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1

BOROUGH



2

OF BACUP

ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

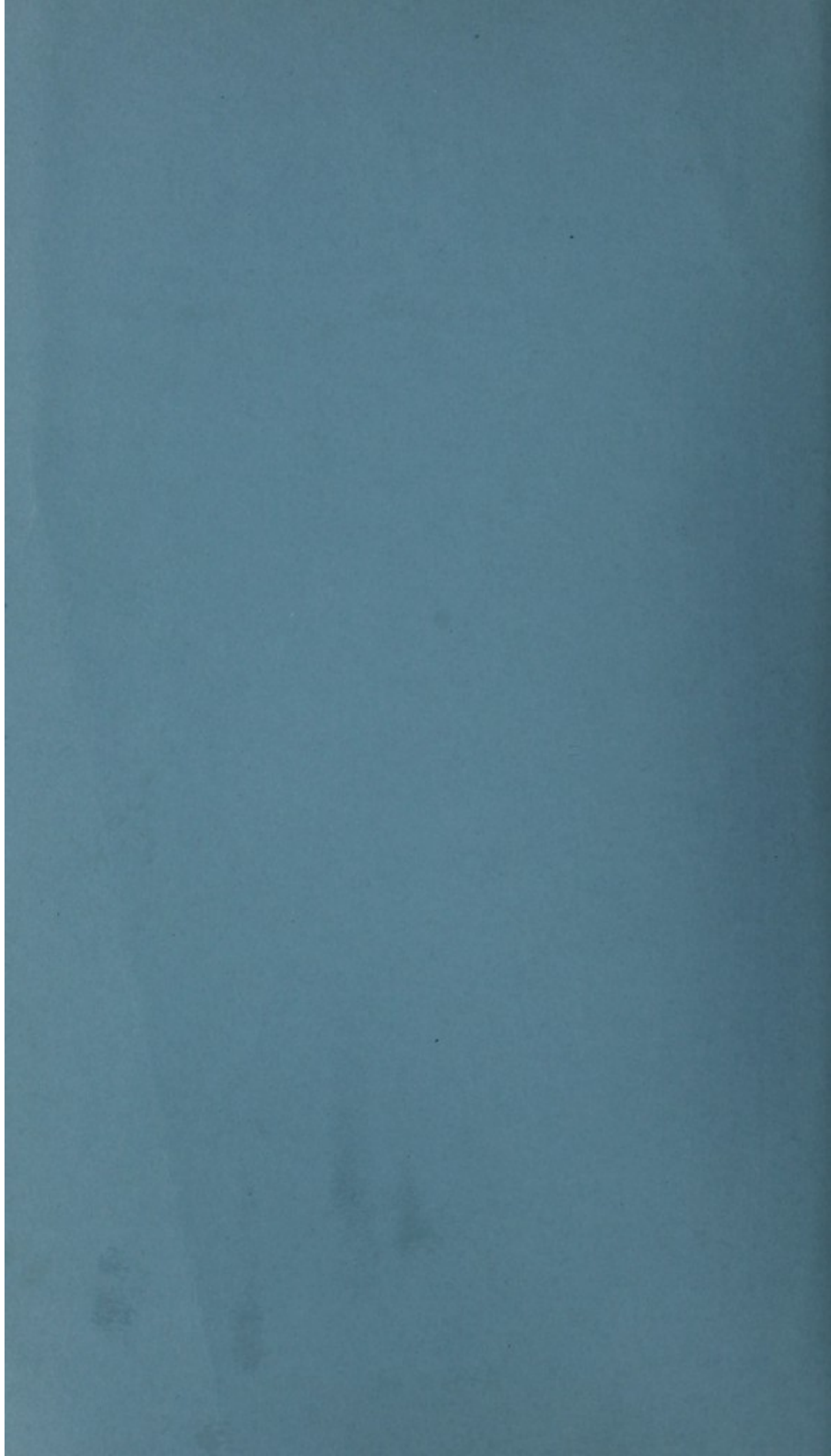
MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

AND PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR

OF THE

BOROUGH OF BACUP

1968





*With the Compliments of the
Medical Officer of Health*

*Stubbylee Hall,
Bacup.*



*With the Compliments of the
Chief Public Health Inspector*

*Stubbylee Hall,
Bacup.*



Her Majesty the Queen
The Principal Secretary of State

1871
1872



Her Majesty the Queen
The Principal Secretary of State

1871
1872

HEALTH COMMITTEE

1968 - 1969

HIS WORSHIP THE MAYOR, COUNCILLOR T. PARKER, J.P.

INTRODUCTION

CHAIRMAN:

COUNCILLOR P. NAVIN

VICE-CHAIRMAN:

ALDERMAN H. BRASSINGTON, J.P.

COMMITTEE:

Alderman M. Connolly

Alderman J. Crabtree

Alderman F. Haworth, M.B.E., J.P., C.C.

Alderman R. Taylor, J.P.

Councillor J. A. Eatough

Councillor H. Goodenough

Councillor A. Hacking

Councillor A. Hopkinson

Councillor A. Howarth

Councillor G. E. Mills

STAFF OF THE HEALTH DEPARTMENT

Medical Officer of Health	A. N. Pickles, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H.
Chief Public Health Inspector	R. Haworth, M.A.P.H.I.
Additional Public Health Inspectors	D. B. Shalliker, M.A.P.H.I.
	J. M. Davey, M.A.P.H.I.
	R. Disley (Appointed 14.8.1968)
Clerk	Mrs. H. M. Heyworth

THE MAYOR, COMPTROLLER, J. P. ...

CHAIRMAN:

COUNCILLOR F. NAVIN

VICE-CHAIRMAN:

ALDERMAN H. BRASSINGTON

COMMITTEES:

ALDERMAN M. CONNELLY

ALDERMAN J. CRABTREE

ALDERMAN F. HAWORTH, M.P.E., J.P., C.O.

ALDERMAN E. TYLER, J.P.

COUNCILLOR J. A. HARRIS

COUNCILLOR E. HARRIS

COUNCILLOR A. HARRIS

COUNCILLOR A. HARRIS

COUNCILLOR A. HARRIS

COUNCILLOR G. E. HARRIS

STAFF OF THE HEALTH DEPARTMENT

Medical Officer of Health

Chief Public Health Inspector

Additional Public Health Inspectors

Dr. R. ...

Dr. M. ...

Dr. ...

Clerk

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Health Department.

Stubbs Hall.

BACUP.

Levenshew.

September, 1969.

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In accordance with my statutory duty as your Medical Officer of Health, I have the honour to present the Annual Report for the year 1968.

The contents of the report have been compiled in accordance with the Ministry of Health Circular 1/69 dated January, 1969.

The work connected with the clearance of unfit houses again proceeded during the year, when representations were made in respect of Clearance Areas affecting some 118 houses. The Council embarked on a fairly large scheme in Newchurch Road and Bowker Street at Bacup, and a number of other smaller schemes in various parts of the town.

Thirty-three houses were demolished, and it may be significant that a cleared area in Broadwood Road, Stacksteads, is to be re-developed for suitable new housing purposes.

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Mr. Mayor, Ladies and Gentlemen,

Your obedient servant,

A. NELSON PICKLES

Medical Officer of Health

APPENDIX C

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11	VII INFECTIOUS DISEASES (excluding Tuberculosis) NOTIFIED
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APPENDIX C

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SECTION I

VITAL STATISTICS

Health Department,

Stubbylee Hall,

Population

The Registrar General's estimate of the BACUP, population for the mid-year 1968 is 16,330, and the vital statistics in the report are based on this figure.

Lancashire.

September, 1969,

To the Mayor, Aldermen and Burgesses
of the Borough of Bacup

Mr. Mayor, Ladies and Gentlemen,

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Thirty-three dwellings were demolished, and it may be significant that a cleared area in Brandwood Road, Stacksteads, is to be re-developed for suitable new housing purposes.

The improvement of sub-standard houses also continued, and 64 Improvement Grants were allowed during the year.

