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Contributors

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BROMYARD RURAL DISTRICT

Herefordshire



Joint
ANNUAL REPORT
of the
Medical Officer of Health
and of the
Public Health Inspector
for the year 1970

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MEMBERS OF THE COUNCIL
(As at 31st December 1970)

D.H. EVANS (Chairman of the Council)	Bromyard
Mrs. A.M. ROBINSON (Vice-Chairman of the Council) ..	Linton
J.T. ARNETT	Stoke Lacy
Major M.A. BELLVILLE (Chairman of the Health and Development Committee)	Tedstone Delamere
Mrs. J.M. BIBBINGS	Cradley
G.J. BOWLER	Bishops Frome
R.G. BRADLEY	Cradley
V.L. BRIGDEN	Cradley
J.F. COTTON	Felton
V.O. COX	Norton
F.C.L. ESSENHIGH	Brockhampton
O.H.M. HERFORD	Bredenbury
H.C.C. HODGES	Avenbury
A.L. JAMES	Whitbourne
J. JAMES	Bromyard
S. MEREDITH	Ocle Pychard
Commander E.A. NICHOLSON	Edvin Loach, Saltmarshe and Tedstone Wafre
W.D. PORTER	Acton Beauchamp
Mrs. E.C. POWELL	Bromyard
J.L. POWELL	Edwyn Ralph
T.I. POYNER	Ullingswick
T.L. RICHARDS	Stanford Bishop
G.A. ROPER	Thornbury with Hampton Charles
Miss M. SHEPHERD	Whitbourne
O.J.E. SKYRM	Upper Sapey
D.J. THOMAS	Pencombe with Grendon Warren
A.H. VICK	Bromyard
Mrs. E.M. WALDRON	Much Cowarne
J.H. WALLER (Vice-Chairman of the Health and Development Committee)	Winslow
Rev. W.G. WALTON	Bishops Frome
B.W. WATERS	Cradley
J.R. WILKINS	Bromyard

Clerk of the Council .. A.C. BISHOP

To the Chairman and Members of the Bromyard Rural District
Council.

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have pleasure in presenting my Annual Report for the year 1970, together with the report of the Public Health Inspector.

The statistical section gives rise to no comment, other than the fact that this district appears to have a totally different experience of measles from the rest of North Herefordshire. Over the past 5 years the district has not suffered severely in the three epidemic years of 1966-7-8, but this year has been almost the sole contributor to the total (page 8). Presumably the infections arose from different sources - possibly Worcester and Malvern.

I am grateful to Mr. Worsdall for his full and interesting account of the sanitary conditions of the area, which forms the main body of the report.

G.D.K. NEEDHAM

Medical Officer of Health

G.D.K. NEEDHAM, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.P.H.,

Medical Officer of Health,

Westfield Walk,

LEOMINSTER.

(Telephone: Leominster 2049)

N.E. WORSDALL, M.R.S.H.,

Surveyor and Public Health Inspector,

W.R.H. GILLING, M.A.P.H.I., C.R.S.H.,

Deputy Surveyor and Deputy Public Health Inspector,
(Appointed from 1st March 1970)

Council Offices,

BROMYARD.

(Telephone: Bromyard 2341)

Clerk to the Medical Officer of Health: C.A. PREECE

STATISTICS AND VITAL STATISTICS OF THE AREA

Area (in acres)	..	..	..	..	..	..	61,327
Estimated mid-year home population	..	..	..	..	..	..	8,560
Average number of persons per acre	..	..	..	..	..	..	0.14
Number of inhabited houses	..	..	..	..	..	..	2,950
Average number of inhabited houses per acre	..	..	..	..	..	..	0.05
Average number of persons per house	..	..	..	..	..	..	2.9
Rateable value	..	..	..	..	..	..	£227,185
Sum represented by a Penny Rate	..	..	..	..	..	..	£2,034

LIVE AND STILL BIRTHSLive Births

	Males	Females	Total
Legitimate	54	56	110
Illegitimate	2	4	6
	<hr/> 56	<hr/> 60	<hr/> 116

Live Birth Rate per 1,000 estimated mid-year home population:

Comparability factor: 1.14	1970	1969	1968	1967	1966
Bromyard R.D. (Crude)	13.6	14.2	12.3	17.1	13.6
** " " (Adjusted)	15.5	16.2	14.0	20.1	14.0
England and Wales	16.0	16.3	16.9	17.2	17.7

Illegitimate Live Births

Per cent of total live births:

