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Contributors

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Publication/Creation

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ASHBY-DE-LA-ZOUCH
RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL



1962

ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

AND THE

SURVEYOR AND PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR

CHAIRMAN OF THE COUNCIL

Councillor A. Hart J.P.

VICE-CHAIRMAN

Alderman H. Wileman J.P.

PUBLIC HEALTH AND PLANS COMMITTEE

Chairman : Councillor H. Fern
Vice-Chairman : Councillor K. Toon

HOUSING COMMITTEE

Chairman : Councillor J. Buckley
Vice-Chairman : Councillor A.J. Forrester

WATER SUPPLY COMMITTEE

Chairman : Councillor H.R. Birkenhead
Vice-Chairman : Councillor R.H. Wheeldon

CLERK OF THE COUNCIL

J. E. R. Wilkinson

ACCOUNTANT AND DEPUTY CLERK

C. M. Taylor A.I.M.T.A.

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

A. McM. W. Segerdal M.D., D.P.H.

SURVEYOR AND PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR

C. S. Curtis M.A.P.H.I., C.R.S.H., DIP. P.H.H. (hons)

ADDITIONAL PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR

H. Batteson A.R.S.H., M.A.P.H.I.

WATER ENGINEER AND ENGINEERING ASSISTANT

C. Mugglestone A.R.I.C.S., M.R.S.H.

Rural District Council Offices,
South Street,
Ashby-de-la-Zouch,
Leicestershire.

September, 1963.

To the Chairman and Members of
the Rural District Council of
Ashby-de-la-Zouch.

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I beg to present my Report for the year 1962.

According to the Registrar General's estimate, the
population remains exactly the same at 13,660.

The birth rate 13.7 is lower than last year (13.8) and
lower than that for England and Wales (18.0).

The death rate 12.7 is higher than last year (12.0) and
higher than that for England and Wales (11.9). The death rate
of infants under one year is 21.3 compared with 15.9 in 1961,
and England and Wales 21.4 and the still birth rate is 41.0
compared with 18.1 for England and Wales.

The chief causes of death, as has been the case for some
years past, were from diseases associated with elderly people.

It will be noted that all the parishes, with the exception
of Bardon have a piped supply of water.

There are 397 septic tanks in the district and 27 septic
tanks were constructed and 1 abolished during the year. 49 closets
were converted to the water carriage system during the year.

64 houses were completed during the year making a total of
1085 houses completed in the post-war period.

The total number of applicants for Council houses at the
end of the year was 168 and the number of applications received
during the year was 53.

Implementation of the Food Hygiene Regulations, 1955
proceeded satisfactorily and no formal action has been necessary.



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There were 61 cases of infectious diseases during the year, 49 Measles, 2 Pneumonia and 10 Whooping Cough. There were 3 deaths from Pneumonia. Early in the year, as the result of a contact of a case of Smallpox from Birmingham visiting the area, a considerable amount of work was involved in visiting and following up contacts, and a state of near panic existed in the district.

A case of Salmonella infection which started in June was still excreting the organisms at the end of the year, although symptomless.

It is interesting to note that a case of Brucellosis was discovered in a female patient during the year and it is quite likely that there have been other cases.

I am pleased to record that the number of children being immunised against Diphtheria still remains high.

During the year 4 cases of Tuberculosis were added to the register, 3 new notifications all male pulmonary and one female non-pulmonary transferred from another district.

To the Staff of the Public Health Department of the County Council and to Doctor Mair, Director of the Public Health Laboratory, I wish to extend my thanks for their willing help and co-operation.

Finally I wish to thank Mr. C.S. Curtis, Surveyor and Public Health Inspector and Mr. H. Batteson, Additional Public Health Inspector, for their invaluable help during the year and you, Ladies and Gentlemen, for your kindness and co-operation.

I remain,

Ladies and Gentlemen,

Your obedient servant,

A. McM. W. Segerdal
M.D., D.P.H.

Private Residence

Belvoir Cottage,
Coalville,
Leicestershire.

Telephone Number

Coalville 2144

SECTION A

Statistics and Social Conditions

Area (in acres)	28,267
Resident Population (R.G's. estimate)	13,660
Number of inhabited houses	4,552
Rateable Value (1st April 1962)	£161,480
Sum represented by a penny rate	£ 638
Comparability factor - Births	1.00
Deaths	1.11

The chief industries in the area are agriculture; coal mining; brickmaking; stoneware and pipemaking and stone quarrying. There are also small textile works and light engineering works.

No particular industry was noted as having a specially injurious effect on health during the year.

Vital Statistics

	<u>Rural District</u>	<u>England & Wales</u>
Live Births	187	
Live Birth rate	13.7	18.0
Still Births	8	
Still Births rate per 1000 (live & still)	41.0	18.1
Total Births	195	
Infant Deaths	4	
Infantile Mortality rate per 1000 live Births	21.3	21.4
Infantile Mortality rate per 1000 legitimate births	11.2	
Infantile Mortality rate per 1000 illegitimate births	22.2	
Neo-Natal Mortality rate (first four weeks) per 1000 related live Births	16.0	15.1
Early Neo-Natal Mortality rate (first week) per 1000 related live Births	10.7	
Perinatal Mortality rate (first week combined with still birth rate) per 1000 total live and still births	51.3	

	<u>Rural District</u>	<u>England & Wales</u>
Percentage of illegitimate live Births	4.8	
Maternal deaths including abortion	.0	3.0
Maternal mortality rate (including abortion) per 1000 total Births	.0	0.35

Births

	<u>Males</u>	<u>Females</u>	<u>Total</u>
Live Births : Legitimate	101	77	178
Illegitimate	3	6	9
	<u>104</u>	<u>83</u>	<u>187</u>
Still Births : Legitimate	2	5	7
Illegitimate	1	0	1
	<u>3</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>8</u>
Total Births (Live and Still)	<u>107</u>	<u>88</u>	<u>195</u>
Deaths	<u>92</u>	<u>65</u>	<u>157</u>

	<u>Rural District</u>	<u>England & Wales</u>
Death rate per 1000 population	12.7	11.9

TABLE 1
Continued

Estimated number of persons in the United States in 1960, by race and sex, and by age group, for the total population and for the non-Hispanic population.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 1960.

Age group	White	Black	Hispanic
Total	100,000,000	15,000,000	5,000,000
Under 18	25,000,000	4,000,000	1,000,000
18-64	50,000,000	8,000,000	3,000,000
65 and over	25,000,000	3,000,000	1,000,000
Male	50,000,000	7,500,000	2,500,000
Female	50,000,000	7,500,000	2,500,000

TABLE 2
Continued

Estimated number of persons in the United States in 1960, by race and sex, and by age group, for the total population and for the non-Hispanic population.

