

**[Report 1955] / Medical Officer of Health, Blaenavon U.D.C.**

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Blaenavon (Wales). Urban District Council.

**Publication/Creation**

1955

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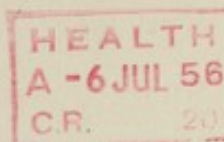
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BLAENAVON URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL.

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PUBLIC HEALTH REPORT

for the year 1955.

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F. J. Hallinan,  
M.B.E.(Mil.), M.B., B.CH., D.P.H.,  
Area Medical Officer,  
No.7,Area, Monmouthshire.

District Medical Officer,  
Blaenavon Urban District.

Council Offices,  
Lion Street,  
Blaenavon, Mon.

April, 1956.

BLAENAVON URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL.

Statistical Summary, 1955.

Area of district.	4,613 acres
Rateable Value (1.4.'55).	£33,674.
Estimated net product of ld. rate (1954-55).	£121.9.5.53d.
Number of inhabited houses (1955).	2,849
Number of Council-owned houses (31.12.'55).	418
Number of Council houses built during 1955.	Nil.
Population (estimated mid 1955).	9,490
Average number of persons per house.	3.3
Census population 1951 - (4,976 males and 4,803 females)	9,779
Census population 1931 - (5,847 males and 5,229 females)	11,076
Number of live births.	104
Birth rate per 1,000 population.	10.9
Number of illegitimate births.	1
Number of stillbirths.	3
Stillbirth rate per 1,000 population.	.32
Number of deaths.	159
Crude death rate (i.e. deaths per 1,000 population).	16.8
Number of infant deaths (i.e. deaths under 1 year of age).	6
Infant mortality rate.	57.7
Number of maternal deaths.	Nil.
Deaths from pulmonary tuberculosis.	Nil.
Death rate per 1,000 population from pulmonary tuberculosis.	Nil.
Deaths from cancer of the lungs and bronchi.	4
Death rate per 1,000 population from cancer of lungs and bronchi.	.42
Death rate per 1,000 population from cancer (all forms).	1.9
Percentage of total deaths for 1955 due to cancer of lungs and bronchi.	2.5%
Percentage of total deaths for 1955 due to pulmonary tuberculosis.	Nil.

<u>Year</u>	<u>Births</u>	<u>Deaths</u>
1946	169	122
1947	202	156
1948	173	116
1949	155	137
1950	150	144
1951	123	125
1952	129	137
1953	137	129
1954	105	112
1955	104	159

BLAENAVON URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL.

Chairman:- Councillor D. W. Walker, J.P.  
Vice-Chairman:- Councillor C. G. Parker.

Central Ward Councillors

Councillor Miss A.M. Lewis, J.P.  
R. A. Watkins.  
D. W. Puddle.  
H. T. Wathen.  
C. G. Parker.  
W. H. Parry.

East Ward Councillors.

Councillor D.W. Walker, J.P.  
W. H. Taylor.  
S. Banks.  
C. Evans.  
A. Penhelog.  
W. H. Arnold.

West Ward Councillors.

Councillor R. J. Morris, B.A.  
E. J. Davies, B.A.  
A. J. Bowen.  
R. H. Jenkins.  
J. E. Howells.  
Ll. Price.

The Ordinary meeting is held on the last Wednesday in the month at 6. p.m.

The Housing Committee meet on the first Wednesday in the month.

The General Purposes Committee meet on the second Wednesday in the month.

The Officers' reports are taken at the monthly Council Meeting.

Officers of the Council:-

Clerk of the Council and  
Chief Financial Officer.

I. G. Gwyn Thomas, F.C.I.S.,  
F.A.C.C.A.

Deputy Clerk of the Council.

T. A. George, A.C.I.S.

Surveyor & Waterworks Engineer.

G. C. E. Thomas, J.P.

Medical Officer of Health.

F. J. Hallinan, M.B.E.(Mil.),  
M.B., B.Ch., D.P.H.

Sanitary Inspector.

D. H. Cowles, M.R.San.I.



MEMORANDUM FOR THE RECORD

Subject: Board of Directors  
Date: March 1, 1954

Board of Directors

At a meeting of the Board of Directors held on March 1, 1954, at the City Hotel, New York City, the following resolutions were adopted:

Resolutions

Resolved, that the Board of Directors authorize the President to execute all necessary documents and contracts in connection with the proposed acquisition of the assets of the Company.

Minutes of the Meeting

The meeting was called to order by the President at 10:00 A.M. The minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved. The President reported on the progress of the acquisition of the assets of the Company.

The Board of Directors discussed the proposed acquisition of the assets of the Company and the financial statement of the Company. The Board of Directors approved the financial statement of the Company for the year ended December 31, 1953.

Adjournment

The meeting adjourned at 11:00 A.M. The Board of Directors will meet again on March 15, 1954, at the City Hotel, New York City.

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH  
TO THE  
URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL OF BLAENAVON  
FOR THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31ST, 1955.

To the Chairman & Members of the  
Blaenavon Urban District Council.

Mr. Chairman, Miss Lewis & Gentlemen,

I have pleasure in presenting to you the Annual Report on the state of the public health of the district for the year 1955. This report is submitted in accordance with the Sanitary Officers (Outside London) Regulations, 1935 and 1951, and as laid down in circular 17/55 (Wales) dated 23rd November, 1955, of the Welsh Board of Health.

General Comment.

The year 1955 has been an uneventful one from the aspect of the occurrence of notifiable diseases in the district apart from the notification of one case of poliomyelitis which, fortunately, was of the non-paralytic variety and the affected child made a full recovery.

For the sixth successive year there was no notification of diphtheria which is evidence of the continued success of prophylactic anti-diphtheria immunisation.

It is also notable that this is the second successive year in which the district has been free from a death attributable to tuberculosis and is evidence of the success of anti-biotic drugs coupled with modern chest surgery in the treatment of this once dreaded disease.

The population of the district continued to drop and follow the trend of recent years, when live births failed to outnumber the yearly deaths by an appreciable margin. The deaths for 1955 are the highest since 1947 and from table V it will be observed that 64% of the total deaths for the year occurred in persons who had attained the age of 65 years. It will also be noted that 35% of the total deaths were in persons who had attained the age of 75 years.

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

IN THE

TOWN OF BOSTON, DISTRICT OF BOSTON

FOR THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31ST, 1907.

To the Board of Health and Members of the  
Selectmen of Boston District Council,  
Mr. Chairman, Messrs. Board of Health,

I have pleasure in presenting to you the Annual Report on  
the state of the public health of the District for the year 1907.  
This report is submitted in accordance with the Sanitary Officer's  
(Statute Book) Regulations, 1907 and 1908, and as laid down in  
Regulation 1707 (which) dated 1st November, 1907, of the Public Health  
Act, 1907.

General Summary.

The year 1907 has been an eventful one from the point of view  
of the public health. It has been marked by the outbreak of the  
epidemic of scarlet fever which, fortunately, was of  
the non-fatal variety and the epidemic of diphtheria which was a full recovery.

The first epidemic of scarlet fever was of a mild character and  
the second was of a more severe character. The epidemic of diphtheria  
was of a mild character and the epidemic of scarlet fever was of a full recovery.

It is a pleasure to state that in the district there was no  
epidemic of scarlet fever. The epidemic of scarlet fever was of a mild character  
and the epidemic of diphtheria was of a full recovery.

The epidemic of the district was of a mild character and the epidemic of  
scarlet fever was of a full recovery. The epidemic of diphtheria was of a mild character  
and the epidemic of scarlet fever was of a full recovery.

### GENERAL STATISTICS AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS.

The Registrar General's estimate of the population at mid 1955 was 9,490.

1921 Census	population	-	12,469	(6,594 males and 5,875 females)
1931 Census	population	-	11,076	(5,847 males and 5,229 females)
1951 Census	population	-	9,779	(4,976 males and 4,803 females)

#### Elevations above sea level.

St. Peter's Church	1,035 feet.
No. 4 Reservoir	1,319 feet.
Penffordgoch	1,573 feet.

#### Estimated populations - mid 1955 - adjacent Urban Districts.

Abergavenny M.B.	8,970	Abercarn U.D.	18,490	Abertillery U.D.	26,870
Bedwellty U.D.	28,120	Cwmbran U.D.	17,100	Ebbw Vale U.D.	28,420
Monmouth M.B.	5,720	Tredegar U.D.	20,150	Pontypool U.D.	41,660

The Blaenavon Urban District is located at the head of the Eastern Valley of Monmouthshire and is moderately well catered for by road and rail transport.

#### Rainfall.

The district's rainfall was recorded at No.2 Reservoir and supplied by the Council's Surveyor, Mr. G. C. E. Thomas, J.P.

