[Report 1964] / Medical Officer of Health, Brackley Borough.

Contributors

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ANNUAL REPORT OF THE HEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH.

FOR THE YEAR, 1964.

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FOR PUR TEAR, 1964.

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BOROUGH OF BRACKLEY.

Annual Report of the Medical Officer of Health for the year 1964.

To the Mayor, Aldermen and Councillors of the Borough of Brackley.

Mr. Mayor, Aldermen & Councillors,

I have the honour to submit my Annual Report for the year 1964.

The Vital Statistics are satisfactory and compare favourably with those for the County of Northamptonshire and the Country generally.

It will be noted from the table of the causes of death at different periods of life that three male deaths from lung cancer occurred during the year: this is an increase of two deaths over the one female death from this cause, which occurred during the year 1963. It would, perhaps, be prudent for me to add a note to the extensive publicity given on the definite association which has been established by medical experts between lung cancer and tobacco smoking. Those addicted to the habit should pause and think.

Your obedient Servant.

August. 1965.

Arthur Lucas, L.R.C.P., L.R.C.S., D.P.H., Medical Officer of Health.

Public Health Committee, December, 1964.

The Worshipful the Mayor, Alderman J. Tweedale, Alderman R.J. Staniforth, Alderman Mrs. P.A. Simons, Councillors: E. Whitley (Chairman), F.T. Bartho, B. Blazier, N.W.F. Howard, R.E. Farrow, R.W. Isham, D. McCombie, R. Morey, Mrs. A.E. Nutt, P.H.E. Smith, B.P.C. Sheppard, K.M. Tuckey

Public Health Officers.

Medical Officer of Health: Arthur Lucas, L.R.C.P., L.R.C.S., D.P.H. Also holds appointment of:Medical Officer of Health, Brackley Rural District Council.
Medical Officer of Health, Towcester Rural District Council.
Medical Officer of Health, Northampton Rural District Council.
Assistant Medical Officer of Health, Northamptonshire County Council.

Public Health Inspector: Clifford Morgan, C.R.S.H., who also held the office of Borough Surveyor until 31st July, when the appointments were divided and the appointment of Public Health Inspector made full time as from the 1st August of the year under review.

Summery of Vital Statistics, 1964.

Area of Borough (Acres)			
Population (estimated Mid-Year,	1964)	 	 . 3,630
Number of inhabited houses (end	of 1964).	 	 . 1,004
Rateable Value of Borough			
Sum represented by a Penny Rate		 	 . £408

Extract from Vital Statistics for the year.

Live Births:	Males	Females	Total	Eng. & Wales.
Legitimate Illegitimate		24	59 3	

Birth-rate per 1,000 of the estimated pop. 17.08 18.4

Still-births: No still-births were recorded during the year under review.

The percentage of illegitimate live births of the total live births was 4.8.

SCHOOLS OF BRACKLEY.

Annual Report of the Hedical Officer of Realth for the year 1954.

To the Mayor, Aldermon and Councillors of the Borough of Sreekley.

Mr. Enyor, Addermen & Counciliorn,

I have the honour to submit my farmal Report for the year 1964.

The Vitel Statistics are sotisfectory and compare Tavourably with those for the County of Northesptenshire and the Country generally.

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Your shedlent Servent.

Arthur Lucas, L.E.C.F., L.R.C.S., D.P.B., Hedden Officer of Health,

August, 1965.

Public Menith Committee, December, 1991-

The Morahistol the Mayor, Alderson J. Trandale, Alderson R.J. Staniforth, Alderson Mrs. P.A. Stanifors; S. Zhitley (Chairman), F.T. Borths, B. Binnier, M.J.F. Moward, R.Z. Farrow, R.E. Leham, D. McCochle, R. Horey, Mrs. A.Z. Mutt, P.R.S. Smith, D.P.C. Smeppard, K.E. Tucky,

Public Ecalth Officers.

Medical Officer of Mealth Arthur Lucas, L.R.C.F., L.R.C.R., D.P.R. Michigan of Mealth, Drackier Sured District Council.
Medical Officer of Health, Drackier Sured District Council.
Medical Officer of Health, Toucester Sured District Council.
Medical Officer of Health, Northempton Sured District Council.
Assistant Medical Officer of Health, Northemptonshire Council

Public Helth Imagestor: Clifford Horgen, C.R.S.H., who also held the office of Borough Surveyor until Stat July, when the appointments were divided and the appointment of Public Health Inspector unde full time as from the lat August of the year under review.

