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Contributors

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1972

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County Borough of Bury



Annual Reports

OF THE

Medical Officer of Health

AND THE

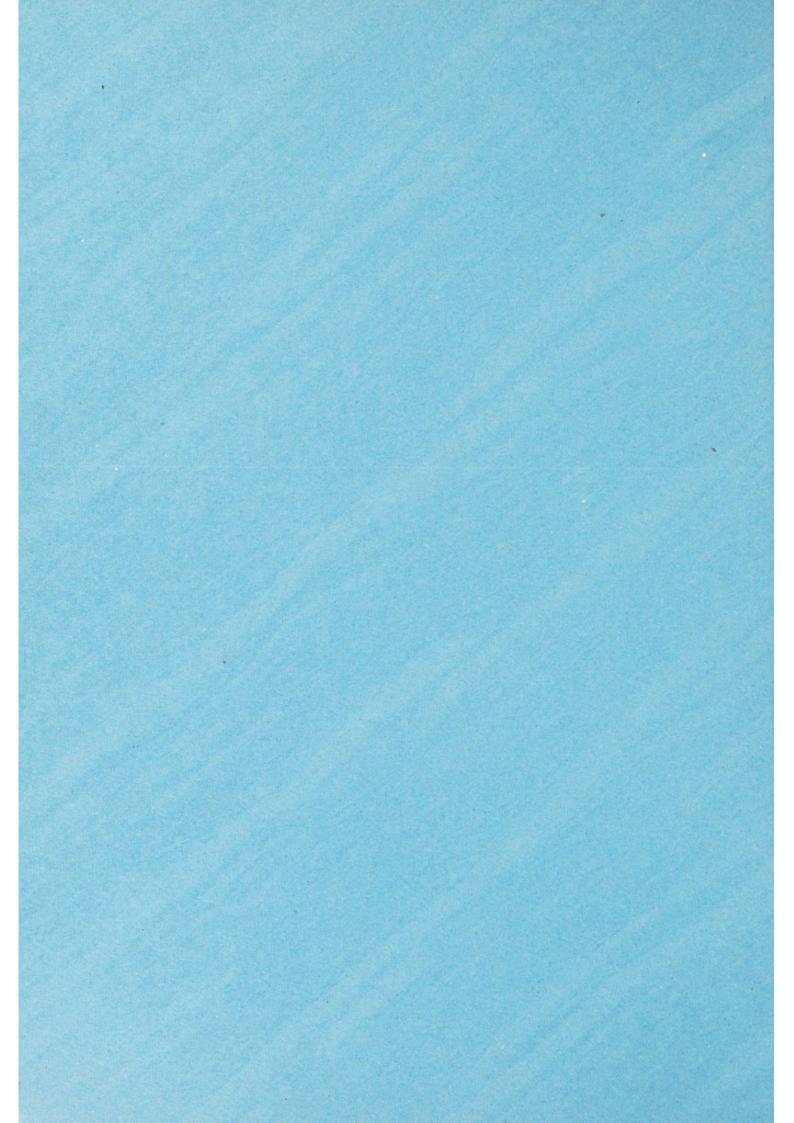
Principal
School Medical Officer

G. A. LEVELL, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.P.H.,

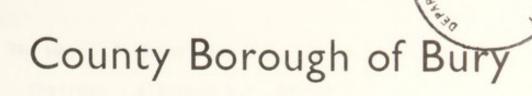
Medical Officer of Health

Principal School Medical Officer

1972







Annual Report

OF THE

Medical Officer of Health

FOR THE YEAR

1972



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Members of the Health Committee 1972

The Mayor - Councillor D.O. Davies *

Chairman - Alderman W.K. Heaton *

Deputy Chairman - Councillor H. Coates*

Alderman Shaw

Alderman Spurr *

Councillor Caplan *

Councillor Clarke *

Councillor Devlin *

Councillor Ethell

Councillor Forkin

Councillor Hamer

Councillor Hubert

Councillor Hudson

Councillor Jones *

Councillor Stockbridge *

Councillor Stott *

Co-opted Members

Mrs L. Roberts

Dr D.R. Cole

Dr G.H. Hilton

Dr H.W. Wilson

Mrs G. Bannister

Miss L.A. Rowland *

Mr P. Jay

Sub-Committees

*Health Standing Sub-Committee

Staff

Medical Officer of Health	G.A. Levell, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.P.H., M.F.C.M.
Deputy Medical Officer of Health	M.S. Gilbody, M.B., B.Ch., B.A.O., D.P.H., M.F.C.M.
Medical Officer in Department	*E.W.M. Shaw, M.R.C.S. (to 31.12.72) *J. Lovegrove, M.B., B.Ch., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.C.H. (to 10.9.72) *P.F. Fletcher, M.B., Ch.B. (to 31.3.72)
*Ophthalmic Surgeon	J. McLenachan, F.R.C.S.
*Ear, Nose and Throat Surgeon	A.I. Goodman, M.D., F.R.C.S.(Ed) B.Sc.
*Consulting Gynaecologist	G.H. Ellidge, M.B., Ch.B., F.R.C.O.G.
*Consulting Psychiatrist	L. Grimshaw, D.F.C., M.D., D.P.M. (to 31.3.72)
Dental Surgeon	F.J. Heap, L.D.S.
Dental Surgeon	V.B. Hyman, L.D.S., V.U.(M/c)
Dental Surgery Assistant/Clerk	Mrs P. Hodson Mrs B.W. Rosenthal (to 24.3.72) Mrs D.B. Kirkby (from 10.4.72)
*Borough Analyst	C.J. House, B.Sc., A.R.C.S., F.R.I.C.
Chief Public Health Inspector and Improvement Officer	A.E. Snodgrass, F.I.P.H.E., F.A.P.H.I., F.R.S.H.
Senior Public Health Inspector	A. Hinkley, 8,9
District Public Health Inspectors	A. Mather, 8,9 E.A. Rogers, 8,9,10 N. Hardman, 8,9 E. Eckersley, 10,11 P.L. Taylor, 11 P.S. Brown, 11 K.H. Ivatt, 11
Improvements Advisory Officer	J.H. Littler (from 25.9.72)
Smoke Control Survey Assistant	F. Leeming
Superintendent Nursing Officer	Miss K. Yates 1,4,7 (to 31.5.72)
Deputy Supt. Nursing Officer	Mrs B. Dunleavy, 1,2,4,7 (to 31.5.72)
Director of Nursing Services	Mrs J. Worrall 1,2,4,7,12 (from 12.6.72)
Nursing Officer (Health Visiting)	Miss K. Yates 1,4,7 (from 1.6.72)
Nursing Officer (Home Nursing)	Mrs B. Dunleavy 1,2,4,7 (from 1.6.72)
Nursing Officer (Midwifery)	Mrs M.B. McIntosh 1,2,3 (from 1.9.72)
Health Visitors	*Miss C.E. Ashley, 1,2,3,4 Mrs D.R. Ullathorne, 1,2,3,4,7 *Mrs L.I. Dewhurst, 1,2,4 (to 31.10.72) Mrs L. Shepherd, 1,2,4,7 Mrs M. Miller, 1,2,4 (to 18.2.72) *Miss J. Farries, 1,2,4 (part-time from 1.11.72)
	Mrs D. Stevenson, 1,4 Mrs J. Marns, 1,4,7 (from 11.9.72) Mrs K. O'Connell, 1,2,4 (from 11.9.72)

Staff (continued)

```
Mrs Y.M. Hartstone, 1,2 (from 25.9.72)
Mrs J. Lawrence, 1 (from 25.9.72)
Mrs C.G. Raffaelli, 1 (from 25.8.72)
Student Health Visitors
Tuberculosis Nurse
                                                                            *Mrs M. Stephenson,
Public Health Nurses -
                                                                           Miss D.M. Bond, I
                                                                           Mrs F. Hobbs, I
    Health Visiting Service
                                                                           Mrs A.W. Dearden, 3
Mrs M.S. Mason, | (from 28.2.72)
Mrs C.M. Lancaster, |,7 (from 1.11.72)
(Temporary)
                                                                           *Mrs W. Calleja, 1,2
Municipal Midwives
                                                                           Mrs S. Kealey, 1,2
                                                                           Mrs M.B. McIntosh, 1,2,3 (to 31.5.72))
Mrs P. Pattrick, 1,2,7 (to 30.9.72)
Mrs J. Barry, 2 (to 31.8.72)
Mrs G. Willis, 2,5
Miss R F V Reid 1 2 6
                                                                           Miss B.E.V. Reid, 1,2,6

*Mrs J.E. Bisson, 1,2

Mrs P.J. Robinson, 2 (from 25.9.72)

Mrs A.P. Carroll, 1,2,7 (from 9.10.72)
Home Nurses
                                                                           Mrs J. Franks, 1.7
                                                                           Mrs S. Garvey, 1
                                                                           Mrs K. Greenlees, 1,7
                                                                           Mrs J. Greenwood, 1,7
                                                                           Mrs D. Griffiths, 1,7
Mrs A. Harding, 1,7 (to 9.12.72)
Mrs B. Haslam, 1,2,7
*Mrs K. Hastings, 1
Mrs S. Hewitt, 1,7 (to 30.1.72)
Mrs V. Heywood, 1,7
Mrs A. Latham, 1
                                                                            Mrs J. Lawrence, 1,7 (to 24.9.72)
Mrs V. Murphy, 1,2,7
Mrs J. Saltmore, 5,7
                                                                           *Mrs A. Tyson, 5

*Mrs B. Walker, 1
Miss I. Walton, 1,7
Mrs M. Smith, 5,7

*Mrs D. Sutton, 5
Mrs L. Rice, 1,7
Mrs P.A. Haworth, 1,7
Mrs E. Howard, 1,2
Mrs D. Harries, 1,7 (from 1.3.72)
Mrs A.K. Monks, 1,2 (from 1.8.72)
Mrs D.A. Fenton, 1 (from 6.3.72)
                                                                            *Mrs A. Tyson, 5
                                                                            Mrs M. Gregory (from 6.11.72)
Mrs E. McHugh (from 6.11.72)
Mrs V. Nuttall (from 6.11.72)
Nursing Auxiliaries ...
                                                                            Mrs S.M. Heap (to 31.5.72)
Mrs R.M. Walker
 Speech Therapist
 *Orthoptist
                                                                            Mrs K.M. Rogerson
```

Staff

Chiropodists	Miss J. Hurst Miss S. Birks Mrs J.B. Crockford (to 20.7.72) Mrs S. Cheshire (from 11.12.72) *Mr J. Grainger *Mrs J.A. Foster (to 11.10.72) *Mrs C. Wells (to 25.10.72) *Mr B.T. Brown (from 1.11.72) *Mrs M. Carey (from 21.11.72)
Ambulance Officer	B. Flynn
Chief Administrative Assistant	Mr P. Butterworth
Administrative Assistants	Mr G.F. Schofield Miss M. Exley
Clerical Staff	Miss F.B. Appleby Mrs E. Leigh Mrs J. Neville Mrs M. Murray Mrs I. Whitehead Mrs D. Simpson Mrs M. Cordwell Mrs D. Gibson Miss S. Williams Miss G. Greenhalgh (from 24.7.72) Miss S.M. Boddy (from 20.9.72) Miss J.E. Morton (from 30.10.72)
Pupil Public Health Inspectors	D. Gibson J.R. Ghorst
Welfare Foods Distribution Assistant Clerk	Mrs N.G. Reynolds

* Part-Time

- I. S.R.N.
- 2. S.C.M.
- 3. S.R.F.N.
- 4. Cert. H.V.
- 5. S.E.N.
- 6. S.R.C.N.
- 7. District Nursing Cert.
- 8. R.S.I. and S.I.E. Joint Board
- 9. Meat Inspectors' Certificate, Royal Society of Health
- 10. Smoke Inspectors' Certificate, Royal Society of Health
- II. Diploma of Public Health Inspectors' Education Board
- 12. Teacher's Cert.

To the Chairman and Members of the Health Committee
Mr Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have pleasure in submitting my Annual Report for the year 1972. During this year there were considerable changes in the Health Department.

Following the principles laid down in the Mayston Report on the staffing of the nursing services of local health authorities, a Director of Nursing Services and three Nursing Officers were appointed. The three Nursing Officers were given responsibility for domiciliary midwifery, health visiting, and home nursing respectively. This arrangement has resulted in a more efficient deployment of nursing manpower, better integration of the work of the nurses with that of family doctors, and co-operation with hospital nursing staff in training of nurses, and patient after-care. The Mayston reorganisation of local health authorities nursing services was in any case necessary to prepare for the increased responsibilities which nursing administration would be called upon to bear in the National Health Service after 31st March 1974.

I must take this opportunity of paying tribute to the work of Miss K. Yates who has recently retired after many years as Superintendent Nursing Officer. She received many well-earned plaudits from medical and nursing colleagues, as well as from numerous other persons with whom she had been associated during her time in Bury. She was never happier than when she discarded her administrative duties for a time to roll up her sleeves and do some practical nursing. She will be remembered with affection and gratitude by many. We all wish her an active and happy retirement.

During December the department, with the exception of the Environmental Health Section, was moved out of the Town Hall into a converted car showroom nearby. The new premises have many shortcomings, and it was hoped that this would be purely a temporary measure.

The ambulance service was stengthened by the introduction of a new personnel structure, the erection of a new office and the installation of a new and improved radio system for the ambulances.

Once again the subject of fluoridation of the public water supply was raised. The Health Committee recommended the Council to agree to the addition of fluoride, but after a debate the Council voted by the narrowest of majorities to reject the measure.

Family Planning was promoted by a Council decision to extend the existing scheme in order to provide free consultation to all those residents of the Borough who wished contraceptive advice, and free supplies to "medical" cases.

The Public Abattoir closed in July after seventy years' existence. During this period it had been the only slaughterhouse within the Borough. Demolition was eventually decided upon in futherance of the development proposals for the central area of the Borough, including the provision of inner relief roads.

There was continued progress in Smoke Control. No. 9 Smoke Control Area became operative in October, bringing a further 775 premises and 243 acres of the Borough under control.

Two further General Improvement Areas, the Chesham No. 2 and the St. Paul's General Improvement Area, were declared during the year, bringing a total of 1,056 houses within the three General Improvement Areas in the Borough. Public Health Inspectors also issued 1,404 specifications of required work in response to enquiries from the public about house improvement grants.

The reorganisation of the National Health Service, which is taking place at the same time as the reorganisation of local government, presents a challenging prospect to those who will be involved in its administration. It will alter completely the framework within which the health department has operated since 1948. For the majority of staff, those engaged in clerical work or field work, there will be little change in the work they perform. On the other hand, for those engaged in administration at a senior level there will be the need to adjust to changed duties and responsibilities, and perhaps to a different role. Thus, there will be no Medical Officer of Health in future. Instead, the Bury area will have an Area Medical Officer supported by three specialists in community medicine, concerned with Child Health, Social Services and Environmental Health respectively.

The general public and the patient will probably be aware of little in the way of change in the initial period after reorganisation. It is even possible that the services provided may suffer for a time, before the administration has settled down after the upheavel. Nevertheless, the great majority of those engaged in the administration of the health services are convinced that reorganisation was inevitable and necessary, and that in the long term a vastly improved health service, responsive to the real needs of the community, will result.

I beg to remain

Your obedient servant

Medical Officer of Health 17th December 1973

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Summary of Statistics 1972

COUNTY BOROUGH OF BURY	
Position Latitude 53° 36'N Longitude 2	0 18'W
	300 ft
Geological Formation - Boulder Clay and Sand over Coal Measures	
Rainfall 921.	2 m.m.
Area in acres	7,434
Population (based on 1971 Census)	68,580
Persons per acre	9.22
Inhabited Houses (Census 1961)	20,960
Private Families or Separate Occupiers (Census 1961)	21,067
New Houses Completed 1972	416
Existing buildings altered to provide dwelling accommodation 197	2 2
Estimated number of houses in the Borough at 31st December 1972	24,165
Rateable Value £7,1	81,366
Sum represented by a Penny Rate £	69,080
Deaths	882
Death-rate (Crude) (per 1,000 of population)	12.86
Average Death-rate (1968-1972)	12.89
Heart and Circulation Death-rate	5.73
Cancer Death-rate	2.28
Respiratory Death-rate	1.26
Tuberculosis (all forms)	.002
Live Births (Male 630); Female 550)	
(Legitimate 1091; Illegitimate 89)	1,180
Birth-rate (per 1,000 of population)	17.20
Average Birth-rate (1968-1972)	18.49
Illegitimate live births per cent of total live births	7.54
Still-Births (Male 3; Female 9) (Legitimate 10; Illegitimate 2)	12
Still-Birth Rate (per 1,000 total Births)	10
Total Live and Still-Births	1192
Infant Deaths (deaths under year)	20
Infant Mortality Rates:	
Total Infant deaths per 1,000 live births	17
Legitimate infant deaths per 1,000 legitimate live births	16
Illegitimate infant deaths per 1,000 illegitimate live births	22

Neo-natal Mortality Rate (per 1,000 total live births)	. 11
Early ,, ,, (per 1,000 total live births)	. 8
Perinatal Mortality Rate (still-births and deaths under	
I week combined per 1,000 total live and still-births	18.45
Maternal Mortality (including abortion)	Nil
Number of Deaths	. Nil
Rate per 1,000 total live and still-births	. Nil
ENGLAND AND WALES	
Birth-rate (per 1,000 civilian population)	14.8
Death-rate (per 1,000 civilian population)	. 12.1
Infantile Mortality (Deaths under one year per 1,000 live births	s) 17.0

Births

The Bury birth rate remained well above the average for England and Wales (17.20 births per thousand population, compared with 14.8 per thousand population).

Illegitimate births increased from 7.39 per cent of the total live births in 1971 to 7.54 per cent of total live births in 1972.

Deaths

The Bury death-rate per 1,000 of population for 1972 was 12.86. There were altogether a total of 1,349 deaths registered in the County Borough. Of these deaths, 584 were of persons not usually resident in the Borough. By excluding these deaths of non-residents, the number of deaths is reduced to 765, to which must be added 117 deaths of Bury residents which have occurred in other districts. The number of deaths belonging to the County Borough is thus 882.

Bury County Borough Statistics 1877–1972

				INFANT	TI.E MOR	TALITY			vine:
Year	Popul- ation	Death Rate per 1000	Birth Rate per 1000	A11 Infants per 1000 Live Births	Leg. Infants per 1000 Leg. Births	Illeg. Infants	Still Births per 1000 L. & S. Births	Maternal Mrtality Rate per 1000 L. & S.bths	Tuber- culosis all forms Death Rate
1972 1971 1970 1969 1968 1965 1965 1965 1965 1965 1958 1958 1959 1958 1959 1959 1959 195	68,580 67,880 67,960 64,540 65,960 61,740 62,710 61,120 60,290 58,210 58,320 58,310 58,380 58,480 58	12.86 12.93 12.64 13.37 12.67 13.67 13.67 14.69 14.69 14.81 14.81 14.81 15.66 14.69 15.66 14.69 15.66 14.69 15.66 16.90	17.20 18.25 17.72 19.55 19.56 19.59 18.80 17.56 16.59 15.51 15.40 14.68 14.68 14.94 14.35 15.39 17.67 15.39 17.67 15.39 17.67 15.39 17.67 15.39 17.67 15.39 17.67 17.56 18.36 17.67 17.56 18.36 17.67 18.36 17.67 18.36 18	247 177 331 337 2447 3584 376 447 368 447 368 447 468 465 566 566 467 566 476 476 476 476 476 476 476 476 476 4	18 17 28 19 20 20 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21	87 977251311766521786512865217329816869555421602319217609433	10.06 16.60 12.68 18.20 17.58 18.20 17.58 18.20 17.58 18.20 17.58 18.20 17.58 18.20 17.58 18.20 17.58 18.20 17.58 18.20 17.58 18.20	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	0.02 0.04 0.02 Nil 0.04 0.03 0.03 0.05 0.03 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05

Bury County Borough Statistics 1877-1972 (cont.)

