[Report 1966] / Medical Officer of Health, Alton R.D.C.

Contributors

Alton (England). Rural District Council.

Publication/Creation

1966

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THE RURAL DISTRICT OF ALTON

ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

AND

CHIEF PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR

for the year





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ANNUAL REPORT

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MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

AND

CHIEF PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR

FOR THE YEAR

1966

Council Offices,
Barton End,
Lenten Street,
Alton,
Hants.

(Telephone: - ALTON 2263)

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Appendix account

(COURSEMENT AND SOURS)

ALTON RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL

Chairman of the Council ... Major A. E. Mentzel, M.B.E., J.P. Vice-Chairman ... Miss A. M. Littlejohn

PUBLIC HEALTH AND GENERAL PURPOSES COMMITTEE

Chairman of Committee ... W. G. Brock, Esq.

Vice-Chairman ... W. Taylor, Esq.

COMMITTEE MEMBERS

G. Corner, Esq. E. Giles, Esq.

The Rt. Hon. The Viscountess Hampden

W. H. Ings, Esq.

E. R. E. Knight, Esq.

Mrs. E. A. Mallinson

Lt.-Cdr. D. R. S. Saban

RURAL DISTRICT REPRESENTATIVES ON THE ALTON JOINT SLAUGHTERHOUSE COMMITTEE

Captain H. J. M. Holmes

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PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT STAFF

Medical Officer of Health

- I. H. C. Morton, M. B., Ch. B., D. P. H., D. Obst.

Chief Public Health Inspector and Petroleum Officer

- J. H. Johnson, C. R. S. I., M. A. P. H. I.

Additional Public Health Inspector

- B. J. Dean, M. A. P. H. I. (Resigned: - 6.11.66)
- R. Enticknap, M.R.S.H., M.A.P.H.I. (Appointed: - 21.11.66)

Clerks

- P. F. Mercer
- Mrs. G. Hopper (Appointed: 3.1.66)
- Mrs. M. B. M. Peatman (Hampshire County Council) (Resigned: - 1.7.66)
- Mrs. D. Evans (Hampshire County Council) (Appointed: - 6.7.66)

- J. W. Debenham

Pest Control Officer

PULLED HEALTH DEPARTMENT STATES

Medical Deriver of Sealth

Cates Peblic Realth Inspector

Additional Posite Meetin

Clerks

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- 3. J. Demn. M.A.P.H.I. (Resigned: - 6.11.66)

Entloking, # E. S. B. A. P. E. I. (Appointment - 21, 14, 56)

- P. M. Mercagy

- Mrs. G. Hopper (Apperavol:- 3.4.66)

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BARROWS ON SELECT

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ALTON RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL

Telephone Number:-ALTON 2263. Barton End, Lenten Street, Alton, Hants.

To:- The Chairman and Members of the Alton Rural District Council.
Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have the honour to present my Report for the year 1966, prepared as instructed by the Minister of Health.

There have been no dramatic events during the year. The report is of slow though steady progress in the general conditions of the District and a low incidence of serious illness.

I must thank the Chairman and Members of the Public Health and General Purposes Committee and the Council's Officers for their consideration and encouragement during the year and also Mr. Johnson and my staff in the Public Health Department for their constant loyalty and readiness to co-operate in whatever tasks came to hand.

I am,

Sir,

Your obedient servant,

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH.

PART I

GENERAL REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

ALTON RURAL DISTRICT

There has been further private housing development during the year - again at Lindford and Four Marks - but the Council's plans for building at Whitehill were caught by the national economy "freeze" and had to be postponed. Planning continues for the "new village" at Bordon.

The Selborne sewerage scheme was brought into use and plans are being made for main drainage in other parishes.

The estimated population was 27,250, an increase of 380, compared with 610 in 1965.

STAFF

Mrs. M. B. M. Peatman resigned her appointment as Clerk in charge of Immunisation Records on the 1st July, 1966, and Mrs. D. Evans was appointed in her place on the 6th July, 1966.

Mr. B. J. Dean, Additional Public Health Inspector, resigned on the 6th November, 1966, to take up a more senior appointment with Torrington Rural District Council. Mr. R. Enticknap took his place on the 21st November, 1966.

GENERAL COMMENTS ON PUBLIC HEALTH

The health of the District has been good with remarkably little infectious disease. Confirmed Sonné dysentery appeared sporadically but enquiries always disclosed a number of related suspicious cases and the impression grows that there is a lot of mild dysentery which never comes to a doctor.

There was one outbreak of Food Poisoning.

Animal diseases have not been a problem, from the human health point of view.

PART

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The estimatet population was 27,250, on introduce of 500,

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STATISTICS OF THE AREA

GENERAL

Area in acres	,526
Rateable Value £8	375,832
Product of the penny rate 1965-66	£3,389
Estimated product of the penny rate 1966-67	£3,480
Population estimated at mia-1966 27	7,250
Number of habitable houses	7,908
MEDICAL	
Births	
Number	588
Illegitimate included in above	59
Rate per 1,000 population	21.58
Rate adjusted by Comparability Factor (1.08)	23.31
Rate for England and Wales	17.7
Illegitimate as a percentage of total	10.0
1 Births	
Number	NIL
1 All Births	588
hs	
All ages - Number	319
Rate per 1,000 population	11.7
Rate adjusted by Comparability Factor (0.9)	10.7
Rate for England and Wales	11.7
Infants under 1 year - Numbers - Legitimate	12
- Illegitimate	1
nt Mortality Rates (deaths per 1,000 live births)	
Total (deaths under 1 year)	22.1

Maternal Mortality (including abortion)

Neo-natal (deaths under 4 weeks)

Early neo-natal (under 1 week)

Infa

There were no maternal deaths.

Perinatal (still births and deaths under 1 week per 1,000 of all births)

11.9

8.5

8.5

(TABLE 1) RATES FOR THE PAST FIVE YEARS

Total Population	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966
	25,090	25,560	26,260	26,870	27,250
Birth Rate	27.3	23.9	24.1	23.67	23.31
Birth Rate, England & Wales	18.0	18.2	18.4	18.0	17.7
Death Rate	12.5	11.5	11.3	11.31	10.7
Death Rate, England & Wales	11.9	12.2	11.3	11.5	11.7

NOTE: - Owing to the small numbers involved, these rates are not suitable for comparison with other years or other Districts.

(TABLE 2) AGE AND SEX DISTRIBUTION OF DEATHS

Age Group	Under 1	1-	5-	15-	25-	35-	45-	55-	65-	75-	85-	95-	Total
Male	10	4	2	7	2	5	9	28	35	34	12	1	149
Female	3	2	(m)	2	1	3	8	19	37	58	31	6	170
Total	13	6	2	9	3	8	17	47	72	92	43	7	319

