

[Report 1960] / Medical Officer of Health, Bungay U.D.C.

Contributors

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BUNGAY URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL

THE BUNGAY URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL
10, CHICHESTER, WEST SUSSEX, BN1 1JG

I have the honour to present the Annual Report for 1960.

The 1960 population, as indicated by the Registrar General, is 7,000 which is an increase of 100 on the 1959 population figure. A more definitive figure will be available when the results of the 1961 Census are available.

There was a slight increase in the number of deaths and the registered death rate is slightly higher than the National Average.

The average birth rate is slightly higher than the National Average.

ANNUAL REPORT

There were 10 Infant Deaths in 1960 and 10 in 1959.

of the

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

Dr. H. E. Nutton, M.B., C.h.B., D.P.H.

Inspector, in 1960, 1959 and 1958.

and the


PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR

Mr. A. J. Cooper.



For the Year - 1960.

STATISTICAL SUMMARY	
Population	7,000
Registered deaths (1960-1961)	2,500
Number of registered deaths	1,500
Infant deaths	10
Number of births (1960-1961)	2,500



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To:- THE CHAIRMAN AND MEMBERS OF THE BUNGAY URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL.

Mr. Chairman, Mrs. Nursey, Gentlemen,

I have the honour to present the Annual Report for 1960.

The mid 1960 population, as estimated by the Registrar General is 3,600 which is ten less than the estimated figure for the previous corresponding figure. A more accurate figure will of course be obtained when the results of the 1961 Census are made available.

There was a slight increase in the number of Deaths and the adjusted Death Rate is slightly higher than the National Average.

The adjusted Birth Rate is slightly below that for England and Wales.

It is most gratifying to note that there were no Infant Deaths under 1 year of age and also no Maternal Deaths.

Only 20 cases of Infectious Diseases were notified during the whole year.

Three new notifications were added to the tuberculosis register during year and two cases were removed leaving a total of 31 at the 31st December 1960.

The information in this report on food premises, shops, factories and housing etc., is compiled by your Public Health Inspector, to whom I am indebted.

I have the honour to be,
Your obedient servant,

H. E. Nutton.

Bungay Urban District Council,
Council Offices,
12 Earsham Street,
Bungay.
28th June, 1961.
Telephone:- Bungay 176.

GENERAL STATISTICS.

Area (in acres)	2,642.
Registrar-General's estimate of population (mid-1960)	3,600.
Number of inhabited houses	1,161.
Rateable Value	£42,435.
Product of Penny Rate (Estimated).	£167.

LIVE BIRTHS:-	Bungay	England & Wales.
Number	60	-
Rate per 1,000 population	16.67	17.1
ILLEGITIMATE LIVE BIRTHS per cent of total live Births:-	3.3	-
STILLBIRTHS:-		
Number	Nil	-
Rate per 1,000 total live and still births:-	Nil	19.7
TOTAL LIVE AND STILL BIRTHS:-	60	-
INFANT DEATHS:- (Deaths under 1 year) .	Nil	-
INFANT MORTALITY RATES:-		
Total infant deaths per 1,000 total live births:-	Nil	21.7
Legitimate infant deaths per 1,000 legitimate live births:-	Nil	+
Illegitimate infant deaths per 1,000 illegitimate live births	Nil	+
NEO-NATAL MORTALITY RATE (deaths under 4 weeks per 1,000 total live births):-	Nil	+
EARLY NEO-NATAL MORTALITY RATE:- (deaths under 1 week per 1,000 total live births)	Nil	+
PERINATAL MORTALITY RATE (stillbirths and deaths under 1 week combined per 1,000 total live and stillbirths).	Nil	+
MATERNAL MORTALITY (including abortion)		
Number of deaths:-	Nil	-
Rate per 1,000 total live and still births:-	Nil	+

(+ Not yet available).