				INFAN	TILE MOR	TALITY			
1918 1917 1916 1915 1914 1913 1912 1911 1909 1908 1907 1908 1907 1906 1907 1906 1907 1906 1907 1906 1907 1909 1909 1909 1909 1909 1909 1909	Popul- ation	Death Rate per 1000	Birth Rate per 1000	All Infants per 1000 Live Births	Leg. Infants per 1000 Leg. Births	Illeg. Infants per 1000 Illeg. Births	Still Births per 1000 L. & S. Births	Maternal M'rtality Rate per 1000 L. & S.bths.	Tuber- culosis all form Death Rate
1917 1916 1915 1914 1913 1912 1911 1909 1908 1907 1906 1905 1904 1903 1902 1901	51,851 51,851 53,463 54,773 59,213 59,159 59,106 58,665 59,409 59,234 59,064 58,901 58,744 58,594 58,450 58,182 58,182 58,100 61,765 61,117	19.13 15.99 16.87 17.27 16.28 15.53 14.18 16.26 14.61 16.29 15.89 15.94 17.04 16.46 17.66 17.66 16.41 16.79 19.11	12.73 13.43 15.47 17.33 19.62 20.06 20.81 20.28 20.79 20.61 23.31 22.68 22.74 21.69 23.66 22.79 20.86 21.91 23.97 24.85	110 93 133 115 125 141 112 168 129 129 135 177 146 163 174 128 166 167 161	108 89 116 109 123 134 106 154 118 126 128 133 174 141 162 180 123 176	136 167 222 203 179 133 266 283 264 203 142 189 240 203 185 254 290 219	51 48 41 30 31 32 33 33 25	4.1 3.1 5.2 8.1 8.6 97.7 11.2 8.7 5.3 7.4 8.9 7.9 7.1 8.9 7.9 7.9 7.9 8.9 7.9 7.9 7.9 7.9 7.9 7.9 7.9 7.9 8.9 7.9 7.9 7.9 7.9 7.9 7.9 7.9 7.9 7.9 7	1.58 1.61 1.30 1.72 1.48 1.33 1.74 1.56 1.50 1.45 1.61 1.74 1.69 2.40 1.76 1.85 2.19 Phthis is
1898 1897 1896 1895 1894 1893 1892 1891 1889 1888 1887 1886 1885 1884 1883 1882 1881 1880 1879	60,597 60,100 59,530 59,016 58,500 57,596 57,212 56,955 56,701 56,198 55,948 53,282 53,013 52,745 52,478 52,213 51,566 50,928 50,297 49,674	18.28 19.03 20.74 25.13 19.45 23.47 21.93 27.15 22.00 20.48 21.06 22.57 23.5 21.2 24.1 22.7 21.3 22.9 22.6 23.7 28.1 22.5	24.48 25.39 24.21 28.90 25.71 25.94 28.07 29.50 27.55 29.50 31.77 32.37 34.3 32.8 34.3 35.0 26.4	173 177 176 197 147 209 176 192 167 175 144 186 175 132 197 163 183 157 224				4.7 5.3	only 1.11 1.74 1.27 1.4 1.2 1.85 1.30 1.88 1.75 1.45 1.71 1.68

Infant Mortality

There was an increase in the infant mortality rate from 15.27 in 1971 to 16.94 in 1972. Reference to the breakdown into various causes and ages presented in the following table shows the main cause of death in the first year of life to be due to prematurity. With only one or two exceptions this has been the picture in Bury for several years. The perinatal mortality rate compares well with that of other towns in the North West, and is actually below the national average of 22 per thousand in 1972. It has fluctuated considerably from year to year, but the downward trend is unmistakable.

NETT DEATHS FROM STATED CAUSES OR VARIOUS AGES UNDER ONE YEAR OF AGE IN BURY 1972

deaths	L	-	3 7	-	-	- =	- 	- = - m			2
Total	Σ σ	1	±	-	-	- w	- m I	- m 1 2	- 8 1 8 1	- 6 1 8 1 1	- 8 1 8 1 1 =
	months	1	'	1	1	ı –	1 - 1	1 - 1 1	1 - 1 1 1	1 - 1 1 1	1 - 1 1 1 -
	months	-	1	,	1	1 1	1 1 1	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 -
3-6	months	1	1	1	_			1	1	1 1	I I I m
~	months	1	,	,	,	١ –	1 - 1	1 - 1 -	1 - 1 - 1	1 - 1 - 1	1 - 1 - 1 2
Total	under 4 weeks	1	7	-	1		1 - 1	1 - 1 8	1 - 1 8 -	1 - 1 8	2 5
3-4	weeks	1	. 1	ı	1	1 1	1 1 1	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1
2-3	weeks	•	1	1	1	1 1	1 1 1	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 -	1 1 1 1
-2	weeks	1	1	1	1	1 1	1 1 1	1 1 1 2	1 1 1 2 1	1 1 1 2 1 1	1 1 2 1 1 2
Inder	weeks	1	7	-	1	1 -	1 - 1	1 - 1 1	1 - 1	1 - 1 1 - 1	1 - 1 1 - 1 9
	Causes or death	Heart Failure	Prematurity	Diaphragmatic Hernia	Cerebral Haemorrhage	Cerebral Haemorrhage Pneumonia	Cerebral Haemorrhage Pneumonia Gastroentiritis	Cerebral Haemorrhage Pneumonia Gastroentiritis Congenital Abnormality	Cerebral Haemorrhage Pneumonia Gastroentiritis Congenital Abnormality Intracranical Haemorrhage	Cerebral Haemorrhage Pneumonia Gastroentiritis Congenital Abnormality Intracranical Haemorrhage Pulmonary	Cerebral Haemorrhage Pneumonia Gastroentiritis Congenital Abnormality Intracranical Haemorrhage Pulmonary Haemorrhage

CAUSES OF DEATH UNDER ONE YEAR OF AGE IN EACH YEAR 1962-1972

Cause of Death	Prematurity	Congenital Abnormalities	Pneumonia	Asphyxiation	Cerebral Haemorrhage	Gastro-enteritis	Rhesus incompatibility	Respiratory Distress Syndrome	Asphyxia Neonatorum	Fibrocystic Disease	Pulmonary Haemorrhage	Renal Agenesis	Bronchitis	Accidental Deaths	Open Verdict	Pulmonary T.B.	Bronchial Asthma	Marasmus	Intestinal Haemorrhage	Idiopathic Epilepsy	Leukaemia	Intracranial Haemorrhage	Diaphragmatic Hernia	Heart Failure	lotal
1972	7	က	±		-	_					-											_	_	_	70
1261	±	9	2	8																					<u>×</u>
1970	9	00	2	±	-	2	-							40.0											m
6961	12	0	±	2	2	2	2	-																	32
1968	9	+	±	2	2	-		-																	23
1961	12	00	7					-																	78
9961	±	2	±					2																	2
1965	- 13	2	7			es	-		-	-	-	-	_										Name of		<u>m</u>
1961	=	m	00		-	-						,	m	-											28
1963	±	e	2	-				9	-				-	-		-	-								24
1962	2	2	±		e	-		±						2	-			_	2	-	-				30

COMPARITIVE STATEMENT OF VITAL STATISTICS

YEAR 1972

England and Wales (Provisional) 14.8 Birkenhead 16.9 Burnley 15.6 Aalifax 15.1 Liverpool 14.5	(Crude)	Rate		Perinatal	(Live and Still Births)		()
England and Wales (Provisional) 14.8 Birkenhead 16.9 Burnley 15.6 3ury 17.2 Halifax 15.1 Liverpool 14.5			(per 1,000 live and still births		Maternal causes excluding abortion	Due to abortion	Total maternal mortality
ead	12.1	17	12	22	0.12	0.03	0.15
	12.9	25	12	27		1	1
	16.5	19.5	18.3	27.9	0.87		0.87
	12.8	91	01	18.45	-1	1	1
	15.1	23	13	22	0.71	1	0.71
	13.6	8.41	15.4	24.9	0.23	0.12	0.35
Manchester 14.5	13.5	22.2	13.4	27	1	1	1
01dham 15.78	15.24	27.80	17.22	27.32	1	1	ı
Preston 16.2	14.2	23	17	28	ı	,	1
Rochdale 16.6	13.5	23	-13	28	1	1	1
St. Helens 18.3	13.4	20.9	16.4	26.7	0.5		0.5
Stockport 15.6	13.0	22	17	29	94.0	,	94.0
Wallasey 15.1	14.3	81	<u>+</u>	26	1	1	1
Wigan 17.6	13.7	20	17	30	0.69	ı	0.69

Causes of, and Ages at Death during the Year 1972

Causes of Death		iden	ts,	whet	her	occi		d age g wit ct	
	8		S	15	5	2	5	2	60
	90	4 8	Dr	Dr	4 7	2 4	and er	r 7	and
	11	nde	and	an	T	5 a	70	5 a nde	36
	A1	D L	1 un	Si	15	22	45 un	9 7	7.5 up
All causes Certified	882	20	7	8	3	21	187	251	385
Uncertified Tuberculosis of Respiratory System	ī	-	_	_	-	-	_	ī	-
Other infective & parasitic diseases	4	-	1	-	-	-	1	i	1
Malignant Neoplasm, Buccal cavity etc.	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
,, , Oesophagus Stomach	19	_	_	-	_	-	8	3	3
intestine	20	-	-	-	-	-	8	5	7
,, Lung, bronchus	37	-	-	-	-	7	18	14	7 5 4 3
,, ,, Breast Uterus	16	_	_	_	-	_	6	5	4
Prostate	3	_	_	_	_	-	2 2	i	-
Leukaemia	4	-	-	-	-	1	-	2	. 1
Other malignant neoplasms	44	-	-	-	-	3	10	21	10
Diabetes Mellitus	9		_	-	-	-		4	_
Anaemia	i	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Mental Disorders	5	-	-	-	-		-	3	2
Other Diseases of Nervous System etc. Chronic Rheumatic Heart Disease	15	_	_	-	1	-	8	6	4
Hypertensive Disease	21	_	_	_	_	ī	8 5	9	6
Ischaemic Heart Disease	239	-	-	-	-	6	60	74	99
Other Forms of Heart Disease	32	-	-	-	7	3	3	8	21 66
Cerebrovascular Disease Other Diseases of Circulatory System	104	-	_	_	_	3	5	23 16	65
Pneumonia	48	3	3	1	-	-	2	18	21
Bronchitis and Emphysema	28	-	-	-	-	-	7	7	14
Other Diseases of Respiratory System Peptic Ulcer	2	_	_	_	-	-	- 1	1	_
Intestinal Obstruction and Hernia	5	ī	_	_	_	1	- 1	ī	1
Cirrhosis of Liver	2	-	-	-	-	-	İ	1	-
Other Diseases of Digestive System	14	1	-	-	-	1	6	3	3
Nephritis and Nephrosis Hyperplasia of Prostate	7 2	_	_	-	-	-	3	_	1
Other Diseases, Genito-urinary System	6	-	-	-	-	_	i	2	3
Diseases of Musculo-skeletal System	10	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	7
Congenital Anomalies Birth Injury, Difficult Labour etc.	6	2	_	_	_	-	2	-	-
Other Causes of Perinatal Mortality	3	263	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Symptoms and III Defined Conditions	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5
Motor Vehicle Accidents	5	-	2	2	- 1	-	1	-	1
All other accidents Suicide and Self-Inflicted Injuries	16	_	_	-	-	-	6	3	10
All other external causes	6	-1	-	2	-	2	ĭ	-	-
Meningitis	4	-	1		-	1	-	-	-
Asthma		-	-	-	-	-	1	- 7	6
Influenza Enteritis and other Diarrhoel Diseases	8	2	_	_	_	-	-		-
Appendicitis	Ī	-	-	-	-	-	-	.1	-
Multiple Sclerosis	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
Late Effects of Respiratory T.B Diseases of Skin, Subcutaneous Tissue		-	_	-	_	-	-	_	ī
					100				
Total	882	20	7	8	3	21	187	251	385

There were 43 more deaths than in 1971 but the excess deaths were entirely in those over age 65, and more especially over age 75. Indeed the number of deaths in those under age 65 was actually reduced. Once again ischaemic heart disease heads the list of killers, with cancer second. Deaths from carcinoma of the bronchus again increased, and as usual the heaviest toll is the 45 to 65 age group.

The reduction in deaths from bronchitis and emphysema recorded in successive years recently has not continued its downward trend. There are 28 deaths from bronchitis and emphysema compared with 26 in 1971.

Rainfall

Bury Corporation Sewage Works, Blackford Bridge

	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	
January	0.35	1.43	4.18	1.76	2.55	5.14	3.80	3.52	2.64in	s 94.1	m.m.
February	0.38	1.14	0.25	6.57	3.05	1.96	2.44	5.21	3.10 ,	, 57.2	, ,
March	2.87	3.79	1.58	1.93	1.78	3.57	2.68	3.16	2.24 ,	, 77.5	, ,
April	2.90	2.78	2.62	3.96	1.34	2.50	3.13	4.16	2.59 ,	, 80.4	, ,
May	2.30	3.44	3.27	4.47	5.71	4.27	4.16	1.09	2.55 ,	, 80.1	, ,
June	4.02	2.24	2.47	3.98	3.58	3.95	3.29	2.80	2.65 ,	, 97.8	, ,
July	2.02	4.56	4.18	3.13	3.67	3.29	1.60	3.40	1.83 ,	, 81.0	, ,
August	4.26	3.85	2.88	4.34	5.46	2.03	2.82	3.38	3.90 ,	, 37.2	, ,
September	4.26	1.93	6.80	2.75	4.85	8.76	2.24	3.41	0.92 ,	, 35.9	, ,
October	3.58	2.95	2.26	4.56	7.22	6.28	1.54	4.45	3.31 ,	, 45.8	, ,
November	5.27	3.39	3.48	3.98	3.41	3.48	7.05	7.16	4.03 ,	,145.8	, ,
December	0.85	5.68	10.03	5.54	2.67	1.16	3.48	2.20	1.19,	, 88.4	, ,
Total	33.06	37.18	44.00	46.97	45.29	46.39	38.23	43.94	31.95 ,	,921.2	, ,

PART II

LOCAL HEALTH SERVICES

Co-operation with Family Doctors

All District Nurses and Health Visitors are attached to family doctors. Attachment was readily put into operation in Bury because the majority of doctors in the area have formed two group practices of 12 and 10 doctors respectively. The full attachment of midwives, although desirable, was not feasible because of the small number of midwives, so a liaison scheme was started. Some advantages in antenatal care are evident, and no serious snags have occurred.

There has been a continuing involvement of the general practitioners in the clinical work of the Health Department with the performance of child health clinics, school medical inspections, and cervical cytology.

Two general practitioners sit on the Health Committee as co-opted members, whilst the Medical Officer of Health is a member of the Local Medical Committee and the Executive Council

Co-operation with the Hospital Service

Health Visitors attend the paediatric and diabetic out-patients clinics. The tuberculosis visitor maintains a close liaison with the Chest Clinic. Consultants perform several local authority clinics - ante-natal, ear, nose and throat, ophthalmic, child guidance. District nurses attend patients after hospital discharges and prepare people for X-rays when requested. The Medical Officer of Health is a member of the Bury and Rossendale Hospital Management Committee. Medical Officers of the department participate fully in tutorials and seminars held at Bury General Hospital. A hospital consultant represents the Hospital Management Committee at the meetings of the Health Committee.

Health Centre

The Health Centre commenced in March 1973. Five General Practitioners are now using it for main surgery accommodation.

Care of Mothers and Young Children

Child Health Clinics

No new clinics were opened in 1972. There was again a slight fall in the total attendances from 19,179 in 1971 to 17,228 in 1972 as general practitioners extended their own child health facilities. Agreement has been given to the building of a new clinic on Mile Lane which will also provide surgery accommodation for two general practitioners if necessary. A health visitor will be based at the Clinic which is situated in an expanding residential area. Construction has now started and the building will be completed in 1974.

Table of Child Health Clinics in Bury 1972

	The Wylde	Totting- ton Road	Huntley Mount	Sunny- Bank	Brandles- holme	Walm - ersley	Total
Number of sessions held	148	102	49	102	48	49	198
Total Attendances made: Infants under year	2985	2743	1049	3234	1019	1103	12133
Children to 5 years	1714	813	656	836	546	530	5095
Number of Doctors' Consultations	1742	1000	473	1203	420	211	5049
Average attendance per session	32	35	35	40	32	33	_

The medical staffing of clinics continued to be a problem and it was necessary to employ outside doctors on a sessional basis in order to cope. It is a great advantage to have full time medical officers with a special interest in preventive medicine and developmental paediatrics to staff child health clinics, otherwise only a basic service can be given, including immunisation and vaccination procedures.

During the year Health Visitors performed screening tests for hearing defects on 459 children under the age of 5 years. The tests were performed on clinic premises.

Phenylketonuria

Although this disorder will lead to severe mental handicap unless the infant is fed with a special diet, it is therefore vitally important to detect cases as early in life as possible. The urine test formerly used has now been discarded, and from the beginning of 1970 the Scrivers test has been used. This is a blood test taken from a simple heel prick performed on all infants aged 10-14 days. It enables other disorders of amino acid metabolism as well as phenylketonuria to be detected.

Except in the case of infants still in hospital, the blood specimens are taken by Health Visitors and are despatched to the Royal Manchester Children's Hospital, Pendlebury, for the laboratory investigation.

Results: 1,079 tests taken - all negative.

LIST OF CONGENITAL MALFORMATIONS REPORTED DURING THE YEAR 1972

Case Ref.

Defect Observed

H970	Cleft Lip - Cleft Palate
1246	Pilocnidal Sinus
Inward Transfer	Exomphalos, Omphalocoele
1444	Cleft Palate
1636	Talipes
1771	Talipes
1966	Anencephalus
1991	Anencephalus
J142	Exomphalos
JII9	Bilateral Accessory Auricles
J136	Cleft Soft Palate
J176	Spina Bifida
J469	Hydrocephalus - Spina Bifida Talipes
J708	Hydrocephalus
J920	Downs Syndrome Deduction deformity Hand or Arm

Family Planning

For several years the Family Planning Association has acted as agent for the Local Health Authority in the provision of a family planning service. During the year the Council resolved to change from "Scheme 6" to "Scheme 5" of the Family Planning Association Agency Scheme. This would extend a service previously available only to those for whom pregnancy would be detrimental to health, to all residents of the Borough. Under the new scheme contraceptive advice is now free to all residents, and in addition, supplies are free to all "medical" cases.

The Family Planning Association conducts sessions twice weekly at the Health Centre, and sessions twice weekly at Sunnybank Clinic, at one of which the intra-uterine device can be inserted.

The number of cases referred by Health Visitors in 1972 was 28.

Dental Treatment

Expectant and nursing mothers and children under five were treated at the Wylde Clinic and Sunnybank Clinic as follows:

Numbers Provided with Dental Care

	per exam du	er of sons nined ring year	pers comm trea duri	er of onswho nenced atment ng the ear	cour tres comp duri	ses of atment oleted ng the ear
	The Wylde	Sunny bank	The Wylde	Sunnybank	The Wylde	Sunny bank
Expectant and nursing mothers	2	6	2	6	1	1
Children aged under 5 and not eligible for school dental service	60	52	59	41	25	16

Forms of Dental Treatment Provided

	T	lings and Gum reat- ent	Fi	ll ing s	Ni Ti	ilver trate reat- ent		owns or lays	7500	trac- ions	Aı	neral naes- etics	pro f upp	tures vided ull er or ower
	The Wylde	Sunnybank	The Wylde	Sunnybank	The Wylde	Sunnybank	The Wylde	Sunnybank	The Wylde	Sunnybank	The Wylde	Sunnybank	The Wylde	Sunnybank
Expectant and Nursing Mothers	-	-	13	26	-	-	-	-	1	2	-	-	-	-
Children under Five	-	-	96	66	-	-	-	-	56	10	-	-	-	-

Physiotherapy

A part-time physiotherapist treated children at the Wylde Clinic mostly referred from Child Health Clinics as follows:-

Physiotherapy of children under the age of 5

				Remedial Exercises	Ultra-Violet therapy
Cases treated				29	-
Number of treatments				126	-
Average attendance per child				4	-
Number of children discharged				3	-
Number of children defaulted				8	-
Number of children still attending	g at	year e	nd	18	-

Premature Infants

The Health Department is notified when a premature infant is discharged from hospital. In 1972 there were 82 (60 in 1971). There was an increase in the number of infant deaths ascribed to prematurity from 5 in 1971 to 7 in 1972.

Domiciliary Midwifery

Staff

There were some staff changes. Throughout the year a full establishment of 6 full-time and 2 part-time midwives was maintained. 6 pupil midwives received practical training from the 3 midwives recognised as teachers by the Central Midwives Board.

Number of Confinements

The following table shows the number of confinements at home and in hospital during 1971 and 1972. 87% of confinements took place in hospital in 1972 compared with 83% the previous year.

		Year		Hospital confinements	Domiciliary confinements
1971	 		 	 1014	204
1972	 		 	 1021	154

In many areas of the country it is reported that domiciliary midwives are not having enough deliveries to perform because nearly all are taking place in hospital. However, in Bury the 6 full-time domiciliary midwives each performed over 30 deliveries.

Early Discharges

During the year 922 mothers were discharged from hospital before the tenth day after confinement and were supervised at home by a domiciliary midwife. Of these 42 were discharged from hospital at or before 48 hours after confinement.

Ante-natal Clinics

The following table shows attendances during 1972

	Wylde Clinic	Tottington Rd. Clinic	Huntley Mount Clinic	Sunnybank Clinic	Total
No. of new cases	117	28	23	35	203
No. of attendances	728	163	130	250	1271

Not all mothers who first attended local authority antenatal clinics continued to attend there. A proportion were considered to require delivery in Hospital and were therefore referred to the antenatal clinic at Fairfield General Hospital.

The following table shows the results of blood tests of mothers attending the local authority antenatal clinics:

	Negative	Positive
Wasserman reaction	181	0
Rhesus factor	32	1 65

Physiotherapy

Relaxation classes were conducted weekly at The Wylde and Sunnybank Clinics by a physiotherapist. They continued to be very popular.

Midwives' Notifications of Intention to Practise

The number of midwives registered as practising during 1972 was 65. Of these, 9 were Municipal Midwives and 56 were midwives at the Fairfield General Hospital.

Health Visiting

The work of the department was greatly hampered by a shortage of Health Visitors. The year began with five full-time and two part-time Health Visitors, and although there were some changes, this was still the position at the end of the year. Fortunately three nurses had accepted sponsorship as student Health Visitors and commenced training at Bolton College of Technology in September 1972. They would not be available as fully trained Health Visitors until the summer of 1973. It was therefore necessary to employ State Registered Nurses for duties for which the full training of a Health Visitor were not necessary. The department has an establishment for 15 Health Visitors.

