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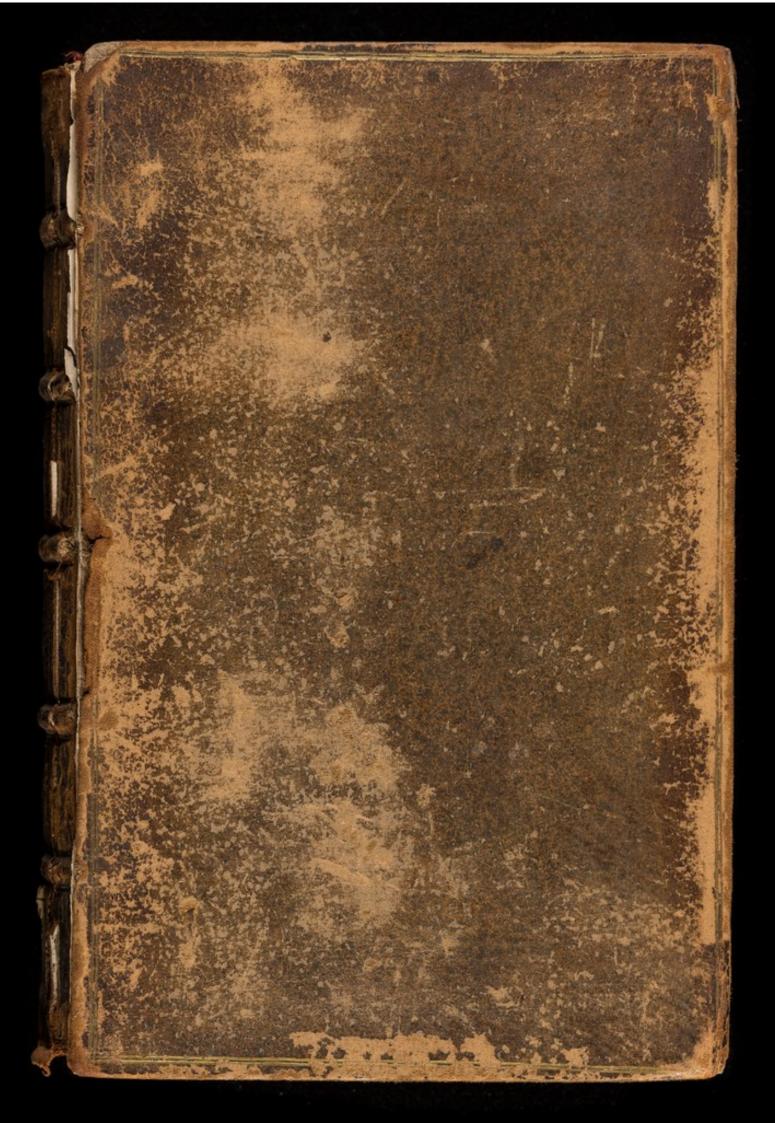
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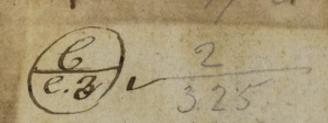
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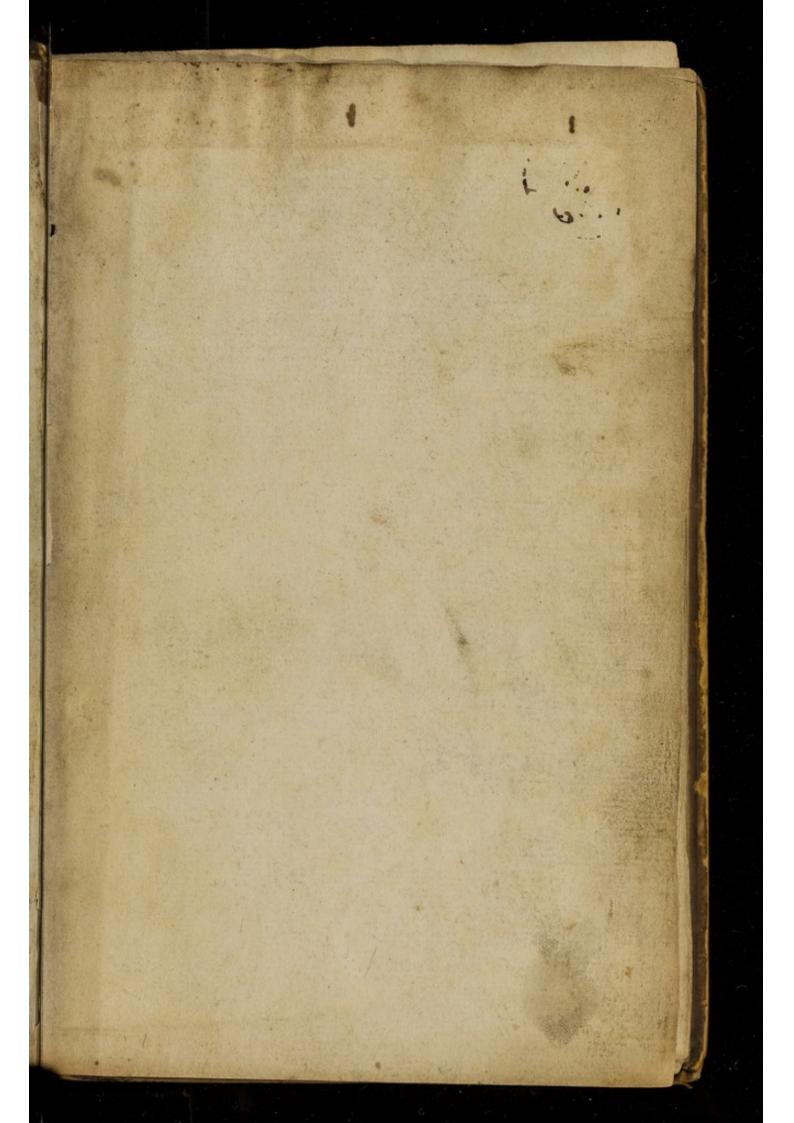
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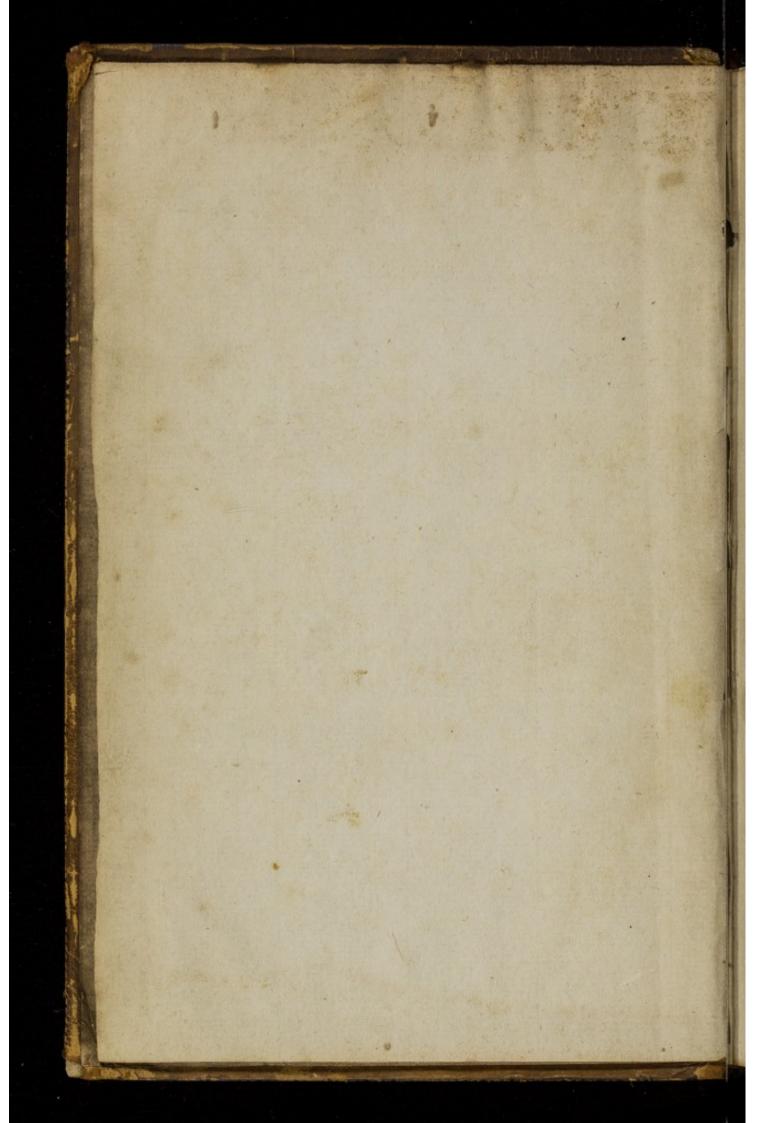




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Chirurgical Observations

ONTHE



Written originally in FRENCH, by

JAMES DARAN,

Surgeon in Ordinary to the French King, and heretofore Surgeon-Major to the Hospitals and Armies of the Emperor Charles the Sixth.

Translated into English, by THOMAS TOMKYNS, Surgeon.

WITH THE

Addition of some remarkable CASES.

LONDON:

Printed for A. MILLAR, opposite Catharine-Street, in the Strand.

M.DCC.L.

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ranflator's 1 Written originally in Francu, Correcto Prischlage coline and hage bis the here they could knike their and the Eteche of all the numerous Excions of Writers - But I am' willing to wirve Alas Corpraise with ever where Praise Against the Marbon of this Book.

THE

Translator's Preface.

EVERY Translator claims the Privilege of extolling his Author, and setting him at the Head of all the numerous Legions of Writers: But I am willing to wave this my Privilege, knowing how hard it is to praise well, even where Praises are most due. My Task shall be confined to wiping off some Prejudices, which fealousy and Envy, those nearallied Vices, have chiefly stirred up against the Author of this Book. There

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are some, who aim to strike at the very Root of his Reputation, by robbing his Method of the Merit of Invention. If they knew how to cure before him, great is their Guilt for not putting their Knowlege in Practice; and that they did not, is undeniably proved, by the Number of unhappy Sufferers who have laboured for Years under Disorders of the Urethra, notwith-Randing their repeated Applications to the most eminent Persons of the Profession. Some weakly object, that medicated Candles were used long before Mr. Daran was born: Thus, was any Ointment found out, which by a specific Quality should radically cure a Cancer, any one might wifely fay, Ointments have been used against Cancers these many Ages past; this is therefore no new Discovery. Darts shot by Children are as barmless as they.

Others acknowlege him an Inventor, and grant the full Merit to his Invention; but at the same time ground their Accusation on this very Concession, loudly exclaiming against him for concealing from the World so beneficial a Discovery. If I am wrong in dissenting from these Gentlemen, who, I am persuaded, are actuated by no other Motive than that of the public Good, let Friendship and Gratitude be my Excuse; but the best of Men are often burried away with Opinions which a more narrow Inspection into Things would shew them to be groundless; and I am apt to think this the present Case. What I shall offer here in Vindication of Mr. Daran's Character, is not the Produce of my own Imagination, but what I have A 4 beard

He first alleges, that had he made his Discovery public when Fortune first presented him with it, the Number of Patients that would then have fallen to his Share in this Branch of Bufiness, must have been very inconsiderable, every Surgeon being as well qualified to cure as himself, as possessing the Means of it: Thus he could not have had the Opportunity of learning thoroughly the Nature of the various Disorders of the Urethra, by such a Number of repeated Observations, and, in confequence of them, to adapt his Medicines to the various Species and Degrees of them: For it is not one Distemper only that the Urethra is liable to; its Disorders are many, and

owe

owe their Origin to several Causes; each of which must be well understood separately, and well distinguished from the rest; which Knowlege cannot be acquired but by a strict and frequent Study of Nature.

He farther offers in his Defence, that what is generally known, is almost as soon generally neglected; and that, if he had imparted his Remedy to the Public, it might have met with the same Fate as many valuable Medicines, which, while kept secret, were held in high Veneration, and yielded their Assistance to Man; and, once known, were laid aside, and their Virtues forgotten. But, suppose the World had been more attentive to Mr. Daran's Remedy; yet then, every Possessor of it, through the good Opinion that every Man, even the weakest, has of his

own Abilities, would have thought himfelf capable of making some Improvements upon it. Some would have been for adding, others for curtailing; the Remedy would have been tortured a thousand Ways, and as many new Medicines would have arisen as there had been Imaginations at work upon it: So that the original one must have been confounded among st the Multiplicity of Alterations, the Operator puzzled in his Choice of the Right or Wrong, and Posterity deprived of the Good that will now be transmitted to it from Century to Century: For now, whenever he thinks proper to beflow this valuable Gift upon the World, the settled Reputation he has acquired by the vast Number of Cures he has bad an Opportunity of performing, by dispensing Health with his own Hands only, will render his Remedy sacred, and

and keep back the profane Hand that would attempt to alter it.

But while Mr. Daran keeps his Secret inclosed in his own Bosom, he cannot be compared to him that buried his Talent in the Earth, unserviceable to himself and others; he extends the Good of it, and distant Nations feel the happy Effects of his Invention, much more, perhaps, than if he had divulged bis Discovery: Spain, Portugal, the West-Indies, and several other Places, have Emissaries from him, whom he has intrusted with his Remedies, after having instructed them in the proper Use and Management of them. England has not been forgot: Invited by Mr. Daran, I went over to Paris, where I lived with him for some time; and I was not a bare Spectator of his Cures; he armed my Hands with his Remedies,

and, though above wanting any Assistance, deigned to receive me for an Assistant: I saw him cure, and acted in the Cures, being properly directed and cautioned by him throughout the Course of them: His Remarks and Observations, the collected Treasures of many Years, were opened to me; and I was made Partaker of the Fruits of his Labour and Experience. He has put into my Possession all his different Remedies, both internal and external; and, as my Stock exhausts, I receive fresh Supplies. And lest those that have no Knowlege of me, should call my Veracity in Question, I have bereto annexed Mr. Daran's Certificate, with the Attestation of Mr. Chicoyneau, first Physician to the French King; which are both in my own Custody, and may be seen by whosoever requires it.

As I do not pretend to know the Composition of Mr. Daran's Remedies (for this he has not divulged to any Man living), some, with a View of robbing me of the Esteem of the World, in the mistaken Persuasion, that their Reputation rifes as that of others falls, represent it as mean to administer any Remedy, without being acquainted with the component Ingredients of it: But if this be a Meanness, it is common to me with every Professor of the Art of Healing: For is not every Simple a Compound of Nature's own composing? Doth not an Infinity of various Particles, unknown to us, enter into its Compositions? What know we of the Peruvian Bark, but its Effects? Who dares to affert, that he knows the different Bodies, from whose particular Modifications, and Combinations with one another,

xii The Translator's, &c.

another, it refults? We know its specific Qualities, where falutary, and where noxious; and my Knowlege extends as far, with regard to the Remedies which Mr. Daran has put into my Hands: I know their different Manner of operating, in what particular Cases each Sort is required, where to use them, and where to forbear it; they become Simples in my Hands, whose Virtues I have been taught by Experience; and I should have thought myself guilty of Difregard for my own Countrymen, if I bad refused to transport Health into this Island, because I knew not in what Shape she was to come: But those that are bent upon raising Objections, never fail being endued with fruitful Imaginations.

" The underwritten, Surgeon in " ordinary to the King in Qaur-" terly Waiting, do certify, That Mr. " Tomkyns, Surgeon, of London, is " the only Person in London whom " I fupply with the Remedies I " make use of at Paris for the Dif-" orders of the Urethra; and that " those who labour under such Disor-" ders, may, with great Safety, trust " themselves to his Care, he having " fufficiently practifed under me to " learn the Use and Application of " the faid Remedies; which I shall " continue to supply him with as he 45 Shall have Occasion for them.

"DARAN."

"The underwritten, Counsellor of State in ordinary, and first Physician to the King, do certify, That the above is the Hand-writing of Mr. Daran, Surgeon in ordinary to the King in Quarterly Waiting; and that Credit may be given to it.

"CHICOYNEAU."

BOOKS printed for and fold by A. MILLAR, opposite Catharine-Street in the Strand.

SYNOPSIS of the History and Cure of Venereal Diseases. From the famous Venetian Collection of Fifty-nine Writers upon this Subject, published in Latin by the celebrated Dr. Boerbaave, with his Preface and Praxis. The whole fully and compendiously translated and methodized by J. Armstrong, M. D. Wherein the Substance of all these Writers is preserved in whatever is material, only by contracting Things of little moment, and avoiding useless Repetitions In this Work are particularly shewn, 1. The Original and Progression of such Distempers in the feveral Shapes and Stages wherein they have appeared. 2. Proper Observations and Remarks; comparing, connecting, and reconciling as much as possible the antient Practice with the 3. A faithful Compendium of Dr. Aftruc's new Treatise on the Venereal Disease, whose Method is excellent, and generally regular. Made English from the Latin Original

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REMARKS

ONTHE

Disorders of the Urethra.

INTRODUCTION.

Y Design is not to present the Public with a Treatife on the virulent Gonorrhœa; it is its Consequences I have in view, never meddling with the other, but when it proves obstinate, or is contracted more than once, in which case it is generally of a worse Nature; and the usual Treatment this Disease meets with among the People of the Profession mostly leaving room to doubt, whether what appears a fresh Illness is not a Re-appearance of the first: For I think I can demonstrate, that the Remedies usually administred against this Disorder, are mostly defective. This will appear less strange, by considering the vast Number of People that labour under bad Confequences from it, which in some begin not to shew themselves till a long while after their supposed Cure; which would not be the Case, if the Method commonly used was capable of procuring a perfect one. But, was I to lay down Rules for the right Treatment ment of a Gonorrheea, I must at the same time lay open too much the Method I follow, with so much Success, against the Mischief that is so often owing to it. I will one Day shew, that my Remedies are equally efficacious against a Gonorrheea and its Consequences, and the only ones capable of producing both these Effects without any Danger of a Relapse; and I will hereafter, from a Number of Cases and Observations, which a successful Practice of twenty Years hath supplied me with, give the Public a complete Treatise on the Gonorrheea, where I shall shew its Seat, its diagnostic and prognostic Signs, and the Method of Cure. What I aim at at present, is only to treat of its Consequences.

Notwithstanding their various Appearances, they may be reduced to two Heads; an obstinate Discharge by the Urethra, and a Dissiculty of making Water. An Ulcer is the usual Source of this obstinate Running, which sometimes, however, affords but a trifling Discharge, which the Stream of Urine washes away, and renders imperceptible. This I will prove hereafter. I will at present endeavour to explain the Nature of the venereal Strangury; but I beg the Reader not to forget, that I only treat here of the Disorders of the Urethra, and

not of those of the Kidnies and Bladder.

Causes of the Venereal Strangury.

The Urethra being leffened in its Diameter, is the only Cause that can obstruct the Urine. This is occasioned either by an unnatural Contraction of its Fibres, or by something filling Part of its Cavity, or by its being compressed outwardly by some Tumor in the Parts which surround it. The obvious Causes of a venereal Obstruction of Urine are then, I. A Contraction or Shortening of the Fibres of the Urethra.

Urethra. 2. Callosities, or hard Cicatrices, left by former Ulcers ill treated. 3. Caruncles, or Carnofities, which sprout up upon these Ulcers now become sungous. 4. Callous and virulent Ulcers, situated on the Mouths of the excretory Ducts of the Prostate Glands, Vesiculæ Seminales, and of all the Glands which supply the Urethra with a Liquor to lubricate it. 5. A considerable Swelling of the Veru Montanum, which even sometimes becomes scirrhous. 6. Callous Swellings of the Prostate Glands, or Vesiculæ Seminales. 7. These Parts become sungous, or of a spungy Nature, and easily disposed to swell. 8. Some particular Concretion lessening the Diameter of the Urethra. We shall consider each of these Causes separately.

The Contraction of the Fibres of the Urethra.

The First Caufe.

I know of nothing capable of contracting the Fibres of the Urethra, but sharp, stimulating, and aftringent Remedies; whose Particles, by their Irritation, crifp them up, as it were, and lessen their natural Length. These Particles have much the same Effect on the Fibres, as the Matter itself which is produc'd in the Urethra by the venereal Virus; which, by stimulating its Fibres, shorten them to fuch a Degree, that they become incapable of the Extension they are naturally design'd to have, when the Blood is forc'd into the Corpora cavernosa Penis; whence is produc'd that Symptom call'd Chordee: Because, in this Case, the Shortness of the Urethra pulls down the Glans, as it were, with a Cord. This Complaint, which is also owing, in a great measure, to the inflammatory State of the Parts, is, of all other, the most troublesome and painful; Erections being most frequent in the worst Gonor-B 2 rhœas:

rhœas: If, then, it is true, that Astringents, us'd in a Gonorrhœa have much the same Effect as the Virus that first produc'd it, was there no other Reason, their Use ought to be intirely abolish'd; but there are many more. And the best Practitioners have long inveigh'd against their Use, in all Cases, but especially in Gonorrhœas, and with a great deal of Reason. Tho' what I have said here be somewhat foreign to my Subject, as Astringents are only remote Causes of the Dissiculty of Urine, it concerns the Public too nearly to be undeceiv'd of their pretended Essicacy, to let this Opportunity pass by without doing it.

The bad Effects of Astringents.

Those who will take the Trouble of reading my Observations, will see how little is to be trusted to them. Several of my Patients have us'd them without any Benefit; others, after having feen them anfwer in Appearance, have been fortunate enough to overcome the Violence of their Action by the mere Help of Nature, and the Running has appear'd again; others, because, perhaps, their Injections were both cathæretic and aftringent, have had no Return of the Running, but have paid dearly for the Suppression of a Discharge much more troublesome than painful. I conjecture, that Injections of this Nature were administer'd to the Patient treated of in Case 71. Book III. which brought on fo great a Contraction of the Passage, that the Course of Urine was intirely stopp'd: These Reafons have induc'd me to place this Contraction among the Number of Causes of the venereal Difficulty of Urine.

