### [Report 1970] / Medical Officer of Health, Hawarden R.D.C.

### **Contributors**

Hawarden (Wales). Rural District Council.

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1970

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### HAWARDEN RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL

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### ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

AND OF THE

CHIEF PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR

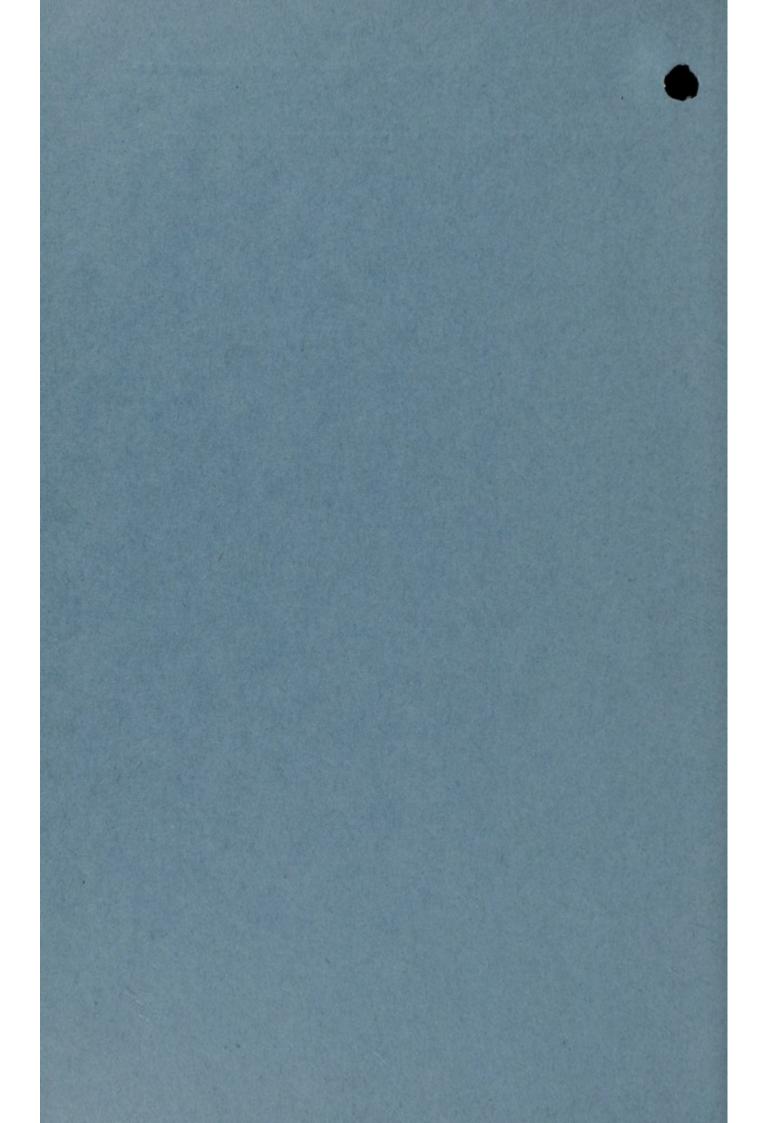
1970

Medical Officer of Health:

D. J. FRASER, M.B., CH.B., D.P.H.

Chief Public Health Inspector:

D. R. GEORGE, F.R.S.H., M.A P.H.I., F.I.P.H.E.



### HEALTH COMMITTEE

Chairman: Councillor Mrs. Irene Fellows, J.P.

The Health Committee consists of all Members of the Council

### STAFF

### Medical Officer of Health:

D. J. Fraser, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H.

Also Medical Officer of Health for the following Authorities:

Buckley Urban District Council

Connah's Quay Urban District Council

Flint Borough Council

Maelor Rural District Council

Mold Urban District Council

and Assistant County Medical Officer

### **Chief Public Health Inspector:**

D. R. George, F.R.S.H., M.A.P.H.I., F.I.P.H.E.

### Deputy Chief Public Health Inspector:

C. S. Wensley, F.R.S.H., M.A.P.H.I.

### Senior Additional Public Health Inspector:

A. E. Howgate, M.A.P.H.I., M.R.S.H. (to 30/4/70)

### Additional Public Health Inspector:

M. A. Watkin, M.A.P.H.I., M.R.S.H.

### **Student Public Health Inspector:**

D. Thomas

### Clerk:

Mrs. Beryl Cooper (to 26/8/70)
Miss Patricia Connah (from 14/9/70)

### **Rodent Operative:**

A. Roberts

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have pleasure in presenting to you the Annual Report on the Health of the Hawarden Rural District for the year 1970.

The Registrar General's estimate of the population at mid-year 1970 was 43,010, and increase of 990 over the previous year. The Birth and Death Rates are based on this population estimate, whilst for comparison with other districts, comparability factors of 1.02 for births and 1.02 for deaths are applied.

Live births for the year numbered 778, 22 fewer than in 1969, and giving a birth rate per 1,000 population of 18·1, compared with the national figure which was 16·0.

Deaths totalled 441 as in 1969, giving a crude death rate of 10·3 per 1,000 population, which was lower than the national figure of 11·7. There were seven deaths of infants under a year old, compared with 11 in 1969, giving a rate per 1,000 live births of nine, the national rate being 18. Six of the infants were under a week old, and the causes of death included Pneumonia, Congenital Deformity and Birth Injury.

The chief causes of death (all ages) were diseases of the Heart and Circulatory System with 234 deaths of the total of 441, and Cancer with 82 deaths. The figures for 1969 were 235 and 77. Lung Cancer deaths rose from 16 to 25 in 1970. Pneumonia caused 40 deaths and Bronchitis and Emphysema 27, mainly in the elderly. Fourteen persons, mostly elderly, died from Influenza, compared with five in 1969. Eight people died in motor accidents, and seven in other accidents.

