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RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL  
OF BASFORD

# ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

MEDICAL OFFICER  
OF HEALTH

FOR THE YEAR

1956



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Including

A REPORT BY THE CHIEF PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR



RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL  
OF BASFORD

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**ANNUAL REPORT**

FOR

**1956**

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**WILLIAM R. PERRY**

*M.B., B.S., D.P.H.*

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

REPORT OF THE  
COMMISSIONER OF THE  
LAND OFFICE

AND  
THE  
LAND OFFICE

1878

WILLIAM H. BURRY

CHIEF OF THE  
LAND OFFICE

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# RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL OF BASFORD

**YEAR 1956-1957**

*Chairman* .. .. **H. A. IVES, Esq., J.P.**  
*Vice-Chairman* .. .. **F. BARKER, Esq.**

<i>Parishes</i>		<i>Councillors</i>	<i>Year first elected</i>
Annesley and Felley	.. ..	Mr. K. W. Elkington	.. .. 1953
Awsorth	.. ..	*Mr. C. Barlow	.. .. 1950
Barton	.. ..	*Rev. H. T. Pritchard	.. .. 1952
Bestwood Park	.. ..	*Mrs. M. K. Mayes, J.P.	.. .. 1947
Bradmore	.. ..	*Mr. F. W. Carnell	.. .. 1947
Brinsley	.. ..	*Mr. J. T. Walters	.. .. 1922
Bunny	.. ..	*Mr. H. A. Ives, J.P.	.. .. 1942
Burton Joyce	.. ..	Mr. S. M. J. Poole	.. .. 1953
Calverton	.. ..	Mr. R. H. Bardill	.. .. 1953
Cossall	.. ..	Mrr. W. L. Bostock	.. .. 1951
Costock	.. ..	Mr. A. J. Moss	.. .. 1955
East Leake	.. ..	Mr. F. Godber	.. .. 1955
Gotham	.. ..	*Mr. C. A. Booth	.. .. 1948
Greasley	.. ..	{ *Mr. H. Walker	.. .. 1953
		Mr. G. Spencer	.. .. 1950
Kimberley	.. ..	{ *Mr. A. Taylor	.. .. 1949
		*Mrs. J. Hill	.. .. 1946
Kingston-upon-Soar	.. ..	Mr. R. H. Woodfield	.. .. 1940
Lambley	.. ..	Mrs. M. O. Turnbull	.. .. 1954
Lynby	.. ..	Rev. L. I. Butler	.. .. 1949
Newstead	.. ..	*Mr. T. L. Turton	.. .. 1947
Normanton-upon-Soar	.. ..	*Mr. W. Evans	.. .. 1934
Nuthall	.. ..	*Mr. E. V. Lane, J.P.	.. .. 1936
Papplewick	.. ..	*Mr. G. H. Noble	.. .. 1951
Ratcliffe-upon-Soar	.. ..	*Mr. C. R. Osborne	.. .. 1955
Rempstone	.. ..	*Mr. G. Gibson	.. .. 1934
Ruddington	.. ..	{ Mr. H. Oliver	.. .. 1955
		*Dr. A. H. MacLaren	.. .. 1952
		Mrs. H. Flintoff	.. .. 1940
Selston	.. ..	{ Mr. A. Naylor	.. .. 1949
		*Mr. F. Barker	.. .. 1936
		Mr. A. E. Kirk	.. .. 1951
Stanford-upon-Soar	.. ..	*Mr. C. A. Stanger	.. .. 1955
Stoke Bardolph	.. ..	*Mr. A. R. Stone	.. .. 1941
Strelley	.. ..	Mr. W. Moore	.. .. 1920
Sutton Bonington	.. ..	*Mr. C. V. Barrowcliff	.. .. 1955
Thrumpton	.. ..	*Mr. A. Small	.. .. 1946
Trowell	.. ..	Mr. A. H. Haynes	.. .. 1952
West Leake	.. ..	Mr. R. T. Payne	.. .. 1949
Willoughby-on-the-Wolds	.. ..	*Mr. T. Evans	.. .. 1951
Woodborough	.. ..	*Mr. A. E. Foster, J.P.	.. .. 1933
Wysall and Thorpe-in-the-Glebe	.. ..	*Mr. E. M. Trafford	.. .. 1949

*\*Members of the Health Committee:*

*Chairman of the Health Committee* .. **Mr. C. A. Booth**  
*Vice Chairman* .. .. **Mr. F. W. Carnell**

## PUBLIC HEALTH OFFICERS OF THE RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL OF BASFORD

---

Medical Officer of Health	..	WILLIAM R. PERRY, M.B., B.S., D.P.H.
Chief Public Health Inspector, Cleansing Superintendent and Petroleum Inspector	.. ..	V. V. YATES, F.S.I.A., A.M.I.P.C. (a), (d). (retired February). C. R. LANGDON, M.S.I.A., M.I.P.C. (b), (c), (d), (g), (h), (i). (appointed February).
District Public Health Inspectors, Cleansing Superintendents and Petroleum Inspectors :		
No. 1 District	.. ..	A. C. E. PALMER, M.S.I.A., (b), (c), (g).
No. 2 District	.. ..	R. POTTS, M.S.I.A., (b), (c).
No. 3 District	.. ..	H. H. JOHNSON, M.S.I.A., (b), (c), (e), (f).
Senior Health Clerk	.. ..	Mrs. J. D. WITHERS.
Shorthand Typist	.. ..	Mrs. E. M. HOUSDEN (resigned October). Miss P. LEE (appointed December).
Rodent Officer	.. ..	J. L. SPRAY.

---

- (a) Certificate of the Royal Society of Health for Sanitary Inspectors.
- (b) Certificate of the Royal Sanitary Institute and Sanitary Inspectors Examination Joint Board.
- (c) Certificate of the Royal Society of Health for Meat Inspectors.
- (d) Testamur of the Institute of Public Cleansing.
- (e) Certificate of the Royal Society of Health for Food Hygiene.
- (f) Certificate of the Royal Society of Health for General Hygiene and Sanitation.
- (g) Certificate of the Royal Society of Health in Sanitary Science as applied to Buildings and Public Works.
- (h) Associate Member Certificate—Institute of Public Health Engineers.
- (i) Diploma, Hons., Advanced General Hygiene Examination Royal Society of Public Health and Hygiene.

# ANNUAL REPORT

## to the Rural District Council of Basford

---

*Health Department,  
Rock House,  
Stockhill Lane,  
Basford,  
Nottingham.*

MR. CHAIRMAN, LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,

I have the honour to present to you my Eighth Annual Report on the health and sanitary circumstances of your District for the year 1956.

It is an ordinary Report written to conform to the requirements of the Ministry of Health.

There were 835 births during the year, and 540 deaths giving a natural increase of population for the year of 295.

The estimated mid-year population of the Rural District was 53,370, giving a total increase over 1955 of 800.

The difference between these two figures, i.e. 800 and 295—is accounted for by migration, and especially by the continued growth of the parish of Calverton consequent upon the development of the Coal Mining Industry.

It is recognised that the proportion of older people in the population is increasing and whilst this is not due to one factor only, an examination of the ages of death for the year 1956 illustrates how this position is arising. Of the total deaths for the year 60% occurred at ages over 65 years, and at ages over 80 years 26% of the deaths occurred. The comparable figures for 1938 are 53% and 17%.

The number of infant deaths was 17, giving an infant mortality rate of 20.4, compared with the rate for England and Wales of 23.8. It is most satisfactory to note that this is the lowest infant mortality rate ever recorded in the Rural District.

However, an examination of the causes of these infant deaths reveals that two were accidental and were the subject of a Coroners Inquest. The lessons to be learned from these tragedies are clear.

There is a grave risk of suffocation when a young baby is brought into the same bed as the parents at night. Also the danger of a baby suffocating is very real when a soft feathery pillow is used in the cot.

It is my duty, therefore, to emphasize that babies must have their own cot, and they should not sleep in bed with adults, even occasionally on cold winter nights. Furthermore, a baby does not need a pillow, but if one is provided it must be low and firm.

Fatal accidents in the home are more frequent than fatalities on the roads. All accidents are tragedies and the majority of home accidents are strictly preventable. Approximately one quarter of all home accidents affect young children and the causes include burns and scalds, electrical and gas accidents and drug poisoning.

It would be well if all parents of young children carefully examined their house periodically to ensure that danger spots were eliminated—no naked fires to be unguarded, pan handles not to project out over the side of the cooker, electric kettle flex not to dangle down over the bench, and no medicines, particularly tablets, to be left lying about the house where the toddler can pick them up.

There is much to commend the recommendation recently made that home accidents should be notifiable by general practitioners and hospitals to the Medical Officer of Health, in order that the circumstances may be investigated, and instructions given to prevent similar accidents in the future.

The total notifications of infectious diseases received during the year was 301 ; the marked reduction from the previous year being due to Measles cases falling from 808 to 69, and Whooping Cough from 215 to 70. There was, however, a definite increase in cases of dysentery, mostly affecting school children.

Vaccination against Poliomyelitis using British made vaccine was offered to children for the first time. Parents were informed of the facts concerning the vaccine, but because there had been no previous experience of it in this country, the decision to accept was left to be made freely by parents. Owing to the small amounts of vaccine made available only about one seventh of those requesting vaccination had been completed by the end of the year. Experience in its use showed that it was simple to administer by injection and that it produced very little after effect or reaction. For this reason, together with a desire of parents to protect their children against the disease, it is clear that there will be a sustained demand for this vaccine.

In the early part of the year Mr. C. R. Langdon commenced duties as Chief Public Health Inspector on the retirement of Mr. V. V. Yates.

The three District Health Inspectors have rendered most valuable service, and they are to be complimented on maintaining such a high standard of duty. The work of the Rodent Officer continued to be appreciated by those ratepayers calling on his service.

It is my pleasure to state that the officers and staff of the Health Department have worked together in harmony and with efficiency.

It is proper that I should record the great interest and support given to the Department by the Chairman of the Health Committee.

I also thank the Clerk and the other Officers of the Council for their co-operation and assistance so readily given.

I have the honour to be, Ladies and Gentlemen,

Your obedient servant,

WILLIAM R. PERRY,

*Medical Officer of Health.*

## REPORT OF THE CHIEF PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR

---

MR. CHAIRMAN, LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,

It is with pleasure that I submit for your consideration this Report of my first year as your Chief Public Health Inspector.

The year 1956 was one of increasing duties and responsibilities due mainly to new legislation.

**Food.** (1) Meat Inspection—despite requests it has been found impossible to arrange that local butchers confine their slaughtering to normal hours. This has necessitated considerable work outside office hours by your Meat Inspectors. Increased detailed inspection for the presence of *Cysticercus Bovis* has also been carried out.

(2) The Food Hygiene Regulations, which came into force at the beginning of the year, have necessitated detailed inspection of all food premises in the area. Circulars containing a summary of the requirements of the Regulations were sent to all food traders, but even so a great deal of alteration, improvements, etc., still needs attention.

**Housing.** The five-year programme of Slum Clearance was commenced and at the end of the year 29 properties (in four areas) had been considered as unfit.

The main problem now is that of re-housing the persons displaced as near the site of the respective Clearance Area as possible. This becomes very difficult in view of the extent of the district. The progress of Slum Clearance however is dependent on that of re-housing.

**Atmospheric Pollution.** The Clean Air Act, certain portions of which came into operation during the year will, it is hoped, pave the way towards a cleaner atmosphere. A commencement has been made in surveying the existing boiler plant in the area.

**Cleansing.** *Staff.*—High rates of sickness and absenteeism among employees still continued to disorganise the work at the Depots.

*Tips.*—The policy of reducing the number of unsatisfactory tips has meant the ploughing up and seeding down of the tip at Woodborough. Refuse from this area is taken to your Ollerton Road Tip or Gunthorpe Tip.

*Maintenance.*—During the year your own vehicle maintenance scheme was set up and centralised at the Kimberley Depot. Regular servicing and repair have been carried out with consequent reduction in loss of running time by your vehicles.

*Depots.*—It was evident that your Jacksdale Depot has been inadequate for the services for some time as two of your vehicles are unable to be garaged under cover. A water supply has now been laid on to enable the vehicles to be regularly washed down and plans have been requested for the layout of a new Depot.

*Salvage.*—The price obtained for salvaged waste paper has continued to fall, but increased tonnage has resulted in an increased income of £290 as compared with the previous year.

**Tents, Vans, Sheds, etc.** A considerable amount of time is spent checking on nomadic caravan squatters and it does seem that a more vigorous policy may be necessary to avoid complaints of damage and trespass, etc. Sanitary arrangements are usually completely absent.

**Conclusion.** I have to thank my predecessor, Mr. V. V. Yates, for a complete introduction to the district and at the same time to record my deep appreciation of the assistance I have received from the Chairman and members of the Council, the Clerk and other Officers as well as loyalty and conscientious support by the staff of the Department.