VITAL STATISTICS

<u>LIVE BIRTHS</u>	<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>	<u>Total</u>
Total	40	20	60
Legitimate	39	19	58
Illegitimate	1	1	2
<u>STILL BIRTHS</u>			
Total	-	-	-
Legitimate	-	-	-
Illegitimate	-	-	-
<u>DEATHS OF INFANTS UNDER 1 YEAR OF AGE</u>			
Total	-	-	-
Legitimate	-	-	-
Illegitimate	-	-	-
<u>DEATHS OF INFANTS UNDER 4 WEEKS OF AGE</u>			
Total	-	-	-
Legitimate	-	-	-
Illegitimate	-	-	-
<u>DEATHS OF INFANTS UNDER 1 WEEK OF AGE</u>			
Total	-	-	-
Legitimate	-	-	-
Illegitimate	-	-	-
DEATHS - ALL AGES	25	37	62

RATES

	<u>Bungay</u>	<u>England & Wales.</u>
Illegitimacy rate (per 1,000 live births)	33.3	+
Adjusted Birth Rate	16.8	-
Death rate per 1,000 estimated population	17.22	11.5
Adjusted Death Rate	12.74	-

Comparability Factor (Births) 1.01
 " " (Deaths) 0.74

+ Figure not yet available.

CAUSES OF DEATH:-

<u>Causes of Death</u>	<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>	<u>Total</u>
1. Tuberculosis, respiratory.	-	-	-
2. Tuberculosis, other.	-	-	-
3. Syphilitic disease.	-	-	-
4. Diphtheria.	-	-	-
5. Whooping cough.	-	-	-
6. Meningococcal infections.	-	-	-
7. Acute poliomyelitis.	-	-	-
8. Measles.	-	-	-
9. Other infective and parasitic diseases	-	-	-
10. Malignant neoplasm, stomach.	-	1	1
11. Malignant neoplasm, lung, bronchus.	2	-	2
12. Malignant neoplasm, breast.	-	1	1
13. Malignant neoplasm, uterus.	-	3	3
14. Other malignant and lymphatic neoplasms.	4	1	5
15. Leukaemia, aleukaemia.	-	-	-
16. Diabetes.	-	-	-
17. Vascular lesions of nervous system.	3	5	8
18. Coronary disease, angina.	5	7	12
19. Hypertension with heart disease.	-	2	2
20. Other heart disease.	3	4	7
21. Other circulatory diseases.	3	8	11
22. Influenza.	-	1	1
23. Pneumonia.	2	-	2
24. Bronchitis.	-	-	-
25. Other disease of respiratory system.	1	-	1
26. Ulcer of stomach and duodenum.	-	-	-
27. Gastritis, enteritis and diarrhoea.	-	-	-
28. Nephritis and nephrosis.	-	-	-
29. Hyperplasia of prostate.	-	-	-
30. Pregnancy, childbirth, abortion.	-	-	-
31. Congenital malformations.	-	-	-
32. Other defined and ill-defined diseases.	1	2	3
33. Motor vehicle accidents.	-	-	-
34. All other accidents.	-	2	2
35. Suicide.	1	-	1
36. Homicide and operations of war.	-	-	-
Totals:-	25	37	62

Deaths from Cancer of the Lung and Bronchitis during
the years - 1952 to 1960.

Year	Male	Female	Total	Death Rate per 1,000 population
1952	3	1	4	1.12
1953	-	-	-	-
1954	2	-	2	0.56
1955	2	-	2	0.56
1956	-	-	-	-
1957	2	1	3	0.84
1958	-	1	1	0.27
1959	1	-	1	0.27
1960	2	-	2	0.55
Total	12	3	15	-

ADJUSTED BIRTH AND DEATH RATE:- COMPARABILITY FACTOR.

Local birth rates are expressed in terms of population. These populations are estimated by the Registrar General and comprise persons of all ages, including those who have no influence on the birth rate. These latter do, however, affect the birth rate in that a high proportion of them in a population tends to lower, and a small proportion tends to raise the true rate. The size of this proportion will vary in different areas and, therefore, the elimination or standard of such a factor will give a truer comparison between areas.