There were no cases of Poliomyelitis or of Diphtheria, but the need for immunisation of infants against these and other diseases continues. In addition to vaccine against Diphtheria, Whooping Cough and Tetanus, and Poliomyelitis, there are now efficient vaccines for protection against Measles (a disabling illness in many cases) and against German Measles. The policy is to protect infants against Measles at a year old, and adolescent girls against German Measles at about 13 years.

There was an outbreak of Measles, mostly in children, the majority of cases occurring in the second and third quarters. There were 99 cases compared with 188 in 1969. Parents are now accepting that Measles vaccination is a safe and painless method of protecting their children. There was only one case of Dysentery compared with 35 in 1969. Scarlet Fever cases numbered three, as in 1969. There were four cases of mild food poisoning as in the previous year. One person caught the illness in Italy.

The case of Paratyphoid Fever was a child of six years, who appears to have caught the complaint from a relative in Chester. This person had been on a camping holiday in Italy, and had an illness soon after his return. He was found to be carrying the infection.

In the autumn there occurred what was probably the first case of Cholera in this country for over 60 years. The patient felt ill whilst n holiday on the island of Jerba, in Tunisia. On his return home he went to his doctor, who sent samples to the laboratory, where the diagnosis was confirmed. A great deal of time was spent in warning the Medical Officers in the areas where the fellow-passengers of the patient lived. All information was passed to the Welsh Office, whose medical staff were most helpful. The patient was kept at home, where he and his family were supervised, and laboratory samples were taken regularly. He was free from infection in about a month of his return home. A member of his family who was at Catterick Camp was quickly located and supervised through the prompt assistance of Colonel J. H. Brodie of Western Command, to whom I am grateful for his help. Cholera has since spread to Spain, and it is likely that more cases will occur in this country, in returned holiday makers. The disease has been spreading slowly from the Far East for the past 30 years.

Once again, housing matters took up much of the time of the Health Department. I am again grateful to the Council for sympathetic consideration of the many applicants with health problems. The need for housing for elderly people continues to grow.

Other matters occupying the attention of the staff were Cleansing, Food Hygiene, Offices, Shops and Railway Premises, Infectious Diseases visits, Meat Inspection and Unsound Food.

In conclusion, I wish to thank the Chairman and Members of the Health Committee for their support during the year. Your Clerk, Mr. F. N. V. Meredith, the Treasurer and the Surveyor have been of great assistance during the year. I have had the full support of your Public Health Inspectors and office staff. Again the team work has been excellent.

The report of the Chief Public Health Inspector, Mr. D. R. George, indicates the vast amount of day-to-day work which adds up to the year's total. This will increase with the rise in population and the stream of new legislation.

I am,

Your obedient Servant,

D. J. FRASER,

Medical Officer of Health.

### VITAL STATISTICS 1970

Population: Mouse of Lange (to rove tol guinuos side ai	Cholera
Registrar General's estimate at mid-year	43,016
Census, 1961	36,443
Census, 1971	42,467
Live Births: May all or been green going the HA Day	
Number	778
Rate per 1,000 Population	18.1
Adjusted Local Birth Rate	18.5
National Birth Rate per 1,000 Population	16.0
Illegitimate Live Births	46
Illegitimate Live Births per cent. of Total Live Births	6
Illegitimate Live Births per cent. of Total Live Births, England and Wales	8
Still Births:	
Number	10
Rate per 1,000 Total Live and Still Births	13
National Still Birth Rate	offend 13
Total Live and Still Births	788
Infant Deaths (under one year)	10 7
Infant Mortality Rate:	
Total Infant Deaths per 1,000 Total Live Births	9
Legitimate Infant Deaths per 1,000 Legitimate Live	8
Illegitimate Infant Deaths per 1,000 Illegitimate Live Births	22
National Infant Mortality Rate per 1,000 Live Births	18
Neo-Natal Mortality Rate (Deaths under four weeks per 1,000 Total Live Births)	9
National Neo-Natal Mortality Rate	12
Early Neo-Natal Mortality Rate (Deaths under one week	odr bott
per 1,000 Live Births)	8
National Early Neo-Natal Mortality Rate	11
Peri-Natal Mortality Rate (Still Births and Deaths under one week per 1,000 total Live and Still Births)	20
National Peri-natal Mortality Rate	23
Maternal Mortality (including abortion):	
Maternal Mortality (including Abortion):	
Number of Deaths	-
Rate per 1,000 Total Live and Still Births	_
Deaths (from all Causes)	441
Crude Death Rate per 1,000 Population	10.3
Adjusted Local Death Rate	10.5
National Deaths Rate per 1,000 Population	11.7

1965       1966       1967       1968       1969       1970         Area in acres         31,576       31,576       31,576       31,576       31,576         Population Estimated Mid-year         38,620       39,440       40,230       41,280       42,020       43,010         Density         1.22       1.25       1.28       1.31       1.33       1.37
31,576 31,576 31,576 31,576 31,576 31,576  **Population Estimated Mid-year** 38,620 39,440 40,230 41,280 42,020 43,010  **Density**
Population Estimated Mid-year 38,620 39,440 40,230 41,280 42,020 43,010  Density
38,620 39,440 40,230 41,280 42,020 43,010  Density
Density
admillagi.
1.22 1.25 1.28 1.31 1.33 1.37
Number of inhabited houses according to Rate Books
12,110 12,224 12,628 13,069 13,381 13,565
NUMBER OF HOUSES COMPLETED
Local Authority
62 77 19 116 36 33
Private
295 323 342 353 249 214
Total
357 440 361 469 285 247
Number of occupied houses owned by Local Authority
3,643 3,720 3,722 3,832 3,867 3,900
Rateable Value
£1,319,951 £1,351,290 £1,415,820 £1,475,120 £1,495,714 £1,519,129
Sum represented by Penny Rate
£5,351 £5,309 £5,689 £5,855 £5,953 £14,645
Births 757 739 780 795 800 778
Birth Rate per thousand Population 19.6 18.73 19.38 19.25 19.0 18.1
the state of the same of the s
Deaths 422 451 419 443 441 441
Deaths of infants noder one neckt
Death Rate per thousand Population 10.92 11.43 10.41 10.73 10.5 10.3
Infant Mortality Rate per thousand Live Births
15.85 13.53 19.23 18.86 14.0 9.0

