# [Report 1947] / Medical Officer of Health, Llanelli / Llanelly R.D.C.

### **Contributors**

Llanelli (Wales). Rural District Council.

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Llanelly Rural District Council

HEALTH

# Annual Report

of the

# Medical Officer of Health

for the

Year Ending 31st December, 1947

" Mercury," Llanelly.

1949



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# PUBLIC HEALTH STAFF

Medical Officer of Health (Part Time):
D. C. EVANS, M.R.C.S. (Eng.), L.R.C.P. (London).

Senior Sanitary Inspector:
D. IDWAL TREHARNE, M.R.San.I.
Inspector of Meat and Other Foods.

# SANITARY INSPECTORS AND INSPECTORS OF MEAT AND OTHER FOODS:

- D. E. JONES, M.S.I.A. (Retired February, 1947).
- T. J. BIBBS, C.R.S.I.
- D. L. DAVIES, C.R.S.I. (Appointed April, 1947, Res. August 1947).
- S. L. MORRIS, C.R.S.I. (Appointed October, 1947).

Chief Clerk:

W. O. G. RODERICK.

Clerks:

D. T. REES.

G. J. C. EVANS.

A. V. ROWLANDS.

M. E. B. LEWIS.

RODENT OFFICER: T. L. SADLER.

# Llanelly Rural District Council.

Annual Report of the Medical Officer of Health for the Year ending 31st December, 1947.

Castle Buildings, Llanelly, 1948.

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen,

As directed by the Ministry of Health in a Memorandum to Medical Officers of Health, I have the honour to submit to you my Report on the Sanitary state of the District under your supervision during the year 1947.

**Population.**—The population at the last census (April, 1931) was 37,266. According to the Registrar-General's Report, the population for mid-1947 was 34,870, and this last figure is used as a basis in all Tables, etc., in this Report.

It will be observed that there is a reduction of 2,396 persons, as compared with the census of 1931.

No. of Inhabited Houses in 1931 was ...... 7978 No. of Inhabited Houses in 1947 was ...... 8983

The Rateable Value of the district in April, 1947, was £111,462 and the nett product of a penny rate for the year ended 31st March, 1947, was. £421.

## STATISTICS.

Birth Rate: 17.9 per 1,000 estimated civilian population. Still-birth Rate: 27.22 per 1,000 total live and still-births. Death Rate: 13.14 per 1,000 estimated civilian population.

Deaths from puerperal causes (Headings 29 and 30 of the Registrar-General's Short List):—

to	ate per 1,000 otal (live and still) births.
No. 29—Puerperal sepsis — —	
No. 30—Other puerperal causes — — —	_
	_
Death rate of infants under one year :-	
All infants per 1,000 live births	59.39
Legitimate infants per 1,000 legitimate births	59.21
Illegitimate infants per 1,000 illegitimate births	66,66

Deaths	from	Cancer (all ages)		 	66
,,	,,	Measles (all ages)		 	_
,,	,,	Whooping Cough	(all ages)	 	
		Diarrhoea (under	2 years)	 	4

For comparison the birth and death rates for England and Wales were respectively 20.50 and 12.00 per 1,000 civilian population. The still-birth rate for England and Wales was 0.50 per 1,000 civilian population.

# SECTION BI. (11).

# GENERAL PROVISION OF HEALTH SERVICES FOR THE AREA.

# (a) Laboratory Facilities.

See under heading "Infectious Diseases" generally.

# (b) Ambulance Facilities.

- (1) For infectious cases. Only by special arrangement with County Isolation Hospital.
- (2) For non-infectious cases and accidents. Ample provision throughout the district by arrangement with St. John's Ambulance Association (Priory of Wales).

# (c) Nursing in the Home.

- (1) This is partly provided by private Associations and partly by the County Council. The former are assisted by the Carmarthenshire Nursing Association and also the Ministry of Health.
- (2) For infectious diseases. In cases of necessity, this is provided by the Local Authority.

