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MONMOUTHSHIRE COUNTY COUNCIL  
Education Committee



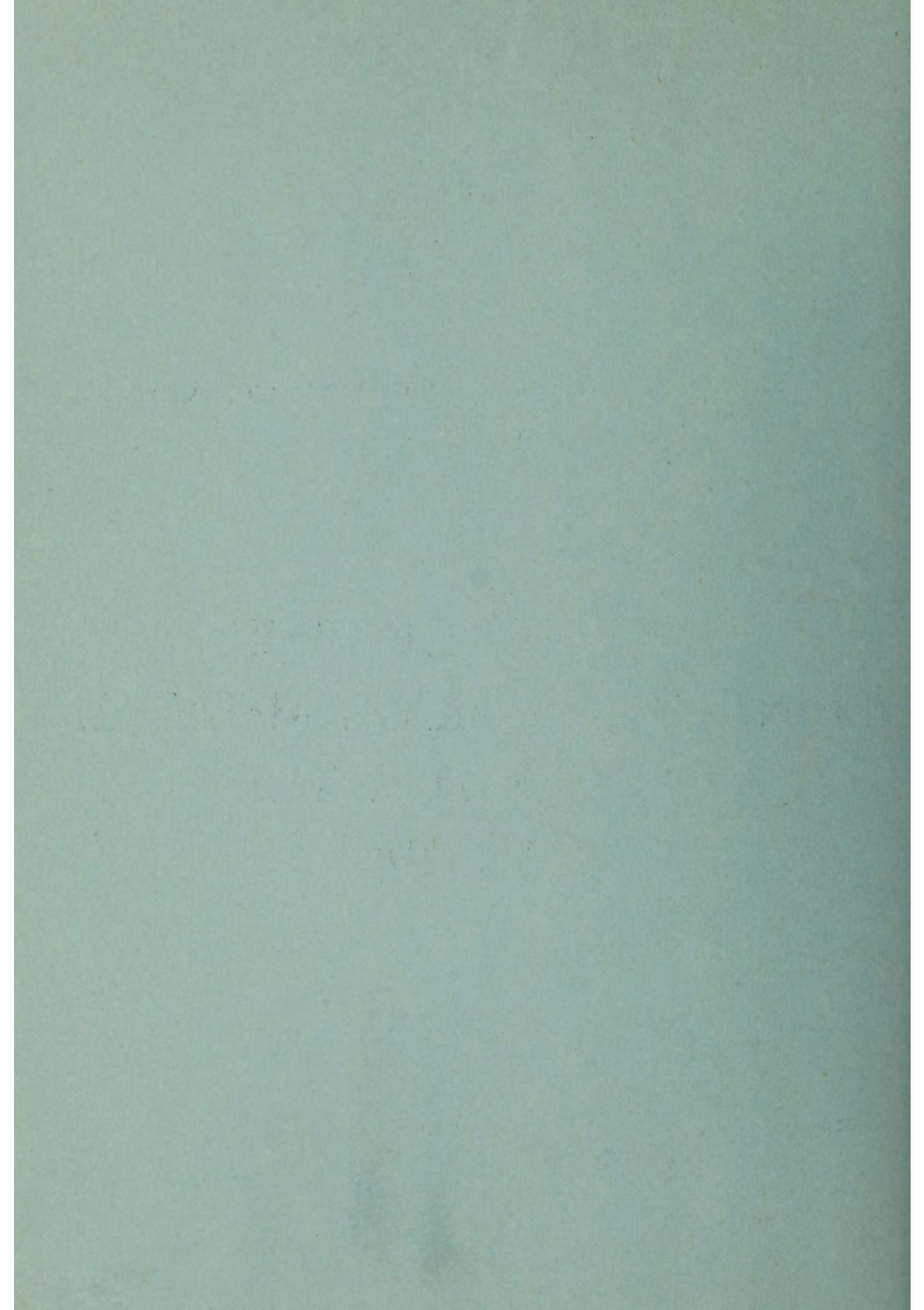
REPORT OF THE  
PRINCIPAL SCHOOL MEDICAL  
OFFICER FOR THE  
YEAR 1963.

GWYN ROCYN JONES,

M.A., M.D., B.Chir., D.P.H.,

Principal School Medical Officer.

COUNTY HALL,  
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## THE STAFF OF THE MONMOUTHSHIRE COUNTY COUNCIL SCHOOL HEALTH DEPARTMENT.

PRINCIPAL SCHOOL MEDICAL OFFICER.  
G. Rocyn Jones, M.A., M.D., B. Chir., D.P.H.

DEPUTY PRINCIPAL SCHOOL MEDICAL OFFICER.  
William Panes, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.P.H.

### CONSULTANT MEDICAL STAFF.

G.W. Hoare, M.A., M.B., F.R.C.S., L.R.C.P. (Ophthalmic).	G. Leitch, F.R.C.S. (Ear, Nose & Throat) (Commenced 1.9.63)
R. Vaughan Jones, M.B. Ch.B. D.O.M.S., F.R.C.S. (Ophthalmic).	D.B. Sutton, F.R.C.S. L.R.C.P. (Ear, Nose & Throat), (Resigned 31.8.63)
D.N. Rocyn Jones, M.A., M.D., F.R.C.S. (Orthopaedic).	J.L.D. Williams M.D., F.R.C.S. (Ear, Nose & Throat), (Commenced 1.9.63)
D.F.V. Johnston, B.Sc. M.B., B. Ch. (Child Psychiatric).	David Thomas, B.Sc., M.B., B.Ch. D.P.M. (Child Psychiatric)
D.E.M. Sturdy, M.B., M.S., F.R.C.S. (Surgical).	Professor A.G. Watkins, M.D., M.R.C.S. F.R.C.P. (Heart & Rheumatic)

### DISTRICT AND AREA MEDICAL OFFICERS OF HEALTH AND AREA SCHOOL MEDICAL OFFICERS.

Rhymney U.D.C.	Area No. 1	M.J. Donelan, M.B., B.Ch., D.P.H.
Tredegar U.D.C.	Area No. 2	R.A. Hoey, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.P.H.
Bedwellty U.D.C.	Area No. 3	H.V.M. Jones, M.B., B.S., D.P.H.
Abercarn U.D.C.	Area No. 4	Thomas Stephens, M.C., B.Sc., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.P.H.
Mynyddislwyn U.D.C.	Area No. 5	J. Walters Bowen, M.B., B.Ch., D.P.H.
Ebbw Vale U.D.C.	Area No. 6	K.P. Giles, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H.
Nantyglo & Blaina U.D.C.	Area No. 7	F.J. Hallinan, M.B.E., M.B., B.Ch., B.A.O., D.P.H.
Abertillery U.D.C.	Area No. 8	Hywel G. Jenkins, M.B., B.S., D.P.H.
Magor & St. Mellons U.D.C.	Area No. 9	E.N. Dowell, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.P.H.
Bedwas & Machen U.D.C.	Area No. 10	Sadie M.R. James, M.B., B.Ch., B.Sc., D.P.H.
Risca U.D.C.		
Pontypool U.D.C.		
Blaenavon U.D.C.		
Cwmbran U.D.C.		
Caerleon U.D.C.		
Chepstow U.D.C. & R.D.C.		
Monmouth B.C. & R.D.C.		
Abergavenny B.C. & R.D.C.		
Usk U.D.C. & Pontypool R.D.C.		

### SENIOR MEDICAL OFFICERS.

Rhiannon Morgan, M.B., B.S., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P. D.P.H. Esther Hughes Rees, M.B., B.Ch.

### SENIOR MENTAL HEALTH OFFICER.

Mary E. Cochrane-Dyett, M.B., B.Ch. (Retired 17.6.63).  
V.A. Wills, M.B., B.S., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.P.M., D.P.H. (from 18.6.63).

### ASSISTANT MEDICAL OFFICER FOR MENTAL HEALTH.

V.A. Wills, M.B., B.S., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P. D.P.M., D.P.H. (to 17.6.63).

### SCHOOL MEDICAL OFFICERS.

William L.P. Gould, T.D., L.M.S.S.A. (Lond.).	Elfreda Alice Davies, M.B., B.Ch.
Kenneth E. Howells, M.B., B.S., D.P.H.	Catherine Hayes, M.B., B.Ch., B.A.O. (Commenced 1st March, 1963)
Gwladys Eira James, M.B., Ch.B. (Commenced 1st Nov. 1963).	Margaret C. Jenkins, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.
Mary Rose MacQuillan, L.R.C.P., L.R.C.S., L.R.F.P.S., D.P.H.	A. Joan Lewis, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P. (Ceased 31.12.63)
Lillian J. Powell, M.B., B.Ch., B.Sc.	Margaret May Salmon, M.B., B.Ch., D.Obst., R.C.O.G.
Mary Stewart, B.Sc., M.B., B.Ch.	Arthur Trenhaile, L.M.S.S.A., D.P.H.
Ann Thomas, M.B., B.Ch., D.Obst., R.C.O.G.	Cicely Waters, M.D., B.Sc. D.P.H., R.C.P.S.
Glenys P. Trenhaile L.M.S.S.A.	Mary Ll. Williams, M.B. B.Ch. D.Obst., R.C.O.G.

PRINCIPAL DENTAL OFFICER  
E.F.J. Sumner, L.D.S., R.C.S.

SCHOOL DENTAL OFFICERS

D.J. Coughlin. Greta McHarg, L.D.S. (Retired 30.9.63).  
C.K. Ford, L.D.S. (Sessional Commenced 9.9.63). J.C. Morley, L.D.S.  
Ceased 31.10.63). Ruth G. Phillips, B.D.S.  
W.S. Hazell, L.D.S., R.C.S., (Sessional). Maureen F.E. Vaughan-Jones, L.D.S.

DENTAL AUXILIARIES

Miss R. Billson Miss B. Hudson

DENTAL HEALTH ORGANISER

Miss Janet Welch

DENTAL SURGERY ASSISTANTS

Mrs. Olwen P. Brodie Mrs. R. Fiveash  
Miss C.F. Bufton Mrs. S.M. Morgan  
Mrs. O. Church Miss R. Royall  
Mrs. M.E. Cook, S.R.N. Miss A.P. Williams  
Mrs. B.M. Evans Miss B. Wynn.