Samuel of Vital Statistics, 1954.

Extende from Vital Statistics for the year.

Mill-birther No still-births were recorded during the year under review

The percentage of illegitimate live births of the total live births

				Male	Female	Total
Deaths (a	11 causes)	 	 18	26	44

Death-rate per 1,000 of the estimated population 12.12 England & Wales 11.3

Deaths from puerperal causes:-

Puerperal sepsis. ... Nil Other Puerperal causes ... Nil

Area: There was no change in the area of the administrative Borough during the year which remains at 1,685 acres.

Population: The resident mid-year home population as estimated by the Registrar-General was 3,630 and the vital statistics are based on this figure. The estimated population is higher by 20 than that for the year of 1963. The natural increase in population, that is, the increase of births over deaths was 18.

Deaths: The total number of deaths assigned to the Borough by the Registrar-General, after adjusting for inward and outward transferable deaths is 44. The death-rate based on the mid-year estimated population is 12.12, as compared with 10.56 for the administrative County of Northampton.

A table giving a list of the causes of death in the Borough at different periods of life during 1964, is given on page 3.

Area Comparability Factors: The Registrar-General provides comparability factors for every area, which when applied to the birth and death rates make allowance for age and sex distribution of the population in different areas. The factors may be stated to represent the population handicaps to be applied to the several areas, and when multiplied by the crude birth or death rates, modify them so as to make them comparable with other rates which have been similarly adjusted. The factor for applying to birth-rate for the year under review is 1.11 and for death-rate .95.

Births: The number of births which occurred in the Borough during the year was 62 which is equivalent to a birth-rate of 17.08 per 1,000 population. The rate for the administrative County was 19.10, and England and Wales 18.4.

Infant Mortality:

It is gratifying to record that no infant deaths under one year of age occurred during the year under review. The rate for the County was 18.36 per 1,000 live births and England and Wales 20.0.

Maternal Mortality: No deaths occurred during the year from causes associated with child birth.

The following table gives the birth-rate, death-rate and infant mortality rate for the Borough, the administrative County of Northemptonshire and England and Wales for the past five years:-

	15.3 17.7 17.6 18.0 18.04 17.2 23.8 18.37 18.3 23.26 18.62 18.3		De	ath-rate		Infar Morts	nt ality rat	e.	
Year	Brackley Borough	Northamp tonshire	ngla Tal	Brackley Borough	Northamp- tonshire	England & Wales	Borough	Northamp- tonshire	England & Wales
1960	15.3	17.7	17.1.	7.8	10.88	11.5.	Nil	22.57	21.7
1961	18.0	18.04	17.4.	11.5	11.18	12.0.	49.1	17.61	21.4
1962	23.8		18.0.		11.07	11.9.	59.5	19.54	21.4
1962 1963	23.26	18.62	18.2	13.01	11.21	12.2	11.90	17.92	20.9
1964	17.08	19.10	18.4	12.12	10.56	11.3	-	13.36	20.0

enther The total number of deaths ensigned to the Servery by the Registrareneral, ofter adjusting for invard and outword transfereble deaths is 45. The
enth-rate based on the mid-year enthrated population is 12.12, as required with
0.55 for the administrative County of Northerplan.
A table giving a list of the causes of death in the Servery at different
eriods of life during 1754, is given on page 3.

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ocurred during the year under review. The rate for the County was 18,36 per 2000 live births and Ingiand and Unies 20.0.

The following table gives the birth-rate, decid-rate and infent sortality rate for the Borough, the administrative County of Northespanning and Explant and Cales for the past five years:-

				44124

Causes of Death at different periods of life during the year, 1964.

