[Report 1956] / Medical Officer of Health, Bishop's Stortford U.D.C.

Contributors

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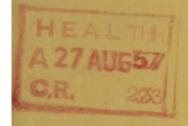
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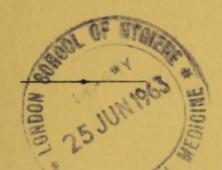


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ANNUAL REPORT

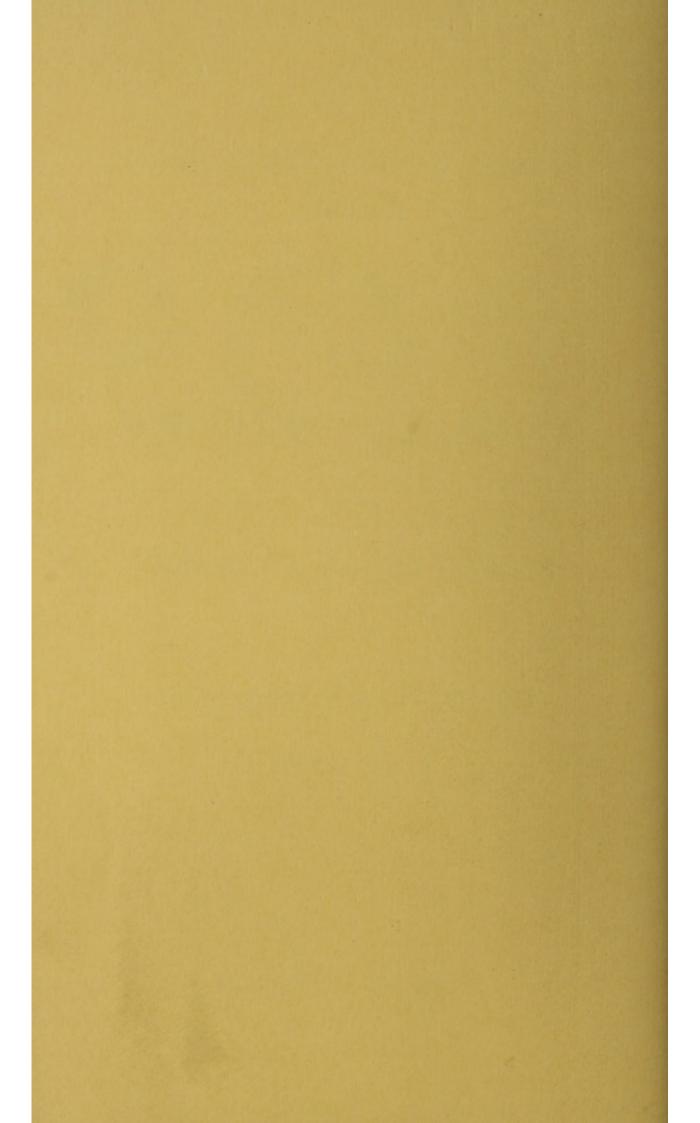
of the

Medical Officer of Health

and the

Public Health Inspector

for the Year 1956



Bishop's Stortford Arban District Conneil

ANNUAL REPORT

of the

Medical Officer of Health

and the

Public Health Inspector

for the Year 1956

Members of the Council, 1956-1957

Chairman:

Councillor G. HURST-GREAVES, J.P.

Vice-Chairman:

Councillor E. BARRETT

Councillor J. E. BARRY

- .. Mrs. I. N. BIRD
- ,, R. P. GAMMIE, M.D.

 (Chairman of the Public Health Committee)
- , J. E. HAMPTON
- .. P. G. KING
- ., D. G. LACY
- ., R. MERRILL
- " L. Scutts
- ., T. SHARROCK
- " Mrs. E. M. SMITH, J.P.
- ,, R. W. STANFORD, M.A., A.INST.P.
- " R. M. STEWART
- " R. J. VENN, T.D.
- ,, P. L. T. WALKER, B.A.
- ,, H. J. WALTERS
 (Chairman of Housing and Open Spaces
 Committee)
- ,, T. G. WOOLLEY
 (Chairman of Finance and General Purposes
 Committee)

Public Health Department

EIRWEN M. JONES, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H., Medical Officer of Health

A. L. Good, F.A.P.H.I., M.R.S.H., A.M.I.P.H.E., A.I.Hsg.,

Chief Public Health Inspector

Inspector of Meat and Other Foods

F. W. P. HARMSWORTH, M.A.P.H.I., A.R.S.H.,

Additional Public Health Inspector
Inspector of Meat and Other Foods
(until 27.10.56)

Miss J. RODGERS

Clerk/Shorthand Typist

A. TURNER

Rodent Operator

Bishop's Stortford Urban District Council

Public Health Department, The Council House, Bishop's Stortford,

June, 1957

To the Chairman and Members, Bishop's Stortford Urban District Council

Mr. CHAIRMAN, LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,

We have the honour to submit the following Report for the year 1956, on the health of the Bishop's Stortford Urban District which has been drawn up on the lines indicated in the Circular issued by the Ministry of Health.

The Registrar General's estimated mid-year population of 14,550 shows an increase of 750 over last year.

The birth rate is again higher than the previous year and the death rate is again lower. The infantile mortality rate shows a welcome marked decline, there being only three deaths of infants under one year of age. Moreover, the infantile death rate represents the fourth lowest recorded figure for sixty years.

This year the vital statistics have been depicted by graphical representation and those for Bishop's Stortford have been compared with England and Wales as a whole for the 20-year period 1937 to 1956. The steady decline in infantile mortality rates for England and Wales (apart from an accountable rise in 1940 and 1941) is very striking indeed.

Three cases of paralytic poliomyelitis were notified during the year.

