[Report 1971] / Medical Officer of Health, Barnack R.D.C.

Contributors

Barnack (Cambridgeshire). Rural District Council.

Publication/Creation

1971

Persistent URL

https://wellcomecollection.org/works/g3aveyfa

License and attribution

You have permission to make copies of this work under a Creative Commons, Attribution license.

This licence permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original author and source are credited. See the Legal Code for further information.

Image source should be attributed as specified in the full catalogue record. If no source is given the image should be attributed to Wellcome Collection.



A LEGISLARY WHELE CO.

BARNACK

RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL

ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

AND

PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR

UPON THE

SANITARY CONDITIONS OF THE DISTRICT

DURING THE YEAR

1971

MEMBERS OF THE COUNCIL AS AT 31.12.71

Chairman The Most Hon. The Marquess of Exeter K.C.M.G. Mr. J.C.S. Spry-Leverton Vice Chairman

Mr. P.N. Agnew

Mr. G.F. Beard

Mr. D.Y. Dunlop

Mr. P.R. Edmunds

Mrs. N.B. Faulkner

Mrs. H.E. Everett

Mr E.W. Jackson

Mr. E.J. James

Mrs. J.A. Powell

STAFF:

P.V. Cant, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H. Medical Officer of Health

D. Ward Griffiths, F.F.S., F.R.S.H., M.A.P.H.I. Surveyor and Public Health Inspector

To the Barnack Rural District Council,

My Lord, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have pleasure in presenting the Annual Report on the health and sanitary conditions of the District for the year ending 31st December 1971.

The mid-year population was estimated by the Registrar General to have been 6710 a decrease of 770 over the previous year.

There were 177 live births during the year and the crude birth rate was 26.4 per 1,000 of the population. This is a high rate as compared with 16 which is the rate for England and Wales and is due to there being many young married people living in the area.

There were 2 illegitimate live births, which means that approximately 1% of the births were illegitimate. Nationally 8% were illegitimate.

One infant death occurred during the year and this was during the first week of its life. There were no still-births.

There were 35 deaths during the year 21 males and 14 females. The crude death rate was 5.2 per 1,000 of the population, but when adjusted to allow for our young population it became 11.6 per 1,000 which is exactly the same as the rate for England and Wales.

BARRACE RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL

MERSERS OF THE COUNCIL AS AT 31.12,75

Chairman The Most Hot. The Marquess of Exeter E.C.E.S.

Mr. P.E. Agment Mr. C.F. Beard Mr. D.T. Dunlop Mr. P.E. Shands Mrs. F.E. Shands Mr. E.E. Everett Mr. E.E. Everett Mr. E.E. Indiana Mr. E.E. Indiana Mr. E.E. Indiana Mrs. E.E. Indiana Mrs. E.E. Indiana Mrs. J.A. Pomell

151111

P.V. Cont. H.B., Ch.B., D.P.H.
Medical Officer of Health
Larger end Foblis Health Largerter
Surveyor end Poblis Health Largerter

To the Barusck Royal Planelet Council.

My Lord, Ladles and Confleson,

I have pleasure in presenting the Annual Report on the nealth and sanitary conditions of the District for the year soding frat December 1971.

The ald-year population was estimated by the Registrar General to been been 5710 a decrease of 770 over the provious year

There were the time birth during the year and the cruin birth rate as a fine area as the contract of the population. This is a high rate as the contract with the which is the rate for England and Value and is the term.

Characteristics to the births were illegistante, mattenally of the births were illegistante, mattenally of were illegistante,

can three most of its life. There were no still-sirthe,

North serie 35 double during the year 25 males and 140 Februars.
The create death well was 5.2 res 1,000 of the population, but show adjusted to allow for some population it places 11,6 per 1,000 which is creatly the game as the rest for cell of each other.

There was one new case of Pulmonary Tuberculosis notified during the year, but there were no deaths from tuberculosis either pulmonary or non pulmonary.

Little infectious disease was notified to me during the period, the relevant table follows these notes.

I wish to express my thanks to the members of the Council and their Officers and Staff for all the help which they have given me during the year.

The following table gives the incidence of notifiable diseases (other than tuberculosis) in the area during 1971.