It is obvious, that Emollients are ferviceable in these Contractions; and that the greater their emollient Quality is, the more efficacious they are: But can there be a better Reason for banishing intirely the Use of Astringents, than their want of Efficacy, either in not operating at all, or in having but a transitory Effect, or a dangerous one when it lasts, which we are oblig'd to destroy, to prevent Mischief?

That these are their usual Effects, no one can doubt. And I can apply to all honest Practitioners for the Truth of what I affert. But as my Readers cannot ask them the Question themselves, let us give them the Sentiments of those whose Authority cannot be call'd in Question. Astruc, in the 3d Book of his Treatise on Venereal Disorders, Chap. X. fpeaking of the Errors usually committed in the Treatment of Gonorrhœas, mentions "the injudi-"cious Use of astringent Injections into the Urethra " in Men, and into the Vagina in Women, with the " Lap. Medicamentos. Croll. Colcoth. the Powder of "Verny, and with fuch styptic, vitriolic, alumi-" nous Powders, which, by ftreightening the Urethra, " bring on dreadful Stranguries, which fucceed but "too much already to Gonorrhœas, and caufe " often a general Infection, whenever the least Par-"ticle of Virus still remains in the Semen, or feminal "Fluids, whose Discharge is suppress'd." He adds, in the 4th Chapter, that the rash Use of astringent Injections, by stopping a virulent Running, is to be look'd on as one of the Causes of the Abscess in Peringo, which fucceeds to a Gonorrhoea. To have a just Idea of these Abscesses, take but the Trouble of reading Cases 1.84. and 94. of Book III. and you will fee what Miferies Men are plung'd into by them.

Col De Vilars is fuller than Astruc, on the bad Effects of Astringents. I will transcribe here, what he says on that Subject in the 4th Book of his Trea-

tife of Surgery.

"This Method of curing virulent Gonorrhœas is as dangerous as it is speedy. Experience has but too often taught us, that vitriolic, astringent Inje-B 2 "Etions,

" ctions, or those that are loaded with a fix'd acid "Salt, as those of Musitan, those made up with the " Lap. Medicament. Colcoth. or styptic and alumi-" nous Powders, that fuddenly stop the Discharge, " never fail bringing on very bad Symptoms, often " an universal Taint, when they are administer'd at "the Beginning of the Difease, or before the Virus " has been fubdu'd by fuitable Remedies. For the " Matter which is running off, or beginning to run " off, from those Organs which are the Seat of the "Gonorrhœa, being stopp'd of a sudden, accumu-" lates, ferments, and becomes of a tharper Na-"ture; infecting all the Fluids that are brought "there. This Virus, increasing thus in Quantity " and Quality, affects all the Parts of Generation, " falls even down into the Testicles by the Vasa de-" ferentia, brings on a violent Inflammation, or increases that which was beginning to appear, chiefly "in the Urethra, and Neck of the Bladder: For "the Blood-veffels being contracted and strangled, 66 by the Irritations occasion'd by the saline and "flyptic Parts of the Injection to their Fibres, "the Circulation of the Blood is obstructed; whence arise Swellings of the Corpora Cavernosa " and Corpus Spongiosum Uretbræ, Ulcers in the Pas-" fage, Dyfury, Strangury, and all the worst Sym-" ptoms that attend a Gonorrhoea. If the Virus is "very fubtil and active, and its Discharge by the "Urethra is stopp'd, it makes its way into the lym-" phatic and Blood-veffels, mixes itself with the "whole Habit of Body, and produces a general " Lues, which foon manifests itself by Head-achs, "nocturnal Pains all over the Body, Exostofes, " Eruptions, Buboes, or venereal Ulcers; unless the Poison fixes itself, for some time, in some Part or other, whence it may be roufed afterwards by " fome Distemper, or Irregularity of Living. But if this Virus is of a gross, sluggish, inactive Na-66 ture,

"ture, and is lodg'd only in the Glands of the Urethra, whence it has not had time to difintangle and rouse itself, it fixes its Abode in these Glands, hardens them, and remains dormant there sometimes for a considerable Number of Years, without occasioning any bad Symptom; till, heated and enliven'd by some external or internal Cause, it begins to act, and produces some particular Complaints, which are seldom attributed to their real Cause."

Col De Vilars, in observing, that Astringents cause a great deal of Mischief, when us'd at the Beginning, or before the Virulence is off, seems to instinuate, that there is not the same Danger in using them at the End of the Disease, or when the Virulence is remov'd. I confess, that the Use of Astringents might be adviseable, if the Running was owing only to the Relaxation of the excretory Ducts; but Experience has taught me, that this Complaint is the Effect of an Ulcer in the Urethra that has remain'd uncicatriz'd; for which Reason, I intirely banish the Use of Astringents in general in the Cure of Gonorrhæas.

Callosities, or Cicatrices.

The Second Cause.

The Callosities, or callous Scars, commonly call'd Strictures, which venereal Ulcers have, by ill Treatment, left in the Urethra after their Cure, are the second Cause of the venereal Difficulty of Urine.

Aftruc is also of my Opinion, in admitting this as one of the Causes of this Disorder. This eminent Author, as also Col De Vilars, will often be mention'd in this Book, because their Works not only contain in them whatever has been wrote with B 4

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Judgment on the venereal Disease, but they explain themselves with so much Order and Perspicuity, that I would not deprive my Readers of the Light they confer upon these Subjects. Thus Astruc, Book III. Chap. IV. in the fore-mention'd Treatife: "If the "Ulcers heal at last, which they effectually often "do, there is Danger of their leaving, in their Room, " hard Cicatrices, and of the Membrane of the "Urethra becoming wrinkled and contracted in that "Part, whence its Diameter will be leffen'd, espe-" cially if the Ulcers were deep, and their Cicatrices " be callous; which often happens in these Kinds of "Ulcers, which we cannot come at to deterge. "Here is then a fecond Caufe of the Strangury, or "Difficulty of Urine, which will eafily produce a "total Suppression, if the Cicatrices happen to swell. "To confirm what I have faid, I can produce the " fimilar Case of those who remain what the French " call bridé after a Salivation, which is owing to "the Ulcers of the Mouth having eat in as " far as the Tendons of the masticatory Muscles; " whence the hard Cicatrices which form themselves " upon these Ulcers, pucker up, as it were, the "Tendons, which by that means tye up the lower " Jaw with fo much Force, that they are not able " to open their Mouths."

I could bring feveral others who admit of Callofities in the Urethra: But I will stop with Dionis; who, treating of the Obstructions Surgeons meet with in passing the Catheter into the Bladder, mentions Callosities along the Urethra, occasion'd by the Scars of Ulcers, which so far lessen its Diameter, as to prevent the Introduction of the Catheter, in spite of all Endeavours us'd to force it in. He again speaks more fully on this Subject in treating of Carnosities, which shall be mention'd in the following

Article.

Carnesities, Caruncles, or Excrescences.

The Third Cause.

The Third Cause of the venereal Strangury arises from Caruncles, Carnolities, or Excrescences, which fprout up upon the Ulcers of the Urethra, when become fungous. Several eminent Surgeons and Anatomists deny the Existence of Carnosities; among others, Palfyn and Dionis, who, of the two lastmention'd Causes, make but one. This is what is alleg'd by the first in his Chirurgical Anatomy, Part II. Chap. XXII. " As the Cicatrices which ensue from "these Ulcers render the Diameter of the Urethra " narrower, this Narrownels of the Passage hinders "the free Egress of the Urine, and is mistaken for "an Excrescence, to which the Name of Carnosity " is given. But as the Urine of those who give "themselves up to an Excess of Drinking" (he might have faid to any other Excess), "being excessively "heated, stimulates the Urethra, and causes a Flu-" xion of Humours, which swells the Parts round "the Cicatrices, which are harder, and less flexible, "than the rest of the Passage; these Swellings prove " fo many Obstacles to the coming out of the Urine: "And in paffing a Candle or Probe into the Urethra, "every one of them cause a Resistance; which in-"duces the Operator to believe, that his Instrument " is ftopp'd by fo many Carnofities." Palfyn feems to have declar'd his Sentiment against Carnosities, after due Reflection; and, ac-

cording to all Appearance, what follows here strength-

ened his Opinion.

"Garengeot," fays he, lower, "in his Treatife on " Chirurgical Operations (first Edition), relates, That "Mr. Arnaud denies their Existence; and that Mr. 56 Petit, an eminent Surgeon of Paris, who is of the

" fame Opinion, affirms, That he has open'd feveral "Perfons whom one might have expected to have " labour'd under these pretended Carnosities or Ci-" catrices; who, nevertheless, had the internal Sur-" face of the Urethra very fmooth: So that the Ob-" struction, perceivable by the Catheter, is, according " to these Gentlemen, nothing but a Swelling of the " fpungy Substance of the Uretbra, which streightens " it; and is occasion'd by some of its Vessels being va-" ricous" (he here directs to the 73d Observation of Saviard). "Mr. Petit," adds Palfyn, "has pre-" fented to the Royal Academy of Sciences the Bladder " of a Man who died of a Suppression of Urine, " who was the twelfth he had opened that had died " of that Distemper, without meeting with any Car-" nosity in their Urethra: In the third of these he " found the Prostate Gland pressing in upon the Neck of the Bladder, and, by that means, preventing the " Passage of the Urine, and rendering the Intro-" duction of the Catheter extremely difficult."

"The Reality of this Diftemper," fays Dionis, in his Operations of Surgery, Demonst. III. "has been thought so well established by our Predecessors, that no body has dar'd to contradict it. They gave out, that the virulent Humour in a Gonor-rhoea, distilling continually from the Prostate Glands, ulcerates the Urethra by its Acrimony; and that from thence ensues sungous Flesh, which causes this Disorder. It was rather the Interest of those who pretended to particular Remedies for its Cure, to consirm this Error, than to expose it; and so much the more, as this Distemper was given up by real Surgeons, and was become the Prey of Em-

Carnosities are, then, according to Dionis, the Children of Interest and Deceit. Surgeons have given up this Distemper; it is become the Prey of Empirics. This hard Sentence pronounc'd against the greatest

greatest Men that ever treated of the venereal Difease, against the most skilful Surgeons of former Ages, against the famous Paré, is farther confirmed in this Author. "In spite of the strictest Search I " have made in opening those Bodies who were faid " to have laboured under them, I have not yet met " with any, nor have I ever feen any Surgeon that " affirms to have feen them, I mean any that de-" ferves to be credited. I know there are many " who labour under the Complaints I have mention'd; " but they are not owing to Carnofities: They are "the Confequences of one or feveral Gonorrhœas, "that have corroded and ulcerated the Urethra in " feveral Places. Now the Cicatrices, which enfue " upon these Ulcers, being hard, and somewhat of "the Nature of a Callus, contract the Passage; and "the Urine meets thereby with an Impediment in " its coming out; and these same Cicatrices obstruct "the Introduction of the Catheter, which is imagin'd

" to hit against Carnofities." Mr. De la Faye, a famous Surgeon of Paris, in his Remarks upon Dionis's Treatise of Operations, not only falls in with the Opinion of his Author, but confirms it by Authorities. "The Difficulties and "Suppressions of Urine," says he, "which happen "to those who in their Youth have had one or se-" veral Gonorrhœas, whether ill or well treated, are " occasion'd by these last Disorders" (Strictures in the Urethra by Cicatrices, the varicous Swelling of the Corpus Spongiosum Uretbræ, and that of the Prostate Gland); " and not by fleshy Excrescences or "Carnofities, as it was imagin'd formerly, and as " fome still maintain to this Day. The Diffection of "the Bodies of those who have died of this Dif-" temper, has diffuaded our Author from this Opi-" nion, as also, all the good Practitioners of these "Days" (See the Ephemerides of Germany, Cent. 1. and 2. or The Chirurgical Library of Manget, and

the ,

the 73d Observation of Saviard); " for they have " not met with those fleshy Excrescences in the "Urethra, but hard Cicatrices caus'd by Ulcers, " which contracted the Parts; or the Proftate Gland "tumified, and preffing upon the Neck of the "Bladder; or, in fine, a varicous Swelling of the " Corpus Spongiosum Urethræ, occasion'd by Irregu-" larities of any kind, when these hard Cicatrices " have already begun to lessen the Diameter of the " Urethra, the least Swelling of the Parts is suffi-" cient to bring on a total Suppression of Urine. " I have examined a great Number of Bodies of " Persons that died of this Distemper, or had la-" boured under it while alive; and I have never " met with any fleshy Excrescence, or even Wart. " Nevertheless I do not believe it impossible but " that they may be met with in the Uretbra, pro-" ceeding from Ulcers, as it happens in other Parts " of the Body. What we may conclude from the " foregoing Observations is, that this is seldom the " Case, and that hard Cicatrices, the Swelling of " the Prostate Gland, and that of the Corpus Spong. " Uretbræ, are the most frequent Causes of these

" Sorts of Suppressions of Urine."

After fuch positive Authorities, doth not Interest or Obstinacy seem to be the only possible Motives for maintaining the Existence of Carnosities? Does not Mr. Petit, the Man in all Europe who has had it most in his Power to learn, by Diffection, the Nature of venereal Complaints, and who, to use the Words of Palfyn, has opened a great Number of unhappy Victims of the Fire of Youth, declaring himself against Carnosities, seem to force the Assent of every body to his Opinion? Dionis, nor any other Surgeon that he knows of, at least not any that deserve to be credited, have ever been able to find out any. Mr. De la Faye has never met with any fleshy Excrescence, or even Wart, in any of the Bodies he has diffected, who had died of this Diffemper, or who had laboured under it while alive: Can any thing be more positive than these Authorities?

It is not Interest that engages me to stand against these worthy Gentlemen: For what avails it to me what Name is given to the feveral diforderly States of the Urethra, whereby its Diameter being leffened, the Passage of Urine is interrupted? It is fufficient for me and the Public, that I eafily and radically overcome those Obstacles, of whatsoever Nature they be. It would redound greatly to my Honour, if they were all reckoned Callofities, which Dionis pronounces incurable; my curing them would then be a Miracle. "When, fays he, Cal-66 losities in the Urethra have drove us to this " Puncture (in Perinæo), the Patient must resolve to " wear a Cannula the rest of his Life." And in my Method we have to do with neither Puncture nor Cannula. But the clearing up this still doubtful Point, obliges me to engage in the Difpute; and I hope to do it to the Satisfaction of every one.

I answer then to the Authors I have quoted; 1st, That it is possible (tho' it were somewhat extraordinary indeed), that in the several Bodies mentioned to have been opened by Anatomists, no Carnosity might be met with; and yet, as the Number of those who have not been opened, is infinitely greater, their negative Argument might be of no Force; and Mr. de la Faye himself grants the Possible.

fibility of these Excrescences.

I answer, 2dly, by bringing other Authorities which make for me; and I say also, that we may conclude from the Words of Dionis, that some Surgeons have mentioned the Existence of Carnosities. It is true, he does not look upon them as worthy to be credited; but it is but too well known how Assent is given or refused, as People fall in with our Opinions, or contradict them. The va-

ricous Swelling of the spungy Substance of the Urethra, which Mr. De la Faye admits of, with Arnaud and Petit, is a kind of Carnosity, as we shall prove hereafter.

If Excrescences have met with Antagonists of great Name, they have also met with great Protectors. " Carnofities," fays Paré, Book XIX. " are discover'd by the Catheter, that cannot be in-"troduc'd freely into the Urethra, but meets with " as many Stops as there are Carnofities; as alfo, by "the Difficulty the Patient has to make Water. "The Water comes out like a Thread, fork'd, ob-" liquely, fometimes Drop by Drop, with violent "Straining; fo that the Patient is often oblig'd to "go to Stool at the same time, as it happens to "those who have the Stone in the Bladder: After " having ceas'd to make Water, there remains some " Part of it behind the Carnofity; the fame hap-" pens to the Semen in Coitu, fo that he is oblig'd to " press them gently out of the Penis afterwards: "Some are attack'd with a total Suppression of "Urine, in which the Bladder fuffers fuch a painful "Distention, that a great Inflammation and Ab-" sceffes in several Places ensue, and the Urine " pent in makes itself several Outlets through the " Perinæum, the Scrotum, through the Body of the " Penis, by the Groin, as I have feen it happen to " feveral; and this State of the Diftemper is incu-" rable."

These are Paré's own Words. Must the Title of real Surgeon be refus'd him, because he argues for Carnosities? Is he an Empiric, or a Boaster of Nostrums? Will it be said, that his Interest led him to countenance this salse Notion, rather than to oppose it? Such is, however, the Judgment we must make of him, if we are ruled by Dionis. For my Part, I believe, that what he advanced was grounded on what he had seen; and no Proof to the contrary can

be brought. Perhaps he has been too prodigal of the Name of Carnofity; but this Mistake he might easily fall into, as Callosities may produce the same Effect. But this is stopping too long about presumptive Proofs, when positive ones are at hand.

We may very well fuppose, that Col De Vilars was not ignorant of what we have mention'd; but the Existence of Callosities has not been thought, by him, to deftroy that of Carnolities, "It is usual," fays he, "to attribute this Strangury to Carnofities "bred in the Urethra by the Ulcers caus'd there by " the venereal Virus: It is true, that these Carnosities " or Caruncles, which are nothing but Hyperfarcofes, " or Excrescences of fungous or callous Flesh, may "be form'd there, as it happens to all other Ulcers; " and they have in Reality been found there, contrary " to the Opinion of many. But this is not the only " one, nor the most frequent Cause of this Stran-"gury." He fays it is owing chiefly to Strictures, the Swelling of the Veru Montanum, Cowper's or Proftate Glands. We shall have Occasion to speak of these several Causes, and to examine whether Carnosities are as rarely met with as he imagines: It is enough, for the prefent, that, contrary to the Opinion of many People, they are really met with. Let us now return to Astruc.

These are his own Words, in the 3d Book of his fore-mention'd Treatise, Chap. IV. "As the ve"nereal Ulcers of the Urethra cannot be come at
"with detersive Remedies, but, on the contrary,
"grow more and more fordid every Day, being con"tinually over-run by purulent Secretions, and a very
sharp Urine; they must often produce Excress
"cences of fungous Flesh, to which the Name of
"Carnosities or Caruncles is given; which are cal"lous or fungous, large or small, broad or stat, or
long and slender; situated in this or that Part of
the Urethra, more or less numerous, according to

"the Quality and Quantity of the Humour which produced them, and according to the Extent, "Number, and Situation of the Ulcers, which newer happens without greatly obstructing the "Urine.

"I am not ignorant, that feveral Physicians in "these Days look upon the Existence of Caruncles " as a Chimæra; and they are, perhaps, induced to "this Belief by no other Reason (considering the "Unsettledness of Mens Opinions) than because the "Physicians of the last Centuries look'd upon Ca-" runcles as the only Causes of the Strangury that " comes on after Gonorrhœas; but they are both " blameworthy, for having judg'd with too much " Precipitation. The Antients are wrong in reject-"ing all the other Causes of Strangury, which are "even more confiderable, and more frequent; and "the Moderns are inexcusable for denying rashly, " and without Foundation, the Existence of Carun-" cles; fince what happens to all other fordid Ulcers " fhews, by Analogy, the Poffibility of them; and "the Diffection of Bodies, the Reality of them. "It is true, they are not fo frequently met with as "the Antients did imagine, and as Mountebanks "fill believe; but they are frequent enough to de-" ferve being rank'd among the other Caufes of the

"Strangury."

If Mr. Astruc had had the handling of my Candles as often as myself, he could not express himself with more Correctness on the Situation and Shape of Carnosities; my Observations tally exactly with what he advances about them: Twenty Years Practice do not enable me to add any thing farther. But how comes it to happen, that the Opening of Bodies shews the real Existence of Carnosities? And that Dionis, Petit, and La Faye, who have opened so many, have never perceiv'd any? Perhaps, in the Bodies they open'd, the relax'd slabby State of the Parts

Parts render'd these Excrescences imperceptible; or, perhaps, really the Stoppages they had perceiv'd in their Patients, during their Lives, were of another Nature.

As Messieurs Astruc and Col De Vilars go no farther than barely saying that the Dissection of Bodies has prov'd the Existence of Carnosities, without bringing any Fact; the Reader will not be displeas'd at my making Amends for this Omission. Ant. Pascal, in his Treatise on Gonorrhæas, Article 3. mentions two Soldiers, who died in 1718. in the Hospital of Milan, who were open'd in the Presence of several Physicians, whose Urethras were found beset with sungous and callous Excrescences, that occasion'd their Deaths, by bringing on so stubborn a Suppression of Urine, that it yielded to no fort of Remedy, not even to the Operation they underwent to procure the Evacuation of it.

This Fact is unquestionable; and had it been liable to the least doubt, I would not have ventur'd inserting it in a Memorial I presented in 1730. to Count Garelli, first Physician to the Emperor Charles VI. who was desirous of being inform'd of my Method of Cure in the Treatment of the bad Consequences of Gonorrheas, before he would entrust me with the care of several Persons of the first

Distinction in the Imperial Court.

