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I

BUCKFASTLEIGH URBAN DISTRICT



ANNUAL REPORT
ON THE HEALTH OF THE DISTRICT
FOR THE YEAR 1971

PRESENTED BY
THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH AND PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR

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DARTMOUTH and TOTNES Municipal Boroughs

BUCKFASTLEIGH
KINGSBRIDGE
SALCOMBE



Urban
Districts

KINGSBRIDGE
PLYMPTON ST. MARY
TAVISTOCK
TOTNES




Rural
Districts

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Medical Officer of Health*



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URBAN DISTRICT OF BUCKFASTLEIGH.

Annual Report on the Health of the Area for the Year 1971.

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URBAN DISTRICT OF BUCKINGHAM

Annual Report on the Health of the Area for the Year 1937

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SECTION B - GENERAL PROVISION OF HEALTH SERVICES

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Council Social Services, Laboratory Services, Health
Centre, Mass Radiography, Mental Health, Family
Planning, Cervical Cytology, Health on Wheels

SECTION C - SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE AREA

Refuse, Sewerage, Housing, Cemeteries,
Swimming Pool, Public Control, Road Control,
Water, Cattle, Shops & Public Places, etc.

SECTION D - INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD

SECTION E - MUTILATED

SECTION F - VETERINARY ACT

BUCKFASTLEIGH URBAN DISTRICT.

Report on the Health of the District for the Year 1971.

p r e f a c e

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I present herewith the Report on the Health of the District during 1971, drawn up along the lines suggested in Department of Health & Social Security Circular 1/72, dated January, 1972. Included in the Report is the Report of your Public Health Inspector.

The Registrar General's population estimate of 2,690 persons is based upon the 1971 Census figure. There were 35 births giving a Standardised Birth Rate of 17.3 which is above the National Average of 16.0 per thousand. Deaths increased to 46 giving a Standardised Rate of 12.8 which is above the National Average of 11.6. The majority of deaths were caused by heart disease and cancer. There was one infant death due to an unavoidable cause.

Perhaps the greatest cause for concern in the Urban District is the fact that the Kilbury Sewage Works is unable to adequately purify the sewage it receives. It was thought that elimination of much of the infiltration water from defective sewers would have eased the situation, but this has not proved to be the case. The problem is complicated by the fact that a high proportion of the sewage received at the Works is coming from various factories in the District and is a potent effluent. The Council's Consulting Engineers and the Devon River Authority are investigating the situation and seeking a solution, possibly by extending the Works.

Again I wish to thank all Members of the Council and Staff for their help and co-operation during the year.

John Wildman.

Medical Officer of Health.

July, 1972.

BUCKINGHAM URBAN DISTRICT

Report on the Health of the District for the Year 1931.

P r e f a c e

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I present herewith the Report on the Health of the District during 1931, drawn up along the lines suggested in Department of Health & Social Security Circular 1/32, dated January, 1932. Included in the Report is the Report of your Public Health Inspector.

The Registrar General's population estimate of 2,650 persons is based upon the 1931 Census figure. There were 35 births giving a Standardised Birth Rate of 17.5 which is above the National Average of 16.0 per thousand. Deaths increased to 46 giving a Standardised Rate of 18.8 which is above the National Average of 11.6. The majority of deaths were caused by heart disease and cancer. There was one infant death due to an unavoidable cause.

Perhaps the greatest cause for concern in the Urban District is the fact that the Liberty Sewage Works is unable to adequately handle the sewage it receives. It was thought that elimination of much of the infiltration water from defective sewers would have eased the situation but this has not proved to be the case. The problem is complicated by the fact that a high proportion of the sewage received at the Works is coming from various factories in the District and is a potent effluent. The Council's Consulting Engineers and the Down River Authority are investigating the situation and seeking a solution, possibly by extending the Works.

Again I wish to thank all members of the Council and Staff for the help and co-operation during the year.

John Wilson.

Medical Officer of Health.

July 1932.

PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT 1971.

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH.

John Wildman, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.P.H., M.F.C.M.

DEPUTY MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH.

Mary E. Budding, M.B., B.Ch., B.Sc., D.P.H., M.F.C.M.

PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR (Also Surveyor).

G.T.W.Allen, F.R.S.H., M.A.P.H.I.
Council Offices,
Town Hall,
Buckfastleigh.

Tel. Buckfastleigh 2333.

PUBLIC HEALTH COMMITTEE.