### EXTRACTS FROM THE VITAL STATISTICS FOR THE YEAR 1970

Estimated Mid-year Population — 43,010

Comparability Factors — Births 1.02; Deaths 1.02

### LiveBirths:

Thegranish Live B	Male	Female	Total	Birth Rate per 1,000 Home Population
Total	392	386	778	18.1
Legitimate	372	360	732	
Illegitimate	20	26	46	

### **Still Births:**

	Male	Female	Total	Rate per 1,000 Total (Live and Still) Births
Total	6	4	10	13
Legitimate	6	4	10	
Illegitimate	KON- In	1800 DE	State Pro	

### Deaths of infants under one year of age:

Seroiria Receptua	Male	Female	Total	Infant Mortality per 1,000 Live Births
Total	4	3	7	9
Legitimate	3	3	6	
Illegitimate	208.4	(1081 <u>/13</u> us	14808489	

### Deaths of Infants under four weeks of age:

	Male	Female	Total
Total	4	3	7
Legitimate	3	88.03	6
Illegitimate	1	tra Ch	1

### Deaths of infants under one week:

	Male	Female	Total
Total	3	14.03	6
Legitimate	2	3	5
Illegitimate	1	any some per	1

### CAUSES OF DEATH

e bline	to union emittaly out to own annual control of	19	970
			Females
1.	Late effects of Respiratory Tuberculosis	1	No.
2.	Cancer of Mouth, etc	1	Increal T
3.	Cancer of Oesophagus	2	4
4.	Cancer of Stomach	8	10 1
5.	Cancer of Intestine	3	4
6	Cancer of Larynx	1	-
7.	Cancer of Lung, Bronchus	21	4
8.	Cancer of Breast	(8) (2b)	7
9.	Cancer of Uterus	branary,	3
10.	Leukaemia	30_Wa	Arthusts
11.	Other Cancers	7	15
12.	Benign and Unspecified Tumours	1	Assistance of
13.	Diabetes Mellitus	r contribution	2
14.	Anæmias	Services	I nese
15.	Chronic Rheumatic Heart Disease	3	4
16.	Hypertensive Disease	8	3
17.	Ischæmic Heart Disease	60	40
18.	Other Forms of Heart Disease	7	13
19.	Cerebro Vascular Disease	24	51
20.	Other Diseases of Circulatory System	9	12
21.	Influenza	7	7
22.	Pneumonia	18	22
23.	Bronchitis and Emphysema	21	6
24.	Asthma	rinth.	d.1 Hos
25.	Other Diseases of Respiratory System	Tourse In	1
26.	Peptic Ulcer	The Party of the P	2
27.	Intestinal Obstruction and Hernia	nne_tilac	1
28.	Other Diseases of Digestive System	H 802	3
29.	Nephritis and Nephrosis	2	la matt
30.	Other Diseases—Genito-Urinary System	01 ATE DE	3
31.	Congenital Anomalies	2 2	1 Ditropped
32.	Birth Injury, Difficult Labour, etc	2	1
33.	Other Causes of Peri-Natal Mortality	A condu	1
34.	Symptoms and Ill-Defined Conditions	1	2 3
35.	Motor Vehicle Accidents	5	
36.	All Other Accidents	4	3
	non Branco of Marior Occurral crospinst, wheen	Mari of	W. Committee
	Total (All Causes)	220	221

The total of deaths 441, was the same as in 1969. The crude death rate at 10.3 per 1,000 population was below the national rate (11.7). From the above table, it will be seen that diseases of the Heart and Circulatory System accounted for 234 deaths, compared with 235 in 1969, and Cancer in one form or another caused 82 deaths, five more than in 1969. Cancer of Lung or Bronchus caused 25 deaths (21 men, four women) compared with 16 (12 men, four women) in 1969. Pneumonia accounted for 40 deaths, and Bronchitis and Emphysema 27, mainly in elderly people. Fourteen

persons died from Influenza, again mainly in the elderly. Eight deaths were due to motor accidents, two of the victims being children, and seven people died in other accidents, one being a child.

One death, in an elderly person was due to late effects of Tuberculosis.

### GENERAL PROVISION OF HEALTH SERVICES IN THE AREA

### 1. Laboratory Facilities

This work is carried out by the Bacteriological Department, Royal Infirmary, Chester and Messrs. Ruddock and Sherratt, Public Analysts, 30, Watergate Street, Chester. The examination of samples is carried out at the Public Health Laboratory, Hoole Lane, Chester.

### 2. Ambulance Facilities

These services are under the control of the Flintshire County Council.

### 3. Clinics and Treatment Centres

Maternity and Child Welfare Clinics are established at Saltney, Broughton, Pentre, Shotton and Caergwrle.

School Clinics at Shotton, Saltney and Caergwrle.

Orthopædic Clinic at Shotton.

Chest Clinic at Queensferry.

### 4. Hospitals

Hospital, Pentrobin, Hawarden—for old people.

Catherine Gladstone Maternity Home, Mancot.

Meadowslea Hospital, Penyffordd-for old people.