SUPERINTENDENT OF HEALTH VISITORS AND SCHOOL NURSES

(Co-ordinated Service)

Miss E. Morgan, S.R.N., S.C.M., H.V. (Retired 27.12.63).  
Miss N.E. Wibberley, S.R.N., S.C.M., H.V. (Commenced 28.12.63).

ASSISTANT SUPERINTENDENT OF HEALTH VISITORS AND SCHOOL NURSES.

(Co-ordinated Service)

Miss N.E. Wibberley, S.R.N., S.C.M., H.V. (Ceased 27.12.63).

LADY HEALTH VISITORS AND SCHOOL NURSES.

(Co-ordinated Service)

Babos, G. (Com'd. 22.7.63)	Elias, M.	Jones, A.	Morgan, G.J.	Stevens, S.L.
Bowen, A.M.	Fraser, E.	Jones, B.	Neve, E.E.	Stinchcombe, N.G.
Camm, B.M.	Giles, M.R.	Jones, D.E.	Pease, M.W.	Thompsett, A.T.
Camm, E.M.	Golding, G.I.	Jones, M.J.	Powell, E.	Walters, M.
Cooper, M.J.	(Retired 20.6.63)	Jones, M.W.	Pulsford, M.	Walters, W.I.
Curtis, C.M.	(Com'd. Temp. 20.11.63)	Jukes, M.S.	(Deceased May, 1963)	Welch, F.M.
Davies, E.M.	Harvey, B.	Lewis, M.	Reade, K.	Wilcox, D.G.
Delahaye, M.	Hockaday, S.	Lewis, R.	Rogers, G.M.	Williams, A.
Edwards, E.M.	Holland, J.	Markland, S.M.	Rowlands, L.M.	(Com'd. 19.8.63)
Edwards, M.	Jackson, J.P.	Meyrick, J.	Simms, C.D.	Williams, N.
	James, E.N.	Morgan, C.	Smith, H.M.	Wixey, N.A.
			Sparkes, E.I.	Wright, O.P.

CLINIC NURSES.

Mrs. M. Brown (Com'd. 1.7.63) Miss J. Howells (Com'd. 1.7.63) Mrs. D. Purnell (Ceased 30.4.63)  
Mrs. B.C. Gilvear Mrs. R. Pulsford (Part-time) Mrs. K. Rowlands (Com'd. 7.5.63)

ORTHOPAEDIC SISTER.

Miss M.M. Pugh, S.R.N., S.C.M., H.V. (Retired 30.6.63)  
Miss B.E. Lawrence, S.R.N. (Com'd. 1.7.63)

AUDIOLOGY NURSE.

Mrs. Betty Pearce, S.R.N.

REFRACTION UNIT NURSE.

Mrs. D. Purnell, S.R.N., S.C.M. (Com'd. 1.5.63)  
Mrs. G. Silman, S.R.N.

TEACHER OF THE DEAF.

Miss Audrey Guy.

CHILD PSYCHOTHERAPIST.

Miss Marie H. Dundas, B.A. (Hons.), Psych Dip. I.C.P.  
(Resigned 31.3.63)

PSYCHIATRIC SOCIAL WORKER.

Mrs. Sylvia M. Gosden, A.A.P.S.W. (Part-time)

SOCIAL WORKER.

Miss S. Readman, Dip. Soc. Science.

SPEECH THERAPISTS.

Mrs. U.E. Billingham, L.C.S.T. (R.M.A.). Mrs. P. Smith (nee Powell) L.C.S.T. (R.M.A.)  
Mrs. A.M. Price, L.C.S.T. (R.M.A.). Mrs. V.E. Banham (nee Collins) L.C.S.T.  
(R.M.A.). (Resigned 31.12.63)

ORTHOPTISTS.

Miss L.M. Peak, D.B.O. Mrs. Margaret Jones, D.B.O. (Part-time  
R.H.B. Staff).



**MONMOUTHSHIRE COUNTY COUNCIL**  
**EDUCATION COMMITTEE**

**REPORT OF THE PRINCIPAL SCHOOL MEDICAL OFFICER FOR THE YEAR 1963.**

To the Chairman and Members of  
The Education Committee.

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have the honour to present my annual report on the work of the School Health Services for the year ended 31st December, 1963.

Statistical returns designed by the Ministry of Education included in my report have already been submitted to the Ministry and I am reminded by the Permanent Secretary of the Welsh Department, that much of the information contained in the forms will be appearing in the Chief Medical Officer's report for the years 1962 and 1963, which is due for publication later this year. I am confident that the returns submitted by this authority will compare very favourably with the national averages which will appear in the publication.

Details of the many services which were provided during the year 1963 for the promotion of the health of the school child will be included in my report, and I would like to mention that although the weather during the opening months of the year was the severest experienced for some years, the figures at the end of the year showed that despite delayed opening of schools, the number of children examined exceeded that of 1962.

My administrative staff is grateful to the headteachers who readily accepted the Medical Officer at short notice and made such a satisfactory result possible.

**STAFF.**

The year commenced with a staff of 29 medical officers, one short of the authorised establishment, because Dr. Hayes, who had been appointed to the staff was unable to take up her appointment until April, 1963. The Committee agreed to my recommendation and sanctioned an additional assistant medical officer to the establishment and this appointment was filled by Dr. G.E.P. James in November, 1963.

In June, 1963, Dr. Mary E. Cochrane-Dyet, Senior Mental Health Officer, who, with Dr. V.A. Wills, had also been responsible for the child guidance service, retired after some 10½ years of service with the council and Dr. V.A. Wills was appointed to fill the vacancy. Up to the time of writing this report, no replacement had been found for the post of Assistant Medical Officer for Mental Health vacated by Dr. Wills. Dr. A.J. Lewis resigned from her post of assistant medical officer on the 31st December, 1963, to take up private practice.

The equivalent in terms of full time officers employed in the school health service was 11.5.

Consultant medical staff was available at the Stanley Road Clinic, Newport, and I am grateful to the Welsh Hospital Board for providing the consultants and to the consultants themselves for their valuable services. During the year I was informed of the pending retirement of Mr. D.B. Sutton, F.R.C.S., Consultant Ear, nose and throat Surgeon, and that there was the possibility of the clinic being temporarily



without the services of a consultant. Fortunately, when Mr. Sutton retired on the 31st August, the Welsh Hospital Board was able to offer the services of both Mr. G. Leitch, F.R.C.S., and Mr. J.L.D. Williams, M.D., F.R.C.S., for one session each per fortnight.

The school dental service was reduced by one dental officer when Mrs. McHarg, L.D.S., retired on the 30th September, 1963. Despite repeated advertising, the vacancy still existed at the end of the year, and the establishment at the 31st December was 1 Principal Dental Officer, 5 dental surgeons, 1 of whom was engaged on a sessional basis only, 2 dental auxiliaries, 10 dental surgery assistants and a dental health organizer.

A number of changes occurred in the staff of the co-ordinated service of health visitors and school nurses, details of which are given in the list included in this report. The equivalent in terms of full time nurses employed in the school health service was 17.2.

The speech therapy service staffed by four speech therapists, and the orthoptic service by one full time orthoptist functioned throughout the year. The peripatetic teacher of the deaf also continued to give of her services.

During the year the child psychotherapist left the service and she has not yet been replaced. The services of the psychiatric social workers and a social worker were available at the clinics throughout the year.

#### SCHEME FOR MEDICAL INSPECTION.

As in previous years, periodic medical inspections were arranged after consultation and with the full co-operation of headteachers. The policy of examining infants on entry, irrespective of whether they had reached the compulsory school age of 5 years, was continued, and where the examination had been carried out on the under 5 year old child, it would be repeated. Children proceeding to secondary schools, and school leavers, were also subjected to a full examination during the year; the school leavers being examined in the early part of their school leaving year, in order that any medical recommendation could be acted upon before the pupils left school.

Nursery schools were visited at intervals of 4 months by one of the assistant medical officers.

The number of pupils on registers of maintained primary and secondary schools (including nursery and special schools) in January, 1964, was 59,015. Of this figure 456 were in nursery schools, 35,265 in primary schools, 23,099 in secondary schools, and 195 in special schools.

#### INSPECTIONS.

Medical inspections: - As mentioned in the preamble to this report the numbers of children examined during the year exceeded those of 1962, and the re-examinations and specials also showed an increase on the figures for that year.

The numbers examined during the year ended 31st December, 1963, were: -

	Monmouthshire (Excluding the Abertillery and Ebbw Vale Div. Executive Areas)		Divisional Executive Areas. Abertillery. Ebbw Vale. Total		
Periodic Inspections	11,812		2,009	1,444	15,265
Re-examinations & Specials	2,977		340	841	4,158



Dental Inspections:- The numbers of children examined by the school dentists were:-

	Monmouthshire (Including Abertillery)	Ebbw Vale (Div. Executive Area)	Total
Periodic Inspections	28,014	1,383	29,397
Specials	<u>1,459</u>	<u>98</u>	<u>1,557</u>
	<u>29,473</u>	<u>1,481</u>	<u>30,954</u>

Cleanliness:- The normal practice of visiting the schools once during each term by the health visitors was continued, except where an incidence of infestation necessitated follow up visits. Details of the examinations made were as follows:-

	Monmouthshire (Including Abertillery)	Ebbw Vale (Div. Executive Area)	Total
Number of children examined	66,028	9,386	75,414
Number of individual pupils found unclean	2,597	80	2,677

The number of children whose physical condition was regarded as unsatisfactory was 61 and this represents .4% of the total number of pupils examined at periodic medical inspections. The numbers of pupils in the respective areas were:-

Area No.	No. pupils examined	No. pupils whose physical condition was unsatisfactory.
1	1824	10
3	1086	7
4	1444	11
5	2009	3
9	1536	12
10	1617	18

None of the children in the numbers 2, 6, 7 and 8 areas was classed as unsatisfactory.