(TABLE 3) ANALYSIS OF CAUSES OF DEATH

	Disease	Male	Female	Total
(1)	Tuberculosis, respiratory			
(2)	Tuberculosis, other	-	-	-
(3)	Syphilitic disease	1	-	1
(4)	Diphtheria	-	-	-
(5)	Whooping Cough	-	_	-
(6)	Meningococcal infections	-	-	-
(7)	Acute poliomyelitis	-		-
(8)	Measles	-	~	1.0
(9)	Other infective & parasitic diseases	-	_	_
(10)	Malignant neoplasm, stomach	1	7	8
(11)	Malignant neoplasm, lung, bronchus	10	1	11
(12)	Malignant neoplasm, breast	-	7	7
(13)	Malignant neoplasm, uterus		-	
(14)	Other malignant & lymphatic neoplasms	10	17	27
(15)	Leukaemia, Aleukaemia	1	200	1
(16)	Diabetes	-	1	1
(17)	Vascular lesions of nervous system	16	28	111
(18)	Coronary disease, angina	37	28	65
(19)	Hypertension with heart disease	1	2	3
(20)	Other heart diseases	11	27	38
(21)	Other circulatory disease	8	8	16
(22)	Influenza	***	8	8
(23)	Pneumonia	5	7	12
(24)	Bronchitis	6	4	10
(25)	Other diseases of respiratory system	4	1	5
(26)	Ulcer of stomach and duodenum	2	2	4
(27)	Gastritis, Enteritis & Diarrhoea	-	1	1
(28)	Nephritis and Nephrosis	2		2
(29)	Hyperplasia of Prostate	2	-	2
(30)	Pregnancy, Childbirth & Abortion		-	
(31)	Congenital malformations	3	2	5
(32)	Other defined & ill-defined diseases	13	12	25
(33)	Motor vehicle accidents	8	1	9
(34)	All other accidents	7	5	12
(35)	Suicide	1	1	2
(36)	Homicide and operations of war	-	-	-
	Totals:	149	170	319

(TABLE 3) ANALYSIS OF CAUSES OF DEATH (Continued)

Total number of deaths - 319 (149 male - 170 female)

The total continues to rise slowly although the rate per thousand is not as high as in 1961-62.

The principal causes are the same - coronary artery disease - the biggest, cancer next and cerebral vascular lesion.

Cancer of the lung caused 11 deaths - 10 men and 1 woman.

(TABLE 4) PREVALENCE OF INFECTIOUS DISEASES

The following cases of Infectious Disease were notified during the year, with the five preceding years for comparison:-

Disease			Total	s for		
	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966
Scarlet Fever	5	1	4	5	10	4
Whooping Cough	10	32	11	15	13	200
Acute poliomyelitis	-		-		-	-
Measles	297	31	290	284	467	49
Diphtheria	1000000	The state of the s			-	1317
Acute pneumonia	3	1	10 -	1	-	-
Dysentery	4	-	1	27	5	10
Typhoid and para- typhoid fever		Day of		-		
Erysipelas	3	4	-		3	-
Meningococcal infection Meningitis	-	-	-	-	1	3
unspecified	- The same		-	-	-	-
Food poisoning	-	-		3	1	3
Puerperal pyrexia	2		1			1
Opthalmia neonatorum	-	-	-	1 11 11 11		
Totals:-	324	69	307	334	500	68

INFECTIOUS DISEASES

FOOD POISONING

The three notified Food Poisoning cases occurred in two separate family incidents. There was, however, another outbreak in a school. The Headmistress reported to the Public Health Department that a number of children were absent with symptoms, and enquiries revealed about 70 cases. Clostridium welchii was isolated from stools and from a sample of cold tongue. All the patients recovered without consulting their doctor and no notifications were received.

DYSENTERY

There was an outbreak of Sonné Dysentery in a neighbouring District during July. Subsequently a few cases were notified locally and in investigating them it was discovered that there had been a number of cases of diarrhoea during the previous weeks. Altogether 25 persons were investigated and all eventually cleared.

There was also a small outbreak in a home for severely subnormal children.

MENINGOCOCCAL INFECTION

One case was notified as Meningococcal Septicaemia in a child of seven months. Five other members of the family were unaffected and had negative throat swabs and the child recovered uneventfully.

TUBERCULOSIS

New cases notified during the year:-

cases noviried during the year:-

Pulmonary - 2 (Man of 45: Woman of 50)

Non-pulmonary - None.

The one female case was employed in a local school and as a result all children were Heaf tested and the adult staff X-rayed. No other cases were found.

Cases registered at end of year:-

	Male	Female
Pulmonary	76	67
Non-pulmonary	18	22

The latest available figures for Mass X-Ray are those for

Total number X-rayed

Cases of Pulmonary Tuberculosis - 3

Other conditions - 10 (diagnosis not given)

Although the number of cases found is small compared to numbers X-rayed, this is the only method of picking out those cases who do not have symptoms sufficient to bring them to their doctor.

INFECTIOUS HEPATITIS

One case was reported in a children's home.

VENEREAL DISEASE

No cases of syphilis were reported.

There were four cases of gonorrhoea and two of other conditions. None of the patients was under 20 but four younger persons attended clinics for examination and were found not to have disease.

ANIMAL DISEASES

There were no reports of animal diseases bearing on human health.

PROPHYLAXIS

The programme of immunisation remains unchanged.

The following tables show the number of children immunised during the year:-

(Table A) DIPHTHERIA, WHOOPING COUGH & TETANUS IMMUNISATION

Date of Birth	Diphtheria		Whool		Tetanus		
7-27-191	Prim	Bstr	Prim	Bstr	Prim	Bstr	
1966	163	-	163	-	163	-	
1965	285	48	284	29	285	48	
1964	41	51	36	39	39	51	
1963	16	14	13	11	14	14	
1959-62	25	365	15	4.1	23	344	
Others under 16	7	238	2	16	7	196	
Totals:-	537	716	513	136	531	653	

(Table B)

POLIOMYELITIS

Date of Birth	Primary	RAL Reinforcing Doses
1966	92	-
1965	337	2
1964	36	1
1963	17	37
1959-62	48	258
Others under 16	21	75
Totals:-	551	373

No Salk Vaccine was used during the year.

(Table C) SMALLPOX VACCINATION

Age Group	Primary Doses	Reinforcing Doses
Under 2	296	-
All other ages	123	49

(Table D) B. C. G. VACCINATION AGAINST TUBERCULOSIS

Number of children 13 & over Heaf tested	Number of children found POSITIVE	Number of children given B. C. G.
147	18	114

(Table E) IMMUNISATION STATE OF THE DISTRICT

The following table shows the numbers and percentages of children given primary immunisation against the various diseases. It is, of course, an approximation as it has been assumed that moves out of the District are more or less equalled by moves in.

- promotion of the last	religione management and a second	-				
Born	The state of the s	Immunisation against Triple Diphtheria Diphtheria Polio Smallpox				
ın.	in	Triple	Diphtheria -Tetanus	Diphtheria alone	Polio -mye- litis	Smallpox
1964 (No) 586	1964	152	1	2	38	
	1965	252	-	4	346	
	1966	36	3	2	36	338
		440	4	8	420	338
		75.	7%		71.6%	57.7%
1965 (No) 589	1965	161		-	49	
	1966	284	1	-	337	341
		445	1		386	341
		75.1	496		65.5%	57.9%
1966 (No) 588	1966	163	-	-	92	

It will be seen that of the children born in 1965, 75.4% had had Triple immunisation and 65.5% had had poliomyelitis immunisation. This compares with figures of 70% and 65.5% for 1964 children at the end of 1965. A few more of these were immunised during 1966, bringing their total figures up to 75.7% and 71.6% respectively.

Indeed, children of 1963 and earlier received primary immunisation during 1966. Of these, one can only say "better late than never" and commend the pertinacity of the Health Visitors.

ACCIDENTS IN THE HOME

I am indebted to Mr. S. W. Cane, F.H.A., Hospital Secretary, Lord Mayor Treloar Hospital, Alton, for kindly supplying the following figures of accidents in the home which required hospital treatment. The figures, of course, give no idea of the total numbers.

There were 83 in all.

4 elderly people had falls, only one the classical "tripped on the mat". This danger seems to be fairly widely recognized.

2 children under 5 had burns or scalds.

4 children under 5 swallowed obnoxious substances.

14 children under 5 had other injuries.