I am, Ladies and Gentlemen,

Your obedient servant,

C. R. LANGDON,

*Chief Public Health Inspector.*

## STATISTICS AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS OF THE AREA

During the year, the area remained as constituted on 1st April, 1935, when the Nottinghamshire County Review Order, 1934, came into force, with the exception of the parish of Clifton-cum-Glapton, which was transferred on 1st April, 1952, from the Rural District of Basford to the City of Nottingham, under the Nottingham City and County Boundaries Act, 1951.

Area	..	..	..	..	69,823 acres
Population (Census, 1951) (including Parish of Clifton)	..	..	..	..	50,302
Population (Estimated by Registrar-General, 30th June, 1956)	..	..	..	..	53,370
Number of Inhabited Houses (approximately)	..	..	..	..	17,920
Rateable Value (1st January, 1956)	..	..	..	..	£293,549
(31st December, 1956)	..	..	..	..	£509,375
Product of Penny Rate (31st March, 1956)	..	..	..	..	£1,123 4s. 4d.

### EXTRACTS FROM VITAL STATISTICS FOR 1956

#### Births

<i>Live Births</i>		<i>Male</i>	<i>Female</i>	<i>Total</i>
Legitimate	..	422	397	819
Illegitimate	..	7	9	16
		<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
		429	406	835
		<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>

Crude Birth Rate per 1,000 population .. 15.64

<i>Still Births</i>		<i>Male</i>	<i>Female</i>	<i>Total</i>
Legitimate	..	16	11	27
Illegitimate	..	1	—	1
		<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
		17	11	28
		<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>

Still-birth Rate per 1,000 population .. 0.52

Still-birth Rate per 1,000 total (live and still) births 33.55

#### Deaths

<i>Male</i>	<i>Female</i>	<i>Total</i>
297	243	540

Crude Death Rate per 1,000 population .. 10.12

Natural increase of population (excess of births over deaths) .. .. 295

By applying the Area Comparability Factor, as supplied by the Registrar-General, to the Crude Birth and Death Rates, the following Adjusted Rates are obtained :—

Birth Comparability Factor—1.01 ; Adjusted Birth Rate —15.80  
 Death Comparability Factor—1.17 ; Adjusted Death Rate —11.84

## INFANT MORTALITY

*Deaths of Infants under One year of age*

<i>Age in Weeks</i>	<i>Legitimate</i>		<i>Illegitimate</i>		<i>Totals</i>
	<i>Males</i>	<i>Females</i>	<i>Males</i>	<i>Females</i>	
0-4	5	6	—	—	11
5-52	3	3	—	—	6
Totals	8	9	—	—	17

Infant Mortality Rates (*i.e.*, Deaths of Infants under one year per 1,000 live births) :—

Legitimate only	..	..	..	20.36
Illegitimate only	..	.	.	Nil
GENERAL	..	..	..	20.36
The corresponding general rate for England and Wales is				
	..	.	..	23.8

### INFANT MORTALITY RATE

The number of deaths of infants under one year of age was 17 in 1956. During the previous year there had been a sharp rise of infant deaths to a total of 34, and it was pointed out in last year's report that no undue significance should be paid to the high rate for 1955 because it might well be accounted for by chance distribution.

The reduction of the Infant Mortality Rate by half this year has tended to confirm this contention.

### STILL-BIRTH RATE

The annual variations of the Still-Birth Rates in the District are shown in the following table :—

<i>Year</i>	<i>Rate per 1,000 population</i>	<i>Rate per 1,000 Total births (Live and Still)</i>	
	<i>Basford</i>	<i>Basford</i>	<i>England and Wales</i>
1946	0.80	37.81	27.0
1947	0.59	27.78	24.1
1948	0.50	29.52	23.2
1949	0.51	29.52	22.7
1950	0.34	20.07	22.7
1951	0.44	26.54	23.0
1952	0.38	23.69	23.0
1953	0.43	27.60	22.5
1954	0.46	28.54	24.0
1955	0.27	16.81	23.1
1956	0.52	32.44	23.0

## DEATHS FROM CERTAIN SELECTED CAUSES

	<i>Number of Deaths</i>			<i>Annual Death Rate per 1,000 population</i>
	<i>Males</i>	<i>Females</i>	<i>Total</i>	
Heart Diseases ..	99	74	173	3.24
Cancer .. ..	50	49	99	1.85
Nervous Disorders ..	40	36	76	1.42
Bronchitis .. ..	21	10	31	0.58
Violence .. ..	22	14	36	0.67
Pneumonia .. ..	8	12	20	0.37
Tuberculosis .. ..	4	—	4	0.07
Infectious Diseases.	—	—	—	—
Influenza .. ..	1	1	2	0.04

Table showing the annual variations of the Birth and Death Rates for the Basford District and the comparative rates for England and Wales :—

<i>Year</i>	<b>Birth Rate</b>		<b>Death Rate</b>		<b>Infant. Mort. Rate</b>	
	<i>Basford</i>	<i>E. and W.</i>	<i>Basford</i>	<i>E. and W.</i>	<i>Basford</i>	<i>E. and W.</i>
1940	15.24	14.6	12.04	14.3	50.43	55.
1941	16.53	14.2	11.73	12.9	50.13	59.
1942	18.84	15.8	10.66	11.6	50.69	49.
1943	19.21	16.5	11.36	12.1	49.64	49.
1944	20.99	17.6	11.68	11.6	42.39	46.
<i>5-year Average</i>	18.16	15.74	11.49	12.5	48.66	51.6
1945	20.15	16.1	11.15	11.4	30.44	46.
1946	20.45	19.1	10.63	11.5	36.04	43.
1947	20.54	20.5	11.11	12.0	29.63	41.
1948	16.53	17.9	9.37	10.8	31.68	34.
1949	16.88	16.7	10.82	11.7	29.20	32.
<i>5-year Average</i>	18.91	18.06	10.62	11.48	31.60	39.2
1950	17.00	15.8	10.16	17.6	31.33	29.8
1951	16.29	15.5	11.93	13.4	21.07	29.6
1952	16.09	15.3	10.15	11.3	21.71	27.6
1953	15.60	15.5	10.40	11.4	24.52	26.8
1954	15.90	15.2	10.49	11.3	23.28	25.2
<i>5-year Average</i>	16.17	15.47	10.63	13.0	24.38	27.8
1955	16.00	15.00	10.57	11.7	40.82	24.9
1956	15.80	15.70	11.84	11.7	20.36	23.8

## GENERAL PROVISION OF HEALTH SERVICES FOR THE AREA

### PUBLIC HEALTH OFFICERS OF THE AUTHORITY

A list giving their names and duties appears on page 5 of this report.

### HOSPITAL SERVICE

Application for admission to general hospitals is made direct to the hospital through a doctor or other responsible person. Cases of tuberculosis requiring admission to sanatoria are referred to the Chest Physician, Nottingham and District Chest Centre, Gregory Boulevard, Nottingham. (Telephone No. Nottingham 77884).

Cases of infectious disease requiring admission to an isolation hospital are first referred to the District Medical Officer of Health for decision regarding the necessity for admission to hospital. All admissions and discharges of infectious disease cases are notified to the District Medical Officer.

Maternity cases requiring hospital confinement are normally referred to the hospital by the doctor at the Ante-Natal Clinic or by a general practitioner.

### LABORATORY FACILITIES

Under the National Health Service Act, 1946, samples and specimens for analysis are sent to the Public Health Laboratory, 63 Goldsmith Street, Nottingham. (Telephone No. Nottingham 46436)

### CARE OF MOTHERS AND YOUNG CHILDREN *(National Health Service Act, 1946—Section 22)*

Details of the Ante-Natal Clinics and Child Welfare Centres run by the Nottinghamshire County Council in the Basford Rural District are given on pages 19 and 20.

### MIDWIFERY *(National Health Service Act, 1946—Section 23)*

No. of Midwives practising and residing in the Basford Rural District during 1956	17
No. practising in but residing outside the Basford Rural District	15
No. holding certificate of proficiency in administration of Gas and Air Analgesia	31
No. completed training in administration of Gas and Air Analgesia but not yet passed examination	1

Gas and Air Analgesia during child-birth is available to all persons residing in the Rural District of Basford.

It is very important that an expectant mother should book her midwife (and her doctor if she so desires) very early in her pregnancy. Names and addresses of midwives can be obtained from the Notts. County Council, County Hall.

### HEALTH VISITING *(National Health Service Act, 1946—Section 24)*

There are twelve Health Visitors employed on Maternity and Child Welfare work by the Nottinghamshire County Council in the Rural District of Basford. Six of these are resident within the area. The services of a health Visitor may be secured by calling at the nearest Child Welfare Centre.

**HOME NURSING** (*National Health Service Act, 1946—Section 25*)

At the end of the year there were twenty-five nurses on the Home Nursing Service who work in the Rural District of Basford. Of these, fourteen reside within the area.

The service is free and a District Nurse will always do her best to answer an emergency call without waiting for formalities to be completed. In non-emergency cases, the Nurse will attend at the request of the general practitioner.

**VACCINATION AND IMMUNISATION** (*National Health Service Act, 1946—Section 26*)

Vaccination against smallpox and immunisation against diphtheria are available to all children in the district and can be carried out at the Maternity and Child Welfare Centres or by general practitioners. Visits to schools are made periodically by the Medical Officer of Health for the purpose of giving re-inforcing or "Booster" injections or for carrying out primary treatment.

1956 was the first complete year in which the Combined Whooping Cough and Diphtheria vaccine was used. It has been well accepted by parents; over 95% of whom prefer it to the Diphtheria immunisation alone.

It is to be noted that the number of children vaccinated against smallpox during the year was less than in 1955.

Details of prophylactic treatment carried out during 1956 are as follows:—

**Vaccination**

		<i>Age under 1 year</i>	<i>Age 1 year</i>	<i>Ages 2-4 years</i>	<i>Ages 5-15 years</i>	<i>Ages over 15 years</i>	<i>Total</i>
Primary Treatment	..	211	41	22	13	15	302
Re-vaccination	..	—	—	—	2	14	16

Of these totals, 170 persons were vaccinated or re-vaccinated by private practitioners.

**Immunisation**

<i>Age at time of treatment</i>	<i>Number of Children who received</i>	
	<i>full course of 2 or 3 injections</i>	<i>re-inforcing or "Booster" injection</i>
Under 1 year	478	—
1 year ..	225	1
2 years ..	40	—
3 years ..	29	1
4 years ..	13	33
5-9 years ..	40	349
10-14 years ..	1	2
TOTALS ..	826	386

Total number of children treated by Private Practitioners (all ages) included in these figures .. .. .	464
Total attendances at Child Welfare Clinics for Immunisation..	748

### **POLIOMYELITIS VACCINATION**

Vaccination of children against Poliomyelitis began on a very limited scale during 1956, being dependent on a restricted supply of vaccine from the manufacturers.

### **AMBULANCE SERVICES** (*National Health Service Act, 1946—Section 27*)

The Nottinghamshire County Council are responsible for the Ambulance Services for the whole administrative County area. The service is free and all urgent calls for accident, sudden illness or maternity are answered without question. Non-urgent calls, such as for routine hospital attendance, are only accepted if supported by a recommendation from the Medical Officer of Health, hospital doctor, private practitioner, nurse, midwife, dentist or other responsible person.

### **PREVENTION OF ILLNESS, CARE AND AFTER-CARE** (*National Health Service Act, 1946—Section 28*)

Facilities provided by the Nottinghamshire County Council, as the Local Health Authority under Part III of the Act, for the prevention of illness, care and after-care are summarised below.

#### **Tuberculosis**

By arrangement with the County Council, the Nottingham and Nottinghamshire Association for the Prevention of Tuberculosis carry out valuable social work, designed not only to facilitate the patient's recovery by solving the special problems of the tuberculous household, but also to influence the domestic and working environment so as to minimise the chances of relapse and to protect family contacts.

These arrangements now include a scheme for the provision of domiciliary occupational therapy for patients unable to follow their normal employment.

The County Council organise domiciliary visits by trained Health Visitors, provide for the loan of shelters to appropriate cases and arrange rehabilitation at the Sherwood Village Settlement.

B.C.G. vaccination of contacts against tuberculosis is also available through the Chest Physician, employed jointly by the County Council and Regional Hospital Board.

#### **Other Types of Illness**

- (a) Almoner Service to help and advise on all social problems (including general care and after-care), convalescence and admission to hospital of chronic sick and senile patients.
- (b) Loan of nursing equipment and appliances to patients being nursed at home.

- (c) Convalescence (not involving active medical treatment)—on the recommendation of a general practitioner and subject to contribution by applicants towards the cost involved according to their financial circumstances.
- (d) Infectious Diseases—routine visits by Health Visitors to advise and assist in the prevention of spread of infection.
- (e) Venereal Diseases—follow-up work by Almoners.
- (f) Health Education, including courses of instruction, special lectures to established organisations (including the use of films and film-strips) and the issue of pamphlets, brochures and posters.

