#### [Report 1952] / Medical Officer of Health, Wrexham Borough.

#### **Contributors**

Wrexham (Wales). Borough Council.

#### **Publication/Creation**

1952

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## BOROUGH OF WREXHAM

22 AUG 1953

A.

# Annual Report

of the

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

and the

CHIEF SANITARY INSPECTOR

For the Year 1952

T. P. EDWARDS, M.D., B.S. (Lond.), D.P.H. (Cantab). Retired 30.9.52.

E. WILLIAMS, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.P.H.

A. MCCARTNEY, M.R.S.I., M.S.I.A.



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Annual Report

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## TO THE CHAIRMAN AND MEMBERS OF THE HEALTH COMMITTE.

MR. CHAIRMAN, LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,

I beg to submit the report on the Health and Vital Statistics of the Borough of Wrexham for 1952. The Report follows the form laid down in the Welsh Board of Health Circular 42/51.

Dr. T. P. Edwards relinquished the post of Medical Officer on September 30th, after 29 years service for this Authority, and I commenced duties on the 1st October. I wish to thank him for his kind help and co-operation shown to me when I arrived, and for his assistance in compiling this Report.

During my first year of office, I must express my gratitude for the interest and help which I have received from the Chairman and Members of the Health Committee, also the Chief Sanitary Inspector, and the Office Staff for their loyal co-operation.

I am,

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen, Your obedient Servant,

> E. WILLIAMS, Medical Officer of Health.

## STAFF OF THE HEALTH DEPARTMENT.

Medical Officer of Health:

T. P. EDWARDS, M.D., B.S. (Lond.), D.P.H. (Cantab).

Retired 30.9.52.

E. WILLIAMS, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.P.H. Appointed 29.9.52.

Chief Sanitary Inspector and Abattoir Superintendent:
A. McCARTNEY, M.R.S.I., M.S.I.A.

Additional Sanitary Inspectors:
BERNARD JONES, HYWEL JONES, S. J. V. JAMES.

Articled Pupil Sanitary Inspector: TECWYN ROBERTS.

Clerks to the Health Department:

MISS B. RICHARDS MRS. E. R. GREY
(Transferred to County). (Resigned March, 1952).

MISS M. M. PARRY.

Clerks to the Sanitary Inspector's Department: Miss M. B. Parry. Miss J. Jeffrey.

Hon. Meteorologist: S. E. ASEMORE, B.Sc.

## HEALTH COMMITTEE.

Chairman—Alderman Cyril O. Jones, B.A. Vice-Chairman—Councillor Wm. Evans.

	Vice-Chairm	an—Counci	mor wm. E	VANS.							
Alderman	Mrs. E. C. B	REESE.	Councillor	E. T. I	HANMER.						
,,	DUTTON.		,,	Mrs. H	AYNES.						
,,	Mrs. C. JARV	is Jones.	,,	EDWAR	D JONES.						
,,	EMYR WILLIA	MS.	"	G. H. J	ONES.						
Councillor	Mrs. CHALLON	ER.	,,	R. G. F	ROBERTS.						
,,	COOPER.		"	R. R. I	ROBERTS.						
,,	CLARKE.		,,	A. E. S	TABLER.						
,,	EDWARD DAV	TES		T. F. 7	THOMAS.						
,,	J. A. DAVIES	E.11	- H 1,7 L	W. F.	WINGETT.						
,,	GRIFFITHS.										
	GENERAL STATISTICS.										
Population Rateable v Product o No. of Inh No. of Co	Area										
EXTE	RACTS FR	OM VIT	TAL ST	ATIST	ICS.						
Comparab	R.G. Estima		nual)		. 32,090						
Death Births		:: ::			. 1.06						
Births.			Dest) and	Into Ind	Neg-Sta						
Live I	Births (Legitim o. (Illegitin			287	Total 545 26						
		TOTAL .	. 270	301	571						
	ted Birth Rat		per 1,000	populat lo.	ion.						

-				ıs.
	•		-	

Legitimate Illegitimate	.0 sm	vo 1	150,70		le.	-	male. 5 .	_	otal.
megremate		 Тота	L	5			5 .		10
Stillbirth Rate p Stillbirth Rate p England and W	per 1,0	00 p	opula						17.2 0.31 0.35
Deaths.  Adjusted Death England and W				198 per	1,00	. 1			362
Maternal Mortality.									
Infantile Mortality.	(Deat)	h of	Infan				e year		Total.
Legitimate Illegitimtae					2 .		6	100	18 2
			Тота	L 13	3 .		7		20
Infantile Mortality I	Rate.	(Per	1,000	live	bir	ths)	ARI		
Legitimate Illegitimate Total Mortality England and V			bx !!				not fillder stin		31.5 3.5 35.02 27.6
Neo-Natal Deaths.	(Death	n of	Infan	ts u			veeks)		Total.
Legitimate Illegitimate					7				11
	ere .				7		5		12
Neo-Natal Dea	th Rat	te pe	r 1,00	00 li	ve b	irth	5	54	21.0

#### Survival Rate.

Excess of Births over Deaths	 	 209
Rate per 1,000 population	 	 6.5

#### Births.

During the year there were 571 Births, of which 270 were Males and 301 Females. This is an increase of 49 over the figure for 1951. Of these births 545 were legitimate as compared with 500 in 1951, and there were 26 illegitimate births as compared with 23 in the previous year.

