking well after each addition)—
Water to 12 fluid ounces.
Then add
Syrup of Orange... I fluid ounce.
Dose : 1 fluid ounce.

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Mistura Ferri Arsenicalis.
Take of
Iron and Ammonium
Citrate 10 grains.
Arsenical Solution 4 minims.
Infusion of Quassia to I fluid ounce.
Mix. Dose : I fluid ounce.
Mistura Ferri cum Ammonia.
Take of
Iron and Ammonium
Citrate 10 grains.
Aromatic Spirit of Am-
monia 30 minims.
Infusion of Quassia to I fluid ounce.
Mix. Dose: 1 fluid ounce.
Mistura Ferri Effervescens.
Take of
Iron and Ammonium
Citrate 5 grains.
Potassium Bicarbonate 20 grains.
Water I fluid ounce.
Dissolve. Add the juice of half a lemon and
drink while effervescing.
Mistura Ferri et Magnesii Sulphatis.
Take of
Ferrous Sulphate 2 grains.
Magnesium Sulphate 20 grains.
Diluted Sulphuric Acid 10 minims.
Water to I fluid ounce.
Mix. Dose: 1 fluid ounce.

Mistura Ferri et Quininæ.

Take of
Solution of Ferric Chloride20 minims.Quinine SulphateI grain.Diluted Hydrochloric Acid5 minims.Dincture of Nux Vomica5 minims.Magnesium Sulphate20 grains.Infusion of Quassia toI fluid ounce.Mix.Dose: I fluid ounce.

Mistura Ferri et Quininæ Citratis.

Take ofIron and Quinine Citrate 5 grains.WaterWaterDissolve.Dose : I fluid ounce.

Mistura Ferri Perchloridi.

Take of
Solution of Ferric Chloride 15 minims.Infusion of Quassia to ... I fluid ounce.Mix.Dose : I fluid ounce.

Mistura Gentianæ.

Take of
Sodium Bicarbonate10 grains.Simple Infusion of Gen-
tian (K.C.H.P.)1 fluid ounce.Mix.Dose : 1 fluid ounce.

3

Mistura Gentianæ Alkalina. Take of Sodium Bicarbonate ... 15 grains. Diluted Hydrocyanic Acid 3 minims. Compound Infusion of Gentian to ... I fluid ounce. Mix. Dose : 1 fluid ounce. Mistura Hydrargyri Biniodidi. Take of Solution of Mercuric

Chloride		30 minims.
Potassium Iodide		10 grains.
Ammonium Carbonate		5 grains.
Decoction of Cinchona	t to	I fluid ounce.
Mix.	Dose	: I fluid ounce.

Mistura Hydrargyri Perchloridi.

Take of
Solution of Mercuric
Chloride ... I fluid drachm.
Decoction of Cinchona to I fluid ounce.
Mix.Mix.Dose : I fluid ounce.

Mistura Ipecacuanhæ cum Ammonia.

Take of

Ammonium Carbonate ...3 grains.Ipecacuanha Wine...IO minims.Chloroform Mixture to ...I fluid ounce.Mix.Dose : I fluid ounce.

Mistura Phenacetini Composita.

Take of		
Ammonium Bromide		10 grains.
Phenacetin		10 grains.
Tincture of Belladonn	a	5 minims.
Compound Powder	of	
Tragacanth		10 grains.
Camphor Water to		I fluid ounce.
Mix.	Dose	: I fluid ounce.

Mistura Potassii Bicarbonatis.

Take of	istura Potagaii Iodi
Potassium Bicarbonate	20 grains.
Chloroform Water	I fluid ounce.
Dissolve.	Dose: I fluid ounce.

Mistura Potassii Bromidi.

Take of	· · · · ·
Potassium Bromide	20 grains.
Chloroform Water	I fluid ounce.
Dissolve.	Dose: I fluid ounce.

Mistura Potassii Citratis.

Take of Potassium Citrate Peppermint Water Mix.

... 20 grains. ... I fluid ounce. Dose : I fluid ounce.

Mistura Potassii Chloratis cum Cinchona.

Take of	Ture of
Potassium Chlorate	10 grains.
Compound Tincture	of
Cinchona	20 minims.
Diluted Nitrohydroch	loric
Acid	10 minims.
Glycerin	40 minims.
Water to	I fluid ounce.
Mix.	Dose: I fluid ounce.

Mistura Potassii Iodidi.

Take of		
Potassium Iodide		5 grains.
Aromatic Spirit of	Am-	THE REAL PROPERTY IS NOT
monia		15 minims.
Infusion of Quassia to	0	I fluid ounce.
Mix.	Dose	: I fluid ounce.

Mistura Potassii Iodidi cum Ferro.

Take of		
Potassium Iodide		5 grains.
Tartarated Iron		10 grains.
Aromatic Spirit of	Am-	
monia		20 minims.
Water to	1	I fluid ounce.
Mix.	Dose	: I fluid ounce.

Mistura Potassii Iodidi cum Stramonio.

Take of	
Potassium Iodide	5 grains.
Extract of Stramoniu	um ¹ / ₃ grain.
Aromatic Spirit of	Am-
monia	20 minims.
Water to	I fluid ounce.
Mix.	Dose: I fluid ounce.

Mistura Quininæ.

Take of
Quinine SulphateI grain.Diluted Sulphuric Acid...5 minims.Chloroform Water to...I fluid ounce.Mix.Dose : Ifluid ounce.

Mistura Quininæ Alkalina.

Take of		Infusion of I
Potassium Bicarbonate		30 grains.
Quinine Sulphate		5 grains.
Mucilage of Tragacar	nth	2 fluid drachms.
Water to		I fluid ounce.
Mix.	Dose .	I fluid ounce.
Mistura Rhei Ammoniata	e al ça	
Take of		
Rhubarb in Powder		5 grains.
Ammonium Carbonate		5 grains.
Infusion of Quassia		4 fluid drachms.
Peppermint Water to		I fluid ounce.
Mix.	Dose	: I fluid ounce.

Mistura Scillæ Composita.

Take of		Take of
Compound Tincture	of	Forward Ward in
Camphor		30 minims.
Tincture of Squills	o . tid	15 minims.
Spirit of Nitrous Ethe	er	15 minims.
Water to		I fluid ounce.
Mix.	Dose	: I fluid ounce.

Mistura Scoparii Composita.

Take ofPotassium Acetate... 20 grains.Potassium Nitrate... 7 grains.Spirit of Nitrous Ether... 30 minims.Spirit of Juniper...... 30 minims.Infusion of Broom to... I fluid ounce.Mix.Dose : I fluid ounce.

Mistura Sodii Salicylatis.

Take of		
Sodium Salicylate		15 grains.
Liquid Extract of	Li-	
quorice		I fluid drachm.
Solution of Ammon	ium	ana unapply
Acetate		1 fluid drachm.
Peppermint Water to		1 fluid ounce.
Mix.	Dose :	I fluid ounce.

Mistura Sodii Sulphatis Composita.

Take of
Sodium Iodide ... 7 grains.Sodium Sulphate ... 15 grains.Tincture of Nux Vomica 7 minims.Infusion of Calumba to ... 1 fluid ounce.Mix.Dose : 1 fluid ounce.

Mistura Valerianæ Ammoniata.

Take of

Ammoniated Tincture of
Valerian20 minims.Camphor Water to...1 fluid ounce.Mix.Dose : 1 fluid ounce.

Mucilago Amyli.

Take of Starch I2 grains.
Distilled Water ... I ounce.
Triturate the starch with the water, gradually added, then boil for a few minutes, constantly stirring.
Preparation, Enema Opii, K.C.H.P.

Oleum Acidi Carbolici.

Take of		
Phenol	 	I part.
Olive Oil	 	19 parts.
Dissolve.		

Oleum Atropinæ.

Take of Atropine Castor Oil .. Dissolve with heat.

4 grains. I fluid ounce.

Oleum Eucalypti Compositum.

Take of		a states.
Oil of Eucaly	otus	 I part.
Olive Oil		 9 parts.
Mix.		- sensi

Oleum Homatropinæ et Cocainæ.

Take of	an Currer of Service
Homatropine (pure)	 9 grains.
Cocaine (pure)	 9 grains.
Castor Oil	 I fluid ounce.
Dissolve with heat.	

Pasta Lassar.

Take of		
Zinc Oxide	 	24 parts.
Starch	 	24 parts.
Salicylic Acid	 	2 parts.
Soft Paraffin	 	50 parts.
Mix.		

Pasta Resorcini et Z	Linci O	xidi.
Take of		
Resorcin		I drachm.
Glycerin		I fluid drachm.
Zinc Oxide .		. I drachm.
Paraffin Oin	tmen	t
(white), to .		I ounce.
Mix.		
Pasta Unna.		
Take of		
Gelatine	2020	15 parts.
Zinc Oxide .		10 parts.
Glycerin		30 parts.
Water		. 40 parts.
Melt and stir carefu	lly, the	n add
Ichthyol (Ammor	1.)	. 2 per cent.
Pigmentum Acidi Sa	lievlie	i.
Take of	unog mor	Solution of Penn
Salicylic Acid		
Glycerin, of each		$\frac{1}{2}$ ounce.
Mix.		2 ounce.
1 descention	a weeks	- Low management
Pigmentum Acidi Su	lphuro	osi Compositum.
Take of		
Sulphurous Acid		. 2 fluid drachms.
		2 fluid drachms.
Water to		. I fluid ounce.
Mix.		

Pigmentum Benzoini Compositum.

Take of			
Compound	Tincture	of	
Benzoin			I part.
Castor Oil			7 parts.
Mix.			a fil a

Pigmentum Catechu et Plumbi.

Take Tincture of Catechu Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate, of each equal parts. Mix.

Pigmentum Ferri Perchloridi.

Take Solution of Ferric Chloride Glycerin, of each ... $\frac{1}{2}$ ounce. Mix.

Pigmentum Hydrargyri Nitratis.

Take of Mercuric Nitrate Ointment ... I drachm. Almond Oil to ... I fluid ounce. Mix.

Pigmentum Ichthyol.

Take of	
Ichthyol	 40 grains.
Hydrous Wool Fat	 $\frac{1}{2}$ ounce.
Liquid Paraffin to	 I fluid ounce.
Mix.	

Pigmentum Iodi.

Take of	
Iodine	 1 drachm.
Potassium Iodide	 20 grains.
Alcohol 90 per cent.	 I fluid ounce.
Dissolve.	

Pigmentum Iodi et Aconiti.

Take of	
Tincture of Iodine	I fluid drachm.
Tincture of Aconite	T master
(Fleming's)	I fluid drachm.
Mix.	

Pigmentum Olei Ricini cum Collodio.

Take of		
Castor Oil	 	I part.
Collodion	 	2 parts.
Dissolve.		

Pigmentum Picis Fortius.

Take

Tar

Methylated Spirit, of each 1 ounce. Dissolve.

Pigmentum Picis Mitius.

Take of			
Tar			 1 drachm.
Methy	lated Sp	pirit	 7 drachms.
Dissolve.			

Pigmentum Zinci Oxidi Compositum.

Take of	
Zinc Oxide	 3 drachms.
Hydrous Wool Fat	 17 drachms.
Liquid Paraffin	 20 drachms.
Mix.	and the substant.

PILULÆ, B.P. See Appendix, p. 110-111.

Pilula Atropinæ.

Take of Atropine Sulphate Milk Sugar Mix for one pill.

Too grain. I grain. Syrup of Glucose a sufficient quantity.

Pilula Calcis Sulphuratæ Composita.

Take of		
Sulphurated Lime .		1 grain.
Extract of Socotrine Aloe	es	1/3 grain.
Quinine Sulphate .	1	grain.
Reduced Iron	. 2	grains.
Gum Acacia Powder		$\frac{1}{3}$ grain.
Syrup of Glucose .		minim.
Mix for one pill.		

Pilula Colocynthidis cum Calomelane.

Take of	
Calomel	2 grains.
Compound Colocynth Pill	3 grains.
Oil of Caraway	‡ minim.
Mix for one pill.	10

Pilula Creosoti.

Take of	
Creosote	I minim.
Hard Soap	I grain.
Liquorice Powder	a sufficient quantity.
Mix for one pill.	a distance of the second second

Pilula Digitalis cum Hydrargyro.

Take of	
Digitalis, in powder	 $\frac{1}{2}$ grain.
Squills, in powder	 I grain.
Mercury Pill	 2 grains.
Mix for one pill.	and the loss of

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Pilula Ergotini.

Take of	
Extract of Ergot	 I grain.
Gallic Acid	 3 grains.
Extract of Krameria	 I grain.
Mix for one pill.	

Pilula Ferri et Nucis Vomicæ.

Take of	
Ferrous Sulphate	$I\frac{1}{2}$ grains.
Extract of Nux Vomica	1/2 grain.
Extract of Gentian to	2 grains.
Mix for one pill.	

Pilula Ferri Laxativa.

Take of		
Exsiccated Ferr	ous	
Sulphate		1 grain.
Aloin		½ grain.
Extract of Case:	ara	
Sagrada		I grain.
Extract of Gentian to		5 grains.
Mix for one pill.		

Pilula Ferri Redacti.

Take of	
Reduced Iron	 5 grains.
Tragacanth Powder	 $\frac{1}{6}$ grain.
Liquorice Powder	 $\frac{1}{3}$ grain.
Syrup of Glucose	 I minim.
Mix for one pill.	

Pilula Hydrargyri cum Cretâ et Opii.

Take of Mercury with Chalk ... 2 grains.
Opium ¹/₄ grain.
Tragacanth, in powder ... ¹/₈ grain.
Syrup of Glucose a sufficient quantity.
Mix for one pill.

Pilula Hydrargyri cum Opio.

Take of		
Mercury Pill	 	2 grains.
Opium	 	$\frac{1}{4}$ grain.
Mix for one pill.		

Pilula Hydrargyri cum Rheo.

Take of Mercury Pill Compound Rhubarb Pill of each 23 grains.

Mix for one pill.

Pilula Hydrargyri et Quininæ.

Take of
Mercury Pill...I grain.Quinine Sulphate...I grain.Liquid Glucosea sufficient quantity.Mix for one pill.

Pilula Ichthyol. Take of

Ichthyol	 $2\frac{1}{2}$ grains.
Liquorice Powder	 $2\frac{1}{4}$ grains.
Tragacanth	 ³ / ₄ grain.
Mix for one pill.	and to an

Pilula Menthol.

Take of		
Menthol		2 grains.
Liquorice Powder		1/2 grain.
Hard Soap in powder		1 grain.
Syrup		- (main)
Alcohol	of	each equal parts, a
In the second second second	5	sufficient quantity.

, a

Mix for one pill.

Pilula Quininæ et Opii.

Take of	
Quinine Sulphate	I grain.
Opium	¹ / ₄ grain.
Tartaric Acid	$\frac{1}{8}$ grain.
Water	a sufficient quantity.
Mix for one pill.	

