A sixth letter to Sir Joseph Banks ... on the subject of cochineal insects, discovered at Madras / [James Anderson].

### Contributors

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### **Publication/Creation**

Madras : C. Ford, 1787.

### **Persistent URL**

https://wellcomecollection.org/works/e5u8cxvb

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# A SIXTH LETTER

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# To SIR JOSEPH BANKS Baronet Prefident of the Royal Society,

ON THE

Subject of Cochineal Infects, discovered at Madras,

B. JAMES ANDERSON M. D.

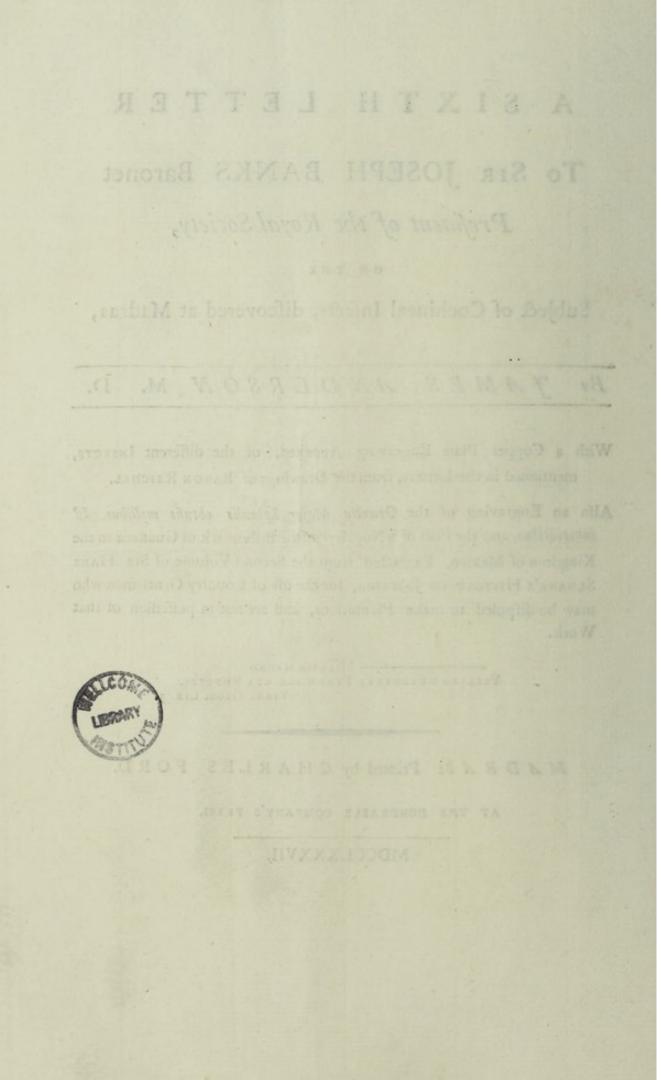
- With a Copper Plate Engraving Annexed, of the different INSECTS, mentioned in the Letters, from the Drawings of BARON REICHEL.
- Alfo an Engraving of the Opuntia Major Spinulis obtufis mollibus, & innocentibus, and the Plan of a Nopalry in the Bifhoprick of Guaxaca in the Kingdom of Mexico, Extracted from the Second Volume of SIR HANS SLOANE'S HISTORY OF JAMAICA, for the use of Country Gentlemen who may be disposed to make Plantations, and are not in possession of that Work.

WILLERA MUTENTUR, TYRIOS INCOCTA RUBORES. VIRG. GEOR. LIB. 3.

MADRAS: Printed by CHARLES FORD.

AT THE HONORABLE COMPANY'S PRESS.

MDCCLXXXVII.



THE ENGRAVINGS announced in the Title Page not being finished, DOCTOR ANDERSON has deemed it expedient to distribute the letters without further loss of time, and will forward the ENGRAVINGS as soon as they can be got ready.

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## To Sir Joseph Banks Baronet Prefident of the Royal Society.

#### DEAR SIR,

BESIDES the three Cochneal Infects mentioned in my former Letters, I have found three others, one of which nearly refembles the *Phillanthus Emblica* Infect, excepting that it is finaller in fize, on the *Vitis Vinifera* and *Cooloo Velley* of the *I annuls* which Doctor Ruffel tells me is the *Galega Profirata* of *Koning*.

#### Another on the Jumbo of the Tamuls, or Robinia Milis of Linnaus:

This Intect is found on the bark of the Tree, under a matted filky fubflance, which is fo remarkably white, it is contpicuous at the diffance of twenty yards.

When the filky fubftance is removed, a beautiful clufter of motionlefs particles, fhining and gloffy, like the eggs of Infects appears, but magnifying glaffes different them to be furnished with all the horbs compleat.

