

[Report 1949] / Medical Officer of Health, Bishop's Stortford U.D.C.

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HEALTH
1950

Bishop's Stortford Urban District
Council

ANNUAL REPORT

of the

Medical Officer of Health

and the

Sanitary Inspector

for the Year 1949



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Public Health Department

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Sanitary Inspector and Housing Officer
Inspector of Meat and other Foods

Mr. H. F. B. NICKOLDS

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Bishop's Stortford Urban District Council

Health Department,
The Council House,
Bishop's Stortford,

August, 1950

*To the Chairman and Members,
Bishop's Stortford Urban District Council*

MR. CHAIRMAN, LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,

We have the honour to submit the following Report on the Health of the Bishop's Stortford Urban District which has been drawn up on the lines indicated in the Circular issued by the Ministry of Health.

The Preliminary Housing Survey, carried out during January, February and March provided valuable information which will, no doubt, assist the Council very materially in planning its long-term housing programme.

The Council became the Authority under the Rats and Mice (Destruction) Act, 1919 during the year, powers being delegated to them by the Hertfordshire County Council.

On the 1st October, 1949 the control of the production of milk on the farm passed from the Local Authority to the Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries with the coming into operation of the Food and Drugs (Milk and Dairies) Act, 1944. Local Authorities retained the duty of controlling the distribution and sale of milk.

The licensing and supervision of pasteurising plants was placed in the hands of Food and Drugs Authorities (in many cases the County Council) also with effect from the 1st October, 1949.

The loss of control of such an important field of Public Health work is regretted but there is still much valuable work for local authorities to do, in order to help in the provision of a safe milk supply.

We desire to acknowledge the support and assistance we have received from the Chairman and Members of the Council during the year.

We are,

Your obedient Servants,

W. H. P. MINTO,

Medical Officer of Health

A. L. GOOD,

Sanitary Inspector and Housing Officer.

(3) Mortality Table

Causes of Death		Males	Females	Total
	All Causes	62	80	142
1	Typhoid and Paratyphoid Fevers	—	—	—
2	Cerebro-Spinal Fever	—	—	—
3	Scarlet Fever	—	—	—
4	Whooping Cough	—	—	—
5	Diphtheria	—	—	—
6	Tuberculosis of Resprty. System	—	1	1
7	Other forms of Tuberculosis ...	1	—	1
8	Syphilitic Diseases	2	1	3
9	Influenza	—	1	1
10	Measles	—	—	—
11	Acute Poliomyelitis and Polio- encephalitis	—	1	1
12	Acute Infectious Encephalitis .	—	—	—
13M	Cancer of Buccal Cavity and Oesophagus (males only) ...	1	—	1
13F	Cancer of Uterus	—	1	1
14	Cancer of Stomach & Duodenum	1	—	1
15	Cancer of Breast	1	2	3
16	Cancer of all other sites ...	11	4	15
17	Diabetes	1	2	3
18	Intra-cranial Vascular Lesions ...	11	11	22
19	Heart Diseases	9	22	31
20	Other Diseases of Circulatory System	3	7	10
21	Bronchitis	2	1	3
22	Pneumonia	3	5	8
23	Other Respiratory Diseases ...	—	2	2
24	Ulceration of the Stomach or Duodenum	—	—	—
25	Diarrhoea (under two years) ...	—	—	—
26	Appendicitis	—	—	—
27	Other Digestive Diseases ...	3	2	5
28	Nephritis	1	2	3
29	Puerperal & post-abortive Sepsis	—	—	—
30	Other Maternal Causes ...	—	—	—
31	Premature Birth	1	—	1
32	Congenital Malformations, Birth Injury, Infantile Disease ...	1	2	3
33	Suicide	—	3	3
34	Road Traffic Accidents ...	1	—	1
35	Other Violent Causes	1	4	5
36	All other Causes	8	6	14
	Still Births	—	1	1
	Deaths of Infants under 1 year of age	1	2	3

SECTION B

Prevalence of and Control over Infectious and other Diseases

(1) Notifiable Diseases :