Pilula Zinci cum Belladonnâ.

Take of Zinc Oxide ... 3 grains. Green Extract of Belladonna ½ grain. Syrup of Glucose a sufficient quantity. Mix for one pill.

Pix Liquida cum Sapone.

Take of			
Tar		 	2 drachms.
Soft S	oap	 	6 drachms.
Mix.	m. a. Tal		

Pulvis Acidi Borici (Aural).

Take of

Boric Acid, in powder ... 6 drachms.

- Injection for Ear :- Dissolve the powder in an ordinary wine-bottle of water and use a large wineglassful with a little hot water for syringing the ear.
- N.B.-Water which has been previously boiled must be used.

Pulvis Aluminis et Acidi Tannici.

Take of
Tannic Acid ... I drachm.
Alum ... 3 drachms.
Dissolve the powder in a pint of hot water, and use a wineglassful as a gargle night and morning.
N.B.—Water which has been previously boiled must be used.

Pulvis Amyli Compositus. Dusting Powder. See Children's Formulæ.

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Pulvis Boracis.

Take of

Borax, in Powder ... I ounce.

- Injection for Nostrils :—As much as will lie on a shilling to be dissolved in a wineglassful of warm water, and injected gently down the nostrils.
- N.B.—Water which has been previously boiled must be used.

Pulvis Calomelanos et Amyli.

Take

Mercurous Chloride

Starch, of each ... equal parts. Mix. To be used externally.

Pulvis Calomelanos et Zinci.

Take

Mercurous Chloride Zinc Oxide, of each ... equal parts. Mix. To be used externally.

Pulvis Iodoformi et Acidi Borici.

Take

Iodoform

Boric Acid Powder, of each equal parts. Mix. To be used externally.

Pulvis Jalapæ Alkalinus.

Take of Potassium Nitrate

Jalap in Powder, of each 10 grains. Mix. Dose : 20 to 40 grains.

Pulvis Zinci Compositus (Aural).

Take of	
Zinc Sulphate, Exsiccated	22 grains.
Lead Acetate	25 grains.
Sulphurated Antimony	10 grains.
Creosote	6 minims.
Dissolve the powder in a pin with equal parts of warm	

with equal parts of warm water as an injection for the ears, night and morning.

N.B.—Water which has been previously boiled must be used.

Pulvis Zinci et Acidi Carbolici (Aural).

Take of

Zinc Sulphate, Exsiccated 33 grains.

Phenol IO grains.

Dissolve the powder in a pint of water, and use, with equal parts of warm, as an injection for the ears night and morning.

N.B.—Water which has been previously boiled should be used.

Spiritus Saponis Alkalinus.

Take of	
Soft Soap	2 ounces.
Methylated Spirit	I fluid ounce.
Dissolve.	

SUPPOSITORIA, B.P.

- Suppositoria Acidi Carbolici, each contains I grain of Phenol.
- Suppositoria Acidi Tannici, each contains 3 grains of Tannic Acid.
- Suppositoria Belladonnæ, each contains 12 grains Alcoholic Extract of Belladonna.
- Suppositoria Glycerini, 30, 60 or 120 grain Suppositories, containing 70 per cent. Glycerin.
- Suppositoria Iodoformi, each contains 3 grains of Iodoform.
- Suppositoria Morphinæ, each contains $\frac{1}{4}$ grain of Morphine Hydrochloride.
- Suppositoria Plumbi Composita, each contains 3 grains of Lead Acetate and 1 grain of Opium.

Tinctura Aconiti (Dr. Fleming's).

- This preparation is made the same strength as the present B.P. Liniment of Aconite, 1 in 1¹/₂, but without Camphor.
- Preparation, Pigmentum Iodi et Aconiti, K.C.H.P.

TROCHISCI, B.P.

- **Trochiscus Acidi Benzoici** contains $\frac{1}{2}$ grain of Benzoic Acid.
- Trochiscus Acidi Carbolici contains I grain of Phenol.
- **Trochiscus Acidi Tannici** contains $\frac{1}{2}$ grain of Tannic Acid.
- Trochiscus Bismuthi Compositus contains 2 grains of Bismuth Oxycarbonate, &c.
- Trochiscus Catechu contains I grain of Catechu.
- Trochiscus Eucalypti Gummi contains 1 grain of Eucalyptus Gum.
- Trochiscus Ferri Redacti contains I grain of Reduced Iron.
- Trochiscus Guaiaci Resinæ contains 3 grains of Guaiacum Resin.
- Trochiscus Ipecacuanhæ contains ¹/₄ grain of ~ Ipecacuanha Root in powder.
- Trochiscus Krameriæ contains I grain of Extract of Krameria.
- **Trochiscus Krameriæ et Cocainæ** contains I grain of Extract of Krameria and $\frac{1}{20}$ th grain Cocaine Hydrochloride.
- **Trochiscus Morphinæ** contains $\frac{1}{36}$ th grain of Morphine Hydrochloride.

- **Trochiscus Morphinæ et Ipecacuanhæ** contains $\frac{1}{36}$ th grain Morphine Hydrochloride and $\frac{1}{12}$ th grain Ipecacuanha Root in powder.
- Trochiscus Potassii Chloratis contains 3 grains of Potassium Chlorate.
- Trochiscus Santonini contains I grain of Santonin.
- Trochiscus Sodii Bicarbonatis contains 3 grains of Sodium Bicarbonate.
- Trochiscus Sulphuris contains 5 grains of Precipitated Sulphur, &c.

UNGUENTA, B.P. See Appendix, p. 123.

Unguentum Acidi Borici et Zinci Oxidi.

Take

Boric Acid Ointment

Zinc Ointment, of each equal parts.

Mix.

Unguentum Calomelanos et Hydrargyri Ammoniati.

Take of

Calomel 40 grains. Ammoniated Mercury ... 20 grains. Paraffin Ointment, White,

to ... I ounce. Mix.

Unguentum Cyanidi.

Take of Mercuro-Zinc Cyanide ... 3 grains. Paraffin Ointment ... 1 ounce. Mix.

Unguentum Diachyli

Take

Lead Plaster Soft Paraffin (yellow), of each equal parts. Oil of Lavender... a sufficiency. Mix.

Unguentum Hydrargyri Ammoniati Dilutum.

Take of

Ammoniate d	Me	ercury	
Ointment			I part.
Benzoated Lard			4 parts.
Mix.		Ibush	intens Idi

Unguentum Hydrargyri Bisulphidi Compositum.

Take of

Precipitated Sulphur	 30 grains.
Bisulphide of Mercury	 20 grains.
Soft Soap	 2 drachm
Benzoated Lard to	 I ounce,
Mix.	

S.
Unguentum Hydrargyri Flavi Dilutum.
Take of
Yellow Mercuric Oxide 12 grains.
Soft Paraffin, yellow I ounce.
Mix.
Unguentum Hydrargyri Flavi et Atropinæ.
Take of
Diluted Yellow Mercuric
Oxide Ointment I ounce.
Atropine Sulphate 4 grains.
Mix.
Unguentum Hydrargyri Oxidi Rubri Dilutum.
Take of
Red Mercuric Oxide
Ointment 2 drachms.
Soft Paraffin, yellow 6 drachms.
Mix.
Unguentum Ichthyol.
Take of
Ichthyol I part.
Paraffin Ointment 9 parts,
Mix.
Unguentum Lanolini.
Take of
Hydrous Wool Fat 2 parts,
Soft Paraffin I part,
Mix.

Unguentum Metallorum.

Take of Zinc Ointment Lead Acetate Ointment Mercuric Nitrate Ointment of each equal parts.

Mix.

Unguentum Olei Crotonis.

Take of	
Croton Oil	 I fluid drachm.
Benzoated Lard	 I ounce.
Mix.	

Unguentum Olei Rusci.

Take of		
Birch Tar Oil		I fluid drachm.
Soft Paraffin to	· ····	I ounce.
Mix.		.ZiM

Unguentum Plumbi Compositum.

lake of		
Lead Acetate	 Tipelo	8 grains.
Zinc Oxide	 	I drachm.
Phenol	 	30 grains.
Soft Paraffin	 n sui.	I ounce.
Mix.		

Unguentum Sulphuris et Acidi Salicylici.

Take of Precipitate Sulphur ... 15 grains. Salicylic Acid ... IO grains. Benzoated Lard to

... I ounce.

Mix.

Unguentum Sulphuris Iodidi.

Take of Sulphur Iodide ... IO grains. Precipitated Sulphur ... 10 grains. Fresh Lard I ounce. Mix.

Unguentum Zinci et Lanolini.

Take Zinc Ointment Soft Paraffin Hydrous Wool Fat, of each equal parts. Mix.

Yapor Benzoini.

Take of Compound Tincture of ... I fluid drachm. Benzoin Water at 140° F. ... I pint. To be mixed in a suitable apparatus for inhalation.

Vapor Coninæ.

Take of

Juice of Conium	 30 minims.
Solution of Potash	 I fluid drachm.
Distilled Water	 I fluid ounce.
Mix.	

Put 20 minims of the mixture on a sponge in a suitable apparatus, so that the vapour of hot water passing over it may be inhaled.

Yapor Creosoti.

Take of		
Creosote		$\frac{1}{2}$ ounce.
Light Magnesium	Car-	Linke Maria
bonate		11 drachms.
Water to		3 fluid ounces.
Mix.		Robitle City
One teaspoonful in a	pint of	water at 150° F.
to be mixed in a	and the second s	

inhalation.

Vapor Iodi.

Take of Tincture of Iodine ... I fluid drachm. Water ... I fluid ounce. Mix in a suitable apparatus which can be gently heated, and let the vapour which arises be inhaled.

Vapor Iodi et Acidi Carbolici.

Take of	
Tincture of Iodine	2 fluid drachms.
Phenol	2 drachms.
Thymol	I drachm.
Chloroform	30 minims.
Alcohol 90 per cent. to	I fluid ounce.
Dissolve.	1993a oliinkun
Ten or twenty drops twice on	three times daily

on a dry inhaler.

Vapor Pini Sylvestris.

abor True altroportion		
Take of		
Fir Wood Oil		40 minims.
Light Magnesium	Car-	
bonate		20 grains.
Water		a sufficiency.
Rub the Oil with the	Carbo	nate of Magnesia,
and gradually add	sufficie	ent water to pro-
duce one fluid ounce	min	anite suize

Put one fluid drachm of this mixture with $\frac{1}{2}$ pint of cold water and $\frac{1}{2}$ pint of boiling water, into an apparatus so arranged that air may be made to pass through the solution and may afterwards be inhaled.

Vaselinum Acidi Borici.

Take of

Boric Acid, in fine powder 10 grains.

Soft Paraffin (white) ... I ounce. Mix.

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Yaselinum Belladonnæ.

Take of			
Green Extract	of	Bella-	
donna		101.	I part.
Soft Paraffin			1 part.
Mix.			

Vaselinum Eucalypti.

Take of		
Oil of Eucalyp	tus	 1 drachm.
Soft Paraffin	140.01.	 I ounce.
Mix.		

Vaselinum Hydrargyri.

Take of		
Mercury Ointment		I part.
Soft Paraffin	10/879.00	I part.
Mix.		

ladouppe of Potassii Broui

FORMULÆ FOR CHILDREN.

The Doses are suitable for children twelve months old.

Linimentum Terebinthinæ Dilutum.

Take Turpentine Liniment, Olive Oil — of each equal parts. Mix.

Lotio Carbonis Detergens.

Take of Solution of Coal Tar ... 2 fluid drachms. Water to 20 fluid ounces. Mix.

Mistura Belladonnæ et Potassii Bromidi.

Take of

Potassium Bromide		2 grains.
Tincture of Bellador	nna	2 minims.
Syrup of Tolu		20 minims.
Chloroform Mixture	to	I fluid drachm.
Mix.	Dose :	I fluid drachm.

Mistura Carminativa.

Take of		
Sodium Bicarbonate		$I\frac{1}{2}$ grains.
Aromatic Spirit of	Am-	Internetasal
monia	61.B	1 ¹ / ₂ minims.
Glycerin	m	10 minims.
Peppermint Water to	o	I fluid drachm.
Mix.	Dose :	I fluid drachm.

Mistura Ferri et Aloes.

Take of
Potassium Citrate ... 3 grains.
Iron Wine (K.C.H.P.)... 30 minims.
Compound Decoction of
Aloes to ... I fluid drachm.
Mix. Dose (for children over 4 years):
I to 2 fluid drachms.

Mistura Ipecacuanhæ cum Scilla.

Take of			
Ammonium Carbona	ate	12	grain.
Ipecacuanha Wine		$2\frac{1}{2}$	minims.
Syrup of Squills		4	minims.
Glycerin	65.60×96	5	minims.
Chloroform Mixture	to	I	fluid drachm.
Mix.	Dose :	If	auid drachm.

Mistura Ipecacuanhæ Opiata.

Take of				
Potassium Cit	rate	4.4.	2	grains.
Ipecacuanha '	Wine		$2\frac{1}{2}$	minims.
Spirit of Nitro			$2\frac{1}{2}$	minims.
Compound 7	F incture	of		Siyderin .
Camphor			$2\frac{1}{2}$	minims.
Water to	P.S.		I	fluid drachm.
Mix.	L	Dose:	I/	luid drachm.

Mistura Magnesii Sulphatis cum Rheo.

Take ofMagnesium Sulphate5 grains.Tincture of Rhubarb10 minims.Syrup of Ginger5 minims.Caraway Water to1 fluid drachm.Mix.Dose : 1 fluid drachm.

Mistura Olei Morrhuæ.

Take of		
Solution of Lime		15 minims.
Glycerin		5 minims.
Spirit of Peppermint		
Cod Liver Oil to		I fluid drachm.
Mix.	Dose:	I fluid drachm.

Mistura Olei Morrhuæ cum Ferro.

Take of		
Cod Liver Oil	19.0.20	30 minims.
Gum Acacia Powder	r	7 grains.
Spirit of Aniseed		I minim.
Spirit of Chloroform	ban	2 minims.
Iron Wine		30 minims.
Mix.	Dose:	I fluid drachm.

Mistura Olei Ricini.

Take of	
Castor Oil	5 minims.
Mucilage of Gum Acacia	15 minims.
Peppermint Water to	I fluid drachm.
A REAL PROPERTY AND A REAL	: I fluid drachm.

Mistura Podophylli et Nucis Vomicæ.

Take of	ifferentation of the f
Tincture of Podophyllin	1 minim.
Tincture of Nux Vomica	$\frac{1}{2}$ minim.
Glycerin	10 minims.
Dill Water to	I fluid drachm.
Mix. Dose :	I fluid drachm.

Mistura Rhei cum Sodâ.

Take of		
Rhubarb in powder		I grain.
Sodium Bicarbonate		$\frac{1}{2}$ grain.
Syrup of Ginger		$7\frac{1}{2}$ minims.
Peppermint Water to		I fluid drachm.
Mix. Z	Dose :	I fluid drachm.

