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Contributors

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BOROUGH OF ASHTON-UNDER-LYNE

ANNUAL REPORT

of the Medical Officer of Health

FOR THE YEAR

1946





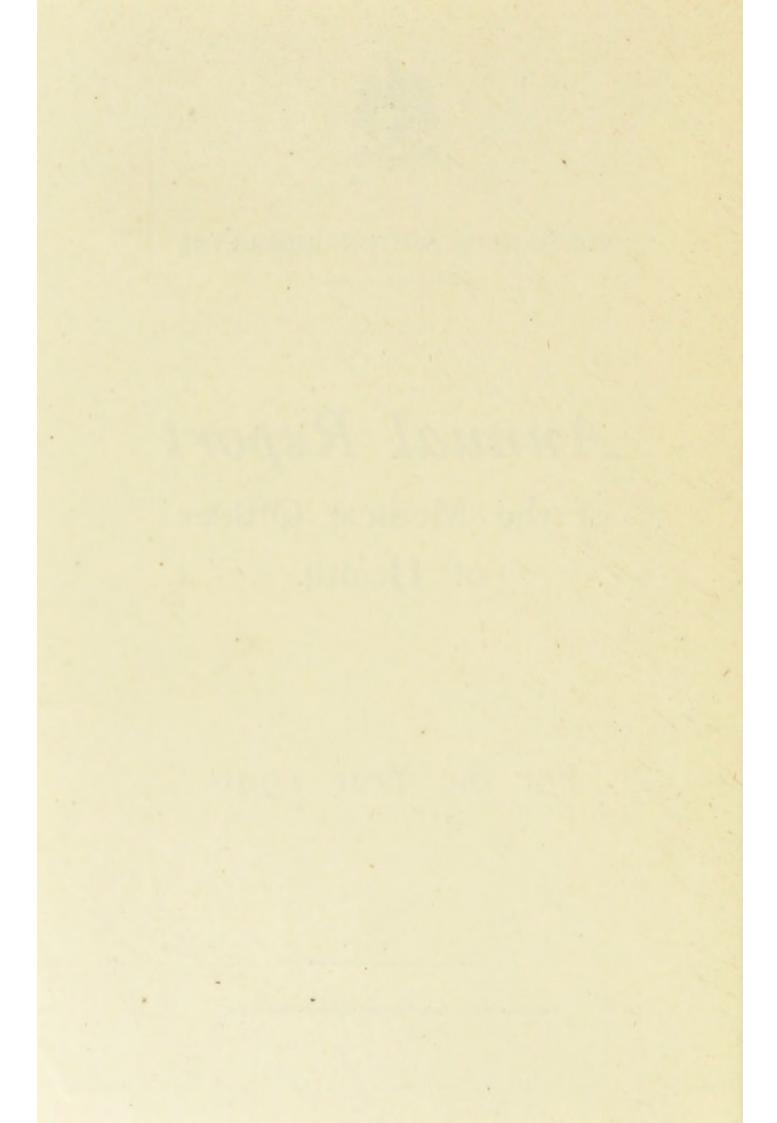
BOROUGH OF ASHTON-UNDER-LYNE

Annual Report

of the Medical Officer of Health

For the Year 1946

J. Andrew & Co. Ltd., Printers. Ashton-under-Lyne.



Borough of Ashton-under-Lyne 1946

PUBLIC HEALTH COMMITTEE

Chairman: Alderman Flowers, J.P.

Deputy-Chairman: Alderman Sheard, J.P.

The Mayor, Aldermen Arnold and Massey, J.P., Councillors Gantley, Hannan, Ibbotson, MacCormack, Mamourian, J.P., and Oldham.

MATERNITY AND CHILD WELFARE COMMITTEE

Chairman: Councillor Farley.

Deputy-Chairman: Councillor Mrs. Mamourian, J.P.

The Mayor, Aldermen Arnold and Flowers, J.P., Councillors Hall, Hannan, MacCormack, Oldham and Sidebottom.

TOWN HALL CHAMBERS, ASHTON-UNDER-LYNE.

TO THE MAYOR AND COUNCIL OF THE BOROUGH OF ASHTON-UNDER-LYNE.

MR. MAYOR, MR. CHAIRMAN, LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,

I beg to submit my report on the health of the Borough for the year 1946.

A brief résumé of the vital statistics gives encouraging reading in so far as they are barometers of the communal health. A rapidly rising birth-rate, a slightly falling death-rate, a diminishing death-rate from Tuberculosis and Cancer, coupled with a substantial fall in the maternal mortality rate, are all on the credit side, whilst the infantile mortality rate alone has not shown a diminution, though it has decreased in comparison with the previous five-year period. Furthermore, there have been no epidemics during the year, and the incidence of Diphtheria has been less than half what it was in 1945.

The work of the Health Visitors has been carried out during the year, whilst attendances at the various Welfare Centres show no diminution.

A post-war feature has appeared under the ægis of the Maternity and Child Welfare Department which was "born of necessity" out of the employment of women in war work, namely, Day Nurseries.

It is hoped that the conditions which brought these into existence will soon pass away and render their continuance unnecessary.

