

[Report 1925] / Medical Officer of Health, Hay U.D.C.

Contributors

Hay (Wales). Urban District Council.

Publication/Creation

1925

Persistent URL

<https://wellcomecollection.org/works/kmk4u9bg>

License and attribution

You have permission to make copies of this work under a Creative Commons, Attribution license.

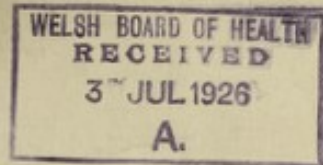
This licence permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original author and source are credited. See the Legal Code for further information.

Image source should be attributed as specified in the full catalogue record. If no source is given the image should be attributed to Wellcome Collection.



Wellcome Collection
183 Euston Road
London NW1 2BE UK
T +44 (0)20 7611 8722
E library@wellcomecollection.org
<https://wellcomecollection.org>

INTELL. LIBRARY



HAY,
June 18th, 1926.



**To the Chairman and Members
of the Hay Urban District Council.**

GENTLEMEN,

I beg to submit for your information my ANNUAL REPORT for the year 1925, together with a general survey of the five previous years.

NATURAL AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS OF THE AREA.

Area, comprises 372 acres.

Population 1921 census, 1,537.

Estimated population for 1925, 1513.

The Town lies in the North-West corner of Breconshire. Two natural boundaries, the River Wye and its tributary the Dulas Brook, separate it from the adjacent counties of Radnor and Hereford respectively.

It is healthily situated on rising ground and well above the river bed.

Owing to the hilly nature of the district and the good supply of natural water courses, the surface is well drained and dry.

There are no large industries in the town and the occupation of the inhabitants is such as is consistent with the smaller industries of a Market Town in an agricultural district.

Number of Inhabited Houses, 1921—363.

" " 1925—381.

Number of families or separate occupiers, 1921—365.

" " 1925—384.

Rateable Value, £6,153 13s. 9d.

Sum represented by a penny rate, £23.

VITAL STATISTICS.

		Total	Male	Female	Birth-rate
Births	Legitimate	19	12	7	14.5 per 1,000 estimated population.
	Illegitimate	3	3	0	
Deaths		26	11	15	

Death-rate, 17.1 per 1,000 estimated population.

No women died in or in consequence of child-birth.

There were no deaths in infants under one year of age.

Chief causes of Deaths: Pulmonary Tuberculosis, 2; Cancer, 3; Heart Disease, 5.

The health of the district has been very satisfactory during the year. There have been no special causes of sickness or invalidity.

POOR LAW RELIEF.

There has been a slight increase in the amount of Poor Law Relief during the past twelve months.

GENERAL PROVISION OF HEALTH SERVICES IN THE AREA.

Hospitals provided or subsidised by the Local Authority or by the County Council—

1. *Tuberculosis.* Hospital and Sanatorium treatment is provided by the King Edward Memorial Association. Sanatoria at Pontywal for males and Craig-y-Nos for females, are available for the District.

2. *Maternity.* A maternity ward with accommodation for two cases is provided at the Hay Union Poor Law Hospital.