Notifications of the following infectious diseases were received during the year

	All Ages	Under 1 year	1 - 3	3 - 5	5 - 10	10 - 15	15 - 25	25 - 65	Over 65	Rem. to Hosp.	Deaths
Smallpox	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Diphtheria	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Scarlet Fever	27	—	3	6	17	1	—	—	—	1	—
Enteric Fever	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	1	—
Puerperal Pyrexia	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	—
Pneumonia	2	—	—	—	—	1	—	1	—	—	—
Ophthalmia Neonatorum	4	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Erysipelas	5	—	—	—	—	—	2	3	—	—	—
Dysentery	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Cerebro-Spinal Meningitis... ..	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Acute Poliomyelitis	6	—	1	1	—	1	1	2	—	6	1
Measles	449	3	84	111	199	33	14	5	—	—	—
Whooping Cough	39	2	9	10	18	—	—	—	—	—	—
Infectious Hepatitis	6	—	—	—	—	—	1	4	1	—	—

	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
Scarlet Fever	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	4	14	5
Enteric Fever	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—
Puerperal Pyrexia	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—
Pneumonia	—	—	1	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—
Ophthalmia Neonatorum	—	—	1	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Erysipelas	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	4	—
Acute Poliomyelitis	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	—	—	2	1
Measles	7	59	37	109	155	71	11	—	—	—	—	—
Whooping Cough	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	16	17
Infectious Hepatitis	—	—	—	—	4	—	—	—	—	1	—	1

(2) Measles

449 cases were notified during the year, the highest total since notification was required by the local authority under the Measles and Whooping Cough Regulations 1940. The Case Rate was 35.16 per 1,000 population. Comparison with previous years is of interest.

	1940	1941	1942	1943	1944	1945	1946	1947	1948	1949
Notified Cases	12	272	7	397	7	153	206	55	19	449
Case Rate per 1,000 popula- tion	0.94	22.67	0.58	33.08	0.62	13.09	17.38	4.55	1.51	35.16

When the disease was seen to be attaining epidemic proportions, arrangements were made with the Central Public Health Laboratory for the provision of Gamma Globulin through the Health Department so that the family doctors were able to offer temporary immunity to the babies and little children who are most liable to serious complications. It should be mentioned that the local doctors, who maintained a most happy and co-operative relationship with the Department also employed Chemotherapy to prevent complications in their patients. It is significant that throughout this major epidemic, no complications came to the notice of the Health Department.

It seems reasonable to assume that this increase in the notification of measles was due to a number of factors other than the occurrence of the expected biannual epidemic. One of these factors must be increasing awareness of parents of the advisability of seeking medical advice and taking precautions to prevent the spread of measles. Too often in the past it was considered that children must inevitably contract these commoner infectious diseases, that they would "get over them" without lasting harm, and that the family should "get it all over at once." The part played by the Infant Welfare Centre in health education cannot be discounted and in this connection too, the National Health Service must not be forgotten, providing as it does, free medical attention.

(3) Tuberculosis

	MALES		FEMALES	
	Pul.	Non.-P.	Pul.	Non.-P.
Cases on Register at 31.12.48 ...	25	—	20	10
Number of cases notified during year ...	5	1	4	1
Number of cases restored during year ...	—	—	—	—
Inward transfer ...	3	—	1	—
Cases removed ...	5	—	3	1
Cases on Register at 31.12.49 ...	28	1	22	10

(4) Mass Radiography

The Mass Radiography Unit visited the Urban District area in July.

The Health Department gave assistance in publicity before and during the visit and the District Council made accommodation at the Council House available.

Total number X-rayed ...	1,295
Number of Large Films required ...	65

Group	Male	Female	Total
SCHOOLS (excluding Secondary) (including staff) ...	243	69	312
Large Films ...	5	1	6
PUBLIC SESSIONS ...	223	247	470
Large Films ...	18	13	31
ORGANISED GROUPS AND FACTORIES ...	288	225	513
Large Films ...	18	10	28
Total Miniatures ...	754	541	1,295
Large Films ...	41	24	65

Of the 65 cases referred for Large Films 7 were, as a result "recorded as normal," and 22 were found to be suffering from disease or abnormality of the chest other than Tuberculosis.

33 cases of Pulmonary Tuberculosis were detected and 5 cases were "unable to be classified."

Analysis of Cases of Pulmonary Tuberculosis

	Female	Male	Total
Inactive Primary	7	8	15
Inactive Post Primary	7	8	15
Active Post Primary	—	3	3

Of the 3 cases of Active Pulmonary Tuberculosis 1 was recommended for admission to hospital or sanatorium and 2 were retained under clinic supervision.