Protection against Diphtheria, whilst making slow progress at our clinics, might be hastened were more carried out by their private doctors.

The total percentage of the child population aged 0—15 years is 58 per cent.

It need hardly be mentioned in this place that the most urgent health measure in the town is the provision of more houses and the eradication of much slum property.

The next most urgent environmental problem is the eradication of the smoke menace in this area.

Commending this report to your notice,

I have the honour to be

Your obedient servant,

ALAN S. SIMPSON,

Medical Officer of Health.

Staff of the Health Department

MEDICAL.

Alan S. Simpson, M.B., B.S. (Lond.), M.R.C.S., D.P.H., Medical Officer of Health, School Medical Officer, Maternity and Child Welfare Officer.

Mary Evans, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H., Assistant Medical Officer of Health and School Medical Officer.

SANITARY INSPECTORS.

- C. Sykes Handforth, M.S.I.A., C.R.S.I., M.Inst.P.C., Chief Sanitary Inspector, Inspector of Meat and Other Foods, etc.
- Herbert Hunter, M.S.I.A., C.R.S.I., Deputy Chief Sanitary Inspector, Inspector of Meats and Other Foods, etc.
- C. F. Spencer, M.S.I.A., C.R.S.I., Additional Sanitary Inspector, Inspector of Meats and Other Foods, etc.

HEALTH VISITORS.

Nurse Chamberlain, S.R.N., S.C.M., H.V. Cert. (Senior Nurse).

- " Weir, S.R.N., S.C.M., H.V. Cert.
- " Cleary, S.R.N., S.C.M., H.V. Cert.
- " Schofield, S.R.N., S.C.M., H.V. Cert. (Resigned March, 1946).
- " Wrigley, S.R.N., S.C.M., H.V. Cert.
- " Edwards, S.R.N., S.C.M., H.V. Cert.
- " Malone, S.R.N., S.C.M., H.V. Cert.

CLERKS.

C. Sharples, A. Hartley (Resigned November, 1946), E. McCabe, F. Gartside, B. Wood.

Ashton-under-Lyne Borough:

EXTRACTS FROM VITAL STATISTICS, 1946

Per 1,000 of estimated Population

Maternal Mortality Rate

Per 1,000 Deaths under total (Live one year per and Still) 1,000 Live 19.0 32.0 14.1 Rate of 101 Births Diarrhoea (under 2 years of age) Rate per 1,000 total (live and still) births ... Birth-rate per 1,000 estimated population Death-rate per 1,000 estimated population Measles (all ages) Whooping Cough (all ages) Births -0.26 1.35 -1.27Cancer (all ages) *** Live Births Per 1,000 2.43 1.38 1.13 -0.25Death-rate per 1,000 total still) births = per 1,000. ... from Cancer 1.09 1.09 Nii. Death-rate -0.09 from 2.23 1.91 mid-1946 (live and Deaths 1946 adjusted Death-rate (comparability factor) ... 1 = Respiratory Death-rate from Tuberculosis of 0.65 0.47 0.08 -0.18 System Deaths. Female 412 449 346 37 Z. 46 45 09 *** -...... 46,480 Live Birth- Crude Death--1.0 14.6 14.1 rate Illegitimate infants per 1,000 illegitimate live infants per 1,000 legitimate live Male. 406 29 435 311 Death-rate of Infants under one year of age :: sepsis All infants per 1,000 live births +2.6 16.2 Total 818 99 884 30 ... Puerperal and post-abortive on ... Deaths from puerperal causes in 1946 1941-45 Other maternal causes Illegitimate ... Legitimate Mean of 5 years, 1941-45 Total ********* Total *** *** 5 years' average, Increase or decrease Previous year ... For Death-rate For Birth-rate Year 1945 Legitimate births Deaths ... Live Births: Still Births Population-1946

Causes of Death during the Year 1946.

	M.	F.	Tota
Typhoid and Paratyphoid Fevers	0	0	0
Cerebro-Spinal Fever	0	1	1
Scarlet Fever	0	. 0	0
Whooping Cough	0	0	0
Diphtheria	0	0	0
Tuberculosis of Respiratory System	15	7	22
Other Forms of Tuberculosis	0	2	2
G 1 11141 Di-	2	2	4
	6	5	11
	1000	1	
Measles	0		1
Acute Poliomyelitis and Polioencephalitis	1	0	1
Acute Infectious Encephalitis	0	0	0
M. Cancer of Buccal Cavity and Oesophagus			
(Males only)	5	0	5
F. Cancer of Uterus	0	12	12
Cancer of Stomach and Duodenum	8	5	13
Cancer of Breast	0	13	13
Cancer of all other sites (with 3 Sub. groups)	32	14	46
Diabatas	1	1	2
Intro Consist Vaccular Tasiana	23	56	79
Other Disease (with 4 Sub. groups)	105	109	214
Other Diseases of the Circulatory System	7	12.	19
Bronchitis	20	26	46
Pneumonia	15	15	30
Other Respiratory Diseases	5	4	9
Ulceration of the Stomach or Duodenum	1	1	2
Diarrhœa (under 2 years of age)	1	1	2
Appendicitis	0	3	3
Other Digestive Diseases (with 4 Sub.			
groups)	12	7	19
Nephritis	6	8	14
Puerperal and Post-abortive Sepsis (with			
2 Sub. groups)	0	1	1
Other Maternal Causes (with 2 Sub. groups)		0	0
Premature Birth	8	- 5	13
Congenital Malformations, Birth Injury,	0	U	10
Infantile Disease (with 2 Sub. groups)		0	1
Suicide Disease (with 2 Sub. groups)	7	8	15
Suicide		1	1
Road Traffic Accidents		1	5
Other Violent Causes	8	6	14
All Other Causes (with 14 Sub. groups)	19	19	38
			-
	311	346	657