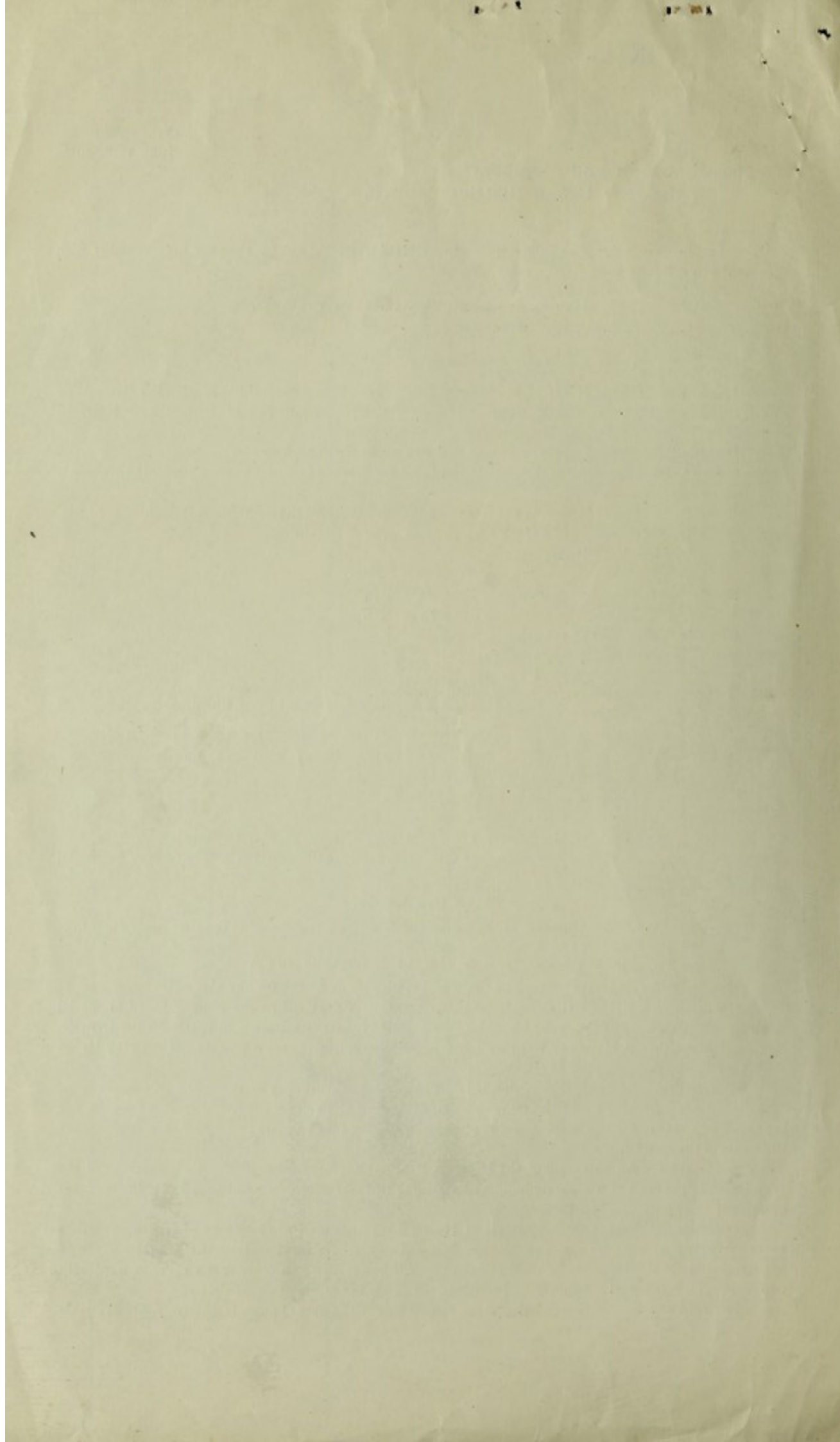
3. *Children.* No hospital provision is made by the Local Authority or the County Council.

4. *Fever.* An Isolation Hospital is maintained by your Council for the use of this and the adjoining districts. There are two wards capable of accommodating four patients in each. It is sufficient for the needs of the district.

5. *Smallpox.* An extension of the Isolation Hospital has been made by the Joint Councils of the Hay Union in the form of a separate building containing two wards, which could be used for the isolation of cases of Smallpox, should occasion arise.

6. *Other.* A Poor Law Infirmary and Hospital under control of the Board of Guardians exists for the reception of Poor Law cases which are unsuitable for admission to a General Hospital. There is accommodation in the Hospital for eight males and six females; in addition there is a lying-in ward with two beds. This Hospital is efficient and satisfactorily meets the needs of the district.

Hereford and Brecon General Hospitals, distant by road 20 and 15 miles respectively, are available



for general cases. They are made full use of and there is never any difficulty in getting admission of urgent cases into Hereford General Hospital.

The Victoria Eye Hospital is available for admission and treatment of eye cases.

Ambulance Facilities. (a) For infectious cases a horse-drawn closed conveyance is kept at the Isolation Hospital.

(b) For non-infectious and accident cases a motor ambulance is available in Hereford, under arrangements made by the British Red Cross Association. Application for its use should be made to Messrs. Connelly & Sons. Telephone No. 1039 Hereford.