Cases unable to be Classified

Failed to attend for large film	2
Failed to attend clinic	2
Unable to classify (unable to obtain report from private doctor)	1

It is of interest to note that the Medical Director of the Mass Radiography Unit reports that the number of cases of Tuberculosis found in the Bishop's Stortford survey, was below the average for the Country.

(5) Diphtheria Prophylaxis

With the advent of the National Health Service Act, 1946, Diphtheria Prophylaxis became the responsibility of the County Council as the local health authority as from 5th July, 1948 (the appointed day).

(6) Water Supply

The supply from the Pumping Station augmented by that from the Pumping Plant at the Council Depot was satisfactory in quantity and quality. The water is chlorinated and the quarterly chemical and bacteriological tests carried out revealed that the water is wholesome and entirely satisfactory.

There are 27 houses not connected to the Council main. The laying of the new water main to supply the Thorley area was completed during the year and as a result 22 houses in that area now have a piped water supply.

There are still several blocks of cottages supplied with stand-pipes situated in private yards.

(7) Swimming Pool

Ten samples of water were taken from the swimming pool during the Summer and submitted to the Public Health Laboratory at Cambridge. All were reported upon as satisfactory.

(8) Drainage and Sewerage

The separate system of drainage is in operation and the sewage is treated by means of settling tanks, broad irrigation and filtration.

(9) Public Cleansing

Refuse is disposed of by tipping on land adjoining the Castle grounds.

SECTION C

Sanitary Administration

(1) Inspection of the District

Total number of visits	...	...	...	2,014
Dwelling houses inspected for housing defects	...	...	...	162
Revisits to dwelling houses including works in progress	...	...	...	319
Premises inspected on complaint for nuisance other than housing defects	...	...	...	50
Revisits to premises where a nuisance was found to exist	...	...	...	24
Special and miscellaneous visits	...	...	...	178
Interviews with owners, etc. at properties	...	...	...	20
Visits <i>re</i> Infectious Disease and Tuberculosis	...	...	...	90
Visits to Slaughterhouses	...	...	...	31
Visits to Dairies, Cowsheds, etc.	...	...	...	15
Visits to Bakehouses	...	...	...	4
Visits to Butchers' Shops	...	...	...	18
Visits to Fish Shops	...	...	...	11
Visits to Cafes and Restaurants	...	...	...	40
Visits to Ice-cream Premises	...	...	...	97
Visits to other Food Shops, Stores, etc.	...	...	...	96
Visits to Markets	...	...	...	54
Visits to Factories	...	...	...	42
Visits to Workplaces, Offices and Shops	...	...	...	5
Visits to Schools	...	...	...	5
Visits <i>re</i> Petroleum Acts	...	...	...	7
Visits <i>re</i> Building Byelaws	...	...	...	227
Visits to Stables and Piggeries	...	...	...	1
Visits to Outworkers' Premises	...	...	...	4
Visits to Council Houses	...	...	...	134
Visits to Property requisitioned for housing purposes	...	...	...	29
Visits <i>re</i> Applications for Housing Accommodation	...	...	...	193
Visits to Rat infested premises...	...	...	...	158

(2) Complaints and Matters Referred

Complaints received	...	...	...	204
Complaints investigated	...	...	...	202
Complaints referred to other Departments and Authorities*	...	...	...	13
Other matters referred to other Departments and Authorities	...	...	...	7

*Including 6 complaints of infestation by either rats or mice

(3) Testing of Drains and Sanitary Fittings

Drains tested with water	48
Drains tested with other means	7

(4) Notices Served and the Results of the Service of such Notices

(a) Preliminary Notices

	No. Served	No. Complied with
(i) dwelling houses for housing defects ...	74	75
(ii) premises for other than housing defects	2	2
(iii) special premises (shops, factories, etc.)	8	19

(b) Statutory Notices—Public Health Act, 1936

	No. Served	No. Complied with
Section 75, to provide a suitable covered dustbin	1	2

N.B.—The number of notices complied with may include notices outstanding from the previous year

(5) Summary of Sanitary Improvements Effected

	At Dwelling Houses	At Special Premises	At various premises for other than housing defects
Drainage systems repaired, un-stopped, etc.	22	9	—
Water closets repaired, screened, etc.	17	4	—
Water closets reconstructed or new provided	13	6	—
Dampness remedied (roofs, gutters, etc. repaired)	23	—	—
Floors repaired	10	—	—
Sinks and waste pipes renewed or repaired	5	—	—
Windows and doors repaired	9	—	—
Ranges, grates, etc., repaired or renewed	3	—	—
Rooms cleansed... ..	6	12	3
Accumulations removed... ..	—	3	6
Dustbins provided	29	—	—
Means of escape in case of fire provided	—	—	—
Washing facilities provided (hot water, etc.)	—	4	—
Miscellaneous	12	—	9