January	6.38 ins.	July	0.63 ins.
February	4.10 "	August	1.36 "
March	3.83 "	September	2.04 "
April	1.39 "	October	3.30 "
May	7.36 "	November	7.70 "
June	6.03 "	December	8.87 "

Total 52.99 inches.

The district's rainfall during the past 10 years was as follows:-

1946	67.78 ins.	1951	67.28 ins.
1947	47.74 "	1952	54.69 "
1948	61.72 "	1953	47.21 "
1949	50.90 "	1954	65.18 "
1950	56.89 "	1955	52.99 "



# GENERAL STATISTICS AND ANALYSIS

The following summary is based on the population of 1950

1950 and 1951

1950 Census population - 11,775 (10,775 males and 1,000 females)  
 1951 Census population - 11,775 (10,775 males and 1,000 females)  
 1952 Census population - 11,775 (10,775 males and 1,000 females)

## Population growth and loss

1950 Census	11,775
1951 Census	11,775
1952 Census	11,775

## Estimated population - 1950 and 1951 - average 11,775

Estimated population	11,775
Estimated population	11,775
Estimated population	11,775

The following table is based on the population of 1950 and 1951. The population of 1950 is based on the population of 1950 and 1951. The population of 1951 is based on the population of 1950 and 1951.

## Summary

The following table is based on the population of 1950 and 1951. The population of 1950 is based on the population of 1950 and 1951. The population of 1951 is based on the population of 1950 and 1951.

1950 Census	11,775
1951 Census	11,775
1952 Census	11,775
1953 Census	11,775
1954 Census	11,775
1955 Census	11,775
1956 Census	11,775
1957 Census	11,775
1958 Census	11,775
1959 Census	11,775
1960 Census	11,775

Total 11,775

The following table is based on the population of 1950 and 1951. The population of 1950 is based on the population of 1950 and 1951. The population of 1951 is based on the population of 1950 and 1951.

1950 Census	11,775
1951 Census	11,775
1952 Census	11,775
1953 Census	11,775
1954 Census	11,775
1955 Census	11,775
1956 Census	11,775
1957 Census	11,775
1958 Census	11,775
1959 Census	11,775
1960 Census	11,775

# VITAL STATISTICS.

Table I Showing the yearly number of live births, estimated mid-year population and birth rate per 1,000 population for this district since 1947.

	1955	1954	1953	1952	1951	1950	1949	1948	1947
Number of live births	104	105	137	129	123	150	155	173	202
Estimated mid-year population.	9,490	9,580	9,589	9,628	9,719	9,981	9,975	9,922	9,764
Birth rate per 1,000 population.	10.9	10.9	14.3	13.4	12.7	15.0	15.5	17.4	20.6

The live births allocated to the district for the year numbered 104 and were comprised of 52 males and 52 females. There was one (female) illegitimate birth included in this total.

The live births for the year again failed to replace deaths and the deficiency increased to 55.

The stillbirths for the year numbered 3 (2 males and 1 female) and all were legitimate. The stillbirth rate per 1,000 population for the district was 0.32 as compared with a County rate of 0.51.

The birth rate per 1,000 population for the district was 10.9 and was exactly the same as for 1954. This birth rate is very low compared with the County rate of 15.3 and a rate of 15.0 for England and Wales.

If a comparison is to be made between the local rate and that for England and Wales the local rate should be multiplied by the comparability factor furnished by the Registrar General, which is 1.06.

# ITALY

Table 1. Showing the growth of the population of Italy, estimated mid-year population and birth rate per 1,000 population for the district since 1901.

Year	1901	1911	1921	1931	1941	1951	1961	1971	1981	1991	2001	2011
Population	1,000,000	1,200,000	1,400,000	1,600,000	1,800,000	2,000,000	2,200,000	2,400,000	2,600,000	2,800,000	3,000,000	3,200,000
Birth rate	15.0	14.5	14.0	13.5	13.0	12.5	12.0	11.5	11.0	10.5	10.0	9.5

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Table II Showing the births registered in and allocated to this district for 1955, according to sex, month and quarter of occurrence, together with the inward transferable births.

Month	Males	Females	Total	Quarterly births.
January	1	2	3)	8
February	1	3	4)	
March	1	-	1)	
April	-	-	-)	5
May	-	2	2)	
June	1	2	3)	
July	2	3	5)	15
August	2	3	5)	
September	3	2	5)	
October	2	1	3)	7
November	2	1	3)	
December	-	1	1)	
Totals	15	20	35	35
Inward transferable births	37	32	69	
Grand totals for the year 1955	52	52	104	

Comparative birth rates - 1955.

Blaenavon Urban District -	10.9
Monmouthshire Administrative County -	15.3
England and Wales -	15.0



Table 11 shows the types registered in the district in 1911. The total number of types registered in the district in 1911 was 1,000. The number of types registered in the district in 1911 was 1,000. The number of types registered in the district in 1911 was 1,000.

Month	Types	Total	Percentage
January	100	100	10
February	100	100	10
March	100	100	10
April	100	100	10
May	100	100	10
June	100	100	10
July	100	100	10
August	100	100	10
September	100	100	10
October	100	100	10
November	100	100	10
December	100	100	10
Total	1,000	1,000	100
Grand Total	1,000	1,000	100

Types registered in the district in 1911. The number of types registered in the district in 1911 was 1,000. The number of types registered in the district in 1911 was 1,000. The number of types registered in the district in 1911 was 1,000.

### DEATHS.

Table III. Showing the yearly number of deaths, estimated mid-year populations, and the death rate per 1,000 population for the district since 1947.

	1955	1954	1953	1952	1951	1950	1949	1948	1947
Number of deaths	159	112	129	137	125	144	139	116	156
Estimated mid-year population.	9,490	9,580	9,589	9,628	9,719	9,981	9,975	9,922	9,764
Death rate per 1,000 population	16.8	11.7	13.5	14.2	12.9	14.4	13.7	11.7	15.8

The deaths allocated to the district for the year numbered 159 and were made up of 94 males and 65 females. This figure shows an increase of 47 over last year's figure which was the lowest for some years. A comparable high figure was last recorded in 1947. The increase for 1955 is attributable to the large number of elderly people who died during the year.

Table VI shows how these deaths were allocated to the various causes.

There were no deaths allocated to maternal causes (pregnancy, childbirth, abortion) during the year. The County maternal mortality rate per 1,000 total births (live and still) was 0.98 for the year.

For the second consecutive year no deaths resulted from tuberculosis.

Diseases of the heart and blood vessel claimed 84 deaths (42 males and 42 females) or 52.8% of the total deaths.

All forms of cancer claimed 18 deaths (10 males and 8 females) or 11.3% of the total deaths.

Motor vehicle accidents claimed one male death and all other accidents claimed 7 deaths (5 males and 2 females).

A comparison can be made between the local death rate and that for England and Wales if the local rate is multiplied by the comparability factor of 1.05 supplied by the Registrar General.

# TABLE

Table 27. Showing the yearly number of deaths, estimated mid-year population, and the death rate per 1,000 population for the district 1901-1951.

Year	1901	1911	1921	1931	1941	1951	Estimated mid-year population	Deaths	Death rate per 1,000 population
1901	102	112	125	130	141	152	1,400,000	1,400	10.0
1911	105	115	128	133	144	155	1,450,000	1,450	10.0
1921	108	118	131	136	147	158	1,500,000	1,500	10.0
1931	110	120	134	139	150	161	1,550,000	1,550	10.0
1941	112	122	136	141	152	163	1,600,000	1,600	10.0
1951	115	125	139	144	155	166	1,650,000	1,650	10.0

The figures shown in the table for the years 1901 to 1951 were obtained from the Registrar-General's Office, London. The figures for the years 1901 to 1951 were obtained from the Registrar-General's Office, London. The figures for the years 1901 to 1951 were obtained from the Registrar-General's Office, London.

These figures show that the death rate per 1,000 population has remained fairly constant throughout the period 1901 to 1951.

There was no marked change in the death rate per 1,000 population during the period 1901 to 1951. The death rate per 1,000 population was 10.0 in 1901 and 10.0 in 1951.

The following table shows the death rate per 1,000 population for the district 1901-1951.

Showing the death rate per 1,000 population for the district 1901-1951.

The following table shows the death rate per 1,000 population for the district 1901-1951.

These figures show that the death rate per 1,000 population has remained fairly constant throughout the period 1901 to 1951.

A comparison of the death rate per 1,000 population for the district 1901-1951 with the death rate per 1,000 population for the district 1901-1951 shows that the death rate per 1,000 population has remained fairly constant throughout the period 1901 to 1951.

Table II Showing the deaths registered in and allocated to this district for 1955, according to sex, month and quarter of occurrence, together with the inward transferable deaths.