But why should I call in the Assistance of the Dead, when the Living can speak for me? I am ready to convince the most incredulous, by making them feel, themselves, the Carnosities; so as not to leave them the least room to call them in question. Nothing can give me more Pleasure, than being taken at my Word. I will demonstrate to them, as far as it is possible, that real Excrescences, wholly different from Strictures caus'd by Cicatrices, are form'd in the Urethra: For was there nothing but Strictures brought on by this Cause, those Parts of

the Urethra which were nearest to the Obstacle would be the most contracted, and those which were the most remote would be the least so; so that this Tube would refemble two Funnels, whose Points met at the Stricture: Whereas I can shew, that a Carnofity is a fort of Fungus, which grows in one Part of the Urethra, without its Diameter being leffen'd either on one Side or other of it. And I have prov'd the Truth of what I advance to feveral of the most eminent and learned Physicians and Surgeons, by dreffing, in their Presence, the Patient who is the Subject of the 71st Observation. I make mention of this, preferably to many others, because the Carnofity or Excrescence was visible; it stopp'd intirely the Passage from the Root of the Nut, as far as a Fiftula, that was fituated in the middle of the Urethra, thro' which the Carnofity was feen very distinctly. I call to witness all those that saw it, and I ask them, Whether it was not a true Fungus, wholly different from Cicatrices? There is another Patient. whom I dress'd in the Presence of several Gentlemen of the Profession, who is the Subject of Case 65. and I ask them, If the Excrescence, which began at fome Lines distance from the Entrance of the Urethra, that was feveral Inches long, and gave Issue to the Water but by a very small Opening; I ask, Whether this was only a Contraction of the Urethra? And whether its Diameter was not the fame, from its Entrance to the Carnofity? I could bring, if there was occasion, an Observation of Mr. Fitzgerald, Professor of the University of Physic of Montpelier; who affirms having feen, in that Town, an Excrescence that budded out to such a Degree, that the Patient was forced now-and-then to cut off that Part which hung out of the Urethra. Let the Oppofers of Carnofities explain how a mere Stricture of the Urethra could be attended with fuch a Phænomenon. This might, no doubt, be more easily accounted 2532

counted for by that Symptom call'd the Puffing up of the Corpus Spongiosum Urethræ, which is faid to be often mistaken for Carnosities: This is accounted for in this manner; the internal Membrane of the Uretbra having been weaken'd, or rather corroded through, by a venereal Ulcer, it is not at all extraordinary that the Corpus Spongiofum Urethræ, being diffended by fome Caufe or other, should jet out on that Side where it meets with no Relistance, and should, consequently, make its way into the Urethra by the Orifice made in it by the Erofion of the Ulcer. We have feen above, in the Paffage I brought out of Mr. De la Faye's Remarks on the Operations of Dionis, that the varicous Swelling of the Corpus Spongiofum Uretbræ, brought on by Irregularities of any kind, is one of the Caufes of the venereal Strangury.

One accounts very well, this way, for what is sometimes observ'd, that a leaden Probe, or any other, restores, very soon, the free Course of the Water, by compressing the Corpus Spongiosum Urethræ that was pussed up; as also, how this same Obstruction soon returns, after taking out the Probe; how the Urethras of Persons that had labour'd under Carnosities during their Lives, were found free from them after their Deaths: For the Rarefaction of the Humours, which lasts only with Life, kept the Cells of the spungious Bodies swell'd beyond the Level of the internal Membrane of the Urethra; this Force ceasing to act, the Cells had emptied themselves gradually,

and recovered their usual Size.

This Theory is so conformable to my way of Thinking, and Observations, that I wholly admit of it. Instead of being an Objection to the Existence of Carnosities, it is rather a Proof of it: For what is, in reality, this pussing-up of the spungious Substance of the *Urethra*, which yields to Compression, and returns again when that is remov'd, but a real

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Carnofity? which, smaller and softer in its Beginning, easily gives way to the Body which compresses it, but which, growing larger afterwards, and acquiring more Solidity, makes a greater Resistance, and, at last, totally obstructs the Passage of the Urine? The Ulceration of the internal Membrane of the Uretbra, which before kept the spungious Substance within its

Bounds, first gave rise to this Excrescence.

The Operation of my Remedy is conformable to this: The loofe fungous Flesh is, by it, melted down and fuppurated, the found remaining untouched. Let it not be imagin'd that I attribute an intelligent Power to it, if it acts on the difeas'd rather than on the found Parts; it is because the first is of such a Nature, as to be affected by the active Particles of my Remedy; whereas the latter is guarded against their Action by the internal Membrane of the Urethra: Besides, these same active Particles stir up, and fet in motion, the Virus which generally remains clogg'd up, and inactive, in those fungous Swellings. There is no wonder, then, that my Remedy should act upon them without having any effect on those which are in a found State. This is prov'd, beyond contradiction. by an Experiment, which I will put in practice as often as defir'd: I will introduce one of my Sounds into the Urethra of a healthy Person,' and will leave it there a fufficient time, for it to act on the glandulous Bodies of which it is compos'd; I will then remove it, and the keenest Sight shall not be able to perceive upon it the least drop of a foreign Moisture: I will then immediately pass the fame Sound into a difeas'd Urethra, and, in lefs time than it had remain'd in the found one, it will be charg'd with a purulent Matter, furnish'd by the difeas'd part of the Uretbra. You may even spare yourfelf this double trouble; it is enough to take notice, that the Sound comes out charg'd with purulent Matter at those Places only which were in -284 Contact

Contact with the Part or Parts affected. I conclude from hence, that, fince my Sounds bring off, in Suppuration, these preternatural Substances, whatever they be, that obstruct or fill, in part, the Urethra; they are fungous Flesh, an Hypersarcosis, or, if you please, a Jetting-in, or Tumesaction of the spungy Substance of the Urethra, which has made its way into its cavity by the Opening caus'd in it by the Ulcer, which had partly destroy'd its internal Membrane.

I am not feeking to raife up Controversies; my Aim is to clear up this important matter, and to be useful to Mankind, that so often labour under the bad consequences of former Gonorrhoeas. I then repeat it once more: The spungy Substance of the Urethra is the most frequent cause of the Excrescences which give way to my Remedies; and its particular Structure greatly conduces to the production of this Evil: But the Ulceration, which was the original Cause, is what maintains it. These Carnosities are very various. I will not engage in any Inquiry about their different Natures: It is sufficient, for my present purpose, that I have prov'd their real Existence, and that they yield to my Method of Cure.

Though it may seem useless to carry farther the Proofs of the Reality of Caruncles, I cannot pass over the Authority of a Surgeon of Paris, who had acquir'd a Reputation in the venereal Business. Mr. Dubois, in his New Treatise on Venereal Disorders, p. 22. expresses himself thus: "When a Gonor-"rhœa is produc'd by so sharp a Virus, it often happens, that the spungy Part of the Urethra is considerably injur'd, which being excessive tender, nervous, and of a quick Sensation, susceptible of the most pungent Irritations, and the sharpest Pains, occasions the worst Accidents; which often, after they have disappear'd, leave behind them some Complaints which give as much

" Trouble

" Trouble to the Patient and Surgeon, as any other

"Symptom whatfoever of the Lues, I mean Car"nofities; in the Treatment of which many Sur-

" geons fail. These forts of Excrescences, which

" are fituated in the middle of the Urethra, cause inexpressible Pains to the unhappy Sufferers, and

" puzzle most Surgeons."

I must take notice, before I end this article, that there are two forts of Carnosities; one without any sensible Ulceration, the other manifestly ulcerated. They are judg'd callous, says Ambrose Paré, when no superfluous Moisture slows from them: Those which are ulcerated, are known by the Discharge that issues from them. Besides those which are met with among the following Cases, I will bring here the Example of one which is inserted in the Memorial I presented to Count Garelli.

In the Month of April, 1728. the Marquis De Prié, of Turin, sent for me to that City, to see one Maurice Franquetti, his Steward, who labour'd under a Strangury. The Sound I pass'd in met with no Obstruction before I came to the excretory Ducts of the Vehiculæ Seminales and Prostate Glands, where I found fome fleshy Excrescences that were ulcerated, and which would not fuffer me to advance farther without giving Pain. I took him in hand, and perfected his Cure by the end of the May following. Tho' he had been troubled with this Distemper ever fince 1716. he enjoy'd a very good State of Health in 1730. when I presented Count Garelli with my Memorial; enabling him, at the same time, to inform himself of the truth of my Relation, by letting him know that Franquetti was then at Vienna.

Ulcers of the Urethra.

The Fourth Caufe.

I now come to the Fourth Cause of the venereal Strangury, which I attribute to stubborn, virulent, callous Ulcers, situated on the excretory Ducts of the Prostate Glands, Vesiculae Seminales, and of all the Glands that supply the Uretbra with a Mucus to

line its internal Membrane.

After the total disappearing of the bad Symptoms of a virulent Gonorrhoea, there often remains behind a stubborn Running, known in the World by the name of Gleet, or Relaxation of the Parts. "When," fays Mr. Aftruc, in his Treatife on Venereal Diforders, Book III. Chap. IV. p. 111. " a Person has had " feveral Gonorrhoas, and even fometimes but one "that has prov'd obstinate, he is often plagu'd for " feveral Months, Years, and fometimes his whole " Life, with an involuntary Discharge of Semen? "This Discharge is sometimes small, but constant, " whether walking, fitting, or doing any other "Function; in others it is not fo constant, but in " greater quantity, and in larger drops, when they " strain, in the least, to go to Stool; when they give way to any lascivious Thoughts, or attempt " Coition."

I have already taken notice, that this Discharge, in the vulgar Phrase, is term'd a Gleet, or Relaxation of the Parts; and those that are troubled with it are very easy about its Consequences; looking on it only

as a present inconvenience.

I wish I were not oblig'd to disturb their security; but their Interest, and that of Truth, would be sufferers by my silence. I grant, then, as I have already done, that the excretory Ducts of the Glands of the *Uretbra* are liable to a Relaxation, as all the

other Vessels of a human Body are; but I will take upon me to prove, that the Discharge we are treating of, is almost always supply'd by an Ulcer, which has withstood all the Remedies which have overcome the other Symptoms of a Gonorrhoea; and, what will perhaps appear strange, I will draw the first Proofs of my Opinion from the Works of those who have taken the other side of the question. These are the Words of Mr. De la Mettrie, in his New Treatise on Venereal Disorders, p. 165.

"Sometimes the Matter of a Gonorrhæa becomes brown, resembling the dregs of Oil; looks
as if it were mix'd with Dust, and is not glutinous: It is then impossible to cure it, without
leaving behind a small Running; because, the
"Urethra being corroded by the sharpness of the
Humours, there are Sinuses form'd, which prove
painful the remainder of Lise, and are only made
worse by the use of Remedies." P. 193. he stiles
this small Running "an endless Running;" and
adds, that "it proceeds from the widen'd Mouths
of the Vessels now become paralytic, which can-

" not be restor'd to their natural Elasticity." The Author, in these Quotations, disagrees with himself. The small endless Running proceeds from Sinuses which the Poison has dug in the Urethra; Sinuses which are attended with Pains that are only increas'd by the use of Remedies; afterwards, all this is a Paralysis: But how should a paralytic state, which is next to that of Insensibility, be attended with Pain? Why doth he complain of Remedies increasing the painful Sensation? the Remedies which are good against this kind of Disorder acting only by their stimulating quality. Mr. De la Mettrie, in the first Quotation, speaks as a strict Obferver of Nature; but having, no doubt, fuffer'd himself to be carried away by the vulgar notion, he sent wis contracted the land the contract has

has express'd himself, in the second, in the vulgar

phrase.

It is not to be wonder'd at that Mr. De la Mettrie, having forfaken this Opinion, adds afterwards; "But this Discharge is no more to be regarded than if, after a long Catarrh, the pituitary Membrane of Schneider separated more Mucus than before. "One may enter into the matrimonial State with

" this Running, without any fear of defiling the nup" tial Bed, if it is not attended with any Virulence."

Gonorrhœas, those, at least, that have any bad Symptoms, are produced by Ulcers; this is granted by all Authors in general: The sharpness of the Humours forms Sinuses, which occasion Pains for life; and the Discharge which is supply'd by these Sinuses has nothing virulent in it! Indeed this is above comprehension

comprehention. Mr. Astruc entertains a very different Opinion. "We have already taken notice," fays he, Book III. Chap. IV. "that the virulent Matter of a Go-" norrhœa almost always produces Ulcers in some " part or other of the Urethra, and chiefly on the " extremities of the excretory Ducts of the Veficula " Seminales and Proftate Glands. When a Gonor-" rhoea is neglected, or ill treated (which, according " to my Opinion, is almost always the case), these " Ulcers are rarely perfectly well healed, especially " those that are situated on the excretory Ducts of " the Glands, or are near them; because they are " continually fupply'd with, and stimulated by, the " virulent Matter that diffils from them: Thus " from flight and superficial, which they were at " first, they must necessarily, in time, become ill-" digefted, fiftulous, and befet with callous Bodies; " and leffen, by that means, more or lefs, the dia-" meter of the Urethra; obstruct, more or less, the " course of the Urine; as the heat or sharpness of

"the Blood, stirr'd up, at the same time, by some

" irre-

" irregularity in Diet, occasions a greater or lesset

" Swelling to the edges of them."

Here is certainly a very different Doctrine from that of Mr. De la Mettrie. Is there any necessity to ask Mr. Astruc if the Running, we are speaking of, is virulent? It is the consequence of those Ulcers that constituted the Gonorrhoea, which, having been ill treated, are now ill-digested, sistulous, and beset with callous Bodies; that is to say, of a much worse nature than they were of when the Gonorrhoea was recent: And, in these circumstances, how should the Matter, that comes from them, be mild and harmless? We ought, on the contrary, to judge it of a very malignant quality.

We must confess, nevertheless, that Mr. Astructions not speak every-where in the same strain; for he says, in the Xth Chapter of the same Book, in speaking of the venereal Gonorrhæa; that "both that which is inflammatory, and caus'd by a recent taint, as that which is inveterate, and has degene- rated into a Gleet, withstands, for the most part, the most regular mercurial Frictions. It is true, that, instead of being virulent, as before the Frictions, it is now a simple Running, free from Virulence, and unable to communicate any In-

"fection."
"We have feen," fays he, farther, "that a freshcontracted virulent Gonorrheea is inflammatory,
or attended with ulcerous Inflammations, which,
in Men, occupy the Urethra. The Inflammation
and Ulceration may remain for some time in these
parts, even after the Infection has been conquer'd
by Mercury. After the Frictions, they are no
longer maintain'd by the Virus, from which they
are intirely free; they are then simple Gleets,
which are owing to local disorders, and which
time, and a suitable Regimen, are sometimes sufficient, alone, to subdue; but which may, nevertheless,

"thelefs, prove dangerous, if they last too long: "And it is therefore more adviseable to have re-

" course to the use of Remedies."

Mr. Astruc, in this, as in the foremention'd Quotation, acknowleges, that the Ulcers of a Gonorrhoea substitute of years: He contradicts himself in this only, that he believes the infection of them conquer'd by the mercurial Frictions. I will not deny but that the venereal Taint may be absolutely carried off by the use of Mercury; and yet a local disorder, such as too great a loss of Substance, may keep up the Ulcer of the Uretbra: But, grounded on my own experience, I can venture to affirm, that this is rarely the case. However, it is sufficient, for my present purpose, that these Ulcers are acknowleged by this, and other Authors: I will soon prove, beyond contradiction, that they are not in the least alter'd in their nature.

This Subject is of too great a Consequence not to be carefully attended to: To the authorities already mention'd, I will add a third, which is still more expressive. It is that of the late Mr. Guisard, who establish'd himself a great reputation at Montpelier in the treatment of venereal Disorders. He expresses himself thus in the second Edition of his Practical Dissertation, p. 200. "There are Gonor-"rhoeas that leave behind them very troublesome complaints; such as an almost incurable Discharge of seminal Fluids, Incontinencies of Urine, Dys-

" urias, and Carnofities, which last for life."

The discharge of seminal Fluids, which this Author speaks of, is not to be understood as a simple relaxation of the excretory Ducts of the Glands: He explains himself very clearly about it p. 203. "Those," says he, "that are attended with Carno- fities, are of the worst kind. A Discharge of purulent Matter which never dries up, a contimual Foulness, the Pain one endures in voiding "one's

" one's Urine, and the troublesome necessity one " lies under of always wearing a leaden Probe, are" " fuch afflicting circumstances, that it would be far better for the Patient to labour under a confirm'd " Lues, which he would certainly get rid of, than " under a Gonorrhæa of this kind, that sometimes " proves too flubborn for all forts of treatment." Mr. Guisard, by his clear manner of expressing himfelf, spares me the trouble of deducing, by consequences drawn from his Observations, and the Principles he has establish'd upon them, the Doctrine I am endeavouring to establish. This almost incurable seminal Discharge, is stil'd, in another place, a purulent Discharge of Matter which never dries up: Now can there be any other cause of a constant Discharge of purulent Matter, but a still-subsisting

I am able to confirm the Observations and Opinions left to Posterity by the best Practitioners, by

others drawn from my own experience.

Ulcer?

"We judge," fays Aftruc, Book III. Chap. IV. "that there are fome hidden Ulcers, by the Pus "which is frequently discharg'd out of the Uretbra." If I, then, procure the Issue of Pus out of this Canal, we must necessarily conclude, that there is an Ulcer there. It is very easy, I don't say to those I have under my care, but to any that will examine my Sounds when I take them out of the Uretbra, to see that they are loaded with Pus in one or more places, according to the number of Ulcers that are in the Passage.

De la Faye speaks positively about them, in his Remarks. "I have opened," says he, " several Persons, who had been treated according to this

"Method (by Caustics and sharp-edg'd Probes);

" and I found, in the fpungy substance of the Urethra, "Sinuses two Inches long, or thereabouts, whose

" direction was towards the Prostata Superior: I

" have observ'd, that these Sinuses yielded Matter;

" that they were callous, exactly round, and large

" enough to admit of a medicated Sound; and that

" their entrance was at the same place with the Ob-

"ftruction that had brought on the Suppression of Urine: Which proves, that these Sinuses were so

" many ways fram'd to themselves by Sounds of a

"caustic nature, or by sharp-edg'd Probes." De la Faye does not enter into the Nature of these Ulcers, whether venereal, or not; but his Observations evidently prove, that Ulcers may subsist for a long while in the Uretbra: And I require nothing more; having sufficiently prov'd before, that they retain the nature of the Cause that first produc'd them.

The Favourers of the Relaxation of the excretory Ducts of the Veficulæ Seminales will not, perhaps, yield to these Proofs: They will, perhaps, object, that my Remedy, by stimulating the Coats of the Vessels it is in contact with, by melting down with its active Particles their thicken'd Juices, may restore their natural Spring, and stop a Discharge which was

only owing to the relax'd state of their Fibres.

Before I set about answering this Objection, I must

take fome notice of the Effect of Bracers.

Experience does but too much shew us the Inefficacy of Bracers against those Disorders that are
owing to Relaxation. But whence this Inefficacy?
From their not being immediately apply'd to the
Seat of the Disorder; being oblig'd to take the
course of the Circulation before they can reach it.
Now those Particles which are the original Causes of
the Elasticity of the Fibres, are intirely out of the
Circulation; but were they part of the circulating
Fluid, the Effect of Bracers, altered by the various
Concoctions they have undergone, the small quantity of their Particles which will come into contact
with the Part affected, are more than sufficient to account for their usual want of Success.

But this is not the prefent Case; the whole nervous System is free: This is merely a local Disorder, to which we can immediately apply a Remedy; and if there are things powerful enough to contract the Urethra itself in such a manner as to form Obstructions in it capable almost of resisting the force with which the Urine is impell'd, we can hardly doubt but that these same Remedies would be capable of restoring the Elasticity to some weaken'd Fibres: And therefore, as Astringents, immediately apply'd to the Part, have no Effect; I may reasonably conclude, that this paralytic state of the Fibres is purely imaginary; which we may also conclude from the infallible success of my Remedy, which would not be the Case, if this was the Disorder.

After these general Remarks, I answer, that I should be very much concern'd if my Remedy was as sharp in its Action as the Astringents which have been unsuccessfully administer'd against the Discharge we are speaking of: It would then be as mischievous

as it is now ferviceable.

I add, that we ought to throw by Conjectures, when Matters of Fact are at hand, and the Effects it constantly produces demonstrate that it is no Aftringent; which would, on the contrary, if apply'd at the same time, destroy its Efficacy; for it acts by bringing on afresh the original Discharge of the Gonorrhæa; and the longer it is in causing the Suppuration of the Parts affected, the longer it is in effecting a perfect Cure: But, in this Cafe, we must not find fault with the Remedy; it is owing to the nature of the Obstructions on which it acts, as they are more or less dispos'd to receive the intestine motion whence refults Suppuration. It fo far affifts the contractile Power of the Fibres, as, by dissolving and fetting affoat the Juices which are harden'd and confin'd in the callous edges of Ulcers, it enables them to clear themselves from them; but it does not act by itrengthstrengthening and contracting them, as Bracers do, but by melting down the Juices imprison'd in the edges of Ulcers, or in the fungous and callous Excrescences of the *Urethra*, which, as I said before, arise upon the Ulcers, and form upon them a sort of Crust, which prevents the Discharge of purulent Matter. It is, nevertheless, upon the continuation of this Discharge that the Cure depends; and the Suppression of it produces those evils which force People to have recourse to me, and which no one,

besides myself, is able to cure radically.