### **HOME HELP SERVICE** (*National Health Service Act, 1946—Section 29*)

Home Helps are provided by the County Council and are available throughout the area where the need arises in a household, owing to the presence of any person who is ill, lying-in, an expectant mother, mentally defective, aged or a child not over compulsory school age.

In maternity cases, a Home Help attends daily for two weeks from the birth of the baby, excluding Saturday afternoon and Sunday, and her duties include the ordinary domestic work such as cleaning cooking, washing, care of children, mending and shopping.

In general cases of sickness, or when assisting in the households of old or infirm people, Home Helps undertake such of the above duties as may be necessary. Part-time help can be arranged.

The charge for the service is 3s. 0d. per hour, but where the applicant is unable to afford this amount, the County Council's Scale of Assistance is applied.

The District office addresses, together with the districts covered, are shown below :—

<i>Urban District</i>	<i>District Office Address</i>	<i>Parishes covered</i>
Arnold and Carlton ..	Home Help Service, Park House, 61, Burton Road, Carlton Telephone Carlton 24-7151	Burton Joyce Calverton Lambley Stoke Bardolph Woodborough
Beeston and Stapleford	Home Help Service, Maternity and Child Welfare Centre, Dovecote Lane, Beeston Telephone Beeston 25-6603	Strelley Trowell
Eastwood and Hucknall	Home Help Service, 66 High Street, Hucknall — Telephone Hucknall 93	Awsworth Bestwood Park Brinsley Cossall Greasley Kimberley Lynby Nuthall Papplewick

<i>Urban District</i>	<i>District Office Address</i>	<i>Parishes covered</i>
Kirkby-in-Ashfield and Sutton-in-Ashfield	Home Help Service, 4, Outram Street, Sutton-in-Ashfield— Telephone Sutton-in-Ashfield 316	Annesley Felley Newstead Selston
West Bridgford ..	Home Help Service, County Hall, Trent Bridge, Notting- ham—Telephone Nottingham 88621 and 88631	All Parishes South of River Trent

## WELFARE FOODS SERVICE

With the closing of Food Offices, the responsibility for distributing the National Welfare Foods (National Dried Milk, Cod Liver Oil, Vitamins A and D tablets and Orange Juice) was transferred to Local Health Authorities on the 28th June, 1954, and the arrangements now form a part of the County Council's duty to provide service for the care of expectant and nursing mothers and young children under Section 22 of the National Health Service Act 1946. The local offices of the Ministry of Pensions and National Insurance deal with all matters relating to the issue of the necessary documents of entitlement.

There are 133 Centres established throughout the County area, of which number 24 are located in the Basford Rural District. Further details of these Centres are given in the following table :—

### Welfare Foods Distribution Centres

(In addition to the Voluntary Distribution Centres indicated, it should be noted that voluntary workers also assist at some of the County Council Distribution Centres.)

<i>Address of Distribution Centre.</i>	<i>County Council (C.C.) or Voluntary (Vol.)</i>	<i>Days on which open.</i>	<i>Times during which open.</i>
<b>NORTH OF TRENT</b>			
Methodist Chapel, Awworth.	.. C.C.	.. Alternate Wednesdays.	.. 2 p.m. to 4.30 p.m.
Methodist Chapel, Beauvau.	.. C.C.	.. Friday	.. 2 p.m. to 4.30 p.m.
Sports Pavilion, Bestwood.	.. C.C.	.. Alternate Mondays.	.. 2 p.m. to 4.30 p.m.
North Midland District Army Headquarters, Bestwood Lodge.	Vol.	.. Alternate Tuesdays	.. 2 p.m. to 4 p.m.
Post Office, Brinsley (Old)	.. Vol. ..	.. Daily except Wednesday p.m. ..	.. Business hours.
Village Institute, Brinsley	.. C.C.	.. Alternate Tuesdays.	.. 2 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. ..
Methodist Chapel, Burton Joyce.	.. C.C.	.. Alternate Mondays.	.. 2 p.m. to 4.30 p.m.

<i>Address of Distribution Centre</i>	<i>County Council or Voluntary</i>	<i>Days on which open</i>	<i>Times during which open</i>
The Institute, Calverton.	.. C.C.	.. Wednesday	.. 2 p.m. to 4.30 p.m.
Parish Hall, Kimberley.	.. C.C.	.. Monday	.. 2 p.m. to 4.30 p.m.
Old Church Schoolroom, Lambley.	.. C.C.	.. Alternate Thursdays.	.. 2 p.m. to 4.30 p.m.
Old Institute, Newstead.	.. C.C.	.. Tuesday	.. 2 p.m. to 4.30 p.m.
Church Hall, Nuthall.	.. C.C.	.. Alternate Wednesdays.	.. 9.30 a.m. to 12 noon
The Institute, Papplewick.	.. C.C.	.. Alternate Wednesdays.	.. 2 p.m. to 4.30 p.m.
Congregational Chapel, Selston.	.. C.C.	.. Alternate Thursdays.	.. 2 p.m. to 4.30 p.m.
Parish Hall, Trowell.	.. C.C.	.. Alternate Thursdays.	.. 2 p.m. to 4.30 p.m.
The Institute, Underwood.	.. C.C.	.. Alternate Wednesdays.	.. 2 p.m. to 4.30 p.m.
Miners' Welfare Institute, Westwood.	.. C.C.	.. Alternate Thursdays.	.. 2 p.m. to 4.30 p.m.
Parochial Hall, Woodborough.	.. C.C.	.. Alternate Wednesdays.	.. 2 p.m. to 4.30 p.m.

#### **SOUTH OF TRENT**

The Almshouses, Bunny.	.. C.C.	.. Alternate Mondays.	.. 2 p.m. to 4.30 p.m.
Church Schoolroom, East Leake.	.. C.C.	.. Alternate Thursdays.	.. 2 p.m. to 4.30 p.m.
Village Hall, Gotham.	.. C.C.	.. Alternate Tuesdays.	.. 2 p.m. to 4.30 p.m.
Village Hall, Ruddington.	.. C.C.	.. Alternate Mondays.	.. 2 p.m. to 4.30 p.m.
Village Hall, Sutton Bonington.	.. C.C.	.. Alternate Fridays.	.. 2 p.m. to 4.30 p.m.
Village Hall, Willoughby-on-the-Wolds.	.. C.C.	.. Alternate Mondays.	.. 2 p.m. to 4.30 p.m.

### **NOTTINGHAMSHIRE COUNTY COUNCIL ACT, 1951**

#### **Part VII—Establishments for Massage or Special Treatment**

Part VII of this Act came into force on 5th February, 1952, in the Basford Rural District and the powers and duties applicable to this section have been delegated to the Rural District Council of Basford.

At the end of the year, there was one licensed establishment in the District for massage or special treatment, at 197 Nottingham Road, Nuthall.

### Ante-Natal Clinics in the Basford Rural District

Times of Sessions—Morning 9.30-12 noon ; Afternoon 2-4.30 p.m.

<i>Clinic</i>	<i>Address</i>	<i>Sessions</i>	<i>Day and Time</i>
Awsworth ..	Methodist Church School	Fortnightly	Thursday .. a.m.
Beauvale ..	Methodist Church	Fortnightly	Tuesday .. a.m.
*Bestwood Park ..	Sports Pavilion ..	Monthly	Monday .. p.m.
*Brinsley ..	Village Hall (New Centre w.e.f. 19/6/56)	Fortnightly	Tuesday .. p.m.
*Calverton ..	The Institute ..	Monthly	Wednesday .. p.m.
East Leake ..	Church Schoolroom	Fortnightly	Wednesday .. a.m.
*Gotham ..	Village Hall ..	Monthly	Tuesday .. p.m.
Kimberley ..	Parish Hall ..	Weekly	Thursday .. a.m.
Newstead ..	Old Institute, Old Village	Fortnightly	Monday .. a.m.
*Papplewick ..	Papplewick and Lynby Institute	Monthly	Wednesday .. p.m.
Ruddington ..	Village Hall ..	Fortnightly	Wednesday .. a.m.
Selston ..	Congregational Chapel	Fortnightly	Saturday .. a.m.
*Sutton Bonington ..	Village Hall ..	Monthly	Friday .. p.m.
*Trowell ..	Parish Hall ..	Monthly	Thursday .. p.m.
Underwood ..	Bagthorpe and Underwood Institute	Monthly	Friday .. p.m.
Westwood ..	Miners' Welfare Institute	Fortnightly	Wednesday .. p.m.
*Willoughby-on-the-Wolds ..	Village Hall ..	Monthly	Monday .. p.m.
*Woodborough ..	Parochial Hall ..	Monthly	Wednesday .. p.m.

\* Ante-Natal cases are seen at these Centres at the Medical Officer's session of the Child Welfare Clinic.



## NATIONAL ASSISTANCE ACT, 1948

### Welfare Districts covering the area of the Basford Rural District

<i>Parishes</i>	<i>District Welfare Officer</i>
Annesley Bestwood Brinsley Felley Greasley Lynby Newstead Papplewick Selston	<b>Mr. G. H. Long</b> <i>Office Addresses:</i> 66-68 High Street, Hucknall (Telephone No. Hucknall 93); 12, Derby Road, Eastwood (Telephone No. Langley Mill 3258); <i>Home Address:</i> 35, Grosvenor Road, Eastwood (Telephone No. Langley Mill 2442).
Awsworth Cossall Kimberley Nuthall Strelley Trowell	<b>Mr. G. W. Adams</b> <i>Office Address:</i> 29a, Imperial Road, Beeston (Telephone No. Nottingham 25-4014; <i>Home Address:</i> 47 Riverdale Road, Attenborough, Beeston. (Telephone No. Beeston 25-5352)
Burton Joyce Calverton Lambley Stoke Bardolph Woodborough	<b>Mr. R. R. Wilcockson</b> <i>Office Address:</i> Methodist Church, Gedling Road, Carlton (Telephone No. Nottingham 24-8392); <i>Home Address:</i> 6, Park Road, Hucknall (Telephone No. Hucknall 173).
All Parishes South of the River Trent	<b>Mr. G. S. Exley</b> <i>Office Address:</i> The Hall, West Bridgford, Nottingham (Telephone No. Nottingham 89651); <i>Home Address:</i> 154, Melton Road, West Bridgford (Telephone No. Nottingham 23-2099).

### Homes for the Aged

The National Assistance Act, 1948, placed a duty and responsibility on County and County Borough Councils to provide residential accommodation for persons who, by reason of old age, infirmity or other circumstances are in need of care and attention which is not otherwise available to them.

For this purpose the Nottinghamshire County Council maintains three residential establishments which have been modernised and re-equipped, and has provided ten new houses, all of which are now occupied to capacity. Details of the accommodation are as follows :—

#### *Residential Establishments:*

1. "Stanhope House," Nottingham Road, Bingham—32 men and 32 women.
2. "Hillcrest", Leverton Road, Retford—56 men and 56 women.
3. "Greet House," Upton Road, Southwell—32 men and 48 women.

#### *Homes:*

1. "The Old Hall", Balderton—18 men and women.
2. "Parkside", Worksop—27 men and women.
3. "Clayworth Hall", near Retford—18 men and women.
4. "Oaklands", Retford—18 men and women.

5. "Mount Vernon", Retford—21 women.
6. "The Old Vicarage", Southwell—19 men and women.
7. "Gedling Manor", Carlton—32 men and women.
8. "Beech Hill", Mansfield—19 men and women.
9. "South Manor", Ruddington—36 men and women.
10. "South Muskham Prebend", Southwell—28 men and women.

The homes are provided for elderly persons of both sexes, including married couples, who, on account of advancing years or infirmity, are no longer able to look after themselves in their own homes and have no-one able and willing to look after and care for them. They are not intended for sick persons who need constant medical attention or nursing care, but residents suffering from minor ailments are looked after as in ordinary households.

A maximum charge of £5 1s. 6d. per week is made at present, but residents who cannot afford to pay this amount are required to pay only what they can afford. For example, a resident whose only income is a retirement pension, an old-age pension or a National Assistance Board Allowance, keeps 7/6d. per week for personal spending.

### **Welfare Services for the Physically Handicapped**

In addition to certain welfare services made available for blind and partially sighted persons through the agency of the Royal Midland Institution for the Blind, Nottingham, the County Council provides a comprehensive advisory service for persons permanently and substantially handicapped by other forms of physical disability, to ensure that their needs are met, as far as is practicable, by the appropriate statutory or voluntary provision; and special services are available for them through the County Welfare Department.

An Occupational Service, designed to provide minor outwork and handicrafts for handicapped persons in their homes or at centres staffed by qualified occupational therapists, has been established by the County Council and operates throughout the County. The County Council has also a scheme whereby a few sighted disabled persons may be trained and employed in sheltered conditions in the Royal Midland Institution for the Blind.