Ashton-under-Lyne Public Health AMBULANCE DEPARTMENT

ANNUAL REPORT

I have pleasure in submitting to you my first Annual Report of the working of the Ambulance Department for the period 1st Appril, 1946 (when the department was taken over by the Health Committee) to the 31st December, 1946.

3,680 calls were received and responded to, as against 3,275 in the corresponding nine months of 1945, an increase of 405 calls. The increase in the number of calls received from the area which this Service covers, is actually greater than the 405 shown above, as it will be seen on examination of the figures below that in 1945, 40 calls were received from the adjacent Ambulance Services of Stalybridge, Hyde and Mossley, whereas in 1946 only one request for assistance was received from Hyde; in addition 95 Police duty calls are shown for 1945 and none for 1946. The 3,680 calls received are classified as follows:—

Nature of Case.	1946.	1945.	Local Authority.	1946. 1945.
Private Removals	3,2312	2,761	Ashton Borough	1,8461,863
Road Accidents	79	56	Droylsden U.D.C	. 703 622
Works Accidents	87	69	Audenshaw U.D.C	813 521
Domestic Accidents	120	135	Limehurst R.D.C	259 187
Medical Emergencies	126	79	Mr. Watts C. Hosp'l	30 64
Bodies to Mortuary	36	40	Lancs, P.A.C	23 16
Stalyb'dge Amb. Service		37	L.C.C. T.B. Dispen'y	6 2
Mossley Amb. Service		2	***************************************	
Hyde Amb, Service		1		
Police Duty Calls		95		
	3,680	3,275		3,6803,275

It will be noticed from the figures above that there is a slight decrease in the number of calls received from within the Borough, whereas Droylsden shows an increase of 81, Audenshaw 292 and Waterloo 72. No births occurred in an ambulance, but one patient died in an ambulance in the month of April, 1946.

AMBULANCES

At the time of writing this report, five ambulances are in use—two Humbers and three Austins. The Humbers were first registered in May, 1935, and two of the Austins in May, 1938, the two Austins being in fair condition. The fifth ambulance now in

use is a new Austin, the body being built on a 2-ton chassis. A second Austin is at present being built by the same firm, Messrs. H. Lomas, Ltd., of Manchester, and delivery of this vehicle is expected before the end of March, 1947.

The two Humber Ambulances are now nearing the end of their use as ambulances, being very unreliable, and I would recommend that when the second new ambulance has been delivered these should be disposed of.

MILEAGE

The total mileage covered during the nine months under review was 25,802 as against 21,283 in the corresponding period of 1945, an increase of 4,519.

The respective mileage for each vehicle is as follows:-

Humber	A.T.B.47	 	 	 	7,564
Humber	A.T.B.48	 	 	 	12,299
Austin	D.T.B.219	 	 	 	2,980
Austin	D.T.B.220	 	 	 	1,755
Austin	G.T.F.435	 	 	 	1,204

The total mileage for each vehicle since first registered:-

Humber	A.T.B.47	 	 	 	72,134
Humber	A.T.B.48	 	 	 	69,254
Austin	D.T.B.219	 	 	 	35,902
Austin	D.T.B.220	 	 	 	69,951
Austin	G.T.F.435	 	 	 	1,385

PETROL AND OIL

2,846 gallons of petrol were consumed for an average of 9.06 miles per gallon.

50 gallons of oil were consumed for an average of 516 miles per gallon.

GARAGE AND HEADQUARTERS

The ambulances are garaged in the Trolley Bus Bay at the Passenger Transport Depot, Mossley Road. The garage accommodation and the facilities, together with the office headquarters and their close proximity to the local Hospitals, make this an ideal position for an Ambulance Station.

I would like to thank Mr. Crossley, the General Manager, and his Staff for the valuable assistance given to this department, as all the repair work requiring expert mechanics has been done by his repair staff, especially in such difficult times when, due to the vehicles being obsolete models, his staff have had to make spare parts, which have been unobtainable from the manufacturers.

PERSONNEL

The department is staffed by one Superintendent and 14 Driver Attendants—11 males and 3 females. One female, Miss J. Taylor, resigned during the period and her place was filled by a male.

Eleven of the staff have been fitted out with a very neat uniform, together with a greatcoat and raincoat, and measurements have been taken for the remaining members of the staff, and delivery is expected within the next month or so.