Immediately following one of the above cases, notified towards the end of October, an outbreak of suspected poliomyelitis occurred, twenty-two cases being reported. Laboratory investigations subsequently carried out however, found that the disease was not poliomyelitis and, for want of a better term, the illness was regarded as acute meningitis of undetermined origin.

It was unfortunate that this mysterious illness should have occurred at a time when the Department was without the services

of an additional Public Health Inspector, Mr. Harmsworth having left to take up a post with the Dunstable Borough Council. Nevertheless, adequate control measures were maintained throughout the period of the outbreak.

Food poisoning was not much in evidence during 1956, only one case being notified.

1956 must surely rank as a year of very good health for Bishop's Stortford and we feel that this is due in no small way to the provision of a pure and abundant water supply, a clean and safe milk supply and clean, fresh air.

Our thanks are due to the Chairman and Members of the Council for their support and guidance during the year.

We are.

Your obedient Servants,

EIRWEN M. JONES

Medical Officer of Health

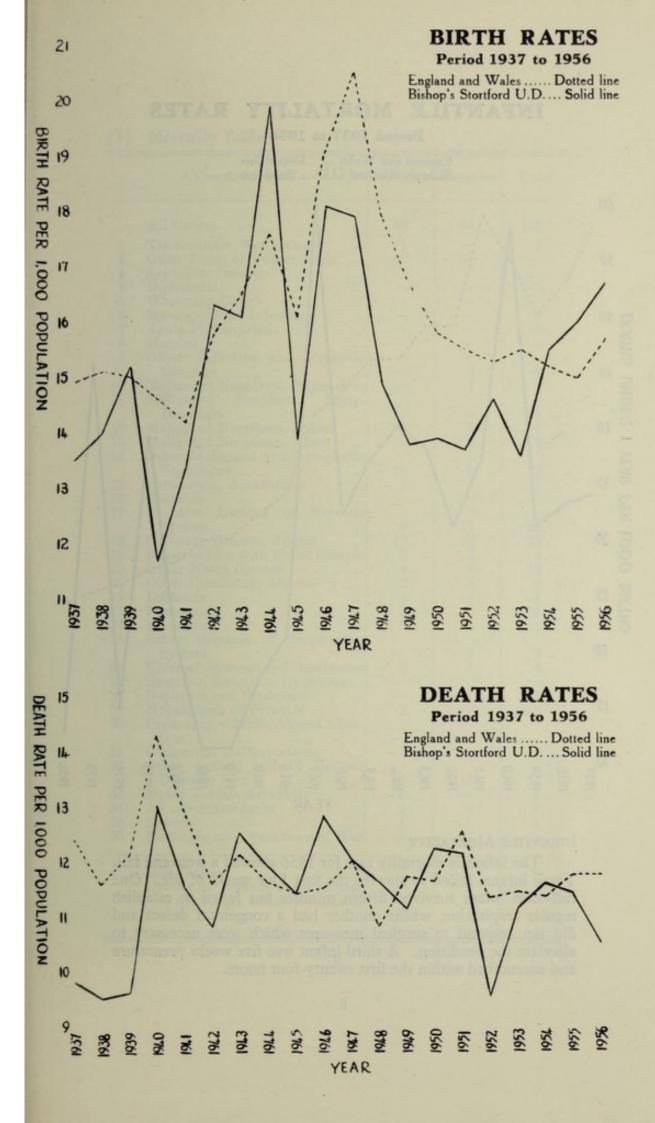
A. L. GOOD,

Chief Public Health Inspector

SECTION A

Statistics

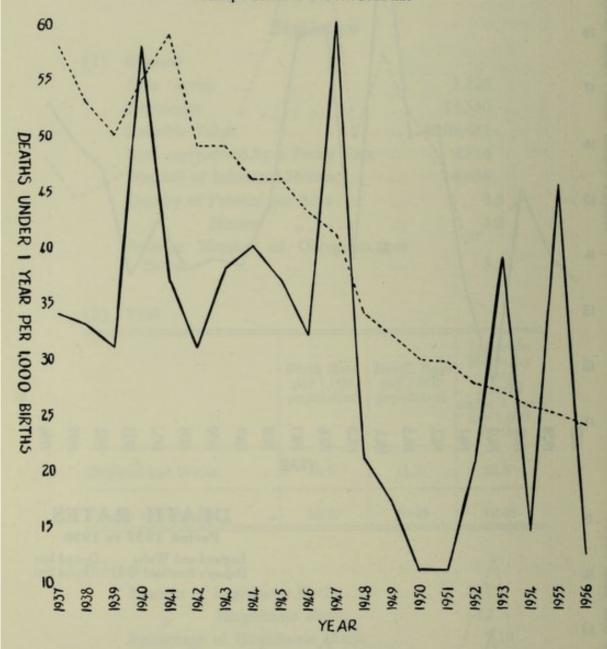
(1)	General			
	Area (acres)			3,826
	Population		1	4,550
	Rateable Value		£20	9,681
	Sum represented by	a Penny Rat	te	£836
	Number of Inhabited	Houses		4,658
	Density of Persons p	er Acre	manggun visa	3.8
	" Houses	,,	37	1.2
(2)	Average Number of House	f Occupant	s per	3.12
-	Capital Station of the Control of th	Birth Rate per 1,000 population	Death Rate per 1,000 population	Infantile Mortality Rate Deaths under 1 yea per 1,000 Births
Engl	land and Wales	15.7	11.7	23.8
Bish	op's Stortford	16.70	10.45	12.35
BIRT	rhs	in lateral	to service	Said Barbar
	Number of Legitimat	e Births		231
	" Illegitima	ate Births		12
	Percentage of Illegiti	mate Births		5.19
	Total Number of Bir	ths Males	133	
		Female	s 110	243
DEA				
	Total Number of Dea	aths		152



INFANTILE MORTALITY RATES

Period 1937 to 1956

England and Wales Dotted line Bishop's Stortford U.D... Solid line



INFANTILE MORTALITY

The infantile mortality rate for 1956 showed a welcome fall. Three infants failed to survive the first four weeks of life. One full-term infant survived fifteen minutes but failed to establish regular respiration, whilst another had a congenital defect and did not respond to surgical measures which were necessary to alleviate the condition. A third infant was five weeks premature and succumbed within the first twenty-four hours.