#### Birth Rate.

The adjusted Birth Rate is 17.1 and that of England and Wales is 15.3. The Birth Rate has diminished by 0.7 per 1,000 population, and that for England and Wales has diminished by 0.2.

The Birth Rate for the previous years and for 1952 is as follows:—

1943	 	20.8	1948	 	20.1
1944	 	20.3	1949	 	20.7
1945	 	19.9	1950	 	17.2
1946	 	20.8	1951	 	17.8
1947	 	23.6	1952	 	17.1

#### Stillbirths.

There were 10 Stillbirths as compared with 20 in 1951. Of these 5 were Males and 5 were Female.

The rate per 1,000 population is 0.31 as compared with 0.64 in 1951. The rate for England and Wales is 0.35. The rate of Stillbirths per 1,000 total births (Live and Stillbirths) is 17.2 as compared with 36.9.

The following table shows the number of Stillbirths, Still-birth rates per 1,000 live and Stillbirths and per 1,000 population for the past ten years:—

Year.	No. of Stillbirths.	Rate per 1,000 Live and Stillbirths.	Rate per 1,000 Population.
1943	14	23.4	0.5
1944	26	47.0	1.0
1945	21	39.3	0.8
1946	22	36.7	0.7
1947	19	27.5	0.6
1948	16	26.6	0.5
1949	20	35.9	0.7
1950	21	37.2	0.6
1951	20	36.9	0.64
1952	10	17.2	0.31

## Deaths.

The total number of deaths of persons residing in the Borough was 362 as compared with 358 in 1951. Of these 198 were Males and 164 were Females.

The following Table gives the causes of death :-

	Causes.			Male	1	Femal	le	Total.
1.	Tuberculosis, respiratory			2		2		4
	Tuberculosis, other			_		-		-
3.	Syphilitic disease			1		_		1
	Diphtheria			-		-		-
	Whooping Cough			-		-		-
	Meningococcal Infection			1		-		1
	Acute Poliomyelitis			-				-
8.	Measles			-		-		-
9.	Other ineffective and para	asitic o	dis-					
	eases			1		1		2
	Malignant neoplasm, stom			6		5		11
	Malignant neoplasm, Lung,		hus	7		-		7
	Malignant neoplasm, Breas			-		4		4
	Malignant neoplasm, Uter			-		5		5
14.	Other malignant and lympl	hatic n	ieo-	MILE		7		
	plasms			19		7		26
	Leukaemia, aleukaemia			-		-		-
	Diabetes			-		1		1
17.	Vascular lesions of nervous	systen	n	24		32		56
	Coronory disease, angina			40		19		59
	Hypertension with heart di	sease		3		2		5
20.	Other heart disease			18		34		52

21.	Other circulatory disease		4		5	1	9
22.	Control of the contro		_		2		2
	Pneumonia		8		4		12
24.	Bronchitis		9		8		17
	Other diseases of the respirate						
77.00			2		1		3
26.	Ulcer of stomach and duodenum		6		_		6
	Gastritis, enteritis, and diarrhoea		2		3		5
			1		3		4
			2		_		2
	Pregnancy, childbirth, abortion				_		_
	Congenital malformations		_		1		1
	Other defined and illdefined disease		28		20		48
	Motor vehicle accidents		6		1		7
	All other accidents		7		3	rial)	10
	Suicide		1	188	1		2
10000	Homicide and operations of war	•	_		_	•	_
00.	Tromicide and operations of war	-					-
	Totals .		198		164		362

#### Death Rate.

The adjusted Death Rate, taking the comparability factor into consideration is 11.95, as compared with 11.04 in 1951.

The Death Rate for England and Wales is 11.3. The Death Rate for the previous years and for 1952 is as follows:—

1943	 	13.6	1948	 	10.7
1944	 	12.5	1949	 	12.9
1945	 	13.1	1950	 	11.8
1946	 	12.6	1951	 	11.04
1947	 	13.4	1952	 	11.95

## Infantile Mortality.

During the year 20 children under one year of age died, as compared with 15 in 1951. Of these 18 were legitimate and 2 illegitimate, 13 were males and 7 were females.

## Infantile Mortality Rate.

The Infantile Mortality Rate was 35.02 as compared with 28.7 in 1951. The Infantile Mortality Rate for the previous years and for 1952 is shown as follows:—

1943	 	84.0	1948			37.7
1944	 	58.8	1949		1000	50.4
1945	 	76.0	1950	R		44.2
1946	 	39.9	1951			28.7
1947	 	53.6	1952			35.02

#### Neo-Natal Deaths.

This represents the number of deaths of Infants under four weeks, and under this heading there were 12, of which 11 were legitimate and 1 illegitimate. 7 were males and 5 were females.

10

The Neo-natal death rate per 1,000 live births is 21.0.

#### Maternal Deaths.

There were no Maternal deaths during the year. There has been only one Maternal death in the Borough since 1946.

#### Cancer.

There were 53 deaths from Cancer during the year as compared with 52 in 1951. Of these 32 were males and 21 females.

The ratio of Cancer deaths to total deaths is 1:6.82, as compared with 1:6.9 in 1951.

The percentage of Cancer deaths to total deaths is 14.64 as compared with 14.5 in 1951.