As the Action of my Remedy confifts in bringing on a Suppuration, I have great reason to conclude, that the Pus proceeds from Ulcers that existed there before. For if my Remedy was a Caustic, which Quality would enable it to produce Ulcers, every Practitioner knows, that the Suppuration it would cause could never make so quick a Progress as that which is brought on by my Sounds; for the first Effect of a Caustic is, to produce an Eschar; and the Suppuration comes on only when the Efchar is fallen off, which is always the work of feveral Days, not of a few Hours; whereas in three or four hours, at most, often in less time, my Remedy causes all Obstructions on the Urethra, of whatever nature they be, to suppurate; which plainly proves that there is no caustic Ingredient in it, nothing capable of producing Ulcers. I am forced to infift on the Proofs of my Remedy not being a Caustic, the envy which my vast success has rais'd having prompted many to advance, That it was not furprifing I should meet with Ulcers in the Urethras of the Perfons I treated, when those Ulcers were form'd there by myself. Tho' a successful Practice sets me above these pitiful Objections, which Envy first rais'd, and Ignorance keeps up; and my best way of answering them is, to continue my Services to those who are in want of them; yet, as Honour is too nice a Point to be the least neglected, I will take the trouble of silencing them. Let the Reader but recollect what I advanced before, that I can leave one of my Sounds four Hours, or longer, in the *Urethra* of a found Person, and it shall come out unsoil'd with *Pus*; and this same Sound will be loaded with *Pus*, when taken out of a distemper'd *Urethra*. I have given a reason for it: It is therefore plain, that my Sounds do not produce these Ulcers; for they would then have the same effect on a found *Urethra*.

I defire the Reader to call to mind, besides, that I mention'd, that my Sounds came out charg'd with Pus at those Places only which answer'd to the distemper'd Parts of the Urethra. As, before the Introduction of them, I am ignorant where the Mischief lies; I am oblig'd to arm the whole length of the Sound with my Remedy: And if Ulcers are produced by it, why is not the Sound loaded with Matter its whole length? And why is a fresh Sound, introduced the next Day, charged with Matter only at

the same Place as that of the Day before?

This is more than fufficient to prove, that my Sounds are not productive of Ulcers: But, to put the Matter still more out of doubt, I will prove, that it is impossible my Sounds should have this Effect: Caustic Remedies are the only ones capable. of forming Ulcers. If we, therefore, take it for granted, that my Sounds have this Effect, they must be of a caustic nature. I will grant, farther, that Caustics can immediately bring on a Suppuration, and not cause an Eschar: This is granting to my Adversaries more than they could expect; but, notwithstanding all this, it is demonstrable, that my Sounds are not a caustic Composition; for the Inside of the Uretbra is so excessively sensible, that it is with the utmost uneafiness many Patients are brought to bear any foreign body in it. What would, then, be the Consequence, if we were to let a Caustic lie in

it, even one of the mildest Class? What Irritations would enfue from its Salts, which, while the Remedy can be call'd a Caustic, can never be blunted, or intirely sheath'd up? How could those, whose Urethras are the most sensible, ever be brought to bear my Sounds, which they nevertheless do with ease, if they were arm'd with the Spicula of a Caustic? For, if the Caustic was so far render'd milder, as to make. but a flight Impression the first Day, it would be stronger the next; and its Effect would increase, in proportion to the number of its Applications. We must, then, conclude, that it is not only impossible that my Sounds should be loaded with any Caustic; but even that any caustic Ingredient should enter into their composition. But I shall have occasion, hereafter, to make farther mention of Caustics; let us, at prefent, examine the Objections of those who are for the Relaxation of the Parts.

I advanced, in the Preface of my first Edition, that fince a recent Gonorrhæa, if it grows the least bad, is attended with an Ulcer in the Urethra; I see no reason why the continuation of the Discharge should not be attributed to the continuation of the same Cause. I am ask'd, in consequence of this, Why the Ulcers of the Inside of the Urethra do not yield to a course which overcomes all those that are met with on any

other part of the Body?

My Answer is very short. Do but consult the Authors that have wrote on the Gonorrhæa, and you'll see, that, when it is complicated with a confirm'd Lues, a Salivation does not cure it, tho' the Ulcers of the other parts of the Body are wholly eradicated by it. This is also prov'd by several of the sollowing Cases; where you will meet with People who have gone through three Salivations, without meeting with any relief to their Gonorrhæas. Can I warrant denying this Fact, because I am not able to account for it? The different Structure of the Parts,

the different Fluids on which the Virus acts, other unknown Causes, produce, in Nature, many other wonderful Phænomena; which are, nevertheless, true, tho' they contradict all the various Theories of Men.

But, to avoid all imputation that Self-interest prompts me to be of this Opinion, I will propose another Question to those who have ask'd me this; and I will stay for their Answer, before I set about giving a more mechanical one to theirs: What is the reason that a Salivation very seldom cures the tetterous Eruptions of the venereal Diftemper? For fince the Virus, to which they ow'd their Origin, and which supported them, is carry'd off by a suitable treatment; there is no apparent Reason why they should not also yield to it. Is it not conformable to the usual course of Nature, that the Effect should cease when the Cause is remov'd? These tetterous Eruptions are, nevertheless, cur'd, but not by the Affistance of antivenereal Remedies: Why should not, also, the Ulcers of the Urethra be of such a Nature, as to require to be deterg'd and cicatriz'd, by Remedies usually rang'd under another Class?

I shall, perhaps, be ask'd, farther, Whether it is usual for Ulcers, in any part of the Body whatsoever, to remain exactly in the same Condition, for ten, twenty, or thirty Years, without growing worse? It seems hard to conceive, will they say, that these sortidid Ulcers should be situated in the Urethra, without lessening its Cavity; and causing, thereby, some alteration in the stream of Urine: This, nevertheless, doth not happen to those who labour under this pretended Ulcer. These Objections may be strengthen'd with the Authority of Mr. Astruc, whose Opinion I have already made use of in my savour; that the Ulcer, from slight and superficial, must necessarily become virulent, callous, and sistulous: That, far from being deterg'd, it will every day grow fouler

and fouler; being continually expos'd to purulent fe-

minal Fluids, and a very sharp Urine.

The most learned Men are every day hard put to it, when they are to account for phyfical Matters: I could extricate myself out of this difficulty, by faying, that, having prov'd the Fact, it is not incumbent upon me to give Reasons for it; but if I am not fo lucky as to have hit upon them, I can, at least, fhew a very wide difference betwixt the Ulcers objected, and those of the Uretbra which are compar'd to them: For an Ulcer on any external part of the Body, far from meeting with relief from those things which come into contact with it, meets only with Fuel to maintain it; the Contact of the Air, the Friction from neighbouring Bodies, the continual Stay of the Sanies, cause the progress of it. The Ulcer of the Urethra is shelter'd from the Air, is not subject to the Friction of neighbouring Bodies; its Sanies is continually, or, at least, frequently, wash'd off by the Urine, now become of a milder nature: For, of all the concomitant Symptoms of the Gonorrheea, there remains now only a Running; and the Ulcer itself, whence it proceeds, is in a better state; fince its Pus is laudable, and without any heterogeneous mixture. These Ulcers are not, therefore, fubject to the same Accidents as external ones: If there remain any sharp Particles in the Sanies that come from them, they are entangled in the mucilaginous Fluids that are continually furnish'd by an infinity of Ducts, which doth not happen in the other ulcerated Parts of the Body. And there is no doubt but that some of these sharp Particles are still subsisting, as those that labour under these pretended seminal Weaknesses, upon any excess, feel pain in those Parts where they existed, during the time of the Gonorrhæa.

But what will fully demonstrate, that these Ulcers are virulent, is, that when my Remedies have disintangled

tangled the Virus which lies dormant in the Part difeas'd, the Discharge puts on its original Colour, becomes yellow or green, and the Patients communicate the Taint to those Women they are so barbarous as to be concern'd with in that Condition. I have met with married Men, who, forewarn'd by me of the dangers which they would expose their Wives to, if they should demand of them, at that time, the conjugal Duty; and who, nevertheless, not being able wholly to refrain, have sported with other Women, whom they have infected. Which evidently proves, that the Virus only remain'd inactive, but was not extinguish'd.

I shall, perhaps, be ask'd, How it happens that a Man, labouring under a venereal Ulcer, should not infect his Wife; and yet should communicate the

Difease, during the use of my Remedies?

I answer, that these Ulcers are cover'd over with fungous Flesh, which prevents the Egress of those Fluids on which the Virus acts; and that the Semen only glides over the Covering of the Ulcer, without flaying there long enough to participate of the Virus, or, at least, to be impregnated with a sufficient quantity of it to infect those Parts which it comes into contact with. Moreover, this pretended harmless Matter may occasion to Women some complaints of a different kind, which are never attributed to this cause. The Fluor Albus has never been more frequent than it is now: It is more fo in the capital City, than in the Provinces; and it is feldom met with in the Country itself. May not this be owing to a venereal Taint, now grown weaker, which, transmitted from Parents to Children, alters the nature of the Fluids, or even, perhaps, the original texture of the Solids themselves? This is not a Thought wholly my own; I can strengthen it with the Authority of Col de Vilars. I'll transcribe here what he fays, touching this Matter, in a Passage I have quoted above.

" But

But if this Virus is of a gross, sluggish, in-" active Nature, and is lodg'd only in the Glands " of the Uretbra, whence it has not had time to "difintangle and rouse itself; it fixes its Abode in " these Glands, hardens them, and remains dor-" mant there, fometimes, for a confiderable number of Years, without occasioning any bad Symptom; " till, heated and enliven'd by some external or in-" ternal cause, it begins to act, and produces parti-" cular complaints; which are feldom attributed to their real cause." Vol. IV. p. 207.

Is it impossible, that a Semen, thus alter'd, being imparted to the Woman, should produce such an Alteration in her Fluids, as will bring on some particular complaints that will seldom be attributed to their real cause? Is it not rather more conformable to the usual Course of Nature, that these complaints should come on, sooner or later? We must not, then, with Col de Vilars, look upon a Discharge of seminal Fluid as harmleis, because, for a considerable number of Years, it has been productive of no mischief.

Now it is eafy to explain how my Patients communicate the Infection, while under the use of my Remedies: This happens by their roufing and ftirring up the Virus, which was gross, suggish, and inactive, and laid dormant in the Glands of the

Urethra.

Let us put an end to this Article, which may, perhaps, already appear of too great a length, by an Observation which proves that Ulcers may, and really do, subsist, for a long while, in the Urethra. Those that have what is generally call'd a feminal Weakness, are excessive sensible to the Introduction of my Sounds, foft and pliable as they are, at the place which supplies the Discharge; which is a Proof that there is a Solution of Continuity in that place; and, confequently, an Ulcer. For a Fungus could not be fo fensible, and hard Strictures from Scars, instead of too much Sensibility, would rather be deficient

the other way.

However, it fignifies little, whether the Discharge proceeds from Ulcers, or is owing to any other cause; it is a troublesome and loathsome Distemper, the continuance of which nearly concerns those that labour under it, as it at last undermines Life itself. For, as Aftruc takes notice, Vol. III. p. 199. "If the Discharge of the Semen is great, it will gra-"dually exhauft the spirituous and balsamic part of " the Blood, and will bring on Wastings, Con-" fumptions, and the Tabes dorfalis; in the same " manner as it happens to those who give them-" felves up to an immoderate use of Women." This Disease is look'd upon as incurable by all Practitioners; it yields, nevertheless, to the Efficacy of my Remedies. Those, therefore, that are afflicted with Gleets, ought to rejoice at my having found out a Method that fecures them from all the evils they are threaten'd with by Astruc: And it is of fmall import to them to know the cause of their Illness, fince, whatever it be, I am sure to get the better of it. It is, however, still a greater bleffing to them, if it be venereal; fince, besides the evils enumerated by Astruc, they are also expos'd to those which arife from venereal Ulcers. It is even possible, that those Wastings, Consumptions, and Tabes dorfales, may be owing as much to a Reflux of the venereal Matter into the Blood, as to the excessive waste of the feminal Fluid.

I am come, at last, to the Fifth Article.

The Swelling of the Verumontanum.

The Fifth Caufe.

We have affign'd, for the fifth Cause of the venereal Strangury, the Swelling of the Verumontanum, which which even, fometimes, becomes scirrhous. This fort of Complaint is taken notice of by Col de Vilars, in these Words, in his Chirurgical Lectures, Vol. IV. p. 219. "It may also happen, in inveterate Gonor-"rheeas attended with Ulcers, or in those which are renew'd asresh, or rashly stopp'd by styptic hipections, that the Verumontanum is excoriated, tumesy'd, render'd hard and scirrhous, and proves an Obstruction to the course of the Urine."

It is easy to account for it, how this Eminence is expos'd to all these Disorders. It is situated in the Bottom of the Urethra, in that part which is, as it were, buried in the Prostatæ; it has generally two small Openings in its hind-part, sometimes one only, and very rarely three; which are the Orisices of the excretory Ducts of the Vesiculæ Seminales: It is behind, and on its sides, surrounded by four, sive, or six Openings, in the shape of Crescents, which are the Mouths of the excretory Ducts of the Prostate Glands. It is past all doubt but that these Ducts are very often the Seat of virulent Gonorrhoeas; and being, consequently, ulcerated, continue corrupting the Fluids that pass thro' them.

(a) The Verumontanum is, consequently, soak'd with virulent Matter, both outwardly and inwardly: It is, then, not at all strange, that it should be liable to all the Disorders we have mention'd. Astruc, also, Book III. Chap. IV. p. 214. ranks, among one of the six Causes of the habitual Strangury discover'd by the opening of those who had died of that Distemper, the Verumontanum considerably swell'd, so

⁽a) It very seldom happens, that the Body itself of the Vesiculæ Seminales, or Prostatæ, is infected and ulcerated; and, when it is really the Case, I look upon that complaint as incurable: And if I have advanced, in some of the Cases of the First Edition, or in this, that the Seat of the Disorder was in the Vesiculæ Seminales, or Prostate Glands; I would always be understood to mean the excretory Ducts of those Glands.

as to form, in the Urethra, a præternatural Tumer. And again, p. 218 "It cannot be denied but that the Verumontanum is often corroded, tumefy'd, and inflam'd, in stubborn Gonorrhæas; and that, if the Inflammation is neglected, and the Ulcers ill deterg'd, as is always the case when Gonor-rhæas are suppress'd by aftringent Injections; it often degenerates into a Wart, or sungous, callous, feirrhous Excrescence, whose superficies is ulcer-rated, and which swells, more or less, from various Causes, and is a continual, tho' variable, impediment to the Urine." We shall explain, in another Place, what are these various Causes; let us now come to the Sixth Article.

The Prostatæ, or Vesiculæ Seminales, become scirrhous.

The Sixth Cause.

We have advanced, that there is a difficulty of making Water, whenever the *Proftatæ*, or *Veficulæ Seminales*, labour under any callous or fcirrhous Induration; and this stands in need of no proof: They are too closely connected to the Neck of the Bladder, and Beginning of the *Urethra*, to acquire a præternatural size, without affecting these Parts. We have, then, only to prove the sact.

"By the number and duration of Gonorrhœas, "the Proftatæ, and Cowper's Glands, may be at"tack'd with fiftulous Ulcers, become callous, fcir"rhous, fungous, increase in their size, and press
"upon the Uretbra, which is adjoining to them."
This opinion of Col de Vilars, loco citato, is farther explain'd by Mr. Astruc, in the following Quotation:
"In all kinds of Gonorrhœas, the Prostatæ, or Veficulæ Seminales, or both, at the same time, are inflam'd, or ulcerated. If they have already been "affected"

"affected by former Gonorrhoeas, or wrong Re"medies are administer'd, the Disease will get
"ground, and produce callous and fistulous Ulcers
"in those Parts, which will increase their size, and
"occasion a Pressure upon the Uretbra; whence
"will arise greater or smaller Obstructions to the
"Urine."

I will strengthen this opinion, by some Cases taken out of the Memorial I presented to Mr. De Garelli.

David Porsol died, at Leopolstat, of an Ischury, and was open'd, in my Presence, the 15th of January, 1730. by Mr. Almocre, a very skilful Lithotomist of Vienna. I made him take notice, by blowing into the excretory Ducts of the Vesiculæ Seminales, that they were very hard and callous; which surpris'd him greatly, not looking upon this before as one of the Causes of the Ischury.

And why should not Callosities be form'd in the Vesiculæ Seminales, since they are frequently ulcerated? I have given so strong an example of it in the foremention'd Memorial, that I cannot omit repeat-

ing it here.

The 4th of January, 1726. the Count of Brother to the President of the great Council of Vienna, did me the honour of confulting me about a Gonorrhœa, which had lasted him a Year, in spite of all Remedies. It is true, that he did not take a great deal of care of himself; and that, three Years before, he had fuch another Catastrophe, which had lasted him fix Months; at which time there still remain'd fome fmall moisture: Ever fince, the stream of Urine was lefs, and it now-and-then came out fork'd. Having examin'd him, I found a fiftulous Ulcer at the Vesiculæ Seminales, which, I affur'd him, would yield to no other Method of Cure but mine; which he was eafily brought to believe, having fufficiently experienced the Inefficacy of other Remedies, tho' under the direction of fuch Persons as had acquir'd themselves

themselves great reputation in venereal Assairs. He put himself under my care, and was perfectly well in a Month's time. I can call upon President P.... for the truth of this Relation.

The first of the two following Observations proves, that the *Prostate* become callous as well as the *Vesiculæ Seminales*: The second, that they become fistulous.

Baron G——, Lieutenant-General of Foot of the Regiment of Philippi, was fuddenly seized with a Suppression of Urine. He sent for me, and told me, that for a Year before he had taken notice, that the Stream of his Urine lessened, but that he had neither Pain nor Running; and that his prefent Illness had been occasioned by a Drinking-bout he had been guilty of two Days before. I fearched him the 15th of June 1729. and found the Urethra free till I came to the Proftate Glands, where I met with callous Cicatrices, that were fwelled to fuch a Degree, that they hindered the Urine from paffing off. I undertook his Cure, which was perfected in a little while. This fact is very well known by General Ladriani, whom Garelli recommended to me, after having acquainted him with my Method of Cure in venereal Stranguries.

The 12th of January 1730. Mr. Colli, First Physician to the Hospital for the Spanish Negroes at Vienna, being thoroughly convinced of the Goodness of my Method, by a great Number of Cures which he had been Witness of himself, carried me along with him to Mr. M——, Counsellor to his Imperial Majesty, living in the Carlostros. He was in Bed, and excessively weakened by the Pains of a most cruel Strangury, which he had laboured under for several Days. He told me briefly, that he had had several Gonorrhæas, had been quite free from any Running for two Years past, but had been subject to such terrible Difficulties of making

Water,

Water, that it came only Drop by Drop, and after the most violent Strainings; and that upon the least Irregularity he had a total Suppression. Having searched him, I found a scirrhous Excrescence at the excretory Ducts of the Prostate, without any Ulceration, or any other Fault in the rest of the Uretbra. I proposed to him the Use of my Remedies, which he acquiesced to by the Advice of Mr. Colli, and had no room to repent of it; but he was two Months before he recovered a perfect State of Health, which he enjoyed at the time I wrote this Pamphlet, as he and Mr. Colli can testify. We will say nothing surther on this Article, which I believe is not contested by any body; neither shall we dwell long upon the next.

Fungous Excrescences of the Prostatæ and Vesicula Seminales.

The Seventh Cause.

We have affigned as the Seventh Cause of the venereal Strangury, the Proftate, or Vesicula Seminales, become fungous, spungy, and subject to fwell on the leaft Occasion. We have already seen in the Words we have just quoted out of Col de Vilars, that he admits of Cowper's Glands and the Prostate becoming fungous. Astruc is also of the fame Opinion, which he expresses in this manner: " If, on the contrary, it happens, that the Veficulæ " Seminales, or Prostatæ, be deeply corroded by " the Pus, and not properly deterged, the Cavities " formed in them by these Ulcers will soon be filled with fungous or mushroom-like Substances, " which will be of a foft, lax, fpungy Texture, " as happens in other fordid and callous Ulcers. " Thus the Proftatæ and Vesiculæ Seminales, being " inlarged,

" inlarged, press upon the Urethra, which is near them, in a greater or lesser degree, as the fun-

" gous Excrescences they are filled with, are more

" or lefs fwelled and dilated:"

De la Faye, loco citato, admits as a Cause of the Difficulty there is in introducing the Catheter in venereal Ischuries, the Swelling or Inflammation of the Prostate Gland, which lessens the Cavity of the Neck of the Bladder. He gives also the diagnostic Sign of this Complaint. We then, says he, meet with a very considerable Resistance at the Neck of the Bladder, because it also participates of the Inflammation. In these Cases the Instrument must be as small as possible, that it may more easily make its Way. We have then firmly established the Seventh Cause of the venereal Strangury.

Particular Concretions.

The Eighth Cause.

The Eighth Cause is by me attributed to some particular Concretion being formed in the Uretbra, which lessens its Diameter; which I have been induced to subjoin to those that are admitted of by Astruc, by meeting with a Stony Concretion in a venereal Ulcer that was situated near the Fossa Navicularis, which you will meet with in Case the Twenty-second, in the Third Part of this Collection.

The Consequences of ill-treated Gonorrhæas.

As long as a person is troubled only with a trifling Difficulty in making Water, he neglects having recourse to any Surgeon, not being aware of the Danger he is threatened with; and, as several of my Observations prove, they are sometimes made sensible of it by being suddenly seized with an Ischury,

Ischury, or total Suppression, which foretels they will foon be fubject to an habitual Strangury: And it is eafy to conceive how People remain so ignorant of their own Condition; for while their Water comes away without Pain, the Stream of it must be fenfibly diminished before they will take notice of it; and they either know not, or inquire not into the Reason, why they are longer in emptying their Bladder than usual; and, as Men are naturally given to flatter themselves, they fancy this happens because it is fuller than usual, or is owing to fome other Cause above their reach. Nevertheless, if in this Condition the Blood, from any Caufe, chance to rush with more than ordinary Force towards the diseased Parts, or they are irritated by too sharp an Urine (which Symptom any Excess whatfoever will occasion), the Obstructions that are in the Urethra, fwelling on a fudden, will totally interrupt the Urine, and bring on an Ischury, which is usually less violent than those that happen during the Course of an habitual Strangury, because the Obstructions, not having yet acquired a very considerable Size, eafily recover their natural State. However, it does not fo commonly happen, that an habitual Strangury is ushered in by a total Suppresfion. The following is its most frequent Beginning and Progress.