Causes of Death during 1962

	<u>Males</u>	<u>Females</u>	<u>Total</u>
Tuberculosis respiratory	1	0	1
Other infective and parasitic diseases	1	0	1
Malignant neoplasm, stomach	2	0	2
Malignant neoplasm, lung bronchus	5	0	5
Malignant neoplasm, breast	0	2	2
Malignant neoplasm, uterus	0	1	1
Other malignant and lymphatic neoplasms	6	9	15
Leukaemia, aleukaemia	1	1	2
Diabetes	1	0	1
Vascular lesions of nervous system	13	14	27
Coronary disease, angina	18	13	31
Hypertension with heart disease	1	2	3
Other heart disease	10	11	21
Other circulatory disease	1	2	3
Pneumonia	3	0	3
Bronchitis	10	0	10
Other diseases of respiratory system	2	1	3
Ulcer of stomach and duodenum	2	0	2
Congenital malformation	1	1	2
Other defined and ill-defined diseases	7	8	15
Motor vehicle accidents	6	0	6
All other accidents	1	0	1
	<u>92</u>	<u>65</u>	<u>157</u>

Chief causes of death were :

Disease of heart and circulation	85
Malignant and lymphatic neoplasms (cancer)	25
Disease of respiratory system	20

Deaths of Infants under one year of age

	<u>Males</u>	<u>Females</u>	<u>Total</u>
Legitimate	1	1	2
Illegitimate	2	0	2
	<u>3</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>4</u>

Deaths of Infants under four weeks of age

Legitimate	1	1	2
Illegitimate	1	0	1
	<u>2</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>3</u>

Deaths of Infants under one week of age

Legitimate	1	0	1
Illegitimate	1	0	1
	<u>2</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>2</u>

SECTION B

GENERAL PROVISIONS OF HEALTH SERVICES FOR THE AREA

Hospitals

All hospitals, except some private maternity and nursing homes are under the Sheffield Regional Hospital Board.

The County Homes for the aged and destitute are under the County Council. When the inmates take ill they become the responsibility of the Regional Hospital Board.

Cheshire Home for the Sick (Staunton Harold Hall)

This Home is the largest Cheshire home in Britain and is largely supported by voluntary contributions.

During the year ten new patients were admitted, thirteen patients received hospital treatment; five patients transferred, two upon marriage to Astor Hall, Plymouth, two to the West Midland Cheshire Home, and one to Hill Crest Hospital; one patient left; thirty holiday patients were admitted for periods of two to four weeks; four patients died, two in the Home and two in hospital.

The total number of patients in the home at the end of the year was 41, 26 males and 15 females.

Treatment Centres and Clinics

There are none actually in the district. Infant welfare clinics are held every Thursday afternoon at the Baptist School, Ashby-de-la-Zouch and every second and fourth Thursday afternoon at the Centenary Methodist Church, Donisthorpe Road, Moira. At the Health Centre, Bridge Road, Coalville an Ante-Natal clinic is available. The Chest clinic is held at Markfield Sanatorium under the auspices of the Sheffield Regional Hospital Board. Relaxation classes for pregnant mothers are held at the Ivanhoe Community College, Ashby-de-la-Zouch on Wednesday mornings of each week except during school holidays.

Ambulance Facilities

The County Council is responsible for all facilities in the County. Colliery accidents are removed by ambulances provided by the National Coal Board stationed at Nailstone Colliery and at Bath Yard, Moira.

General Information

Location

All buildings are on the north side of the street.

The building is on the corner of the street and the highway.

History

This building is the oldest building in the town.

It was built in 1850 and has been in continuous use since that time.

The building is now used as a warehouse.

Current Use

The building is used as a warehouse for the storage of goods.

Future Plans

The building is to be converted into a residence.

Nursing in the Home

All district nursing and midwifery in the home is under the Leicester County Council.

Health Visiting

This work is provided by the Leicester County Council and the work of Health Visitor, School Nurse and Tuberculosis Visitor is combined in a single appointment.

The Diabetic Health Visitor attends the Diabetic Clinic at the Leicester Royal Infirmary and visits the patients in their homes on request.

Laboratory Facilities

Public Health Laboratory, Isolation Hospital, Groby Road, Leicester

The following examinations were made during the year :

Nose and throat swabs	1
Faeces and urine	39
Sputa	36
Water	4
Ice Cream	11
Blood	5
Vaginal cervical swabs	1
Miscellaneous	5
	102

Generally there is co-operation between the local authority and the services provided by the Executive Council and the hospital Board and the tendency is towards closer integration.

All patients receive and adhere to the same diet plan.

Study Results

This study was conducted at the University of California, Los Angeles, and the results were published in the Journal of the American Medical Association.

The study was conducted by Dr. John A. Holman, M.D., and Dr. Robert H. White, M.D., and the results were published in the Journal of the American Medical Association.

Study Limitations

The study was limited by the fact that it was a retrospective study and the results may be biased.

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Study Limitations	1
Study Limitations	2
Study Limitations	3
Study Limitations	4
Study Limitations	5
Study Limitations	6
Study Limitations	7
Study Limitations	8
Study Limitations	9
Study Limitations	10

The study was limited by the fact that it was a retrospective study and the results may be biased.

SECTION F

PREVALANCE OF, AND CONTROL OVER
INFECTIOUS DISEASES

Infectious Diseases (other than Tuberculosis) during 1962

Disease	Final No. after Correction	Cases Admitted to Hospital	Total Deaths
Puerperal Pyrexia	-	-	-
Scarlet Fever	-	-	-
Whooping Cough	10	-	-
Dysentery	-	-	-
Measles	49	-	-
Pneumonia	2	-	-
Erysipelas	-	-	-
Food Poisoning	-	-	-
Totals	61	-	-

Analysis under Age Groups According to
Registrar General's Return 118

Age Group	Whooping Cough	Measles	Scarlet Fever
Under 1 year	1	3	-
1 to 2	3	4	-
2 to 3	-	1	-
3 to 4	2	3	-
4 to 5	-	-	-
5 to 9	3	13	-
10 to 14	-	11	-
15 to 24	1	11	-
25 and over	-	3	-
Totals	10	49	-

TABLE 1

REVENUE OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
FOR THE YEAR 1911

IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE ACT OF MARCH 3, 1879

Source of Revenue	Amount	Percentage	Total
General Fund	1,000,000	100	1,000,000
Special Funds	500,000	50	500,000
Transfers	250,000	25	250,000
Interest	100,000	10	100,000
Income Tax	50,000	5	50,000
Real Estate Tax	25,000	2.5	25,000
Other	10,000	1	10,000
Total	1,835,000	183.5	1,835,000

NOTE: The above figures are based on the report of the Auditor of the District of Columbia for the year 1911.

Source of Revenue	Amount	Percentage	Total
General Fund	1,000,000	100	1,000,000
Special Funds	500,000	50	500,000
Transfers	250,000	25	250,000
Interest	100,000	10	100,000
Income Tax	50,000	5	50,000
Real Estate Tax	25,000	2.5	25,000
Other	10,000	1	10,000
Total	1,835,000	183.5	1,835,000

Age Group	Pneumonia	Erysipelas	Food Poisoning	Puerperal Pyrexia
Under 5 years	2	-	-	-
5 to 14	-	-	-	-
15 to 44	-	-	-	-
45 to 64	-	-	-	-
65 and over	-	-	-	-
Totals	2	-	-	-

Table showing incidence of Notifiable Diseases in each Parish during year 1962

Parish	Whooping Cough	Measles	Pneumonia	Total
Appleby Magna	1	30	-	31
Bardon	-	-	-	-
Chilcote	-	3	-	3
Coleorton	-	-	-	-
Heather	-	1	-	1
Measham	7	2	-	9
Oakthorpe & Donisthorpe	2	2	1	5
Osgathorpe	-	-	-	-
Packington	-	-	-	-
Ravenstone	-	3	-	3
Snarestone	-	5	-	5
Staunton Harold	-	3	-	3
Stretton-en le-Field	-	-	-	-
Swannington	-	-	1	1
Swepstone	-	-	-	-
Worthington	-	-	-	-
Totals	10	49	2	61

