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BOROUGH OF ASHTON-UNDER-LYNE



ANNUAL REPORT

of the Medical Officer of Health

FOR THE YEAR

1950





BOROUGH OF ASHTON-UNDER-LYNE

Annual Report

of the

Medical Officer of Health

For the Year 1950

Borough of Ashton-under-Lyne 1950

PUBLIC HEALTH COMMITTEE

Chairman: Alderman W. H. Flowers, M.B.E., M.M.

Deputy-Chairman: Councillor J. Wignall.

His Worshipful The Mayor, Alderman Ernest E. Clarke, J.P. Alderman J. Q. Massey, J.P.

Councillors R. G. Fish, C.C., N. Fisher, M. Forbes (Miss), R. Gleave, A. Gray, James Hall, John Holland, M. MacCormack (Mrs.), E. Williamson (Mrs.).

TOWN HALL CHAMBERS, ASHTON-UNDER-LYNE.

TO THE MAYOR AND COUNCIL OF THE BOROUGH OF ASHTON-UNDER-LYNE.

MR. MAYOR, MR. CHAIRMAN, LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,

I have pleasure in submitting my report on the health of the Borough of Ashton-under-Lyne for the year 1950.

It will be noted that there have been slight declines in both the birth-rate and the death-rate.

The lowest number of deaths of children under one year ever recorded in the Borough (25) gives the record low infantile mortality rate of 34 per 1,000.

There were fewer cases of Measles than in 1949, but Whooping Cough was more prevalent.

The case incidence rate for Pulmonary Tuberculosis showed a decline from 1.35 to 0.90, but this figure is still higher than the 1949 figure for the county as a whole.

There were 6 cases of Diphtheria reported, and whilst this is a welcome reduction in incidence from recent years, it is still a reflection that the proportion of children immunised in relation to the child population is not great enough.

There were 8 cases of Poliomyelitis reported in the year as against 6 in 1949.

I would take this opportunity of expressing my thanks to the Chairman and Members of the Health Committee for their support during the year and to Mr. Handforth, the Chief Sanitary Inspector, for his invaluable assistance.

I am,

Ladies and Gentlemen,

Your obedient servant,

ALAN S. SIMPSON,
Medical Officer of Health.

Staff of the Health Department

MEDICAL

Alan S. Simpson, M.B., B.S (Lond.), M.R.C.S., D.P.H., Medical Officer of Health.

SANITARY INSPECTORS

- C. Sykes Handforth, M.S.I.A., C.R.S.I., M.Inst.P.C., Chief Sanitary Inspector, Inspector of Meat and Other Foods.
- Herbert Hunter, M.S.I.A., C.R.S.I., Deputy Chief Sanitary Inspector, Inspector of Meat and Other Foods (Resigned 15/10/50).
- C. Stoddard, M.S.I.A., C.R.S.I., Additional Sanitary Inspector, Inspector of Meat and Other Foods.
- H. Houldsworth, M.S.I.A., M.R.San.I., Additional Sanitary Inspector, Inspector of Meat and Other Foods (Commenced 1/2/50).
- J. Spencer, M.S.I.A., C.R.S.I., Additional Sanitary Inspector (Commenced 20/2/50).

CLERKS

C. Sharples, E. Waddington, A. Hartley (Commenced 19/9/50), M. Tompson, V. M. Potts, F. Gartside (Resigned 31/7/50).

EXTRACT FROM VITAL STATISTICS, 1950

	Per	1,000 of e	stimated	Per 1,000 of estimated Population	1		M	Iaternal	Morta	Maternal Mortality Rate	6)	
	Live Birth- Crude Death-	- Crude Deg	eath-	Death-rate from Tuber- culosis of Respiratory System	101 >	Death-rate from Cancer		Per 1,000 Live Births		Per 1,000 Deaths under total Live one year per and Still 1,000 Live Births	Deat one	Rate of Deaths under one year re-
Population— For Birth-rate 47,300 For Death-rates												
Mean of 5 years, 1945-1949	18.6	14.4	:	0.57	:	1.97	:	0.46	:	0.45	:	44
Year 1949	17.6	15.6	:	99.0	:	2.07	:	nil	:	liu	:	46
1950	†15.4	*14.7	:	0.49	;		:	nil	:	nil	:	34
Increase or decrease in 1950 on— 5 year's average, 1945-1949 —3.2		+0.3	:	-0.08	:	nil	:	-0.46	:	- 0.45	:	-10
Previous year2.2		6.0	:	-0.17	:	-2.07	:	nil	:	liu	12	12

*1950 adjusted death-rate (comparability factor), 0.97 = 14.2 per 1,000. †1950 adjusted birth-rate (comparability factor), 1.02 = 15.7 per 1,000.

*VITAL STATISTICS

Civilian population — Registrar-General's estimate, mid-1950, 47,300.

Live Births— Legitimate Illegitimate	Total M. 686 339 41 21	347	Birth-rate per 1,000 estimated civilian population, mid-
Total	727 360	367	1950—
			Crude 15.4 Adjusted 15.7
Stillbirths	17 9	9 8	Rate per 1,000 total (live and still) birth 23
Deaths	693 326	3 367	Death-rate per 1,000 estimated civilian popula- tion mid-1950— Crude 14.7 Adjusted 14.2
Maternal Mortality-			
			and abortion Nil. and stillbirths) Nil.
Legitimate infan	1,000 live b ts per 1,00	oirths 0 legitin	f age:—
	s under 4 v		f age

TABLE I.

