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County

Borough



of Bolton

# ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

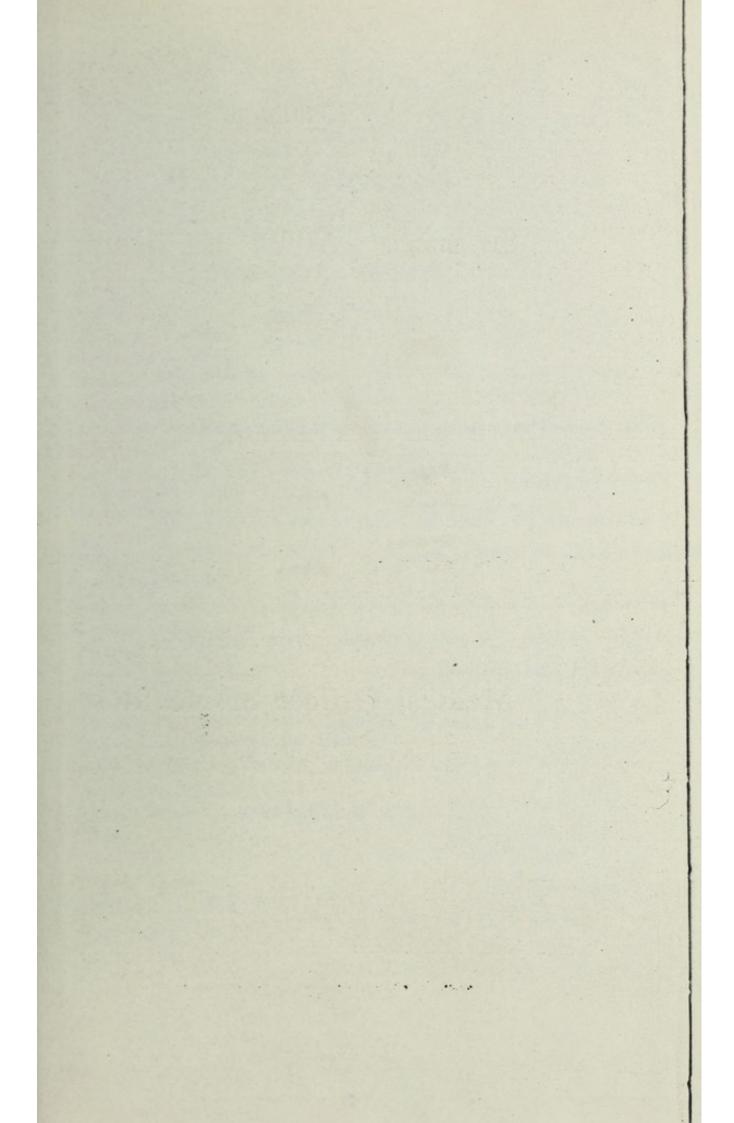
Medical Officer of Health

FOR

1939

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PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT,

CIVIC CENTRE,

BOLTON.

October, 1940.

To the Chairman and Members of the Public Health Committee.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,

I have the honour to submit the Report for 1939, the Sixty-eighth Annual Report on the Health of Bolton.

In the interests of economy the report is of an interim nature and contains the minimum information consistent with a continuity of the yearly health statistics of the town.

I am, Ladies and Gentlemen,

Your obedient Servant,

R. M. GALLOWAY,

Medical Officer of Health and School Medical Officer.

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## SUMMARY OF STATISTICS. 1939.

## COUNTY BOROUGH OF BOLTON.

Position I	at. 53° 35	N., L	on. 2°	27' W.
Elevation above sea level		230	ft. to	1,450-ft.
Geological Formation : Boulder Clay	y and Sand	over	Coal M	easures.
Rainfall (Av. 1887-1939, 42-471")				44 · 405"
Area in Acres (Land and Inland Wa	ater)			15,280
Population (Census 1921)				178,683
" (Census 1931)				177,250
" National Register, 29th	September,	1939		163,823
" (Estimated population 19	39):			
For Birth-rate				167,900
For Death-rate				166,800
Density				10.9
Inhabited Houses (Census 1921)				41,825
" " (Census 1931)				46,618
Private Families or Separate Occupie	rs (Census 1	921)		42,635
,, ,, ,, ,,	(Census 1	931)		47,706
New Houses Certified 1939				438
Estimated No. of Houses in the Borou	gh at 31st D	ecembe	r, 1939	53,403
No. of inhabited Houses according to		Books		
at the end of 1939				52 011
Rateable Value at 31st March, 1940			£1	,074,393
Sum represented by a Penny Rate (				2 2s. 51.
Births				2,334
Birth-rate (per 1,000 of population)				13.9
Deaths				2,493
Death-rate (Crude) (per 1,000 of por	pulation)			14.9
Average Death-rate (1930-1939)				13.3

## SUMMARY-Continued.

			1
Heart and Circulation Death-rate			4.7
Cancer Death-rate	** *		1.6
Respiratory Death-rate			1.4
Phthisis Death-rate			-50
Epidemic Death-rate (seven chief diseases)			-19
Infantile Mortality (Deaths under one year per	1,000		
live births)			72
Diarrhœa Death-rate (deaths under 2 years per 1,0	00 live	births)	6.0
Puerperal Death-rate (per 1,000 total births)			5.7
126 COUNTY BOROUGHS AND GREAT TO	WNS -		
Birth-rate (per 1,000 of population)			14.8
Death-rate (per 1,000 of population)			12.0
Infantile Mortality (deaths under one year p	er 1,00	00	
live births)			53
Diarrhœa and Enteritis (under 2 years), Do	eath-ra	te per	
1,000 live births	,		6.3
ENGLAND AND WALES-			
Birth-rate (per 1,000 of population)			15.0
Death-rate (per 1,000 of population)			12.1
Infantile Mortality (deaths under one year	per 1	,000	
live births)			50
Diarrhœa and Enteritis (under 2 years), Dea	th-rate	per	
1,000 live births		7 9. 144	4.6
		The state of the s	-7

#### STATISTICS.

#### Births.

There were 2,334 live births to Bolton residents in 1939. 2,253 of these births were legitimate and 8! illegitimate. The birth-rate per 1,000 of the population was 13.9. 720 births occurred to Bolton residents in Townleys Hospital, and 326 in Haslam Maternity Home.

#### Stillbirths.

The number of stillbirths in Bolton in 1939 was 113, giving a still-birth-rate of 46·1 per 1,000 total births. The number of stillbirths per 1,000 total births in the County Boroughs of England and Wales has varied between 41 and 43 since 1931. Bolton has had a rate persistently higher than the average of the county boroughs.

#### Deaths.

Bolton had 2,493 deaths in 1939 giving a death-rate of 14.9 per 1,000 of the population.

During the year. 720 persons, whose usual place of residence was in the area of this county borough, died outside the borough; of these, 614 died in Townleys Hospital or Fishpool Institution and 46 died in Mental Hospitals.

Non-residents who died in the area numbered 122, of whom 106 died in Bolton Royal Infirmary.

240 Bolton residents died in Bolton Royal Infirmary.

SUMMARY OF THE PRINCIPAL CAUSES OF DEATH, 1939.