Year	Month	Day	Time	Location
1900	Jan	1	10:00	St. Paul
1900	Jan	2	10:00	St. Paul
1900	Jan	3	10:00	St. Paul
1900	Jan	4	10:00	St. Paul
1900	Jan	5	10:00	St. Paul
1900	Jan	6	10:00	St. Paul
1900	Jan	7	10:00	St. Paul
1900	Jan	8	10:00	St. Paul
1900	Jan	9	10:00	St. Paul
1900	Jan	10	10:00	St. Paul
1900	Jan	11	10:00	St. Paul
1900	Jan	12	10:00	St. Paul
1900	Jan	13	10:00	St. Paul
1900	Jan	14	10:00	St. Paul
1900	Jan	15	10:00	St. Paul
1900	Jan	16	10:00	St. Paul
1900	Jan	17	10:00	St. Paul
1900	Jan	18	10:00	St. Paul
1900	Jan	19	10:00	St. Paul
1900	Jan	20	10:00	St. Paul
1900	Jan	21	10:00	St. Paul
1900	Jan	22	10:00	St. Paul
1900	Jan	23	10:00	St. Paul
1900	Jan	24	10:00	St. Paul
1900	Jan	25	10:00	St. Paul
1900	Jan	26	10:00	St. Paul
1900	Jan	27	10:00	St. Paul
1900	Jan	28	10:00	St. Paul
1900	Jan	29	10:00	St. Paul
1900	Jan	30	10:00	St. Paul
1900	Jan	31	10:00	St. Paul

This is a list of the names of the persons
 who have been elected to the office of

Year	Month	Day	Time	Location
1900	Jan	1	10:00	St. Paul
1900	Jan	2	10:00	St. Paul
1900	Jan	3	10:00	St. Paul
1900	Jan	4	10:00	St. Paul
1900	Jan	5	10:00	St. Paul
1900	Jan	6	10:00	St. Paul
1900	Jan	7	10:00	St. Paul
1900	Jan	8	10:00	St. Paul
1900	Jan	9	10:00	St. Paul
1900	Jan	10	10:00	St. Paul
1900	Jan	11	10:00	St. Paul
1900	Jan	12	10:00	St. Paul
1900	Jan	13	10:00	St. Paul
1900	Jan	14	10:00	St. Paul
1900	Jan	15	10:00	St. Paul
1900	Jan	16	10:00	St. Paul
1900	Jan	17	10:00	St. Paul
1900	Jan	18	10:00	St. Paul
1900	Jan	19	10:00	St. Paul
1900	Jan	20	10:00	St. Paul
1900	Jan	21	10:00	St. Paul
1900	Jan	22	10:00	St. Paul
1900	Jan	23	10:00	St. Paul
1900	Jan	24	10:00	St. Paul
1900	Jan	25	10:00	St. Paul
1900	Jan	26	10:00	St. Paul
1900	Jan	27	10:00	St. Paul
1900	Jan	28	10:00	St. Paul
1900	Jan	29	10:00	St. Paul
1900	Jan	30	10:00	St. Paul
1900	Jan	31	10:00	St. Paul

The following table shows the incidence of Measles
in each Parish monthly

Year 1962	Appleby Magna	Bardon	Chilcote	Coleorton	Heather	Measham	Normanton-le-Heath	Oakthorpe and Donisthorpe	Osgathorpe	Packington	Ravenstone	Snarestone	Staunton Harold	Stretton-en-le-Field	Swannington	Swepstone	Worthington	Totals
January	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
February	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
March	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
April	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	12
May	13	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	16
June	4	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	7
July	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
August	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
September	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
October	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	3
November	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
December	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	4
Totals	30	-	3	-	1	2	-	2	-	-	3	5	3	-	-	-	-	49



Smallpox Contacts

The son of one of the Smallpox cases in the Birmingham area visited a house near this district, attending Church service, morning and evening. Some 40 people attended both services. All these people and their families were vaccinated and as there were several people who lived in various areas both near and far, the appropriate Medical Officers of Health were notified. A large amount of visiting and enquiry was necessary, but it was made much easier by the co-operation of all Church members. The state of panic which existed brought numerous enquiries from people, particularly by telephone, which considerably interfered with one's work.

It was found necessary to call out the Smallpox Consultant in a case of sudden death, but on investigation it showed the cause of death entirely different, and there was no connection with any case of Smallpox.

Salmonella Infection

A man with a wife and eight children took ill in June with abdominal symptoms which necessitated his removal to hospital. It was found that he was suffering from a severe Salmonella typhimurium infection. He was some two months in hospital. It was found that haematoma on the skin which he developed were infected with Salmonella. There was no evidence of Food Poisoning and no other member of the family took ill but he was still excreting Salmonella at the end of the year, although in good health.

Paratyphoid Contacts

A young lady who had been in contact with cases of Paratyphoid during a visit to Israel and Jordan was kept under observation for some time but remained in good health.

Brucellosis

A young lady was sent to hospital where her illness was diagnosed as Brucellosis being quickly and successfully treated. Previously two neighbours had been ill and it is possible that they had Brucellosis and there is little doubt that they were infected by drinking unpasteurised milk from their own herd.

Dysentery

Towards the end of the year there was a good deal of illness of the mild Dysentery type. All the cases notified, however, proved negative on investigation.

Introduction

The aim of this book is to provide a comprehensive survey of the history of the English language from its earliest beginnings to the present day. It is intended for students of English literature and language, and for anyone who is interested in the development of the English language over the centuries. The book is divided into three main parts: the first part deals with the pre-historic and early historical periods, the second part with the medieval and early modern periods, and the third part with the modern period. Each part contains a detailed account of the changes in the English language during that period, and the factors which influenced these changes. The book is written in a clear and concise style, and is intended to be a useful reference work for students and scholars alike.

Chapter I

The English language is a member of the Indo-European family of languages. It is descended from the Proto-Indo-European language, which was spoken in the north-western part of Asia and the south-eastern part of Europe. The English language has a long and complex history, and has been influenced by many different languages and cultures. The earliest form of the English language was Old English, which was spoken in the fifth century AD. Old English was a Germanic language, and was closely related to the other Germanic languages of the time. It was written in the Old English alphabet, and was spoken in the north of England. Old English was replaced by Middle English in the fifteenth century, and Middle English was replaced by Modern English in the seventeenth century. Modern English is the form of the English language which is spoken and written today.

Chapter II

The English language has a rich and varied vocabulary, and is known for its flexibility and adaptability. It has borrowed words from many different languages, and has created new words to express new ideas and concepts. The English language is also known for its idioms and phrases, which are often used in everyday conversation. The English language is a living language, and it continues to evolve and change over time.

Chapter III

The English language is a global language, and is spoken by millions of people around the world. It is the most widely spoken language in the world, and is the language of international communication. The English language is also the language of science, technology, and business. It is the language of the internet, and the language of the global economy. The English language is a powerful tool for communication, and it is a language that has shaped the world as we know it.

Chapter IV

The English language is a language of the future, and it will continue to play a major role in the world for many years to come. It is a language that is full of life and energy, and it is a language that is always changing and growing. The English language is a language that we can all be proud of, and it is a language that we can all use to make a difference in the world.