Visits and Attendance of Health Visitors

				1972
First visits to notified births				1277
Re-visits to infants under one year of age	• • •			3065
Re-visits to children from one to five years				5358
Visits to expectant mothers				177
Visits re deaths of infants under one year of age				4
Visits to premature infants				123
Visits re infectious diseases				16
Visits to Tuberculosis patients and contacts				666
Visits re Hospital discharges				46
Visits to Old People				3050
Visits for other causes	• • •	• • • •	• • • •	330
Total Visits effective				11041
Number of visits where no access was gained	• • • •			3103
Total Visits				14144
Attendances at Clinics:-				
Infant Welfare Centres		222		500
Hospital Out-Patients Clinics			:::	282
Tuberculosis Clinics at Hospitals				129
Total Attendances at Clinics				911

CO-ORDINATING COMMITTEE - CHILDREN NEGLECTED OR ILL-TREATED IN THEIR OWN HOMES

Joint Circular from the Home Office (157/50), Ministry of Health (78/50), Ministry of Education (225/50)

Report on the work of the Committee during 1972

The Co-ordinating Committee met at the Town Hall on six occasions during the year. The average attendance of members was twelve.

The circumstances of children in 69 families have been dealt with since the first meeting of the Committee in May 1952. Cases have been referred to the Committee as follows:-

Ву	the	Medical Officer of Health			 39
Ву	the	Borough Treasurer (Housing)			 7
Ву	the	N.S.P.C.C. Officer			 7
Ву	the	Chief Area Officer, Ministry of	Social	Security	 2
Ву	the	Director of Social Services			 4
Ву	the	Director of Education			 3
Ву	the	Teachers' Association Representa	ative		 - 1
Ву	the	Probation Officer			 5
Ву	the	Liaison Officer, County Police			 1

One new case was brought forward during 1972, and eleven family cases previously reported made a total of twelve considered during the year. The number of children involved is 61 of which 45 are of school age.

Battered Babies'

Occasionally parents will cause serious injury to their infant in a fit of rage. The parents will thus usually take the child to their doctor or to the Casualty Department of a hospital with a misleading story. It is important that the truth is discovered not only so that the parents can be tried, but particularly as experience has shown that such parents are quite likely to "batter" their children again. It has been agreed that if such a case presented itself at the Casualty Department of Bury General Hospital the Director of Social Services and the Medical Officer of Health should be informed.

Home Nursing

Prior to commencement of the National Health Service in 1948 the Bury District Nursing Association, affiliated to the Queen's Institute of District Nursing, was the voluntary body providing District Nurses in the area. After the Appointed Day it became a duty of the local health authority to provide a home nursing service and this was done in co-operation with the Bury District Nursing Association. The local health authority employed the nursing staff and was responsible for their deployment, whilst the voluntary committee continued to provide nursing comforts and equipment out of its funds and to sponsor home nurses on training courses organised by the Queen's Institute of District Nursing leading to the award of O.I.D.N. certificate.

The Queen's Institute training courses ceased in 1969 and were replaced by a government course of district nurse training leading to a District Nursing Certificate. 3 Nurses successfully undertook and completed this training in 1972. The Committee of the Bury District Nursing Association continued to meet once monthly and received reports from the Nursing Officer responsible for District Nursing. It has since changed its name and function to the Bury Relief in Sickness Fund.

The management of the Home Nurses is the responsibility of the Director of Nursing Services, who is in her turn responsible through the Medical Officer of Health to the Health Committee.

Visits made by Home Nurses 1972

Number	of	patients on register at	st January	 	526
Number	of	new patients during the	year	 	1430
Number	of	patients on register at :	31st December	 	525

Visits made by District Nurses 1972

	Cases		Disposal				
1 1 1115		s Conval- escent	Hosp- ital	Death	Other Causes	Still on Register	Visits
Bronchitis and Chest Diabetes Blood Diseases Cerebral Senility Cardiac Gynaecological Meoplasm Intestinal Prep. for X-ray Rheumatoid Artritis Nervous Conditions Skin Medical Tuberculosis Infectious Diseases Children (under 5 yrs) Other conditions	55 31 284 104 64 57 715 36 60 51 52 363 2	26 8 40 17 7 11 487 14 19 99 9	8 3 18 21 15 36 38 71 63 53 	7 2 25 21 9 8 22 1 34 - 4 3 47 -	5 10 55 10 9 72 9 4 - 16 6 - 42 - -	9 8 146 35 28 26 99 10 4 27 30 94 -	1027 3432 6528 3785 2655 1841 12084 383 2354 313 237 2315 3419 62 8954
Totals	1956	771	246	207	207	525	49485

Attachment to Group Practices

The majority of doctors in Bury are now in two group practices, and this has provided an opportunity for the attachment of district nurses to them. All are agreed that attachment has been a success. In addition, a nurse is on duty at the Health Department until 9-00 p.m. If she is out on a visit, messages are received on her behalf at the Ambulance Depot.

Treatment after discharge from hospital

Home nursing is provided, if necessary, after discharge from hospital. A discharge notice from the hospital gives details of the treatment required and is preceded by a telephone call if necessary. A considerable number of visits are made to patients' houses to prepare them for X-rays.

Provision of Nursing Requisites

The Bury District Nirsing Association supplied a wide range of nursing equipment such as commodes, bedpans and more sophisticated equipment such as ripple beds. When this was not out on loan it was kept in the district nursing clinic in the Town Hall.

Ambulance Service

During 1972 the staffing of the ambulance service was strengthened by the appointment of four Leading Ambulancemen and four Shift Leadersffrom among the existing personnel. A new radio system was installed consisting of a base station and ten mobiles. It had the great advantage of permitting communication between mobiles which was not possible with the system it replaced.

A new prefabricated office and control room was erected to replace the existing unsatisfactory accommodation.

Number of calls dealt wi Number of general remova Number of Accident cases	ls		:::	:::	26,127 23,920 2,207
Summary of Accident Case Street accidents (other Motor accidents Vorks accidents Home accidents	than motor)(Day	374,	Night 	159) 	533 205 166 1,168
Analysis of types of Rem Hospital admissions Hospital discharges Transfers between hospit Out-patients (X-rays, Ma Transfer between houses, Maternity cases, hospita Maternity cases, hospita Municipal Midwives Accidents Training Centre passenge Mortuary cases Infectious Diseases Emergencies To Railway Stations	als assage, etc.) stretcher case al admission al discharge	es			1,852 2,246 1,359 17,048 24 296 179 21 2,095 856 54 48
					26 127

26,127

Patients removed annually

1946	Year		Total cases				
1947 7,605 Increase 1,140 ,, 1948 8,486 Increase 881 ,, 1949 12,556 Increase 4,070 ,, 1950 14,097 Increase 1,541 ,, 1951 13,503 Decrease 1,541 ,, 1952 14,108 Increase 605 ,, 1953 12,928 Decrease 1,180 ,, 1954 13,914 Increase 986 ,, 1955 15,116 Increase 1,202 ,, 1956 13,747 Decrease 1,369 ,, 1957 14,713 Increase 966 ,, 1958 22,302 Increase 1,975 ,, 1960 31,984 Increase 1,89* ,, 1961 33,173 Increase 1,189 ,, 1962 33,197 Increase 24 ,, 1964 33,281 Increase 1,854 ,, 1966 38,179 In	1946	 	6,465	Increase		previous	year
1948		 		Increase	1,140	,,	
1949 12,556 Increase 4,070 7, 1950 14,097 Increase 1,541 7, 1951 13,503 Decrease 594 7, 1952 14,108 Increase 605 7, 1953 12,928 Decrease 1,180 7, 1954 13,914 Increase 986 7, 1955 15,116 Increase 1,369 7, 1956 13,747 Decrease 1,369 7, 1957 14,713 Increase 966 7, 1958 22,302 Increase 7,589* 7, 1959 24,277 Increase 1,975 7, 1960 31,984 Increase 1,189 7, 1961 33,173 Increase 24 7, 1962 33,197 Increase 224 7, 1963 32,973 Decrease 224 7, 1964 33,281 Increase 1,854 7, 1965 35,135 Inc		 	8,486	Increase	881	,,	
1950 14,097 Increase 1,541 ,, 1951 13,503 Decrease 594 ,, 1952 14,108 Increase 605 ,, 1953 12,928 Decrease 1,180 ,, 1954 13,914 Increase 986 ,, 1955 15,116 Increase 1,202 ,, 1956 13,747 Decrease 1,369 ,, 1957 14,713 Increase 966 ,, 1958 22,302 Increase 966 ,, 1959 24,277 Increase 1,975 ,, 1960 31,984 Increase 1,189 ,, 1961 33,173 Increase 24 ,, 1962 33,197 Increase 224 ,, 1963 32,973 Decrease 224 ,, 1964 33,281 Increase 1,854 ,, 1965 35,135 Increase 1,854 ,, 1966 38,179 Increa			12,556	Increase	4,070	, ,	
1951 13,503 Decrease 594 ,, 1952 14,108 Increase 605 ,, 1953 12,928 Decrease 1,180 ,, 1954 13,914 Increase 986 ,, 1955 15,116 Increase 1,202 ,, 1956 13,747 Decrease 1,369 ,, 1957 14,713 Increase 966 ,, 1958 22,302 Increase 7,589* ,, 1959 24,277 Increase 1,975 ,, 1960 31,984 Increase 1,189 ,, 1961 33,173 Increase 24 ,, 1962 33,197 Increase 24 ,, 1963 32,973 Decrease 224 ,, 1964 33,281 Increase 1,854 ,, 1965 35,135 Increase 1,854 ,, 1966 38,179 Increase 2,196 ,, 1968 39,813 Decr			14,097	Increase	1.541		
1952 14,108 Increase 605 ,, 1953 12,928 Decrease 1,180 ,, 1954 13,914 Increase 986 ,, 1955 15,116 Increase 1,202 ,, 1956 13,747 Decrease 1,369 ,, 1957 14,713 Increase 966 ,, 1958 22,302 Increase 7,589* ,, 1959 24,277 Increase 1,975 ,, 1960 31,984 Increase 7,707 ,, 1961 33,173 Increase 1,189 ,, 1962 33,197 Increase 24 ,, 1963 32,973 Decrease 224 ,, 1964 33,281 Increase 1,854 ,, 1965 35,135 Increase 1,854 ,, 1966 38,179 Increase 2,196 ,, 1967 40,375 Increase 1,906 ,, 1969 41,719 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>13,503</td><td>Decrease</td><td>594</td><td></td><td></td></td<>			13,503	Decrease	594		
1953			14,108				
1954 13,914 Increase 986 ,, 1955 15,116 Increase 1,202 ,, 1956 13,747 Decrease 1,369 ,, 1957 14,713 Increase 966 ,, 1958 22,302 Increase 7,589* ,, 1959 24,277 Increase 1,975 ,, 1960 31,984 Increase 7,707 ,, 1961 33,173 Increase 1,189 ,, 1962 33,197 Increase 24 ,, 1963 32,973 Decrease 224 ,, 1964 33,281 Increase 308 ,, 1965 35,135 Increase 1,854 ,, 1966 38,179 Increase 2,196 ,, 1968 39,813 Decrease 562 ,, 1969 41,719 Increase 1,906 ,, 1971 40,829 Decrease 4,585 ,, 1972 40,829 D			12,928				
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1962 33,197 Increase 24 ,, 1963 32,973 Decrease 224 ,, 1964 33,281 Increase 308 ,, 1965 35,135 Increase 1,854 ,, 1966 38,179 Increase 3,044 ,, 1967 40,375 Increase 2,196 ,, 1968 39,813 Decrease 562 ,, 1969 41,719 Increase 1,906 ,, 1970 45,414 Increase 3,695 ,, 1971 40,829 Decrease 4,585 ,,			31,904		1,100		
1963 32,973 Decrease 224 ,, 1964 33,281 Increase 308 ,, 1965 35,135 Increase 1,854 ,, 1966 38,179 Increase 3,044 ,, 1967 40,375 Increase 2,196 ,, 1968 39,813 Decrease 562 ,, 1969 41,719 Increase 1,906 ,, 1970 45,414 Increase 3,695 ,, 1971 40,829 Decrease 4,585 ,,			33,173		1,109	,,	
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1967 40,375 Increase 2,196 ,, 1968 39,813 Decrease 562 ,, 1969 41,719 Increase 1,906 ,, 1970 45,414 Increase 3,695 ,, 1971 40,829 Decrease 4,585 ,,		 	35,135		1,854	,,	
1968 39,813 Decrease 562 ,, 1969 41,719 Increase 1,906 ,, 1970 45,414 Increase 3,695 ,, 1971 40,829 Decrease 4,585 ,,		 	38,179			. ,,	
1968 39,813 Decrease 562 ,, 1969 41,719 Increase 1,906 ,, 1970 45,414 Increase 3,695 ,, 1971 40,829 Decrease 4,585 ,,	1967	 	40,375		2,196	, ,	
1969 41,719 Increase 1,906 ,, 1970 45,414 Increase 3,695 ,, 1971 40,829 Decrease 4,585 ,,	1968	 	39,813		562	, ,	
1970 45,414 Increase 3,695 ,, 1971 40,829 Decrease 4,585 ,,		 	41.719	Increase	1,906	, ,	
1971 40,829 Decrease 4,585 ,,		 	45,414	Increase	3,695	, ,	
1972 26 127 Doorses III 702		 		Decrease	4.585	,,	

^{*} Part of this increase is due to an alteration in the method of recording outpatient attendances. They are now recorded as two journeys (i.e. there and return).

Prevention of Illness, Care, and After-care

Cervical Cytology

In March 1966, a new service was commenced to prevent cancer of the neck of the womb by examination of smears. It was discovered some years ago by Papanicolaou that cells from the neck of the womb showed suspicious changes many years before cancer actually developed. A simple technique has been devised which consists of scraping the neck of the womb with a wooden spatula and smearing this on to a glass slide. The slide is then examined microscopically for the presence of suspicious cells. The process of obtaining the smears is quite painless and takes only a minute or two.

		The Wylde Clinic	Sunnybank Clinic
No.	of Clinics	24	8
No.	of smears taken	277	86
No.	referred for further investigation	_	_

The procedure if suspicious cells are found in the smear is to refer the patient to the gynaecological out-patients department at Fairfield General Hospital. Here a consultant will examine her and arrange for further investigation and any necessary preventive measures.

Married women aged 35 or over are strongly advised to have the test which should be repeated every three years. In fact cancer of the cervix does occasionally occur below this age and it has not been our policy to turn younger married women away if they request the test.

Health Clinic for the Elderly

This commenced in May 1969 in co-operation with the Consultant Geriatrician. The intention is to examine elderly persons who in the opinion of the visiting nurse or of their family doctors are not as fit as they might be having regard to their age, yet are not obviously in need of treatment. The clinic thus differs from "open" geriatric advice clinics in that firstly there is selection of suitable persons for examination and secondly the agreement and comments of the family doctor are sought.

The clinic is held at Huntley Mount Clinic. Patients are transported by sitting-case ambulance vehicle if necessary. It is staffed by two nurses and a shorthand typist provided by the Local Authority together with the consultant geriatrician. Each patient is weighed, measured, vision tested and urine tested by one nurse, whilst the other interviews the patient to obtain the social circumstances and medical history. The consultant then conducts his medical examination and takes blood for haemoglobin, erythrocyte sedimentation rate and blood urea, as a routine.

A report is sent to the family doctor in each case together with any recommendation of the consultant.

Four men and twelve women were examined during the year.

Number of clinics held 5

Chi ropody

The chiropody service has grown continuously since the Health Department assumed responsibility in 1960. At the end of 1972 3 full-time and 3 part-time chiropodists were directly employed by the Health Department, assisted by 3 chiropodists in private practice who also accepted patients under the Corporation scheme. The following table shows the number of treatments given each year:

Year	Treatments at Clinics	Domiciliary Treatments	Treatments of Schoolchildren	Treatments under the Scheme by Private Chiropodists	Total Treatments
1972	7354	2447	1061	1173	12035
1971	7115	1944	1461	829	11349
1970	5660	1448	1270	512	8890
1969	4792	997	432	1707	7928
1968	5048	1449	452	1591	8540
1967	4086	1162	422	1356	7026
1966	3270	846	249	935	5300
1965	2340	507 .	469	817	4133
1964	2237	600	342	767	3946
1963	1879	639	308	855	3681
1962	203	68	38	659	968
1961	951	292	-	698	1941
1960	246	130	-	843	1219

The chiropody service is available to the elderly, the mentally and physically handicapped, expectant mothers and school children. A charge of 15p is made for each treatment except in the case of school children, who are treated free. The great majority of cases treated are elderly persons.

Since October 1969 treatments have been performed at Huntley Mount Clinic on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday mornings in addition to the usual facilities at the Wylde Clinic in the town centre.

Health Education

Anti-Smoking Campaign

Following the impetus given by the previous year's anti-smoking campaign, the department continued to concentrate its attention on the young. Nurses attended schools in the Borough to give talks to pupils, illustrated by film strips showing the dangers of cigarette smoking. Mothercraft lectures were also given to senior girls by a Health Visitor.

A midwife gave weekly talks illustrated by film strips, and followed by discussions with mothers attending antenatal clinics.

Part III
Control of Infectious Diseases

The first table shows the incidence of notifiable infectious diseases (except tuberculosis, which is dealt with on a later page) in Bury during 1972 Incidence

At all Under 1-2 2-3 3-4 4-5 5-10 10-15 15-20 20-35 35-45 45-65 17 -	NOTIFIABLE			T0T	AL	CASES		NOTIFIED		IN WHOLE	DISTRICT	RICT			Total	Deaths
r 17 - 1 1 - 1 11 2 - 1 7 - 1 5 8 8 8 8 8 9 9 28 24 59 4 3 5 6 73 11 5 17 1 1	(Other than tuberculosis	At all ages	Under	1-2		3-4		5-10		15-20	20-35	35-45	45-65	Over 65	Removed to Hosp	No.
ng 3 7 5 i.e.) s	Scarlet Fever	17	1	-	-	1	-	=	2	1	-	1	1	1	1	1
s	Dysentery	24	2	-	-	9	-	-	1	1	7	1	-	-	1	1
s	Food Poisoning	8	ı	ı	ı	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	8	1	1	1
Sic)	Poliomyelitis (Paralytic)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	, 1	1	1	1	ı
gh 7 1 - 2 1 - 1 2 - - - - 188 7 39 19 28 24 59 4 3 5 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - 12 - - - - - - - - - 251 13 41 23 35 26 73 11 5 17 1	Poliomyelitis (Non-Paralytic)	1	1	- 1	ı	1	ı	1	1	1	1	1	1	- 1	1	1
188 7 39 19 28 24 59 4 3 5 - -	Whooping Cough	7	-	1	2	-	1	-	2	1	ı	1	1	1	1	1
	Measles	188	7	39	61	28	24	69	±	co	2	1	1	1	1	ı
	Meningitis	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	ı	1	1	ı	1
12 1 3 2 4 1 1 23 35 26 73 11 5 17 1	Typhoid and Parathypoid Fever	1	1	ı	1	1	1	1	1	1	. 1	- 1	1	1	1	1
251 13 41 23 35 26 73 11 5 17 1	Infective	12	1	1	1	1	1	-	m	2	±	-	-	1	1	1
	Totals	251	13	=	23	35	26	73	=	5	1 /	-	2	-	1	1

Cases of Infectious Diseases notified from 1962 to 1972

Disease	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972
Smallpox	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Scarlet Fever	12	18	5	17	16	5	7	2	9	- 11	17
Diphtheria	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Typhoid and Para- Typhoid Fever	_	-	2	- 1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Puerperal Fever and Puerperal Pyrexia	-	2	3	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Erysipelas	5	5	5	2	1	5	1	-	-	-	-
Poliomyelitis	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cerebro-Spinal Fever	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Acute Encephalitis	-	- 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ophthalmia Neonatorum		1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pneumonia	6	7	5	- 1	9	-	5	-	-	-	-
Malaria	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dysentery	138	9	9	30	11	10	12	32	2	9	24
Whooping Cough	14	45	31	18	47	29	5	12	37	68	7
Measles	111	1207	617	376	713	343	310	243	747	217	188
Food Poisoning	3	1	4	1	1	-	4	30	31	4	3
Meningococcal Infections	1	3	1	3	ų	1	2	-	2	2	-
Infective Jaundice	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	33	16	19	12
Total	290	1299	682	450	802	394	346	352	844	331	251

Prophylaxis against many infectious diseases is available either at local authority clinics or from family doctors. The following two tables show the number of primary causes and reinforcing dose given in infants and school children.

Protection against Diphtheria, Whooping Cough, Tetanus, Poliomyelitis and Measles

Completed Primary Courses - Number of persons under age 16

Tune of wassing on door		Yea	r of Bi	rth		Others	Tatal
Type of vaccine or dose	1972	1971	1970	1969	1965 - 1968	under age 16	Total
Measles	1	363	207	55	51	4	681
Diphtheria	-	626	232	26	47	10	941
Whooping Cough	-	624	231	26	15	-	896
Tetanus	-	627	232	33	52	113	1057
Poliomyelitis	-	650	225	22	54	12	963

Reinforcing Doses - Number of persons under age 16

Type of veccine or deep		Yea	r of Bir	rth		Others	Total
Type of vaccine or dose	1972	1971	1970	1969	1965- 1968	under age 16	Total
Measles	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Diphtheria	-	-	6	4	803	34	847
Whooping Cough	-	-	6	4	20	-	30
Tetanus	-		6	4	807	59	876
Poliomyelitis	-	_	6	4	805	20	835

Rubella Vaccination

The vaccination procedure is intended to protect young adult women from the dangers of Rubella during pregnancy. This, usually, mild and almost trivial childhood illness can cause very severe abnormalities in the unborn child including deafness, congenital heart disease, blindness, mental retardation, liver and spleen disorders etc. As the vaccine is a freeze dried preparation of living attenuated virus, the vaccination scheme is limited to young girls who are unlikely to be pregnant, and the Department of Health and Social Security is not at the present time recommending any extension of the scheme to cover older girls or young women.