Month	Males	Females	Total	Quarterly Deaths
January	6	3	9)	42
February	8	9	17)	
March	7	9	16)	
April	7	8	15)	
May	10	4	14)	37
June	4	4	8)	
July	5	6	11)	
August	5	1	6)	25
September	5	3	8)	
October	6	3	9)	
November	1	3	4)	22
December	7	2	9)	
Totals	71	55	126	126
Inward transferable deaths	23	10	33	
Grand total for 1955	94	65	159	

Comparative death rates - 1955.

Blaenavon Urban District -	16.8
Monmouthshire Administrative County -	12.4
England and Wales -	11.7



Table 11 showing the dollar equivalent in and assigned to this district for 1955, according to sex, month and quarter of observation, together with the district's percentage of total.

Month	Male	Female	Total	Percentage of Total
January	4	1	5	0.1
February	4	2	6	0.1
March	3	2	5	0.1
April	3	2	5	0.1
May	2	1	3	0.05
June	4	2	6	0.1
July	3	2	5	0.1
August	3	1	4	0.08
September	3	2	5	0.1
October	3	1	4	0.08
November	3	2	5	0.1
December	3	2	5	0.1
Total	32	18	50	100
11 years (1944-1954)	32	18	50	100
Grand Total	64	36	100	100

#### Percentage of total for 1955

Percentage of total for 1955 - 10.0%  
 Percentage of total for 1955 - 10.0%  
 Percentage of total for 1955 - 10.0%

Table V Showing the deaths registered in and allocated to this district for 1955 by quin quennial age groups and by sex.

Age last birthday	Males	Females	Totals
0 - 4	5	1	6
5 - 9	1	-	1
10 - 14	-	-	-
15 - 19	-	1	1
20 - 24	2	-	2
25 - 29	-	-	-
30 - 34	-	-	-
35 - 39	1	1	2
40 - 44	2	1	3
45 - 49	2	4	6
50 - 54	5	1	6
55 - 59	8	4	12
60 - 64	14	4	18
65 - 69	10	10	20
70 - 74	14	12	26
75 - 79	13	13	26
80 - 84	11	7	18
85 - 89	6	5	11
90 - 94	-	-	-
95 +	-	1	1
All ages	94	65	159

The above table shows that 64% of the total deaths occurred in persons who had reached the age of 65 years and 35% had attained the age of 75 years and over.

Table 1. Number of young reported in each age class of the 1955-56 season. The total number of young reported is 1,000.

Age Class	Number	Percentage	Total
0 - 1	1	0.1	1
1 - 2	1	0.1	1
2 - 3	1	0.1	1
3 - 4	1	0.1	1
4 - 5	1	0.1	1
5 - 6	1	0.1	1
6 - 7	1	0.1	1
7 - 8	1	0.1	1
8 - 9	1	0.1	1
9 - 10	1	0.1	1
10 - 11	1	0.1	1
11 - 12	1	0.1	1
12 - 13	1	0.1	1
13 - 14	1	0.1	1
14 - 15	1	0.1	1
15 - 16	1	0.1	1
16 - 17	1	0.1	1
17 - 18	1	0.1	1
18 - 19	1	0.1	1
19 - 20	1	0.1	1
20 - 21	1	0.1	1
21 - 22	1	0.1	1
22 - 23	1	0.1	1
23 - 24	1	0.1	1
24 - 25	1	0.1	1
25 - 26	1	0.1	1
26 - 27	1	0.1	1
27 - 28	1	0.1	1
28 - 29	1	0.1	1
29 - 30	1	0.1	1
30 - 31	1	0.1	1
31 - 32	1	0.1	1
32 - 33	1	0.1	1
33 - 34	1	0.1	1
34 - 35	1	0.1	1
35 - 36	1	0.1	1
36 - 37	1	0.1	1
37 - 38	1	0.1	1
38 - 39	1	0.1	1
39 - 40	1	0.1	1
40 - 41	1	0.1	1
41 - 42	1	0.1	1
42 - 43	1	0.1	1
43 - 44	1	0.1	1
44 - 45	1	0.1	1
45 - 46	1	0.1	1
46 - 47	1	0.1	1
47 - 48	1	0.1	1
48 - 49	1	0.1	1
49 - 50	1	0.1	1
50 - 51	1	0.1	1
51 - 52	1	0.1	1
52 - 53	1	0.1	1
53 - 54	1	0.1	1
54 - 55	1	0.1	1
55 - 56	1	0.1	1
56 - 57	1	0.1	1
57 - 58	1	0.1	1
58 - 59	1	0.1	1
59 - 60	1	0.1	1
60 - 61	1	0.1	1
61 - 62	1	0.1	1
62 - 63	1	0.1	1
63 - 64	1	0.1	1
64 - 65	1	0.1	1
65 - 66	1	0.1	1
66 - 67	1	0.1	1
67 - 68	1	0.1	1
68 - 69	1	0.1	1
69 - 70	1	0.1	1
70 - 71	1	0.1	1
71 - 72	1	0.1	1
72 - 73	1	0.1	1
73 - 74	1	0.1	1
74 - 75	1	0.1	1
75 - 76	1	0.1	1
76 - 77	1	0.1	1
77 - 78	1	0.1	1
78 - 79	1	0.1	1
79 - 80	1	0.1	1
80 - 81	1	0.1	1
81 - 82	1	0.1	1
82 - 83	1	0.1	1
83 - 84	1	0.1	1
84 - 85	1	0.1	1
85 - 86	1	0.1	1
86 - 87	1	0.1	1
87 - 88	1	0.1	1
88 - 89	1	0.1	1
89 - 90	1	0.1	1
90 - 91	1	0.1	1
91 - 92	1	0.1	1
92 - 93	1	0.1	1
93 - 94	1	0.1	1
94 - 95	1	0.1	1
95 - 96	1	0.1	1
96 - 97	1	0.1	1
97 - 98	1	0.1	1
98 - 99	1	0.1	1
99 - 100	1	0.1	1
Total	1000	100	1000

The above table shows the number of young reported in each age class of the 1955-56 season. The total number of young reported is 1,000. The age of the young is determined by the number of years since they were first reported.

Table VI Showing the deaths from all causes, infant deaths, births and stillbirths allocated to this district for 1955.

Causes of death	Male	Female
1. Tuberculosis, respiratory.	-	-
2. Tuberculosis, other.	-	-
3. Syphilitic disease.	-	-
4. Diphtheria.	-	-
5. Whooping Cough.	-	-
6. Meningococcal infection.	-	-
7. Acute poliomyelitis.	-	-
8. Measles.	-	-
9. Other infectious and parasitic diseases.	-	-
10. Malignant neoplasm, stomach	1	-
11. Malignant neoplasm, lung and bronchus.	4	-
12. Malignant neoplasm, breast.	-	2
13. Malignant neoplasm, uterus.	-	-
14. Other malignant and lymphatic neoplasms	5	6
15. Leukaemia and aleukaemia.	-	-
16. Diabetes.	-	1
17. Vascular lesions of the nervous system.	10	10
18. Coronary diseases, angina.	7	2
19. Hypertension with heart disease.	-	1
20. Other heart disease.	20	25
21. Other circulatory disease.	5	4
22. Influenza.	-	-
23. Pneumonia.	1	2
24. Bronchitis.	14	2
25. Other diseases of the respiratory system.	6	-
26. Ulcer of stomach and duodenum.	3	-
27. Gastritis, enteritis and diarrhoea.	-	-
28. Nephritis and nephrosis.	3	1
29. Hyperplasia of prostate.	3	-
30. Pregnancy, childbirth, abortion.	-	-
31. Congenital malformations.	2	-
32. Other defined and ill-defined diseases.	4	7
33. Motor vehicle accidents.	1	-
34. All other accidents.	5	2
35. Suicide.	-	-
36. Homicide and operations of war.	-	-
Total all causes.	94	65
Deaths in infants under 1 year of age:-	5	1
Legitimate	5	1
Illegitimate	-	-
Total births:-	52	52
Legitimate	52	51
Illegitimate	-	1
Stillbirths:-	2	1
Legitimate	2	1
Illegitimate	-	-

Estimated population mid 1955 = 9,490.