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Pulvis Amyli Composite	us.
Take of	
Boric Acid Powder	I part.
Zinc Oxide	
Starch	
Mix. To be used	externally, as dusting
powder.	I non Wine
Pulvis Hydrargyri cum	Cretâ et Sodâ.
Take of	
Mercury with Chalk	$\dots \frac{1}{2}$ grain.
Sodium Bicarbonate	
Aromatic Powder	The second
Chalk	2 grains.
Mix.	Dose: 3 to 5 grains.
Pulvis Hydrargyri Opia	tus.
Take of	
Mercury with Chalk	1 grain

Mercury with Chalk	$\dots \frac{1}{2}$ grain.
Compound Powder	of
Ipecacuanaha	$\dots \frac{1}{2}$ grain.
Mix.	Dose : $\frac{1}{2}$ to I grain.

Pulvis Rhei cum Hydrargyro.

Take of				
Compound	Powder	of		
Rhubarb			2	grains.
Mercury with	Chalk		1/2	grain.
Mix.		Dose	: :	3 to 5 grains.

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Pulvis Rhei cum Sodâ.

Take of		
Rhubarb in Powder		2 grains.
Ginger in powder		$\frac{1}{2}$ grain.
Sodium Bicarbonate	0.1.1	$I\frac{1}{2}$ grain.
Mix.		Dose: 4 grains

Pulvis Santonini Compositus.

Take of				it Inin Albana
Santonin			2	grains.
Compound	Powder	of		min be davoure
Scammony			2	grains.
Calomel			$\frac{1}{2}$	grain.
Mix.	an page	TF-C	0,110	mun 10013013
Dose (for childs	ren over 4	yea:	rs):	3 to 5 grains.

Pulvis Sodæ cum Papain.

Take of	
Sodium Bicarbonate	 2 grains
Papain (Finkler)	 1 grain.
Mix.	Dose : 3 grains.

Vinum Ferri.

Take of		sil ino y		
Iron a	and	Ammoni	um	blog shill a driv
Citra	te	glood of		$2\frac{1}{2}$ grains
Alcohol	(90 p	er cent.)		$7\frac{1}{2}$ minims.
Water t	0	·····		I fluid drachm.
Mix.		D	ose:	I fluid drachm.

APPENDIX.

PREPARATION OF FOODS.

Albumen Water.—The white of one raw egg, or of two, is cut in several directions with a clean scissors, and then mixed with half a pint of cold water (by shaking well together in a bottle); this may be flavoured with a little cinnamon water.

Arrowroot.—Take one dessertspoonful of arrowroot, mix into a thin paste with a little cold milk or water; pour half a pint of boiling milk or water quickly over it, and then boil slowly for five minutes with constant stirring.

Barley Water.—For infants, put two teaspoonfuls of well-washed pearl barley into a pint of cold water, boil slowly down to two-thirds of a pint, and strain; for adults, a large tablespoonful of barley may be used in the same way. A simpler and quicker method is to use Prepared Barley; for infants, mix one heaped teaspoonful with a little cold water to make a thin paste, then add boiling water to half a pint, pour into saucepan and boil for five minutes with constant stirring. For adults, a heaped dessertspoonful should be used in the same way. Beef Tea.—Take one pound of lean beef (remove all skin, fat, and gristle), cut it into small cubes about a quarter of an inch square; place it in a jar and add one pint of cold water. Stand the jar in a saucepan of cold water over a slow fire, or better, in a hot oven, and allow to simmer for four hours; strain, and take off any scum from the surface with clean paper or spoon; add boiling water to make one pint.

Gruel.—Take one dessertspoonful of fine oatmeal and mix into a thin cream with a little cold water, stir this into half-pint of water which has not quite come to boiling point, then let it boil gently, with frequent stirring, for quarter of an hour.

Imperial Drink.—See Haustus Imperialis. A simple method is to dissolve a large teaspoonful of cream of tartar in one pint of boiling water, add a little sugar, flavour with lemon peel, and strain when cold.

Lemonade.—Peel a lemon, carefully removing all the white part, cut it into thin slices, and add a thin piece of the rind, pour over it half a pint of boiling water, sweeten with sugar, and strain when cold.

Peptonised Beef Tea.--

Take of

Finely Minced Beef $\frac{1}{2}$ pound.Sodium Bicarbonate...Cold water...Ipint.

Let this mixture simmer for one and a half hours, and when cooled to about 140° F. (as hot as finger can comfortably bear), add Liquor Pancreatis, B.P., or Benger's Liquor Pancreaticus, 2 drachms, or Armour's Extractum Pancreatis, 5 grains; keep the mixture warm in front of the fire for two hours with occasional stirring, then strain and boil.

Peptonised Milk.--

Take of

Cold Milk...Ipint.Boiling water... $\frac{1}{2}$ pint.

Add to this

Extractum Pancreatis

(Armour's) ... 5 grains.

Sodium Bicarbonate ... 10 grains.

Keep the mixture warm in front of the fire ten minutes, then boil. Instead of the powder mentioned, one tube of Fairchild's Zymine may be used, or two teaspoonfuls of Liquor Pancreatis with 20 grains of Sodium Bicarbonate.

Raw Meat Juice.—Take a quarter of a pound of lean beef or mutton finely minced in a cup; add just enough cold water to cover it; allow it to stand covered in a cool place for one hour, then strain through muslin, squeezing out the juice from the meat as completely as possible. Dose for an infant 6-12 months old, one to four tablespoonfuls in the twenty-four hours.

Whey.—Add one teaspoonful of Essence of Rennet or Benger's Curdling Fluid to a pint of milk which has been warmed to about 100° F.; let it stand before the fire until the curd has set, then break up the curd thoroughly with a fork; allow to stand fifteen minutes, then strain off the curd and heat the whey to the boiling point.

White-Wine Whey.—Take half a pint of milk and heat it nearly to boiling point; add 2 ounces of common sherry, and let the mixture simmer until the curd has separated, then strain. Lemon whey is made similarly by adding one teaspoonful of lemon juice to half a pint of milk.

Nutrient Enemata.

These should be given through a No. 8 catheter, to which a glass funnel is connected by a rubber tube about twelve inches long. The catheter should be warmed and oiled before use, and then passed upwards about six inches. A nutrient enema as a rule should not be larger than 4 ounces.

For an adult.

(I) Beef Tea

Milk

... 2 fluid ounces. ... 2 fluid ounces.

Heat together to about 140° F. (as hot as the finger can comfortably bear); then add Liquor Pancreatis 3i, and Bicarbonate of Soda, 20 grains, and keep warm for one hour. Brandy, $\frac{1}{2}$ ounce can be added if necessary.

(2) Yolk of I egg

Milk 4 fluid ounces.

Beat up together, warm to about 140° F.; then add Liquor Pancreatis, 1 fluid drachm, Bicarbonate of Soda, 20 grains, common salt, 20 grains, and keep warm for one hour.

A nutrient enema should be given at a temperature of about 98° F. For children under six years of age a nutrient enema should not exceed 2 fluid ounces.

Larger enemata, given at longer intervals, are sometimes useful, especially where prolonged rectal feeding is required. The quantity may be gradually increased up to as much as 8 ounces or even half a pint; these must be injected very slowly (quarter of an hour for half a pint).

In any case where rectal feeding is used, the bowel should be washed out with a plain water enema once in each twenty-four hours, about one hour previous to a feed.

ARTIFICIAL INFANT FEEDING.

If the mother is unable to suckle her infant, the best food in most cases is cow's milk diluted with water, barley water, or with a mixture of water and lime water. The following table may serve as a guide, but infants vary considerably in their power of digestion.

QUANTITY AND FREQUENCY OF ARTIFICIAL FEEDS.

Are	Intervals.	Quantity of	Proportion of Milk to Diluent
Ist week	 2 hours	$I - I \frac{1}{2} OZS$	· I:3
1-4 wks.	 2 hours	$1\frac{1}{2}-2\frac{1}{2}$ ozs	I:2
I-3 mths.	 $2-2\frac{1}{2}$ hrs	21-4 ozs	2:3
3-5 mths.	 3 hours	4 -5 ozs.	I:I
5-7 mths.	 3 hours	5 -6 ozs	2.1
7-9 mths.	 3 hours	6 -8 ozs	3:1

Sugar must be added to the diluted milk in the proportion of one level teaspoonful of milk sugar, or a lump about half an inch square of ordinary white lump sugar, to a three-ounce feed. If possible, half to one teaspoonful of fresh cream should be added to each feed.

Cows' milk, directly it is received, should be partially sterilised by heating just to the boiling point; it must then be cooled rapidly and kept in a closely stoppered vessel. Prolonged boiling injures milk.

After nine months, or in the case of a strong infant as early as the seventh month, one or two of the milk feeds in the day may be thickened with one of the partially malted cereal preparations (some of the infant foods), or a rusk softened in boiling water and soaked in milk may be allowed. At ten months the yolk of a lightly boiled egg or some boiled custard may be given once in the day.

After twelve months, crumbled stale bread soaked in milk or in the red gravy from underdone meat may be allowed, and a little mealy potato, well mashed, may be given in the same way two or three times a week. Milk puddings, rice, tapioca or sago well cooked, and a thin slice of bread and butter, or a sponge cake, may be allowed at about fifteen months.

After eighteen months, a little finely minced or shredded underdone mutton or beef may be added to the diet. Milk must continue the chief article of diet until the child is two years old.

EXTERNAL THERAPEUTIC METHODS.

Application of Leeches.-Wash the part to which the leech is to be applied with soap and water. Wipe the leech gently with a soft cloth, place it in a test-tube which has previously been half filled with cotton wool, and keep the mouth of the test-tube gently pressed against the part chosen until the leech bites. Moistening the skin with milk, or with sugar and water, or if necessary with a drop of blood, may be tried if the leech will not bite otherwise. Leeches usually fall off when full; if not, sprinkle salt on them. Leave the leech in salt until it has disgorged the blood, then wash it in fresh water and keep in a jar of fresh water covered with a finely perforated lid. To stop the bleeding apply a thin film of cotton wool or a small pad with pressure. Leech bites should always be watched for a few hours to see that they do not bleed afresh. A leech sucks nearly I drachm.

Dry Cupping.—Place a small strip of blottingpaper, soaked in methylated spirit, in a warm cupping-glass, or ordinary wine-glass, having previously moistened the edge of the glass with water or oil. Light the paper, quickly invert the glass over the place chosen, and press it firmly against the skin. The closure of the glass extinguishes the flame, and a partial vacuum being formed the skin rises inside the glass.

Wet cupping is done similarly, but before applying the glass small incisions are made in the skin with a scalpel, or with a special scarificator.

Hot Packs.—Roll under the patient a large bed-mackintosh with three blankets over it. Strip the patient, take a sheet or blanket well wrung out of boiling water, roll it under, and wrap it closely round him up to his neck; then quickly wrap the under dry blankets round him and finally the mackintosh. Keep him in the hot pack about twenty minutes after he begins to sweat, then remove the blankets and mackintosh, and wrap him in a warm dry blanket in which he should be left one hour. Then rub dry with warm towels and redress the patient.

Cold Packs.—Place the patient on a mackintosh with a sheet previously dipped in cold water over it; then lay over him another sheet dipped in cold water, and after ten minutes replace it by a third sheet similarly wetted. Iced water may be used if necessary. Continue the changing of the top wet sheet thus until the temperature is reduced as desired, then remove both wet sheets and mackintosh dry and redress.

Poultices, see Cataplasma.

Hot Turpentine Stupe.—Put turpentine 5i. —3ss. according to strength required into a warm jug, and mix with it one pint of boiling water; pour over lint, wring, and apply as a hot fomentation. For infants and young children it is convenient to place the dry lint on a wringing cloth, sprinkle over it 3ii. turpentine, then cover up in the wringing cloth, pour over it one pint of boiling water, wring and apply. Watch carefully; eight to fifteen minutes may be enough for a child.

Cold Turpentine Stupe.—Take a piece of flannel and wring it thoroughly out of turpentine ; apply cold as a fomentation ; turn up the edge of the flannel frequently, and remove when the skin is well reddened. Three minutes or even less may be enough for a young child.

Preparation for Pilocarpin Injection.— Strip the patient, wrap him in hot blankets, place hot-water bottles at his feet, and give him hot drinks freely. After the pilocarpin injection, when the sweating has ceased, remove the blankets, dry the skin quickly and thoroughly, and leave the patient between warm dry blankets.

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TESTS FOR ALBUMEN.

(1) Salicyl-sulphonic Acid.—To the urine in a test-tube add a few drops of saturated solution of salicyl-sulphonic acid; a white precipitate is produced if albumen or other proteids are present. If a precipitate is formed, try one of the other tests for albumen. This test is useful as a rapid method for excluding the presence of albumen.

(2) Boiling with Acetic Acid.—Fill a testtube three-quarters full with urine, boil only the upper part over a spirit lamp, then add two or three drops of acetic acid ; a white precipitate on boiling not dissolved by the acetic acid indicates albumen (a white precipitate on adding acetic acid may indicate mucus, but this occurs also in the cold urine).

(3) Strong Nitric Acid.—Pour the acid into a test-tube to a depth of about three-quarters of an inch. Carefully pour the urine down the side of the test-tube so that it floats on the acid. A white ring (not crystalline, and not dissolved by boiling) at the junction of the liquids indicates albumen.

(4) Saturated Solution of Picric Acid.— Made with distilled water. Place the urine in a test-tube and pour an equal quantity of picric acid carefully down the side of the tube so as to mix as little as possible. If much albumen is present, a whitish precipitate, not dissolved by heating, is formed at the line of contact in the cold. If alkaline, the urine should be made just acid with one or two drops of acetic acid before doing this test.

Quantitative Estimation of Albumen.

Esbach's	Solution	(I per	cent.	Picri	c Acid)	:
Picric	Acid	other of	49:	871	grains.	
Citric	Acid			175	grains.	
Water				I	pint.	

Fill an Esbach's tube with the urine (made just acid with acetic acid if necessary) up to the mark U; then add the Esbach's solution up to the mark R; invert the tube gently so as to mix the fluid without shaking; let it stand twenty-four hours. The height of the precipitate is then read off from the scale. The graduations are in parts per 1,000, so that dividing by 10 gives the percentage of albumen, or multiplying by '4375 gives the quantity in grains per ounce.

TESTS FOR SUGAR.

(I) Fehling's Solution.—

Copper Sulphate	 606	3 grains
Tartarated Soda	 2975	grains.
Caustic Potash	 2975	grains.
Distilled Water	 2	pints.

Boil some of this solution in a test-tube, then gradually add the urine in small quantities, and boil for half a minute after each addition. A yellow or orange red precipitate indicates sugar.

If separate solutions of copper sulphate and of caustic potash are used (Trommer's test), these should be mixed in the test-tube just before boiling; enough of the alkaline solution must be added to turn the copper sulphate solution a clear dark blue colour; then after boiling gradually add the urine.