INFECTIOUS AND PARASITIC DISEASES	No. of Deaths 178	Per cent. of total Deaths 7.13
Diphtheria	 11	-44
Influenza	 42	1.68
Cerebro-spinal fever	 6	·24
Pulmonary tuberculosis	 84	3.37
Other forms of tuberculosis	 18	-72
Other infectious and parasitic diseases	 17	-68
CANCER AND OTHER TUMOURS	 283	11.35
Cancer	 271	10.87
Tumours	 12	-48

RHEUMATISM, DISEASES OF NUTRITION, ETC.		86	3.44
Rheumatic fever		15	.60
Chronic rheumatism, osteo-arthritis		19	.76
Diabetes		38	1.52
Diabetes Exophthalmic goitre		8	-32
Other diseases		6	·24
DISEASES OF THE BLOOD & BLOOD FORMING OF	CAME	23	-92
		14	-56
Anæmia, chlorosis			.16
Leukæmia, aleukæmia		5	
Other diseases		9	·20
DISEASES OF THE NERVOUS SYSTEM & SENSE O	RGANS		9.70
Meningitis		4	16
Locomotor ataxy		5	.20
Cerebral hæmorrhage		95	3.80
Cerebral thrombosis		79	3.17
General paralysis of the insane		7	-28
Epilepsy		12	.48
Infantile convulsions		5	·20
Other diseases		35	1.40
DISEASES OF THE CIRCULATORY SYSTEM		795	31.88
Heart diseases		608	24.38
Aneurysm		6	-24
Arterio-sclerosis		135	5.41
Abnormalities of blood pressure		37	1.48
Other diseases		9	-36
Other discussos			00,
DISEASES OF THE RESPIRATORY SYSTEM		237	9.50
Bronchitis		97	3.89
Pneumonia		124	4.97
Congestion of lungs, etc		10	-40
· Other diseases		6	·24
3		AND THE REAL PROPERTY.	
DISEASES OF THE DIGESTIVE SYSTEM			4.01
177 (.1 . 1 1 1		115	4.01
Ulcer of the stomach or duodenum		115 18	4.61
Diarrhœa and enteritis		18	.72
Diarrhœa and enteritis	:::	18 37	·72 1·48
Diarrhœa and enteritis		18 37 10	·72 1·48 ·40
Diarrhœa and enteritis		18 37 10 18	·72 1·48 ·40 ·72
Diarrhœa and enteritis		18 37 10 18 14	·72 1·48 ·40 ·72 ·56
Diarrhœa and enteritis		18 37 10 18	·72 1·48 ·40 ·72

DISEASES OF THE GENITO-URIN	ARY S	YSTEM	 99	3-97
Nephritis			 76	3.04
Diseases of the bladder			 4	-16
Diseases of the prostate			 15	-60
Other diseases			 4	-16
THE PUERPERAL STATE			 14	-56
CONGENITAL MALFORMATIONS			 21	-84
DISEASES OF EARLY INFANCY			 71	2.85
Congenital debility			 8	-32
Premature birth			 50	2.00
Injury at birth			 8	.32
Other diseases			 5	•20
OLD AGE			 190	7.62
DEATHS FROM VIOLENCE			 117	4.69
Suicide			 22	-88
Accidents			 93	3.73
Other violent deaths			 2	-08
MISCELLANEOUS CAUSES			 22	-88

## . Deaths from Puerperal Causes.

Maternal mortality is the number of deaths of women classed to pregnancy and child-bearing. It is expressed as the rate per 1,000 births (live and still), and is sub-divided into the deaths due to puerperal sepsis, and the deaths due to all other puerperal causes.

There were 14 deaths from puerperal causes in 1939, giving a maternal mortality-rate of 5.72. The rate for England and Wales was 2.82.

В	OLTON	ENGLAND & WALES
Deaths	Rate per 1000 total births	Rate per 1000 total births
 3	1.22	-74
 11	4.50	2:08
 14	5.72	2.82
	Deaths 3 11	3 1·22 11 4·50

In addition to the 14 deaths directly due to pregnancy and childbearing there were 5 deaths where childbirth was a contributory cause. The deaths in these cases were assigned as follows:—

Two to pneumonia. Two to mitral stenosis. One to bronchitis.

## Death-Rate of Infants under One Year of Age.

The death-rate of infants is expressed as the number of deaths under one year per 1,000 live births and is called the infantile mortality-rate.

Bolton's infantile mortality-rate for 1939 was 72. The figure for England and Wales was 50.

Of Bolton's 2,334 births, 2,253 were legitimate and 81 illegitimate.

The infantile mortality amongst the legitimate children was 75 and amongst the illegitimate 123.

### Deaths under Four Weeks.

The part of the infantile mortality which occurs in the first four weeks of life is called the neo-natal mortality. There were 44·1 deaths of infants under 4 weeks per 1,000 live births.

The causes of death during the first four weeks of life were as follows:-

Causes of Dear	гн	Under 7 days	7 and under 14 days	14 and under 21 days	21 and under 28 days	Total under 28 days
Hæmophilia		 1	1	-	-	2
Pneumonia (all forms)		 1	2	2	-	5
Diarrhœa and Enteritis		 1	2	4	1	8
Injury at Birth		 7	1	-	-	8
Atelectasis		 3	-	-	-	3
Congenital Malformation	ns	 10	3	3	1	17
Premature Births		 35	-4	4	6	49
Congenital Debility		 3	2	1	1	7
Other Causes		 1	2	1	-	4
Totals		 62	17	15	9	103

#### GENERAL PROVISION OF HEALTH SERVICES.

## LABORATORY FACILITIES.

The local authority employs a whole-time Public Analyst. His report on the work of the department is to be found on page 37.

The pathological examinations made in the Public Analyst's

Laboratory during 1939 were as follows :-

Sputum for B. tubercu	losis	 	Total 278	Positive 26	Negative 252	Doubtful —
Diphtheria (Throat sw.		 	812	92	711	9
Fever B. typhosus		 	1	_	1	-
· Paratyphoid A		 	1	-	1	-
Paratyphoid B		 	1	-	1	-

The examinations made in the Public Health Laboratory, Manchester, were as follows:—

			- Total	Positive	- Negative
Milk (Inoculation test for B. tu	bercu	losis)	66	7	59
Nose and throat swabs for	hæmo	olytic			
streptococci			2	1	1
Diphtheria (Throat swabs)			4	-	4
Widal reaction			3	_	3
Pleural fluid for T.B			1	-	1
Fæces for dysentery			1		1
Wassermann reaction:					
Blood			1,303		
Cerebro-spinal fluid			17		
Kahn test			4		
Gonorrhœa:					
Microscopical test			10		
Complement fixation test			420		

Medical Officers of the Department examined 280 sputum specimens for B. tuberculosis, 1,051 slides for the gonococcus, 15 slides for syphilis and 2,276 cultures for the diphtheria bacillus, in the course of routine clinical work.

## PROFESSIONAL NURSING IN THE HOME.

The Bolton District Nursing Association provides nursing in the home for all cases of illness other than certain infectious diseases and maternity nursing.

During the year, 2,530 cases were nursed, and these received a total of 105,237 visits. In addition to the general nursing, the staff gave 3,079 treatments to 1,490 first aid cases in factories and workshops. The nurses were also present at 51 operations.