(6) Disinfection and Disinfestation

	Rooms disinfected with Formaldehyde Lamps	Parcels of Bedding passed through Steam Disinfector	Houses disinfected with Hydrogen Cyanide	Houses disinfected by other means	4-oz. Tins of Izal issued	1-pint Bottles of D.D.T. Insecticide issued
Following Infectious Diseases ...	6	4	—	—	—	—
Following other Diseases ...	4	2	—	—	—	—
Following Vermin Infestation at						
(a) Council Houses ...	—	—	—	3	—	—
(b) Other Houses ...	—	—	—	4	8	—
TOTAL ...	10	6	—	7	8	—

(7) Inspection and Supervision of Food

(a) Milk Supplies

There are four producers of milk in the Urban District and four retailers of milk. Two of the producers are licensed for "Tuberculin Tested" milk, one for "Accredited" milk and the fourth is producing "Non-Designated" milk.

Three of the retailers are licensed to sell both "Tuberculin Tested" and "Pasteurised" milk.

The cowsheds and dairies were frequently inspected and were found to be maintained in a clean and satisfactory condition.

137 samples of milk were submitted for bacteriological examination at the Cambridge Public Health Laboratory and of this number 23 were reported upon unsatisfactorily.

16 of the samples which failed were from a dairy situated outside the Urban District.

Upon investigation it was found that there was undue delay in delivery of the bottled milk. The matter was rectified and subsequent samples taken in course of delivery to the consumer proved satisfactory.

Designation	No. of Samples Taken	No. Satisfactory	No. Unsatisfactory
Accredited	4	3	1
Pasteurised	61	51	10
Tuberculin Tested	4	4	—
Tuberculin Tested Pasteurised ...	68	56	12

127 of these samples were obtained by the Department and the remaining 10 by officers of other authorities.

(b) Manufacture and Sale of Ice Cream

Three premises are registered for the manufacture of ice cream and thirty-one for the storage and sale only.

(i) Bacteriological Examination

54 samples of ice cream were submitted to the Cambridge Public Health Laboratory for bacteriological examination. The provisional grading of these samples is shown in the table below.

Whilst these figures show a distinct improvement in the bacteriological purity of ice cream samples over the previous year, there is ample ground for a further step forward.

	PROVISIONAL GRADING			
	1	2	3	4
Total number of samples ...	27	11	5	11
Number pre-packed	23	7	2	5
Number not pre-packed	4	4	3	6

(ii) Chemical Examination

In accordance with the request by the Ministry of Food contained in Circular *MF3/49* eight samples of ice cream were submitted to the Analyst. One sample, manufactured in Bishop's Stortford, was found to be very low in fat content. The attention of the manufacturer was drawn to the Analyst's Report and samples subsequently obtained revealed that the fat content had been increased in this particular case from 2.7% to 7.4%.

(c) *Meat and other Food Inspection*

The number of premises subject to inspection under the provisions of the Food and Drugs Act, 1938, at the end of 1949 was as follows :—

Bakehouses	...	...	...	9
Butchers' Shops	...	...	...	13
Fish Shops	...	...	...	7
Other Food Shops	...	...	...	59
Cafes and Canteens	...	...	...	33
Licensed Premises	...	...	...	59
Miscellaneous Food Premises	...	...	...	14

Systematic inspections of food premises were made throughout the year and, in relation to cleanliness and general structural conditions, they were found to be reasonably satisfactory. It became increasingly obvious as a result of observations made during inspections, that the most pressing need is for a drastic improvement in the methods employed by those responsible for the handling and preparation of food.

The Ministry of Food were alive to this fact and as a result Model Byelaws in connection with the Handling, Wrapping and Delivery of Food and Sale of Food in the Open Air were issued to local authorities on October 27th, 1949.

The quantity of food found unfit for human consumption is tabulated below and is about the average for recent years.

The practice of examining all animals slaughtered in the district, whether for home consumption or by reason of injury or illness, was continued throughout the year and a decrease in the number dealt with has been recorded.