Four shifts are worked over the period of 24 hours: 6 a.m. to 2 p.m., 2 p.m. to 10 p.m., 6 p.m. to 2 a.m., 10 p.m. to 6 a.m.; also a day shift from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m., which is the peak period.

The number of drivers on duty during the various periods of the 24 hours—6 a.m. one day to 6 a.m. the next day—is a follows:—

```
6 a.m. to 9 a.m. ... 3 Drivers (2 men and 1 woman)
9 a.m. to 6 p.m. ... 6 ,, (4 men and 2 women)
6 p.m. to 10 p.m. ... 4 ,, (3 men and 1 woman)
10 p.m. to 2 a.m. ... 3 ,, (3 men)
2 a.m. to 6 a.m. ... 2 ,, (2 men)
```

SICKNESS

During the nine months under review, 77 working days have been lost by members of the staff through sickness, for which wages were paid for 42 days at full pay and 21 days at half-pay. No wages were paid for the remaining 14 days. Miss Stelfox has been absent for 66 of the 77 days, and at the time of writing this report she is still on the sick list on half-pay.

The amount of sickness compares very unfavourably with the corresponding period of 1945, as during that time not one day was lost by any member of the staff through sickness.

FIRST-AID QUALIFICATIONS

Eight members hold the First-Aid Certificate of the St. John Ambulance Association; the remaining seven members are at present taking a course of First-Aid, and the examinations are expected to be held in about a month's time.

Notification of Births

(Public Health Act, 1936, Section 203).

The Act requires that all births occurring in the area of Ashton-under-Lyne (after the 28th week of pregnancy, whether alive or still) shall be sent to the Medical Officer of Health within 36 hours of the birth. All births occurring within the area are, therefore, notified to me whether the parent is a resident or a non-resident of Ashton-under-Lyne.

	,	Total Notified.	Ashton Residents
Number of Live Births Notifie	d Male 1193 Female 1060	2253	891
Number of Still Births Notifie	d Male 32 Female 30	62	27
Lak Dist Nur Mid	rict Infirmary sing Homes wives	40	

Notifications received by Department included above, but transferred elsewhere 1397

Total Notified Births allocated to	Ashton-under Lyne 918
Percentage of Total Notified Births (Live and Still) - received from	(a) Institutions & Nursing Homes 88.423% (b) Municipal Midwives 11.490% (c) Doctors

MIDWIVES PRACTISING IN THE AREA.

There were five midwives practising in the area during 1946, and all five were Municipal Midwives appointed by the Lancashire County Council.

MATERNAL MORTALITY.

ASHTON-UNDER-LYNE.

Maternal Mortality Rate (per 1,000 Total Births i.e., Live and Still).

Puerperal Sepsis 1.09
Other Puerperal Causes ... Nil.

1.09

ANTE-NATAL CLINIC.

This Clinic is held every Friday afternoon, one week at Enville House Centre and the following week at Richmond Street Centre.

Fifty-two sessions were held during 1946, and 148 expectant mothers made 756 attendances.

An increasing number of patients now enter Hospitals and Maternity Homes for their confinements. Many of these do not attend the Borough Ante-Natal Clinic, but prefer to make private arrangements with the family doctor and hospital.

POST-NATAL CLINICS.

This Clinic is held on the first Monday afternoon in the month at Enville House Centre. There were 5 sessions in the year, and the number of patients who attended was 27.

SUPPLY OF TRANSFUSION FLUIDS FOR MATERNITY CASES.

Arrangements were made with the Blood Transfusion Officer for the Supply of Transfusion Services in certain obstetric emergencies. Any doctor practising in the area requiring transfusion fluids for a maternity case has been advised to communicate with Dr. Thomas, the Obstetric Consultant appointed for the Borough. Dr. Thomas is also the Medical Superintendent of the Lake Hospital and has immediate access day and night to their blood bank.

Day Nurseries and Nursery Classes

There are two Day Nurseries and three Nursery Classes in the Borough, and the following Table shows the accommodation provided, hours of opening, etc.

Day Nurseries:

Location.		Numbers accommo- dated		Average daily attendance,
1. West End Council School	2/2/42	45	1 to 5 yearsMon to Fri 7 a.m. to 7 Saturdays 7 to 2 p.m.	p.m.
2. St. John's School, Hurst	1/11/42	32	1 to 5 yearsMon to Fri 6-30 a.m. to p.m. Satur 7 a.m. to 1	6-30 rdays

Nursery Classes:

1.	Parochial School.	5/5/44		30	2 to 5 years	Mon. to Fri 7 a.m. to 7 p.m. Saturdays 7 a.m. to 1 p.m.	
2.	Trafalgar School.	3/7/43		30	2 to 5 years	Mon, to Fri 7 a.m. to 7 p.m. Saturdays 7 a.m. to 1 p.m.	20
3.	Elgin Street School.	7/8/43		30	2 to 5 years	Mon, to Fri 7 a.m. to 7 p.m. Saturdays 7 a.m. to 1 p.m.	17
T	atal accommadi	tim mmarrid	ho!	167 1	Total assess	anttondonos	195