Bromyard R.D.	..	5.2
England and Wales	..	8.0

Still Births

	Males	Females	Total
Legitimate	1	1	2
Illegitimate	-	-	-

Still Birth Rate per 1,000 total live and still births:

	1970	1969	1968	1967	1966
Bromyard R.D.	17.0	8.0	18.5	13.4	33.1
England and Wales	13.0	13.0	14.3	14.8	15.3

** it is not possible to include the old U.D. figures in the adjusted birth rates for the years 1966 and 1967.

INFANT DEATH RATESEarly Neonatal MortalityDeaths of Infants under 1 week old

	Males	Females	Total
Legitimate	1	-	1
Illegitimate	-	-	-

Early Neonatal Mortality Rate per 1,000 live births:

Bromyard R.D.	.. 9.0
England and Wales	.. 11.0

Neonatal MortalityDeaths of Infants under 4 weeks old

	Males	Females	Total
Legitimate	1	-	1
Illegitimate	-	-	-

Neonatal Mortality Rate per 1,000 live births:

Bromyard R.D.	.. 9.0
England and Wales	.. 12.0

Perinatal MortalityStill Births and Deaths of Infants under 1 week old

	Males	Females	Total
Legitimate	2	1	3
Illegitimate	-	-	-

Perinatal Mortality Rate per 1,000 live and still births:

Bromyard R.D.	.. 25.0
England and Wales	.. 23.0

Infant MortalityDeaths of Infants under 1 year of age

	Males	Females	Total
Legitimate	1	-	1
Illegitimate	-	-	-

Infant Mortality Rate per 1,000 related live births:

		1970	1969	1968	1967	1966
Bromyard R.D.	(Total	9.0	33.0	9.4	6.8	34.2
	(Legitimate	9.0	36.0	9.8	7.5	28.0
	(Illegitimate	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	100.0
England and Wales	(Total	18.0	18.0	18.3	18.3	19.0

MATERNAL MORTALITY

Total number of Maternal Deaths .. Nil

Maternal Mortality Rate per 1,000 live and still births:

Bromyard R.D.	..	Nil
England and Wales	..	*

DEATHS

	Males	Females	Total		
Total number of deaths from all causes:	65	63	128		
Death Rate per 1,000 estimated mid-year home population:					
Comparability factor: 0.75	1970	1969	1968	1967	1966
Bromyard R.D. (Crude)	15.0	12.7	14.3	9.9	15.6
" " (Adjusted)	11.3	10.0	9.6	8.7	14.0
England and Wales	11.7	11.9	11.9	11.2	11.7

Cancer

	Males	Females	Total		
Total deaths from Malignant Disease:	11	18	29		
Cancer Death Rate per 1,000 estimated mid-year home population:					
	1970	1969	1968	1967	1966
Bromyard R.D.	3.39	2.22	2.90	1.75	3.38
England and Wales	*	2.35	2.27	2.27	2.25

Cardio-Vascular Disease

	Males	Females	Total		
Total deaths from Cardio-Vascular Disease:	30	22	52		
Cardio-Vascular Disease Death Rate per 1,000 estimated mid-year home population:					
	1970	1969	1968	1967	1966
Bromyard R.D.	6.07	6.07	7.66	5.59	7.34
England and Wales	*	6.01	6.06	5.77	5.97

** it is not possible to include the old U.D. figures in the adjusted death rates for the years 1966 and 1967.

* figures not yet available.

Respiratory Disease (excluding Tuberculosis)

	Males	Females	Total		
Total deaths from Respiratory Disease:	11	13	24		
Respiratory Disease Death Rate per 1,000 estimated mid-year home population:					
	1970	1969	1968	1967	1966
Bromyard R.D.	2.80	1.52	2.10	0.70	1.63
England and Wales	*	1.77	1.75	1.37	1.60

*figure not yet available

CAUSES OF DEATH (all ages)