# (d) Clinics and Treatment Centres.

(1) Maternity and Child Welfare Centres—Provided by the County Council.

(2) Day Nurseries and School Clinics-None.

(3) Orthopaedic Clinics—Provided by the County Council.

(4) Artificial Light Clinics-None.

- (5) Tuberculosis Dispensaries and Visiting Stations—Supplied by the Welsh National Memorial Association, the nearest Station being Bay View, Capel Rd., Llanelly.
- (6) Treatment Centre for Venereal Diseases—Swansea General Hospital, by arrangements with the County Council.

# (e) Hospitals-Public and Voluntary.

(1) Fever—The Council is dependent upon the Carmarthenshire County Council for Hospital treatment of all cases of infectious diseases, which Hospital is situated at Llwyncwtta, Llannon, within the Rural Area. During the year, the number of cases so admitted was 43. The cost of treatment is borne by the County Council.

(2) Smallpox—No hospital available.

(3) Tuberculosis—Hospitals and Sanatoria are provided by the Welsh National Memorial Association, subsidized by the County Council.

(4) Maternity
(5) Children
(6) Orthopaedic
(6) Orthopaedic
(7) In the absence of Hospital accommodation, surgical cases are treated principally in the Swansea, Llanelly and

Carmarthen General Hospitals.

The only other accommodation available is the Poor Law Institution, Llanelly, where unmarried mothers, illegitimate infants and homeless children are admitted.

# SECTION C.

# SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE AREA.

# WATER SUPPLY.

Source of Supply.—See Annual Report for 1938.

The Council are under an obligation to supply 680,000 gallons of water per day as Compensation Water to the River Towy Fishery Board under the Llanelly Rural District Water Act, 1912.

Total consumption of water for past 10 years as follows:-

W A ARRE A PRESENT			1		
1938			*****	516,670,000	gallons.
1939				613,510,000	,,
1940				614,980,000	,,
1941				607,560,000	,,
1942				624,010,000	,,
1943				624,100,000	,,
1944				641,670,000	11-
1945				644,300,000	,,
1946				626,300,000	,,
1947				638,090,000	,,
		and the same			
Total consump	otion t	for 10 years		6,151,190,000	,,
Average consu	mptic	on per annu	m	615,190,000	,,
The average co	nsum	ption per an	num	Aller Land To	
for Trades					
		ises during		368,710,000	
last 10 years				300,710,000	,,
So that the ave				040 400 000	
annum for I			was	246,409,000	"
or 630.584 g	allons	per day.			

The number of houses supplied is roughly 5,233, and taking an average of 5.6 persons per house, the population supplied would be approximately 29,305. On this basis the average consumption per head per day would be 22.55 gallons approximately.

# RAINFALL.

I append records of rainfall as measured at Llynyfan Waterworks and Cwmlliedi Waterworks during the year, and am indebted to Mr. D. C. Samuel, your Engineer, and to Mr. A. B. Richards, the Borough Surveyor of Llanelly, for these records:—

1947	Month.		Llynyfan Inches.		Cwmlliedi Inches.
	January	 	10.30		4.00
	February	 			1.66
	March	 	18.52		9.55
	April	 	8.89	*****	3.96
	May	 	4.63		3.36
	June	 	4.64		2.64
	July	 	5.04		5.39
	August	 	1.22		.69
	September	*****	5.29		2.53
	October	 	2.26		1.66
	November	 	8.33		5.86
	December	 	6.13		5.00
	Totals	 	75.25		46.30
					And to receive the

The water supply of the area has been satisfactory in quality and quantity, and the water is not liable to have plumbo solvent action.

One sample of water from the Waterworks was submitted to the Public Analyst during the year.

Samples of water from the Waterworks were regularly taken from the following three points:—

1.—Filter Bed Outlet—Filtered only.

2.—Channel Intake Works-Unfiltered and unchlorinated.

3.—Vicarage, Llanddeusant—Filtered and chlorinated.