Course of death		all	4 weeks	& under	1-	17	15-	25-	35- 4	45-	55-	65-	75- & over
arm.		ages			-	,						,	
Neoplasm, Lung, Brerchus.	z	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	1
Man I man I man Dance	es Ca	1 -	1 !	1 1	1 1	, ,		1 1	, ,	1 1	-	1 1	1
a chair				F		in b							
Malignant Neoplasm, Uterus	14	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-
	2									1	,	1	,
Other falignant & Lymphatic Neoplasms	El sa			1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	- 1	-	1	1	1
Vascular Lesions of Nervous System	×	. 5	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	-
	£4	4	,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		7 .	-
Angina	Z (4	20	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	- 1	- 1	1 01
Other Heart Dissase	. H	4	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	4
	D4	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	7	1	7
Other circulatory Disease	m	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1 ,	1
	Eta	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	1,
	ne i	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		- 1
	. 1		1	1	1 1	1 1	, ,	, ,	, ,	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1
and the state of	1 14	2		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	7
	120	2	1	ı	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	-
	14	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Other discases of Respiratory System	阎	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1 0
	Es.	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	7 -
stomech and Daodenum	H	-	1	1	1	1	1	,	1	1	1	1	- 1
	£4.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1			
Other defined and Ill-defined Diseases	22	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1 -	1 -	1 -
	S.See	2	1	1	1	1 .	1	1	1	1	-	-	- 1
Motor Vehicle Accidents	×	-	1	1	1	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Eta .	1	1	1	1	1	1	,	,	,	1		
	1	1			1	1	1	1	1	1		I	
Total all causes	E	13	1	1	1	-	1	1 1	- 1		C1 11	5	8 9

Courses of Deagy or gratation bely on This course cue 2001 1153.

Laboratory Facilities: The examination of pathological specimens and samples of water is carried out by the Public Health Laboratory Service, Cxford. The service is free and Medical Practitioners in the Borough submit pathological specimens direct to the laboratory.

Ambulance Facilities: Cases of infectious disease requiring hospital treatment are removed and treated at the Isolation Hospitals at Northampton or Cxford.

The County Council operated a full time ambulance service for removal to hospital of surgical and non-infectious cases.

Treatment Centres and Clinics: The Infant Welfare Clinic continued to operate during the year and sessions were held on the Second Thursday of every month at the Momens Institute, Manor Road, Orthopaedic Clinics, Vision Clinics and Dental Clinics for School Children which are organised by the County Council operated during the year under review. Preventive and after care services for tuberculosis cases are administered by the County Council.

Nursing in the Home: The County Council operate a complete service within the Borough and "Home Helps" are available in connection with the infirm and chronic cases treated at home.

SECTION C. SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE DISTRICT.

Water Supply: Water is supplied to the Borough by the Bucks Water Board who took over the Borough's water undertaking in 1960. In order to improve the pressure in one part of the area the Board laid a new 6" main which was in operation during the year under review. With the exception of eight dwelling houses situated outside the area served by the Board's mains, all dwellinghouses in the Borough received a piped water supply from the board's mains. The total number of dwelling houses connected to the mains is 998 and out of the total population of 3,630 approximately 3,604 are supplied with water from the board's mains.

Of the samples of water taken and submitted for bacteriological examination one showed slight contamination with coliform bacilli. This information was submitted to the Bucks Water Board who observed that the temporary disturbance was undoubtedly caused by the reversal of flow in the mains due to the operation of the new re-inforcement main and intimated that some further slight disturbance may occur before the system settles into its normal working.

A further sample taken later and submitted to the Public Health Laboratory for examination was reported upon as satisfactory.

Generally the supply was satisfactory in quality and quantity. With few exceptions, water service pipes are either galvanized iron, copper, or polythene, and as the water is fairly hard there is no liability to plumbo-solvent action.

Sewage Disposal: The sewage disposal works comprising two filter beds, two sedimentation tanks, sludge and humas lagoons with electrical plant for lifting the level of one outfall sewer, functioned satisfactorily during the year under review.

The works continued to receive the trade effluent from the Fatstock Marketing Corporation's Broiler Factory established in the Borough in 1959, and also the trade effluent from a factory engaged in the manufacture of spices etc., outside the administrative area of the Borough. This effluent is conveyed to the Sewage Works by tanker.

Copies of analysis of the effluent discharging into the River Cuse received from the Ouse Catchment Board Authority showed that the effluent conformed to the Royal Commission Standard.

Forty-four houses in outlying parts of the district not served by the mains are not connected to the sewerage of the Borough. Rivers and Streams: No complaints were received regarding pollution of the River Ouse into which the effluent from the sewage works discharges.

Camping Sites: There are no camping sites in the administrative area of the Borough.

Smoke Abatement: No action was found necessary in connection with smoke abatement.