(2) Picric Acid and Liquor Potassæ (Johnson's Test).—Take some urine in a testtube, add an equal quantity of saturated solution of picric acid; boil and add liquor potassæ (also = quantity of urine). A deep claret red colour, especially if the fluid becomes opaque, indicates sugar.

(3) Liquor Potassæ.—Boil together equal quantities of the urine and of liquor potassæ; the liquid first becomes brownish yellow, and then after some time a dark red if sugar is present.

(4) Fermentation Test.—Divide one specimen of urine into two parts and take the specific gravity. Add to one part a small piece of brewer's yeast, and keep both parts in a warm place for twenty-four hours. If sugar is present fermentation occurs in the specimen containing the yeast, and the specific gravity becomes lower than in the other specimen. When fermentation is complete the quantity of sugar can be roughly estimated by the diminution of specific gravity; each degree of density lost = I grain of sugar per ounce.

Quantitative Estimation of Sugar.

(1) Johnson's Picro-saccharimeter. -- Measure urine 3i. in a test-tube; add to this picric acid 3i., liquor potassæ 3ss, water 3iss. Boil one minute (the mixture becomes a deep brown colour), then allow to cool. Fill the graduated tube of the saccharimeter up to the mark 10 with the boiled mixture, and then dilute gradually with water until the colour is the same as that of the standard (solution in standard closed tube = liquor ferri perchloridi 5i., liquor ammonii acetatis 3iv., glacial acetic acid 3iv., liquor ammoniæ 3i., water to Ziv.). Read off the height of the mixture thus diluted; the result divided by 10 gives the quantity of sugar present in the urine in grains per ounce. If the specific gravity of the urine originally is over 1033 (i.e., probably contains more than 15 grains of sugar to the ounce), it should be diluted five or ten times before beginning the estimation; the result must be multiplied accordingly.

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(2) Ammoniated Cupric Test (Pavy). - The following solution is used :-

Copper Sulphate	4.158 grammes.
Tartarated Soda	20'400 grammes.
Caustic Potash	20'400 grammes.
Strong Solution	of
Ammonia	300 cubic centimetres.
Water to	I litre.

Of this solution 10 cc. is reduced by '005 gramme of glucose.

Dilute the urine ten to fifty times according as there is much or little sugar present, and pour it into a burette (graduated in cubic centimetres), being careful to fill the whole tube below the tap as well as above before commencing the estimation. Take 10 cc. of the Pavy's solution in a flask, and dilute with twice that quantity of water, boil, and as it boils run in the urine from the burette slowly until the blue colour just disappears from the Pavy's solution; then read off the number of cc. of urine used. Suppose the urine was originally diluted thirty times, and 6 cc. were required—

Then $\frac{6}{30}$ cc. of urine	reduces 10 cc. of Pavy's
solution— =	.005 grammes of glucose.
\therefore 1 cc. of urine =	<u>•005 × 30</u> 6
1,000 cc. of urine =	$\frac{.005 \times 30 \times 1,000}{6}$
	25 parts per 1,000, or

grammes per litre.

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To convert into grains per ounce multiply by '4375.

Quantitative Estimation of Urea.

Mayhew's Apparatus.—Hold the curved tube so that the graduated part slopes slightly downwards, and pour in 37 cc. (3xss) of sodium hypobromite solution; carefully place the small measure containing I cc. of urine in the larger open end of the tube, which is then corked. The tube is now rotated in the direction of the hands of a clock until the graduated part is vertical. In this way the urine is mixed with the sodium hypobromite in the upper arm, and nitrogen is liberated. Leave the tube standing thus for twenty minutes, then read off the level of the solution in the graduated part. The graduations are in grains per ounce, and also in parts per cent.

The sodium hypobromite solution is made thus:—Caustic soda, $3\frac{1}{2}$ ounces; water, 9 ounces; dissolve and when cold add bromine 7 drachms. Or it may be made freshly each time by adding 2'2 cc. of bromine to 35 cc. of a 40 per cent. solution of caustic soda.

TEST FOR BLOOD.

Guaiacum Test. —Add two or three drops of tincture of guaiacum to the urine in a test-tube and shake. Add about half drachm of ozonic ether and shake very gently; a blue colour at the junction of the fluids indicates blood.

TESTS FOR BILE PIGMENT.

(1) Nitric Acid.—Shake some urine in a testtube until there is a froth on the surface, then run one or two drops of strong nitric acid carefully down the side of the test-tube; a play of colours seen in the froth indicates bile pigment. Or one or two drops of urine may be placed on a white plate beside a drop of strong nitric acid; as these run together the play of colours is seen where they mix.

(2) Tincture of lodine.—Pour carefully on to the surface of the urine in a test-tube a few rops of tincture of iodine, shake very gently; a green colour at the junction of the fluids indicates bile pigment.

EHRLICH DIAZO REACTION.

Urine Test for Enteric Fever.—Solution A: Saturated solution of sulphanilic acid in dilute (I in 20) hydrochloric acid. Solution B: '5 per cent. solution of sodium nitrite in distilled water.

Mix forty parts of A with one of B just before use, add an equal quantity of urine, and shake until there is a froth on surface. Add a few drops of strong ammonia; a pink colour in the froth indicates enteric (it occurs, however, occasionally in other diseases).

STAINS.

Stain for Tubercle Bacilli.

Solution A. Pure Carbolic Acid 5 grammes. Absolute Alcohol 10 cub. cent. Distilled Water ... 100 cub. cent. Dissolve and add Fuchsine ... I gramme. Absolute Alcohol ... 5 cub. cent.

- B. 25 per cent. Solution of Sulphuric Acid.
 - C. Methylated Spirit.

,,

D. Concentrated Solution of Methylene Blue in Rectified Spirit.

Make a thin film by pressing a small drop of the pus or sputum between two coverslips, and then sliding these apart. Dry, and then fix by passing the coverslip three times through the flame. Warm a small quantity of A, place it in a watch glass and put the coverslip, film downwards, in this for four minutes. Pass it through B and decolorise in C. Then add four drops of D to a watchglassful of water, and place the coverslip in it for four minutes. Wash, dry, and mount in canada balsam.

Examination of Blood for the Malaria Parasite.

Time.—Examine just before or during the rigor, and previous to the use of quinine. The crescentic bodies of the malignant fevers, however, are found one to three weeks after the attack.

Method.—Fresh blood should be used. Prick the lobe of the ear, wipe away the first drop of blood, and then take a bead of blood the size of a pin's head on to a clean coverglass by contact; drop the coverglass, blood side downwards, quickly on to a clean slide so that the blood spreads out in a thin film. Ring at once with vaseline or oil to prevent drying, and examine with $\frac{1}{12}$ -inch oil immersion lens. It may be necessary to examine several specimens.

Stained films.—Take a perfectly clean coverslip (washed first in strong nitric acid, and then kept in absolute alcohol), dry it with a clean rag. Prick the lobe of the ear, wipe away the first drop of blood ; take a small part of the second drop by contact on the middle of the coverslip. Place a second coverslip over this, and allow the blood to diffuse itself, without pressure, between the two coverslips, then slide them apart rapidly. In this way a thin uniform film can be obtained. Let the films dry in the air, not over a flame, then fix by placing in equal parts of ether and absolute alcohol for ten minutes. (This method of preparing blood films can be used also before staining for differential counting of white corpuscles.)

After fixing, the "film" may be stained with any hæmatoxylin stain, or with Löffler's Methylene Blue (five minutes). Counter stain with 0'2 per cent. eosin (one minute). We are indebted to Dr. R. T. Hewlett for valuable suggestions with regard to this and the. following section.

DIRECTIONS FOR FORWARDING SPECIMENS FOR EXAMINATION.

Many laboratories now undertake the examination of specimens for practitioners.

Diphtheria.—If possible a piece of membrane should be sent; no preservative of any kind should be added. If no membrane can be obtained a swab of wool (not antiseptic wool) which has been rubbed well over the throat and fauces should be sent. Either must be placed in a testtube or bottle which has been previously washed out with boiling water.

Enteric Fever: Widal's Reaction.—Prick the lobe of the ear (previously cleansed by rubbing with alcohol) with a clean needle; allow a drop of the blood to run up into a capillary or vaccine tube; seal both ends by heating. The filled tube, or a drop of the blood dried on a glass slide may be sent for examination. The test is made by mixing one drop of the blood with ten to thirty drops of a twenty-four-hour broth culture of the typhoid bacillus. If the blood is from a case of typhoid fever the bacilli should show "agglutination," *i.e.*, they stick together in clumps, and lose their motility sometimes in a few seconds, sometimes in thirty minutes or longer.

POISONS AND THEIR TREATMENT.

Emetics.

When an Emetic is ordered, one of the following may be employed, unless a special emetic is mentioned.

- (a) Mustard and Water.—A tablespoonful of mustard stirred up in two-thirds of a tumbler of luke-warm water.
- (b) Sulphate of Zinc. Thirty grains dissolved in half a tumbler of luke-warm water.
- (c) Warm Water.—Given copiously, alone or after one of the above.
- (d) Mechanical Stimulation of fauces and back of pharynx with finger or feather.

Demulcent Drinks.

When demulcent drinks are ordered, one or more of the following may be given.

- (a) Linseed Tea.
- (b) Barley Water.
- (c) Milk.
- (d) Compound Almond Mixture.

Common Poisons arranged alphabetically.

Aconite (Immediate Treatment).—Emetic, or Stomach tube. Subcutaneous injection of Tinct. Digitalis m xx., or Digitalin gr. $\frac{1}{100}$.

Later.-Brandy. Warmth. Friction. Artificial Respiration.

Alcohol (Immediate Treatment).—Stomachtube, Emetic, or Injectio Apomorphinæ Hypodermica m ij. Cold affusions to head.

Later.-Hot strong Coffee. Warmth.

Almonds, Essential Oil of Bitter (Treatment).—As for Hydrocyanic Acid.

Ammonia (*Treatment*).—As for Caustic Potash.

Antimony, Salts of (Immediate Treatment). —Emetic, if there is no vomiting. Tannic Acid 3i., or strong Tea or Coffee.

Later. – Demulcents. Brandy. Opium. Warmth.

Arsenic (Immediate Treatment).—Emetic, or Stomach-tube. Dialysed Iron or Ferric Hydrate (prepared by mixing Tinct. Ferri Perchlor 355. in half a tumblerful of water with equal quantity of saturated solution of washing soda. Collect precipitate on a handkerchief and mix with half a tumblerful of hot water. Repeat frequently. Liq. Ammoniæ may be used instead of washing soda), or Magnesia. Later. – Brandy. Demulcents. Morphine. Enema Opii for tenesmus. Hot fomentations to abdomen.

Atropine (Immediate Treatment).—Emetic, Stomach-pump, washing out with strong Tea or Tannic Acid. Hypodermic Injection of Nitrate of Pilocarpine gr. $\frac{1}{3}$, repeated if necessary.

Later.-Brandy. Warmth. Coffee.

Battle's Vermin Killer (*Treatment*). — As for Strychnine.

Battley's Solution (*Treatment*). - As for Opium.

Belladonna (Treatment).—As for Atropine.

Benzol (Immediate Treatment). — Emetic, Stomach-tube.

Later.—Brandy. Inhalation of Ammonia. Subcutaneous Injection of Liq. Atropinæ Sulphatis m ij.

Bichromate of Potash (Immediate Treatment).—Stomach-tube, Chalk in milk.

Later. -- Demulcents. Olive Oil. Warmth. Opium and stimulants if necessary.

Butler's Vermin Killer (*Treatment*).—As for Strychnine.

Calabar Bean (Immediate Treatment). — Emetic or Stomach-tube.

Later.--Repeated Subcutaneous Injection of Liq. Atropinæ Sulphatis m ij., or Tincture of Belladonna \mathfrak{m} xx. by mouth or rectum. Brandy. Sal volatile.

Camphor (Immediate Treatment). — Emetic and Stomach-tube.

Later.-Inhalation of Sal volatile. Subcutaneous Injection of Brandy. Hot fomentations.

Cantharides (Immediate Treatment). — Stomach-tube or Emetic.

Later.-Demulcents. Opium. Morphine.

Carbolic Acid (Immediate Treatment). — Emetic and Stomach-tube. Wash out with Sulphate of Magnesium or Sodium.

Later.-Demulcent Drinks. Olive Oil. Brandy subcutaneously or by enema. Warmth.

Caustic Potash (Immediate Treatment).— Vinegar. Lemon juice. Orange juice.

Later.-Demulcents. Olive oil. Brandy subcutaneously. Warmth. Opium.

Caustic Soda (Treatment).—As for Caustic Potash.

Chloral Hydrate (Immediate Treatment).— Prevent sleep by wet towel to face, head and neck. Emetic and Stomach-tube. Hot blankets. Hot bottle to feet.

Later.—Hot strong Coffee. Artificial respiration. Faradic current. Subcutaneous Injection of Liq. Strychninæ Hydrochloratis m iv. Nitrite of amyl. Oxygen.
Chlorodyne (Treatment).—As for Opium.

Chloroform (inhaled) (Immediate Treatment).—Clear fauces. Pull forward the tongue. Fresh air. Artificial respiration. Inversion. Battery. Nitrite of Amyl. Hypodermic of Liquor Strychninæ m v.

Chloroform (swallowed) (Immediate Treatment).—Emetic and Stomach-tube. Cold water to face. Nitrite of Amyl. Olive Oil. Artificial respiration.

Cocaine (*Immediate Treatment*). — Brandy. Nitrite of Amyl. Subcutaneous Injection of Ether. Ammonia to nostrils. Chloroform if convulsions.

Later.-Bromide of Potassium.

Cocculus Indicus (Treatment). — As for Picrotoxin.

Colchicum (Immediate Treatment). -- Stomachtube or emetic.

Later.—Strong Tea. Tannic Acid. Demulcents. Stimulants. Warmth. Artificial respiration.

Conium (Immediate Treatment).—Stomachtube or Emetic. Tannic acid. Liquor Strychninæ hypodermically.

Later.-Strong Tea. Warmth. Brandy. Artificial respiration, if necessary. Copper, Salts of (*Immediate Treatment*).— White of Egg and warm water. Milk. Emetic and Stomach-tube if vomiting has not occurred.

Later.—Demulcents. Morphine or Laudanum and hot fomentations if much pain.

Corrosive Sublimate (*Treatment*).—As for Mercury, Salts of.

Cyanide of Potassium (*Treatment*).—As for Hydrocyanic Acid.

Dalby's Carminative (*Treatment*).--As for Opium.

Deadly Nightshade.-See Atropine.

Digitalis (Immediate Treatment).—Emetic or Stomach-tube.

Later.—Aperient. Strong Tea or Coffee. Brandy. Warmth. Recumbent posture long after urgent symptoms have subsided.

Emerald Green (Treatment). – As for Arsenic.