The following three results are typical of the samples submitted for Bacteriological examination:

August, 1947.		No. 2.	Do. 3.
No. of organisms per c.c. developed on Agar during 48 hours at 37 deg. C. No. of organisms per c.c. developed on	10	12	6
Agar during 48 hours at 22 deg. C. Coliform organisms per 100 c.c.	92	105 18+	32 Nil
Faecal Coli per 100 c.c.	0		Nil

September, 1947.			No. 2.	No. 3.
No. of organisms per c.c. developed on Agar during 48 hours at 37 deg. C.	3		4	5
No. of organisms per c.c. developed on Agar during 48 hours at 22 deg. C	0=		41	48
Coliform organisms per 100 c.c	9		6	Nil
Faecal Coli per 100 c.c.	9		3	Nil
0.4.1. 4045	37 4		37 0	37 0
October, 1947. No. of organisms per 100 c.c. developed			No. 2.	No. 3.
No. of organisms per 100 c.c. developed Agar during 48 hours at 37 deg. C.	on 23		No. 2.	
No. of organisms per 100 c.c. developed Agar during 48 hours at 37 deg. C. No. of organisms per 100 c.c. developed	on 23	*****	5	
No. of organisms per 100 c.c. developed Agar during 48 hours at 37 deg. C.	on 23 210 3		5 46 3	5

Remarks.—The Bacteriological condition of this sample was highly satisfactory.

# RIVERS AND STREAMS.

There has been no appreciable change in the condition as outlined in my previous reports.

# Closet Accommodation.

Number	r of open midden privies	 Nil
,,	abolished during the year	 Nil
,,	of covered midden privies	 Nil
,,	abolished during the year	 Nil
,,	of pail closets	 4257
,,	constructed during the year	 Nil
,,	of W.C.'s	 4604
,,	constructed during the year	 66

Scavenging.

For details of Scavenging arrangements, please refer to Annual Report for 1938.

# Sanitary Inspection of the Area.

Total number of inspections made in	1946		4,502
Number of informal notices served			145
Number complied with wholly			92
" " " partially			11
		-	- 103
Number of Statutory notices served		*****	22
Number complied with wholly			8
" " partially			7
		90 9000-	15
Number of legal proceedings taken			Nil

Premises and Occupations which can be controlled by Bye-Laws or Regulations.—Inspections were made regularly.

Other Sanitary Conditions requiring Notice.-Nil.

# Eradication of Bed Bugs and other Vermin.

Houses inspected during the year have generally been free from vermin. Action was found necessary in six cases only for bed bugs. All the houses were privately owned.

Other unidentified insects, 16.

The treatment applied included the removal of woodwork, and spraying with "Zaldecide." This treatment was effective.

Schools.—See previous report.

Health Education.—Child Welfare Clinics and Antenatal Work under the direction of the County Council.

Rag Flock Acts. 1911 and 1928.—No premises in the district

246
867
254
254
137
97

# 3. Action under Statutory Powers during the year:

(a) Proceedings under sections 9, 10, and 16 of the Housing Act, 1936:	
(1) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which notices were served requiring repairs	8
(2) Number of dwelling-houses which were repaired after service of formal notices:	
(a) By Owners Nil (b) By Local Authority in default	
of Owners Nil	Nil
(b) Proceedings under Public Health Acts:	
(1) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which notices were served requiring defects to be remedied	22
(2) Number of dwelling-houses in which defects were remedied after service of formal notices:	an in
(a) By Owners— Completed Nil Partially completed 9	
(b) By Local Authority in default	9
of Owners	Nil
(c) Proceedings under Sections 11 and 13 of the Housing Act, 1936:	
(1) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which Demolition Orders were made	Nil
(2) Number of dwelling-houses demolished in pursuance of Demolition Orders	2
(d) Proceedings under Section 12 of the Housing Act, 1936:	
(1) Number of separate tenements or underground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were made	Nil
(2) Number of separate tenements or underground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were determined, the tenements or rooms having	
been rendered fit	Nil