The Registrar General issues a comparability factor on these lines. Multiplication of the crude birth rate of an area by the comparability factor gives the adjusted birth rate and can be compared with the crude rate for England and Wales.

The comparability factor for deaths is obtained in a similar way to the above. The factors for certain areas, where rapid increase or reduction in the population materially affects its comparison by sex and age groups, are also adjusted on that account. Death rate comparability factors are adjusted to take account of the presence of sterile populations in institutions for the mentally ill or mentally deficient.

Table showing the more important causes of death,
numbers and percentages.

Cause of Death.	No. of Deaths		Percentages	
	1959	1960	1959	1960
Diseases of circulatory system	21	32	41.17	51.61
Vascular lesions of nervous system	4	8	7.84	12.90
Malignant diseases	11	12	21.57	19.35
Pneumonia and Bronchitis	3	2	5.88	3.22
Influenza	1	1	1.96	1.61
All other causes	11	7	21.57	11.29
TOTAL:	51	62	99.99	99.98

In 1960, 83% of all deaths fell under the first three headings. The comparable figure for 1959 was 70% and for 1958 was 83%.

COMPARATIVE STATISTICS.

	<u>1950</u>	<u>1951</u>	<u>1952</u>	<u>1953</u>	<u>1954</u>	<u>YEAR</u> <u>1955</u>	<u>1956</u>	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	<u>1960</u>
Population	3648	3483	3479	3497	3530	3560	3560	3570	3580	3610	3600
No. of inhabited houses	1134	1170	1195	1216	1226	1269	1276	1168	1156	1155	1161
No. of live births	33	53	56	47	50	51	60	63	51	55	60
Birth Rate (Crude)	9.3	15.3	16.1	13.4	14.2	14.3	16.8	17.9	14.2	15.2	16.67
No. of still births	-	3	-	-	2	-	1	4	-	-	-
Maternal Mortality	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Infant Mortality Rate	90.0	-	35.7	21.3	-	19.6	16.6	47.8	-	72.7	-
(No. of Deaths)	(3)	(-)	(2)	(1)	(-)	(1)	(1)	(3)	(-)	(4)	(-)
No. of Deaths all Ages	50	43	51	41	52	47	50	44	42	51	62
Death Rate (Crude)	14.09	12.3	14.6	11.7	14.7	13.2	14.0	12.3	11.7	14.1	17.22

Number of all confirmed cases of infectious and other notifiable diseases notified during the year 1960 according to age & sex.

AGE	ACUTE PNEUMONIA			SCARLET FEVER			WHOOPIING COUGH			MEASLES			Dysentery (SONNE)			PUERPERAL PYREXIA			ERYSIPELAS		
	M	F	T	M	F	T	M	F	T	M	F	T	M	F	T	M	F	T	M	F	T
Under 1																					
1 -																					
2 -				1	-	1															
3 -				-	2	2															
4 -				2	1	3				1	-	1									
5 - 9	-	1	1	4	2	6	1	-	1				-	1	1						
10 -14				1	-	1															
15 -24							-	1	1										1	-	1
25 -44	-	1	1																		
45 -64																					
65 or over																					
TOTAL	-	2	2	8	5	13	1	1	2	1	-	1	-	1	1	-	-	-	1	-	1
	Males 12 + Females 8 = Total = 20																				

Diseases notified during the year, classified according to
month of occurrence.

MONTH.	ACUTE PNEUMONIA	SCARLET FEVER	WHOOPIING COUGH	MEASLES	DYSENTERY (SONNE)	PUERPERAL PYREXIA	ERYSIPELAS
January	-	4	-	-	-	-	-
February	-	4	-	-	-	-	-
March	-	3	-	-	-	-	1
April	-	1	1	-	1	-	-
May	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
June	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
July	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
August	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
September	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
October	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
November	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
December	-	-	1	1	-	-	-
TOTAL	2	13	2	1	1	-	1
Grand Total = 20.							