I have the honour to be,

Yours faithfully,

Whooing Cough

Dysentery

Infective

Mr. Mayor, Ladies and Gentlemen,

Your obedient servant,

A. NELSON PICKLES

Medical Officer of Health

SECTION III

GENERAL HEALTH SERVICES

The provisions of Local Health Authority Services are the responsibility of the Lancashire County Council through the Lancashire Health Committee No. 13, on which this Council is represented.

Health Department,
Stubblyes Hall,
BACUP,
Lancashire.
September, 1969.

To the Mayor, Aldermen and Burgesses
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Mr. Mayor, Ladies and Gentlemen,

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I have the honour to be,

Mr. Mayor, Ladies and Gentlemen,

Your obedient servant,

A. NELSON PICKLES

Medical Officer of Health

SECTION I

VITAL STATISTICS

Population

The Registrar General's estimate of the resident population for the mid-year 1968 is 16,330, and the vital statistics in the report are based on this figure.

Births

The adjusted Birth Rate, i.e., the figure arrived at if the age and sex constitution of the population of the district was in the same proportion as the rest of England and Wales, is 18.2 per 1,000 population (the figure is 16.9 for England and Wales).

The adjusted Death Rate is 14.4 compared with 11.9 for England and Wales.

SECTION II

INFECTIOUS DISEASES

Other than cases of Tuberculosis, the notification of infectious diseases for 1968 were limited to the following:-

Measles	....	7
Whooping Cough		1
Dysentery	....	1
Infective Jaundice		4

SECTION III

GENERAL HEALTH SERVICES

The provisions of Local Health Authority Services are the responsibility of the Lancashire County Council through the Divisional Health Committee No. 13, on which this Council is represented.

SECTION I

VITAL STATISTICS

Population

The Registrar General's estimate of the resident population for the mid-year 1968 is 16,350, and the vital statistics in the report are based on this figure.

Births

The adjusted Birth Rate, 1968, the figure arrived at in the age and sex composition of the population of the district was in the same proportion as the rest of England and Wales, is 18.2 per 1,000 population (the figure is 18.9 for England and Wales).

The adjusted Death Rate is 10.4 compared with 11.9 for England and Wales.

SECTION II

INFECTIOUS DISEASES

Other than cases of Tuberculosis, the notification of infectious diseases for 1968 were limited to the following:-

Measles	1
Whooping Cough	1
Dysentery	1
Infective Mononucleosis	1

SECTION III

GENERAL HEALTH SERVICES

The provision of Local Health Authority Services are the responsibility of the Lancashire County Council through the District Health Committee No. 13, on which this Council is represented.

APPENDIX A

VITAL STATISTICS AND CAUSES OF DEATH

TABLE I

SUMMARY OF STATISTICS - 1968

Area (Acres)	...	...	...	...	6,121
Population (Estimated mid 1968)	...	...	...	...	16,330
Population (Census 1961)	...	...	...	...	17,295
Number of Inhabited Houses (1931)	...	...	...	...	5,964
Number of Inhabited Houses (1968)	...	...	...	...	6,104
Rateable Value	...	...	...	...	£368,148
Sum represented by a penny rate	...	...	...	...	£1,365

	Male	Female	Total	
LIVE BIRTHS				
Legitimate	129	125	254	
Illegitimate	15	12	27	Birth Rate (Crude) per 1,000 estimated population ... 17.2 (15.8)
	—	—	—	
	144	137	281	
	—	—	—	
STILLBIRTHS				
	-	1	1	Rate per 1,000 total live and stillbirths ... 4 (19)
DEATHS				
	125	91	216	Death Rate (Crude) per 1,000 estimated population ... 13.2 (11.8)

DEATHS FROM MATERNAL CAUSES

Deaths from Pregnancy, Childbirth and Abortion	-
Maternal Mortality Rate	-

INFANT MORTALITY

Deaths of infants under one year of age:-

All infants per 1,000 live births	4.0 (23)
Legitimate infants per 1,000 legitimate live births	3.93
Illegitimate infants per 1,000 legitimate live births	0.0

DEATHS FROM CERTAIN SPECIFIED DISEASES

	Deaths	Rate per 1,000 of population
Cardio-vascular Diseases	91	5.57
Cancer	38	2.3
Tuberculosis	1	0.06
Bronchitis	14	0.85
Other Respiratory Diseases	4	0.24

NOTE: Figures in parentheses refer to the year 1967.

VITAL STATISTICS AND CAUSES OF DEATH

TABLE I

SUMMARY OF STATISTICS - 1968

Sum represented by a penny rate	...	...	...
Maternal Value	...	...	...
Number of Inhabited Houses (1968)	...	...	...
Number of Inhabited Houses (1951)	...	...	...
Population (Census 1961)	...	...	...
Population (Estimated mid 1968)	...	...	...
Area (Acres)	...	...	...

	Male	Female	Total
LIVE BIRTHS			
Legitimate	129	125	254
Illegitimate	15	15	30
Birth Rate (Crude) per 1,000 estimated population ... 17.5	—	—	—
	144	137	281 (17.8)
STILLBIRTHS	—	1	1
Rate per 1,000 total live and stillbirths ... 1 (19)	—	—	—
DEATHS	125	91	216
Death Rate (Crude) per 1,000 estimated population ... 13.5	—	—	—
	—	—	11.8

DEATHS FROM NATURAL CAUSES

Deaths from pregnancy, childbirth and abortion	—
Maternal Mortality Rate	—

INFANT MORTALITY

Deaths of infants under one year of age—

All infants per 1,000 live births	4.0 (25)
Legitimate infants per 1,000 legitimate live births	3.95
Illegitimate infants per 1,000 illegitimate live births	0.0

DEATHS FROM CERTAIN SPECIFIED DISEASES

Disease	Deaths	Rate per 1,000 of population
Cardio-vascular Diseases	91	5.57
Cancer	38	2.3
Tuberculosis	1	0.06
Bronchitis	14	0.85
Other Respiratory Diseases	4	0.24

NOTE: Figures in parentheses refer to the year 1967

TABLE II

REGISTRAR GENERAL'S RETURN
FOR THE YEAR 1968

CAUSES OF DEATH

GROUP CAUSES OF DEATH	MALES	FEMALES	TOTAL
Tuberculosis of Respiratory System	1	-	1
Malignant Neoplasm - Stomach	2	2	4
Malignant Neoplasm - Lung and Bronchus	8	2	10
Malignant Neoplasm - Breast	-	4	4
Malignant Neoplasm - Uterus	-	1	1
Leukaemia	1	2	3
Other Malignant Neoplasms etc.	9	8	17
Diabetes Mellitus	1	-	1
Other Endocrine etc. Diseases	-	1	1
Other Diseases of Nervous System etc.	1	2	3
Chronic Rheumatic Heart Disease	2	1	3
Hypertensive Disease	3	2	5
Ischaemic Heart Disease	51	24	75
Other Forms of Heart Disease	2	6	8
Cerebrovascular Disease	9	14	23
Other Diseases of Circulatory System	6	3	9
Pneumonia	2	6	8
Bronchitis and Emphysema	10	4	14
Other Diseases of Respiratory System	3	1	4
Peptic Ulcer	1	-	1
Intestinal Obstruction and Hernia	2	1	3
Cirrhosis of Liver	-	1	1
Other Diseases of Digestive System	2	-	2
Nephritis and Nephrosis	3	-	3
Other Causes of Perinatal Mortality	-	1	1
Motor Vehicle Accidents	1	3	4
All other Accidents	2	2	4
Suicide and Self-Inflicted Injuries	3	-	3
	125	91	216