Comparability factors:-

Births

1.06

Deaths

1.05



Table VI Showing the Deaths from All Causes, Infant Deaths, Deaths of  
 Children under 15 Years of Age, and Deaths of Adults, for 1922

Year	Deaths	Cause of Death
-	-	1. Tuberculosis, respiratory.
-	-	2. Tuberculosis, other.
-	-	3. Syphilis, diseases.
-	-	4. Leprosy.
-	-	5. Venereal diseases.
-	-	6. Gonorrhea, infection.
-	-	7. Acute poliomyelitis.
-	-	8. Measles.
-	-	9. Other infectious and parasitic diseases.
-	1	10. Malignant neoplasms, stomach.
-	4	11. Malignant neoplasms, liver and pancreas.
-	-	12. Malignant neoplasms, breast.
-	-	13. Malignant neoplasms, uterus.
-	2	14. Other malignant and dysplastic neoplasms.
-	-	15. Leukemia and aplasia.
1	-	16. Diabetes.
10	10	17. Vascular diseases of the nervous system.
8	7	18. Cerebral diseases, general.
1	-	19. Cerebral diseases, focal.
22	20	20. Other nervous diseases.
4	3	21. Other circulatory diseases.
-	-	22. Intestine.
-	1	23. Peritonitis.
2	1	24. Appendicitis.
-	1	25. Other diseases of the respiratory system.
-	2	26. Other of stomach and duodenum.
-	2	27. Gastritis, enteritis and duodenitis.
1	2	28. Nephritis and nephrosis.
-	2	29. Hypertension of systemic.
-	-	30. Hypertension, cerebral, etc., apoplexy.
-	2	31. Rheumatic affections.
7	4	32. Other diseases and ill-defined diseases.
-	2	33. Other venereal diseases.
2	2	34. All other diseases.
-	-	35. Suicide.
-	-	36. Homicide and operation of car.
62	62	Total all causes.
1	2	Deaths in infants under 1 year of age.
1	2	Legionnaires.
-	-	Illnesses.
22	22	Total deaths.
22	22	Legionnaires.
1	-	Illnesses.
1	2	Deaths.
1	2	Legionnaires.
-	-	Illnesses.

Estimated population and 1922 = 2,400.

Geographical Information

Deaths

Deaths

1.04

Table VII Showing the number of inquests during 1955 on persons belonging to this district and the circumstances of these deaths.

Circumstances of death	Male	Female	Total
Cancer of the kidney	1	-	1
Burns received in the house - accidental	-	1	1
Pulmonary oedema following intestinal resection	1	-	1
Mining accident - underground.	2	-	2
Chronic bronchitis and pneumonia	1	-	1
Pneumoconiosis	4	-	4
Chronic bronchitis and emphysema	2	-	2
Coal gas poisoning - accidental	1	-	1
Coronary thrombosis	3	-	3
Late results of mining accident.	1	-	1
Accidental fall while in chronic sick hospital	-	1	1
Cardiac failure	1	1	2
Found drowned	1	-	1
Uraemia	1	-	1
Aortic stenosis	1	-	1
Road accident - motor cyclist	1	-	1
All causes	21	3	24

The fatal road accident was that of a motor-cyclist aged 21 years.

The three mining accidents involved males aged 46 years, 57 years and 64 years.

The four deaths allocated to pneumoconiosis occurred in males aged 42 years, 66 years, 70 years and 73 years.





### Infant Mortality.

Table VIII Showing the number of infant deaths, live births, etc., since 1947 in this district.

	1955	1954	1953	1952	1951	1950	1949	1948	1947
No. of deaths in infants under 1 yr.	6	7	5	3	6	2	8	8	7
No. of live births	104	105	137	129	123	150	155	173	202
Infant mortality rate.	57.7	66.6	36.5	23.3	48.8	13.3	51.6	46.2	34.6

Of the above six infant deaths three occurred in hospital and three at home. Three of these deaths occurred in the first week of life and were due to conditions which are not preventable. The figure of six infant deaths for the year is no higher than the average figure for the eight previous years.

Table IX. Showing the infant deaths assigned to this district for 1955 by cause and in age groups.

Cause of death	under 1 week.	1 - 2 weeks	2 - 3 weeks	3 - 4 weeks	Total under 1 month	1 - 3 months	3 - 6 months	6 - 9 months	9 - 12 months	Total deaths under 1 year
Asphyxia neonatorum	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1
Broncho-pneumonia	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1
Anencephaly & meningocele	1	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	1
Acute bronchitis	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1
Prematurity	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	1
Congenital atresia of larynx	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1
All causes	3	-	1	-	4	1	1	-	-	6

Table X. Showing the infant mortality rate for England and Wales, etc., for 1955, 1954, 1953, 1952, 1951.

Year	England & Wales	Administrative County of Monmouthshire	Blaenavon
1951	29.6	43.1	48.8
1952	27.6	33.9	23.3
1953	26.8	32.6	36.5
1954	25.6	39.7	66.6
1955	24.9	33.9	57.7



# Infant Mortality

This will show the number of infant deaths, live births, etc. since 1957 in this district.

Year	1957	1958	1959	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967
Number of deaths in	6	7	5	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	0
Number live births	104	103	102	101	100	99	98	97	96	95	94
Infant mortality rate	57.7	67.0	49.0	59.4	50.0	40.4	30.6	20.6	10.4	0.0	0.0

Of the above six infant deaths three occurred in hospital and three at home. Three of these deaths occurred in the first week of life and were due to conditions which are not preventable. The figures of six infant deaths for the year is no higher than the average figure for the eight previous years.

Table IX showing the infant deaths assigned to this district for 1955 by cause and in age groups.

Causes of death	0-1	1-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60-64	65-69	70-74	75-79	80-84	85-89	90-94	95-99	100+
Septicemia	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Respiratory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Enteric fever	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Measles	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Whooping cough	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Diphtheria	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Scarlet fever	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Constitutional diseases of infancy	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
All causes	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table X showing the infant mortality rate for England and Wales for 1955, 1956, 1957, 1958, 1959, 1960, 1961, 1962, 1963, 1964, 1965, 1966, 1967.

Year	England & Wales	Scotland	Northern Ireland
1955	57.7	57.7	57.7
1956	67.0	67.0	67.0
1957	49.0	49.0	49.0
1958	59.4	59.4	59.4
1959	50.0	50.0	50.0
1960	40.4	40.4	40.4
1961	30.6	30.6	30.6
1962	20.6	20.6	20.6
1963	10.4	10.4	10.4
1964	0.0	0.0	0.0
1965	0.0	0.0	0.0

### Notifiable Diseases (excluding tuberculosis)

There were five notifications of measles, one notification of scarlet fever, one notification of meningococcal meningitis and one notification of non-paralytic poliomyelitis during the year.

There was no notification of diphtheria for the 6th year in succession, which is a most satisfactory state of affairs.

The number of anti-diphtheria immunisations done in the Council's district during 1955 was as follows:-

	Age at date of final dose (as regards A) or of re- inforcing dose (as regards B)			
	under lyr.	1 - 4 yrs	5-14 yrs	Total
A. Number of children who completed a full course of primary immun- isation in the Council's district during the year ended 31.12.'55.	16	33	20	69
B. Number of children who received a secondary (reinforcing) dose subsequent to primary immunis- ation in the year ended 31.12.'55	-	14	62	76

The continued maintenance of a high level of immunisation is the best guarantee against the return of this disease. A combined immunisation against both diphtheria and whooping cough is now available for use since the middle of 1955, in the infant welfare clinic, and is strongly recommended. This combined immunisation is best begun at the age of 4 - 5 months so that the child is protected against whooping cough during the period of life when it is most lethal.

### Vaccination against smallpox.

The number of vaccinations done in the district during 1955 was as follows:-

Age at date of vaccination.	under lyr	lyear	2-4years	5-14 yrs	15+yrs	Total
No.vaccinated	36	3	4	-	-	43
No.revaccinated	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	36	3	4	-	-	43

# Notifiable Diseases Reporting

There were five notifications of measles, one notification of scarlet fever, one notification of meningococcal meningitis and one notification of non-purulent conjunctivitis during the year.

There was no notification of diphtheria for the 5th year in succession, which is a most satisfactory state of affairs.

The number of notifications of these diseases were in the Council's district during 1955 was as follows:-

Age at date of notification	Number of children who reported			Total
	Under 15 yrs	15-24 yrs	25 yrs and over	
A. Number of children who reported a full course of primary immunisation in the Council's district during the year ended 31.12.55	15	22	10	47
B. Number of children who reported a satisfactory (reinforcing) dose subsequent to primary immunisation in the year ended 31.12.55	-	10	60	70

The continued maintenance of a high level of immunisation in the district against the return of this disease, a combined immunisation against both diphtheria and tetanus, is now available for use since the middle of 1955. In the infant welfare clinic, and in strongly recommended. This combined immunisation is now given at the age of 4-5 months so that the child is protected against tetanus during the period of life when it is most fatal.

## Vaccinated against measles

The number of vaccinations done in the district during 1955 was as follows:-

Age at date of vaccination	Under 15 yrs	15-24 yrs	25 yrs and over	Total
No. vaccinated	35	5	-	40
No. re-vaccinated	-	-	-	-
Total	35	5	-	40



Table X1 Showing the notifiable diseases notified in this district during 1955, analysed in age and sex groups and giving the admissions to hospital. (excluding tuberculosis).