A total of 670 girls were vaccinated against Rubella.

Smallpox

No cases of smallpox occurred and the following tables show the number of persons vaccinated against this disease in 1972:-

Number of Persons Vaccinated or Re-Vaccinated against Smallpox in 1972

vacc	t date of ination on in years	0-3 mths	3-6 mths	6-9 mths	9-12 mths	l year 1971	2-4 yrs 1968-70	5-14 yrs 1958-67	15 or over before 1957	TOTAL
	At Clinic	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vaccin- ations	P.M.A.	-	1	-	1	8	21	-	6	37
	TOTAL	-	1	-	1	8	21	-	6	37
Re-	At Clinic	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	0020
Vaccin-	P.M.A.	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	13	15
ations	TOTAL	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	13	15

The Department of Health and Social Security has now recommended that smallpox vaccination in infancy should cease as a routine measure. The success of the smallpox eradication campaign conducted by the World Health Organisation has significantly reduced the chance of smallpox being imported into this country from abroad. A small stock of smallpox vaccine will continue to be held by the Health Department for the use of family doctors who wish to vaccinate overseas travellers.

	Diphtheria, Whooping Cough, Tetanus	Poliomyelitis	B.C.G.	Smallpox (excluding epidemic vaccinations)
Local authority	%	%	%	%
staff	71.5	72.7	100	- TATE OF - TATE OF THE
General practitioners	28.5	27.3	-	100

Tuberculosis

A total of 20 new cases were notified. I5 of these were male and 5 female. The following table gives the number of cases notified and the death rates per thousand population in each of the last five years.

And the state of t	Pulmonary	Tuberculosis		uberculous seases
Year	No. of cases notified	Death rate per 1,000 pop.	No. of cases notified	Death rate per 1,000 pop.
1968 1969 1970 1971 1972 Average for 5 years	9 8 14 17 20	0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01	1 5 3 2 2	

A full-time tuberculosis visitor employed by the local authority investigates the social and domestic circumstances of every case of pulmonary T.B. She does her work in close liaison with the Chest Clinic and takes such action as is necessary to prevent infection of others. This includes the tracing of contacts and arranging for chest X-rays or Heaf tests, health education, and arranging for urgent re-housing if necessary. No cases needed re-housing in 1972.

The tuberculosis visitor made 1,069 home visits in 1972.

Investigations of T.B. contacts at the Chest Clinic, Bury General Hospital gave the following results:

Number	Heaf tested			 	 	 203
Number	found positive			 	 	 54
Number	found negative			 	 	 75
Number	given B.C.G. v	accina	tion	 	 	 83

In addition 16 babies were given B.C.G. vaccination at birth.

Routine Chest X-rays

It is Corporation policy that certain personnel in frequent contact with children should have chest X-rays on appointment and at not less than three-yearly intervals:-

Staff of Children's Homes	Clinic Nurses	Midwives
Residential Nursery Staff	Welfare Assistants	Dental Staff inc. Receptionists
Day Nursery Staff	Child Guidance Clinic Staff	
Junior Training Centre Staff	School Nurses	Child Care Officers
School Caretakers	Health Visitors	School Secretaries

In addition, the registration of child minders and private nurseries is made dependant upon satisfactory Chest X-rays of those in contact with the children. The X-rays are performed at Bury General Hospital.

The following tables show the result of Heaf Tests of Bury school children performed as part of the B.C.G. vaccination scheme since 1960. The reduction of positive reactors since then is some evidence that infectious pulmonary T.B. is less widespread. The table also shows that new notifications of pulmonary T.B. are still occurring.

B. C. G. Vaccination (Against Tuberculosis) School Children's Scheme (under |4 years of age)

1.	Number	Heaf tested	 	 	 902
2.	Number	found positive	 	 	 45
3.	Number	found negative	 	 	 818
4.	Number	vaccinated	 	 	 814

Arrangements are made to vaccinate school children of 13 years of age against tuberculosis thus giving them protection during early adult life, where experience has shown the disease is most likely to occur. The procedure is carried out either at school or local authority clinic, and involves a single skin test in the forearm, which causes no upset, and by which the doctor can tell if the child requires vaccination. B.C.G. vaccination is performed on the upper part of the arm, just like smallpox vaccination, although the reaction is slower and the resulting scar normally much smaller.

Consent forms are circulated to all the parents of children of the appropriate age for them to indicate whether or not they wish their children to be protected.

By arrangement with Bury General Hospital those children who give a strongly positive skin test have a chest X-ray at the Chest Clinic.

1963 1964 1965 1966 1967 1968 1969 1970 1971 1972

% positive tuberculin reaction(Heaf Test) in 13 year old schoolchildren
Pulmonary T.B. Death Rate per 1,000 population
Pulmonary T.B. notifications

14.8	13.6	15.5	11.5	7.6	7.1	4.1	5.1	5.1	5.1
0.02	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.01
18	17	11	12	11	9	9	14	17	20

Venereal Diseases

Treatment

Patients suffering from Venereal Diseases are treated at the Bury General Hospital Out-Patients Department. The Clinic sessions are as follows:-

Males - Tuesday 4-30 to 7 p.m.

Friday 10 a.m. to 12 noon

Females - Tuesday 4-30 to 7 p.m.

Friday 10 a.m. to 12 noon

This Clinic is run by the Regional Hospital Board.

Incidence

There was a rise in the number of new cases from the Bury area attending the Diagnostic Clinic in 1972 compared with the previous year. The following table gives a breakdown of new cases by cause for the last 5 years:-

Sexually Transmitted Diseases

Number of new cases, Bury County Borough, each year

Year	Totals all Conditions	Syphilis	Gonorrhoea	Other Genital Infections	Other Conditions
1972	156	3	46	39	68
1971	111	2	27	29	53
1970	87	3	21	6	33
1969	127	3	49	7	'5
1968	51	2	11	3	8

Health Education

Posters are displayed in public lavatories explaining how venereal diseases can be avoided, and where treatment may be obtained.

Contact Tracing

"Contact slips" are issued by the consultant venereologist to all new patients attending the Diagnostic Clinic. A specialist health visitor is not employed by Bury local health authority for contact tracing work.

PARTIV

Sanitary Circumstances

I am indebted to Mr A.E. Snodgrass, Chief Public Health Inspector, for the following part of the Report.

Inspection of the District

The number and nature of inspections made by Public Health Inspectors to the premises detailed and action taken.

Houses under Public Health Acts		Total Visits	Nuisances or Defects found	Notices served	Nuisances or Defects remedied	Notices abated
Land and Tips	Houses under Public Health Acts		465	287	187	131
Offensive Smells 145 -		163	169	-	-	-
Vermin Water Supply 171 36 26 27 27 Tents, Vans, Sheds 102 4 - <td></td> <td>7</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td>		7	-	-	-	-
Water Supply			-	-	-	-
Tents, Vans, Sheds Houses in Multiple occupation Schools I	Weter Supply			26	07	07
Houses in Multiple occupation 9	Tente Vane Shade			26	21	21
Chools	Houses in Multiple occupation		4	-		_
Ashes Accommodation 52		i	_	_	_	_
Accumulations		52	-	15	4	2
Animals or Birds Piggeries Rats and Mice 203			27			21
Rats and Mice 203 -	Animals or Birds	13		-	-	-
Drainage - Inspected Tested 1457 158 168 107 110 Tested 105 25	Piggeries		-	-	-	-
Tested					=	
Closets - Water				168	107	110
Pails or Privies				20	0.7	21
Septic Tanks 21				39	41	31
Sewers or Street Gullies			11	_	-	
Public Conveniences 1 -		20	_			_
Diseases of Animals Acts 3		Ĭ	_	-	-	-
Milkshops and Dairies 26 - - <td></td> <td>3</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td>		3	-	-	-	-
Markets		26	-	-	-	-
Abattoirs for Meat Inspection Meat Shops and Stores Food preparing Premises General food premises General food premises Some and Stores I 143 General food premises Some and Stores I 143 General food premises Some and Stores I 143 General food premises Some and I 10 I 4 I 4 I 5 I 6 I 7 I 7 I 7 I 7 I 7 I 8 I 8 I 8		. 22	-	-	-	-
Meat Shops and Stores 1009 - <td></td> <td>173</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td>		173	-	-	-	-
Food preparing Premises			-	-	-	-
General food premises 3086 61 10 14 2 Food Inspection 363 20 - - - Bakehouses - Factory 4 - - - - Shops Acts 21 - - - - Licensed Premises 3 - - - - Hairdressers Premises 2 - - - - Offices and Business Premises 190 33 16 8 3 Pharmacy and Poisons Act 4 3 - - - Merchandise Marks Acts 2791 - - - Fertilisers and Feeding Stuffs Act 3 - - - Weeds Act 7 - - - Offensive Trades 2 - - - Factories (with Mechanical Power) 29 2 1 7 2 Outworkers 13 - - - - - Suspected food poisoning 1 - -		1009	-	-	5051515	90 0
Food Inspection 363 20 Bakehouses - Factory 4	General food premises		61	10	111	2
Bakehouses - Factory 4 -				10	14	_
Shops Acts	Bakehouses - Factory		20	_	and seed to	
Licensed Premises Hairdressers Premises Offices and Business Premises 190 33 Pharmacy and Poisons Act Merchandise Marks Acts Fertilisers and Feeding Stuffs Act Weeds Act Offensive Trades Factories (with Mechanical Power) Suspected food poisoning Suspected food poisoning			_	-	-	-
Hairdressers Premises 2	Licensed Premises	3	-	-	-	-
Pharmacy and Poisons Act Merchandise Marks Acts Fertilisers and Feeding Stuffs Act Weeds Act Offensive Trades Factories (with Mechanical Power) Outworkers Suspected food poisoning Pharmacy and Poisons Act 4 3 - - - - - - - - - - - -	Hairdressers Premises	2	-	-	-	-
Merchandise Marks Acts Fertilisers and Feeding Stuffs Act Weeds Act Toffensive Trades Factories (with Mechanical Power) Suspected food poisoning Toffensive Trades	Offices and Business Premises	190		16	8	3
Fertilisers and Feeding Stuffs Act 3	Pharmacy and Poisons Act	4	3	-	-	-
Weeds Act Offensive Trades Factories (with Mechanical Power) Outworkers Suspected food poisoning 7			-	-	-	-
Offensive Trades Factories (with Mechanical Power) Outworkers Suspected food poisoning 2		3	-	-	-	-
Factories (with Mechanical Power) 29 2 1 7 2 Outworkers 13 Suspected food poisoning 1		2	-	-	-	-
Outworkers 13 Suspected food poisoning 1		20	2	ī	7	2
Suspected food poisoning	Outworkers	13	_	-	_	_
Infectious diseases 309	Suspected food poisoning	10	_	_	_	-
	Infectious diseases	309	-	-	-	-

Disinfection Housing - Consolidated Regulations	944	-	_	-	_
Other visits including	11117				
General Improvement Areas Disinfestation	4147 125	_	_	_	_
Overcrowding	19	_	_	_	-
Qualification Certificates	31	-	-	-	-
Smoke Abatement Observations	34	-	1	-	-
Premises visited	42	-	-	-	-
Smoke Control Area Premises	3720	-	-	-	-
Atmospheric Pollution Rivers Pollution Acts	336	-	-	_	-
Miscellaneous Visits	976	_	_		_
Interviews - owners, tradesmen etc.		-	_	_	_
Samples - food and drugs - formal	178	-	-	-	-
informal		-	-	-	-
Rag Flock Act - formal	22	-	-	-	-
informal	7	-	-	-	-
Fertilisers and Feeding Stuffs Act	3	-	-	-	-
formal informal	11	-	-	_	-
Water - bacteriological	48	_	_	_	_
chemical	9	-	-	-	-
Clean Milk - bacteriological	82	-	-	-	-
Pathological Specimens	11	-	-	-	-
Other Foods	72	-	-	-	-
Shellfish	4	-	-	-	-
Ice-cream	96	-	-	-	-
TOTALS	28506	1071	588	425	329
TOTALS Number of Notices Served and Nuisa			588	425	329
			588	425	329 385
Number of Notices Served and Nuisa Number of informal notices served	ances Abateo		588	425	385
Number of Notices Served and Nuisa Number of informal notices served Number of informal notices complie	ances Abateo				385 221
Number of Notices Served and Nuisa Number of informal notices served Number of informal notices complie Number of statutory notices served	ances Abateo		588	425 	385 221 161
Number of Notices Served and Nuisa Number of informal notices served Number of informal notices complie	ances Abateo				385 221
Number of Notices Served and Nuisa Number of informal notices served Number of informal notices complie Number of statutory notices served	ances Abated				385 221 161
Number of Notices Served and Nuisa Number of informal notices served Number of informal notices complie Number of statutory notices served Number of statutory notices compl Number of nuisances or defects aba	ances Abated	ormal notic	 ces		385 221 161 112 316
Number of Notices Served and Nuisa Number of informal notices served Number of informal notices complie Number of statutory notices served Number of statutory notices compl Number of nuisances or defects aba Number of nuisances or defects aba	ances Abated ed with ied with ated on info	ormal notice	ces		385 221 161 112 316 109
Number of Notices Served and Nuisa Number of informal notices served Number of informal notices complie Number of statutory notices served Number of statutory notices compl Number of nuisances or defects aba	ances Abated ed with ied with ated on info	ormal notice	 ces		385 221 161 112 316
Number of Notices Served and Nuisa Number of informal notices served Number of informal notices complie Number of statutory notices served Number of statutory notices compl Number of nuisances or defects aba Number of nuisances or defects aba	ances Abated and with ied with ated on informated on start to official fered on sart ecent years wither increases, continuous	enquiries le or lease, entailing eased by since the greater ued to become the works	usually me. The num paddition upplementa precentacome owner/	nade on hbers of hal duti	385 221 161 112 316 109 2749 such es in

Thirty-three drains were cleared of obstruction in default of owners and occupiers or premises under the provision of Section 146, Bury Corporation Act 1932.

FACTORIES ACT 1961
Inspections for purposes of provision as to health

	Number	Number of			
Premises	on Register	Inspections	Written Notices		
(i) Factories in which Sections 1,2,3,4 and 6 are to be enforced by the Local Authority	16	3	13 328		
(ii) Factories not included in (i) in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority	381	29	1		
(iii) Other Premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding outworkers' premises)	18	3			
Total	416	35	1		

2. Cases in which DEFECTS were found	Number of cases in which defects were found					
Particulars	Found	Remedied	Referred to H.M. Inspector			
Want of cleanliness (S.I)	-	_	_			
Overcrowding (S.2)	-	-	-			
Unreasonable temperature (S.3)	-	-	-			
Inadequate ventilation (S.4)	-	-	-			
Ineffective drainage of floors (S.6)	-	-	-			
Sanitary Conveniences (S.7) (a) Insufficient (b) Unsuitable or defective (c) Not separate for sexes	2 -	7	5			
Other offences against the Act (not including offences relating to Outwork)	-	-	To Indial			
Total	2	7	5			

Number	of	outworkers	lists received		 	 	 5
Number	of	outworkers	employed in the	Borough	 	 	 13
Number	of	visits to	outworkers premis	ses	 	 	 13

All outworkers are engaged in the making of wearing apparel

OUTWORK (Sections 133 and 134)		Section 133		Sec	Section 134	
Nature of Work	No. of out- workers in August list required by Section 133 (1) (c)	No. of cases of default in sending lists to the Council	No. of prosec- utions for failure to supply lists	No. of instances of work in unwhole- some premises	Noti- ces served	Prose- cutions
Wearing) Making etc. Cleaning apparel and Washing Household Linen Lace, lace curtains and nets Curtains and furniture hangings Furniture and upholstery Electro-plate File making Brass and brass articles File making Iron and steel cables and chains Iron and steel grapnels Cart gear Locks, latches and keys Umbrellas etc. Artificial flowers Nets, other than wire nets Tents Sacks Racquet and tennis balls Paper bags The making of boxes or other receptacles or parts thereof made wholly or partially of paper Brush making Feather sorting, etc. Stuffed toys Basket making chocolates and sweetmeats chocolates and sweetmeats Cosaques, Christmas stockings etc. Textile weaving Lampshades	13					
Total	13					

Water Supply

The provisions of the Bolton Water Order 1961, became operative on 1st April, 1963, by which the water resources of the former Irwell Valley Water Board are vested in Bolton Corporation Waterworks Department. The County Borough is supplied from mains passing through the area, which come from five different sources of upland surface water. All houses supplied derive their water direct from the mains.

I am indebted to the Engineer and Manager, Bolton Corporation Waterworks, for the following information.

	Particulars Required	Remarks
١.	Whether the water supply of the area and of its several parts has been satisfactory:-	
	(a) in quality	(a) Yes
	(b) in quantity	(b) Yes
2.	Where there is a piped supply, whether bacteriological examinations were made of the raw water and where treatment is installed of the water going into supply, if so, how many and the results obtained; the results of any chemical analysis.	RAW WATER - 689 samples submitted to bacterial examination and partial chemical analysis. 24 samples submitted to full chemical analysis. 1242 samples of filtered and treated water submitted to bacteriological examination and partial chemical analysis. 32 samples of filtered and treated water submitted to full chemical analysis. 97% of all above samples referred to were satisfactory.
3.	Where the waters are liable to have plumbo-solvent action, the facts as to contamination by lead, including precautions taken and number and result of analysis	NIL Found
4.	Action in respect of any form of contamination	Nil Required
5.	Particulars of the proportion of dwellinghouses and proportions of the population supplied from public water mains.	
	(a) direct to houses	(a) 99.80%
	(b) by means of standpipes	(b) Nil

Fluoride content of towns' water is equivalent to 0.05/0.06 parts per million fluorine.

Water Sampling by Local Authority

Sources of Supply		mical nation	Bacter Exam	Total No. of	
	Satis.	Unsatis.	Satis.	Unsatis.	Samples
Towns Mains	6	-	24	1	31
Private Wells and Springs	5	3	8	5	21
Total number of Samples	11	3	32	6	52

Five samples of water reported to be unsatisfactory on bacteriological examination were taken from three farms supplied by wells and springs, and two dwellinghouses. The occupiers of these premises were advised to boil all water used for domestic and dairy purposes pending investigations still pending. Arrangements are in hand to consider provision of towns water to one stock farm.

The one unsatisfactory report on a sample of towns water was referred to the statutory undertaker for attention. Further samples were reported to be satisfactory.

Swimming Baths

Seventeen samples of water were obtained from three swimming baths within the Borough and submitted for bacteriological examination. The Pathologist reports all samples to be satisfactory.

Eighteen samples of water were taken from an open air public bathing pool and submitted for bacteriological examination. Fourteen samples were reported by the Pathologist to be of acceptable standard. The bathing pool is supplied with water from a natural upland surface source and is daily chlorinated manually. The cause of the unsatisfactory samples was excessive use of the pool during admirable weather conditions.

Provision of Separate Water Services

On the 1st April the Council increased the grant towards the cost of providing separate water services to houses previously supplied by joint water services on "string" pipes, when the supply is insufficient within the terms of Section 138, Public Health Act 1936, as amended by Section 30, Water Act 1945, from £15 to £20.

In these cases Bolton Corporation Waterworks will renew or lay new towns mains to readily accessible points to facilitate this work, where necessary, free of cost.

Number	of	new wat	ter s	ervices	provid	ded	 	 	32
Number	of	grants	paid				 	 	32

Private Water Supplies

The percentage of dwellinghouses and farms not supplied with water for domestic purposes from towns mains is 0.19%. These houses using wells and other sources of supply are situated at considerable distances from towns mains.

Drainage and Sewerage

A smoke or water test is applied to all new constructed drainage so far as is practicable.

Number of premises where new drainage was provided 15

Closet Accommodation

Since 1st April 1967, the Council have made a payment of £20 towards the cost of converting insanitary closets to closets of the fresh water flushing type unless such work is already subject to grant under the House Purchase and Housing Act 1959.

One application for such grant was received during the year.

The number of new or additional fresh waterclosets installed was 173 of which 169 were provided with financial assistance under Housing Act 1959.

Storage of Household Refuse

Number of dustbins renewed by Cleansing and Sewage Committee under maintenance and renewal scheme 3477

The Council have operated a dustbin maintenance and renewal scheme since April 1950, the dustbins supplied being to B.S.S. $2\frac{1}{2}$ cubic feet standard.

Dustbins of 3 cubic feet capacity are, however, supplied to premises situate in smoke control areas.

There are now no known insanitary ashpits or wallbins remaining in use within the Borough, although a number of former ashpit structures remain to give service as dustbin shelters without any prior conversion of the original structure for this purpose.