As they acquire power they creep away, and those who are farther advinced and grown to a greater fize, lose their scalet colour and become diaphanous.

I can perceive no Caterpillars amongst them; but have found one male. fly, creeping fluggishly over the females, which is nearly the fame with that of the Guava Infect already defcribed, having only two procumbent wingstwice as long as the *Abdomen*, and two long hairs like threads of white, enamel at the extremity of the *Abdomen*.

The body of the female is flat like the *Cimex Domeflicus*, and when full grown is of a dark-green colour.

A third Infect I have found on the Brinjaul, Cattri-Cay, or Vaidelungai, of the Tamuls, which is a culinary plant here or Solanum Melongena of Linnaus.

The third Infect, except the antennæ and apex of the punctum fubulatum which are of a chocolate colour, is or a diaphaneus white throughout,— It is viviparous, and the young, which are perfectly white, and not: bigger than the mites in cheele, ramble about inceffantly, till they have fpun a cylindrical cafe of filk in which they remain without the poffiblity of removing, removing, as the filky cafe in which they then lye, adheres firmly to the plant.

Both the male and the caterpillar of this, nearly refembles those of the Guava Infect.

The very great difficulty there is in getting accurate engravings made in this country, prevents me at prefent from going farther into their defcription, being fatisfied likewife, enough has been done to demonstrate the existance of Cochineal Infects here, and excite a spirit of enquiry in ot hers qualified to carry the refearch beyond what my fituation will admit of.

By the affiftance of many gentlemen here, there will foon be plantationsmade on many parts of the coaft.

At Ongole about 170 miles north of this place Mr. Young is making a plantation, but I am obliged to fend the Opuntias from hence as they are not natives north of the Pennar.

I have likewise sent plants to Mr. Lenox at Madepollam in the Lat. of 16°26 and to Mr. Roxburgh at Samal-Cottah situated in the Lat. of Antequera, as well as to Doctor Russell at Vizagapatam in the parallel of 17°41 the same with that of Missea.

Mr. Wynch at Ganjam in 19°30 as far north as Pueblo de los Angeles and Tlafcala will I believe be induced to make a plantation.

Colonel Elphinfton commanding Chingleput, Mr. Wood at Tanjore, Mr. Skardon at Chinapa-naig-Pollam, and feveral other Gentlemen to the Southward, where the Plant is *indigenous*, acquaint me they are cultivating the Opuntias with great care.

Should we fail of fuccefs in rearing Cochineal here, the difference of Seafons will probably be the principal caufe, and in that cafe it will only be neceffary to transfer the plantations to the fame Latitudes on the other fide of the Peninfula, where the Rains fall in June the fame time they experience the wet Seafon on Terra Firma.

Could we look back to the ancient Guaxacans I queffion if it would appear that they had brought their Cochineal to pertection in fo fhort as fpace of time as 6 months; nor can we fuppofe the Guafinangoes learned to reduce the Silver from the ore on the first difcovery of it.

I have

I have now two different Infects thriving very well on the Opuntia, viz. that of the Guava kind, and the one just mentioned on the Brinjaul, but as neither of them have acquired the requisite colour, I have folicited a friend, Mr. Topping, to take a Drawing of the plant described in my letter of the 26. Ultimo, which I inclose for your inspection; for although I therein remark an agreement in the colour of the flowers of the Opuntia discribed in Sir Hans Sloanes fecond Volume of the natural History of Jamaica Table VIII; yet I observe an eminent difference in the structure.

The Stamina and fligma of that Plant are drawn much longer than the Petals, whereas the Petals of the Plants here flut every evening, and are fo much longer than the Stamina and fligma, as entirely to cover them, which laft however feems most confistant with Nature.

The Drawings of Mr. Topping are from Plants I had put into the ground in December laft, fome of which are near four feet in height, and the Country People tell me they will become ten or twelve feet high, but I cannot find from any of their accounts, that the fruit ever becomes of a red colour, which is difcouraging, as the Guava Infect accumulates on the Fruit more than on the Leaves, as well of the Guava, as the Cuftard Apple, and *Opuntia*; and a Hiftory of America published by W. Reffel Effer. of Gray's Inn, page 376 et fequentia, quotes from Pere le Bat, Reynall &c. that the fruit is full of Crimion juice, and to that juice the Cochineal-Infects owe their Colour.

The Brinjaul Infect, though incapable of moving from one place to another, after its cylindrical cafe has adhered to the Plant; yet the Guava Infect in the late dry Scafon, when the leaves of the Trees were parched, could not be found on the Guava Tree, but after fome learch was found on the Solanum Lycoperficon, a culinary plant here, and on various weeds in their neighbourhood.

As far as I can perceive, the ants are the principal Enemies of these Infects, from whom it may be difficult to preserve them, as the *Phlogiflic Aro*ma of *Petroleum*, *Liver* of *SulpLur*, or *Affafatida*, would be hurtfull; and the introduction of Fowls into the grounds attended with the inconvenience: of devouring both together.

