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7

# BUNGAY URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL



## ANNUAL REPORT

of the

### MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

Dr. A.C. Gee, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.P.H.

and the

### PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR

Mr. G. E. Goram, M.R.S.H., M.A.P.H.I.

For the year 1968

With regard to the incidence of infectious disease, it is of interest to note that a number of cases of parotid gland virus were notified during the year. There were also several cases of hepatitis which notified, and the number of cases of measles notified in 1968 indicates that the District suffered with a serious epidemic of measles during the year under review.

Health was compared against year in year figures, which are set out in Table 1. It is noted that the year has been a very pleasant one from the point of view of an association with the Council and the public, and by dealing with your Council have been quite full of interest. May I thank you for your assistance in the past year, and for the health matters affecting the District.

I have the honor to be,  
 Yours faithfully,  
 Dr. A.C. Gee

DUNSTON HOUSE DISTRICT COUNCIL



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ANNUAL REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER  
OF HEALTH FOR THE YEAR 1968

The Chairman and Members of the Bungay Urban District Council.

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have pleasure in presenting the Annual Report on the Health of the Urban District of Bungay, for the year 1968.

There were no particular episodes during the year under review calling for special comment, the routine work being carried on in the health spheres of the Authorities activities, as indicated in the Public Health Inspector's section of the report.

The flooding which occurred in parts of the District last Autumn, whilst undoubtedly causing much annoyance to those involved, was not sufficiently serious to produce problems adversely affecting the health of the District.

The introduction of anti-measles vaccine during the year placed in one's hands a means of combating one more of the infectious diseases which primarily affect children. Shortages of the vaccine to start with, together with the inevitable reluctance to try new measures, resulted in a rather slow start to its use, but as far as one can ascertain, its use is gaining popularity quickly.

The mid-year population of Bungay and the corresponding population in the previous year was estimated by the Registrar General to be:-

1968 - 3910	1967 - 3810
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This shows an estimated increase of 100 persons which is more than the increase in the previous year. There was a natural decrease, due to excess of deaths over births of one.

With regard to the incidence of infectious fevers, it is of interest to note that a number of cases of scarlet fever were notified during the year. There were also several cases of whooping cough notified, and the number of cases of measles notified - 221 - indicates that the District suffered quite a severe epidemic of measles during the year under review.

Having now completed my first year as your Medical Officer may I conclude this report by saying that the year has been a very pleasant one from the point of view of my association with your Council and my colleagues, and my duties with your Council have been quite full of interest. May I taken this opportunity of thanking you Mr. Chairman and Council Members, for the interest you have shown in the Health matters affecting the District.

I have the honour to be

Your obedient servant,

A.C. GEE.

GENERAL STATISTICS

Area (in acres) .....	2,642
Registrar-General's estimate of population (mid'68) .	3,910
Number of inhabited houses (estimated 1.4.69).....	1,457
Rateable Value .....	£136,300
Product of Penny Rate (estimated) .....	£556

LIVE BIRTHS:-

	Bungay U.D.C.	England & Wales
Number	76	*
Rate per 1,000 population	19.4	16.9

ILLEGITIMATE LIVE BIRTHS:-

per cent of total live births	6.58	*
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STILLBIRTHS:-

Number	Nil	*
Rate per 1,000 total live & still births	Nil	14.0

INFANT DEATHS:- (Deaths under 1 year)

1	*
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INFANT MORTALITY RATES:-

Total infant deaths per 1,000 total live births	39.5	18.0
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Neo-Natal Mortality Rate:-

(Deaths under 4 weeks per 1,000 total live births)	13.16	12.3
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Early Neo-Natal Mortality Rate:-

(Deaths under 1 week per 1,000 total live births)	13.16	10.5
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Perinatal Mortality Rate:-

(Stillbirths and deaths under 1 week combined per 1,000 total live and stillbirths)	13.16	25.0
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MATERNAL MORTALITY (including abortion)

Number of deaths	Nil	*
Rate per 1,000 total live and stillbirths	Nil	*

\* Not Available.