Table giving particulars of conversions during the past six years

Closets abolished	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	Total
(a) Privy closets	3	-	-	-	-	-	3
(b) Pail closets	-	-	-	-	- 1	-	1
(c) Waste waterclosets	-	-	1	-	-	4	5
Privy closets converted to pail closets	3	-		6	-	-	9
Conversion to fresh waterclosets fr	om						
(a) Privy closets	-	8	4	-	-	-	12
(b) Pail closets	-	-	12	-	-	=	3 62
(c) Waste waterclosets	22	19	12	-	4	5	62
Addtnl fresh w'closets provided at (a) Dwellinghouses and schools (b) Factories and other premises	33 38	37 31	22 25	216	239 60	226	773 187
Total number of fresh waterclosets fixed in connection with existing dwellinghouses and premises	93	95	66	240	303	240	1037
Fixed ashpits etc. converted to dustbins							
(a) Privy middens	-	4	4	-	-	-	8
(b) Dry ashpits	18	1	2 5	-	-	-	21
(c) Wallbins	3	2	5	2	-	-	12
No. of portable covered dustbins provided (additional and in lieu of fixed ashpits etc.)	27	35	28	2	18.20		92
			10000				4000

Types and Number of Conveniences in the Borough			
Number of waterclosets			31920
Number of waste waterclosets			291
Number of dustbins			27740
Number of pail closets			87
68 pail closets are in connection with dwellings site	ed con	siderab	le distance
The remaining pail closets are due for demolition und procedure under the Housing Act 1957.	der Cl	earance	Order
Pet Animals Act			
	on kon	+ in a	antic factor.
Five premises are licensed under the Act and have been manner. Four Boarding Establishments are are also licensed satisfactorily.			
Offensive Trades			
Number of registered offensive trades			8
Number of registered dealers in scrap metal and marine store dealers			26
Disinfestation of Verminous Premises			
A disinfestation service free of charge to all dwell The disinfestation of all unfit houses prior to re-houndertaken together with the tenant's effects where houses are subjected to a further treatment prior to The number of such houses showing evidence of vermin is declining rapidly.	ousing necess demol	of ten ary. Al ition o	ants is l such f closure.
Total number of houses disinfested			83
Total number of Council houses disinfested			13
Number of Houses infested			
			0
Bed bugs	• • • •		3
Cockroaches			39
Other vermin	• • •		54
Number of food and other premises disinfested			11
In addition 104 houses due for demolition under the disinfested before the removal of the tenants to alternate and again before the demolition of the houses.	Housir ernati	ng Acts ive acco	were mmodation
Average quantity of materials used per case			
Liquid 5% Lindane/Blattenex		0.88	galls
Powder 10% Malathion		3.22	-
	• • •		103
Total number of visits re vermin infestation		211	
Pharmacy and Poisons			
Number of registered Authorised Sellers of Part	II Po	oisons	56
Number of projectored appricas			0.6

Number of registered premises

36

Fertilisers and Feeding Stuffs

Number of informal samples of fertiliers and submitted for analysis	s taken			8
Number of informal samples of feeding staken and submitted for analysis	tuffs			2
All samples were reported to comply with the under the Fertilisers and Feeding Stuffs Act	provisions 1926	of the	Regula	tions
Noise Nuisance				
Total number of complaints received				39
Total number investigated				39

15

Commonest cause of complaints - Barking Dogs

	Industrial Premises	Commercial Premises	Roadworks Construction Demolition etc.	Domestic Premises	0ther	Total
Number of:						
Complaints received	8	-	-	11	20	39
Cases complained of	8	-	-	ii	20	39
Cases investigated	8	-	_	11	20	39
Nuisances confirmed	3	_	_	1	3	7
Nuisances remedied informally	3	and the second		1	3	7
Abatement notices served	-		-	and in	-	-

Rodent Control

The following tabulation gives details of work undertaken during the year prepared in the form prescribed by the Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries & Food.

		Type of Pr	operty
		Non-Agricultural	Agricultural
Proper	rties other than sewers		
1.	Number of properties in district	26001	44
2.(a)	Total number of properties (including nearby premises) inspected following notification	999	6
(b)	Number infested by (i) rats (ii) mice	529 490	6
3.(a)	Total number of properties inspected for rats and/or mice for reasons other than notification	72	-
(b)	Number infested by (i) rats (ii) mice	66 6	-0.

Difficulty was experienced in eradicating mice by use of alphachlorlose in central heated premises.

I am informed by the Director of Technical Services that 3,000 manholes throughout the Borough were treated with fluoroacetamide during the year.

Sewer treatments were undertaken by the Director of Technical Services employing Messrs Rentokil Laboratories Ltd. as contractors.

OFFICES AND SHOPS

Registrations and General Inspections

Class of Premises	Number of premises registered during the year	Number of registered premises at end of year	Number of registered premises receiving a general inspection during the year
Offices	17	217	17
Retail shops	51	354	51
Wholesale shops, Warehouses	3	24	3
Catering establishments, open to the public, canteens	2	60	2
Fuel storage depots	-	1	- 11
Totals	73	656	73

Total number of visits of all kinds by in	nspectors		
to registered premises under the Act .		 	87
Total number of registered premises recei	ived		
initial general Inspection		 	656

Analysis of Contraventions

Section	Number of contraventions	found	Section	Number of contraventions f	ound
4 5 6 7 8 9	Cleanliness Overcrowding Temperature Ventilation Lighting Sanitary conveniences Vashing facilities	- - 4 3 - 2 3	13 14 15 16 17	Sitting facilities Seats (Sedentary Workers) Eating facilities Floors, passage & stairs Fencing exposed parts machinery Protection of Young	- - - 2
11	Supply of drinking water Clothing accommodation	- 1	19 23 24	persons from dangerous machinery Training of young persons working at dangerous machinery Prohibition of heavy work First aid Hoists and lifts	- 6 -
				Other matters Total	31

Number of notices served in respect of these contraventions ... 16 Number of notices abated... ... 3

merce .				
WW	emp	f 1	on	C
E/A	Cunb	U.L	OH	0

Number	of	applications	received						
Number	of	applications	granted in	respect o	of	sanitary	/ (convenience	s

Reported Accidents

	Number	Reported	Total No.	Action Recommended					
Workplace	Fatal	Non- Fatal	Invest- igated	Prose-	Formal Warning	Informal Advice 2 5 4	No		
Offices	-	2	2	-	-	2	-		
Retail shops	-	6	6	-	-	5	-		
Wholesale shops and Warehouses	-	4	4	-	-	4	-		
Catering establish- ments open to public, canteens	_	2	2	_	_	_	_		
Fuel storage depots	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Totals	-	14	14	-	-	11	-		

Analysis of reported accidents

	Offices	Retail shops	Wholesale Ware- houses	Catering establishments open to public, canteens	Fuel Storage Depots
Machinery	-	-	1	-	-
Transport	-	2	1	-	-
Falls of persons	1	2	1	1	-
Stepping on or striking against object or person	-	1	-	-	_
Handling goods	1	-	1	-	-
Struck by falling object	-	-	-	-	-
Fires and explosions	-	-	1	-	_
Electricity	-	-	-	-	-
Use of hand tools	-	-	_	_	-
Not otherwise specified	-	-	_	-	_

The majority of new registrations were in respect of premises in new retail town centre shopping precinct or in suburban shopping centres. The only new office premises erected were occupied by central or local government services. There is reason to suspect that since the advent of the Act, eight years ago, there have been a number of changes in premises then exempt from the provisions of the Act. Not all occupiers of such premises readily appreciate their legal obligations to register these premises now newly controlled due either to increases in original numbers of staff, or new occupiers employing larger staff on the same premises. There may well be a need for revival of national and local publicity re-directing attention to this basic provision of the Act.

There was an increase in notifications of accidents, although fortunately mainly of minor nature. Mostly being due to personal carelessness of employees and not to contraventions of the Act.

Few reports of maintenance and prescribed periodic inspection of lifts and hoists were received although it is known that the number of such installations is small. They are mainly small goods lifts in retail supermarkets other than those within office buildings mentioned in first paragraph.

The Council issued their first Exemption Certificate under the Act. This was in respect of the absence of sanitary accommodation at a refreshment kiosk adjoining a public open air bathing and boating pool.

The Council were satisfied to issue the certificate on completion of all prescribed procedures as the kiosk is sited within a short distance of a readily accessible public convenience provided for both sexes. The kiosk is also only open four months during the year.

There was a considerably reduced number of reported contraventions of the Act, a total of 31 compared with 85 in the previous year, the majority of which were of a trivial nature. They included:-

Insufficient ventilation			 	3
Insufficient heating	 	 	 	4
Insufficient or unclean sar				2
Insufficient washing facili				3
Absence of clothes lockers	 	 	 	1
Unclean floors, passages or				2
Incomplete first aid kits	 	 	 	6
Other matters	 	 	 	1

Notifications were served in respect of these contraventions and were complied with. Possibly the most serious contraventions related to the lack of maintenance of first aid kits to prescribed standards. This is a matter constantly being brought to the notice of occupiers of premises. Copies of the schedule of prescribed equipment for varying numbers of employees are made readily available for occupiers of premises.

It was not found necessary to institute legal proceedings against any occupier during the year.

Number of intimations served in respect of 33 defects ... 16
Number of intimations complied with in respect of 8 defects 3

During the year Public Health Inspectors paid 21 visits to shops specifically to enforce the Sunday Trading provisions of the Shops Act 1950. These visits were additional to enforcing the provisions of the Act whilst visiting other shops of all categories in connection with other duties, particularly those under the provisions of the Offices, Shops and Railway Premises Act 1963, when 206 visits were made.

Despite the long delayed need for a complete revision of the provisions of the Act and particularly those clauses relative to Sunday trading it is difficult to appreciate the reasoning of those traders who choose to flaunt the law despite advice to the contrary. At present this appears to be a national move on the part of various groups of traders. So far the Borough has remained singularly fortunate in the number of such incidents. This is mainly due to the vigilance of Inspectors and to the co-operation of those traders who seek advice on the matter.

Legal proceedings were instituted against two different occupiers of the same premises for offences under Section 47 Shops Act 1950 on two occasions for prohibited sales on Sundays.

Prevention of Air Pollution

		Ringelmann No. 2 and over Dark Smoke (minutes)	Ringelmann No. I Moderate Smoke (minutes)	Ringelmann No. 0 Little or no Smoke (minutes)	
Total amount of smo during the year	ke recorded	66.0	126.5	287.5	
Average amount of si recorded per observ	moke ation	4.12	7.87	17.95	
	No. in Register				
Particulars of offences recorded 42 146		13 14 15	14	3 6 15	

The only offence aroseffrom a chimney in connection with two oil fired package boilers at a paint works. On this occasionthe occupiers of the premises were notified of the offence as required by Section 30, Clean Air Act 1956. An inspection of the boiler plant was made and advice offered to operators and management.

Number of notifications to install furnace		 	16
Number of applications for prior approval			
of installation of furnaces	 	 	8
Number of such applications approved	 	 	8
Number of chimney heights determined	 	 	16

The Bury (No. 9) Smoke Control Order 1971 became operational on the 1st October. This order relates to 775 dwellings, including 222 in Council ownership and 39 other premises situated in 243 acres within Unsworth Ward.

The greater part of the residential area of the Ward is now smoke-controlled along with 10,285 other premises throughout the Borough. The net cost to the Council to make the Order operative is estimated at £10,107. Most necessary firegrate conversions were completed by the operative date. It was necessary to serve 21 Statutory Notices under Section 12(2) Clean Air Act 1956 to facilitate completion of outstanding firegrate conversions within the Area.

A survey of premises within the proposed No. 10 (Hollins) Smoke-control area was proceeding during the year. This area covers the remaining populated area of Unsworth Ward not previously smoke-controlled.

In the establishment and operation of these areas close contact has been maintained with the Local Joint Service Committee of the Coal Utilisation Council, the Manchester and Salford Coal Merchants Association, the North Western Gas Board, the North Western Electricity Board, the National Coal Board and the Press, which has resulted in the dispersal of a great deal of information concerning the Council's Clean Air Policy and helped to combat potential opposition to the operation of the Orders. The solid smokeless Fuel Federation also staged a mobile exhibition within the Borough during the year in connection with the implementation of the Bury (No. 4) Smoke Control Order and the Coal Utilisation Council operated a demonstration house within this area.

A total of 3,720 visits were made to premises within smoke control areas for all purposes.

The Council retain their membership of the Manchester Regional Clean Air Council and the National Society for Clean Air and are represented on the North West Divisional Council of the latter organisation.

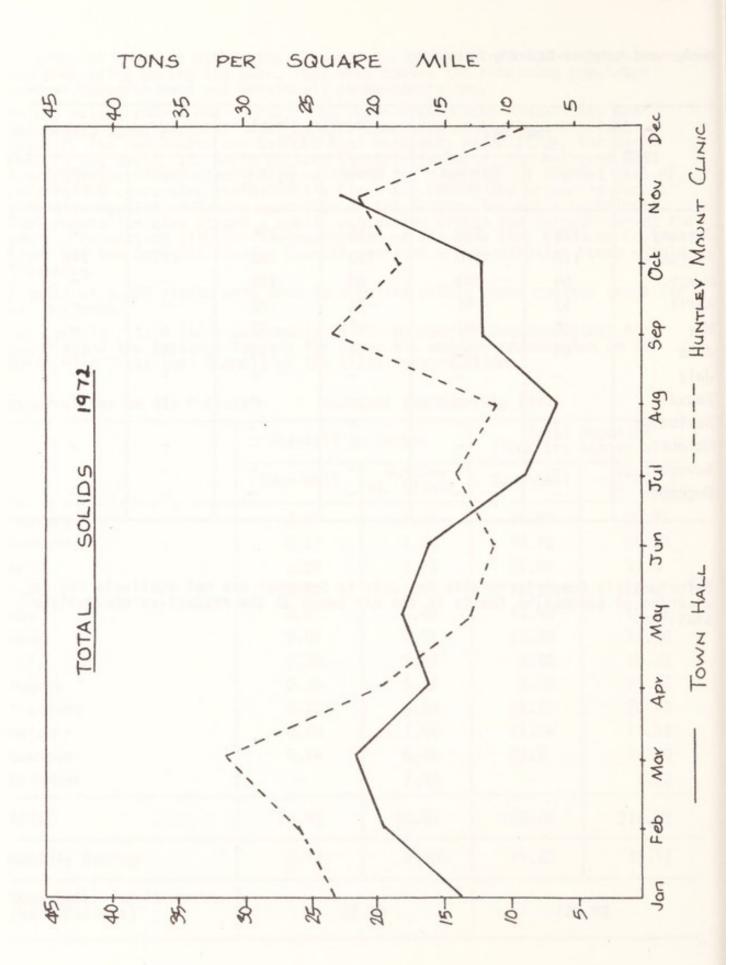
Observations on Air Pollution - Rainfall and Deposits 1972

	Rainfall	in inches	Total Deposits (Tons per square mi		
	Town Hall	Huntley Mt. Clinic	Town Hall	Huntley Mt.Clinic	
January	3.64	2.96	14.57	23.25	
February	2.17	1.74	19.72	25.23	
March	1.92	2.29	20.46	31.0	
April	3.45	3.47	15.30	19.8	
May	3.0	3.45	16.43	12.71	
June	2.01	2.71	15.30	11.10	
July	1.25	2.07	8.68	13.64	
August	0.75	0.82	5.89	10.85	
September	0.28	0.34	11.10	23.40	
October	0.88	1.64	11.16	17.36	
November	4.14	5.10	22.2	20.70	
December	-	2.03	-	8.99	
TOTAL	23.49	28.62	160.82	218.03	
Monthly Average	2.14	2.385	14.62	18.17	
Mean Total for 12 months (both Sations)	2	6.05	189.43		

Smoke and Sulphur Dioxide Emissions

1070	Tow	n Hall	Huntle Cl	y Mount inic	Sunnybank Clinic		
1972 -	Smoke	Sulphur Dioxide	Smoke	Sulphur Dioxide	Smoke	Sulphur Dioxide	
January	129	249	115	204	-	-	
February	118	210	120	182	i 77	215	
March	84	243	88	128	-	-	
April	32	51	41	32	-	-	
May	80	61	45	32	-	-	
June	44	98	54	106	53	104	
July	-	-	-	-	-	-	
August	-	-	-	-	-	-	
September	-	-	-	-	-	-	
October	-	-	-	-	-	-	
November	-	-	-	-	-	-	
December	-	_	-	-	_	_	

Unfortunately complete results for July to December are not available due to a series of successive faults in the air pumps at the respective observation stations.



Milk Supply

The Borough is situated within a "specified area" defined in the Milk (Special Designation) (Specified Areas) (No. 2) Order 1954, which requires that only "untreated", "pasteurised" or "sterilised" milk may be retailed. Conditions attached to dealers' licences for the sale of such designated milk ensure that all milk sold retail within the Borough is bottled and capped before delivery to the consumer. The existence of the Tuberculosis (England and Wales Attested Area) Order 1960, ensures that all milk sold within the Borough is tubercle free.

Total number of dairy farms	40
Total number of licensed producers of "untreated" milk	14
Number of Registered Distributors of milk	247
Number of registered dairies and milk stores	15
Number of dealers' licences issued to retail "untreated" milk	27
Number of dealers' licences issued to retail "pasteurised" milk	75
Number of dealers' licences issued to retail "sterilised" milk	199
Number of dealers' licences issued to retail ultra-heat treated milk	128
Number of registered dairymen trading within the Borough	43
Number of licensed pasteurisers	- 1

Details of Milk Sampling by Public Health Inspectors

Desig- nation	on of Sam- cot Un- cot			Turb- idity Test	Bruc	R.T. ella st	Brucella Culture Test	Colony Count	No. of Tests applied	
of milk			Sat. Sat.		Un- sat.	Sat.	Sat.			
Un- treated	62	54	5	-	-	25	3	3	-	93
Pasteu- rised	54	53	1	54	-	-	-	_	-	108
Steril- ised	19	-	_	-	19	_	_	-	-	19
U.H.T.	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2
Totals	137	107	6	54	19	25	3	3	2	219

96% of all milk sampled was satisfactory to prescribed tests.

8% of "untreated" milk failed to satisfy the methylene blue reduction test.

Two of the unsatisfactory samples failing the methylene blue reduction test were taken from licensed producers situate within the Borough. Reports on five unsatisfactory samples were referred to the Divisional Milk Officer, Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food, who reported that these cases were thoroughly investigated and subjected to increased sampling for compliance with methylene blue reduction test.

One sample of pasteurised milk taken from a processing dairy outside the Borough failed to satisfy the methylene blue reduction test. The dairy and Food and Drugs Authority concerned were notified of this result.

Producers of untreated milk have been sampled systematically in accordance with the recommendations of the Ministry of Health Circular No. 17/66 for evidence of brucella infection. None was found.

Since July 1962, all heat treated milk sold within the Borough has been produced and bottled at premises in outside districts. For the previous 41 years the majority of pasteurised milk retailed locally was produced in the Borough. The local pasteurising dairy closed following financial mergers in national dairy interests.

Ice Cream Premises

Codes of Practice approved by the Council in relation to ice cream premises and vehicles, have been in operation since 1949. Manufacturers and Vendors, including Mobile Vendors are registered under the provisions of the Bury Corporation Act 1932.

Manufacturers of ice lollies are also required to be registered under the Bury Corporation Act 1932, as a form of food preparation where such manufacture constitutes a major portion of a traders business.

Registration at 31st December 1972

Retail Manufacturers	Retail Vendors (Shops)	Retail Vendors (Vehicles)	Manufacturers of ice-lollies
Hot mix process	342	29	10

Approximately 91% of ice cream vendors in the Borough are engaged in the sale of pre-packed ice-cream.

Samples taken during the year - Bacteriological Examination

No. of Samples of ice-cream	Methyl Reduct	ene Blue ion Test	Ministry	of Health	Provisi	onal Grades
	Sat.	Unsat.	1	2	3	4
42	41	1	32	6	4	-

Three samples were taken from manufacturers within the Borough and thirty-nine samples were taken from manufacturers situated outside the Borough.

Twenty-three samples of ice lollies (three manufactured within the Borough) were submitted to the Pathologist for bacteriological examination and reported to be satisfactory.

Chemical Analysis

No. of Samples of	No. of Samples	Average	Percentage
Ice-cream	Certified by Public Analyst to be genuine	Fat	Milk Solids
25	25	8.13%	8.11%

Twenty-three samples of ice lollies (22 manufactured outside the Borough) were also submitted to the Public Analyst and reported to be genuine.

Two samples of ice-cream (one formal and one informal) from the same manufacturer within the Borough were reported by the Public Analyst to be deficient in fat and milk solids. Further investigation revealed that the samples were in fact ice-cream lollies incorrectly described as ice-cream. The attention of the manufacturer was directed to this matter. Further samples from the same manufacturer were found to be genuine and correctly described.

Meat Inspection

Slaughtering ceased at the Public Abattoir on 23rd July in accordance with Council Resolution to demolish the premises in connection with planned development in the Town Centre.

Number o	of slau	ughter	men li	censed	by the	e Boro	ugh Co	uncil		- 11
Number o	of anir	mals s	laughte	ered a	t the	Abatto	ir dur	ing 19	72	
Beasts										1368
Sheep ar	nd Lamb	bs								3653
Pigs										753
Calves										9
								Total		5783

Total weight in tons: 585

The number of carcases examined requiring special attention was 837 - of which 26 were affected with tuberculosis in varying degree. Three carcases of beef were found to be affected with localised cysticercus-bovis in a viable state. These were subjected to cold storage treatment for a period of I4 days after affected organs and portions had been condemned as unfit for human consumption, and three beef carcases were affected with cystic conditions in a degenerate state.

Amount of Imported Port Killed Meat	Received at	the Abattoir	during	1972
Carcases of mutton and lamb				3850
Carcases of pork				-
Boxes and bags of offal				816
Percentage of Meat Destroyed on acc	ount of Tube	rculosis		
Pork				0.266%
Incidence of Tuberculosis in Animal	s killed at	the Abattoir		
Pigs			• • •	2
Number of Carcases Condemned for Di		onditions Tuberculosis		
Calves I She	ep 5	Pi	qs	. 1

Total amount of meat found to be unfit for human consumption:7.496 lbs (3.33 tons) or 0.5%

Total amount of meat condemned due to tuberculosis

42 1bs.