Of the numbers of defects found requiring treatment, defects of vision, orthopaedic defects and nose and throat conditions were the highest.

#### TREATMENT.

Pupils found at routine medical examinations and special examinations to require treatment were appointed to consultants at clinics, or referred to hospitals. In all cases the general practitioners of pupils concerned were notified of the intention to refer the cases for further advice.

Pupils requiring speech therapy were appointed to school clinics or were seen, where the numbers warranted, at schools.

The specialist services available during the year at the Stanley Road Clinic, Newport, were:-

Nature of Clinic	Specialist	No. of clinics held during the year.
Rheumatic & Heart.	Professor A.G. Watkins, M.D., M.R.C.S., F.R.C.P.	5
Ear, Nose and Throat.	D.B. Sutton, F.R.C.S., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P. (to 31st August, 1963)	13
	G. Leitch, F.R.C.S., (From 1st September, 1963)	6
	J.L.D. Williams, M.D., F.R.C.S., (From 1st September, 1963)	5
Orthopaedic	D.N. Rocyn Jones, M.A., M.D., F.R.C.S.	23
Surgical	D.E. Sturdy, M.B., M.S., F.R.C.S.	11
Ophthalmic	G.W. Hoare, M.A., M.B., F.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.	41
	R. Vaughan Jones, M.B., Ch.B., D.O.M.S., F.R.C.S.	31
Child Guidance	D.F.V. Johnston, B.Sc., M.B., B.Ch.	44
and at The Grove Clinic, Tredegar:-		
Child Guidance	David Thomas, B.Sc., M.B., B.Ch., D.P.M.	27

Mr. D.N. Rocyn Jones also held additional sessions at various clinics throughout the county.

Children with obscure diseases were referred to local hospitals where they were seen by a paediatrician and children who suffered from skin diseases were referred to the dermatologist. Children who required plastic surgery were seen by the consultant and treated at the Plastic Surgery Unit at St. Lawrence Hospital, Chepstow. To all the specialists concerned I am grateful for their advice and for treatment of cases referred to them. The copies of the reports sent to my department are filed with each child's medical history and at the time of carrying out medical inspections the notes are of considerable interest to my medical officers.



## SCHOOL CLINICS.

The type of examination and/or treatment provided at the school clinics, together with the addresses of the clinics, are shown in the following table:-

CLINIC.	AVERAGE NO. WEEKLY SESSIONS.												
	Minor Ailments	Ophthalmic	Ear Nose and Throat Audiology	Orthopaedic	Speech Therapy	Physiotherapy	Orthoptic	Rheumatism and Heart	Child Guidance	Psychotherapy	Teacher of the Deaf	Surgical Consultation	Dental
ABERGAVENNY: Leven House ... ..	-	.5	.27	.1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.4
ABERTILLERY: 59, Commercial Street ... ..	2.0	1.6	.18	.3	2.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4.1
BLACKWOOD: Beaumont House ... ..	-	1.0	1.0	.7	1.5	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	7.3
BLAENAVON: Health Centre ... ..	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.2
CHEPSTOW: Boverton House ... ..	-	.5	.3	.1	1.5	-	-	-	-	-	.3	-	.7
CWMBRAN: Town Centre Clinic ... ..	-	1.2	.8	.5	4.0	.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	5.0
CWMCARN: 68, Newport Road ... ..	-	1.0	-	.22	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ERBW VALE: Armoury Terrace ... ..	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.0
ERBW VALE: Armoury Hill ... ..	1.0	1.8	-	.2	2.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
LLANHILLETH: Workmen's Hall ... ..	1.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MONMOUTH: Dixon Road ... ..	-	.22	-	.02	1.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	.5
NEWBRIDGE: Ashfield Road ... ..	-	-	-	.04	2.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5.0
NEWPORT: Stanley Road ... ..	-	2.3	3.8	1.0	6.0	11	7.8	.11	1.0	-	-	.24	4.0
NEW TREDEGAR: Lloyds Bank Buildings, Commercial Street ... ..	-	-	-	-	1.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.0
PONTYPOOL: Ashgrove, George Street ... ..	-	1.4	.6	.4	2.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9.0
RHYMNEY: Old Barclay's Bank ... ..	-	-	-	-	-	1.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	.5
RISCA: Park Place ... ..	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	.4
TREDEGAR: Church Street ... ..	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.5
TREDEGAR: The Grove ... ..	-	.8	1.0	.17	2.0	.8	2.0	-	1.0	-	.8	-	-
USK: Ty Brith ... ..	-	.1	-	.05	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	.57

A mobile clinic was available for dental clinics in the rural areas of the county. All clinics were by appointment, with the exception of the weekly otorrhoea clinic referred to later in this report.

## Speech Therapy.

Four full-time speech therapists were employed throughout 1963.

The majority of cases seen were referred by the school medical officers, but cases were also referred by health visitors, general practitioners and parents.

Four full day sessions per week were devoted to the children attending the Training Centres. Initially these visits were largely experimental, but the value of speech therapy to the mentally retarded child is now being proven.

The speech therapists visited four slow learners classes at Rogerstone, Cwmcarn, Cwmffrwdor and Blaenavon, respectively, and a residential E.S.N. School. The school for delicate children at Mounton House also received one visit per week.

Every new case referred to the Cerebral Palsy Clinic was kept under observation by a speech therapist. The child's speech progress was charted and recorded. Suitable exercises and advice to the parent were given if the child's speech did not appear to be developing normally.



The average number of weekly sessions held at the clinics is recorded in the preceding table. An increase, over the previous year, of almost 1,000 additional appointments were offered bringing the total for the year to 6,141. The total number of individual pupils offered appointments was 562, but of these 63 never attended the clinic and were eventually removed from the waiting list. Whilst it is pleasing to report that 89 of the pupils were discharged cured, it is also disappointing to note that in addition to the 63 cases that did not accept treatment 45 cases did not continue with their treatment.

Every effort was made to interest and encourage school leavers in speech therapy training. Speech therapists attended Careers Conventions organised by the Youth Employment Bureau and the numbers of enquiries received was encouraging. Many of the pupils who expressed a desire to train attended speech therapy sessions at clinics throughout the county.

#### **Consultant Ophthalmic Clinic.**

The Ophthalmic Consultants, Mr. G. Wishart Hoare and Mr. Vaughan Jones, each continued to attend clinics held at Stanley Road, Newport. There were 72 sessions held during 1963. At each session the consultant was assisted by a medical officer of the school health department, two refraction unit nurses, and the orthoptist. The total number of cases seen was 1,070, and most of these were cases of squint. It is both interesting and significant to note that of the 292 new cases seen, the greater proportion, i.e. 167, of these cases were under 5 years of age and 125 were over 5 years of age. This state of affairs is by design and not by accident because it is now realised that the younger the child the better the result of treatment, especially in cases of squint.

The health visitors have been particularly helpful by providing information on a child's birth card of family history of squint and other ophthalmic conditions, so that babies that fall into this category can be offered an ophthalmic appointment at an early age, usually about 15 months of age.

During the year 1963, Mr. Hoare has been particularly interested in a family resident in Monmouthshire, in which an ophthalmic disease, causing blindness, is suffered by males but is transmitted by females. There are at present four males in this family receiving full-time education as visually handicapped pupils, and it is anticipated that a further one or two will require this specialised treatment by the time they are 7 years of age.

#### **Refraction Clinics.**

These clinics were operated during the year 1963 by two school medical officers, in various centres in the county. During the year 3,926 children were examined and of these 1,151 were new cases: an appreciable proportion of the new cases were referred to clinics as a result of the school vision survey. The refraction unit now has two refraction nurses, one of whom attends clinics while the other examines children in school and vice versa.

If younger siblings of a child attending a clinic were present with the parent then the parent was offered an opportunity of an appointment at a refraction clinic for the younger siblings. By this method we were examining quite a few children before they were of school age, i.e. 5 years of age.



### Colour Vision.

The preliminary examination of pupils at the age of 11 years continued to be conducted by the primary school head teachers and all suspected or doubtful cases selected by them were referred for re-examination by the refractionist at a school clinic.

During the year 143 children were offered appointments but 21 of these failed to attend at the clinic. Of the 122 who kept their appointments 76 boys and 4 girls were found to be colour blind.

### Ear, Nose and Throat Ailments.

I have already made reference to the consultant services provided by the Welsh Hospital Board. Mr. D.B. Sutton held fortnightly clinics at Stanley Road Clinic, Newport, up to the date of his retirement in August last, and he was succeeded by Mr. J.L.D. Williams and Mr. G. Leitch who also held fortnightly clinics. These clinics were supplemented by those held by assistant medical officers who have had experience in these types of ailments, at various clinics in the county. Mothers who attended the clinics with their children for ear complaints were advised that if they were at all worried they could attend the Newport clinic on any Tuesday morning without an appointment.

All cases of tonsils and or adenoids thought to require operative treatment were seen by the consultant at the clinic and where operative treatment was recommended, were referred to local hospitals.

### General Surgical Treatment.

Eleven consultation clinics were held by Mr. Sturdy at the Stanley Road Clinic, Newport, and 61 pupils were seen. These cases were referred in the main by assistant medical officers as a result of school medical examinations and where surgical treatment was advised arrangements were made for admission to hospitals. The majority of the cases were admitted to the County Hospital, Griffithstown, and I wish to thank Dr. Parry Jones, Medical Superintendent, for arranging the admissions of these and all other types of cases requiring hospitalisation.

### Heart and Rheumatic Clinic.

The number of new patients seen by Professor A.G. Watkins was 33. Two of these children were under five years of age and were referred through the Maternity and Child Welfare clinic. Professor Watkins held 5 sessions at the Stanley Road Clinic, Newport, and saw 56 old and new cases. The total number of attendances made was 89 whilst the number of unkept appointments was 39.

Two of the cases seen by Professor Watkins were referred for hospitalisation.

In January, 1961, a register of children suffering from congenital heart diseases was started and in all cases, the diagnosis has been made by a consultant paediatrician. Children seen at the county council clinic by Professor Watkins and those seen at various out-patient departments by Dr. T.A. Brand and Dr. H.C. Coll are included in the register.