The above are situated in the District, but hospitals over a much wider area are used for both infectious diseases and general cases, among these the more important are:—

Wrexham War Memorial Wrexham Mælor General Chester Royal Infirmary Clatterbridge Hospital, Wirral Chester City Hospital

Infectious diseases including all types of Poliomyelitis are dealt with at the Isolation Branch of Mælor General Hospital, Wrexham.

### PREVALENCE AND CONTROL OF INFECTIOUS DISEASES

### Diphtheria

Diphtheria/Pertussis/Tetanus Prophylactic is issued free to Medical Practitioners for the immunisation of children in the area.

All records relating to Diptheria Immunisation are forwarded by Medical Practitioners or Assistant School Medical Officers to the Department of the County Medical Officer of Health. The County Council now provides for children to be protected against Diphtheria, Tetanus and Whooping Cough by the use of combined Antigen.

### Vaccination

Vaccinations are carried out by Medical Practitioners and also by the Medical Officer of Health at the County Council Child Welfare Clinics. During the year no Smallpox contact entered the area from infected ships or aircraft.

### Cleansing and Disinfection

In all cases of Scarlet Fever and Death resulting from Tuberculosis as well as in all cases where it is considered advisable, the houses of the patients are thoroughly disinfected by the Public Health Inspector.

Facilities are available at the Isolation Hospital for the steam disinfestation of bedding, but this hospital is now under control of the Welsh Regional Hospital Board with whom co-operation is maintained.

### Infectious Disease (other than Tuberculosis) 1970

Infectious Disease	(other than I a	bereurosis)	2770	
		Measles	Dysentery	Scarlet Fever
Under 1 year		4	I STORE TO	65 years and
1 year		9		Age unimov
2 years		13	_	1
3 years	5	7	Total-	1 -1
4 years		16	_	1
5—9 years	Seven mew ms	48	tadi-nasa	et mel er
10—14 years	n-Pulmonary 7	cares Dr No	mod fone	Tuberculosi
15—24 years	one in 1968, 1	ses in 1969.	ith there ca	comp <del>os</del> es w
25 years and over		16 in 1964.	in 1915 and	in 1966, 13
Age Unknown	gine majority o	e yourse bu	Locoth-in th	C2=5,5t(l)
e satisfactory-sor		s mostly by	these days is	Trestment
	Total	99	and recover	3
		MILES DE TITLE	STREET, STREET	- DARRESSEED OFF
		o This mos	Aumitana 5	73 8 30 page
		Paratyphoid	Food	Whooping
		Paratyphoid Fever	Food Poisoning	Whooping Cough
Under 5 years	glation is carri of the parents.			
Under 5 years 5—15 years	distion is carri of the parents.			Cough
5—15 years	glation is carri of the parents.			Cough
5—15 years 15—44 years	of the parents.  Act 1991			Cough
5—15 years 15—44 years 45—64 years	the above Acts			Cough
5—15 years 15—44 years 45—64 years 65 years and over	the above Act			Cough
5—15 years 15—44 years 45—64 years	the obove Acts			Cough
5—15 years 15—44 years 45—64 years 65 years and over	the above Act			Cough
5—15 years 15—44 years 45—64 years 65 years and over	DA syndo edi Mare ede III.	Féver 1	Poisoning  1 3 -	Cough  5  1
5—15 years 15—44 years 45—64 years 65 years and over	DA syndo edi Mare ede III.	Fever 1	Poisoning  1 3 -	Cough  5  1
5—15 years 15—44 years 45—64 years 65 years and over	DA syndo edi Mare ede III.	Féver 1	Poisoning  1 3 -	Cough  5  1

The measles cases were mostly in the second and third quarters. The Paratyphoid Fever case was a child who caught the infection from a relative in Chester who did not know that he had the complaint. The Food Poisoning cases were mild ones. One was a holiday-maker returned from Italy. The Cholera case was a man who fell ill whilst on holiday in Jerba, Tunisia. He was convalescent when he came back to this country and there were no other reported cases. His family remained well.

### Tuberculosis espisaco si ni enerculosis espisación de lle en en el sisolucidad la Tuberculosis espisación de la constante de l

### **Tabulated New Cases for 1970**

Age Period	Resp. M. F.	Meninges and C.N.S. M. F.	Other M. F.	Total
1—4 years	divid busos	I Isigeoff Iso	elsis Region	V/ 1
5—14 years	der the oc	entre <del>l</del> of the l	lim book	maiam
15—24 years	(alanlaran I di	Carliner Chara To	- 1	_ 2
25—44 years	2 —	1 Mari 19830)	1 2	5
45—64 years	1001miHC	inica-are -stab	Sides I at S	1
65 years and over	2 —	ergyerle	7050 1	2
Age unknown	or_goldeny	and Paterrie		7809
Total	6 1		1 3	n
	01			A stanger

It will be seen that there were seven new cases of Pulmonary Tuberculosis and four cases of Non-Pulmonary Tuberculosis. This compares with three cases in 1969, one in 1968, two in 1967, three in 1966, 13 in 1965 and 16 in 1964.

Cases still occur in the young, but the majority of cases are adults. Treatment these days is mostly by drugs which are satisfactory for most cases and recovery is usually rapid considering the nature of the disease. The protection of children against Tuberculosis by the use of B.C.G. continues. This inoculation is carried out on school children of 13 years, on the consent of the parents. The one injection should protect the child for life.

### National Assistance Act 1948

### National Assistance (Amendment) Act 1951

One case was dealt with under the above Acts during the year. This was an aged woman who was ill, she was removed to a Home for the aged.