#### Cancer Deaths.

				Male.	1	Fema	le.	Total.
Stomach		Ma.	file. bro	 6		5		11
Lung and	Bronch	us	at sal be	 7		-		7
Breast				 _		4		4
Uterus				 -		5		5
Others		. 100		 19		7		26
			TOTALS	 32		21		53

Per cent.	Cancer deaths	to total	deaths		14.64
Ratio	do.	do.	Unio 98, 18m	0.0	1:6.82

#### Heart Disease.

Heart Disease was responsible for 116 deaths. Of these 61 were Males and 55 were Females. The percentage of deaths from Heart Disease to total deaths is 32.0 as compared with 25.1 in 1951.

## Pulmonary Causes.

There were 38 deaths from Pulmonary causes, 4 of these being due to Tuberculosis, 12 were due to Pneumonia and 17 were due to Bronchitis.

## Respiratory Disease.

		2	Male.	 Fema	le.	Total.
T.B. Non-respir	atory	 	_	 -		-
T.B. Respirator	y	 	2	 2		4
Pneumonia	19.0.	 	8	 4		12
Bronchitis		 	9	 8		17
Others		 	2	 3		5
			21	 17		38
Total T.B		 	2	 2		4
Total Non-T.B.		 	19	 13		32

Vascular Diseases of the Nervous System.

This was responsible for 56 deaths as compared with 49 in 1951. Of these 24 were Males and 32 were Females.

#### Notifiable Infectious Diseases.

During the year there were 319 cases of notifiable Infectious Diseases, as compared with 758 in 1951.

There has been a slight increase in the number of Scarlet Fever cases reported.

Pneumonia notifications have decreased from 49 to 21.

Whooping Cough notifications numbered 115, slightly more than were reported in the previous year. Whilst immunisation for Whooping Cough is now being done, the total number immunised during the year was too small to show any appreciable reduction in the number of cases reported. It is to be hoped, however, that as more children are immunised annually against Whooping Cough, the number of cases will decline. During the year 89 children were immunised against Whooping Cough.

Four cases of Infantile Paralysis occurred, but there were no deaths. Two notifications were received in respect of Puerperal Pyrexia.

A total of 92 cases of Measles were reported, and there were no deaths.

There were no cases of Food Poisoning reported during the year.

Diphtheria.

There were no cases of Diphtheria notified during the year. The last death from this disease in the Borough was in 1943.

## DIPHTHERIA INCIDENCE - 1938-1952.

Year.	No. of Cases.	Case Rate   per 1,000   population.	No. of Deaths.	Death Rate per 1,000 population.	Number of Children Immunised.
1938	74	2.8	8	0.3	148
1939	69	2.7	7	0.27	47
1940	1111	3.9	5	0.18	35
1941	106	3.7	1	0.03	427
1942	60	2.1	3	0.1	1,149
1943	42	1.5	1	0.04	1,003
1944	41	1.6	_	0.0	211
1945	21	0.8		0.0	418
1946	9	0.03	_	0.0	774
1947	-	0.0	S 10 - 10 0	0.0	609
1948	-	0.0	-	0.0	543
1949	-	0.0	-	0.0	263
1950	2	0.06	-	0.0	196
1951	-	0.0	-	0.0	783
1952	_	0.0	-	0.0	939

## NOTIFIABLE INFECTIOUS DISEASES.

	Notifica-		Rates per 1,			
	with.	Borough	E. & W.	Bor	ough	E. & W.
Typhoid		tini ete i		_		1000 March
Paratyphoid	. 3	0.09	0.02	_	_	HER THE PARTY
Meningococcal .	. 4	0.1	0.03	1	0.03	_
Scarlet Fever	. 18	0.6	1.53	_	_	
Whooping Cough .	. 115	3.6	2.61	_	-	_
Diphtheria		Die Tolle	0.01		210	-
Erysipelas	. 8	0.2	0.14	_	_	-
Smallpox			_	-	_	_
Measles	00	2.9	8.86	_	_	
Pneumonia	01	0.7	0.72	12	0.3	0.47
Acute Poliomyelitis .		0.1	_	_		0.01
Acute Paralytic .	0	0.09	0.06	100	_	
Acute Non-Paralytic	1	0.03	0.03	_	-	Real Property
Tuberculosis	. 51	1.6	Not given	4	0.1	0.24
Food Poisoning .	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		0.13	_	_	

## NOTIFIABLE INFECTIOUS DISEASES IN 1952. (Arranged according to Age).

(A)	rrangeu	acco	- 0		0 /				
		1	3	5	10	15	45		
DISEASE.	Under	to	to	to	to	to	to	65	Total
AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PERSON	1	2	4	9	14	44	64	plus	
Smallpox	_	_	-	_	_	-	_	-	
Diphtheria	_	_	_	-	0	_	_	-	_
Scarlet Fever		3	5	8	1	1	_	_	18
Pneumonia	4	3	_	3	2	8	1	_	21
Erysipelas	_	1	_		_	3	4	_	8
Meningococcal Infection	2	_	_		_	2	_		4
Poliomyelitis	_	_	_	1		3			4
Encephalitis Lethargica	_	_	_		_	_	_	_	_
Dysentery	_			1					1
Typhoid and Paratyphoid						2	1		3
D 1 D 1						2		1000	2
						4			-
Ophthalmia Neonatorum	_		-			_	_		-
Measles	1	14	18	48	4	7	-	-	92
Whooping Cough	13	31	32	30	2	7	-	-	115
Food Poisoning	-	-		-	-	-	-	_	_
Tuberculosis (all Forms)	-	2	2	3	-	35	6	3	51
TOTAL	20	54	57	94	9	70	12	3	319