The Bolton Corporation makes an annual grant of £200 to the funds of the Association. The Public Health Committee pays for any home nursing of the following diseases: puerperal pyrexia, measles, whooping cough, epidemic diarrhœa, ophthalmia neonatorum, tuberculosis and influenzal pneumonia.

## Hospitals.

## THE BOLTON ROYAL INFIRMARY.

During the year under review the number of cases admitted was 5,704, of whom approximately 28 per cent. were from outside the Borough of Bolton. In addition, 14,866 cases were dealt with as out-patients and 11,281 cases were received into the casualty department. At the end of the year there were 194 patients on the waiting list for admission.

The Edmund Potter Hospital, an auxiliary to the Bolton Royal Infirmary, has 43 beds for females. All the patients who are admitted are sent from the Bolton Royal Infirmary for convalescence. 841 patients were admitted during the year.

The Blair Convalescent Hospital, Bromley Cross, is a voluntary institution with 49 beds for male patients only. Fifteen of these beds are appropriated by the Bolton Royal Infirmary for the use of convalescent patients. 664 cases were admitted in 1939.

#### TOWNLEYS HOSPITAL.

Townleys Hospital is a general hospital situated in Farnworth just outside the Borough boundary and serves Bolton and Farnworth, and the townships of Kearsley, Little Hulton, Little Lever, Horwich, Westhoughton and Turton, with an approximate population of 272,000. The hospital has 530 beds and is administered by the Public Health Committee.

The following statistical return relates to the year ended 31st December, 1939.

Total No. of admissions (including infants born	in
hospital)	5,066
No. of women confined in hospital	1,107
No. of live births	1,057
No. of stillbirths	70
No of deaths among children under 4 weeks of a	
born in hospital)	63
Total No. of deaths among children under 1 year	107
No. of maternal deaths among women admitted	to
hospital for confinement	15
Total No of deaths	757
Total No. of discharges (including infants born	in
hospital)	
No. of cases whose total stay was for the following p	eriods :
(a) Under 4 weeks	
(b) 4 weeks and under 13 weeks	
(c) 13 weeks or more	001
No. of beds occupied (excluding cots in maternity ward	
(a) Average during year	402
(b) Highest (14th March, 1939)	520
(c) Lowest (4th September, 1939)	84
No. of operations under general anæsthetic	366
Ante-natal Clinic:—	
Total No. of expectant mothers seen	1,525
No. of attendances	5,061

<sup>\*</sup> Note.—This low figure caused by the evacuation of the patients from the hospital owing to the outbreak of war.

Classification of In-Patients who were Discharged from or who Died in Townleys Hospital during the year.

	DISEASE GROUPS	(und	dren er 16 of age)	at	en nd men
A. B. C.	Acute infectious disease (1)	Dis- charged 20 4	Died 6	Dis- charged 45 31	Died 18
D.	Pulmonary	=	7	20 7 57	15 3 82
E.	Rheumatism	20	-	14	1
F. G.	atism, fibrositis, lumbago and sciatica) (3) Chronic arthritis	6 -2	=	47 9 5	
н.	Puerperal pyrexia	=	=	11 11	=
I.	pregnancy and childbirth	Ξ	==	175 6 8	15 —
K.	Senile decay (3)	14	=	99 72	120 5
L. M. N. O. P. Q. R.	In respect of cases not included above:  Disease of the Nervous System and Sense Organs  " Respiratory System " Circulatory "	120 94 52 70 54 53 5	20 36 12 13 4	191 250 220 229 261 104	76 48 201 31 20
S.	Mothers and infants discharged from Maternity Wards and not in- Cluded in above figures  Any persons not falling under any of the above headings	994	_ _ 21	1081	11 -1
	Totals	1539	120	2986	637

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes—with the exception of Acute Primary and Influenzal Pneumonia, Tuberculosis, Puerperal Pyrexia—all generally notifiable diseases, together with Measles, German Measles, Chickenpox, Whooping Cough and Mumps. Cases of Influenzal Pneumonia, Tuberculosis, Puerperal Pyrexia, and Acute Primary Pneumonia are recorded respectively under Groups B. C. G. & M. Cases of Encephalitis Lethargica are entered under Group A. if acute and under Group L. if chronic.

<sup>(2)</sup> Includes Acute Influenzal Pneumonia.

<sup>(3)</sup> Confined to cases and deaths in which no more specific diagnosis was practicable.

<sup>(4)</sup> Includes suicides, attempted suicides and poisoning cases.

#### MATERNITY AND CHILD WELFARE.

## Midwifery and Ante-Natal Work.

#### 1-Domiciliary.

The following figures give a statistical summary of the work in relation to domiciliary midwifery for the year.

- (a) Ante-natal clinics—Public Health Department (2 weekly).
   453 expectant mothers attended and made 1,382 attendances.
   123 X-ray examinations were made in the department.
- (b) Confinements conducted by midwives.
   1,057 confinements were conducted by midwives.
   In 335 cases they found it necessary to call in medical aid.
- (c) Confinements conducted by medical practitioners. In addition to the 335 cases where practitioners were called in by the midwives, the doctors conducted approximately 200 confinements.

The following table gives particulars of the domiciliary midwives' work during the year :-

No. of midwives who have practised				44
No. of cases attended				1,057
Average No. of cases per midwife				24
No. of calls for medical aid			.:	335
Per cent. of cases in which medical ai				31%
No. on the register at the beginning of		year		38
No. who ceased to practise in Bolton				10
No. on the register at the end of the	year			34

In addition to the above, the midwives attended 164 cases as maternity nurses.

The following 413 notifications were received from domiciliary midwives in accordance with the regulations of the Central Midwives Board:—

Medical assistance		 	 	 335
Stillbirths		 	 	 58
Artificial feeding		 	 	 13
Death of mother or ch	ild	 	 	 7

When a family is not eligible for maternity benefit under the National Health Insurance Acts and the family income falls below a scale approved by the Council, the Public Health Committee pay the midwife's fee for her work at a confinement. Last year 93 such fees were paid.

The Public Health Committee provide home helps for mothers who are unable to pay for assistance in the home during confinement. Home helps were provided in 137 instances. In 64 cases part of the fees were recovered.

## Midwives Act, 1936.

#### SURRENDER OF CERTIFICATES.

During the year, ten of the midwives practising in Bolton surrendered their certificates under the provisions of Section 5 of the Midwives Act, 1936, and their names were duly removed from the Roll of Midwives. Compensation amounting to £1,925 4s. 4d. was paid to the ten midwives, making a total of £3,984 16s. 7d. paid by the Council to midwives who have surrendered their certificates since the Act became operative. Of this amount, £59 16s. 0d. has been recovered from other authorities.

Altogether the names of twenty-eight midwives have been removed from this authority's register. Twelve of these midwives were directed to surrender their certificates as they were considered incapable of carrying out the duties by reason of old age or infirmity of the body. The other sixteen surrendered their certificates voluntarily.