TUBERCULOSIS

	MALES		FEMALES		TOTAL
	Pulmonary	Non-Pulmonary	Pulmonary	Non-Pulmonary	
No. of cases on the Register at 31st December, 1959.	11	-	15	4	30
No. of cases added during the year.	2	-	1	-	3
No. of cases removed during the year.	-	-	-	2	2
No. of cases on the Register at 31st December, 1960.	13	-	16	2	31

CASES ADDED TO THE REGISTER	CASES REMOVED FROM THE REGISTER
New notifications = 3	Recovered = 2
Inward transfers = -	Died = -
	Removed to other areas = -
Total = 3	Total = 2

CASES ON THE REGISTER, ACCORDING TO AGE AND SEX AT 31ST DECEMBER, 1960.

AGE GROUP	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL
Under 5 years	1	1	2
5 - 14 years	2	1	3
15 - 24 years	2	4	6
25 - 44 years	4	8	12
45 - 64 years	1	1	2
65 years & over	3	2	5
Age unknown	-	1	1
	13	18	31

For the Commission and Members of the Public Health District Council.

St. Catherine, St. George, and Kentland.

The following is printed by the Public Health District Council as their official report for the year ending 31st December 1922.

Printed and Published by the Public Health District Council.

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Total = 27

For the Commission and Members of the Public Health District Council.

Page
Folio = 2
Folio = 28
Folio = 30

For the Commission and Members of the Public Health District Council.

ANNUAL REPORT

of the

PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR

Mr. A. J. Cooper.

Printed and Published by the Public Health District Council, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6, St. George Street, St. George, Kentland.

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ANNUAL REPORT

of the

PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR

W. A. J. Cooper.

To:- The Chairman and Members of the Bungay Urban District Council.

Mr. Chairman, Mrs. Nursey, and Gentlemen,

I have the honour to present my 15th Annual Report as your Public Health Inspector for the year ending 31st December 1960.

Factory Acts 1937 to 1959.

No. on Register.

Factories in which Sections 1, 2, 3, 4 and 6 are to be enforced by the Local Authority.	}	Non-Power =	2
Factories in which section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority.		Power =	25
		Total =	27

No. of Factories inspected during the year.

Non-Power = 2

" " " " " " Power = 24

Total = 26

No. of Outworkers (Lambs wool gloves, ear muffs and coats). = 27

Defects observed and notices served = Nil

Factory Act Sections 34 and 35:- Means of Escape in case of Fire.

This is now exercisable by the Fire Authority.

Total number of certificates issued = 7

Water Supply

Analysts:- Messrs. Lincolne Sutton & Wood,
Clarence House,
6 Clarence Road,
Norwich.

Chemical Samples were taken at intervals of 6 months.
Bacteriological " " " " " 3 months.
All Samples were certified to be Highly Satisfactory.

A typical analysis is herewith appended:-

Certificate No. 1173 L) dated 29th August 1960.
Laboratory No. 822 W)

Sample received 22nd August 1960 from Bungay U.D.C. (untreated).
Marked:- Shallow Well, Outney Common.

Appearance when received	:-	Clear
Nature of deposit	:-	Nil
Colour	:-	Nil
Odour	:-	Nil
Reaction	:-	Neutral
P.H.	:-	6.8
Taste	:-	Satisfactory

Results of Chemical Analysis in parts Per Million.

Ammoniacal Nitrogen	:-	0.04
Albuminoid Nitrogen	:-	0.09
Nitrate Nitrogen	:-	Nil
Nitrite Nitrogen	:-	Nil
Chlorine as Chlorides	:-	64
Oxygen Absorbed(4hrs., 27°C)	:-	0.50

Hardness as CaCO₃

Total	:-	330
Carbonate (temporary)	:-	210
Non Carbonate (permanent)	:-	120
Alkalinity as CaCO ₃	:-	210
Free Carbon Dioxide	:-	77
Total Solids (180°C)	:-	495
Iron (total)	:-	0.42
Metals in solution (other than iron)	:-	Nil

Bacteriological Results.

No. of colonies developing per Ml in 48 hrs at 37°C = Nil.
Presumptive coliform organisms - (probable No. per 100 Ml = Nil.
B. Coli Type 1. (Fæcal). = Nil.