Handicapped Persons are advised to apply to any of the District Welfare Officers or to the County Welfare Officer at County Hall, Trent Bridge, Nottingham.

Adaptations have been carried out at the homes of crippled people, or fixtures provided, to enable them to be as independent as possible.

A special Welfare Officer for the Deaf has been appointed to help the deaf and dumb and the hard of hearing throughout the County. He is available to act as interpreter whenever such assistance is required and works in liaison with the Secretary/Superintendent of the Nottingham Institution for the deaf, which continues to provide group services.

**Removal to Suitable Premises of Persons in Need of Care and Attention**  
(*Section 47*)

No legal action was taken under this section of the National Assistance Act, 1948. Voluntary admissions to hospital are arranged for aged persons who are chronic sick or in need of care and attention where it is considered they can be better looked after away from home.

**Burial or Cremation of the Dead** (*Section 50*).

The Council made arrangements for the burial of four persons during the year under this section of the Act.

**NATIONAL ASSISTANCE (AMENDMENT) ACT, 1951**

The Council has authorised the Medical Officer of Health to make applications under this Act to a Court of Summary Jurisdiction or to a single Justice of the Peace for an order for the urgent removal of certain persons from the premises in which they are residing to a hospital or other place, instead of such application being made by the Council.

One application for a Magistrate's Order under this section was made in 1956 by the Medical Officer of Health.

**PUBLIC HEALTH ACT, 1925, Section 66 and PUBLIC HEALTH ACT, 1936, Section 176**

**Prevention of Blindness**

No action was taken during the year under the above sections.

# CHILDREN ACT, 1948

## CHILDREN AND YOUNG PERSONS ACT, 1933

### Child Care Visiting Officers covering the area of the Basford Rural District Council.

<i>Child Care Officers and Address.</i>	<i>Parishes.</i>
Miss F. E. Ney, 1, Short Hill, Nottingham. Tel. No. : Nottm. 47539.	.. Bestwood Park, Calverton, Wood- borough.
Miss A. O. LEWIS, 1, Short Hill, Nottingham. Tel. No. : Nottm. 47539.	.. Barton, Bradmore, Bunny, Costock, East Leake, Gotham, Kingston-on- Soar, Normanton-on-Soar, Ratcliffe- on-Soar, Rempstone, Ruddington, Stanford-on-Soar, Sutton Bonington, Thorpe-in-the-Glebe, Thrumpton, West Leake, Willoughby-on-the- Wolds, Wysall.
Miss B. C. Reid, 1, Short Hill, Nottingham. Tel. No. : Nottm. 47539.	.. Annesley, Felley, Lynby, Newstead, Papplewick.
Miss M. A. Askey, St. Peter's Chambers, Church Lane, Mansfield. Tel. No. : Mansfield 2927.	.. Selston.
Mr. J. R. Barker, 1, Short Hill, Nottingham. Tel. No. : Nottm. 47539.	.. Awsworth, Brinsley, Cossall, Greasley, Kimberley, Nuthall, Strelley, Trowell.
Miss M. H. Williams 1, Short Hill, Nottingham. Tel. No. : Nottm. 47539.	.. Burton Joyce, Lambley, Stoke Bardolph.

The Children's Department of the Nottinghamshire County Council is charged with the responsibility of investigating complaints about the welfare of children and taking those into its care who are not properly looked after. Proceedings may be taken and the children committed to the care of the Council through the Juvenile Courts. The Department also receives applications from parents and others who have the care of children and may take these children into its care. Children's Homes are maintained in most parts of the County and, in addition, there is a children's nursery, two hostels for young working people, two approved schools and a remand home for boys. Apart from taking a child into its care, the Department may secure that proper provision is made through one of the other Welfare Services or take action to bring about the rehabilitation of problem families or supervise the welfare of children in their own homes in certain circumstances.

As many as possible of the children in the care of the Council are placed in foster homes and the Child Care Officers are always glad to hear of members of the general public who are prepared to help in this way and to give further information about the Council's scheme.

Special efforts were made to cater for children who need to be cared for temporarily in circumstances such as the admission of the mother to hospital for operation or confinement. In this connection, an endeavour has been made to build up a panel of foster parents who would be prepared to take into their homes a small family of two or three children at short notice. Adequate boarding allowances are paid to these foster parents who take children on a temporary basis and help is given by a loan of beds, cots and prams where necessary.

### **Child Life Protection**

Part VII of the Public Health Act, 1936, as extended by Part V of the Children Act, 1948, requires that every person who is not a relative and who undertakes to keep for payment a child below the upper limit of the compulsory school age, either apart from its parents or having no parent, must give seven days' prior notice to the Children's Officer, Shire Hall, Nottingham, of the intended reception of the child.

### **Adoption**

Section 2 of the Adoption Act, 1950, requires that, before any application for an Adoption Order in respect of a child is presented to the court, the Children's Officer must have received three months' prior notice from the applicants of their intention to apply for the Order.

### **Third Party Placements**

When any person, other than a parent or guardian, makes arrangements for a child below the upper limit of the compulsory school age to be placed in the care and possession of another person who is not a relative of the child, then that person is required to give the Children's Officer at least seven days' prior notice of the intended placement. This provision is made to safeguard children who are not placed for reward or adoption and some person other than the parent or guardian participates in the arrangements.

The total number of Infectious and Notifiable Diseases notified during the year was 301, as compared with 1,143, 525, 1,075 801, and 1,575 in the five years immediately preceding.

The number of notifications of each disease was as follows :—

11 cases were admitted to hospital as follows:—Dysentery 1 Enteric Fever 1; Food Poisoning 1; Paratyphoid Fever 1; Poliomyelitis (Paralytic) 2; Suspected Poliomyelitis 1 (subsequently not confirmed).

## DIPHTHERIA

## DYSENTERY

Thirty cases were notified during the year as compared with 6 cases in 1955, 28 cases in 1954, 9 in 1953, none in 1952 and 32 in 1951. *Shigella Sonnei* organisms were isolated in each case but the source could not be traced.

## **ENTERIC FEVER**

One case was notified and the patient removed to hospital. It was thought that the illness was contracted whilst the patient was abroad on holiday.

## **ERYSIPELAS**

Six cases were notified in 1956, one less than in 1955.

## **MEASLES**

During the year, 69 cases of this disease were notified as compared with a total of 808 cases for the preceding year. The disease was mild and no deaths resulted.

## **OPHTHALMIA NEONATORUM**

Two babies were notified as suffering from this disease.

## **PNEUMONIA**

Fifteen cases were notified as compared with 19, 17, 32, 32 and 73 in the preceding five years. 20 deaths were due to this cause, the corresponding figures for the same years being 21, 20, 14, 20 and 22.

## **POLIOMYELITIS (INFANTILE PARALYSIS)**

There were two confirmed cases of paralytic poliomyelitis in the district during the year which were removed to hospital.

Visits were paid to the homes of the patients and all local medical practitioners were informed. The Joint Secretary of the Medical Research Council Committee on Inoculation Procedures and Neurological Lesions was also notified.

## **PUERPERAL PYREXIA**

In 1956, only one case of this disease, a domiciliary confinement, was notified.

## **SCARLET FEVER**

Seventy cases were notified as compared with 24, 72, 92, 59 and 53 in the five years immediately preceding. The disease was mild in type. Four cases were removed to hospital.

## SMALLPOX

For the twenty-sixth year in succession, no cases of smallpox occurred in the District. The number of persons vaccinated or revaccinated against this disease during 1956 was 318.

## TUBERCULOSIS

Fifty-four cases of all forms of this disease were added to the District Register during the year, as compared with 39, 57, 56, 49 and 47 during the preceding five years. 27 of these notifications were new cases.

The following Table shows the age and sex distribution of the notified cases (including both new cases and cases moved into the district from elsewhere) and deaths from tuberculosis during 1956.

TUBERCULOSIS NOTIFICATIONS AND DEATHS DURING 1956.

Age Groups	New Cases				Cases transferred into District				Cases removed from Register through Death			
	Pulmonary		Non-Pulmonary		Pulmonary		Non-Pulmonary		Pulmonary		Non-Pulmonary	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Under 1 year ..	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1-4 years ..	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
5-14 „ ..	1	3	1	—	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15-24 „ ..	4	3	—	—	2	3	—	—	—	—	—	—
25-34 „ ..	2	3	—	—	2	2	—	—	1	—	—	—
35-44 „ ..	2	3	—	—	4	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
45-54 „ ..	3	1	—	—	2	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
55-64 „ ..	—	2	—	—	1	—	—	—	1	—	—	—
65 years and over ..	3	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	—
Age unknown ..	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Totals ..	15	15	2	—	15	7	—	—	4	—	—	—

All the above deaths had been previously notified and included in the District Register of Cases.

17 cases were removed from the District Register in 1956 as follows :—

	Pulmonary		Non-Pulmonary	
	M.	F.	M.	F.
Recoveries .. ..	3	2	—	—
Deaths .. ..	4	—	—	—
Removals from District	2	2	2	2
Not confirmed as T.B. ..	—	—	—	—
Totals ..	9	4	2	2

There were 375 names of persons residing in the District on the Register of Cases on 31st December, 1956, as follows :—

<i>Pulmonary Cases</i>	<i>Non-Pulmonary Cases</i>
174 males	30 males
150 females	21 females

No action was taken during the year under the Public Health (Prevention of Tuberculosis) Regulations relating to persons suffering from pulmonary tuberculosis employed in the milk trade nor under Section 172 of the Public Health Act, 1936, which provides for the compulsory removal to hospital of persons suffering from tuberculosis.

### **WHOOPING COUGH**

Seventy cases of whooping cough were notified during the year as compared with 215, 132, 235, 221 and 230 in the preceding five years.

### **PARATYPHOID FEVER**

One case of Paratyphoid B. was notified and the patient was removed to hospital. The source of infection was not discovered. The patient made a quick recovery.

# SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE AREA

## A.—PUBLIC CLEANSING

### ARRANGEMENTS FOR STORAGE OF HOUSEHOLD REFUSE

No. of houses provided with moveable receptacles (dustbins) ..	16,394
No. of houses provided with moveable receptacles (wet pails) ..	1,506
No. of houses provided with fixed receptacles (dry ashpits and privy middens) .. .. .	468

During 1956, the closet accommodation at 44 houses was converted from privy middens or pail closets to water-closets. A grant of £10 is made in approved cases.

### DUSTBINS

The Council sell dustbins to private householders and council house tenants and by the end of the year, 708 bins had been sold.

145 Preliminary Notices and 10 Statutory Notices under the Public Health Act, 1936, Section 75, were served on owners to provide dustbins. 209 Preliminary Notices and 11 Statutory Notices were complied with during the year and the Council supplied 5 bins in default.

### REFUSE COLLECTION

This work is carried out by the Council's own staff in all parishes in the District using twelve low-loading refuse collection vehicles. The latest additions to the Council's fleet of refuse vehicles are fitted with a special cab for the loaders.

The Council has depots at Jacksdale, Kimberley and Ruddington.

A weekly collection of refuse is carried out in all the Council's area except during holiday periods and times of sickness among the workmen.

The cost of refuse collection and cesspool emptying during the financial year 1st April, 1956 to 31st March, 1957, was as follows:

	£	s.	d.
Wages, Superannuation and Insurance	33,563	0	0
Oil and Petrol .. .. .	3,161	0	0
Vehicle Maintenance and Repairs ..	1,620	0	0
Disposal .. .. .	364	0	0
Licences, Levy and Insurance .. ..	788	0	0
Protective Clothing .. .. .	159	0	0
New Refuse Vehicle .. .. .	—	—	—
	<u>£39,655</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>

Income received during the same period :—

	£	s.	d.
Cesspool emptying charges .. ..	970	0	0
Salvaged materials sales .. ..	1,705	0	0
Trade refuse charges, Cleansing contracts, Dustbin sales profit .. ..	833	0	0
	<u>£3,508</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>

## REFUSE DISPOSAL

During the year, refuse was disposed of by controlled tipping on the undermentioned tips :—

*Loaned free of charge to the Council.*

Annesley Park.

Gunthorpe Gravel Pits.

Ollerton Road Gravel Pit, Arnold.

Beauvale. Newthorpe.

*Owned by the Council.*

Adjoining sewage works, Cossall.

Rempstone Road, East Leake

The Green, Kimberley.

Main Road, Jacksdale

Cordy Lane, Underwood.

*Rented by the Council.*

Salmon Lane, Annesley.

Moor Lane, Bestwood.

Disused Brickyard, Cossall.

Hathern, Sutton Bonington.

Throughout the District, about two acres of derelict land were reclaimed and put to good use. The Council has a Ferguson tractor which is used solely on the tips to keep them level and soiled over.