DISEASE	TOTAL	Under 1 year	1 - 2	2 - 3	3 - 4	4 - 5	5 - 10	10 - 15	15 - 20	20 - 35	35 - 45	45 - 65	65 and upwards	Admitted to hospital	Total Deaths
SMALLPOX	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SCARLET FEVER	3	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DIPHTHERIA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MEASLES	12	7	2	1	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WHOOPING COUGH	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
JAUNDICE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DYSENTERY	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
POLIONYELITIS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
FOOD POISONING	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PARA-TYPHOID	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ACUTE MENINGITIS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

There was one new case of Pulmonary Suberculosis notified during the year, but there were no deaths from tuberculosis either pulmonary or non pulmonary.

Little infortions disease was notified to me during the period, the

I wish to express my thanks to the sembers of the Council and their Officers and Staff for all the belp which they have given so during the year.

The following table gives the incidence of notifiable diseases (ether than industrial in the area during 1974.

-							

STATISTICS AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS OF THE AREA

Area							66 Acres
						6,7	
Density of Persons per ac		: : :	:::	• • •		0.4	
Number of inhabited house:			100			1,9	
Rateable Value, March 31st			• • • •			£201,	
Value of Penny Rate		• • • •		•••	• • • •	£2,08	,
VITA	AL ST	ATIST	CS				
Live Births							177
Rate per 1,000 population							26.4
Illegitimate live births per co	ent of	total	live	birth	3		1
Still-births							Nil
Still-birth Rate per 1,000 live	e and	still-	births	1			Nil
Total live and still-births			• • • •		• • •		177
Infant deaths under one year		• • • •		• • •	• • • •		1
Infant Mortality Rates							
Infant deaths per 1,000 1:	ive bi	rths					6
Perinatal Mortality Rate,	per 1	,000 t	total }	irths			6
Maternal Mortality (including	abort	ion)					
Number of deaths							Nil
Rate per 1,000 live and s	till-b	irths		• • • •	• • •		Nil
Number of deaths (all ages)		•••		•••	• • •		35
Death Rate per 1,000 population	n						5.2
Deaths from Cancer (total)							12
Cancer of lung or bronchus							3
Ischaemic heart disease							6
Other heart disease			•••				3

Table showing Infant Deaths and the Mortality Rate

Over Six Years

CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE	1966	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971
Actual Number of Deaths	3	2	2	2	4	1
Death Rate per 1,000 Live Births	34.1	19	13	15	31	6

TUBERCULOSIS NEW CASES

_	PULA	ONARY	NON PULMONARY			
Age Group	Male	Female	Male	Female		
20 - 25	1	-	-	-		
Total	1	-	-	-		

There were no deaths from Tuberculosis during the year.

Digitized by the Internet Archive in 2016 with funding from Wellcome Library

https://archive.org/details/b28902130

The following table shows the classification of deaths from all Causes, Registrar General's figures

Causes of Death	Male	Female	Total
Malignant neoplasm, oesophagus	1	-	1
Malignant neoplasm, intestine	2	-	2
Malignant neoplasm, lung, bronchus	2	1	3
Malignant neoplasm, breast	-	2	2
Malignant neoplasm, uterus	-	2	2
Other malignant neoplasms	1	1	2
Diabetes Mellitus	1	1	2
Other diseases of blood, etc.	-	1	1
Hypertensive disease	-	1	1
Ischaemic heart disease	4	2	6
Other forms of heart disease	1	2	3
Pneumonia	3	- 1	3
Bronchitis and emphysema	2	-	2
Nephritis and nephrosis	1	-	1
Congenital anomalies	-	1	1
Motor vehicle accidents	2	-	2
All other accidents	1	_	1
Total all causes	21	14	35

Comparison of Rates with those of England and Wales

	Per 1,0	000 Populat	Per 1,000 Live Births	Per 1,000 Total Births		
6172	Birth Rate	Adjusted Birth Rate	Death Rate	Death	Infantile Mortality Rate	Still Births Rate
Barnack R.D.	26.4	43.3	5.2	11.6	6	Nil
England and Wales	16	16	11.6	11.6	18	12

Comparability Factor Births 1.64 Comparability Factor Deaths 2.23

The comparability factors are figures by which the crude birth and death rates need to be multiplied so as to find the adjusted rates. The adjusted rates are then comparable with the rates for England and Wales or the adjusted rates of any other place in the Country. The Registrar General calculates the factors from information available to him concerning amongst other things the age and sex structure of the population.