Factories Acts, 1937-1948.	
Inspections made by Sanitary Inspectors under above	e
Acts in relation to those Sections enforced by Loca	al
	15
The number of houses owned by the Council is 793, w	hich are
distributed as follows:—	
Built under Housing Act, 1919.	
	4
Littlicity I terrori	4
Littillon I thisis	6
Pembrey Parish 1	9
1 Childrey 1 childre	0
The number of houses of the Parlour type is	175
do. do. Non-Parlour type is	18
and the production of the last	193
Built under Housing Acts, 1930-38-46.	
*Llanelly Rural 26	0
Llannon 8	7
	19
	32
	36
	66
	000

\* Two houses were erected in each of these Parishes in 1944 for occupation by Agricultural Workers.

600

173 houses have been completed as part of Post-War Programme.

# Old Military Camp.

The camps at the Llangennech Park and the Old Harbour, Pembrey, are still occupied. With the approval of the Welsh Board of Health repairs were carried out to the huts and essential services provided for the occupants.

The number of families in occupation being:—

Llangennech	 	 23
Pembrey	 	 20

# Housing of Persons Inadequately Housed.

In pursuance of powers under Regulation 17 of the Defence (General Regulations), 1939, Circular 2845, 25 houses have been requisitioned and 42 families have been accommodated therein.

# SECTION E.

# INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD. MILK SUPPLY.

Administration of the Milk and Dairies Order, 1926, and the Milk (Special Designations) Order, 1936.

Inspections of dairies and cowsheds were systematically carried out throughout the year, the total number of such inspections being 257.

The number of samples taken during the year for bacteriological examination was 522, of which 439 were taken under the National Milk Testing Scheme.

This figure does not include samples taken from producers in the district by the County Council and the Borough Council.

The report of the Analyst compares very favourably with those of the samples submitted in previous years. The producers of the unsatisfactory milks are regularly followed up and the Sanitary Inspectors have closely co-operated with the Milk Advisory Officers of the Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries Department at Carmarthen to encourage such producers to promote and maintain conditions for producing clean milk.

I indicated in my report last year that West Wales was noted for its clean herds, and that tuberculosis amongst milching herd has been practically eradicated. Progress in this direction is being maintained, and although Cardiganshire has the highest percentage of attested herds, the County of Carmarthen are top scorers in the number of herds attested.

The high standard of the Cowshed and Dairies in the Llanelly Rural District Council's Administrative Area is generally acknowledged, and notwithstanding the exceptional difficulties experienced with the supply of essential materials and labour, good progress has this year again been made with renovations and repairs to unsatisfactory premises.

Despite the improvements carried out to a large number of buildings, and the constant supervision exercised by the Sanitary Inspectors, the number of unsatisfactory samples of milk is still too high. This can partly be explained by the lack of skilled labour on milk producing farms.

The skilled labour problem seems to me to be becoming more acute, and to reduce the handicap thereby imposed upon the farmer to produce clean milk, it is imperative that the traditional methods and the old-fashioned type of utensils will have to be reviewed in the light of present day requirements. To obtain the desired object of 100 per cent. clean milk, it is necessary that labour-saving buildings be designed, equipments and utensils modernised for the storage of milk and its transport to the consumer. For this purpose, it is one of the essential factors that a cheap and adequate supply of electricity be made available to all milk producing farms.

The present system of paying the farmers a subsidy for producing T.T. milk and, then, to mix it with milk from unattested herds before it reaches the consumer, is to be deplored. The practice defeats the whole object of supplying the demands of an educated public for clean and wholesome milk.

Regular inspections were made of all Meat Shops and Butchers' Vans, etc.