Opinion:

The organic quality of this water is good and its bacteriological condition is very satisfactory. The reaction of the water is just on the acid side of neutrality, and its free carbonic acid content is high. This water might be found to have some slight corrosive action on metals, particularly when new. A trace of iron was present in the sample; it was wholly in solution and remained so on standing. The total hardness of the water approximates to 23° Clark and about two-thirds of this is temporary. In our opinion this water is fit for drinking purposes, and is suitable for general domestic purposes, subject to the minor reservation mentioned above regarding its carbonic acid content.

Signed for Lincoln Sutton & Wood,
Eric C. Wood.

Dwellings which received piped supply direct	:-	98.5%
" " " supply by stand pipe	:-	1.0%
" without mains supply	:-	0.5%

Water Treatment.

Liquid Chlorine is injected into the shallow wells at the water works which is situated on Outney Common, Bungay. The rate at which Chlorine is injected is 0.03 lbs. per 10,000 gallons of water pumped. The total amount of water supplied during the year ending 31st December 1960, (which includes bulk supplies to Wainford R.D.C. and Loddon R.D.C.) was 86,028,000 gallons which represents an increase in consumption over the previous year amounting to 14,799,000 gallons. A new poultry processing factory at Flixton accounting for the increased demand.

Total Rainfall 1960	=	30.64 inches.
Highest monthly rainfall	=	October 5.0 inches.
Lowest " "	=	May 0.46 inches.

Bulk Water Supplies.

Water is supplied in bulk to parishes outside the Urban District Boundaries for two neighbouring Authorities, namely:- London R.D.C. and Wainford R. D. C.

Sewerage Disposal

The Sewage Disposal Works are situated at Olland Plantation Hillside Road, East. Two Sub-stations, one in Boycott Lane, and the other at the Falcon Bridge, operate to lift sewage from the low lying areas of the town to the Disposal works. The majority of the town is adequately sewered, but there are a few properties not so provided which are situated in isolated positions on the outskirts of the town, or are at levels which do not permit their being connected to the mains. Drainage is only partly separate, and during heavy rainfall many of the foul sewers were loaded beyond their capacity and particularly so at the East end of the town. A major scheme to instal a 12" relief sewer was completed towards the end of the year to remedy drainage problems which frequently occurred between Mile End and Dukes Bridge, this new drain now takes the entire flow from the Annis Hill Estate which formerly charged into the Beccles Road Sewer main.

The Printing works have been most co-operative and have undertaken major works to divert surface water into surface drains, where formally they were connected to the sewers. Steady progress continues to be maintained in reducing the quantity of rainwater which enters the foul sewers, and property owners have on the whole been most co-operative. However much remains to be done in this field, but a careful watch on future building development, and tactful persuasion of property owners to remove surface drains from sewers when ever drainage work is undertaken, should in time achieve the desired conditions.

Night Soil

Night soil is collected each Wednesday evening from 9 dwellings, a reduction of 4 over the previous year. Every effort will be made to end this medieval form of Sanitation, and where possible property owners will be advised regarding the installation of septic tanks.

Certificate of Analysis of Sewage Effluent from the Disposal Works, Ollands Plantation.

Certificate No. 1175, L.
Laboratory No. 832, W.

Dated:- 29th August, 1960.

Nature of Sample	:-	Effluent,
Received	:-	23rd August, 1960.
From	:-	Bungay U.D.C.
Marked	:-	Ollands Plantation Disposal Works.
Appearance	:-	Clear trace brown deposit.
Colour	:-	Yellow.
Odour	:-	Inoffensive.
P.H. 7.7	Reaction:	faintly Alkaline.

Parts Per Million

Ammoniacal Nitrogen	:-	0.25
Albuminoid Nitrogen	:-	1.2
Nitrate Nitrogen	:-	35
Nitrite Nitrogen	:-	0.02
Chlorine as Chlorides	:-	164
Permanganate Value	:-	10.7
Biological Oxygen Demand	:-	6.0
Suspended Solids	:-	25

Opinion:- This is a very satisfactory effluent. The B.O.B. is much lower than the Royal Commission general standard. Almost the whole of the nitrogen present is in the fully oxidised condition.