(3) Mortality Table

	Causes of Death	Males	Females	Total
	All Causes	68	84	152
1	Tuberculosis, Respiratory	1		1
	Other forms of Tuberculosis	-	-	
2 3 4 5 6 7	Syphilitic Disease	-	-	
4	Diphtheria Whooping Cough	-	-	-
5	Whooping Cough		-	-
6	Meningococcal Infections	-	-	
6	Acute Poliomyelitis			-
8 9	Measles Other Infective and Parasitic			_
9	Diseases	-	2	2
10	Malignant Neoplasm, Stomach	_	ī	ĩ
11	Malignant Neoplasm, Lung.			
	Malignant Neoplasm, Lung, Bronchus Malignant Neoplasm, Breast	5	-	5
12	Malignant Neoplasm, Breast	-	1	1
13	Malignant Neoplasm, Uterus	-	2	2
14	Other Malignant and Lymphatic			
	Neoplasms Leukaemia, Aleukaemia	10	9	19
15 16	Dishetes	1	_	1
17	Diabetes Vascular Lesions of Nervous			
1.	System	8	17	25
18	System Coronary Disease, Angina	13	10	23
19	nypertension with neart Disease			4
20	Other Heart Disease	4	2 8 6	12
21	Other Heart Disease Other Circulatory Disease	2 4 2 1	6	8
22	Influenza		-	1
23	Pneumonia	2	3	5
24	Bronchitis	3	5	. 8
25	Other Diseases of Respiratory	72.5	9	9
26	System Ulcer of Stomach and Duodenum	2	2	3
27	Gastritis, Enteritis, Diarrhoea			
28	Nephritis and Nephrosis	_	1	1
29	Nephritis and Nephrosis Hyperplasia of Prostate	2	_	2
30	Pregnancy, Childbirth and Abor-			
	tion	-	-	-
31	Congenital Malformations	1	-	1
32	Other defined and ill defined	c	10	10
33	Diseases Motor Vehicle Accidents	6	10	16 1
34	All other Accidents	3	4	7
35	Suicide	1		i
36	Homicide and Operations of War	-	-	
	Still Births	2	_	2
	Deaths of Infants under 1 year			
	of age (ALL under 4 weeks of			
	age)	2	1	3

SECTION B

Prevalence of and Control over Infectious and other Diseases

(1) Notifiable Diseases

Notifications of the following infectious diseases were received during the year:

		All Ages	Under 1 year	1 - 2	3 - 4	6 - 9	10 - 14	15 - 24	25 - 60	Over Sixty
Dysentery		2	_	_				_	2	
Encephalitis	 	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
Erysipelas	 	1	-	-	-	-	-			1
Food Poisoning	 	1	-		-	1	-			-
Infectious Hepatitis	 	13	-	-	-	1	5	2	4	1
Measles	 	20	-	4	7	8	-	-	1	-
Ophthalmia Neonatorum	 	2	2	-	-	-	-		-	-
Pneumonia	 	5 3	-	2	-	-	1	-	2	-
Poliomyelitis	 	3	-	2	1	-	-	-		2
Puerperal Pyrexia	 	6	-	-	-	-	-	2	4	-
Scarlet Fever	 	4	_	-	1	3	-	-	-	-
Tuberculosis	 	5	-	-	_	-	-	-	4	1
Whooping Cough	 	54	4	7	18	23	1	-	1	-

Disease	е	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
Encephalitis Erysipelas Food Poisoning Infectious Heps Measles Ophthalmia Pneumonia	eonatorum	1 - - 1 - 1 3 - 1 - 1	1 - - 3 - - - - 1	_ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _		- - 2 3 - - 1 - -	 1 1 1 2 1		- - 1 3 - 1 - 1 1 12				- 1 - 9 - 1 1 - 8

The past year was once again free of serious infectious disease. During the year thirteen notifications of infectious hepatitis were received and, of the cases which occurred from February to April, four were from one class in a local school. These were undoubtedly contacts of a boy who lived outside the district and who had developed jaundice late in January. Special measures were taken to isolate the particular class as far as this was practicable within the school routine. General Practitioners were alerted and it was gratifying that the number of cases remained small and were limited to the one class only. The remaining notifications were of isolated cases.

Whooping cough was prevalent during the latter half of the year and the number of notifications received showed an increase of twenty-nine over 1955. Replies to enquiries concerning immunisation and the severity of the illness were obtained from fifty-one parents. Three parents failed to supply the information requested. The questionnaire revealed that forty children had never been immunised. Six of the eleven children that had received innoculations were immunised three or more years prior to the onset of the illness and consequently they were probably no longer effectively protected. Severe symptoms were present in one of the children from the group regarded as effectively innoculated compared with seven children from the group which had not been innoculated.

(2) Tuberculosis

	MA	LES	FEM	IALES
	Pul.	NonP.	Pul.	NonP.
Cases on Register at 31.12.55 Number of cases notified during	31	4	28	9
year	-	2	3	10 70)
year	-	-	-	-
year Inward transfer	3	-	5	
Cases removed	-	1	1	-
Cases on Register at 31.12.56	34	5	35	9

(3) Food Poisoning

A single case of salmonella typhi-murium was notified during the year in a residential establishment but it is probable that infection occurred outside the district.