	Males	Females	Total
Malignant neoplasm, buccal cavity etc.	1	-	1
Malignant neoplasm, oesophagus	1	1	2
Malignant neoplasm, stomach	1	1	2
Malignant neoplasm, intestine	2	3	5
Malignant neoplasm, lung, bronchus	1	3	4
Malignant neoplasm, breast	-	3	3
Malignant neoplasm, uterus	-	1	1
Malignant neoplasm, prostate	1	-	1
Other malignant neoplasms	4	6	10
Diabetes mellitus	-	1	1
Avitaminoses, etc.	-	1	1
Anaemias	1	1	2
Mental disorders	1	1	2
Meningitis	1	-	1
Other diseases of nervous system	3	1	4
Chronic rheumatic heart disease	1	1	2
Hypertensive disease	3	-	3
Ischaemic heart disease	7	9	16
Other forms of heart disease	3	3	6
Cerebrovascular disease	10	6	16
Other diseases of circulatory system	3	2	5
Influenza	1	4	5
Pneumonia	2	7	9
Bronchitis and emphysema	7	1	8
Other diseases of respiratory system	1	1	2
Peptic ulcer	1	-	1
Intestinal obstruction and hernia	1	-	1
Other diseases of digestive system	1	-	1
Other diseases, genito-urinary system	1	-	1
Diseases of musculo-skeletal system	-	1	1
Birth injury, difficult labour, etc.	1	-	1
Symptoms and ill defined conditions	1	2	3
Motor vehicle accidents	3	1	4
All other accidents	1	2	3
	65	63	128

NOTIFICATION OF INFECTIOUS DISEASEBromyard Rural District

Disease	1970	1969	1968	1967	1966
Whooping Cough	-	-	-	6	13
Measles	110	22	29	90	34
Scarlet Fever	2	2	1	2	1
Acute Encephalitis:					
Post-Infectious	-	-	1	-	-
+ Infective Jaundice	3	-	-	-	-
Meningococcal Infection	2	-	-	1	-
Dysentery	-	-	-	-	41
Food Poisoning	-	1	1	-	1
Tuberculosis:					
Pulmonary	1	-	-	2	1
Non-Pulmonary	1	1	1	-	-

North Herefordshire

Whooping Cough	-	4	18	47	37
Measles	146	35	526	314	271
Scarlet Fever	10	4	11	11	29
Acute Encephalitis:					
Infective	-	-	-	-	2
Post-Infectious	-	-	1	-	-
+ Infective Jaundice	10	106	8	-	-
Meningococcal Infection	2	-	-	1	-
Dysentery	2	1	17	285	92
Food Poisoning	16	9	6	10	9
Tuberculosis:					
Pulmonary	3	4	1	3	4
Non-Pulmonary	1	2	3	2	3

+ Notifiable from 15.6.68.

INFECTIOUS DISEASES NOTIFIED IN NORTH HEREFORDSHIRE DURING THE YEAR 1970.

Disease	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	TOTAL
Measles	-	1	-	-	-	23	59	34	5	1	6	17	146
Scarlet Fever	-	1	-	-	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	10
Infective Jaundice	-	2	4	1	1	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	10
Meningococcal Infection	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Dysentery	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	2
Food Poisoning	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	4	7	-	16
Tuberculosis:													
Pulmonary	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	3
Non-Pulmonary	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1

COMPARATIVE CASE RATES FOR CERTAIN INFECTIOUS DISEASES

Disease	North Here- fordshire	England & Wales
Measles	3.95	6.17
Scarlet Fever	0.28	0.27
Infective Jaundice	0.28	0.44
Meningococcal Infection	0.05	0.03
Dysentery	0.05	0.22
Food Poisoning	0.43	0.15
Tuberculosis:		
Pulmonary	0.08	0.19
Non-Pulmonary	0.03	0.05

TUBERCULOSIS

	Pulmonary		Non-Pulmonary	
	Males	Females	Males	Females
Number on Register at 31st December, 1969.	17	20	5	7
New cases notified	-	1	1	-
Moved into district	1	-	-	-
Recovered	1	-	-	-
Number on Register at 31st December, 1970.	17	21	6	7

Year	New Notifications	Total cases on Register	Deaths	Recoveries
1966	1	54	-	2
1967	2	49	1	5
1968	1	49	-	-
1969	-	49	-	1
1970	2	51	-	1

RUBELLA (GERMAN MEASLES) VACCINATION

Vaccination against Rubella is available to all girls of 13 years of age and is available through their general practitioner or the County Council School Health Service.

Of the 46 girls in the age group in 1970 attending Bromyard Q.E. School, 33 replied to the circular offering vaccination through the school health service, and 13 did not. Of this 33, 22 were vaccinated and of the remainder 3 were done later, 2 left school, 5 had had rubella and one refused vaccination.

NATIONAL ASSISTANCE ACT, 1948, Section 47
NATIONAL ASSISTANCE (Amendment) Act, 1951

Action was taken in one case during the year for the removal of an elderly lady to hospital under a magistrate's order. After a stay in hospital she was able to move to a warden supervised dwelling, where she is still maintaining herself.

PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR'S SECTION OF REPORT

The proposals for the reorganisation of local government may have cast a shadow over many small authorities' ideas for the future, and dimmed individuality. However this has not prevented continued keen interest and enthusiasm by Bromyard R.D. councillors and their officers and staff, with all aspects of environmental health administration.

PRIVATE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT

In the field of private housing development for the Bromyard town area, only small 'infill' has been possible although the private estate development at Highwell Meadow made fair progress, and this scheme should be completed by the autumn of 1971.

It is interesting to note that the modernisation of existing properties (referred to later in this report) has a bearing on private enterprise development. Many potential house owners prefer to purchase existing older type property, utilise the financial improvement grant and thereby obtain living accommodation, generally up to Parker Morris standards on completion of alterations and improvements. This, coupled with the difficulty of finding sites likely to receive planning approval, tends to restrict new residential development to a certain degree.

The potential development in the northern (Winslow) area of Bromyard remains in abeyance pending the construction of the new sewerage scheme for the town and the completing of planning considerations. Every endeavour is being made to expedite all the necessary ministerial procedure in order that this essential and important improvement may be implemented at the earliest possible date.

In the rural area, final planning approval was granted for the development of a large private estate in the parish of Cradley. This scheme is ambitious, involving improved road access combined with attractive landscaping. The estate drainage system is linked to the village sewerage scheme completed several years ago. It is thought that construction work for this estate will start in the Spring of 1971, and in view of the resources of the large and well-known national contractors, the project should be completed by 1972.

In the parish of Whitbourne it is envisaged that advantage will be taken by private enterprise of the new sewerage scheme which will serve the main nucleus of the village. Engineering construction works started in May 1970 and entailed considerable time and effort by my Deputy on supervision. During construction, land scheduled for development received full consideration by the inclusion of laterals to serve those sites within reach of the sewers. It is hoped that this foresight will encourage future drainage connections to individual new properties and possibly small private estates.

The figure for the twelve months of 1970 for private dwellings completed within the rural district was 23, with a further 73 under construction at the end of the year. Because of the Cradley private estate development and the Whitbourne anticipated development, these figures should read considerably higher next year.

MISCELLANEOUS DEVELOPMENT

Perhaps the "highlight" for Bromyard town and environs was the opening of the new car park in Cruxwell Street with its modern attractively designed electric lighting standards. The car park affords accommodation for nearly eighty vehicles and a small bay for motor cycles. Included in the car park is a modern toilet block and garden area with public notice board: the landscaping features giving a pleasant completion to the area. Altogether the park serves this section of the town admirably by helping to keep cars off the streets, improving the lighting and eliminating a more or less untidy waste ground. The project is undoubtedly an environmental amenity of no mean proportion.

The success of this venture has prompted considerable thought by Councillors about the possibility of another car park to serve the other end of the town, perhaps incorporating another toilet block. It is felt that the next park would be for lorries as well as cars.

I am sure the Council is indebted to considerable voluntary effort by various people for beautifying other areas of Bromyard.

RECREATIONAL DEVELOPMENT

As the year under review was "Conservation Year" emphasis has been directed towards providing holiday and leisure amenities at suitable sites within the district. The potential of the natural open land areas at Bringsty and at Bromyard Downs has been explored to the full with an eye to accommodating visitors from many areas. On the initiative of district Councillors and Officers and with the cooperation of the Planning Department, Manorial Court and other interested organisations, it is hoped that the near future will see agreement on the establishment of a country park, picnic area, caravan club site, and possibly a golf course.

INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT

All available plots on the Station and Three Mills Trading Estates in Bromyard have been sold and the factory buildings are either in operation or in the course of erection.

Efforts continued to obtain more land which the planning authority would consider for industrial development, but unfortunately by the year end it appeared that agreement on purchase price may not be possible and by this time there was already thought being given to the question of compulsory purchase.

The establishment of small industries in a sparsely populated area such as Bromyard is by no means easy and apart from the natural reluctance of developers to move from more heavily populated areas, it did seem that the high interest rates and the lack of growth within the national economy was making the project that much more difficult.

PUBLICALLY OWNED HOUSING

The three estates for elderly persons at Kirkham Garden, Bromyard, at Holme Oaks, Ocle Pychard, and at The Leys, Cradley, provide a very necessary need in this day and age when the population is living much longer.