At present there are 201 children on the register. The age distribution is as follows: -

Under school age	-	71
School age (5-15)	-	123
Over 15 years	-	7



The incidence of confirmed congenital heart disease amongst school children calculated on the number of children aged 5 - 15 years on the school register at the 1st January, 1964, is 2.2 per 1,000.

These figures can be expected to rise in ensuing years as more information becomes available.

#### **Orthopaedic Clinic.**

Mr. D. Nathan Rocyn Jones, Consultant Orthopaedic Surgeon, held 79 clinical sessions during the year at clinics throughout the county. Out of a total of 462 pupils seen, 208 were new cases.

Although the majority of cases referred as a result of school medical inspections were for treatment of flat feet, many other cases of a more serious nature were also referred. Any cases found to require hospitalisation were admitted to the Royal Gwent Hospital, Newport, the County Hospital Griffithstown, or the Prince of Wales Orthopaedic Hospital, Cardiff.

Cases seen at the clinics and recommended by Mr. Nathan Rocyn Jones for physiotherapy were treated at the Stanley Road Clinic, Newport, where there is a special physiotherapy department under the expert care of Miss M. Walker, whose services were provided by the Welsh Regional Hospital Board.

Exercise clinics were also held under the direction of Mr. Nathan Rocyn Jones at Blackwood, Cwmbran, Newport, Rhymney and Tredegar, and these were run by Sister M. Pugh, an orthopaedic sister employed by the council, until her retirement in June, 1963, and continued by Sister B.E. Lawrence, also an orthopaedic sister, who joined the staff on the 1st July, 1963.

Surgical appliances were prescribed by Mr. Nathan Rocyn Jones and these were obtained through the National Health Services. Some follow up clinics were also held by school medical officers at various clinics throughout the county where a total of 740 pupils were seen.

#### **Tuberculosis.**

I am pleased to report that no evidence of active tuberculosis was revealed as a result of the referral of 34 children to the chest physicians.

#### **Scheme for the prevention of Tuberculosis.**

##### **B.C.G. Vaccination.**

The severe winter prevented the early visits to the schools and somewhat upset the programme planned but despite the delayed start 2,782 children of about 13 years of age, were skin tested out of a possible 3,739 for whom consent forms had been received.

Although 1,838 of the children who had been skin tested gave negative readings, the parents of only 1,774 of these had consented to allow their children to be vaccinated. Post B.C.G. skin tests were performed on only 178 children in the year and of these 155 gave a positive reading. 14 children were absent from the second reading.

##### **Poliomyelitis Vaccination.**

The scheme for carrying out routine vaccination against poliomyelitis continued during the year. The number of children known to have had two doses of salk during the year was 286. The number of children who had received a complete course of oral vaccine up to the 31st December, was 12,795.



During the year limited special action was taken in a rural area as a result of a query case of poliomyelitis. The children in the school were given a booster dose of oral and where no previous vaccination had been given were offered a complete course. The occupiers of the houses in the street concerned were also canvassed in case they had young children who were not attending the school.

**PROVISION OF SCHOOL MEALS AND MILK  
(INCLUDING THE DIVISIONAL EXECUTIVE AREA).**

During the year 325 school departments provided meals on payment, or free of charge to pupils. The average daily number of children provided with meals was as follows:-

Free	2,072
On Payment	22,151
	<u>24,223</u>

This number exceeded the figure for 1962 by 1,740.

The average number of children taking milk each day was 46,024.

**HANDICAPPED PUPILS.**

The care and education of the handicapped pupil must be regarded as the most important duty of the school health service, and undoubtedly the results can be very rewarding.

Early diagnosis is essential in order that medical treatment and aids can be given as soon as possible. To achieve this purpose it is necessary to collate all information received from the birth card, the health visitor, the paediatrician, and the doctor in charge of the infant welfare clinic, and to have it available at the time of the examination, which could take place within the first year of the child's life.

Where possible handicapped children are receiving their education in ordinary schools and some in special classes attached to ordinary schools thus enabling them to lead a normal family life. It is now generally realised that to take the handicapped pupil away from its normal environment is to be avoided as much as possible. All pre school children, therefore, with known handicaps, who are entering school at the age of five, are notified to the area medical officer who keeps a watchful eye on their progress and if necessary refers them back to the school health service for further treatment and or advice.

At the end of the year the numbers of handicapped pupils on the register were:-

Blind	15
Partially Sighted	12
Deaf	11
Partially hearing	54
Educationally Sub-normal	269
Epileptic	16
Maladjusted	47
Physically Handicapped	92
Speech	4
Delicate	150
	<u>670</u>

There were eight primary schools in the county with classes for children requiring special educational treatment, and each class had accommodation for 15 pupils. In addition one school had a specially adapted classroom which could take eight partially hearing children. Transport was provided, where necessary, to take the pupils to and from these special classes each day.



## HANDICAPPED PUPILS REQUIRING EDUCATION AT SPECIAL SCHOOLS.

Year ended 31st December, 1963		1. Blind. 2. Partially Sighted.		3. Deaf. 4. Partial Hearing		5. Physical- ly Handi- capped, 6. Delicate.		7. Mal- adjusted. 8. E.S.N.		9. Epilep- tic. 10. Speech Defects.		Total Cols 1-10.
		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
<b>A</b>	Handicapped pupils newly assessed as requiring Special Educational treatment at special schools or in boarding homes	2	-	1	-	1	16	5	16	1	-	42
<b>B</b>	(i) No. of pupils included in A above who were newly placed in special schools or boarding homes	2	-	1	-	1	16	3	12	-	-	35
	(ii) No. of pupils assessed prior to 1-1-63 who were newly placed in special schools or boarding homes	-	-	1	-	1	1	2	2	-	-	7
	Total B (i) and B (ii)	2	-	2	-	2	17	5	14	-	-	42
<b>C</b>	(i) No. of pupils requiring places in special schools on or about 20th January, 1964:—	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	2
	(a) day	1	1	-	-	2	-	1	4	-	-	9
	(b) boarding	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	(ii) No. included at (i) who had not reached the age of 5 and were awaiting:—	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	(a) day places	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	(b) boarding places	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	(iii) No included at (i) who had reached 5 years, but whose parents had refused to consent to admission, were awaiting:—	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>D</b>	(i) ' No. of pupils on registers of:—	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	(i) Maintained special schools as:—	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	18	-	-	19
	(a) day pupils	10	6	3	-	18	29	28	45	-	-	139
	(b) boarding pupils	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	(ii) Non-maintained special schools as:—	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	(a) day pupils	3	-	7	-	3	-	-	3	9	2	27
	(b) boarding pupils	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Total	13	6	10	-	21	30	28	66	9	2	185
	(ii) No. of pupils on registers of independent schools under arrangements made by the Authority:—	-	-	-	-	6	-	1	2	-	-	9
	Total D (i) and (ii)	13	6	10	-	27	30	29	68	9	2	194
<b>E</b>	(iii) No. who were boarded in homes and not already included under (i) and (ii) above:—	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Total D (i) (ii) and (iii)	13	6	10	-	27	30	29	68	9	2	194
	Number being educated under arrangements made by the Authority in accordance with Section 56 of the Education Act 1944 on or about 20-1-64:—	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>E</b>	(i) In hospitals	-	-	-	-	-	46	-	-	-	-	46
	(ii) In other groups (e.g. units for spastics, convalescent homes)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	(iii) At home	1	-	-	-	32	23	1	2	2	-	61



Four mixed independent schools were used by the authority during the year and the children shown in the preceding table at Section D (ii) were accommodated as follows:-

St. Christopher's, Bristol	2 E.S.N.
Thornbury Park, Bristol	1 E.S.N.
Thomas de la Rue, Tonbridge	3 Physically Handicapped
Craig-y-Parc, Pentyrch	3 Physically Handicapped

During the year 28 children (16 boys and 12 girls) were found unsuitable for education at school and decisions were recorded under Section 57 (4) of the Education Act, 1944, accordingly.

Two cases were reviewed under the provisions of Section 57A.(1)(b) and the former decisions were cancelled. One child now attends the partially deaf unit and the other child attends a secondary modern school in Caernarvonshire.

The pupil who had been having treatment in Davos returned home in July and after examination it was decided not to recommend further treatment in Switzerland.

One pupil was recommended convalescent treatment at Heathercombe Brake Children's Home, Manaton, Newton Abbot, Devon and spent two weeks at the home. On his return he was re-examined and found to have benefitted from his stay sufficiently to attend his normal school.

During the year 36 handicapped children received home tuition, and 66 recommendations for transport on medical grounds were also made.

The local health authority was notified of the names and addresses of 31 school leavers who would require care and guidance after leaving school.

Facilities were again provided for certificated school teachers to visit clinics and special schools in conjunction with a one year course held at the Monmouthshire Training College, Caerleon. This course is intended for teachers who desire to specialise in the teaching of handicapped pupils. Owing to the very bad weather experienced in the early part of the year the course had to be re-arranged and all the intended visits could not be completed.

#### **EARLY DIAGNOSIS AND TREATMENT OF DEAFNESS AMONG CHILDREN AUDIOLOGY UNIT**

The audiology unit continued its work of diagnosis and treatment of deafness in children, throughout 1963, with an emphasis on early diagnosis.

A register of mothers, whose babies were born at risk, is now kept in the department and the mothers of 1,009 babies were invited to bring their babies for screening tests which were carried out, in the main, in the mobile sound proofed clinic. Only 804 babies were tested and out of this number six failed to pass the initial screening. These six babies were referred for re-examination at the audiology clinic, four passed the test; one was in hospital and was not seen before the end of the year and the sixth child was found to be severely deaf. This baby was a thalidomide baby, and was referred during the year to Mr. Gavin Livingstone, Consultant E.N.T. Surgeon, at the Radcliffe Infirmary, Oxford.



The following table gives an analysis of all cases of children with hearing losses of over 20 db's., in one or both ears, seen at the clinic during 1963.