(4) Poliomyelitis

Three children, all under five years of age, developed para-

lytic poliomyelitis during the year. A single notification in August could not be associated with any other known source of illness. A notification received in October heralded the onset of a minor epidemic of suspected poliomyelitis. Fortunately, however, it was proved to be not poliomyelitis and, apart from a single notification in December no further cases arose.

(5) Suspected Poliomyelitis Epidemic

Following a notification of a case of poliomyelitis which was received in October twenty-two notifications of suspected poliomyelitis were received in rapid succession over a period of six weeks. Seven of these cases were in point of fact notified as encephalitis. The symptoms in the early stages closely resembled those of anterior poliomyelitis and admission to hospital was considered advisable. The outbreak was limited to one main area of the town and the usual control measures applicable in cases of poliomyelitis were carried out. There is little doubt that these precautions helped to limit the outbreak. The final diagnosis was acute meningitis of undetermined origin.

Improved virus culture facilities in all laboratories will, in the future, enable viruses to be identified which up to date have only been cultured in very special media in specially equipped laboratories.

Further cases developed in another neighbourhood of the town but in the main were sporadic, and as the clinical entity came to be recognised and notification was not a statutory obligation, the full extent of the illness was not known. During the outbreak a close liaison existed between the practitioners and the Health Department and this helpful co-operation contributed in no small degree to the success of the epidemiological control.

(6) Prophylactic Measures

DIPHTHERIA, WHOOPING COUGH AND TETANUS IMMUNISATIONS

This work remained the responsibility of the County Council. The combined triple vaccine was available throughout the year at the Welfare Centre and practitioners had commenced to use the triple antigen by the end of the year.

POLIOMYELITIS IMMUNISATION

The poliomyelitis vaccine was available for selected groups from the registered applications made to the County Health Authority. The selected groups were children born during March in the years 1951 to 1954 and children born during November in the years 1947 to 1954. Children born during

August in the years 1947 to 1954 were placed in the selected reserve group. Approximately 100 children were immunised during the year but some of these were, for administrative convenience, drawn from outside the town.

(7) Refuse

Refuse is disposed of by tipping on land adjoining the Castle grounds. Rodent and insect pest control treatments are provided and maintained by the Public Health Department in collaboration with the Surveyor's Department.

(8) Drainage and Sewerage

The complex and difficult problems of sewerage and sewage disposal have received very careful and detailed consideration by the Council. Important decisions, far reaching in their financial implications, have and are about to be made in order to achieve a completely satisfactory solution at the smallest possible cost.

The relaying of the sewer in South Street has been dealt with as a matter of some urgency and it is hoped that a start on this complicated engineering task will be made during 1957.

Sewage effluent samples taken during the year were reported to be satisfactory and in accordance with the required standard.

The whole of the Urban District is sewered with the exception of Thorley village and a few isolated properties on the outskirts of the town, where cesspools or septic tank installations are used.

(9) Water Supply

The Bishop's Stortford Urban District Council's own water undertaking is responsible for the greater part of the water supplied within the district.

The properties listed below receive a supply of water from

other sources as indicated.

Eleven samples of water were submitted to the Cambridge Public Health Laboratory for examination. Ten samples were reported upon as satisfactory and one sample was found to be

unsatisfactory and unfit for drinking purposes.

The unsatisfactory sample was taken from a house in Thorley village, the source of supply being a shallow well. The occupier was immediately advised to boil all water used for domestic purposes and the owner was requested to provide a supply direct from the Council's main. The owner carried out the work promptly.

Premises	Source of Supply	Results of Samples
The Lodge, Thorley Barnard Cottage,	. Deep Well	Satisfactory
Thorley	. Deep Well	Satisfactory
Plantains Wood Cottages, Hadham		(I) Refuse
Road	. Deep Well	Satisfactory
Wickham Hall Farm Cottages	. Deep Well	Satisfactory
Holtom's Farm and	HOLDER PROPERTY.	STARL BURNEY
Cottages	. Shallow Well	Satisfactory
"Uplands",	Hurst Manor	
"Eastleigh",	Waterworks, Ltd.	, Satisfactory
"Hurst Cottage",	Dunmow Road	
"Manor Farm",	Deep Well	
"Fairacre"		

(10) Swimming Pool

Seventeen samples of water were taken from the swimming pool during the summer and submitted for bacteriological examination. One of the early samples was reported upon as unsatisfactory and the attention of the Surveyor was called to this matter. The remaining sixteen samples were found to be satisfactory.

(11) Paddling Pool

A number of the younger children were observed to be bathing in the paddling pool during the hot weather and although the pool is cleaned out regularly and the water is chlorinated, it was felt advisable to take samples for bacteriological examination. Four samples were submitted and two of these were reported upon as unsatisfactory. The Surveyor was requested by the Council to arrange for a suitable warning notice to be posted, drawing attention to the unsuitability of the paddling pool for bathing.

SECTION C

Health Services available in Bishop's Stortford

NATIONAL HEALTH SERVICE ACT

Part II. Hospital and Specialist Services

Bishop's Stortford and District Hospital

Staff: General Practitioners, Consultants and a Resident Medical Officer.

Facilities are available for Medicine, Surgery, Ear, Nose and Throat Diseases, Obstetrics and Gynæcology, Orthopædics, Paediatrics, Physical Medicine and Radiology.