VITAL STATISTICS

<u>LIVE BIRTHS</u>	<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>	<u>Total</u>
Total	45	31	76
Legitimate	44	27	71
Illegitimate	1	4	5

STILLBIRTHS

Total	-	-	-
Legitimate	-	-	-
Illegitimate	-	-	-

DEATHS OF INFANTS UNDER 1 YEAR

Total	-	1	1
Legitimate	-	1	1
Illegitimate	-	-	-

DEATHS OF INFANTS UNDER 4 WEEKS

Total	-	1	1
Legitimate	-	1	1
Illegitimate	-	-	-

DEATHS OF INFANTS UNDER 1 WEEK

Total	-	1	1
Legitimate	-	1	1
Illegitimate	-	-	-

<u>DEATHS</u> - all ages	32	45	77
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RATES

Births - Crude rate per 1,000 home population		19.40
Ratio of local adjusted rate to national rate		1.13
Deaths - Crude rate per 1,000 (all ages) population		19.70
Ratio of local adjusted rate to national rate		1.01

COMPARABILITY FACTOR

Births	1.03
Deaths	0.61

CAUSES OF DEATH

	<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>	<u>Total</u>
Tuberculosis of the Respiratory System	1	-	1
Malignant Neoplasm - Stomach	1	1	2
Malignant Neoplasm - Lung, Bronchus	3	-	3
Malignant Neoplasm - Breast	-	1	1
Malignant Neoplasm - Uterus	-	1	1
Other Malignant Neoplasms	3	3	6
Benign and Unspecified Neoplasms	-	1	1
Diabetes Mellitus	-	1	1
Menigitis	1	-	1
Other Diseases of the Nervous System	-	2	2
Chronic Rheumatic Heart Disease	1	-	1
Ischaemic Heart Disease	10	10	20
Other forms of Heart Disease	1	-	1
Cerebrovascular Disease	3	8	11
Other Diseases of the Circulatory System	1	8	9
Influenza	-	2	2
Pneumonia	2	4	6
Bronchitis and Emphysema	3	-	3
Other Diseases of the Respiratory System	-	1	1
Peptic Ulcer	1	-	1
Intestinal Obstruction and Hernia	-	1	1
Nephritis and Nephrosis	1	-	1
Congenital Anomalies	-	1	1
Total - all causes	32	45	77

AGE AT DEATH

Under 4 weeks	4 weeks and under 1 year	Age in years									Total
		1-	5-	15-	25-	35-	45-	55-	65-	75 & over	
1	-	1	1	-	1	4	4	9	18	38	77

Deaths from Cancer of the Lung and Bronchus  
during the years 1958 - 68

Year	Male	Female	Total	Death Rate per 1000 population
1958	-	1	1	0.27
1959	1	-	1	0.27
1960	2	-	2	0.55
1961	1	-	1	0.28
1962	4	-	4	1.1
1963	-	-	-	-
1964	3	-	3	0.81
1965	3	1	4	1.08
1966	4	-	4	1.07
1967	4	1	5	1.36
1968	3	-	3	0.77

Table showing the more important Causes of Death,  
Numbers and Percentages

Cause of Death	No of Deaths		Percentage	
	1967	1968	1967	1968
Diseases of circulatory system	27	42	54.0	54.5
Vascular Lesions of nervous system	5	3	10.0	3.9
Malignant diseases	9	13	18.0	16.9
Pneumonia and Bronchitis	3	9	6.0	11.8
Other diseases of Respiratory system	-	2	-	2.5
Influenza	-	2	-	2.5
All other causes	6	6	12.0	7.9
Total	50	77	100.00	100.00

COMPARATIVE STATISTICS

YEAR	1958	1959	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967	1968
Population	3580	3610	3600	3580	3630	3650	3690	3690	3740	3810	3910
No. of inhabited houses	1156	1155	1161	1153	1265	1270	1288	1307	1332	1402	1457
No. of live births	51	55	60	49	58	54	66	42	58	59	76
Birth Rate (Crude) **	14.2	15.2	16.67	13.6	15.9	14.8	17.9	11.38	15.5	15.5	19.4
No. of still births	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	-
Maternal Mortality	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Infant Mortality Rate *	-	72.7	-	40.8	34.4	37.0	15.1	-	-	-	39.5
No. of deaths of infants	-	4	-	2	2	2	1	-	-	-	3
No. of deaths (all ages)	42	51	62	60	65	72	64	49	57	50	77
Death Rate (Crude) **	11.7	14.1	17.22	16.7	17.6	19.7	17.3	13.28	15.2	13.1	19.7

\* per 1,000 live births.