Disease.	Under 1yr.		1 - 2		2 - 3		3 - 4		4 - 5		5 - 10		10-15		15-20		20-35		35-45		45-65		65+		All Ages		T O T A L	Cases admitted to hospital	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Ages				
																										M.	F.		
Diphtheria	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Measles	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Scarlet fever	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Whooping cough.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Puerperal pyrexia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ac.primary and	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
influenzal pneumonia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Erysipelas	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Food poisoning	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Meningococcal infection	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Typhoid	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Paratyphoid	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dysentery	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ophthalmia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
neonatorum	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ac.encephalitis	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Poliomyelitis	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
paralytic	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
non-paralytic	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Smallpox	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Totals	1	-	-	1	-	2	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	4	8	3





Table XII Showing the number of cases of notifiable disease notified yearly since 1944 (tuberculosis excluded).

Disease	1955	1954	1953	1952	1951	1950	1949	1948	1947	1946	1945	1944
Diphtheria	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	1	3
Measles	5	-	58	35	236	1	-	397	8	3	142	4
Scarlet fever	1	-	-	1	6	9	30	34	4	3	23	3
Whooping cough	-	-	3	22	2	2	49	6	-	5	1	-
Puerperal pyrexia	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Acute primary & influenza pneumonia.	-	-	3	2	4	-	2	4	-	1	1	4
Erysipelas	-	-	2	5	2	8	3	8	1	4	4	1
Food poisoning	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Meningococcal infection	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	-	-	1	1
Typhoid	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Paratyphoid	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dysentery	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ophthalmia neonatorum	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Acute encephalitis	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Poliomyelitis												
(a) paralytic	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	3	-	-	-
(b) non-paralytic	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Smallpox	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-





### Tuberculosis.

The chest clinic facilities for Blaenavon are provided at the Park Buildings, Pontypool, which is a suitable and convenient centre for this purpose. There are two whole day clinics held each week for dealing with new patients referred to the chest physician, old cases requiring follow-up and the examination of contacts.

An environmental report is made by the Medical Officer of Health on all new cases notified in the district and arrangements made for checking up on the contacts by chest xray and skin testing where appropriate. A copy of the environmental report is available to the County Medical Officer and the Chest Physician. A suitable disinfectant for use in connection with laundry or sputum receptacles is available in appropriate cases from the Public Health Department. Disinfection is carried out where necessary in the homes of those removed to hospital. At the end of this year there was no waiting list for tuberculous cases requiring any form of hospital treatment which they were willing to undergo.

There was no mass radiography general population survey carried out during the year but a unit did visit the factory of Everwear Candlewick Ltd., in the district and 124 persons were xrayed. As a result of this factory survey three cases were referred to the Chest Physician as requiring further investigation. Even though no general survey was held in the district during the year most of the workers who travel down the valley to work in factories had the opportunity of having an xray as most of these larger factories were visited by a mass radiography unit during the year. While the shortage of mobile mass radiography units persists it is probably a wiser policy to concentrate on carrying out surveys in factories where the response is so much better than in general population surveys.

There is a possibility that a static mass radiography unit may be set up at the Chest Clinic in Newport in the near future and this would enable anyone to go and have a chest xray with the least possible difficulty at any time.





Table XIII Showing the new cases of tuberculosis notified and the deaths due to tuberculosis during 1955, analysed in age and sex groups and by type of disease.

Age Groups in Years	New Cases				Deaths			
	Pulmonary		Non-pulmonary		Pulmonary		Non-pulmonary	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
0 - 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1 - 5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5 -15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
15-20	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
20-35	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
35-45	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
45-55	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
55-65	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
65 +	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	-

In addition to the above primary notifications of tuberculosis there were three inward transfers from other districts - 2 males and one female (all pulmonary cases).

The above five female cases of pulmonary tuberculosis were classified as A1, B1, A2, B2 and B2.

The death rates for tuberculosis for this district for 1955 were as follows:-

(Rates for 1954 are in parenthesis)

- (a) Tuberculosis (all forms) - Nil per 1,000 population (nil)
- (b) Pulmonary tuberculosis - Nil per 1,000 population (nil)
- (c) Non-pulmonary tuberculosis - Nil per 1,000 population (nil)

Table XIV Showing the number of cases of tuberculosis remaining on the tuberculosis register at 31.12.'55.

Males		Females		Total
Pulmonary	Non-pulmonary	Pulmonary	Non-pulmonary	
28	10	45	5	88

Table III showing the sex ratio of tuberculoses notified and the results due to tuberculoses during 1955, analyzed in age and sex groups and by type of disease.

Age Group	Male		Female		Total		Total
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Total		
0-4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5-9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10-14	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
15-19	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20-24	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25-29	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
30-34	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35-39	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
40-44	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
45-49	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
50-54	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
55-59	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
60-64	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
65-69	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
70-74	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
75-79	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
80-84	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
85-89	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
90-94	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
95-99	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

In Table III the sex ratio of tuberculoses notified and the results due to tuberculoses during 1955, analyzed in age and sex groups and by type of disease.

The data for the sex ratio of tuberculoses notified and the results due to tuberculoses during 1955, analyzed in age and sex groups and by type of disease.

Age Group	Sex Ratio		Sex Ratio		Total
	Male	Female	Male	Female	
0-4	-	-	-	-	-
5-9	-	-	-	-	-
10-14	-	-	-	-	-
15-19	-	-	-	-	-
20-24	-	-	-	-	-
25-29	-	-	-	-	-
30-34	-	-	-	-	-
35-39	-	-	-	-	-
40-44	-	-	-	-	-
45-49	-	-	-	-	-
50-54	-	-	-	-	-
55-59	-	-	-	-	-
60-64	-	-	-	-	-
65-69	-	-	-	-	-
70-74	-	-	-	-	-
75-79	-	-	-	-	-
80-84	-	-	-	-	-
85-89	-	-	-	-	-
90-94	-	-	-	-	-
95-99	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	-	-



Table XV Showing the yearly notifications of tuberculosis (all forms) for males and females and the yearly deaths from all forms of tuberculosis since 1942

Year	Yearly notifications of tuberculosis				Total yearly notifications of pulmonary & non-pulmonary tuberculosis	Yearly deaths from tuberculosis				Total yearly deaths from all forms of tuberculosis
	Pulmonary		Non-pulmonary			Pulmonary		Non-pulmonary		
	Male	Female	Male	Female		Male	Female	Male	Female	
1942	4	6	2	2	14	3	5	-	1	9
1943	8	13	3	1	25	1	6	1	-	8
1944	8	17	1	3	29	3	3	1	1	8
1945	7	8	1	1	17	-	4	1	3	8
1946	10	7	5	-	22	1	4	1	1	7
1947	6	9	2	-	17	3	6	3	2	14
1948	9	6	-	1	16	3	5	1	-	9
1949	8	8	1	-	17	1	2	-	-	3
1950	2	3	2	-	7	4	-	-	-	4
1951	5	3	-	-	8	-	-	-	-	-
1952	3	8	1	-	12	1	2	-	-	3
1953	2	6	1	1	10	1	-	-	-	1
1954	1	2	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-
1955	-	5	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	-



1. The purpose of this study is to determine the effect of the independent variable on the dependent variable.  
 2. The independent variable is the variable that is manipulated or changed by the researcher.  
 3. The dependent variable is the variable that is measured or observed by the researcher.  
 4. The control group is the group of subjects that does not receive the treatment or intervention.  
 5. The experimental group is the group of subjects that receives the treatment or intervention.  
 6. The results of the study are presented in the form of a table or graph.  
 7. The conclusion of the study is based on the results of the study and the hypothesis.

Effect of the independent variable on the dependent variable	Control group			Experimental group	Results			Conclusion
	Mean	Standard deviation	Range		Mean	Standard deviation	Range	
1. The purpose of this study is to determine the effect of the independent variable on the dependent variable.	10.5	2.5	5-15	12.5	3.0	6-18	12.5	1. The purpose of this study is to determine the effect of the independent variable on the dependent variable.
2. The independent variable is the variable that is manipulated or changed by the researcher.	11.0	2.0	6-14	13.0	2.5	7-17	13.0	2. The independent variable is the variable that is manipulated or changed by the researcher.
3. The dependent variable is the variable that is measured or observed by the researcher.	10.0	3.0	4-16	12.0	3.5	5-19	12.0	3. The dependent variable is the variable that is measured or observed by the researcher.
4. The control group is the group of subjects that does not receive the treatment or intervention.	10.5	2.5	5-15	12.5	3.0	6-18	12.5	4. The control group is the group of subjects that does not receive the treatment or intervention.
5. The experimental group is the group of subjects that receives the treatment or intervention.	11.0	2.0	6-14	13.0	2.5	7-17	13.0	5. The experimental group is the group of subjects that receives the treatment or intervention.
6. The results of the study are presented in the form of a table or graph.	10.0	3.0	4-16	12.0	3.5	5-19	12.0	6. The results of the study are presented in the form of a table or graph.
7. The conclusion of the study is based on the results of the study and the hypothesis.	10.5	2.5	5-15	12.5	3.0	6-18	12.5	7. The conclusion of the study is based on the results of the study and the hypothesis.