The numbers are not high but there is still an element of lack of supervision of young children.

TRAFFIC ACCIDENTS

I am indebted to the Chief Constable for Hampshire and the Isle of Wight for copies of his analyses of road accidents on which the following remarks are based.

There were 7 deaths and 106 serious injuries. It may be useful from the prevention viewpoint to record the principal causes of accidents in the County: - an one voal blo no to oses a new orest

Motor cars and motor cycles (in order or frequency)

Loss of control

Turning right carelessly

Overtaking improperly

Crossing road junction carelessly

Following another vehicle too closely.

Pedestrians

Crossing the road from behind a parked vehicle.

Pedal cycles

Turning to the right without due warning.

MEALS ON WHEELS

I am indebted to Mrs. N. E. Pugh, the Meals on Wheels Organiser, for the following information; and to her and her staff of drivers for their invaluable work during the year. The service is now available in all parishes of the District.

Meals delivered were - 5,615

Mileage - 7,277

Cost to recipients - 1/6d. with payment of 1/3d. from the Rural District Council.

HOME HELP SERVICE

I am indebted to the County Organiser for the following information.

In order to reduce clerical work, the records of Alton Urban and Rural Districts are now combined and the figures given now cover both Districts. They cannot, therefore, be compared with previous years.

There were about 25 full-time Helps throughout the year and help was given to 170 people, mainly chronic sick or elderly.

17 were helped through the Good Neighbour scheme, which is more useful in rural areas.

HEALTH EDUCATION

The usual Food Hygiene posters were distributed during the summer months. Smoking, Venereal Disease and Anti-fly measures were covered at other times.

NATIONAL ASSISTANCE ACT, 1948. (Section 47)

No statutory action was required.

There was a case of an old lady who had been removed to a Home some years previously when her cottage was burnt down. Having discharged herself from the Home, she was discovered camping in the woodshed of her old cottage. She resisted all suggestions by the Welfare Department of going away again - it was "her place" and she spoke of re-building it. With winter coming on, compulsory removal seemed inevitable if she was not to die of cold.

The happy ending was provided by one of the builders whom she had approached. He offered through the Public Health Department to contribute a disused caravan and some chattels. The Women's Rural Institute produced blankets and a heater and agreed to keep an eye on her. Several other people contributed items and she was duly installed. It may not be the perfect solution, but at least she has a dwelling and on her own ground.

COMMON LODGING HOUSES

There are no Common Lodging Houses in this District.

PROVISION OF GENERAL HEALTH SERVICES

AMBULANCE SERVICE

The Ambulance Service is conducted by Hampshire County Council who supply details of journeys to the Public Health Committee every half year. The ambulances for the area are stationed at Alton.

Application for the use of ambulances should be made to the Central Ambulance Control at Winchester (Telephone Number: - Winchester 61644 (3 lines)) at the following times:-

Monday to Friday

- From 6.0 p.m. to 8.0 a.m. next day.

Weekends

- From 12 noon Saturday to 8.0 a.m. Monday.

Bank and Public Holidays

- All day.

The main ambulance station at Laburnum Road, Aldershot, (Telephone Number: - Aldershot 22244), will continue to receive calls at other times and postal requests should still be sent to the appropriate main station.

CHILD WELFARE CENTRES

Child Welfare Centres for children under the age of five years are available throughout the District as follows:-

Centre	Address	Day of clinic per month
Alton	Inwood Health Clinic	Every Tuesday
Bentley	Memorial Hall	3rd Wednesday
Bordon	Military Families Health Centre, Bordon Camp.	Every Monday & Thursday
Four Marks	Village Hall, Lymington Bottom.	2nd & 4th Tuesdays
Froyle	Methodist Church School.	1st Friday
Grayshott	Village Hall, Headley Road.	1st Friday
Headley	Village Hall	2nd & 4th Fridays
Longmoor	Welfare Centre, The Barracks.	2nd & 4th Tuesdays
Medstead	The Institute	1st & 3rd Thursdays
Oakhanger	Village Hall	3rd Friday
Ropley	Church Hall (Baby Clinic)	1st Monday
Selborne	Village Hall	1st Wednesday
Whitehill	Congregational Church Hall, Liphook Road.	1st & 3rd Mondays

LABORATORY FACILITIES

Bacteriological examinations are carried out at the Public Health Laboratory, Royal Hampshire County Hospital, Winchester.

Chemical analyses are carried out by arrangement with the Public Analyst, Trafalgar Place, Clive Road, Portsmouth.

I should like to thank the Directors of the two laboratories for their continued co-operation and assistance.

ANTE-NATAL CLINICS

Clinics are held every Thursday at Alton General Hospital.

Ante-natal relaxation classes are held at the Inwood Health
Clinic, Alton, on Monday and Wednesday afternoons.

SCHOOL HEALTH SERVICES

Clinics are held as follows:-

Orthopaedic - Lord Mayor Treloar Hospital, Alton.

Ear, nose and throat - Alton General Hospital.

Dental - At schools.

Ophthalmic & orthoptic - Alton General Hospital.

Speech therapy - Inwood Health Clinic, Alton.

TUBERCULOSIS SERVICES

CHEST CLINICS

Chest clinics which serve this District are as under:-

ALDERSHOT - Northfield Hospital,
Redan Road,
Aldershot.
(Phone:- Aldershot 20885)

BASINGSTOKE - Basingstoke General Hospital,
Hackwood Road,
Basingstoke.
(Phone:- Basingstoke 5001)

WINCHESTER - Royal Hampshire County Hospital,
Romsey Road,
Winchester.
(Out-patients Annexe)
(Phone: - Winchester 5151)

Hall, Liphoon Road.

MASS X-RAY SERVICES

The Mass Miniature Radiography Unit serving this area is:-

Southampton Mass Radiography Unit, 7 Archers Road,

Southampton.

(Telephone Number: - Southampton 26549)

Medical Director:-

Dr. M. E. Moore.

Organising Secretary: - E. Brown, Esq., A. R. S. H.

VENEREAL DISEASES

Special clinics for the treatment of venereal diseases are available as follows:-

ALDERSHOT

- Aldershot General Hospital, St. George's Road,

Aldershot.

(Telephone Number: - Aldershot 23201)

Women - Mondays 11.0 a.m. to 12 noon Wednesdays 2.0 p.m. to 4.0 p.m.

Men - Mondays 12 noon to 1.0 p.m. Wednesdays 4.0 p.m. to 6.0 p.m.

WINCHESTER

- Royal Hampshire County Hospital,

Romsey Road,

Winchester. (Out-patients' Annexe)

(Telephone Number: - Winchester 5151)

Women - Mondays

2.30 p.m. to 4.0 p.m.

Men - Thursdays

3.0 p.m. to 4.0 p.m.

AREA WELFARE SERVICES

Area Welfare Officer:- Mr. W. T. Pepper

Petersfield Office: 14 King George Avenue,

Petersfield.

(Phone: - Petersfield 1199)

(Mondays to Fridays - 9.0 a.m. to 1.0 p.m.)

Alton Office: 70 High Street,

Alton.

(Phone:- Alton 3853)

(Tuesdays and Thursdays - 9.0 a.m. to 12 noon)

Area Mental Welfare Officer:- Mr. A. C. Wood,

Manor Park House,

Aldershot.

(Phone: - Aldershot 22595)

Night times and weekends:- Contact WINCHESTER 616μ4.

RURAL DISTRICT OF ALTON THE

ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

CHIEF PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR

FOR THE YEAR

1966

SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE AREA

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ALTON RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL

Telephone Number:-

Barton End, Lenten Street, Alton, Hants.