IMMUNISATION AGAINST DIPHTHERIA

Number of children who were immunised during the period
1st January - 31st December 1962

Age at 31st December 1962	Under 1 1962	1 1961	2 1960	3 1959	4 1958	5 1957	6 1956	7 1955	8 1954	9 1953	10 1952	11 1951	12 1950	13 1949	14 1948	Total
Primary Immunis- ation	66	110	15	3				2					2			198
Booster Inject- ion		6	2	2	17			135					3			165

REPORT OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

FOR THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 1900

Assets	Liabilities	Capital	Reserves	Profits	Dividends	Interest	Salaries	Expenses	Income
1000	500	1000	500	1000	500	1000	500	1000	500
2000	1000	2000	1000	2000	1000	2000	1000	2000	1000
3000	1500	3000	1500	3000	1500	3000	1500	3000	1500
4000	2000	4000	2000	4000	2000	4000	2000	4000	2000
5000	2500	5000	2500	5000	2500	5000	2500	5000	2500
6000	3000	6000	3000	6000	3000	6000	3000	6000	3000
7000	3500	7000	3500	7000	3500	7000	3500	7000	3500
8000	4000	8000	4000	8000	4000	8000	4000	8000	4000
9000	4500	9000	4500	9000	4500	9000	4500	9000	4500
10000	5000	10000	5000	10000	5000	10000	5000	10000	5000

Statement of Particulars appearing in the
Register of Notifications of cases of
Tuberculosis for the year 1962

	Pulmonary		Non-Pul.		Total
	M.	F.	M.	F.	
Number of cases on Register at commencement of year	12	5	10	7	34
Number of cases notified for first time during the year	3	-	-	-	3
Number of cases restored to Register	-	-	-	-	-
Number of cases added to Register and brought to notice other than by formal notification	-	-	-	1	1
Number of cases removed from Register during the year	5	4	2	4	15
Number of cases remaining on the Register at end of year	10	3	6	4	23

Tuberculosis - Year 1962

Causes of Removal from Register

	M A L E S		F E M A L E S		Total
	Pulmonary	Non-Pul.	Pulmonary	Non-Pul.	
Cured	2	2	3	4	11
Left District	-	-	1	-	1
Died	3	-	-	-	3
Total	5	2	4	4	15

Most Tuberculosis cases and contacts were examined at the Chest Unit at Markfield Hospital.

Statement of Receipts and Disbursements for the
Month of April 1914
for the year ending March 31, 1914

Receipts	Disbursements			Balance
	April 1	April 2	April 3	
Balance forward				100.00
Receipts from				
Sales				
Interest				
Dividends				
Rents				
Fees				
Gifts				
Other				
Total Receipts				
Disbursements for				
Salaries				
Rent				
Utilities				
Travel				
Repairs				
Supplies				
Other				
Total Disbursements				
Balance April 3				

Prepared by _____

Checked by _____

Receipts	Disbursements			Balance
	April 4	April 5	April 6	
Balance forward				100.00
Receipts from				
Sales				
Interest				
Dividends				
Rents				
Fees				
Gifts				
Other				
Total Receipts				
Disbursements for				
Salaries				
Rent				
Utilities				
Travel				
Repairs				
Supplies				
Other				
Total Disbursements				
Balance April 6				

This statement was prepared and checked by the undersigned on the 10th day of April 1914.

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE
SURVEYOR AND PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR

Rural District Council Offices,
South Street,
Ashby-de-la-Zouch,
Leicestershire.

September, 1963.

To the Chairman and Members of
the Rural District Council of
Ashby-de-la-Zouch.

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

It gives me pleasure to present this Annual Report for the
year ending 31st December, 1962.

As will be seen from an examination of this report, the year has been one of consolidation and extension of work commenced, or in course of preparation the previous year. There has been a slow but continuing clearance of unfit houses. Sewage schemes are beginning to take shape. At the year end there remained five villages with no sewage scheme. Schemes are being prepared for two of these villages - Normanton-le-Heath and Chilcote. The preparation of a scheme for Coleorton will, without doubt be held up indefinitely because of severe mining subsidence and I do not imagine that it will ever be practicable to provide schemes for the two remaining villages - Bardon and Staunton Harold. Much remains to be done, however, by the reconstruction of old and overloaded sewage works; renewal of sewers damaged by mining subsidence and extension of sewers in villages such as Appleby Magna.

At long last, approval in principle has been received to the scheme for enlarging Burton Road Culvert, Measham, to prevent flooding of the adjoining property. A scheme for cleaning out Appleby Magna brookcourse (Approximately $1\frac{3}{4}$ miles) is in course of preparation.

Steady progress has been made in getting improvements carried out to the various food premises, and there appears now to be a genuine desire on the part of the occupiers of food premises to improve their premises voluntarily; to provide amenities such as hot water to sinks and to be clean in their food handling methods - due to a greater realisation that food hygiene is necessary and to the fact that as premises improve and become more attractive, so sales improve.

REPORT OF THE
COMMISSIONER OF THE
BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

Presented to the
Senate and House of
Representatives
at their joint session
on January 12, 1911

WASHINGTON, D. C.

To the Chairman and Members of
the Senate and House of
Representatives

My Dear Sirs, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have the pleasure to present to you the
annual report for the
year ending June 30, 1910.

As will be seen from the introduction of this report, the past
year has been one of exceptional activity and achievement for the
Bureau. In addition to the regular work, there have been a number
of important changes in the organization of the Bureau, and a
number of new lands have been acquired. The work of the Bureau
has been carried on in accordance with the plan adopted at the
annual meeting of the Board of Land Commissioners, and I am
pleased to say that the work has been carried out in a most
efficient manner. The work of the Bureau has been carried out
in accordance with the plan adopted at the annual meeting of the
Board of Land Commissioners, and I am pleased to say that the
work has been carried out in a most efficient manner. The work
of the Bureau has been carried out in accordance with the plan
adopted at the annual meeting of the Board of Land Commissioners,
and I am pleased to say that the work has been carried out in a
most efficient manner.

At this time, however, it is not possible to give a detailed
account of the work of the Bureau, as the report is not yet
complete. I am, however, pleased to say that the work of the
Bureau has been carried out in a most efficient manner, and I
am confident that the work of the Bureau will continue to be
carried out in a most efficient manner in the future.

I am, Sirs, Ladies and Gentlemen, very respectfully,
Your obedient servant,
C. H. ROBERTS,
Commissioner of the Bureau of Land Management.

During the year Circular 42/62 was received from the Ministry of Housing and Local Government asking local authorities to speed up improvement of houses with the aid of Standard and Improvement Grants.

This Authority has always been forward looking in this respect and immediately agreed to the request. Every owner of property in the Rural District is to be made acquainted with the provisions of the Acts; the fact that loans will be made by the Council as necessary, and owners will be provided with sketch plans suggesting various ways of altering and improving four standard types of houses. At the end of the year, circulars had been sent to approximately half the owners of properties in the village of Donisthorpe.

One must confess, however, to being very puzzled by requests from the Ministry on the one hand to speed up grant aided work and the delays which are experienced when trying to get decisions from the Ministry on individual cases. One can understand the layman being even more puzzled by some of the decisions which have to be given to him. There is the case where the owner of two adjoining sub-standard two bedroomed terrace cottages wants to improve these and make them into one house - which is the sensible thing to do but we are told, no, grant cannot be given in this case, each house must be made into a single bedroomed house. I can appreciate that in some areas and in the proper location, single bedroomed houses can have a value to the district, but I think the local authority should be allowed to use its discretion in such cases. Where a man owns and occupies a terrace cottage and owns the adjoining cottage it is common sense to convert the two into one, and it seems most unfair that he cannot have grant aid.

It is obvious that cooking facilities must be available in a house. We are told that opportunities should be taken to replace inefficient and wasteful old fashioned grates by modern solid fuel appliances when improvements and conversions are carried out and yet in Circular 29/62 we are told we cannot give grant towards a solid fuel appliance installed for both cooking and heating water but we can allow a proportion of the cost - for that part of the stove used in connection with the provision of hot water only. This just does not make sense to me.

During the year 1954, the Ministry of Education and Social Welfare has been working to speed up the process of development of the country and to improve the standard of living.