"One is troubled," fays Col de Vilars, loco citato, with a frequent Inclination to make Water; and the Urine comes out as a Thread, fome-

"times forked, or Drop by Drop, and with violent Straining. If in this condition the Patient

"heats himfelf, or commits any Irregularity, the

"Strangury will eafily degenerate into an Ischury,

" or total Suppression."

Astruc, Book III. Chap. IV. p. 211. gives a more extensive Description: "When a Person, fays he, has had several stubborn Gonorrheas,

es or has been ill-treated, he is for the most part

" subject afterwards to an habitual Strangury, in " which the Urine is discharged, not in a full, even,

" continued Stream, but like a slender Thread,

" frequently interrupted and divided: It is not " thrown to a great Distance, but comes dribbling

"down, and with violent Strainings; it cannot be

retained long in the Bladder without great Un-

" eafinefs, but is continually stimulating, and fo-

" liciting a Discharge.

"These Disorders are, however, tolerable, while "they keep within Bounds; but if they are aggra-" vated by Wine, Venery, Exercise, Riding,

"Watching, Errors in Diet, vehement Paffions " of the Mind, the Perinæum grows hot, painful,

" and tense, and the Strangury is changed into an

"Ischury, or total Suppression of Urine."

Those that are under these Circumstances, cannot but be alarmed before the Strangury is come to the height; they can no longer be in doubt of their impending Fate, when the Stream of Urine is confiderably leffened, and leffens every Day. People rarely omit then feeking after the means to prevent, by proper Remedies, an Evil that brings along with it fuch a Series of Pains, which Death only ends, which is often haftened by them. I will foon flew how infignificant were the Remedies which were used before me; and what I advance shall be confirmed by Experience.

Order requires, that before we fet about curing any Illness, we should be apprifed of the Cause of it; and if a radical Cure depends on this, what Hopes can the poor Sufferers conceive? Let us

of the last twent the committees,

but listen to Astruc, p. 227.

I. Chap. IV. p. 2111 gives a

The Diagnostic of the venereal Disorders of the Urethra.

" As to the conjunct Causes, says he, which " produce this Diforder, that is, as to the Nature " and Quality of the Obstacles which beset the " Urethra; as these things are too much in the dark, we must rest satisfied with mere Conjectures. "Therefore, if immediately after voiding the Urine, " any purulent or fanious Matter should follow, it will be reasonable to conjecture, that the Obstacles ef are in a State of Suppuration; and therefore are either suppurated Caruncles, or callous Ulcers in " the Urethra, or Abscesses and Fistulæ in the callous Fungus, suppurated Prostates, or Se-" minary Vesicles. On the other hand, if there " is no Discharge, or only a small Quantity of " Mucus, we may collect from thence, that the " Obstacles are not of the suppurated kind, and therefore are either hard Cicatrices, or callous " Caruncles, or the Verumontanum indurated, or " fcirrhous Prostates. If Pus should be discharged " plentifully, and in large Drops, and stain the "Linen with broad Spots, it is probable it does " not proceed from flight superficial Ulcers in the " Urethra, nor from ulcerated Caruncles, which cannot fupply Pus in fuch a large Quantity; but " from the Prostates themselves, or the Seminary " Veficles ulcerated, suppurated, and become fiftu-" lous; which will evidently appear, if that Part of 55 the Perinæum where the Proftates and Seminary Vesicles are situated, is inlarged, or at least is " sensible of an obscure deep Pain upon Pressure. " Lastly, fearching cautiously with a Catheter, 66 tho' it will not demonstrate the Nature and " Quality of the Obstacle, will nevertheless give " us fome Light into it, from the Quality of the 46 Humour that adheres to the Extremity of the Ca-" theter,

theter, after it is drawn out; and we shall inform

" ourselves of their Number and Situation, of the

" Form and Size of each of them, and the Distance

between them, as also of the Degree of Obstru-

"ction which they cause; which will not only serve

" us to make a better Prognostic, but will greatly

" direct us in the Intention of Cure."

The Insufficiency of the usual Diagnostics.

The Diagnostics of the venereal Disorders of the Urethra cannot be laid down in a better manner by any one who is furnished with no other Knowlege than the usual Practice supplies him with: But what faint Hopes, when so eminent a Practitioner as Astruc fays, That these things are of so obscure a Nature, that we must rest satisfied with simple Conjectures touching them! When he adds, That by fearching with the utmost Caution, we can but just make out, or rather guess at, the Nature or Quality of the Obstruction which intercepts the Urine! We must, then, always go by Guesswork. It is then Chance that directs the Treatment. What a mighty Dependence to encounter a Distemper which threatens Life, either by exhausting the Blood of its balfamic Particles, or by occasioning Symptoms which may prove fatal in a few hours, and which never fail caufing the most extreme torments, whose violence increases daily! A shocking prospect to the Diseased! The more Caution there is used in Searching (which I am, however, very far from disapproving, and I will even prove the Necessity of it by undeniable Reasons), the less will be learnt by it in some particular Cases. For example: If the greatest Obstruction which stops the Catheter, and which no Force is used to overcome, is lituated near the Entrance of the Uretbra, what Information will be gathered from it touching those that are beyond

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yond it, as is often the Cafe? We may farther add, that had the Disorders of the Urethra been thoroughly known before me, yet the proper Remedies to conquer them were intirely unknown. I might very well forbear proving this; the bare looking over the various Treatifes that have been wrote on the Gonorrhæa, or, to shorten the Work, that of my own Cases, are sufficient; you will see there all forts of Methods used, but all in vain, or with a temporary Benefit only: But the Good of the Public demands of me a Description of the different Methods used before me. I ought, however, before I undertake this, to gather out of the most eminent Authors, and my own Observations, all the Symptoms of the Ischury, which is the Consequence of the Strangury.

A Description of the Venereal Ischury.

" If in this Situation," fays Col de Vilars, loco citato, " a Person heats himself, is guilty of any " Debauch or Irregularity in his way of living, the "Strangury is apt to degenerate into an Ischury, " or total Suppression of Urine, and to be attended " with very bad Symptoms, fuch as a Fever, " Lethargy, an urinous Vomiting, an Inflamma-"tion of the Bladder, and other Symptoms, oc-" casioned by too great a Fulness and Distention " of this Viscus, and by the Reflux of the Urine into

" the Habit of Body."

"These Complaints (of the Strangury) are bear-" able while they remain within bounds," fays Astruc, p. 212: Vol. III. "But if they are aggra-" vated by Wine, Venery, Exercise, Riding, "Watching, heating Food, vehement Passions of " the Mind, the Perinæum grows hot, painful, " and tense; and the Strangury is changed into an "Ischury, or Suppression of Urine; there is a

continual Defire of making Water; but, after the " most violent Straining, nothing comes forth, or " only a finall quantity of mucous, pituitary, pu-" rulent Matter; whence a Fever is rais'd. The "Bladder, being overcharg'd, fwells, grows painful " and tense, and is threaten'd with Inflammation; "Vomiting fucceeds that has an urinous Smell; in a " word, all the Symptoms come on which usually " attend an Ischury. The Disorder maintains the " fame Vehemency for a longer or shorter space of "time, in proportion to the energy of the Caufes by " which it was brought on, the Habit of Body of " the Patient, the Diforders of the Urethra, and its " neighbouring Parts, and the Success of the Re-" medies which are apply'd; till, by degrees, the " Fit remitting, the Urine is discharg'd again; at " first, in a few small Drops; then in larger Drops, " and faster; at last, in a slender, but continu'd "Thread. When the violent Tension of the Parts " is over, there usually keeps coming down, for a 66 Day or two, a mucous, pituitary, purulent, fa-" nious Matter."

Aftruc expresses himself much in the same manner, p. 224. He only adds these remarkable Words: "There will then come out, with the Urine, a mu- cous pituitary Matter, if the Disorder is owing to an Instammation only; and some Drops of Matter, or Sanies, if there is a Suppuration and Ul- ceration.

"The Suppression which succeeds the Strangury, if it is violent, and continues any time, is very dangerous; as the flowing back of the Urine into the Habit of the Body, its being deposited in various parts of the Body, the Inslammation and Gangrene of the Bladder, must put the Patient in immediate danger of Life, unless, by Nature or Art, a Passage is quickly restor'd to the Urine."

Urine." P. 230. And this Symptom often oc-

casions Death, as Experience too often shews.

The Description of the Ischury given by De la Faye, loco citato, is not less dreadful. "The Urine," fays he, "being detain'd in the Bladder by any caufe, " foon produces the worst of Symptoms: A large " painful Tumor appears above the Os Pubis; a round " one is also felt by introducing the Finger into the " Anus; the Distention of the Bladder, and its Pres-" fure upon the neighbouring Parts, foon bring on " a violent Inflammation; great Pains are felt in the " Hypogastric region, with a constant inclination to " make Water; the Patient is highly difturb'd and " reftless, and all his straining is fruitless: He is " foon taken with a difficulty of Breathing, Sickness, " and Fever; his Eyes and Face become of a fiery " Colour; and, if he is not speedily reliev'd, a Gan-" grene, or a Collection of Matter and Urine, will " fometimes, in a fhort space of time, fall upon the " Perinæum. Sometimes the Inflammation of the " Perinæum will terminate in a general Suppuration, " or Mortification of the Parts; and in both cases, " the Urine having made its way thro' the Neck of " the Bladder, or Beginning of the Uretbra, mixes " itself with the Matter. All these Symptoms are " also attended with the Mortification of the neigh-" bouring Parts of the Bladder." I should with pleasure have brought here these dif-

ferent descriptions of the Ischury, merely to shew how the same Object, seen in a different Light, will offer a different Prospect. Astruc's description is full, as to those Symptoms that concern the Physician; and De la Faye's, as to those that fall under the Surgeon's

Care.

These are the Symptoms which the Person, who is the subject of the first Case in my first Edition, labour'd under. " The difficulty of making Water " often degenerated into a Fit of Ischury, or total " Supe

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Suppression; a Fever us'd then to come on; the Belly was hard; he was very restless; the Urine showing back into the Blood, either sell on some particular Part, or insected the whole Habit of Body; Sickness, Vomitings, Faintings, a Lesthargy, Delirium, and a thousand other dreadful Evils, always put him in a most imminent danger of Lise: And he never could have borne up under such frequent Attacks, if the strength of his Constitution, and the vigour of Youth, had not supply'd the Inessicacy of the Remedies that were administer'd."

No great knowlege of the Animal Oeconomy is requir'd, to fee that a Suppression of Urine, occasion'd by the Obstruction of the Urethra, must be often attended with worse Symptoms than that which is owing to a diforder of the Bladder and Kidneys; for in this, oftentimes, the whole mifchief arises only from the Reslux of the Urine into the Habit of Body, or from the communication of the Nerves of the Ureters and Kidneys with those of other Parts; whereas, in the other, the Bladder, which is a membranous Body, endu'd with exquifite Senfe, must necessarily be distended, and undergo a vast Irritation, which the Ureters and Kidneys are, at the fame time, partakers of. There are, confequently, more bad Symptoms attending the Diforder I am treating of, than that which is owing to an Inflammation of the Kidneys and Ureters; whence I conclude, that my Remedy is more valuable than one that would allay or cure the diforders proper to the Ureters and Kidneys.

The means which have been employ'd for the ease or cure of the Difficulty of Urine arising from the obstructed *Urethra*, may be rank'd under two Classes: The first takes in those that were us'd against the Ischury, which were merely palliative; the second, those that were adapted to the venereal

Stran-

Strangury; and of these, again, some aim'd at the cure, others were palliative only. We will first examine the method of cure follow'd for the Ischury.

The Cure of the Ischury.

" If this Diforder is attended with Inflammation," fays Col de Vilars, p. 219. " you must bleed imme-" diately and largely; apply foft, emollient, cooling " Cataplasms, to the Perineum; prescribe Emul-" fions of the cold Seeds, of those of white Poppies " and Henbane, with the Syrup of Nymphea; " Decoctions of Marshmallows, Nenuphar, with " Linfeed and Liquorice; which must be drank " with moderation, for fear of increasing the quan-"tity of the Urine; and recommend a very low " Diet. If, notwithstanding these precautions, the "Ifchury comes on, and the Bladder is greatly dif-" tended, threaten'd with lofing its Tone, Inflam-" mation, and Gangrene; if urinous Vomitings, a " Lethargy, or other bad Symptoms, come on, you " must pass the Catheter into the Bladder without " any delay, having first injected some Oil of Al-" monds into the Uretbra, to lubricate it. It is often " with a great deal of difficulty that you can get the " Catheter thro' fo narrow a paffage; it must, there-" fore, be done lightly, with dexterity and patience, " for fear of wounding the Urethra: There is less "danger in passing the instrument (which must then " have but one bending) with the concave fide of it " towards the Abdomen of the Patient. You must " not mind a few drops of Blood coming away, " provided you do not use too much force, nor give " too much pain. If you get the Catheter into the " Bladder, and empty the Urine, all the Symptoms " will foon disappear. The Catheter which you use, " in these cases, must be open at each end, without " any flits on the fides at the extremity; left any " loofe fungous Flesh should be met with, and get E 3

" into them: You must leave the Instrument in the Bladder till the bad Symptoms are intirely gone,

" and the Urine comes away freely of itself.

"If you find it impracticable to get into the Bladder, and that the Patient be in imminent danger of life, you must introduce a Staff with a Groove as far as you can, into the Urethra, and make an incision in the Urethra upon the extremity of the Groove, and thro' it introduce a Female Catheter into the Bladder; but if all these means fail, you must come to the puncture of the Perinæum; for it is better to try a doubtful Remedy, than to give up a Patient to certain death. After the Operation, you must leave a short Catheter, or Cannula, in the Bladder, till the Inflammation, and other Symptoms, are gone; you must afterwards deterge, incarn, and cicatrize the Wound, as usual; and, at last, purge, with a So-

" lution of Cassia and Manna, in Whey."

This quotation gives occasion to several remarks. It is evident, as I have already taken notice, that all the affistance pointed at here is merely palliative; they, consequently, do not secure against a fresh attack of the Ischury; and, indeed, you will see, in my cases, instances of people being seiz'd with it twice in twenty-four Hours; they, consequently, do not secure the Patient's life. How much preferable, then, were my Method to these, tho' it were merely palliative! since it brings about, in a short time, without pain and trouble, what a long train of Operations is hardly able to effect; occasioning, at the same time, to the Patient, almost as much Pain as the Distemper itself? But let us keep to the examination of the forecited passage.

All the Remedies, both internal and external, which are advis'd, confift of Emollients, which can only succeed when the Obstructions are not swell'd to too great a degree: But what idea must we have of

that Decoction which can produce any Effect but according to the quantity of it that is drunk, and which, however, is order'd to be taken but sparingly, for fear of increasing the quantity of the Urine? What a pitiful affistance is a Remedy which increases the Disorder unless its Operation is sudden, and the nature of which is, however, not to act in that manner! But let us go on.

If the Symptoms of the Suppression are very urging, we must have recourse to a Staff with a Groove, having first injected some Oil of Almonds

into the passage.

But how far will this Injection reach, if the Swelling of the Parts is such, as to prevent the Urine from coming out? Is the impelling Force of the Embolus capable of surmounting those Obstacles which resist to the joint Force of all the Muscles of the Abdomen? If the Injection could reach the Neck of the Bladder, why should not the Urine, which may very well be look'd on as an Injection from within, make its way out? We are, then, forced to conclude, that the Injection does not penetrate; and that, consequently,

the Passage is not lubricated.

Now if fuch a Fluid as Oil, or Urine, can't make its way through; how will fuch a large body as a Catheter be able to do it; especially when it must be pass'd lightly, with dexterity and patience, for fear of wounding the Uretbra? Which Precautions can't be difpens'd with, and yet are too often neglected. Several of my Patients, and he, especially, who is the Subject of Case 8. Part III. have not only lost feveral drops of Blood, which might be attributed to the Laceration of some Carnosity; in which case, as Col de Vilars remarks, there is no great harm done, tho' still there is some; but they have lost a great quantity of Blood, the Catheter having dug itself a new road, which, besides the increase of pain, causes fresh Obstructions: For the Blood, being a viscid E 4 Fluid,

Fluid, and dispos'd to coagulate, the Urethra is fill'd with Clods of Blood of a tenacious nature, which adhere to the Sides of it, and cannot be easily extracted; and the time which this takes up retards the Cure, and gives fresh Pains, which are fo many Advances made towards a mortal Inflammation; or, to fpeak more properly, towards Death itself. It took me up fix hours to clear away the passage of the Patient just mention'd. What Progress is made, mean while, by a Distemper of this nature! what excruciating Pains doth a Patient undergo! Happy is he who falls into the hands of a Surgeon who, instead of irritating the Parts, by endeavouring to force the Obstruction, has always in view this Maxim, which is founded on the greatest Prudence; That you must slide in the Catheter lightly with dexterity and patience: That you must slide in; let the Force of this Word be well weigh'd; which is still further qualify'd by the addition of the Words lightly with dexterity and patience. You must slide it in, without ever being fo rash as to use any Force; which can only increase the Pain, which the bare Introduction of the Catheter is already but too apt to occasion; add new Fuel to the Inflammation, which we want to allay; and cause Lacerations, which may afterwards become the Causes of a fresh Ischury, by leaving Scars behind them which may prove fresh Obstructions to the Urine.

But what Occasion (shall I, perhaps, be ask'd) is there to dwell so long on the Introduction of the Sound; since you set up for the Inventor of a Re-

medy which renders it useless?

It is true, that my Remedy has this Advantage; this I can boldly affert, and numbers of my Cafes sufficiently prove it (a): But as it is not in the hands of

⁽a) Vid. Cases 11. 67. and 77. This, however, must be only understood of fungous Excrescences, which my Sounds overcome imme-

of every-body, it is necessary, that the best means of supplying the want of it, for a time, should be known; that those, who are in need of it, may be enabled to apply to me, or to those whom I have intrusted with it, after having sufficiently taught them the proper manner of employing it; for want of which, it might be productive of much mischies. The same Objection may be made, as to my looking into the other Helps which the usual Practice makes use of in the Cure of these Disorders; and the Answer which I have here given will serve for all. I enter again upon my Analysis.

"If you are able," adds Col de Vilars, "to pass the Catheter, it must be one with a Groove; and you must get it in as far as you can, cut upon the

" Extremity of the Groove, and pass a Female Ca-

" theter into the Bladder by the Incision."

I confess ingenuously, that I don't well conceive what Advantage can be reap'd from fuch an Operation: For if the common Catheter doth not overcome the Obstruction, the Staff with a Groove will have no better Effect; it will then remain on this fide of it. How, then, in this Cafe, can a Female Catheter be pass'd into the Bladder? Besides, it happens, every day, that there are feveral Obstructions in the Urethra; fo that, tho' we should suppose the first to be overcome, the Female Catheter would be stopp'd by those that were beyond it; which would render the Operation wholly useless, and is sufficient to reject the practice of it. But a still stronger reafon is, the danger of its Consequences; I mean the Cicatrice which the Wound must leave behind after it is heal'd; which may, one day, become a fresh Impediment to the Urine, by leffening the diameter of

immediately; for when callous Cicatrices are in the way, I am first oblig'd to soften them, which my way of treating them brings about in a short time; and then my Sounds act upon them as if they were fungous Excrescences.

the Uretbra. I look upon this Operation as adviseable only in one Circumstance; that is, when the Obstruction is not far in; and then, instead of makeing the Incision between the Obstruction and the Glans, it should be made between the Obstruction and the Bladder, which would procure the coming away of the Water without the Catheter; and the Wound might be kept open till the Obstruction was cur'd, or levell'd, by the means we shall consider of hereafter, in case the Patient was not in a situation to come at my Remedy. But this Case is not very frequent; for the Ischury is oftener owing to Impediments situated at the Bottom of the Uretbra, than near its Beginning: So that the Operation I propose is, for the most part, unadviseable.

The only means, then, left, is, the Puncture of the Perinæum, which Col de Vilars justly stiles the last Refuge, which is attempted only to prevent the impending Fate, and is seldom attended with Success: For as we have only recourse to it in the last extremity, and when the Distemper has got to such a Height, that the Inslammation is turn'd to a Gangrene, which soon happens, on account of the great sensibility of these Parts; we ought not to wonder at its procuring but a short Relief; and at its serving only to mitigate the horrors of Death, which must

inevitably follow.

I have had the mortification of being Witness to such an instance, very lately. September 17. 1747. I was call'd, in consultation, about Mr. Pezé, a Bailiff, living in the Great Council-yard: I met, there, Mr. Planes, Surgeon of St. Comes, who gave me an account of his Illness; and told me, that he had been call'd in but the day before, and had advis'd him to send for me immediately. I examin'd the Patient, and found him in a most frightful condition; having a total Suppression of Urine, occasion'd by Carnosities, Having attempted, to no purpose, to relieve him.

him, I advis'd the fending for Mr. Foubert, Surgeon in Ordinary to the King in his Parliament-house: He came, and did, also, all that could be done in the like Cases; but the too long stay of the Urine in the Bladder had already brought on a general Mortisication of the Parts, and the Patient died in a very little while; which fate he might have avoided, if he had follow'd the advice of a friend of his whom I had cur'd of the like Disorder, and who had strongly recommended to him not to put off applying to me. This is, also, but too strongly prov'd, by the example of the two Soldiers above-mention'd, who died in the Hospital at Milan, and by the following Case.