Ergot (Immediate Treatment).—Emetic and Stomach-tube. Amyl nitrite.

Later.-Brandy. Sal volatile. Strong tea. Aperient.

Eserine (Treatment).—As for Calabar Bean.

Ether (inhaled) (*Treatment*).—As for Chloroform inhaled. Fungi (Immediate Treatment). — Emetic. Subcutaneous injection of Liq. Atrop. Sulph. mij., or Tincture of Belladonna, m xv. by mouth. Sal volatile.

Later.-Stimulants.

Gibson's Vermin Killer (Treatment).—As for Strychnine.

Godfrey's Cordial (*Treatment*). -- As for Opium.

Henbane (Hyoscyamus) (Treatment).—As for Atropine

Hydrochloric Acid (Spirits of Salts).—(Immediate Treatment).—Soap and water. Magnesia (3ss.) Chalk, Whiting or Carbonate of Soda with water.

Later.—Demulcents. Olive Oil. White of Egg. Morphine hypodermically.

Hydrocyanic Acid (Immediate Treatment).— Dash cold water over head and chest. Emetic, or promote vomiting by tickling fauces. Inhalation of Ammonia. Brandy, mouth or rectum. Artificial respiration. Faradic current. Hypodermic Injection of Liq. Atropinæ Sulphatis m ij. Hydrogen Peroxide.

lodine (Immediate Treatment).—Emetic and Stomach-tube.

Later. — Starch and water. Demulcents. Nitrite of Amyl. Morphine and fomentations for pain. Lead Salts of (Acute) (Immediate Treatment). — Stomach-tube or Emetic. Dilute Sulphuric Acid 355. in water. Sulphate of Magnesium.

Later.-White of egg. Demulcents. Aperients. Opium.

Mercury, Salts of (*Immediate Treatment*).— White of egg or milk, followed immediately by Stomach-tube or Emetic.

Later .- Demulcents. Stimulants. Opium.

Morphine (Treatment).—As for Opium.

Mushroom (Immediate Treatment).—Emetic or Injectio Morphinæ Hypodermica m v. Stimulants. Liquor Atropinæ Sulphatis m ii. hypodermically.

Later.-Ol Ricini. Brandy.

Nicotine (Immediate Treatment).—Stomachtube or Emetic. Stimulants. Warmth. Artificial respiration. Strychnine hypodermically.

Later.-Stimulants.

Nitrate of Silver (Immediate Treatment). --Common salt in milk or water. Emetic.

Later.—Demulcents.

Nitric Acid (*Treatment*).—As for Hydrochloric Acid.

Nitro-Glycerine (Immediate Treatment).-Recumbent posture. Cold affusion. Later.-Injectio Ergotini Hypodermica m iii., or Liq. Atrop. Sulph. m ii.

Opium (*Immediate Treatment*).—Wash out stomach at half-hour intervals with Liquor Potassii Permanganatis diluted three times with warm water. Emetic and stomach tube. Dash cold water on face. Ammonia or Nitrite of Amyl to nostrils.

Later.—Hot strong Coffee. Liq. Strychninæ m i.-ii. hypodermically. Faradic current. Artificial respiration if necessary. Oxygen.

Oxalic Acid (Immediate Treatment).—Chalk or whiting and water. Lime water a pint, or Saccharated Lime Water.

Later.-Brandy. Castor oil.

Phosphorus (Immediate Treatment).—Stomach-tube and wash out. French Oil of Turpentine or Sanitas 3ss. in mucilage every half-hour. Sulphate of Magnesia.

Later.-Avoid oils and fats. Opium.

Pilocarpin. See Calabar Bean.

Picrotoxin (Immediate Treatment).—Emetic or Stomach-tube. Chloral.

Later.-Bromide of Potassium and Chloral.

Potash, Caustic. See Caustic Potash.

Rat-pastes (*Treatment*). — As for Phosphorus or Arsenic. Salts of Lemon.—See Oxalic Acid.

Santonin (Immediate Treatment).—Stomachtube or Emetic. Stimulants. If convulsions Chloral and Bromide of Potassium.

Later .- Stimulants.

Savin (Immediate Treatment). - Emetic.

Later.-Demulcents. Castor Oil. Opium or Morphine.

Silver, Salts of (*Treatment*).—As for Nitrate of Silver.

Soda, Caustic.-See Caustic Soda.

Sorrel, Salts of (*Treatment*).—As for Oxalic Acid.

Stramonium (Treatment).—As for Atropine.

Strychnine (Immediate Treatment). — Wash out Stomach at half-hour intervals with Liquor Potassii Permanganatis diluted three times with warm water. Emetic and stomach-tube. Injectio Apomorphinæ Hypodermica m v. Bromide of Potassium 3i., in water every half hour. Chloral Hydrate hypodermically gr. v. repeated, or by rectum. Chloroform inhalations.

Later.-Inhalation of Chloroform, if convulsions are very severe. Artificial respiration.

Sulphuric Acid (*Treatment*).—As for Hydrochloric Acid.

Tartar Emetic.—See Antimony, Salts of.

Tin, Salts of (Immediate Treatment).—Emetic and Stomach-tube. Milk or White of Egg. Later.—Demulcents.

Turpentine (Immediate Treatment).-Emetic and Stomach-tube. Demulcents.

Later.-Sulphate of Magnesium. Morphine or Opium.

Vitriol, Blue. See Copper, Salts of.

Vitriol, White. See Zinc, Salts of.

White Precipitate (*Treatment*). — As for Mercury, Salts of.

Yew (Treatment).—As for Digitalis.

Zinc, Salts of (Immediate Treatment).— White of Egg. Carbonate of Sodium in dilute solution.

Later. - Demulcents. Strong Tea. Warm fomentations. Morphine.

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TABLE OF DOSES.

(Unofficial drugs in Italics.)

Acetanilidum	gr. i.	to gr. iii.
Acetum Ipecacuanhæ	m x.	,, m xxx.
Acetum Scillæ	m x.	,, m xxx.
Acidum Aceticum Dilutum	5ss.	,, 3ii.
Acidum Arseniosum	gr. $\frac{1}{60}$, gr. $\frac{1}{15}$.
Acidum Benzoicum	gr. v.	,, gr. xv.
Acidum Boricum	gr. v.	,, gr. xv.
Acidum Carbolicum	gr. i.	,, gr. iii.
Acidum Carbolicum Lique-	0	,, 9
factum	m i.	,, m iii.
Acidum Citricum	gr. x.	,, gr. xx.
Acidum Gallicum	gr. v.	,, gr. xv.
Acidum Hydrobromicum Di-		
lutum	m xv.	,, m lx.
Acidum Hydrochloricum Di-		all a start
lutum	m v.	., m xx.
Acidum Hydrocyanicum Di-		liconstant
lutum	m ii.	,, m vi.
Acidum Nitricum Dilutum	m v.	,, m xx.
Acidum Nitro-Hydrochlori-		tionily a
cum Dilutum	m v.	,, m xx.
Acidum Phosphoricum Dilu-		- a deuve
tum	m v.	, m xx.
Acidum Salicylicum	gr. v.	,, gr. xx.

Acidum Sulphuricum Aro-	
maticum	m v. tom xx.
Acidum Sulphuricum Dilu-	
tum	m v. ,, m xx.
Acidum Sulphurosum	3ss. ,, 3i.
Acidum Tannicum	gr. ii. ,, gr. v.
Acidum Tartaricum	gr. v. ,, gr. xx.
Æther (for repeated adminis-	
tration)	m x. ,, m xxx.
Æther (for single administra-	
tion)	m xl. ,, m lx.
Æther Aceticus (for repeated	Sala and the second
administration)	m xx. ,, m xl.
Æther Aceticus (for single	
administration)	m lx. ,, m xc.
Aloe Barbadensis	gr. ii. ,, gr. v.
Aloe Socotrinæ	gr. ii. ,, gr. v.
Aloin	gr. 1/2 ,, gr. ii.
	gr. v. ,, gr. x.
Ammoniacum	gr. v. ,, gr. xv.
Ammonii Benzoas	gr. v. ,, gr. xv.
Ammonii Bromidum	gr. v. ,, gr. xxx.
Ammonii Carbonas	gr. iii. ,, gr. x.
Ammonii Carbonas (as emetic)	3ss. diluted.
Ammonii Chloridum	gr. v. to gr. xx.
Ammonii Phosphas	gr. v. ,, gr. xx.
Amyl Nitris (inhalation)	m ii. "m v.
Antifebrin (syn. Acetanilidum)	gr. i. ,, gr. iii.
Antimonii Oxidum	gr. i. ,, gr. ii.
Antimonium Sulphuratum	
Antimonium Tartaratum (as	Hadriday, toybool.
a diaphoretic)	gr. $\frac{1}{24}$, gr. $\frac{1}{8}$.
Antimonium Tartaratum (as	
a depressant)	gr. 1/6 ,, gr. i.
Antimonium Tartaratum (as	The stand of the
an emetic)	gr. i. ,, gr. ii.

Antipyrin (Phenazonum) Apomorphinæ Hydrochlori-	gr. v.	to gr. xx.
dum (as a diaphoretic)	gr. $\frac{1}{32}$	$,, gr. \frac{1}{16}.$
Apomorphinæ Hydrochlori- dum (as an emetic)	gr. 1 12	,, gr. $\frac{1}{4}$.
Aquæ (the dose of those	51. 12	,, 81. 4.
omitted)	Zss.	" <u>zii</u> .
Aqua Laurocerasi		,, <u>3</u> ii.
Argenti Nitras	gr. $\frac{1}{4}$,, gr. 1/2.
Argenti Oxidum	gr. 1	,, gr. ii.
Arsenii Iodidum	gr. $\frac{1}{20}$,, gr. 1/5.
Asafetida	gr. v.	,, gr. xv.
Atropina	1	,, gr. 100.
Atropinæ Sulphas	gr. $\frac{1}{200}$,, gr. $\overline{100}$.
to a long the second second second second	0 100	
Balsamum Peruvianum	m x.	,, m xv.
Balsamum Tolutanum	gr. v.	,, gr. xv.
Bismuthi Carbonas	gr. v.	,, gr. xx.
Bismuthi Oxidum	gr. v.	,, gr. xx.
Bismuthi Salicylas	gr. v.	,, gr. xx.
Bismuthi Subnitras	gr. v.	,, gr. xx.
Borax	gr. v.	,, gr. xx.
	$m \frac{1}{2}$,, m ii.
Butyl-Chloral Hydras	gr. v.	,, gr. xx.
the second		
Caffeinæ Citras	gr. i.	,, gr. v.
Caffeinæ Citras	gr. ii.	,, gr. x.
Caffeinæ Citras Effervescens		,, gr. cxx.
Calcii Carbonas Præcipitatus		,, 3i.
Calcii Chloridum	gr. v.	,, gr. xv.
Calcii Hypophosphis		,, gr. x.
Calcii Phosphas	gr. v.	,, gr. xv.
Calomel		,, gr. v.
Calumbæ Radix (in powder)		,, gr. xx.
Calx Sulphurata	gr. $\frac{1}{4}$,, gr. i.

Cambrai		1	
Cambogia	gr		gr. 11.
Camphora	gr		gr. v.
Carbo Ligni	gr	. lx. ,,	gr. cxx.
Catechu	gr	. V. ,,	gr. xv.
Cerii Oxalas	gr	. ii. ,, ;	gr. x.
Chloralamidum	gr	. XX. ,,	gr. xl.
Chloral Hydras	gr		gr. xx.
Chloroformum	m	and the second s	m v.
Cocainæ Hydrochloridu			gr. $\frac{1}{2}$.
Codeina	gr		gr. ii.
Codeinæ Phosphas	and the second se	-	gr. ii.
Colchici Cormus (of the		4 33	0
corm)		ii.	gr. v.
Colocynthidis Pulpa (in	now-	,,	5
der)		r ii	or viii
Confectio Piperis	gi		gr. viii.
Confectio Sennæ	31		3ii.
	31		<u>3</u> ii.
Confectio Sulphuris	and the second se		31i.
Conii Folia (in powder)			gr. viii.
Copaiba	38		31.
Creosotum	· m		m v.
Creta Præparata	gi		<u>3</u> i.
Cubeba	39	S. ,,	3i.
Cupri Sulphas (astringen	nt) gi	r. 1/4 ,,	gr. ii.
Cupri Sulphas (emetic)	gi	. v. "	gr. x.
Cusso	3i	i. ,,	3ss.
Decoctum Aloes Compo	situm Z	ss	3 ii.
Decoctum Cinchonæ (the second se		
			Zii.
1885) Decoctum Granati Radi	cis 3	1 ,,	
Decoctum Hæmatoxyli	2		žii.
Digitalis Folia (in powd			gr. ii.
Digitans I ona (in powo	er) g	. 2 ,,	51. 11.
Elaterinum	and an a state of the	- 1	or 1
Blaterinum	g	. 40 ,,	5. 10.
			1

Elaterium	gr. 1/16	to gr. $\frac{1}{2}$.
Ergota (in powder)	gr. xx.	,, gr. lx.
Eucalypti Gummi	gr. ii.	,, gr. v.
Extractum Aloes Barbadensis	gr. ii.	,, gr. iv.
Extractum Anthemidis	gr. ii.	,, gr. viii.
Extractum Belladonnæ (Alco-	Sinsi2	15 Attactor
holicum)	gr. $\frac{1}{4}$,, gr. i.
Extractum Belladonnæ Viride	gr. $\frac{1}{4}$,, gr. i.
Extractum Cannabis Indicæ	gr. $\frac{1}{4}$,, gr. i.
Extractum Cascaræ Sagradæ	gr. ii.	,, gr. viii.
Extractum Cascaræ Sagradæ	in the	
Liquidum	3ss.	,, 3i
Extractum Cimicifugæ Li-	ilo()	
quidum	m v.	,, 3ss.
Extractum Cinchonæ Li-	Euroins-	
quidum	m v.	,, m xv.
Extractum Cocæ Liquidum		,, 3i.
Extractum Colchici	1000	,, gr. i.
Extractum Colocynthidis	Smano	Extractuo
Compositum	gr. ii.	,, gr. viii.
Extractum Ergotæ		"gr. viii.
Extractum Ergotæ Liquidum	m x.	,, 3ss.
Extractum Euonymi Siccum		,, gr. ii.
Extractum Filicis Liquidum		,, m xc.
Extractum Gentianæ	gr. ii.	
D D 1	and the second s	,, gr. i.
Extractum Glycyrrhizæ Li-	anin.	and a solution
quidum	3ss.	,, 3i.
Extractum Hamamelidis Li-		
quidum	m v.	" m xv.
quidum Extractum Hydrastis Li-		
quidum	m v.	,, m xv.
Extractum Hyoscyami Viride	gr. ii.	
Extractum Ipecacuanhæ Li-	numbh	Former H
quidum (as an expectorant)	m 1/2	,, m ii.
	and the second second	A sugar a se

Extractum Ipecacuanhæ Li-		Elsteriam
quidum (as an emetic)	m xv.	tom xx.
Extractum Jaborandi Li-	- contrap -	Teacherstern
quidum		,, m xv.
Extractum Jalapæ		,, gr. viii.
Extractum Krameriæ		,, gr. xv.
Extractum Malti	31.	,, Ziv.
Extractum Malti cum Oleo	7;	Ziu
Morrhuæ Extractum Nucis Vomicæ	and the second	,, 3iv.
Extractum Nucis Vomicæ	gr. ‡	,, gr. 1.
Liquidum	mi	m iii
Extractum Opii	m_{1}	,, m 111. ,, gr. i.
T	m v.	,, m xxx.
Extractum Pareiræ Liquidum		,, 3ii.
Extractum Physostigmatis	gr. 1	,, gr. i.
Extractum Rhei		,, gr. viii.
Extractum Sarsæ Liquidum	Žii.	,, <u>3</u> ss.
Extractum Stramonii	17.4.	,, gr. i.
Extractum Strophanthi		,, gr. i.
Extractum Taraxaci		,, gr. xv.
Extractum Taraxaci Li-	alony If	and ben a state
quidum	3ss.	, Jii.
Line part sign and manufations	Filles	Epimental
Fel Bovinum Purificatum	gr. v.	,, gr. xv.
Ferri Arsenias		, gr. 1
Ferri Carbonas Saccharatus		,, 3ss.
	gr. v.	,, gr. x.
	gr. v.	,, gr. x.
	gr. v.	,, gr. x.
Ferri Sulphas	and the second se	,, gr. v.
Ferri Sulphas Exsiccatus		,, gr. iii.
Ferrum Redactum		,, gr. v.
	gr. v.	,, gr. x.