INFANT MORTALITY

The causes of the 41 deaths were as follows:—
Measles 1
Pneumonia (all forms) 8
Premature Birth 13
Congenital Malformation 6
Suffocation (overlying) 1
Other Causes 4
Enteritis 2
Atrophy, Debility and Marasmus 5
Injury at Birth 1
41
Child Welfare Centres
The work at the Infant Welfare Centres was well
maintained during 1946, and the following figures show the
number of sessions held, the number of consultations and the
weighings carried out at the Centres:—
Consultations held 115
Attendances at Consultations 1851
Number of Weighings of Children 8208
Total number of attendances at all Centres during the year:
(1) By Children under 1 year of age 7300
(2) By Children between the ages of 1 and 5 1585
Total number of children who attended at the Centres during
the year and who, on the date of their first attendance, were:
(1) Under 1 year of age 510 Percentage of notified live births represented
by this figure 57%
(2) Between the ages of 1 and 5 years 70

Total number of children who attended at the Centres during the year and who, at the end of the year, were:—

- (1) Under 1 year of age 439
- (2) Between the ages of 1 and 5 years 461

The fact that 57% of the total notified births are brought to the Welfare Centres is an indication that the work is of value and appreciated by the parents.

Provision of Dried Milk

During 1946, 11,195 packets of dried milk were sold at the Centres.

106 were sold at half-price and 627 were provided free, in accordance with the income scale adopted.

The net cost to the Council amounted to £24 18s. 2d.

Orthopædic Treatment

Number of individual pre-school children attending Clinic 119.

A classification of the conditions for which the above 119 children were treated is set out below:—

1.	Rickets	 	2
	Genu-Valgum (Knock-knee)		
3.	Genu-Varum (Bow-leg)	 	2
4.	Torticollis (Wry-neck)	 	11
5.	Infantile Paralysis	 	1
6.	Spina Bifida	 	1
7.	Flat Feet	 	31
8.	Postural Deformities	 	2
9.	Curly Toes	 	6
	Unclassified		
			-

119

Artificial Sunlight Clinic

1946

Eighty-seven children made 1,580 attendances.

Adoption

The Adoption of Children (Regulation) Act, 1939, came into force on 1st June, 1943. A Register is now kept of the children adopted and they are regularly visited by the Health Visitors.

HOME HELPS.

Attempts were again made during the year to develop the Home Helps Scheme. There was difficulty in getting suitable women as Home Helps.

Arrangements have been made with the local office of the Ministry of Labour and National Service whereby, if there is a demand for a Home Help, the Exchange is to be notified by the Medical Officer of Health and an effort made to find a suitable person.

ATTEMPTS TO IMPROVE THE GENERAL STANDARD OF CLEANLINESS AND HABITS AND TO COMBAT INFESTATION BY HEAD-LICE.

In accordance with suggestions from the Ministry of Health, steps were taken to improve the general standard of cleanliness in children under 5 years.

The Nurses have made early morning and late evening visits to the homes. Lethane Hair Oil has been advised in the treatment of head vermin. Where necessary, action was taken under the Scabies Order, 1941.

The Health Visitors, who are also the School Nurses, now undertake the treatment of Scabies cases.

Child Life Protection PUBLIC HEALTH ACT, 1936.

SECTIONS 206—220.

(a)	Number of persons who were receiving children for reward at the end of the	
	year	1
(b)	Number of children on the register at the end of the year	
(c)	Number of Child Protection Visitors at the end of the year who were Health	
	Visitors	6

Nursing Homes PUBLIC HEALTH ACT, 1936.

SECTIONS 187—195.

The Lancashire County Council have delegated their powers under the above Act to the Ashton-under-Lyne Borough Council, who are the supervising authority for this purpose.

There is one Nursing Home registered in the Borough at:— 24, Villiers Street.

This Maternity Home was closed by the Council as a result of failure of the Matron to maintain the Institution up to the standards of staffing and accommodation required by the Authority.

The closure took effect on 31st May, 1946.

Housing Statistics

* Temporary.

-	.—Inspection of dwelling-nouses during the year:—
	(1) (a) Total number of dwelling-houses inspected for housing defects (under Public Health or
1155	Housing Acts)
2354	(b) Number of inspections made for the purpose
254	(2) (a) Number of dwelling-houses (included under sub-head (1) above) which were inspected and recorded under the Housing Consolidated Regulations, 1925 to 1932
263	(b) Number of inspections made for the purpose
	(3) Number of dwelling-houses found to be in a state so dangerous or injurious to health as to be unfit
9	for human habitation
1146	(4) Number of dwelling-houses (exclusive of those referred to under the preceding sub-head) found not to be in all respects reasonably fit for human habitation
	.—Remedy of defects during the year without service of formal notices:—
987	Number of defective dwelling-houses rendered fit in consequence of informal action by the Local Authority or their Officers
	.—Action under statutory powers during the year:— (a) Proceedings under Sections 9, 10 and 16 of the
	Housing Act, 1936:—
Nil.	(1) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which notices were served requiring repairs