One Triomphe, a Shoemaker at Turin, was feiz'd with an Ischury, and had all proper means us'd against it; but, as they prov'd fruitless, it was refolv'd to make a Puncture in Perinao: But it prov'd too late; the Inflammation of the Bladder had fubfifted too long; a Mortification came on, and put an end to his Life, a few Hours after the Operation. He had avoided this misfortune, if he had follow'd the advice of a friend, who, two Months before, would have engag'd him to put himfelf under my Care; but, by delaying, he was fuddenly feiz'd with a total Suppression, which prov'd fatal to him. These Examples shew, that we cannot provide too foon against a venereal Strangury; and that we ought not to delay, too long, the Puncture of the Perinaum, when there are no other means of procuring an Issue to the Urine.

If the Puncture of the Perinaum can, then, be of any Service, you must not stay to the last Extremity before you put it in practice; both to shorten the violent Pains which necessarily attend the Ischury, and not to lose the chief Benefit which is to accrue from it; viz. the preserving Life. I must only take notice, that the Wound ought to be carefully look'd after, lest there should remain a Fistula, which is a troublesome

troublesome Complaint, and renders a Man disagreeable to himself and others.

Col de Vilars is not the only one who makes mention of this Operation: But what is surprising is, that, while he calls it a last Refuge, which ought, nevertheless, to be attempted, to endeavour to save the Patient's Life; an eminent and judicious Writer speaks of it with great Approbation. Thus Palfyn, in his Chirurgical Anatomy, Part II. Chap. XXII.

"Instead of making use of Candles loaded with caustic and corroding Remedies, in the Obstrustions of the *Urethra*, which generally procure only a palliative Cure; Mr. Collot us'd to make, in Perinae, an Incision somewhat less than that which is made in cutting for the Stone. Three considerable Advantages are gain'd by this Incision:

" 1. You prevent the stay of the Urine, which, as soon as this Incision is made, is no longer forced to find a Vent by sistulous Openings, and to hurt the Bladder by its confinement in it; having now a free Issue thro' the Opening of the Perinaum.

"2. You are, then, at liberty to throw Injections into the Bladder, to cleanfe it of its Foulness, deterge its Ulcers, and dissolve what Fungus may have form'd itself in it.

"3. This Opening enables us to pass, into the "Urethra, a Seton, arm'd with a suppurative and detersive Remedy, which may be engag'd at the extremity of a Catheter which has been introduced by the natural Opening of the Urethra, as far as the Incision of the Perinaum; which, when drawn out, necessarily brings along with it the Seton that was fix'd at its extremity; and it is very easy to tie a fresh one to it every day, which is drawn in the same way, till the Excrescences being diffolv'd, and the Ulcers deterg'd and cicatriz'd, the

"the Urine comes again the natural way: After this, the Incision of the Perinæum is suffer'd to

"heal, as that which is made for the Extraction of a Stone. It is very plain, that this Method is

" much fafer than medicated Candles."

Let us analyse this Passage; it very well deserves it: And, in doing it, I will follow the same Order

that this Author has pointed out to me.

In the Cure of the Obstructions of the Urethra, Collot us'd to put in practice the Puncture of the Perinæum; he, therefore, did not use a Staff to cut upon: For either the Urethra was obstructed, or not. If it was not, it was abfurd to attempt, without reason, such a dangerous Operation; if it was obstructed, the Introduction of the Staff was impracticable: And is it not running a very great rifque, to attempt cutting into the Bladder without the help of this Instrument, unless one is very well skill'd, indeed, in the Anatomy of those Parts? I leave this to the decision of those who are well vers'd in the Operation of the Stone. These two Operations are only different in their Ends, and both of them require a Hand guided by Practice; which is not always to be met with.

The first Advantage which Palfyn attributes to this Operation, is evident: For the Urine, finding a free Vent, by the Incision of the Perinæum, will sooner pass off that way, than thro' the Fistulas, where it, mostly, meets with some resistance: But I do not agree with him, as to the second Advantage. I do not admit of the necessity of throwing Injections into the Bladder in the Case of Fistulas which are occasion'd by the Urine being forced upon the Perinæum, and gathering there more and more, till it, at last, makes itself an Opening; and, if a free Passage, another way, is restor'd to it, the Fistulas will heal of themselves; as they are only kept open

by its dropping continually through.

I do not understand what he means by the Fourness of the Bladder: If he means the slimy Humour, which is sometimes discharg'd, in great quantity; this is occasion'd by the repeated Contractions of the internal Membrane of the Bladder; which, being stimulated by the confinement of the Urine, squeezes out the Mucus of the Glands which are naturally design'd to lubricate it; which Contractions cease when the Stimulus is remov'd, and require no particular treatment; as is prov'd by Mr. Boyen's Letter.

As to the Ulcers of the Bladder, if there are any, which can't be known before the Operation (the same may be faid of Fungus), they are no Arguments for it; fince, if they admit of a Cure, we may as well attempt it by Injections thro' the Urethra, when once a clear Passage is procur'd. I, who am of opinion, that a venereal Ischury is caus'd by the swelling of Carnofities and Ulcers that are fituated in the Urethra, cannot but approve the use of a Seton loaded with suppurative and detersive Medicines, provided they are rightly fuited to the nature of the Diftemper; which no-body has discover'd before me: But how can those approve of them, who deny the existence of Carnolities? For what benefit can accrue, from these kinds of Medicines, to Cicatrices, or varicous Veffels, which are the only causes admitted of by Palfyn and others? Besides, how will the Incision of the Perinæum enable us to treat the Diforders of the Urethra with a Seton loaded with a fuitable Medicine, if the Catheter, by the help of which it is to be pass'd in, can't be introduced itself? As is the case, whenever the Urethra is wholly obstructed by Excrescences, Varices, or any other Swellings. And where is the necessity of making an Incision in Peringo, for the Introduction of this Seton? He that is acquainted with proper Medicines for the Cure of this Diforder, may as well, at once, pass them in by the natural Orifice of the Uretbra. It is true, they will

will not bring about a Cure fo foon as if they were contiguous to the whole length of the Diforder; because they will only be in contact with that part of it which looks towards the entrance of the Uretbra: But patience brings about all things, when we are provided with proper Arms to encounter the Enemy; and this is the Method I follow. Several of my Cases prove, that my Sounds went in but a few Lines at first; but the Part affected, which they were in contact with, being melted down daily, they every day penetrated farther; and, at last, the Disorder yielding to their efficacy, and giving them a free entrance, they were apply'd to the whole length of it. I am, then, very far from agreeing, with Palfyn, that the Operation he advises, is much safer than the use of Candles: This is true, indeed, with regard to those that are made up of caustic ingredients, which, as well as himfelf, I look upon as very ill adapted for an absolute Cure; but not with regard to those that carry, to the seat of the Disorder, the only Medicine capable of curing radically, which is the property of that I have been so happy as to find out. The Authority of Palfyn can hardly be brought against me, as he only spoke of the Methods of Cure that were us'd in his time; no more than they can object to me his Opinion of the non-existence of Carnofities; when I have shew'd them to, and caus'd them to be felt by, several Persons of the Profession, who have been present at my dressing the Patients mention'd in Cases 65. and 70. of Part III. Nor should I have thought it worth my while to answer Palfyn, but that I would resolve even the smallest Doubts.

De la Faye, in his Remarks on Dienis, mentions, also, the necessity of the Puncture, or Incision, of the Bladder. Tho' he does not recommend it in such strong terms as Palfyn; it is sufficient, to prove the usefulness of my Discovery, that he thinks it ne-

ceffary

ceffary fometimes, though it were even but rarely.

"The Neck of the Bladder," fays he, " is fome
times fo clos'd up by the Inflammation, that, even

after having employ'd all the Remedies we have

mention'd, we are not able to pass the Catheter:

We are, then, oblig'd to make a Puncture in the

Bladder with a Trocar, somewhat longer and

larger, than that which is us'd for the Paracentesis.

By this means, the Urine is emptied, the neigh
bouring Parts of the Bladder are no longer com
press'd, the Inflammation generally abates, and,

foon after, we are able to introduce the Ca
theter.

"In making the Puncture in Perinaeo, the Patient is to be laid on his Bed, in the same Posture as if he was to be cut for the Stone: Tolet, an excellent Lithotomist, us'd to perform this Operation on the side of the Raphe, in the place where the Incision is made in the greater Apparatus, and with a particular Trocar, which he describes in his Book.

"Nuck is, also, for the same place; but Juncker, and some others, prefer that which is wounded in the lateral way. This Method seems preferable to the other; because the Bladder, being very much distended at this time, swells out sideways, and is easily reach'd by the Trocar, without any danger of wounding either the Urethra, Neck of the Bladder, Prostate, or Restum.

"Dionis advises, to make the Puncture in the same place, but with a different Instrument (it is a sort of sharp Knise, four or sive inches long): You must take notice, that this Operation must not be attempted, if there was any collection of Humours in Perinæo, or any hardness in the Urethra to be destroy'd, or if the Prostates were to be suppurated."

He adds, lower down, " Repeated Bleedings, " Bath, emollient Clyfters, and Cataplasms, have " fometimes no Effect: In this Case, you are forced " to have recourse to the Puncture, or Incision, of " the Perinæum. The Puncture is the least painful of the two; but we are fometimes oblig'd to give "the preference to the Incision. If an Inflamma-"tion, or a varicous Swelling of the fpungy Sub-" stance of the Uretbra, are the only causes of the "Suppression, the Puncture is to be made with the "Trocar, as before describ'd; but if there is any " Hardness, or Callosity, in the Uretbra, or Peri-" næum, the Incision is preferable; as their Suppu-" ration is, by this means, encourag'd, which is not " effected by a fimple Puncture. The Incision is, " also, absolutely necessary, when, by too long a de-" lay, or the use of caustic Candles, an urinous Ab-" fcefs, or a Gangrene, has feiz'd on the Perinæum. "If the Gangrene has reach'd the Scrotum, all the " mortify'd part may be fafely cut away, without " fear of any bad consequence, from the Testicles " being expos'd to the air. Guerin and Morand " have feveral times put this in practice. This re-" moves two things at once, the Gangrene, and the " Suppreffion. " Besides the Hardness and Callosity of the Ure-" thra," fays, afterwards, De la Faye, " it often

"Besides the Hardness and Callosity of the Ure"thra," says, afterwards, De la Faye, "it often
happens, that the Prostata Superior is swell'd and
hard; there sometimes runs along the Urethra a
feirrhous Cord, and in Perinae Tumors of the
same kind, whence it seems to take its rise: The
Semen, in the time of ejaculation, instead of being
impell'd along the Urethra, recoils back, and falls
into the Bladder, which seems occasion'd by some
Bar running along the Verumontanum; virulent
Gonorrhæas, the Acrimony of the Urine, the Instandard frequently, the use of caustic Sounds,
Urine, and, frequently, the use of caustic Sounds,

" are

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are the Causes of this Mischief. When things are come to this height, nothing can procure a Cure, or even Ease, but the Incision in Peri-

Speaking afterwards of the manner of performing this Operation, he fays, "The Patient is fixed " in the fame manner as in the old way of cutting for the Stone. The Staff is introduced into the "Bladder, if it can be done, or at least as far into the Urethra as possible, to serve as a Direction. "The Testicles are to be held by an Assistant, and " you must cut near the Raphe, upon the Groove of the Staff, if it advanced far enough; and you " are to act as in the Operation for the Stone. If " you have not the advantage of the Groove to cut upon, the Operation is much more difficult. "The Surgeons being obliged to work without fuch " Direction, ought to be well acquainted with the " Make and Structure of the Parts on which he operates. If, after having made an Incision in the Integuments, he finds it difficult to make an opening in the Urethra itself, he must pierce into " it with a Trocar, whose Cannula is slit, along " which he can slip a Knife, after having drawn out the Trocar, and make the Incision he wanted. er Petit and Morand have put this Method in or practice, with Success.

"If the Staff cannot be introduced far enough in the Urethra, to ferve as a Direction, you may pass into the Bladder, at the Place where the Incision in the lateral way ends, a Trocar, with a flit Cannula, in which you may slide the point of a Knife, and thereby make a sufficient Incision. You must cut thro' all the callous Parts; those which are external, are to be cut away, taking care to spare the sleshy Part as much as possible:
The Incision must be carried on thro' the Fistula, and the Callosities which attend it, and even as

far as the Proftate Gland, if it is hard and feir-

" rhous, and can be come at."

You may fee, in this Author, the manner of treating the Wound afterwards; but this is foreign to my Subject. I will only give you the reflections which naturally arise from the comparison of de la Faye's Method with mine. There is no longer any occasion for either Puncture or Incision of the Perinæum: What Pains are spared to the Patient! How the Surgeon's Labour is leffened! How much preferable is fuch a mild Method as mine, to the terrible Havock which becomes fometimes abfolutely necessary without it! I melt down all the Callosities of the excretory Ducts of the Urethra; I confolidate Fiftulas, and cause the Urine to flow again in its natural channel. I am far, however, from finding fault with de la Faye, and the other Surgeons I have mentioned, for having put in practice the

Method he prescribes.

Astruc is, as usual, fuller than the foregoing Authors about the Cure of the Ischury: I will therefore, only give here the Extract of what he fays, Book III. Chap. IV. p. 231. 1. You must have recourse, without delay, to repeated Bleedings in the Arm; if they are neglected at first, it may be too late afterwards to call in their Affiftance, this Distemper being very rapid in its Progress. 2. The Patient must be kept to a very low Diet, to lessen the quantity of the Blood. 3. Emollient Fomentations must be applied to the Perinæum; and emollient Bath used. 4. Glysters should be frequently thrown up, now-and-then with the addition of forne Caffia, to prevent their being licked up by the Lacteals, and increasing the quantity of the Urine. 5. Ptisans should be drank moderately, to dilute and foften the Blood, without increasing too much the quantity of Urine. 6. He prefers dipping the Perinæum, and Parts adjacent, to bathing; the

fame

fame benefit accruing from it, without increasing the Secretion of Urine. 7. If any purulent Matter, by falling from the Uretbra, indicates that the Inflammation tends to Suppuration, he advises to apply emollient suppurative Cataplasms to the Peri-8. If the violence of the Symptoms does næum. not remit, he is for attempting to draw off the Urine with the Catheter, which is not to be introduced carelelly and forcibly, as this might increase, and bring to Suppuration, the Inflammation, which might otherwise have been happily dispersed; but gently, with art, and gradually, having first lubricated the Passage with Oil of Sweet Almonds, or a Mucilage ex Semin. Pfyllii, without being frightened at the appearance of a few Drops of Blood; the Catheter is to be left in the Bladder till the Inflammation is dispersed, or come to Suppuration, and a free Passage is restored to the Urine. 9. If the Catheter cannot be passed into the Bladder, you are to make an Incision in Perinæo; in which you are to introduce a Female Catheter, which being strait, and shorter than the Male, can be directed in what manner you please, with a great deal more Ease, as a long Experience has taught us. In case this succeeds, the Catheter is to be kept in the Bladder. 10. This Method not answering, we must have recourse to the Puncture of the Perinæum with the Trocar. It is best to try a doubtful Remedy, than give up a Patient to certain Death. This Operation is not attended with any bad Confequences, as the Wound which is made in the Bladder admits of an easy Cure. The Cannula must be kept in the Bladder; and, 11. As soon as the Urine has a free Passage, or the Inflammation is confiderably abated, you must purge with Caffia and Manna, dissolved in Whey, to carry off gently the acrimonious and falt Particles which the Urine may have left behind in the Stomach.

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I have already taken notice, that all these Prescriptions were needless, if every body was within reach of my Remedy; because there is no Ischury, tho' ever fo stubborn, but what it subdues, provided I be called in time, and before the Urine, by too long a Confinement, has brought on a Mortification in the Bladder, and neighbouring Parts; in which case there are no Hopes of Recovery; as also, because Matters need never go so far, as I never fail of eradicating all the Caufes of an habitual Strangury. But as all the unhappy Sufferers cannot partake of the happy Effects of my Difcovery, I ought, for their fake, and that of those under whose Care they are, to communicate what has occurred to me, touching the means that are used, or may be used, in a Fit of the Ischury. I will accordingly make some Remarks upon the Method prescribed by Astruc. I shall be brief, as what he fays has a great deal of affinity with what Col de Vilars and Palfyn have advanced; which I dwelt upon fufficiently.

It is with reason that Astruc insists upon a speedy assistance being given in the Ischury, not only to deliver the Patient from the violence of the present Symptoms, but to prevent worse mischief, which would soon follow; such as the loss of the Tone of the Bladder, from its excessive Distention; or, what is still worse, a Mortification of it; which is with reason judged incurable by all Authors in ge-

neral.

All the Remedies prescribed by Astruc, which are also more numerous than those mentioned by Col de Vilars, are excessive proper, being all of the emollient kind; but neither of them fixes what quantity of Liquors may be drunk, with Safety. Nothing can be more judicious than Astruc's Reflections concerning Bathing.

In the Case of the purulent Matter, which fore-tells a Suppuration, and which he looks upon as a Sign that the Inflammation is beginning to abate, I approve, with him, the use of suppurative Medicines; but I am somewhat in doubt, whether this Matter does not rather proceed from an Ulcer in the Uretbra, which has been the original cause of the Inflammation, than from a Suppuration brought on by the Inflammation. However, it is certainly true, that the Distemper is then giving way, since no Suppuration can come on, not even on the Ulcers, while the Inflammation is at the height.

Aftruc wisely cautions against the too rough Introduction of the Catheter; and one cannot insist too much upon this. For the same Reason, he orders it to be kept in the Bladder till a free Passage is procured to the Urine, that is, till it could come out freely of itself; for while the Catheter is kept in, it has a free Issue thro' the hollow of it; but the Difficulty of making Water will sometimes return very soon after it is removed, the Swelling of the Obstacles not having yet yielded sufficiently.

You may see an Instance of it in Case 92.

When I fay, till the Urine can come freely of itself, I mean, that the Catheter should be kept in, till it appears, by the almost total Cessation of the Symptoms, and by the Urine insinuating itself a little round the Catheter, that there is no Danger in suffering it to run in its natural channel; for if there are still some considerable remains of the Inslammation, there may be a Relapse, which may force us once more to have recourse to the Catheter, which would cause fresh pain to the Patient.

I have but few things to fay about the Incision of the Perinæum, which is recommended when the Catheter cannot be introduced into the Bladder. Nevertheless, it is proper that Surgeons should be apprised, that it has not been put in practice so often

as one would imagine from Aftruc's faying, that a long Experience has taught the preference of a Female Catheter over a Male one, in these cases. Those that are not well acquainted with this Distemper, would be apt to conclude, that this Operation is performed every Day: It is therefore necessary to repeat here, that it is a last Refuge, and that it fre-

quently miffes of its end.

It is true, that the Wound made with the Trocar is of no great Consequence, and easily enough healed up; but the Reader must take notice, that the Success of it is doubtful, as I have proved above, by arguments drawn from other things, besides the confideration of the nature of the Wound itself; and that, confequently, it is not to be attempted without Caution. The advice of Aftruc, in giving a gentle Purge, when the Inflammation is confiderably abated, to carry off the acrimonious Particles which the Urine might leave behind in the Stomach, is very just. However, when all the Emunctories are open, the great quantity of Diluters that is now allowed the Patient, is fometimes fufficient to wash off the Salts that might stick to the Coats of the Stomach. The Remarks I have made about the Method followed by Col de Vilars, may also ferve for that Part of Astruc's Practice which I have not touched upon. But before I put an end to this Article, I must offer up my thanks to Providence, for having inspired me with the Discovery of a Remedy simple in itself, and of an easy application; that at the same time delivers Mankind from the cruel Torments which naturally attend on this Diftemper, and from those which the Means made use of to bring Relief, never fail to occasion. I repeat it again, the Means and Remedies used are only capable of bringing Relief, fince the Caufe is not removed, which confifts in the Obstructions that plug up the Urethra, and continue causing an F 4

habitual

habitual Strangury. Let us now fee with what kind of Weapons this dangerous Enemy is attack'd, and with what fuccess.

The Cure of the Habitual Strangury.

· Col de Vilars mentions five Methods of Cure: Cathæretics, the Incision of the Perinaum, Candles of different fizes, the Introduction of Tents, and, lastly, leaden Probes of different fizes.

Let us examine each of these Methods separately.

"The Antients," fays he, p. 222. "looking on c Carnosities as the fole cause of this Disorder, en-

deavour'd to confume them with Cathæretics, which they introduced into the Urethra in the

" form of Candles; but these Medicines, by in-

" flaming, corroding, and ulcerating the Paffage,

" increased the Disorder." Palfyn has not a more advantageous Opinion of them. He speaks of them in this manner: " In " this Cafe" (of what he calls pretended Carnofities) there are people rash enough to attempt, without " any previous preparation, to open a free passage to the Urine by the means of Sounds loaded with " diffolving, and even confuming and cathæretic " Medicines; but it frequently happens, that thefe "Remedies, injudiciously apply'd, invite the Humours, increase the Inflammation, and occasion a " total Suppression: And tho', by allaying the most " threatening Symptoms by a cooling Diet, Bleed-" ings, Clysters, Bathing, soft Injections, Apoes zems, and Emulfions, these dissolving and con-" fuming Remedies, should open a free passage to the " Urine, by bringing the Swellings to Suppuration; and tho', by cicatrizing the Ulcers with Sounds of " a deficcative nature, and by paffing afterwards into " the Uretbra leaden Probes, of different fizes, to diso late it; the Patient should be enabled to make " Water

Water freely; yet the Cure is not always lafting: " For the new Ulcers, which the Cathæretics have " form'd, must render the Urethra still more liable " to Inflammations; and these Debauchees, soon " falling into their old course of life, either contract " fresh Gonorrhœas, or, by hard drinking, render "their Urine fo acrimonious, that new Swellings " arife round the Cicatrices, which are now in greater " number; and when this Urine, by being detain'd " in the Bladder, has still acquir'd an higher degree " of Acrimony, it grows corrofive, eats thro' the " Urethra, and, burrowing in all directions, forms " fistulous Abscesses in several parts of the Scrotum; " fo that as much, or more, Urine is discharg'd "thro' them, than by the natural way. When " thefe Fiftulas are of any standing, the only " way to cure them is, by making large Incifions, 44 and melting down all the Indurations by Suppuration; but they are incurable when there are " fpungy Ulcers in the infide of the Bladder, unlefs we put in practice the Method of Collot, a famous " Lithotomist, whom I saw operate at Paris."