The total number of Inspections made during the year were as

follows :-

Meat Shops					 1133
Meat Vans				*****	 161
Fish and Rabbi	t Vans	, etc.		7 June 19	 55
Miscellaneous U	Insoun	d Foo	d Insp	ections	 109

# SUMMARY OF FOODSTUFFS CONDEMNED YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1947.

			Total.
			120 lbs.
		.,	20 lbs.
			7 lbs.
			17 lbs.
	·		28 lbs.
			$56\frac{1}{2}$ lbs.
			55 lbs.
			26 lbs.
		*****	12 lbs.
Milk			6 lbs.
			4½ lbs.
			27 lbs.
			$3\frac{1}{2}$ lbs.
			25 lbs.
	 Milk	Milk	Milk

# RODENT CONTROL.

# Rats and Mice Destruction Act, 1919.

The Council are operating the Ministry of Food Scheme for Rodent Control, one full time operative being engaged. In accordance with the Ministry of Food (Infestation Branch) Scheme N.S. 12, six men were engaged on a temporary basis to carry out the provisions of the Scheme and this was completed in July, 1947.

The number of treatments carried out to the end of the year was 1,240, and the estimated number of rats destroyed during the same period in accordance with the formula laid down by the Ministry of Food was 18,560.

# PREVALENCE OF, AND CONTROL OVER, INFECTIOUS DISEASES.

# Infectious Diseases Generally.

Table No. 1 shows the number of Diphtheria, Scarlatina, and Enteric Fever cases recorded in the District for the last 40 years, with the number of deaths registered in each.

Table No. 3 shows the prevalence of notifiable diseases for the last six years.

The cases of Scarlatina and Diphtheria were distributed in the district as follows:—

			Di	phther	ia.	Scarlatina.
Llanelly Rur				2		11
Pontyberem				_		11
Llangennech				-	*****	- 1500
Llanedy				-		9
Llannon			*****			17
Pembrey	*****	*****				1
and an inches	Total	****		2		49

The Council have an arrangement with the Emergency Laboratory, Carmarthen, and Beck Laboratory, Swansea, for the examination of specimens of Pathological interest and Bacteriological examination of swabs in a case of suspected Diphtheria and Widals blood test in suspected cases of Typhoid. Swabs and Widal tubes are supplied to the Medical Practitioners in the District, who are instructed to send specimens immediately a suspicious case of these diseases arises, direct to the Laboratory. The result is usually obtained within 24 hours by wire to the Practitioner and the M.O.H. Diphtheria antitoxin is supplied gratuitously to all Medical Practitioners for necessitous cases occurring in the area. A quantity is always kept in stock by the Medical Officer of Health.

No use has been made of the Tests known as the Schick and Dick Tests in Diphtheria and Scarlet Fever respectively.

# IMMUNISATION AGAINST DIPHTHERIA.

Your Council are responsible for the immunisation of children of school age only, i.e., 5 years and upwards. The treatment of children under that age is under the control of the Carmarthenshire County Council.

The treatment of school children within your area has already been put into operation, and the work is proceeding methodically, each school being dealt with in rotation and according to schedule.

No (a) primary vaccinations, and (b) revaccinations have been performed by the Medical Officer of Health under the Public Health

(Small Pox Prevention) Regulation, 1917.

Complete co-operation is being maintained with the School Medical Officers in regard to any outbreak of infectious diseases occurring in the area.

No other diseases, such as Anthrax or Rabies, were reported.

Facilities are available for the cleansing and disinfection of verminous persons and their belongings at the Workhouse Infirmary, Llanelly. Premises are disinfected and fumigated by your Sanitary Officers when necessary.

Table No. IV. shows the particulars of the incidence of notifiable diseases in the area during the year 1946.

Table No. VI. shows the particulars of new cases of Ophthalmia Neonatorum and Tuberculosis and of all deaths from the diseases in the area during 1946.

The ratio of non-notifiable tuberculosis deaths to total tuberculosis deaths is approximately 10 per cent., according to the records of the year 1946. Some of these were discovered on Post-Mortems, others were acute cases. No action has been taken to enforce the Tuberculosis Notification Order.

Public Health (Prevention of Tuberculosis) Regulation, 1925.—No legal action taken.

Public Health Act, 1925. Section 62.—No legal action taken.

I am, Gentlemen,

Your obedient Servant.

D. C. EVANS, M.R.C.S. (Eng.), L.R.C.P. (Lond.)

TABLE No. I.