Number of dwelling-houses which were ren- dered fit after service of formal notices:—	
(a) By Owners Nil.	
(b) By Local Authority in default of Owners —	
oceedings under Public Health Acts:—	(b)
Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which notices were served requiring defects to be remedied 54	
Number of dwelling-houses in which defects were remedied after service of formal notices	
(a) By Owners 49	
(b) By Local Authority in default of Owners Nil.	
oceedings under Sections 11 and 13 of the ousing Act, 1936:—	
) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which Demolition Orders were made 7	
Number of dwelling-houses demolished in pursuance of Demolition Orders	
coceedings under Section 12 of the Housing	
) Number of separate tenements or under- ground rooms in respect of which Closing	
Orders were made 2	
Number of separate tenements or under-	
ground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were determined, the tenement or	
room having been rendered fit	
ng Act, 1936.—Part IV.—Overcrowding:—	-Hou
i) Number of dwellings overcrowded at the end	
of the year 198	
Number of families dwelling therein 212	
) Number of persons dwelling therein 1340	(

(p)	Number of new cases of overcrowding reported	
	during the year	42
(c)	(i) Number of cases of overcrowding relieved	
	during the year	30
	(ii) Number of persons concerned in such cases	160

Water Supply

The Water Supply has been satisfactory in quantity and quality. There has been filtration of all supplies. Chlorination at the Brushes and Yeoman Hey Filterhouses and Ozonisation at Knott Hill.

During the year 4 chemical and 165 bacteriological samples were taken, and the results returned were considered very satisfactory.

Inspection and Supervision of Food MILK EXAMINATION.

Biological:

Methylene Blue Phosphatase Test

36 examinations.

Out of the above 36 examinations, 25 were satisfactory and 11 unsatisfactory as regards the Phosphatase Test; 28 were satisfactory and 8 unsatisfactory as regards the Methylene Blue Test.

The Prevalence and Control over Infectious Diseases.

The cases of Infectious Diseases notified during the year were as follows:—

			Но	SPITAL
DISEASE	Total Cases at all Ages	Total Deaths	Total Cases removed to Hospital	Deaths in Hospital of persons belonging to district
Chicken Pox Diphtheria and Membranous	147	_	. —	-
Croup	25		25	_
Erysipelas	10		1	_
Scarlet Fever	0.00	_	24	_
Enteric Fever (including Paratyphoid)			, 1	_
Puerperal Pyrexia	8	_	1	-
Cerebro-Spinal Meningitis	3	1	3	
Ophthalmia Neonatorum			-	_
Acute Primary Pneumonia	54	30	-	_
Acute Influenzal Pneumonia	4	-	-	_
Pulmonary Tuberculosis	. 57	22	-	-
Other forms of Tuberculosis	11	2	-	
Measles		1	2	-
Whooping Cough	175	_	3	-
Polio-Encephalitis	-	-		_
Poliomyelitis	_	_	-	_
Encephalitis Lethargica	-	-	_	
Totals	663	56	60	_

HOSPITAL ACCOMMODATION

From 1st June, 1943, 11 beds, instead of 12, have been maintained at the Borough Hospital, Hyde.

The authorities of Oldham and Monsall have agreed to admit cases if there are beds available at the time.

The Ashton and District Smallpox Hospital at Hartshead is always held in readiness and any case of Smallpox could be admitted within an hour of notification.

DIPHTHERIA.

There were 25 cases of Diphtheria notified during the year. There were no deaths.

Age distribution	of the ca	ases	notifi	ied:-	-	
Under 5 yea	rs					 4
5 to 15 years						 14
Over 15 yea	rs					 7
	Total					 25

DIPHTHI	ERIA IMMU	NISA	TION.							
						School.	Pi	e-Scho	ol.	Total.
Children	Immunised	from	1934	-193	6	124		-		124
"	,,	in	1937			219		46		265
"	"	,,	1938			174		54		228
"	"	,,	1939			33		23		56
,,	" .	,,	1940			147		178		325
**	"	"	1941			1933		422		2355
"	"	,,,	1942			185		525		710
"	"	-97	1943	***		492		680		1172
"	1)	,,	1944			615		626		1241
1)	"	"	1945			103	,	411		514
"	"	"	1946			208		364		572
Total Im	munised at	31/12	2/46			4233		3329		7562
Total In	munised u	nder	5 ves	ars	and					
	reen 5 and					4570		983		5553
Percenta	ge Immunis	sed at	31/1	2/46	3	77%		27%		58%