Total weight of meat condemned on account of diseases other than tuberculosis 7,454 lbs. of which weights were -

Cattle		Sheep		Pigs		Calves	
Carcase	Offal	Carcase	Offal	Carcase	Offal	Carcase	0ffal
lbs	lbs	lbs	lbs	lbs	lbs	lbs	lbs
-	5460	155	473	620	690	35	20

In addition 1,092 lbs. of meat were condemned comprising imported, port killed and canned meat and home killed meat on account of decomposition.

Condemned meat and offal is disposed of to contractors outside the Borough appointed by the Council for processing into inedible fat and glue.

The infected materials are sterilised during the process and are stained in an approved manner with napthaline green prior to removal from the Abattoir. Contact is maintained with the other local authority concerned to ensure that adequate supervision is exercised over the transport and processing of the diseased material in order that it should comply with the provisions of the Meat (Sterilisation) Regulations 1969.

Animals Infected and Condemned in whole or in part

Carcases Inspected and Condemned	Cattle excluding Cows	Cows	Calves	Sheep and Lambs	Pigs
Number killed	1202	991	6	3653	753
Number inspected	1202	991	6	3653	753
All diseases except Tuberculosis & Cysticercosis	sis				
Whole carcases condemned	N: I	Nil	_	2	-
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned	275	13#	-	224	198
Percentage of the number inspected infected with disease other than tuberculosis and cysticercosis	22.87%	62.65%		6.26%	26.42%
Tuberculosis only					
Whole carcases condemned	Lin	L i N	- N	L i N	Nil
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned	LiN	N:1	Nil	Lin	2
Percentage of number inspected affected with tuberculosis	N. I.	LiN		Ë	0.26%
Cysticercosis					
condemned	3	N. I.	N:]	Ē	N.
Carcases submitted to refrigeration	က	Nil	Ë	- N	N:
Generalised and totally condemned	L i N	Ë	N.	- N	Z. X

Number of Animals slaughtered at the Abattoir during the past ten years

Year	Beasts	Sheep and Lambs	Pigs	Calves	Total	Total weight in Tons
1963	4867	21885	1103	491	28342	2206
1964	4119	18967	1163	220	24469	1493
1965	3471	17920	1043	118	22552	1676
1966	3598	20587	1329	268	22792	1771
1967	3649	18265	913	446	23283	1749
1968	3394	16031	824	276	20525	1592
1969	2822	12 801	971	186	16736	1323
1970	3102	14264	1045	150	18561	1460
1971	2965	14141	1295	120	18521	1366
1972	1368	3653	753	9	5783	585

DISEASES OF ANIMALS

Brucellosis Incentives Scheme

During the year one cow was received at the Abattoir for immediate slaughter under the provisions of the above scheme. This cow had produced a positive reaction to a test for brucella infection and was deemed to be a reactor under the above scheme. The genital organs and udders of the cow were condemned unfit for human consumption but no evidence of other disease was found.

The Scheme is voluntary and has been introduced by the Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food as a first step towards establishing brucella free Areas within the country.

Waste Food Order 1957

The provisions of the Order require that all raw foodstuffs and swill shall be boiled before being fed to livestock and poultry.

This is an essential precaution against the spread of contagious animal disease.

Boiling plant approved for this purpose is required to be licensed by the Borough Council.

Number	of	operative	licences	issued				 9
Number	of	registered	piggerie	es other	than da	iry	farms	 12

No notifications were received under any of the Orders or Regulations made under the Diseases of Animals Act 1950. The Borough was not included within any Movement Control or Contagious Disease Regulations made under the Act during the year.

Inspection of other Foods

Number of visits by Public Health Inspectors to food shops and other similar premises re food condemnation ... 109 Amount of food condemned during the year has been: 4 tons 14 cwts 107 lbs

Foreign matter and mould in food

Number of complaints received		 42
Number of prosecutions instituted		 2
(For details see Legal Proceedings Table on Page)	
Number of written cautions forwarded to vendors		 22
Number and nature of offences investigated		 24

No action was taken in other cases because of insufficient evidence or minor nature of offences.

0 111	Foreign	matter	Mould	0.4.11
Commodity	Home produced Imported		Number	Details
Milk	4	-	-	Inferior quality - Sour Cream Dirt in Bottle (2)
Bread	4	-	-	Hole in loaf. Shredded Cord in loaf wrapper. Biscuit - Beetle Carbon in loaf
Canned Meat	-	-	2	Canned Luncheon Meat and Ham
Cooked Meat	-	-	-1	Ham
Meat Pies	1	-	2	Insect in pie. Pork pie
Fish	2	1 .	-	Inferior fish finger Scale in fish finger (2)
Fruit	-	-	1	Unsound fruit
Jam	2	1	-	Wood in mixed fruit. Bee in mixed fruit. Glass in imported cherry
Sweets	1	-	-	Fertiliser pellet in sweet
Flour Confectionery	4	-	-	Match in muffin. Wood in finger roll. Fruit stalk in cake. Hole in loaf
Other Food	15	2	7	Extraneous matter in coffee. Extraneous matter and foul tast in cooked meat. Earwig in imported canned fruit. Beetle i imported canned apricots. Maggo eggs on sausage. Unsound canne peas. Insects in pickles. Screw in margarine. Insects in soft fruit drinks (2) Extraneous matter in margarine. Foul taste chipped potatoes. Metal in potato crisps. Cigarette ash in biscuits, canned apples, prunes and custard. Foul taste in beef curry. Rice grain in canned rice pudding. Foul taste in grapefruit juice.

Ten samples of synthetic cream, one sample of sausage and one meat pie were submitted for bacteriological examination. Two samples of synthetic cream were reported by the Pathologist not to be satisfactory. The attention of the manufacturer was directed thereto.

Registered Premises at 31st December 1972

All food preparing premises, bakehouse and fried fish shops are registered under the provisions of the Bury Corporation Act 1932, Section 16, which operates within the Borough viz. Section 16 Food and Drugs Act 1955.

Food Preparing Premises		No. of Visits
Bakehouses Fried Fish Shops Restaurant Kitchens Industrial Canteens	26 42 21 41	3 143
Meat Shops Licensed Premises	130 59 94	146 1009 3
General Food Premises	21	
Confectioners Grocers Fishmongers Fruit and Greengrocery Miscellaneous	21 75 4 32 74	Taker or
	206	3086
* Includes visits to 82 Market Food Stalls Totals	489	4244

Regulation (19) Food Hygiene (General) Regulation 1960 applies to 319 premises.

Record of Action Taken

	Defects	Notices	Defects	Notices
	Found	Served	Found	Abated
General Food Premises	61	10	14	2

During the year 39 food shops, of various categories closed voluntarily for various reasons, the greater number having transferred their business during the past year to new premises in new Shopping Precincts.

The following new food premises were opened mainly within the new Shopping Precinct within the Central Redevelopment Area i.e. one licensed premises, two meat shops, four fish fryers and one retail fruit shop. The fish fryers are also engaged in the preparation of ready prepared meals to consume off the premises.

Two new Restaurants within the Central Shopping Precinct also opened. One additional licensed premises within the same area commenced to serve full meals. During the year an increased number of licensed premises within the Borough have been observed serving food to varying extent. One new industrial canteen was also opened.

	Re-conditioned	Re-decorated	Additional Hot Water Supplies and Washing facilities provided *
Licensed Premises	2	2	2
Food Preparing Premises Meat Shops	7 2	7 2	7 2
Total	11	11	11

^{*} Including the provision of sinks and washbasins. Regulation 19 applies to these premises.

There are no liquid egg pasteurising plants licensed within the Borough under the provisions of the Liquid Egg (Pasteurising) Regulations 1963.

There are no poultry processing premises within the Borough.

Food Hygiene

Public Health Inspectors have continued their efforts to educate food traders and their employees in the principles of clean food handling. Experience has proved that such training is best undertaken at the place of employment. Opportunity to demonstrate clean food practices is taken whenever inspectors visit various types of food premises for any purpose.

Three incidents of food borne infection were reported and diagnosis confirmed.

One case arose in a female person who had contracted Salmonella Typhimurium infection whilst on holiday in Italy.

Another case involving the same organism arose in a slaughterman engaged in a slaughterhouse outside the Borough as the result of examination of routine stool specimens of employees engaged in such slaughterhouse.

A third case of Salmonella Typhimurium infection arose in a local patient discharged from an infectious disease hospital outside the Borough, cause for admission being unknown.

In no case was it possible to trace the source of infection.

Merchandise Marks Act

The following imported foodstuffs are required to be marked with an indication of country of origin or the words "foreign" or "Empire" on exposure for retail sale. Meat, bacon, ham. fresh apples, raw tomatoes, shell eggs, dried eggs, currants, sultanas, raisins, oat products, honey, frozen or chilled salmon or sea trout, butter, dead poultry, cucumber.

General compliance by traders with the provisions of the Marketing Orders has been good.

Public Health Inspectors paid 2791 visits to food shops and market stalls to ensure compliance with provisions of the Marking Orders and other requirements of the Acts.

Under the provisions of the Trade Descriptions Act 1968, which became operative in November 1969, Marking Orders under the above Act relative to food were revoked during November and have not yet been replaced by any comparable legislation.

The provisions of the Trade Descriptions Act are not applicable to the labelling and advertising of food which is subject to the provisions of the Food and Drugs Act 1955, and Regulations made thereunder. A false indication of country of origin of foodstuffs would contravene this Act.

Markets

The Council's new covered and open retail markets were opened on 6th October 1971 when the former Market Sites were discontinued, the old Market Hall being subsequently demolished. The markets are sited adjacent to the new shopping precinct in the Central Development within the Borough.

Communal washing and sanitary accommodation are provided within the Market Hall and also in two conveniently placed sites on the Open Market.

A number of permanent brick structures have been provided for the use of trades engaged in the sale of the more vulnerable "open foods". These stalls are provided with individual washing facilities, main services being provided by the Council, fittings being provided by traders.

The Market Hall contains a separate food hall which accommodates meat and fish traders in specially designed stalls.

Number	of	food	stall	ls in	Marke	t Hal	1 .					27
Number	of	food	stall	ls on	0pen	Marke	et .					55
Number	of	visi	ts to	marke	t pai	d by	Public	Hea	1th	Inspecto	r	173

Food and Drugs Sampling

Particulars of articles of food and drugs sampled during the year

Articles	No.	of Sam	ples	No	. Genu	ine	No. Adulterated		
Articles	For- mal	Inf- ormal	Total	For- mal	Inf- ormal	Total	For- mal	Inf- ormal	Total
Different varieties of food samples	1	78	79	1	73	74	-	5	5
Milk	101	-	101	99	07	99 27	2	-	2
Ice-cream	-	27	27	-			-	-	-
Ice-lollies	-	22	22	-	22	22	-	-	-
Black puddings	- 1	1	2	-	-	-	1	1	2
Sausage	10	- 1	- 11	8	1	9	2	-	2
Meat Pies	-	2	2	-	1	1	-	1	-1
Link of red beans	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	1	1
Miscellaneous drugs, vitamins and medicated products	29	7	7		7	7			e neda
	-						_		St Cont
Beer, wine, spirits	10	5	15	10	5	15	-	-	53.50
Total	123	144	267	118	136	254	5	. 8	13

Average percentage composition of milk other than 'Channel Island' milk examined during the year

Ist January 1972 - 31st December 1972 Milk fat 3.71% S.N.F. 8.63%

Number of samples certified to be naturally deficient in solid-not-fat but genuine ...

7

Action taken in respect of samples certified to be not genuine or otherwise adulterated

	Article	Adulteration	Action Taken
Black Pudding	Black Pudding	Deficient in fat & extraneous water	See Legal Prosecutions Table
Various Foodstuffs	Muffin	Contained charred flour and grease	Warning to vendor
,,	Canned peeled tomatoes	Contained lead and tin from unlacquered tin	Stock withdrawn by vendor
,,	Canned green peas	Contents deterior- ated owing to alcoholic fermentation	See Legal Prosecutions Table
,,	Granulated sugar	Contained a sliver of glass	No evidence found to account for presence of the glass
, ,	Canned mandarin oranges	Infected with mould	Advice to vendor on solution of stock
Milk	Bottled milk	Contained 6.5% added water	See Legal Prosecutions Table
Milk	Bottled milk	Contained 3% added water	Warning to processing dairy
Prayer Beads	Link of beads	Found to be poisonous	Surrendered by owner for destruction
Sausage	Beef	8.6% deficient of meat	Warning to manufacturer
Sausage	Beef	2.6% deficient of meat	Warning to manufacturer
Meat Pie	Meat Pie	Contained mouse dropping	No evidence of mice infestation in either vendor or manufacturers premises

Survey of Pesticide Residues in Foodstuffs

Further to the 1966 Report (Page 58) the Council continued their intitial programme by submitting two samples of foodstuffs per month to their Consultant Analyst, and participated in the National Survey initiated by the Association of Public Analysts and Local Authority Associations continued in 1972.

Foodstuffs samples	No.	No. of sa contain		Type and range of pesticide found	Metal found	
Samples		Pesticide	Metal	Tound		
Fresh fruit and vegetables	12	3	5	D.D.T. 0.02 - 0.16 Aldrin 0.02 Lindane 0.03	Mercury 0.05 - 0.08 p.p.m. Copper 0.8 p.p.m.	
Dried fruit	3	Nil	-	-	Commission of the Commission o	
Meat and fish	2	Ni1	-1	-	Mercury 0.1 p.p.m.	
Milk and cheese	3	Nil	-	-	- 1	
Tinned foods	3	Nil	-	-	statement - TF	
Total	23	3	6		1200163 - 11	

The results continued to show a very low percentage of foodstuffs sampled to contain less than the accepted tolerance of approved pesticides. This year the Consultant Analyst has included an estimation of metal contamination in susceptible foodstuffs. Again the quantities found have been below approved tolerance limits.

HOUSING

I.	Inspection of dwellinghouses during the year	
1.	(a) Total number of dwellinghouses inspected for house defects (under Public Health or Housing Act)	1127
	(b) Number of inspections made for the purpose	4024
2. a	Number of dwellinghouses (included under sub-head (a) above which were inspected and recorded under the	
	Housing Consolidated Regulations 1932	629
b	Number of Inspections made for that purpose	944
3.	Number of dwellinghouses found to be in state so dangerous or injurious to health as to be unfit for human habitation	107
4.	Number of dwellinghouses (exclusive of those referred to under preceding sub-head) found not to be in all respects	670
	reasonably fit for human habitation	670
II.	Remedy of defects during the year without service of formal Notices	
	Number of defective dwellinghouses rendered fit in consequence of informal action by the Local Authority or their officers	
	Number of houses demolished	3
III.	Action under Statutory Powers during the year	
	B - Proceedings under Public Health Acts:	
	 Number of dwellinghouses in respect of which notices were served requiring defects to be remedied 	38
	 Number of dwellinghouses in which defects were remedied after service of formal notices 	
	(a) by owners	31
	C - Proceedings under Section 16 & 23 of the Housing Act 1957	
	 Number of dwellinghouses in respect of which 	
	Demolition Orders were made	- 1
	2. Number of dwellinghouses demolished in pursuance of demolition orders	_
	Number of Council dwellinghouses demolished in pursuance	
	of unfitness orders	22
	3. Number of dwellinghouses in respect of which	10
	Closing Orders were made under Section 17	10
	Number of dwellinghouses closed in pursuance of Closing Orders	10
IV.	Housing Act - Overcrowding	
	A - I. Number of dwellings overcrowded at end of year	4
	2. Number of families dwelling therein	4
	3. Number of persons dwelling therein	14/2
	B - 1. Number of new cases of overcrowding reported during the year C - 1. Number of cases of overcrowding relieved during the year	Nil
	2. Number of persons concerned in such cases.	6

I am indebted to the Director of Technical Services for the following information.

Partio	culars of new houses etc. erected during 1972	
١.	Total, including numbers given separately under (1)	
	(i) by the local authority (a) temporary	Nil
	(b) permanent	16
	(ii) by other local authorities	Ni
	(iii) by other bodies and persons	464
2.	Total number of houses erected in each Ward, all permanent house	s:
	Moorside 15	
	East 3 Church 124	
	Redvales 90	
	Elton 239	
	Unsworth 9	
3.	Total number of houses demolished for private improvement purpos	es I
4.(a)	Number of financial grants authorised by the Council for improve of dwelling-houses under the provisions of the Housing Act 1949-59	ment
	(1) Standard grants 203 (2) Discretionary grants 257	
(b)	Total value of financial grants issued	£83,709
(c)	Total value of grants issued to date is £421,504 in respect of 30	6 houses
(d)	Number of houses provided during the year with "standard grant" amenities	169
(e)	Number of houses improved during the year to "discretionary" grant standard	120
(f)	Number of amenities provided:	
. ,	Fixed Bath 131	
	Wash hand basin [5]	
	Hot water supply 153 Internal watercloset 169	
	Sinks 23	
Perce	entage of houses in the Borough estimated to be provided with	
	wihod standard amonities	829

General Improvement Areas

On the 20th December 1972, the Council declared the St. Paul's General Improvement Area which comprises 522 dwellings in the East Ward where 80% of the houses, although approximately over 100 years old, possess some of the standard modern amenities.

After holding a local exhibition and two public meetings within the area, the Council approved proposals for an environmental improvement scheme.

The Council acquired and are improving a four-roomed terrace house within the area. The Council previously declared two General Improvement Areas in 1971 totalling 534 dwellings. The three declared areas together total 1056 houses.

During the year 55 applications were received for improvement of houses within the areas. Eighteen houses were subsequently improved during the year.

As a means of expediting the implementation of the General Improvement Areas the Council have appointed a multi-discipline Working Group of Officers under the chairmanship of the Deputy Town Clerk. The Improvement Area Committee is empowered with the full duties of Council within a declared General Improvement Area. This Committee comprises the Chairman and Deputy Chairman of the following Committees - Health, Housing, Finance and Estates, Roads and Traffic, Planning and Development. The Chief Public Health Inspector was appointed Improvement Officer in August 1970.

The approval of applications for Improvement Grant is delegated to the Director of Planning and Architectural Services.

The Council intend to declare a further area before April 1974, and have prepared a tentative programme of ten such areas, comprising 4,300 houses.

It is hoped to declare four of these areas comprising I.308 houses before 1st April 1974 when the Borough becomes part of Metropolitan District 12(C). The Council also declared two Housing Estates totalling 390 houses to be within General Improvement Areas. It is intended to ultimately improve 2.000 pre 1939 Council houses in this manner.

Qualification Certificates

The issue of Qualification Certificates under the Housing Act 1969 relating to houses already possessing the prescribed amenities has been delegated by Council to the Town Clerk and Medical Officer of Health.

Number	of	applications	received	during	the	year	 	45
Number	of	applications	refused				 	27
Number	of	applications	granted				 	20

Two applications for provisional approval associated with applications for Improvement Grants were received. One application was granted and one refused along with Improvement Grant applications.

Number of visits by Public Health Inspector re the above applications was 31.

Clearance Areas.

Seven Clearance Areas as detailed hereafter totalling 93 houses and involving 190 persons were represented to the Health Committee along with 14 individual unfit houses. Compulsory Purchase Orders in respect of four Areas were subsequently confirmed by the Secretary for the Environment without any objections being received thereto.

The re-housing of tenants in Barlow Fold, Nuttall Square, Wellington Street (No. I) Compulsory Purchase Order, Fernhill, Brookshaw Street, Tottington Road, Buckley Street Compulsory Purchase Order and George Street No. I Clearance Area, was completed during the year and the houses in Brookshaw Street and Wellington Street No. I Compulsory Purchase Order subsequently demolished.

Date of Represenation	Date of Confirmation	Title of Area	No. of houses concerned	No. of persons concerned
Prior to January 1972	Details given previous reports	Eighty-four Areas	1315	2912
13.1.72	6.12.72	Croft Street Compulsory Purchase Order	12	11
13.1.72	29.6.72	Audlum Street Compulsory Purchase Order	8	16
24.2.72	17.9.72	Larkhill Terrace Clearance Area	5	9
6.4.72	23.10.72	Maskill Street No. 2 Compulsory Purchase Order	8	13
1.6.72	-	George Street No. 3 Compulsory Purchase Order	2	4
28.9.72		Foundry Street Compulsory Purchase Order	51	125
21.11.72	-	Fletcher Fold Compulsory Purchase Order	7	12
		Total	1408	3102

Fourteen houses were also closed or demolished under the provisions of Section 16 and 17 of the Housing Act 1957. By the end of the year 1,836 houses had been represented and 2,092 houses demolished or closed. The Council's original programme for dealing with unfit houses requires 2,923 houses to be considered by 1976.

Housing Surveys

During the year Public Health Inspectors undertook two sample house condition surveys within the Borough. One being 1% of 23,000 houses in connection with the SELNEC Structural Plan, the other being of 10% of 8,000 houses suspected to be of marginal classification in response to Circular 50/72 of the Department of the Environment. This Circular required the Council to assess their policy for removing all known unfit houses and improving all houses worthy of such treatment by 1980. The Council were also required to assess their total housing need during the same period.

In this connection the Council reviewed their programme for dealing with unfit and improvable houses as over within the period terminating 1980.