Astruc, Book III. Chap. IV. p. 239. having faid that the Cure of the Habitual Strangury confifted in those things which could fafely and effectually extirpate, consume, destroy, bring to Suppuration, compress, and level all the various Obstacles of the Urethra which obstruct the passage of the Urine, adds, " And, for this end, four Methods have been " put in practice. The Antients, who were ac-" quainted with no other Obstacles in the Meatus " Urinarius but Caruncles, callous Bodies, and Ver-" ruce, placed their whole study in consuming "them by cathæretic Medicines carry'd in by the " help of Candles; and they heal'd, with Epulotics, the little Ulcers that remain'd at the Basis of these Excrescences. This Method has long been laid " afide, and for feveral Reasons:

" 1. Because it is calculated solely for the Carun" cles and Verrucæ which beset the Urethra, and by

" no means for those things which streighten it; and

" yet every-body grants, that these forts of Obstacles

" are the most frequent causes of the Strangury

" which fucceeds a Gonorrhœa.

" 2. Because it is always attended with danger:

" For Cathæretics, which are strong enough to confume the Caruncles, must inevitably, at the same

" time, inflame, corrode, and ulcerate the found

parts of the Uretbra. I know that the Antients

" endeavour'd to guard against this Inconvenience by means of several Instruments and Remedies;

but I know, at the same time, that all their pre-

cautions were, for the most part, fruitless: And

"they have, themselves, recorded the Examples of several Persons who were afflicted with Inflam-

" mation of the Penis, Abfcesses of the Perinaum,

and a Gangrene itself, by the use of this Method.

" 3. Because, frequently, instead of bringing Re-

" little Ulcers, which the Cathæretics form in the

"Urethra, being ill deterg'd, grow up into fresh

" Hypersarcoses, or Caruncles; or rather because, when they are heal'd, they leave behind them

" hard streight Cicatrices, which lessen the diameter

of the Urethra."

I will, as usual, make some Reflections upon these

three Passages.

If Carnosities are not the only Causes of the Obstructions of the *Urethra*, they are, nevertheless, some of the most frequent; notwithstanding the contrary Opinion of several Authors: And I could, with good soundation, advance the same of Callosities, or hard callous Cicatrices, which succeed Ulcers improperly heal'd. For, from what experience has taught me, the whole difference of a Carnosity, and hard Cicatrice, lies in their Form and Consist-

ence: A Carnofity is a fort of Mushroom, and a Cicatrice is a flatter Eminence, and the Basis of it is equal to the Superficies of the Ulcers which it has fucceeded, or rather conceal'd: For all Carnofities and Callosities are, as I have learn'd from observation, the produce of Ulcers. Both these kinds of Obstacles are owing to the bad covering of the Ulcer, which now lies conceal'd, but still evidently exists; fince, in four hours time, and oftentimes in lefs, my Medicines bring these coverings to Suppuration, and fet the Ulcers a running again, as they did when the Gonorrhœa was fresh contracted. Hippocrates himfelf advises this Suppuration, in the 82d Aphorism, Sect. 4. Those that have a Swelling, or Caruncle, in the inside of the Penis, obtain a Cure, if it is brought to Suppuration. But my Remedy goes farther; for the Ulcer is intirely heal'd by it, as it continues the Suppuration, till it is wholly freed of the Humour which fed it. Now an Ulcer, when once well cleans'd, becomes a fimple Solution of Continuity, and heals by Nature's help only: Thus the Persons who have been under my care, either for fresh or renew'd Gonorrhœas (for I may give this appellation to what is produced by my Medicines), may, indeed, contract a fresh illness, but will never relapse into the former. Nevertheless, some people, for very obvious reasons, not caring to confess, that they had run fresh hazards, since they had been out of my hands, have rather chosen to make me the victim of their interest, than to let their shameful actions come to light.

What I have said, of the near relation there is betwixt Callosities and Carnosities, is agreeable to Pare's sentiment; who seems to account for Callosities by the long standing of Carnosities. The Carnosities which are of long standing, and grown callous, must be soften'd with Fomentations, Cataplasms, Liniments, Plaisters, and Fumigations. He greatly ex-

tols, to this effect, the Fumes of Vinager pour'd upon a hot Brick. I come again to Cathæretics.

It is enough to condemn the use of them, that they inflame, corrode, and ulcerate the *Urethra*; but they have still a worse effect: For they do not always act on that part which we propose to consume, but corrode the sound part, which we want to preserve. We see a dreadful example of it in Case 71. where the Caustic left the Caruncle untouch'd, and produced near it a Fistula, with a considerable loss of Substance, and even eat away some of the

Skin which covers the Corpora Cavernofa.

Paré, who made use of consuming Powders, which he apply'd to the Carnofity by the help of a Catheter, to prevent the Powder from being spread in the Uretbra, is far from advising the use of Cathæretics. We must, says he, in the Cure of Carnofities, avoid the too great use of sharp, corrosive Medicines; which might cause a great deal of mischief, by the irritation they cause to so sensible a part. What must we, then, think of the conduct of a Surgeon of Bourdeaux, whom I have taken notice of in Case 89. who was bold enough to use the Lunar Caustic? But let us draw off our eyes from so rash an Action, and remark, with Paré, that, notwithstanding the Mildness of his consuming Remedy, it occasion'd, fometimes, a great deal of Pain: For to what purpose else should he prescribe things proper to allay it? The mildest Escharotics are not, then, free from danger. Belides this, the most skilful Surgeon is not able to foresee whether the Cathæretic he uses is properly adapted to the nature of the Virus which occasions the Carnosity or Callosity; for which reason, they will not fail to grow up afresh, as Astruc has very well taken notice, without affigning the true reason of it. For if the Cause, which keeps up the Ulcer, had nothing of a particular Nature in it, it antisproute et aku ones ob votant tod a stone y might

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might be heal'd with ease: The Materia Medica abounds with deterfive Medicines, but the difficulty confilts in finding out one, which, besides this quality, has that of being antivenereal; which I have been fo

happy as to discover.

You may apply what I have faid of Carnofities, and hard callous Cicatrices, to the Verrucæ which befet the Urethra; they are, also, nothing else but a fort of Incrustation which hides a venereal Ulcer, which must be renew'd afresh, exhausted of its Virus, and heal'd up with Remedies properly adapted to the Caufe.

Tho' I should even grant, that caustic Medicines might be fafely apply'd, against all forts of Excrefcences in the Uretbra; yet they would evidently appear improper in the case of Ulcers, or what is generally call'd feminal Weakneffes: Instead of being beneficial, in these cases, they would rather do harm. Caustic Medicines are, then, very far from removing and destroying, as the Antients believ'd, all the

causes of the Habitual Strangury.

Palfyn injudiciously confounds suppurative Medicines with caustic ones, when he inveighs against the last. As the Virtue of the first consists in melting down the Humours which are clogg'd up in the Excrescences which beset the Uretbra, they are not of a nature to produce fresh Ulcers; they can, at most, but renew former ones: They are, then, not faulty on the fide that Palfyn attacks them; but because they have not the Virtue of healing the Ulcer which they renew, not being antivenereal; or, if they are fo, are not properly adapted to the particular nature of these Ulcers. The same inconvenience attends Epulotics, which would cicatrize any Ulcers but those which owe their Being to a venereal Taint; but which, us'd either at first, or after deterfive Medicines, are not able to procure a firm Cicatrice, as the primary cause is not remov'd. And this is the reason SHIEL

why

why the benefit, that accrues from them, is of fo short a duration, as Palfyn takes notice. He had fpoken with more justness, if he had said, that the benefit arifing from them is never lafting, unless we have to do with people of excessive good constitutions, and that are never guilty of any irregularities; and even, fometimes, in spite of this double advantage, the Virus maintains its ground fo ftrongly, that the Excrescences rise afresh. It is, however, true, that the Urine, during the Suppuration, not contracting any unufual Acrimony, does not irritate the Urethra, and occasion the Blood and Humours to cause Obstructions in those Parts. For I am not of the Opinion of Palfyn, who pretends, that the stay of the Urine in the Urethra renders it so acrimonious, that it corrodes the substance of it, and produces Fistulas. A Collection of Urine, considerable enough to occasion such a Disorder, can only proceed from the total Obstruction of the Uretbra, by fome Obstacle, or other. For if some small quantity of it is detain'd, for a time, it foon escapes out upon the Shirt, as all Fluids must do, in a part which favours their Isfue.

But the Consequence will be very different, if, by the Irritation which the Urine occasions to the fenfible Membrane of the Uretbra, the Blood, or other Humours, come to stagnate there: Abscesses are then form'd, which obstruct the Passage of the Urine, and lacerate or burst the Coats of the Uretbra, or Neck of the Bladder; and when these Abscesses break of themselves, or are open'd, which we are often oblig'd to do, the Urine, which can't pass off by its natural Channel, directs its course to that part where it meets with less resistance, and continues running off that way as long as it meets with an Opposition in its Passage thro' the Uretbra; and, for this reason, some of these Abscesses become fiftulous, and others not, tho' fituated in the very fame

fame place. For when the Urine can't force itself a Passage thro' the *Urethra*, it is continually driven on thro' the Abscess, and, by preventing it from closeing up, renders it fistulous; whereas an Abscess does not contract so bad a nature, when a free Passage is soon restor'd to the Urine.

This Opinion is conformable to that of De la Faye, loco citato. "You must take notice," says he, "that as Matter will make its way into the Blad-"der from outwardly, in the same manner the Urine does sometimes from inwardly, eat through the "Urethra and Bladder, in one or more places, and form a urinous and purulent Abscess in Perinao; which should be open'd without delay, lest the Urine should infinuate itself into the neighbouring Parts, and work itself several Openings; as is too often the case, when Suppressions of Urine are not well attended to: Whence so many different

"Fistulas are form'd in Perinæo, and neighbouring

" parts, thro' which the Urine drains itself." A Fistula in Perinaeo is no trisling complaint: For, besides the inconvenience of a continual Loss of Urine, which, in spite of all care, renders people disagreeable to themselves and others, by its odious stench; besides the shocking prospect that lies before them, of never getting rid of this Disorder; these Fistulas are sometimes aggravated, and cause Inslammations and Sinuses, which run in all Directions, and are the more dangerous, according to their depth, and the Parts that are affected.

De la Faye has observ'd, that "there is sometimes an Abscess form'd betwixt the Bladder and
Restum, or in the substance of the Prostata Superior, which does not appear outwardly, and discharges itself into the Bladder, either by breaking
of itself, or by the Introduction of the Catheter,
or some time after. The Matter comes out mix'd
with the Urine, and the Swelling and Instammation

es mation of the neighbouring Parts abate imme-

diately."

In this very case, Palfyn advises to make large Incisions in the Scrotum, to bring all the callous Parts to Suppuration. This is a painful, but, what is still worse, a fruitless Operation; since the Fistulas can never close up, as long as the Urine can't pass off freely in its natural Channel. Collot's Method can't be fubstituted to it with better hopes, for the reasons we have given before; and Astruc is against its being put in practice, at least in the generality of Cases. It is not advisable," fays he, " to attempt the " Cure of the fiftulous Ulcers of the Perinaum, that have a communication with the Restum and Blad-" der; because it is impossible to lay open all the " various Sinuses without repeated Incisions, and " making a most terrible havock of the Parts, which is always dangerous. Therefore, not to difgrace a Method which is often beneficial, it is better to rest contented with a palliative Cure only, se especially when a Patient is exhausted and emaciated by the long continuance of his Illness; and " is, befides, of a bad Habit of Body."

This palliative Cure confifts, according to the fame Author, p. 197. " 1. In the use of whatever di-" lutes and foftens the briny Acrimony of the Blood; as a light, moistening, cooling Diet; Abstinence " from Wine, Venery, Exercise, Riding, and vioco lent Passions of the Mind; warm Bathing; cooling Broths or Apozems; a Milk Diet; gentle " Purges, frequently repeated; fuch as the Pulp of " Casha diffolv'd in Whey or Manna, in a Glass of " Ptisan, with the addition of a Drachm of purging « Salt.

" 2. In whatever is balfamic, and therefore proper " to fill up the cavity of the Ulcer, and form a Cicatrice, or, at least, to affwage its violence, and "keep it from spreading; as Chio or Venice Tur-" pentine,

" pentine, to a Drachm at a Dose; or the Balsams of Peru, Capivi, or Canada, to six, eight, ten, or twelve Drops, mix'd with Sugar, in the Form of a Bolus, or in a Spoonful of Syrup of Maiden-hair.

"3. In whatever restores the Tone of the Parts affected, and dissolves the stagnating Humours, and is therefore, in either Intention, very proper to promote the Circulation of the Blood and Lymph; fuch as Fomentations and Embrocations of the Perinæum with the Bath waters of Balaruc, Barreges, and Bourbon; or mercurial Unctions, re-

" peated now-and-then."

You will meet, among my Cases, with a great number of Instances of Fistulas in Perinae of all kinds, which I have perfectly cur'd in a short time: Can it be doubted, after fuch Examples, whether my Method is preferable to those which were put in practice before me; when I have no recourse to any kind of Operation; when I hardly prescribe to my Patients any particular Regimen, and use but very few Internals; the chief part of the Cure confifting in my topical Remedies duly apply'd; unless I have reason to think that there is a general Taint in the Blood, at the same time there is a particular one in the Uretbra? My Patients are fafe from the danger of a Relapse, as I first begin to cleanse and open the urinary Passages; removing, by this means, what chiefly hinders Fiftulas from clofing up; and my own Remedy then, is, almost sufficient, alone, to procure a firm Cicatrice. I deterge, in the fame manner, all the Sinuses I can conveniently come at.

The various Complaints mention'd in the Passage I brought out of Palfyn, engag'd me to give, in this place, what has occurr'd to me touching Abscesses and Fistulas in Perinao: I must now make some Re-

marks upon what is faid by Aftruc.

remove, consume, destroy, bring to Suppuration, compress, and level all the Obstacles which hinder the free course of Urine: Yet all these Means are not able to perform a radical Cure. To this purpose, we must not only clear the Passage for a time, but root out the Cause of the Excrescences and Swellings which occasion these Symptoms; and this is not brought about by simply removing, consuming, destroying, bringing to Suppuration, compressing, levelling the Obstacles. Besides, all these Intentions of Cure have no regard to old Ulcers, which are acknowleg'd as such, nor to that Complaint which I also term an Ulcer, tho' it is vulgarly call'd a seminal

Weakness, or Gleet.

As for corrolive Medicines, it is very evident, as he fays, that they could only ferve to destroy Caruncles and Verrucæ, and the Callosities or Cicatrices of Ulcers badly heal'd up; if we suppose them of the fame nature as those which Surgeons sometimes, thro' careleffness, fuffer to come on upon external Wounds and Ulcers, which is not the cafe here, as I have already observ'd; but they never can cure callous Ulcers, the Verumontanum fwell'd or grown fcirrhous, the fungous and callous fubstances which grow on the excretory Ducts of the Prostate, and other Glands of the Uretbra: On the contrary, they must be very hurtful in the Case of Ulcers, and other Defects of the Verumontanum, which Part ought to be carefully preferv'd, as a continual Stillicidium must be the consequence of the loss of it; which misfortune could not fail of being brought on by those who, not knowing the true situation of the Verumontanum, should mistake it for a callous Obstacle or Excrescence, and should eat it down by the means of their corrofive Medicines. It is equally evident, that the use of them must be pernicious, if the Habitual Strangury is owing to varicous Veffels; for an EschaEscharotic, by corroding their Membranes, would bring on an Hæmorrhage. But we have no occasion to dwell on the effect of Corrosives in this complaint, having prov'd, before, that it hardly ever exists: We may, however, take notice, by-the-by, that as those Authors, who have spoke of the bad effects of Corrosives, have never made any mention of an Hæmorrhage; it is a plain Proof, that the streightening of the *Uretbra* is never owing to any *Varices*.

I will add to the folid Reasons brought by Astruc against Corrosives, that, as their Action is always attended with an Irritation of the Parts, they will be more apt to streighten, than to inlarge the Passage.

The Reader will not be displeas'd with finding here what Dionis, and his Commentator, think of Callosities, Cicatrices, and Bridles; which last Complaint is, according to the latter, nothing but a Contraction of the Urethra by a Cicatrice. Dionis makes no mention of it: He looks on Callosities as incurable. for Cicatrices, he is for confuming them with a Cathæretic, more or less strong, which is apply'd to the Part affected by the means of a Wax Candle, whose extremity is fomewhat hollow'd in, to receive the Remedy. There is no need to make fresh Observations concerning this Method: We have feen, before, what Judgment is to be made of it, notwithstanding what the Author adds afterwards; that we must not lose patience, during the Operation of this Remedy, which requires a long time: For, if we should increase the strength of the Medicine, to hasten the Cure, we might endanger the bringing on Pain and Inflammation, by eating deeper than requisite. To these Precautions, Dionis should have added some certain Signs whereby to know the different degree of Senfibility, in the Uretbra of different persons; for, without this, we act without a Guide: For that which makes but a slight Impression upon one person, will cause an Inflammation in another.

We will not follow De la Faye, step by step, in what he teaches concerning the Ischury, or Habitual Strangury; we have already brought here the best part of it. He gives a Prefervative against the Ischury, which consists in living regularly, in applying to the Perinæum, and along the Urethra, suppurative and emollient Remedies; in introducing into it a Wax Candle, arm'd with Ointment of Marshmallows; to soften the bard Substances, and preserve the natural diameter of the Passage. We have feen, above, how averse he is to Caustics, and tharp Probes, notwithstanding the Encomiums which Paré bestows on these last. I have, says he, perform'd several remarkable Cures by their means. He us'd them to file away the Callofities, without minding the Bleeding, which he look'd upon as beneficial: For, as this Blood proceeds from the Carnofity itself, it discharges part of the Humour, which feeds it, and greatly relieves the part: And if no Blood appears spontaneously, it will not be amiss to invite it, gently, with the Probe. I shall not dwell upon examining this Method, which is now wholly exploded; but will pass, immediately, to De la Faye's Method of treating the hard and callous Substances of the Urethra.

"By the means of a Catheter, which comes out at the Incision in Perinaeo, you introduce a Seton, made of a long slip of Linen, unravell'd on the sides: This Seton must be arm'd with the fore-mention'd Digestive (consisting of the Liniment. Arc. Basilic. and the Ol. Hyperic. with the addition of equal parts of red Precipitate and burnt Alum, whose quantity is increas'd or lessen'd, in proportion to its effect); the Wound is to be fill'd with Dosessia, arm'd with the same Medicine, and to be cover'd with Pledgets of the same; the Cannula, also, may be rubb'd with it, except at the extre-

" Di-

" Digestive, lest the Precipitate and Alum should

" cause an Irritation to the Bladder."

This Method is attended with inconveniencies that mine has not. 1. There must be an Incision in Peringo. 2. It is taken for granted, that the Seton and Catheter can be eafily introduced, which can't be done when the Urethra is intirely obstructed. All Urethras cannot bear with fuch Escharotics. 4. The Diforder cannot be intirely rooted out by thefe Remedies, which have no relation with the Caufe that produces it: And what useless pains and trouble, if it is not radically fubdu'd!

The fecond Method, put in practice for the Cure of the Habitual Strangury, has been attended with no better fuccefs. "The Uretbra," fays Col de Vilars, "was " laid open upon the Groove of a Staff, to find out the " Caruncles, and confume and destroy them: But,

" after the Wound was heal'd up, the Cicatrice ren-

"der'd the Uretbra still narrower than before." Astruc gives a fuller Account of this fort of practice. "Having observ'd," fays he, "the situation " of the Obstacles which were in the Meatus Urina-" rius, and mark'd that part of the Perinæum which " answer'd to them, a Catheter, with a Groove in it, " was introduced, as far as possible, into the Ure-" thra; and, at the extremity of it, either fide of " the Perinæum was laid open, according to the di-" rection of the Raphe, and the Incision was car-" ry'd on towards the Anus; all the Obstacles com-" ing then in fight, it was easy to treat them with " different Remedies, according to their different " circumstances: If they were Caruncles, callous " Bodies, or Excrescences, with Cathæretics; but " if fordid Ulcers, fed upon the Urethra, they were " deterg'd and cleans'd with proper Remedies " But it appears, that the greatest part of those who " underwent this Operation, after having been tormented for a long time, reap'd no fort of Benefit from it; but, after the Wound was heal'd up, were more troubled with the Strangury than be-

" fore; the Urethra having been still more streight-

" en'd by the new Cicatrice."

We can add still stronger Reasons to those which Col de Vilars and Astruc have furnish'd us with, for

laying aside this practice.

1. If the Catheter should be stopp'd on this side the Obstacle, the Incision could not be made upon it; the Cathæretic would then be apply'd only on that part of the Obstacle which look'd towards the natural entrance of the Urethra: So that the only Advantage that would accrue from the Operation would be, the preserving the rest of the Duct from the Action of the Caustic. But if this Remedy was capable of destroying the Carnosities, and the Ulcer could be heal'd afterwards by the means of Epulotics; were it not much better to pass into the Urethra a Cannula, or hollow Catheter, with a Tent arm'd with this corrosive Medicine, to fix it upon the Disorder, without having recourse to an Operation by which the sound parts are injur'd?