#### Tuberculosis.

46 Cases of Lung Tuberculosis were notified during the year, as compared with 17 in 1951.

## TUBERCULOSIS CASES NOTIFIED DURING THE YEAR. (Arranged according to Age).

Age Period.	PULMO	NARY.	NON-PULMONARY.		
	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	
0 — 1	Red I - 10 IS	785 - m t	411-11R	-	
1 - 5	3	3	an al -little	-	
5 — 10	_	-	1	-	
10 — 15	-	- 1	_	-	
15 — 20	2	2	_	1	
20 - 25	2	4	TATAR	-	
25 — 35	3	13	_	2	
35 — 45	2	3	1	-	
45 — 55	2 3	-	-	-	
55 — 65	3		A DOLLAR	-	
65 plus.	3	-	POR LINO	-	
TOTALS	21	25	2	3	

The following table shows the number of Lung Tuberculosis cases notified, and the deaths due to Lung Tuberculosis for the past nine years:—

Year.	Notifications.	Death due to Lung Tuberculosis.
1944	35	10
1945	47	12
1946	37	14
1947	30	13
1948	30	7
1949	42	13
1950	24	10
1951	17	8
1952	46	4

#### LABORATORY WORK.

## Emergency Public Health Laboratory, Conway.

This Laboratory has been established to help Local Authorities throughout the Country in their investigation of milk and water supplies in relation to Infectious Disease.

Bacteriological examinations of Water Supplies are undertaken, but any chemical work and milk supplies are examined only in reference to outbreaks of suspected infectious disease, and not as a routine measure.

Use is also made of the Emergency Public Health Laboratory at Birkenhead, which is more convenient for transport of samples than Conway.

## HOSPITAL ACCOMMODATION.

## (1) General.

(a)	Wrexham and East Denbig	hshir	e War N	lem-	
, ,	orial Hospital				136 Beds.
(b)	Croesnewydd Hospital				171 ,,
(c)	Maelor General Hospital		13.		350 ,,

## (2) Maternity Cases.

Trevalyn Manor Maternity Hospital .. 40 Beds.

## (3) Orthopaedic.

#### CLINICS.

## (1) Orthopaedic.

The diagnosis and After-Care Treatment of Orthopaedic Cases is carried out at the Wrexham and East Denbighshire War Memorial Hospital, supplemented by institutional treatment at the Orthopaedic Hospital, Gobowen.

## (2) Venereal Disease Clinic.

The only V.D. Clinic in the County is established at the Out-Patients' Department of the War Memorial Hospital.

## (3) Infant Welfare Clinics.

Infant Welfare Clinics are held at four centres weekly within the Borough.

Gatefield, King's Mills Road . . Monday Afternoon. No. 1, Grosvenor Road . . Monday & Wednesday Afternoon.

Garden Village Institute,
Kenyon Avenue .. Wednesday Afternoon.
Queen's Park.. .. Thursday Afternoon.

## (4) Ante-Natal Clinics.

Ante-Natal Clinics are held weekly at No. 1 Grosvenor Road:—

Tuesday .. Morning and Afternoon. Wednesday .. Morning only.

## (5) Eye Clinic.

An Eye Clinic is held on alternate Monday mornings at No. 1 Grosvenor Road.

## (6) Vaccinations.

The number of cases notified to me as being vaccinated during the year is 127 as compared with 146 in 1951.

## NATIONAL ASSISTANCE ACT, 1948, SECTION, 47.

Appropriate action has been taken by the Health Department in reference to the above Act.

Several visits to the homes of elderly persons living alone were made. In two instances the Magistrates saw fit to make an order for the removal of the persons concerned to a suitable home.

#### HOUSING.

The Borough Council is continually engaged in providing housing accommodation. There is still urgent need for more houses to relieve the existing overcrowding and to provide homes for families who have spent so much of their married lives in rooms.

The total number of applicants for houses within the Borough in December, 1952, was 2,246; of these, 1,273 were living in apartments in the town. In addition, there are approximately 80 families living in hutments which are most unsatisfactory, and it is expected that these will be re-housed in more suitable homes before the winter of 1953.

There are many individual sub-standard properties throughout the town, and the families living in them are being re-housed as soon as opportunities permit.

So far, no demolition or slum clearance has been undertaken, but it is hoped that as soon as the housing situation improves, active slum clearance will be embarked upon.

The following table shows the number of houses erected by the Borough Council annually:—

1945	 	Nil.	1949		 221
1946	 	124	1950		 167
1947	 	145	1951		 122
1948	 	402	1952	1.00	 127

#### RAINFALL AND METEOROLGY.

We have again received a comprehensive Report on the Rainfall and Meteorology from the Honorary Meteorologist, Mr. S. E. Ashmore, who, for many years, has conducted a most interesting series of investigations, and these reports have received most satisfactory commendations from other Medical Officers of Health who have read our Annual Reports.

I would like to take this opportunity of thanking Mr. Ashmore for his work, in which he takes a great interest.

## Temperature.

Average temperature for the year 1952	48.6° (0.3° below normal).
Warmest month-July. Temperature	61.9°
Coldest month-January, Temperature	36.9°
Warmest Day— July 1st, Highest Temperature	81.0°
Coldest day —Jan. 26tn. Highest Temperature	33.6°
Warmest night —July 1st. Lowest Temperature	65.0° (This is equal to the warmest night on record).
Coldest night —Jan. 28th. Lowest Temperature	

The months from March to August were warmer than usual, and May was exceptionally so. The remaining months were cold, especially the last four (September was the coldest since 1840).