BIRTH-RATE, DEATH-RATE and INFANTILE MORTALITY

1900 — 1950

							Infan- tile	AVE	RAGE 5	YEARS
YEAR	Popu- lation	No. of Births	Birth Rate	No. of Deaths	Crude Death Rate	No. of Infan tile Deaths	Mor- tality Rate per 1,000	Birth Rate	Death Rate	Infantil Mor- tality
1900 1901 1902 1903 1904	45,000 43,890 43,890 44,232 43,890	1,237 1,092 1,228 1,161 1,203	$27 \cdot 4$ $24 \cdot 8$ $27 \cdot 9$ $26 \cdot 2$ $27 \cdot 0$	905 821 842 886 773	20·1 18·7 19·1 20·0 17·3	225 201 179 238 207	181 182 142 199 172	26-6	18.9	175.6
1905 1906 1907 1908 1909	44,880 45,161 45,462 45,798 46,225	1,183 1,200 1,217 1,227 1,069	26·3 26·5 26·7 26·7 23·1	827 788 822 876 835	18·4 17·4 18·0 19·1 18·0	212 183 191 225 176	$\begin{bmatrix} 179 \\ 152 \\ 156 \\ 183 \\ 164 \end{bmatrix}$	25 · 8	18-1	167 · 3
1910 1911 1912 1913 1914	46,514 46,794 45,179 45,179 45,179	1,093 1,042 1,044 1,056 1,053	23 · 4 23 · 0 23 · 1 23 · 3 23 · 3	737 801 769 773 860	15·8 17·7 17·0 17·1 19·0	162 202 133 174 196	148 193 127 164 183	23 · 2	17:3	163.2
1915 1916 1917 1918 1919	41,149 43,459 44,458 44,458 44,942	902 771 740 732 826	19·9 17·7 16·9 16·4 18·1	823 653 641 798 779	20·0 16·3 16·3 20·1 17·2	153 90 75 88 98	$\begin{bmatrix} 167 \\ 116 \\ 101 \\ 120 \\ 118 \end{bmatrix}$	17.8	17.9	124
1920 1921 1922 1923 1924	45,437 44,200 44,360 44,130 44,040	1,152 990 873 785 776	25·3 22·3 19·6 17·7 17·6	651 664 602 633 583	14·3 15·0 13·5 14·3 13·2	138 104 80 64 60	119 105 91 81 77	20 · 5	14.0	94.6
1925 1926 1927 1928 1929	43,910 43,070 50,850 51,960 51,750	748 722 732 747 725	17·0 16·7 14·3 14·3 14·0	640 629 672 722 863	14·7 14·6 13·2 13·8 16·6	69 74 66 52 78	$ \begin{array}{c} 92 \\ 102 \\ 90 \\ 69 \\ 107 \end{array} $	15.2	14-5	92 · 0
1930 1931 1932 1933 1934	51,750 51,840 51,040 50,540 51,573	739 765 690 634 645	14·2 14·7 13·5 12·5 12·8	642 711 697 704 645	12·4 13·7 13·3 13·9 12·8	43 53 58 41 46	58 69 84 64 71	13.5	13-2	69-4
1935 1936 1937 1938 1939	50,220 49,580 48,810 48,540 47,950	620 612 620 645 630	12·3 12·3 12·7 13·2 13·0	705 724 794 688 719	14·0 14·6 16·2 14·1 14·9	41 38 39 50 57	66 62 62 77 58	12.7	14.7	65 · 0
1940 1941 1942 1943 1944	46,320 45,950 45,040 44,490 44,310	657 669 687 804 830	14·1 14·5 14·9 18·0 18·7	793 696 632 684 605	17·1 15·1 14·0 15·3 13·6	52 49 27 39 30	79 72 39 48 36	16.0	15.0	54
1945 1946 1947 1948 1949	44,270 46,480 47,160 46,270 47,280	720 884 1,011 405 832	16·2 19·0 21·4 18·5 17·6	670 657 613 325 738	15·1 14·1 12·9 14·0 15·6	30 41 44 36 38	41 46 43 41 46	18.5	14.3	43
1950	47,300	727	15.4	693	14 · 7	25	34			

CAUSES OF DEATH 1950

		-			
No.	Cause of Death		M	F	Tota
1	Tuberculosis (Respiratory)		15	8	_23
2	Tuberculosis (Other)		3	1	4
3	Syphilitic Disease		1	1	2
4	Diphtheria		-	-	-
5	Whooping Cough		-	2	2
6	Meningococcal Infections		-		-
7	Acute Poliomyelitis		-	-	-
8	Measles		-	1	1
9	Other Infective and Parasitic Diseases		-	1	1
10	Malignant Neoplasm (Stomach)			14	23
11	Malignant Neoplasm (Lung Bronchus)			1	13
12 13	Malignant Neoplasm (Breast) Malignant Neoplasm (Uterus)			12	13
14	Other Malignant and Lymphatic Neoplas	me		5 24	5 51
15	Leukaemia, Aleukaemia		1	-	1
16	Diabetes		12	2	4
17	Vascular Lesions of Nervous System		00	64	93
18	Coronary Disease, Angina		1	24	66
19	Hypertension with Heart Disease		-	9	15
20	Other Heart Disease		00	98	167
21	Other Circulatory Diseases		2.0	8	20
22	Influenza		_	5	5
23	Pneumonia		10	5	15
24	Bronchitis			21	53
25	Other Diseases of Respiratory System		3	3	6
26	Ulcer of Stomach and Duodenum		2	3	5
27	Gastritis, Enteritis and Diarrhoea		5	1	6
28	Nephritis and Nephrosis		5	4	9
29	Hyperplasia of Prostate		5	_	5
30	Pregnacy, Childbirth, Abortion			-	-
31	Congenital Malformations		3	3	6
32	Other Defined and Ill-Defined Diseases		23	39	62
33	Motor Vehicle Accidents		1	-	3
34	All Other Accidents			6	9
35	Suicide		2	2	4
36	Homicide and Operations of War		1	=	1
	Total		326	367	693

CAUSES OF, AND AGES AT DEATH during the years 1911-1950.

CAUSES OF DEATH	1950	1949	1948	1947	1946	1945	1944	1943	1942	1941	1940	1939	1938	1987	1936	1935	1934	1933	1932	1931	1930	1929	1928	1927	1926	1025	1924	1028	192	1921	1920	191	1918	1917	916 10	15 191	4 1915	1912
-Typhoid and Paraty- phoid Fevers -Cerebro Spinal Fever	_	-	-	11	-	-1	-	-	-1	-2	-	13	=	-	-	1	- 2	-	- 2	-3	2	-	4	=	3	-			2	2	4	1	-	2	7	2	6 2	
-Scarlet Fever	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-		1		1		-	1		-	-	1		1		-		1						1		1 -	1
Whooping Cough	2		2		-	-	-	2	1	3	-	-	4	-		_	3	1	1	3	1	14	1	0	3	2		1	-	1			1			1 1		2.8
-Diphtheria	-	1	2	-	-	5	6	6	2	1	4	6	14	8	2	5	3	2	2	3	3	2	6		9		1	1	0	1		-	13	1	15	- 3	2 1	11
-Tuberculosis of Respir- atory System -Other Forms of Tuber-	23	31	25	26	22	29	19	21	25	32	24	34	32	46	30	25	29	37	31	39	36	39	55	38	46	43	300	97	43	40	38	42	88	50	64	59 5	4 3	5
culosis Syphilitic Disease	4 2	8 3	6 7	8 5	9 4	10 2	4 3	5 2	5 3	6 5	9 7	4 1	4 1	5 4	6	3 2	5 4	9 2	14 5	8 5	7	11	7	5	3	14	9	15			12			10		59 5 21 2		
-Influenza	5	21	3	3	11	-	6	18	5	4	14	16		29	4	-0-0	5	29	13	10	5	60	12	16	32	15	14	32	16		4	71	96		1		-	
-Measles	1	0	2	0	1	-	1	1	1	2	2	-	3	-	1	-	10	1	6	1	11	1	5	3	12	6	11		18		14		8	15	9	10 3	3	-
-Acute Poliomyelitis and Encephalitis -Acute Infectious		1	2	-	1	-		-	-	1	-	1		5	3	2	3	1	1	2	3	7	2	2	2	1	4	3	1	_	_			10	-	30 31	6	27
Encephalitis		2	2	1	-	-		1	2	3	2																											
(Males only)	105-	2 3	2 4	5	5 12	12	5	6 10	4 6	ş 9	6 3	85	90	89	87	114	98	104	83	104	81	68	68	82	58	56	61	63	52	48	42	56	46	42	43 4	9 35	43	41
Cancer of Stomach and Duodenum Cancer of Breast		23	24 11	14 6	13 13	17 11	22 7	16 12	28 7	16	22 9																											
-Cancer of all other sites (with 3 sub. groups) -Diabetes	4	61	56 3	45 6	46	51	46	52	58	37 10	47 11	11	14	9	11	13	11	7	17	10	13	7	11	5	5	1	13		7									
-Intra-Cranial Vascular	-				200																						-									10	75	
Lesions Heart Disease (with 4 sub, groups)	248	216	199	205	79	76 184	195	214	203	58 183	74 226	30 243	189	285	218	28	139	36	33	34	128	34	134	25	32	32 112	29	35	31 87	- 75	-	-				-	-	
Other Diseases of the Circulatory System	20	41	27	14	19	14	13	7	16	16	24 77	48	37	44	28	39	25	24	41	31	35	34	36	45	31	28	17	45	16	10	84	51	84	00	58 4	7 60	54	65) -
-Bronchitis	53	54	44	37	46	69	53	71	44	58		16	27	33	27	26 -	20	31	25	50	33	70	50	41	45	78	57	66	65	83	89	113	88	81	88 9	5 94	93	104
-Pneumonia	15	39	21	36	30	29	20	31	20	37	41	32	35	50	50	49	34	53	51	48	35	90	49	47	48	55	-51	53	67	67	80	74	91	42	51 8	5 74	57	70
Other Respiratory Dis- easesUlceration of the Stom-	6	11	8	8	9	11	9	3	9	8	16	7	5	10	1	7	6	4	6	7	4	10	2	4	10	11	14	1	8	2		2	8	4	2	2 8	4	13
ach or Duodenum Diarrhoea (under 2 years)	5	7	5	3	2	9	6	5	5	9	8	8	5	6	5	4	4	4	3	6	7	9	2	6	7	9	3	1	2			_	_			100		
of age)	6	3 2	1	4	2 3	6 4	1	5	1 3	6.3	4 1	7	4 3	5	2 2	3	4 5	9 4	4 2	1	3 5	1	7	12	11	15	8	12	9	16	10	12	9	10	11 3	63	77	21
Other Digestive Dis- eases (with 4 sub. groups) -Nephritis	- 0	25 18	15 13	19 14	19 14	14 16	19	17	11 18	19 14	22 12	15	21	31	17	24 17	28	16	23	20	2	3	1	4	2		5		3	_	**	_]_		6	7	6
Puerperal and Post abor- tive Sepsis (with 2 sub.				**			10	**	10	14	12	21	20	13	29	14	23	27	30	37	22	30	21	21	28	17	20	21	16	21	24	28	16	17	16 13	11	22	15
groups) -Other Maternal Causes	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	1	2	=	1	-	-		2	3	2	-	2	-	1	2	2	1	1	1	6	1	4	-	1		1 -	-	-		2
(with 2 sub. groups) -Premature Birth -Congenital M'Horm'tions,	=	10	12	12	13	1 9	6	1 ;	4	7	14	3 28	36	4 23	30	$\begin{smallmatrix}2\\23\end{smallmatrix}$	2 21	20	3 37	30	27	41	6 25	30	3 28	1 21	26	22	34	3 39	48	42	37	23 :	2 5 47	37	3 71	48
Birth Injury, Infantile Disease (with 2 sub. groups)	6	15	15	14	15	9	34	8	11	16	14		-					-	_																			
-Suicide	4	2	6	3	- 1	5	8	- 6	3	3	6	3	10	5	8	6	10	11	6	4	11	13	11	5	2	ā	6	3	4	3	7	ű	3	4	1 2	10	8	6
-Road Traffic Accidents -Other Violent Causes	3	5	2	2	5	5	3	3	3	6	9	-					-			801		44.0		-	-		401				-					-	-	-
-All other Causes (with 14 sub, groups)	10	12	11	13	38	13	14	20	20	21	19	23	19	27	30	30	22	19	18	15	29	29	18	28	17	12	16	14	16	11	9	21			4 23			11
Totals	693	-			-	-	32	58	49	99	61	76	73	76	89	84	78	67	82	-			141		90			94		221	-							
	300	105	030	013	001	070	000	084	632	090	193	· TB	688	19.6	124	*00	040	104	691	111	042	863	1 1	012	629	049	993	500	005	064	651	100	188 0	01 62	106	270	119 1	00 8