Herts and Essex General Hospital

Staff: Consultants, Registrars, and Resident House Officers, Specialist Departments in the following: Medicine, Surgery, Ear, Nose and Throat Diseases, Obstetrics and Gynæcology, Orthopædics, Paediatrics, Physical Medicine, Psychiatry, Radiotherapy, Ophthalmology, Dentistry, Venereal Diseases and Tuberculosis.

A Pathological Laboratory provides an excellent service at this Hospital.

Part III. Services of the Local Health Authority

Hertfordshire

- 1. Home Nursing.
- 2. School Health Services consisting of:

School Medical Inspections.

Clinics.

Speech Clinic.—Wednesday all day, Portland Road Clinic.

Orthodontic Clinic.—Two half days monthly. By appointment.

Eye Clinic.—Monday, 2—3 p.m. By appointment. Herts and Essex General Hospital. (In conjunction with Hospital Service).

Minor Ailments.—Every morning, 9—10 a.m. Portland Road Clinic.

General Clinic.—Second and fourth Friday each month. 9.30 to 12 noon. *Portland Road Clinic*.

Child Guidance Clinic.—Every Thursday, 10—12 noon, 2—4 p.m. Portland Road Clinic.

3. Maternity and Child Welfare Services:

Health Visiting.

Clinics.

Infant Welfare Clinic.—2nd, 4th Thursday, 10 a.m.—12 noon and every Thursday, 2 p.m. Water Lane Institute. (Facilities are provided for Diphtheria Immunisation and Vaccination).

Ante-Natal Clinic.—1st Friday each month. Portland Road Clinic.

4. Home Help Organisation.

Organiser in Attendance. Tuesday, 10—11 a.m., Thursday, 10—11 a.m., Friday, 2—3 p.m. Portland Road Clinic.

Part IV. General Medical Services

1. General Practitioners:

Dr. R. P. Gammie

Dr. G. G. Holmes

Dr. G. A. Sharp

Dr. I. D. Paterson

Dr. I. D. Paterson

Dr. P. H. Hewitt

Dr. A. R. Lyall

Dr. R. A. R. Wallace | 40, Hadham Road,

Dr. J. T. Wallace Bishop's Stortford

Dr. E. Leigh, 11, Church Street, Bishop's Stortford

2. Dental Practitioners:

Mr. J. Dickson The Folly, Hadham Road,

Mr. C. Bullpitt Bishop's Stortford

Mr. O. N. Catchpole, 6a, North Street, Bishop's Stortford Mr. H. Davies, 14, Bridge Street, Bishop's Stortford

Mr. G. E. Dodd

Mr. W. E. Dodd

Miss Joan Dodd

9, Hadham Road,

20, North Street,

Bishop's Stortford

Bishop's Stortford

Adequate provisions are made in the town for pharmaceutical services.

Voluntary Organisations

Family Planning Association:

Clinics.—1st, 3rd and 4th Thursday, each month at 6.30 p.m. 2nd Thursday each month, 10.30 a.m. to 11.0 a.m. Herts and Essex General Hospital.

SECTION D

Public Health Administration

(1) Public Health Inspector's Education Board

During the year the Public Health Inspector's Education Board was formed, the objects of which may be summarised as follows:

- To examine for and issue a Diploma in Public Health Inspection as the basic qualification to be recognised by the Minister;
- To examine for other certificates it may consider necessary for public health inspectors;
- To approve courses of instruction for all of its examinations;
- To approve local authorities for the purposes of practical training and
- To keep under review all questions relating to the recruitment, training and examination of public health inspectors.

Local Authorities are reminded that the system of paid pupilage for public health inspectors should be extended with the prospect of its ultimately becoming the normal avenue of entry, except for ex-Service candidates, and that practical training for student inspectors should be obtained in the service of local authorities approved for the purpose by the new Education Board. The Minister supports the view of the Working Party that the best training is obtained by those students who are engaged by a local authority specifically as pupils or student public health inspectors and has no doubt that local authorities will bear the recommendation in mind, and consider the advantages of adopting a system of paid pupilage or, where appropriate, of extending existing arrangements.

(2) Office Reorganisation

A complete re-organisation of the office records was undertaken during the year in an effort to streamline this important aspect of the work of the department. The basis of the re-organisation was to simplify the filing and recording methods and, in so doing, to enable statistical information required for the various weekly, monthly, quarterly and yearly reports to be extracted accurately and speedily. This work has proved to be immensely worthwhile and has fully justified the effort involved.

Card records of all factories, shops and food premises have now been filed together in street order, in the Kalamazoo register and a simplified coding has been brought into use. This coding enables a quick and ready check to be made in respect of the various types of premises. Details of these special premises are tabulated below.

Factories						
(a) With Mechanica	al Pow	er				92
(b) Without Mechan	nical P	ower				5
r in .						
Food Premises						7
Bakers	***	***	***			7
Butchers	***	***	***	***	***	13
Canteens						17
(a) School						17
(b) Factories						3
(c) Hospitals						2
Clubs						-
(a) Non-licensed						9
(b) Licensed						8
Dairymen and Dairies						3
Fishmongers						
	Fish					2
(b) Wet Fish						2
(c) Fried Fish						2
Greengrocers						11
Grocers						
(a) Non-licensed						41
(b) Licensed						2
Licensed Premises						38
Restaurants						
(a) Non-licensed						16
(b) Licensed						7
Sugar Confectionery						14
Non Food Shops						
Boots and Shoes						7
Chemists						5
Clothiers				y		22
Electrical Goods						4
Furnishers						6
Hairdressers				0		10
Ironmongers						5
Jewellers						2
Leather Goods						2