Number of Notifiable Diseases recorded with the number of Deaths registered in each during the last 40 years.

	Diph	theria.	Scarl	atina.	Enterio	Fever.
Year.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths
1908	4	1	27	1	5	0
1909	16	3	41	4	6	3
1910	22	8	29	0	5	0
1911	28	7	36	0	22	1
1912	25	3	119	2	10	3
1913	. 29	3 3	281	8	7	0
1914	40	9	298	9	3	0
1915	30	5	220	1	9	1
1916	22	5	95	2	8	4
1917	11	3	42	0	70	10
1918	25	3	34	2	9	2
1919	98	5	47	2 2	4	0
1920	50	5	45	1	4	0.
1921	75	10	89	2	7	2
1922	97	7	40	0	5	2 2 2 3
1923	79	10	80	2	7	2
1094	64	7	144	2	9	3
1095	97	15	95	2 2 2	7	1
1926	73	3	58	0	1	0
1097	41	4	56	0	1	0
1000	•94	5	62	0	3	0
1090	117	11	27	0	1	0
1930	79	7	57	0	0	0
1931	57	6	52	3	1	0
1932	52		14	0	3	0
1933	38	2 3 2 3	33	0	2	0
1934	45	2	82	0	1	0
1935	39	3	101	1	0	0
1936 .	110	4	68	0	0	0
1027	110	8	47	2	0	0
1938 .	41	6	41	0	1	0
1020	40	0	33	0	0	0
1940 .	39	1	21	0	0	0
1041	59	4	16	0	0	0
1049	22	3	21	0	0	0
1943	20	0	48	0	0	0
1044	32	1	75	0	0	0
1945	13	1	75	0	0	0
1946	6	0	42	0	0	0
1047	2	0	25	0	0	0
Total .	1872	183	2816	46	220	35

TABLE No. II.

# LLANELLY RURAL SANITARY DISTRICT.

Nett Deaths from stated causes at various ages arranged in Sexes for the Year ending December 31st, 1947.

All Ages.   Al	Under 1 years.	5—5 years.		-	- 10		4p—pp hears.	20—65 years.		12 years and npwards.
Luberculosis of respiratory system M. 19 F. 5	-	1	-	9-	40	7	-	-	11	

75 years and upwards. 65-75 years. 55-65 years. 45-55 years. 35-45 years. 25-35 years. 15-25 years. TABLE No. II.—Continued. 2-15 years 2-5 years. 1-2 years. Under I year. All Ages. Ulcer of Stomach or Duodenum Diarrhoea, etc. (under 2 years) Other Circulatory Diseases ..... Other Tuberculosis Diseases Causes of Death. Other Respiratory Diseases Intra-Cran Vasi-Lesions Pneumonia (all forms) Heart Disease Bronchitis Appendicitis Diabetes ..... Syphilis .....

	45—55 years. 55—65 years. 65—75 years.		1 1	1 1	2						1		3 1	-	1	1	- 0	7				*****		61	1	21 0	
	25—35 years. 35—45 years.	-		3 2												0		4	1 1	1	2 3			4 0		4 0 4	-
	15—25 years.				-		:			-		-			,	4 4	* *	2	121	-				8		7	
	g—Ig Acsis	-			-								-		-						-			-	-		-
	I—2 years.	-														2		_									-
	Under I year.			-	-	-	1			0	0.1	0	_	-	_	61				-		-	-	-	-		-
	All Ages.	M.		M. 7		m	Z .	T	M. 4			0 .	M. 4	Y	M. S			:	F. 4	M. 1	F. 6	M. 1	,	M. 12	-	. –	-
the state of the s	Causes of Death.	Other Digestive Diseases		Acute and Chronic Nephritis	Sancia and Doct Aboution	Fuerperal Sepsis and Lost-Aboltion	Other Maternal Causes		Premature Birth		Congenital Malformation, Birth	Injuries, etc.	Suicide abijing	Other Wielence	er violence			Road Traffic Accident		Cancer Buc. Cav. and Oesoph	Cancer of Uterus		Cancer of Breast	Cancer of Stomach and Duodenum	Concer of Other Cites	er of other stres	STREET, STREET

TABLE No. II.—Continued.