	New	Old	Total
<i>Deafness in pre-school child:</i>			
Conductive Deafness .. .. .	1	-	1
Nerve Deafness .. .. .	1	1	2
<i>Cases referred for surgery for conductive deafness</i>			
Adenoidectomy .. .. .	1	-	1
<i>Deafness in school children. Cases aged between 5-10 years seen in Audiology Clinics:</i>			
Conductive Deafness .. .. .	80	102	182
Nerve Deafness .. .. .	-	5	5
<i>Cases referred for surgery for conductive deafness</i>			
Tonsils and adenoids removed .. .. .	18	4	22
Tonsils and adenoids and proof puncture of antra	2	4	6
Adenoids and proof puncture of antra .. ..	0	2	2
Adenoids removed .. .. .	14	5	19
Politzerisation .. .. .	3	5	8
Proof Puncture of antra .. .. .	-	-	-
<i>Cases aged between 10-15 years seen in Audiology Clinics:</i>			
Conductive deafness .. .. .	18	78	96
Nerve deafness .. .. .	3	13	16
<i>Cases referred for surgery for conductive deafness</i>			
Tonsils and adenoids removed .. .. .	-	1	1
Tonsils and adenoids and proof puncture of antra	-	-	-
Adenoids and proof puncture of antra	-	1	1
Adenoids removed .. .. .	-	-	-
Politzerisation .. .. .	-	4	4
Proof puncture of antra .. .. .	-	2	2
Total No. of cases seen	103	199	302
Total No. of cases referred for surgery	38	28	66

### Prevention of Conductive Deafness

A weekly otorrhoea clinic was held for the treatment of otitis media in order to help in the prevention of conductive deafness. Children were under the supervision of the clinic staff and treatment was given by the district nurse.

A politzerisation clinic was also held weekly by the ear, nose and throat sister, for the children referred by the consultant surgeon.

Hearing aids known to have been prescribed by the consultant aural surgeons during the year were as follows:-

Commercial aids	4
National Health Service aids	10



### Work of the peripatetic teacher of the deaf

During the year 24 deaf and partially hearing children of various ages were under the supervision of the teacher of the deaf. Some of the under fives were seen at home or at specially equipped clinics, and those of school age, were given auditory training and remedial help at school. At all the schools visited the teachers were sympathetic and co-operative.

Satisfactory progress has been maintained throughout the year and all the children are reported as showing improvement in both speech and language development with the optimum help derived from the variety of hearing equipment provided by the authority.

I am happy to report that most of the parents of these children welcomed guidance on how to help their children to develop speech and language, and also on the proper use and care of hearing aids.

### Partially Deaf Unit, Pentwynmawr

The headmaster and the teacher of the deaf at the special unit at Pentwynmawr school continued the work started four years ago. The unit had its full complement of pupils throughout the year and reports as to the educational progress made have been very pleasing. The visit to the school by the teachers taking the special course at Caerleon is now an annual feature and the demonstration of group and individual teaching given at the unit impresses one of the need for caring for this type of handicapped child in such a unit. Apart from the opportunities of mixing with normal healthy children during the day it is a pleasing thought that at the end of each day they are able to live at home.

### CEREBRAL PALSY SCHEME

In 1963 the cerebral palsy team continued its work under the direction of Mr. Nathan Rocyn Jones, F.R.C.S., Consultant Orthopaedic Surgeon.

All types of cerebral palsy were seen at the clinic varying from very severely handicapped children to those who showed only an excessive clumsiness in their movement.

Table I shows the numbers of children known to be suffering from cerebral palsy in age groups.

Table I

Age Group	Number of cases of cerebral palsy on Register each year:-							
	1956	1957	1958	1959	1960	1961	1962	1963
School Age (5-15 incl.)	89	89	94	109	110	112	136	142
Under School Age	32	34	46	54	69	53	58	50
Over School Age (16 & over)	22	41	36	43	42	53	60	70
Total	143	164	176	206	221	218	254	262

### Incidence of cerebral palsy among school children

No. of children aged 5 - 15 years on school register on January 1st 1964 - 56,399

No. of cases on cerebral palsy register aged 5 - 15 on January 1st, 1964 - 142

Incidence of cerebral palsy among school children aged 5 - 15 years - 2.5 per 1,000

### Schooling

When a cerebral palsied child reached school age, consideration was given to the type of education most likely to suit the child, having regard to its handicap and recommendations were made to the Director of Education. Table II shows the distribution of cerebral palsied children according to the type of school attended. Cerebral palsied children not registered as Physically Handicapped are not included.

Table II

Type of School	Nos. of cerebral palsied children aged 5-15 registered as physically handicapped
Ordinary School	32
School for Physically Handicapped children (Erw'r Delyn, Penarth)	11
National Spastic Society Schools	4
School for Epileptic Children	1
School for Delicate Children	1
School for E.S.N. Children	1
Class for Partially Deaf Children	1
Hospital School	1
Home Tuition	14
Under observation at Training Centre	1

Children at special schools for handicapped children remained there up to the age of 16 years and in some cases longer.



Out of the total of 262 cases of cerebral palsy of all ages 77 had been transferred to the care of the Local Authority, of these 34 were of school age and most of them were attending training centres.

#### CHILD GUIDANCE SERVICE.

Child Guidance clinics were again held at the Stanley Road Clinic, Newport and The Grove Clinic, Tredegar, Dr. D.F.V. Johnston and Dr. David Thomas attended the Newport and Tredegar clinics respectively for one session per week.

As mentioned earlier in my report the Child Guidance Clinics are administered by the Senior Mental Health Officer and deputy. The inability to find a deputy for Dr. Wills who succeeded Dr. Cochrane-Dyet in June last, and also the failure to obtain a replacement for the vacancy created by the resignation of Miss Dundas, child psychotherapist, has meant that the service has been working under extreme difficulty.

The service is also severely limited by lack of psychiatric time and the number of children seen represents only a small proportion of those who would benefit from investigation and treatment.

Early diagnosis and treatment is as vital in psychological illness as in physical illness, and it is disappointing to see children suffering with emotional disorders who, if they receive treatment at all, receive it in the later stages.

There is still a widespread belief that having excluded organic illness nothing further need be done. A striking testimony to the failure of these methods is seen in the increasing numbers of young people who attend adult psychiatric out-patient departments with symptoms dating back into childhood.

It is hoped that within the local health services these problems will be better understood and recognised and attempts are being made to help the health visitors in this work.

In this context the School Psychological Service working intimately with the Child Guidance Service is of vital importance, as it does a great deal of preventive work in the schools.

## Details of cases referred to Child Guidance Clinic Service

	Newport			Tredegar			Total
Number of cases on waiting list 1.1.63			21			23	44
Number of cases brought forward from 31.12.62 .. .. .			101			19	120
Number of cases referred in 1963 by:-							
A. Medical Sources:							
County Health Clinics .. ..	64			43			
Family Doctors .. .. .	13			19			
Hospital Consultants .. ..	17	94		9	71		165
B. Educational Sources;							
Educational Psychologists ..	18			18			
Head Teachers .. .. .	1			8			
School Welfare Officers .. ..	-	19		1	27		46
C. Other Agencies:							
Probation Officers .. .. .	7			5			
Children's Officers .. .. .	2			3			
Parents .. .. .	3			3			
Youth Employment Officers ..	-			1			
Mental Welfare Officers .. ..	1			-			
N.S.P.C.C. .. .. .	1	14	127	-	12	110	26
			249			152	401
Number of cases closed during the year:			127			81	208
Number of cases continuing to 1964 ..			98			39	137
Number of cases on waiting list at 31.12.63 .. .. .			24			32	56
			249			152	401

## EPILEPSY

The health visitors continue to supervise all epileptic children at home in conjunction with family doctors and hospital paediatric departments.

The psychiatric disturbances associated with epilepsy continue as the greatest problem.

More disturbed epileptic children would benefit from the Child Guidance Services than are at present seen, and it is hoped that these children will be referred earlier for this help; if the situation is allowed to continue as at present the problems often become more difficult to treat.

The number of school children and pre-school children on the register of epileptics at the end of the year was 279; 16 of whom were registered as handicapped pupils; 9 of these were receiving education in special residential schools and one was awaiting placement at the 31st December, 1963.

During the year 47 children were added to the register and 40 were discharged as free from fits. One child moved out of the county.



# **MEDICAL EXAMINATIONS OF ENTRANTS TO COURSES OF TRAINING FOR TEACHING, AND TO THE TEACHING PROFESSION**

Medical examinations were carried out on candidates for admission to Teacher's Training Colleges, and completed Forms 4 R.T.C. forwarded to the respective principals. Prospective teachers were also examined and Forms 28 R.Q. completed. In addition, examinations were carried out in respect of teachers from other authorities entering employment in the County.

## **Examinations of prospective teachers - Forms 28 R.Q.**

MALES				FEMALES		
<i>Medical Category</i>	<i>For this Authority</i>	<i>For Other Authorities</i>	<i>By Other Authorities For Mon.C.C.</i>	<i>For this Authority</i>	<i>For Other Authorities</i>	<i>By Other Authorities For Mon.C.C.</i>
A.1	22	6	8	13	8	5
A.2	3	5	6	6	1	4
B.1	1	-	-	-	-	-
B.2.	-	-	-	-	-	-
C.	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>9</b>

## **Examinations of Teachers where Form 28 R.Q. not required**

MALES				FEMALES		
<i>Result</i>	<i>For this Authority</i>	<i>For Other Authorities</i>	<i>By Other Authorities For Mon.C.C.</i>	<i>For this Authority</i>	<i>For Other Authorities</i>	<i>By Other Authorities For Mon.C.C.</i>
<b>Fit</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>110</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>20</b>
<b>Unfit</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>110</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>20</b>

## Examinations for admission to Teachers' Training Colleges

On Form 4 R.T.C.		
<i>Medical Category</i>	<i>Males</i>	<i>Females</i>
A.1	98	182
A.2.	32	58
B.1.	1	2
B.2.	-	-
C.	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>131</b>	<b>242</b>

## MISCELLANEOUS MEDICAL EXAMINATIONS

During the year the undermentioned additional medical examinations were also conducted by school medical officers:-

Children seeking employment outside normal school hours		132
Pupils taking part in swimming instruction in the divisional executive areas:		
Abertillery and Nantyglo	775	
Ebbw Vale	<u>728</u>	1,503
Persons entering employment with the authority, etc.		478
School Canteen Workers		190
Children in Children's Homes		236

The number of children visited by health visitors/school nurses, prior to admission to nursery schools was 152.