Swimming Pool: The Swimming Pool owned by the Council was used during the year and was filled with water from the mains. The sand filter and plant continued to operate satisfactorily, keeping the water clear throughout the season. The water is chlorinated by a drip feed, and comparator tests were taken regularly to ensure a residual chlorine content of the water.

Eradication of bed bugs: No action was found necessary in connection with premises infested with bed bugs,

Public Cleansing: House refuse was collected weekly using a 24 cubic yard "tip-up" Karrier vehicle, One part of the Borough was covered an Thursdays and the other on Fridays. The tipping ground is situated at a part of the district where no nuisance is caused. The present tip is very full and a new tipping ground is urgently required.

Rodent Control: A part-time rodent operator is employed to carry out this work. The services of the operator continued to be free to householders who readily report the presence of rodents in and around their premises. A charge is made for the treatment of business premises. The use of warfarin with oatmeal base continued to give satisfactory results. The number of inspections made during the year was as follows:

Local authoris						C
Dwelling house	S					25
All other incl	luding busia	ness	premi	ises		9
Agricultural 1	noldings	• • •	•••	•••	•••	***
	Total .					35

The number of minor infestations found was 35 these were treated with good results. Baits are regularly laid at the refuse tip and sewage works and if found necessary treated with poison.

Sixteen manholes of the sewerage of the Borough were baited during September of the year under review. There were three part takes: these were followed up successfully.

Summary of Sanitary Inspections during the year.

Number of visits and inspections:

Housing inspections	 155	
Inspections of factories and workshops		
Inspections of bakehouses	 12	
Inspections of meat hawkers' and transport vans	 14	
Inspections of butchers shops	 38	
Inspections of fried fish shops	 18	
Inspections of other food shops	 55	
Inspections in connection with rodent control	 35	
Number of old drainages tested and relaid	 1	
Number of new drainages tested	 18	

Section D.

HOUS ING.

The total number of Council houses built since the Mar is 258. The number of private enterprise houses completed during the year was 3 and there were 37 under construction at the end of December; No Council dwellings were built during the year, but a scheme for 25 Senior Citizens flats was commenced during the year and 25 were under construction at the end of the year.

Camping Sites: Thorn are no camping sites in the administrative ered of the Borough.

Stoke Abstractit No action was found necessary is connection with stoke

Swimming Posit The Swimming Pool owned by the Council was used during the year and was filled with safer from the mains. The sand filter and plant continued to operate satisfactorily, keeping the major elect throughout the secuent. The water is oblerinated by a drip lead, and comparator tests were taken maniorly to ensure a residual chloring content of the water.

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2.7											
					,						

The number of minor infestations found was 55 these were treated with good if results. Salts are resulted with polane.

Sixteen menicing of the severage of the Borough were being during Reptember of the year under review. There were three part lakest these were followed up successfully.

Summery of Sanitary Inspections during the Yest.

Swinling of visits and impediates:

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DELEGIE

The total member of Council bones Suilt since the lar is 256. The number of private construction at the end of December; No Council deciliary more built during the year, but a scheme for 15 Senior Citizons flats was commanced during the year and 15 were under construction at the ond of the year.

Improvement of dwellings: The provisions of the House Purchase and Housing Act, 1959, relating to standard grants, which are obligatory on the part of the Council, make available to owners grants for providing any or all of the five standard amenities, that is, a fixed bath or shower, wash basin, water closet, a hot and cold water supply at a bath or shower, wash hand basin and Kitchen sink, and satisfactory facilities for storing food. The Housing Act, 1964, which came into operation on 16th August of the year under review makes certain amendments to the Act of 1959. Where formerly the dwelling after improvement had to be equipped with all five standard amenities, referred to in the new Act as the "full standard", under the new Act a dwelling may, if it is not reasonably practicable to provide the "full standard", be brought up to a "reduced standard" that is after improvement it must have a hot and cold water supply at a sink a water closet, which, if reasonably practicable must be in or accessible from within the dwelling, and satisfactory facilities for storing food. To qualify for a standard grant a dwelling must have a further life of at least fifteen years for human habitation and in the case of leasehold property, not less than five years of the lease remains unexpired.

Standard grants amounting to £1,164. 3s 2d were paid to owners during

the year under review for improvements carried out to nine dwellings.

Section E. INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD.