Infant Deaths

There were 25 deaths of infants under one year of age during 1950, giving an infantile mortality rate of 34 per 1,000 live births, which is a decrease of 13 on the previous year.

13 were males, 12 were females, and four of the 25 deaths were illegitimate.

There were 17 stillbirths registered during the year.

The accompanying table shows that one-half of these deaths occurred before the age of 4 weeks.

INFANT DEATHS BY CAUSE, SEX AND AGE GROUPS.

				A	ge at	Deatl	1						
Cause of Death	Une 1 Di	der	less	than ays	1 We less t	than	4 Wee	than	6 mon less 12 mo	than	Т	otals	
	M	F	M	F	М	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	Both
Tuberculosis of Respiratory System			-										
Tuberculosis (other forms)									1		1		1
Diphtheria													
Whooping Cough								1				1	1
Meningoccal Infections													
Acute Poliomyelitis													
Measles													
Influenza													
Pneumonia			1		1				1		3		3
Bronchitis													
Other Diseases of Respiratory System													
Gastritis, Enteritis and Diarrhoea							2		1		3		3
Congenital Malformations	1			2			2			1	3	3	6
Birth Injuries													
Postnatal Asphyxia and Atelectasis													
Infections of the Newborn													
Other Diseases peculiar to Early Infancy (inc. Prems.)			1	4	1	2					2	6	8
All Other Causes							1	1		1	1	2	3
Total All Causes	1	_	2	6	2	2	5	2	3	2	13	12	25

Tuberculosis

The table set out below (Table I) shows the age grouping of the new cases ascertained during 1950 as well as the age grouping of the deaths.

TABLE I.
NEW CASES AND MORTALITY

			NEW (CASES.			DEATH	S.	
AGE PERIO	DS	Pulm	onary		on- onary	Puln	nonary		on- nonary
		M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	М.	F.
Years									
0— 1								1	
1 5		1	1		1				
5—10		1	1	3					
10—15		1		1	1				
15—20		4	2						
20—25		3	4	2			1		
25—35		5	3		1	4	3		1
35—45		3	4			3	2	1	
45—55		6	1		1	5	2		
55—65		3	1		1 -	3		1	
65 and upwar	ds								
TOTALS		27	16	6	5	15	8	3	1
		4	3	1.	1	2	3		4
			54				27		
Case Rate per 1,000		0.9	0	0 · 20	Dea Rat		0 · 49	0	.08
1			1.10		pe:	Г	() · 57	

From this it will be noted that the case-rate per 1,000 of the population was 0.90 for pulmonary Tuberculosis and 0.20 for non-pulmonary.

TABLE II.
TUBERCULOSIS

	1	NCIDENCE			DEATHS	
Year	Case 1	Rate per	1,000	Death	Rate per	1,000
IEAR	Pulm'ry	Non- Pulm'ry	Total	Pulm'ry	Non- Pulm'ry	Total
1931	1.00	0.70	1.70	0.74	0.17	0.91
1932	0.78	0.32	1.10	0.66	0.14	0.80
1933	1.13	0.47	1.60	0.45	0.22	0.67
1934	0.83	0.43	1.26	0.57	0.10	0.67
1935	0.14	0.31	1.45	0.50	0.05	0.55
1936	0.83	0.59	1.42	0.60	0.13	0.73
1937	0.19	0.55	1.74	0.94	0.10	1.04
1938	0.91	0.45	1.36	0.66	0.08	0.74
1939	0.81	0.38	1.19	0.71	0.06	0.77
1940	1.10	0.48	1.58	0.52	0.19	0.71
1941	1.10	0.32	1.42	0.70	0.13	0.83
1942	1.10	0.60	1.70	-0.55	0.12	0.67
1943	1.16	0.59	1.75	0.52	0.04	0.56
1944	1.17	0.27	1.44	0.45	0.09	0.54
1945	1.27	0.40	1.67	0.68	0.18	0.86
1946	1.22	0.25	1.47	0.47	0.05	0.52
1947	1.02	0.42	1.44	0.53	0.19	0.72
1948	1.03	0.27	1.30	0.54	0.13	0.67
1949	1.35	0.19	1.54	0.67	0.14	0.81
1950	0.90	0.20	1.10	0.49	0.08	0.57
Average for 20 years	0.95	0.40	1.46	0.59	0.11	0.71
Average for first 5-year period						
1931—35	0.77	0.44	1.42	0.58	0.13	0.72
Average for last 5-year period 1946- 50	1.10	0.26	1.37	0.54	0.11	0.65

The pulmonary death rate was 0.49 and the non-pulmonary 0.08.