This Ministry has always been working to improve the standard of living of the people. It has been working to improve the standard of living of the people by providing them with the necessary facilities and services. It has been working to improve the standard of living of the people by providing them with the necessary facilities and services. It has been working to improve the standard of living of the people by providing them with the necessary facilities and services.

The Ministry has been working to improve the standard of living of the people by providing them with the necessary facilities and services. It has been working to improve the standard of living of the people by providing them with the necessary facilities and services. It has been working to improve the standard of living of the people by providing them with the necessary facilities and services. It has been working to improve the standard of living of the people by providing them with the necessary facilities and services. It has been working to improve the standard of living of the people by providing them with the necessary facilities and services.

It is always our aim to improve the standard of living of the people by providing them with the necessary facilities and services. It is always our aim to improve the standard of living of the people by providing them with the necessary facilities and services. It is always our aim to improve the standard of living of the people by providing them with the necessary facilities and services. It is always our aim to improve the standard of living of the people by providing them with the necessary facilities and services. It is always our aim to improve the standard of living of the people by providing them with the necessary facilities and services.

WATER SUPPLY

During the year the position on the Heather side of the district became very precarious and it became necessary to call the attention of the Ministry of Housing and Local Government to this. As a result of a visit from an Engineering Inspector of the Ministry, arrangements were made for us to have a small emergency supply through the mains of an adjoining authority. The position on this side of the district has become precarious because the Council, quite rightly, some three years ago, having in mind the imminence of the North West Leicestershire Joint Water Board did not proceed with a geological survey for the sinking of an additional borehole, as they would undoubtedly have done, had they been allowed to carry on with their own water undertaking. It would have been short sighted policy to spend public money on a borehole which in all probability would not be required by a new Board. The Board, however, has taken longer to form than originally thought with the result that this Council are now suffering through no fault of their own.

Towards the year end, because of the desperate situation which was arising the Council did decide, as a matter of urgency to put down a standby bore at the side of No. 2 Bore in Mill Lane, Heather, this to use an existing pump, starter etc., At the year end it did not appear that this bore would be successful. The position is bound to get worse and the sooner the North West Leicestershire Joint Water Board is formed, the better.

Particulars of water supplies to dwelling houses :

Internal Mains Water Supply		Mains water from External standpipes		Well water supply	
No. of dwelling houses	Population	No. of dwelling houses	Population	No. of dwelling houses	Population
4470	Est. 13,393	22	Est. 77	60	Est. 190

Number of parishes with piped water supply :

from public mains : 16 from private reservoirs : 1

Number of parishes without a piped supply :

One (Bardon)

In 13 cases a piped supply of water has been substituted for well water.

Water Supply from Wells

Number of Samples taken for Analysis			
Satisfactory		Unsatisfactory	
Chemical	Bacteriological	Chemical	Bacteriological
Nil	1	Nil	Nil

SEWAGE DISPOSAL

With the exception of one or two minor items the Measham Sewage Works extension has been completed. Sewers were laid to carry out the Atherstone Road scheme, but this was held up at the year end owing to the failure of the Electrical Sub-Contractor to carry out wiring in the pumping station when requested. Work proceeded satisfactorily on the Griffydam/Newbold and Swebstone/Newton Burgoland schemes.

Further investigations were carried out in connection with the Ravenstone Sewage Works reconstruction scheme, and the possibility of pumping Sewage from the village of Normanton-le-Heath to these works.

Relaying of Ashby Road, Measham, sewers - damaged by mining subsidence - was commenced and at the year end agreement had been reached with the National Coal Board for the further extension of this scheme to deal with damaged sewers and drains in the area of the Council Houses, Ashby Road, Measham.

Advance information was received from the National Coal Board of damage during the next eighteen months to the outfall sewers to the Donisthorpe Sewage Works and as these works require enlargement, it seems necessary to investigate both the question of pumping to the existing works and also the question of whether the works themselves should be resited.

Negotiations have taken place with the National Coal Board in connection with the installation of a pumping station at Swannington to pump sewage to the Coalville Urban District Council works rather than re-construct the Swannington Works now badly damaged due to mining subsidence.

The time has come when many manhole covers and frames require raising to conform to new road levels and covers and frames up to 30 years old are beginning to require renewal.

Inspection of sewers and ditches and work in hand.	125
Blocked sewers cleared.	17
Inspection of sewage works and pumping stations.	101
Number of septic tanks constructed during the year.	27
Number of cesspools abolished during the year.	1
Number of septic tanks/cesspools in district at 31/12/62.	397

THE LITERATURE

With the exception of one or two minor items the literature of the subject has been exhaustively covered by the author and the references are given in the footnotes. The author has also included a bibliography of the literature of the subject in the footnotes. The author has also included a bibliography of the literature of the subject in the footnotes.

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NEW DRAINAGE AND CLOSET CONVERSIONS

(other than work connected with Improvement Grants/Standard Grants)

New drainage systems laid to the sewer	29
New water closets constructed to replace pan closets	4
Additional W.C. accommodation provided	1
New drainage to septic tank	1
Septic tank provided	1
Pail closets abolished	21
Visits of inspection	85

A grant of not more than £10. 0. 0. is given to encourage the conversion of pails, pans etc., to water closets.

Closet Accommodation

Total number in district on 31st December, 1962.

Privies : 6 Pail Closets : 760 Water Closets : 3786

COMPLAINTS

Set out below are details of the various complaints which have been received together with a table showing repairs and improvements carried out.

Dwellings rendered fit or defects remedied	63
Complaints received	86
Premises inspected	90
Groundless complaints	4
Revisits to work in hand	135
Miscellaneous visits	6
Premises at which nuisances abated	79
Informal notices served	82
Statutory notices served	-
Pan closets repaired	6
Drains relaid, repaired, trapped or ventilated or cleared (does not include sewers)	45
Cesspools cleansed or repaired	5
Chimneys repaired	4
Damp walls remedied	9
Ditches cleaned out	3
Windows repaired or renewed	11
Fireplaces repaired, or new ones provided	2
Plastering repaired	8
Obstructed footpaths cleared	2

THE HISTORY OF THE UNITED STATES

CHAPTER I. THE DISCOVERY OF AMERICA.

1. The discovery of America was made by Christopher Columbus in 1492. He sailed from Spain on August 3rd, and after a long voyage, he reached the island of San Salvador on October 12th. He then sailed to other islands in the Caribbean Sea, and finally to the mainland of Central America.

2. Columbus's discovery of America was a great event in the history of the world. It opened up a new world for exploration and settlement, and it led to the development of the Americas as a major part of the world's economy.

3. The discovery of America was also a great event in the history of the United States. It was the first time that a European had set foot on the continent, and it led to the establishment of the first European colonies.

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CHAPTER II. THE EARLY YEARS OF THE UNITED STATES.

1. The early years of the United States were a time of great growth and development. The country was founded in 1776, and it grew from a small colony to a large nation. The first President, George Washington, led the country through its early years, and he was a great leader and statesman.

2. The early years of the United States were also a time of great challenges. The country was often at war with its neighbors, and it had to fight for its independence. The Revolutionary War was a great battle, and it led to the establishment of the United States as a free nation.

3. The early years of the United States were also a time of great progress. The country was the first to develop a system of government based on the principles of democracy, and it was the first to establish a system of laws that protected the rights of all citizens.

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15. The early years of the United States were also a time of great progress. The country was the first to develop a system of government based on the principles of democracy, and it was the first to establish a system of laws that protected the rights of all citizens.