Signed,
Eric C. Wood,
For Lincoln Sutton & Wood.

One attendant is employed full time at the Disposal Works and he is assisted half time by the Rodent Operator. A quantity of dried sludge was taken during the year for use at a tree nursery, but generally the disposal of the valuable fertilizer presents as big a problem as ever.

Collection and Disposal of House Refuse.

Collection is carried out weekly from all dwellings within the Urban District, with the exception of a few isolated properties on the Outskirts. Refuse is also collected from business premises each Saturday morning. Disposal is made into a tip which is hired from Loddon Rural District Council, and which is situated in Ditchingham. Tipping is controlled and adequate coverage is given. Refuse collection is performed by two men full time, and the assistance of one extra each Saturday morning.

Prevention of Damage by Pest Act, 1949.

The fulfilment of the Councils responsibility under this Act is under the supervision of the Public Health Inspector. One Rodent Operator is employed half time. Disinfestation of sewers is carried out at 6 monthly intervals by a reciprocal assistance arrangement between myself and the Public Health Inspector for the Borough of Beccles.

Foul sewers were treated at 6 monthly intervals, and the general method of treatment was with the use of "Warfarin" to which Paratuto-phenol was added. The degree of rat infestation in sewers generally continued to be of only a very minor nature, and this happy state I submit is the direct result of continuous periodical treatment over the past twelve years. Business premises have received routine inspections for evidence of rat or mice infestation, and private dwellings were inspected as and when requested by either the occupant of the owner.

Dwelling houses surveyed under the Act = 216.
Other properties " " " " = 28.

Food Hygiene Regulations 1955.

Periodical inspections of food premises did not reveal anything to which I feel it necessary to draw your attention.

No. of food premises:- 35.
" " visits made:- 32.
No. found to be unsatisfactory:- None.
No. rendered satisfactory:- None.

Shops Act 1950, Section 38.

There are 86 shops trading within the Urban District, and responsibility for inspections under Section 38 of the Act are delegated to the Local Authority.

The proprietors of 6 shops are in possession of Exemption Certificates issued by the Council.

Shops found to be without adequate Sanitary Conveniences = 1.
Shops found to be without adequate washing facilities = 2.
" " " " heating " = Nil

Informal notices to remedy these deficiencies resulted in immediate compliance.

Periodical inspections of shops, stalls, vehicles, Restaurants and Hotel kitchens, and premises where food was being handled or prepared, have in all cases been very satisfactory as to the standard of cleanliness.

Slaughter Houses Act 1958.

There is 1 licenced slaughterhouse within the Urban District, which is at the rear of a butchers shop. These premises received extensive major alterations during 1960 to comply with the requirements of the "Appointed Day - order 1959". The premises were inspected upon completion by a Ministry Veterinary Surgeon and the "Appointed Day" was fixed at 1st January, 1961.

SLAUGHTERING AND MEAT INSPECTIONS

	Cattle Excluding Cows	Cows	Calves	Sheep & Lambs	Pigs
No. Killed	84	-	26	252	230
No. inspected	84	-	26	252	230
Whole Carcasses					
Condemned Tuberculosis	None	None	None	None	None
Other Causes	None	None	None	None	None
Carcasses of which some part or organ was condemned - tuberculosis	None	None	None	None	2
Other Causes	1	None	None	2	2

Brief Analysis of "Other Causes":-

2 Sheep milk spot.
1 Ox liver fluke.
2 Pigs Adhesion.

Method of disposal of condemned meat:- Burial at Councils refuse tip.

100% Inspection is carried out by a Veterinary Surgeon.

Milk.

No. of dairies registered = 3.
" " milk dealers licences issued
(1) Pasteurised = 3.
(a) Tuberculin Tested = 2.

No biological samples were taken as no milk in this district is consumed raw.

Condemned Foods.

