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BOROUGH OF ASHTON-UNDER-LYNE

ANNUAL REPORT

of the Medical Officer of Health

FOR THE YEAR

1953

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BOROUGH OF ASHTON-UNDER-LYNE

Annual Report

of the

Medical Officer of Health

For the Year 1953

Borough of Ashton-under-Lyne 1953

PUBLIC HEALTH COMMITTEE

(As at 31st December, 1953)

Chairman: Alderman W. H. Flowers, M.B.E., M.M. Deputy Chairman: Councillor M. MacCormack.

Members:

His Worshipful the Mayor, Councillor J. Holland, J.P.

Alderman C. Arnold.

Alderman J. Q. Massey, J.P.

Councillor R. G. Fish, C.C.

Councillor James Hall.

Councillor John Holland.

Councillor Herbert Holme.

Councillor T. Kershaw.

Councillor S. A. Sidebottom.

Councillor T. Smith.

Councillor J. Wignall.

PUBLIC HEALTH STAFF

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

Alan S. Simpson, M.B., B.S. (Lond.), M.R.C.S., D.P.H.

SANITARY INSPECTORS

- C. Sykes Handforth, M.S.I.A., C.R.S.I., M.Inst., P.C., Chief Sanitary Inspector, Inspector of Meat and Other Foods.
- C. R. Langdon, M.R.San.I., M.Inst., P.C., C.S.I.B., Deputy Chief Sanitary Inspector, Inspector of Meat and Other Foods.
- C. Stoddard, M.S.I.A., C.S.I.B., Additional Sanitary Inspector, Inspector of Meat and Other Foods.
- H. Houldsworth, M.S.I.A., C.S.I.B., Additional Sanitary Inspector, Inspector of Meat and Other Foods.
- A. Handley, M.S.I.A., A.R.San.I., Additional Sanitary Inspector, Inspector of Meat and Other Foods.

CLERKS

C. Sharples, E. Waddington, A. Hartley, M. J. Tompson, S. J. Kenworthy (Resigned February, 1953), Mary Aspinall (Commenced 20th July, 1953), Sheila Benstead (Commenced 4th August, 1953).

TOWN HALL CHAMBERS, ASHTON-UNDER-LYNE.

TO THE MAYOR AND COUNCIL OF THE BOROUGH OF ASHTON-UNDER-LYNE

Mr. Mayor, Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have pleasure in submitting my report on the health of the Borough of Ashton-under-Lyne for the year 1953.

The report is in the usual form and comments on the various vital statistics are made in the body of the report. It is pleasant to record that for the first year this century, no cases of diphtheria were notified. The decline of this disease has been an extremely spectacular and substantial one; the maintenance of freedom from the disease is dependent upon parents recognising the value of and securing diphtheria immunisation for their children.

Another encouraging feature in the report is the fact that amongst the notifiable infectious diseases, there were no deaths apart from tuberculosis or pneumonia.

As mentioned by Mr. Handforth, a preliminary housing survey has been made during the year with a view to classifying property in relation to future action under slum clearance programmes.

Finally, in this report I have incorporated certain tables of data relating to the Borough and some of the adjacent area within the County of Lancashire; they are taken from the Census 1951. These data are scattered through a foolscap book of some 200 odd pages and it was felt that the local data was of sufficient importance to be assembled in this report and set out in such a way as to facilitate comparison with neighbouring districts.

The matters cover population, age and sex distribution, marital state, dwelling-houses and their sizes by rooms; their amenities such as piped water supply, cooking facilities, water-closets and fixed baths. Households are also analysed in relation to the size of house they occupy.

I would take this opportunity of expressing my thanks to the Chairman and Members of the Public Health Committee for their support during the year and to Mr. Handforth, the Chief Sanitary Inspector, for his invaluable assistance.

I am,

Ladies and Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
ALAN S. SIMPSON,
Medical Officer of Health.

GENERAL STATISTICS

Area (acres)			2,981
Population:		-	
	Males.	Females.	Total.
At Census, 1931	24,242	27,331	51,573
At Census, 1951	21,782	24,708	46,490
Estimated, mid-1953	_	_	45,230
Number of inhabited houses:			
At Census, 1931			13,071
Estimated at end of 1953			15,425
General rate for 1953		(in the f)	21s. 6d.
Rateable Value			£270,298
Sum represented by a 1d. rate			£1,075

Social Conditions of the Area

Ashton-under-Lyne is situated in the County of Lancashire, at the foot of the western slopes of the Pennines. Its highest point is 903 feet and its lowest 325 feet above sea level. The greater part of the town is situated between 330 and 340 feet above sea level.

The population is largely industrial and the chief industries are Cotton Spinning, Engineering, Tool Making, Iron and Brass Founding, Brewing and Coal Mining.

VITAL STATISTICS

Civilian population 45,230.	— Reg	istrar-(Genera	al's estimate, mid-1953,
,===.	Total	M.	F.	
Live Births—				Birth-rate per 1,000
Legitimate	660	348	312	estimated civilian
Illegitimate	37	17	20	population, mid- 1953—
Total	697	365	332	Crude 15.4 Adjusted 15.7
Ctillhiethe				Pata par 1 000 total
Stillbirths— Legitimate	16	5	11	Rate per 1,000 total (live and still)
Illegitimate	1	1	_	births 24
Total	17	6	11	
Deaths	606	285	321	Death-rate per 1,000 estimated civilian popula- tion mid-1953—
				Crude 13.4
				Adjusted 13.0
	egnancy			and abortion Nil. and stillbirths) Nil.
Death-rate of infant	s under	one ve	ear of	age—
All infants per	1,000 1	ive bir	ths	24
Legitimate infar	nts per	1,000 1	egitim	ate live births 23
				imate live births 54
2-	e Morta	anty it.	atc	
Neo Mortality—	to undo	- 1 wee	also of	age 13
Mortality rate p	er 1.00	0 live b	irths	19
	,			
DEAT	HS FRO	OM SP	ECIF	IC CAUSES
(a) From Meas	les (all	ages).		1
				s) —
				0.24

COMMENTS ON THE VITAL STATISTICS

The mid-year population for 1953 was 45,230 showing little change from 1952.

There were 606 deaths during the year giving a crude death rate of 13.4 per 1,000 of the population, this crude rate has varied little during the last eight years. The comparability factor for the adjustment of the crude death rate is 0.97 which reduces the crude rate to an adjusted one of 13.0 per 1,000. It is preferable to use this latter rate when comparisons are to be made with other areas in so far as it takes into account the age and sex structure of the local population.

Our infantile mortality rate for 1953 was 24 per 1,000 live births: England and Wales had a rate of 26.8, the County Boroughs and Great Towns 30.8 and the Smaller Towns 24.3.

697 live births gave a crude birth rate of 15.41 which a comparability factor of 1.02 raised to an adjusted birth rate of 15.7 per 1,000 population.

Maternal mortality was again nil.

TUBERCULOSIS

Reference to the last column of Table VI will show the trend of the Tuberculosis death-rate over the last 20 years—a fairly considerable decline, almost entirely on the side of pulmonary cases.

The incidence shows no decline; notification rates in respect to tuberculosis are influenced by factors not related to the true incidence of the disease and are a much less reliable statistic than the mortality.

Varying diagnostic criteria of the disease from place to place, more diligent search for cases (M.M. Radiography) and latterly an altered administrative procedure governing the allocation of primary notifications have all tended to render incidence rates of less value than previously.

In fact, should the present interpretation of the meaning of Section 6 of the Public Health (Tuberculosis) Regulations 1952, persist, there will be little point in quoting incidence rates of this disease at all, as they will be unrelated to the area of the authority who are quoting them.

The state of the Tuberculosis Register at the 31st December, 1953, was as follows:—

,	Respirate	ory	1	Non-respi	ratory		Total spiratory on-respira	
M	F	Total	М	F	Total	M	F	Total
152	95	247	27	31	58	179	126	305

CANCER

The number of deaths occurring where cancer was entered as a cause of death was 105, giving a death rate of 2.32 per 1,000 of the population.