\*\* per 1,000 population.

Number of all confirmed cases of infectious and other notifiable diseases notified during the year 1968 according to Age and Sex

AGE	SCARLET FEVER		WHOOPING COUGH		MEASLES		PRIMARY PNEUMONIA		DYSENTERY		INFECTIVE JAUNDICE	
	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
Under 1			-	1	1	-	1					
1 -			-	1	8	6	14					
2 -			-	1	15	8	23					
3 -	-	1	-	3	21	10	31					
4 -					12	13	25					
5 - 9	1	2	2	1	67	55	122	1	-	1		
10-14	-	1			-	3	3					
15-24	1	1	2		1	-	1				-	1
25-44					-	1	1	-	1	-	1	
45-64								2	-			
65 or over								1	-			
TOTAL	2	5	2	7	125	96	221	4	1	-	1	1

135 Males + 111 Females = Total 244

Diseases notified during the year, classified according to month of occurrence

MONTH	SCARLET FEVER	WHOOPING COUGH	MEASLES	PRIMARY PNEUMONIA	DYSENTERY	INFECTIVE JAUNDICE	TOTAL
JANUARY	-	-	-	2	-	-	2
FEBRUARY	-	2	81	2	-	-	85
MARCH	2	1	95	-	-	-	98
APRIL	2	-	28	-	-	-	30
MAY	1	-	1	-	-	-	2
JUNE	-	-	3	-	1	-	4
JULY	1	-	5	-	-	1	7
AUGUST	-	2	-	1	-	-	3
SEPTEMBER	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
OCTOBER	-	2	1	-	-	-	3
NOVEMBER	-	-	3	-	-	-	3
DECEMBER	1	2	4	-	-	-	7
TOTAL	7	9	221	5	1	1	244

TUBERCULOSIS

	MALES		FEMALES		Total
	Pulmonary	Non-Pulmonary	Pulmonary	Non-Pulmonary	
No of cases on the Register at 31st December, 1967.	12	3	11	-	26
No. of cases added during the year.	-	-	-	-	-
No. of cases removed during the year.	1	-	-	-	1
No. of cases on the Register at 31st December, 1968.	11	3	11	-	25

CASES ADDED TO THE REGISTER		CASES REMOVED FROM REGISTER	
New Notifications	-	Recovered	1
Inward Transfers	-	Died	-
		Removed to other area	-
TOTAL	-	TOTAL	1

CASES ON THE REGISTER, ACCORDING TO AGE AND SEX  
AT 31st DECEMBER, 1968.

AGE GROUP	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL
Under 5 years	-	-	-
5 - 14 years	-	-	-
15 - 24 years	3	2	5
25 - 44 years	7	7	14
45 - 64 years	2	2	4
65 years and over	2	-	2
Age unknown	-	-	-
TOTAL	14	11	25



BUNGAY URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR

FOR THE YEAR 1968

The Chairman and Members of the  
Urban District Council of Bungay.

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have the honour to present my report of the public health work carried out within the district during the year 1968.

The report is based mainly on routine duties and no specific work was carried out in any particular public health field. Slight progress was made with regard to housing inspection with the object of bringing our records more up to date, but it is regretted that the call on my time from my other responsibilities has not allowed as much time to be devoted to this necessary work as I would have wished. There are very few 'unfit' houses within the district and these are all occupied by elderly people who have no wish to be disturbed.

My thanks are due to the office staff for their continued help during the year and to the officers of neighbouring authorities who have carried out urgent duties whenever I have been away from the district.

Your obedient Servant,

G.E.GORAM,

Public Health Inspector & Surveyor.

## PUBLIC HEALTH

### SEWERAGE

All plant has worked satisfactorily throughout the year.

Notwithstanding the fact that the disposal works have been working to full capacity for more than two years, the efficiency of the works has not been lowered. Routine samples of effluent have been taken at regular intervals and analysis reports have all shown the effluent to be well within the standards laid down by the Royal Commission.