#### Frost.

Last Spring ground Frost	Di.	 June 9th.	
First Autumn Ground Frost		 September	19th.
Number of days on which Ground Frost		148	
Number of days on which the Frost		45	enh 1

#### Snow.

Snow fell on 53 days.

Snow remaining on ground .. .. 20 days.

## Fog.

No. of days with Fog in the morning .. 32

#### Rainfall.

Total for the year	ar				29.54 inches (an inch less than normal).
Wettest month-	Octobe	r			5.54 inches.
Driest month —	March				0.53 inches.
Wettest day -	July 1s	t			2.08 inches.
No. of days with					THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE
more					185
No. of days with	rainfall	of .04	inches	or	
more					144
No. of rain hours	II.IQ				511.0
Longest period of	hours i	n any o	ne day	_	
November 20		100			24.0
Absolute drought	10.18	97			15 days.
Partial drought					38 days.
Dry Spell					2
Rain Spell					1
Wet Spell					Nil.
Hailstones					27 days.

#### Pressure.

Average pressure 29.939 inches—0.002 inches more than usual.

## Wind.

More than usual from the North, and less than usual from the South-east.

#### Gales.

11 days.

#### Sunshine.

A little more than normal (the fifth sunny year).

## Relative Humidity.

77.7%

## Evaporation.

22.68 (More than usual).

## Temperature of the Earth.

4 inche	s	P.AT		47.9°
1 foot.			 	48.5°
4 feet .		HOL. 181	 91.0	48.9°

#### WATER SAMPLING.

26 samples of domestic drinking water were taken during the year. These were submitted for bacteriological examination and all were found to be satisfactory. The samples were taken from various properties in the town, and included schools, dairies and homes.

## SWIMMING BATHS.

Regular samples were taken of Swimming Bath Water.

During the year 16 samples were examined, and on three occasions they were reported as being unsatisfactory. The repeat samples were reported as being satisfactory.

## CLEAN FOOD.

Frequent inspection of all food shops and food preparation premises were made.

No cases of Food Poisoning were reported during the year.

## ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

## CHIEF SANITARY INSPECTOR

FOR THE YEAR 1952.

To the Chairman and Members of the Health Committee.

MR. CHAIRMAN, LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,

I have the nonour to submit my Seventh Annual Report on the work of the Sanitary Inspection Department.

By studying the information given, I think the Committee will agree that all the varied aspects of the environmental health service are being adequately dealt with.

During the year special attention has been devoted to two important branches of public health administration, namely, atmospheric pollution and housing, and it is hoped that some useful information will soon be available from surveys now in progress on both these matters.

Towards the end of the year, Dr. T. P. Edwards retired from the position of Medical Officer of Health, and I am glad to take this opportunity of recording my appreciation of his kindness to me during the past few years. In conclusion, may I once again express my thanks to the Chairman and Members of the Health Committee for their encouragement during the year. I would also acknowledge my debt to the Medical Officer of Health and other Officials of the Council, and finally, my thanks are due to my staff for their continued loyalty and co-operation.

I am.

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

Your obedient Servant,

A. McCARTNEY,
Chief Sanitary Inspector.

## TABULATED SUMMARY OF SANITARY ADMINISTRATION.

Total No. of Inspections made	466
Bed Bugs.	
Number of Inspections made Number of Council Houses:—	63
(i) Found to be infested (ii) Disinfested by this Department	17 17
Number of Other Houses :-	
(i) Found to be infested (ii) Disinfested by this Department at owner's	3
expense	3
Cinemas and Places of Entertainment.	
Number of Inspections made	15 1 1

#### Closets.

No.	of water-closet compartments cleansed and lime washed	e- . 1
No.	of water-closets repaired or reconstructed .	. 24
	of flushing cisterns repaired or renewed .	. 16
No.	of new water-closet pans or pedestals provided.	. 13
No.	provided with supply of water	. 2
	Lodging Houses. registered at December 31st, 1952	. 1
	of Immediations and (Deed)	. 21
	" " " " —(Night)	. 4
No.	of contraventions found	
No.	of contraventions remedied	
No.	of contraventions outstanding at end of year	_

A disastrous fire in November rendered one of the Registered Common Lodging Houses a total loss, and thus aggravated an already unsatisfactory position. There is now only one Registered Common Lodging House for six male persons in the Borough, and this is by no means adequate. The solution to the problem would appear to be the provision of a Municipal Lodging House and preliminary enquiries are now being made with this end in view.