TABLE No. III.

Table showing the number of Infectious Diseases notified during last six years.

·Disease.	1942	1943	1944	1945	1946	1947
Measles		337	99	384	34	425
Whooping Cough	70	8	102	16	51	108
Diphtheria	22	23	32	13	6	4
Scarlet Fever	21	48	75	75	42	25
		*****			2	
Puerperal Pyrexia	1	5	1	2	2	1
Pneumonia	47	30	18	18	19	17
Other Diseases generally notifiable:—	1					
Erysipelas	2	2	*****	4	*****	1
Other Diseases notifiable locally:—						
Tuberculosis :—						
(Male	21	18	26	17	20	26
Pulmonary Female	17	18	16	7	15	26
Total	38	36	42	24	35	52
Male	4	1	4	1	3	5
Non-Pulmonary Female	1	2	4	2 3	10	7
Total	5	3	8	3	13	12
Ophthalmia Neonatorum	5	3	3			
Acute Poliomyelitis		3	1			
Cerebro Spinal Fever	24	6		1	3	

TABLE No. IV.

Notifiable Diseases during the year 1947.

Disease				Total Cases Notified.	Cases Admitted to Hospital.	Total Deaths.
Diphtheria				4	4	
Scarlet Fever				25	14	
Enteric Fever (including I	Paratypho	oid)	*****			*****
Puerperal Pyrexia		****		1		*****
Other Puerperal Causes					1	
Pneumonia				17	3	15
Other Diseases generally	notifiable	:				
Erysipelas				I	1	
Polio-Encephalitis				1	1	
Other Diseases notifiable	locally:-	-				
Tuberculosis :						
	Male	****		26	14	13
Pulmonary	Female			26	16	3
	Total	*****		52	30	16
(	Male			5	2	
Non-Pulmonary	Female	*****		7	1	
	Total		****	12	3	
Ophthalmia Neonatorum		*****				
Cerebro Spinal Fever					3	
Acute Poliomyelitis			*****	405	3	
Measles		*****		425	8 -	
Whooping Cough		*****	*****	108		

# TABLE No. VI.

# TUBERCULOSIS.

		Deaths	Repor	ted.	N	ew Cases	Repor	ted.
Age Periods.	Puln	nonary.	Non-Pu	lmonary.	Puln	nonary.	Non-Pu	lmonary
Periods.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female
			90/867	Harman 198	political pri			No Too
0					*****			
1		*****						
5					2	1	1	4
10					2	4	2 2.700	111
15		*****	*****		4	3	3	1
20	1					4		1
25		2			9	5	Losugue	P. Par
35	1			27742	4	8	100	90 1
45	2	1			2	4	91000-000	98
55	7		*****		3	1	2000	- I
55 and	'			*****	0	1		
pwards	2						C. S. C. C. C. C.	10
pwarus	-	*****	******	*****				0
	13	3		-	26	26	- 5	7

# OPHTHALMIA NEONATORUM.

Ophthalmia		Cases.		Tribit			
Neonatorum.	Notified.	Trea	ited.	Vision Un-	Vision Impaired		Deaths
- 70	Trotmed.	At Home.	In Hospital.	Impaired	£ 41.503	ness.	
	_	· v		ene est	- 12-1	_	

# TABLE No. VII.

# LLANELLY RURAL SANITARY AUTHORITY.

Cases of Infectious Diseases notified during the year 1947.