During the year it was found necessary to condemn the following foods as unfit for human consumption. Condemned foods are disposed of by burial at the Councils refuse tip.

Tinned Foods.

12 lbs Ox tongue.
12 lbs Corned Beef.
15 lbs Boned Pork.

Food and Drugs (other than Milk).

19 Samples of food were taken for Analysis as detailed hereunder:-

Pork Chipolatas,
Pure Lard,
Pork Sausages, 2 samples,
Dripping, 2 samples,
Beef Sausages,
Pork Pies,
Faggots,
Pork Sausage Meat,
Pure Dairy Butter,
Dutch Creamery Butter (Unsalted),
Danish Blue Cheese,
Pickle,
Pure Malt Vinegar,
Danish Chopped Ham,
F.C. Milk Chocolate,
F.C. Dairy Milk Chocolate,
Creme Coffee and Brandy - Misleading description. Labels altered.

Ice Cream.

There are 10 premises registered for the sale of Ice Cream and 2 of these premises are equipped for manufacture to the standard required by the "Heat Treatment" regulations 1947/48. No. Ice Cream however is manufactured locally. Routine visits to Establishments where Ice Cream is retailed, have in all cases proved satisfactory.

Housing.

No. of houses Inspected	=	26
(does not include revisits)		
(does not include Council House Visits as Housing Officer)		
No. unsatisfactory in any respect	=	3
" rendered fit:-		
(1) Informal	=	3
(2) Formal P.H. Acts,	=	Nil
(3) " Housing Acts	=	Nil
(4) Repair of scheduled (1955) Unfit houses	=	Nil
No. of demolition orders secured	=	Nil
No. demolished under demolition orders	=	7
No. of dwellings in respect of which closing orders were made (including Local Government Miscellaneous Provisions Act 1953).	=	Nil
Undertaking not to relet unfit houses	=	1

Total No. of New Houses Erected:-

(1) By Local Authority	=	None
(2) By private enterprise	=	3
No. of families rehoused from unfit houses	=	None

No. of Houses improved by Improvement Grants:-

(1) Discretionary	=	7
(2) Standard	=	6

Moveable Dwellings (Caravan Sites)

No. of sites licenced	=	None
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Council Housing Position at 31st December 1960.

Old Peoples Dwellings (Bungalows)	=	12
Single bedroom Cottages	=	3
Houses (2, 3 and 4 bedroom)	=	324
Flats (2 bedrooms)	=	51
Prefabricated Bungalows	=	20
		<hr/>
		410
		<hr/>

Total No. of inhabited houses within the Urban District.	=	1,161
Population	=	3,600
No. of applicants on housing list	=	104

In concluding this my 15th Annual Report as your Public Health Inspector, I would like once again to take this opportunity of expressing my sincere appreciation of the support and encouragement which the Chairman and members of all Committees have always afforded me, and to thank Mr. Gibbs (Clerk to the Council), the Medical Officer of Health, and the Office Staff, for their willing assistance at all times.

I have the honour to remain,

Your obedient servant,

A. J. Cooper.

Council Offices,
12 Earsham Street,
Bungay,
19th June, 1961.
Tel. Bungay 176.

Alaska Health Department

General Health Report for the year 1933

12	=	Old People's Dwellings (Bungalows)
3	=	Single Bedroom Cottages
125	=	Houses (2, 3 and 4 bedrooms)
21	=	Flats (2 bedrooms)
10	=	Refurbished Bungalows
140	=	

Total No. of inhabited houses within the Urban District, 1933
Population 2,500
No. of applicants on housing list 101

In concluding this my 1933 Annual Report as your Public Health Inspector, I would like to express the opportunity of expressing my sincere appreciation of the assistance and encouragement which the Council and members of the Board have always afforded me, and to thank Mr. J. H. Smith, M.D., for his kind and helpful criticism of this report.

I have the honor to remain,

Yours obediently,

A. J. [Signature]

Council Office,
12 Graham Street,
Bangor,
1934 Town, 1933
Tel. Bangor 176.