Drains.		
Drains constructed or re-constructed	1,00	7
Repaired or cleansed	- LEIGH	26
Ventilated		7
Additional Gullies	-	2
Under house, abolished		_
New Inspection Chambers		1
Disconnected from Sewer		-
Tests to Existing Drains		22
New Sinks fixed		3
Sink waste pipes—repaired or renewed		15
Soil and ventilating pipes repaired or renewed		1
gal addression will and in paid the street blender		
Factories (Excluding Bakehouses).	137 -	
		101
No. of Factories in District (Mech.)		161
No. of Factories in District (Non-Mech.)		74
No. of Inspections made		135
No. of Contraventions found		5
No. of Contraventions remedied		5
No. of Contraventions outstanding at end of year	r	-

Infectious Diseases, Disinfections, etc.	
No. of investigations carried out	51
Disinfection arrangements are carried out by the Wrexham Isolation Hospital Staff to the satisfaction the Health Department.	
Offensive Trades.	
No. of Businesses in District	6 28 — —
Rodent Control.	
No. of Premises inspected	936 225 3,597
Removal of Household Refuse.	
No. of New Ashbins provided by Informal Action No. of New Ashbins provided by Statutory Action No. of Ashpits abolished	16 23 —
Sanitary Defects Remedied.	
Dampness.	
No. of roofs renewed or repaired	103 79 11
INTERIOR WORK.	
No. of rooms cleansed and limewashed	2 85 22 24 13 42

No. of washing boilers repaired or renewed	56
Offensive accumulations removed	100
No. of staircases repaired	-
Ventilation improved	2
Lighting improved	
Sufficient water supply provided	13
Smoke Emission and Abatement.	
No. of smoke observations made	74
The problem of smoke emission and atmospheric prontinues to engage the active attention of the Health ment. A number of modifications have been carried boiler plant at industrial premises within the Borough think some little improvement can definitely be claimed. still faced, however, with considerable out-pourings of smothe chimneys of private dwelling houses, and from railw motives at the Rhosddu Sheds. With regard to the latt hoping for some positive action from the British I Executive during the coming year.	Depart- out to , and I We are oke from ay loco- er, I am
In March, deposit gauges for the measurement of pheric pollution were installed on two different sites in the one in the central area and one on the outskirts. The have shown that there is an average soot deposit in the area of approximately 26 tons per square mile per mont figure for the outer area being just over 10 tons per square month. These figures give some idea of the extent problem to be faced, and certainly add weight to the Committee's call for the adoption of smoke byelaws.	Borough e gauges e central th; the are mile t of the
Swimming Baths and Pools.	
No. of Swimming Baths in the district	1
No. of samples of water taken	17 14
Tents, Vans, Sheds, etc.	
No. of Licensed Sites	7 2 -
No. of Licensed Dwellings	2 10 70
No. of Inspections made	44
No. of Contraventions found	1 10 .01

The visits made under this heading refer to casual caravan dwellers who station themselves in the Borough for temporary periods, usually of very short duration.

## Water Supply.

No.	of	samples	taken for Analysis	 	 27
No.	of	samples	satisfactory	 	 27

#### HOUSING.

Following instructions from the Health Committee, a comprehensive Housing Survey was commenced in June, and this will take some considerable time to complete. Detailed inspections are being carried out and it is intended to classify all dwellings according to their repair state and structural condition.

The information obtained from the Survey should prove of value to the Health Committee when considering future slum clearance policy, and it will no doubt prove useful to the Housing Committee in any assessment of future housing requirements.

## Remedy of Defects during the year without Service of Formal Notices.

No. of dwelling-houses where defects we	ere r	eme	died in	
consequence of Informal action	by	the	Local	
Authority or their Officers				115

## Action under Statutory Powers during the year.

- (A) PROCEEDINGS UNDER THE PUBLIC HEALTH ACTS, SECTION 93.
- (2) No. of dwelling-houses in which defects were remedied after service of Formal Notices:—
  - (a) By Owners .. .. .. .. 120

214

- (b) By Local Authority in default of Owners —
- (3) No. of Notices outstanding at end of year . . . . 94

SECTION 45.	
(1) No. of dwelling-houses in respect of which Notices were served requiring defective water-closets to be repaired	42
(2) No. of dwelling-houses where defective water-closets were repaired after service of Formal Notices :—	
(a) By Owners (b) By Local Authority in default of Owners	18
(3) No. of Notices outstanding at end of year	24
Section 39.	
(1) No. of dwelling-houses in respect of which Notices were served for the renewing or repairing of existing drains	28
(2) No. of dwelling-houses where the existing drains were renewed and cleansed:—	
(a) By Owner: (b) By Local Authority in default of Owners	56
(3) No. of Notices outstanding at end of year	72
Section 138 and Water Act, 1945. Section 30.	
(1) No. of dwelling-houses in respect of which Notices were served requesting Owner to provide water supply in pipes	-
(2) No. of dwelling-houses in which water supply was provided after service of Formal Notices :—	
(a) By Owners	_
(3) No. of Notices outstanding at end of year	_
(B) PROCEEDINGS UNDER SECTIONS 9, 10 AND 16 OF THE HOUSING ACT, 1936.	
(1) No. of dwelling-houses in respect of which Notices were served requiring repairs	_
(2) No. of dwelling-houses which were rendered fit after service of Formal Notices:—	

(a) By Owners .. .. .. (b) By Local Authority in default of Owners..