There are no Clinics or Treatment Centres in the town except for Tuberculosis. The Tuberculosis Officer attends at a treatment centre in the town once a month and sees any cases referred to him.

PUBLIC HEALTH OFFICERS OF THE LOCAL AUTHORITY.

The Public Health Officers of the Council are your Medical Officer of Health, a part-time Officer to whose salary a contribution is made by exchequer grant; and Mr. Gilby, a duly qualified whole-time Officer, who holds the Royal Sanitary Institute Certificates, as Inspector of Nuisances and Meat and Food Inspector. He combines the duties of Surveyor and Rate Collector. Part of his salary is refunded by Exchequer Grant.

PROFESSIONAL NURSING IN THE HOME.

(a) *General.* The Hay and Cusop Nursing Association provides a general district nurse, who is thoroughly efficient and capable in her work. This fully meets the general nursing requirements of the area. No financial assistance is granted by the Local Authority.

(b) *Infectious Cases.* No provision has been made for home nursing of such cases,

Mid-wives. A qualified maternity nurse, supported by the Hay and Cusop Nursing Association, resides and practices in the area. She also undertakes School work, in return for which services the Association is subsidised by the County Council. One registered but not certified midwife also practices. The services of neither of these are subsidised by the Local Authority.

Clinical Work. Bacteriological Examination of Sputa and Throat Swabs and tests for the vidal reaction in cases of suspected Typhoid have been carried out by the Clinical Research Association, and by the Hereford and City Laboratory, under arrangements made by your Council. Diphtheria Anti-toxin can be obtained from the local chemist, under arrangements made by your Council, on the application of a Medical Practitioner.

LEGISLATION IN FORCE IN THE AREA.

The following Acts and Bye-laws have been adopted in the district.

Public Health Act (Amendment Act 1890, Part iii).

Common Lodging Houses (P.H.A. 1876, sec. 80).

Slaughter House (P.H.A. 1875, sec. 169).

Cleansing of Foot-ways, etc. (P.H.A. 1875, sec. 44).

Removal of House Refuse by Local Authority (P.H.A.A.A. 1890, sec. 29).

Cleansing of Privies, etc. (P.H.A. 1875, sec. 44).

Prevention of Nuisances (P.H.A. 1875, sec. 44).

Keeping of Animals (P.H.A. 1875, sec. 44).

Carriage of Offensive Matters (P.H.A.A.A. 1890, sec. 26.)

New Streets and Buildings, Structure and Drainage (P.H.A. 1875, sec. 157).

New Buildings, Additional Powers P.H.A.A.A. 1890, sec. 23).

Drainage of existing Buildings P.H.A. 1875, sec. 157, and P.H.A.A.A. 1890, sec. 23).

Paving of Yards (P.H.A.A.A. 1890 sec. 23).

Dairies, Cowsheds and Milk Shops (D. C. & M. Orders.)

SANITARY ADMINISTRATION OF THE AREA.

Water Supply. This is from a public service under the control of your Council. There are two main sources, Llangwathan and Hay Common. The Llangwathan supply is from springs collected by underground pipes which carry the water into collecting tanks, one below Llangwathan and one below New Forest, it is wholesome and free from pollution. The Hay Common Waterworks consist of a storage tank, sand filter beds and an equalising tank or service reservoir. Water is collected here from three sources, Wernwilhouse, Werns Wood and springs in field above reservoir. Your Surveyor has periodically examined the water from both sources of supply. Hay Common is liable to pollution from Wernwilhouse and the Werns Wood, and shows a percentage of ammonia. During 1924 to 1925 considerable improvements to the Hay Common Reservoirs were effected. The storage tank was examined and found to be leaking badly, this was thoroughly overhauled and made watertight. The filter bed was enlarged, lined with concrete and bitumen sheeting, and rendered thoroughly watertight. The reservoir was en-

1870

...

...

...

...

...

...

...

...

...

...

...

...

...

...

...

...

...

...

...

...

...

...

...

...

...

...

...

larged to about double its capacity and lined with reinforced concrete. Since this was done it has been found possible to give a continuous supply to the whole of the district.

Tests of the water mains and services are frequently made and defects remedied.

The majority of the houses have the water supply laid on to the sinks, but in a number of cases there is one outside tap to two houses.