Chairman

Councillor M. Tolchard.

Chairman of the Council

Councillor J.R.Willcocks.

and

Miss F.M.Axford, Messrs. A.W.Thompson, J.A.West, E.W.Pinney,
and Dr.M. Wigram.

M.O.H.Central Office. Area No.5 - South West Devon,
Public Health Department,
Council Offices,
8, Plymbridge Rd.,
Plympton, Plymouth. Tel.Plymouth 36644.
PL7 4LG.

M.O.H.Clerk.

Miss G. Prowse.

Tel. Plymouth 36644.

PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT 1971.

MEDICAL OFFICE OF HEALTH.

John Wilson, M.B.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.P.H., M.R.C.M.

DEPUTY MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH.

Mary E. Budding, M.B., B.Ch., B.Sc., D.P.H., M.R.C.M.

PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR (also surveyor).

G.T.W. Allen, F.R.S.H., M.A.P.H.I.

Council Offices,

Town Hall,

Buckfastleigh.

Tel. Buckfastleigh 2733.

PUBLIC HEALTH COMMITTEE.

Chairman

Councillor M. Toibard.

Chairman of the Council

Councillor J.R. Wilcock.

and

Miss F.M. Axford, Messrs. A.W. Thompson, J.A. West, E.W. Finney,
and Dr.M. Wigman.

M.O.H. Central Office. Area No. 2 - South West Devon,

Public Health Department,

Council Offices,

8, Plymouth Rd.,

Plymouth, Plymouth. Tel. Plymouth 3664.

PLY 466.

M.O.H. Clerk.

Miss G. Brown.

Tel. Plymouth 3664.

SECTION A.

VITAL STATISTICS AND GENERAL STATISTICS 1971.

Table 1.

Figures for 1970 are shown in brackets.

POPULATION:

Estimated Mid-Year Population of Buckfastleigh Urban District.

2,690 (2,440)

Natural increase or decrease	...	...	- 11	(- 7)
Migration in or out	...	...	+261	(-63)
Total increase or decrease	...	...	+250	(-70)

GENERAL STATISTICS:

Area of Buckfastleigh Urban District in Acres.

1,365

Number of Inhabited Houses according to Rate Books (1st April).

1,033 (1,034)

Number of Houses per acre	...	...	0.757	(0.758)
Number of Persons per acre	...	...	1.971	(1.787)
Number of Persons per house	...	...	2.604	(2.360)
Dwellings owned by the Council	...	...	395	(395)

Rateable Value of District (1st April).

£104,080 (£103,313)

Sum Represented by New Penny Rate.

£968 (£406)
(Old Currency)

SECTION A.

VITAL STATISTICS AND GENERAL STATISTICS 1971.

Table 1.

Figures for 1970 are shown in brackets.

POPULATION

Estimated Mid-Year Population of Buckfastleigh Urban District.

2,600 (2,440)			
Natural increase or decrease	...	...	- 11
Migration in or out	...	...	+201
Total increase or decrease	...	...	+190

GENERAL STATISTICS

Area of Buckfastleigh Urban District in acres.

1,352

Number of inhabited houses according to Rate Books (1st April).

1,032 (1,034)			
Number of Houses per acre	...	...	0.757
Number of Persons per acre	...	...	1.971
Number of Persons per house	...	...	2.604
Dwellings owned by the Council	...	...	395

Rateable Value of District (1st April).

£104,030 (£102,313)

Now Represented by New Penny Rate.

£988 (£906)
(Old Currency)

VITAL STATISTICS AND GENERAL STATISTICS 1971.

Table 2.

Figures for 1970 are shown in brackets

BIRTHS:

Standardised Live Birth Rate per 1,000 population ... 17.3 (21.3)

Area Comparability Factor for Births ... 1.33 (1.33)

Number of Live Births

	<u>Males</u>	<u>Females</u>	<u>Total</u>
<u>Total</u>	21	14	35
Legitimate	19	14	33
Illegitimate	2	0	2
<u>Number of Still Births</u>	0	0	0

DEATHS:

Standardised Death Rate per 1,000 Population ... 12.8 (14.2)

Area Comparability Factor for Deaths ... 0.75 (0.75)

Number of Deaths

	<u>Males</u>	<u>Females</u>	<u>Total</u>
<u>All Ages - Total</u>	22	24	46
<u>Deaths of Infants under 1 yr.</u>	1	0	1
Number under 4 weeks of age	1	0	1
Number under 1 week of age	1	0	1

Infantile Mortality Rate per 1,000 Live Births. ... 29.0 (26.0)

COMPARISON WITH RATES FOR ENGLAND AND WALES:

Birth Rate 16.0 (16.0)

Death Rate 11.6 (11.7)

Infantile Mortality Rate 18.0 (18.0)
(Infants under 1 year of age)

VITAL STATISTICS AND GENERAL STATISTICS 1971

Table 2.