## SALVAGE

The following materials were salvaged and sold to merchants in 1956 :—

Materials.	tons.	cwts.	qrs.	lbs.	£	s.	d.
Waste Paper .. ..	173	3	3	—	1,304	18	6
Rags .. ..	10	6	1	8	271	11	4
Aluminium .. ..	—	6	1	9	29	9	8
Brass .. ..	—	5	2	13	35	10	4
Copper .. ..	—	2	0	25	19	13	6
Lead .. ..	—	5	0	5	23	17	3
Pewter .. ..	—	—	—	12	1	4	0
Iron .. ..	11	14	2	—	83	11	0
<b>Total ..</b>	<b>196</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>£1,769</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>7</b>

## **TRADE REFUSE**

11,432 bins and 67 loads of trade refuse were removed from business premises during the year and income received from 1st January to 31st December, 1956 amounted to £373 11s. 3d.

## **WORKMEN**

Considerable difficulty was experienced throughout the year in finding suitable labour to man the refuse teams. When the 44-hour week was introduced in 1948, three additional men had to be employed to make up for the loss of total working hours.

Absenteeism continued to be high, amounting to a total of 1,029 days throughout the year (834 of these being covered with a medical certificate). This is equivalent to four full-time workmen throughout the year. In 1955, 1,860 days were lost, equivalent to six men.

The Department employs 71 men on public cleansing—16 drivers and 54 loaders and 1 mechanic—and over a three week period, each man works a 44-hour week. This enables him to have two Saturdays off in three, but, at the same time, there is always a team on call at each of the Depots on Saturdays to deal with any emergencies that may arise such as tip fires, flooding, overflowing sewers, mechanical breakdowns, etc., and also to carry out various non-routine duties like tip levelling, overhaul of equipment and vehicle cleaning.

## **B.—SEWERAGE AND SEWAGE DISPOSAL**

Sewer extensions at Bilborough Road, Trowell, were completed to take the drainage from several houses where old standing complaints of overflowing cesspools occurred.

Sewers in Lynby and Papplewick parishes were completed but no houses were connected thereto as the Hucknall Urban District Council did not proceed far enough with their sewers.

## **CESSPOOLS**

The Council remove up to two loads of sewage free of charge per year from private cesspools in the District and subsequent loads on request at the rate of £1 0s. 0d. per excess load or part load. Two cesspool-emptying vehicles of maximum capacity of 750 gallons are used on this service.

There are approximately 1,488 private houses and 52 council houses in the district with cesspool drainage and 130 council houses drained to small sewage works and emptied by the Council's vehicles. 37 new houses were erected in 1956 with cesspools.

A great number of requests were received during the year for the use of the cesspool-emptying vehicles to empty cesspools at properties situated in other local authorities' areas. These were met as far as possible.

The following are details of the cesspool emptying scheme for the year 1956 :—

		<i>No. of Free Loads Removed</i>	<i>No. of Chargeable Loads Removed</i>
Council houses .. ..	..	245	423
Private houses, etc. ..	..	1,819	324
Other L.A.'s houses, etc. ..	..	—	20
Sewers, manholes, etc. ..	..	—	341
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Totals ..	..	2,064	1,108
		<hr/>	<hr/>

### **CLOSET CONVERSIONS—Public Health Act, 1936, Section 47**

The Council has resolved that each application for financial assistance in aid of closet conversions should be considered on its merits and, in those cases deemed appropriate for grant aid, a contribution up to 50 per cent. of the approved cost of such conversions should be made, subject to a maximum grant of £10 per conversion.

As a result of this resolution, grants were made in 1956 towards 44 such conversions.

### **RIVERS AND STREAMS**

The Trent River Board is statutorily responsible within its area for the prevention of river pollution and other functions conferred upon it by the River Boards Act, 1948, and, for this purpose, retains the services of special Rivers Inspectors.

## **G.—RODENT CONTROL**

### **Prevention of Damage by Pests Act, 1949**

It is the duty of the Council to keep the District free from rats and mice and this is carried out by making such inspections as may be necessary by the destruction of rodents on land and premises which are owned or occupied by the Council and by enforcing the duties of owners and occupiers of other land and premises.

The occupier of land or premises must give notice *in writing* to the Council when he becomes aware that rats and mice are present "in substantial numbers", but this provision does not apply to the owners or occupiers of food premises nor of agricultural land, as they are required to report direct to the Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food.

A summary of the work performed during 1956 by the Rodent Officer is given below :—

		<i>Private Dwellings</i>	<i>Business Premises</i>	<i>Local Authority Premises</i>	<i>Total</i>
No. of complaints ..	..	443	21	130	594
No. of surveys ..	..	2,240	28	146	2,414
No. of visits ..	..	4,559	78	657	5,294
No. of plain baits ..	..	15,214	940	14,996	31,150
No. of poison baits ..	..	3,739	379	2,644	6,762
No. of dead rats found ..	..	473	25	565	1,063
No. of estimated kill ..	..	1,419	75	1,415	2,909
No. of re-inspections ..	..	96	31	79	206

All the sewers in the District were tested and received two maintenance treatments in accordance with the requirements of the Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food.

30 treatments were carried out on refuse tips and 76 at sewage works. Infestations were kept down to the minimum.

56 private dwellings, 7 business premises and 3 schools were treated for mice infestations.

Since the appointment of the Rodent Officer in 1946, 12,009 dead rats have been found and the estimated kill numbered 39,364 to the end of 1956.

### Rodent Statistics for the year ended 31st December, 1956

		<i>Local Authority</i>	<i>Dwelling Houses</i>	<i>Agricul- ture</i>	<i>All other (including Business &amp; Industrial)</i>	<i>Total</i>
I.	Total number of properties in Local Authority's District	41	17,724	803	1,239	19,807
II.	Number of properties inspected by the Local Authority during 1955 as a result (a) of notification or (b) otherwise	(a) —	405	—	12	417
		(b) 41	5,831	191	941	7,004
III.	Number of properties (under II) found to be infested by rats } Major	—	—	—	—	—
		Minor	38	388	10	436
IV.	Number of properties (under II) found to be seriously infested by mice	2	12	—	12	26
V.	Number of infested properties (under III and IV) treated by the Local Authority	40	400	—	22	462
VI.	Number of notices served under Section 4 :—					
	(1) Treatment	—	—	—	—	—
	(2) Structural Works (i.e. Proofing)	—	—	—	—	—
VII.	Number of cases in which default action was taken by Local Authority following issue of notice under Section 4	—	—	—	—	—
VIII.	Legal Proceedings	—	—	—	—	—
IX.	Number of "block" control schemes carried out	.. 21				

### D.—WATER

Throughout the year inspections were made of the various water supplies of the District, and routine bacteriological examinations were carried out on 65 samples of drinking and bathing pool water. Eight of these gave an unsatisfactory result, and appropriate action was recommended. Three samples of water from domestic supplies were submitted for chemical analysis and all were satisfactory.

The upland waters of the Derwent supply are liable to be plumbosolvent in action, but this tendency is corrected before delivery to consumers.

Thirty of the District parishes with mains water are supplied by the Nottingham Corporation; 6 are supplied by Loughborough Corporation and one parish is served partly by a distribution system owned by this Council and partly by a private water supplier. This latter parish of Newstead may well be the site of development in the future and a careful watch will need to be kept to ensure that the domestic demand does not outstrip the maximum supply of the Council-owned distribution system.

Only one parish, Willoughby-on-the-Wolds, has no main water supply and is dependent upon shallow wells which are unreliable and of poor quality. The Council continues to cart water to the villagers 3 times per week, and during 1956 a total of 206,400 gallons was distributed.

During the year an ex-W.D. Water bowser with a rotary hand pump was purchased at a most economical price. After certain items of repair and servicing, it replaced the old 30 cwt. lorry which had previously been used for water distribution.

There are 297 houses in the Rural District without a piped water supply.

The following table shows the distribution of houses supplied with stand-pipes:—

<i>Parish</i>	<i>No. of stand-pipes</i>	<i>No. of houses</i>
Awsworth .. ..	1	1
Bestwood .. ..	1	1
Brinsley .. ..	1	1
Burton Joyce .. ..	1	2
Calverton .. ..	2	4
East Leake .. ..	1	2
Gotham .. ..	1	7
Normanton .. ..	1	6
Nuthall .. ..	1	4
Ruddington .. ..	5	9
Selston .. ..	3	5
Sutton Bonington ..	5	15
Woodborough .. ..	3	4
	—	—
	26	61
	—	—

### **E.—SANITARY INSPECTION OF THE AREA**

The following work has been carried out during the year by the Council's Public Health Inspectors :—

Statutory Notices served under Public Health Act, 1936	95
Statutory Notices complied with .. .. .	86
Statutory Notices served under Housing Act, 1936 ..	2
Statutory Notices complied with .. .. .	1
Preliminary Notices served .. .. .	599
Preliminary Notices complied with .. .. .	706
Number of Council Houses inspected .. .. .	286
Number of Council Houses with defects .. .. .	6
Number of Verbal Notices to Council house tenants re unsatisfactory conditions .. .. .	3
Other houses inspected for defects .. .. .	1,081
Total number of inspections and re-inspections made for housing defects (excluding Council houses) ..	3,760
Number of complaints received and investigated ..	593
Personal interviews with owners and agents ..	726
Number of inspections made in connection with Public Cleansing .. .. .	2,491
No. of samples of water taken for analysis .. ..	68

Details of the Preliminary Notices served are as follows :—

	<i>Notices Served</i>	<i>Complied With</i>
Clear choked drains .. .. .	184	192
Reconstruct or repair drains .. .. .	20	27
Repair or cleanse cesspools .. .. .	1	8
Connect drains to sewer .. .. .	1	9
Connect to public water supply .. .. .	1	—
Provide internal water supplies .. .. .	—	—
Provide proper sinks and wastepipes .. .. .	9	8
Repair or renew sinks and wastepipes .. .. .	5	7
Provide additional closet accommodation .. .. .	—	—
Convert privies or pails to waterclosets .. .. .	4	16
Convert privies to pails .. .. .	—	1
Repair or renew waterclosets and flushing cisterns ..	104	99
Renew Sanitary pans .. .. .	4	5
Renew dustbins .. .. .	144	198
Provide dustbins in lieu of ashpits .. .. .	—	—
Repair roofs and remedy dampness .. .. .	72	97
Provide or repair eaves gutters and fall pipes ..	59	58
Repair or renew external walls .. .. .	12	13
Repair or renew chimney stacks or provide pots ..	28	24
Provide or repair yard paving .. .. .	1	14
Provide or repair coal stores .. .. .	—	—
Repair or renew outbuildings .. .. .	10	15
Repair or renew house windows and doors .. ..	56	28
Repair or renew house floors .. .. .	28	28
Repair or renew internal walls and ceilings .. ..	33	25
Repair staircase, provide handrails, etc. .. ..	2	3
Provide or repair cooking ranges .. .. .	28	21
Provide or repair firegrates .. .. .	6	11
Provide or repair washing coppers .. .. .	8	5
Provide adequate light and ventilation to house ..	—	1
Provide adequate light and ventilation to food store	1	—
Cleanse dirty and verminous premises .. .. .	—	—
Remove offensive accumulations .. .. .	2	2
Prevent nuisance from improperly kept animals ..	4	3
Cleanse foul dykes .. .. .	5	9
Abate smoke nuisances .. .. .	2	1
Miscellaneous .. .. .	17	16

Details of the Statutory Notices served are as follows :—

	<i>No. of Notices</i>
Housing Act, 1936, Section 9—In respect of general dis- repair and sanitary defects .. .. .	2
Public Health Act, 1936, Section 39—Requiring execution of works of drainage, etc. in existing buildings ..	29
Public Health Act, 1936, Section 45—Requiring defective closets to be put into repair .. .. .	30
Public Health Act, 1936, Section 75—Requiring the provision of a covered dustbin for house refuse ..	10
Public Health Act, 1936, Section 93—Requiring the abate- ment of a nuisance .. .. .	26
Notts. County Council Act, 1951, Section 102—Requiring stopped-up drains to be remedied .. .. .	2

### SHOPS ACT, 1950

Under the provisions of the Shops Act, 1950, relating to ventila-  
tion and temperature of shops and to sanitary conveniences, the  
following inspections were made :—

No. of Inspections .. .. .	61
No. of Unsatisfactory conditions found..	Nil

### SMOKE ABATEMENT

The following observations were made on factory chimneys during  
the year for excessive smoke :—

<i>No. of Works on which observations were made</i>	<i>No. of observations</i>	<i>Satisfactory</i>	<i>Unsatisfactory</i>
16	16	13	3

## SWIMMING POOLS

In the Basford Rural District, there are two open-air swimming  
pools :

### Stanford Hall Swimming Pool, Stanford-on-Soar and Calverton Lido, Woodborough

Both these pools are inspected, and samples of water submitted  
for analysis.