Milliners						3
Newsagents						2
Pet Shops						2
Radio and Television						7
Stationers						4
Toys						3
Wall Paper						2
Workplaces						25
n ompiaces						
(3) Inspection of the	Distric	t				
Total number of visits						2,521
Dwelling houses inspecte	ed for l	nousin	g defects	s		972
Revisits to dwelling hou	ises inc	luding	g works	in pro	gress	441
Premises inspected on co						
housing defects						40
Drainage inspections						30
Overcrowded Premises						2
Special and Miscellaneo	us visit	S				46
Interviews with Owners,						38
Re Infectious Disease ar		erculo	osis			75
Slaughterhouses						339
Dairies, Cowsheds, etc.						28
Bakehouses						3
Butcher's Shops						31
CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE						18
Cafes, Restaurants and	Cantee	ns				60
Ice Cream Premises						19
Other Food Shops, Stor						91
Market Stalls						130
Factories						48
Workplaces, Offices and						23
Schools						18
Re Petroleum Acts						22
Council Houses						5
Re Applications for Hou						3
Rat Infested Premises						
Licensed Premises						12
Tents, Vans and Sheds						15
Atmospheric Pollution						1

(4)	Complaints and Matters Referred		
Com	plaints received		. 440
Com	plaints investigated		. 382
Com	plaints referred to other Departments and	Author	- 12.09
	es		. 58
	er matters referred to other Departments	and Au	
th	orities		21
(5)	Testing of Drains and Sanitary Fittings		
	ins tested with water		. 1
Drai	ins tested with other means		. 6
	The second second second		
(6)	Notices Served and the Results of the Notices	Service	e of such
(a)	Preliminary Notices		
	The second secon	No.	No. com-
***			plied with
(i)	Dwelling Houses for Housing Defects	85	60
(11)	Special Premises (shops, factories, etc.)	41	5
(b)	Statutory Notices		
	See Housing Section for Details.		
	occ reading occion for Details.		

N.B.—The number of notices complied with may include notices outstanding from the previous year.

(7) Summary of Improvements Effected

	At Dwelling Houses	At Food Premises	At Shops, Offices, Hotels, etc.
Damp walls and other damp condi-	*******	Na route	(8)
tions remedied	36	3	
Roofs repaired	40		_
Chimney stacks repaired or rebuilt	9	_	-
Gutters, rainwater pipes, etc., re-			
paired or renewed	47	-	= 10
External Walls repaired or rebuilt	23	-	_
Fireplaces, hearths, etc., repaired	•0		
or renewed	10		_
Stairs repaired or renewed	17	_	1 -
Floors repaired or renewed	40	2	-70
Windows and doors repaired or re- newed	67		
Lighting and ventilation defects	0.		
remedied	11	1	
Walls and ceilings repaired or			
renewed	47	1	1
Rooms cleansed and decorated	6	2	-
Miscellaneous defects remedied	5	2	-
Yards paved or repaired	8	-	-
Drains cleansed or repaired	31	-	-
Drains provided or relaid	5	-	-
Inspection chambers provided or			The state of
repaired	-		-
Gulleys provided or renewed	8	-	1
Urinals provided or improved	Married 21	-115	-
Water closets reconstructed or new provided	1	-	hines of
W-41	33	3	W 15
Sinks, baths, etc., and waste pipes		0	1000
fitted waste pipes	17	1	-
Food stores provided	5	-	-
Accumulations removed	2		-
Hot water supply provided	1	2	_

(8) Disinfection and Disinfestation

Disinfection was carried out at twenty three premises during the year following cases of infectious disease. Sixty seven properties were disinfested and in this connection twenty six wasps nests were destroyed.

(9) Inspection and Supervision of Food

(a) THE FOOD HYGIENE REGULATIONS, 1955

These regulations, which were made under the Food and Drugs Act, 1955, came into operation on the 1st January, 1956 and are more far-reaching than any previous food hygiene legislation.

Talks were given during the year to the Bishop's Stortford and District Chamber of Trade, the Rotary Club and to local food traders, in order to publicise the regulations and to indicate broadly the requirements laid down. A high standard of hygiene, both as regards food handling and structural improvement, was hoped for and, it is to the credit of the food traders generally that there has been a most encouraging response. Much, however, remains to be done but with the good will of all concerned and the co-operation of the general public steady progress is assured.

(b) MILK SUPPLIES

There are four producers of milk in the Urban district and four retailers of milk. Two of the producers are licensed for tuberculin tested milk and two are producing non-designated milk. The Urban District of Bishop's Stortford is now included in a "Specified Area" in which only heat treated or raw tuberculin tested milk may be sold. The raw ungraded milk is collected by the Bishop's Stortford Dairy Farmers Ltd., for pasteurisation at the Hallingbury Road Dairy.

64 samples of bottled milk were submitted for bacteriological examination at the Cambridge Public Health Laboratory. All the samples were found to be satisfactory.

Designation	No. of Samples Taken	No. Satis- factory	No. Unsatis- factory
Pasteurised	 18	18	_
Tuberculin Tested Pasteurised	 30	30	-
Sterilised	 16	16	-

39 samples of raw tuberculin tested milk and 19 samples of raw ungraded milk were taken from churns on arrival at the Hallingbury Road Dairy and submitted for bacteriological examination. Three of the tuberculin tested samples and five of the ungraded samples were unsatisfactory and follow-up samples were taken.

(c) MANUFACTURE AND SALE OF ICE-CREAM

Fifty two premises are registered for the storage and sale of ice-cream and this represents an increase of two over last year.

Bacteriological Examination

Six samples of ice-cream were submitted to the Cambridge Public Health Laboratory for bacteriological examination and all were reported upon as satisfactory.