Age in years on 31st December of		I Per	DIPHTHERIA IMMUNISATION. Persons inoculated each year from 1934-1946	LHE)	RIA ted ea	IMM ch year	UNIS from	ATI(1934-	ON. -1946			
year	1934-36	1937	1938	1939	1940	1941	1942	1943	1944	1945	1946	Long hatelnooni letoll
0	1									4	5	five years on
1										218	257	31st December, 1946,
2		80	5	3	87	97	178	188	234	113	53	983
3		19	17	6	24	175	210	171	178	50	30	
4		111	17	4	43	58	116	163	97	26	19	
5		00	15	7	24	92	21	158	1117	23	32	
9		39	12	6	22	102	15	84	94	20	33	Total inoculated aged
7		21	25	3	30	224	.37	52	93	15	17	December, 1946.
8		44	36	5	24	264	32	79	101	12	23	4570
6		81	27	5	19	218	23	40	98	11	17	
10		7 -	50	4	16	239	15	99	73	9	28	
.11		1	9	5	10	234	19	41	43	7	9	
12		12	7	1	17	265	19	43	34	3	5	
13		5	4	1	4	340	10	55	30	3	6	
14		4	3		3	12	11	83	36	3	38	
15 and over		5	4	ı	5	35	4	73	25	1	-	Total inoculated aged
												15 years and over on 31st December 1946
												2010
Total each year	124	265	- 228	56	325	2355	710	1172	1241	514	573	Grand total 1934—1946, 7563
IMMUNISATION IN RELATION TO	NI NOITY	RELA	MOIT		CHILD	POPUI	POPULATION.	ż	Ann	ial Ret	urn for	Annual Return for Ministry of Health.
Number of	Children	who ha	ad comp	pleted	a full c	onrse	of Imm	unisat	ion at	any tim	e up to	Number of Children who had completed a full course of Immunisation at any time up to 31st December. 1946 .
Age at 31 12/46				Under	1	-	2	-	-	5 to 9	-	10 to 14 Total
i.e. Born in	ı in Year	eserción (1946		1945 19		1943 19	1942 1	1937-1941		1932—1936 under 15

	INTERNITY IN METALLON TO CHIED TOTAL	5		2	מראו		A	Inual Keturn	Annual Keturn for Ministry of Health.	of Health.
A	Number of Children who had completed a full course of Immunisation at any time up to 31st December. 1946	l comp	oleted a fu	ll cours	se of In	nmunis	sation	at any time u	p to 31st Dece	mber: 1946
A	Age at 31-12/46 i.e. Born in Year		Under 1 1946	1945	2 1944	3 1943	4 1942	5 to 9 1937—1941	10 to 14 1932—1936	Total under 15
Z	Number Immunised		5	261		143	303	2530	2040	5553
Es	Estimated mid-year population, 1946	1, 1946			3620			56	2900	9520

SCARLET FEVER.

There were 27 cases (41 in 1945) notified. The disease was mild and there were no deaths.

PNEUMONIA.

There were 54 cases of Acute Primary Pneumonia notified (35 in 1945) and 4 cases (3 in 1945) of Acute Influenzal Pneumonia.

Influenza is not notifiable unless complicated with Pneumonia.

ASHTON AND DISTRICT SICK NURSING ASSOCIATION.

501 visits were made to 128 cases of Pneumonia by the Nurses from the Ashton and District Sick Nursing Association.

SUMMARY OF NOTIFIED CASES NURSED DURING 1946 (JANUARY 1st to DECEMBER 31st).

I am indebted to the Matron of the Ashton-under-Lyne District Nursing Association for the following figures of work which they have carried out during the year 1946.

	Cases.	Visits
Lobar Pneumonia	50	201
Influenzal Pneumonia .	16	58
Measles	12	100
Infantile Paralysis	—	_
Broncho-Pneumonia	50 = 128	142 = 501
Children under five—		
Chicken Pox	6	42
Whooping Cough	7	89
Infantile Diarrhœa .	10 = 23 (inc. n	o.) $96 = 227$
Circumcision (Minor Ops	.) 56	146
Skin Diseases in Childre	n 9 = 65 (inc. n	o.) 46 = 192
	216	920

Venereal Disease

Public Health (Venereal Diseases) Regulations, 1916.

The Lancashire County Council, who administer these regulations, have a treatment centre at the Ashton-under-Lyne District Infirmary.

The following shows the work carried out at the Venereal Diseases Clinic at the Ashton-under-Lyne District Infirmary during the year 1946:—

Patients under treatment at 1st January, 1946	·	. 159
New cases admitted during 1946		250
Total attendances		3732
Patients receiving treatment at the end of 1946		163
Pathological examinations for V.D. patients		1089
Patients reporting for continuation tests		54

Of the 250 new cases admitted during the year, 101 were Ashton residents. There is an increase in the incidence of Venereal Disease in the area due to war conditions; the position is being very closely watched. There were 96 cases found not to be V.D.

Penicillin is available for specified cases. Service cases are now reporting for continuation tests in fair number.

Scabies

The Scabies Clinic is held at the Disinfection Station, Town's Yard.

This building was originally constructed for the disinfection of Smallpox contacts, and is suitable for treating cases of Scabies. There is a Waiting Room, Bath Room, Treatment and Dressing Room and a Discharge Room. Clothes for stoving are passed through a revolving cupboard in the bathroom to the disinfector next door.

Treatments by appointment are given on Monday, Tuesday, Thursday and Friday—women and children in the mornings and men in the afternoons. A following-up Clinic is held at the School Clinic every Wednesday morning, when cases are seen by the Medical Officer.

The Health Visitors-School Nurses treat the women and children and a male attendant treats the men.

The treatment given is a bath, followed by an application of Benzyl-Benzoate Emulsion. Each patient is told to bring a change of clean clothes. Typewritten instructions are given regarding clothing and other necessary precautions. The local doctors have been notified of these arrangements.