## TENTS, VANS AND SHEDS

Number of camping sites licensed by Local Authority under Section 269 of the Public Health Act, 1936 ..	1
Estimated maximum number of campers resident at one time during the summer season, 1956 .. .. .	500
Number of visits to Caravans and Camping Sites ..	370
Number of Informal Notices served requesting removal of vans .. .. .	17
Number of Informal Notices complied with .. .. .	1

## PETROLEUM

### Petroleum Acts, 1871 to 1936

Number of licences issued to store Petroleum during Licence year 1956/7 .. .. .	124
Number of licences issued to store Carbide of Calcium during Licence year 1956/7 .. .. .	5
Number of licences issued to store Cellulose during Licence year 1956/7 .. .. .	4
Total Storage capacity for Petroleum Spirit and Mixtures .. .. .	164,689 gallons
Total Storage capacity for Carbide of Calcium ..	6,304 lbs.
Total storage capacity for Cellulose .. ..	40 gallons
Total fees collected (year ended 31-3-57) ..	£89 0s. 0d.

All new underground tanks are subjected to a pressure test of 5 lbs. per square inch before approval.

43 licensed premises and 12 new petroleum installations were inspected during the year, all were found to be satisfactory and complied with the regulations.

## FACTORIES AND WORKPLACES

### Factories Acts, 1937 and 1948

Inspections have been carried out during the year at the following factories and workplaces :—

		<i>Inspections</i>	<i>Unsatisfactory Premises</i>	<i>Notices Served</i>
Factories with power	..	60	1	1
Factories without power	..	21	—	—
Other premises (in which Section 7 is enforced by Local Authorities)	.. ..	4	—	—
Workplaces	.. ..	22	—	—
Outworkers' premises	..	14	—	—

Three new Certificates and one amended Certificate of Adequate means of Escape in Case of Fire were issued during the year by the Council to Factories in the District.

A dust suppression plant was installed late in the year at one factory.

## 1.—Inspections made for purposes of Provisions as to Health

Premises	Number on Register	Number of		
		Inspections	Written notices	Occupiers prosecuted
(i) Factories without Power in which Sections 1, 2, 3, 4 and 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities .. ..	9	20	—	—
(ii) Factories with Power not included in (i) in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority .. ..	140	60	1	—
(iii) Other Premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding out-workers' premises) ..	32	4	—	—
Totals .. ..	181	84	1	—

## 2.—Details of Defects.

Number of Defects found .. ..	1
Number of Defects remedied .. ..	1
Number referred to H.M. Inspector ..	—
Number referred by H.M. Inspector ..	—
Number of cases prosecuted .. ..	—

## PERSONS EMPLOYED ON OUTWORK

Nature of Work	Section 110			Section 111		
	No. of out-workers in August list required by Sect. 110 (1) (c)	No. of cases of default in sending lists to the Council	No. of prosecutions for failure to supply lists	No. of instances of work in unwholesome premises	Notices served	Prosecutions
Wearing apparel, Making, etc.	119	—	—	—	—	—
Lace, lace curtains and nets	2	—	—	—	—	—
Hair Nets	3	—	—	—	—	—
Totals	124	—	—	—	—	—

**PUBLIC HEALTH ACTS AMENDMENT ACT, 1907—Section 86**

No. of persons registered as Old Metal and Marine Store

Dealers at end of 1956 .. .. . 5

**DEFENCE (GENERAL) REGULATIONS, 1939, No. 55.****The Kitchen Waste (Licensing of Private Collectors) Order**

The Minister of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food granted licences in 1956 to four persons resident in the Basford Rural District, authorising them to collect and receive kitchen waste (as defined in Article 2 of the Order).

## HOUSING

By the end of 1956, there was a total of 3,438 Council houses in occupation.

The number of applications for Council houses outstanding at the end of 1956 was 445, but this number includes only the applications received from persons living in lodgings in the Rural District of Basford. It does not include the applications received from persons who are householders in the Rural District or who are householders or lodgers outside the Rural District.

### Housing Statistics for 1956

Number of houses erected during the year :—

(a) With State assistance under the Housing Acts :—					
(1)	By the Local Authority	..	..	..	282
(2)	By other Local Authorities	..	..	..	—
(3)	By other bodies or persons	..	..	..	120
(b)	Privately built	..	..	..	278
Total number of houses erected					680

### HOUSING REPAIRS AND RENTS ACT, 1954

*Part II.—Repairs Increase in respect of Controlled Dwelling-Houses and the Amendments of the Rents Acts, etc.*

During 1956 the following applications were dealt with :—

No. of applications for Certificate of Disrepair received	..	NIL
„ „ „ „ „ „ „ „ granted	..	NIL
„ „ „ „ „ „ „ „ refused	..	NIL
„ „ „ „ „ „ „ „ Revocation of		
„ „ „ „ „ „ „ „ Certificates received		1
„ „ „ „ „ „ „ „ granted		1

#### 1.—Inspection of Dwelling-houses during the year :—

(1) (a)	Total Number of dwelling-houses inspected for Housing defects (under Public Health or Housing Acts) excluding Council houses	..	..	1,081
(b)	Number of inspections made for the purpose	..		3,760
(2) (a)	Number of dwelling-houses (included under sub-heading (1) above) which were inspected and recorded under the Housing Consolidated Regulations, 1936	..	..	NIL
(b)	Number of inspections made for the purpose	..		NIL

(3) Number of dwelling-houses found to be in a state so dangerous or injurious to health as to be unfit for human habitation .. .. .	69
(4) Number of dwelling-houses (exclusive of those referred to under the preceding sub-heading) found not to be in all respects reasonably fit for human habitation	361

## 2.—Remedy of defects during the year without service of formal Notice :—

Number of defective dwelling-houses rendered fit in consequence of informal action by the Local Authority or its officers .. .. .	593
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## 3.—Action under Statutory Powers during the Year :—

### A.—Proceedings under Sections 9, 10 and 16 of the Housing Act, 1936 :—

(1) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which notices were served requiring repairs .. .. .	2
(2) Number of dwelling-houses which were rendered fit after service of formal notice :—	
(a) By owners .. .. .	1
(b) By Local Authority in default of owners ..	NIL

### B.—Proceedings under Public Health Acts:—

(1) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which notices were served requiring defects to be remedied ..	97
(2) Number of dwelling-houses in which defects were remedied after service of formal notices :—	
(a) By owners .. .. .	81
(b) By Local Authority in default of owners ..	16

### C.—Proceedings under Sections 11 and 13 of the Housing Act, 1936:—

(1) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which Demolition Orders were made .. .. .	2
(2) Number of dwelling-houses demolished in pursuance of Demolition Orders .. .. .	9
(3) Number of dwelling-houses demolished in pursuance of Clearance Orders .. .. .	16

### D.—Proceedings under Section 12 of the Housing Act, 1936:—

(1) Number of separate tenements or underground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were made ..	NIL
(2) Number of separate tenements or underground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were determined, the tenement or room having been rendered fit ..	NIL

### E.—Proceedings under Sections 10 and 11 of the Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act, 1953:—

Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which Closing Orders were made .. .. .	1
--	---

**4.—Housing Act, 1936.—Part IV.—Overcrowding :—**

(a) (1) Number of dwellings overcrowded at the end of the year .. .. .	22
(2) Number of families dwelling therein .. .. .	28
(3) Number of persons dwelling therein .. .. .	182
(b) Number of new cases of overcrowding reported during the year .. .. .	2
(c) (1) Number of cases of overcrowding relieved during the year .. .. .	1
(2) Number of persons concerned in such cases .. .. .	8
(d) Number of cases in which dwelling-houses have again become overcrowded after the Local Authority had taken steps for the abatement of overcrowding .. .. .	—

All cases of alleged overcrowding, brought to the notice of the Department, are investigated and where overcrowding of a house is confirmed, a report of the circumstances is sent to the Council's Housing Officer. Many cases investigated are not overcrowded as defined in Part IV of the Housing Act, 1936, although they are "socially overcrowded."

**Disinfestation of Verminous Premises**

The control and eradication of vermin and other pests is actively undertaken in this District.

The following are particulars of the number of houses disinfested during 1956 :—

	<i>No. of Houses disinfested for:</i>		<i>No. of Visits</i>
	<i>Bugs</i>	<i>Other Pests</i>	
Private Houses ..	6	52	79
Council Houses ..	NIL	14	20
Business Premises	—	2	9
Totals ..	6	68	108

In addition 19 wasps' nests were destroyed.

# INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF MEAT AND FOOD

## FOOD PREMISES

The following inspections have been made of food premises during the year :—

	<i>No. of Premises in District</i>	<i>No. of Inspections</i>	<i>No. of Unsatisfactory Premises</i>
Bakehouses .. .. .	17	44	2
Butchers' Shops, etc. .. .. .	41	291	—
Cafes and Catering Establishments	99	113	1
Fried Fish Shops .. .. .	16	28	—
Ice Cream Premises .. .. .	162	205	—
Knacker's Yard .. .. .	1	11	—
Slaughterhouses .. .. .	21	1,508	4
Other Food Premises .. .. .	224	174	3

## Ice Cream (Heat Treatment Etc.) Regulations 1947-52

<i>No. of Samples taken</i>	<i>Provisional Grade</i>			
	<i>I.</i>	<i>II.</i>	<i>III.</i>	<i>IV.</i>
50	43	3	4	NIL

The recommended standard is that, over a six-monthly period, 50 per cent. of a vendor's samples should fall into Grade I, 80 per cent. into Grades I or II, not more than 20 per cent. into Grade III and none into Grade IV.

The unsatisfactory samples were investigated and the contributory causes of their low grading were believed to have been insufficient care in sterilising equipment and containers. Notices were served on the owners to remedy these faults. Follow up samples fell into Grade I. In addition 13 samples of lollipops were taken, all of which were reported as satisfactory.

## FOOD AND DRUGS ACT, 1955 (Section 16)

The number of premises registered under the above Act for the manufacture and/or sale of foodstuffs is as follows :—

Preparation and sale of fried fish and chips .. .. .	16
Manufacture of Heat-treated Ice Cream .. .. .	6
Manufacture of Complete Cold-mix Ice Cream .. .. .	3
Sale of Ice Cream .. .. .	153
Manufacture of Potato Crisps .. .. .	2
Manufacture of Sausages, or potted, pressed, pickled or preserved food .. .. .	13

## GAME ACT, 1831 AND GAME LICENCES ACT, 1860

One licence to deal in Game was issued to a person residing in the District during the year.

## MEAT AND FOOD INSPECTION

### Condemned Foodstuffs (Other than Fresh Meat)

During 1956, the following foodstuffs were condemned and surrendered as being unfit for human consumption :—

<i>Foodstuff.</i>	<i>Condition.</i>	<i>No. of tins, etc.</i>	<i>Approx. weight lbs.</i>
Canned Chicken .. ..	Blown .. ..	1 ..	4
Canned Ham .. ..	Decomposition .. ..	1 ..	10½
Canned Peas .. ..	Damaged .. ..	1 ..	1½
Cod Fillets .. ..	Decomposition .. ..	— ..	56
Corned Beef .. ..	Decomposition .. ..	7 ..	25
Crab .. ..	Decomposition .. ..	1 ..	½
Figs .. ..	Rodent Contaminated .. ..	— ..	28
Frozen Beef .. ..	Bone Taint .. ..	— ..	68
Do. .. ..	Necrosis, Degeneration.. ..	— ..	147
Tinned Milk .. ..	Blown .. ..	1 ..	1
Tinned Ox Tongue .. ..	Blown .. ..	1 ..	6
Tinned Tomatoes .. ..	Blown .. ..	22 ..	21½

*Total weight condemned .. 369 lbs.*

Food which has been condemned as being unfit for human consumption is disposed of by burying on the Council's refuse tips.

## SLAUGHTERING AND MEAT INSPECTION

### Public Health (Meat) Regulations, 1924-1952

During 1956 the Council's Health Inspectors have endeavoured to maintain a 100 per cent. inspection of all slaughterings, although on a few occasions this has not been possible. This has involved visiting the slaughterhouses in the early mornings and in the evenings outside the normal office hours and also on Saturdays and Sundays.