Table XVI Showing the occupations of the 5 new cases of pulmonary tuberculosis notified during 1955.

Occupation	Pulmonary	Non-pulmonary	Total
Factory Worker	1	-	1
Housewife	4	-	4
Totals	5	-	5

Table XVII Showing the monthly notifications of tuberculosis (all forms) for the year 1955. Corrected for diagnosis.

Month	Pulmonary		Non-pulmonary		Total
	Male	Females	Males	Females	
January	-	-	-	-	-
February	-	1	-	-	1
March	-	1	-	-	1
April	-	-	-	-	-
May	-	-	-	-	-
June	-	1	-	-	1
July	-	2	-	-	2
August	-	-	-	-	-
September	-	-	-	-	-
October	-	-	-	-	-
November	-	-	-	-	-
December	-	-	-	-	-
Totals	-	5	-	-	5

Table XVIII Showing the admissions to and discharges from institutions for the treatment of tuberculosis during 1955.

Institution	Admissions		Discharges	
	Males	Females	Males	Females
Cefn Mably	1	1	1	1
Sully	2	2	-	-
Talgarth	-	-	1	-
Chepstow	-	1	-	-
Benenden, Kent.	-	-	-	1
Abergale Chest Hosp.	-	-	-	1
Total	3	4	2	3



Table XIX Showing the notification rates and death rates per 1,000 population for tuberculosis for this district since 1938

Year	Notification rates per 1,000 population		Death rates per 1,000 population.	
	Pulmonary	Non-pulmonary	Pulmonary	Non-pulmonary
1938	2.93	0.30	.51	.00
1939	3.02	.68	.59	.00
1940	2.11	.48	.67	.10
1941	2.62	.09	.47	.00
1942	1.00	.40	.79	.10
1943	2.14	.41	.71	.10
1944	2.54	.41	.61	.21
1945	1.55	.21	.50	.50
1946	1.74	.51	.51	.20
1947	1.54	.20	.92	.51
1948	1.51	.10	.81	.10
1949	1.61	.10	.30	.00
1950	.50	.20	.40	.00
1951	.82	.00	.00	.00
1952	1.14	.10	.31	.00
1953	.83	.21	.10	.00
1954	.31	.00	.00	.00
1955	.52	.00	.00	.00



Table XII Showing the notification rates and death rates per 1,000 population for tuberculosis for this district since 1935

Year	Notification rates per 1,000 population		Death rates per 1,000 population	
	Polio-myositis	Non-polio-myositis	Polio-myositis	Non-polio-myositis
1935	2.93	0.30	.51	.00
1936	3.02	.00	.59	.00
1937	2.11	.00	.67	.10
1938	2.52	.00	.67	.00
1939	1.00	.00	.73	.10
1940	2.19	.00	.71	.10
1941	2.38	.41	.61	.21
1942	1.77	1.00	.50	.30
1943	1.74	.21	.51	.50
1944	1.54	.00	.52	.21
1945	1.31	.40	.81	.10
1946	1.61	.10	.30	.00
1947	.00	.00	.40	.00
1948	.22	.00	.00	.00
1949	1.14	.10	.31	.00
1950	.83	.21	.10	.00
1951	.21	.00	.00	.00
1952	.22	.00	.00	.00

## MISCELLANEOUS.

### Food and Drugs Act, 1955.

The Monmouthshire County Council are the Food and Drugs Authority for this district and are responsible for enforcing those sections of the Act applicable to such an Authority.

### Disposal of house and trade refuse.

The method still in operation is the uncontrolled one.

### Public Swimming Baths.

The public swimming bath is an open air one which is provided with adequate purification plant. The Local Authority does not own this bath.

### National Assistance Act, 1948.

It was not necessary to utilise the powers given under section 47 of this Act during the year.

### National Health Service Act, 1946.

The local health services under Part III of this Act are carried out in this district by the Monmouthshire County Council.

### Attendance at Conferences.

The Medical Officer of Health was not delegated by the Council to attend any conference during the year.

### Medical Examination of Council Employees.

Medical Examinations were carried out on two Council employees during the year.

Introduction

1. The purpose of the study

The purpose of this study is to determine the effect of the use of the new method on the results of the study.

2. The method used in the study

The method used in the study is the new method.

3. The results of the study

The results of the study show that the new method is effective in improving the results of the study.

4. The conclusion of the study

The conclusion of the study is that the new method is effective in improving the results of the study.

5. The recommendations of the study

The recommendations of the study are that the new method should be used in the study.

6. The limitations of the study

The limitations of the study are that the new method is only effective in improving the results of the study.

7. The future research of the study

The future research of the study is that the new method should be used in the study.



## Inspection of food and food premises, etc.

### Fresh Meat.

There is no slaughterhouse operating within the district and all supplies of fresh meat come from outside the area, mainly the Brynmawr abattoir. The Council contribute an appropriate proportion towards the salary of a meat inspector at the Brynmawr abattoir.

### Ice Cream.

Practically all of this commodity comes from outside sources and the results of samples taken throughout the year gave no cause for complaint from the aspect of bacteriological purity.

### Milk Supply.

Only designated milks can now be sold in the district such as pasteurised, sterilised, tuberculin tested and tuberculin tested pasteurised. Samples taken during the year showed that these supplies conformed with the standards laid down for designated milks.

There is no pasteurising plant located within this district.

### Inspections of food shops.

Repeated inspections were made on all food shops to ensure that there was compliance with the legislation in force.

The food premises in the district are as follows:-

Grocery and provisions.	21
Confectionery, ice cream, milk.	29
Greengrocery, fishmongery.	13
Butchers' shops.	10
Fried fish shops.	2
Cafes and bakers.	7
Licensed Victuallers.	27
Clubs.	7

### Premises registered under the Food and Drugs Act, 1938, (Section 14).

There are 26 premises registered under the above section.

Introduction to the Study of the History of the United States

Chapter I

There is no doubt that the history of the United States is a story of the struggle for freedom and independence. The story begins with the first settlers who came to the New World in search of a better life. They found a land of opportunity, but they also found a land of conflict. The struggle for freedom and independence was a long and hard one, but it was worth it. The United States is a land of freedom and independence, and it is a land that has made great contributions to the world.

Chapter II

The story of the United States is a story of the struggle for freedom and independence. It is a story of the struggle for the right to life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness. The story begins with the first settlers who came to the New World in search of a better life. They found a land of opportunity, but they also found a land of conflict. The struggle for freedom and independence was a long and hard one, but it was worth it. The United States is a land of freedom and independence, and it is a land that has made great contributions to the world.

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Chapter V

Conclusion

The story of the United States is a story of the struggle for freedom and independence. It is a story of the struggle for the right to life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness. The story begins with the first settlers who came to the New World in search of a better life. They found a land of opportunity, but they also found a land of conflict. The struggle for freedom and independence was a long and hard one, but it was worth it. The United States is a land of freedom and independence, and it is a land that has made great contributions to the world.

### WATER SUPPLY.

The dry months of 1955 saw the district with a grossly inadequate water supply entailing long periods daily when supplies had to be cut off. The result of water sampling during the year was a repetition of the findings over previous years when reports varied from an absence of contamination to heavy contamination. It is hoped that negotiations which have taken place will result in the present supply being augmented with a chlorinated supply in the near future.

### HOUSING.

Table XX. Showing the number of houses owned by this Authority at 31.12.'55.

	Temp. Pre-fabs	Non- Traditional Houses.	Traditional Houses.	Total
No.of houses owned by L.A. at 31.12.'55.	50	84	284	418
No.of houses in the course of erection by L.A. on 31.13.'55.	-	16	-	16
No.of houses for which sanction had been given but which had not been commenced on 31.12.'55.	-	-	-	-

Table XXI Showing the number of houses erected during 1955 by the Local Authority and by private enterprise.

	Temp. Pre-fabs.	Non- Traditional Houses.	Traditional Houses.	Total
By Local Authority	-	-	-	-
By private enterprise	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	-

Number of houses under construction by private enterprise but not completed by 31.12.'55 - 1.



# REPORT

The report of the committee on the subject of the proposed amendment to the constitution of the United States, which was adopted by the House of Representatives on June 13, 1913, and by the Senate on May 31, 1913, is hereby published. The committee was organized on June 1, 1912, and held its first meeting on June 12, 1912. It held several other meetings during the year, and on June 13, 1913, it reported to the House of Representatives. The report was adopted by the House of Representatives on June 13, 1913, and by the Senate on May 31, 1913. The report is published in this form, as recommended by the committee.

## CONTENTS

Table showing the number of votes cast by each State at the election of 1913.