The most eligible method, therefore, of keeping off the ants, is to wash, the Opuntia grounds with Cow Dung, after the manner of the Hindoos; and afterwards to strew quick lime, or wood ashes over it.

Another great inconvenience is the high winds, which not only blow the infects from the leaves, but likewife break down the Opuntia Plants, which, are are very brittle; to remedy which a wall fix or feven feet high will be neceffary to enclose every plantation, from which no difadvantage need be apprehended, as the *Coccus* infects are always found in fhady places.

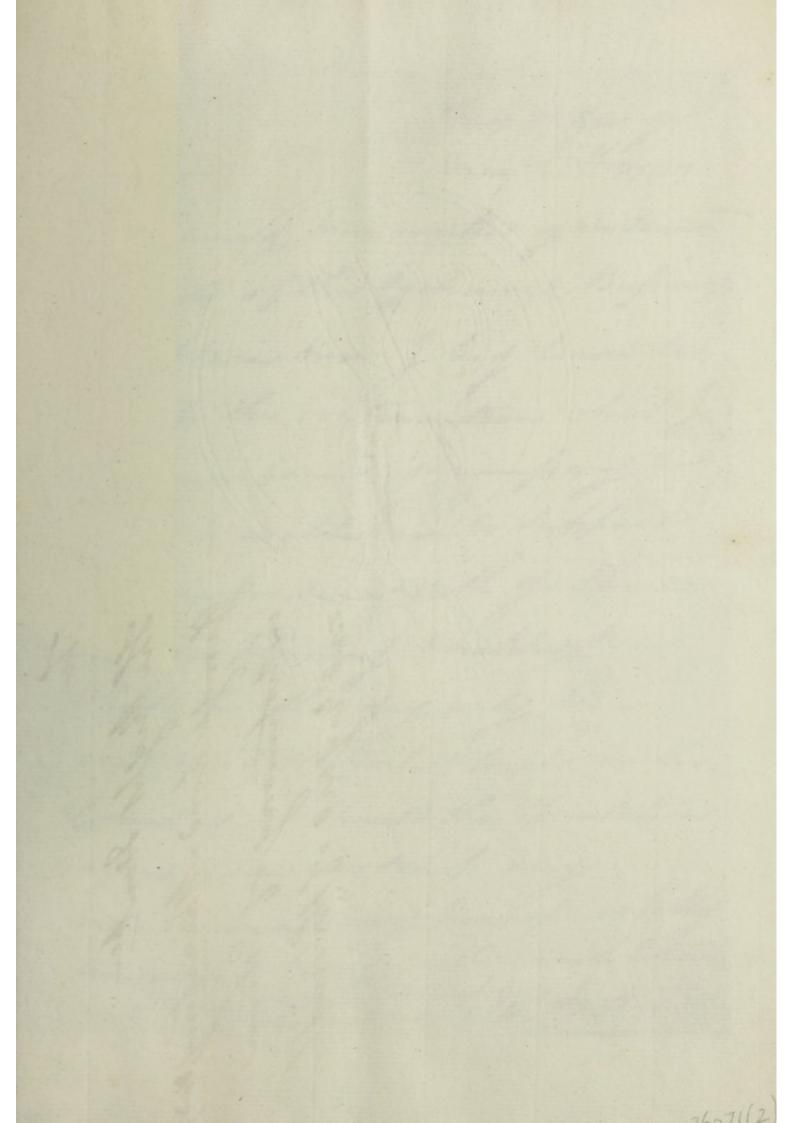
The rains here can be of little prejudice excepting at the time of the *Monfoon*, when leaves of the plants with Intects upon them may be lopped off and houfed.

I have published advertisements in the English and Tamul Languages, offering a reward to such Persons, as will collect and cure the *Obloccon* or Grass Egg in sufficient quantity to enable the Artists in Europe further to afcertain its Virtues, being convinced the active protecution of this Work will be attended with eminent benefit to a Country, which for three fourths of the Year denies admission to the Plough share, and in which the labours of the Loom become every day less valuable, from the great improvements made in the Manufactures of Europe.

Fort St. George May 27th 1787, l am with Efteen, Dear Sir, Your very obedient Servant JAMES ANDERSON.

FINIS.

.



Fort St. gurge may 25th 8787 myhond Having transmithed you tom Accounts of this Cachingal Bufsing by Captain own I beg leave to enclope the continuation which for have now bound it mufsary tos Print to inable me to Support a correspondence with gusthmon Who are planting miking have which the other day only been uniond the ailist heads with Country - Thould this Speculation Aflord your Lordohip and intertainent my hurpop is fully answer? hing with much Esten on " " gon your dordships Anderton