The number of Bolton cases attended by the midwives during the three years prior to the date of the surrender of their certificates was:—

				N	o. of Bolton cases.
3rd y	rear	before	surrender		676
2nd	,,	,,	,,		565
Last	,,	,,	,,		623
			Tot	al	1.864

The amounts of compensation paid varied as follows :-

No. of			Amount of
Midwives.			Compensation.
2	 	 	Under £25
2	 	 	£25 - £50
4	 	 	£50 - £100
7	 	 	£100 - £150
2	 	 	£150 - £200
4	 	 	£200 - £250
3	 	 	£250 - £300
4	 	 	Over £300

## MUNICIPAL MIDWIVES.

During the year, the eight midwives appointed booked 678 cases, 621 as midwifery cases and 57 as maternity cases, and they made 691 deliveries, or an average of 86 cases per midwife.

An additional midwife was appointed at the end of the year.

The midwives paid 13,217 ante-natal and post-natal visits to their patients during the year.

## 2-Institutional Midwifery.

## (a) Townleys Hospital.

Three ante-natal clinics are held weekly. During the year 1,525 patients attended the clinic, 978 of which were Bolton cases.

The following particulars relate to the cases admitted during 1939 from Bolton and from the county areas served. Approximately 70 per cent. of the cases were from Bolton.

No. of beds used for maternity cases				77
No. of cases admitted				1,123
Average duration of stay in days				14
No. of cases notified as *Puerperal py *i.e., rise of temperature to 100 or recurrence within that period.	)·4°F. fo	r 24 h	ours,	22
No. of cases of pemphigus neonatorus	m			Nil
No. of infants not entirely breast fed	whilst in	hospit	al	124
.No. of cases of ophthalmia neonatoru	ım			Nil
No. of maternal deaths				15
No. of infant deaths				114
(a) Stillborn			70	
(b) Within 10 days of birth			44	
				3 11 32 37 17

## (b) HASLAM MATERNITY HOME.

The following table gives particulars of all cases admitted to the Home in 1939.

No. of beds in the Home						17
No. of cases admitted						384
Average duration of stay	in days					13.3
No. of cases delivered by	:-					
(a) Midwives						305
(b) Doctors						TANK MIN
No. of cases in which me	edical as	sistanc	e was	sought	by ·	
the midwife :						
(a) Ante-natal					24	
(b) During labour	54.25.75	4.37		in len	:23:.	8 :
(c) After labour	30.77.			27 655	27	
(d) For infant						

No. of cases notified as *Puerperal pyrexia		·	·· Ni	1 22
*i.e., rise of temperature to 100-4°F.	for 24	hours,		
or its recurrence within that period.		1274	7. 50	
No. of cases of pemphigus neonatorum			Ni	il
No. of infants not entirely breast fed whilst	in the	Home		9
No. of cases notified as ophthalmia neonato	rum		N	il
No. of maternal deaths			Ni	il
No. of infant deaths :			2	1.,
(a) Stillborn		14		
(b) Within 10 days of birth		. 7		
DENTAL TREATMENT FOR EXPECTANT MOTHER				
DENIAL TREATMENT FOR EXPECTANT MOTHER	5.	4.5		
During the year, 82 expectant mothers	made	464 a	ttenda	ances.
Twenty-nine mothers were provided with dent				
varies in accordance with the financial circumsta	nces of	the pa	tient.	
		-		
HEALTH VISITORS.				
		-		
The following table shows the work done	by the	health	visite	ors :-
VISITS BY HEALTH VISITO	ORS			
VISITS DI TIERETTI VISITO	ons.			
Primary birth enquiries				2,191
Visits to children, 1—5 years				4,624
Primary visits to expectant mothers				339
Revisits to infants under 1 year				4,724
Revisits to expectant mothers				237
Visits to puerperal pyrexia cases				24
Visits to ophthalmia cases				. 44
Stillbirth enquiries				119
Death enquiries made (under one year of a	ge)			149
" " " (maternal)				. 9
Visits to midwives' houses				118

48

787

13,413

Visits-Children Act

Total visits...

Miscellaneous visits

Assistance given to Expectant and Nursing Mothers and Children under 5 years of age.

175,752 quarts of new milk were given.

17,962 lbs. of dried milk were given.

1,016 lbs. of malt and oil or malt and iron were given.

## DAY NURSERY.

The following are the statistics for the year ended 31st December, 1939:—

Total number of attendances of children :-

Whole day under 3 years Whole day 3 years and over				 5,413 619
Total whole day				 6,032
Half day under 3 years Half day 3 years and over			::	 799 63
Total half day				 862
Average for year (whole day) ,, ,, (half day)				 25·1 15·0
No. of days open during the year	:			
Whole day Half day			::	 240 44
Actual No. of children who have	attend	ed		 49
Average No. of attendances per o	hild			 140-7

## MASSAGE AND ARTIFICIAL SUNLIGHT TREATMENT FOR INFANTS.

Treatment is provided for any debilitated and rickety children who are in attendance at the Child Welfare Centres. The treatments are given in the Massage and Light Clinic in the Public Health Department.

The number of massage cases treated in 1939 was 107, and these received a total of 2,127 treatments.

The number of light cases treated in 1939 was 108, and these received a total of 2,379 treatments.

#### WATER.

Bacteriological examination of the whole of the supply is made weekly, and a chemical examination monthly. The water being of an acid nature before treatment, a careful watch is kept on reaction and plumbo-solvency.

The quality of the water during 1939 has been excellent as a domestic supply.

From January 1st to June 30th the waters were examined as in previous years.

From July 1st to December 31st the method recommended by the Ministry of Health in Circular No. 71 (revised edition) was adopted.

#### CLOSET ACCOMMODATION.

The position of Bolton as regards closet accommodation at the close of 1920 and the close of 1939 is shown in the following table:—

	D	ec. 31st, 19	Dec. 31st, 1939			
Fresh-water closets		11,062			42,640	
Waste-water closets		15,219			12,692	
Pail closets		6,302			402	
Privy middens		10,540			581	

### SANITARY INSPECTION.

The nature and extent of the work done by the Sanitary Inspectors is shown in the following statement:—

#### INSPECTIONS.

Complaints Investigated:				
From Public			 	 422
From Factory Inspector			 	 14
Houses inspected			 	 1,105
" revisited			 	 3,887
Newly-infected houses .			 	 661
Schools			 	 13
Common lodging-houses .			 	 219
Houses let in lodgings .		"	 	 60
Factories with mechanical pe	ower		 	 171
Factories without mechanica	al powe	er	 	 161
Other premises under the Fa	ctorie	s Act	 	 2
Workplaces			 	 98
Bakehouses			 	 723

	ired, sto	red or sold		71 462 734 553 2,416 9,015 1,360 1,256 5,246
Informal notices served or letters w	vritten			1588
Verbal notices				953
7 1 1				173
Result of A	ction.			
DWELLINGS.				
Floors re-laid or repaired				747
TT7 11 1 11: 1 1				2,345
T				539
T				363
C				334
1				41
Windows repaired or made to open				991
A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH				1
II				223 345
17 1 1 1 1 1 1	: ::		::	28
				316
				-
DRAINAGE, CLOSETS, ASHPITS, ETC.				
Drains cleansed from obstruction .				175
Drains and intercepting chambers				28 898
Drains re-laid, repaired or trapped Drains disconnected from sewer				370
Yards drained, paved or repaired .				818
Additional W.C.'s provided				31
W.C.'s re-constructed or repaired .				305
New pedestals provided				1,134
Flushing cisterns provided or repair				1,130
Privies and pail closets converted .				1 100
Waste-water closets converted .				1,102 837
Ashpits abolished		30 30 11		1,372
Cesspools abolished		* ::		5
Coopean admined 11 11 1				