The number of cancer deaths in each of the last 14 years was as follows:—

1940	 87	1947	 74
1941	 70		 97
1942	 98	1949	 99
1943	 96		 93
1944	 86		 97
1945	 99	1952	 117
1946	 89	1953	 105

The age and sex distribution of the cumulative total cancer deaths, 1951-53, is shown below:—

Cancer Deaths 1951-1953

Age Groups	Males	Females	Total
10—14			
15—19	_	_	
20—34	1	3	4
35—39	_	4	4
40—44	4	3	4 7
45—49	12	7	19
50—54	10	7	17
55—59	20	10	30
60—64	22	25	47
65—69	28	25	53
70—74	33	28	61
75 and over	34	36	70
Total	164	148	312

It might be noted with some satisfaction that in 70 instances out of 312, persons had reached three score years and fifteen, although their death certificate mentioned cancer as having been present, possibly as a direct or contributory cause of death. In some of these cases cancer had undoubtedly been cured and the final cause of death was some other condition.

Table VII analyses cancer deaths by sex and site of the growth.

The heavy male preponderance of lung cancer and to a less degree gastric cancer is at once apparent.

THE PREVALENCE AND CONTROL OVER INFECTIOUS DISEASE

Table VIII shows the number of each of the infectious diseases notified grouped according to age.

Table IX shows the trend of incidence from 1930 until this year.

For the first year this century Ashton-under-Lyne has had no cases of diphtheria notified.

This is certainly a triumph for immunisation but unless all parents realise its value and adopt the procedure as advised, there is the risk of the disease returning in a virulent form.

The severity of infectious diseases generally has declined in recent years, if we except poliomyelitis.

The percentage of the total notified cases which were removed to hospital for the last 5 years were as follows:—

1949	 13
1950	 12
1951	 7
1952	 8
1953	 5

Removal of a case of infectious disease to hospital is in the main called for because isolation facilities are not available at home or because of the severity of the disease hospital nursing is required. To-day the percentage of cases removed is about half what it was 5 or 6 years ago and I would suggest that the diminished severity of the disease is largely responsible for this.

Nevertheless there is undoubtedly a fair amount of infectious disease prevalent in the community from time to time of mild type, which passes unrecorded by Health Departments though often it is within the knowledge of individual general practitioners.

Epidemic or seasonal vomiting is probably more prevalent than the recorded outbreaks show and is not a notifiable condition. Epidemic hepatitis is another condition which whilst not notifiable is highly infectious.

The pattern of infectious disease has changed of late years fairly considerably—in general these diseases are milder, but statutory measures of control have not altered and the syndrome of scarlet fever with a rash is still a subject to be dealt with as though it were a distinct clinical entity.

It would appear to be time for the legislative and administrative measures designed to control infectious disease to be reviewed: for the scope and definitions of the term "notifiable disease" to be revised and for the action to be taken in respect to contacts and terminal disinfection to be re-considered.

The 48 cases of infectious diseases which were removed to hospital were sent to the following hospitals:—

Hyde Isolation Hospital	21
Monsall Isolation Hospital	12
Westhulme Isolation Hospital	7
Astley Hospital	1
Ashton General Hospital (Lake Section)	6
Ladywell Hospital	1
	_
	48

VENEREAL DISEASE

The following shows the work carried out at the Venereal Diseases Clinic at the Ashton-under-Lyne General Hospital and the numbers since 1948.

	1948	1949	1950	1951	1952	1953
Patients under treatment at	170	1.25	207	205	207	150
Jan. 1st	150	125	207	205	207	159
New cases admitted during the						
year	170	208	168	150	125	108
Total attendance	2976	3954	3378	2268	1268	861
Patients receiving treatment at the end of the year	125	207	205	207	159	95
Pathological examinations for V.D. Patients	549	1090	1365	519	435	324

Of the 108 new cases admitted during the year, 60 were Ashton residents. There were 83 cases found not to be V.D.

VITAL STATISTICS (Registrar-General)

										Infant	Infant Mortality	
Ashton-u-Lyne	Live	Live births	De (all c	Deaths (all causes)	Still	Stillbirths	Mat	Maternal	To	Total	Neo-natal	natal
Municipal Borough Population Mid- Year, 1953 45,230	No. regis- tered	Rate Per 1,000 pop'n	No. regis- tered	Rate per 1,000 pop'n	No. regis- tered	Rate per 1,000 total births	No. of deaths regis- tered	Rate per 1,000 total births	No. of deaths regis- tered	Rate per 1,000 live births	No. of deaths regis- tered	Rate per 1,000 live births
Year 1953	697	*15-41	909	*13.4	17	24	N	N	17	57+	13	19
Year 1952	645	14.1	643	14-1	19	53	Nil	N	27	4.2	25	39
Year 1951	731	15.9	700	15.2	24	32	N	Nii	30	41	16	57
Vear 1950	727	15.4	693	14.7	17	23	NII	- N	25	34	13	18
6+61	832	17.6	738	15.6	24	28	EN.	Nil	38	9†		1
8461	858	18.5	650	14.0	1.2	13	NII	Nii	36	41	1	1
1948-1952 Average 5 years	1	16.3	1	14.7	1	25	Ť	IN		+1	ľ	1

• Adjusted (live birth-rate (comparability factor, 1.02) = 15.7 per 1,000. {death-rate (comparability factor, 0.97) = 13.0 per 1,000.

BIRTH-RATE, DEATH-RATE and INFANTILE MORTALITY

1930-1953

TABLE II

	Popu- lation					No.	Infan- tile	AVER	RAGE 5	YEARS
YEAR Col.	Mid- Year Esti- mate Col. 2	No. of Births Col. 3	Crude Birth- Rate Col. 4	No. of Deaths Col. 5	Crude Death Rate Col. 6	of Infan- tile Deaths Col. 7	Mor- tality Rate per 1,000 Col. 8	Birth Rate Col. 9	Death Rate Col, 10	Infantile Mor- tality Col. 11
1930	51,750	739	14.2	642	12.4	43	58			
1931	51,840	765	14.7	711	13.7	53	69			
1932	51,040	690	13.5	697	13-3	58	84	13.5	13.2	69 - 4
1933	50,540	634	12.5	704	13.9	41	64			
1934	51,573	645	12.8	645	12.8	46	71			
1935	50,220	620	12.3	705	14.0	41	66			
1936	49,580	612	12.3	724	14-6	38	62			
1937	48,810	620	12.7	794	16.2	39	62	12.7	14.7	65.0
1938	48,540	645	13-2	688	14 - 1	50	77			
1939	47,950	630	13 - 0	719	14.9	57	58			
1940	46,320	657	14-1	793	17-1	52	79]			
1941	45,950	669	14.5	696	15-1	49	72			
1942	45,040	687	14-9	632	14.0	27	39	16.0	15.0	54.0
1943	44,490	804	18.0	684	15.3	39	48			
1944	44,310	830	18-7	605	13-6	30	36			
1945	44,270	725	16-2	670	15.1	30	41)			
1946	46,480	884	19.0	657	14.1	41	46			
1947	47,160	1,011	21 - 4	613	12.9	44	43	18.5	14.3	43.0
1948	46,270	858	18-5	650	14.0	36	41			
1949	47,280	832	17-6	738	15-6	38	46			
1950	47 300	727	15.4	693	14.7	25	34			
1951	45,960	731	15.9	700	15.2	30	41			
1952	45,720	645	14 · 1	643	14-1	27	42			
1953	45,230	697	15-41	606	13-4	17	24			