Drainage and Sewerage. There is a combined sewerage system. The sewers on the whole are satisfactory; many of the old culverts have been replaced with stone-ware pipes, the remaining portion now being only about one-fourth of the total. There are 20 pit privies in the district which have not been dealt with owing to the shortage of water, but now that the supply is satisfactory, notices are being served requiring the owners to convert to water closets.

Scavenging. House refuse is removed regularly and deposited on a site remote from the town. There are a number of unsatisfactory receptacles for refuse; it would be an advantage if the Council could see their way to insist on the provision of proper dust bins.

SANITARY INSPECTION OF AREA.

The number and nature of the Inspections made during the year is as follows:—

Houses examined as to Infectious Diseases	...	...	...	nil.
" " General Conditions	...	...	...	75
" " Alleged nuisances	...	...	...	27
Total number of Nuisances found in the above and other houses:—				
Dirty	...	...	...	0
Defective or stopped Drains	...	...	...	14
Defective roofs or eaves	...	...	...	13
Offensive Pig-styes	...	...	...	1
Other nuisances	...	...	...	4
Total				32

Of these 32 have been abated during the year, leaving 1 yet to be dealt with.

Number of Statutory Notices served	...	...	1
" Preliminary	...	...	19
" Verbal	...	...	9
Number of visits to Common Lodging House	...	...	12
" " Workshops	...	...	46
" " Cowsheds and Dairies	...	...	76

The Common Lodging House, Dairies and Cow-sheds, have on the occasion of each visit been found clean and in a satisfactory condition. There are two registered slaughter-houses, they have been found clean on each inspection and are regularly lime-washed.

No carcases or parts of carcases have been condemned during the year on account of Tuberculosis.

25 tins of Meat and Fish, 30 tins of Fruit and 6 tins of Condensed Milk were condemned as unfit for use. These have been surrendered by their owners and destroyed.

Smoke Abatement. There are no manufactories in the district which cause any nuisance from smoke.

Premises and Occupations which can be controlled by byelaws and regulations. There is only one common lodging house in the district, and no houses let in lodgings. The Dairies, Cowsheds, and Milk-shops have been kept in a satisfactory condition, also the Bakehouses. There are no offensive trades or underground sleeping rooms.

Schools have been inspected and found in a clean and satisfactory condition. Water supply and lavatory accommodation are adequate.

HOUSING.

General Conditions of housing accommodation have been greatly improved during the past five years. Twenty new houses have been erected, eighteen of which were under the District Council Housing Scheme. There is now no general shortage of houses. The effect of the scheme has been to release many houses for the occupation by poorer inhabitants at a lower rent.

There is no over-crowding of a serious nature.

Fitness of Houses. The general standard of houses is good, the general character of the defects being principally defective eavestroughing, roofs and drainage. The majority of these defects being due to the neglect of the owners. Repairs have been dealt with in most cases by service of preliminary notices.

Unhealthy Areas. There are no unhealthy areas in the district.

Byelaws. The existing byelaws are working satisfactorily.

1. Number of New Houses erected during the year :	
a Total	1
b With State assistance under the Housing Acts (1919, 1923) :	0
(1) By the Local Authority	0
(2) By other Bodies or Persons	1
Unfit Dwelling Houses—	
(1) Total number of houses inspected for housing defects under Public Health or Housing Acts	86
(2) Number of dwelling-houses which were inspected and recorded under Housing Regulations, 1910	70
(3) Number of dwelling-houses found to be in a state so dangerous or injurious to health as to be unfit for human habitation	0
(4) Number of dwelling-houses (exclusive of those referred to under the proceeding sub-heading) found not to be in all respects reasonably fit for human habitation	0
2. Remedy of Defects without serving of Formal Notice—	
Number of defective dwelling-houses rendered fit in consequence of informal notices by Local Authority or their Officers	0
3. Action under Statutory Powers—	
A Proceedings under Section 28 of the Housing and Town Planning Act, 1919—	
(1) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which notices were served requiring repairs	0
(2) Number of dwelling-houses rendered fit :	
(a) by Owners	0
(b) by Local Authority in default of Owners	0
(3) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which Closing Orders became operative in pursuance of declarations by Owners of intention to close	0
B Proceedings under Public Health Acts—	
(1) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which notices were served requiring defects to be remedied	32
(2) Number of houses in which defects were remedied :	
(a) by Owners	30
(b) by Local Authority in default of Owners	0
C Proceedings under Section 17 & 18 of the Housing and Town Planning Act, 1909—	
(1) Number of representations made with a view to the making of Closing Orders	0
(2) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which Closing Orders were made	0
(3) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which Closing Orders were determined, the dwelling-houses having being rendered fit	0
(4) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which Demolition Orders were made	0
(5) Number of dwelling-houses demolished in pursuance of Demolition Orders	0