Details of these inspections are as follows :—

### Weight of Meat Condemned

<i>Reason for Condemnation</i>	<i>Cattle excluding Cows</i>	<i>Cows</i>	<i>Calves</i>	<i>Sheep and Lambs</i>	<i>Pigs</i>	<i>Total Weight lbs.</i>
Tuberculosis : Weight in lbs. ..	3,820	4,758	NIL	—	383	8,961
Diseases other than Tuberculosis : Weight in lbs. ..	1,460	2,399	1	608	101	4,569
Total Weight in lbs. . .	5,280	7,157	1	608	484	13,530

**Carcases and Offal Inspected and Condemned in whole or in part**

	<i>Cattle excluding Cows</i>	<i>Cows</i>	<i>Calves</i>	<i>Sheep and Lambs</i>	<i>Pigs</i>	<i>Horses</i>
Number killed (if known) .. ..	1,130	672	83	4,700	1,001	Nil
Number Inspected ..	1,130	671	83	4,697	1,001	—
<i>All diseases except Tuberculosis and Cysticerci.</i> Whole carcases condemned ..	—	1	—	5	1	—
Carcases of which some part or organ was con- demned ..	83	66	1	63	4	—
Percentage of the numberinspected affected with dis- ease other than tuberculosis and cysticerci ..	7·34%	10·00%	1·20%	1·45 %	0·50%	—
<i>Tuberculosis only.</i> Whole carcases condemned ..	1	—	—	—	—	—
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned ..	114	114	—	—	31	—
Percentage of the numberinspected affected with tuberculosis ..	10·20%	17·00%	—	—	3·09%	—
<i>Cysticercosis.</i> Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned ..	6	1	—	—	—	—
Carcasesubmitted to treatment by refrigeration ..	—	—	—	—	—	—
Generalised and totally condemned	—	—	—	—	—	—

There is one licensed Knacker's Yard in the District which is kept in a satisfactory condition.

The inspectors paid 1,508 visits to slaughterhouses and 291 to butchers' shops, vans, etc. 5 notices were served to remedy unsatisfactory conditions.

**Slaughterhouse Byelaws (Sanitary Conditions and Management).**

These bye-laws were adopted during the year, and are designed to improve the standard of hygiene.

### **Slaughter of Animals Acts, 1933-1954**

Sixty-seven persons were licensed as slaughterers under the provisions of the Acts in 1956.

### **MILK AND DAIRIES**

#### **Milk and Dairies Regulations, 1949—1953**

The responsibility for the inspection of farms, dairies and cattle in the district rests with the Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food and the Council's inspectors are only responsible for the inspection of distributors' premises and dairies (other than dairy farms).

During the year, 21 visits were made to dairies and distributors' premises in the area, and one notice was served regarding unsatisfactory conditions.

#### **Milk (Special Designation) (Raw Milk) Regulations, 1949**

#### **Milk (Special Designation) (Pasteurised and Sterilised Milk) Regulations 1949—1954**

The following particulars relate to the area covered by the Rural District :—

Number of Dairy Farms and Producers	..	318
Number of Milk Distributors	.. ..	65
Number of Dealers	.. .. .	71

Numbers of Licences issued by the Basford Rural District Council during 1956, authorising the use of special designations :—

	<i>Principal Dealers' Licences</i>	<i>Supplementary Dealers' Licences</i>
"Pasteurised" .. ..	31	23
"Sterilised" .. ..	23	19
"Tuberculin Tested" ..	31	24

### **CLEAN FOOD CAMPAIGN**

Routine inspections were carried out by the Inspectors of all food premises in the District to ensure that the highest standards of cleanliness were maintained. (Details on page 49).

As a result of these visits, a number of premises installed geysers or other types of water heaters over a washbasin to ensure constant hot water at all times for the use of the staff. Shopkeepers were also persuaded to keep separate from each other such items as provisions, vegetables and other perishable goods.

Notices were served on the owners of food premises as follows :—

	<i>Bakeries</i>	<i>Butchers' Shops</i>	<i>Canteens and Cafes</i>	<i>Fried Fish Shops</i>	<i>Ice Cream Vendors</i>	<i>Other Food Premises</i>
To clean and redecorate or limewash premises ..	2	—	—	—	—	1
To cleanse utensils ..	—	—	—	—	—	—
To abate a nuisance ..	—	—	1	—	—	—
To carry out structural alterations and repairs	—	—	—	—	—	2
To comply with Regulations .. .. .	—	1	—	—	—	1

### Food Analysis

Particulars are given overleaf of samples obtained by Officers of the Weights and Measures and Food and Drugs Department of the Nottinghamshire County Council and examined and/or analysed under the Food and Drugs Act, 1955, in the Rural District of Basford during the year ended 31st December, 1956.

Articles obtained for Examination and Analysis	Number of Samples				Adulterated or Sub-standard
	Obtained	Submitted to Public Analyst	Tested by Inspector	Genuine	
Barley Sugar .. ..	1	1	—	1	—
Beer .. ..	1	1	—	1	—
Black Jack Toffee ..	1	1	—	1	—
Blue Stilton Cheese ..	1	1	—	1	—
Broad Beans, Canned ..	1	1	—	1	—
Butter Brandy Snap ..	1	1	—	1	—
Butter Drops .. ..	1	1	—	1	—
Cake Mixture .. ..	1	1	—	1	—
Carrots, Canned .. ..	1	1	—	1	—
Cereal .. ..	1	1	—	1	—
Chicken Soup .. ..	1	1	—	1	—
Christmas Pudding ..	1	1	—	1	—
Cooking Fat .. ..	1	1	—	1	—
Currants .. ..	1	1	—	1	—
Dried Skimmed Milk ..	1	1	—	1	—
Extract of Malt and Cod					
Liver Oil with Flavouring	1	1	—	1	—
Friars Balsam .. ..	1	1	—	1	—
Fruit, Dried .. ..	1	1	—	1	—
Fruit Pie .. ..	1	1	—	1	—
Game Soup .. ..	1	1	—	1	—
Glycerine .. ..	1	1	—	1	—
Ice Cream .. ..	6	6	—	6	—
Jam, Strawberry .. ..	1	1	—	1	—
Jelly .. ..	1	1	—	1	—
Lard .. ..	1	1	—	1	—
Margarine .. ..	2	2	—	2	—
Marmalade .. ..	1	1	—	1	—
(a) Milk .. ..	175	—	175	169	6
Milk, Condensed .. ..	2	2	—	2	—
Mixed Candied Peel ..	1	1	—	1	—
Monosodium Glutamate					
Crystals .. ..	1	1	—	1	—
Oranges, Canned .. ..	1	1	—	1	—
(b) Orange Drink .. ..	2	2	—	1	1
Orange Squash .. ..	1	1	—	1	—
Peas, Canned .. ..	1	1	—	1	—
Pilchards in Tomato S'ce	1	1	—	1	—
Rice Pudding .. ..	1	1	—	1	—
Rose Hip Syrup .. ..	1	1	—	1	—
Rum .. ..	2	2	—	2	—
Sauce .. ..	1	1	—	1	—
Sausage, Beef .. ..	1	1	—	1	—
(c) Sausage, Pork .. ..	4	4	—	2	2
Sild in Tomato Sauce ..	1	1	—	1	—
Sponge Pudding .. ..	1	1	—	1	—
Steak and Kidney Pie ..	2	2	—	2	—
Syrup .. ..	1	1	—	1	—
Tea .. ..	1	1	—	1	—
Thirst Quenchers .. ..	1	1	—	1	—
Tomatoes, Canned .. ..	1	1	—	1	—
Vinegar, Malt .. ..	1	1	—	1	—
Welsh Rarebit .. ..	1	1	—	1	—
Whisky .. ..	5	—	5	5	—
Totals .. ..	243	63	180	234	9

(a) The 6 sub-standard samples were found to be very slightly deficient due to natural causes. Appropriate action has been taken in these cases.

(b) The sample had an unpleasant sulphurous taste and showed the presence of sulphides. Taken up with manufacturers and distributors. (Found to be due to prolonged storage in diluted state as retailed.)

(c) 1. Slightly deficient in meat  
2. 22.3% deficient in meat } Manufacturer cautioned in both cases.



## STATISTICAL TABLES

Table No. 1

## Causes of Death, 1956

			<i>Male</i>	<i>Female</i>	<i>Total</i>
1.	Tuberculosis, respiratory	.. ..	4	—	4
2.	Tuberculosis, other	.. ..	—	—	—
3.	Syphilitic diseases	.. ..	1	—	1
4.	Diphtheria	.. ..	—	—	—
5.	Whooping Cough	.. ..	—	—	—
6.	Meningococcal infections	.. ..	—	—	—
7.	Acute poliomyelitis	.. ..	—	—	—
8.	Measles	.. ..	—	—	—
9.	Other infective and parasitic diseases	.. ..	1	—	1
10.	Malignant neoplasm, stomach	.. ..	2	5	7
11.	Malignant neoplasm, lung, bronchus	.. ..	16	2	18
12.	Malignant neoplasm, breast	.. ..	—	11	11
13.	Malignant neoplasm, uterus	.. ..	—	6	6
14.	Other malignant and lymphatic neoplasms		32	25	57
15.	Leukæmia, aleukæmia	.. ..	2	1	3
16.	Diabetes	.. ..	2	2	4
17.	Vascular lesions of nervous system	.. ..	40	36	76
18.	Coronary disease, angina	.. ..	36	15	51
19.	Hypertension with heart disease	.. ..	5	4	9
20.	Other heart diseases	.. ..	58	55	113
21.	Other circulatory diseases	.. ..	8	10	18
22.	Influenza	.. ..	1	1	2
23.	Pneumonia	.. ..	8	12	20
24.	Bronchitis	.. ..	21	10	31
25.	Other diseases of respiratory system	.. ..	7	3	10
26.	Ulcer of stomach and duodenum	.. ..	1	—	1
27.	Gastritis, enteritis and diarrhœa	.. ..	2	2	4
28.	Nephritis and nephrosis	.. ..	4	4	8
29.	Hyperplasia of prostate	.. ..	3	—	3
30.	Pregnancy, childbirth, abortion	.. ..	—	2	2
31.	Congenital malformations	.. ..	1	5	6
32.	Other defined and ill-defined diseases	.. ..	20	18	38
33.	Motor vehicle accidents	.. ..	7	3	10
34.	All other accidents	.. ..	12	9	21
35.	Suicide	.. ..	3	2	5
36.	Homicide and operations of war	.. ..	—	—	—
All Causes—Totals			297	243	540

Table No. 2

## Ages at which Death occurred, 1956

Age at time of death	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	Totals
Under 1 year ..	3	2	4	1	1	1	—	3	—	—	—	2	17
1 and under 2 ..	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
2 and under 5 ..	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	1
5 and under 15 ..	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	2
15 and under 25 ..	—	1	2	—	—	—	1	1	1	—	1	3	10
25 and under 45 ..	—	—	2	1	2	4	4	2	—	5	3	2	25
45 and under 65 ..	16	12	11	15	10	4	14	13	13	13	6	14	141
65 and under 75 ..	13	13	12	8	11	6	9	8	4	8	11	17	120
75 and under 80 ..	10	7	7	7	10	5	6	7	5	6	5	7	82
80 and under 90 ..	15	20	7	5	7	13	10	7	4	6	11	13	118
90 and under 100 ..	1	4	5	1	1	1	2	2	2	1	2	2	24
<b>Totals</b> ..	58	59	50	38	42	36	46	44	29	39	39	60	540

Table No. 3

## Deaths 1956, Parochially Distributed

<i>Parish</i>	<i>Population (estimated) 1-4-57</i>	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	<b>Totals</b>
Annesley .. ..	980	—	1	1	1	—	2	2	1	1	1	—	3	13
Awsorth .. ..	1,410	1	2	1	1	3	1	2	1	1	—	2	2	17
Barton .. ..	200	—	—	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	1	4
Bestwood Park ..	1,370	2	2	1	—	1	—	2	1	—	1	1	1	12
Bradmore .. ..	210	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	1	3
Brinsley .. ..	2,060	4	4	2	1	1	2	—	2	3	1	1	3	24
Bunny .. ..	550	1	—	1	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	3
Burton Joyce ..	2,225	6	1	3	1	—	1	3	—	1	2	1	1	20
Calverton .. ..	3,900	1	1	3	2	1	3	2	1	2	1	2	1	20
Cossall .. ..	1,200	1	—	1	1	—	1	—	1	—	1	1	1	8
Costock .. ..	394	—	—	1	—	1	1	—	1	—	—	—	—	4
East Leake .. ..	2,300	2	3	2	3	1	1	2	1	2	3	—	4	24
Felley .. ..	15	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Gotham .. ..	1,364	—	2	2	4	1	2	—	1	1	1	1	—	15
Greasley .. ..	5,000	2	4	—	4	6	4	2	3	—	5	—	3	33
Kimberley .. ..	4,770	2	6	5	7	3	—	8	7	2	7	3	4	54
Kingston-upon-Soar ..	256	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	1	1	4
Lambley .. ..	1,070	—	1	1	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	6
Lynby .. ..	240	—	2	—	1	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	5
Newstead .. ..	2,650	4	2	2	—	1	3	1	2	1	4	1	1	22
Normanton-upon-Soar ..	328	—	—	1	—	1	—	—	3	—	—	—	—	5
Nuthall .. ..	3,230	1	5	6	2	4	—	1	—	1	1	5	4	30
Papplewick .. ..	629	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	1
Ratcliffe-upon-Scar ..	116	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Rempstone .. ..	264	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	1	—	—	1	5
Ruddington .. ..	4,780	9	11	8	4	5	4	7	3	2	1	9	3	66
Selston .. ..	9,820	15	5	6	3	7	7	8	5	6	6	4	15	87
Stanford-upon-Scar ..	217	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	—	—	—	—	2
Stoke Bardolph ..	198	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
Strelley .. ..	105	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Sutton Bonington ..	1,120	2	—	1	2	—	1	2	2	3	—	—	2	15
Thorpe-in-the-Glebe ..	43	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	1
Thrumpton .. ..	138	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	1
Trowell .. ..	1,800	2	2	—	—	1	1	2	2	1	2	1	4	18
West Leake .. ..	116	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	2
Willoughby-on-the-Wolds	342	1	—	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	1	5
Woodborough .. ..	750	—	4	—	—	—	—	1	1	—	—	1	2	9
Wysall .. ..	189	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	1
<b>Totals</b> .. ..	56,549	57	59	50	38	43	36	46	44	29	39	39	60	540