## COMPARATIVE FIGURES OF THE INCIDENCE OF NOTIFIABLE INFECTIOUS DISEASES FOR THE LAST TEN YEARS

1970	37	,		1	[25]	PO	66	4	OF	101	MA	4	-		'	1	1
1969	3	,	S I	201	er!	2	188	-	. "	,	RO	4	35	1	0	-	1
1968	3	, 1	100	H	py	1	178		ins	10	prop		14		es <del>t</del>	nis	Sept.
1967	2	, 1	1	1	1	1	163	9	2		d	1	ODE Sale	1		1	
1966	9	1	Silver V	led bal	N I	SI DE	253	2	3	30	in and	de	3	1		ng'	diam'r.
5961	7	1		m.J	1		145	7	13	DE J	9	les l	7	ning J so	roll	oh ld	Tie
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	23110																The
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1961 0961				9	The state of	Hall Hall	289 3	17	40	101	ore b p		isoli zip	T T	Tales Lates		Mis n 14
19		20	Or	and a	10	Sale ad	. 28	OI H	18 ·	od	yee ng	olg	em y d	lis	io)	bm	pera elp a
				-	1			J.									
		1	0.1	O.		ction	14.	1	io R	D	Y						
	T	1	1	угехіа		cal Infe		ongh	····· s	myelitis		gni		p	s	undice	
	Scarlet Fever	Diphtheria	Typhoid	Puerperal Pyrexia	Erysipelas	Meningococcal Infection	sles	Whooping Cough	Tuberculosis	Acute Poliomyelitis	Encephalitis	Food Poisoning	Dysentery	Para-Typhoid	Leptospirosis	Infective Jaundice	era
	Scar	Diph	Typl	Puer	Erys	Men	- Measles	Who	Tube	Acut	Ence	Food	Dyse	Para	Lepte	Infec	Cholera

### ANNUAL REPORT OF THE CHIEF PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR FOR THE YEAR 1970

To the Chairman and Members of the Hawarden Rural District Council
Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have the honour to present my sixth Annual Report on the Environmental Health Services for the year 1970.

I take this opportunity of offering my sincere thanks to the Chairman and Members of the Health Committee, together with Dr. D. J. Fraser, for their assistance and ready co-operation in all matters concerning the Health Department.

The following staff changes occurred during the year which disturbed for some time the cohesion and smooth running of the department and placed extra work on the remaining staff, Mr. A. E. Howgate, after five years on the staff, left to take up the appointment of Deputy Chief Public Health Inspector to the Urban District Council of Rhyl. Mr. Howgate had been a most efficient and loyal officer and he left us with best wishes for his future career. Mrs. Beryl Cooper, the Departmental Clerk/Shorthand Typist also left to take an appointment in industry. She, too, had been an efficient and loyal officer during her three years with the Department.

No replacement for Mr. Howgate was effected during the year under review and the Department was under-established in Inspectors during this period, it having been impossible to obtain a successor.

Miss Patricia Connah joined the staff as Clerk/Shorthand Typist on 14th September, 1970.

I especially wish to thank all my staff, colleagues, the Rodent Operative and employees in the Public Cleansing Service for their help and loyalty during the year.

I am.

Your obedient servant,

D. RONALD GEORGE,

Chief Public Health Inspector.

### HOUSING

I have to report that owing to shortage of staff during the year, little headway has been made in survey work in connection with General Improvement Areas called for in Part II of the Housing Act, 1969. It is earnestly hoped that this will be able to be undertaken next year.

I can however report that the programme for dealing with Individual Unfit Houses has proceeded steadily. The one Clearance Area scheduled to be included in the 1970 Programme was deferred for one year in order to ascertain the possibilities of subsequent re-development.

I believe more activity in the Housing field generally will be undertaken during 1971.

### Statistics for 1-1-70 to 31-12-70

### **Public Health Acts and Similar Acts**

		Number of Houses Repaire					
Number of No	otices Served	after Service of Notices					
Informal	Formal	Informal	Formal				
45	8	20	10				

During the year the Council concentrated on dealing with individually unfit properties and declared no Clearance Areas during the year. However, the five year programme for 1970—75 envisaged several Clearance Areas to be investigated during this period.

### Statistics for 1-1-70 to 31-12-70

No. of Closing Orders made Section 17	11	
No. of Undertakings Accepted Section 16	of Boliston	-
No. of Demolition Orders made Section 17	13	3
No. of Houses Demolished following Demolition Ord	lers 1	1
No. of Closing Orders made on part of Houses Sect	ion 18 —	-
No. of Orders Revoked	3	3

It is again necessary to highlight the difficulty in finding reliable demolition contractors to undertake the demolition of 'individual unfit' houses. These continue to be an 'eyesore' and where they abut on to the highway can be a constant source of danger.

### Summary of House Repairs and Sanitary Improvements effected, 1970 (a) Interior of Houses Rising dampness eliminated ... ... ... Penetrating dampness eliminated ... ... ... Ceilings replastered ... ... ... ... 1 1 5 (b) Exterior of Houses Leaking house roofs repaired ... ... ... 6 9 2 Chimney stacks repointed ... ... Waste water pipes repaired ... ... (c) Drainage Defective, leaking or overflowing cesspools repaired or renewed ... ... ... ... ... ... ... Drains/sewers, cleansed from obstruction ... ... 13 Drains and sewers renewed or repaired ... Water closet flushing systems repaired ... 17 Broken manhole cover ... ... 1 (d) Miscellaneous Offensive odours abated ... ... ... Leaking water storage cistern ... ! (e) Sanitary Conveniences Water closet compartment structures repaired ... 4 WATER SUPPLIES There are three Statutory Water Undertakers operating within the area of this Authority namely:— 1. The Wrexham and East Denbighshire Water Company. The Chester Waterworks Company. The Central Flintshire Water Board. Water Sampling The total number of water samples taken from the mains of the water undertakers and also from various wells and springs which supply water to properties within the district was as follows:— **Public Water Undertakers** Number reported satisfactory Number reported unsatisfactory ... ... Wells Number reported satisfactory ... ... ...