Figures for 1970 are shown in brackets

BIRTHS

Standardized Live Birth Rate per 1,000 population ... 17.3 (21.3)
Age Comparability Factor for Births ... 1.33 (1.33)

Number of Live Births

<u>Total</u>	<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>	<u>Total</u>
21	14	7	21
19	14	5	19
2	0	2	2
0	0	0	0

Number of Still Births

DEATHS

Standardized Death Rate per 1,000 population ... 12.8 (14.2)
Age Comparability Factor for Deaths ... 0.75 (0.75)

Number of Deaths

<u>All Ages - Total</u>	<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>	<u>Total</u>
22	24	46	22
1	0	1	1
1	0	1	1
1	0	1	1

Infant Mortality Rate per 1,000 Live Births ... 29.0 (26.0)

COMPARISON WITH OTHER COUNTRIES AND WAGES

Birth Rate 16.0 (16.0) Death Rate 11.6 (11.7)

Infant Mortality Rate 18.0 (18.0)
 (Infants under 1 year of age)

PREVALENCE OF AND CONTROL OVER INFECTIOUS DISEASES.

No notifiable diseases were reported.

NATIONAL ASSISTANCE ACT, 1948.

Section 47.- No statutory action was necessary for the removal of persons in need of care and attention.

Section 50.- No burials took place under this Section of the Act.

PREVALENCE OF AND CONTROL OVER INFECTIOUS DISEASES.

No notifiable diseases were reported.

NATIONAL ASSISTANCE ACT, 1948.

Section 47. - No statutory action was necessary for the removal of persons in need of care and attention.

Section 50. - No burial took place under this Section of the Act.

CAUSES OF DEATH 1971.

									<u>M</u>	<u>F</u>	<u>Total</u>
B4 Enteritis and other Diarrhoeal Diseases	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0	1	1
B19(3) Malignant Neoplasm, Stomach	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0	1	1
B19(4) Malignant Neoplasm, Intestine	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	0	2
B19(6) Malignant Neoplasm, Lung, Bronchus	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	0	1
B19(7) Malignant Neoplasm, Breast	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0	1	1
B19(8) Malignant Neoplasm, Uterus	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	-	1	1
B19(11) Other Malignant Neoplasms	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	2	6
B21 Diabetes Mellitus...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	0	1
B23 Anaemias	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0	2	2
B46(3) Mental Disorders	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0	1	1
B26 Chronic Rheumatic Heart Disease	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	0	1
B28 Ischaemic Heart Disease	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	7	12
B29 Other Forms of Heart Disease	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	4
B30 Cerebrovascular Disease	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	3	5
B46(6) Other Diseases of Circulatory System	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	0	1
B33(1) Bronchitis and Emphysema	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	0	1
B46(8) Other Diseases of Digestive System	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	2
B46(9) Other Diseases, Genito-Urinary System	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0	1	1
B43 Birth Injury, Difficult Labour, etc.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	0	1
B45 Symptoms and Ill Defined Conditions	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0	1	1
TOTAL ALL CAUSES	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	22	24	46

CAUSES OF DEATH 1971

Total	M	F							
1	0	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	B4 Enteritis and other Diarrhoeal Diseases
1	0	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	B19(3) Malignant Neoplasms, Stomach
2	2	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	B19(4) Malignant Neoplasms, Intestine
1	1	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	B19(6) Malignant Neoplasms, Lung, Bronchus
1	0	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	B19(7) Malignant Neoplasms, Breast
1	-	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	B19(8) Malignant Neoplasms, Uterus
6	4	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	B19(11) Other Malignant Neoplasms
1	1	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	B21 Diabetes Mellitus...
2	0	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	B23 Anemia
1	0	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	B46(3) Mental Disorders
1	1	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	B56 Chronic Rheumatic Heart Disease
12	5	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	B58 Ischaemic Heart Disease
4	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	B59 Other Forms of Heart Disease
5	2	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	B59 Coronary Artery Disease
1	1	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	B46(6) Other Diseases of Circulatory System
1	1	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	B37(1) Bronchitis and Emphysema
2	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	B46(8) Other Diseases of Digestive System
1	0	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	B46(9) Other Diseases, Genito-Urinary System
1	1	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	B43 Birth Injury, Difficult Labour, etc.
1	0	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	B45 Symptoms and ill Defined Conditions
46	22	24	...	...	...	...	...	...	TOTAL ALL CAUSES

SECTION B.