To:- The Chairman and Members of the Alton Rural District Council.
Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I submit herewith my report on the Sanitary Circumstances of the Rural District of Alton for the year 1966.

The report deals in detail with the work carried out under the various statutory requirements. The statistics, grouped together in a special section at the end of the report, are self-explanatory, and I do not feel any further comment necessary.

I would take this opportunity of expressing my appreciation to the Chairman and Members of the Public Health and General Purposes Committee for their support and encouragement during the year and of recording my renewed thanks to the officers of other departments for their assistance and co-operation on all occasions.

I particularly wish to acknowledge the continued loyal and efficient work of the Staff of the Public Health Department and to thank them for all their help and co-operation throughout 1966.

Yours obediently

CHIEF PUBLIC MEAL

REPORT OF THE CHIEF PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR

SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE AREA

WATER SUPPLIES

All built-up areas of the District have piped main water supplies, from the Wey Valley Water Company who supply sixteen parishes and from the Mid-Wessex Water Company who supply the remaining five.

There are a few isolated areas not supplied by mains for economic reasons, and there are still a number of properties in the western part of the District, i.e., Four Marks, Medstead and Ropley, relying on underground rainwater storage tanks but this, however, is slowly diminishing.

The mains supplies during the year have been satisfactory both in regard to quality and quantity. Samples are regularly taken for analysis by the water undertakers and copies of the analysts' reports are submitted to the Council. An iron-reducing plant was installed during the year by the Wey Valley Water Company to one of their wells supplying water to the District.

The fluorine content of water from the Mid-Wessex Water Company's sources supplying the area is 0.1 parts per million and that from the Wey Valley Water Company is approximately the same.

As aforesaid, there still remain isolated pockets of development which rely upon sources of water supply other than the mains and 36 routine samples from these supplies were taken during the year, all being found satisfactory, except for one private supply to a new dwelling where a chlorinator was installed before habitation was permitted.

For the number of properties and approximate population served by main water see Table 1 in the Statistical Section of this report.

SEWERAGE

Areas of the District already sewered are as follows:-

Parish	Area and Treatment
Bentley	- Part, effluent treated by broad land irrigation.
Binsted	- Holt Pound area, with discharge into the sewers of the Farnham Urban District Council.
Grayshott	- The whole built-up area, with discharge into the Council's own treatment works at Lindford.
Headley	- Headley Down and Arford areas, with discharge into the Lindford treatment works.
Whitehill	- Lindford, Bordon and Whitehill areas, with discharge into the Lindford treatment works.
	- Greatham area, with discharge into the sewers of the Petersfield Rural District Council.
Selborne	- Main village area, with new works at Selborne.

The Military Camp areas of Bordon and Longmoor, including approximately 610 quarters, are sewered and all dwellings connected. The Bordon Camp area discharges into the Council's own treatment works at Lindford but the Longmoor Camp area discharges into the War Department's own works.

The Council receives into its works at Lindford sewage from adjacent areas of the Haslemere Urban District Council and Hambledon Rural District Council.

The scheme for the built-up area of the Parish of Selborne was completed during the year and a scheme is under preparation for a new works at Bentley to take sewage from Bentley, Froyle and Binsted.

Generally the larger Council housing estates where sewers are not available are provided with their own treatment plants.

DOMESTIC DRAINAGE

During the year connections to the Council's sewers continued steadily as also did the provision of new septic tank systems in areas not provided with sewers.

Details of sewer connections are shown in Table 2 in the Statistical Section of this report.

INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD

Food and Drug legislation divides enforcement provisions between District Councils and Food and Drugs Authorities. The Food and Drugs Authority for this District is the Hampshire County Council.

Generally speaking the division if that the District Council is responsible for the provisions regarding purity of food, i.e., fitness for human consumption, whereas the Food and Drugs Authority is responsible for the provisions relating to adulteration, misrepresentation, labelling and the like. Sundry complaints regarding foreign bodies in food are immediately referred to the Food and Drugs Authority.

A report on the work of the Food and Drugs Authority appears later on in this section.

There are no slaughterhouses in the District. The Slaughterhouse Act of 1958 required each local authority to review and report to the Minister of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food on the existing and future requirements of their respective districts for slaughterhouse facilities, and on the facilities either available or likely to become available to meet these requirements.

It was considered, after due consultation with interested parties, that the existing facilities in neighbouring and nearby districts were adequate and a report was made accordingly.

Foodstuffs inspected in shops and stores and surrendered for condemnation were as shown in Table 3 in the Statistical Section of this report.

With canned foods, the usual causes of unfitness for human consumption were either defects in the containers, resulting in simple decomposition or bacterial or chemical action within the food itself due mainly to incomplete sterilisation of the contents during processing or chemical inter-action, resulting in the production of gas and subsequent blowing of the containers.

Surrender of the frozen food was occasioned through breakdowns of refrigerators, mostly happening over weekends.

FOOD HYGIENE REGULATIONS

These Regulations contain provisions in respect of the hygienic handling of food and the construction and maintenance of premises where food is handled.

A memorandum on the provisions of the Regulations has been circulated to the occupiers of all food premises in the District.

All the above premises are either wholesale or retail. There are no food manufacturers.

Routine inspection of food premises continued during the year. Generally the standard was good but a few cases of minor infringement: were dealt with by informal notice. In all cases the requirements were carried out immediately.

There has been a general trend of improvement towards better food hygiene in the District.

Talks on good hygiene were given to two local women's organisations.

MILK

All milk retailed in the District has to be covered by one of the Special Designations - "Pasteurised", "Sterilised", "Ultra Heat Treated" and "Untreated".

Licences to use a Special Designation in relation to milk are issued by the Council under delegated powers from the Hampshire County Council.

Nine such licences have been issued.

ICE CREAM

There are no ice cream manufacturers in the District.

There are 65 premises registered for the storage and sale of ice cream. All these premises are village shops and stores retailing pre-packed ice cream from refrigerators.

FOOD SAMPLING

I am indebted to Mr. J. S. Preston, M. I. W. M. A., Chief Inspector of Weights and Measures, Hampshire County Council, for the following information which he has kindly supplied:-

During the year ended the 31st December, 1966, 209 samples were procured under the Food and Drugs Act, 1955, within the area of the Alton Rural District Council.

Milk Samples

172 samples of milk, including 32 of "Channel Islands", were taken. Of these, four were below the required fat content but they were from individual churns of milk included in larger consignments and, the average fat content of the consignments being in each case above the required limit, no offences were involved. In two cases the samples were slightly adulterated with added water (up to 1%) and this appeared to be due to inadequate drainage of the milking plants. Three other samples contained small proportions of antibiotics not exceeding 0.05 international units per millilitre.

None of the above matters called for the institution of legal proceedings but the producers were made aware of the complaints, formal cautions being given where necessary. Subsequent checks showed the discrepancies to have been corrected.

Miscellaneous Samples

37 samples of articles other than milk were obtained and, of these, 24 were submitted for analysis and found to be satisfactory. Only two samples received adverse reports and both were submitted as a result of complaints which arose in the District. One concerned a cake contaminated with mould growth but legal proceedings were not taken as the purchaser, who lodged the complaint, was reluctant to give evidence and, apart from this difficulty, the firm involved had ceased production shortly after the incident. The second matter was in respect of yoghurt contaminated with the remains of a beetle. In this case legal proceedings were instituted and resulted in the defendant being fined £15, with £9. 3. 0. costs.

General

During routine visits to traders, attention was given to the requirements of the Labelling of Food Order and the Pharmacy and Medicines Act, with regard to their application to the labelling and description of food and drugs.