Milk Supply. There is an adequate supply of milk produced within the district of a pure and wholesome character. There have been no cases of tubercle in the district recently. No special licences have been granted for the sale of milk.

Meat. Inspections are carried out regularly at the time of slaughter. The animals killed during the year have been of a very healthy type, the butchers also carrying out the regulations.

<i>Slaughterhouses.</i>	1920	January, 1925	December, 1925.
Licensed	2	2	2
Registered	2	2	2

Other Foods. Inspections are regularly made respecting foods. The condition of the bakehouses generally has been quite satisfactory. No cases of food poisoning have occurred in the district.

PREVALENCE OF, AND CONTROL OVER, INFECTIOUS DISEASES.

Infectious Diseases Generally. The district has been singularly free from infectious disease during the past five years, 8 cases of Scarlet Fever and one of Diphtheria only having occurred. Five of the cases were promptly removed to the Isolation Hospital and further spread of Infection prevented. No Vaccinations have been carried out under Publication Health (Small-pox Regulations, 1917).

There are facilities at the Hay Union for the cleansing and disinfection of verminous persons and belongings.

There are no facilities for the disinfection of premises and articles of persons exposed to infection other than those which can be carried out in their own homes.

the Chairman,

Hay Urban District Council.

SUPPLEMENTARY ANNUAL REPORT, 1925.

1. Laboratory work. Bacteriological Examinations of Throat swabs and sputa as stated on Page 2 of Annual Report under Section dealing with "Clinical Work".
2. Sewerage enters the River Wye at two points, by the Loggin Brook on the South side of the Town and by the Hay Bridge on the North side.
Sewerage from Heolydwr enters the Dulais Brook near its junction with the River Wye.

3. Closet Accommodation is satisfactory, there being:-

Water Closets	350	All in good order.
Pit Privies	12	Clean and satisfactory
Pail Closets	8	Regulatlly emptied and kept clean.

4. Disease.	Total Cases notified.	Cases admitted to Hospital.	Total Deaths.
Smallpox	0	0	0
Scarlet Fever	8	5	0
Diphtheria	1	0	0
Enteric	0	0	0
Puerperal	0	0	0
Pneumonia	0	0	0
Encephalitis)			
Siltiargic)	3	0	1

The comparative immunity of the District from notifiable infectious disease was noted upon Page 5 of my annual report under Section dealing with Infectious Diseases generally.

I am,

Your obedient Servant,

(Sgd) Thomas E. Hincks.

M.O.H.

Hay.

6th Sept. 1926.

the Chaitin

May Urban District Council.

SUPPLEMENTARY ANNUAL REPORT, 1925.

and again as stated on Page 2 of Annual Report under Section dealing with "Clinical Work".

2. Sewerage enters the River Wye at two points, by the London
Brook on the South side of the Town and by the Hay Bridge
on the North side.

Sewerage from Heol-y-dwr enters the Dulais Brook near its junction with the River Wye.

Closest Accommodation is satisfactory, there being:-

Water Closets	350
Pit Privies	12
Ball Closets	8
Regularity emptied and kept clean	
Clean and satisfactory	
All in good order.	