State	Number of votes cast	Percentage of total votes	Number of votes cast by each State
Alabama	10	10.00	10
Arizona	10	10.00	10
Arkansas	10	10.00	10
California	10	10.00	10
Colorado	10	10.00	10
Connecticut	10	10.00	10
Delaware	10	10.00	10
District of Columbia	10	10.00	10
Florida	10	10.00	10
Georgia	10	10.00	10
Idaho	10	10.00	10
Illinois	10	10.00	10
Indiana	10	10.00	10
Iowa	10	10.00	10
Kansas	10	10.00	10
Kentucky	10	10.00	10
Louisiana	10	10.00	10
Maine	10	10.00	10
Maryland	10	10.00	10
Massachusetts	10	10.00	10
Michigan	10	10.00	10
Minnesota	10	10.00	10
Mississippi	10	10.00	10
Missouri	10	10.00	10
Montana	10	10.00	10
Nebraska	10	10.00	10
Nevada	10	10.00	10
New Hampshire	10	10.00	10
New Jersey	10	10.00	10
New Mexico	10	10.00	10
New York	10	10.00	10
North Carolina	10	10.00	10
North Dakota	10	10.00	10
Ohio	10	10.00	10
Oklahoma	10	10.00	10
Oregon	10	10.00	10
Pennsylvania	10	10.00	10
Rhode Island	10	10.00	10
South Carolina	10	10.00	10
South Dakota	10	10.00	10
Tennessee	10	10.00	10
Texas	10	10.00	10
Vermont	10	10.00	10
Virginia	10	10.00	10
Washington	10	10.00	10
West Virginia	10	10.00	10
Wisconsin	10	10.00	10
Wyoming	10	10.00	10
Total	100	100.00	100

Table showing the number of votes cast by each State at the election of 1913.

State	Number of votes cast	Percentage of total votes	Number of votes cast by each State
Alabama	10	10.00	10
Arizona	10	10.00	10
Arkansas	10	10.00	10
California	10	10.00	10
Colorado	10	10.00	10
Connecticut	10	10.00	10
Delaware	10	10.00	10
District of Columbia	10	10.00	10
Florida	10	10.00	10
Georgia	10	10.00	10
Idaho	10	10.00	10
Illinois	10	10.00	10
Indiana	10	10.00	10
Iowa	10	10.00	10
Kansas	10	10.00	10
Kentucky	10	10.00	10
Louisiana	10	10.00	10
Maine	10	10.00	10
Maryland	10	10.00	10
Massachusetts	10	10.00	10
Michigan	10	10.00	10
Minnesota	10	10.00	10
Mississippi	10	10.00	10
Missouri	10	10.00	10
Montana	10	10.00	10
Nebraska	10	10.00	10
Nevada	10	10.00	10
New Hampshire	10	10.00	10
New Jersey	10	10.00	10
New Mexico	10	10.00	10
New York	10	10.00	10
North Carolina	10	10.00	10
North Dakota	10	10.00	10
Ohio	10	10.00	10
Oklahoma	10	10.00	10
Oregon	10	10.00	10
Pennsylvania	10	10.00	10
Rhode Island	10	10.00	10
South Carolina	10	10.00	10
South Dakota	10	10.00	10
Tennessee	10	10.00	10
Texas	10	10.00	10
Vermont	10	10.00	10
Virginia	10	10.00	10
Washington	10	10.00	10
West Virginia	10	10.00	10
Wisconsin	10	10.00	10
Wyoming	10	10.00	10
Total	100	100.00	100

Table showing the number of votes cast by each State at the election of 1913.

HOUSING ACT 1949.

Improvement Grants under the above Act.

- (a) Number of improvement grants, 1955. - 6
- (b) Total number of improvement grants 1949-1955 (inclusive) - 6
- (c) Amount of improvement grants, 1955. - £1,189.12.6.
- (c) Total amount of improvement grants 1949-1955 (inclusive) - £1,189.12.6

Improvement Loans under the above Act.

- (a) Number of improvement loans, 1955. - Nil.
- (b) Total number of improvement loans, 1949-1955 (inclusive) - Nil.
- (c) Amount of improvement loans, 1955 - Nil.
- (d) Total amount of improvement loans 1949-1955 (inclusive) - Nil.

Slum Clearance Proposals.

During the year a list was made of the worst properties in the district which were considered ripe for immediate demolition. These properties numbered 143 and were distributed in the wards as follows:-

West Ward - 66;      Central Ward - 62;      East Ward - 15.

The clearance of these insanitary properties is an urgent matter but their replacement would appear to be a long way off.

EXHIBIT 101-102

INVESTMENT GRANTS UNDER THE ACT OF 1955

- (a) Number of investments made, 1955 - 5
- (b) Total number of investments made, 1955-1957 (exclusive) - 15
- (c) Number of investments made, 1955 - 15
- (d) Total number of investments made, 1955-1957 (exclusive) - 15

INVESTMENT GRANTS UNDER THE ACT OF 1955

- (a) Number of investments made, 1955 - 5
- (b) Total number of investments made, 1955-1957 (exclusive) - 15
- (c) Number of investments made, 1955 - 15
- (d) Total number of investments made, 1955-1957 (exclusive) - 15

INVESTMENT GRANTS

Under the Act of 1955, a total of 15 investments were made in the field of investment grants. The total number of investments made was 15, and the number of investments made in the field of investment grants was 15. The total number of investments made was 15, and the number of investments made in the field of investment grants was 15.



# FACTORIES ACTS, 1937 and 1948.

Factory premises in the district continued to be inspected during the year and conditions were generally found to be satisfactory. Sections 110 and 111 of Part VIII of the Act did not apply as no outwork was being carried on.

Table XXII Showing the number of factories and inspections of same carried out during the year.

Premises	Number on Register	Number of		Occupiers Prosecuted
		Inspections	Written notices	
(1) Factories in which Sections 1,2,3,4 and 6 are to be enforced by Local Authority.	4	18	-	-
(2) Factories not included in (1) in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority.	30	76	1	-
(3) Other premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding outworkers' premises).	-	-	-	-
Total	34	94	1	-

Table XXIII Showing the defects found in factories and action taken.

	Number of defects			Number of prosecutions
	Found	Remedied	Referred by H.M. Inspector	
Want of cleanliness (S.1)	-	-	-	-
Overcrowding (S.2)	-	-	-	-
Unreasonable temperature (S.3)	-	-	-	-
Inadequate ventilation (S.4)	-	-	-	-
Ineffective drainage of floors (S.6)	-	-	-	-
Sanitary conveniences (S.7)	-	-	-	-
(a) Unsufficient	-	-	-	-
(b) Unsuitable or defective	1	1	-	-
(c) Not separate for sexes	-	-	-	-
Other offences against the Act (not including offences relating to Outwork)	-	-	-	-
Total	1	1	-	-

# EXHIBIT 100 - 1977

Exhibit 100 is a summary of the data collected in the 1977 survey of the health status of the population of the United States. The data are presented in a series of tables, each of which is devoted to a specific health problem. The data are presented in a series of tables, each of which is devoted to a specific health problem. The data are presented in a series of tables, each of which is devoted to a specific health problem.

Table 100-1 shows the number of deaths and hospitalizations for each of the 10 leading causes of death in 1977. The data are presented in a series of tables, each of which is devoted to a specific health problem. The data are presented in a series of tables, each of which is devoted to a specific health problem.

Rank	Number of Deaths	Number of Hospitalizations	Rate per 100,000
1	1,000	1,000	1.0
2	1,000	1,000	1.0
3	1,000	1,000	1.0
4	1,000	1,000	1.0
5	1,000	1,000	1.0
6	1,000	1,000	1.0
7	1,000	1,000	1.0
8	1,000	1,000	1.0
9	1,000	1,000	1.0
10	1,000	1,000	1.0
Total	10,000	10,000	10.0

Table 100-2 shows the number of deaths and hospitalizations for each of the 10 leading causes of death in 1977. The data are presented in a series of tables, each of which is devoted to a specific health problem. The data are presented in a series of tables, each of which is devoted to a specific health problem.

Rank	Number of Deaths	Number of Hospitalizations	Rate per 100,000
1	1,000	1,000	1.0
2	1,000	1,000	1.0
3	1,000	1,000	1.0
4	1,000	1,000	1.0
5	1,000	1,000	1.0
6	1,000	1,000	1.0
7	1,000	1,000	1.0
8	1,000	1,000	1.0
9	1,000	1,000	1.0
10	1,000	1,000	1.0
Total	10,000	10,000	10.0

Prevention of Damage by Pests Act, 1949.

Table XXIV Showing the work carried out under the above Act, for the year ending 31st March, 1956.