TABLE III

CAUSES OF DEATH 1953

No.	Cause of Death		M.	F.	Tota
1	Tuberculosis (Respiratory)		. 8	3	11
2	Tuberculosis (Other)			2	2
3	C. Lilitia Diagram		0	2	2 5
4	Di-14b			_	_
5	1171				_
6	Meningococcal Infections				_
7	A D II III				_
8	1.1			1	1
9			. 1		1
10	Malignant Neoplasm (Stomach)		. 11	5	16
11	Malignant Neoplasm (Lung Bronchus)			3	18
12	Malignant Neoplasm (Breast)			11	11
13	Malignant Neoplasm (Uterus)			9	9
14	Other Malignant and Lymphatic Neoplasms	S .	. 20	28	48
15	Leukaemia Aleukaemia		. 1	2	3
16	Di Li		100	3	3
17			. 27	60	87
18	a mi		35	19	54
19	Hypertension with Heart Disease		. 6	11	17
20	Other Heart Disease		49	79	128
21	0.1 0: 1 1 D:		6	9	15
22	T Cl		1	3	4
23	D .		6	7	13
24	D		36	26	62
25	O(1 D: (D : (C)		5	1	6
26	Tillian of Champala and Dundania		5	2	7
27	Gastritis, Enteritis and Diarrhoea		—	1	1
28	Nephritis and Nephrosis		1	3	4
29	** * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *		5	_	5
30	D			_	_
31			2	_	2
32	Other Defined and Ill-Defined Diseases .		29	23	52
33	Motor Vehicle Accidents		4	1	5
34	All Other Accidents		4	7	11
35			4	-	4
36	Homicide and Operations of War		1	_	1
	Total		285	321	606

TABLE IV INFANT DEATHS CAUSE, SEX AND AGE GROUPS

	1		1		Age at	Deat	h		1				
Cause of Death	Under 1 Day 8 less than 7 Days		han	1 W less 4 W		4 We less 6 mc	than		than onths		Total	Bot	
	M	F	M	F	M	F	М	F	M	F	M	F	Sexe
Tuberculosis of Respiratory System													
Tuberculosis (other forms)													
Diphtheria													
Whooping Cough													
Meningococcal Infections													
Acute Poliomyelitis													
Measles													
Influenza													
Pneumonia					1						1		1
Bronchitis										1		1	1
Other Diseases of Respiratory System													
Gastritis, Enteritis and Diarrhoea													
Congenital Malformations			1		1			1			2	1	3
Birth Injuries	3		1								4		4
Postnatal Asphyxia and Atelectasis		1	2		1						3	1	4
Infection of the newborn													
Other Diseases peculiar to Early Infancy (inc. Prems.).			1								1		1
All Other Causes	1						1	1			2	1	3
Total All Causes	4	1	5		3		1	2	1	1	13	4	17

TABLE V

TUBERCULOSIS — NEW CASES AND DEATHS

50 750 ATT		New	Cases	TITA	111 10	DE	ATHS	IDVI	
Age Periods	Pulm	onary		on- lonary	Pulm	onary		on- onary	
AND THE REAL PROPERTY.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	
Years									
0— 1	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
1— 5	2	3	2	1	-	_	_	1	
5—10	2	3	_	2	_	_	-	-	
10—15	3	2	1	-	-	-	_	_	
15—20	3	4	1	1	_	1	-	_	
20—25	7	4	-	2	-	-	-	_	
25—35	7	2	- 1	1	1	2	_	-	
35—45	1	1	1	_	1	-	_	_	
45—55	5	_	-	-	3	_	_	_	
55—65	2	2	1	_	2	_	-	-	
65 and upwards	1	1	_	1	1	_	-	1	
TOTALS	33	22	7	8	8	3	_	2	
	5	5	1	5	1	1	2		
THE PLANE	Eq. 0	7	0	11-11-1	az n	13	3		
Case Rate per 1,000	1 · 22) · 33	Dea Rat	te	0.24		0.04	
		1.55		per 1,00	0		0.29		

TABLE VI
TUBERCULOSIS

INCIDENCE AND DEATH-RATES ANNUALLY 1934-1953

		INCIDENCE	2		DEATHS	
Year	Case	Rate per	1,000	Deatl	Rate per	1,000
IBAK	Pulm'ry	Non- Pulm'ry	Total	Pulm'ry	Non- Pulm'ry	Total
1934	0.83	0.43	1.26	0.57	0.10	0.67
1935	0.14	0.31	1.45	0.50	0.05	0.55
1936	0.83	0.59	1.42	0.60	0.13	0.73
1937	0.19	0.55	1.74	0.94	0.10	1.04
1938	0.91	0.45	1.36	0.66	0.08	0.74
1939	0.81	0.38	1.19	0.71	0.06	0.77
1940	1.10	0.48	1.58	0.52	0.19	0.71
1941	1.10	0.32	1.42	0.70	0.13	0.83
1942	1.10	0.60	1.70	0.55	0.12	0.67
1943	1.16	0.59	1.75	0.52	0.04	0.56
1944	1-17	0.27	1.44	0.45	0.09	0.54
1945	1 · 27	0.40	1.67	0.68	0.18	0.86
1946	1.22	0.25	1.47	0.47	0.05	0.52
1947	1.02	0.42	1.44	0.53	0.19	0.72
1948	1.03	0.27	1.30	0.54	0.13	0.67
1949	1.35	0.19	1.54	0.67	0.14	0.81
1950	0.90	0.20	1.10	0.49	0.08	0.57
1951	1 · 15	0.24	1.39	0.35	0.09	0.44
1952	1.62	0.37	1.99	0.33	0.04	0.37
1953	1.22	0.33	1.55	0.24	0.04	0.29
Average for 20 years	1.00	0.38	1.49	0.55	0.10	0.65
Average for first						
5-year period 1934—1938	0.50	0.47	1 45	0.05	0.00	0.74
1934—1938	0.58	0.47	1.45	0.65	0.09	0.74
Average for last 5-year period 1949—1953	1.25	0 · 27	1.51	0.42	0.08	0.50

TABLE VII CANCER DEATHS (1951 & 1952) 1953

ACCORDING TO SITE AND SEX

				Nur	nber of Cancer		
2.7				1951	& 1952	19	53
No. List	Sites			M.	F.	M.	F.
10	Stomach			 27	19	11	5
11	Lung and Bronchus			 31	3	15	3
12	Breast			 _	10	-	11
13	Uterus			 _	9	_	9
14	Other Malignant and Neoplasms	Lyı	nphatic 	 60	52	20	28
15	Leukaemia, etc.			 2	1	1	2
	TOTAL			 120	94	47	58

TABLE VIII

NOTIFICATIONS AND AGE GROUP ANALYSIS INFECTIOUS DISEASES

Total Cases Removed to Hospital from the District	1	48
Total		16
65 and Over	2 2	10
45-65	2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	37
35-		13
20- 35	20 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	31
15-		18
10-		18
10	104 104	238
3	15 15 15 15 17 17 17 17	145
3 4		151
2-3	1 1 37	117
1-2		98
Under 1	1 18 25 25	44
Total Cases at all Ages	12 12 14 14 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	806
	sis:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	:
DISEASES	Smallpox Diphtheria Erysipelas Scarlet Fever Puerperal Pyrexia Typhoid Fever Paratyphoid Fever Paratyphoid Fever Pheumonia Ophthalmia Neonatorum Cerebro-Spinal Meningitis Poliomyelitis, Paralytic Encephalitis Lethargica Dysentery Measles Whooping Cough Pulmonary Tuberculosis Non-Pulmonary Tuberculosis Non-Pulmonary Tuberculosis Food Poisoning Meningococcal Infection	Totals
Н	Smallpox Diphtheria Erysipelas Scarlet Fever Puerperal Pyrexia Typhoid Fever Paratyphoid Fever Preumonia Ophthalmia Neona Cerebro-Spinal Mer Poliomyelitis, Para Encephalitis Letha Dysentery Whooping Cough Pulmonary Tuberc Non-Pulmonary Tu	