The trend of the incidence of Tuberculosis and deaths from the disease as expressed by the respective rates is shown in Table II., which covers the last 20 years, viz., 1931-1950 inclusive.

Incidence and death rate for both pulmonary and non-pulmonary Tuberculosis are there set out and averaged for the 20 years.

To illustrate trends, the first five years of this period have been averaged and compared with the last five years, with the following results: the Table shows (last two lines) that whereas non-pulmonary Tuberculosis incidence has declined from 0.44 to 0.26 per 1,000, Pulmonary Tuberculosis has risen from 0.77 per 1,000 to 1.10 per 1,000.

The death-rate for both pulmonary and non-pulmonary Tuberculosis has declined.

Phthisis, therefore, whilst not showing any very considerable increase, is not on the wane.

These figures, whilst not alarming, should cause us to look very critically at our measures of prevention and control in this disease to see where exactly they are falling short, for Tuberculosis is, after all, a preventable disease.

Cancer

The number of deaths occurring where cancer was entered as a cause of death was 93, giving a death rate of 1.97 per 1,000 of the population. This is a slight decrease on last year's figures, but a slight increase on the five years' average 1945-1949 (91.6).

The age grouping of these deaths and separation into sexes is shown in the attached Table.

CANCER DEATHS, 1956

Age Groups	Males	Females	Total
10—15	1	_	1
15-20			
20-35	-	1	1
35-40	-	1	1
40—45	-	2	2
45-50	. 2	3	5
5055	2		2
55—60	2	3	5
6065	8	5	13
65—70	10	12	22
7075	7	12	19
75 and over	8	14	22
TOTAL	40	_ 53	93

The number of deaths attributed to cancer in each of the last 12 years was as follows:—

1939	 85	1945	 99
1940	 87	1946	 89
1941	 70	1947	 74
1942	 98	1948	 97
1943	 96	1949	 99
1944	 86	1950	 03

The Prevalence and Control over Infectious Diseases.

GENERAL

Table I.D./I shows the number of cases of infectious disease notified during 1950, the number of deaths and the number removed to hospital arranged in age groups.

Table I.D./II shows the trend of notification since the commencement of this century.

MEASLES AND WHOOPING COUGH

Year	Case	es Notified
Teat	Measles	Whooping Cough
1940	686	129
1941	260	128
1942	521	39
1943	355	197
1944	419	69
1945	233	34
1946	136	175
1947	696	48
1948	439	236
1949	461	54
1950	281	223

NOTIFIABLE DISEASES. TABLE I.D./I.

TOTAL CASES NOTIFIED.

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CAC	/	2	
2000	/	200	
2000		2007	
24040	/	2007	
4	1	1011	
4	1	1011	
4	1	1011	
4	1	1011	
4	1	1011	
4	/ 2 4 4 1	1011	
4	1	1011	
TOTAL TOTAL	THE KILL	TOTAL T	
TOTAL TOTAL	THE KILL	TOTAL T	
TOTAL TOTAL	1	TOTAL T	
TOTAL TOTAL	THE KILL	TOTAL T	
TOTAL TOTAL	THE KILL	TOTAL T	
TOTAL TOTAL	THE KILL	TOTAL T	

Lotal Cases Removed to Hospital from the District	9 19 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	87
Total Deaths		45
65 and Over	- 0	7
45 65	33 1	15
35	4	22
20 35	- - - - e 2 e -	34
15-20		17
10-15	- 20 20 21 12 - 21 -	24
5 10	- 4 6 - 6 6 6 6 6 6	161
4-5	1	70
3 4	1 10 1 1 10 1 10 1 10 1 1	116
2 3		131
1 2	1 4 8 4 8	06
Under	3 3 19 24 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	47
Total Cases at all Ages	6 103 1 103 1 10 1 281 1 283 1 283 1 283 1 283 1 3 3 3 3 3 4 3 4 3 4 3 4 3 4 3 4 3 4 3	734
DISEASES	Smallpox Diphtheria Erysipelas Scarlet Fever Puerperal Pyrexia Enteric Fever Pneumonia Ophthalmia Neonatorum Cerebro-Spinal Meningitis Poliomyelitis, Etc. Encephalitis Lethargica Dysentery Measles Whooping Cough Pulmonary Tuberculosis Non-Pulmonary Tuberculosis Food Poisoning	Totals

INFECTIOUS DISEASES

TABLE I.D./II NOTIFICATIONS RECEIVED

Year	Smallpox	Diphtheria	Erysipelas	Scarlet Fever	Puerperal Fever	Puerperal Pyrexia	Enteric	Pulmonary Tuberculosis	Non- Pulmonary Tuberculosis	Acute Primary Pneumonia	Ophthalmia Neonatorum	Cerebro- Spinal Meningitis	Acute	Encephalitis Lethargica	Dysentery	Totals
1900	5	6	_	114	3	_	58	_	-		_				_	186
1901	_	12	-	252	3 2 5	_	39	-					-		_	305
1902	22 150	21	_	207			56	-		_	_		_		-	311
1903	150	12	11	52	3	-	43	-	-	-	-		-		_	271 510
1904 1905	117	25	33	302	4	-	29	-	-	-	-		-		_	510
1906	40 119	12 10	18 27	166 97	3		30	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	269 276
1907	8	6	27	290	1	_	19 17	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	276
1908	_	14	19	224	1	_	30		_		-		-	-	-	349 288 388
1909 1910 1911 1912		30	38	261	5		54			-	-	-	-	-	_	288
1910	_	9	30	140	1		35		_	_	_	-		-	-	388
1911	1	29	43	123	1	_	33	91	_		7	_		_		215 328
1912	_	17	46	41	2	_	32	92		_	11		1			242
1913	-	17	25	228	5		13	117	26		7	_	_	-		438
1914	-	20	45	357	1		14	102	5		1	- 1	_	_	_	546
1915	-	14	28	147	-		11	79	12	-	4	1	_			296
1916	1	20	23	42	1	-	12	83	18		3	-	-			203
1916 1917 1918	-	15	16	31	3		8	54	17	-	5	-	-		-	149
1918		13	9	36	-	-	6	105		_	4	-	-	-	-	149 173
919	_	18 25	19 23	90 166	1	-	3	67	15	94	8	2		1	3	321 417
021	_	25	13	71	5 11	_	10 9	88	24	64	8			4	-	417
1919 1920 1921 1922 1923 1924 1925 1926 1927 1928 1929 1930 1931 1932 1933 1934 1935		22	16	100	1		10	62 46	34	87	8	-	-	2	-	322 368
923	_	13	12	133	7		6	53	45 47	117 108	8	2	-	1	-	368
924	77	15	6	141	2		7	51	31	67	8 5	_		3 11	-	390
925	12	19	13	110	5	_	3	49	36	99	4	_		1	_	413 351
926	1	16	14	66	3	_	3 5	66	49	85	6	_	1	3		315
927	-	20	10	80	3	4	2	62	51	72	6	_	_	2	_	312
928	12	27	21	80	3 7	2	2 4	70	36	100	2		_	2 2 1	_	312 363
929	31	19	13	85	3	5	1	67	46	158	3	1		1		433
930	99	36	25	359	-	2 4	3	56	21	61	3	_		1	_	666
931	1	13	16	201	1	4	-	52	38	89	3	3		1	-	422
099	_	22 16	18	163	-	4	1	42	20	99	-	2		-	-	371
034	_	38	22 19	73 93	0	5	-	57	24	136	3	-	-	1	-	339
935		63	31	69	2 2 1	10	=	42 57	22	100	4	1		_	-	325
936	_	127	37	179	2	16		40	16 34	78 85	9 3	1	-	2 1 2	-	337
1937	_	243	25	233	3	99	1	60	30	97	5	1		1	5	520
938	-	225	29	116	_	22 37	2	44	22	66	5	1 3	3	2	2	526 727 554
1939	_	84	17	59	_	28	_	39	18	67	5	6	1		_	324
1940	_	59	12	42	_	27	1	51	22	95	4	21	-	_		334
1941	*****	38	12	48	-	23	7	51	14	86	5	16	4	_	_	304
1942	-	42	20	86	-	28	1	49	27	85	8	8	_	_		354
1943	-	61	21	98	_	19	-	43	22	126	10	4		-		404
1944	-	60	17	63	-	13	1	48	15	31	2	4	-	-	-	254
945	_	64	6	41	-	7	-	56	18	38	1	3			-	234
946	-	25	12	27	-	8	1	57	11	58	3	3	-	-	-	205
948		11	12	26	-	7	1	48	20	31	1	-	1	-	-	158
1949	_	19	14	131 265	_	2 3	2	48	12	44	0	1	4	-	-	277
950	_	4 6	15	103	_	1	-	45	19	55	1	2	6	-		415
200		0	O.	100	-	T	-	43	12	38		1	8		10	227