The Following table shows the classification of deaths from all

Question of Sates with those of England and Calego

	3.11		

Comparability Factor Marks 7.64

The comparability factors are figures by which the crude birth and death rette need to be multiplied so as to find the adjusted rates. The adjusted rates or the rates for Sagisard and value or the adjusted rates of any other place in the Country. The Segistrar Seneral calculates the factors from information available to his concerning amongst calculates the factors from information of the population.

HEALTH AND SOCIAL SERVICES IN THE AREA

Nursing in the home

Under the Huntingdon and Peterborough County Council Scheme the services of a District Nurse are available in all villages in the District.

Home Helps

Domestic Home Helps are available under the County Council Scheme. Applications should be made to:-

The Social Services Department, County Offices, Bridge Street, Peterborough. PE1 1HF

General Hospitals

Patients are admitted to the Peterborough and Stamford District Hospitals, administered by the Peterborough and Stamford Hospital Management Committee of the East Anglian Regional Hospital Board.

Isolation Hospitals

Infectious cases are admitted to the Peterborough Isolation Hospital under the management of the above hospital management committee.

Treatment Centres and Clinics

Provided by the Huntingdon and Peterborough County Council

Child Welfare Clinics

These are held at the following premises:-

Reading Room, Bainton. Second Monday Afternoon
Village Hall, Barnack. Third Thursday Afternoon

Parish Hall, Wittering. First and Third Wednesday All Day.

Immunisation

Measles, Diphtheria, Tetanus, Whooping Cough, Poliomyelitis and German Measles immunisation is provided by the General Practitioner service under the County Council Scheme.

Girls can also receive immunisation against German Measles during their 13th year in School through the School Medical Service.

<u>Tuberculosis</u> immunisation (B.C.G.) is offered to all children in Senior School during their first year, through the School Medical Service.

Services provided by the East Anglian Regional Hospital Board

Tuberculosis cases are seen either at the Chest Clinic at Stamford Hospital, or the Chest Clinic at Peterborough District Hospital.

Venereal Diseases Clinics - Peterborough District Hospital

Males Monday 4.30.p.m. Wednesday 5.30. - 7.0.p.m.

Females Tuesday 10.0.a.m. -12.30.p.m. Thursday 4.30.p.m. - 6.30.p.m.

Patients may attend these Clinics without an appointment, and do not require a note from their family doctor. Treatment is confidential.

Under the Huntlandon and Deterborough County Council Scheen the .

Home Ralga

Descrite Hore Heirs are available under the County Council Scheme, Applications should be made to:-

The Social Services Department County Offices, Bridge Street, Paterborough.

minilaged ferons

Patients are admitted to the Poterborough and Stanford District Hospitals of Interior by the Poterborough and Stanford Hospital Lanagement Cornelins of the Past Intelian Regional Hospital Board.

sintleson molestent

Infectious cases are adaleted to the Peterborough Isolation Saspital under the management of the above hospital assessment comittee,

Treatment Control and Clinion

Provided by the Suntingion and Peterboroogh County Council

Child Solfaro Clinton

-invaluant animolic's and to hind our result

Reading Ross, Bainton. Second Londay Afternoon

Fortab Mall, Sittering, Plant and Third Wednesdey All Day,

no line Liquid

Mensales, Distribution Tetanus, Theoreta Cough, Pollogyolitis and Conses Totalis Institionar survice under the County County County Edward Edward Science.

their pairs to the following the Season Madical Serons Health teat in Season to the Season Service.

Tuberowiesis immunisation (A.C.C.) is offered to all californ in Senior Educate inclinal England England Statement, the School Sunday England England

mand farleson issolved antique tage and ye believes applying

Profesta to chart Chart of Fetarbard Statute Heaptell

Vermont Discount Chinics - Printed Secretary District

lates strategy and

"odnoslay 5.30. - 7.0.v.n.

PALENNY

Charles 10.0.n.a. -12.30.p.c.

Partients and attend these Clistes without an expolations and do not received a note from their faulty doctor. Treatment is confidential.

Health and Social Services in the Area continued

Family Planning Clinics - Town Hall, Peterborough.

Every Wednesday morning 9.30 - 10.45

Every Wednesday evening (excepting the first Wednesday in the month)

6.30 - 8.30

Second and Fourth Thursday evenings

6.30 - 8.30

Friday afternoons

1.45 - 3.30

I am,

Your obedient servant,
Philip V. Cant.
Medical Officer of Health.