GENERAL PROVISION OF HEALTH SERVICES.

1. Hospitals.

A General practitioner hospital with 15 mixed medical and surgical beds is situated in Ashburton. Other hospitals which serve the district are Newton Abbot Hospital and Torbay Hospital. There is a maternity unit at Broomborough Hospital, Totnes, to which many of the Buckfastleigh mothers are admitted for their confinements.

2. County Council Health Services.

Under the National Health Service Act, 1946, the County Council provides the following services:-

Domiciliary midwives, home nurses, health visitors, supervisory care of expectant and nursing mothers and children under five, ambulance services, vaccination and immunisation procedures.

One district nurse/midwife works in the district together with a health visitor and a nursing assistant. A child welfare clinic is held twice a month and the health visitor for the area is in attendance.

3. Social Services (Devon County Council).

The Area Director of Social Services at The Family Welfare Centre, Pomeroy House, Bridgetown, Totnes, Telephone Totnes 3665, is responsible for providing a Social Work Service under the Children's Acts, The Mental Health Act, 1959, and the National Assistance Act, to the elderly, the mentally ill, the physically handicapped and homeless persons and families. The Social Services Department also administers the Home Help Service, the Social Work Service to schools, the Occupational Therapy Services and residential homes and centres.

4. Laboratory Service.

Bacteriological examinations of pathological specimens and samples of milk, water and ice cream are carried out at the Public Health Laboratories at Exeter and Plymouth. The chemical analysis of water is undertaken by public analysts at Exeter, and also by the South West Devon Water Board.

5. Health Centre.

This was opened in May, 1966, and provides surgery accommodation and clerical help for two General Medical Practitioners as well as clinic facilities for Devon County Council Services.

GENERAL PROVISION OF HEALTH SERVICES.1. Hospitals.

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3. Social Services (Devon County Council).

The Area Director of Social Services at the Family Welfare Centre, Foreman House, Brixton, Torbay, Torquay, is responsible for providing a Social Work Service under the Children's Act, the Mental Health Act, 1959, and the National Assistance Act, 1948, to the elderly, the mentally ill, the physically handicapped and homeless persons and families. The Social Services Department also administers the Home Help Service, the Social Work Service to hospitals, the Occupational Therapy Services and residential homes and centres.

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Bacteriological examinations of pathological specimens and samples of milk, water and food are carried out at the Public Health Laboratories at Exeter and Plymouth. The clinical analysis of water is undertaken by public analysts at Exeter, and also by the South West Devon Water Board.

5. Health Centre.

This was opened in May, 1966, and provides surgery, consultation and clerical help for two General Medical Practitioners as well as clinic facilities for Devon County Council Services.

6. Mass Miniature Radiography.

Facilities were available at Totnes and Newton Abbot for the general public to visit the Mass Radiography Unit, which called regularly every fortnight at those towns.

7. Family Planning Service.

Clinics are held each two months at Buckfastleigh Health Centre, on the 3rd Tuesday beginning at 2 p.m.

The Organising Secretary is Mrs. Bidmead, 10, Hembury Park, Buckfast, Telephone Buckfastleigh 2523.

8. Cervical Cytology.

A cervical cytology clinic for the early detection of cancer in women is held approximately once a month at the Buckfastleigh Health Centre, Telephone Buckfastleigh 2534. All women are eligible to apply for a test.

9. Meals on Wheels.

This voluntary service continued throughout the year and between 9 and 14 meals on average were provided twice a week. The meals were cooked at Buckfast Abbey, due to the generosity of the Abbot. Ten Volunteer Helpers distributed the meals under their Organiser, Miss P.S.K. Davies (Buckfastleigh 2592).

4. Recreation.

There is no change in the number or control of the Caravan Parks from last year. In the case of the Council-owned Park, the number of caravans does not state and the Council have advised that additional caravans be provided for next year.