TABLE II

REGISTER GENERAL'S RETURN
FOR THE YEAR 1968

CAUSES OF DEATH

GROUP CAUSES OF DEATH	MALES	FEMALES	TOTAL
Suicide and Self-Inflicted Injuries	2	1	3
All other Accidents	2	1	3
Motor Vehicle Accidents	1	1	2
Other Causes of Perinatal Mortality	1	1	2
Nephritis and Nephrosis	2	1	3
Other Diseases of Digestive System	2	1	3
Cirrhosis of Liver	1	1	2
Intestinal Obstruction and Hernia	2	1	3
Peptic Ulcer	1	1	2
Other Diseases of Respiratory System	2	1	3
Bronchitis and Emphysema	10	4	14
Pneumonia	2	0	2
Other Diseases of Circulatory System	6	3	9
Cerebrovascular Disease	9	4	13
Other Forms of Heart Disease	2	0	2
Ischaemic Heart Disease	21	20	41
Hypertensive Disease	3	2	5
Chronic Rheumatic Heart Disease	2	2	4
Other Diseases of Nervous System etc.	1	2	3
Other Disorders etc. Diseases	1	1	2
Diabetes Mellitus	1	1	2
Other Malignant Neoplasms etc.	9	3	12
Leukaemia	1	1	2
Malignant Neoplasm - Uterus	1	1	2
Malignant Neoplasm - Breast	1	1	2
Malignant Neoplasm - Lung and Bronchus	8	2	10
Malignant Neoplasm - Stomach	2	1	3
Tuberculosis of Respiratory System	1	1	2

TABLE III

INFANTILE MORTALITY - 1968

Cause of death	Under 1 month	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	Total under 1 yr.
Cerebral Anoxia	1													1
	1													1

TABLE IV

NEO NATAL MORTALITY - 1968

Cause of Death	Under 1 day	1 day	2 days	3 days	4 days	5 days	6 days	7 to 13 days	13 to 20 days	21 to 25 days	Total
Cerebral Anoxia	1										1
	1										1

TABLE III
INFANTILE MORTALITY - 1968

Cause of death	Under 1 month	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	To un- der 1
Cerebral Anoxia	1													1

TABLE IV
NEONATAL MORTALITY - 1968

Cause of Death	Under 1 day	1 day	2 days	3 days	4 days	5 days	6 days	7 to 13 days	14 to 29 days	30 to 59 days	To 60 days
Cerebral Anoxia	1										

TABLE V

BACUP M.B. VITAL STATISTICS

MEAN RATES FOR THE PAST FIFTY YEARS

MEAN OF 5 YEARS	PER 1,000 OF ESTIMATED POPULATION					MATERNAL MORTALITY RATE		INFANT MORTALITY RATE	
	Live Birth-Rate	Crude Death Rate	Death Rate from Tuberculosis of Respiratory System	Death Rate from Cancer	Per 1,000 live births	Per 1,000 total (live and stillbirths)	Rate of deaths under one year per 1,000 live births		
							Bacup	Administrative County	
1915-1919	14.4	16.9	0.79	1.11	6.32	-	109	89	
1920-1924	19.2	14.2	0.69	1.02	4.34	-	84	70	
1925-1929	15.7	16.1	0.61	1.27	6.74	-	88	66	
1930-1934	14.6	14.2	0.56	1.15	3.87	3.70	61	61	
1935-1939	13.2	15.5	0.64	1.91	6.12	5.74	61	52	
1940-1944	14.9	14.8	0.46	1.93	2.24	2.15	46	46	
1945-1949	18.6	14.1	0.40	1.70	2.41	2.34	45	41	
1950-1954	16.18	14.98	0.16	2.28	1.44	1.41	30	32	
1955-1959	16.9	14.2	0.12	1.95	1.21	1.23	22.3	23	
1960-1964	17.18	14.32	0.036	2.11	1.39	1.36	28.14	14.6	
Year 1965	18.1	15.8	0.06	2.75	3.29	3.22	29.6	19.8	
Year 1966	16.4	15.2	-	2.11	-	-	40.3	19.9	
Year 1967	15.8	11.8	0.06	1.46	-	-	23	20.0	
Year 1968	17.2	13.2	0.06	2.39	-	-	4	19.4	

APPENDIX B

PREVALENCE OF INFECTIOUS DISEASES

TABLE VI

Cases notified and deaths from Tuberculosis during 1968

	New Cases				Deaths			
	Pulmonary		Non-Pulmonary		Pulmonary		Non-Pulmonary	
	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
0 - 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1 - 5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5 - 10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10 - 15	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
15 - 20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 - 25	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 - 35	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35 - 45	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
45 - 55	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
55 - 65	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
65 and over	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
	6	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
	6	-	-	-	1	-	-	-

PREVALENCE OF TUBERCULOUS DISEASE

TABLE VI

Cases notified and deaths from Tuberculosis during 1962

	New Cases				Deaths	
	Pulmonary		Non-Pulmonary		Pulmonary	Non-Pulmonary
	M	F	M	F	M	F
0 - 1	-	-	-	-	-	-
1 - 5	-	-	-	-	-	-
5 - 10	-	-	-	-	-	-
10 - 15	3	-	-	-	-	-
15 - 20	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 - 25	1	-	-	-	-	-
25 - 30	-	-	-	-	-	-
30 - 45	-	-	-	-	-	-
45 - 55	-	-	-	-	-	-
55 - 65	1	-	-	-	-	-
65 and over	1	-	-	-	1	-
	6	-	-	-	-	-
	6					

TABLE VII
INFECTIOUS DISEASES (Excluding Tuberculosis)

Smallpox Scarlet Fever Diphtheria Enteric Fever Paratyphoid Fever Measles Whooping Cough Acute Pneumonia Puerperal Pyrexia Meningococcol Infection Acute Poliomyelitis Acute Encephalitis Dysentery Ophthalmia Erysipelas Malaria Food Poisoning Gastro Enteritis Infective Jaundice	NO. OF CASES NOTIFIED													
	Total Cases all ages	AGE PERIODS - YEARS												
		Un'r 1	1- 2	2- 3	3- 4	4- 5	5- 10	10- 15	15- 20	20- 35	35- 45	45- 65	65 and over	
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
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	4	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	1	-	-	-	-	
	13	1	2	1	-	-	6	2	1	-	-	-	-	

TABLE VII

INFECTIOUS DISEASES (Including Tuberculosis)

	NO. OF CASES NOTIFIED												
	AGE PERIODS - YEARS												Total Cases all ages
	Under 1	1-5	5-9	9-14	14-19	19-24	24-29	29-34	34-39	39-44	44-49	49-54	
Dysentery	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Scarlet Fever	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Diphtheria	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Enteric Fever	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Paratyphoid Fever	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Measles	7	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Whooping Cough	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Acute Pneumonia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Peripneumonic Pyrexia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Meningococcal Infection	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Acute Poliomyelitis	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Acute Encephalitis	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Gynergia	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ophthalmia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Erysipelae	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Malaria	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Food Poisoning	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Gastro Enteritis	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Intestinal Jaundice	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	13	1	2	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	13

APPENDIX B

GENERAL PROVISIONS OF HEALTH SERVICES FOR THE AREA

Clinic Sessions at the School Clinic, Irwell Street, Bacup.

Chiropody: School Chiropody - Direct Service
Special Cases - Direct Service

	MON	TUES	WED	THURS	FRI
Minor Ailments	9-10.30 am	-	9-10.30 am	-	9-10.30 am
Eye Clinic	By appointment				
Dental Clinic	By appointment	-	By appointment	By appointment	By appointment
Immunisation & Vaccination	-	-	-	1st Thurs.in month by appointment only	-
Child Health Clinic	-	9.30-11.30 am.	2 - 4 pm.	-	-
Ante-Natal & Post-Natal Clinics	-	-	-	-	2 - 4 pm.