				-	
Various.					
Smoke nuisances abated					6
· Nuisances from animals abated					. 4
Offensive accumulations removed					50
Sheds, tents and vans removed					4
Cowsheds improved					6
Dairies improved					22
Improvements in factories, shops	and fo	od pren	nises		155
Miscellaneous					565
				-	
Total					15,296
DISINFECTIONS.					
Houses disinfected					780
Articles disinfected	200				3,313
Articles destroyed					223
meloles destroyed				•	220
PLACES UNDER INSPECTION.	+-				
Common lodging-houses					16
Houses let in lodgings					115
· Factories without mechanical pow	ver				246
Factories with mechanical power					736
Factory chimneys				•	259
Dalahannan					477
Outworkers' premises					8
Offensive trades					29
Slaughterhouses					32
Cowsheds					262
Milk-shops	and a				559
Public sanitary conveniences					29
Travelling vans					58
210.01118		1000			00

## Common Lodging-houses.

During the year, 5 lodging-houses were demolished under the Housing Act and another was closed voluntarily. The number of registered common lodging-houses in Bolton at the end of the year was 16.

The ward distribution of these, and the accommodation they afford is as follows:—

. Ward.		Houses.	Rooms.	Beds.
Exchange	 	 5	 31	 127
East	 	 8	 53	 359
Church	 	 2	 15	 145
West	 	 1	 17	 84

#### ACCOMMODATION FOR THE SEXES.

Description.	Houses.	Males.	Females.	Couples.
Males only	12	572	_	_
Females only	1	-	56	_
Males and Females	1	27	8	
Females and Couples	1	_	16	15
Males, Females and Couples	1	10	6	5
	-	-		-
	16	609	86	20

## OFFENSIVE TRADES.

Trade.			Added Area	West	Halliwell	Bradford	Derby	East	Church	North	Rumworth	Exchange	TOTAL
Blood boiler			,										1
Blood boiler			1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Bone boiler			1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		1
at extractor			1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
at melter			1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Fellmonger			2	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	6
Glue maker			-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1
Gut scraper			-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	2
Rag and bone de	aler			1	-	1	-	2	-	4	-	_	8
Size maker			_	1	-	1	_	1	-	_	_	-	1
Soap boiler			1	1	_	_	_	1	_	_	_	_	2
Tallow melter		3.24	-	i		_							ī
			1			2			10000				4
Tripe boiler			1	-	-	2	-	-	1	-	-	-	4
Total Offensive 7	rades		8	5	_	5	-	4	1	4	-	2	29

### FACTORIES.

In accordance with the provisions of Section 128 of the Factories Act, 1937, the Medical Officer of Health is required to make to the Secretary of State for the Home Office the following report which gives, in addition 10 other information, the total number of defects found and notices served.

INSPECTIONS

for purposes of provision as to health, including inspections made by Sanitary Inspectors.

actories without mechanical power	Inspec- tions	No. of Written Notices	Occupiers Prosecuted
	171 161	15 2	-
Other premises under the Act (in- cluding works of building and	101	-	
	2	-	-
TOTAL	334	17	-

## DEFECTS FOUND.

	Nu	mber of De	fects	Number of defects
Particulars,	Found	Remedied	Referred to H.M. Inspector	were instituted.
Want of cleanliness (S.1)	36	25	_	-
Overcrowding (S.2)	-	-	-	-
Unreasonable temperature (S.3)	-	-	-	-
Inadequate ventilation (S.4)	6	. 2	-	-
Ineffective drainage of floors (S.6)	1	-	-	-
Insufficient Unsuitable or	-	-	-	-
Sanitary defective  Conveniences Not separate for	14	10	-	- '.
(S.7) sexes  Other Offences (not including offences relating to Home Work or offences under the Sections mentioned in the Schedule to the Ministry of Health (Factories and	1	-	-	
Workshops Transfer of Powers) Order, 1921, and re-enacted in the Third Schedule to the F.A., 1937)	6	-	-	-
TOTAL	64	37*	-	-

<sup>\*</sup> The work required in connection with the 27 outstanding defects was well in hand at the close of the year.

There was no outwork found to be carried on in unwholesome premises during the year.

## ...... INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD.

## MILK.

## The Milk and Dairies Order, 1926.

The Pink and Danies Order, 1320.	
Cowkeepers on register, December, 1938	. 2
" on register, December, 1939	. 112
Cowsheds on register, December, 1938	. 267 . 3
" on register, December, 1939	. 262
Number of cows provided for in the cowsheds	. 3,095
Average number of cows kept during the year	2,799
Number of dairies and premises of milk purveyors	. 787
Milk (Special Designations) Orders, 1936 and 1938.  The following licences were granted under these Orders, 1939:—	ers during
Producer's licence to use the designation "Tuberculin Tested"	2
Supplementary licence to use the designation "Tuberculin Tested"	1
Dealer's licence to use the designation "Tuberculin Tested"	1
Producer's licence to use the designation "Accredited"	15
Supplementary licence to use the designation "Accredited"	3
Dealer's licence to use the designation "Pasteurised" (Licence in respect of a Pasteurising establishment.)	1
Supplementary licence to use the designation "Pasteurised"	. 1

### MEAT.

The following table shows the number of animals slaughtered and inspected at the public abattoirs and private slaughterhouses in the Borough, with the diseased conditions grouped under two heads:

(1) Carcases affected with disease other than tuberculosis; and (2) carcases found to be affected with tuberculosis only.

## Carcases Inspected and Condemned.

	Cattle excluding Cows	Cows	Calves	Sheep and Lambs	Pigs
Total number killed and inspected	6,350	4,680	1,150	57,000	11,850
All diseases except Tuberculosis Whole carcases condemned	-	14	8	26	12
Carcases of which some part or organ was con- demned	201	492	1	756	31
Percentage of the number inspected affected with disease other than tuberculosis	3-16	10-81	-78	1.37	•36
Tuberculosis only Whole carcases condemned	10	80	-	-	4
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned	92	835	2	-	297
Percentage of the number inspected affec- ted with tuberculosis	1.60	19.55	-17	-	2.54

### NOTIFIABLE INFECTIOUS DISEASES.

### PREVALENCE AND MORTALITY.

Below are shown the number of cases of notifiable diseases notified in Bolton in 1939 and the number of deaths resulting from each of these notifiable diseases.

NOTIFIABLE DISEASES (OTHER THAN TUBERCULOSIS) DURING THE YEAR 1939.

Disease.		Total Cases Notified.	Total Deaths.
Smallpox		_	 _
Scarlet Fever		494	 1
Diphtheria		160	 11
Enteric Fever (includin	g		
Paratyphoid)		2	 
*Pneumonia		189	 124
Puerperal Pyrexia		10	 3
Cerebro-spinal Fever		11	 6
Acute Poliomyelitis		2	 _
Acute Polio-encephalitis		_	 _
Encephalitis Lethargica		4	 4
Dysentery		5	 _
Ophthalmia Neonatorum		9	 -
Erysipelas		67	 1
Malaria		_	 _

The cases notified are Acute Primary and Acute Influenzal but the deaths include all forms of Pneumonia.