DIPHTHERIA IMMUNISATION

						School.	Pr	e-Scho	ol.	Total.	
Children	Immunised	from	1934	193	6	124		1		124	
"	- "	in	1937			219		46		265	
"	***	,,	1938			174		54		228	
"	,,	,,,	1939			33		23		56	
,,	"	,,,	1940			147		178		325	
"	,,	"	1941			1933		422		2355	
,,	"	,,	1942			185		525		710	
,,	,,	"	1943			616		680		1296	
>>	"	"	1944			615		626		1241	
"	,,	"	1945			103		411		514	
-,,	,,	1)	1946			209		364		573	
,,	,,	33	1947			164		282		446	
,,	,,	,,	1948			176		527		703	
21	,,	"	1949			33		295		328	
"	,,	,,	1950			21		137		158	
Total Im	munised at	31/1	2/50			4752		4570		9322	
Total Im	munised u	nder !	year	rs a	nd						
	n 5 and 15 y					4315		1110		5425	
Percenta	ge Immunis	ed at	31/12	/50.		67%		27%		52%	

	Land Latelineani latell	five vears on	15	1110					December 1950	1738	3		10-14 vears on 31st	December, 1950,	2577		Total inoculated aged	15 years and over on 31st December, 1950, 3897	Grand total 1934—1950, 9322	Annual Return for Ministry of Health.	course of Immunisation at any time up to 31st December. 1950	10 to 14 Total 1936—1940 under 15
	1950	32	89	15	14	00	000	3	3	2	1	-	2	-	1	1	1		158	istry o	Dесеп	-
	1949	70	171	35	7	12	12	9	7	-	2	6	000		1	1	1		328	for Min	to 31st	5 to 9 1941—1945
	1948	35	379	49	28	36	51	27	6	00	9	9	13	2	100	34	15		703	eturn f	ime up	-
	1947	17	205	30	15	15	54	16	12	14	9	7	31	12	13	1	1		446	nual R	t any ti	7 1946
N. 1950	1946	5	257	53	30	19	32	33	17	23	17	28	9	10	6	38	1		573	Ani	ition a	3 1947
IMUNISATION. year from 1934-1950	1945	+	218	113	20	26	23	20	15	12	111	9	7	3	3	33	1		514	.NO	munisa	9 1948
NISA rom 1	1944			234	178	97	117	94	93	101	98	73	43	34	30	36	25		1241	POPULATION.	of Im	1949
	1943			188	171	163	158	84	52	79	40	99	41	43	55	83	73		1296	000		Under 1950
- 61	1942			178	210	116	21	15	37	32	23	15	19	19	10	11	7		710	IMMUNISATION IN RELATION TO CHILD	Number of Children who had completed a full	
DIPHTHERIA ersons inoculated es	1941			97	175	58	92	102	224	264	218	239	234	265	340	12	35		2355	N TO	nplete	1
(PHT)	1940			87	24	43	24	22	30	24	19	16	10	17	4	3	5		325	ATIO	had con	
D] Pers	1939			8	6	+	7	6	3	0.	0.0	4	9	-	1	1	1		56	N REI	ohw 1	
	1938			5	17	17	15	12	25	36	27	50	9	7	4	3	4		228	LION	hildre	1
	1937			s	19	11	00	39	21	44	81	7	-	12	31	4	10		265	INISA	er of C	ar
	1934 - 36																		124	IMML	Numb	1/12/50 Born in Year
Age in y'rs on 31st Dec of the cor-		0	1	2	3	4	5	9	7	8	6	10	11	12	13	14	15 and	over	Total each year			Age at 31/12/50

under 15 5425

2577

1738

274

445

221 3981 27%

32

Estimated mid-year population, 1950 Percentage Immunised at 31/12/50

Number Immunised

6388 %49

10369 52%

VENEREAL DISEASE

The following shows the work carried out at the Venereal Diseases Clinic at the Ashton-under-Lyne District Infirmary and the numbers since 1948.

	1948.	1949.	1950
Patients under treatment at			
January 1st	150	 125	 207
New cases admitted during the			
year	170	 208	 168
Total attendances	2976	 3954	 3378
Patients receiving treatment at			
the end of the year	125	 207	 205
Pathological examinations for V.D.			
Patients	549	 1090	 1365

Of the 168 (170—1948) new cases admitted during the year, 77 (64—1948) were Ashton residents. There were 118 (59—1948) cases found not to be V.D.

Penicillin is available for specified cases. Service cases are now reporting for continuation tests in fair numbers.

General Provision of Health Services in the Area

I.—SERVICES PROVIDED BY THE MANCHESTER REGIONAL HOSPITAL BOARD

A. General Hospitals

The District Infirmary and the Lake Hospital, Ashton-under-Lyne, are both controlled and administered by the Manchester Regional Hospital Board acting through their Ashton, Hyde and Glossop Hospital Management Committee.

Both hospitals admit medical and surgical cases; the District Infirmary has an out-patient department and the Lake Hospital provides through its Maternity Department, maternity beds and an ante-natal clinic, which, in general, may be said to be utilised by one-half (approximately) the maternity cases occurring in Ashton-under-Lyne.

B. Infectious Diseases

The Hyde Isolation Hospital continues to take the majority of Ashton's cases which require to be isolated.

Other Infectious Diseases Hospitals in the Board's area, on occasion, take our cases.

Smallpox. The Regional Board would indicate which of their Smallpox Hospitals would be used in the event of a case occurring.

C. Tuberculosis Services

The T.B. Dispensary, Lees Street, is now administered by the Regional Hospital Board, though certain aspects of this work, more particularly the domiciliary visiting of cases and contacts, come within the domain of the Local Health Authority's Medical Officer (the Divisional Medical Officer for Health Division No. 17).

The times for attendance at the Dispensary are as follows:-

Tuesdays ... 2-0 to 4-0 p.m. Fridays ... 10-0 to 12-0 noon.