Galbanum	gr. v.	to gr. xv.
~	gr. 1/2	,, gr. ii.
		,, <u>3</u> ii.
	Ξi.	,, Jii.
~	gr. v.	,, gr. xv.
~	m i.	,, m v.
Guaiacol Carbonas	gr. iii.	,, gr. viii.
	5	,, 5.,
Homatropinæ Hydrobromi-		
dum	or 1	,, gr. 1.
Hydrargyri Iodidum Rubrum	$\operatorname{gr.}_{\overline{s0}}$	
Hydrargyri Perchloridum	$\operatorname{gr.}_{\overline{32}}^{1}$	$, gr. \frac{1}{16}$
	gr. $\frac{1}{32}$,, gr. 16.
Hydrargyri Subchloridum		,, gr. v.
Hydrargyrum cum Creta	gr. 1.	,, gr. v.
Hyoscinæ Hydrobromidum	gr. 200	,, gr. 100.
Hyoscyaminæ Sulphas	gr. 200	,, gr. 100.
netic), Alicological and an and an	he fas en	i pecaguan
Infusum Aurantii	.385.	" <u>.</u> 3i.
Infusum Aurantii Compositum	355.	,,
Infusum Buchu	. <u>3</u> i.	,, <u>3</u> ii.
Infusum Calumbæ	355.	», ži.
Infusum Caryophylli	355.	·,
Infusum Cascarillæ	Zss.	., Zi.
Infusum Chiratæ	Zss.	,, ži.
Infusum Cinchonæ Acidum	Zss.	,, <u>.</u>
Infusum Cuspariæ		» <u>5</u> ii.
Infusum Digitalis	žii.	,, Ziv.
Infusum Ergotæ	3i.	,, <u>3</u> ii.
Infusum Gentianæ Composi-	3	,, 5
	Zss.	Zi
T C TT 1	-	,, <u>3</u> i.
	3ss.	
Infusum Lupuli	200	,, <u>,311</u> .
Infusum Quassiæ	.3ss.	", 3!.
Infusum Rhei	.355.	,, <u>.</u> , <u>.</u>
Infusum Rosæ Acidum	355.	11 .31.

"

10	26)	

Infusum Scoparii	Zi.	to Zii.
Infusum Senegæ	Zss.	,, <u>3</u> i.
Infusum Sennæ	355.	,, <u>3</u> i.
Infusum Sennæ (as a draught)	žii.	a fille cellana
Infusum Serpentariæ	355.	,, ži.
Infusum Uvæ Ursi	Zss.	,, <u>3</u> i.
Injectio Apomorphinæ Hypo-	apparent.	Galattacolec
dermica	m v.	,, m x.
Injectio Cocainæ Hypoder-		
mica	m ii.	"m v.
Injectio Ergotini Hypoder-		
mica	m iii.	,, m x.
Injectio Morphinæ Hypoder-		
mica	m ii.	,, m v.
Iodoformum	gr. $\frac{1}{2}$,, gr. iii.
Ipecacuanha (as expectorant)	gr. $\frac{1}{2}$,, gr. ii.
Ipecacuanha (as emetic)	gr. xv.	,, <u>3</u> ss.
Contractor and the state of the		
	gr. v.	,, <u>3</u> ss.
*	gr. v. gr. ii.	,, <u>3</u> ss. ,, gr. v.
Jalapæ Resina		
Jalapæ Resina	gr. ii.	,, gr. v.
Jalapæ Resina	gr. ii.	,, gr. v.
Jalapæ Resina	gr. ii.	,, gr. v.
Jalapæ Resina Kino	gr. ii. gr. v.	,, gr. v. ,, gr. xx. ,, 3vi.
Jalapæ Resina Kino Liquor Ammonii Acetatis Liquor Ammonii Citratis Liquor Arsenicalis	gr. ii. gr. v. Jii.	,, gr. v. ,, gr. xx. ,, 3vi. ,, 3vi.
Jalapæ Resina Kino Liquor Ammonii Acetatis Liquor Ammonii Citratis Liquor Arsenicalis	gr. ii. gr. v. <u>3</u> ii. <u>3</u> ii.	,, gr. v. ,, gr. xx. ,, 3vi. ,, 3vi. ,, m viii.
Jalapæ Resina Kino Liquor Ammonii Acetatis Liquor Ammonii Citratis Liquor Arsenicalis Liquor Arsenici Hydro- chloricus	gr. ii. gr. v. <u>3</u> ii. <u>3</u> ii.	,, gr. v. ,, gr. xx. ,, 3vi. ,, 3vi. ,, m viii.
Jalapæ Resina Kino Liquor Ammonii Acetatis Liquor Ammonii Citratis Liquor Arsenicalis Liquor Arsenici Hydro-	gr. ii. gr. v. <u>3</u> ii. <u>3</u> ii. m ii.	,, gr. v. ,, gr. xx. ,, 3vi. ,, 3vi. ,, m viii.
Jalapæ Resina Kino Liquor Ammonii Acetatis Liquor Ammonii Citratis Liquor Arsenicalis Liquor Arsenici Hydro- chloricus Liquor Arsenii et Hydrargyri Iodidi	gr. ii. gr. v. 3ii. 3ii. m ii. m ii. m v.	<pre>,, gr. v. ,, gr. xx. ,, 3vi. ,, 3vi. ,, m viii. ,, m viii, m xx.</pre>
Jalapæ Resina Kino Liquor Ammonii Acetatis Liquor Ammonii Citratis Liquor Arsenicalis Liquor Arsenici Hydro- chloricus Liquor Arsenii et Hydrargyri Iodidi Liquor Atropinæ Sulphatis	gr. ii. gr. v. 3ii. 3ii. m ii. m ii. m v.	,, gr. v. ,, gr. xx. ,, 3vi. ,, Jvi. ,, m viii. ,, m viii.
Jalapæ Resina Kino Liquor Ammonii Acetatis Liquor Ammonii Citratis Liquor Arsenicalis Liquor Arsenici Hydro- chloricus Liquor Arsenii et Hydrargyri Iodidi Liquor Atropinæ Sulphatis Liquor Bismuthi et Ammonii	gr. ii. gr. v. 3ii. 3ii. m ii. m ii. m v. m ¹ / ₂	<pre>,, gr. v. ,, gr. xx. ,, 3vi. ,, 3vi. ,, m viii. ,, m viii. ,, m viii. ,, m xx. ,, m i.</pre>
Jalapæ Resina Kino Liquor Ammonii Acetatis Liquor Ammonii Citratis Liquor Arsenicalis Liquor Arsenici Hydro- chloricus Liquor Arsenii et Hydrargyri Iodidi Liquor Atropinæ Sulphatis Liquor Bismuthi et Ammonii	gr. ii. gr. v. 3ii. 3ii. m ii. m ii. m v. m ¹ / ₂	<pre>,, gr. v. ,, gr. xx. ,, 3vi. ,, 3vi. ,, m viii. ,, m viii. ,, m viii. ,, m xx. ,, m i.</pre>
Jalapæ Resina Kino Liquor Ammonii Acetatis Liquor Ammonii Citratis Liquor Arsenicalis Liquor Arsenici Hydro- chloricus Liquor Arsenii et Hydrargyri Iodidi Liquor Atropinæ Sulphatis Liquor Bismuthi et Ammonii	gr. ii. gr. v. 3ii. 3ii. m ii. m ii. m v. m ¹ / ₂	<pre>,, gr. v. ,, gr. xx. ,, 3vi. ,, 3vi. ,, m viii. ,, m viii. ,, m viii. ,, m xx. ,, m i.</pre>
Jalapæ Resina Kino Liquor Ammonii Acetatis Liquor Ammonii Citratis Liquor Arsenicalis Liquor Arsenici Hydro- chloricus Liquor Arsenii et Hydrargyri Iodidi Liquor Atropinæ Sulphatis	gr. ii. gr. v. 3ii. 3ii. m ii. m ii. m v. m ¹ / ₂	<pre>,, gr. v. ,, gr. xx. ,, 3vi. ,, 3vi. ,, m viii. ,, m viii. ,, m viii. ,, m xx. ,, m i.</pre>

Liquor Calumbæ Concen-	initar	ALL SOUDS
tratus	Zss.	to 3i.
Liquor Chiratæ Concentratus	3ss.	,, 3i.
Liquor Cuspariæ Concen-		
tratus	5ss.	,, 3i.
Liquor Ethyl Nitritis	m xx.	,, m lx.
Liquor Ferri Acetatis	m v.	, m xv.
Liquor Ferri Dialysatus	m x.	,, m xxx.
Liquor Ferri Perchloridi	m v.	,, m xv.
Liquor Ferri Pernitratis	m v.	, m xv.
Liquor Hydrargyri Per-		,,
	3ss.	,, 3i.
Liquor Hydrogenii Peroxidi		
	3ss.	,, 311.
Liquor Krameriæ Concentra-	7	7:
tus	3ss.	·, <u>31.</u>
Liquor Magnesii Carbonatis	Zi.	,, <u>3</u> u.
Liquor Morphinæ Acetatis	m x.	,, 3i.
Liquor Morphinæ Hydro-		Distanti Ci
chloratis	m x.	,, <u>3</u> i.
Liquor Morphinæ Tartratis	m x.	,, <u>3</u> i.
Liquor Potassæ (freely diluted)	m x.	,, m xxx.
Liquor Potassii Permanga-		
natis	3 ii.	,, <u>3</u> ss.
Liquor Quassiæ Concentratus	3ss.	,, 3i.
Liquor Rhei Concentratus	3ss	,, 3i.
Liquor Sarsæ Compositus	solution	
Concentratus	Jii.	,, <u>3</u> i.
Liquor Senegæ Concentratus	3ss.	,, <u>3</u> i.
Liquor Sennæ Concentratus	Jss.	,, <u>3</u> i.
Liquor Serpentariæ Concen-	000.	,, 0
	Zee	7;;
tratus	3ss.	,, 311.
Liquor Sodæ Chlorinatæ	m x.	,, m xx.
Liquor Sodii Arseniatis	m ii.	"m viii.
Liquor Strychninæ Hydro-	Dn Segar	Ceens (IDF-1
chloridi	m 11.	", m viii.

Liquor Thyroidei	m v. to m xv.
Liquor Trinitrini	and the second se
Lithii Carbonas	gr. 11. ,, gr. v.
	gr. v. ,, gr. x.
Lithii Citras Effervescens	gr. lx. ,, gr. cxx.
Lupulinum	gr. ii. ,, gr. v.
Magnesia Levis (for repeated	
administration)	gr. v. ,, gr. xxx.
Magnesia Levis (for single	
administration)	gr. xxx. ,, gr. lx.
Magnesia Ponderosa (for re-	and the second
peated administration)	gr. v. ,, gr. xxx.
Magnesia Ponderosa (for	Lag stanman - Towpiele
single administration)	gr. xxx. ,, gr. lx.
Magnesii Carbonas Levis (for	
repeated administration)	gr. v. ,, gr. xxx.
Magnesii Carbonas Levis (for	5. ,, 5.
single administration)	gr. xxx. ,, gr. lx.
Magnesii Carbonas Ponde-	B
rosus (for repeated adminis-	
tration)	gr. v. ,, gr. xxx.
Magnesii Carbonas Ponde-	5, ,, 5 AAA
rosus (for single administra-	Laure Charliel Con
	ar yyy ar ly
tion) Magnesii Sulphas (for re-	gi. xxx. ,, gi. ix.
	OF YAY OF OVY
peated administration)	gr. xxx.,, gr. cxx.
Magnesii Sulphas (for single	7:: Zan
administration)	3ii. ,, 3ss.
Magnesii Sulphas Efferves-	
cens (for repeated adminis-	
tration)	gr. 1x. ,, 51v.
Magnesii Sulphas Efferves-	
cens (for single administra-	and the second second
tion)	3ss. ,, 31.

		CALLER STATES
Manna	3i.	to Zi.
Menthol	gr. $\frac{1}{2}$,, gr. ii.
Mistura Ammoniaci •	Zss.	,,
Mistura Amygdalæ		., Zi.
Mistura Creosoti		,, <u>3</u> i. ,, <u>3</u> i.
Mistura Cretæ		,, <u>.</u> .
Mistura Ferri Composita		,, <u>3</u> i.
Mistura Guaiaci		,, ži.
Mistura Olei Ricini (as a	5	
draught)	3 i.	" <u>zii</u> .
Mistura Sennæ Composita	.5	,, 5
(as a draught)	Zi.	" <u>zii</u> .
Mistura Spiritus Vini Gallici	31.	" 511.
		7;;
(as a draught)		,, <u>3</u> ii.
Morphine Acetas		,, gr. ¹ / ₂ .
Morphinæ Hydrochloridum		$, gr. \frac{1}{2}.$
Morphinæ Tartras	$\operatorname{gr.}_{\overline{8}}$	$,, gr. \frac{1}{2}.$
Moschus	gr. v.	,, gr. x.
Naphthol	gr. 111.	,, gr. x.
Nepenthe	m v.	,, m xxx.
Nux Vomica (in powder)	gr. i.	,, gr. iv.
Print		
Oleum Anethi	$m \frac{1}{2}$,, m iii.
Oleum Anisi	m m m m m m m	,, m iii.
Oleum Anthemidis	$\mathfrak{m}^{\frac{1}{2}}$,, m iii.
Oleum Cajuputi	$m \frac{2}{3}$, m iii.
Oleum Carui	m 1	, m iii.
Oleum Caryophylli	$m \frac{1}{2}$, m iii.
Oleum Cinnamomi	$\mathfrak{m} \frac{1}{2}$, m iii.
Olama Caralla	m v.	111
Olaum Cariandui		
01	$\begin{array}{c} \mathfrak{m} \frac{1}{2} \\ \mathfrak{m} \frac{1}{2} \end{array}$	
01 011	and the second states of	, m 1.
	m v.	
Oleum Eucalypti	$m \frac{1}{2}$,, m 111.