TABLE IX

INFECTIOUS DISEASES

ANNUAL NOTIFICATIONS — 1930-1953

			-	-	-		-	-							- 1			
Year	Smallpox	Diphtheria	Erysipelas	Scarlet Fever	Measles	Whooping Cough	Puerperal Pyrexia	Enteric Fever	Pulmonary Tuberculosis	Non- Pulmonary Tuberculosis	Acute Primary Pneumonia	Ophthalmia Neonatorum	Meningo- coccal Infection	Acute Poliomyelitis	Encephalitis Lethargica	Dysentery	Food	Totals
1930	99	36	25	359			2	3	56	21	61	3	_	-	1	-	-	666
1931	1	13	16	201			4	-	52	38	89	3	3	-	1	-	-	421
1932		22	18	163			4	1	42	20	99	-	2	-	-	-	-	371
1933	-	16	22	73			5	_	57	24	136	3	-	_	1	-	-	337
1934	-	38	19	93			4	-	42	22	100	4	1	-	-	-	_	323
1935	-	63	31	69			10	-	57	16	78.	9	1	-	2	-	-	336
1936	-	127	37	179	ke in		16	1	40	34	85	3	1		1	-	-	524
1937	-	243	25	233			22	1	60	30	97	5	1	-	2	5	-	724
1938	-	225	29	116			37	2	44	22	66	5	3	3	-	2	_	554
1939	-	84	17	59	210		28	_	39	18	67	5	6	1	-	_	-	324
1940	-	59	12	42	686	129	27	1	51	22	95	4	21	-	_	-	-	1149
1941	-	38	12	48	260	128	23	7	51	14	86	5	16	4	-	-	_	692
1942	-	42	20	86	521	39-	28	1	49	27	85	8	8	-	-	-	-	914
1943	-	61	21	98	355	197	19	-	43	22	126	10	4	-	_	_	_	956
1944	-	60	17	63	419	69	13	1	48	15	31	2	4	-	-	-	-	742
1945	-	64	6	41	233	34	7	-	56	18	38	1	3	-	-	-	-	501
1946	-	25	12	27	136	175	8	1	57	11	58	3	3	-	-	-	-	516
1947	-	11	12	26	696	48	7	1	48	20	31	1	-	1	-	-	-	902
1948	-	19	14	131	439	236	2	2	48	12	44	-	1	4	-	-	-	952
1949	-	4	15	265	461	54	3	-	45	19	55	1	2	6	_	_	-	930
1950	-	6	5	103	281	223	1	_	43	12	38	-	1	8	-	10	3	734
1951	-	3	4	102	855	88	1	-	53	11	51	-	3	1	-	4	3	1179
1952	-	1	6	116	422	139	-	2	74	17	25	-	1	1	-	6	3	813
1953	3 _	-	12	91	427	255	2	-	55	15	44	-	1	1	-	3	2	908

General Provision of Health Services in the Area

I.—SERVICES PROVIDED BY THE MANCHESTER REGIONAL HOSPITAL BOARD

A. General Hospital

The Ashton-under-Lyne General Hospital, Lake Section and Infirmary Section, is controlled and administered by the Manchester Regional Hospital Board acting through their Ashton, Hyde and Glossop Hospital Management Committee.

The hospital admits medical and surgical cases; there is an out-patient department at the Infirmary and the Lake Section provides through its Maternity Department, maternity beds and an ante-natal clinic.

B. Infectious Diseases

The area is served by a number of Infectious Diseases Hospitals; Hyde, Monsall and Westhulme (Oldham) taking the majority of our cases in that order of frequency.

SMALLPOX. The Ainsworth Smallpox Hospital, Bury, would take any cases of smallpox.

C. Tuberculosis Services

The Chest Clinic, Lees Street, is now administered by the Regional Hospital Board, though certain aspects of this work, more particularly the domiciliary visiting of cases and contacts, come within the domain of the Local Health Authority's Medical Officer (the Divisional Medical Officer for Health Division No. 17).

The times for	attend	ance at	the Clin	nic are	as follows:	_
Tuesdays	· · · ·				2-0 p.m.	
(1st	Tuesda	ay in n	nonth)		6-0 p.m.	
Wednesd	lays				10-0 a.m.	
(1st	Wedne	esday in	month	1)	6-0 p.m.	
Fridays					10-0 a.m.	

A clinic for children only is held Friday afternoons from 2-0 to 4-0 p.m.

II.—SERVICES PROVIDED BY THE LOCAL HEALTH AUTHORITY

The Lancashire County Council are the Local Health Authority for the Ashton-under-Lyne area, and they have set up a Divisional Scheme for Administration covering the whole of the County of Lancashire.

Ashton-under-Lyne is one of the six constituent districts in Health Division No. 17, which is comprised as follows:—

Ashton-under-Lyne Borough.

Mossley Borough.

Audenshaw Urban District.

Denton Urban District.

Droylsden Urban District.

Limehurst (Part) Rural District

(except Parish of Woodhouses).

The services which are provided by the Lancashire County Council, with effect from July 5th, 1948, are as follows:—

- 1. Maternity and Child Welfare.
- 2. School Medical Service.
- 3. Midwifery.
- 4. Health Visiting.
- 5. Home Nursing.
- 6. Vaccination and Immunisation.
- 7. Ambulance Service.
- 8. Prevention of Illness, Care and After-care.
- 9. Domestic Help.
- 10. Mental Health.
- 11. Health Education and Propaganda.

The above services are administered by the Lancashire County Council acting through their Divisional Health Committee No. 17.

A brief résumé of the above services as available to residents in Ashton-under-Lyne follows, the items being listed in the order as shown above:—

1. Maternity and Child Welfare

Child Welfare
Centres held at—

Clinic 5: Scotland Street,
Clinic 5: Scotland Street,
Tuesdays,
2 p.m.

Clinic 6: Richmond House,
Richmond Street,
2 p.m.

Clinic 7: Ormonde Street, Wednesdays, 2 p.m.

	Clinic 8:	Hurst Nook,	Mondays, 9.30 a.m. to 12.0 noon.
Ante-Natal	Clinic 5:	Scotland Street,)	Alternate
Clinics		Richmond House,	Fridays,
		Richmond Street,	2 p.m.
Speech Therapy	Clinic 6:	Richmond House,	Mondays,
Clinics		Richmond Street,	a.m. and p.m.
			Tuesdays,
			a.m. and p.m.
			Thursdays,
			a.m. only.
Ultra Violet	Clinic 6:	Richmond House,	Tuesdays and
Ray Clinics		Richmond Street,	Fridays,
			9 a.m.

2. School Medical Service

The School Clinic at Water Street is open throughout the week and provides the following Clinics:—

Minor Ailments.
Ophthalmic.
Orthopædic.
Aural.
Dental.

3. Midwives

The following are the names and addresses of the Midwives practising in Ashton as at 31st December, 1953:—

Mrs. B. J. EGERTON,

57, Ladbrooke Road. Tel. No. ASHton 2063.

Mrs. J. GRIFFITHS,

1, Crowthorn Road. Tel. No. ASHton 2107.

Mrs. A. HARROP,

5, Ney Street, Waterloo. Tel. No. ASHton 2033.

Mrs. S. A. SIDEBOTTOM,

16, Hurst Hall Drive. Tel. No. ASHton 2615.

Mrs. I. Mallinson,

4, Crowhill Road. Tel. No. ASHton 2741.

4. Health Visitors

Office: St. Michael's Square, Ashton-under-Lyne.

Nurse Chamberlain.

Nurse Weir.

Nurse Cleary.

Nurse Edwards.

Nurse Malone.

Nurse Wrigley.

Nurse Beaumont.

Nurse Smith.