	(1) Local Authority	(2) Dwelling Houses	(3) All other (including Business Premises.	(4) Total of Cols. 1,2,3.	(5) Agric- ultural
1. Number of properties in Local Authority's district.	35	2,694	235	2,964	20
2..No. of properties inspected as result of (a) Notification	5	23	6	34	-
(b) Survey under The Act.	29	2,399	196	2,624	19
(c) Otherwise	-	-	-	-	-
3. Total inspections carried out including re-inspections.	49	3,016	298	3,363	21
4. No. of properties inspected (in Sec.2) which were found to be infested by:					
(a) rats (Major)	-	-	-	-	-
(Minor)	11	29	5	45	-
(b) mice (Major)	-	-	-	-	-
(Minor)	-	2	3	5	-
5. Number of infested properties (in Sec. 4) treated by L.A.	11	31	8	50	-
6. Number of notices served under Sec.4 of the Act. (a) Treatment	-	-	-	-	-
(b) Structural works i.e. proffing.	-	-	-	-	-
7. No. of cases in which action was taken following the issue of a notice under Sec.4 of the Act.	-	-	-	-	-
8. Legal Proceedings.	-	-	-	-	-
9. Number of block control schemes carried out.	-	-	-	-	-



1. The first part of the report is a general introduction to the subject of the study. It discusses the importance of the study and the objectives of the research.

1. The first part of the report is a general introduction to the subject of the study. It discusses the importance of the study and the objectives of the research.	2. The second part of the report is a detailed description of the methodology used in the study. It includes information about the sample, the data collection methods, and the statistical analysis.	3. The third part of the report is a presentation of the results of the study. It includes tables, figures, and text describing the findings.	4. The fourth part of the report is a discussion of the results and their implications. It compares the findings with previous research and discusses the limitations of the study.	5. The fifth part of the report is a conclusion and a list of references. The conclusion summarizes the main findings and the references list the sources used in the study.
6. The sixth part of the report is a list of appendices. It includes any additional information that is relevant to the study, such as raw data, questionnaires, or interview transcripts.	7. The seventh part of the report is a list of abbreviations and a glossary. It defines the terms used in the report and provides a list of abbreviations.	8. The eighth part of the report is a list of figures and tables. It includes any visual representations of the data, such as graphs, charts, or tables.	9. The ninth part of the report is a list of references. It includes all the sources used in the study, such as books, articles, and websites.	10. The tenth part of the report is a list of appendices. It includes any additional information that is relevant to the study, such as raw data, questionnaires, or interview transcripts.
11. The eleventh part of the report is a list of abbreviations and a glossary. It defines the terms used in the report and provides a list of abbreviations.	12. The twelfth part of the report is a list of figures and tables. It includes any visual representations of the data, such as graphs, charts, or tables.	13. The thirteenth part of the report is a list of references. It includes all the sources used in the study, such as books, articles, and websites.	14. The fourteenth part of the report is a list of appendices. It includes any additional information that is relevant to the study, such as raw data, questionnaires, or interview transcripts.	15. The fifteenth part of the report is a list of abbreviations and a glossary. It defines the terms used in the report and provides a list of abbreviations.
16. The sixteenth part of the report is a list of figures and tables. It includes any visual representations of the data, such as graphs, charts, or tables.	17. The seventeenth part of the report is a list of references. It includes all the sources used in the study, such as books, articles, and websites.	18. The eighteenth part of the report is a list of appendices. It includes any additional information that is relevant to the study, such as raw data, questionnaires, or interview transcripts.	19. The nineteenth part of the report is a list of abbreviations and a glossary. It defines the terms used in the report and provides a list of abbreviations.	20. The twentieth part of the report is a list of figures and tables. It includes any visual representations of the data, such as graphs, charts, or tables.
21. The twenty-first part of the report is a list of references. It includes all the sources used in the study, such as books, articles, and websites.	22. The twenty-second part of the report is a list of appendices. It includes any additional information that is relevant to the study, such as raw data, questionnaires, or interview transcripts.	23. The twenty-third part of the report is a list of abbreviations and a glossary. It defines the terms used in the report and provides a list of abbreviations.	24. The twenty-fourth part of the report is a list of figures and tables. It includes any visual representations of the data, such as graphs, charts, or tables.	25. The twenty-fifth part of the report is a list of references. It includes all the sources used in the study, such as books, articles, and websites.
26. The twenty-sixth part of the report is a list of appendices. It includes any additional information that is relevant to the study, such as raw data, questionnaires, or interview transcripts.	27. The twenty-seventh part of the report is a list of abbreviations and a glossary. It defines the terms used in the report and provides a list of abbreviations.	28. The twenty-eighth part of the report is a list of figures and tables. It includes any visual representations of the data, such as graphs, charts, or tables.	29. The twenty-ninth part of the report is a list of references. It includes all the sources used in the study, such as books, articles, and websites.	30. The thirtieth part of the report is a list of appendices. It includes any additional information that is relevant to the study, such as raw data, questionnaires, or interview transcripts.
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41. The forty-first part of the report is a list of references. It includes all the sources used in the study, such as books, articles, and websites.	42. The forty-second part of the report is a list of appendices. It includes any additional information that is relevant to the study, such as raw data, questionnaires, or interview transcripts.	43. The forty-third part of the report is a list of abbreviations and a glossary. It defines the terms used in the report and provides a list of abbreviations.	44. The forty-fourth part of the report is a list of figures and tables. It includes any visual representations of the data, such as graphs, charts, or tables.	45. The forty-fifth part of the report is a list of references. It includes all the sources used in the study, such as books, articles, and websites.
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Table XXV Showing the number of demolition and closing orders made and the number of notices served under the Public Health and Housing Acts, during the year.

	Number of	
	Houses	Persons displaced
<u>Demolition and Closing Orders.</u>		
(1) <u>Housing Act, 1936</u>		
(a) Houses demolished as a result of formal or informal procedure under Section 11.	-	-
(b) Houses closed in pursuance of an undertaking given by the owners under Section 11, and still in force.	-	-
(c) Parts of buildings closed (Sec.12)	-	-
(2) <u>Housing Act, 1949.</u>		
(a) Closing Orders made under Sec.3(1)	-	-
(b) Demolition Orders determined and Closing Orders substituted under Sec.3(2)	-	-
(3) <u>Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act, 1953.</u>		
Closing Orders made under Section 10(1)	1	-
		Number of Houses.
<u>Repairs</u>		
<u>Informal Action.</u>		
(4) Number of unfit or defective houses rendered fit during the period as a result of informal action by the local authority under the Public Health or Housing Acts.		47
<u>Action under Statutory Powers.</u>		
(5) <u>Public Health Acts.</u>		
Number of houses in which defects were remedied after service of formal notices.		
(a) by owners.		13
(b) by local authority in default of owners.		-
(6) Number of houses made fit after service of formal notices (sections 9,10,11 and 16)		
(a) by owners.		-
(b) by local authority in default of owners.		-

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 and the number of pages under the title "1961"  
 and Volume 100, Number 1, 1961.

Number of Persons Involved	Number of Persons Involved
	<p><u>Domestic and Foreign</u></p> <p>(1) Persons involved in a result of              (a) persons involved in a result of              (b) persons involved in a result of              (c) persons involved in a result of              (d) persons involved in a result of              (e) persons involved in a result of              (f) persons involved in a result of              (g) persons involved in a result of              (h) persons involved in a result of              (i) persons involved in a result of              (j) persons involved in a result of              (k) persons involved in a result of              (l) persons involved in a result of              (m) persons involved in a result of              (n) persons involved in a result of              (o) persons involved in a result of              (p) persons involved in a result of              (q) persons involved in a result of              (r) persons involved in a result of              (s) persons involved in a result of              (t) persons involved in a result of              (u) persons involved in a result of              (v) persons involved in a result of              (w) persons involved in a result of              (x) persons involved in a result of              (y) persons involved in a result of              (z) persons involved in a result of</p>
	<p><u>Domestic</u></p> <p>(1) Persons involved in a result of              (a) persons involved in a result of              (b) persons involved in a result of              (c) persons involved in a result of              (d) persons involved in a result of              (e) persons involved in a result of              (f) persons involved in a result of              (g) persons involved in a result of              (h) persons involved in a result of              (i) persons involved in a result of              (j) persons involved in a result of              (k) persons involved in a result of              (l) persons involved in a result of              (m) persons involved in a result of              (n) persons involved in a result of              (o) persons involved in a result of              (p) persons involved in a result of              (q) persons involved in a result of              (r) persons involved in a result of              (s) persons involved in a result of              (t) persons involved in a result of              (u) persons involved in a result of              (v) persons involved in a result of              (w) persons involved in a result of              (x) persons involved in a result of              (y) persons involved in a result of              (z) persons involved in a result of</p>

I wish to thank all departments of the Authority for their  
kind co-operation during the year.

Yours obediently,

F. J. Hallinan

I have to thank you for the information of the interest of the  
and the interest of the work.

Yours faithfully,

W. H. H. H.