(d) MEAT AND OTHER FOOD INSPECTION

Eleven premises are registered under the Food and Drugs Act, 1955 for the preparation and manufacture of preserved food as follows:

Sausages		 	 	5
Sausages and Brawn		 	 	2
Sausages and Cooked	Meats	 	 	1
Meat Pickling		 	 	1
Canned Foods		 	 	1
Cooked Hams		 	 	1

2,482 animals were killed at the private slaughterhouse, 4, South Street, and the carcase of a pig slaughtered outside the district was inspected on arrival at a local butcher's shop. All animals slaughtered were inspected and details of these and the meat condemned are given in the appropriate tables. It will be noticed that four cases of cysticercus bovis were detected during the year, but in each case the infection was localised, the infected parts condemned and the carcases placed in cold storage for a period of twenty one days at a temperature not exceeding 16 deg. F.

(e) DISPOSAL OF CONDEMNED FOOD

Meat condemned at the slaughterhouse is collected regularly by a reputable firm for processing and manufacture into animal foods, fertilisers, glue and soap. All other condemned food is collected and disposed of, under supervision, on the Council's controlled tip.

CARCASES INSPECTED AND CONDEMNED

	Cattle Excluding Cows	Cows	Calves	Sheep and Lambs	Pigs
Number Killed Number Inspected All Diseases except Tuber- culosis and Cysticercosis:	308 308	1 1	81 81	807 807	1285 1286*
Whole carcases condemned Weight in lb. condemned Carcases of which some	-	=	=	2 94	774
part or organ was con- demned Weight in lb. condemned Percentage affected	77 864 25.0	1 20 100	5 101 6.17	72 94 9.16	201 459½ 15.63
Tuberculosis only: Whole carcases condemned Weight in lb. condemned Carcases of which some part or organ was con-	=	e Elv	T.	=	
demned Weight in lb. condemned Percentage affected	16 651 5.19		=	=	25 300 1.94
Cysticercosis only: Carcases of which some part or organ was con- demned	4		_		
Weight in lb. condemned Carcases submitted to treatment by refrigera-	132	-	-	200	-
Generalised and totally Condemned Weight in lb. condemned Percentage affected	1.29				

^{*}Includes one pig slaughtered outside the Urban District

DETAILS OF MEAT CONDEMNED

of the manufest of the course	Cattle Excluding Cows	Cows	Calves	Sheep and Lambs	Pigs
Heads & Tongues	272 lbs.				349 lbs.
Hearts	10 11	_	_	_	23½ lbs.
Livers	mr 4 11	_	15 lbs.	9 lbs.	159 lbs.
Lungs	001 11	_	9 lbs.	85 lbs.	211 lbs.
Kidneys	44 33	_	ET LIBER		15 lbs.
Mesenterys	FO 11	_	-	_	23 lbs.
Spleens	0.11	-	1 lb.	_	9 lbs.
Udder		20 lbs.	_	_	-
Carcase Meat	070 11		76 lbs.	94 lbs.	744 lbs.
Totals	1,647 lbs.	20 lbs.	101 lbs.	188 lbs.	1,5331 lbs.

DETAILS OF FOODSTUFFS FOUND UNFIT FOR HUMAN CONSUMPTION

Description	Weight	Number of Tins	Description	Weight	Number of Tins	
Apricot Pulp	5 kilos	1	Puff Pastry	6 lbs.	6 pkts.	
Bacon	20 lbs.	-	Rice	148 lbs.	37 pkts.	
Beef	52 lbs.	-	Suet	4 ozs.	1 pkt.	
Cake	96 lbs.	8 cartons	Sultanas	60 lbs.		
Cheese	27 lbs.	_	Tinned Fish	10 lbs.	15	
Cod	85 lbs.	-	Tinned			
Fish	77 lbs.	-	Chinese Egg	16 lbs.	1	
Honey	1 lb.	2 jars	Tinned Fruits		573	
Jam	5 lbs.	5 jars	Tinned Fruits	440 kilos	88	
Meat	16 lbs.	_	Tinned Ham	47 lbs.	4	
Mincem't Loaf	2 lbs.	3	Tinned Meats	411 lbs.	157	
Peaches	300 kilos	60	Tinned Milks			
Pork Pies	15 lbs.	48 pies	and Cream	98 lbs.	136	
Prawns	8 lbs.		Tinned Soups	14 lbs.	14	
Prunes	30 lbs.		Tinned Veg	364 lbs.	229	

TOTAL AMOUNT OF CONDEMNED MEAT AND OTHER FOODS

Meat		 	 34891	lb.	or	1.557	tons
Other	Foods	 	 4064	lb.	or	1.814	tons
Total			 7533	lb.	or	3.362	tons

(10) Rodent Control

(i) Disinfestation of Sewers

70 manholes on the foul sewerage system were test-baited during the year and the baits were eaten in six of the manholes. This indicates that there is no serious infestation of the sewers but nevertheless poison baits were subsequently laid in 29 manholes in those regions where rats were in evidence. 9 of the poison baits were consumed.

	tion of Surface Properties	11116
Number of	Dwelling Houses treated	259
33	Business Premises treated	219
,,	Council Premises treated	69
,,	Pre-baits laid	2,619
,,	" partly taken	979
,,	" completely taken	1,152
,,	Poison Baits laid	2,174
,,,	" " partly taken	1,285
,,	" " completely taken	134
33	Bodies recovered (a) rats	248
,,	" " (b) mice	166
Total numb	oer of visits made by the operator	1,975

(11) The Storage of Petroleum Spirit

Sixty two premises were licensed for the storage of Petroleum Spirit, a decrease of one over the previous year. Fees received by the Council in respect of these licenses amounted to £41 15s. 0d.

(12) The Provision of Dustbins

The scheme to provide dustbins, operated by the Council, continued to function satisfactorily. 803 dustbins were issued during the year compared with 614 during 1955. The scheme was initiated in July, 1954 and by the end of 1956 a total of 1571 dustbins had been provided.