CARCASES INSPECTED AND CONDEMNED

	Calves	Sheep and Lambs	Pigs	Goats
Number Inspected	4	2	90	—
All Diseases except Tuberculosis :				
Whole carcasses condemned	—	—	—	—
Carcasses of which some part or organ was condemned	—	—	—	—
Percentage of number inspected affected with diseases other than Tuberculosis	—	—	—	—
Tuberculosis only :				
Whole carcasses condemned	—	—	—	—
Carcasses of which some part or organ was condemned	—	—	5	—
Percentage of number inspected affected with Tuberculosis	—	—	5.5	—

DETAILS OF FOODSTUFFS FOUND UNFIT FOR HUMAN CONSUMPTION

Description	Weight or number	Description	Weight or number
Brawn	16 lbs.	Lamb	160 lbs.
Beef	202 "	Lentils	14 "
Beef Extract	5 "	Margarine	20 "
Beef Loaf	5½ "	Meat	124 "
Beef Roll	13½ "	Meat and Gravy	1½ "
Cake Mixtures	360 "	Milk	1,205 tins
Cheese	99 "	Mincedmeat	1 lb.
Chocolate Powder	81 "	Olives	2 jars
Coffee	2 tins	Paste	9 "
Corn Flakes	29 lbs.	Pork	117 lbs.
Corned Beef	250 "	Preserves	211 "
Eggs	30	Puddings	621 "
Fat	90 lbs.	Rabbit	1 tin
Fish	124 "	Salad Cream	19 jars
Fish Cakes	1½ "	Sauce	40 botts.
Fruit	254 "	Sausages	30 lbs.
Ground Rice	136 "	Soup	467 tins
Ham Roll	16 "	Sugar	5 lbs.
Jellies	7	Tomatoes	26 "
Junket	2 pks.	Veal Loaf	22 "
Juices	39 tins	Vegetables	1514 "

(8) Rodent Control

The Hertfordshire County Council, who were the Authority under the Rats and Mice (Destruction) Act, 1919, delegated their powers to the Urban District Council during the year.

The organisation of the rodent control service made heavy demands on the Department, but the new service was put into operation on the 1st May, 1949. A full-time operator was appointed by the Council and the wisdom of this decision very soon became apparent.

44 complaints of infestation by either rats or mice were received during the year.

Fuller details of the work carried out by the operator are given below.

(i) Disinfestation of Sewers

A 10% test of the sewers was carried out by pre-baiting selected manholes on the foul water system.

Following the test all the manholes in the area where rats were found to be in evidence were pre-baited with damp sausage rusk. Poison baits in the form of damp sausage rusk and zinc phosphide were then laid in the manholes where pre-bait "takes" were recorded.

<i>(ii) Disinfestation of Surface Properties</i>			
No. of dwelling houses treated	...	...	53
„ business premises treated	...	...	64
„ Council premises treated	...	...	12
„ pre-baits laid	...	...	5,259
„ „ partly taken	...	...	2,237
„ „ completely taken	...	...	1,896
„ poison baits laid	..	...	1,206
„ „ „ partly taken	...	...	894
„ „ „ completely taken	...	...	130
„ bodies recovered (a) rats	...	...	137
„ „ „ (b) mice	...	...	109
Total number of visits made by the operator	...	...	1,376

The figures recorded above show clearly that the operator is fully employed and this fact is further emphasised when it is realised that they relate only to the period 1st May, 1949 to 31st December, 1949,

(9) Factories Act, 1937

Forty two visits were made to the factories on the Register and it was found necessary in three instances to serve Informal Notices where contraventions existed.

It was ascertained from the lists submitted by the factory occupiers that there were eighteen factory outworkers resident in the district.

Fuller details of visits carried out and defects found and remedied are given in the tables below.

Part I of the Act

1. INSPECTIONS for purposes of provisions as to health

Premises	Number on Register	Inspections	Number of	
			Written Notices	Occupiers Prosecuted
(i) Factories in which Sections 1, 2, 3, 4 and 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities ...	22	8	—	—
(ii) Factories not included in (i) in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority	86	34	3	—
(iii) Other Premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding out-workers' premises)	—	—	—	—
TOTAL	108	42	3	—