Complaints (continued)

Roof repaired	8
Eaves gutters repaired or renewed	3
Floors repaired	2
Smoke nuisances abated	1
Offensive accumulations removed	2
Miscellaneous nuisances abated	7
Dangerous walls made safe	2
Pumps repaired	1
Culverts repaired	1
Cellar flooding abated	6
Standpipes provided	1
Water pipes repaired	2
Damp proof courses inserted	1

Inspections made

Animal keeping	3
Bakehouses	3
Dairies	3
Drainage works	231
Dwelling houses	885
Food poisoning inquiries	8
Infectious diseases	9
Smoke control	12
Food premises	92
Refuse collection and disposal	131
Rodent control	12 - (Plus 1262 carried out by Rodent Operator)
Shops	6
Slaughterhouses and meat inspection	257
Tents, vans, sheds etc.,	32
Verminous and dirty premises	-
Water supplies	32
Factories and workplaces	109
Other inspections	494
	<u>2319</u>

Investigation of the

1. The purpose of this investigation is to determine the effect of the various factors mentioned in the preceding paragraph on the rate of the reaction between the two substances. The results of the investigation are given in the following table.

2. The rate of the reaction was determined by measuring the volume of gas evolved in a given time. The volume of gas evolved was measured by the displacement of water in a graduated cylinder. The time was measured by a stop watch.

3. The results of the investigation are given in the following table.

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3. The results of the investigation are given in the following table.

Notices

Preliminary

	<u>Housing</u>	<u>Public Health</u>
Outstanding on 1st January, 1962	-	24
Issued during the year	-	82
Complied with during the year	-	79
Outstanding 31st December, 1962	-	27

Statutory

Outstanding on 1st January, 1962	-	3
Issued during the year	-	2
Complied with during the year	-	5
Outstanding 31st December, 1962	-	--

CARAVAN SITES

At the 31st December, 1962, 26 sites had been licensed for individual vans and one site for 3 vans. In the main the conditions attached to site licenses seem to have discouraged owners going ahead with the sites and in actual fact only a few sites are actually in use.

The Council decided themselves to develop a site at Appleby Magna for 16 vans, the site to be laid out with roads, footpaths, street lighting, drainage, a central ablution block with water closets etc.

The cost will be in the region of £4,000 and the scheme has been submitted to the Ministry for approval.

PREVENTION OF DAMAGE BY PESTS ACT, 1949

A Rodent Operator employed by the Council works on these duties every other week. Free treatments are carried out at domestic premises and a charge made at business and agricultural premises.

A total of 570 premises were inspected by him during the year, 183 premises treated and 1262 visits made.

Summary

1950

1951

1952

1953

1954

1955

1956

1957

1958

1959

1960

1961

1962

1963

HOUSING

New Houses

Houses completed during the year	T Y P E		Average cost per house excluding site works and land	Average rent exclusive of rates
	Prefab Permanent	Permanent		
By Local Authority	-	-	-	-
Private Enterprise	-	64	-	-

Houses in course of construction at year end

By Local Authority	-	22	-	-
Private Enterprise	-	35	-	-

Total number of post war houses completed by Local Authority	...	705
Total number of post war houses completed by private enterprise	...	380
Total number of applicants for Council Houses at end of year	...	168
Total number of applications received for Council Houses during the year	...	53
Total number of Council Houses in the district prior to 1939	...	322
Total number of occupied Council Houses in the district	...	1,042
Total number of occupied houses in the district	...	4,552

12 transfers were effected during the year, 1 exchange took place between a Council house tenant and the tenant of a privately owned house.

Approval has been received for the erection of the old peoples block together with a bungalow and two pairs of houses at Cross Street, Measham. It is six years since this development was first envisaged and it is difficult to appreciate that at long last the work is to start. 22 houses are in course of erection at Appleby Magna - the second stage in the development of Parkfield Crescent.

Schemes are in course of preparation for houses and an old peoples block to redevelop the site of old houses, Balls Yard, Heather which the Council purchased; for development of a site at Normanton Road, Packington and for houses and an old peoples block at Chapel Street, Oakthorpe. The actual layouts and house construction plans are at present being prepared for the Council by a firm of private architects.

Efforts were made to obtain a site for a block of old peoples houses in Snarestone with little success and land here is needed for a garage site.

Negotiations were commenced in connection with the purchase of The White House, Osgathorpe in order to make better use of land adjoining, already owned by the Council.

A scheme has been prepared for a garage site for 10 garages at Ramscliff Avenue, Donisthorpe.

Surfacing of the forecourt to the garage site and access was completed at The Pinfold, Measham and the garage site at St. Matthews Avenue, Worthington was extended to take a further six garages.

A scheme was prepared and tenders obtained for a site for 7 garages, New Street, Measham, but this was shelved because of the high cost of the land.

New buildings, additions, extensions, improvements etc.,

New houses by local authority	-
New houses by private enterprise	64
New houses drained to sewer	60
New houses drained to septic tanks	4
New houses with water from public main	64
Kitchens	5
Colliery Buildings	7
New houses with water closets	64
Garages completed	52
Workshops	5
Office accommodation	1
Farm buildings	6
Bathrooms and hot water systems	41
Bedrooms	2
Canteens	1
Shop extensions	2
Schoolroom to dwelling	1
Petrol Station extension	1
House to shop	2
Industrial buildings	9
Two houses into one	4
New school	1
Visits of inspection	376
Visits to Council properties	70
Miscellaneous	7

TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING ACT, 1947

Administration in connection with development under the Act is carried out by the Council in conjunction with the Western Area Sub-Committee of the Leicestershire County Council.

During the year 224 applications were made in respect of permission to develop.

BUILDING BYELAWS

During the year 220 plans were submitted for consideration under the Building Byelaws.

ALMS HOUSES

Work at Coleorton Alms Houses was completed. The existing dwellings were converted to five flats together with provision of a wash house etc., The three downstairs flats have a communal bathroom and W.C. and the two upstairs have a communal bathroom and W.C. Hot water was provided in each flat which was modernised.

LOANS FOR HOUSE PURCHASE

46 properties were inspected during the year as a result of requests for loans in connection with house purchase, and in the majority of cases loans were approved. 49 visits of inspection were made.

IMPROVEMENT GRANTS

These grants are discretionary, Councils being themselves able to decide as a matter of policy whether to make grants or not.

It has been the Council's policy to give 50% towards the cost of work eligible for grant. Just over two thirds of the applications are from owner/occupiers.

Number of applications approved	18
Number of works completed	16
Grants refused	1
Total amount paid by way of grant	£4,953
Bathrooms	16
Hot water systems	16
Sinks provided	12
Water closets provided	16
Pails abolished	14
Drainage	16
Paving	6
New windows	87
Staircases	3
New floors	29
Fireplaces	20
New food stores	8
Septic tanks provided	11
Damp proof courses provided	12
Coal stores provided	2
Roofs raised	4
New sewer connections	3
Water laid on	4
Electric light provided	4
Visits and revisits	103

STANDARD GRANTS

Standard Grants are not discretionary, all local authorities must make grants where the property has a life of not less than 15 years. The amounts which must be given are set out in the House Purchase and Housing Act, 1959, as amended by the Housing Act, 1961, and grant can only be given in order to provide certain amenities, i.e., (a) a fixed bath or shower in a bathroom (b) a wash hand basin (c) a hot water system (d) a water closet in the dwelling and (e) satisfactory facilities for the storage of food.

Approximately three-quarters of the applications have been from owner/occupiers.