	No. of	Dwellings
	Owned by Local Authority	Other ownership
Estimates of Conditions of Housing Stock in mid-1972		
Unfit Dwellings		
I. In areas already declared under Part III Housing Act 1957	53	174
 In other areas to be declared under Part III Housing Act 1957 	7	1467
3. Not in Part III areas	-	5
4. Total of unfit dwellings	60	1646
Dwellings not Unfit		1111
5. Up to 12 point standard	3200	10707
6. Capable of improvement to 12 point standard	2000	5387
7. Not capable of improvement to 12 point standard	-	544
Total dwellings in the Area	5260	18284

Houses in Multiple Occupation

Public Health Inspectors made nine visits to these premises. The majority of owners and occupiers have complied with conditions brought to their notice on preliminary intimations. General conditions in such have remained fair and it has not been necessary to take any statutory proceedings.

Eight houses in multiple occupation are situate within the Chesham No. I General Improvement Area. It is intended that these houses will eventually be converted into self-contained flats. No proposals for such work have yet been received from private owners, but the Council have purchased four houses of similar design on the same terrace which they will convert for the same purpose to demonstrate how such work may be achieved.

The estimated number of houses of this type with the Borough is 39 of which seven await survey.

The other 32 houses are occupied as under:-

No. of separate occupances in house	No. of houses
2	3
4	1
6	7
8	6

It has not been found necessary to implement any of the extended provisions of the Housing Acts 1964/1969 in respect of these premises.

Close co-operation with the Chief Fire Officer has been maintained concerning the means of fire escape from these premises.

Common Lodging House

There are no registered premises remaining within the Borough, the last such premises being demolished in March 1968, within the provisions of the Bury (Central Area) Comprehensive Redevelopment No. 1 Order 1962.

Tents, Vans and Sheds

During the year seven sites within the Borough (three owned by the Council) were occupied by a total of 57 caravans on 13 occasions.

These caravans and those arriving for the two Annual Pleasure Fairs were visited by Public Health Inspectors on 102 occasions.

Those caravans not occupied by bona fide members of the Showman's Guild were dealt with as trespassers either by the Council or private landowners with the assistance of Police protection.

Gypsy Site

The Caravan Site provided by the Council in compliance with the Gypsy Sites Act 1968 was completed and became occupied on 22nd December. The site provided accommodation for fifteen caravans by means of eleven single standings and two double standings. All the standings are provided with separate sanitary accommodation, washing facilities and utility room. The site generally complies with the Model Standards prescribed by the Caravan Sites and Control of Development Act 1960. Provision is made for the parking of towing vehicles and trade areas. The site is entered directly off a public street in a mixed residential and industrial area of the Borough. The site, a former Clearance Area, is provided with existing mains services for drainage, water and electricity. The basic rent is £2.50 per caravan per week with additional charges for parking of towing vehicles and electricity mains connection. Electricity charges are collected through separate pre-payment meters. Since opening, the site has been fully occupied and free from vandalism. The Council have applied for the Borough to be a "designated area" under the Act. The total cost to Council of site provision was £38,900.

Type and Number of Premises in the Borough on 31st December 1972

Number	of	dwellinghouses			 	 24,350
Number	of	factories			 	 416
Number	of	lock-up shops			 	 509
Number	of	Commercial Premis	ses		 	 575
Number	of	Social Clubs			 	 48
Number	of	Licensed Premises	S		 	 94
Number	of	Places of Enterta	ainment	t	 	 6
Number	of	Public Premises			 	 46

Legal Proceedings

Acts, Byelaws or Regulations under which proceedings were instituted	Offence	Results	Fines	Costs
Food & Drugs Act 1955, Section 2	Sale of 3 tins of garden peas in fermented condition	Conviction	30.00	12.00
Food & Drugs Act 1955 Section 2	Black puddings alleged to be deficient in fat and contain 50% extraneous water	Case Dismissed		_
Food & Drugs Act 1955 Section 32	Milk containing 6.5% of added water	Conviction	5.00	12.00
Shops Act 1950 Section 47	Sale of prohibited articles on Sunday	Conviction	3.00	8.00
Shops Act 1950 Section 47	Sale of prohibited articles on Sunday	Conviction	40.00	-
		Total	78.00	32.00

Part V Miscellaneous

Applications for Re-Housing on Medical Grounds

The proportion of persons over retiring age is steadily increasing and the vast majority of these are able to live at home often with some degree of ill health or disability. Some have difficulty in coping with their houses and wish to move to smaller accommodation which is easier to keep clean. Others have difficulty with stairs, yet others wish to be re-housed nearer relatives who could give some support. The result is a steady stream of applications for re-housing, usually supported by medical certificates which swells in volume year by year.

Each applicant for re-housing on medical grounds is visited by a geriatric nufse who completes a social assessment. This, together with the certificate or letter from the family doctor, enables points to be allocated by the Medical Officer of Health according to the degree of urgency of the situation.

Fluoridation of Water Supplies

The object of adding fluoride to the public water supply is to reduce the incidence of dental caries. Dental decay is extremely common in all areas with a low fluoride content in the water supply. In Bury the water contains only 0.05 parts per million fluoride and as would be expected, dental caries is common.

In 1963 Bury Corporation decided in favour of fluoridation but reversed their decision in 1965 and have maintained this position since then.

Medical Examinations by Health Department's Medical Officers for other Departments

Superannuations					
All Bury Corporation Departments					259
Sickness Payment and Fitness for Service					
All Bury Corporation Departments					298
Routine 3-yearly Examination of Firemen	over	40 yea	ars of	age	Nil
Heavy Goods Vehicle Driver's Licences	• • •				33
Children's Department					
Examinations of children					60

Training of Students etc.

During Nurses' Training Courses at Bury General Hospital 28 student nurses visited the Health Department for instructional visits.

Two students were taken for practical instruction in meat inspection at the Public Abattoir, and seven visited the Health Department on instructional visits.



County Borough of Bury

Annual Report

ON THE WORK OF THE

School Health Service

FOR THE YEAR

1972

Members of Education Committee

The Mayor (Councillor D.O. Davies) Councillor Hubert (Chairman) Councillor Bullas (Deputy Chairman) Alderman J. Lord Alderman S. Lord Alderman Shaw Alderman Spurr Councillor Bowman Councillor Caplan Councillor Entwistle Councillor Finnerty Councillor Herricks Councillor Kershaw Councillor Payne Councillor Saunders Councillor Swinnerton Councillor Woods Councillor Wright Rev. J.R. Smith Rev. A. Audsley Mr O.H. Austin Mr J.G. Banks Miss L.A. Rowland Mr K.W. Whitehead Mr J. Glenholme Mrs G. Bannister Dean J. Chew

Representatives from Manchester University

Principal School Medical Officer G.A. Levell, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.P.H., M.F.C.M.

Deputy Principal School Medical Officer Mary S. Gilbody, M.B., B.Ch. B.A.O., D.P.H.

School Medical Officers A.J. Maclean, L.R.C.P.I. *T.K.J. Leese, M.B.

Ophthalmic Surgeon J. McLenachan, M.B., D.O.M.S.

Ear, Nose and Throat Surgeon A.I. Goodman, M.D., F.R.C.S.(Ed)

Psychiatrist L. Grimshaw, D.F.C., M.D., D.P.M. (to 31.3.72)

Principal School Dental Officer F.J. Heap, L.D.S.

Senior School Dental Officer V.B. Hyman, L.D.S.

Physiotherapist Mrs C Kurley to 30.9.72

*Mrs J. Train (from 6.11.72)

Spe ech Therapist Mrs S.M. Heap (to 31.5.72)

Mrs R.M. Walker

Orthoptist *Mrs K.M. Rogerson

Educational Psychologist Mrs A. Bunney

Senior Chiropodists

Miss J. Hurst, Mrs J.B. Crockford (to 20.7.72), Miss S.A. Birks Mrs S. Cheshire (from 11.12.72) Superintendent School Nurse - now - Director of Nursing Services
Miss K. Yates (to 31.5.72) Mrs J. Worrall (from 12.6.72)

Deputy Superintendent School Nurse - now - Nursing Officer (Health Visiting)
Mrs B. Dunleavy (to 31.5.72) Miss K. Yates (from 1.6.72)

School Nurses Mrs W. Stansfield, Mrs R. Bullock, Mrs J.A. Wildman, Miss J. Wolstenholme

Nursing Assistant Mrs J. Houghton

Social Work Assistant *Mrs J. Howarth (to 4.6.72)

Miss M. Bodlovic (from 1.9.72)

Administrative Assistant Mrs S.M. Shaw (from 1.12.72) Miss N. Hargreaves (to 7.11.72)

School Medical Clerks Mrs H. Darlington, Mrs S.M. Shaw (to 30.11.72), Mr D.R. Ashcroft (from 6.11.72)

Dental Surgery Assistants Mrs P. Hodson, Mrs B.M. Rose (to 24.3.72), Mrs D. Kirkby (from 10.4.72)

Shorthand Typist to Educational Psychologist *Mrs M. Horigan (from 25.4.72)

^{*} Part-Time

To the Chairman and Members of the Education Committee

Mr Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen

I have the honour to present to you the work of the School Health Service for the year 1972.

The health of the school population remains good. Most of the children examined by a doctor on starting school have a good standard of nutrition and relatively few physical defects.

Once again the bulk of the routine medical inspections was performed by doctors on a part-time or sessional basis. It is now virtually impossible to attract doctors to work in the School Health Service on a full-time basis because of the better salary and prospects obtainable in other branches of medicine.

We were unfortunate also to lose one of our two speech therapists during the year, but the resulting vacancy has recently been filled after more than a year.

The long-standing vacancy for a dental auxiliary is still unfilled. It is now over two years since this post was occupied, but such is the shortage of dental auxiliaries that there is little prospect of finding a suitably qualified person who could relieve the school dental officers of much of the simpler work.

Departmental staff participated in a number of surveys on various aspects of child health, such as the National Study of Health and Growth. In this research the School Health Service was invited to co-operate with the Department of Clinical Epidemiology and Social Medicine of St. Thomas' Hospital in a five year study of health and growth in primary schoolchildren under the directorship of Professor Holland.

The Study includes all the pupils attending St. Peter's School, this school being chosen because it was considered that the children attending this school were a representative cross section of the Bury schoolchildren. The school was visited in May by a team of nurses and clerical staff from the School Health Service and from Professor Holland's department and various measurements i.e. height, weight and skinfold thicknesses were carried out on each child in the school. In addition to this the parents of all the children in the study were asked to complete questionnaires relating to family eating habits and attitudes.

At the end of the five year period a report will be published and it is hoped that the Study will reveal the important factors relating to the health and growth of primary schoolchildren.

Participation in this sort of work is valuable in terms of staff development and training as well as for the eventual results of the surveys.

Following the provision of extra places at Limefield School there was a reduction in the number of educationally subnormal pupils awaiting placement. It is anticipated that the remainder will be progressively absorbed without the need for further classroom provision in the immediate future.

Finally, I should like to thank the staff of the School Health Service for their hard work during the year, and the Education Committee for their continued support.

I beg to remain

Your obedient servant

Principal School Medical Officer

P. a. Leve u

22nd September 1973

Schools in the Borough

In September 1972, there were 2,793 infants on roll, 4,514 juniors, 4,148 secondary pupils - making a total of II,455 pupils attending maintained schools. Comparative figures for 1971: infants 2,695, juniors 4,360, secondary 3,959 - a total of II,014. There were, in addition, attending direct grant schools in the area in September 1972 - 907 pupils at the Convent Grammar School (inclusive of the Preparatory), 718 pupils at the Bury Grammar School for Boys (inclusive of Preparatory) and 807 pupils at the Bury Grammar School for Girls (inclusive of Preparatory).

The total number of schools in September 1972 was: nursery 1, primary 29, secondary 8, special 2.

Routine Medical Inspections

Every child commencing school has to have a medical examination. Normally this is performed during the first term. The "intermediate" examination of children on transfer to secondary education was discontinued several years ago. School leavers are medically examined during their last year at School. Normally all such medical examinations are performed in school by a Medical Officer of the School Health Department, although in recent years it has been necessary to employ other doctors on a sessional basis because of staffing difficulties.

During the year, 1,333 school entrants and 762 school leavers were medically examined. In addition 250 other medical examinations were performed making a total of 2,345. To this total should be added 221 medical examinations performed at the Convent Grammar School and 310 at the Bury Grammar Schools.

School Medical Officers also performed 3,953 reinspections and special inspections at schools or school clinics.

Parents' Attendance

Parents are encouraged to attend when their children are to be medically examined by the school doctor. It is particularly important that they do so when the child is just starting school, so that a proper medical history can be taken from the parent and any doubtful points cleared up. A simple medical questionnaire is requested in every case so that even if the parent is unable to attend, a medical history is available to the medical officer.

The percentage of parents attending at routine medical inspection was as follows:

School entrants	 	 	 	 88.2%
School leavers	 	 	 	 14.5%

Defect or Disease		Perio	odic Ins	spection	าร	Special
percet of process		Entrants	Leavers	Others	Total	Inspections
Skin	T	8 37	10	2 6	20 60	421
Eyes - a. Vision	TO	51 18	49 28	9 8	109	397 375
b. Squint	T	32 21	- 6	3 2	35 29	117 153
c. Other	T	3 5	10	- 2	7	22
Ears - a. Hearing	T	6 29	3 9	7	9 45	10
b. Otitis Media	T	5 23	1 2	ī	6 26	2
c. Other	T	- 2	ī	ī	- 4	5 2
Nose and Throat	T	18	10	12	122	13
Speech	T	12 45	-	-	12 49	8
Lymphatic Glands	T	1 25	1 4	3	2 32	1 2
Heart	T	19	3	- 2	24	-
Lungs	T	1 43	2 4	6	53	2
Developmental - a. Hernia	T	5 6	2	-	5 8	1
b. Other	TO	27	- 4	1 6	37	3
Orthopaedic - a. Posture	T	3 4	1_	ī	4 5	ī
b. Feet	T	1	-	2 4	6 21	34
c. Other	TO		2 4	- 2	15	38 6
Nervous System - a. Epilepsy	T		3	<u>-</u> .	- 8	2
b. Other	TO		- 3	=	8	3
Psychological - a. Development	T	12	ī	- 2	15	20
b. Stability	T		ī	ī	19	10
Abdomen	T		- 2	3	12	1 _
Other	T		7 8	- 2	13	27

Results of Medical Inspections

The number of skin conditions requiring treatment found at special inspections showed a big reduction from 528 the previous year to 421 Outstanding in this was a reduction in cases of impetigo from 86 to 55, and of scabies from 34 to 25.

The incidence of school entrants found to have defective hearing returned to its usual level after the somewhat unusually high incidence of 1971.

The number of five year old children requiring treatment for visual defects or squints was again reduced, although this was balanced by an increase in school leavers requiring glasses. As usual the majority of both squints and visual defects are found at special examinations rather than routine medical inspection, and there was an increase in these corresponding to the increasing school population.

The Work of the School Nurses

During the year School Nurses have carried out the following visits.

Home Visiting by Nurses:

none visiting by hurses.		
Ophthalmic Cases		119
Minor Ailments		34
Infectious Diseases		19
Cleanliness		79
Other visits		125
	Total	376
Visits to School with Medical Officers		224
Other visits to School by Nurses - (a) For cleanliness		219
(b) Other visits		209
Number of examinations of children for head infestation	n	21066
Number of examinations at which infestation found		1572

Scalp Infestation

The following table shows the incidence of scalp infestation in Bury school-children over a five year period. In recent years the increase in infestation has caused concern. A change in the treatment from Gamma BHC to Malathion in 1971 caused some improvement, but the numbers affected in 1972 again show an increase. A school nurse is employed full time on this work, but the vigilance of parents is essential if the situation is to be improved. Many mothers examine their children's scalp at frequent intervals, and if all were to do this weekly, and treat where necessary, the problem would be virtually solved.

Year	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972
%					
Infestation	2.1	5.4	6.1	4.9	5.1

During 1972 an average of 5 visits was made to each school by the nurse who deals with the matter. She made a total of 21,066 head inspections and provided treatment and advice where necessary. Infestation was found on 1,572 occasions in 587 individual children

Baths and cleaning
Baths and cleansing facilities are available at Huntley Mount Clinic to
assist in the treatment of difficult cases, and also for the treatment of
scabies. Steel combs are on sale at school clinics for nit treatment.

Scabies

The long drawn out epidemic of scabies continues to abate. 25 cases were treated at school clinics during the year, compared with 34 the previous year.

NAME OF CLINIC	WHERE HELD	TIME
Minor Ailments	The Wylde Clinic	Daily 9 a.m. to 10 a.m.
Minor Ailments	Huntley Mount Clinic	Daily 9 a.m. to 10 a.m. (during Term)
Minor Ailments	Sunnybank Clinic	Daily 9 a.m. to 10 a.m. Tues. Fri. 9 a.m. to 9-30 a.m.
Medical Officer's Inspection Clinic	The Wylde Clinic	By appointment
Physiotherapy U.V.L.	The Wylde Clinic	Monday a.m. Tuesday a.m.
	Sunnybank Clinic	Thursday a.m.
	Limefield School	Wednesday a.m.
	Goshen	Friday a.m.
Immunisation and Vaccination Clinic	The Wylde Clinic	As required
Ophthalmic Clinic	The Wylde Clinic	Tuesday 8-45 a.m. and 1-30 p.m.
Dental Clinic	The Wylde Clinic	By appointment
Dental Clinic	Sunnybank Clinic	By appointment
Ear, Nose and Throat	The Wylde Clinic	2nd & 4th Fridays in the month
Audiometric Clinic	The Wylde Clinic	By appointment
Orthoptic	Huntley Mount Clinic	Tuesday 9 a.m. to 12 noon 2 p.m. to 4 p.m.
Speech Therapy	Huntley Mount Clinic	Daily. By appointment
Speech Therapy	Sunnybank Clinic	Monday afternoon and Tuesday afternoon (to 31.5.72) Wed. afternoon (from 1.6.72)
Psychologist	The Wylde Clinic	By appointment
Chiropodist	The Wylde Clinic	By appointment Monday to Thursday 9 a.m. to 10 a.m.
	Huntley Mount Clinic	Friday 9 a.m. to 10 a.m. By appointment

	The Wylde	Huntley Mount	Sunny- bank
No. of Children attending from 1971	-	-	_
No. of Children discharged during 1972	555	79	40
No. of Children still attending at end of 1972	-	-	-
No. of fresh Children who attended during 1972	555	79	40
No. of attendances	1313	173	41
Clinic open	253 days	197 days	253 days
Average attendance per child	2.4	2.2	1.03
Average daily attendance	5.2	0.9	0.2

Altogether 577 parents were seen at the Clinics during the course of the year.

CASES ATTENDING CLINICS

	the cas	es tre	eated	at all	Minor	Ailmer	nts Cl	inics	are give	en below:
Ringworm, S										-
Ringworm, I	Body									1
Scabies										25
Impetigo										55
Other skin	diseas	es								340
Minor Eye	defects	- Ex	ternal	and of	ther					
(but exc			ctive	vision	and s	quint)				15
Minor Ear	defects									17
Miscellane	ous									27
Infectious Dis	seases	in Chi	ildren	of Sch	nool A	go.				
		in Ch	ildren	of Sch	nool A	ge				
Measles		in Chi	ildren	of Sch	nool A	ge 				180
			ildren	of Sch	1001 A	ge 				
Measles Scarlet Fe									250.707.5	180
Measles Scarlet Fe	ver									180 16 15
Scarlet Fe	ver 									180 16 15 7
Measles Scarlet Fe Dysentery Whooping Co	ver ough						 			180 16 15

Physiotherapy

A part-time Physiotherapist attended the Wylde Clinic and also Limefield Special School and Goshen School, at regular intervals. Treatment was given in accordance with medical recommendations.

The work done by the Physiotherapist on behalf of the School Health Service in 1972 is as follows:

	Wy	lde Cli	nic	Goshe	n Schoo	ol L	imefie	ld Sch	001
Remedial Exercises									
Number of new patients		34			3			9	
Number of attendances		136			46			87	
Analysis of New Cases									
Pes Planus		7			1			-	
Pes Valgus		13			-			-	
Mouth Breather		3			-			-	
Asthma		4			-			-	
Spastic-Hemiplegia		4			_			3	
Lack of co-ordination		- 1			1			6	
Tight Tendo Achilles		2			1			-	
Ultra Violet Light									
Number of New Patients									17
Number of Attendances									91
Number Discharged									11
Analysis of New Cases									
General Debility									3
Coughs and Colds									9
Acne									5

Eye Defects

The commonest condition encountered is defective vision due to errors of refraction. A simple vision test is performed by the school nurse during the child's first year in school, at the ages of 7 years, II years, I3 years and again in the final year at school. In addition to this the nurse tests the vision of children if the teacher reports any suspicion of poor eyesight, or at the request of the parent.

The Ophthalmic Surgeon attends the Wylde Clinic on two sessions every week to see cases of suspected visual defect referred to him.

Orthoptic Clinic

I am indebted to Mrs K.M. Rogerson for the following report:

The total number of Bury children attending the Orthoptic Clinic during 1972 was 292. Of these, 95 were new cases referred by Mr McLenachan, the Ophthalmic Surgeon, from Eye Clinics held at the Wylde and Bury General Hospital. 33 children had surgery for squint at Birch Hill Hospital, Rochdale.

In addition, children from areas outside Bury were seen by arrangement with Bury General Hospital and Lancashire County Council to observe and treat their cases of squint.

Ear Disease and Hearing

A clinic is conducted on alternate Fridays at the Wylde Clinic by the Consultant Ear, Nose and Throat Surgeon, Mr A.I. Goodman. 18 clinics were held during the year.