Extract from 1951 Census

Table

- L Housing of Private Households.
- 2 Population 1921-1951 and Intercensal variations.
- 3 Acreage, Private Households and Dwellings.
- 10 Dwellings, Rooms and Households.
- 11 Private Households by Size, Rooms Occupied and Density of Occupation in (a) All dwellings.
 - (b) Shared dwellings.
- 12 Private Households by Density of Occupation (Persons per room).
- 14 Private Households according to possession of certain Household Arrangements.
- 22 Ages (quinary) and Marital Condition.
- 27 Social Class Distribution of Occupied and Retired Males Aged 15 and over.

(Census 1951)

TABLE L-HOUSING OF PRIVATE HOUSEHOLDS

27.9 21.5 22.3 00 10 of hold hold per cent non-(0) 19. 25. Over 11 population households 3.2 2.3 2.8 5.0 (17) Per cent density Density of occupation at Over 2 (persons per room) 0.2 0.5 6.0 0.7 0.3 3 Over Over 0.9 2.3 4.6 5.6 6 Per cent (3) density 6 at 1.2 0.5 2.2 6.0 1.0 E 99.0 94.0 0.74 0.71 0.71 per Persons (6) 13.3 13-1 8.6 7.1 holds Per cent of 1 persn 9.6 hse-0 3.63 3.62 3.59 3.50 3.92 1931 household 0 Persons per 3.00 1951 2.98 3.07 3.22 .93 E 13 pying I or 2 occu-Per only 9-1 COOR +.+ 3.2 2.4 5.7 Households (1111) 4.22 4-26 R'ms 4-54 4.33 95 per hold (7) è ing a dwellshar-Per cent 2.5 9-1 2.5 2.2 6.0 ing (k) crease or de-crease 11.8 9-08 75.1 145.4 (—) 1931– 1951 Per cent in-3.8 0 umber 15,245 8,189 3,534 4,151 8,329 (14) 2.78 0-61 1.48 0.63 5.07 Per cent with 1 or 2 rms. (8) Structurally separate dwellings Occupied 4-34 Rooms per dwelling 4.23 0.88 4.27 4.25 4.66 0.66 4.31 4.39 1931 5 4.59 4.39 3.98 1981 (e) 0.84 0.78 0.78 Occupied & vacant Per fshd. vac. -un (4) or de-12-1 86.5 75-1 153-2 4.2 Per cent increase 1931 (0) Number 8,197 3,588 4,187 8,343 15,314 (0) Administrative Area Ashton-under-Lyne M.B. Audenshaw U.D. (a) Droylsden U.D. Denton U.D. Mossley M.B.

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(Census 1951)

TABLE 2. POPULATION 1921-1951 AND INTERCENSAL VARIATIONS

Net 1931
population of
Areas
added or
deducted
(—) in
intercensal
period
1931-(11) 602 0 99 Balance 40.7 38.5 73.7 9-11--13.4 (111) By Births and Deaths Per cent 8.9 80 23.9 -0-1 Increase or Decrease (--) (3) 1931-1951 Total 9.64 47.3 9.16 -13.5 -10.3 (%) Per cent Amount 4,200 8,219 13,023 -5,381 -1,629(6) 1921-0.3 01 (3) 3 Females 24,882 13,516 6,594 13,747 5,465 (H) 21,912 12,616 4,948 Males 6,067 12,087 1951 (8) Persons 10,413 46,794 25,603 12,661 26,363 S POPULATION Females 27,552 6,960 6,392 9,188 4,492 0 Males 24,623 8,196 6,380 3,969 5,650 1831 (g Persons 52,175 13,340 12,042 17,384 8,461 (0) Persons 7,876 52,041 17,620 13,968 12,703 1921 (0) Ashton-under-Lyne M.B. Administrative Area Audenshaw U.D. Droylsden U.D. (B) Denton U.D. Mossley M.B.

(Census 1951)
TABLE 3. ACREAGE, PRIVATE HOUSEHOLDS AND DWELLINGS

				PRI	PRIVATE HOUSEHOLDS AND DWELLINGS 1951	SEHOLDS	AND DW	ELLINGS	1921
Administrative Area		Acreage (Land and Inland Water)	Persons per Acre 1951	Private Households	Popula- tion in Private Private Households	Struc- turally Separate Dwellings	Rooms	Persons per Room	Percentage of persons at more then 2 per Room
(a)		(9)	(0)	(4)	(e)	(1)	(8)	(4)	(i)
Ashton-under-Lyne M.B.	:	2,981	15.7	15,245	45,416	15,051	64,310	0.71	1.2
Audenshaw U.D.	:	1,241	10.2	4,151	12,467	4,116	18,872	99.0	0.5
Denton U.D	:	2,593	6.6	8,329	25,579	8,224	36,077	0.71	6.0
Droylsden U.D	:	1,010	26.1	8,189	26,356	8,097	34,923	0.75	1.0
Mossley M.B	:	3,624	2.9	3,534	10,360	3,513	13,978	0.74	2.2

(Census 1951)
TABLE 10. DWELLINGS, ROOMS AND HOUSEHOLDS

	-		STRUC	TURAL	LY SEP	STRUCTURALLY SEPARATE DWELLINGS	DWEL	LINGS			NON	(BER	NUMBER OF ROOMS	SWC
		c	e		u	q	ı	0 000	10 or	4.11		Vacant	ant	
RC	oom	Rooms	Room Rooms Rooms	Rooms	Rooms	Rooms	Rooms	Rooms Rooms	Rooms	Sizes	Occupied Funr. Others	Funr.	Others	Total
(a)	(9)	(c)	(4)	(e)	(f)	(8)	(1/4)	(1)	(9)	(k)	(1)	(111)	(11)	(0)
Ashton-under-Lyne M.B.														
:	66	320	1,542	8,353	3,214	1,135	150	68	16	14,918	63,600	00 -	1	63,608
3 or more Private Households	11	11	9	4	200	8 8	010	0 +	- 23	28	178		64	181
Total Dwellings occupied — 19	66	320	1,551	8,392	3,245	1,163	163	66	61	15,051	64,310	10	63	64,322
:	-	- 0	10	91	20	8 2	11	- 82	11	134	11	0338	569	569
Total Dwellings occupied and vacant 10	100	324	1,580	8,558	3,284	1,183	163	103	19	15,314	64,310	548	571	65,429
Number of Private Households therein	66	320	1,560	8,435	3,283	1,210	183	122	33	15,245				
Miscellaneous habitations and institutions halding and animate halden	ding		To her	apport of the						33				
miscendificus Havitaniviis and mistrativiis noi	Sum	non-pri	vare nor	isenoias										
N.B.—The above section includes 6 caravans comprising 9 rooms occupied by 6 households.	mpris	r 6 guis	ooms oc	cupied b	y 6 hous	eholds.								