Disease.	Total Cases notified.	Cases admitted to Hospital.	Total Deaths.
Scarlet fever	10	10	10
Diphtheria	10	10	10
Whooping Cough	10	10	10
Measles	10	10	10
Small Pox	10	10	10
Polio	10	10	10
Parotitis	10	10	10
Cholera	10	10	10
Typhoid	10	10	10
Shingles	10	10	10
Scarlet fever	10	10	10
Diphtheria	10	10	10
Whooping Cough	10	10	10
Measles	10	10	10
Small Pox	10	10	10
Polio	10	10	10
Parotitis	10	10	10
Cholera	10	10	10
Typhoid	10	10	10
Shingles	10	10	10
Scarlet fever	10	10	10
Diphtheria	10	10	10
Whooping Cough	10	10	10
Measles	10	10	10
Small Pox	10	10	10
Polio	10	10	10
Parotitis	10	10	10
Cholera	10	10	10
Typhoid	10	10	10
Shingles	10	10	10
Scarlet fever	10	10	10
Diphtheria	10	10	10
Whooping Cough	10	10	10
Measles	10	10	10
Small Pox	10	10	10
Polio	10	10	10
Parotitis	10	10	10
Cholera	10	10	10
Typhoid	10	10	10
Shingles	10	10	10
Scarlet fever	10	10	10
Diphtheria	10	10	10
Whooping Cough	10	10	10
Measles	10	10	10
Small Pox	10	10	10
Polio	10	10	10
Parotitis	10	10	10
Cholera	10	10	10
Typhoid	10	10	10
Shingles	10	10	10
Scarlet fever	10	10	10
Diphtheria	10	10	10
Whooping Cough	10	10	10
Measles	10	10	10
Small Pox	10	10	10
Polio	10	10	10
Parotitis	10	10	10
Cholera	10	10	10
Typhoid	10	10	10
Shingles	10	10	10
Scarlet fever	10	10	10
Diphtheria	10	10	10
Whooping Cough	10	10	10
Measles	10	10	10
Small Pox	10	10	10
Polio	10	10	10
Parotitis	10	10	10
Cholera	10	10	10
Typhoid	10	10	10
Shingles	10	10	10
Scarlet fever	10	10	10
Diphtheria	10	10	10
Whooping Cough	10	10	10
Measles	10	10	10
Small Pox	10	10	10
Polio	10	10	10
Parotitis	10	10	10
Cholera	10	10	10
Typhoid	10	10	10
Shingles	10	10	10
Scarlet fever	10	10	10
Diphtheria	10	10	10
Whooping Cough	10	10	10
Measles	10	10	10
Small Pox	10	10	10
Polio	10	10	10
Parotitis	10	10	10
Cholera	10	10	10
Typhoid	10	10	10
Shingles	10	10	10
Scarlet fever	10	10	10
Diphtheria	10	10	10
Whooping Cough	10	10	10
Measles	10	10	10
Small Pox	10	10	10
Polio	10	10	10
Parotitis	10	10	10
Cholera	10	10	10
Typhoid	10	10	10
Shingles	10	10	10
Scarlet fever	10	10	10
Diphtheria	10	10	10
Whooping Cough	10	10	10
Measles	10	10	10
Small Pox	10	10	10
Polio	10	10	10
Parotitis	10	10	10
Cholera	10	10	10
Typhoid	10	10	10
Shingles	10	10	10
Scarlet fever	10	10	10
Diphtheria	10	10	10
Whooping Cough	10	10	10
Measles	10	10	10
Small Pox	10	10	10
Polio	10	10	10
Parotitis	10	10	10
Cholera	10	10	10
Typhoid	10	10	10
Shingles	10	10	10
Scarlet fever	10	10	10
Diphtheria	10	10	10
Whooping Cough	10	10	10
Measles	10	10	10
Small Pox	10	10	10
Polio	10	10	10
Parotitis	10	10	10
Cholera	10	10	10
Typhoid	10	10	10
Shingles	10	10	10
Scarlet fever	10	10	10
Diphtheria	10	10	10
Whooping Cough	10	10	10
Measles	10	10	10
Small Pox	10	10	10
Polio	10	10	10
Parotitis	10	10	10
Cholera	10	10	10
Typhoid	10	10	10
Shingles	10	10	10
Scarlet fever	10	10	10
Diphtheria	10	10	10
Whooping Cough	10	10	10
Measles	10	10	10
Small Pox	10	10	10
Polio	10	10	10
Parotitis	10	10	10
Cholera	10	10	10
Typhoid	10	10	10
Shingles	10	10	10
Scarlet fever	10	10	10
Diphtheria	10	10	10
Whooping Cough	10	10	10
Measles	10	10	10
Small Pox	10	10	10
Polio	10	10	10
Parotitis	10	10	10
Cholera	10	10	10
Typhoid	10	10	10
Shingles	10	10	10
Scarlet fever	10	10	10
Diphtheria	10	10	10
Whooping Cough	10	10	10
Measles	10	10	10
Small Pox	10	10	10
Polio	10	10	10
Parotitis	10	10	10
Cholera	10	10	10
Typhoid	10	10	10
Shingles	10	10	10
Scarlet fever	10	10	10
Diphtheria	10	10	10
Whooping Cough	10	10	10
Measles	10	10	10
Small Pox	10	10	10
Polio	10	10	10
Parotitis	10	10	10
Cholera	10	10	10
Typhoid	10	10	10
Shingles	10	10	10
Scarlet fever	10	10	10
Diphtheria	10	10	10
Whooping Cough	10	10	10
Measles	10	10	10
Small Pox	10	10	10
Polio	10	10	10