5. Swimming Pool.

The continuous chlorination and re-circulation plant has proved satisfactory, but it was found that the water became very turbid and had to be changed more frequently than was anticipated, even though it was still sterile.

This town facility continues to be very popular.

6. Mass Miniature Radiography.

Facilities were available at Totnes and Newton Abbot for the general public to visit the Mass Radiography Unit, which called regularly every fortnight at those towns.

7. Family Planning Service.

Clinics are held each 2-3 months at Buckleigh Health Centre, on the 3rd Tuesday beginning at 2 p.m.
The Organising Secretary is Mrs. Biddess, 10, Bessy Park, Buckleigh, Telephone Buckleigh 2523.

8. Cervical Cytology.

A cervical cytology clinic for the early detection of cancer in women is held approximately once a month at the Buckleigh Health Centre, Telephone Buckleigh 2523. All women are eligible to apply for a test.

9. Meals on Wheels.

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SECTION C.

SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE AREA.

1. Refuse.

The quantity and variety of rubbish collected continues to increase, the average now being about 12 tons per week as against 11 tons in 1968. The material is burnt to reduce bulk and is then covered by quarry waste. To overcome the trouble caused by trespassers on the Tip the Council have let the exclusive rights of salvage on the Tip to a local Scrap Merchant, and an immediate benefit was noticed. Owing to the total closing of a tip belonging to a neighbouring Authority we now have had an increase in the amount of rubbish brought secretly to the Tip and dumped over the hedges and fences.

2. Sewerage.

The defective sewers have now been relaid and an assessment of their value insofar as the flow is concerned showed a 62 $\frac{1}{2}$ % reduction on the previous year's flow. When compared with the previous 8 years the figure was 53%, so that a worthwhile and marked reduction has been achieved.

3. Sewage Disposal.

Whilst good results have been shown for the relaying of the defective sewers, the exclusion of the surface water has meant that the sewage reaching the Works has not been diluted. From the analysis figures the final B.O.D. has worsened considerably owing to the high strength of the influent, as the efficiency of the Works is still the same.

4. Caravans.

There is no change in the numbers or control of the Caravan Parks from last year. In the case of the Council-owned Park, the number of caravaners does not abate and the Council have ordered that additional amenities be provided for next year.

5. Swimming Pool.

The continuous chlorination and re-circulation plant has proved satisfactory, but it was found that the water became very turbid and had to be changed more frequently than was anticipated, even though it was still sterile.

This Town amenity continues to be very popular.

SECTION C.

SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE AREA.

1. Refuse.

The quantity and variety of rubbish collected continues to increase, the average now being about 12 tons per week as against 11 tons in 1908. The material is burnt to reduce bulk and is then covered by quarry waste. To overcome the trouble caused by trespassers on the tip the Council have let the exclusive rights of refuse on the tip to a local Scrap Merchant, and an immediate benefit was noticed. Owing to the total closing of the belonging to a neighbouring Authority we now have had an increase in the amount of rubbish brought secretly to the tip and dumped over the hedges and fences.

2. Sewerage.

The defective sewers have now been repaired and an assessment of their value made. As the flow is concerned showed a 62% reduction on the previous year's flow. When compared with the previous 8 years the figure was 52%, so that a worthwhile and marked reduction has been achieved.

3. Sewers Disposal.

Whilst good results have been shown for the relieving of the defective sewers, the exclusion of the surface water has meant that the sewage reaching the Works has not been diluted. From the analysis figures the final B.O.D. has worsened considerably owing to the high strength of the influent, as the efficiency of the Works is still the same.

4. Caravans.

There is no change in the number or control of the Caravan Parks from last year. In the case of the Council-owned Park, the number of caravans does not alter and the Council have ordered that additional amenities be provided for next year.

5. Swimming Pool.

The continuous chlorination and re-chlorination plant has proved satisfactory, but it was found that the water became very turbid and had to be changed more frequently than was anticipated, even though it was still sterile.

This Town Society continues to be very popular.

6. Rodent Control.

The past year has shown again that the rat and mouse population is very well maintained at a low level.

7. Pest Control.

In this field wasps continue to cause the greatest nuisance although ants are becoming a close second. Part of the increase in the number of complaints is undoubtedly due to a growing awareness of the public to the fact that this service exists.

Wasps nests and ants in houses are dealt with free; a small charge is made for dealing with them elsewhere, although in the case of wasp nests near to the highway these are also dealt with without charge.

8. Water.

Water is supplied by the South West Devon Water Board and is satisfactory both in quality and quantity.