Oleum Juniperi		m 1	to m iii
Oleum Lavandulæ		m 1 m 1	to m in.
O1 71 1		m 1/2 m 1	,, m iii.
		m 1/2	,, m iii.
Oleum Menthæ Piperitæ	*** 3	m 1/2	,, m iii.
Oleum Menthæ Viridis	***	m 1/2	,, m iii.
Oleum Morrhuæ	4.00	3i.	,, 3iv
Oleum Myristicæ		m 1/2	, m 111.
Oleum Phosphoratum		m i.	,, m v.
Oleum Pimentæ		$m \frac{1}{2}$,, m iii.
Oleum Ricini		3i.	" Jviii.
Oleum Rosmarini		$m \frac{1}{2}$, m iii.
Oleum Santali		m v.	,, m xxx.
Oleum Terebinthinæ		m ii.	,, m x.
Oleum Terebinthinæ (as	an		
anthelmintic)		3iii.	,, 3iv.
Opium		gr. $\frac{1}{2}$,, gr. ii.
Oxymel			,, <u>3</u> ii.
Oxymel Scillæ			,, <u>3</u> i.
Papain		gr. ii.	or. x.
Paraldehydum			,, žii.
Pepsin			
Phenacetinum		gr. v.	,, gr. x.
Phenazonum			, gr. xx.
Physostigminæ Sulphas		gr. v.	$, gr. \frac{1}{20}$
Picrotoxinum		$\operatorname{gr.}_{1} \frac{1}{60}$	
		gr. 100	and the second se
Pilocarpinæ Nitras		gr. $\frac{1}{20}$,, gr. 1/2.
Pilula Aloes Barbadensis		gr. 1v.	,, gr. viii.
Pilula Aloes et Asafetidæ			,, gr. viii.
Pilula Aloes et Ferri		· ·	,, gr. viii.
Pilula Aloes et Myrrhæ		· · ·	,, gr. viii.
Pilula Aloes Socotrinæ		gr. iv.	,, gr. viii.
Pilula Cambogiæ Compo			,, gr. viii.
Pilula Colocynthidis Co		394.981	Okean C
posita		gr. iv.	-,, gr. viii.

Pilula Colocynthidis et Hyo-		PulviseCee
scyami	gr. iv.	to gr. viii.
Pilula Ferri	gr. v.	,, gr. xv.
Pilula Galbani Composita	gr. iv.	" gr. viii.
Pilula Hydrargyri	gr. iv.	" gr. viii.
Pilula Hydrargyri Subchloridi		
Composita	gr. iv.	" gr. viii.
Pilula Ipecacuanhæ cum		
Scillâ	gr. iv.	" gr. viii.
Pilula Phosphori	gr. i.	,, gr. ii.
Pilula Plumbi cum Opio	gr. ii.	,, gr. iv.
Pilula Quininæ Sulphatis	gr. ii.	" gr. viii.
Pilula Rhei Composita	gr. iv.	" gr. viii.
Pilula Saponis Composita	gr. ii.	,, gr. iv.
Pilula Scammonii Composita	gr. iv.	" gr. viii.
Pilula Scillæ Composita	gr. iv.	,, gr. viii.
Plumbi Acetas	gr. i.	,, gr. v.
Podophylli Resina	gr. $\frac{1}{4}$,, gr. i.
Potassii Acetas	gr. x.	,, <u>3</u> i.
Potassii Bicarbonas	gr. v.	,, gr. xxx.
Potassii Bichromas		$,, gr. \frac{1}{5}.$
T	gr. v.	,, 3ss.
Potassii Carbonas	gr. v.	,, gr. xx.
Potassii Chloras	gr. v.	,, gr. xv.
T	gr. x.	,, gr. xl.
Potassii Iodidum	gr. v.	,, gr. xx.
Potassii Nitras	gr. v.	,, gr. xx.
Potassii Permanganas	gr. i.	,, gr. iii.
Potassii Sulphas	gr. x.	,, gr. xl.
Potassii Tartras		,, , 3ss.
	gr. xx.	,, 3i.
~	gr. iii.	,, gr. vi.
Pulvis Catechu Compositus	gr. x.	,, gr. xl.
Pulvis Cinnamomi Com-	inu .	inomman??
positus	gr. x.	,, gr. xl.

Pulvis Cretæ Aromaticus Pulvis Cretæ Aromaticus cum	gr. x.	to 3i.
Opio	gr. x.	,, gr. xl.
Pulvis Elaterini Compositus	gr. i.	,, gr. iv.
Pulvis Glycyrrhizæ Com-	a rent	Pitula il yel
positus	3i.	,, <u>3</u> ii.
Pulvis Ipecacuanhæ Com-	2	Composit
positus	gr. v.	,, gr. xv.
Pulvis Jalapæ Compositus	gr. xx.	,, Ĵi.
Pulvis Kino Compositus	gr. v.	,, gr. xx.
Pulvis Opii Compositus	gr. ii.	,, gr. x.
Pulvis Rhei Compositus	gr. xx.	, Ži.
Pulvis Scammonii Compositus	gr. x.	,, gr. xx.
Pulvis Sodæ Tartaratæ Effer-	and zer	ocar steniel
vescens (Seidlitz Powder)) Should C	
Pulvis Tragacanthæ Com-		
positus	gr. xx.	
Dataman and the said	Render	il moobe 1
Quininæ Hydrochloridum	gr. i.	,, gr. x.
<u><u><u></u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u></u>	gr. ii.	,, gr. vi.
<u><u><u></u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u></u>	gr. i.	,, gr. x.
	antibina	"Based of
Resorcinum	gr. iii.	., gr. viii.
Rhei Radix (for repeated		
administration)		
Rhei Radix (for single ad-		in the sector
ministration)		., gr. xxx,
		Potessi Ne
Saccharin (vide Glusidum)	andql	
Salicinum		
Salol	gr. v.	., gr. xv.
Santoninum	gr. ii.	., gr. v.
Scammonii Resina	gr. iii.	, gr. viii,
Scammonium	gr. v.	., gr. x.
Scilla		
	-	

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Soda Tartarata	3ii. to 3ss.
Sodii Arsenias	gr. 1/40 ,, gr. 1/10.
Sodii Benzoas	gr. v. ,, gr. xxx.
Sodii Bicarbonas	gr. v. ,, gr. xxx.
Sodii Bromidum	gr. v. ,, gr. xxx.
Sodii Carbonas	gr. v. ,, gr. xxx.
Sodii Carbonas Exsiccatus	gr. iii. ,, gr. x.
Sodii Citro-Tartras Effer-	
vescens	3i. ,, 3ii.
Sodii Hypophosphis	gr. iii. ,, gr. x.
Sodii Iodidum	
Sodii Nitris	gr. i. ,, gr. ii.
Sodii Phosphas (for repeated	constant and a second
administration)	gr. xxx. ,, gr. cxx.
Sodii Phosphas (for single	Soloton Amagon
administration)	3ii. ,, 3ss.
Sodii Phosphas Effervescens	
(for repeated adminis-	Spiritus Amaron
tration)	gr. lx. ,, gr. cxx.
Sodii Phosphas Effervescens	· · · ·
(for single administration)	3ii. ,, 3ss.
Sodii Salicylas	
Sodii Sulphas (for repeated	8 // 0
administration)	gr. xxx. ,, gr. cxx.
Sodii Sulphas (for single ad-	8
ministration)	3ii 3ss.
Sodii Sulphas Effervescens	,, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
(for repeated administra-	South Chitorof
tion	gr. lx. ,, gr. cxx.
Sodii Sulphas Effervescens	B
(for single administration)	3ii. " 3ss.
Sodii Sulphis	
Sodii Sulphocarbolas	
Spiritus Ætheris (for repeated	5
administration)	m xx, m yl
in the second se	

Spiritus Ætheris (for single				307
administration)	m	lx.	to m	xc.
Spiritus Ætheris Compositus				
(for repeated administra-				
tion)	m	xx.	,, m	xl.
Spiritus Ætheris Compositus	-	in the	100 10	
(for single administration)	m	ix.	,, m	xc.
Spiritus Ætheris Nitrosi (for	IT AT	inti	,, ,	
repeated administration)	m	xx.	,, m	xl.
Spiritus Ætheris Nitrosi (for	derest.	dooo	,,	mp P
single administration)	m	lx.	,, m	xc.
Spiritus Ammoniæ Aromati-		a alv	,,	100
cus (for repeated adminis-				102
tration)	m	xx.	,, m	xl.
Spiritus Ammoniæ Aromati-		Arear	,,	1
cus (for single administra-				
tion)	m	lx.	" m	xc.
Spiritus Ammoniæ Fetidus	bal	Concents	,,	
(for repeated administra-				
tion)	m	XX.	,, m	xl.
Spiritus Ammoniæ Fetidus		also	39.00	1
(for single administration)	m	lx.	,, m	xc.
Spiritus Anisi			,, m	
Spiritus Armoraciæ Composi-			io mb	
tus			,, <u>3</u> ii	
Spiritus Cajuputi			,, m	
Spiritus Camphoræ			,, m	
Spiritus Chloroformi (for re-	m	1 miles	,,	
peated administration)	m	V	" m	XX.
Spiritus Chloroformi (for			,,	
single administration)			,, m	
Spiritus Cinnamomi			and the second second	
			, m	
Spiritus Juniperi			,, m	
Spiritus Lavandulæ				
Spiritus Menthæ Piperitæ	III	N	,, m	

Spiritus Myristicæ	m v.	to m xx.
Strychnina	gr. $\frac{1}{60}$,, gr. 15
Strychninæ Hydrochloridum	gr. $\frac{1}{60}$	1, gr. 1/15
Succus Belladonnæ	-	"m xv.
Succus Conii	3i.	,, Jii.
Succus Hyoscyami	3ss.	,, <u>3</u> i.
Succus Scoparii		,, Jii.
Succus Taraxaci		,, Zii .
Sulphonal		, gr. xxx.
Sulphur Præcipitatum	gr. xx.	,, Ji.
Sulphur Sublimatum		,, 3i.
	3ss.	,, 3i.
Syrupus Aurantii	3ss.	,, <u>3</u> i.
Syrupus Aurantii Floris	-	,, <u>3</u> i.
Syrupus Calcii Lactophos-	in the second	
phatis		,, Zi.
Syrupus Cascaræ Aromaticus		,, Jii.
Syrupus Chloral	3ss.	,, Jii.
Syrupus Codeinæ	the second se	" Jii.
	3ss.	" <u>3</u> i.
Syrupus Ferri Phosphatis	3ss.	,, <u>3</u> i.
Syrupus Ferri Phosphatis	0	
Compositus (Parrish's Food)	3ss.	,, 3 ii.
Syrupus Ferri Phosphatis	0	,,
cum Quinina et Strychnina	Minera .	
(Easton's Syrup)	3ss.	,, 3i.
Syrupus Hemidesmi	3ss.	,, Zi.
Syrupus Limonis	Jss.	,, <u>3</u> i.
Syrupus Pruni Virginianæ	3ss.	,, 3i.
Syrupus Rhei	Jss.	,, <u>3</u> ii.
Commence Dhave les	3ss.	and the second se
Syrupus Rosæ	Jss. Jss.	,, <u>3</u> i. Zi
C	Jss. Jss.	,, 31. ,, 3i.
C	Jss. Jss.	and a second sec
Commence Talutanus	3ss.	,, <u>3</u> ii.
Syrupus lolutanus	000.	,, 31.

Syrupus Zingiberis	3ss.	to 3i.
AT THE AS A DECK	1.13	which have
Tabellæ Nitroglycerini	I or 2.	Summer Profes
Terebenum	m v.	,, m xv.
Thymol	gr. 1	,, gr. ii.
Thyroideum Siccum	gr. iii.	,, gr. x.
Tinctura Aconiti	m v.	"m xv.
Tinctura Aconiti (if fre-	in the second	
quently repeated)	m ii.	,, m v.
Tinctura Aloes (for repeated	and the second second	TT Integing
administration)	3ss.	,, <i>3</i> i.
Tinctura Aloes (for single	A PRIMA	and not the
administration)	Jiss.	,, <u>3</u> ii.
Tinctura Asafetidæ	3ss.	,, <u>3</u> i.
Tinctura Aurantii	3ss.	,, Zi.
Tinctura Belladonnæ	m v.	,, m xv.
Tinctura Benzoini Composita		,, <u>3</u> i.
Tinctura Buchu		,, <u>3</u> i.
Tinctura Calumbæ	3ss.	,, <i>3</i> i.
Tinctura Camphoræ Com-	TOTAL LAND	a sudness
posita	3ss.	,, 31.
Tinctura Cannabis Indicæ	m v.	,, m xv.
Tinctura Cantharidis	m v.	,, m xv.
Tinctura Cantharidis (if fre-		
quently repeated)	m ii.	,, m v.
Tinctura Capsici	m x.	,, m xv.
Tinctura Cardamomi Com-	THE REAL PROPERTY.	the charge said
posita		,, 3i.
Tinctura Carminativa		,, m x.
Tinctura Cascarillæ	the second se	,, 3i.
Tinctura Catechu		,, <u>3</u> i.
Tinctura Chiratæ	3ss.	,, <u>3</u> i.
Tinctura Chloroformi et Mor-	- In the state	a culture
phinæ Composita	and the second s	the second se
Tinctura Cimicifugæ	5ss.	,, 3i.