Disposal of sludge by contract has continued. The Contractor was not able to maintain the regular emptying as required due to disposal difficulties. The sludge is disposed of on agricultural land and, due to the wet year, farmers were not willing to have heavy vehicles on their land. However, we were able to utilise all the drying beds for storage and no nuisance resulted.

Because of the continuing need to exercise economy, no further approach was made to the Ministry with regard to the proposed moving of the works to a more suitable site. Accordingly work on the renewal of perished sprinkler arms of two of the filter beds, which was deferred from last year, was satisfactorily carried out.

### REFUSE COLLECTION AND DISPOSAL

An efficient collection service has been maintained throughout the year. The skip system of collection is operated with collection from the back door of each house. This is considered to be an antiquated system and more and more authorities are adopting the modern paper sack system. In a small authority such as Bungay the initial outlay of such a system is a big item and is one which would need very careful investigation if ever a change was envisaged. The service has been efficiently maintained by the two loader-drivers and they are again to be congratulated on their achievement. In these days of incentive and bonus schemes it would be interesting to learn the experts' comments on the work of these two men.

Annis Hill tip has continued in use throughout the year, with even less nuisance than in previous years. The tip has never given rise to serious complaint but this past year, comment has been negligible. Possibly the wet year has so dampened the refuse that burning has not been easy. If the wet year has helped us in this respect, it certainly has made access to and from the pit most difficult at times. In consequence we have had to make more use of the tip in the area of the Wainford R.D.C., and the cooperation of this authority and their Officers is much appreciated. Enquiries with regard to the opening of a new tip have continued and after considerable local discussion with interested parties and the officers of the County Planning Department, permission was finally obtained to open a new tip at Homersfield within the area of Wainford R.D.C.

### NIGHT SOIL DISPOSAL

The need for this service has almost been eliminated. Collection is now made from two premises only and the owner of these premises has agreed to instal septic tank drainage as soon as possible.

## PEST CONTROL

Control of rats and mice continues to be carried out by one man employed part-time on this work.

Experience throughout the country, particularly in the farming areas of Eastern England, has reported a large increase in the rat population. This does not seem to have been so apparent within our area. The number of premises visited following complaint was only 27 compared with 53 in 1967 and 70 in 1966. Routine inspections have also not revealed any increase in the rat population. A total of 1092 visits were made to premises necessitating 262 treatments. All these visits were in connection with rats, no complaints of mice infestation were received.

Sewers were baited during the year, with a take in only five of the 110 manholes baited. This work is carried out in conjunction with the Beccles B.C. Their rodent operator spends two weeks with our man working in Bungay, and our man spends two weeks working in Beccles with their man.

Moles were again active in the cemetery and these were dealt with by a Contractor.

No requests were received to deal with wasp nests but one nuisance from bees in a premises was dealt with.

There were no complaints nor was any action required regarding other insect pests in premises.

## NUISANCES

No serious nuisance was reported. Complaints of minor defects in premises were all satisfactorily dealt with by informal action.

Complaints were received regarding noise nuisance from a sawmill premises. Representations to the occupier were not very successful but the nuisance was finally eliminated when the occupier ceased operations on the premises. The main cause of the nuisance was that old buildings which acted as an efficient screen were demolished to make way for new buildings, and progress on the construction of the new buildings was very slow.

## PUBLIC CONVENIENCES

All public conveniences were kept in operation throughout the year. There were minor instances of vandalism in the old toilets in Cross Street, but the new toilets in Friary Lane have not given rise to any nuisance. I feel sure that the Council's decision to remove all coin operated locks is the main reason for the lack of damage to the toilets. The loss in revenue is more than compensated for in the low repair charges.

Cross Street toilets were redecorated internally at the end of the year.

## WATER SUPPLIES

Water is supplied by the East Anglian Water Company and there were no further extensions to the remaining outlying areas without mains supply.

All water produced in the district is obtained from the gravel beds on Outney Common but this is not sufficient for the town's needs and is augmented by borehole water from elsewhere. The water delivered into the supply has been satisfactory in quality and quantity. During the year four samples for chemical analysis have been taken from raw water and ten samples for bacteriological analysis.