The following table gives detailed information regarding all cases of notifiable infectious diseases in Bolton during 1939.

NOTIFIABLE DISEASES DURING THE YEAR 1939.

\* The cases notified are acute primary and acute influenzal, but the deaths include all forms of Pneumonia.

## Deaths from Infectious Diseases.

The deaths in Bolton attributed to the various epidemic diseases are shown in the following table for the years 1930 to 1939.

## CAUSES OF DEATH FROM EPIDEMIC DISEASES.

		1930	1931	1932	1933	1934	1935	1936	1937	1938	1939
Smallpox		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Scarlet Fever		3	2	1	10	2	3	1	-	3	1
Diphtheria and Memb. Cro	up	3	2	3	6	11	5	4	23	22	11
Enteric and Continued Fev	er	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-
Measles		4	24	9	14	12	6	9	4	10	3
Whooping Cough		8	14	11	9	2	13	8	14	1	4
Diarrhœa and Enteritis und			17	12	17	10	9	8		3	14
2 years of age		27	17	12	17	10	9	0	4	3	14
Erysipelas		14	7	3	7	10	5	6	5	1	1
Puerperal Sepsis		6	3	3	5	1	7	1	2	4	3
Cerebro-spinal Fever		2	7	5	3	2	1	2	2	1	6
Encephalitis Lethargica		4	6	- 3	2	5	5	7	4	7	4
Influenza		42	110	46	165	27	55	35	104	24	42

## BOROUGH ISOLATION HOSPITAL-ADMISSIONS AND DISCHARGES.

	No		ents suffer wing Disc	ing from	the	
No. of Patients.	Scarlet Fever.	Diph- theria.	Pul- monary Tuber- culosis.	Other Tuber- culous Diseases.	Other Diseases.	Total
Remaining, Dec. 31st, 1938	24	45		_	3	72
Admitted in 1939	365	152	30	1	57	605
Total No. treated, 1939	389	197	30	1	60	677
Discharged in 1939	364	166	13	-	55	598
Died in 1939	1	12	3	. 1	5	22
Remaining, Dec. 31st, 1939	24	19	14		-	57

## DEATHS FROM CANCER, 1939.

The following table shows the age and sex distribution of all persons who were certified as having died of cancer in Bolton in 1939. The table shows also the localization of the disease.

											A	AG	E								
Lesion		Se	F.	0 to	5 to 10	10 to 15	15 to 20	20 to 25	25 to 30	30 to 35	35 to 40	40 to 45	45 to 50	50 to 55	55 to 60	60 to 65	65 to 70	70 to 75	75 to 80	80 to 85	85 and
BUCCAL CAVITY	-	-	-							-		_	-	-	2		-		-		- C
Jaw		-			-	-	-			-				-							-
		3		_	-	-		-	-	_	-			-		1	2		-		
Tongue		F	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1		-	-	-	•	-	-
		2	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-
Tonsil		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1		1	H	-
Other Sites		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			5		1	-	-
TOTAL BUCCAL	CAVITY	H	-	-	-	-	-	-		-						-		-	-	-	-
		-	-	-		-		-		-	-	-		1	-			-	-	-	-
Gall Bladder		-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-		-		-	-	-
		10	-	-			-	-	-	-	-	-						1		-	-
Intestines		18	-			-	-		-				2	_	3	_		2		1	-
		-	17	-	-		-		-	1	1		-						_		-
Liver		-			-	-		-	-	-		-		_		-	1		-	2	-
		-	-		-	-				-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-		-
Œsophagus		. 4			-	-	-	-				-	-	-	-	-	1		-	1	-
		-	2	-	-					-					-		2	• • •	• • •		-
Omentum		. -	-		-					-	-		-		-		-			-	-
		1:	1		-		-					-	-					1			-
Pancreas		. 3	-		-											3	-				-
		-	2	-		-									-	2		• • •			-
Rectum		. 14	-	-	-			-				-	2	-		2	-	4	2		-
		-	4		-	-			-		1	-	1	-		1	-				
Stomach		44									1	-	-	7	-	-	11			-	-
		-	28		-					1	-	_	_	1	_		5	_	_	1	-
TOTAL DIGESTIVE	-										1	5	8	10	7	14	21	13	10	+	

## DEATHS FROM CANCER, 1939. -continued.

Age and Sex Distribution, and Localization of Disease.

					_		_				AG	_						-		
	Se	ex	0	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50	55	60	65	70	75	80	and
Lesion	M.	F.	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50	55	60	65	70	75	80	85	85 a
RESPIRATORY ORGANS																				
Larynx	4	••							• •				1		1	1	• •	1		
			-			-		-					-				-			
Lungs	10	1								-	-	-	-	-	-	2			-	• •
	14		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	 	-	-	-	-	3	-		-	
TOTAL RESPIRATORY ORGANS		1	-							-		-	-	-	-	-				
FEMALE GENITAL ORGANS			-	-				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Uterus		19				-	1			. 1	-	-	-	-	-	3				
Ovary		9									2		3		2	1		1	• •	
Other Sites		3	-		-						-				1	-	1	1		
ORGANS		31					1			1	4	1	4	2	7	4	5	2		
Breast																				
DREASI		28								2	3	1	2	8	5	3	2	1	1	
MALE GENITO-URINARY ORGANS Bladder	5													-		3	,			
	-		-	-	-	1.		-	1.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Kidney	-		-		-	1.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-		-	-	
Prostate			-	-	-	1.	-	1:	1:	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	-	1	
Scrotum	1		-	1	Ŀ	-	1	-	1			-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	
Total Male Genito-urinary Organs	14						1						1	1		4	3	3	1	
C	2		1										1				1			
SKIN		3														1	1		1	
OTHER OR UNSPECIFIED ORGANS	2							1	1.	-				1	-		1			
ORGANS		8						. 1	1	1					4	1 2				
TOTAL MALES	138	1	-				1	1	1		1 :	5 10	13	3 13	3 20	33	3 20	1:	6	
TOTAL FEMALES		133	-	1.				1	1 3	3 8	8 8	3 6	5 9	20	2	5 21	16	12	2 3	
TOTAL BOTH SEXES .	27	71	1					2 :	2	3	91.	3 10	5 2	2 33	3 4.	5 5-	36	27	7 9	

### TUBERCULOSIS.

The total number of new cases notified in 1939 was 139 as compared with 132 in 1938. Eighty-four of the new cases were pulmonary tuberculosis and 55 were non-pulmonary tuberculosis.

Age and sex distribution of cases of tuberculosis notified in Bolton in 1939.

in 1939.	PUL	MONA	RY T	UBE	RCUL	osis	Noti	FICAT	IONS			
Ages	0 to 1	1 to 5	5 to 10	10 to 15	15 to 20	20 to 25	25 to 35	35 to 45	45 to 55	55 to 65	65 and upwards	TOTAL
Males Females	-	-	1 -	3	6 8	4 9	11 8	8 8	7 2	5 3	1 -	43 41
N	ON-P	ULMO	NARY	Tu	BERC	ULOSI	s No	OTIFIC	CATIO	NS.		
Ages	0 to	1 to 5	5 to 10	10 to 15	15 to 20	20 to 25	25 to 35	35 to 45	45 to 55	55 to 65	65 and upwards	TOTAL.
Males	-	5	7	8	1	2	3	1	-	-	-	27

#### DEATHS FROM TUBERCULOSIS.

28

One hundred and two Bolton residents were certified as having died of tuberculosis during 1939. This compares with 92 in 1938.