RODENT CONTROL

Under the Prevention of Damage by Pests Act, 1949, the primary obligation is upon the Council to ensure that, so far as it is practicable, its area is kept free from rats and mice. The Act does not relieve the owners or occupiers of premises of their responsibility for the actual destruction of rats and mice.

In accordance with the above, the Council's Pest Control Officer makes regular inspections of agricultural, industrial and commercial properties, drawing the attention of occupiers to any infestation by these rodents, and advising when necessary on methods of treatment etc.

Although a general service of treatment is not given, it is found desirable in some cases affecting such premises, particularly where the infestations affect more than one property, for a treatment service to be given upon charge on an "ad hoc" basis. Other than this, no contract work is undertaken.

As regards private houses, however, a free treatment service is given upon request.

For details of general infestations and treatments see Table 4 in the Statistical Section of this report.

The tables relate only to the number of properties inspected and/or treated and not to the number of actual inspections or visits. Treatments always involve several visits during the work and follow-up visits subsequently to ensure total clearance of infestation.

The Council properties are visited regularly once a month and oftener if found necessary.

There are no problems involved in sewer infestations as all the sewers are post-war.

Periodically test baits are laid in the more vulnerable sections but so far no "takes" have been recorded. Should at any time a "take" be found, then the whole of the affected system would be treated

As with water supply and sewerage, the Military Authorities have their own arrangements for rodent control in Bordon and Longmoor Camps, but whenever necessary the Council's Pest Control Officer co-operates with the Military Authorities in problem cases.

In addition to the service of rodent control, assistance was also given to the public in connection with other infestations as follows:-

Wasps' nests destroyed	100	36
Treatment for flies		7
Treatment for fleas	one v	6
Treatment for bees	-	6
Treatment for bats	-	3
Treatment for ants	-	2
Treatment for crickets	-	10
Fumigations for infectious		
disease	-	3

SWIMMING POOLS

There are no public swimming pools in the District but there are four restricted use pools.

One, in Bordon Camp, is for the use of military personnel and families only, and is under constant supervision by the Army Hygiene Section.

Another, at Grayshott School, is for the use of the school children only, under the supervision of the teaching staff. It has a filtration and chlorination plant.

The third is at Lord Mayor Treloar College, Froyle, for the use of the pupils and staff.

The fourth is at Grayshott Hall Health Centre, Grayshott, for use by their residents.

Samples taken from the above for bacteriological analysis were found to be satisfactory.

PET ANIMALS ACT, 1951.

One shop is licensed under the Pet Animals Act, 1951.

Visits were made during the year without any cause for action being found.

ANIMAL BOARDING ESTABLISHMENTS ACT, 1963.

This new Act came into force on the 1st January, 1964, and requires that no person shall keep a boarding establishment for animals except under the authority of a licence granted by the local authority in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

The licence has conditions attached to it requiring safeguards as to sanitation and the safety and health of dogs and cats boarded on the premises.

During the year 10 applications were received, varying from the largest - to board 100 dogs and 25 cats, to the smallest - to board 6 dogs. These premises were duly inspected, advice given where necessary, and all issued with the appropriate licence.

All premises were visited during the year and conditions at one were found to be such that as a result of informal action the licensee decided to cease boarding.

NOISE ABATEMENT ACT, 1960.

The above Act came into force in November, 1960, and under Section 1, noise or vibration which would amount to a nuisance at common law, becomes a statutory nuisance which can be dealt with according to the procedure provided in Part III of the Public Health Act, 1936.

Apart from statutory action by a local authority, three or more occupiers of land or premises who are aggrieved by a noise or vibration nuisance may make a complaint to a magistrate.

The Act does not apply to noise or vibration caused by aircraft or by statutory undertakers in the exercise of their powers.

No statutory action was found necessary during the year.

PETROLEUM ACTS

In 1964 the licensing procedure for the storage of petroleum was amended so as to issue a licence for petroleum mixtures separate from petroleum spirit.

89 petroleum spirit storage licences and 10 petroleum mixture storage licences were issued during the year.

A total of 3 new tanks was installed during the year. These were constructed and tested in accordance with the Home Office model conditions.

One additional mixtures store was licensed.

ACCOMMODATION FOR HOP-PICKERS

Control over accommodation for hop-pickers provided by farmers is by means of Byelaws made by the Council under Section 270 of the Public Health Act, 1936.

These Byelaws contain provisions relating to repair, cleanliness, overcrowding, cooking and sanitary facilities, and water supply etc.

The number of huts in use and of pickers employed has declined enormously since the installation of hop-picking machines which are operated mainly by local labour.

COMMON LODGING HOUSES

There are no such premises in the District.

RENT ACT, 1957.

There were no applications for certificates of disrepair received under the provisions of the above Act.

Under the provisions of the Factories Acts, the District Council is the authority responsible for enforcing the provisions regarding sanitary accommodation in all factories and in all factories where mechanical power is not used, the provisions with respect to cleanliness, overcrowding, workroom temperature and ventilation, and floor drainage.

The particulars prescribed on the administration of the Acts are shown in Table 5 in the Statistical Section of this report.

THE OFFICES, SHOPS & RAILWAY PREMISES ACT, 1963.

The above Act came into force on the 1st January, 1964, and placed responsibility for enforcement as respecting different classes of premises on different authorities as follows:-

General Provisions (Sections 4/27 and 46/50)

Premises owned or occupied by: - Enforcing authority

- (1) The Crown, local authorities, railways and those covered by the Factories Act, 1961.
- H. M. Inspector of Factories.

- (2) Mines and Quarries
- H. M. Inspector of Mines and Quarries.
- (3) All other shops and offices
-) District Council.

Provisions as to fire

H. M. Inspectors and/or the Fire Authority.

The general provisions enforceable by the District Council in premises for which they are responsible are those relating to the health, safety and welfare of employees, i.e., cleanliness, overcrowding, temperature, ventilation, lighting, sanitary and washing facilities, water supply etc.

By the Offices, Shops and Railway Premises Act (Commencement No. 1) Order, 1964, sections of the Act were brought into operation as from the dates specified.

The most important provisions, operating from the 1st May, 1964, were for the registration of premises with the enforcing authority and the application for and grant of certificates of exemption from certain requirements of the Act.

Regulations as to sanitary and washing facilities operate from the 1st January, 1966.

There are also provisions for the investigation of accidents to employees, for the fencing of dangerous machinery, and for the giving of information to employees. An annual statistical report is required to be submitted to the Minister of Labour in accordance with Section 60 of the Act, and Table 6 in the Statistical Section of this report gives the information submitted direct to the Minister.

It must be emphasised that the statistics refer only to premises registered with the Council.

Registration is only necessary where there are employees and the sum of hours normally worked each week by all employees exceeds 21. Registration is also not necessary where the only persons employed are close relatives of the employer.

During the year routine general inspections were made to 18 premises and notices for defects served in respect of 14 as follows:-

Lighting	-	2	Ventilation	-	1
Temperature	-	5	Drinking water	-	1
First Aid		2	Accommodation for		3
Fencing of machinery	-	4	clothing.	-	2
Sanitary Accommodation	-	2	Floors, Passages and Stairs.	-	1
Washing facilities	_	2			

ACCIDENTS

No accidents were reported during the year.

CARAVANS

The position as regards caravans in the District remains substantially the same and will, in my opinion, continue to do so until there becomes available a sufficient number of dwellings at a rent which can be afforded.