The water delivered into the supply has been sampled twice during the year for chemical analysis and twenty times for bacteriological analysis. All analyses have been entirely satisfactory. A copy of a typical analysis report is attached to the end of this report.

There were no reports of contamination during the year, not even during the heavy floods in September when special precautions were taken and additional chlorination carried out. There were no reports of any plumbo-solvent action and no further developments regarding proposals to add fluoride to the water.

Number of inhabited dwellings	1457
Number of dwellings supplied from a standpipe	3
Number of dwellings connected to the water main	1451
Number of dwellings not supplied with mains water	3

#### RAINFALL

Rainfall for the year was much above the annual average. This increase mostly fell in September with two heavy falls, one of 1.53" followed four days later by a fall of 3.11". This caused heavy flooding in areas adjoining the river and other water-courses.

Annual rainfall in inches for the past seven years:-

1962	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967	1968
20.05	22.77	19.19	26.65	26.87	23.09	29.34

#### CARAVAN SITES

There is one residential site in the area and this has been well managed and maintained throughout the year.

Two single sites were licensed during the year, each in association with adjoining permanent housing.

There is only one holiday site in the area and this is controlled by the Council. The site was in regular use throughout the holiday season in spite of poor weather. The heavy rainfall throughout the year resulted in a much higher water table and it was necessary to keep a careful watch on the operation of the septic tank installation. The advent of the floods in September caused a premature closing of the site.

## HOUSING

### Housing Conditions.

a. Number of houses inspected (Does not include revisits or visits to Council Houses as Housing Officer.)	36
b. Number unsatisfactory in any respect	24
c. Number rendered fit -	
1. Informal	16
2. Formal - Public Health Acts	-
3. Formal - Housing Acts (Section 9)	-
4. By undertakings (Section 16) - Closing Order determined	-
5. Repair of scheduled (1955) unfit houses	-
d. Number of Demolition Orders secured	-
e. Number of dwellings included in Clearance Orders secured	-
f. Number of dwellings demolished by informal action	1
Number of dwellings demolished under Demolition Orders	-
Number of dwellings demolished under Clearance Orders	-
g. Number of dwellings in respect of which or part of which Closing Orders were made (including Local Government Miscellaneous Provisions) Act, 1953.	-
h. Undertakings accepted not to re-let unfit houses	2
i. Total number of new houses erected -	
1. by Local Authority	20
2. by private enterprise	30
j. Number of families rehoused from unfit houses	2
k. Number of properties improved by Improvement Grants	
1. Discretionary	7
2. Standard	16

## Council Housing

Now that the grass in the open areas has provided a good cover and the trees planted have begun to grow, the new estate at Garden Close begins to look most attractive. It is gratifying to hear visitors to this estate comment on the general appearance. Tenants appear to appreciate their environment and there has been no report of any damage to trees. Playground equipment was erected in the play area and this has been very popular with the younger children.

Rebuilding of industrialised bungalows on the foundations of the former prefabricated bungalows was completed and the tenants of these seem well satisfied.

Investigations were commenced for the erection of a small estate of old people's dwellings in conjunction with the Town Trust. It is hoped that the various points raised by the County Planning Department can be satisfactorily resolved so that work on the project can proceed in 1969.

The number of dwellings owned by the Council totals 534 and is made up as follows.

Old houses acquired	8
Houses	423
Bungalows	20
Flats	50
Old people's bungalows	33

This figure represents 37% of the total inhabited dwellings in the district.

Of the old houses acquired, four are awaiting demolition. One pair will be demolished when the adjoining car parking area is surfaced, and the other pair will be demolished when the road is widened. Two of these houses are retained by Council for urgent temporary accommodation.

## Houses in Multiple Occupation

There are none of this category of housing within the district nor is it likely that any will be created.

## Common Lodging Houses

There are none within the district.

### Individual Unfit Houses

Subsequent to detailed inspection and report, undertakings not to relet were accepted in respect of two substandard cottages, action on five other cottages was deferred as they were placed on the market and the prospective purchaser was advised that a Time and Place notice was pending and the owner of a single substandard cottage agreed not to relet until the premises were renovated. Renovation work was commenced on four substandard cottages, each cottage to be properly modernised. Three dilapidated cottages were virtually rebuilt to provide a single dwelling of a very high standard. One other single substandard cottage was closed and converted for use as a store.