Child Health Centre, Whittlesey Road, Stanground, Peterborough. PE2 8RB

Phone : Peterborough 68010.

6, suchers valerate drawy 5m hooses

BARNACK RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL.

ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

SURVEYOR AND PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR.

My Lord, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have pleasure in submitting my 21st Annual Report, this for the year 1971.

STATEMENT OF INSPECTIONS AND VISITS.

Water Supplies	41
Refuse Collection and Disposal	60
Drainage and Sewage Disposal	221
Factories and Workshops	13
Housing (other than Council Houses)	13 48
Council House Maintenance	390
Building	492
Infectious Diseases	-
Food Preparation(including School Kitchens)	16
Rodent Control	68
Miscellaneous	129

1506

BUILDING CONTROL AND PLANNING REGULATIONS.

79 plans were deposited and approved under the Public Health Acts, Building and Planning Regulations. This number included 8 abbreviated applications for sewer connections in Thornhaugh and Wansford.

Conversions, adaptations and improvements.	25
New Private Dwellings.	14
Sanitary Conveniences, Drainage etc.	14
Private Garages and Car Ports.	5
Agricultural Buildings.	5
Factory Alterations etc.	1
Other Commercial	5
Works by Public Undertakings.	1
Planning and Advertisement Applications.	3
Outline Planning Applications only.	5
Residential Caravans.	1

The following applications were refused under the Planning Code:-

Ashton - 5 Building Plots.

Bainton - Building Plot 0.S. 121

Building Plot Pt. 101 Tallington Road.

Barnack .- Building Plot Main Street.

Building Plot Bainton Road.

Thornhaugh - Building Plot Pt. O.S. 78. Wansford. - Building Plot at the rear of Swanhill House.

Wothorpe - 2 Building Plots, the Drift.

Building Plot Pts. O.S. 85/86.

IMPROVEMENT GRANTS

2 applications for Discretionary Grant were approved for 2 units, to the value of £2,000.

6 applications for Standard Grants involving 9 dwellings were approved to the value of £3,120.

RAG FLOCK ACT

No such premises in the District.

ANIMAL BOARDING ESTABLISHMENTS ACT, 1963.

There are 2 such establishments registered in the District and both comply with the provisions of the Act.

PREVENTION OF DAMAGE BY PESTS ACT, 1949

A free service of disinfestation which is available for any domestic property affected is still not fully realised by rate-payers in the District. Industrial and trade premises can also be inspected and treated, either by Council labour on a re-chargeable basis, or by specialised firms.

Free treatment of domestic premises was given on 60 occasions, such treatment being carried out in some cases on the day following date of complaint. Once again very little work of inspection and treatment was given to farm premises and local farmers are advised to employ specialist firms for this work. It was again proved that mice were resistant to the popular Warfarin treatment and I had to resort to the use of zinc phosphide and alpha-chloralose.

I was able again during the year under review to arrange for inspection of manholes and treatment of any lengths of infested public sewers, together with disinfestation as necessary of the various sewage treatment works.

SLAUGHTERHOUSES AND KNACKERS YARDS

No such premises in the District.

POULTRY PROCESSING PREMISES

There is one establishment in the District. About 2,200 turkeys were killed and plucked in the period middle of October to Christmas, about 100 being slaughtered each day for approximately a 3 day week.

Once again sick birds (approximately 3%) were culled out and disposed of by incineration.

FOOD HYGIEME REGULATIONS AND REGISTERED FOOD PREMISES.

There are 17 registered premises. All ice cream retailed in the district was sold in pre-packed containers.

During the year certain contraventions were found in a Butcher's van, but on this occasion as it was a first offence, no legal action was taken except for a strong warning to the firm concerned.

OFFICES, SHOPS AND RAILWAY PREMISES ACT.

21 premises were registered under the Act and there is nothing special to report regarding inspections made.

SHOPS ACTS

The number of shops registered was 15, the standard of hygiene being generally satisfactory.

FACTORIES AND WORKSHOPS

The number of factories registered was 22 the majority being one-man businesses and building operations in respect of which section 7 of the Act is enforced by the Council (see Appendix 1).

INFECTIOUS DISEASES

Of the 3 cases of scarlet fever, and one of pulmonary T.B. no terminal disinfections were necessary, the latter case being an R.A.F. service man treated by the R.A.F. Authority.