Milk Supply: The number of licenced milk dealers operating in the Borough is 3. All milk retailed within the Borough is produced outside the area. Samples of milk taken and submitted for examination satisfied the tests prescribed by The Milk (Special Designation) Regulations, 1963.

Food Hygiene (General) Regulations 1960: These Regulations provide for the cleanliness of food premises, hygenic methods of handling food, the cleanliness of persons engaged in the food trade and the action to be taken when they suffer from or are carriers of certain infections. There are 24 food premises in the Borough where food is sold, served or prepared for sale. The shops are regularly visited and a high standard of cleanliness is maintained.

Meet and Other Foods: There is now no licenced Slaughter house in the area. The following list of food stuffs were voluntarily surrendered during the year; being unfit for human consumption.

> 81bs 6czs. Liver sausage... 181bs 2 ozs. Cooked Ham 61bs 90zs. Tinned Tomatoes. Tinned Carrots.. 121bs 10ozs. Chopped Pork 4lbs

Food and Drugs Act, 1955: The provisions of this Act relating to the nature and substance of food supplied to the public are operated by Mr. F.J. Evans, Chief Inspector, Weights and Measures Department, of the County Council, to whom I am indebted for the following information relating to the work carried out by his department in the Borough during the fifteen months ending 31st Narch, 1965.

> Samples taken in the Borough of Brackley in the fifteen months ending 31st March, 1965.

Milk	 		 	13
Butter	 		 	1
Fruit	 		 	5
Meat Products	 		 	3
Beverages	 		 	3
Medicines	 		 	2
Spirits	 		 	10
Soft drinks.	 		 	2
Table Jelly.	 		 	1
Cream	 		 	1
Pastes	 		 	2
Ice Cream	 		 	1
Crab	 		 	1
				-
	To	tal.	 	45

represent of decilings; The provisions of the House Parchase and Resing Act, 1979, relating to standard grants, which are obligatory on the part of the Comment, cake mysilable to owners grants for providing any or all of the five standard exemities, that is, a fixed bath or shower, west basin, water alone, a look, and exist extent actions and the comment of the control of the part of the five about the fine into operation on 16th August of the year under review sales certain exeminate to the latt of 1959. Where formerly the dualities of the certain meantains to the capting of all live standard exemities, referred to in the new Act as the "full standard", under the new Act as the "full standard", under the new Act a dwelling may, if it is not reasonably practicable to provide the "full standard", be brought up to a "reduced standard" that is after improvement it was have a hot and cold it as sometime from althin the dwelling, and actisfactory facilities for a some from the first that the dwelling, and actisfactory facilities for aborting food. To qualify for a standard grant a dwelling must have a further aborts for at least fifteen years for human babilitation and in the coast of least than two years of the least one in the coast of least than two years of the least the coast of least of the first property, not least than two years of the least receive unexpired.

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COOK SO MAISTVANCES ON MAINTENAME

Milk Topoly: The matter of licenced milk dealers oppositing in the Sorough 10 3.
All milk retailed within the Dorough is produced optains the ones. Semples of
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Milk (Special Dealgamiles) Regulations, 1965.

Tood Evalence (General) Engulations 1950: These Regulations provide for the elecations of food premises, hygenic estheds of headling food, was elecations of persons engaged in the food trade and the action to be laken when they suffer from or are certiers of certain infections. There are at food premises in the Edwards where food is sold, served or propered for sale. The shops are received which whether and a bigh standard of cleanliness is maintained.

Meet and Other Poods: There is now no licenced Significar house in the area.
The following list of food stuffs were voluntarily surrendered during the west being unlik for hours consumption.

Liver sandage... Blue Sons. Cooked Non 1810s 2 ons. Timed formings. Sibs 9010. Timed Courols 121bs 100xs.

Food-and Drove Lat. 1973: The provisions of this Act relating to the nature and sobstance of food supplied to the public are operated by Mr. F.J. Svans, Chief Inspector, Telepha and Resource Department, of the County Council, to when I am indebted for the following information relating to the work carried out by bis department in the Porcues during the fifteen counts ending First Barch, 1965.

Samples token in the Borosen of Smeater in the fifteen mention ending Not Morch, 1965.