Table No. 4

## Causes of Death during the Last Ten Years

	1947	1948	1949	1950	1951	1952	1953	1954	1955	1956
1 Tuberculosis, respiratory ..	18	9	12	14	10	8	7	7	8	4
2 Tuberculosis, other ..	7	4	—	1	—	1	1	2	3	—
3 Syphilitic diseases ..	4	3	2	1	1	4	3	2	1	1
4 Diphtheria ..	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
5 Whooping Cough ..	—	1	—	1	2	—	1	—	—	—
6 Meningococcal infections ..	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—
7 Acute poliomyelitis ..	3	1	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	—
8 Measles ..	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—
9 Other infective and parasitic diseases	—	—	—	2	—	2	2	2	—	1
10 Malignant neoplasm, stomach	15	9	18	19	5	15	17	10	14	7
11 Malignant neoplasm, lung, bronchus	—	—	—	9	10	13	12	17	28	18
12 Malignant neoplasm, breast ..	3	5	13	4	8	7	10	7	6	11
13 Malignant neoplasm, uterus ..	—	—	—	2	4	2	3	5	5	6
14 Other malignant and lymphatic neoplasms ..	57	61	67	50	40	36	47	48	52	57
15 Leukaemia, aleukaemia ..	—	—	—	4	1	3	2	3	—	3
16 Diabetes ..	4	—	3	2	3	2	4	4	6	4
17 Vascular lesions of nervous system	65	54	72	59	82	66	80	58	54	76
18 Coronary disease, angina	135	141	141	43	64	64	64	64	67	51
19 Hypertension with heart disease				15	11	9	8	15	11	9
20 Other heart diseases ..				99	134	105	100	93	84	113
21 Other circulatory diseases ..	14	10	20	23	18	16	15	17	22	18
22 Influenza ..	9	8	17	9	26	5	14	1	—	2
23 Pneumonia ..	17	12	22	17	22	20	14	20	21	20
24 Bronchitis ..	39	19	23	32	30	21	24	30	24	31
25 Other diseases of respiratory system	3	8	6	4	3	4	7	4	5	10
26 Ulcer of stomach and duodenum ..	6	5	5	6	8	4	4	2	9	1
27 Gastritis, enteritis and diarrhoea ..	12	15	11	1	2	2	—	2	3	4
28 Nephritis and nephrosis ..	5	9	14	4	8	5	5	4	6	8
29 Hyperplasia of prostate ..	—	—	—	3	7	4	5	1	4	3
30 Pregnancy, childbirth, abortion	9	7	9	1	—	1	—	—	1	2
31 Congenital malformations	14	9	8	8	4	3	6	5	7	6
32 Other defined and ill-defined diseases	51	37	39	55	53	39	40	51	58	38
33 Motor vehicle accidents ..	6	5	7	5	11	6	3	11	1	10
34 All other accidents ..	8	10	12	9	10	14	8	11	9	21
35 Suicide ..	6	4	6	3	7	6	5	6	6	5
36 Homicide and operations of war ..	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	1	—	—
<b>Total Deaths</b> ..	<b>511</b>	<b>447</b>	<b>527</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>585</b>	<b>489</b>	<b>512</b>	<b>504</b>	<b>515</b>	<b>540</b>

**Table No. 5**      **Infectious Diseases Notified, 1956**      (*Age Groups*)

Disease	Sex—	Under 1 Year		Over 1 and under 3		Over 3 and under 5		Over 5 and under 10		Over 10 and under 15		Over 15 and under 25		Over 25 and under 45		Over 45 and under 65		Totals	
		M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Dysentery ..	..	—	1	—	2	1	3	5	4	1	1	2	4	1	4	1	—	11	19
Enteric Fever ..	..	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	1
Erysipelas ..	..	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	2	2	3	3
Food Poisoning ..	..	—	—	—	—	1	—	1	—	—	—	1	1	2	—	—	—	5	1
Measles ..	..	1	4	7	2	9	9	19	16	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	38	31
Ophthalmia Neonatorum ..	..	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1
Paratyphoid Fever ..	..	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	1	—
Pneumonia ..	..	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	1	3	1	9	6
Poliomyelitis (Paralytic) ..	..	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	1	1
Poliomyelitis (Non-Paralytic)		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
Puerperal Pyrexia ..	..	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	1
Scarlet Fever ..	..	1	—	4	2	8	5	21	20	4	3	1	1	—	—	—	—	39	31
Tuberculosis* ..	..	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	2	4	3	3	5	3	3	14	13
Whooping Cough ..	..	3	—	5	6	6	10	20	19	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	35	35
Totals ..	..	6	6	16	12	25	27	69	60	5	7	12	12	12	10	9	6	157	144

\*New cases only — Inward Transfers not included.

TABLE No. 6

# Infectious Disease Cases, 1956

## Parochially Distributed

<i>Parish</i>	Dysentery	Enteric Fever	Erysipelas	Food Poisoning	Measles	Ophthalmia Neonatorum	Paratyphoid Fever	Pneumonia	Polio- myelitis (paralytic)	Polio- myelitis (non-paralytic)	Puerperal Pyrexia	Scarlet Fever	Tuberculosis	Whooping Cough	Totals
Annesley ..	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	2	—	5
Awsorth ..	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	2
Barton ..	—	—	—	—	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3
Bestwood Park	—	—	—	2	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	5	10
Bradmore ..	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
Brinsley ..	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	1	—	2	5
Bunny ..	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	2	—	—	—	2	1	—	6
Burton Joyce	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	1	—	—	1	2	—	5
Calverton ..	3	—	—	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	36	1	10	53
Cossall ..	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	4
Costock ..	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
East Leake ..	—	—	—	—	30	—	—	2	—	—	—	2	2	6	42
Felley ..	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Gotham ..	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	—	—	5
Greasley ..	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	3	—	—	—	1	1	1	7
Kimberley ..	—	1	1	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	5
Kingston-upon-Soar	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Lambley ..	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	—	3
Lynby ..	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	4
Newstead ..	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	2	—	1	7
Normanton-upon-Soar	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nuthall ..	4	—	1	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	4	2	11	23
Papplewick ..	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6
Ratcliffe-upon-Soar	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Rempstone ..	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ruddington ..	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	4	—	12
Selston ..	11	—	1	—	28	1	—	1	1	1	1	3	7	16	71
Stanford-upon-Soar	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Stoke Bardolph	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Strelley ..	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Sutton Bonington	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	10	11
Thorpe-in-the-Glebe	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Thrumpton ..	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Trowell ..	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	5
West Leake ..	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Willoughby-on-the- Wolds ..	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	3
Woodborough	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	2
Wysall ..	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	1
<b>Totals</b>	30	1	6	6	69	2	1	15	2	1	1	70	27	70	301

\*New cases only — Inward Transfers not included.

**Table No. 7**

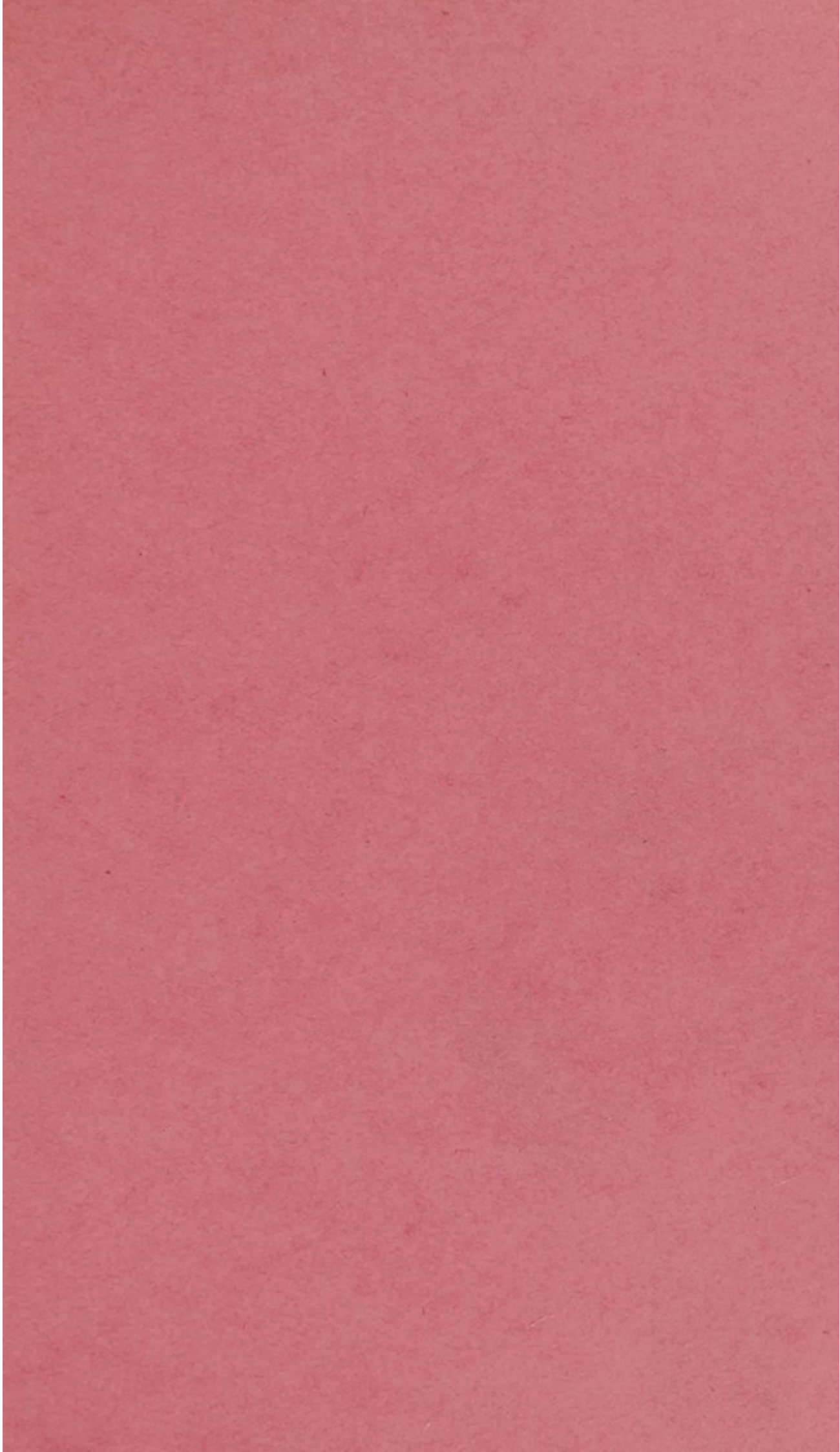
**Prevalence of Infectious Diseases during the  
last ten years (*Confirmed Cases*)**

<i>Disease</i>		1947	1948	1949	1950	1951	1952	1953	1954	1955	1956
Cerebro-Spinal Fever	..	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—
Diphtheria	..	7	1	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—
Dysentery	..	—	—	—	13	32	—	9	28	6	30
Encephalitis Lethargica	..	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—
Enteric Fever	..	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
Erysipelas	..	5	8	11	4	12	13	10	9	7	6
Food Poisoning	..	21	—	1	14	5	1	5	2	14	6
Measles	..	610	496	579	184	1,119	418	640	213	808	69
Ophthalmia Neonatorum	..	3	—	1	2	—	1	2	3	2	2
Paratyphoid Fever		—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	12	1
Pneumonia	..	21	29	37	32	73	32	32	17	19	15
Poliomyelitis	..	7	2	12	6	—	4	2	2	1	2
Poliomyelitis (non-paralytic)		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	1
Puerperal Pyrexia or Fever	..	—	2	—	1	3	1	3	4	4	1
Scarlet Fever	..	42	181	114	63	53	59	92	72	25	70
Tuberculosis	..	36	27	54	52	47	49	44*	40*	27*	27*
Whooping Cough		88	223	55	205	230	221	235	132	215	70
Totals	..	846	972	865	578	1,575	801	1,705	525	1,143	301

\*New cases only — Inward Transfers not included.







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