Forty-nine of these deaths took place in institutions.

Females

The age and sex distribution of those who died from tuberculosis are given in these tables:—

	P	ULMON	ARY TU	BERG	ULOS	is D	EATH				
Sex.		Total	Under	5 to 10	10 to 15	15 to 20	20 to 35	35 to 45	45 to 55	55 to 65	65 and upw'rds
Males Females		54 30	1 -	1 -	-	7 6	16 11	7 7	11 3	10 1	1 2
Total		84	1	1	-	13	27	14	14	11	3

### Non-Pulmonary Tuberculosis Deaths.

						AGES				
Sex.	Total	Under 5	5 to 10	10 to 15	15 to 20	20 to 35	35 to 45	45 to 55	55 to 65	65 and upw'rds
Males Females	 4 14	2 3	- 1	- 1	1 2	- 2	- 2	1 -	-3	-
Total	 18	5	1	1	3	2	2	1	3	-

In 25 cases the disease had not been notified during life. 15 of these cases died in institutions, and the diagnosis was made after death.

The death-rate from tuberculosis of all forms during 1939 in certain Lancashire County Boroughs was as follows:—

Bury	 	.44	Preston	 	.78
Blackburn	 	.50	Warrington	 	-78
Rochdale	 	.53	Burnley	 	.79
BOLTON	 	-61	Wigan	 	-85
St. Helens	 	-65	Manchester	 	-95
Oldham	 	-71	Salford	 	1.13

#### TUBERCULOSIS DISPENSARY.

The dispensary is open every week-day (except Saturday) from 9 a.m. to 12 noon and on Monday and Friday from 2 p.m. to 5 p.m. The work done at the dispensary is shown by the following figures:—

			O	-0	
Total attendances					2,715
Total number of patients sent f					359
The results of these consultation					
Number found to have pulmo					81
Number found to have non-pu					33
Number of cases kept under ol					00
pulmonary tuberculosis					3
					3
Number of cases kept under ol					
non-pulmonary tubercule					1
Number in whom no eviden				was	
found ·					241
Visits by tuberculosis nurse					1,297
Number of specimens of sputum	n exar	nined			280
Total number of cases on the	dispe	nsary re	egister	r:	
D.1 1 1 .			-		320
Non-pulmonary tuberculosis					154
Parameter Commence					101
		Total			474
		Total			4/4

X-ray examinations made in					991
pensary work					331
Total number of cases on the r	otifica	ation r	egiste	r:	
					347
Non-pulmonary tuberculosis					177
		Total			524

## TREATMENT OF TUBERCULOSIS.

Two hundred and ninety-seven persons applied for treatment in 1939. Two hundred and twenty-eight of these were cases of pulmonary tuberculosis and 69 of non-pulmonary tuberculosis. Three cases were admitted to hospital for observation.

The treatment given was as follows :-

Residential treatment	 	 123
Domiciliary treatment	 	 130
Out-patient treatment		 41

No patient requiring residential treatment was refused such treatment.

The following table summarizes the residential treatment given during 1939.

ACCOMMODATION PROVIDED BY LOCAL AUTHORITY WITH NUMBER OF PERSONS ADMITTED FOR TREATMENT DURING THE YEAR 1939.

Institution.	Beds	Admitte	ed during	the year	Under Treat- ment 31st Dec.
		Total	Insured	Uninsu'd	
Wilkinson Sanatorium	30	60	56	4	27
Borough Hospital	24	29	18	11	14
*Heswall	6	1	-	1	1
*Bolton Royal Infirmary	-	13	2	11	2
*Robert Jones and Agnes Hunt Orthopædic Hospital, Oswestry	_	6	4	2	3
*Manchester Royal Infirmary		3	3	-	
*Liverpool Sanatorium, Delamere Forest	_	1	1	-	_
*Derwen Cripples Training College, Oswestry	_	_		-	1
*Liverpool Open-Air Hospital, Lea- sowe	-	-	-	-	2
*Children's Orthopædic Hospital, Marple		4.	-	4	3
*Blencathra Sanatorium, Threlkeld	-	3	3	-	2
*Withington Hospital, Manchester	-	2	2	-	-
*Peel Hall Hospital, Little Hulton	-	1	1	-	1

<sup>\*</sup> Paid for per user.

## Ultra-Violet Ray Treatment.

During the year, 38 cases were referred to the ultra-violet ray department, the majority of these cases being of gland tuberculosis. 25 were given ultra-violet ray treatment, 8 Kromayer, 4 Kromayer and ultra-violet ray, and 1 radiant heat.

#### Artificial Pneumothorax.

The number of attendances for this form of treatment has again increased this year. Twenty-four patients attended the dispensary at intervals varying from two to four weeks. In addition to two afternoon sessions for this work, it has been found necessary to hold an evening session once in three weeks so that the patients who are working may continue to receive the treatment. Only a small percentage of patients are suitable for the treatment, as it depends on the resting of the diseased lung by collapsing it, and is therefore only applicable to patients with the other lung healthy, but the results again encourage its use wherever possible.

#### Examination of Contacts.

During the year, 80 contacts were examined at the dispensary or in the home; of these, 4 proved to be tuberculous. It is felt that by an extension of this work the aim and duty of the dispensary will be more fully discharged.

### ASSISTANCE GIVEN TO NECESSITOUS TUBERCULOUS PATIENTS.

1.	Total number of patients assiste	ed	151
2.	Average time receiving assistance	ce	7 months
3.	Amount of milk given		30,849 pints
4.	Malt and oil given		230 lbs.

#### VENEREAL DISEASES.

The tables on pages 35 and 36 show the work carried out at the Bolton Treatment Centre.

RETURN RELATING TO ALL PERSONS WHO WERE TREATED AT THE TREATMENT CENTRE AT BOLTON PUBLIC HEALTH OFFICES DURING THE YEAR ENDED THE 31ST DECEMBER, 1939.

_		Syph	ilis	Soft	Chancre	Gond		Nor venere undiagr condit	al or	,	гота	LS
		M.	F.		_	M.	F.	M .	F.	M.	F.	Totals
1.	Number of cases on 1st January under treatment or observation	132	148			232	58	21	13	385	219	604
2.	Number of cases removed from the register during any previous year which returned during the year under report for treatment or observation of the		6			14	3			21	9	30
	Number of cases dealt with for the first time during					14	3			21	9	30
3.	the year under report (exclusive of cases under Item 4) suffering from :—											
	,, secondary		2					::		-	11 2	7
	,, all later stages	12		5						12	8 5	20
	Soft Chancre					149	36	::			36	185
	Non-venereal conditions					1	1	127	114	127	1114	241
4.	Number of cases dealt with for the first time during the year under report known to have received treatment for the same infection, or to have been under observation, at other Centres			1		12				15	_1	16
	Totals of Items 1, 2, 3 and 4	173	18	1		408	98	148	127	729	406	1135
5.	Number of cases discharged after completion of treatment and final tests of cure or after diagnosis as non-venereal	f s . 13		3		. 77	12	122	112	212	127	339
6.	Number of cases which ceased to attend before com- pletion of treatment and were, on first attendance suffering from:—											
	Syphilis, primary	- 2	2	6.				::	::	2 1	6	10 8 2
		. 15	1	0 .							10	25
	Soft Chancre		:			115	13			115		128
7.	Number of cases which ceased to attend after com- pletion of treatment but before final tests of cure .			8.		. 18				27	8	35
8.	Number of cases transferred to other Centres or to institutions, or to care of private practitioners.		5	4.		. 16	5	1		23	9	32
9.	Number of cases remaining under treatment of observation on 31st December	1113	14	1.		. 181	68	25	13	321	224	545
(Th	Totals of Items 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9	17:	3 18	1.	-	. 408	98	148	127	729	406	1135