Parotitis	10	10	10
Cholera	10	10	10
Typhoid	10	10	10
Shingles	10	10	10
Scarlet fever	10	10	10
Diphtheria	10	10	10
Whooping Cough	10	10	10
Measles	10	10	10
Small Pox	10	10	10
Polio	10	10	10
Parotitis	10	10	10
Cholera	10	10	10
Typhoid	10	10	10
Shingles	10	10	10
Scarlet fever	10	10	10
Diphtheria	10	10	10
Whooping Cough	10	10	10
Measles	10	10	10
Small Pox	10	10	10
Polio	10	10	10
Parotitis	10	10	10
Cholera	10	10	10
Typhoid	10	10	10
Shingles	10	10	10
Scarlet fever	10	10	10
Diphtheria	10	10	10
Whooping Cough	10	10	10
Measles	10	10	10
Small Pox	10	10	10
Polio	10	10	10
Parotitis	10	10	10
Cholera	10	10	10
Typhoid	10	10	10
Shingles	10	10	10
Scarlet fever	10	10	10
Diphtheria	10	10	10
Whooping Cough	10	10	10
Measles	10	10	10
Small Pox	10	10	10
Polio	10	10	10
Parotitis	10	10	10
Cholera	10	10	10
Typhoid	10	10	10
Shingles	10	10	10
Scarlet fever	10	10	10
Diphtheria	10	10	10
Whooping Cough	10	10	10
Measles	10	10	10
Small Pox	10	10	10
Polio	10	10	10
Parotitis	10	10	10
Cholera	10	10	10
Typhoid	10	10	10
Shingles	10	10	10
Scarlet fever	10	10	10
Diphtheria	10	10	10
Whooping Cough	10	10	10
Measles	10	10	10
Small Pox	10	10	10
Polio	10	10	10
Parotitis	10	10	10
Cholera	10	10	10
Typhoid	10	10	10
Shingles	10	10	10
Scarlet fever	10	10	10
Diphtheria	10	10	10
Whooping Cough	10	10	10
Measles	10	10	10
Small Pox	10	10	10
Polio	10	10	10
Parotitis	10	10	10
Cholera	10	10	10
Typhoid	10	10	10
Shingles	10	10	10
Scarlet fever	10	10	10
Diphtheria	10	10	10
Whooping Cough	10	10	10
Measles	10	10	10
Small Pox	10	10	10
Polio	10	10	10
Parotitis	10	10	10
Cholera	10	10	10
Typhoid	10	10	10
Shingles	10	10	10
Scarlet fever	10	10	10
Diphtheria	10	10	10
Whooping Cough	10	10	10
Measles	10	10	10
Small Pox	10	10	10
Polio	10	10	10
Parotitis	10	10	10
Cholera	10	10	10
Typhoid	10	10	10
Shingles	10	10	10
Scarlet fever	10	10	10
Diphtheria	10	10	10
Whooping Cough	10	10	10
Measles	10	10	10
Small Pox	10	10	10
Polio	10	10	10
Parotitis	10	10	10
Cholera	10	10	10
Typhoid	10	10	10
Shingles	10	10	10
Scarlet fever	10	10	10
Diphtheria	10	10	10
Whooping Cough	10	10	10
Measles	10	10	10
Small Pox	10	10	10
Polio	10	10	10
Parotitis	10	10	10
Cholera	10	10	10
Typhoid	10	10	10
Shingles	10	10	10
Scarlet fever	10	10	10
Diphtheria	10	10	10
Whooping Cough	10	10	10
Measles	10	10	10
Small Pox	10	10	10
Polio	10	10	10
Parotitis	10	10	10
Cholera	10	10	10
Typhoid	10	10	10
Shingles	10	10	10
Scarlet fever	10	10	10
Diphtheria	10	10	10
Whooping Cough	10	10	10
Measles	10	10	10
Small Pox	10	10	10
Polio	10	10	10
Parotitis	10	10	10
Cholera	10	10	10
Typhoid	10	10	10
Shingles	10	10	10
Scarlet fever	10	10	10
Diphtheria	10	10	10
Whooping Cough	10	10	10
Measles	10	10	10
Small Pox	10	10	10
Polio	10	10	10
Parotitis	10	10	10
Cholera	10	10	10
Typhoid	10	10	10
Shingles	10	10	10
Scarlet fever	10	10	10
Diphtheria	10	10	10
Whooping Cough	10	10	10
Measles	10	10	10
Small Pox	10	10	10
Polio	10	10	10
Parotitis	10	10	10
Cholera	10	10	10
Typhoid	10	10	10
Shingles	10	10	10
Scarlet fever	10	10	10
Diphtheria	10	10	10
Whooping Cough	10	10	10
Measles	10	10	10
Small Pox	10	10	10
Polio	10	10	10
Parotitis	10	10	10
Cholera	10	10	10
Typhoid	10	10	10
Shingles	10	10	10
Scarlet fever	10	10	10
Diphtheria	10	10	10
Whooping Cough	10	10	10
Measles	10	10	10
Small Pox	10	10	10
Polio	10	10	10
Parotitis	10	10	10
Cholera	10	10	10
Typhoid	10	10	10
Shingles	10	10	10
Scarlet fever	10	10	10
Diphtheria	10	10	10
Whooping Cough	10	10	10
Measles	10	10	10
Small Pox	10	10	10
Polio	10	10	10
Parotitis	10	10	10
Cholera	10	10	10
Typhoid	10	10	10
Shingles	10	10	10
Scarlet fever	10	10	10
Diphtheria	10	10	10
Whooping Cough	10	10	10
Measles	10	10	10
Small Pox	10	10	10
Polio			