## Accidents to scholars at schools

The previous arrangements for the follow up by health visitors of school children who had sustained accidents whilst in school, were discontinued early in the year as it was thought to be an unnecessary procedure in these times of free health service. Any cases of absences resulting from school accidents would normally be followed up by the Education Welfare Officers.

## REPORT OF THE PRINCIPAL SCHOOL DENTAL OFFICER

The staffing of the school dental service is now becoming an annual and a most serious problem. Despite advertisement in the national press and dental publications the school dental service fails to attract new recruits in Monmouthshire and as present members reach retirement age the load has to be spread over the remaining members of the staff. It is hoped that the new extension of the Bristol Dental School with its consequent increase of students together with the Welsh Dental School at Cardiff will in the future help to solve the acute shortage of school dental officers, but this will not be felt for a few years.



The invitation of the British Dental Association for the authority to stage a demonstration of work in the field of dental health education was accepted and a team from the dental staff proceeded to Oxford for the period 22nd - 26th July, 1963. The mobile dental clinic was on exhibit and the staff took part in demonstrations.

The dental health organiser also arranged for schools to be visited within the county, and programmes of talks, etc., were given by the organiser and the dental auxiliaries. The need for dental hygiene cannot be over emphasised and the offer of the loan of the General Dental Council's health education trailer for the Monmouth Show on the 29th August, 1963, was readily accepted. This trailer was again manned by members of the dental staff. The display staged was divided into four sections: the first indicated the problem of dental disease; the second section advised on the foods which could be used to clean the teeth; the third stressed the importance of cleaning teeth, and the fourth indicated the importance of regular visits for 'check-ups'.

Partly due to reductions in staff and also the fact that many of the council's schools were unable to open during the month of January, the number of children inspected, dropped during the year by 6,000 to 30,954, and of this number 25,482 were found to require treatment. Paradoxically, the number of children offered appointment was 640 higher than in 1962 and the number actually treated, 16,814, was 1,400 higher than the figure for that year, but it must be remembered that a number of clinics had to be cancelled in 1962.

A decision to hold evening and Saturday sessions was agreed by the committee but it was not possible to arrange such sessions before the end of the year. It is anticipated that the holding of such sessions will reflect in the figures for 1964.

I would, however, emphasise again, that this is not the solution to the problem, and the need for additional staff to ensure a fully comprehensive service must be self evident.

# **MEDICAL INSPECTION AND TREATMENT.**

Monmouthshire (excluding the Divisional Executive Area).

## **Part I.-Medical Inspection of Pupils attending Maintained Primary and Secondary Schools (including Nursery and Special Schools).**

**Table A.-Periodic Medical Inspections.**

Age Groups Inspected (By Year of Birth)	No. of Pupils Inspected	PHYSICAL CONDITION OF PUPILS INSPECTED				Pupils found to require treatment (excluding dental diseases and infestation with vermin)		
		SATISFACTORY		UNSATISFACTORY		For defective vision (excluding squint)	For any Other condition recorded at Part II	Total Individual Pupils
		No. (3)	% of Col. 2 (4)	No. (5)	% of Col. 2 (6)			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1959 and later	177	177	100.	-	-	-	8	8
1958	2,535	2,525	99.6	10	.4	31	292	303
1957	2,120	2,113	99.7	7	.3	27	304	316
1956	636	635	99.9	1	.1	5	57	62
1955	235	234	99.6	1	.4	5	18	21
1954	92	91	99.0	1	1.0	1	11	12
1953	571	567	99.3	4	.7	9	29	37
1952	1,413	1,411	99.9	2	.1	43	85	117
1951	548	544	99.3	4	.7	15	24	34
1950	47	47	100.	-	-	-	-	-
1949	1,202	1,191	99.1	11	.9	40	46	84
1948 and earlier	2,236	2,230	99.4	6	.6	80	71	149
Total	11,812	11,765	99.6	47	.4	256	945	1,143

**Table B.-Other Inspections.**

Number of Special Inspections, i.e. those carried out at the special request of a parent, doctor, nurse teacher or other person	126
Number of Re-inspections arising out of periodic medical inspections or out of a special inspection	2,851
Total	2,977

**Table C.-Infestation with Vermin.**

(Including the Abertillery Area of the Divisional Executive)

(a) Total number of individual examinations of pupils in schools by school nurses or other authorised persons	66,028
(b) Total number of individual pupils found to be infested	2,597
(c) Number of individual pupils in respect of whom cleansing notices were issued (Section 54(2), Education Act, 1944)	-
(d) Number of individual pupils in respect of whom cleansing orders were issued (Section 54(3) Education Act, 1944)	-



**Part II. -Defects Found by Medical Inspection during the Year.**  
**Monmouthshire (excluding the Divisional Executive Area).**

**Table A. -Periodic Inspections.**

Defect Code No.	Defect or Disease	ENTRANTS		LEAVERS		OTHERS		TOTALS	
		Requiring		Requiring		Requiring		Requiring	
		Treat-ment	Obser-vation	Treat-ment	Obser-vation	Treat-ment	Obser-vation	Treat-ment	Obser-vation
4	Skin	8	48	9	53	11	63	28	164
5	Eyes: -								
	(a) Vision	57	106	109	238	90	197	256	541
	(b) Squint	32	62	15	53	27	88	74	203
	(c) Other	4	17	6	15	2	42	12	74
6	Ears: -								
	(a) Hearing	24	38	7	18	27	43	58	99
	(b) Otitis Media	18	55	1	25	10	24	29	104
	(c) Other	1	21	1	7	4	16	6	44
7	Nose and Throat	140	269	12	46	57	205	209	520
8	Speech	39	46	2	14	13	56	54	116
9	Lymphatic Glands	9	73	2	37	7	100	18	210
10	Heart	13	29	4	37	5	57	22	123
11	Lungs	16	134	2	38	5	79	23	251
12	Developmental: -								
	(a) Hernia	4	8	1	3	1	7	6	18
	(b) Other	11	31	10	25	2	56	23	112
13	Orthopaedic: -								
	(a) Posture	21	19	12	60	13	76	46	155
	(b) Feet	145	77	16	67	46	113	207	257
	(c) Other	50	79	5	89	14	134	69	302
14	Nervous System: -								
	(a) Epilepsy	4	17	-	7	4	24	8	48
	(b) Other	6	28	2	9	6	27	14	64
15	Psychological: -								
	(a) Development	11	16	1	5	8	37	20	58
	(b) Stability	8	32	1	9	6	24	15	65
16	Abdomen	31	35	-	6	6	32	37	73
17	Other	9	24	-	2	7	15	16	41

Table B. -Special Inspections.

Monmouthshire (excluding the Divisional Executive Area).

Defect Code No.	Defect or Disease	Pupils. Requiring Treatment	Pupils. Requiring Observation
4	Skin	-	3
5	Eyes:- (a) Vision (b) Squint (c) Other	6 1 -	6 1 1
6	Ears:- (a) Hearing (b) Otitis Media (c) Other	1 2 -	2 3 -
7	Nose and Throat	3	3
8	Speech	5	1
9	Lymphatic Glands	-	2
10	Heart	-	2
11	Lungs	1	7
12	Developmental:- (a) Hernia (b) Other	- -	- 1
13	Orthopaedic:- (a) Posture (b) Feet (c) Other	1 1 1	- 1 5
14	Nervous System:- (a) Epilepsy (b) Other	- -	3 1
15	Psychological:- (a) Development (b) Stability	1 -	2 3
16	Abdomen	2	6
17	Other	2	-



**Part III. -Treatment of Pupils attending Maintained Primary and Secondary Schools  
(Including Nursery and Special Schools).**

Monmouthshire (excluding the Divisional Executive Area except where otherwise indicated).

**Table A. -Eye Diseases, Defective Vision and Squint.**

	Number of cases known to have been dealt with
External and other, excluding errors of refraction and squint .. .. .	60
Errors of refraction (including squint) .. .. .	2,424
Total	2,484
Number of pupils for whom spectacles were prescribed	1,419

**Table B. -Diseases and Defects of Ear, Nose and Throat.**

	Number of cases known to have been dealt with
Received operative treatment:-	
(a) for diseases of the ear .. .. .	-
(b) for adenoids and chronic tonsillitis .. .. .	453
(c) for other nose and throat conditions .. .. .	151
Received other forms of treatment .. .. .	918
Total	1,522
Total number of pupils in schools (including Divisional Executive Area) who are known to have been provided with hearing aids:-	
(a) In 1963 .. .. .	14
(b) in previous years .. .. .	53

**Table C. -Orthopaedic and Postural Defects.**

(Including Abertillery, Nantyglo and Blaina Area).

	Number of cases known to have been treated.
(a) Pupils treated at clinics or out-patients departments	1,131
(b) Pupils treated at school for postural defects ..	-
Total	1,131

Table D. -Diseases of the Skin.

(excluding uncleanness, for which see Table C of Part I).

							Number of cases known to have been treated.
Ringworm: -							
(a) Scalp	..	..	..	..	..	..	-
(b) Body	..	..	..	..	..	..	-
Scabies	..	..	..	..	..	..	-
Impetigo	..	..	..	..	..	..	-
Other skin diseases	..	..	..	..	..	..	-
Total							-

Table E. -Child Guidance Treatment.

(including Divisional Executive Area).

	Number of cases known to have been treated.
Pupils treated at Child Guidance Clinics .. ..	209

Table F. -Speech Therapy.

(including Divisional Executive Area).

	Number of cases known to have been treated.
Pupils treated by Speech Therapists .. .. .	499

Table G. -Other Treatment Given.

(including Divisional Executive Area).