Divisional Health Staff - Bacup Area

Assistant Divisional Medical Officer	Dr. M.A. Feeny, School Clinic, Irwell Street, Bacup. (Tel. Bacup 3565)
Dental Officer	J. Greenhalgh, School Clinic, Irwell Street, Bacup.
Health Visitors and School Nurses	Miss D. Guest; Miss M. Hoyle (Retired 1969) Mrs. B. Mawson;
Tuberculosis Health Visitor	Mrs. M.E. Schofield, Rossendale General Hospital. (Tel. Rossendale 5151)
District Nurses	Nurse S. Gardner, 33 Dale Street, Bacup. (left April, 1969) Nurse B. Cahill, 8 Rockcliffe Avenue, Bacup. (Tel. Bacup 4185) Mrs. T. R. Hay, 23 Knowsley Crescent, Shawforth (Tel. Whitworth 2255) Miss J. Nuttall, 335 Manchester Road, Haslingden (S.E.N.) Left January, 1969. Mrs. G.M. Woodward, 12 Riley Street, Bacup. (N.A.) Mrs. M. Dawson, 284 Newchurch Road, Rawtenstall. (S.E.N.)
Domiciliary Midwives	Nurse L.M. Dungworth, 38 Eastgate, Wallbank, Whitworth (Tel. Whitworth 2118) Mrs. J. Wolfenden, 91 Bankside Lane, Bacup. (Tel. Bacup 3349) Mrs. B. Williams, 93 Bankside Lane, Bacup. (Tel. Bacup 3339) Miss Sherry (Tel. Bacup 3322)
Warden for Olive House Hostel for Old People	
Bacup Ambulance Station	Station Officer S. Kay, Commercial Street, Stacksteads. (Tel. Bacup 4496)
Home Help Organiser	Miss I. Crawford (Retired August, 1968) Mrs. E.E. Clarke (August 1968-January 1969) Mrs. M. Howard, Divisional Health Office, Rochdale (From January 1969) Tel. Roch. 48231
Divisional Welfare Organiser	Mr. J.H. Todd; Divisional Health Office
Mental Welfare Officers	Mr. E.B. Williams) Divisional Health Mr. R. Williams) Office, Rochdale.
Mental Welfare Workers	Miss J.R. Lambert) Divisional Health Mr. A. Hargrave) Office, Rochdale.

Public Health Department,

Stubbylee Hall,

BACUP,

Lancashire.

September, 1969.

To the Mayor, Aldermen and Burgesses
of the Borough of Bacup

Mr. Mayor, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have pleasure in submitting the report on the work of the Health Department during the year 1968.

Housing and Slum Clearance Schemes again took much time in the department, but some results are now beginning to be shown in the town, and it should be now clear to everyone concerned that the large scheme undertaken in Market Street and Plantation Street should in the near future be completed.

The Underbank Scheme of redevelopment has also now been completed, and it is clear that this scheme has been very successful and will continue to be a scheme of which Bacup may be justly proud.

The scheme for the demolition of properties which were almost derelict in Glen Street has also been very largely now completed, and although perhaps only small in size, has achieved a considerable improvement of this previously almost derelict site.

The demolition of properties in Allendale Terrace, Rochdale Road, Bacup, was also completed, and this again has lead to better visibility on a main road site, and has improved this particular area.

The scheme for the redevelopment of the Brandwood Road area is also proceeding, and the demolition of properties in Britannia and Wall Street areas has already taken place, and suitable site treatment is under consideration. Further schemes have already been considered by the Council, and action has been taken in respect of areas in Lanehead Lane, Newchurch Road at Stacksteads, Albion Street and Todmorden Road, Heyworth Street, and a large scheme has already been agreed for the demolition of properties in Newchurch Road and Bowker Street which will again considerably affect main roads and the general appearance of the various areas.

Much still remains to be done with regard to the improvement of the environmental conditions appertaining within the town, but I am sure that considerable progress has been made in the past few years, and it is hoped that this can be maintained in order to secure satisfactory urban renewal.

May I express my thanks to the members of the Committee for their continued support, and also express my appreciation for the co-operation of the other senior officers of the Council and members of the Health Department throughout the year.

I am, Mr. Mayor, Ladies and Gentlemen,

R. HAWORTH

Chief Public Health Inspector

Public Health Department,

Strophylus Hall,

BACON,

Lancashire.

September, 1958.

To the Mayor, Aldermen and Burgesses
of the Borough of Bacup

Mr. Mayor, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have pleasure in submitting the report on the work of the
Health Department during the year 1958.

Housing and Sick Certificates Sections again took much time in
the department, but some results are now beginning to be shown in the
town, and it should be now clear to everyone concerned that the large
scheme undertaken in Market Street and Pleasanton Street should in the
near future be completed.

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derelict in Glen Street has also been very largely now completed, and
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improvement of this previously almost derelict site.

The demolition of properties in Althdale Terrace, Boddle
Road, Bacup, was also completed, and this again has led to better
visibility on a main road site, and has improved this particular area.

The scheme for the redevelopment of the Burnwood Road area
is also proceeding, and the demolition of properties in Britannia and
Wall Street areas has already taken place, and suitable site treatment is
under consideration. Further schemes have already been considered by
the Council, and action has been taken in respect of areas in Lancashire
Lane, Newchurch Road at Blackburn, Altham Street and Tordar Road,
Hayworth Street, and a large scheme has already been agreed for the
demolition of properties in Newchurch Road and Hayworth Street which will
again considerably affect main roads and the general appearance of the
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Much still remains to be done with regard to the improvement
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May I express my thanks to the members of the Committee for
their continued support, and also express my appreciation for the
co-operation of the other senior officers of the Council and members of
the Health Department throughout the year.

I am, Mr. Mayor, Ladies and Gentlemen,

Yours faithfully

Chief Public Health Inspector

SECTION IV

ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH SERVICES

Social Conditions:

Chief Occupations: The shoe and slipper trade provides the chief industry in the town, and there is also an extensive stone quarry within the district, and the combining of materials has also provided an additional industry which is growing.

There is some light engineering, and manufacture of electrical equipment, which gives employment to a number of people in the district, and in addition there are a number of mills which manufacture felted materials.

The Council are making every effort to attract new industries, and extensions to new works are anticipated.

The country is hilly, and there are many scattered hillfarms with small dairy herds.

(A) SANITARY INSPECTION OF AREA

Water Supply:

The water supplied to the Borough of Bacup by the Bolton Corporation Water Undertaking was satisfactory both as regards quality and quantity.

Normally, samples of both raw and filtered water are regularly subjected to full bacteriological and chemical analysis. Special analyses are made as circumstances require.

During 1968, 153 samples of raw water taken from Cowpe and Sheephouse Pressure Filters were subjected to bacteriological examination and partial chemical analysis. In addition, 214 samples of filtered and treated water, including 58 samples taken from the distribution system, received bacteriological examination and part chemical analysis. The results showed that the filtered and treated water was of excellent quality, B. Coli being absent in 99.06% of the potable water samples tested. All water is treated before passing into supply.

From tests made, the water was shown to have no significant plumbo-solvent action. No special action was required to be taken in respect of any form of contamination. The average natural fluoride content of the water supplied to Bacup is 0.15 p.p.m.

The public water mains afford a direct supply to a population of 16,000 living in Bacup. No supply was afforded to dwellings by standpipe.

The following extensions and renewals of water mains were carried out in 1968.

<u>Size of Main</u>	<u>Existing Property</u>	<u>New Houses</u>	<u>Renewals</u>
2"	59 yds.	189 yds.	-
3"	234 yds.	156 yds.	-
4"	-	37 yds.	-

SECTION IV

ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH SERVICES

Social Conditions:

Chief Occupations: The shoe and slipper trade provides the chief industry in the town, and there is also an extensive shoe repair industry in the district, and the combining of materials has also provided an additional industry which is growing.

There is some light engineering, and manufacturing of electrical equipment, which gives employment to a number of people in the district, and in addition there are a number of mills which manufacture refined materials.

The Council are making every effort to attract new industries, and extensions to new works are anticipated.

The country is hilly, and there are many scattered villages with small dairy herds.

(A) SANITARY INSPECTION OF AREA

Water Supply:

The water supplied to the Borough of Basingstoke by the Basingstoke Corporation Water Undertaking was satisfactory both as regards quality and quantity.

Normally, samples of both raw and filtered water are regularly subjected to full bacteriological and chemical analysis. Special analyses are made as circumstances require.

During 1955, 127 samples of raw water taken from Gorse and Shepperton Reservoirs were subjected to bacteriological examination and partial chemical analysis. In addition, 57 samples of filtered and treated water, including 38 samples taken from the distribution system, received bacteriological examination and partial chemical analysis. The results showed that the filtered and treated water was of excellent quality, B. Coll being absent in 95.6% of the potable water samples tested. All water is treated before passing into supply.