Number reported unsatisfactory ...

### CARAVAN SITES AND CONTROL OF DEVELOPMENT ACT, 1960

Number of Licensed Sites	equi s	di.no	noise	m	9
Number of Caravans permitted	ouno_	od)	d tuo b	catric	408
Number of Sites Administered by	Loca	l Aut	hority	1500 5	1
During the year 48 visits were surveys, site works, drainage, re-ins				prelin	ninary

REFUSE COLLECTION AND DISPOSAL

During the year 1,159 visits were made in connection with the collection and disposal of refuse.

A further collection vehicle namely a 12 cu. yd. Karrier dual tip with packer plate, replacing a vehicle of similar design. From April, 1970, the complete fleet consisted of:—

1 × 50 cu. yd. Karrier Musketeer.

2 × 35 cu. yd. Karrier Ramilles.

1 × 25 cu. yd. Karrier Ramilles.

1 × 20 cu. yd. Karrier Ramilles.

1 × 18 cu. yd. Karrier Dual Tip.

2 × 12 cu. yd. Karrier Dual Tip with packer plate.

1970 saw a further extension of the sack system of collection to private domestic premises in the Parishes of Sealand and West Saltney. Authority was also given during the year to complete the implementation of the new system of collecting in the Parishes of Hope, Kinnerton, Marford & Hoseley and Llanfynydd by 31st March, 1971.

Two disposal sites are available in the District, one serving the Deeside area and the other the more rural part of the District.

### **Shotton Lane Tip**

Daily control is exercised on this tip by an L.50 Weatherill shovel. During the year, yet again, all cover required for control was obtained from within the perimeter of the site by the excavation of sterile refuse tipped some 15 years ago.

In order to prolong the life of the site which it is now estimated will be completed by September, 1971, a joint scheme with Buckley Urban District Council enables approximately half of the refuse from the Deeside area to be disposed of at their tipping site near Buckley Junction Station.

### Willow Tip, Hope

Daily Control was exercised at this tip with a Weatherill L61B mechanical shovel in a manner similar to that undertaken at Shotton Lane Tip. This tip was completed in December of the year under review and in 1971 tipping will commence at the Fagl Lane site acquired for this purpose some years ago and on which site there is an abundance of covering material.

Due to the exercising of daily control, I can record that no serious tip fires occurred during 1970.

Rodent infestation on the tips was very small due to the regular baiting carried out by the Council's Rodent Operative.

There were no complaints of flies and regular spraying of the tipping areas were carried out.

### INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD

Continual routine inspections have been carried out in all food premises, including fixed and mobile shops, canteens, clubs and other licensed premises to ascertain that the food hygiene regulations are now being implemented.

The advice of the Inspectorate is constantly being sought from food traders and much has been achieved by this form of approach. It has not been found necessary to resort to compulsory enforcement.

During the year the following visits were made to the various food premises, as shown below:—

Licensed Premises and Clubs	99
Other Food Preparing Premises	20
Bakehouses and Confectioners' Shops	31
Butchers	70
Fried Fish Shops and Fishmongers	43
Grocers	118
Greengrocers	61
General Food Shops (Mixed Business)	20
Supermarkets	36
Hotel, Cafe and Canteen Kitchens	96
Ice Cream Manufacturers, Selling Points and Vans	32
Visits re Complaints of Unsound Food	156
Delivery Vehicles	34
Containers	3
order to prolong thesisional the rote which it is now estimate	nl
Total	819

Informal Notices complied with during the year — 35.

No prosecutions were taken in respect of unsound food during the year.

### **Legal Proceedings**

Legal action was taken during the year in respect of a butcher trading from a mobile shop. As this was the second prosecution (the first was in 1969), the fines imposed were more severe and totalled £16. The offending butcher does not now carry on the business.

### ICE CREAM SAMPLING

There are 177 premises registered under Section 16 of the Food and Drugs Act, 1955.

There is only one manufacturuing premises in this district, which is now operating under much improved conditions.

Number of samples taken from local producer — 6.

GRADES — ONE TWO THREE FOUR

Number of samples ... 3 3 — —

### SLAUGHTER OF ANIMALS ACT, 1958 SLAUGHTERHOUSES (HYGIENE) REGULATIONS, 1958

The slaughter of animals is regularly carried out at the two licensed premises and these seem to serve the need for slaughtering facilities in this area.

The Veterinary Officer of the Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food, after his bi-monthly inspection of the slaughterhouses again highly complimented the Council on the standard of hygiene and structure contained therein.

Regular inspections were made at each of the slaughterhouses regarding the cleanliness and repair of the premises and equipment, hygienic practices, personal hygiene and conduct in the slaughtering processes.

During the year, a renewal of a Knacker's Yard Licence was issued in respect of premises at River Lane, Saltney. Since no slaughtering facilities are available at the premises, the licence is only in respect of the flaying and dressing of carcasses of animals, the flesh of which is *not* intended for human consumption.

### SLAUGHTER OF ANIMALS ACT, 1958 SLAUGHTER OF ANIMALS (PREVENTION OF CRUELTY) REGULATIONS, 1958

These Acts and Regulations are for the purpose of preventing cruelty and ensuring that no animals shall be slaughtered in a slaughterhouse except by a person licensed by the Local Authority.

The licences of 13 slaughtermen were renewed during the year.

Regular inspections were made at each of the slaughterhouses, under the above Act and Regulations. Particular attention was paid to the provision of adequate water supplies and bedding, etc., in the lairages. Animals were not kept long enough in the lairages to require feeding as required by the Prevention of Cruelty Regulations.