One house only was demolished during the year and this was to make room for industrial expansion.

Two families were rehoused by Council from substandard houses.

Individual defects reported from private houses have all been satisfactorily dealt with by informal action under the Public Health Act. The number of such complaints received continues to be low.

### Private Housing

A satisfactory rate of private development was maintained during the year, when 24 new dwellings were commenced and 29 were completed.

When it is considered that there is no new industrial development planned within the district which will call for increased housing, it is encouraging to find so much private development taking place. Prospective developers are often enquiring as to possible availability of further building land and it is to be hoped that this will be made available by the County Planning Authority when they produce the Non-Statutory Town Map, for Bungay.

### Improvement Grants

Possibly due to the general economic position, there was less interest in Improvement Grants during the year. Only one Discretionary Grant and eleven Standard Grants were approved. Seven Discretionary Grants were paid totalling £2356 and sixteen Standard Grants were paid out totalling £3135 of which six were at the higher rate laid down in the Housing Act, 1964. No applications for improvements to the reduced level were received. One of the Standard Grants approved was as the result of the tenant requesting that Council require the owner to modernise the house. A second similar request was subsequently withdrawn by the tenant.

FOOD HYGIENE

Meat Inspection

One slaughterhouse remained licensed throughout the year.

Considerable work was carried out to improve the general cleanliness and method of working at these premises. The number of animals killed at any one time has been reduced so that there can be more frequent cleansing during the slaughtering periods.

A total of 2189 animals were killed. All animals killed were inspected and the quality has remained very high.

No carcasses were condemned

Arrangements were made with inspectors from neighbouring authorities to carry out meat inspection for me at such times as I was away from the district. The cooperation of these Officers and their Councils is much appreciated.

	Cattle excluding cows	Cows	Calves	Sheep and Lambs	Pigs
No. Killed	97	4	19	422	1647
No. Inspected	97	4	19	422	1647
Whole Carcasses condemned Tuberculosis	-	-	-	-	-
Other Causes	-	-	-	-	-
Carcasses of which some part of organ was condemned Tuberculosis	-	-	-	-	-
Other causes	6	-	-	-	65

Condemnations

Cattle	Livers	Fluke	4
		Abscessed	2
Pigs	Portions of carcass	Abscessed	90 lbs.
	Livers	Parasitic	52
	Plucks	Inflammation & Congestion	13

Poultry Inspection

There are no poultry processing premises within the district.

Other Food Inspection

A complaint of unsound fish sold in the town was investigated and a sample sent for analysis. The infection was proved to be parasitic and no further action was taken. The vendor surrendered the remaining infected fish still on his premises.

No other complaints of unsound food were received.

Two 6lb. tins of corned beef and one 12lb. tin of ham were voluntarily surrendered as being unsound and unfit for human consumption.

### Food Sampling.

This work is carried out by officers of the Weights and Measures Department of the County Council, and the following information on samples taken in this district is compiled from their report.

Twelve samples of foodstuffs were taken and submitted for analysis. Eleven were found to be genuine. One sample was deemed to be incorrectly described and the question was taken up satisfactorily with the manufacturers.

### Food Premises.

General cleanliness in all premises was satisfactory. The owners of the premises with unsatisfactory storage facilities were unable to get agreement from adjoining property owners regarding access for rebuilding. Towards the end of the year more favorable news was received and finally plans were submitted for extensive rebuilding. Unfortunately the shop premises are in a scheduled building and the County Planning Department's requirements delayed further progress.

No new premises were opened during the year. The butchery department of the Co-operative Stores was closed down.

One fruit and vegetable stall is operated from the Market Place one day each week.

One trader operates a wet fish van from premises within the town and his storage facilities are entirely satisfactory.

Eighteen premises are on the register for the sale of ice cream, all ice cream sold in these premises is prepacked.

All premises, with the exception of the market stall, comply with the Food Hygiene (General) Regulations, 1960 as under.