(C)	PROCEEDINGS UNDER SECTIONS 11 AND 13 OF THE HOUSING ACT, 1936.	
(1)	No. of dwelling-houses in respect of which Notices were served under Section 11	all ag
(2)	No. of dwelling-houses in respect of which Demolition Orders were made	_
(3)	No. of dwelling-houses demolished in pursuance of Demolition Orders	_
(4)	No. of dwelling-houses rendered fit in consequence of Undertaking given by Owner	usoğ-
(5)	No. of dwelling-houses in respect of which Under- taking from Owners accepted not to re-let houses for human habitation	and leave
(D)	PROCEEDINGS UNDER SECTION 12 OF THE HOUSING ACT, 1936.	
(1)	No .of separate tenements or underground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were made	of mile
(2)	No. of separate tenements or underground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were determined, the tenement or room having been rendered fit	Parti facility argents. or cito
(E)	Housing Act, 1936. Overcrowding.	
(1)	(a) No. of dwellings overcrowded at the end of the year	Not known.
(2)	No. of new cases of overcrowding reported during the year	19
(3)	(a) No. of cases of overcrowding relieved during the year	93
	(b) No. of persons concerned in such cases	376
(4)	Particulars of any cases in which dwelling-houses again became overcrowded after the Local Authority have taken steps for the abatement of overcrowding Not	

#### SUPERVISION OF FOOD SUPPLIES.

The undermentioned table gives details of the number and type of food premises within the Borough, and the number of inspections made during the year.

		No. in District.		No. of Inspections
				made.
Bakehouses		 30	ida	199
Butchers' Shops		 41		44
Cafes, Restaurants and Snac	k Bars	27		112
Dairies and Milk Shops		 13		65
Fried Fish Shops		 16		140
Fruit and Green Grocers		 45		22
General Provision Shops		 104		358
Hotels and Public Houses	1.301	 60		56
Ice-Cream Premises		 78		41
Wet Fish Shops		 7		20
Other Food Premises		 6		15

Further progress has been made during the year in standards of food hygiene, both in private food shops and in the Corporation Markets. The Markets Committee are to be congratulated on their efforts with the stalls in the Butchers' Market, and the three stalls which have been brought up to date are excellent examples of modern practice in food hygiene. All the existing stalls are to be reconstructed and, with these completed, Wrexham will have a meat market second to none in the Country. I hope that in due course the Markets Committee will consider the reconstruction of the central stalls in the Butchers' Market on the same lines as they have done in the Vegetable Market. The present overhead fittings are liable to harbour a lot of dust and dirt, and this is not satisfactory in a market where there are about forty stalls devoted to the sale of food supplies.

During the year, a survey of all the 55 licensed premises in the Borough was carried out, and a report made to the Health Committee. Copies of this report were forwarded to the Licensing Justices for their information. The general standard of hygiene and sanitation was found to be satisfactory, and I am pleased to report that every licensed house in Wrexham is now supplied with hot and cold water laid on to the bars. Sanitary accommodation improvements are in hand at a number of houses at the present time.

## Food and Drugs Act, 1938.

A total of 56 Formal samples and 37 Informal samples were taken under the provisions of this Act during the year.

The articles sampled were as follows: -

FORMAL.	INFORMAL.
Milk 56	Lobster Fish Paste 1
	Ground Cinnamon 2
	Ice-Cream 9
	Ginger 1
	Milk 1
	Cake Flour 1
	Cornflour 1
	Mincemeat 4
	Salmon and Tomato Paste 1
	Concentrated Chicken Broth 1
	Tomato Soup 1
	Ground White Pepper 1
	Mixed Herbs 1
	Table Jelly 1
	Sage and Onion Stuffing 1
	Self Raising Flour 3
	Custard Powder 3
	Ground Almonds 1
	Sugared Cocoanut 1
	Strained Apple, Prune and
	Custard 2

Seven formal and 5 informal samples were returned as "Not Genuine."

I am indebted to Mr. T. H. Evans, Inspector of Weights and Measures, Denbighshire County Council, for the following details of his work in the Borough during the year:—

Art	icle.	ight igh	No. Taken.	Genuine.	Not Genuine or Sub-Standard.
Milk			56	43	13
Butter			4	4	Se semante der
Sugar			2	2	_
Jam			3	3	-
Meat Paste	Pasto		madb.I	1	_
Sausage		. ,	4	2	2
Flour	Bourn		10	1	_
Cakes			1	1	-
Cheese			1	1	_
Christmas 1	Pudding		1	1	_
Mincemeat			1	1	-
Ice-Cream			5	5	_
Sweets			2	2	_
Saccharin			1	1	-
Beer			3	3	-
Gin			1	1	_
Brandy	Selient.		2	2	-
	TOTALS		89	74	15

As will be observed from the above Table, 13 retail samples of milk were certified by the Public Analyst as being "Not Genuine or Sub-standard." In ten of these samples there was a deficiency in the solids-not-fat and in 3 instances a deficiency in fat but in every case the deficiency was so slight as not to justify further action. In no case was any added water found in the milk.

The 2 samples of sausages certified "Not Genuine" were obtained from the same vendor. The particulars have been passed to the Ministry of Food for them to take such action as they may think necessary.

All other samples were certified by the Public Analyst to be genuine and free from all prohibited preservatives and colouring matter.

## DUTIES RELATING TO ICE-CREAM.

There are 79 registered premises for ice-cream including 3 manufacturers.

During the year the following samples were taken :-

**Bacteriological**—20. These were graded as follows by the Public Health Laboratory Service:—

Grade 1 .. 19 Grade 3 .. -

Grade 2 .. 1 Grade 4 .. -

## MILK AND DAIRIES ADMINISTRATION.

In addition to 13 registered dairy premises, there are now 42 persons registered as purveyors under the Milk and Dairies Regulations, 1949. Under the provisions of the Milk and Dairies (Special Designations) Regulations, 35 Dealers' Licences and 13 Supplementary Licences have been granted.