II.—SERVICES PROVIDED BY THE LOCAL HEALTH AUTHORITY

The Lancashire County Council are the Local Health Authority for the Ashton-under-Lyne area, and they have set up a Divisional Scheme of Administration covering the whole of the County of Lancashire.

Ashton-under-Lyne is one of the six constituent districts in Health Division No. 17, which is comprised as follows:—

ASHTON-UNDER-LYNE BOROUGH
MOSSLEY BOROUGH
AUDENSHAW URBAN DISTRICT
DENTON URBAN DISTRICT
DROYLSDEN URBAN DISTRICT
LIMEHURST (PART) RURAL DISTRICT
(except Parish of Woodhouses)

The services which are provided by the Lancashire County Council, with effect from July 5th, 1948, are as follows:—

- 1. MATERNITY AND CHILD WELFARE
- 2. SCHOOL MEDICAL SERVICE
- 3. MIDWIFERY
- 4. HEALTH VISITING
- 5. HOME NURSING
- 6. VACCINATION AND IMMUNISATION
- 7. AMBULANCE SERVICE
- 8. PREVENTION OF ILLNESS, CARE AND AFTER-CARE
- 9. DOMESTIC HELP
- 10. MENTAL HEALTH
- 11. HEALTH EDUCATION AND PROPAGANDA

The above services are administered by the Lancashire County Council acting through their Divisional Health Committee No. 17.

A brief résumé of the above services as available to residents in Ashton-under-Lyne follows, the items being listed in the order as shown above:—

1. Maternity and Child Welfare

Child Welfare Centres held at Clinic 5: Enville House, Scotland Street.

Clinic 6: Richmond House, Richmond Street.

Clinic 7: Ormonde Street, Hurst. Tuesdays, 2 p.m. Thursdays, 2 p.m.

Wednesdays, 2 p.m.

Ante-Natal Clinics Clinic 5: Enville House, Scotland Street.

Clinic 6: Richmond House, Richmond Street. Alternate Fridays, 2 p.m.

2. School Medical Service

The School Clinic at Water Street is open throughout the week and provides the following Clinics:—

MINOR AILMENTS
OPHTHALMIC
ORTHOPAEDIC
AURAL

DENTAL (when Staff available).

3. Midwives

The following are the names and addresses of the Midwives practising in Ashton as at 31st December, 1950:—

MRS. B. J. EGERTON,

57, Ladbrooke Road. Tel. No. ASHton 2063.

MRS. J. GRIFFITHS,

1, Crowthorn Road. Tel. No. ASHton 2107.

MRS. A. HARROP,

5, Ney Street, Waterloo. Tel. No. ASHton 2033.

MRS, S. A. SIDEBOTTOM,

16, Hurst Hall Drive. Tel. No. ASHton 2615.

4. Health Visitors

Office: St. Michael's Square, Ashton-under-Lyne.

NURSE CHAMBERLAIN,

NURSE WEIR,

NURSE CLEARY,

NURSE EDWARDS,

NURSE MALONE,

NURSE WRIGLEY.

NURSE BEAUMONT.

NURSE SMITH.

To the Mayor and Members of the Council of the Borough of Ashton-under-Lyne

MR. MAYOR, LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,

I beg to submit herewith my Annual Report for the year 1950.

The vacancies mentioned in my last report were filled by the appointments of Mr. H. Houldsworth, of Accrington, and Mr. J. Spencer, of Nelson, who commenced duty on February 1st and February 20th, respectively.

On October 14th, 1950, Mr. H. Hunter, Deputy Chief Sanitary Inspector, left the service of the Corporation to take up an appointment as Chief Sanitary Inspector to the Coalville Urban District Council. He had been in the service of the Corporation for sixteen years. During this period he rendered excellent service to the Department and the Council. He was a most valuable member of the staff and never spared himself in and out of office hours. I feel this is our opportune time to pay tribute to his work and to the devotion he showed in carrying out his duties.

Mr. C. R. Langdon, the Chief Sanitary Inspector and Cleansing Superintendent to the Denton U.D.C., was appointed to fill the vacant post on November 6th, 1950, and he commenced duty on January 1st, 1951.

During the year 98 waste-water closets were converted into fresh-water closets, an increase of 35 over the previous year. I anticipate this work will continue to increase.

During the year, four lead peroxide instruments were fixed in the town. The four soot deposit gauges ordered had not been delivered at the end of the year.

Special attention was paid to the inspection and supervision of food supplies in the town, and in October and November lectures for canteen assistants and others concerned with the handling of food were held. These were well attended. The students were keen and there is no doubt that the additional work involved was amply repaid by the deep interest shown by those attending.

My thanks are due to the Chairman, Deputy Chairman and Members of the Committee who, during the year, gave encouragement and support in the completion of many difficult tasks.

I am,

Ladies and Gentlemen,
Your obedient Servant,
C. SYKES HANDFORTH.

Environmental Health Services

Embodying the Report of the Chief Sanitary Inspector for the Year 1950

Housing Statistics

Number of new houses erected during the year:-	
(i) By the Local Authority:	
Traditional Permanent Houses Prefabricated Houses (Permanent)	116 54
(ii) By other Local Authorities	Nil.
(iii) By other bodies or persons	Nil.
1.—Inspection of dwelling-houses during the year:—	
(1) (a) Total number of dwelling-houses inspected	
for housing defects (under Public Health or Housing Acts)	2088
(b) Number of inspections made for the purpose	4220
(2) (a) Number of dwelling-houses (included under sub-head (1) above) which were inspected and recorded under the Housing Consolidated Regulations, 1925 to 1932	67
(b) Number of inspections made for the purpose	438
(3) Number of dwelling-houses found to be in a state so dangerous or injurious to health as to be unfit for human habitation	15
(4) Number of dwelling-houses (exclusive of those referred to under the preceding sub-head) found not to be in all respects reasonably fit for human habitation	1196
2.—Remedy of defects during the year without service of formal notices:—	
Number of defective dwelling-houses rendered fit in consequence of informal action by the Local Authority or their officers	1007

3	-Act	ion 1	under statutory powers during the year:-	
	(a)		ceedings under Sections 9, 10 and 16 of the using Act, 1936:—	
		(1)	Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which notices were served requiring repairs	Nil.
	-	(2)	Number of dwelling-houses which were rendered fit after service of formal notices:—	
			(a) By Owners (b) By Local Authority in default of Owners	Nil.
	(b)		Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which notices were served requiring defects to be remedied	59
		(2)	Number of dwelling-houses in which defects were remedied after service of formal notices	
			(a) By Owners (b) By Local Authority in default of Owners	52 Nil.
	(c)		ceedings under Sections 11 and 13 of the using Act, 1936:—	
		(1)	Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which Demolition Orders were made	11
		(2)	Number of dwelling-houses demolished in pursuance of Demolition Orders	13
	(d)		ceedings under Section 12 of the Housing	
		(1)	Number of separate tenements or underground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were made	Nil.
		(2)	Number of separate tenements or under- ground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were determined, the tenement or	
			room having been rendered fit	Nil

4.—Housing Act, 1936.—Part IV.—Overcrowding.—	
(a) (i) Number of dwellings overcrowded at the end	
of the year	212
(ii) Number of families dwelling therein	352
(iii) Number of persons dwelling therein	1248
(b) Number of new cases of overcrowding reported	
during the year	106
(c) (i) Number of cases of overcrowding relieved	
during the year	221
(ii) Number of persons concerned in such cases	552
5.—Housing Act, 1949—	
(a) (i) Number of Schemes submitted	
(a) by private individuals	5
(ii) Number of dwelling houses effected	Nil.
(ii) Number of dwelling-houses affected	5
(b) (i) Number of Schemes approved	27:1
(a) of private individuals	Nil.
(b) of the local authority (ii) Number of dwelling-houses affected	Nil.
(iii) Number of additional separate dwellings	Nil.
provided	Nil.
(c) Any other action taken (give brief	- 1
particulars)	Nil.

