[Report 1946] / Medical Officer of Health, Bradford & Melksham R.D.C.

Contributors

Bradford and Melksham (Wiltshire, England). Rural District Council.

Publication/Creation

1946

Persistent URL

https://wellcomecollection.org/works/cgb4mmuf

License and attribution

You have permission to make copies of this work under a Creative Commons, Attribution license.

This licence permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original author and source are credited. See the Legal Code for further information.

Image source should be attributed as specified in the full catalogue record. If no source is given the image should be attributed to Wellcome Collection.



ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

MEDICAL OFFICERS OF HEALTH

FOR THE YEAR

1946.

STATISTICS AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS OF THE AREA.

Area	26,881	acres
Population	9,730	
Number of inhabited houses	2,671	
Rateable Value (1st April, 1946)	£62,508	
Sum represented by a Penny Rate		
1946/47		

Although on first seeing this district would appear to be entirely rural and therefore it might be concluded our villages would depend entirely on agriculture, the close proximity of several small industrial towns has had effect on the population. Also, as a result of the war, several villages have had influxes of industrial workers, some of whom are still resident in the new houses provided for them.

	Population.					
Atworth	780	Agriculture		One ne	w industry	
Broughton Gifford	700	Mainly Agr			Calling Comments	
Hilperton	830	Agriculture				
Holt	1,140	Agriculture			d and Leather Factory s Factory	
Limpley Stoke	530	Agriculture		Residen		
Melksham Without	2,050	Mainly Agr				
Monkton Farleigh	380	Agriculture		Large (Government works	
Semington	430	Mainly Agr				
South Wraxall	440	Mainly Agr				
Staverton	260	Agriculture		Large '	'Milk" factory	
Westwood	940	Agriculture			ial transferred war indus	trv
Wingfield	280	Agriculture		Induoti	an transferred war mans	,
Winsley	970	Agriculture		Residen	tial	
VITAL STA	ATISTICS.					
Births	TITOTICO.		M.	F.	Total	
	hs-Legitimate		80	86	166	
Live Birt			12	4		
	Illegitimate	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	12		16	
			92	90	182	
Still Birt	hs—Legitimate		2	1	3	
	Illegitimate		1	3	4	
	8		1215		Mario Commission	
			3	4	7	

Birth Rate Per 1,000 population Still-birth Rate	Rural Di 18.7	strict		England and 19.1	Wales
Per 1,000 population	0.71			0.53	
Deaths from all causes		M. 51	F. 57	Total 108	
Deaths of Infants unde Legitimate Illegitimate		3 0 -3	$\begin{array}{c} 3 \\ 0 \\ \hline 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$	6 0 6	
Deaths of Infants unde from Diarrhœa and		0	0	0	
Per 1,000 population	Rural Dis 11.1	strict		England and 11.5	Wales
Infants under 1 year per 1,000 live births Infants under 2 years from Diarrhæa and E	33 Interitis			43	
per 1,000 live births	0.00			4.4	
Analysis of deaths from all causes.		Male	Female	Total	
Typhoid and Paratyphoid Feve		<u>—</u>	-	_	
Cerebro-spinal Fever		_	_	_	
Scarlet Fever		_	_	-	
Whooping Cough		_	-	_	
Diphtheria		-	1	1	
Tuberculosis of the Respirator	y System	2	1	3	
Other forms of Tuberculosis		_	_	_	
Syphilitic Diseases		-	_	_	
Influenza		_	-	_	
Measles		-	-	-	
Acute Poliomyelitis and polio-e		-		-	
Acute infective encephalitis		-	1	1	
Cancer of mouth and resophag	us	_		_	
Cancer of uterus		_	1	1	
Cancer of stomach and duode	num	2	_	2	
Cancer of breast		-	2	2	
Cancer of all other sites		5	5	10	
Diabetes		-	9	1 15	
Intracranial vascular lesions Heart disease		6	14	34	
		20	14	34	
Other diseases of the circulato Bronchitis		5	3	8	
Bronchitis					
Carried forward		40	38	78	

			Male	Female	Total
Brought forward			40	38	78
Pneumonia			_	1	1
Other respiratory dieases			-	1	1
Ulcer of stomach and duod	lenum		-	1	1
Diarrhœa under 2 years of	age		_	100 L	21 <u></u>
Appendicitis			-	- Hard	70
Other digestive diseases			1	1	2
Nephritis			2	3	5
Puerperal and post-abortion	a sepsis		-	No.	V
Other maternal causes			_	_	-
Premature birth			_	-	-
Congenital malformation; B	irth inj	uries			
and infantile diseases			2	2	4
Suicide			-	No.	ol mu
Road traffic accidents			1	_	1
Other violent causes			-	2	2
All other causes			5	8	13
		-	51	57	108
		-		-	-

Note.—By far the largest "cause of death" it will be seen, is from "heart disease." It must be realised that nearly all the deaths from this cause occur in the very old age groups and it is not to be taken as evidence of rheumatic or other acute heart affections.

GENERAL PROVISION OF HEALTH SERVICES IN THE AREA.

- I(a) One part-time Medical Officer who is a full-time Public Health Officer acting also for the Bradford-on-Avon U.D., the Trowbridge U.D., and being in addition an Assistant County Medical Officer: One part-time M.O. General Practitioner.
 - (b) One whole-time Sanitary Inspector.
- II(a) Laboratory facilities: No change. The County Pathologist, Salisbury General Infirmary, undertakes all routine examination of swabs, blood and sputum specimens and water samples for bacteriological and chemical analyses.
 - (b) Ambulance facilities:
 - 1. Melksham portion of area—Melksham Hospital ambulance.
 - Bradford-on-Avon portion of area—St. John's ambulance; Bradford-on-Avon ambulance.
 - Trowbridge, Bradford-on-Avon and Melksham Town ambulances, and Red Cross and St. John ambulance and Hospital Car service. (Local Organiser, Miss Bond, Court House, Trowbridge).
 - Bath portion of area—Ambulances from Bath as required; and the Car Pool Service operating through the County Council.
 - (c) Nursing in the Home: The villages are covered by the Wilts Nursing Association; most of the nurses have more than one village to attend.