Licence applications for single caravans were received and dealt with during the year as follows:-

(1) Approved and/or renewed for limited periods, for residential accommodation, mainly in gardens of private houses

.. 6

(2) Approved for applicants during the erection of a dwelling on the same site, the period of the licences being limited to the completion date of the new dwelling

.. 5

(3) Applications refused Planning permission and therefore not licensable

... 3

At the end of the year, there were 18 licences in force for caravans in gardens etc. and 4 in force during erection of a dwelling on the same site as the particular caravan.

There are also 2 works sites, 2 holiday sites, and 4 commercial residential sites.

HOUSING

The following table shows the action taken during the year as regards unfit houses:-

Action	Number of Houses
Number of houses demolished as a result of formal action	0
Number of houses demolished by owners voluntarily	5
Number of houses closed as a result of formal action	0
Number of houses rendered fit as a result of formal action	3
Number of houses rendered fit as a result of informal action	de to to 11 magueso

No cases of overcrowding were reported during the year.

I am informed by the Council's Housing Manager, Mr. E. C. A. Shuttleworth, F. A. L. P. A., that there were 38 casual vacancies occurring in Council houses, which resulted in 38 families being re-housed.

At the end of the year there were 697 families on the Council's housing list, approximately 50% of whom, 338, were for the Parish of Whitehill.

IMPROVEMENT GRANTS FOR HOUSING

The Housing Act, 1964, which came into operation on the 16th August, 1964, amended the law as to financial assistance for the improvement of houses (Standard Grants).

The full standard amenities were slightly amended and provision was made for the making of "reduced" standard grants where it is not practicable at reasonable cost to provide the full standard amenities.

The amount of grant payable remains at one-half of the cost incurred in providing the amenities subject to an upper limit of grant. The existing limit of £155 is retained but a higher limit of up to £350 is authorised in defined circumstances.

When computing the cost of works after completion, the cost of dual-purpose fittings may now be apportioned and the cost of a professional adviser may be included.

The conditions applying to all grants are amended in that the period for which conditions are required to be observed has been reduced from ten years to three years and the rent limit amended for de-controlled properties, the new maximum being based on the 1963 gross value.

DISCRETIONARY GRANTS

The "discretionary" grant scheme after a slow start got well under way in 1954 and applications over the years came in steadily as shown in Table 7 in the Statistical Section of this report which shows, per year, the number of dwellings concerned in such applications, the total cost of the improvement works and the amount of grant made. It will be noticed that applications have decreased since the advent of standard grants.

The discretionary grant scheme which requires a comprehensive standard of fitness and amenities upon completion of the works allows of a 50% grant towards the cost of improvements subject to a maximum grant of £400.

Table 8 in the Statistical Section of this report shows, per year, per dwelling, the average cost of improvements and the average amount of grant made.

Table 9 in the Statistical Section of this report shows, year by year, the occupancies of the dwellings for which discretionary grants were approved.

Table 10 in the Statistical Section of this report shows, year by year, the localities in which houses were improved with the aid of discretionary grants. This table refers only to completed schemes.

STANDARD GRANTS

The response of the public to this new system of grants was more immediate and has continued.

Tables 11, 12 and 13 in the Statistical Section of this report give various statistics.

As the improvement grant schemes require the carrying out of any incidental repairs, it follows from the tables shown that 403 (discretionary grants) + 346(standard grants) = 749 houses have been thoroughly repaired as well as improved, thus obviating any possible action under the repair sections of the Housing Acts.

PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTORS' VISITS

The annual total of Public Health Inspectors' visits carried out during the year and listed under subjects, is shown in Table 14 in the Statistical Section of this report.

PUBLIC WORKS

All public cleansing work is carried out by the Council's own vehicles and staff and I am indebted to the Council's Engineer and Surveyor, Mr. John Blackwell, M. I. Mun. E., M. R. S. H., Chartered Municipal Engineer, for the information relating to this subject.

Vehicle depots are maintained at Alton and Lindford. The Council's sewage works at Lindford (Whitehill Parish) receive and treat sewage from Whitehill, Bordon, Lindford, Bordon Military Camp, Headley, Grayshott and parts of adjoining areas of the Haslemere Urban District Council and Hambledon Rural District Council. There is a separate sewage works for Selborne.

A general scheme of full refuse collection operates throughout the District with weekly collections in eleven parishes and fortnightly collections in the other ten. A weekly collection is also made from the Married Quarters in the Bordon and Longmoor Military Camps.

Disposal of refuse is by means of controlled tipping at various tips throughout the District, the main tips being at Headley and Farringdon, the latter tip being shared with the Alton Urban District Council.

Collections of nightsoil are made generally in areas where sewers are not available.

The Council also operate a cesspool emptying service for which, however, a charge is made.

Public conveniences are maintained at Bordon and Grayshott.

Statistics relating to Public Works are to be found in Tables 15A-15Bin the Statistical Section of this report.

REPORT OF THE CHIEF PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR

SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE AREA

STATISTICAL - SECTION

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REPORT OF THE CHIEF PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE AREA

STATISTICAL SECTION

TABLE 1

WATER SUPPLIES

The following table indicates the number of properties and approximate population served by main water:-

Parish	Area (acres)	Number of Houses	Number of houses connected	Estimated population supplied	Estimated total population
Bentley	2,483	260	260	850	850
Bentworth	3,763	202	192	580	600
Binsted	7,799	578	517	1,520	1,670
Chawton	2,194	159	159	490	500
Bast Tisted	2,621	73	73	190	190
Farringdon	2,105	189	181	530	550
Four Marks	1,502	710	680	2,100	2,200
Froyle	4,641	230	227	740	750
Grayshott	901	629	627	1,990	2,000
Headley	4,771	1,246	1,228	3,650	3,700
Mingsley	1,540	154	154	500	500
Lasham	1,797	50	47	190	200
Wedstead	2,809	584	471	1,300	1,650
Mewton Valence	2,069	88	87	255	260
Ropley	3,704	500	450	1,200	1,350
Selborne	4,830	375	369	1,050	1,100
Shalden	2,160	151	132	400	450
West Tisted	2,356	66	56	170	200
Whitehill - Civil)		1,479	1,387	4,720	5,040
- Military	5,509	610	610	2,100	2,100
- Caravans		240	100	340	820
Meld	2,104	71	63	210	240
Worldham	3,868	114	94	280	330
TOTALS:	65,526	8,758	8,164	25,355	27,250

NOTE - PARISH OF WHITEHILL

The 140 caravans not connected direct all have supplies from the mains via joint standpipes.

The military properties in Bordon and Longmoor Camps are supplied by the Military's own mains.

DOMESTIC DRAINAGE

Sewer connections were as follows:-

Parish	Area	Connections during 1966	Total connections to date		
Binsted	Holt Pound	4	96		
Grayshott	-110789	15	545		
Headley	Arford Headley Down	49	758		
Selborne	Drift Road Village	1 34	17 34		
Whitehill	Greatham Lindford) Bordon Whitehill	41	40 1,259		
TOT	ALS:-	146	2,749		

The figures shown in the above table exclude approximately 610 military dwellings at Bordon and Longmoor, drained to military sewers, and three residential caravan sites at Whitehill, licensed for 201 caravans. All three sites are connected to the sewer, one with 99 caravans having individual water closets and waste water drains; the other two have communal facilities.

TABLE 3 INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD

Foodstuffs inspected in shops and stores and surrendered for condemnation were as shown:-

Boiling Fowls	Carcase 1 - 8 - 8	-	43 lbs.	
	Frozen F			
Fish Vegetables Meat products	- 119	packets packets	Total: - 546 packet	ts
Sundry Chicken Fruit	- 78 - 24	packets packets	Total Value:- £65.	1. 5.