One dustbin is issued to dwelling houses and to business premises where the Public Health Inspector deems this to be necessary. Complaints about dustbins are all investigated before requisitions are issued.

(13) Factories Act, 1937

48 visits were made to the factories on the register and it was found necessary in six instances to serve informal notices where contraventions existed.

39 outworkers were employed during the year by the various factories in the district.

3 certificates of adequate means of escape in case of fire were issued by the local authority, two of these being amended certificates.

Part I of the Act

1. INSPECTIONS for purposes of provisions as to health

Premises	Number on Register	Inspections	Number of Written Notices	Occupiers
(i) Factories in which Sections 1, 2, 3, 4 and 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities (ii) Factories not in- cluded in (i) in which	5	5		and the state of
Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority	92	26	6	
(iii) Other Premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding out-workers' premises)	17	17	STATE AND	onich od sprin
TOTAL	114	48	6	TOTAL

2. CASES in which defects were found

TO Name of	No. of	Number of			
Particulars			Refe	cases in which Pro-	
and paring been real-	Found	Remedied	to H.M. Inspector	by H.M. Inspector	secutions were instituted
Want of cleanliness	mesi		a male mal	the same	
(s 1)	-	1 13 -4 5 10	-	40.200 to 10	phon-
Overcrowding (s 2) Unreasonable temper-	Top i	Control to	and Taller	A Second	pdr-wol
ature (s 3) Inadequate ventila-	-		1	-	in some
tion (s 4)		Logazon C	nero.	-	_
Ineffective drainage of floors (s 6)	-	-	_		EO ST.
Sanitary Conveniences (s 7):					
(a) insufficient (b) unsuitable or de-	-	-	-	and the last	
fective (c) not separate for	9	9	-	-	_
sexes Other offences against	-	-	-	1000	-
the Act (not includ- ing offences relating		SHELL STA			
to Outwork)	-	T	-	dontifi, (c	-
TOTAL	9	9	_	-	_

Number of new houses erected during the year: (a) By the Local Authority — (b) By Private Enterprise 259 Number of houses made available by conver-
sion or adaptation of existing buildings —
Housing Act, 1936. Section 9 Houses capable of repair at reasonable expense: A statutory notice was served in respect of No. 90, Dunmow Road.
Housing Act, 1936. Section 11 Houses incapable of repair at reasonable expense: There were no statutory notices served under this section during the year.
Demolition Orders were served in respect of 94, 96, 98 and 100, London Road consequent upon the rehousing of the families by the Council. The occupants of 32, Castle Street were rehoused by the Council during the year, the house being subject to a demolition order.
DEMOLITION ORDERS REVOKED The Demolition Order served in connection with 54, Middle Row was revoked by the Council, the house having been rendered fit by the owner.
Undertakings Cancelled Undertakings were cancelled in respect of 6 and 10, Chapel Row, the houses having been brought up to the required stan- dard of fitness by the owner.
CLOSING ORDERS REVOKED Closing Orders were revoked in respect of 23 and 25, Newtown Road when the houses had been rendered fit by the owner.
The tabulated statement required by the Housing Consolidated Regulations, 1925, as extended, is given below:
Inspection of Dwelling Houses during the year. (1) (a) Total number of dwelling houses inspected for housing defects (under Public Health or Housing Acts) 972
(b) Number of inspections made for the purpose 1413

	(2) (a) Number of dwelling houses (included under sub-head (1) above) which were inspected and recorded under the Housing Consoli-	
	dated Regulations 1925 and 1932	142
	(b) Number of inspections made for the purpose	367
	(3) Number of dwelling houses found to be in a state so dangerous or injurious to health as to be unfit for human habitation	
	(4) Number of dwelling houses (exclusive of those referred to under the preceding subhead) found not to be in all respects reason-	
	ably fit for human habitation	92
2.	Remedy of Defects during the year without servi Formal Notices	ce of
	Number of defective dwelling houses ren- dered fit in consequence of informal action by the Local Authority or their Officers	64
3.		
	A.—Proceedings under Sections 9, 10, 11 and 16 of the Housing Act, 1936	
	(1) Number of dwelling houses in respect of which notices were served requiring repairs (2) Number of dwelling houses which were rendered fit after service of formal notices	1
	(a) By Owners (b) By Local Authority in default of owners	5
	B.—Proceedings under Public Health Acts	
	(1) Number of dwelling houses in respect of which notices were served requiring defects	
	to be remedied (2) Number of dwelling houses in which defects	_
	were remedied after service of formal notices (a) By Owners (b) By Local Authority in default of owners	_
	C.—Proceedings under Sections 11 and 13 of the Housing Act, 1936	
	(1) Number of dwelling houses in respect of which Demolition Orders were made	4
	(2) Number of dwelling houses demolished in pursuance of Demolition Orders	_
	(3) Number of written undertakings accepted	_

D.—Proceedings under Section 12 of the Housing Act, 1936	
(1) Number of separate tenements or underground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were made	_
(2) Number of separate tenements or underground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were determined, the tenement or room having been rendered fit	
E.—Proceedings under Section 25 of the Housing Act, 1936	
(1) Number of houses in confirmed clearance areas demolished	-
F.—Proceedings under Housing Act, 1949	
(1) Closing Orders made under Section 3 (1)	_
(2) Demolition Orders determined and Closing Orders substituted under Section 3 (2)	_
G.—Proceedings under Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act, 1953	
(1) Closing Orders made under Section 10 (1)	_
(2) Number of dwelling houses closed in pursuance of Closing Orders	3
Overcrowding-Part IV, Housing Act, 1936	
No action was taken under this Part during the year.	
and the same of th	

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