Remarks:-

A sample of Channel Islands milk taken from a delivery van in Brackley was reported by the Public Analyst as being deficient in fat by 16 per cent. Enquiries were made at the dairy at which the milk was bottled but no satisfactory explanation could be offered and it was therefore decided to institute legal proceedings. As a result the sellers of the milk were fined \$50 and ordered to pay three guineas costs when the case was heard at Brackley Magistrates Court.

The remaining samples were found to be of satisfactory quality although it was necessary to obtain an assurance from a manufacturer of Black current Vitemin "C" Health Drink that the form of declaration of the Vitemin content would be amended.

Sale of Food (Weights and Heasures) Act, 1926.

4,157 articles of food were checked for weight or measure during the period and only 12 articles were found to have minor deficiences. The proportion of incorrect articles is well below the average for the County as a whole.

F.J. EVANS. Chief Inspector.

Section F. Prevalence of and Control over Infectious Disease.

The following cases of infectious disease were reported during the year:-

Scarlet Fever	 	 	1
Measles	 	 	91
Whooping Cough	 	 	1
Dysentry	 	 	1
Pneumonia	 	 	1

Tuberculosis: No new cases of Tuberculosis were reported during the year. The number of cases on register at the end of the year were as follows:-

	Males.	Fenales.	Total.
Pulmonary	3	1	4
Non-Pulmonary	1	-	1
Total	4	1	5

Telephone III

A mainple of Chennel Talends milk taken from a delivery was in Bradeley was an expendent of the Public Analyst as being deficient in fet by 16 per cent. Securities were made at the deliver at which the milk was bettled met no settled to settled to be strand and it was therefore decided to institute legal proceedings. As a result the selfers of the milk were fined institute legal proceedings. As a result the selfers of the milk were fined at Emodder the case was been at Emodder

The remaining emples were found to be of entiafectory quality situation of limit oursept it was necessary to obtain an ensurance from a manufacturor of the Vitamin content.

tophysical and blumer

Hate of Food (Watghts and Measures) Act, 1976.

4.157 articles of feed were checked for weight or menture during the proportion period and only 12 articles were found to have almor deficiences. The proportion of incomment entitles as well below the eventual for the County on a whole.

P.J. WINE.

Cotion F. Provedence of and Control over Infections Disease.

The following cases of infectious disease were reported during the years-

Scarlet Fever... 91
Hecelon Cough. 1
Dynantry... 1

Telegraphical No new cause of Theoreticals were reported during the year. The

Factories Act, 1961: The number of factories on the Register at the end of the year under review was 22, and the number of inspections made was 44. There are no outworkers in the classes of work specified by regulations made under Section 133 of the Act.

Prescribed Particulars on the Administration of the Factories Act, 1961.

Part 1 of the Act.

 Inspections for purposes of provisions as to health (including inspections made by the Public Health Inspector.

		Number of		
Premises (1)	Number on Register. (2)	Inspections (3)	Written Notices (4)	Occupiers prosecuted (5)
(i) Factories in which Sections 1,2,3 4 and 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities	7	12	-	-
(ii) Factories not included in (i) in which Sec. 7 is enforced by the L.A.	15	32	-	-
(iii)Other Premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding outworkers' premises)	-	-	-	-
Total	22	44	-	-

2. Cases in which defects were found:-

	Nur	mber of cas	Number of cases in which prosecutions		
Particulars	Found	Remedied	To H.M.	By H.M. Inspector	were instituted
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Want of cleanliness(S.1)	-	-	-	-	-
Overcrowding(Section 2)	-	-		-	
Unreasonable temperature (Section 3)	-	_	_	_	_
Inadequate ventilation (Section 4)	-	-		-	-
Ineffective drainage of floors (Section 6)	-	-	_	-	-
Sanitary Conveniences (S.7) (a) Insufficient	1	1	-	-	-
(b) Unsuitable or defective	-	_	-	-	_
(c) Not separate for Sexes	-		-	-	-
Other offences against the Act(not including offences relating to Outwork)	-	-	-	-	-
Total	1	1	_	_	

Pacteries Act, 1961: The number of fectories on the Register at the end of the year under review was 22, and the number of inspections under was 46. There are no outsorkers in the classes of work specified by regulations unde under Section 155 of the Act.

Prescribed Particulars on the Administration of the Particular Act, 1961.

1. Inspections for purposes of provisions on to health (including inspections made by the Public Health Inspector.

		Promises (t)
		Total Total

Cases in which defects were found:-

	-		