	nded D	Syp	hilis	Soft	Gono	rrhœa	venero undiag condi	nosed	1	OTALS	
Number of attendances :-		M.	F.	MF	. M.	F.	М.	F.	М.	F.	Tot
(a) for individual attention of the medica (b) for intermediate treatment, e.g., in dressing							449 240		6111 2322		
Total Attendances	:: 10	2597	2705		5147	2314	689	426	8433	5445	138
In-patients:—  (a) Total number of persons admitted f ment during the year	for treat-	na ft									
(b) Aggregate number of "in-patient d treatment given	lays" of	Un			nder		under		years		
(b) Aggregate number of "in-patient d	lays" of	Un 1 y	ear	5 ye	ars	15	years	15 and	years d over	тот	-
(b) Aggregate number of "in-patient d treatment given		Un 1 y M.			ars			15	years d over		FAL
(b) Aggregate number of "in-patient d	n Item 3	Un 1 y M.	ear	5 ye	ars	15	years	15 and	years d over	тот	Table 1
(b) Aggregate number of "in-patient d treatment given	n Item 3	Un 1 y M.	F.	5 ye	F.	15 M.	F.	15 and M.	years d over F.	 M.	F 5
(b) Aggregate number of "in-patient d treatment given  Number of cases of congenital syphilis in	n Item 3	Un 1 y M.	F. Micr	5 ye	F.	15 M.	years F.	M. Ot	years d over	TOT M.	F 5

## STATEMENT SHOWING THE SERVICES RENDERED AT THE TREATMENT CENTRE DURING THE YEAR, CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO THE AREAS IN WHICH THE PATIENTS RESIDED.

Name of County or County Borough (or Country in the case of persons residing elsewhere than in England and Wales)		Lancs. C.C.	Manches- ter	Salford	Durham	Blackburn	Wigan	Bury	Stretford	Total
Number of cases from each area included under the following headings in Item 3:—  Syphilis	36 120 172	60		2	 i		  1	1 4 1	  i	5 18 24
TOTAL	328	142	4	2	1		1	6	1	48
Total number of attendances of all patients residing in each area	9372	4337	73	4	1	2	4	82	3	1387

## Annual Report of the Public Analyst and Bacteriologics for the year ended December 21st, 1939.

MILK.

Total examined Genuine Adulterated 242 231 11

All the samples were examined for preservatives and colouring matter. In no case was any found.

The satisfactory quality has been maintained, the average being (exclusive of skimmed milk) for the year :—

Milk fat Non-fatty solids Water 3.73% 8.76% 87.51%

Minimum limits: Milk fat, 3.00%; Non-fatty solids, 8.50%.

## BACTERIOLOGICAL EXAMINATIONS.

## (Public Health Department.)

	Total.	Positive.	Negative.	Doubtful.
Tuberculosis	 278	26	252	0
Diphtheria	 812	92	711	9
Fever B. Typhosus	 1	0	1	0
Paratyphoid A	 1	0	1	0
Paratyphoid B	 1	0	1	0

## BACTERIOLOGICAL EXAMINATION OF MILK.

## PASTEURIZED MILK.

No. of samples examined	 	 	 12
Average agar count per 1 ml.	 	 	 9,861

## TUBERCULIN TESTED MILK.

No. of samples examined	 	24
No. of samples which satisfied methylene blue test	 	24
No. of samples containing B. coli in 1/100th ml	 	0

## ACCREDITED MILK.

No. of samples examined	 	175
No. of samples which satisfied methylene blue test	 	172
No of samples containing B coli in 1/100th ml		6

The three samples which did not satisfy the methylene blue test decolourised the methylene blue in  $5\frac{1}{2}$ ,  $5\frac{1}{2}$ , 5 hours respectively and were all from the same source.

## MISCELLANEOUS EXAMINATIONS.

- 5 Urines.
- 12 Waters.
  - 6 Swabs for Anthrax (Cattle)
  - 1 Coal.
- 41 Bath Waters.
- 36 Milks for Townleys Hospital

#### EXAMINATIONS FOR

## WATERWORKS COMMITTEE.

Routine water examinations	 	746
Weed killer	 	1
Bituminous pipe lining	 	1
Lime	 	2

## PUBLIC ASSISTANCE COMMITTEE.

- 14 Milks.
- 2 Margarines.

The average composition of the above milks was :-

Milk Fat	 	 3.49%
Non-fatty Solids	 	 8.75%
Water	 	 87.76%

The margarines satisfied the Committee's requirements.

## ROYAL INFIRMARY.

65 Milks for chemical and bacteriological examination.

## STREETS COMMITTEE.

10 Paints.

## TURTON URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL.

15 Waters for chemical and bacteriological examination.

Meteorological Summary, 1939

(Compiled at Queen's Park Observatory by E. HENDY, F.R.Met.S).

	14.114	Mean	Mean of Maximum and	A"	bsolute of Temp	Absolute extremes of Temperature			Sunshine		Total
1939	Barometer "	Relative Humidity %	Minimum Tempera- ture	Highest	Date	Lowest	Date	Total Amount hours	Total Maximum Amount in one day hours	Date	Rainfall
nuary	29.611	87.7	38.54	52.9	.00	21.3	9	28.4	10.50	24	6.061
February	30.004	88.1	40.54	55.0	11	21:4	3	45.1	7.3	19	4.998
March	30.025	78.2	41.50	57.0	£ [	30.1	13	151.5	7.9	12	2.308
v	30.110	20.07	51.28	74.0	31	35.9	2	176.4	14.3	30	1.331
ne ···	30.068	9.+9	56.18	0.98	9	38.3	12	221.1	15.2	3	3.434
, v	29.813	78.3	57.44	73.0	+	43.5	25	113.0	12.4	1	6.640
gust	30.053	77.5	59.92	76.2	18,19	43.9	14	143.7	11.3	16	1.938
otember .	30.169	77.7	56.37	9.92	œ	37.8	28	6.86	9.3	27	1.418
October	29.926	81.5	45.81	0.19	2	29.5	26	97.1	8.2	20	2.540
November	29.805	87.9	42.64	57.2	14	32.4	24	32.9	9.9	24	806.9
December	29.972	84.9	38.54	55.6	1	20.0	30		0.9	9	3.938
otals	359.495	946.2	578.22					1194.2			44.405
Averages	29.958	78.9	48.19					99.5			3.700

Rainfall. Average 1887-1939 = 42.471"

County

Borough



of Bolton.

## ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

Medical Officer of Health

FOR

1940.

BOLTON:

HOPKINS & SONS, CENTRAL STREET,