Two tests made, the water was shown to have no significant phospha-solvent action. No special action was required to be taken in respect of any form of contamination. The average natural fluoride content of the water supplied to Basing is 0.12 p.p.m.

The public water mains afford a direct supply to a population of 16,000 living in houses. No supply was afforded to dwellings by stands.

The following extensions and renewals of water mains were carried out in 1955.

Size of Main	Estimated Property	Estimated House	Remarks
2"	29 yds.	89 yds.	-
3"	234 yds.	135 yds.	-
4"	-	37 yds.	-

Rivers and Streams:

The Mersey River Board is the controlling authority for the main river in the Borough, and the Local Authority is responsible for the streams and the portion of the Irwell which joins on to the main river.

The River Irwell is used in connection with the local industries and widely used for trade effluents.

Public Cleansing:

The household refuse collection is maintained on a weekly basis from all houses in the town, and approximately 7,000 dustbins are emptied weekly by the three freighters each manned by a driver and four loaders.

Special facilities are also afforded by the Council in respect of bulky articles of household furniture and ancillary domestic articles and these are collected free on request.

Additional facilities are also made available to the public to dispose of their own domestic articles of a bulky nature on the Council's Tip at Blackwood, where refuse disposal is carried out by controlled tipping, and the Council have in operation a salvage scheme.

Street cleansing is carried out under the supervision of the Borough Surveyor, and gully emptying is done by modern mechanical means.

Closet Accommodation:

The closet accommodation in the Borough consists mainly of fresh water closets, there being approximately 4,792 of these, and gradual abolition of the waste water closets is encouraged by the grants made by the Health Committee in respect of conversions. Details of the closets other than fresh water closets are given in Table IX, Appendix C.

Many of the back-to-back houses have joint W.C. accommodation, and this type of house would be greatly improved if separate indoor sanitary accommodation could be provided.

Eradication of Bed Bugs:

In the very rare cases which are hardly ever found, Hydrogen Cyanide is used in connection with the disinfection of household goods when transfers are made from infested property to Council houses. Other cases are treated with D.D.T. solutions and sprays, and fumigations with Lindane and Dieldrin. Some Pyrethrum Powders are also used.

Atmospheric Pollution:

The problem of domestic smoke remains one which needs attention, and the Council have given some consideration to this matter, and it has been decided that a scheme for the making of Smoke Control Areas be prepared and submitted. Work in connection with this is at the moment in its initial stages, but a scheme will ultimately be submitted to the Council for consideration. The clearance of unfit houses, however, is still receiving first priority in order to remove the black spots in the town.

Local industrialists still appear to favour oil-fired furnaces, and conversions to this fuel have taken place, in several installations during 1968.

The Harey River Board is the controlling authority for the main river in the Borough, and the local Authority is responsible for the streams and the portion of the river which joins on to the main river.

The River itself is used in connection with the local industries and widely used for trade effluents.

Public Cleansing:

The household refuse collection is maintained on a weekly basis from all houses in the town, and approximately 7,000 dustbins are emptied weekly by the three freighters each manned by a driver and four loaders.

Special facilities are also afforded by the Council in respect of bulky articles of household furniture and similar domestic articles and these are collected free on request.

Additional facilities are also made available to the public to dispose of their own domestic articles of a bulky nature on the Council's tip at Blackwood, where refuse disposal is carried out by controlled tipping, and the Council have in operation a refuse scheme.

Street cleaning is carried out under the supervision of the Borough Surveyor, and gully emptying is done by modern mechanical means.

Closet Accommodation:

The closet accommodation in the Borough consists mainly of fresh water closets, there being approximately 4,795 of these, and gradual abolition of the waste water closets is encouraged by the Grants made by the Health Committee in respect of conversions. Details of the closets other than fresh water closets are given in Table IX, Appendix C.

Many of the back-to-back houses have toilet W.C. accommodation, and this type of house would be greatly improved if separate indoor sanitary accommodation could be provided.

Disinfection of Bed Bugs:

In the very rare cases which are hardly ever found, Hydrogen Cyanide is used in connection with the disinfection of households. Goods when transferred are made from infested property to Council houses. Other cases are treated with D.D.T. solutions and sprays, and fumigations with Lindane and Dieldrin. Some Pyrethrum Powders are also used.

Atmospheric Pollution:

The problem of domestic smoke remains one which needs attention, and the Council have given some consideration to this matter, and it has been decided that a scheme for the making of smoke control areas be prepared and submitted. Work in connection with this is at the moment in the initial stages, but a scheme will ultimately be submitted to the Council for consideration. The clearance of white houses, however, is still receiving first priority in order to remove the black spots in the town.

Local industries still appear to favour oil-fired furnaces, and conversions to this fuel have taken place, in several instances during 1965.

Rodent Control:

This work is carried out in accordance with the recommendations of the Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food, and the Council's sewers were continuously treated throughout the twelve month period with Fluoracetamide.

In addition to this, 43 business premises, 85 dwellinghouses and 15 local authority properties which were infested, were treated.

Swimming Baths:

The Council own and administer the Public Baths which are situated in the centre of the town, and modern facilities are available, with continuous filtration and chlorination plant installed which gives excellent facilities from a public health point of view, and the facilities are widely used by the public.

The Sauna Bath has continued to be popular. This is one of the most modern amenities which the Council have provided, and the facility is being widely used.

Factories:

The sanitary accommodation in most of the factories within the district is reasonable in standard, but complaints are dealt with as the necessity arises.

Table X, Appendix C, gives a summary of the inspections made and details of the results.

Sanitary Inspection of the Area:

Experience throughout the year has again shown that a large number of the dwellinghouse properties in the town which are not to be demolished are very quickly becoming almost wholly owner/occupied.

It appears from inspections made that the high cost of repairs to dwellinghouses is rapidly affecting the position with regard to the private ownership of houses which are to let, as the few owners of tenanted houses which are left in the town still complain that investment in properties to let proves uneconomic.

A statement in Table VIII, Appendix (C) shows the number and nature of the inspections made.

(B) HOUSING

The hilly nature of the district has led in the past to the building of many back-to-back, back-to-land and basement dwellings, and the prevalence of such a large proportion of these types of houses, which today cannot, generally speaking, be regarded as of a satisfactory standard, still remains a problem to be solved. This matter requires constant attention, and whilst every endeavour is made to keep the old houses weatherproof and in a reasonable state of

Robust Control:

This work is carried out in accordance with the recommendations of the Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food, and the Council's members were continuously treated throughout the twelve month period with Financetide.

In addition to this, 45 business premises, 85 dwellings and 12 local authority properties which were infested, were treated.

Swimming Baths:

The Council own and administer the Public Baths which are situated in the centre of the town, and modern facilities are available with continuous filtration and chlorination plant installed which gives excellent facilities from a public health point of view, and the facilities are widely used by the public.

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repair, the work done is often not sufficient to render the old houses in all respects fit for habitation. In addition, the lack of amenities in numerous back-to-back houses remains a matter with which the department is seriously concerned, and in this regard every opportunity must be taken to encourage these amenities to be improved wherever possible.

Representation was made with regard to houses in the Newchurch Road and Bowker Street area which is a particularly difficult area to deal with, having regard to the nature and contour of the land upon which the properties are built, and whilst this type of scheme proves costly, it is essential that this work proceed if the general amenity and appearance of the town is to be improved.

The Council's programme of new house building saw the completion of the Underbank scheme, and it is now clear that this scheme has proved very successful and provides dwelling accommodation near to the town centre in a desirable position. The accommodation at Underbank House is greatly appreciated by the residents, and the services of the warden added to the excellent accommodation are together providing a highly satisfactory combination for the senior citizens of Bacup.

It is also pleasing to note that the planning permissions for private development mentioned in the report for 1967 have led to considerably increased activity in schemes for private dwellinghouses, and some 30 dwellinghouses were completed during 1968.