PUBLICALLY OWNED HOUSING (Continued)

The smooth and efficient day to day running of these modern small community centres is due to excellent cooperation of the wardens, residents and officers concerned with administration: this work necessitates much time and patience by your housing officer and clerical assistants.

Apart from the general administrative work entailed with the supervision of maintenance and repair, some time has to be allocated to assess applicants for accommodation from substandard property. Difficulty is often experienced in persuading people to move to healthy comfortable and congenial surroundings. They feel they may be divorced from their home village and life-long friendships, not realising that these bungalows and flats provide good company and community rooms, and at Bromyard and Cradley, shops, meeting halls etc., within easy reach.

GENERAL BUILDING PROGRAMME

The Building and Works Committee have been active determining the type of dwellings to be provided at Whitbourne and at Quarry Meadow, Bromyard. It is hoped that building will start in the parish of Whitbourne in 1971, when the sewerage scheme will have been commissioned.

The Committee have also kept in mind the desirability of acquiring land at Bishops Frome and Ullingswick for housing, and in addition, possible industrial development in the former parish.

IMPROVEMENT GRANTSStatistics for the years 1969 and 1970:

(a) <u>Discretionary Grants</u>	<u>1969</u>	<u>1970</u>
No. of houses in respect of which applications were made:	10	32
Outstanding at December 1969 (1968)	2	4
No. of houses in respect of which grants were offered:	8	29
No. of houses in respect of which applications were outstanding at December 1970 (1969)	4	4
Grants withdrawn or refused:	-	3
Total grant offered in respect of above works:	£5,548	£22,202
(b) <u>Standard Grants</u>		
No. of houses in respect of which applications were made:	41	30
No. of applications outstanding at Dec. 1969 (1968)	1	2
No. of houses in respect of which applications were approved:	36	32
No. of houses in respect of which applications were withdrawn or refused:	2	Nil
Total value of grants paid during the year:	£5,271	£5,957

IMPROVEMENT GRANTS (Continued)

Since the enactment of the Housing Act 1969, which increased the amount and scope of improvement grants, it will be seen from the comparable figures given that the ratio of applications has reversed as between standard and discretionary grants for 1969 and 1970. In 1969 the number of applications approved for standard grants was much higher whereas for 1970 the discretionary grants approved were approximately three times for those in 1969.

This interesting variation is due to the monetary gain by which the owner is helped to reach Parker-Morris standards of housing, the target set by the Act. Also the efforts at both national and local level to inform the general public of this grant aid appears to be proving more successful. However, considerable time both in the office and on the site has to be given to clarifying legislation for owners, potential owners, and architects. This aspect of environmental health work is most rewarding.

I should like to pay tribute to the valuable assistance given by the Improvement Grant Sub-committee to the officers who implement this legislation. It is time consuming but important work, which enables many units of accommodation to remain in occupation when otherwise they might fall into disuse.

The Bromyard Council is very much in favour with this aspect of housing, and is carrying out the Ministry's wish that standard grants should only be encouraged where dwellings are reasonably fit and the deficiencies in the houses are limited to the basic amenities.

WATER SUPPLY

Details of connections to properties at 31st December 1970 are:

Bromyard	760	Moreton Jeffries	1
Acton Beauchamp	27	Norton	88
Avenbury	36	Ocle Pychard	67
Bredenbury	11	Pencombe	34
Brockhampton	5	Saltmarshe	1
Collington	4	Upper Sapey	41
Little Cowarne	16	Stanford Bishop	24
Much Cowarne	52	Stoke Lacy	33
Cradley	336	Tedstone Delamere	24
Edvin Loach	1	Tedstone Wafre	16
Edwyn Ralph	42	Thornbury	9
Evesbatch	14	Ullingswick	4
Bishops Frome	129	Wacton	9
Grendon Bishop	34	Whitbourne	113
Linton	78	Winslow	85
		Wolferlow	10

Total: 2,104

WATER SUPPLY (Continued)

Spot checks for bacteriological examination of water supplies have been carried out periodically, and on request by owners and occupiers. The general standard of main supplies has been highly satisfactory. When wells have been reported as unfit immediate negotiations have taken place with the person concerned to get connection to the mains supply. Where this is not possible as with isolated dwellings, investigations have often to be carried out to trace the source of pollution and possible methods of prevention.

It is to be hoped that in the very near future the whole of the main living area of the rural district will be served by trunk mains. During the year the Ullingswick water scheme and the Sparrington council house area conversion scheme were finally completed.