### MEAT INSPECTION YEAR ENDING 31st DECEMBER, 1970

### **Carcasses Inspected and Condemned**

	Cattle excluding			Sheep	
	Cows	Cows	Calves	and Lambs	Pigs
Number killed	172	-	somen Br	1737	65
Number inspected	172	taken fi	samples	1737	65
ALL DISEASES					
EXCEPT TUBERCULOSIS					
Whole carcasses					
condemned	and blooms	-	-	The same	1000
Carcasses of which some					
part or organ					
was condemned	23	- Total		27	2
Percentage of the number					
inspected other than					
Tuberculosis	13.30%	-	1	.55% 3.	08%
TUBERCULOSIS ONLY					
Whole carcasses					
condemned	Handanii An	do Exercis	1 650 12	Door	Des
Carcasses of which some					
part or organ					
was condemned	is the stim	S <del>10</del> /4 2	no <del>lis</del> squ	golar in	550
Percentage of the number					
inspected with					
Tuberculosis	-		-	-2002	DOC-15
	The state of the s	Charles and Con-	The state of the s		

Total number of visits paid to slaughterhouses for the purpose of meat inspection was — 129.

Total weight of meat condemned during the year was — 176 lbs.

### INSPECTION OF OTHER FOOD

During the year, frequent visits were made to various retail shops and warehouses for the purpose of inspecting other foods. I feel that it is again pertinent to note that the vast majority of food condemned was due to damage sustained to foodstuffs whilst in transit and the failure to refrigerate displays and storage facilities in shops.

During the year, the following foodstuffs were examined and found to be unfit for human consumption. They were disposed of in such a manner as to prevent them being used for human consumption.

Cooked meat and n	neat	products		mals e	10.750	461 lbs.
Canned meats	00	so to obs	TRACTIC	w.zoo	10 w. n	2,754 lbs.
Other canned foods	unitru	ations, Pa	Rossil	ban to	A	11,408 lbs.
Frozen foods	20.0	dur. reter	7. mlns	molec.	0.00	2,007 lbs.
Other foods	2	icepi.lon	9			2,116 lbs.
				Tot	al	18,746 lbs.

### FOOD AND DRUGS ACT, 1955 — SAMPLING

Set out below are the particulars of the samples taken for hemical analysis under the Food and Drugs Act, 1955, by Mr. E. Lewis, County Public Health Inspector, in the Hawarden Rural District Council Area for the year ended 31st December, 1970.

Description of Articles	9			No. taken	Genuine
Milk				48	48
Dairy Produce				6	6
Ice Cream and Lollies		01000	******	5	5
Alcoholic Drinks				8	8
Sausages and Cooked Mea	ats			10	10
Cakes and Confectionery		n updo	Simar	6	6
Patent Medicines				4	4
Miscellaneous Groceries				20	20
Fruit and Vegetables				6	6
				113	113

No evidence of bovine tuberculosis was found in any farm bottled milk but brucellosis was found in the milk distributed by two

producer/retailers and by one producer.

Six samples of fertilisers were taken and variations were found in the composition of three samples due to long storage. The attention of the manufacturer was drawn to the matter. All samples examined under the Pharmacy and Poisons Act were found to be

satisfactory.

Successful legal proceedings were instituted in respect of two complaints of foreign matter in food. In one, where a bandage was found in a bread roll, the manufacturer was fined a total of £35, and in the other where a carton of yoghurt was found to be unfit, the distributors were fined a total of £27. Warning letters were sent in respect of two other complaints.

### THE OFFICES, SHOPS AND RAILWAY PREMISES ACT, 1963

I set out below for your information Tables, A, B and C extracted from the Annual Return as submitted to the Minister of Labour on 31st December, 1970.

Table 'A' Registration and Ger	neral Inspec	tion Story	No. of Registered
	No. of Premises	Total No. of Registered	Premises receiving
	Registered during	Premises at the end	a General Inspection
Class of Premises	the year	of the year	during year
Offices	1	56	21
Retail Shops	2	173	43
Wholesale Shops, Ware-			
houses	Thursday or	13	7
Catering Establishments			
open to Public, Can-			
teens	alder o	46	3
Fuel Storage Depots	Total S	2	a armania

Table 'B'—Number of visits of all kinds by Inspectors to Registered Premises—121.

### Table 'C' Analysis of Persons Employed in Registered Premises by Workplace

Class of Workplace	Number of Persons Employed
Offices	295
Retail Shops	632
Wholesale Departments, Ware- houses	104
Catering Establishments open to Public, Canteens	184
Fuel Storage Depots	Miscellaneous P Troceries
	Total 1,224

Total Number of Males—362 Total Number of Females—861

### ADMINISTRATION OF THE FACTORIES ACT, 1937/1961 FOR THE YEAR 1970

### Part I of the Act

1. Inspections relating to provisions for health made by the Public Health Inspectors during 1970.

	No. on Register	No. of Inspec- tions	No. of Written Notices	No. of Occupiers Prosecuted
(a) Factories where Section 1, 2, 3, 4 and 6 are to be enforced by the	RAMUNAS	Denta Bu	CESSIENCE	in respect of
Local Authority	36	11	da Si Tannin	Actoritoriosis
(b) Factories not included where Section 7 is to be enforced by the				
Local Authority	109	14	1	-
(c) Other premises where Section 7 is to be enforced by the Local Authority	Registereding of the year the year	mption. Them being t	ney were a seeim	to besoquid- ence name Class of Pre Offices

Cases in which Defects were found. No cases of defects due to want of cleanliness, overcrowding, unreasonable temperature, inadequate or ineffective drainage of floors were found. Two cases of defective sanitary accommodation were found, as shown in the following table.