	Number of cases known to have been dealt with.
(a) Pupils with minor ailments .. .. .	-
(b) Pupils who received convalescent treatment under School Health Service arrangements .. .. .	1
(c) Pupils who received B.C.G. vaccination .. .. .	1,774
(d) Other than (a), (b) and (c) above (specify):-	
General Surgical .. .. .	87
Orthoptic .. .. .	340
Rheumatism and Cardiology .. .. .	50
Medical .. .. .	7
Paediatric .. .. .	728
<b>Total (a)-(d)</b>	<b>2,987</b>



## SCHOOL DENTAL SERVICE - DENTAL INSPECTION AND TREATMENT.

(Monmouthshire, including the Abertillery, Nantyglo and Blaina Area of the Divisional Executive).

## A. Dental and Orthodontic Work.

(i) Number of pupils inspected by the Authority's Dental Officers:							
(a) At Periodic Inspections	..	..	..	..	..	28,014	
(b) As Specials	..	..	..	..	..	1,459	
							29,473
(ii) Number found to require treatment	..	..	..	..	..		24,585
(iii) Number offered treatment	..	..	..	..	..		21,855
(iv) Number actually treated	..	..	..	..	..		16,352

## B. Dental Work (other than orthodontics):

(i) Number of attendances made by pupils for treatment excluding those at C (i) below	..	..	..	..	..		24,687
(ii) Half days devoted to:							
(a) Periodic (School) Inspection	..	..	..	..	..	163	
(b) Treatment	..	..	..	..	..	2,434	
							2,597
(iii) Fillings:							
(a) Permanent Teeth	..	..	..	..	..	10,163	
(b) Temporary Teeth	..	..	..	..	..	436	
							10,599
(iv) Number of Teeth Filled:							
(a) Permanent Teeth	..	..	..	..	..	9,026	
(b) Temporary Teeth	..	..	..	..	..	428	
							9,454
(v) Extractions:							
(a) Permanent Teeth	..	..	..	..	..	4,178	
(b) Temporary Teeth	..	..	..	..	..	10,265	
							14,443
(vi) i. Number of general anaesthetics given for extractions							8,142
ii. Number of half days devoted to the administration of general anaesthetics by:-							
(a) Dentists	..	..	..	..	..	-	
(b) Medical Practitioners	..	..	..	..	..	772	
							772
(vii) Number of pupils supplied with artificial teeth	..	..					76
(viii) Other operations:-							
(a) Crowns	..	..	..	..	..	2	
(b) Inlays	..	..	..	..	..	-	
(c) Other Treatment	..	..	..	..	..	657	
							659

## C. Orthodontics.

(i) Number of attendances made by pupils for Orthodontic treatment							4,620
(ii) Half days devoted to orthodontic treatment	..	..	..				126
(iii) Cases commenced during the year	..	..	..	..	..		302
(iv) Cases brought forward from the previous year	..	..	..				377
(v) Cases completed during the year	..	..	..	..	..		187
(vi) Cases discontinued during the year	..	..	..	..	..		120
(vii) Number of pupils treated by means of appliances	..	..	..				262
(viii) Number of removable appliances fitted	..	..	..	..	..		204
(ix) Number of fixed appliances fitted	..	..	..	..	..		58
(x) Cases referred to and treated by hospital orthodontists.	..						-

# MEDICAL INSPECTION AND TREATMENT.

Abertillery and Nantyglo and Blaina Areas of the Divisional Executive.

## Part I.-Medical Inspection of Pupils attending Maintained Primary and Secondary Schools (Including Nursery and Special Schools).

Table A.-Periodic Medical Inspections.

Age Groups Inspected (By Year of Birth)	No. of Pupils Inspected	PHYSICAL CONDITION OF PUPILS INSPECTED				Pupils found to require treatment (excluding dental diseases and infestation with vermin)		
		SATISFACTORY		UNSATISFACTORY		For defective vision (excluding squint) (7)	For any Other condition recorded at Part II (8)	Total Individual Pupils (9)
		No. (3)	% of Col. 2 (4)	No. (5)	% of Col. 2 (6)			
1959 and later	20	20	100.	-	-	-	2	2
1958	399	399	100.	-	-	1	50	50
1957	321	318	99.1	3	.9	2	47	49
1956	112	112	100.	-	-	-	21	21
1955	12	12	100.	-	-	-	1	1
1954	6	6	100.	-	-	-	1	1
1953	334	334	100.	-	-	2	25	27
1952	380	380	100.	-	-	8	34	42
1951	107	107	100.	-	-	3	13	16
1950	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1949	103	103	100.	-	-	-	2	2
1948 and earlier	215	215	100.	-	-	8	4	11
Total	2,009	2,006	99.8	3	.2	24	200	222

Table B.-Other Inspections.

Number of Special Inspections, i.e. those carried out at the special request of a parent, doctor, nurse teacher or other person	130
Number of Re-inspections arising out of periodic medical inspections or out of a special inspection	210
Total	340

Table C.-Infestation with Vermin.

Figures included in Table C, page 23.



## Part II. -Defects Found by Medical Inspection during the Year.

Table A. -Periodic Inspections.

Defect Code No.	Defect or Disease	ENTRANTS		LEAVERS		OTHERS		TOTALS	
		Requiring		Requiring		Requiring		Requiring	
		Treat-ment	Obser-vation	Treat-ment	Obser-vation	Treat-ment	Obser-vation	Treat-ment	Obser-vation
4	Skin	5	17	2	13	3	11	10	41
5	Eyes: -								
	(a) Vision	3	5	8	13	13	26	24	44
	(b) Squint	2	7	-	6	2	22	4	35
	(c) Other	-	4	-	1	-	4	-	9
6	Ears: -								
	(a) Hearing	3	6	1	-	3	3	7	9
	(b) Otitis Media	1	16	-	-	1	8	2	24
	(c) Other	-	1	-	-	1	7	1	8
7	Nose and Throat	28	111	1	7	9	62	38	180
8	Speech	4	12	-	-	1	6	5	18
9	Lymphatic Glands	3	37	-	-	-	28	3	65
10	Heart	-	2	-	6	-	7	-	15
11	Lungs	1	32	-	4	2	10	3	46
12	Developmental: -								
	(a) Hernia	-	1	-	-	-	2	-	3
	(b) Other	-	12	1	2	-	21	1	35
13	Orthopaedic: -								
	(a) Posture	2	4	1	-	-	8	3	12
	(b) Feet	48	47	2	1	58	43	108	91
	(c) Other	4	15	-	4	7	22	11	41
14	Nervous System: -								
	(a) Epilepsy	-	5	-	2	-	2	-	9
	(b) Other	1	11	-	1	-	6	1	18
15	Psychological: -								
	(a) Development	-	5	-	-	1	5	1	10
	(b) Stability	1	3	-	2	-	4	1	9
16	Abdomen	1	8	-	1	1	19	2	28
17	Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table B. -Special Inspections.

Defect Code No.	Defect or Disease	Pupils. Requiring Treatment	Pupils. Requiring Observation
4	Skin	20	17
5	Eyes:- (a) Vision (b) Squint (c) Other	- - 15	- 3 2
6	Ears:- (a) Hearing (b) Otitis Media (c) Other	- 2 -	2 1 -
7	Nose and Throat	21	28
8	Speech	-	-
9	Lymphatic Glands	-	-
10	Heart	-	1
11	Lungs	1	-
12	Developmental:- (a) Hernia (b) Other	2 -	1 -
13	Orthopaedic:- (a) Posture (b) Feet (c) Other	- 6 -	2 - 2
14	Nervous System:- (a) Epilepsy (b) Other	- 3	- 1
15	Psychological:- (a) Development (b) Stability	- -	- -
16	Abdomen	-	-
17	Other	-	-



**Part III. -Treatment of Pupils attending Maintained Primary and Secondary Schools  
(Including Nursery and Special Schools).**

**Table A. -Eye Diseases, Defective Vision and Squint.**

	Number of cases known to have been dealt with
External and other, excluding errors of refraction and squint .. .. .	-
Errors of refraction (including squint) .. ..	650
<b>Total</b>	650
Number of pupils for whom spectacles were prescribed	231

**Table B. -Diseases and Defects of Ear, Nose and Throat.**

	Number of cases known to have been dealt with
Received operative treatment:-	
(a) for diseases of the ear .. .. .	3
(b) for adenoids and chronic tonsillitis .. ..	72
(c) for other nose and throat conditions .. ..	3
Received other forms of treatment .. .. .	-
<b>Total</b>	78
Total number of pupils in schools who are known to have been provided with hearing aids:-	
(a) In 1963 .. .. .	Included in figures
(b) in previous years .. .. .	recorded on page 26.

**Table C. -Orthopaedic and Postural Defects.**

	Number of cases known to have been treated.
(a) Pupils treated at clinics or out-patients departments	Included in figures
(b) Pupils treated at school for postural defects ..	recorded on page 26.

Table D. -Diseases of the Skin.

(excluding uncleanliness, for which see Table C of Part I).

	Number of cases known to have been treated.
Ringworm:-	
(a) Scalp .. .. .	-
(b) Body .. .. .	-
Scabies .. .. .	-
Impetigo .. .. .	-
Other skin diseases .. .. .	95
Total	95

Table E. -Child Guidance Treatment.

	Number of cases known to have been treated.
Pupils treated at Child Guidance Clinics .. .. .	Included in figures recorded on page 27

Table F. -Speech Therapy.

	Number of cases known to have been treated.
Pupils treated by Speech Therapists .. .. .	Included in figures recorded on page 27.

Table G. -Other Treatment Given.

	Number of cases known to have been dealt with.
(a) Pupils with minor ailments .. .. .	647
(b) Pupils who received convalescent treatment under School Health Service arrangements .. .. .	-
(c) Pupils who received B.C.G. vaccination .. .. .	Included in figures recorded on page 27.
(d) Other than (a), (b) and (c) above (specify):-	
Total (a) - (d)	647

## PART IV.

DENTAL INSPECTION AND TREATMENT CARRIED OUT BY THE AUTHORITY.

These details are included in the figures given in the Table on Page 28.