Tinned Food

Meat - 125 lbs.

Miscellaneous

Fish - 7 lbs.

RODENT CONTROL

General Inspections and Treatments

General inspections and treatments were carried out throughout the District as follows:-

		Type of Property				
To section	Council	Private	Agricult -ural	Other	Total	
Number of properties in District	10	7,404	540	427	8,381	
Number of properties inspected	10	389	145	97	641	
Number of properties infested	10	340	32	49	431	
Number of properties treated	10	340	29	49	428	

Under the general heading "Type of Property", Council houses are included under column "Private" whereas the column "Council" includes refuse tips, sewage works, depots and the like, used in connection with the functions of the Council.

The number of inspections and/or visits made were:-

Council properties Private dwelling houses Agricultural premises	-	76 1,088 228
Business and other premises	-	239
		-

Total:- 1,631

COUNCIL SEWERS

There were no takes recorded during a 10% test baiting of sewers.

TABLE 5 FACTORIES

The particulars prescribed on the administration of the Factories Acts are shown below:-

PART I

(1) - INSPECTIONS for purposes of provisions as to health.

1	INT THE SOUR LOOKS	STAY DE	N	umber of	
78	(1) Premises	(2) Number on Register	(3) Inspections		(5) Occupiers prosecuted
(i)	Factories in which Sections 1,2,3,4 and 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities (Non-power)	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
(ii)	Factories not included in (i) in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority	68	39	NIL	NIL
(111)	Other premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding out- workers' premises)	123 (building sites)			

TABLE 5

FACTORIES

PART I

(2) - Cases in which DEFECTS were found

Particulars	Numbe		es in whice found	ch defects	Number of cases in which		
	Found	Remedied	Refe	erred	prosecutions were instituted		
(1)	(2)	(3)	To H. M. Inspector (4)	By H. M. Inspector (5)	(6)		
Want of cleanliness (S.1)	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL		
Overcrowding (S. 2)	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL		
Unreasonable temperature (S.3)	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL		
Inadequate ventilation (S.4)	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL		
Ineffective drainage of floors (8.6)	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL		
Sanitary		bejatals		100	Alleganie genie		
Conveniences (8.7) (a) Insufficient	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL		
(b) Unsuitable or defective	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL		
(c) Not separate	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL		
Other offences against the Act (not including offences relating to Outwork)	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL		
TOTAL:-	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL		

(3) OUTWORK (Sections 133 and 134)

8	Section 133	Section 134				
required	Number of cases of default in sending lists to the Council	Number of prosecut- ions for failure to supply lists	Number of instances of work in unwhole- some premises	Notices served	Prosec- utions	
NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	

Of the registered factories, these mainly consist of garages (motor vehicle repairs) and builders' yards (joinery).

There is one factory engaged on fibre glass fabrications, thirteen light engineering factories, one blouse factory, one laundry, one brickworks and one earth moving plant depot.

TABLE 6

THE OFFICES, SHOPS & RAILWAY PREMISES ACT, 1963.

An annual statistical report is required to be submitted to the Minister of Labour in accordance with Section 60 of the Act, and this table gives the information submitted direct to the Minister:-

REGISTRATIONS

Class of premises	Number regi	regi	l number of stered pre- s at end of year
Offices Retail shops	4 8		30 85
Warehouses Catering establishments Fuel depots	3		14
	ALS:- 16		135

ANALYSIS OF EMPLOYMENT

Class of premises	Number employed	
	at end of year	
Offices Retail shops Warehouses Catering establishments Fuel depots	128 302 20 83 12	
	TOTAL: 545) Males - Females -	

TABLE 7 DISCRETIONARY GRANT APPLICATIONS MADE Cost of Works & Amount of Grants approved

This table shows, per year, the number of dwellings concerned in discretionary grant applications, the total cost of the improvement works and the amount of grant made upon completion.

It will be noticed that applications have decreased since the introduction of standard grants in 1959.

Year	Number appli ation receiv	c- s	Number o concern such app	Total co Improve Work	ment	0	Total amount of grant approved		
1950	1		1	£879.	13.	6.	£439		
1951	1		1	£578.	3.	6.	£289		
1952	-		0 -	-			- 198		
1953	4	MAS	5	£2,484.	3.	0.	£1,241		
1954	22		36	£14,932.	15.	8.	£7,291		
1955	38		58	£30,289.	5.	1.	£14,125		
1956	19	Bes	31	£18,061.	4.	2.	£8,395		
1957	21		36	£22,641.	8.	10.	£10,878		
1958	33		47	£30,456.	9.	8.	£14,012		
1959	38		52	245,112.	7.	40	£17,010		
1960	28		35	£22,081.	19.	3.	£9,243		
1961	25		29	£32,946.	0.,	0.	£9,863		
1962	24		33	£26,199.	3.	5.	£11,341		
1963	18		22	£18,420.	5.	9.	£6,783		
1964	15		16	£18,642.	17.	11.	£5,425		
1965	5		7	£5,803.		1.	£2,485		
1966	1		27 2	£1,602.	8.	0.	£800		
TOTALS	293		412	£291,132.	0.	2.	£119,620		

TABLE 8

DISCRETIONARY IMPROVEMENT GRANTS

AVERAGE COST OF WORKS AND AMOUNT OF GRANT PAID

This table shows, per year, per dwelling, the average cost of improvements and the average amount of grant made:-

Year	Number of Houses	Average cost of improve -ments	Average amount of grant
1950	2	£439	£219
	1		£289
1951		£578	\$209
1952	.617.0769	460	
1953	5	£497	£248
1954	36	£415	£203
1955	58	£522	€2144
1956	31	£583	£271
1957	36	£629	£302
1958	47	£648	£298
1959	52	£868	£327
1960	35	£631	£264
1961	29	£1,136	£340
1962	33	£797	£3144
1963	22	£837	£308
1964	16	£1,165	£339
1965	7	£829	£355
1966	2	£801	हो [†] 00
Overall Average	1 1112	£711	£297

These figures are affected in several ways, i.e., by the comparative higher cost of the conversion of buildings into dwellings; the increase in sewerage facilities allowing of cheaper drainage costs; and the rising costs of building materials and labour.

TABLE 9 DISCRETIONARY IMPROVEMENT GRANTS OCCUPANCIES OF IMPROVED DWELLINGS

The following table shows, year by year, the occupancies of the dwellings for which discretionary grants were approved:-

Year	Owner/Occupiers	Farm and/or Estate Occupancies	Tenanted
1950	_ D 65	2	-
1951	1	2 2	
1952	_60.79	-	-
1953	1	4	-
1954	7	27	2
1955	12	41	5
1956	6	24	1
1957	6	30	-
1958	14	29	4
1959	18	30	4
1960	12	13	10
1961	14	13	2
1962	13	12	8
1963	9	10	3
1964	11	5	-
1965	3	2	2
1966	F - 11 - 3	2	
Totals:-	127	214	41
Percentage of total	31%	59%	10%

GRAND TOTAL: - 412

TABLE 10

DISCRETIONARY IMPROVEMENT GRANTS

LOCALITIES OF IMPROVED DWELLINGS

The following table shows, year by year, the localities in which houses were improved with the aid of discretionary grants.

This table rafers only to completed schemes.