9. Offices, Shops & Railway Premises Act, 1963.

Ten new premises were registered during the year, 6 of which were for refreshments, illustrating the holiday attractions of the district.

6. Rodent Control.

The past year has shown again that the rat and mouse population is very well maintained at a low level.

7. Pest Control.

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8. Water.

Water is supplied by the South West Devon Water Board and is satisfactory both in quality and quantity.

9. Offices, Shops & Railway Premises Act, 1967.

Ten new premises were registered during the year, 6 of which were for refreshments, illustrating the holiday attractions of the district.

SECTION D.

INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD.

1. Food Premises.

These were all visited at least once during the year, and were found to be up to standard.

2. Food Hygiene.

Cleanliness of premises and of the workpeople employed is most satisfactory.

3. Food Condemnation.

One retail shop suffered losses by having a deep-freeze cabinet thaw out twice, allegedly due to the electricity power cuts upsetting the temperature controls.

The surrendered packets were immersed in disinfectant and then buried on the refuse tip.

4. Meat Inspection.

No meat was inspected during the year as the two butchers now buy from an out-of-town abattoir. They both continue to have their slaughterhouses registered and licensed.

SECTION B.

INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD.

1. Food Premises.

These were all visited at least once during the year, and were found to be in compliance.

2. Food Handlers.

Cleanliness of premises and of the workpeople employed in most satisfactory.

3. Food Contamination.

One retail shop suffered losses by having a deep-freeze cabinet burn out, allegedly due to the electrical power cuts upsetting the temperature controls.

The surrounding packets were immersed in disinfectant and then buried on the refuse tip.

4. Food Inspection.

No meat was inspected during the year as the butchers now buy from an out-of-town abattoir. They both continue to have their slaughtermens registered and licensed.

SECTION E.

HOUSING.

1. General.

Of the 1033 inhabited houses in the district 395 were owned by the Council.

The two blocks of flats started last year have been completed and are now occupied.

A private Developer commenced an estate for 127 houses for private sale.

2. Improvement Grants.

Improvement grants were approved in respect of 9 private properties in the Town.

SECTION E.

HOUSING.

1. General.

Of the 1073 inhabited houses in the district 35 were owned by the Council.

The two blocks of flats started last year have been completed and are now occupied.

A private developer commenced an estate for 125 houses for private sale.

2. Improvement Grants.

Improvement Grants were approved in respect of 9 private properties in the Town.

SECTION F.

FACTORIES ACT, 1961.

The following is a summary of information required in respect of the year 1971. A total of 73 inspections was made in respect of 33 premises listed in the Factories Register.

One Factory was especially visited on a number of occasions due to a neighbour's complaint of noise. The Factory Inspector was consulted and readings were taken but the noise was found to be within the acceptable range.

Part I of the Act.

1. Inspections for purposes of provisions as to health.

(i) Factories without Mechanical Power. (Sections 1, 2, 3, 4 & 6)

Number on Register	...	...	...	2
Inspections	...	...	...	2
Written Notices	...	...	...	0
Occupiers prosecuted	...	...	...	0

(ii) Factories with Mechanical Power (Section 7).

Number on Register	...	...	...	28
Inspections	...	...	...	28
Written Notices	...	...	...	0
Occupiers prosecuted	...	...	...	0

(iii) Other Premises under the Act. (Section 7)

(Electric Stations, Institutions, Sites of Building Operations, Works of Engineering Construction, but excluding Outworkers' Premises).

Number on Register	...	...	...	3
Inspections	...	...	...	43
Written Notices	...	...	...	0
Occupiers prosecuted	...	...	...	0

2. Cases in which Defects were found.

See table overleaf.

SECTION I.

FACTORIES ACT, 1901.

The following is a summary of information received in respect of the year 1911. A total of 75 inspections was made in respect of 33 premises listed in the Factory Register.

One factory was especially visited on a number of occasions due to a neighbor's complaint of noise. The factory inspector was consulted and readings were taken but the noise was found to be within the acceptable range.

Part I of the Act.

1. Inspections for purposes of provisions as to health.

(i) Factories with Mechanical Power. (Section 1, 2, & 3)

Number on Register	...	...	...	2
Inspections	...	...	...	2
Written Notices	...	...	...	0
Complaints presented	...	...	...	0

(ii) Factories with Mechanical Power (Section 7).