During the year, schemes of slum clearance were considered by the Council in respect of Clearance Areas in Rochdale Road and Wall Street, Bacup, Newchurch Road and Bowker Street, Bacup, Rochdale Road, Britannia, and two further areas in Blackwood Road at Stacksteads, and the schemes were accepted in these areas in each case. Some of these have already been largely dealt with, and demolition of properties has taken place in Wall Street and the Britannia area.

The Market Street-Plantation Street scheme has continued, and the work of erecting retaining walls and the carrying out of some landscaping is in hand and is proceeding, and should be completed at a very early date.

Overcrowding within the Borough does not appear to arise on any large scale, and incidents of this only appear to happen where there are large families, and only isolated cases come to the attention of the department.

Table XI, Appendix C, gives details of the new houses provided, and also the action taken with regard to unfit dwellinghouses.

(C) INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION

Offices, Shops and Railway Premises Act:

Routine visits were made to premises requiring inspection under this Act, and all the registered premises within the town have now received a visit and inspection, and all the contraventions found have in general received the attention of the owners.

The general standards found on inspections under this Act are fairly good, and the co-operation received from all the shopkeepers has been very satisfactory.

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Milk Supply:

The responsibility for the supervision of farms and the production of milk having passed to the Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food, the main duty of the Local Authority was in connection with the distributors of milk and the registration of milk distributors, dairies or milk shops.

During 1968 only one case occurred where Brucellosis was found in the milk supply, and appropriate action was immediately taken and the offending animals were removed from the herd.

The farmer concerned was again very co-operative, and immediately engaged professional veterinary services, and a satisfactory result was quickly achieved.

Food Hygiene:

Routine visits were made during the year to the premises in the Borough where ice cream is sold by retail only.

The bulk of the ice cream which is sold in the town is manufactured by persons who have premises outside the Borough, and little difficulty was experienced with this commodity. Much of the ice cream is now pre-packed.

Details of the food condemned and surrendered are given in Table XIII, Appendix C.

Slaughterhouses:

The Local Authority granted renewal of licences in respect of three slaughterhouses within the Borough during 1968.

Meat Inspection:

The operation of the three slaughterhouses above-mentioned was kept under strict supervision, and all the animals slaughtered there were inspected in accordance with the instructions of the Health Committee, who direct that at all times 100% inspection be carried out. Every endeavour, therefore, has been made to do this, and details of the animals slaughtered and meat condemned will be found in Table XIV.

New regulations with regard to hygiene in slaughterhouses were also enforced, and wiping cloths are no longer to be used in these premises.

(D) GENERAL

Petroleum Acts and Carbide of Calcium Order:

The licensing of petroleum stores is a duty carried out by the Health Committee, and 43 licences are at present in operation for the storage of petroleum spirit and mixture.

Hackney Carriages and Driving Licences:

During the year 2 Hackney Carriage Licences were issued and 3 Licences to drive Hackney Carriages.

Old Metal Dealers:

One licence was issued in respect of dealers in old metal.

Milk Supply:

The responsibility for the supervision of farms and the production of milk having passed to the Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food, the main duty of the local authority was in connection with the distributors of milk and the regulation of milk distributors, dairies or milk shops.

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New regulations with regard to hygiene in slaughterhouses were also enforced, and wiping cloths are no longer to be used in these premises.

GENERAL

Petroleum Acts and Carriage of Cables Order:

The licensing of petroleum stores is a duty carried out by the Health Committee, and 15 licences are at present in operation for the storage of petroleum spirit and mixtures.

Hackney Carriages and Driving Licences:

During the year 5 Hackney Carriage licences were issued and 5 licences to drive Hackney Carriages.

Old Metal Dealers:

One licence was issued in respect of dealers in old metal.

APPENDIX C

ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH SERVICESSANITARY INSPECTION

TABLE VIII

(1) INSPECTION OF DWELLINGHOUSES:

Total houses inspected under Public Health and Housing Acts	...	...	...	...	425
Total number of inspections made	...	...	...	...	1,008
Defects found	...	...	...	...	143
Defects remedied	...	...	...	...	116
Notices served (Preliminary)	...	...	...	...	66
Re-inspections re. notices served	...	...	...	...	245
Visits to houses re Closing Orders	...	...	...	...	7
Visits to houses re Clearance Areas	...	...	...	...	310
Visits to houses re Demolition of Clearance Areas	...	...	...	...	105

(2) PREMISES CONTROLLED BY BYELAWS AND REGULATIONS:

Offensive Trades	...	...	...	...	1
Markets	...	...	...	...	19

(3) FACTORIES, WORKSHOPS AND WORKPLACES:

Factories	...	...	...	...	3
Business Premises (Rodent Control)	...	...	...	...	27

(4) MISCELLANEOUS:

Rats and mice destruction	...	...	...	...	172
Drainage	...	...	...	...	203
Food Inspections	...	...	...	...	28
Petroleum Stores visited	...	...	...	...	90
Public Mortuary	...	...	...	...	5
Public Sanitary Conveniences	...	...	...	...	82
Visits re conversion to closets	...	...	...	...	6
Disinfestation visits	...	...	...	...	52
Interviews with owners	...	...	...	...	515
Cleansing visits	...	...	...	...	2,319
Complaints investigated	...	...	...	...	320
Hackney Carriages	...	...	...	...	6
Visits re Slaughterhouses	...	...	...	...	252
Visits re Slaughtermen's Licences	...	...	...	...	14
Slaughterhouse Licences	...	...	...	...	3
Visits re Slaughterhouse Regulations	...	...	...	...	16
Visits re Improvement Grants	...	...	...	...	338
Pet Animals Act	...	...	...	...	1
Visits re National Assistance Act	...	...	...	...	26
Animal Waste Food Order	...	...	...	...	6
Infectious Disease visits	...	...	...	...	2
Visits re Milk & Dairies Regulations	...	...	...	...	20
Miscellaneous Visits	...	...	...	...	729
Visits re Offices, Shops & Railway Premises Act	...	...	...	...	51
Visits re Abandoned Motor Vehicles	...	...	...	...	79
Visits re Noise Abatement	...	...	...	...	1
Visits re Smoke Abatement	...	...	...	...	6
Visits re Food Hygiene Regulations	...	...	...	...	76

ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH SERVICES

SANITARY INSPECTION

TABLE VIII

(1) INSPECTION OF DWELLINGS:			
105	...	...	Visits to houses to Demolition of Clearance Areas
310	...	...	Visits to houses to Clearance Areas
7	...	...	Visits to houses to Cleaning Orders
242	...	...	Re-inspections re notices served
66	...	...	Notices served (Preliminary)
116	...	...	Defects remedied
143	...	...	Defects found
1,008	...	...	Total number of inspections made
452	...	...	Total houses inspected under Public Health and Housing Acts
(2) PREMISES CONTROLLED BY BYELAWS AND REGULATIONS:			
19	...	...	Offensive Trades
7	...	...	Refuse
(3) FACTORIES, WORKSHOPS AND WORKPLACES:			
27	...	...	Business Premises (Robert Control)
3	...	...	Factories
(4) MISCELLANEOUS:			
26	...	...	Visits re Food Hygiene Regulations
6	...	...	Visits re Smoke Abatement
1	...	...	Visits re Noise Abatement
79	...	...	Visits re Abandoned Motor Vehicles
21	...	...	Visits re Offices, Shops & Railway Premises Act
259	...	...	Miscellaneous Visits
20	...	...	Visits re Milk & Dairies Regulations
2	...	...	Infectious Diseases Visits
6	...	...	Animal Waste Food Order
26	...	...	Visits re National Assistance Act
1	...	...	Per Animals Act
338	...	...	Visits re Improvement Grants
18	...	...	Visits re Sanitary House Regulations
3	...	...	Sanitary House Licences
14	...	...	Visits re Sanitary House Licences
252	...	...	Visits re Sanitary House Licences
6	...	...	Sanitary Carriages
250	...	...	Complaints investigated
2,319	...	...	Cleaning visits
215	...	...	Interviews with owners
26	...	...	Disturbance visits
6	...	...	Visits re conversion to closets
82	...	...	Public Sanitary Conveniences
3	...	...	Public Sanitary Conveniences
90	...	...	Public Sanitary Conveniences
28	...	...	Food Inspections
203	...	...	Drainage
172	...	...	Rats and mice destruction