TABLE 11.—PRIVATE HOUSEHOLDS BY SIZE, ROOMS OCCUPIED AND DENSITY OF OCCUPATION in (a) All dwellings (b) Shared dwellings

Ashton-under-Lyne M.B.	N.W.	DMOOG to sedunia animalist advantage and IOHSZIOH to radimi'N	OHASHO	I DS ocom	mine the	following	nitrathae o	MOOD I			These		
		1	1	none com	Jung mich	SHIMOHOL	namper o	I KOOSI	0		Total		Average
	Room	2 Rooms	3 Rooms	Rooms	S Rooms	Rooms	7 Rooms	8 or 9 Rooms	10 or more Rooms	Total house-	in house- holds	Total Rooms occupied	Total of Rooms persons occupied per room
(a)	(9)	(0)	(p)	(e)	(f)	(8)	(4)	(1)	(9)	(k)	(1)	(1111)	(n)
(a) Households in all Dwellings Total Households Total Persons Rooms Occupied	211	459 1,011 918	1,582 4,197 4,746	8,379 23,278 33,516	3,223 11,361 16,115	1,136 4,138 6,816	150 607 1,050	89 339 728	16 74 174	15,245	45,416	64,274	0.71
Distribution per 1,000 house- holds by rooms occupied 1951	14	30	104	549	2111	75	10	9	1	1,000			
(b) Households in Shared Dwellings Total Households Total Persons Rooms Occupied	112 232 112	139 342 278	40 108 120	26 102 104	32 45	- 89	41	-00	111	329	825	681	1.21
Distribution per 1,000 house- holds by rooms occupied 1951	340	423	122	79	27	69	60	69	1	1,000			

(Census 1951)
TABLE 12. PRIVATE HOUSEHOLDS BY DENSITY OF OCCUPATION (Persons per room)

	Honse	sholds in a	Households in all dwellings at successive densities	gs at succ	essive den	sities							Percentage of	to our
			Per	Percentages			Popula	tion in a	ll househo	Population in all households at successive densities	cessive de	nsities	persons living	living
		Outer	3 and	2 and	14 and	1 or		Ower	Pue 8	bue 6	11 and	1 or	2 per	room.
Area	Total	3	2 2	13-10	1	less	Total	38	over 2	over 14	over 1	less	1981	1931
(a)	(9)	(0)	(p)	(e)	S	(8)	(4)	(1)	(4)	(k)	(7)	(111)	(11)	(0)
Ashton-under-Lyne M.B. 15,245	3. 15,245	0 · 1	9.0	2.5	0.6	87.8	45,416	100	450	2,170	7,221	35,475	1.21	5.20
Audenshaw U.D.	4,151	I	0.5	6.0	6.4	92.5	12,467	ı	09	232	1,462	10,713	0.48	4.42
Denton U.D	8,329	0.0	0.3	1.9	9.8	89.2	25,579	25	195	1961	3,781	20,617	98.0	5.32
Droylsden U.D.	8,189	0.1	0.4	2.3	10.2	87.0	26,356	25	246	1,195	4,440	20,450	1.03	7.78
Mossley M.B	3,534	0.1	8.0	4 · 1	10.4	84.6	10,360	28	200	795	1,738	7,599	2.20	2.83

(Census 1951)
TABLE 14. PRIVATE HOUSEHOLDS according to possession of certain HOUSEHOLD ARRANGEMENTS

		-under- M.B.		nshaw D.	Den U.	ton D.	Droy U.	lsden D.		sley B.
	All house- holds	House- holds sharing dwell- ings	All house- holds	House- holds sharing dwell- ings	All house- holds	House- holds sharing dwell- ings	All house- holds	House- holds sharing house- ings	All house- holds	House holds sharin dwell- ings
Total number of households	15,245	329	4,151	67	8,329	206	8,189	184	3,534	32
Piped Water					0.10		200			
	1,166	238	87	43	242	168	203	151	277	24
43	22	72	2	64	1 3	82	1 2	82	36 9	78
Cooking Stone										
Cooking Stove Households S.	249	187	46	41	155	144	160	143	17	11
**	389	13	61	1	88	9	74	5	114	3
The second Co. 187	4	61	3	63	3	74	3	80	4	44
Kitchen Sink										
TT 1 11 12	286	210	43	38	177	164	166	149	22	14
N.	44	3	3	3	3	2	2	1	8	5
Per cent S. or N.	2	65	1	61	2	81	2	82	1	59
Water Closet										
W P	681	256	74	43	194	167	176	151	98	14
N.	359	2	65	777	30	1,000	16	2	2,258	14
The court 12 - 12	7	78	3	64	3	81	2	83	67	88
Fixed Bath										
77 77	293	163	40	35	141	132	143	130	17	11
N.	8,395	136	1,122	13	2,372	53	1,803	33	2,593	20
Per cent S. or N.	57	91	28	72	30	90	24	89	74	97
All five arrangement	4									
E	0.004	0.1	0.005				0.100	0.0	200	
The court	6,224	24	2,935	17 25	5,750	17	6,188	20	769 22	
	41	6	/1	Art.F	00	0	70	***	da da	
Stove E. Sink E.								1		
Households	14,553	109	4,042	25	8,070	40	7,951	32	3,393	13
Per cent	95	33	97	37	97	19	97	17	96	41
Bath S. or N. other four arrange- ments E.										
III	6,896	34	988	6	2,218	19	1,706	8	320	3
The second	45	10	24	9	27	9	21	4	9	9
Sink S. or N. Water Closet S. or N.										
4.7	315	211	45	41	178	164	167	150	29	18
Don comt	2	64	1	61	2	80	2	82	1	56

Households with Household Arrangements as follows :-

⁽E-having exclusive use; S-sharing with another household; N-entirely without).

(Census 1951)
TABLE 22. AGES (quinary) and MARITAL CONDITION

ASHTON-UNDER-LYNE M.B.

			Total Population		Married only	
			Males	Females	Males	Females
Total			21,912	24,882	12,098	12,337
Marital Condition	n :					
Single	***		8,688	9,447		
Married			12,098	12,337	12,098	12,337
Widowed			1,045	2,990	0.000	10 mm A 70 mm (2)
Divorced			81	108		
Age last birthda	v :					
0-4			1,938	1,887		
5— 9			1,599	1,628		
10—14		***	1,338	1,380		
15—19			1,203	1,323	4	70
20—24			1,316	1,503	368	763
25—29			1,710	1,808	1,202	1,461
20 21			1,644	1,670	1,359	1,392
25 20			1,665	1,762	1,442	1,469
40 44	* * *		1,688	1,820	1,487	1,494
45—49			1,690	1,758	1,506	1,325
50—54			1,477	1,804	1,319	1,338
55—59			1,281	1,636	1,130	1,072
60—64	***		1,128	1,460	920	816
GE GO	***		907	1,321	647	603
70—74			730	1,030	457	343
75—79			373	679	183	151
80—84			174	299	66	38
85—89			41	88	8	1
90 94		7.77	9	23		1
95 and over			1	3	_	_
7						
Percentage persons 1931 over 65 years 1951			6·0 10·3	7·5 13·7	Sexes combined	6·8 12·3

(Census 1951)
TABLE 27. SOCIAL CLASS DISTRIBUTION OF OCCUPIED AND RETIRED MALES AGED 15 AND OVER.

SOCIAL CLASS Proportions per 1,000 total	ш п л м п п	1,906 9,294 2,112 2,885 22 115 561 128	34 193 580	839 1,045 25 147 617	14 109	
	I	363	158	221	128	38
Total Males (occupied	retired) aged 15 and over	16,560	4,610	8,923	9,298	3,636
Administrative Area		Ashton-u-Lyne M.B.	Audenshaw U.D	Denton U.D	Droylsden U.D	Mossley M.B.

TOWN HALL CHAMBERS, ASHTON-UNDER-LYNE.

TO THE MAYOR AND MEMBERS OF THE COUNCIL OF THE BOROUGH OF ASHTON-UNDER-LYNE

MR. MAYOR, LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,

I beg to submit herewith my Annual Report for the year 1953.

The preliminary housing survey was completed during the year. The houses in the town were divided into categories:—

- 1. Essentially sound houses which are in good condition.
- 2. Houses which in our opinion should be the subject of clearance area procedure.
- 3. Those which, although at present in need of some repair, could be made fit.
- 4. Houses which are structurally sound but are lacking up-to-date amenities.

A detailed inspection of those properties which are likely to be the subject of clearance area procedure was proceeding at the end of the year.

From information obtained from the preliminary survey it is obvious that Housing is going to be one of the chief activities in the Department for some years to come and it is expected that as soon as the Housing Repairs and Rents Bill becomes law, active steps will be taken to proceed with the first part of the slum clearance programme.

During the year the public conveniences in Mossley Road were in course of erection and when completed, they will meet the needs of this area. They are up-to-date and free washing facilities have been provided. It is sincerely hoped that the buildings and fixtures will be used in a proper manner.