Tinctura Cinchonæ	3ss.	to 3i.
Tinctura Cinchon & Composita	3ss.	., 3i.
Tinctura Cinnamomi		,, <u>3</u> i.
Tinctura Cocci	m v.	,, m xv.
Tinctura Colchici Seminum	m v.	,, m xv.
Tinctura Conii	3ss.	,, 3i.
Tinctura Convallariæ	m v.	,, m xxx.
Tinctura Croci	m v.	,, m xv.
Tinctura Cubebæ	3ss.	,, 3i.
Tinctura Digitalis	m v.	,, m xv.
Tinctura Ergotæ Ammoniata	3ss.	,, 3i.
Tinctura Ferri Perchloridi		,, m xv.
Tinctura Gelsemii		,, m xv.
Tinctura Gentianæ Composita	3ss.	,, 3i.
Tinctura Guaiaci Ammoniata	3ss.	,, <u>3</u> i.
Tinctura Guaranæ	3ss.	,, <u>3</u> i.
Tinctura Hamamelidis	3.s.	,, <u>3</u> i.
Tinctura Hydrastis	3ss.	,, <u>3</u> i.
Tinctura Hyoscyami		
	m ii.	
	3ss.	,, 3i.
Tinctura Jalapæ		,, <u>3</u> i.
Tinctura Kino		
Tinctura Krameriæ	3ss.	,, 3i.
Tinctura Lavandulæ Com-		
posita	3ss.	., 3i.
Tinctura Limonis		
Tinctura Lobeliæ Ætherea		
Tinctura Lupuli		
Tinctura Lycopodii		
Tinctura Myrrhæ	35s.	,, 3i.
Tinctura Nucis Vomicæ		
m· · · · · / · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
administration)	m v.	., m xv.
Tinctura Opii (for single ad-	isinomit.	12
ministration)	m xx.	,, m xxx.

Tinctura Opii Ammoniata	3ss.	to 3i.
Tinctura Podophylli		,, m xv.
Tinctura Pruni Virginianæ		,, 3i.
Tinctura Quassiæ		,, 3i.
Tinctura Quillaiæ		,, Ji.
Tinctura Quininæ	3ss.	,, <u>3</u> i.
Tinctura Quininæ Ammo-	in the line	Transit
niata	3ss.	,, 3i.
Tinctura Rhei Composita	U.c.	,, 0
(for repeated administra-		
tion)	Zee	,, <u>3</u> i.
Tinctura Rhei Composita	0	,, ,,
(for single administration)	Zii	,, Ziv.
Tinctura Scillæ		
Tinctura Senegæ	Zec	and the second s
	922.	,, 3i.
Tinctura Sennæ Composita		
(for repeated administra-	Tin	17 77:
tion)	Oss.	,, <u>J</u> i.
Tinctura Sennæ Composita		in this to be t
(for single administration)		
	3ss.	
Tinctura Stramonii		,, m xv.
Tinctura Strophanthi	m v.	,, m xv.
Tinctura Sumbul		
Tinctura Tolutana	3ss.	,, <u>3</u> i.
	3ss	,, <u>3</u> ii.
Tinctura Valerianæ Ammo-		Tucurra, L
niata	3ss.	,, 3i.
Tinctura Zingiberis	3ss.	,, 3i.
Trional	gr. x.	,, gr. xxx.
and the state of the second second	adried	
Urotropine	gr. v.	,, gr. xv.
repeated to an a	Doit (for	Tinctura (
Vinum Antimoniale	m x.	., m xxx.
Vinum Antimoniale (as an		Tincture (
emetic)	Sii. (not	. Siv.
	0	,,

Vinum Colchici Vinum Ferri Vinum Ferri Citratis	<u>3</u> i.	to 3ss. ,, 3ss. ,, 3ss.
Vinum Ipecacuanhæ (expec- torant) Vinum Ipecacuanhæ (emetic) Vinum Quininæ		,, m xxx. ,, 3vi. ,, 3i.
Zinci Oxidum Zinci Sulphas (tonic) Zinci Sulphas (emetic)	gr. i. gr. iii. gr. i. gr. x. gr. i.	,, gr. ii. ,, gr. x. ,, gr. iii. ,, Jss. ,, gr. iii.

Doses for Children.

For children under 12 years of age the proportionate dose may be calculated by the formula, age_____

age + 12

Thus a child 4 years old requires $\frac{4}{4+12} = \frac{1}{4}$ of the dose for an adult.

PREPARATIONS FOR EXTERNAL APPLICATION.

(BRITISH PHARMACOPŒIA.)

Emplastra, B.P.

Emplastrum Ammoniaci cum Hydrargyro. (Mercury about I in 5.) Emplastrum Belladonnæ. Contains 0'5 per cent. of the Alkaloids of Belladonna Root. Emplastrum Calefaciens. (Cantharides 1 in 25.) Emplastrum Cantharidis. (Cantharides, about 1 in 3.) Emplastrum Hydrargyri. (Mercury 1 in 3.) Emplastrum Menthol. (Menthol I in $6\frac{2}{3}$.) Emplastrum Opii. (Opium 1 in 10.) Emplastrum Picis. (Burgundy Pitch, about in 2.) Emplastrum Plumbi. Emplastrum Plumbi Iodidi. (Lead Iodide 1 in 10.) Emplastrum Resinæ. (Resin I in 9¹/₂.) Emplastrum Saponis. (Hard Soap, about 1 in 7.) Glycerine Preparations, B.P.

Glycerinum Acidi Borici. (Boric Acid 30 per cent. by weight.)

- Glycerinum Acidi Carbolici. (Phenol I part in 5 fluid parts.)
- Glycerinum Acidi Tannici. (Tannic Acid I part in 5 fluid parts.)
- Glycerinum Aluminis. (Alum I part in 6 fluid parts.)
- Glycerinum Amyli. (Starch, about I part in 9.)
 Glycerinum Boracis. (Borax, by weight I in 8¹/₂, by measure I in 6¹/₃.)
- Glycerinum Pepsinæ. (I fluid drachm represents 5 grains of Pepsine.)
- Glycerinum Plumbi Subacetatis.
- Glycerinum Tragacanthæ. (Tragacanth 1 part in 5 fluid parts.)

Lamellæ, B.P.

- Lamellæ Atropinæ. (Each disc contains 5000 grain of Atropin Sulphate.)
- L'amellæ Cocainæ. (Each disc contains $\frac{1}{50}$ grain of Cocaine Hydrochloride.)
- Lamellæ Homatropinæ. (Each disc contains $\frac{1}{100}$ grain of Homatropine Hydrobromide.)
- Lamellæ Physostigminæ. Each contains 1 grain of Physostigmine Sulphate.

Linimenta, B.P.

- Linimentum Aconiti. Strength : I of Root in $I\frac{1}{2}$.
- Linimentum Ammoniæ. Strength : 1 of Solution of Ammonia in 4.

- Linimentum Belladonæ. Strength : 1 of Liquid Extract of Belladonna in 2.
- Linimentum Calcis. Strength: 1 of Solution of Lime in 2.
- Linimentum Camphoræ (Synonym.—Camphorated Oil). Strength : about 1 of Camphor in 5.
- Linimentum Camphoræ Ammoniatum. Strength: 1 of Camphor in 8.
- Linimentum Chloroformi. Strength: 1 of Chloroform in 2.
- Linimentum Crotonis. Strength: 1 of Croton Oil in 8.

Linimentum Hydrargyri. Strength: 1 of Ointment of Mercury in 3, or, 1 of Mercury in 6. Linimentum Opii. Strength: 1 of Tincture of

Opium in 2.

- Linimentum Potassii Iodidi cum Sapone. Strength : about I of Potassium Iodide in 10. Linimentum Saponis. Strength : about I of Soft Soap in 11.
- Linimentum Sinapis. Strength: about I of Volatile Oil of Mustard in 27.
- Linimentum Terebinthinæ. Strength: 13 of Oil of Turpentine in 20.
- Linimentum Terebinthinæ Aceticum. Strength: about 1 of Oil of Turpentine in 2.

Lotiones, B.P.

Lotio Hydrargyri Flava (Synonym.—Yellow Wash). Strength: 2 grains of Mercuri Chloride in 1 fluid ounce. Lotio Hydrargyri Nigra (Synonym.—Black Wash). Strength: 3 grains of Mercurous Chloride in I fluid ounce.

Unguenta, B.P.

Unguentum Acidi Borici. Strength: 1 in 10. Unguentum Acidi Carbolici. Strength: 1 in 25. Unguentum Salicylici. Strength: 1 in 50. Unguentum Aconitinæ. Strength: 1 in 50. Unguentum Aquæ Rosæ.

Unguentum Atropinæ. Strength: 1 in 50. Unguentum Belladonnæ. Strength: 0.6 per

cent. of the Alkaloids of Belladonna Root. Unguentum Cantharidis. Strength: I in IO. Unguentum Capsici. Strength: about I in 5. Unguentum Cetacei. Strength: about I in 5. Unguentum Chrysarobini. Strength: I in 25. Unguentum Cocainæ. Strength: I in 25. Unguentum Conii. Strength: I in 25. Unguentum Conii. Strength: 2 of juice in 1. Unguentum Creosoti. Strength: I in 10. Unguentum Eucalypti. Strength: I in 10. Unguentum Gallæ. Strength: I in 5. Unguentum Gallæ cum Opio. Strength: 7.5 per cent. of Opium.

- Unguentum Glycerini Plumbi Subacetatis. Strength: 1 in 6.
- Unguentum Hamamelidis. Strength: I Liquid Extract in 10.
- Unguentum Hydrargyri. Strength : about 1 in 2.

- Unguentum Hydrargyri Ammoniati. Strength : I in IO.
- Unguentum Hydrargyri Compositum. Strength: 1 (of Mercury) in 5.
- Unguentum Hydrargyri Iodidi Rubri. Strength: 1 in 25.
- Unguentum Hydrargyri Nitratis. Strength: about (1 in 16¹/₄).
- Unguentum Hydrargyri Nitratis Dilutum. Strength: 1 (of Ointment) in 5.
- Unguentum Hydrargyri Oleatis. Strength: 1 in 4.
- Unguentum Hydrargyri Oxidi Flavi. Strength: 1 in 53.
- Unguentum Hydrargyri Oxidi Rubri. Strength: 1 in 10.
- Unguentum Hydrargyri Subchloridi. Strength: 1 in 10.
- Unguentum Iodi. Strength: 1 in 25.
- Unguentum Iodoformi. Strength : I in IO.
- Unguentum Paraffini. Strength: 3 of Hard Paraffin, 7 of Soft Paraffin.
- Unguentum Picis Liquidæ. Strength: 5 to 7. Unguentum Plumbi Acetatis. Strength: 1 in 25. Unguentum Plumbi Carbonatis. Strength: 1 in 10.
- Unguentum Plumbi Iodidi. Strength: 1 in 10.
 Unguentum Potassii Iodidi. Strength: 1 in 10.
 Unguentum Resinæ. Strength: 4 in 15.
 Unguentum Staphisagriæ. Strength: about 1 in 6.

Unguentum Sulphuris. Strength: 1 in 10. Unguentum Sulphuris Iodidi. Strength: 1 in 25. Unguentum Veratrinæ. Strength: 1 in 50.

Unguentum Zinci. Strength: 3 in 20. Unguentum Zinci Oleatis. Strength: 1 of freshly precipitated Oleate in 2.

DIETARY.

"Extras" may be ordered for patients on any diet (except full diet) at the discretion of the Medical Officer.

"Special Extras," such as Brand's Essence, Mellin's Food, &c., &c., must be initialled for by the Visiting Physician or Surgeon either beforehand or at his next visit.

Children under 10 years to receive one-half, and from 10 to 14 two-thirds allowances, unless otherwise ordered. Special directions must be given for the feeding of infants (vide Appendix, p. 73).

No. 1 Diet consists of Milk, 4 pints, and Beef Tea, 1 pint.

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Strepgth: 1 in	No. 2 Diet.	Scale.	
BREAKFAST	Milk ½ pint. Bread 1½ oz.	Ungrentum 7 Orgaentum 2 Ungrentum 2 Ingrientum	
LUNCHEON	Milk ½ pint. Bread 1 ½ oz.	Milk 2 pints.	
DINNER	Broth or Beef Tea Bread3 oz. Milk pud- ding6 oz.	Broth or Beef Tea I pint. Milk pud- ding 6 oz.	
TEA	Milk $\dots \frac{1}{2}$ pint. Bread $\dots 1\frac{1}{2}$ oz.	Bread 9 oz.	
SUPPER	Milk $\dots \frac{1}{2}$ pint. Bread $\dots I\frac{1}{2}$ oz.	piven for the for	

(Full Diet	127	
Weighten /	No. 3 Diet.	Half Diet Scale.
BREAKFAST	Milk‡ pint. Bread2 oz.	LUNCHEON
LUNCHEON	Milk $\dots \frac{1}{4}$ pint. Bread2 oz.	Milk 1 pint.
DINNER	M e a t (cooked) 4 oz. P o t a - toes3 oz. Milk pud- ding6 oz.	Meat 4 oz. Pota toes 8 oz. Milk pud- ding 6 oz.
TEA	Bread4 oz. Milk‡ pint. Bread2 oz.	Bread 12 oz.
SUPPER	Milk‡ pint. Bread2 oz.	Extras ma Mince, 6 oz. : Eggs ; Soup, Brandy, Gin, V

	No. 4 Diet.	Full Diet Scale.
BREAKFAST	Milk ‡ pint. Bread2 oz.	Bonda
LUNCHEON	Milk‡ pint. Bread2 oz.	Milk I pint.
DINNER	M e a t (cooked) 6 oz. P o t a - toes8 oz. Milk pud- ding6 oz. Bread4 oz.	Meat 6 oz. P o t a - toes 8 oz.
TEA	Milk‡ pint. Bread2 oz.	Bread 12 oz.
SUPPER	Milk ¹ pint. Bread2 oz.	

Extras may be ordered, viz.:--Chop, 4 oz.; Mince, 6 oz.; Raw Beef, 14 oz.; Fish, 6 oz.; Eggs; Soup, 1 pint; Greens, 4 oz.; also Wine, Brandy, Gin, Whisky, Porter or Ale.

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES. Weights. I Grain I Ounce... ... equals 437'5 grains. I Pound equals 16.0z...., 7,000 grains. Fluid Measures. I Minim I Fluid Drachm ... equals 60 minims. " 8 fluid drachms. I Fluid Ounce ... 20 fluid ounces. I Pint ,, I Gallon ... 8 pints. ... ,, **Relations to Weights and Measures of the** Metric System. I Grain ... equals '0648 grammes. 1 Ounce ... ,, 28.3495 grammes. I Pound ... ,, 453'5927 grammes. ... equals 15.432 grains. I Gramme I Decigramme ... " I·5432 ,, I Centigramme ,, 0'15432 ,, I Milligramme... ,, 0'015432 22 I Minim ... equals '059 cub. cent. I Fluid Drachm ... ,, 3.55 ,, I Fluid Ounce ... ,, 28.397 ,, 1 Pint ... ,, 567.932 ,, I Gallon ... 4.543458 litres. ... ,, 9

I Cub. Cent.	equals	16.94	minims	5
I Litre	,, ,,	100 C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	grains 77 pint.	(approx.)
1 Millimetre		equals	·0 3937 0-3937	inches.
1 Centimetre	stinu pro-	• ,,	0'39371	inches.
I Metre		,,	39.3707	inches.

THERMOMETRIC SCALES.

To convert Fahrenheit into Centigrade : subtract 32 and multiply by $\frac{5}{9}$.

To convert Centigrade into Fahrenheit: multiply by $\frac{9}{5}$ and add 32.