Type of Premises	Number	Premises fitted to comply with Regulation 16 (Wash basins)	Premises to which Regulation 19 applies (Sinks)	Premises fitted to comply with Regulation 19
Butchers	7	7	7	7
Grocers	10	10	10	10
Cafes & Hotels	6	6	6	6
Licensed Premises	13	13	13	13
Fish Fryers	4	4	4	4
Wet Fish	2	2	2	2
Bakers	4	4	4	4

### Milk & Dairies

There are no dairy premises within the district and no bottling or processing plants.

One premises only is used for the distribution of milk which arrives in sealed bottles ready for delivery.

Inspection of dairies and cowsheds and routine milk sampling is the responsibility of the County Health Inspector who submits the following details of samples taken in this district, all of which were satisfactory.

Milk samples taken for chemical analysis	4
Milk samples taken for biological examination	2
Milk samples taken for antibiotics and milk ring test	2
Milk samples taken for statutory tests under the Milk (Special Designations) Regulations	3

FACTORIES AND WORKSHOPS

Factories

One new power factory was added to the register during the year but this was out of use again at the end of the year leaving the total number at 27.

All premises were maintained in a satisfactory condition, and no action was required.

Outworkers

There were 161 outworkers on the lists submitted by a local firm engaged in the manufacture of wearing apparel. Of these 42 were resident within the district.

Prescribed Particulars on the Administration  
of the Factories Act, 1961

Part 1 of the Act.

1. Inspection for purposes of provisions as to health.

Premises (1)	No. on Reg- ister (2)	Number of		
		Insp. (3)	Written Notices (4)	Occupiers Prosecuted (5)
(i) Factories in which Sections 1, 2, 3, 4 and 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities.	-	-	-	-
(ii) Factories not included in (i) in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority.	27	32	-	-
(iii) Other premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding out-worker's premises).	6	11	-	-
Total	33	43	-	-

2. Cases in which defects were found - none.

## Outwork.

(Sections 133 and 134).

Nature of Work.	No. of Outworkers in August list required by section (133)(1)(c)	No. of cases of default in sending lists to the Council.	No. of prosecutions for failure to supply lists.	No. of instances of work in un-wholesome premises	No- tices served	Pros- ecu- tions
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Wearing apparel-making	161	-	-	-	-	-

OFFICES, SHOPS AND RAILWAY PREMISES ACT.

Only two new registrations were made during the year.

Two premises were removed from the register during the year.

Registration and General Inspections.

Class of Premises	Premises Registered during the year.	Premises Removed from Register During the year.	Total No. of Premises on Register at end of year.	Premises Receiving General Inspection during the year.
Offices	1	2	14	6
Retail Shops	-	-	47	33
Warehouses	1	-	2	2
Catering Establishments	-	-	5	5
Fuel Storage	-	-	-	-
Totals	2	2	68	46

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS OF WATER

Sample received 12th June, 1968 from East Anglian Water Company

8th July, 1968.