During the year there were no changes in the Sanitary Inspectorate and this is reflected in the increase in the work accomplished. One of the Junior Clerks however, left in February and was not replaced until the following July. Owing to ill-health, one of the clerks was absent from duty for a considerable period during the year.

I should like to express my appreciation of the work carried out by the staff and in particular to my Deputy, who has given much valuable assistance during the year. It is obvious, in the near future, the work will call for the full and whole-hearted cooperation of all its members, if the work is to be accomplished successfully. I feel sure that everyone will give of his or her best.

To the Chairman and Members of the Health Committee I must again express my appreciation of the support and encouragement given to me in the carrying out of my duties during the year.

I am,

Ladies and Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
C. SYKES HANDFORTH.

Environmental Health Services

Embodying the Report of the Chief Sanitary Inspector for the Year 1953

Housing Statistics

Number of new Houses erected during the year :—	Houses	Flats
(i) By the Local Authority	212	_
,, ,, ,, (outside district)	18	16
(ii) By other Local Authorities	Nil	Nil
(iii) By other Bodies or Persons	11	Nil

- 1. Inspection of dwelling-houses during the year :-
 - (1) (a) Total number of dwelling-houses inspected for housing defects (under Public Health or Housing Acts)
 - (b) Number of inspections made for the purpose

5060

9915

	(2)	sub-head (1) above) which were inspected and recorded under the Housing Consolidated Regulations, 1925 to 1932 (b) Number of inspections made for the purpose	15 44
	(3)	Number of dwelling-houses found to be in a state so dangerous or injurious to health as to be unfit for human habitation	Nil.
	(4)	Number of dwelling-houses (exclusive of those referred to under the preceding sub-head) found not to be in all respects reasonably fit for human habitation	792
2.	Nur cons	nedy of defects during the year without service of mal notices:— mber of defective dwelling-houses rendered fit in sequence of informal action by the Local Authority their officers	659
3.		Proceedings under Sections 9, 10 and 16 of the Housing Act, 1936:— (1) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which notices were served requiring repairs (2) Number of dwelling-houses which were rendered fit after service of formal notices:— (a) By Owners	Nil.
	(b)	(b) By Local Authority in default of Owners Proceedings under Public Health Acts:— (1) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which notices were served requiring defects to be remedied (2) Number of dwelling-houses in which defects were remedied after service of formal notices (a) By Owners (b) By Local Authority in default of Owners	Nil. 58 37 Nil.
	(c)	Proceedings under Section 11 and 13 of the Housing Act, 1936:— (1) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which Demolition Orders were made	Nil

	(2)	Number of dwelling-houses demolished in pursuance of Demolition Orders	20
			ceedings under Section 12 of the Housing 1936:—	
	(1)	Number of separate tenements or underground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were made	Nil.
	(2)	Number of separate tenements or under-	
			ground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were determined, the tenement or room having been rendered fit	Nil.
4.	Housi	ing	Act, 1936. Part IV. Overcrowding-	
	(a) ((i)	Number of dwellings overcrowded at the end of the year	133
	(ii)	Number of families dwelling therein	190
	(i	ii)	Number of persons dwelling herein	932
	(b) N		aber of new cases of overcrowding reported during the year	51
	(c)		Number of cases of overcrowding relieved during the year	52
	(ii)	Number of persons concerned in such cases	208
5.	Housi	ing	Act, 1949—	
	(a)	(i)	Number of Schemes submitted:	
			(a) by private individuals	Nil.
	,		(b) by the local authority	Nil.
			Number of dwelling-houses affected	Nil.
			Number of Schemes approved by Ministry:	Nil.
	(Number of dwelling-houses or other buildings affected	Nil.
	(i		Number of additional separate dwellings to be	2711
			provided under these approved Schemes	Nil.
			ober of additional separate dwellings actually oleted during the year	Nil.
			other action taken under the Act (give brief culars)	Nil.

Sanitary Improvements

The principal sanitary improvement during the year was the continued progress in converting waste-water closets into freshwater closets. This is the seventh year the scheme has been in operation and the number dealt with during 1953 (136) was the highest recorded during that period and since 1947, 620 waste-water closets have been abolished.

Progress is, of course, not spectacular, but there has been a continued increase each year (except during 1952). The figure of 136 during 1953 compares with 32 in 1947 and 43 in 1948.

A commencement was made with the erection of public conveniences in Mossley Road. The provision of improved facilities at Guide Bridge was under consideration, the Council in this matter working in close co-operation with the Audenshaw Urban District Council.

Smoke Abatement

There has been a substantial increase during the year in the number of half-hourly smoke observations, 167 as compared with 36 in 1952. The Council has provided four lead peroxide instruments and four soot deposit gauges for estimating atmospheric pollution. It is regretted that the tables in connection with this matter are not available.

During the year it was decided to join the scheme operated by the Manchester and District Regional Smoke Abatement Committee, but at the end of the year, the necessary arrangements had not been completed. It is hoped, however, that matters will be sufficiently advanced for the schedule to be included in next year's report.

Inspection and Supervision of Food

1.—MILK SUPPLY

The Mil	lk and Dairies Regulati	ons, 1949		
No	(a) Dairies in the di (b) Dairy farms in (c) Shops in the dist (d) Premises outside	istrict the district trict other tha	in dairies.	3 15 242
The Mi	lk (Special Designation	n) (Raw Mil	k) Regula	tions, 1949
No	of dealer's licence licences) issued by the in respect of :—	e local author	ity during	1953,
	"Tuberculin Te "Accredited" N			
	lk (Special Designation gulations, 1949	n) (Pasteurise	ed and Ste	erilised Milk)
No.	of licences issued in Milk:—	respect of "	Heat Tre	ated "
	Pasteurising pla Sterilising plant Retail distributo (a) "Paste (b) "Steril	s		85
Act in the di	ion taken by this Dep strict :—	artment in re	lation to s	amples taken
Raw Mi	lk			
(1)	Tuberculosis—	Number of samples		
(1)	Biological tests	56	54	1 (1 examina- tion declared void)
(2)	Methylene Blue Test	Number of samples 59	satis-	

"Heat Treated" Milk "Pasteurised"—			
(1) Phosphatase Test(2) Methylene Blue	116	116	_
Test Tuberculosis	116 1	114 1	2
"Sterilised"— (3) Turbidity Test (4) Tuberculosis	3	3	_

Result of Ministry investigations by the Divisional Inspector of the Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries within the district during the year, arising from notifications of tuberculous milk made by any local authority.

Number of veterinary inspections	1
Number of cases where animals seized under Tuber-	
culosis Order, 1938	
Number of animals seized	1
Number of cases reported negative where animals had	
been sold prior to investigation	Nil.
Number of cases reported negative where no animals	2711
seized	Nil.

During the year two notices were served under Article 20 of the Milk and Dairies Regulations 1949, requiring treatment of milk before disposal for human consumption. Details of this action were forwarded to the Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries, the Ministry of Food and the Lancashire County Council. In both cases the milk was heat-treated before being sold to the public. Compensation was paid to the traders and the usual repayment of part of the expenditure was received from the Ministry.

Ice-Cream

63 samples of ice cream were forwarded for examination and were reported upon as follows:—

Grade 1	 	 	42
Grade 2		 	15
Grade 3	 	 	4
Grade 4	 	 	2

There has been a slight increase in the number of samples forwarded to the Public Health Laboratories for examination.

It will be noted there was a substantial increase in the inspections made of food-preparing premises—4,606 compared with 1,613 in 1952.