TABLE IX

CLOSET ACCOMMODATION

Type of Closet	Number in 1966	Number in 1967	Abolished or Converted 1968	Number at end of 1968
Pail Closets	100	99	1	98
Waste Water Closets	226	218	11	207
Privy Middens	3	3	-	3
Total number of closets excluding fresh water closets	329	320	12	308

TABLE X

FACTORIES ACTS, 1937 to 1959

1. Inspection for purposes of provision as to health

Premises	Number on Register	NUMBER		
		Inspections	Written Notices	Occupiers Prosecuted
(1) Factories in which Sections 1, 2, 3, 4, and 6 can be enforced by Local Authorities	23	2	1	0
(2) Factories not included in (1) in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority	98	3	0	0
(3) Other premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding outworkers' premises)	1	4	0	0
Total	122	9	1	0

TABLE IX
CLOSET ACCOMMODATION

Type of Closet	Number in 1966	Number in 1967	Abolished or Converted 1968	Number at end of 1968
Full Closets	100	99	7	92
Waste Water Closets	528	518	11	507
Privy Houses	3	3	-	3
Total number of closets excluding fresh water closets	631	620	18	602

TABLE X
FACTORIES ACTS, 1937 to 1959

Inspection for purposes of provision as to health

Provisions	Number on Register	NUMBER		
		Inspections	Written Notices	Occupiers' Proceedings
(1) Factories in which Sections 2, 3, 4, and 5 are enforced by local authorities	53	5	1	0
(2) Factories not included in (1) in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority	98	3	0	0
(3) Other premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the local authority (excluding outworkers' premises)	1	1	0	0
Total	152	9	1	0

2. Cases in which defects were found

Particulars	NUMBER OF CASES IN WHICH DEFECTS WERE FOUND				
	Found	Remedied	Referred		Prosecutions
			To H.M. Inspector	By H.M. Inspector	
Want of cleanliness	-	-	-	-	-
Overcrowding	-	-	-	-	-
Unreasonable temperature	-	-	-	-	-
Inadequate ventilation	-	-	-	-	-
Ineffective drainage of floors	-	-	-	-	-
Sanitary conveniences:					
(a) Insufficient	-	-	-	-	-
(b) Unsuitable or defective	1	1	-	1	-
(c) Not separate for sexes	-	-	-	-	-
Other offences against the Act	-	-	-	-	-
Total	1	1	-	1	-

3. Outwork (Sections 133 and 134)

Nature of Work	Section 133			Section 134		
	No. of outworkers in August list required by Section 133(1) (c)	No. of cases of default in sending lists to the Council	No. of prosecutions for failure to supply lists	No. of instances of work in unwholesome premises	Notices served	Prosecutions
Machinists - Garment Manufacturers	5	-	-	-	-	-
Machinists - Slipper Trade	29	-	-	-	-	-

Cases in which defects were found

Particulars	NUMBER OF CASES IN WHICH DEFECTS WERE FOUND			
	Found	Remedied	Referred	
			To H.M. Inspector	By H.M. Inspector
Want of cleanliness	-	-	-	-
Overcrowding	-	-	-	-
Unreasonable temperature	-	-	-	-
Inadequate ventilation	-	-	-	-
Ineffective drainage of floors	-	-	-	-
Sanitary conveniences:				
(a) Insufficient	-	-	-	-
(b) Unavailable or defective	1	1	-	1
(c) Not separate for sexes	-	-	-	-
Other offences against the Act	-	-	-	-
Total	1	1	-	1

Outwork (Sections 133 and 134)

Nature of Work	Section 133			Section 134	
	No. of orders in August last required by Section 133(1) (c)	No. of cases of defect in making lists to the Council	No. of process-ions for failure to supply lists	No. of instances of work in unwholesome premises	Notices served
Machinists - Garment Manufacturers	5	-	-	-	-
Machinists - Slipper Trade	52	-	-	-	-

HOUSING STATISTICS

TABLE XI

(a) NUMBER OF NEW DWELLINGS ERECTED DURING THE YEAR 1968	
(1) By the Borough of Bacup	72
(2) By other bodies or persons	30
(b) TOTAL NO. OF COUNCIL-OWNED DWELLINGS EXISTING AT END OF YEAR	1,571
(c) INSPECTIONS OF DWELLINGS DURING THE YEAR	
(1) (a) Total number of dwellings inspected formally or informally for housing defects (under Public Health or Housing Acts)	599
(b) Number of inspections, formal or informal, made for the purpose	1,636
(c) Number of dwellings in (a) above found to be not in all respects reasonably fit for human habitation but capable of being rendered fit	233
(2) Total number of dwellings existing at end of year which were unfit for human habitation and not capable at reasonable expense of being rendered fit and in respect of which -	
(a) Demolition Orders, Clearance Orders, or Closing Orders have been made (at any time)	125
(b) Demolition, Clearance or Closing Orders have not yet been made	1,332

(d) HOUSES DEMOLISHED

	<u>Houses</u> <u>Demolished</u>	<u>Displaced during</u> <u>Year</u> <u>Persons</u>	<u>Families</u>
In Clearance Areas:			
(a) Houses unfit for human habitation	32)		
(b) Houses included by reason of bad arrangement etc.	-)	48	24
(c) Houses on land acquired under S.43(2) Housing Act, 1957	-)		

Not in Clearance Areas:

(a) As a result of formal or informal procedure under Section 17 (1), Housing Act, 1957	1	-	-
(b) Local Authority owned houses certified unfit by the Medical Officer of Health	-	-	-

(e) UNFIT HOUSES CLOSED

(a) Under Sections 16 (4), 17 (1) and 35 (1), Housing Act, 1957.	3	5	1
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HOUSING STATISTICS

TABLE XI

(a) NUMBER OF NEW DWELLINGS ERECTED DURING THE YEAR 1968

- (1) By the Borough of Basingstoke
(2) By other bodies or persons

(b) TOTAL NO. OF COUNCIL-OWNED DWELLINGS EXISTING AT END OF YEAR

(c) INSPECTIONS OF DWELLINGS DURING THE YEAR

- (1) (a) Total number of dwellings inspected formally or informally for housing defects (under Public Health or Housing Acts)
(b) Number of inspections, formal or informal, made for the purpose

- (c) Number of dwellings in (a) above found to be not in all respects reasonably fit for human habitation but capable of being rendered fit

- (2) Total number of dwellings existing at end of year which were unfit for human habitation and not capable of being rendered fit and in all respects reasonably fit and in respect of which -

- (a) Demolition Orders, Clearance Orders, or Closing Orders have been made (at any time)

- (b) Demolition, Clearance or Closing Orders have not yet been made

(d) HOUSES DEMOLISHED

Displaced during
Year
Persons Relocated

Houses
Demolished

In Clearance Areas:

- (a) Houses unfit for human habitation
(b) Houses included by reason of bad arrangement etc.
(c) Houses on land acquired under S.4(2) Housing Act, 1957

Not in Clearance Areas:

- (a) As a result of formal or informal procedure under Section 17 (1), Housing Act, 1957
(b) Local Authority owned houses certified unfit by the Medical Officer of Health

(e) UNFIT HOUSES CLOSED

(a) Under Sections 16 (4), 17 (1) and

(f) UNFIT HOUSES MADE FIT AND HOUSES IN WHICH DEFECTS WERE REMEDIED

	<u>By Owner</u>	<u>By Local Authority</u>
(1) After informal action by local authority	66	-
(2) After formal notice under Public Health Acts	26	-

(g) HOUSING ACT, 1949, AND HOUSING (FINANCIAL PROVISIONS) ACT, 1958 - IMPROVEMENT GRANTS ETC.