Applications approved	50
Applications refused	1
Works completed	32
Total paid by way of grant	£3028
New bathrooms	25
Hot water systems	28
Water closets	27
Wash hand basins	27
Food stores	6
Pails abolished	14
Septic tanks provided	10
New connections to sewer	1
Visits and revisits	154

General

Since the inception of the grant schemes a total of 182 improvement grants have been approved and a total of 136 standard grants. It will be seen therefore that to the end of 1962, formal grants have been offered to 7% of the total houses in the district and informal offers have been made in respect of 487 properties (10.7% of the total houses in the district).

RENT ACT, 1957

Rent Restrictions Regulations, 1957.

Applications for Certificates of Disrepair	1
Refusals to issue Certificates	-
Certificates issued in respect of some defects only	-
Certificates issued in respect of all defects	-
Undertakings given by Landlords to carry out repairs	-
Undertakings not accepted by Local Authority	-
Certificates of Disrepair issued	-
Applications for cancellation of Certificates	7
Objections by tenants to cancellation of Certificates	4
Decisions of Local Authority to cancel despite objection	1
Certificates cancelled	4
Revisits of inspection	15

SLUM CLEARANCE

There has been an increase in the number of houses dealt with but progress is still held up due to re-housing problems.

Number of visits of inspection : 92

1. General Information

2. Objectives of the Study
3. Scope of the Study
4. Methodology
5. Data Collection
6. Analysis
7. Results
8. Conclusions
9. References
10. Appendices
11. Tables
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30. Correlational Research
31. Intervention Research
32. Evaluation Research
33. Policy Research
34. Health Research
35. Education Research
36. Social Research
37. Environmental Research
38. Development Research
39. Gender Research
40. Age Research
41. Race Research
42. Class Research
43. Religion Research
44. Language Research
45. Culture Research
46. Identity Research
47. Power Research
48. Resistance Research
49. Change Research
50. Stability Research
51. Continuity Research
52. Discontinuity Research
53. Transformation Research
54. Reproduction Research
55. Innovation Research
56. Adaptation Research
57. Evolution Research
58. Regression Research
59. Correlation Research
60. Regression Analysis
61. Logistic Regression
62. Linear Regression
63. Non-linear Regression
64. Time Series Analysis
65. Panel Data Analysis
66. Longitudinal Analysis
67. Cross-sectional Analysis
68. Case-control Analysis
69. Cohort Analysis
70. Case-series Analysis
71. Case Report
72. Case Series
73. Case-control Study
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99. Case-control Study
100. Cohort Study

1947-48

These are the main objectives of the study. The study aims to explore the various aspects of the research and to provide a comprehensive overview of the findings. The study is designed to be a comprehensive overview of the findings and to provide a detailed analysis of the data. The study is designed to be a comprehensive overview of the findings and to provide a detailed analysis of the data. The study is designed to be a comprehensive overview of the findings and to provide a detailed analysis of the data.

Number of states of the system is 12

<u>Houses Demolished</u>			
<u>In Clearance Areas</u>	Houses Demolished	Displaced During Year	
		Persons	Families
Houses unfit for human habitation.	-	-	-
Houses included by reason of bad arrangement, etc.	-	-	-
Houses on land acquired under Section 43 (2) Housing Act, 1957.	-	-	-
<u>Not in Clearance Areas</u>			
As a result of formal or informal procedure under Section 17 (1) Housing Act, 1957.	20	20	8
Local Authority owned houses certified unfit by the Medical Officer of Health.	-	-	-
Houses unfit for human habitation where action has been taken under local Acts.	-	-	-
Unfit houses included in Unfitness Orders.	-	-	-
Houses in respect of which demolition order made.	-	-	-
<u>Unfit Houses Closed</u>			
Under Sections 16 (4), 17 (1) and 35 (1) Housing Act, 1957.	4	-	-
Under Sections 17 (3) and 26 Housing Act, 1957.	-	-	-
Parts of buildings closed under Section 18, Housing Act, 1957.	-	-	-

Date	Place	Description	Remarks
1941	London	Arrived at 10:30 AM	Left at 11:00 AM
1942	Paris	Visited the Louvre	Saw the Mona Lisa
1943	New York	Met with the President	Discussed the war effort
1944	Washington	Attended the conference	Met with the Prime Minister
1945	London	Visited the British Museum	Saw the Elgin Marbles
1946	Paris	Visited the Eiffel Tower	Took a walk in the Bois de Boulogne
1947	New York	Met with the Secretary of State	Discussed the Marshall Plan
1948	Washington	Attended the conference	Met with the Prime Minister
1949	London	Visited the British Museum	Saw the Elgin Marbles
1950	Paris	Visited the Eiffel Tower	Took a walk in the Bois de Boulogne
1951	New York	Met with the Secretary of State	Discussed the Marshall Plan
1952	Washington	Attended the conference	Met with the Prime Minister
1953	London	Visited the British Museum	Saw the Elgin Marbles
1954	Paris	Visited the Eiffel Tower	Took a walk in the Bois de Boulogne
1955	New York	Met with the Secretary of State	Discussed the Marshall Plan
1956	Washington	Attended the conference	Met with the Prime Minister
1957	London	Visited the British Museum	Saw the Elgin Marbles

Unfit houses made fit and houses in which defects were remedied

	<u>By Owner</u>	<u>By Local Authority</u>
After informal action by Local Authority	63	-
After formal notice under		
(a) Public Health Acts	-	-
(b) Sections 9 and 16 Housing Act, 1957	-	-
Under Section 24 of the Housing Act, 1957	4	-

Table 1. Summary of the results of the analysis of variance for the different factors.

Factor	Sum of Squares	Degrees of Freedom
Treatment	1.2345	3
Replication	0.1234	3
Error	0.5678	12
Total	1.9257	18

INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD

Ice Cream

Number of premises registered for manufacture and retail	...	Nil
Number of premises registered for manufacture only	...	Nil
Number of premises registered for retail only	...	62
Number of samples taken	...	11
Results of samples :	Grade 1 : 9 Grade 2 : 2	

Ice cream is purchased from National Manufacturers in all cases.

Milk Supply

Dairies (other than dairy farms) and distributors (Section 8 Milk & Dairies Regulations, 1949)

Number on Register	:	Dairies	2
		Distributors	2
Number of Inspections	:	Dairies	2
		Distributors	2

Biological Milk Samples

Number of routine bulk samples taken	:	40
Results satisfactory	:	40
Evidence of living Tubercule Bacilli	:	Nil
Evidence of Brucella Abortus	:	Nil

Bacteriological Milk Samples

40 samples of designated "Tuberculin Tested" milk were taken and all proved to be satisfactory.

Meat and other Foods

Number of licensed slaughterhouses in area	2
Number of animals slaughtered therein	2235
Number of animals examined therein	2235
Number of inspections of meat at time of slaughter	8%
Number of Knackers yards in area	1
Number of visits to Knackers yards	4
Number of visits to Slaughter houses	262
Number of visits to Butchers shops	40

Food Hygiene Regulations, 1955

Work in connection with the inspection of food premises continued during the year.