Parish			Nun	ber	of	ho	use	8 1	mpr	ave	d p	er	yea	r		any!	Total
	19 51	19	19 53	19 54	19 55	19	197	19 58	19	19	19	19 62	19	19	19 65	19	
entley	-	***	1	1	7	6	2	3	5		2		1	1		1	29
entworth	-	-	-		3	2		-	5	1	-	1	1	411	-	35	13
insted	1	-	-	-	7-31	3	14	5	7	6	2	4	2	1	-	1	35
Chawton	1	-		-	2	-	15	-	-	-	1	1	1	-	1	POT	3
last Tisted		-	-	-	5	4	2	1	-	1	3	100	5		2	2	25
Parringdon	-	-	-	101	2	-	-	-	3		-	1	6	-	-	100	11
Four Marks			-	-	70	-	-		1	5	SI		1		of to	-	5
Froyle	4	-	-	-	4	11	4	8	1	1	12	min	1	-		2	34
Prayshott	-	-	-	-	4	3	-	1	4	12	3	2	4	-	2	1	36
leadley	-	-	-		14	1	3	4	5	3	6	1		2	1	3	33
Kingsley	2		1	-	4	1	1	1		1	- 444		1	-	-	1	8
Lasham	-	III-	1	-	-	5		-	-	7	1	-	1	-		10	9
Medstead	100	-	-	-	1	1	2	-	1	2	2	3	***	1			12
Newton Valence	-	-			3	3	2	-		-	-	-	1	-	-	-	9
Ropley	-	-	-	90-	3	2	-	1	4	3	2	3	1	2	1	-	22
Selborne	-	1	-	-	2	2	3	4	3	12	8	3	-	5		-	43
Shalden	-	-	-		1	-	-	-		-	-	-	1		-	-	2
West Tisted	-	-	-	1	-	-		-	-	-			1	-	-	-	2
Whitehill	-	-	-	1	6	2	9	4	1	4	5	1	6	1	1	2	43
Wield,	100				2	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	5
Worldham	-	-			9	6	5	1-03	-	-	-	-	2	1	-	-	5,1
TOTALS	2	1	1	3	59	46	38	33	40	55	36	19	35	14	9	12	403

STANDARD IMPROVEMENT GRANTS

TABLE 11

APPROVED AND COMPLETED SCHEMES

The following table gives details of standard grant applications approved and completed. It also shows the maximum amounts approved for these schemes and the number of completions, with actual grants paid.

Year	Schemes approved	Maximum Grant	Completions	Grant approved
1959	36	£5,225	6	£675
1960	92	£12,870	51	£6,124
1961	60	£8,740	76	£9,685
1962	58	£8,285	52	£6,418
1963	37	£5,400	51	£6,804
1964	41	£6,750	38	£5,336
1965	40	£9,990	43	£7,065
1966	49	£10,870	29	£6,488
TOTALS:-	413	£68,130	346	£48,595

TABLE 12

OCCUPANCIES OF IMPROVED DWELLINGS

The following table shows, year by year, the occupancies of the dwellings for which standard improvement grants were approved.

Year	Owner/Occup	iers	E	m and/o state upancie	P +	Tenanted
1959	30			4		2
1960	57			10		25
1961	36			11		13
1962	37			6		15
1963	.28			3		6
1964	31			4		6
1965	34			2		4
1966	37			3		9
TOTALS:-	290			43		80
Percenta of Tota				10½%		191%
					and section of the last	

TOTAL: - 413

STANDARD IMPROVEMENT GRANTS

TABLE 13

LOCALITIES OF IMPROVED DWELLINGS

The localities in which houses were improved with the aid of "standard" improvement grants, completed schemes, are as follows:-

		10103	TO LINOS	10 1	Maurit 8	My Day	200	100 000	HO TOX
Parish			er of		-	-	-		Totals
	1959	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966	
Bentley	-	4	5	2	1	-	1	38	13
Bentworth	-	1	4	1	1	2	08 08	- 8	9
Binsted		8	3 4	4	12	4	5	3	40
Chawton	-	-	1	- ,	5.54	-	1	7,01	2
East Tisted	-	-	1	- 0	2	-	01	-30	3
Farringdon	1	3	3	3	1	1	-	3	15
Four Marks	1	8	7	7	1	4	3	2	33
Froyle			-	1	-	-	2		3
Grayshott	2	5	15	2	5	5	2	3	39
Headley	2	4	7	6	2	1	7	5	34
Kingsley	-	1	-	4	-	1	1	1	8
Lasham	-5	-		1	2	12	1	- 5	5
Medstead	-	3	6	5	4	3	3	1	25
Newton Valence	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	3	2
Ropley	2	5	1	2	1	7	5	3	24
Selborne		2	5	3	2	2	- 2	2	18
Shalden	-	-	7-6		1	700	-	-18.5/	07 1
West Tisted	- NEW	-	1	1		Zos	-	E LONG	2
Whitehill	-	6	10	10	14	5	10	5	60
Wield	44	-	2		2	-	-	1	5
Worldham	-	1	2	-	-	2			5
TOTALS:-	6	51	76	52	51	38	43	29	346

TABLE 14 PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTORS' VISITS

The annual summary of Public Health Inspectors' visits carried out during the year and listed under subjects is as below:-

Subject	Visits	Re-visits
Accumulations	11	9
Animal Boarding Establishments	7	6
Cafes and Restaurants	16	2
		60
Caravans and Moveable Dwellings Clean Air	54	60.333
CONTRACTOR SOUTH AND ASSAULT	2	-
Factories	39	6
Food Premises	65	14
Food Inspection	30	4
Housing	28	58
Housing applications	2	40
Improvement Grants - Preliminary	114	19
Improvement Grants - Works	61	354
Infectious Diseases	63	11/1
Infestation	7	
Nuisances	269	231
Offices, Shops & Railway Premises	18	10
Offices, Shops & Railway Premises - General Inspections	18	22
Pet Shops	Cloum Dear	1
Petroleum	23	29
Rent Act	1	9
Rodent Control	16	a woll Land
Water Sampling	37	MOTS ATTEN
Sampling - Swimming Baths	6	Minist Lenin
Vans and Mobile Shops	4	Total Annual Control
Verminous Premises	1	
Water Supply	29	8
Miscellaneous	131	5
	1,052	892

TOTAL: - 1.944

TABLE 15A

PUBLIC WORKS

STATISTICS FOR 1966

BUILDING REGULATIONS AND PLANNING	
Number of plans deposited - Building Regulations - 652 } - Planning only - 310 }	962
Number of new dwellings completed	124
Number of temporary building licences in force	12
DESTRUCTION OF THE PROPERTY OF	
LOCAL AUTHORITY HOUSING	
Number of new dwellings completed during the year	2
Number of permanent pre-war dwellings at end of the year	78 @
Number of permanent post-war dwellings at end of the year	862
Number of temporary post-war dwellings at end of the year	116 +
tement drawn - Warter - 6 6 - Autom - autom - autom drawnst	
Total:-	1,056

NOTES:

- @ including 16 houses purchased by the Council from the Headley Public Utility Society.
- + being 50 prefabricated bungalows at Lindford and 66 hutted dwellings at Headley.

TABLE 15B

PUBLIC WORKS

PUBLIC CLEANSING

	Refuse Vehicles	Nightsoil & Cesspool Vehicles	Totals	
Mileage for the year Average per month	68,716 5,726	66,303 5,525	135,019	
Number of cesspool loads from:- (1) Private properties (2) Council houses (3) Bordon Sewage Works		2,859 } 1,005 } 2,318 }	6,182	
Number of dwellings from which nightsoil collected	-	685	-	
Amount of refuse collected (cubic yards) Total: Average per month (cubic yards)	57,862 4,821	-	-	

TABLE 15A

STATE OF STREET

OCT EMAN

DILLE RESTOR DIVIN

Minister - Lindson and Co.

Avenue to the law of Lindson Workston ----

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