Measles 425	
100	
Small-pox	
Cholera (C.), Plague (P.)	
Diphtheria (including Membraneous Croup) 4	
Ervsinelas	
Scarlet Fever	
Typhus Fayer	
Enteric Fever	
Relapsing Fever (R)	
Continued (C)	
Puerperal Pyrexia 1	
Cerebro-Meningitis	
Polio-Myelitis	
Polio-Encephalitis	
Ophthalmia Neonatorum —	
Pulmonary Tuberculosis 59	
Other Forms of Tuberculosis 12	
Pneumonia 17	
Dysentery — —	
Malaria —	
Encephalitis Lethargica —	
Whooping Cough 108	
Total 644	

# TABLE No. VIII.

# LLANELLY RURAL SANITARY AUTHORITY.

# Infant Mortality.

Nett Deaths from stated causes of various ages under 1 year of age during 1947.

Causes of De	ath.			No	of Deat	hs.
Whooping Cough		*****		*****	-	
Diarrhoea					4	
Congenital Malform	ation, etc.			*****	10	
Enteritis		*****			-	
Pneumonia				*	-	
Premature Birth	*****		*****	*****	9	
All other Causes					_	
					-	
	Total	*****	****		23	

# TABLE No. X. LLANELLY RURAL SANITARY DISTRICT.

Causes of Death for the past ten years.

	1938	1939	1940	1941	1942	1943	1944	1945	1946	194
Canada de la casa de l	F0	42	57	61	43	49	52	49	51	66
Cancer	58	44	31	01	40	40	02		01	-
Scarlet Fever		*****			*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	41111
Diphtheria, including Mem-		- 1				1		ijs.	DIE	
braneous Croup	6		1	4	3		1	1	3.79.1	
Typhoid Fever			*****						2294	£
Puerperal Fever			1	2			3		3	
Erysipelas	1	1						N.	dinne'	1
Manufac				3		1			cranel.	1
	*****	1	11741	2	3	1	3		1	100
Whooping Cough				4	0		1	1	3	4
Diarrhoea and Dysentery	3	4	1	*****	*****	*****	1	1	0	4
Rheumatic Fever	****					*****				
Phthisis	21	21	35	23	31	20	28	24	23	24
Bronchitis and Pneumonia	27	25	55	42	34	47	26	34	40	38
Heart Disease	110	127	82	87	90	113	138	108	158	169
	16	20	30	21	12	14	20	7	9	23
					209	188	152	163	148	134
All other Causes	154	200	176	204	209	100	152	103	140	134
Total	396	441	438	449	425	432	424	387	436	458

# TABLE No. XIII.

Occupied Dwelling Houses in the Llanelly Rural District for the year ending 31st December, 1947:—

		Dwelling Houses.	Public Houses.	Farms	Total.
Llanelly Rural Parish.					
Glyn Ward		368	4	66	438
Hengoed Ward		846	9	53	908
Westfa Ward		1342	9 7	40	1389
Berwick Ward		1061	10	36	1107
Llannon Parish		1078	10	141	1229
Pembrey Parish.					
Pembrey Ward		377	7	33	417
Pwll Ward		388	7 5 7	17	410
Trimsaran Ward		546	7	65	618
Llangennech Parish		660	9	28	697
Llanedy Parish.		1996.31			
Hendy Ward	*****	557	9	41	607
Tycroes Ward		401	2	49	452
Pontyberem Parish		680	6	49	735
		8304	85	618	9007

# LLANELLY RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL.

# Castle Buildings,

Llanelly.

Plans approved for the year 1947 are as follows:-

Parish. Llanelly	38		New Houses.	dditiona terations 16	s.	Other Buildings
Llanedy	*****	*****	16	 5		2
Pembrey		*****	33	 2		
Llannon			41	 3		9
Llangennech			31	 1		2
Pontyberem			8	 5		5
			162	 32		45

W. T. DAVIES,

Surveyor.

Buildings completed and Certificates of Completion for the above period as follows:—

not some I breeze view	New	Additions and	Other
mer averagent respect from	Houses.	Alterations.	Buildings.
Llanelly	 37	6	8
Ilanody	 17	4	2
Pembrey	 34	1	1
Llannon	 41	_	3
Llangennech	 30	1	-
Dantubaram	 8	-	-
	167	12	14

W. T. DAVIES,

Surveyor