2.—FOOD AND DRUGS ACTS

During the year under review 109 samples were taken and submitted to the Public Analyst for examination. The details of these samples are as follows:—

Milk 107 Sardines 2

The table below gives pariculars of the samples found upon analysis to have been adulterated or below standard:—

Sample No.	Sample	Adulteration or Offence	Remarks
3	Milk	Naturally deficient in non- fatty solids to the extent of 2.3%	Formal sample. Producer outside the district.
31	Milk	Do. 2.3%	Formal sample
48	Milk	Deficient in milk fat to the extent of 1.6%	Formal sample. Producer outside the district.
56	Milk	Do. 3.3%	Formal sample. Producer outside the district.
75	Milk	Do. 6.6%	Formal sample.
78	Milk	(Re No. 75). Naturally deficient in milk fat to the extent of 18.3%	"Appeal to Cow" sample. Producer requested to obtain a better type of cow.

4.—MARKETS AND SHOPS

Foodstuffs exposed for sale in the public market and in the various shops in the town were regularly inspected during the year.

4,606 visits were paid to food stores and food preparing premises (including visits to bakehouses, milk shops, etc.), and action was taken to effect improvement at various premises, and it is pleasing to note that in this effort we had the full co-operation of the occupiers and owners of the premises.

	FOOD	CONI	DEMNED	1953				
					T.	C.	Q.	Lbs.
Tinned Foods					2	11	2	23
Beef	144		***		-	11	3	181
Pork	***				-	2	0	141
Tripes and Offal	***		***	***	-	1	0	24
Sausage			***		-	2	0	7
Fish			***		-	-	2	14
Bacon	***	***			-	-	-	251
Meat Pies						-	-	21
Dried Fruit					-	4	3	18
Cake and Biscuits	***				-	-	2	13
Sweets and Chocolates					-	-		173
Coconuts and desiccated	l coconu	t	***		-	3	0	26
Cake Mix, Custard Powe	der, etc.		***	***	-	-	1	171
Miscellaneous					-		3	53
			TOTAL		4	0	0	21

5.—RAT REPRESSION

Prevention of Damage by Pests Act, 1949

		TYPE OF PROPERTY					
		Local Authority	Dwelling houses	Agri- cultural	All other (including Business and Industrial)	TOTAL	
1.	Total number of properties in Local Authority's district	42	14,675	27	3,326	18,070	
2.	Number of properties inspected by the Local Authority during 1953, as a result:— (a) of notification, or (b) otherwise	(a) 3 (b) 34	244 2,473	1 15	67 1,010	315 3,532	
3.	Number of properties (under No. 2) found to be infested by rats: Major	_ 2	208	_	34	244	
4.	Number of properties (under No. 2) found to be seriously infested by mice	1	99	_	53	153	
5.	Number of infested properties (under Nos. 3 and 4) treated by the local authority	3	307	_	84	394	
6.	Number of notices served under Section 4:— (1) Treatment (2) Structural Works (i.e. proofing)	Nil Nil	Nil Nil	Nil Nil	Nil	Nil	
7.	Number of cases in which default action was taken by the Local Authority, following issue of notice under Section 4	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	
8.	Legal proceedings	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	
9.	Number of "Block" control schemes carried out			24			

The two full-time Rodent Operators employed in the Department continued to carry out their duties in a satisfactory manner. During the year the usual baiting of the sewers was

carried out. In addition a large number of premises where rats had been observed, was reported, and the necessary action taken.

CONTAGIOUS DISEASES OF ANIMALS

During the year the district was subject to the movement restrictions imposed by the Foot & Mouth (Infected Areas) Order, 1938.

DISINFESTATION

During the year no Council houses but 19 privately owned houses and properties were fumigated. Liquid and powder spraying by both manual and mechanical appliances were employed. Zaldecide and Gammaxene insecticides gave excellent results.

SCABIES

There were no patients treated for Scabies during 1953.

Water Supply

The water supply has been satisfactory in quantity and quality. There has been filtration of all supplies, with Chlorination at the Brushes and Yeoman Hey Filterhouses and Ozonisation at Knott Hill.

During the year, the following examinations were made: -

(a)	RAW WATER	Λ	Vumb	er	Results			
	Bacteriological examinations Chemical analyses		5		Satisfactor			
(b)	WATER GOING INTO SUPPLY WHERE TREATMENT INSTALLED							
	Bacteriological examinations Chemical analyses				Excellent			
	PRIVATE SUPPLIES							
	Bacteriological examinations Chemical analyses							
	No form of contamination presented itself.							
	No liability to Plumbo Solvent action.							

Except for a few isolated cases, domestic water supplies are received from the town's mains.

Swimming Baths

The Corporation Baths have the following bathing accommodation:—

1 large Swimming Bath (100ft. x 40ft.—120,000 gals.).

35 Private Slipper Baths (22 Gents' and 13 Ladies').

3 Zotofoam Baths.

The swimming bath water is purified by "Bells" Filtration Plant, having a four-hour turnover.

The pumps extract 15,000 gallons of water from the top and a similar amount from the bottom hourly.

Chlorination is maintained constantly at 0.5 parts/million throughout the bath.

Tests are taken two and three times per day also for alkilinity at 7.0/7.6 Ph. to give perfect filtration.

Warm showers are provided to enable each bather to wash under fresh, clean, running water before entering the swimming bath.

The private slipper baths are fitted with unlimited supplies of hot and cold water.

Zotofoam sweating baths are provided on a modern scale with shampoo and rest rooms. Brine and Pine are also given with these baths.

Zotofoam baths provide the advantages of a Turkish bath without the use of a very hot room, the room being kept at approximately 80 deg. F.

The attendances at the Baths during 1953 were as follows:—

Swimming Baths	 	70,238
Private Slipper Baths	 	38,758
Zotofoam Sweating Bath	 	1,758

Total ... 110,754

I am indebted to Mr. W. H. Vollum, M.N.A.B.S., the Baths Superintendent, for kindly supplying me with much information and for his co-operation in matters connected with the general arrangements.

Eight samples of water from the Public Baths were taken during the year by officers of the Department and submitted to the Public Health Laboratories for examination.

DETAILS OF INSPECTIONS MADE AND WORK CARRIED OUT DURING 1953

Number of inspections (including Inspectors	_				3,335
Number of nuisances abated					2,030
Number of visits to houses-let-in-land dwelling-vans					117
Number of visits to dairies and m	ilkshops				167
Number of visits to bakehouses					390
Number of visits to food stores and	l food p	reparin	g prem	ises	3,387
Number of visits to fish-friers					148
Number of visits to ice cream pr	emises				514
Number of visits to factories and	worksh	ops			462
Number of visits to offensive trace	le prem	ises			10
Number of visits re rat infestation	s			15	2,702
Number of samples taken under th	e Food	and Dr	ugs Ac	t	109

NATIONAL ASSISTANCE ACT, 1948

In pursuance of the provisions of the above Act, 2 adults and 1 infant were interred during 1953, the arrangements for the burials being undertaken by the officers of your Committee.

FACTORIES ACT, 1937.

1. INSPECTIONS for purposes of provisions as to health.
Including Inspections made by Sanitary Inspectors.

	Number of			
Premises (1)	Inspections (2)	Written Notices (3)	Occupiers Prosecuted (4)	
Factories with Mechanical Power Factories without Mechanical Power Other Premises under the Act (including works of building and engineering construction but not including outworkers' premises)	91 382	- 11		
Total	490	11	-	

2. DEFECTS FOUND.

	N	Number of defects in respect of			
Particulars	Found	Remedied	Referred to H.M. Inspector	which	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	
Want of Cleanliness (S. 1) Overcrowding (S. 2) Unreasonable Temperature (S.3) Inadequate Ventilation (S. 4) Ineffective Drainage of Floors (S. 6) Sanitary Conveniences (S. 7) Insufficient Unsuitable or Defective Not Separate for Sexes (Not including offences relating to Home Work or offences under the Sections mentioned in the Schedule to the Ministry of Health (Factories and Workshops Transfer of Powers) Order, 1921, and re- enacted in the Third Schedule to the Factories Act, 1937)	16 — 1 — 22 4 1	16 — 1 — 21 6 1			
Total	44	45	-	_	