Sanitary Improvements

During the year, 98 waste-water closets were converted into fresh-water closets by the owners.

This figure shows an increase on the previous year. At the present rate of progress, it will, of course, be many years before all the waste-water closets in the Borough are abolished.

It is very desirable that these waste-water closets should be eliminated and I have no doubt that if and when the cost of this necessary work is reduced, more rapid progress will be made towards the total abolition of this type of convenience.

It should be remembered that the work is entirely optional on the part of owners, the Corporation making a grant of £5 in those cases where the alterations are carried out in accordance with the standard laid down by them.

Sanitary accommodation at shops, cafés, licensed premises, etc., has again received attention and, generally speaking, this accommodation is of a satisfactory nature.

Smoke Abatement

The purpose of a survey of sulphur pollution is usually to detect changes which may take place in the amount of pollution emitted each month. The lead peroxide method is particularly suitable for this purpose, although it cannot be used to estimate the total monthly weight of sulphur dioxide emitted within any given area.

The four lead peroxide instruments were in operation for only two months of the year, and it is not possible to draw any conclusion at this early stage.

With fuller information available in 1951, it is hoped that more definite conclusions may be drawn as a result of the investigation.

During the year 23 half-hourly observations were taken of smoke emission from factory chimneys within the Borough.

Four lead peroxide instruments were fixed towards the latter part of the year. The sites chosen were:—

- 1. In the grounds of "Grasmere," Stockport Road.
- 2. On the roof of the Ambulance Station, Lord Street.
- 3. At Jubilee Dingle.
- 4. In the grounds of the Hartshead Hospital.

These sites were carefully selected in order to cover the conditions in the area and to give readings in the industrial, semi-industrial, residential and rural parts of the Borough.

The results to the end of the year were as follows:-

INVESTIGATION OF ATMOSPHERIC POLLUTION ESTIMATION OF SULPHUR BY LEAD PEROXIDE METHOD

			Area	Weight of	Weight of Barium Sulphate/Mg.						
	Station	Month	exposed Sq.cm.	In Sample	In control	Due to Exposure	Sulph. Trioxide Mg/100 sq.cm./day				
1.	Grasmere,	Nov.	100	197.1	1.5	195.6	2.20				
	Stockport Rd.	Dec.	100	449.0	24.1	424.9	4.59				
2.	Ambulance Stn.	Nov.	100	280.0	1.5	278.5	3.20				
	Lord St.	Dec.	100	491.9	24.1	467.8	5.17				
3.	Jubilee Dingle,	Nov.	100	169.1	1.5	167.6	1.90				
	Lyndhurst Ave.	Dec.	100	571.6	24.1	547.5	6.06				
4.	Hatshead Hosp.	Nov.	100	108.9	1.5	107.4	1.20				
	Hartshead Pike	Dec.	100	203.5	24.1	179.4	1.37				

I am pleased to state that the Sewage Works Manager (Mr. J. P. Todd, B.Sc.), has carried out the analysis of the four lead peroxide instruments.

Installation of four soot deposit gauges will shortly be commenced, necessitating a considerable increase in the microanalytical work to be undertaken.

Inspection and Supervision of Food

1.—INSPECTIO	N OF FOOD
THE MILK (SPECIAL DESIGNATION 1936 TO	GNATIONS) REGULATIONS, 1949
No. of Milk Purveyors	275
No. of dealer's licences (in licences) issued by the 1950 in respect of the dis	local authority during
Tested Milk	9
THE MILK (SPECIAL DESIGNATION 1936 TO	GNATIONS) REGULATIONS, 1949
Number of licences issued Milk—	in respect of "Pasteurised"
Pasteurising plants	
Retail distributors	5
The following table gives the for examination to the Public H District Infirmary, Ashton-u-Lyne	
MILI	К
Methylene Blue Test 84	No. satisfactory 80 No. unsatisfactory 4
Phosphatase Test 84	No. satisfactory 84 No. unsatisfactory Nil.
Bacterial Count Nil.	No. satisfactory Nil. No. unsatisfactory Nil.
T.B. Test 87	No. show'g evidence of tubercular infect- tion 2

ICE CREAM

Thirty-nine samples of ice cream were forwarded for examination and were reported upon as follows:—

Grade	1	 	 	 	23
Grade	2	 	 	 	6
Grade	3	 	 	 	6
Grade	4	 	 	 	4

2.—FOOD AND DRUGS ACTS

During the year under review, 111 samples were taken and submitted to the Public Analyst for examination. The details of these samples are as follows:—

Milk	- ***	 ***	 	80
Sausages		 	 	10
Ice Cream		 	 	20
Whiskey		 	 	1

The table below gives particulars of the samples found upon analysis to have been adulterated or below standard:—

Sample No.	Sample.	Adulteration or Offence.	Remarks.
122.	Ice Cream.	Below Standard	
		Deficient in Fat 78%	Informal
175.	Milk.	Deficient in Fat 15%	Formal

3.—MEAT INSPECTION

The following tables give particulars of the action taken in connection with meat killed for human consumption within the Borough:—

TABLE I.

Carcases with all organs condemned as totally unfit for human consumption

Animals	5.	T	ubercul	osis.	Accide	nflamma Diseas	0.50	Other onditions	B.
Cows			10		_	 _		_	
Bulls			_		_	 -		-	
Bullocks	S		_		_	 -		_	
Heifers			3		_	 _		_	
Calves			4		_	 1		7	
Sheep			_		_	 5		3	
Pigs			1		_	 _		1	

Carcases partially condemned as unfit for human consumption

Animals	3.	Т	ubercul	osis.	Accide	nflamma Diseas	Other conditions
Cows			14		_	 2	 12
Bulls			_		_	 	 1
Bullocks	3		2		_	 _	 4
Heifers			1		_	 _	 5
Calves			-		-	 1	 -
Sheep			_		_	 4	 3
Pigs			11		_	 _	 6

All animals are killed at the Ministry of Food Slaughterhouse in Dukinfield, and the Inspectors of the Corporation carry out duty at this slaughterhouse on alternate weeks.

TABLE II.

Various Organs Condemned as Unfit for Human Consumption

	Heads	Tongues	Lungs	Livers	Part Livers	Stomachs	Hearts	Spleens	Mesenteries	Intestines	Udders	Kidneys	Diaphragms	Tails
Tuberculosis:														
Bovines	. 183	183	475	83	_	44	57	39	182	182	12	20	108	9
Pigs	. 1	1	6	5	-	-	5	_	1	1	-	-	-	-
Inflammatory	Diseas	ses:												
Bovines	. 9	10	105	8.2	-	40	31	90	77	77	101	14	44	-
Pigs	. —	-	15	1	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	3	-	-
Sheep	. 2	2	10	43	-	-	10	10	2	2	-	-	-	-
Parasitic Dise	ases:													
Bovines	. 32	32	84	290	314	-	_	1	13	13	_	-	-	-
Pigs		-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-
Sheep	. —	-	8	463	-	-	8	8	1	1	-	-	-	-
Other Diseases	:													
Bovines	. 2	2	12	104	-	2	2	6	-	2	-	2	2	3
Pigs		-	5	5	-	-	5	5	-	_	-	-	_	-
Sheep	. 1	1	3	3	-	-	3	3	-	-	770	2	-	-

The following table gives some idea of the work involved in this particular branch of my department:

No. of visits to	slaught	er-hou	ises	duri	ng 1	950	 217
No. of visits to	food pre	mises	and	l mai	kets	3	 1783
No. of carcases	s inspecte	ed:—					
Cattle and							 2476
Sheep and	Lambs						 4945
Pigs							 199
		Total	1				 7620

The total weight of meat and offals destroyed during the year as diseased, unsound and unfit for the food of man was 56,108 lbs., or 25 tons 0 cwt. 108 lbs.