## MEDICAL INSPECTION AND TREATMENT.

## Ebbw Vale Area of the Divisional Executive

## Part I.-Medical Inspection of Pupils attending Maintained Primary and Secondary Schools (including Nursery and Special Schools).

Table A.-Periodic Medical Inspections.

Age Groups Inspected (By Year of Birth)	No. of Pupils Inspected	PHYSICAL CONDITION OF PUPILS INSPECTED				Pupils found to require treatment (excluding dental diseases and infestation with vermin)		
		SATISFACTORY		UNSATISFACTORY		For defective vision (excluding squint) (7)	For any Other condition recorded at Part II (8)	Total Individual Pupils (9)
		No. (3)	% of Col. 2 (4)	No. (5)	% of Col. 2 (6)			
1959 and later	175	175	100.	-	-	1	4	5
1958	317	316	99.7	1	.3	4	7	11
1957	79	79	100.	-	-	-	5	5
1956	5	5	100.	-	-	-	-	-
1955	1	1	100.	-	-	-	-	-
1954	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1953	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1952	237	237	100.	-	-	16	16	32
1951	128	128	100.	-	-	9	12	21
1950	1	1	100.	-	-	-	-	-
1949	100	100	100.	-	-	5	3	8
1948 and earlier	401	391	97.5	10	2.5	12	15	28
Total	1,444	1,433	99.2	11	.8	47	62	108

Table B.-Other Inspections.

Number of Special Inspections, i.e. those carried out at the special request of a parent, doctor, nurse teacher or other person	170
Number of Re-inspections arising out of periodic medical inspections or out of a special inspection	671
Total	<u>841</u>

Table C.-Infestation with Vermin.

(a) Total number of individual examinations of pupils in schools by school nurses or other authorised persons	9,386
(b) Total number of individual pupils found to be infested	80
(c) Number of individual pupils in respect of whom cleansing notices were issued (Section 54(2), Education Act, 1944)	-
(d) Number of individual pupils in respect of whom cleansing orders were issued (Section 54(3) Education Act, 1944)	-

## Part II.-Defects Found by Medical Inspection during the Year.

Table A. -Periodic Inspections.

Defect Code No.	Defect or Disease	ENTRANTS		LEAVERS		OTHERS		TOTALS	
		Requiring		Requiring		Requiring		Requiring	
		Treat-ment	Obser-vation	Treat-ment	Obser-vation	Treat-ment	Obser-vation	Treat-ment	Obser-vation
4	Skin	2	3	2	10	4	11	8	24
5	Eyes:-								
	(a) Vision	5	17	16	31	26	16	47	64
	(b) Squint	-	3	-	4	-	2	-	9
	(c) Other	1	-	1	-	-	2	2	2
6	Ears:-								
	(a) Hearing	2	2	-	3	1	1	3	6
	(b) Otitis Media	-	-	-	5	-	1	-	6
	(c) Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
7	Nose and Throat	2	22	2	13	2	12	6	47
8	Speech	-	4	-	-	3	-	3	4
9	Lymphatic Glands	-	-	-	-	1	5	1	5
10	Heart	-	2	3	2	-	7	3	11
11	Lungs	1	5	1	4	4	14	6	23
12	Developmental:-								
	(a) Hernia	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	2
	(b) Other	2	6	-	5	-	9	2	20
13	Orthopaedic:-								
	(a) Posture	-	-	2	5	2	5	4	10
	(b) Feet	1	2	3	4	7	4	11	10
	(c) Other	-	1	1	3	7	6	8	10
14	Nervous System:-								
	(a) Epilepsy	-	1	-	5	-	1	-	7
	(b) Other	-	-	-	3	1	1	1	4
15	Psychological:-								
	(a) Development	-	2	1	4	1	1	2	7
	(b) Stability	-	-	1	1	-	2	1	3
16	Abdomen	-	1	1	-	-	7	1	8
17	Other	-	2	-	-	2	-	2	2



Table B. -Special Inspections.

Defect Code No.	Defect or Disease	Pupils. Requiring Treatment	Pupils. Requiring Observation
4	Skin	-	-
5	Eyes: - (a) Vision (b) Squint (c) Other	3 - -	- - -
6	Ears: - (a) Hearing (b) Otitis Media (c) Other	- - -	- - -
7	Nose and Throat	-	-
8	Speech	-	-
9	Lymphatic Glands	-	-
10	Heart	-	1
11	Lungs	-	-
12	Developmental: - (a) Hernia (b) Other	- -	- 1
13	Orthopaedic: - (a) Posture (b) Feet (c) Other	- - -	- - -
14	Nervous System: - (a) Epilepsy (b) Other	- -	1 1
15	Psychological: - (a) Development (b) Stability	- -	1 -
16	Abdomen	1	-
17	Other	-	1

**Part III. -Treatment of Pupils attending Maintained Primary and Secondary Schools  
(Including Nursery and Special Schools).**

**Table A. -Eye Diseases, Defective Vision and Squint.**

	Number of cases known to have been dealt with
External and other, excluding errors of refraction and squint .. .. .	31
Errors of refraction (including squint) .. ..	645
<b>Total</b>	<b>676</b>
Number of pupils for whom spectacles were prescribed	227

**Table B. -Diseases and Defects of Ear, Nose and Throat.**

	Number of cases known to have been dealt with
Received operative treatment:-	
(a) for diseases of the ear .. .. .	2
(b) for adenoids and chronic tonsillitis .. ..	44
(c) for other nose and throat conditions .. ..	1
Received other forms of treatment .. .. .	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>47</b>
Total number of pupils in schools who are known to have been provided with hearing aids:-	
(a) In 1963 .. .. .	Included in figures
(b) in previous years .. .. .	recorded on page 26

**Table C. -Orthopaedic and Postural Defects.**

	Number of cases known to have been treated.
(a) Pupils treated at clinics or out-patients departments	162
(b) Pupils treated at school for postural defects ..	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>162</b>



Table D. -Diseases of the Skin.

(excluding uncleanliness, for which see Table C of Part I).

							Number of cases known to have been treated.
Ringworm: -							
(a) Scalp	..	..	..	..	..	..	-
(b) Body	..	..	..	..	..	..	-
Scabies	..	..	..	..	..	..	-
Impetigo	..	..	..	..	..	..	8
Other skin diseases	..	..	..	..	..	..	-
Total							8

Table E. -Child Guidance Treatment.

			Number of cases known to have been treated.
Pupils treated at Child Guidance Clinics	..	..	Included in figures recorded on page 27.

Table F. -Speech Therapy.

			Number of cases known to have been treated.
Pupils treated by Speech Therapists	..	..	Included in figures recorded on page 27.

Table G. -Other Treatment Given.

				Number of cases known to have been treated.
(a) Pupils with minor ailments	..	..	..	45
(b) Pupils who received convalescent treatment under School Health Service arrangements	..	..	..	-
(c) Pupils who received B.C.G. vaccination	..	..	..	Included in figures recorded on page 27
(d) Other than (a), (b) and (c) above (specify)				
Total (a) - (d)				45

## SCHOOL DENTAL SERVICE - DENTAL INSPECTION AND TREATMENT.

**A. Dental and Orthodontic Work.**

(i) Number of pupils inspected by the Authority's Dental Officers:							
(a) At Periodic Inspections	..	..	..	..	..	1,383	
(b) As Specials	..	..	..	..	..	98	
							1,481
(ii) Number found to require treatment	..	..	..	..	..		897
(iii) Number offered treatment	..	..	..	..	..		897
(iv) Number actually treated	..	..	..	..	..		462

**B. Dental Work (other than orthodontics):**

(i) Number of attendances made by pupils for treatment excluding those at C (i) below	..	..	..	..	..		462
(ii) Half days devoted to:							
(a) Periodic (School) Inspection	..	..	..	..	..	11	
(b) Treatment	..	..	..	..	..	142	
							153
(iii) Fillings:							
(a) Permanent Teeth	..	..	..	..	..	55	
(b) Temporary Teeth	..	..	..	..	..	-	
							55
(iv) Number of Teeth Filled:							
(a) Permanent Teeth	..	..	..	..	..	40	
(b) Temporary Teeth	..	..	..	..	..	-	
							40
(v) Extractions:							
(a) Permanent Teeth	..	..	..	..	..	332	
(b) Temporary Teeth	..	..	..	..	..	661	
							993
(vi) 1. Number of general anaesthetics given for extractions for extractions							342
ii. Number of half days devoted to the administration of general anaesthetics by:-							
(a) Dentists	..	..	..	..	..	142	
(b) Medical Practitioners	..	..	..	..	..	-	
							142
(vii) Number of pupils supplied with artificial teeth	..	..					1
(viii) Other operations:-							
(a) Crowns	..	..	..	..	..	-	
(b) Inlays	..	..	..	..	..	-	
(c) Other Treatment	..	..	..	..	..	15	
							15

**C. Orthodontics.**

(i) Number of attendances made by pupils for Orthodontic treatment							17
(ii) Half days devoted to orthodontic treatment	..	..	..				-
(iii) Cases commenced during the year	..	..	..	..	..		7
(iv) Cases brought forward from the previous year	..	..	..				8
(v) Cases completed during the year	..	..	..	..	..		5
(vi) Cases discontinued during the year	..	..	..	..	..		7
(vii) Number of pupils treated by means of appliances	..	..	..				-
(viii) Number of removable appliances fitted	..	..	..				-
(ix) Number of fixed appliances fitted	..	..	..				-
(x) Cases referred to and treated by hospital orthodontists.	..						1



I am pleased to report that the happy relationship established between the general practitioner, the hospital consultant, and the medical and dental staffs of my department has contributed to the success of the work of the school health department and I am grateful to the administrative staff for their diligence in all matters concerning the health of the school child.

To the Chairman and members of the Special Services Sub-Committee I express my indebtedness for their valued support and encouragement and to the Director of Education and his staff I express my gratitude for the help given to my department during the year.

I am,

Your Obedient Servant,

G. ROCYN JONES,

Principal School Medical Officer.

COUNTY HALL,  
NEWPORT, MON.

June, 1964.