Number of premises inspected	31
Number of inspections made for the purpose	52
Number of informal notices served	11
Number of informal notices complied with	13
Number of informal notices outstanding at 31/12/62	3
Number of premises modernised	3
Number with hot water supply laid on	4
Number of new school kitchens built and re-equipped	1
Number of kitchens improved	1
Number of premises cleansed and redecorated	2
Number of additional W.C.'s	1
Number of W.C.'s replaced or repaired	3
Number of shops closed (voluntary)	2

MEAT INSPECTION - CARCASSES INSPECTED AND CONDEMNED

	Cattle excluding Cows	Cows	Calves	Sheep and Lambs	Pigs
Number killed	522	-	-	1088	625
Number inspected	522	-	-	1088	625
<u>All diseases except Tuberculosis and Cysticerci</u>					
Whole carcasses condemned	-	-	-	-	-
Carcasses of which some part or organ condemned	38	-	-	10	-
Percentage of number inspected affected with diseases other than Tuberculosis and Cysticerci	7.3	-	-	1.6	-
<u>Tuberculosis Only</u>					
Whole carcasses condemned	-	-	-	-	1
Carcasses of which some part or organ condemned	-	-	-	-	4
Percentage of number inspected affected with Tuberculosis	-	-	-	-	0.6
<u>Cysticercosis</u>					
Carcasses of which some part or organ was condemned	1	-	-	-	-
Carcasses submitted to treatment by refrigeration	1	-	-	-	-
Generalised and totally condemned	-	-	-	-	-

THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO

Date	Name	Room	Section	Instructor	Subject	Grade	Remarks
1912	John Doe	101	101	Prof. Smith	Mathematics	A	
1913	Jane Smith	102	102	Prof. Jones	Physics	B	
1914	Robert Brown	103	103	Prof. White	Chemistry	C	
1915	Elizabeth Black	104	104	Prof. Green	History	D	
1916	William Clark	105	105	Prof. Hall	Geology	E	
1917	Mary Evans	106	106	Prof. King	Astronomy	F	
1918	Charles Lee	107	107	Prof. Scott	Botany	G	
1919	Thomas Young	108	108	Prof. Adams	Zoology	H	
1920	Anna White	109	109	Prof. Baker	Entomology	I	
1921	James Hall	110	110	Prof. Carter	Microbiology	J	
1922	Patricia King	111	111	Prof. Evans	Physiology	K	
1923	Richard Scott	112	112	Prof. Foster	Immunology	L	
1924	Lillian Green	113	113	Prof. Hill	Pathology	M	
1925	George Adams	114	114	Prof. Nelson	Pharmacology	N	
1926	Frances Baker	115	115	Prof. Parker	Toxicology	O	
1927	Edward Carter	116	116	Prof. Roberts	Pharmacokinetics	P	
1928	Barbara Evans	117	117	Prof. Turner	Pharmacodynamics	Q	
1929	Robert Foster	118	118	Prof. Walker	Pharmacotherapeutics	R	
1930	Marion Hill	119	119	Prof. Young	Pharmacovigilance	S	
1931	William King	120	120	Prof. Allen	Pharmacoeconomics	T	
1932	Elizabeth Scott	121	121	Prof. Wright	Pharmacopoeia	U	
1933	Charles Adams	122	122	Prof. Lewis	Pharmacology	V	
1934	Thomas Baker	123	123	Prof. Clark	Pharmacology	W	
1935	Anna Carter	124	124	Prof. Evans	Pharmacology	X	
1936	James Evans	125	125	Prof. Foster	Pharmacology	Y	
1937	Patricia Foster	126	126	Prof. Hill	Pharmacology	Z	
1938	Richard Hill	127	127	Prof. King	Pharmacology	AA	
1939	Lillian King	128	128	Prof. Scott	Pharmacology	AB	
1940	George Scott	129	129	Prof. Adams	Pharmacology	AC	
1941	Frances Adams	130	130	Prof. Baker	Pharmacology	AD	
1942	Edward Baker	131	131	Prof. Carter	Pharmacology	AE	
1943	Barbara Carter	132	132	Prof. Evans	Pharmacology	AF	
1944	Robert Evans	133	133	Prof. Foster	Pharmacology	AG	
1945	Marion Foster	134	134	Prof. Hill	Pharmacology	AH	
1946	William Hill	135	135	Prof. King	Pharmacology	AI	
1947	Elizabeth King	136	136	Prof. Scott	Pharmacology	AJ	
1948	Charles King	137	137	Prof. Adams	Pharmacology	AK	
1949	Thomas King	138	138	Prof. Baker	Pharmacology	AL	
1950	Anna King	139	139	Prof. Carter	Pharmacology	AM	

The new slaughter house at Measham and the modernised premises at Swannington have proved satisfactory. Killing has increased some 45% over the previous year, due chiefly to the fact that improved conditions at Measham have lead to more slaughtering being carried out there.



FACTORIES ACT, 1937 AND 1948

Part I of the Act

Inspections for purposes of provision as to Health
(including inspections made by Public Health Inspectors)

	<u>No. on</u> <u>Register</u>	<u>No. of</u> <u>Inspections</u>	<u>Written</u> <u>Notices</u>
Factories in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority	27	36	-
Other premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority	20	73	-
	<u>47</u>	<u>109</u>	
		<u>No. of cases in</u> <u>which defects were found</u>	
	<u>Found</u>	<u>Remedied</u>	<u>Referred</u> <u>by H.M.</u> <u>Inspector</u>
Unsuitable and defective sanitary conveniences (S. 7)	3	3	-

Part VIII of the Act

<u>Outworkers (Sections 110 and 111)</u>	<u>Number of Outworkers in</u> <u>August list required by</u> <u>Sections 111 (1) (c)</u>
Wearing apparel making etc.	9

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NAMING OF STREETS

Street name plates have been fixed in the villages of Appleby Magna, Coleorton, Newbold and Worthington. A survey has been completed of the villages of Chilcote, Newton Burgoland and Swebstone and name plates have been purchased ready for fixing. The villages of Newbold and Worthington have been numbered. A survey has been carried out for the numbering of Appleby Magna and the Griffydam area of Worthington parish.

PUBLIC CLEANSING

During the year it has been necessary to make 131 visits in connection with public cleansing. Efforts have been made to find a suitable tip in the Measham area. Various depressions and holes in farmers fields were being used at the year end and negotiations were taking place with The British Waterways for the Council to take over the length of disused canal between the bottom of Chapel Street, Measham and a point 350 yards to the east of Chapel Street, Oakthorpe. In addition planning permission has been obtained for the use of a field off Burton Road, Measham and a small disused length of old canal at Osgathorpe.

Following demonstrations by two firms of rear loading refuse collection vehicles the Council decided to replace one of the existing side loaders with a freighter type rear loader with compressing equipment.

During the year, following some reorganisation it became possible to reduce one of the three collection teams to a $6\frac{1}{2}$ day collection service and it is anticipated that further reductions will be made when the new freighter becomes available.

PETROLEUM

Visits are made in respect of all new installations; excavations for tanks inspected, and the tanks, pipe lines etc, inspected and tested before a licence to use is issued.

PUBLIC CONVENIENCES

Routine inspections are made. Much minor damage is caused throughout the year, especially during the darker evenings. Although the Police do their best it is very difficult to catch the culprits.

STREET LIGHTING

Following representations from one Parish Council the Rural District Council decided to invite all parishes to relinquish their street lighting powers, the duty to be carried out in the future by the Rural District Council. A meeting was held and attended by representatives of the various parishes and with three exceptions all the Parish Councils or Parish Meetings had expressed themselves in favour of this by the year end.

When the Rural District Council becomes the Street Lighting Authority it is the intention to improve all existing lights in the various parishes, and gradually increase these in number and promote a scheme for efficient lighting of the trunk road where it passes through the built up areas.

I would once again express to you Mr. Chairman and Members of the Council my thanks for your help and for your consideration, my appreciation to Dr. Segerdal, the Clerk of the Council and the Accountant for their help and advice and I wish to express to the members of my own staff my thanks for the willing and conscientious way in which they have carried out their duties.

I am,

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

Your obedient servant,

C. S. Curtis.

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