4.—MARKETS AND SHOPS

Foodstuffs exposed for sale in the public market and in the various shops in the town were regularly inspected during the year.

On April 2nd, the Corporation adopted Bye-laws made under the Food and Drugs Act, 1938, for securing the observation of sanitary and cleanly conditions and practices in connection with the handling, wrapping and delivery of food sold or intended for sale for human consumption and in connection with the sale or exposure for sale in the open-air of food intended for human consumption.

1,011 visits were paid to food stores and food preparing premises, and action was taken to effect improvement at various premises, and it is pleasing to note that in this effort we had the full co-operation of the occupiers and owners of the premises.

5.—RAT REPRESSION PREVENTION OF DAMAGE BY PESTS ACT, 1949 PREVALENCE OF RATS AND MICE

(1)

	Number of proj in which infest	perties in area ation is -		Number infested by -			
Type of Property	Notified by O/c.	Otherwise Discovered	Total	Major Rats	Minor Rats	Mice	
L.A. Property	4	1	5		3	2	
Dwellinghouses	272	95	367		253	114	
Business Premises	83	16	99	6	61	32	
Agricultural Land							
Total	359	112	471	6	317	148	

			No of treatments carried out by arrangement with Occup.		Block treatments of properties in different occupancies by informal arrangement			
	No. of Properties Inspected	No. of Inspections made	Rats	Mice	No. of blocks	No. of sep. occupants	No. of Sew manholes trea ed	
L.A. Property	5	31	3_	2				
Dwellinghouses	478	2399	253	114	2	53	46	
Business Premises	132	562	56	30	10	34	12	
Agricultural Land								
Total	615	2992	312	146	12	87	58	

^{*} Include infestations of both Rats and Mice.

The two full-time Rodent Operators employed in the Department continue to carry out their duties in a satisfactory manner. During the year the usual baiting of the sewers was carried out. In addition a large number of premises where rats had been observed, was reported, and the necessary action taken.

Contagious Diseases of Animals

During the year 1 case of swine fever was reported within the Borough.

ERADICATION OF BED BUGS

During 1950, two Council houses were disinfested on account of the presence of bed bugs, and no privately owned houses treated.

Scabies

The Scabies Clinic is held at the Disinfection Station Town's Yard.

This building was originally constructed for the disinfection of Smallpox contacts, and it is suitable for treating cases of Scabies. There is a Waiting Room, Bath Room, Treatment and Dressing Room and a Discharge Room. Clothes for stoving are passed through a revolving cupboard in the bathroom to the disinfector next door.

The treatment given is a bath, followed by an application of Benzyl-Benzoate Emulsion. Each patient is told to bring a change of clean clothes. Typewritten instructions are given regarding clothing and other necessary precautions. The local doctors have been notified of these arrangements.

Fresh sources of infection come into the town from time to time. By careful following up of contacts to known cases, and by treating whole families the infection has been kept down. In difficult cases, and particularly when re-infection occurs, action has been taken under the Scabies Order, 1941—to ensure the medical examination and treatment of contacts.

Individual No. of Patients Treated

for	Scabies	in :	1950:	_		F	ttendan	ces.
	Pre-Sch	nool	Child	ren	 Nil.		Nil.	
	School	Chil	dren		 5		17	
	Adults				 Nil.		Nil.	
	Т	otal			 5			
					_			

Water Supply

The Water Supply has been satisfactory in quantity and quality. There has been filtration of all supplies, with Chlorination at the Brushes and Yeoman Hey Filterhouses and Ozonisation at Knott Hill.

During the year, 2 chemical and 30 bacteriological samples were taken, and the results returned were considered very satisfactory.

Swimming Baths

The Corporation Baths have the following bathing accommodation:—

> 1 large Swimming Bath (100ft, x 40ft, (120,000 gallons) 35 Private Slipper Baths (22 Gents' and 13 Ladies') 3 Zotofoam Baths.

The swimming bath water is purified by "Bells" Filtration Plant, having a four-hour turnover.

The pumps extract 15,000 gallons of water from the top and a similar amount from the bottom hourly.

Chlorination is maintained constantly at 0.5 parts/million throughout the bath.

Tests are taken two and three times per day also for alkilinity at 7.0/7.6 Ph. to give perfect filtration.

Warm showers are provided to enable each bather to wash under fresh, clean, running water before entering the swimming bath.

The private slipper baths are fitted with unlimited supplies of hot and cold water.

Zotofoam sweating baths are provided on a modern scale with shampoo and rest rooms. Brine and Pine are also given with these baths.

Zotofoam baths provide the advantages of a Turkish bath without the use of a very hot room, the room being kept at approximately 80 deg. F.

The	attendance	es at the B	Baths o	durin	ng 19	50 v	vere as follows-	_
	Swimming	Baths					65,654	
	Private Sl							
	Zotofoam	Sweating	Bath				1,665	
		Total					107,296	

I am indebted to Mr. W. H. Vollum, M.N.A.B.S., the Baths Superintendent, for kindly supplying me with much information and for his co-operation in matters connected with the general arrangements.

Fifteen samples of water from the Public Baths were taken during the year by officers of the Department and submitted to the Public Health Laboratories for examination.

DETAILS OF INSPECTIONS MADE AND WORK CARRIED OUT DURING 1950

Number of inspections (including housing)		7503
Number of Nuisances abated		2409
Number of visits to common lodging-houses, fur	rnished	
rooms and dwelling-vans		102
Number of visits to slaughter-houses		217
Number of visits to dairies and milkshops		281
Number of visits to bakehouses		136
Number of visits to food stores and food pre	paring	
premises		1011
Number of visits to fish-friers		111
Number of visits to ice cream premises		268
Number of visits to factories and workshops		581
Number of visits to offensive trade premises		7
Number of visits re rat infestations		2784
Number of samples taken under the Food and Drug	gs Act	111

FACTORIES ACT, 1937.

1. INSPECTIONS for purposes of provisions as to health. Including Inspections made by Sanitary Inspectors.

		Number o	f
Premises (1)	Inspections (2)	Written Notices (3)	Occupiers Prosecuted (4)
Factories with Mechanical Power Factories without Mechanical Power Other Premises under the Act (including works of building and engineer-	478 82	16 —	=
ing construction but not including outworkers' premises)	21	_	
Total	581	16	-

2. DEFECTS FOUND

	Nu	imber of De	fects	Number of defects in respect of
Particulars	Found	Remedied	Referred to H.M. Inspector	which Prose- cutions were
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	instituted (5)
Want of Cleanliness (S. 1) Overcrowding (S. 2) Unreasonable Temperature (S. 3) Inadequate Ventilation (S. 4) Ineffective Drainage of Floors	=		=	
(S. 6) Insufficient Unsuitable or	9	6	=	=
Conveniences Defective (S. 7) Not Separate for Sexes	18	16 2	-	_
Other Offences				
Total	29	24	_	