Attendances were as follows:

First consultation with S	urgeon				66
Second or subsequent cons	ultation with	Surgeon			55
			To	otal	121
Analysis of new cases:					
Enlarged tonsils and/or a	denoids				32
Otitis Media					1
Sinus Infection					5
Partial deafness					14
Other conditions					10
Otorrhoea				• • •	4
			To	otal	66

Audiometry

A Peter's Basic Diagnostic audiometer is available in the Department.

This year 1594 children were examined at school. In addition 272 pure tone tests were carried out at the Wylde Clinic in cases referred by the Medical Officers.

All children with defects discovered by audiometry are referred to the School Medical Officer for further investigation and treatment.

Speech Therapy

I am indebted to Mrs R. M. Walker for the following report:

The total number of school children receiving treatment for speech defects during 1972 was 277 (208 boys, 69 girls). In addition, 39 pre-school children (30 boys, 9 girls) attended one of the clinics.

Analysis of cases:

I. School children

	Retarded speech and language - mostly associated wis some degree of articulatory disorder	th	 189
	Stammer		 23
	Sigmatism (lisp)		 14
	Spastic dysarthria		 1
	Retarded speech and language due to hearing loss		 10
	Retarded speech and language due to cleft palate		 1
			238
2.	Pre-school children		
	Retarded speech and language - in most cases with some degree of articulatory disorder		 26
	Non-fluency		 8
	Spastic dysarthria		 1
	Hearing loss		 Ì
	Retarded speech due to cleft palate		 3
			39

Attendances totalled 3,061 during the year, and 486 appointments were failed. 97 children were interviewed and assessed, 95 of which were admitted for treatment. Upon most occasions the children were accompanied by their parents, otherwise they were seen in school.

At the end of May Mrs S.M. Heap left the department, thus once again reducing it to one full-time member of staff. This departure, after seven years, created the need for re-organisation and it was necessary to reduce the amount of work to within the capacity of one therapist, until such time that another member of staff can be found.

Thus, towards the latter part of the year, the current case-load amounted to 139 (115 school children, 24 pre-school children). Some of the children were seen in groups in their schools. This greatly reduced pressures upon time available in clinic and helped towards keeping the waiting list numbers down.

The schools included Limefield School (26 children), Elton County Infant and Junior Schools (12 children), Holy Trinity School (8 children) and smaller groups in the Alderman Smith School and Greenhill School at the beginning of the year.

The remaining sessions were apportioned to the clinics as follows:

 $5\frac{1}{2}$ sessions at the Huntley Mount Clinic

I session at the Sunnybank Clinic

1 session at the Tottington Road Child Welfare Clinic

At the end of the year the number of children awaiting assessment and treatment was 16.

During the year 137 children were discharged.

90 whose sppech was now normal

19 who were referred elsewhere for private treatment

14 who ceased to attend during the year

8 who had greatly improved 6 who had left the district Students from the Elizabeth Gaskell School of Speech Therapy continued to visit the department to gain clinical experience, and during the summer, students from Birmingham and Leeds Schools of Speech Therapy visited for several full weeks of observation.

Throughout the year co-operation from Medical Officers, teaching staffs, health visitors, nurses and parents has been invaluable and extremely important in the otherwise slow process of speech development.

Chiropody

A Chiropodist is available each morning at the Wylde Clinic (Monday to Thursday) or Huntley Mount Clinic (Friday) between 9 a.m. and 10 a.m. to deal with cases referred by the School Medical Officers.

222 children made 1,061 attendances, 189 of these were suffering from Verrucae.

Diabetes

There are eight children on the Diabetic register at Bury General Hospital, four of whom have had in-patient treatment.

X-Ray Examinations

X-ray examinations of school children referred from the Clinic are performed at Bury General Hospital.

The majority of these have been X-rays of the nasal sinuses.

Medical Reports on Court Cases

The School Health Service is frequently asked to submit reports in cases of children due to appear in the Juvenile Court. During 1972, 102 reports have been requested concerning 89 children. On 83 occasions there was nothing relevant to report but on 19 occasions it was possible to submit information for the benefit of the Court.

Child Guidance Clinic

Due to pressure of other work Dr L. Grimshaw ceased his one session per week at the end of March. After that date new cases were referred to a consultant psychiatrist at Booth Hall Hospital. This is obviously only acceptable as a temporary expedient, and the Regional Hospital Board were asked to appoint a Consultant Child Psychiatrist for the Bury area. This was agreed, but so far it has not been possible to make an appointment. There is a national shortage of child psychiatrists.

Dr Grimshaw - January - March 1972 Individual children Number of attendances	5 sessions 22 22
Cases referred to Dr Leslie at Booth Hall Hospital March - December 1972	9
New cases referred by: Educational Psychologist School Medical Officers Social Services Department	3 5 1
Tot	tal 9

Educational Psychologist's Report

I am indebted to Mrs A. Bunney (Educational Psychologist) for the following report:

1.0. below 50 1.0. 50-74 1.0. 75-89 1.0. 90-109 1.0. 110-135	 	 	6 severely subnormal
1.0. 50-74	 	 	24 educationally subnormal
1.0. 75-89	 	 	98 below average
1.0. 90-109	 	 	72 average
1.0. 110-135	 	 	35 above average

Intelligence tests were only administered on 235 of the 431 new cases. In addition to the figures given above re-assessments are carried out regularly on a number of handicapped children, both educationally subnormal and severely subnormal.

The Remedial Reading Service has expanded further. The Education Department has six full-time staff giving remedial help to approximately 240 children.

In 1972 all children in their last term of infant education were given a word recognition test in order to pick out children at risk. These children are then followed up with a more detailed assessment by the Educational Psychologist and regular remedial help. It is hoped that in 1973 this screening procedure will include verbal and non-verbal intelligence tests.

Increasing numbers of children suffering from behaviour disorder have been referred to me. Such cases invariably need detailed family investigation and regular support. The appointment of a full time Social Work Assistant was thus made in September.

Provision of Meals and Milk in Schools

During 1972, 617,869 I/3 pint bottles of milk were provided under the Milk in Schools scheme to an average of 3,100 children daily, 280 on medical grounds, the remainder being children under seven years of age entitled to milk on grounds of age.

1,274,632 dinners were supplied to children in attendance at maintained schools. At 32 schools meals were cooked and served on the premises, whilst 7 schools were supplied with transported dinners cooked at Elton Secondary Modern School Kitchen and Willow Street Central Kitchen. New school kitchens were brought into operation at Woodbank County Primary School on 2nd February and Chantlers County Primary and St. Chad's Junior Schools on 21st August.

The Sunnybank School kitchen was extended and re-equipped with modular cooking equipment during the year, re-opening for the production of meals on 29th August. Whilst the conversion of this kitchen was being carried out, meals were supplied to the school from Willow Street Central Kitchen.

Home Tuition

During 1972, home teaching was provided for three months for a child suffering from congenital heart disease and awaiting surgery, and for a child for four weeks whose leg was totally encased in plaster following a road accident.

Nursery School

Elton Nursery School for children aged three to five, continued with an average number on roll of 28 children in full-time attendance and 38 part-time. In general, as regards entrance, priority was given to the children to the children of those families in social need.

Report of the Organiser of Physical Education

Primary Schools

A new scheme for swimming instruction was introduced in August. The third year pupils in our schools undertook a concentrated swimming programme, attending at the Technical College pool daily (Monday to Friday) for a period of 20 visits.

The results of this scheme proved to be very successful as the following data shows:

Number of pupils attending for instruction Number of pupils who could not swim at	 1,209
commencement of session	 953 (78%)
Number of pupils who learned to swim five yards or more at the end of the session	 927 (97%)
Number of pupils who could swim 25 yards or more at the end of the session	 630 (52%)

It is hoped to increase the swimming time for these pupils by the addition of a weekly visit to the pool, following the concentrated programme. Meanwhile the co-operation of parents is sought by giving encouragement to their children to attend for further swimming practice out of school time.

Swimming Certificates

At the end of the school year, 735 pupils were awarded swimming certificates for swimming 25 yards and performing a simple dive and 316 certificates were awarded to pupils who were able to swim in clothes and demonstrate mouth to mouth resuscitation.

Special Schools

Since my last report, swimming instruction has been added to the time table at Goshen School with pleasing results. Pupils who are unable to swim on their own were encouraged with the aid of floats and rings and were thus able to enjoy the benefits of swimming in the company of their friends.

A spastic child has, with the aid of a rubber ring, been able to swim continuously for a distance of 150 yards on his back, a most encouraging achievement.

Secondary Schools

A wide choice of physical activities continues to be given to the pupils in these schools, thereby encouraging these young persons to continue with a healthy leisure time pursuit on leaving school. A suitable site has not yet been found for an outdoor activity centre where the young people of the town can live together and enjoy the benefits of physical and mental activity away from their homes in a new environment.

I should like to thank all the members of the physical education staff at our schools, the swimming teachers, and all those persons who have helped in the physical and mental development of the children in their care and who have on many occasions given up their leisure time in the interest of these pupils.

Medical Inspection and Treatment

Return for the Year ended 31st December 1972

Number of pupils on registers of maintained primary, secondary, special and nursery schools in January 1973:

(i)	Form	7 5	Schools									11,848 175 69
,(!!)	Form	7M	0									175
(111)	Form	11	Schools	٠.					٠.	٠		- 69
											Total	12,092

MEDICAL INSPECTION OF PUPILS ATTENDING MAINTAINED PRIMARY AND SECONDARY SCHOOLS (INCLUDING NURSERY AND SPECIAL SCHOOLS)

TABLE A - PERIODIC MEDICAL INSPECTIONS

Age Groups inspected	No. of pupils who have	Phys Condi Pupils	sical tion of Inspected	Pupils found to require treatment (excluding dental diseases and infestation with vermin)							
(By year of Birth)	received a full medical examination	Satis- factory	Unsatis- factory	for defective vision (excluding squint)	for any other condition recorded at Part II	Total individual pupils					
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)					
1968 and later	27	27	-	-	-	-					
1967	1059	1056	3	40	85	117					
1966	247	247	-	11	36	46					
1965	66	66	-	-	. 1	176					
1964	39	39	-	-	2	2					
1963	. 37	36	ı	2	2	ц					
1962	28	28	-	4	1	5					
1961	28	28	-	-	1	1					
1960	36	36	-	1	1	2					
1959	16	16	-	2	1	3					
1958	10	10	-	-	1	1					
1957 and earlier	752	751	1	49	32	78					
Total	2345	2340	5	109	163	260					

Column (3) total as a percentage of Column (2) total ... 99.78%

Column (4) total as a percentage of Column (2) total ... 0.22%

TABLE B. - Other Inspections

NOTES - A special inspection is one that is carried out at the special request of a parent, doctor, nurse, teacher or other person.

A re-inspection is an inspection arising out of one of the periodic inspections or out of a special inspection.

Number of Special Inspections	 	 	 	2281
Number of Re-inspections	 	 	 	1 672
				3953

TABLE C. - Infestation with Vermin

NOTES - All cases of infestation, however slight, should be included in Table C. The numbers recorded at (b), (c) and (d) should relate to individual pupils, and not to instances of infestation.

(a)	Total number of individual examinations of pupils in schools by school nurses or other authorised persons	21066
(b)	Total number of individual pupils found to be infested	587
(c)	Number of individual pupils in respect of whom cleansing notices were issued (Section 54(2), Education Act 1944)	_
(d)	Number of individual pupils in respect of whom cleansing orders were issued Section 54(3), Education Act 1944)	_

Treatment of Pupils Attending Maintained Primary and Secondary Schools (including Nursery and Special Schools)

TABLE A. - Eye Diseases, Defective Vision and Squint

	Number have	of cases known to been dealt with
External and other, excluding errors of refraction and squint		22
Errors of refraction (including squint)		1832
To	otal	1854
Number of pupils for whom spectacles were prescribe	ed	955

TABLE B. - Diseases and Defects of Ear, Nose and Throat

Number of Cases known to have been dealt with

				nave been deart with
ment:				
7 17 17 17				21
				151
				32
				1
		Т	otal	205
ar year 19	72			3
				13
- Orthopae	edic and	l Post	ural D	efects
				Number known to
				have been treated
clinics o	or out-	natien	ts den	artment 52
0011001 10	, poort		.0.0010	
				64
				The state of the s
E D Dis	seases o	of the	Skin	
anliness,	for wh	ich se	e Tabl	e C of Part 1)
				Number of pupils known to have been treated
				attended on heads
				1
				25
				55
				340
				421
- Child	Guidan	ce Tre	eatment	
				Number known to have been treated
Guidance (Clinics			_31_
	clinics of school for thouse of the school for the	chronic tonsillited throat conditions treatment till on the regist own to have been ar year 1972 clinics or out-packed and conditions or out-packed for posture and iness, for what it is a subject to the conditions of t	chronic tonsillitis d throat conditions treatment Titill on the register of the cown to have been provided and Post clinics or out-patient school for postural of the canliness, for which see the canliness, for which see the canliness, for which see the canliness and the canliness and the canliness are considered to the canliness and the canliness are considered to the canli	chronic tonsillitis If throat conditions Itreatment Total till on the register of schoown to have been provided with ar year 1972 Orthopaedic and Postural Description of the Skin and Inness, for which see Table E.D Diseases of the Skin and Inness, for which see Table Child Guidance Treatment

TABLE F. - Speech Therapy

Number known to have been treated

Pupils treated by speech therapists	• • • •				277
TABLE G Other	r Treat	ment G	liven		
					Number known to have been treated
(a) Pupils with minor ailments					6
(b) Pupils who received convalescent Health Service arrangements	treatm	nent ur	nder So	chool	_
(c) Pupils who received B.C.G. vaccin	nation				814
d) Other than (a), (b) and (c) above					
Physiotherapy and U.V.L					28
Immunisation etc					2378
Orthoptic					292
Chiropody					222
Pure Tone Testing					272
		Tot	tal (a)-(d)	4012
Screening Tests of Vision and Hearing	g				
(a) Is the vision of entrants tester routine within their first year school?			Yes		
(b) If not, at what age is the first	st				
routine test carried out?			-		
2. At what age(s) is vision testing during a child's school life?	repeate	ed .	7, 1	1, 13	and [5 years
3.(a) Is colour vision testing under	taken?		Yes		
(b) If so, at what age?			15 y	ears	
(c) Are both boys and girls tested	?		No	Boys	only
4.(a) By whom is vision testing carr	ried ou	it?	Nur	ses.	creening by School Referred to c Surgeon
(b) By whom is colour vision testicarried out?	ing ·· ··		the	n test	urses, Abnormals ted by School Officers
5.(a) Is routine audiometric testing carried outwithin their first	g of er	school	? Yes		
(b) By whom is audiometric testing			t? A S	chool the wo	Nurse specialisin

As at 25th January 1973		LIND (I)		.S. 2)	
Awaiting places in special schools	(a) day places	Boys	Girls	Boys	Girl
[1. Waiting before st January 1972	(b) boarding places				
Under 5) years 2. Newly assessed since 1st January 197		-		-	
of age	(b) boarding places	1			
(3. Waiting before 1st January 1972	(a) day places				
3. Harting before 13t bandary 1372	(b) boarding places				
	(a) day places			198	111
(4. Newly assessed since 1st January 197	(b) boarding places				
5. Total number of children awaiting admission	(a) day places				
to special schools. I to 4 above	(b) boarding places	1	4		
6. Maintained Special Schools including attache	ed (a) day		1111		1
units and hospital Special Schools	(b) boarding		7111		
7. Non-maintained Special Schools including	(a) day				
attached units and hospital Special Schools	(b) boarding				
8. Independent schools under arrangements made	(a) day				
by the Authority. Totals to agree with the totals on Form 21aM	(b) boarding	-			
9. Special classes in ordinary schools	golvent for male (f				78
10. Total on registers - 6 to 9 above	(a) day		1		- 1
	(b) boarding		91001		
II. Boarded in homes and not already included at Totals to agree with the totals on Form 21bN					
12. Educated under arrangements made by the Authority in accordance with Section 56 of the Education Act 1944	(a) in hospitals		Jan.		
of the Education Act 1944	(b) in other groups e.g. units for spastics	pr 10	À.		
	(c) at home			2 1	1
13. Total number of handicapped children awaiting places in special schools: receiving education special schools: independent schools: speciasses and units: under Section 56 of the Education Act 1944: and boarded in homes	ion				
Totals of 5, 10, 11 and 12			'		1

	AF 3)	PT.	HG.		P.H. (5)		DEL. (6)		AL. 7)	E.:	S.N. B)		PIL. (9)		SP. DEF. (10)		TOTAL (II)	
Boys	Girls	Boys	Girls	Boys	Girls	Boys	Girls	Boys	Girls	Boys	Girls	Boys	Girls	Boys	Girls	Boys	Girls	
										6	2					6	2	
			1														- 1	
				1												1	-	
																1	7.	
										3	7					3	7	
																-	-	
			3							2						2	3	
																-	-	
	-		3	1						11	9					12	12	
			1													-1	1	
		3		4	3					103	74			2		112	78	
		1	1			4		12	4							17	5	
															-	-	-	
						2		1	-1	3		1				7	1	
																-	_	
									-1							-	1	
																-	-	
		3		4	3					103	74			2		112	79	
		1	1			6		13	6	3		1				24	7	
																-		
										5	5					5	5	
																_		
,							1									-	1	
			-															
		4	5	5	3	6	1	13	6	122	88	1		2			259	

Return of Handicapped Children

lacements
d
and
ts
assessmen
New

Number of handicapped boys I - I - 2 - 5 I3 - 2 24 as needing special activations of included above girls - I I 4 I - 2 II - 2	During the ended 31st [the calendar year 1st December	ar	Blind (1)		Deaf	Pt. Hg. (4)	P.H. (5)	Del. (6)	Mal. (7)	E.S.N. (8)	(9)	P.S. Deaf Pt.Hg. P.H. Del. Mal. E.S.N. Epil. Sp.Def. Total (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (10) (11)	Total (11)
girls -	L e P	andicapped Wly assessed special	boys	_		-	,		1	2	<u>~</u>	1	2	24
(i) of those boys - - - 5 7 - - -	La C	treatment schools or homes	girls	,	-	-	±	_	1	2	=	1		20
d above airls - - 2 8 (ii) of those boys 2 10 gassessed prior to Jan.1972 girls 6 17 (iii) TOTAL boys 6 17 (iii) TOTAL boys 2 - 6 17 (iii) & girls 1 1 - 2 14		Ξ	boys		,	-			ı	2	7	1		2
(ii) of those boys 2 1 10 1 10 2 1 10 1 10 10 10	-ce		girls	,	-	1	,	-	1	2	00		1	12
prior to Jan.1972 girls 6 (iii) TOTAL boys -	_	<u>:</u>	boys	,	,	1	2		,	-	0	,	1	2
) TOTAL boys 1 2 6 17 newly placed - B (i) & girls 1 1 - 2 14		prior to Jan. 1972	girls	_	,	1		-1	1	1	9	1	1	7
girls - 2			boys	,	-	-	2	- 1	1	9	17	1	,	26
		A.X	girls	-	_	1		_	1	2	<u></u>	1		6

Dental Inspection and Treatment carried out by the Authority

Number of Pupils

		Inspected	Req Tre	uiring atment	Offered Treatmen
First inspection - school	 	6918)			
First inspection - clinic	 	997)		4185	4185
Re-inspection - school or clinic	 	231		177	177
Totals	 	8146		4362	4362
Visits (for treatment only)		Ages 5-9	Ages 10-14	Ages 15 and over	
First visit in the calendar year	 	1336	856	118	2310
Subsequent visits	 	1831	1095	172	3098
Total visits	 	3167	1951	290	5408
Courses of Treatment					
Additional courses commenced	 	83	45	29	157
Total courses commenced	 	1419	901	147	2467
Courses completed	 	-	-	-	1301
Treatment					
Fillings in permanent teeth	 	1885	1886	366	3137
Fillings in deciduous teeth		2289	203	-	2492
Permanent teeth filled	 		1545	286	2509
Deciduous teeth filled	 	1835	171	-	2006
Permament teeth extracted	 	91	212	83	386
Deciduous teeth extracted	 	1257	270	-	1527
Number of general anaesthetics	 	-	-	-	-
Number of emergencies	 	235	125	17	377
Number of pupils X-rayed	 				42
Prophylaxis	 				104
Teeth otherwise conserved	 				4
Teeth root filled	 				19
Inlays	 				-
Crowns	 				4

Orthodontics

New cases commenced during the year		 -
Cases completed during the year		 -
Cases discontinued during the year		 -
Number of removable appliances fitted		 -
Number of fixed appliances fitted		 -
Number of pupils referred to Hospital Consultan	ts	 5

Dentures	Ages	Ages	Ages 15	Total
Number of pupils fitted with dentures for the first time:	5-9	10-14	and over	Total
(a) with full denture	-	-	-	-
(b) with other dentures			-	-
То	tal -	-	-	-
Number of dentures supplied (first or subsequent time)		_	min-1716	-1-0

Anaesthetics

Number of general anaesthetics administered by Dental Officers.

Sessions

0,55	100	Number of c					
	Adminis-	Schoo	ol Serv	ice	M & C.W.	Service	Total
	trative	Inspection at School	Treat- ment	Dental Health Education	Treat- ment	Dental Health Education	sessions
Dental Officers (inc. P.S.D.O.)	15	35	631	-	28	-	709
Dental Auxiliaries	-	_	-	-	-	- 15	-
Dental Hygienists	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -
Total	15	35	631	-	28	-	709

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						1946	24-30

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