O INSPECTIONS, RE:	No. of Cases with Defects Found
Sanitary Conveniences Section 7)	Referred to By Prose- Found Remedied H.M.I. H.M.I. cuted
(a) Insufficient	Naise Abatement Act 1960
(b) Unsuitable or	
Defective	Carayan Sites and Control of Develope Cent
(c) Not separate	
for sexes	Clean Air Acts, 1956/68 - 1
Total Defects un-	The Offices, Shops and Railway Premises A
der Part 1 of the Act	2 21961 sinomia
els the Act	Foodrand Drugs Act, 1955
Part VIII of the Act, O	utworkers (Sections 110 and 111)
Section 110	Civic Amenities Acts 1967
Nature of Works-Wea	ring Apparel: Making, etc.
	August List as required by Section Nil
No. of Cases of Default	t in sending Lists to Council Nil
No. of Prosecutions for	failing to supply lists Nil
PRINCIPAL TO THE PRINCI	Section 111 (Unwholesome premises) were

### RODENT CONTROL TREATMENT

The Council's Rodent Control Service is provided free of charge.

As a result of survey and notification by occupiers of infested premises extermination of rodents has been carried out at dwelling houses, factories, food premises, refuse tips, etc.

Details relating to the work carried out during the year, are set out below:—

	Type of Pro	perty
	Non-Agricultural	Agricultural
Property in District Total number of properties (including nearby premises) inspected follow-	15,520	497
ing notification	373	15
Number infested by:—		
(a) Rats (b) Mice	215 55	12
Total number of properties inspected for rats and/or mice for reasons other than notification	912	1,374
Number infested by:—		
(a) Rats	69	78
(b) Mice	21	16

### GENERAL SUMMARY OF VISITS AND INSPECTIONS, RE: Public Health Acts, 1936/69 ... ... ... 85 Noise Abatement Act, 1960 ... 37 Housing Acts, 1957/69 520 ... Caravan Sites and Control of Development Act, 1960 .... 48 Animal Boarding Establishments Act. 1963 ... 8 Clean Air Acts, 1956/68 54 The Offices, Shops and Railway Premises Act, 1963 152 Factories Act, 1961 ... ... 25 Food and Drugs Act, 1955 ... 819 Man wa Slaughter of Animals Act, 1958 197 Civic Amenities Act, 1967 139 Prevention of Damage by Pests Act, 1949 (excluding visits by Rodent Operative) ... ... ... 610 Water Supply ... ... ... ... ... 54 Visits in connection with Paper Sack Implementation ... 47 Miscellaneous Visits and Re-inspections ... ... 1.314 Total Number of Visits ... 4,877

### SEWAGE TREATMENT

Estimated

Capacity

			Reconstructed	ed of Works	Present	Discharges
		Con-	or		Flow to Works	2
Works	District Served	structed	Enlarged	(Galls.)	(G.P.D.)	
Oueensferry	Aston, Ewloe, Hawarden, Mancot,					
	Queensterry, Sandycroft, Sealand, Shotton and part of Buckley U.D.	1905	1956	1,147,000	992,100	River Dee via Brook
Saltney	Bretton, Broughton, Mainwaring,	11611	1939	To Chester		Chester
	Mold Junction and Salmey		1661	10 Chester		Works
Hope	Hope Village, Caergwrle and					
2:	Abermorddu	1930	1962	85,800	64,000	River Alyn
Kinnerton	Kinnerton Village	1961	1961	17,000	21,300	Stream
Caer Estyn	Caer Estyn	1957	1	5,550	4,500	Stream
Penyffordd	Penyffordd and Penymynydd	1924	1936	30,000	162,600	Stream
			1968	170,000		
Dobshill	Dobshill	1956	100	2,000	4,500	Stream
Cymman	Cymmau	1938	1	000'9		R. Cegidog
Ffrith	Ffrith	1948	7,000	10,000	7,175	R. Cegidog
Treuddyn	Treuddyn Village	1922	1939	14,840		Stream
Llanfynydd	Llanfynydd Village	1963	1180 184-C	2,875	2,475	R. Cegidog

Sewage from Marford and Hoseley Parish and from part of Cefn-y-Bedd is treated in the Wrexham R.D. area. Sewage from Pontybodkin and Coed Talon is treated at the Leeswood works of Holywell R.D.C. Sewage from East Saltney is treated at the Bumper's Lane works of Chester City Council.

# DETAILS OF WATER SUPPLY IN THE AREA

Hawarden	20,588 9,025	9,025	Central Flintshire Water Board Chester Waterworks Co. Wreyham & F. Denhigh Water Co.	6,039 554 31	- 1	7	6674
Hope	6,279 4,769	4,769	Wrexham & E. Denbigh Water Co.	2,050	5	ontrol on Ra	2,055
Higher Kinnerton	878	878 1,825	Wrexham & E. Denbigh Water Co.	274	3	OF STATES	278
A and Hoseley	1,166	650	Wrexham & E. Denbigh Water Co.	391	00+28 Act	A SECTION OF	391
West Saltney	3,576	885	Central Flintshire Water Board	1,360	1	opn L/I	1,360
East Saltney	4,400	4,400 1,183	Chester Waterworks Co.	1,486	Logicherter	len ops	1,486
Sealand	3,252	4.951	Central Flintshire Water Board Chester Waterworks Co.	747	To Charles	ADI	1,055
Treuddyn	1,314	1,314 3,614	Wrexham & E. Denbigh Water Co.	442	18	4	464
Llanfynydd	1,557	1,557 4,674	Wrexham & E. Denbigh Water Co.	498	34	-	533
o de porto	43.010 31.576	31.576	TOTAL	14.180	82	~	14246

\* Population (Estimated Mid-Year) — 43,010