Action during year:

(1) Submitted by private individuals to local authority	42
(2) Approved by local authority	46
(3) Work completed	41

(h) HOUSE PURCHASE AND HOUSING ACT, 1959 - STANDARD GRANTS

Action during year:

(1) Applications submitted to local authority	24
(2) Applications approved by local authority	18
(3) Work completed	19

ACCIDENTS BY WORKPLACE BY PERSONS EMPLOYED IN NEW ZEALAND 1959

Class of Workplace	Total
Offices	
Retail Shops	
Wholesale departments, warehouses	
Catering establishments open to the public	
Canteens	
Fuel storage depots	
Total	
Total Males	
Total Females	

(7) UNIT HOUSES MADE FIT AND HOUSES IN WHICH DEFECTS WERE REMOVED

By
Local
Authority

By
Owner

- (1) After informal action by local authority 66
(2) After formal notice under Public Health Acts 56

(8) HOUSING ACT, 1949, AND HOUSING (FINANCIAL PROVISIONS) ACT, 1958 - IMPROVEMENT GRANTS ETC.

Action during year:

- (1) Submitted by private individuals to local authority 45

- (2) Approved by local authority 46

- (3) Work completed 41

(9) HOUSE PURCHASE AND HOUSING ACT, 1959 - STANDARD GRANTS

Action during year:

- (1) Applications submitted to local authority 54

- (2) Applications approved by local authority 18

- (3) Work completed 19

TABLE XII

OFFICES, SHOPS AND RAILWAY PREMISES ACT, 1963REGISTRATIONS AND GENERAL INSPECTIONS

Class of premise	Number of premises registered during the year	Total number of registered premises at the end of the year	Number of registered premises receiving a general inspection during the year
Offices	-	14	-
Retail Shops	4	59	4
Wholesale shops, Warehouses	-	1	-
Catering establishments open to the public, canteens	-	8	-
Fuel storage depots	-	-	-
TOTALS	4	82	4

Number of Visits of all kinds
(including General Inspections)
to Registered Premises

... 51

ANALYSIS BY WORKPLACE OF PERSONS EMPLOYED IN REGISTERED PREMISES AT END OF YEAR

Class of Workplace	Number of persons employed
Offices	92
Retail Shops	200
Wholesale departments, warehouses	25
Catering establishments open to the public	35
Canteens	-
Fuel storage depots	-
Total	352
Total Males	134
Total Females	218

TABLE XII

OFFICES, SHOPS AND RAILWAY PREMISES ACT, 1953

REGISTRATIONS AND GENERAL INSPECTIONS

Class of premises	Number of premises registered during the year	Total number of registered premises at the end of the year	Number of registered premises receiving a general inspection during the year
Offices	-	14	-
Retail shops	4	59	4
Wholesale shops, warehouses	-	1	-
Catering establishments open to the public, canteens	-	8	-
Fuel storage depots	-	-	-
TOTAL	4	82	4

Number of visits of all kinds
(including General Inspections)
to registered premises

51 ...

ANALYSIS BY WORKPLACE OF PERSONS EMPLOYED IN REGISTERED PREMISES AT END OF YEAR

Class of workplace	Number of persons employed
Offices	92
Retail shops	500
Wholesale departments, warehouses	25
Catering establishments open to the public	35
Canteens	-
Fuel storage depots	-
Total	352
Total Males	134
Total Females	218

EXEMPTIONS Nil

PROSECUTIONS Nil

Number of inspectors appointed under section 52 (1) or (5) of the Act

... 4

Number of other staff employed for most of their time on work in connection with the Act

...

<u>NATURE OF DEFECT OR CONTRAVENTION</u>	<u>Premises Inspected 1968</u>	<u>Defects Found</u>	<u>Premises re-visited 1968</u>	<u>Defects Abated</u>
Cleanliness	1	1	11	35
Overcrowding	-	-	-	-
Temperature	1	1	2	2
Ventilation	-	-	1	1
Lighting	-	-	-	-
Sanitary Conveniences	1	1	12	26
Washing Facilities	1	1	8	14
Accommodation for Clothing	-	-	-	-
Seats for Sedentary Work	-	-	-	-
Floors, Passages and Stairs	1	1	12	15
First Aid, General Provisions	3	3	9	9
Thermometers	2	2	6	6
Information for Employees	3	3	10	10
		<u>13</u>		<u>118</u>

TABLE XIII

UN SOUND FOOD CONDEMNED - 1968

Meat	...	38 lb. 49 cans
Fruit	...	3 cans
Fish	...	2 cans
Vegetables	...	4 cans

EXEMPTIONS

PROSECUTIONS

Number of inspectors appointed under section 25 (1) or (2) of the Act

Number of other staff employed for most of their time on work in connection with the Act

NATURE OF DEFECT OR CONTRAVENTION	Defects inspected 1968	Defects found	Premises re-visited 1968	Defects Admitted
Cleanliness	1	1	11	32
Overcrowding	-	-	-	-
Temperature	1	1	2	2
Ventilation	-	-	1	1
Lighting	-	-	-	-
Sanitary Conveniences	1	1	12	26
Washing Facilities	1	1	8	14
Accommodation for Clothing	-	-	-	-
Seats for Sedentary Work	-	-	-	-
Floors, Passages and Stairs	1	1	12	12
First Aid, General Provisions	2	3	9	9
Thermometers	2	2	6	6
Information for Employees	3	3	10	10
		<u>12</u>		<u>118</u>

TABLE XIII

UNFOOD FOOD COMMODITIES - 1968

Meat	...	38 lb.
Fruit	...	3 cans
Fish	...	2 cans
Vegetables	...	4 cans

TABLE XIV

Details of animals slaughtered and meat and offals condemned:

ANIMALS SLAUGHTERED

Bulls	Steers	Cows	Heifers	Calves	Sheep	Pigs	Total
4	151	31	25	1	1,426	324	1,962

DETAILS OF OFFAL CONDEMNED

Heads	Lungs	Hearts	Livers	Skirts	Spleens	Stomachs
-	4	1	151	1	1	1
Udders	Intestines	Fats	Plucks	Kidneys	Feet	Tails
1	1	1	-	-	-	-

CARCASE MEAT CONDEMNED

Part Carcase Pork	...	3
" " Mutton	...	3
Whole Carcase Mutton	...	1

Details of animals inspected and condemned:

	Cattle excluding Cows	Cows	Calves	Sheep and Lambs	Pigs
Number of animals killed	180	31	1	1,426	324
Number inspected	180	31	1	1,426	324
<u>All Diseases except Tuberculosis</u>					
Whole carcasses condemned	-	-	-	1	-
Carcasses of which some part or organ was condemned	36	9	-	124	10
Percentage of the number inspected affected with diseases other than T.B.	20.0%	29.03%	0%	8.68%	3.08%
<u>Tuberculosis only</u>					
Whole carcasses condemned	-	-	-	-	-
Carcasses of which some part or organ was condemned	-	-	-	-	-
Percentage of number inspected affected with Tuberculosis	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%

TABLE XIV

Details of animals slaughtered and meat and offals condemned:

ANIMALS SLAUGHTERED

Sheep	Cattle	Horses	Calves	Sheep	Pigs	Total
151	21	25	1	1,456	354	1,962

DETAILS OF OFFAL CONDEMNED

Heads	Lungs	Hearts	Livers	Stomachs	Spleens	Stomachs
-	1	1	151	1	1	1
Intestines	Fats	Planks	Kidneys	Feet	Tails	
1	1	-	-	-	-	-

CARCASS MEAT CONDEMNED

Part Carcass Pork	...	3
" "	...	3
Whole Carcass Mutton	...	1

Details of animals inspected and condemned:

Number of animals killed	Number inspected	All diseases except Tuberculosis	Whole carcasses condemned	Carcasses of which some part or organ was condemned	Percentage of the number inspected affected with diseases other than T.B.	Tuberculosis only	Whole carcasses condemned	Carcasses of which some part or organ was condemned	Percentage of the number inspected affected with Tuberculosis
180	180	-	-	9	5.0%	-	-	-	0%
180	180	-	-	-	0%	-	-	-	0%
1,456	1,456	1	-	-	0.068%	-	-	-	0%
354	354	-	-	-	0%	-	-	-	0%