2. CASES in which defects were found

Particulars	No. of cases in which defects were found				Number of cases in which Prosecutions were instituted
	Found	Remedied	Referred to H.M. Inspector	Referred by H.M. Inspector	
Want of cleanliness (s 1)	5	3	—	—	—
Overcrowding (s 2)	—	—	—	—	—
Unreasonable temperature (s 3)	—	—	—	—	—
Inadequate ventilation (s 4)	—	—	—	—	—
Ineffective drainage of floors (s 6)	—	—	—	—	—
Sanitary Conveniences (s 7) :					
(a) insufficient	—	4	—	—	—
(b) unsuitable or defective	3	4	—	—	—
(c) not separate for sexes	—	2	—	—	—
Other offences against the Act (not including offences relating to Outwork)	—	—	—	—	—
TOTAL	8	13	—	—	—

(10) Housing

Number of new houses erected during the year

(a) By the Local Authority 162

(b) By Private Enterprise 6

Number of houses made available by conversion or adaptation of existing buildings 2

Number of houses demolished 2

The systematic inspection of dwelling houses was again found to be impossible.

It will be noted that two houses were demolished during 1949. These were situated at the front of the Car Park and were owned by the Urban District Council. They were incapable of being rendered fit at a reasonable expense.

The Preliminary Housing Survey conducted during the first three months of the year put great pressure on the Department, but nevertheless the task was completed successfully. Whilst it is impossible to elaborate on the Survey in

this Report the following classification of houses determined as a result of it, is interesting. The figures relate to all dwelling houses in the Urban District.

Category	Condition of Dwelling	No. of Houses
1	Satisfactory in all respects	2151
2	Minor defects... ..	672
3	Requiring structural alteration, repair or improvement	656
4	Incapable of being rendered fit at a reasonable cost	180

The total number of applications for housing accommodation on the file at 31st December, 1949 was 338 including 50 applications for aged persons' bungalows.

Following the recommendations contained in the Third Report of the Housing Management Sub-committee a revised Points Scheme, based on the Sample Points Scheme suggested in Appendix III of the Report, was approved by the Council.

Further details regarding housing applications and details of families re-housed are given in the tables below.

	Position at 31.10.45	Position at 31.10.49	Position at 31.12.49
Number of Applicants who live and work in Bishop's Stortford ...	128	230	203
Number of Applicants who live in Bishop's Stortford but work elsewhere	70	50	32
Number of Applicants who work in Bishop's Stortford but live elsewhere	46	119	76
Number of Applicants who do not live or work in Bishop's Stortford	9	49	27
Number of Applications received since 1st January, 1945	309	1478	1491
Number of Applications withdrawn or removed from the Register for various reasons	50	545	629
Number of Families re-housed ...	6	485	524
Number of Families found Emergency Housing Accommodation ...	—	—	—
Number of Council tenants transferred to other Council property during the year ... ..	...	...	22

SUMMARY OF APPLICATIONS FOR HOUSING ACCOMMODATION AT 31ST DECEMBER, 1949

1 Composition of Applicants' Families	2 No. of Families with bedroom deficiency			3 No. of Families without bedroom deficiency			4 No. requiring Special Consideration			5 Totals of 2, 3 and 4		
	House-holders	Lodgers	Total	House-holders	Lodgers	Total	House-holders	Lodgers	Total	House-holders	Lodgers	Total
GROUP A												
(a) Married Couples ...	—	2	2	29	83	112	—	1	1	29	86	115
(b) Married with 1 child ...	9	22	31	38	18	56	—	1	1	47	41	88
(c) Married with 2 children ...	4	3	7	27	6	33	1	—	1	32	9	41
(d) Other family units ...	2	3	5	10	8	18	2	—	2	14	11	25
	15	30	45	104	115	219	3	2	5	122	147	269
GROUP B												
(e) Married with 3 children ...	8	—	8	3	—	3	—	—	—	11	—	11
(f) Married with 4 children ...	3	—	3	1	—	1	—	—	—	4	—	4
(g) Other family units ...	—	—	—	2	—	2	—	—	—	2	—	2
	11	—	11	6	—	6	—	—	—	17	—	17
GROUP C												
(h) Married with 5 children ...	1	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	1
(i) Married with 6 children ...	1	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	1
(j) Other family units ...	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	2	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	2
Applications for Houses ...	28	30	58	110	115	225	3	2	5	141	147	288
Applications for Bungalows ...	—	—	—	36	14	50	—	—	—	36	14	50
Totals at 31/12/49 ...	28	30	58	146	129	275	3	2	5	177	161	338
Totals at 31/10/49 ...	8*	3*	11*	217	216	433	—	4	4	225	223	448

* These figures indicate families overcrowded, a bedroom deficiency standard being introduced later.