A further case of bacillary dysentry occurred in a boy whose father was serving in the R.A.F. and here again the case was treated by the R.A.F. Authority.

DRAINAGE AND SEWAGE DISPOSAL.

(a) Pilsgate, Barnack, Bainton and Ufford. These Parishes discharge after pumping, to a Sewage Treatment Works at Tallington Road, Bainton, with the final effluent discharging to the River Welland in Summer months, and to the nearby stream in Winter months when the flow of water therein gives sufficient dilution.

It was again obvious during the year that the sewage treatment works at Tallington Road, were overloaded by approximately 25%.

A letter was received in August from the Welland and Nene River Authority advising the Council that representation had been made to the County Planning Authority to discourage any new development proposals in the area drained into Bainton Treatment Works, until the samples of effluents complied with the prescribed conditions.

At the end of the year the Council's Consulting Engineers were still considering ways and means of remedial methods to be adopted.

(b) St. Martins Without, and Wothorpe. The drainage from these 2 Parishes is pumped into the Stamford Borough's Sewerage System. During the year further correspondence took place with British Rail regarding the disused railway bridge over the River Welland, and at the end of the year the matter was still under consideration.

A new replacement starter mechanism was provided at the Wothorpe Ejecter Station.

(c) <u>Wittering.</u> This sewage treatment works incorporates comminutors, settlement tanks, primary and secondary tanks, surface aerating tanks with tertiary treatment in the form of upward flow clarifiers with novel features such as a system of sludge straw composting (primary sludge) and disposal of final activated sludge over adjoining land through a rain gun irrigation system.

In April the screw pump used for the continuous re-circulation of activated sludge vital to the process broke down. There was a delay in obtaining replacement bearings from Holland but when these were obtained the pump was quickly repaired by a local engineer.

The efficiency of this particular scheme depends to a large extent on a plentiful supply of straw being available which was provided by a local farmer, the Council paying for the cost of baling.

(d) Wansford and Thornhaugh. This scheme incorporates 2 ejecter stations, 2 lengths of pumping mains with gravity sewers, the final effluent being pumped to an "Oxigest" unit with tertiary grass plot treatment in an area on the Peterborough Road.

As reported in my last annual report people are unaware that this prominent site encloses a sewage treatment works, wither because of landscaping and the planting of trees or because they speed by in their vehicles, or perhaps because the site is generally free of malodour which unfortunately is usually associated with sewage treatment processes.

The troubles mentioned in my last annual report with magnetic dutches of the electric motors in the pumphouse had still not been resolved and at the end of the year the Consulting Engineers were considering an improved system.

Septicity again occurred in certain lengths of sewers, but this was soon remedied by operating an automatic flushing tank at the head of the system in Thornhaugh.

- (e) Southorpe. This is a small and straggling hamlet where the installation of mains drainage would be very expensive and uneconomical. This area is not favoured by the County Planning Authority for any development other than selective infilling, and it is extremely unlikely that a sewerage scheme will be planned in the foreseeable future.
- (f) Samples. 10 samples of sewage effluent were taken during the year with the following results.

	Entirely Satisfactory.	Partially Unsatisfactory	Unsatisfactory	Total.
Vittering.	2		2	4
Bainton.		1	2	3
Wansford.		2	1	3

(g) General. Children are still gaining access into sewage treatment works despite warning notices being fixed in prominent positions. At each station the danger potential of a fatality is considerable, and from time to time the co-operation of the Police is sought so that they may discourage these offenders especially during weekends and school holidays.

REFUSE COLLECTION AND DISPOSAL.

Once again the weekly scheme of refuse collection (inaugurated in 1960) worked well despite some mechanical breakdowns and holidays. One 18-24 cu.yd. refuse vehicle and 2 men, assisted by a 3rd man on one day each week, are able to manage this service despite increasing numbers of properties in the area. This is due mainly to a basic and simple incentive bonus system agreed with the operators. Such a system is possible in such a repetitive job.

The refuse is disposed of by controlled tipping on a tip on the Kingscliffe Road, Wansford, operated by the Stamford Borough Council. The annual rent of £65 p.a. was increased to £150 by Stamford Corporation from the 1st October, 1971, with a further increase to £300 from the 1st October, 1972.