Marked Outney Common, Bungay

Lab No. 5789/90/W

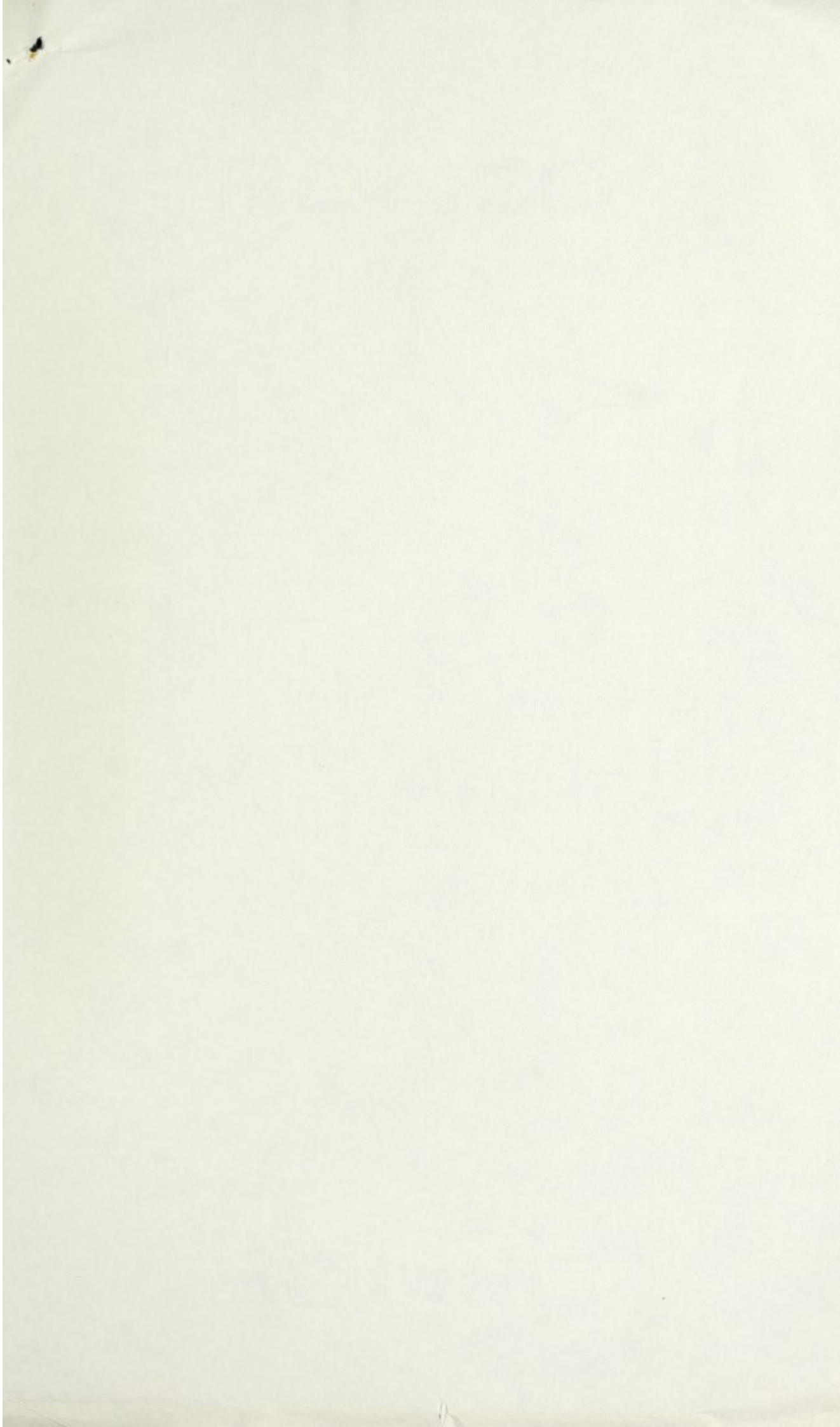
Cert. No. U.2305

The Chemical results are stated in parts per million

Distinctive No. or Name	Nitrogen				Hardness			Probable number per 100 ml.									
	Ammoniacal	Albuminoid	Nitrate	Nitrite	Total	Temporary	Permanent										
Raw Water	Less than 0.01	0.05	0.5	nil	80	0.78	380	230	150	230	565	7.05	0.19	nil	nil	nil	nil
Appearance:	Clear, slight trace of yellow deposit formed on standing. Deposit: Iron compounds. Colour: nil.																
Treated Water	Less than 0.01	0.05	0.5	nil	78	0.70	380	230	150	230	565	7.05	0.19	nil	nil	nil	nil
Appearance:	Clear, trace of yellow deposit formed on standing (only slight) Deposit: Iron compounds. Colour: nil. Taste: satisfactory. Odour: nil. Fluoride as F: 0.25 P.P.M.																

Remarks:- Both these waters are of very good organic and bacteriological quality. The only difference between the analyses is that the iron content of the treated water is slightly less than that of the raw water. The total hardness is a little higher than that of previous samples, and there is a corresponding increase in the total dissolved solids. In our opinion the treated water is very suitable for drinking and general purposes.

for Lincoln Sutton & Wood Limited.



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First main section of faint text, possibly containing a list or a series of entries.

Second main section of faint text, continuing the list or entries.

Third main section of faint text, possibly a summary or a concluding paragraph.

Final section of faint text at the bottom of the page, possibly including a signature or date.