Fresh sources of infection come into the town from time to time. By careful following up of contacts to known cases, and by treating whole families the infection has been kept down. In difficult cases, and particularly when re-infection occurs, action has been taken under the Scabies Order, 1941—to ensure the medical examination and treatment of contacts.

In dealing with this infection the Nurses have paid many day and evening visits to the homes.

Individual No. for Scabies			ed		Attendances.
Pre-Se	chool Chil	ldren		14	 25
Schoo	Children	n		123	 210
Adult	3			63	 83
				-	_
	Total .			200	 318

Annual Report of the Chief Sanitary Inspector

for the Year 1946

DETAILS OF INSPECTIONS MADE AND WORK CARRIED OUT DURING 1946

Number of inspections (including housing)	4599
Number of nuisances abated	2978
Number of visits to common lodging-houses, furnished	
rooms and-dwelling-vans	67
Number of visits to slaughter-houses	185
Number of visits to Cowsheds and Dairies	67
Number of visits to Bakehouses	27
Number of visits to food stores and food preparing	
premises	295
Number of visits to Fish Friers	21
Number of visits to Factories and Workshops	. 74
Number of visits to Offensive Trade premises	5
Number of visits re rat infestations	7003
Number of samples taken under the Food and Drugs Act	24

FACTORIES ACT, 1937.

1. INSPECTIONS for purposes of provisions as to health, Including Inspections made by Sanitary Inspectors.

		Number of	f
Premises (1)	Inspections (2)	Written Notices (3)	Occupiers Prosecuted (4)
Factories with Mechanical Power Factories without Mechanical Power Other Premises under the Act (including works of building and engineering construction but not including	115 5	6	=
outworkers' premises)			-
Total	120	6	

2. DEFECTS FOUND

	Nu	Number of defects in respect of			
Particulars	Found	Remedied	Referred to H.M. Inspector	which Prose- cutions were instituted	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	
Want of Cleanliness (S. 1) Overcrowding (S. 2) Unreasonable Temperature (S. 3) Inadequate Ventilation (S. 4) Ineffective Drainage of Floors (S. 6) Sanitary Conveniences (S. 7) Insufficient Unsuitable or Defective Not Separate for Sexes Other Offences (Not including offences relating to Home Work or offences under the Sections mentioned in the Schedule to the Ministry of Health (Factories and Workshops Transfer of Powers) Order, 1921, and re- enacted in the Third Schedule to the Factories Act, 1937)					
Total	20	20	_		

Food and Drugs Act, 1938

During the year twenty-four samples of Milk were taken and submitted to the Public Analyst.

Meat Inspection

TABLE No. 2

Carcases with all lorgans condemned as totally unfit for human consumption.

					Iı	atory	ory Other			
Animals.	Tuberculosis.		Accide	nts.	Diseas	es. C	Conditions.			
Cows		72		_		3		3		
Bulls		1		_		_		_		
Bullocks		1		_				_		
Heifers		2		-				-		
Calves		_		1		2		3		
Sheep		-		8		5		_		
Pigs		2				_		_		

Carcases partially condemned as unfit for human consumption.

					tory	Other			
Animals	ls. Tuberculosis.		Accidents.		Diseases.		Conditions.		
Cows			61		4		6		1
Bulls			_		_		1		-
Bullocks			4		-		_		-
Heifers			3		-		-		_
Calves			-		- '		_		
Sheep			-		_		7		_
Pigs			-		1		-		_

TABLE No. 3

Various Organs Condemned as Unfit for Human Consumption.

		11 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	Tongues	Lungs	Livers	Stomachs	Hearts	Spieens	Mesenteries	Intestines	Udders	Kidneys	Diaphragms	Tails
Tube	rculosis:													
	Bovines	327	327	799	274	110	114	346	231	231	92	125	383	-
	Pigs	25	25	14	11	-	2	-	3	3	_	-	-	-
Inflor	mmataw. D	leannan												
Innai	mmatory D Bovines			200	0.41	0		00	10	10	077	F0.	20	
	Pigs]	. 1	9	341	8	7	90	12	12	27	52	38	
	Sheep		_		35	1	3	3	1	1	_	2		
Parasitic Diseases:														
	Bovines	1	1	73	436	_	-	-	-	-	-	7	_	_
	Pigs		_	1	2	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
	Sheep			1	636	_	-	1				_		
Other	r Diseases:													
	Bovines		-	-	16	-		-	-	_	-	-	_	_
	Pigs		-		1		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
,	The fellow	vina to	la la	od vo			: 4		e 1				1-	
The following table gives some idea of the work involved														
in this particular branch of my department:														
	No. of vis	its to s	laug	hte	r-ho	use	s di	urin	g 1	946		18	85	
	No. of vis											3	23	
				I -									7.7	
No. of carcases inspected:—														
	Cattle	and (Calv	es .								35	53	
		and I										924	16	
	P	and the same of	1000	7.77		2016	1000						1000	

The total weight of meat and offals destroyed during the year as diseased, unsound and unfit for the food of man was 97,797 lbs. or 43 tons 13 cwts. 0 qr. 21 lbs.

Pigs

268

Total 13067