All domestic refuse is collected but this does not include builders rubble and garden refuse and any bulky domestic refuse is generally removed on Saturday mornings (free of charge) necessitating overtime by your workmen. During the year another workman was trained for the HGV test and was successful in June.

Various repairs were carried out to the vehicle during the year including new pressure pipes, starter motor, tyres, clutch and centre plate, 2 new batteries etc. The body and cab were also externally painted during the year.

At the request of the R.A.F. Authority some 40 new litter receptacles were provided and fixed at various points on the R.A.F. Housing Estates.

Under the Civic Amenities Act, 8 abandoned vehicles were disposed of during the year.

WATER SAMPLES.

Only a few isolated properties are still not served by water mains. There are no stand pipes within the district.

Samples from the public supplies in the area are taken at regular intervals by the South Lincs. Water Board.

WATER SAMPLES (continued).

17 samples of well water serving a bungalow at Thornhaugh were taken for bacteriological examination; 2 proved to be satisfactory, and 15 unsatisfactory, and the owner of the property was asked to install a suitable chlorinator.

SWIMMING POOLS

19 samples of water were taken from swimming pools as shown:-

Barnack School - 3 satisfactory - 1 unsatisfactory - total 4. Private Swimming Pool (used by some members of the public) 14 satisfactory, - 1 unsatisfactory, - total 15.

HOUSING CAPITAL SCHERES

There was no building programme in operation, but during the year it was decided to build 14 units at Wittering and 2 at Pilsgate, and a local firm of Architects was instructed accordingly.

COUNCIL HOUSE MAINTENANCE

Minor repairs are carried out by Council workmen, and other repairs by local building contractors. The painting of 72 houses was approved during the year, and the scheme inaugurated last year in replacing combination ranges in Council houses with a new tiled surround and back boiler continued.

At the beginning of the year the Department of the Environment had agreed to the Council's proposals for the modernisation of a quaint cottage in Barnack. This renovation scheme commenced during the year at a contract figure of £3,270.

CARAVAN SITES AND CONTROL ACT, 1960.

There are no approved sites in the area.

BURGHLEY HORSE TRIALS

These trials were held from the 2nd - 5th September. This necessitated a period of additional work before and during the event in matters relating to sanitary accomodation, and clean food regulations, etc. In addition the safety of stands was checked under County Council Byelaws.

STAFF

Mr. A. Ashworth, Technical Assistant, resigned his appointment at the end of July, after 32 years service with the Council. Mr. R. Brown was appointed in his place on the 15th September.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT MANAGEMENT COURSE

In September I attended a residential course at Keele University dealing with "Problems of People at work".

> D. WARD GRIFFITHS. (F.F.S.,F.R.S.H.,M.A.P.H.I.) Surveyor/Public Health

Inspector.

14th September, 1971.

APPENDIX 1

Factories Act - 1961.

and foliatory,	No. in Register	No. of Inspections	Written Occupiers Prese
Factories in which sections 1,2,3,4, & 6 by	1	1	a chos detrup derision
Local Authorities.			
Factories in which Section 7 is enforced.	7	4	
Other Premises.	14	8	
TOTAL	22	13	the Council's proposals for the This received consents
		1000	ATT ASSESSED OF AUTIE NAVAGO
	NUMBER OF	F CASES IN WHICH DEFECTS	WERE FOUND
to be partially violes out as	Found F	Remedied Referred to H.M. Inspecto	
Particulars Want of clean- liness. Overcrowding	Found F		r. Inspector.
Want of clean- liness.	Found F		
Want of clean- liness. Overcrowding Unreasonable	Found F		r. Inspector.
Want of clean- liness. Overcrowding Unreasonable temperature Inadequate ventilation Ineffective Floor	Found F		r. Inspector.
Want of clean- liness. Overcrowding Unreasonable temperature Inadequate ventilation Ineffective	Found F		r. Inspector.
Want of clean- liness. Overcrowding Unreasonable temperature Inadequate ventilation Ineffective Floor Drainage. Sanitary Conveniences a. Insufficient b. Unsuitable c. Not separate	Found F		r. Inspector.
Want of clean- liness. Overcrowding Unreasonable temperature Inadequate ventilation Ineffective Floor Drainage. Sanitary Conveniences a. Insufficient b. Unsuitable	monthlogga a month	H.M. Inspecto	r. Inspector.