PUBLIC SWIMMING BATHS

There are no public swimming baths within the rural district. Plans are already formulating for a youth centre and swimming pool; an effort in which local organisations are taking a leading role.

PRIVATE SWIMMING POOLS

The school swimming pools within the area were sampled regularly during the summer season and on every occasion the bacteriological examination proved to be satisfactory. A credit to the school management.

SEWERS AND SEWAGE DISPOSAL

Supervision of the operation and maintenance of sewage disposal works both for populous villages and council house sites occupies considerable time, and frequent sampling is necessary to check against River Board standards of effluent.

The sewerage scheme for the parish of Linton which was completed this year enabled the majority of houses within the Linton area, including the council houses, to connect to the system. The Bromyard Hospital replanned drainage system was completed this year and connected to the main sewer.

At Whitbourne, the major part of the sewerage scheme was completed towards the end of the year. It is hoped that by the Spring or mid-summer the works will be in operation. By cooperation and persuasion it is also hoped that owners of the majority of properties in the area of the scheme will connect to the sewer and do away with septic tank systems, which in some cases are inadequate. The new Council housing estate will be coupled to the new sewers and the existing estate septic tank removed.

SEWERS AND SEWAGE DISPOSAL (Continued)

Negotiations for the purchase of land for sewage disposal at Bredenbury continued against the background of a reluctant seller.

At Pencombe, instructions have now been given to the Consulting Engineers to prepare the scheme for tender, and negotiations for the purchase of the land for the works and the access were completed.

REFUSE COLLECTION AND DISPOSALRural area

The fortnightly paper sack collection for all parishes within the rural area continues to be satisfactory. Approximately 98% of the properties receive this service.

Town area - Bromyard

The weekly collection for the town is mainly from metal dustbins, but a start has been made to convert to paper sack collection on Council estates.

The present refuse vehicle has reached the end of its life, having given nine years service. A replacement will be necessary for 1971.

Disposal

Tipping is carried out at two points (one at Warren Wood and the other at Edwyn Ralph). As far as possible, care is taken to prevent rat infestation and nuisance from fly breeding. Efficient gates and fencing are provided to prevent stock gaining access to the tip with possible injury to animals, and also to try to prevent unauthorised entry.

CARAVAN SITES

There are a few individual sites licensed in the area but apart from this, attention is concentrated on two large holiday caravan sites, one in Bromyard and the other at Saltmarshe, about two miles distant. The amenities provided at both of these sites are first class, and the management exemplary. No complaints were received during the year regarding supervision or maintenance, and standards and conditions found on inspection were highly satisfactory.

FOOD INSPECTION, ETC.Food and Drugs Act

Number of food shops:	73
Complying with Regulation 16:	53
To which Regulation 19 applies:	12
Complying with Regulation 19:	12
Number of Public Houses:	35

FOOD INSPECTION, ETC. (Continued)Slaughter of Animals Act

Number of licensed slaughterhouses
in district: Nil

Number of licensed slaughtermen: 6

Poultry Premises: Nil

FACTORIES ACTSInspections

	Number on Register	Number of		
		Inspections	Written Notices	Occupiers Prosecuted
(1) Factories in which Sec.1,2,3, 4 & 6 are to be enforced by L.A.	Nil	-	-	-
(2) Factories not included in (1) in which Sec. 7 is enforced by L.A.	21	7	-	-
(3) Other Premises in which Sec.7 is enforced by L.A. (excluding out-workers' premises)	Nil	-	-	-

Cases in which defects were found: Nil

Outwork (Secs. 133 and 134): 1

OFFICES, SHOPS AND RAILWAY PREMISES ACT, 1963(a) Registrations and general inspections

	Number of registered premises at the end of the year.	Number of Registered premises receiving general inspection during the year.
Offices	9	7
Retail shops	30	24
Catering establishments open to the Public, canteens	11	11
	50	42

OFFICES, SHOPS AND RAILWAY PREMISES ACT, 1963 (Continued)(b) Analysis of contraventions

Section 4	Cleanliness	2
" 9	Sanitary conveniences	1
" 10	Washing facilities	1

There were no other contraventions.

FOOD HYGIENE REGULATIONSFood surrendered or condemned

Cooked meat and meat products	38 lb.
Canned meats	66 lb.
Other canned foods	22 lb.
Frozen foods due to cabinet	
breakdown	4 cwt. 10 lb.
Other foods	2 lb.

Total:	<u>5 cwt. 26 lb</u>
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RODENT CONTROL

The contract scheme run by the joint authorities still operates successfully.