I give below the details relating to the bacteriological sampling of milk:—

1) Sch	ool Milks.	(PASTEURIS	ED).				
To	tal number	of samples	taken				35
To	tal number	of samples	satisfacto	ory			28
To	tal number	of samples	submitted	I to the	Phosph	atase	
	Test .			300	1 10 · vol		32
Nu	mber found	l satisfactor	v				3

## (PASTEURISED MILK).

No. of samples taken ...74 No. Satisfactory .. 68

## (TUBERCULIN TESTED MILK).

No. of samples taken .. 61 No. Satisfactory .. 52

## (TUBERCULIN TESTED/PASTEURISED MILK).

No. of samples taken .. 36 No. Satisfactory .. 34

## (3) Biological Testing for Tubercle Bacilli.

Forty-one samples of the milks submitted for bacteriological examination were also examined for the presence of Tubercle Bacilli, with negative results.

The following were also submitted for bacteriological examination, in each case with satisfactory results:—

4 samples Peeled Shrimps.

- 1 ,, Concentrated Chicken Broth.
- 6 ,, Glass Washing Water.
- 10 ,, Glass Swabs.
- 6 ,, Cup Swabs.
- 12 ,, Assorted Cream Cakes.

## PUBLIC HEALTH MEAT REGULATIONS, 1924.

There are 5 vehicles engaged full-time on the transport and distribution of meat and offals. All have now been completely modernised and they are an excellant example of the best type of meat carrier.

## Inspection of Meat.

A total of 55,817 animals were slaughtered for human consumption at the Abattoir, an increase of over 13,000 compared with 1951. I am pleased to record a 100% meat inspection service, and any questions as to the importance of these duties is answered by the amount of meat condemned as unfit for human consumption.

Present indications are that the Government are considering the position which will arise when controls on meat are ended, although nothing definite is known about future policy. Urgent consideration must be given to the question of future slaughterhouse policy, responsibility for slaughtering arrangements, and the distribution of dead meat. As far as Wrexham is concerned, extensions to our own Abattoir must rank for urgent priority consideration by the Health Committee.

24 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10	excluding Cows.	cows.	SHEEP AND LAMBS.	PIGS.	CALVES
No. Slaughtered No. Inspected	3,406 *4,029	2,419 *2,829	29,734 *29,874	10,429 *12,329	6,373 *6,756
Disease Except Tuberculosis. Whole Carcases Condemned Carcases of which some part	2	135	71	40	248
or organ was condemned Percentage of No. inspected affected with diseases	746	1,069	3,049	376	41
other than Tuberculosis	18.6%	42.55%	10.4%	3.4%	4.3%
Tuberculosis. Whole carcases Condemned Carcases of which some part	7	84	1200	30	_
or organ was condemned	243	725	_	396	_
Percentage of No. inspected affected with Tuberculosis	6.2%	28.6%	_	3.45%	

<sup>\*</sup>This figure includes dressed carcases brought into the Abattoir for inspection from outside the Borough.

Total weight of meat condemned during the year:—
120 tons 17 cwts. 3 qrs. 5 lbs.

## Imported Meat Distributed at the Municipal Abattoir during the Year.

Mutton Carcases.	Beef Quarters.	Other Meat and Offal.
45,430	4,819	369,994 lbs.

Imported Meat Condemned at the Municipal Abattoir during the year:—1,738 lbs.

Canned and other Food, etc., Condemned as Unfit for Human Consumption.

Tinned Foods	6,324 lbs.	Chocolate Tea		
Poultry	1001 11	Cakes	341	lbs.
Bacon	1,676 lbs.	Butter	18	lbs.
Sauce	5 lbs.	Ground Rice	24	lbs.
Brawn	34½ lbs.	Cheese and Cheese		
Sugar	56 lbs.	Ends	881	lbs.
Flour	912 lbs.	Sausages	2191	lbs.
Cereals	93 lbs.	Pickles		lbs.
Fruit	24 lbs.	Fish	1,1621	lbs.
Salad Cream	27 lbs.	Macaroni	83	lbs.
Cake and Pudding	5	Beverages		
Mixture	46½ lbs.	Orange Segments	23	
Cake and Cake		Macaroons	24	lbs.
Crumbs	4,010 lbs.	Vegetables	50	lbs.
Fats	56 lbs.	Frozen Egg	72	lbs.
Preserves	$303\frac{3}{4}$ lbs.	Confectionery	1601	
Xmas Pudding	4 lbs.	Cream		
Mincemeat	15½ lbs.	Pickled Beetroot		lbs.
		Miscellaneous	66	lbs.

## TOTAL .. 15,900 lbs.

## Percentage classifications are as follows:-

Home		61.4%	= 5	9,757	lbs.
Foreign		34.2%	= :	5,444	lbs.
Empire		4.4%	=	698	lbs.
	ont T		00 1	- 000	-
		100.0%	==1:	5,900	lbs.
	-				=

ABATTOIR TRADING ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 1952.

INCOME. $\xi$ s. d. $\xi$ s. d.	re 2,152 10 0 103 2 6 12 12 1	000	Agreed pre-war deficit borne by Council 899 0 0	Deficit contribution (90%) from Ministry of Food 722 1 1	6) borne by Council		(4,133 6 3
EXPENDITURE.  f s. d. f s. d.	706 13	General Maintenance 537 4 7 Painting 153 4 5 Equipment and Protective	Clothing 88 11 1 Removal of Manure & Offal 465 15 2 Flectricity Fuel & Water 728 10 0			11 6	£4,133 6 3