Number on Register	...	...	...	28
Inspections	...	...	...	28
Written Notices	...	...	...	0
Complaints presented	...	...	...	0

(iii) Other Factories under the Act. (Section 7)

(Kiln-drying Stations, Lathework, Ropes of Building Operations, Works of Engineering Construction, but excluding Outworks, Primaries).

Number on Register	...	...	...	400
Inspections	...	...	...	400
Written Notices	...	...	...	0
Complaints presented	...	...	...	0

2. Cases in which offences were found.

See table overleaf.

2. Cases in which DEFECTS were found.

Particulars	Number of cases in which defects were found				Number of cases in which prosecutions were made
	Found	Remedied	Referred		
			by H.M. Insp.	To H.M. Insp.	
Want of cleanliness (S.1.)	-	-	-	-	-
Overcrowding (S.2.)	-	-	-	-	-
Unreasonable temp. (S.3.)	-	-	-	-	-
Inadequate ventilation (S.4.)	-	-	-	-	-
Ineffective drainage of floors (S.6.)	-	-	-	-	-
Sanitary conveniences (S.7.)					
a) Insufficient	-	-	-	-	-
b) Unsuitable or defective	-	-	-	-	-
c) Not separate for sexes	-	-	-	-	-
Other offences against the Act (not including offences relating to outwork)	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	-	-

2. Cases in which DEFECTS were found.

Particulars	Number of cases in which defects were found			Number of cases in which process-outlets were made
	Found	Remitted by H.M. Insp.	Reported To H.M. Insp.	
Want of cleanliness (S.1.)	-	-	-	-
Overcrowding (S.2.)	-	-	-	-
Unreasonable fees (S.3.)	-	-	-	-
Inadequate ventilation (S.4.)	-	-	-	-
Ineffective drainage of floors (S.5.)	-	-	-	-
Sanitary arrangements (S.7.)	-	-	-	-
a) Inefficient	-	-	-	-
b) Unsanitary or defective	-	-	-	-
c) Not separate for sexes	-	-	-	-
Other offences against the Act (not involving offences relating to outside)	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	-

PART VIII OF THE ACT.

OUTWORK.

(Sections 133 and 134)

A small Firm has become established in the Town for the supply of artificial flies for anglers. After training, the work is given out to about 15 females. This work does not appear on the list specified by Order under the Act.

Nature of work	Section 133			Section 134		
	No. of out-workers in August List required by Sec. 133(1)(c)	No. of cases of default in sending list to the Council	No. of prosecutions for failure to supply lists	No. of instances of work in un-wholesome premises	Notices served	Prosecutions
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Wearing apparel (making)	-	-	-	-	-	-

PART VIII OF THE ACT.

OUTWORK.

(Sections 133 and 134)

A small firm has become established in the town for the supply of artificial flies for anglers. After training, the work is given out to about 15 females. This work does not appear on the list specified by Order under the act.

Nature of work		Section 133			Section 134		Weaving apparatus (making)
(1)		No. of out-workers in August last required by Sec. 133 (a) (2)	No. of cases of deficit in August last to supply Hosiery	No. of persons for future business	No. of instances of work in business served	Process-cutions	
		(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
		-	-	-	-	-	-

PART VIII OF THE ACT.

OUTWORK.

(Sections 133 and 134)

A small Firm has become established in the Town for the supply of artificial flies for anglers. After training, the work is given out to about 15 females. This work does not appear on the list specified by Order under the Act.

Nature of work	Section 133			Section 134		
	No. of out-workers in August List required by Sec. 133(1) (c) (2)	No. of cases of default in sending list to the Council (3)	No. of prosecutions for failure to supply lists (4)	No. of instances of work in un-wholesome premises (5)	Notices served (6)	Prosecutions (7)
(1)						
Wearing apparel (making)	-	-	-	-	-	-

PART VIII OF THE ACT

OUTWORK.

(Sections 133 and 134)

A small firm has become established in the town for the supply of artificial flies for anglers. After training, the work is given out to about 15 females. This work does not appear on the list specified by Order under the Act.

Section 134			Section 133			Nature of work
Prose- cutions	Notices served	No. of instances of work in un- wholesome premises	No. of prose- cutions for felony to supply list	No. of cases of defence in list to be sent to Council	No. of out- workers in list referred by Sec. 133(1) (2) (3)	(1)
(7)	(6)	(5)	(4)	(3)	(2)	(1)
-	-	-	-	-	-	Hearing separate (making)