0	0	0	Smallpox
0	0	0	Scarlet Fever
0	0	1	Diphtheria
0	0	0	Anthrax
0	0	0	Paratyphoid
0	0	0	Pneumonia
1	0	2	Encephalitis
			Alzheimer's

The comparative immunity of the District from notifiable

infectious disease was noted upon Page 5 of my annual

Report under Section dealing with Infectious Diseases General

PLATE I

Your obedient servant,

(Ed) Thomas A. Hinkle.

H. O. M.

1851

8th Sept. 1956.

Three cases of Encephalitis Legthargia were reported during the five years.
 No case of notifiable Infectious Disease was reported during the year 1925.

TUBERCULOSIS.

Age Periods.	New Cases.				Deaths.			
	Pulmonary.		Non-Pulmonary		Pulmonary.		Non-Pulmonary	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
0								
1								
5								
10								
15		1						
20					1			
25								
35								
45								
55								
65								
Total		1			1			

There were no cases of Ophthalmia Neonatorum or Puerperal Fever.

I am, Gentlemen,

Your obedient Servant,

THOMAS E. HINCKS.

THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO
LIBRARY

Date		Author		Title	
1891	10	W. D. Howells	1891	10	1891
1891	11	W. D. Howells	1891	11	1891
1891	12	W. D. Howells	1891	12	1891
1891	13	W. D. Howells	1891	13	1891
1891	14	W. D. Howells	1891	14	1891
1891	15	W. D. Howells	1891	15	1891
1891	16	W. D. Howells	1891	16	1891
1891	17	W. D. Howells	1891	17	1891
1891	18	W. D. Howells	1891	18	1891
1891	19	W. D. Howells	1891	19	1891
1891	20	W. D. Howells	1891	20	1891

THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO
LIBRARY

THOMAS C. HICKS