(d) Treatment Centres and Clinics: The Child Welfare Clinics in each of Trowbridge, Bradford-on-Avon and Melksham, receive children from the neighbouring districts. Westwood village has a Weighing Clinic taken by the County Health Visitor for the district.

(e) Hospital Accommodation and Maternity Homes.

- 1. Melksham and District Hospital.
- 2. Trowbridge and District Hospital, with Maternity Block.
- 3. Bradford-on-Avon and District Hospital.
- 4. Bath Royal United and St. Martin's Hospitals; Mineral Water Hospital.

(f) Infectious Diseases Hospital:

Bradley Road, Trowbridge.—This hospital, originally intended for Trowbridge, Bradford-on-Avon, Melksham and the neighbouring rural districts, has for the last few years also had to admit cases from the Westbury-Warminster area, due to the closing of the Warminster Isolation Hospital for lack of staff.

SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE AREA.

WATER SUPPLIES.

As full details were given of the supplies to the various parts of the district in the report for 1945, and as no change had occurred except in one district (Beanacre) it seems necessary only to add information on a scheme—greatly to be desired, but so far showing no signs of fulfilment.

Atworth and South Wraxall-with Shaw and Whitley.

When the suggestion was made to the Council, that they, in collaboration with the Trowbridge and Melksham Water Board might be able to purchase water in bulk such as to supply the above villages, it seemed too good to be true. The Council and Water Board immediately started investigations, and by August affairs were so far on that Public Inquiries were held by Inspectors of the Ministry of Health into the proposed schemes. Hopes were raised that the necessary loan sanctions would be received in order that work might be started in time to obviate the inhabitants' difficulties, but by the end of the year, no such permission to proceed had been received either by the Council or by the Water Board, and the Council were reluctantly bound to accept the fact that the next summer would find the villages in the same state as before.

The original scheme was simple.

A sufficient bulk of water was to be brought from the Chippenham Rural boundary into Atworth village; a supply would be drawn off for South Wraxall; the village would be supplied and the remaining large amount would be taken over at the further boundary by the Water Board to supply Shaw and Whitley and the northernmost part of Melksham Town.

Beanacre.

This village has been connected to the mains of the Trowbridge and Melksham Water Board. It may be noted that this village lies in the northern area of the Board's jurisdiction; the part involved in the above larger scheme.

HOUSING.

Temporary. The 20 pre-fabricated houses at Holt were occupied during the year.

Permanent. Sites have been arranged for houses in each village. By the end of the year the position was as follows:—

Broughton G	ifford	 	18 under construction (Traditional Type).
Hilperton		 	4 under construction (Swedish Timber).
Staverton		 	4 under construction (Swedish Timber).
Wingfield		 	4 under construction (Traditional Type).
Atworth		 	Site approved and purchased.
Hilperton		 	Site approved.
Holt		 	Site approved and purchased.
Limpley Stoke		 	Site approved and purchased.
Melksham W		 	Site submitted for approval.
Monkton Far	leigh	 	Site submitted for approval.
Semington		 	Site approved and purchased.
South Wraxal	ll	 	Site approved and purchased.
Westwood		 	Site submitted for approval.
Winsley		 	Site approved and Compulsory Purchase Order confirmed.

INFECTIOUS DISEASES.

Notifications received arranged for Sex and Age Groups.

Age Group	Scarlet			ever Whooping Cough Measles		isles	Diph	theria
Age Group	M	F _	M	F	М	F	M	F
0 1 3 5 10 15	6	1 1 4 1 1	1 3 3 4 —	1 4 5 1	1 2 3 4 1	- 1 - 2	Hallin	1 = -
25 and over Total	6	-1-8	11	11	 11			
Ion-civilian 15 and upwards	14	_	_		14	_		_
Age Group	Pneur	Pneumonia				bro- Fever	Erysipelas	
Age Group	M	F	М	F	М	F	М	F
0 5	WINT OF	1	-	_	_	_	=	=
15 45 65	1 1 -	1 1 -		1 	1 -	=	1 -	=
Total	2	4	_	1	1		1	

Diphtheria. Immunisation was carried out continuously by the County Council, great assistance being given by the school staffs, who assisted greatly by allowing the under schoolage children to attend the sessions held at the schools.

We are grateful to the County Medical Officer for supplying the following details.

IMMUNISATION IN RELATION TO CHILD POPULATION.

Number of children who had completed a full course of Immunisation at any time up to 31st December, 1946.

Age at 31st December, 1946	Under 1	1	2	3	4	5 to 9	10 to 14	Total
i.e., born in year	1946	1945	1944	1943	1942	1937-41	1932-6	under 15
Number Immunised		69	86	98	82	465	518	1318
Estimated Mid-Year Population 1945	Cuord v	freeze a	825	a aud	NECTI	13	80	2205

There was one death registered as Diphtheria. This occurred in an un-immunised child of 2 years. There was no evidence whence the child had acquired the disease and no contact cases occurred.

It cannot be emphasised too greatly that the protection of child life offered by immunisation is of the greatest value; both to parents of individual children and to all children and the State in general.

JEAN MURRAY, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H.
D. LEIGH SPENCE, M.A., M.B.

Medical Officers of Health.

December, 1947.