2. This Operation was evidently useless, with regard to Ulcers; as one can as well, without it, apply to them, by means of a Candle, the Remedies proper to deterge and cicatrize them. This Operation was, then, so much labour thrown away, with regard to the two Cases in which it was perform'd; and nothing can be a stronger Proof of it than my Method of Cure, wherein I have no occasion to lay open the *Urethra* to apply proper Remedies to the

Diforder.

3. But the greatest fault I find with the antient practice is, that as the Disorders of the *Urethra* were not encounter'd with Remedies suited to their nature, they could not fail returning again; so that this Method, cruel as it was, was but palliative. By what I have said it is plain, that I do not believe it an easy matter

to destroy Carnosities by the use of Cathæretics, or to cleanse the Ulcers by that of detersive Medicines; since no sure and infallible Detersive was known before me, and the Action of no one Caustic could be certainly depended upon. But this is dwelling too long on the examination of a Method which has been laid aside, for such substantial reasons. Let us pursue the Analysis of those which have been since put in practice.

"The best Method," says Col de Vilars, still in the same place, "is, by introducing Candles into the Uretbra, which, by their size and solidity,

" distend gradually the sides of the Urethra, at the " same time softening and relaxing its Fibres. They

" are made in the following manner: "You must take long Slips of fine Linen, of a " proper breadth and length, which you are to dip "in new Wax melted, or, as fome advise, in the " mercurial Plaister of Vigo: It must be roll'd, af-" terwards, betwixt two fmooth Boards warm, and " be form'd into a folid compact Candle, that infen-" fibly ends in a Cone. You must make them of " different length and bigness; the longest should " be nine or ten Inches long, and the biggeft of " the fize of a common Quill; the rest must de-" crease gradually, so that the smallest be about as " big as a common Probe. You must begin by " using the smallest Candle, in this manner: The " Patient having emptied his Bladder, it must be "dipp'd in Oil, and gently pass'd up the Urethra, " till it arrives at any of the Obstacles, and even " farther, if possible: If it could be got into the " Bladder, it would be still better; but this seldom " happens the first time. When the Patient is in-" clin'd to make Water, the Candle must be taken " out, and replaced again afterwards, endeavouring to make it advance as far as possible; this must be ", repeated three or four times a day, till it gets into G 4 " the

"the Bladder, and can be taken out and pass'd in freely, and without pain: You then pick out the next Size, and so on, by degrees. When the biggest goes in and out with ease, it is a sign that the Uretbra is sufficiently dilated, and that all the Obstacles are levell'd down. You may, by this Method, get the better of the most inveterate Habitual Strangury. But tho' the Water comes in a
full Stream, the use of the Candles must be continu'd, every day, for some hours; then once a
week; and, lastly, only once a month: For the
Uretbra, in this Disorder, has a strong disposition
to contract, and grow narrow. The Candles must

" be chang'd, as occasion requires."

I am far from thinking, with Col de Vilars, that the worst kinds of Habitual Stranguries may be cur'd by this Method; for it is very obvious, that it can be ferviceable only in a Contraction of the Urethra caus'd by a Cicatrice which has fucceeded a great lofs of Substance. For of what use can these Candles be to fungous and callous Excrescences? To a Scirrbus or Fungus that has rifen on the excretory Ducts of the Proftate, Veficulæ Seminales, and other Glands of the Uretbra? To the Swelling of the Verumontanum? It is true, they may procure a temporary Relief, in these Cases; but what service will they be of to Ulcers, which is fo common a Complaint? These Candles of Col de Vilars act only by dilating gradually the fides of the Urethra, and relaxing its Fibres. Let us, even besides these Qualities, grant them that of diffolving, which they will have, if the mercurial Plaister enters into their composition; but will this answer all the necessary Intentions of Cure? We must then conclude, that what he calls the best Method of Cure, falls very short of being perfect. It is, however, preferable to that which he mentions immediately after. "Several Practitioners," fays he, "only " make up short Candles, which they tie with a thread, " and

"and pass up by the means of a strait hollow Ca"theter, which they first introduce into the Urethra;
"they push on the Candle with a Probe, in the
"Cavity of the Catheter, till it is got amongst the
"Obstacles; and they use larger successively, as
"we have said of the long Candles. When the
"Patient wants to make Water, it is drawn out by
"the Thread, and it must be replaced afterwards,
or another in its room; these sorts of Candles
"occupying but one part of the Urethra, occasion
only an unequal Dilatation."

"Frequent Instances," says Astruc, loco citato, have shewn, that this Method is serviceable; and that notwithstanding the slowness of its Ope-

ration, it relieves gently, effectually, and without Danger, the most stubborn Stranguries. It is,

" however, attended with two Inconveniences.

"I. The Tent which is introduced, not being equal to the length of the Urethra, does not

dilate it equally, but only widens that Part where it lies, streightening at the same time the Parts that

are on each Side of it, and in fo much the greater Degree, as the intermediate Part is more

" dilated; which is the case in all elastic Tubes,

" if they are only diftended in one Part.

"2. The Apparatus of this Operation is too troublesome for the Patient to dress himself; so that he is always obliged to have a Surgeon at hand, which, in a thing that requires to be so often repeated, is exceeding inconvenient; for which Reason this Method has given place to one much more easy, expeditious, and useful."

Notwithstanding the encomiums which Astruction bestows on Tents introduced into the Urethra, they have, besides the Inconveniences which I have remarked in the short Candles of Col de Vilars, and that which both these Authors have taken notice of, of causing an unequal Dilatation, and that which Astruc

Aftruc complains of in particular, of being very troublesome, which would be but a trifling Consideration, if a radical Cure was obtained by their means, another Defect, which these Gentlemen have overlooked, and yet is of no small Consequence; which is, the danger of the Thread's breaking, which the Moisture it imbibes in the Uretbra will make it very liable to. That the Reader may not accuse me of seeking for bare Possibilities to raise

Objections, I will relate a matter of Fact.

There was a Physician at Iyons, about thirty Years ago, who treated Habitual Stranguries with fome Success by the means of Tents, which were armed with fome particular Composition, which he never divulged, and which fometimes performed an absolute Cure. These Tents, as those I just mentioned, were drawn out of the Urethra by the means of a Thread: But unluckily the Thread once chanced to break, I suppose, on account of the more than common Swelling of the Tent; in confequence of which that Part of the Urethra which was on this fide the Tent, was also rendered streighter than usual. The Patient, in the mean while, was taken with a strong Inclination of making Water, which kept increasing as the Bladder filled. was at last seized with all the Symptoms that attend a Venereal Ischury, with this afflicting Circumstance, that the Palliatives usually administred in those Cases could be of no Service in his Con-The Doctor for a long while tortured his Imagination in vain, to avoid laying open the Ure. thra, which would have greatly injured his Character, and at last hit upon this Expedient : He invented a Pair of Forceps, flender enough to make their way into the Uretbra, and was fo lucky with them, as to make the Extraction of the Tent. I have had a fight of that instrument, which is very ingeniously contrived; but it would be very difficult

pened once, may happen again, in spite of all Precautions; whence I conclude, that this Method is not free from Danger, and that we should seek for another, tho' a radical Cure might be obtained by this.

We are now come to the last Method which Astruc recommends as more easy and convenient. " Prepare ten or twelve cylindrical Rods, of dif-" ferent Sizes, made of ductile Lead; let each " of them be nine or ten Inches long, but of un-" equal thickness, so that the thickest be some-" what larger than a Pen, and the rest go gradu-" ally decreafing. When the Patient is prepared " for the Operation, and the Bladder is emptied, " choose the smallest Rod, dip it in Oil, and pass " it up the Urethra, till it arrives at the Obstacles, " forcing it amongst them as far as you well can " without giving too much Pain. If you should " get into the Bladder the very first Day, it is so " much the better; but there is no harm if you " should be forced to stop in the middle of the " Obstacles, which is most frequently the Case. " must then be pushed in further the following " Days, till by degrees it reaches the Bladder. "The Rod is to be kept in three or four Hours " every Day, till the Urine, by foliciting a Difcharge, occasions its Removal; and this is to be " repeated every Day, till the Rod can pass in " freely backwards and forwards, without giving " any Pain.

"Then pick out another Rod, somewhat thicker than the former, which is to be introduced with the same Caution, thro' the *Urethra*, by degrees, into the Bladder; and in like manner the other Rods are to be successively applied in Order, ascending by degrees to the largest; and when

"that can be introduced with Ease, it is a Sign

" that the Obstacles are removed, and that there is

" a free Passage for the Urine. " However, tho' the Urine should be voided in " a full Stream, you must not too hastily conclude, "that the Cure is completed; fince we learn by " Experience, that the Obstacles will sprout up " again after Compression, and streighten the Duct, " if we omit repeating the Use of the Leaden * Rods. Therefore this Operation is to be con-"tinued for a confiderable time; at first, daily for " an Hour or two; then twice or thrice in a Week; " and, lastly, three or four times in a Month. " Nor dare I ever promise a perfect Cure for this " kind of Strangury, but merely a palliative one. "There is certainly this advantage in the Me-" thod we have laid down, that the Patient prac-" tises it himself in the following manner: Lying

" on his Back in Bed, with his Legs drawn up, and Thighs afunder, and holding the Penis in the left Hand, with his right he introduces into it a

"Rod, which he has first dipt in Oil: It is easy enough to proceed in a right Line to the Root

" of the Penis; but the Perinaum should be gently compressed, that the end of the Rod may

" bend and fit itself to the Passage, proceeding flowly, till it at last reaches the Bladder. By this means the Rod will easily pass by all the windings

" of the Uretbra, and accommodate itself to all its

" bendings with great eafe.

"Farther, left any bad Accident should happen thro' Rashness, Ignorance, or Over-hastiness, before this method is attempted, the following

" Precautions should be carefully attended to.

"I. If it appears by the Symptoms, or there are strong Reasons to conjecture, that the Patient is infected with the Venereal Disease, the proper Remedies in this Case should be first premised.

" 2. The fittest Season of the Year, such as "Spring or Autumn, should be chosen, preferably

"to any other, the Texture of the Fibres being

"then fofter, and the Blood not so apt to be kindled into a Fever.

"3. Univerfals being premised, to wit, Bleeding and Purging, the Acrimony of the Blood

" should be corrected by cooling Broths or Apozems, Whey, acidulated mineral Waters,

" and Bathing.

- "4. During the whole course of the Cure, the Patient is to abstain from Wine, Venery, and
- " Exercise; to use a regular, moistening, cooling "Diet; to drink, by way of Ptisan, an Insussion
- " of Linfeeds and Mallow-flowers; laftly, the Pe-
- " rinæum should be relaxed by emollient Fomenta-

" tions.

- " 5. The Leaden Rods should be nicely ex-" amined, and those laid aside in which the slightest
- " crack is discovered; lest, if they should break
- " in the *Urethra*, you should be obliged to lay open the *Perinæum*, to take out the fragments.
 - " 6. The Leaden Rods should be introduced gra-
- "dually, and with a light hand; as we find by Ex"perience, that, if any violence is offered to the
- "Obstacles, or the Urethra too roughly treated,
- " the Patient is feized with a fudden Tremor, which
- " is always succeeded by an intense ephemeral

" Fever.

- "7. If an error of this kind should be committed, a Vein must be instantly opened, to prevent
- " an inflammation of the Urethra, and neighbouring

" Parts.

- "8. If the Patient should be troubled with a "Dysury, or sharp Pain, Anodyne Injections
- " should be thrown up now-and-then, made of the
- " Decoctions of Mallows, Water-lillies, or Infusions
- " of Linfeed; or you may use Cow's Milk warm, by

" itself, or diluted with Barley-water, or Emulsions of cold Seeds, with those of white Poppies and

" Henbane.

" 9. If any Ulcers are caused in the *Urethra*, or there were some extant before, from whence Pus or Sanies is discharged, they may be deterged

" with an Injection of Barley-water and Honey of

" Narbonne, and cicatrized with ---

"Lastly, The Cure is to be closed by the Use of Asses or Cows Milk, or by drinking mineral Waters at the proper Seasons; and if any Mucus or Sanies is still discharged, you are to use drying

" or aftringent Injections."

Notwithstanding the length of this Quotation, I have not thought proper to retrench any part of it, that those who are not near enough to me to make use of my Remedy, may at least be acquainted with all kinds of Palliatives: For the Leaden Probes are to be ranked under this Class, tho' they should even be rubbed with Mercury, according to the Advice of Paré, with a view to dry up and cicatrize the Ulcers which his Escharotics leave in the Uretbra, in the room of the Carnofities they confume. " this Effect, fays he, you must get as large Leaden "Probes as the Patient can bear, rub them with "Quickfilver, and pass them into the Uretbra over " the faid Ulcers, and leave them there Night and Day as long as they can be borne with. They dry " up, cicatrize, and dilate the Urethra without pain, and prevent Ulcers from adhering to one another."

But what credit can be given to his promifes, when it is known, that a Salivation, which causes a great quantity of Mercury to circulate for a long while with the Blood, or mercurial Frictions on any particular Part, as on the Perinæum and Penis, or even the mercurial Ointment introduced into the Penis itself, are of no efficacy in the cure of Carno-

fities, or a Venereal Gonorrhæa? The only certain effect of the Leaden Probes is, to dilate the Paffage by pressing down the Obstacles which fill its Cavity; and this palliative Method acts often very imperfectly, as repeated Experience teaches us, that the *Urethra* is sometimes liable to the same Obstructions soon after the removal of the Probe, and its Assistance becomes again necessary to procure a fresh Issue to the Urine.

By taking notice of this Method's being only palliative, I save the Reader the repetition of the Remarks I made on those of the same kind, which I have proved ill-adapted to the feveral Diforders which cause a Venereal Strangury. If, then, I am not absolutely against the Use of Leaden Probes, it is because a palliative Remedy, tho' imperfect, is preferable to being exposed continually to a mortal Ischury. However, I could wish, that those who have it in their Power to apply to me time enough to avoid the Danger of an Ischury, were to forbear the Use of them; for a long Experience has taught me, that the Cure is protracted by it; and it is easy to account for it. The continual or repeated pressure of such a hard Substance as Lead upon the Carnofities, renders their Texture more compact, and confequently harder to be penetrated by the active Particles of my Medicine. Thus the Service that accrues from the Leaden Probes, is attended at the same time with some Inconvenience. Let us conclude this Article with the Words of Col de Vilars, who, as we faid above, prefers his Candles to them: "Tho' Leaden Rods are pliable, they " are liable to break, which may happen while they " are in the Urethra or Bladder, by some sudden " Motion, or extraordinary Posture. If the end of " it was to break in the Bladder, it might serve as " a Nucleus for a Stone; if in the Uretbra, it " would be difficult to extract the Fragment. Be-" fides, "fides, tho' Lead is a foft and pliable Metal, it is, "however, much harder than the *Uretbra*; it may "then bruise it, and give great Uneasiness." It is certain, that my Candles are not liable to these Inconveniences. The natural Heat of the *Uretbra* softens them, without lessening any thing of their Size; they accommodate themselves to all the different Situations of the Body, and are in no danger of bruising the *Uretbra*; and yet the mere Contact of this yielding Substance is troublesome, at least for the first Days, to those whose *Uretbra* is very sensible.

The Venereal Strangury of Women.

Tho' Women are exposed as well as Men to the virulent Gonorrhæa, they are but rarely attacked with the Habitual Strangury: And the Reason of it is plain; for, contrary to the Opinion of Palfyn, the Seat of the Gonorrhæa in Women is not generally in the Proftatæ, as a light Survey of the Structure of the Parts will convince you. Ulcers arife commonly in those Parts only, which are immediately exposed to the Seminal Fluids tainted by the Virus. Now the Proftatæ are the least so of any; the Lacuna, or Glands of the Vagina, receiving immediately the Seminal Fluids, are the most liable to be intected by the subtle Particles of the Virus, and after them the Glands of Cowper, which are fituated near the Anus; because their Ducts, terminating at the rife of the Carunculæ Myrtiformes, eafily imbibe the Semen which flows out of the Vagina; but the Prostatæ, or Prostata, which in Women embraces the Urethra, and difcharges its Contents near the Clitoris, by two excretory Ducts, is feldom liable to be infected; its excretory Ducts, at most, may be soiled sometimes by a premature discharge of the Semen; and even

in this Case they are but slightly affected by it, as by the make of the Parts it runs off immediately. What I have said of the Prostatæ, is in a stronger manner applicable to the Lacunæ of the Meatus Urinarius, which have no communication what-

foever with the external Parts.

What I have faid of the manner how the Prostatæ contract an Infection in Women, agrees with Col de Vilars's manner of accounting for the Gonorrhœas of Girls that have not fuffered Penetration, which Opinion is confirmed by the Seventh Case of the Second Part of this Edition. He expresses himself thus in his Lectures of Surgery, Vol. IV. " If a young Girl chances to have a Dif-" charge like that of a virulent Gonorrhœa, " attended with the fame Symptoms, you may be " well affured, that it is the fame Diftemper, and " has been communicated by fome Person labour-" ing under Venereal Complaints. It very feldom " happens, that a Girl is liable to the Fluor Albus " before the Age of Puberty: Nevertheless we " meet with Children of four, fix, and eight Years " old, who labour under virulent Gonorrhœas, " without having been ravished, that is, without " having fuffered Penetration, and without the " Hymen being torn; but they had undergone 66 fome Violence and rough Usage from some in-" fected Person."

Tho' Women are feldom attacked with an Habitual Strangury, we however meet with fome inflances of it, either by the Virus making its way into the Prostatæ by their excretory Ducts, or by the subtle Vapour of a Venereal Ulcer, situated in the Vagina in the neighbourhood of the Prostatæ, penetrating thro' their Substance, and infecting their Contents, which I judge very possible. Astruc, Book III. Chap. IV. says, "That he has seen "Women labouring under the Strangury, in confequence

se sequence of Gonorrhœas, because the Prostatæ,

inlarged and grown callous, streightened the Urethra by pressing upon it. I even once saw,

fays he farther, a Woman whose Prostate having

" undergone a Suppuration, and becoming fiftulous, discharged themselves into the Urethra by lateral

"Sinuses, and often brought on the Strangury by the Sharpness of the Matter." I have seen at

Milan Cases perfectly similar, as I have remarked in

my Memorial to M. de Garelli.

When Women have the Misfortune to be in this Condition, my Method is still more necessary to them than to Men, as I have observed in my first Edition. To be convinced of this Truth, we need only confider the little Benefit which the Remedies hitherto known produce in them; they are even much less serviceable to them than to Men. As their Urethra is short and wide, the Urine comes away with greater Ease and Rapidity, and consequently can make but a flight Impression. The internal Remedies therefore, conveyed by the Urine, can act but weakly. Injections likewife, which are too commonly used in this Disease, are defective on the fame account: It is impossible to prevent their coming away immediately; whereas in Men we retain them as long as we please: Besides, if the Seat of the Gonorrhœa is not in the Urethra, and I have remarked that it is but rarely fo, the Remedies are hardly able to reach the difeafed Part; whereas those which I use, act upon the Part itself; and however fordid the Ulcer is, or wherefoever it is fituated, are attended with the same Success as in Men.

I will take notice, by the way, that nothing is more common than to confound a Fluor Albus, and a virulent Gonorrhæa: It is even fometimes very hard to distinguish them by the usual Symptoms; but I have a Criterion which never fails me. A Gonorrhæa,

rhœa, if it is of any standing, supposes the Existence of an Ulcer; and the Inspection of the Parts is sufficient to discover it: And in this Case my Method will cure a Diforder, which otherwise is incurable.

I think I have dwelt fufficiently on the Remedies commonly used against the Habitual Gonorrhœa or Gleets. But as I have only made mention of the Effects of mine occasionally, and by way of Comparison, I dare say, that the Readers will be glad to hear from me fomething more particular concerning them. I will then fatisfy their Curiofity, as as far as I can confiftently, with the Silence I have injoined myself as to the Composition of my Re-

medy.

Tho' I have studied and practised, with all posfible Application, all the different Branches of Surgery in France, Italy, and Germany, and chiefly at Milan, and Vienna in Austria, where the Employ of Surgeon to the Armies and Hospitals of the late Emperor Charles VI. obliged me to refide, I will ingenuously confess, that I always made the Venereal Difease, and in particular those of the Urethra, my chief Study. I had long been convinced of the Inefficacy of the Helps commonly administred against the fatal Remains of Gonorrhœas; and I confess, that my Discovery was owing to my despairing ever being able to cure a Person of Distinction, whose kindness towards me had wrought fuch a Sense of Gratitude in me, that I could have wished to restore his Health at the Expence of my own. I tried then fo many Things, that the Disease was obliged to give way; and tho' my Preparations had not then fuch a Degree of Perfection as I have brought them to at present, I was convinced, that I had discovered the Foundation of an infallible Method of Cure. was further confirmed in this Belief, by repeated fuccessful Trials made under the Inspection of the H 2

most

most learned Physicians and Surgeons, and, particularly, Count Garelli, First Physician to the Emperor; and Colli, Physician to the Hospital for Black Negroes at Vienna. Being then fully convinced of the Goodness of my Remedy, and having made the first Trials of it in foreign Parts, I thought it my duty to let my own Country reap the benefit of my Discovery; and I refolv'd to fet out for France from Messina. I landed at Marseilles, where'I soon met with opportunities of practifing: My great fuccels foon invited thither an infinite number of Patients, and I had fpent two Years very agreeably in that place, when De la Peyronie, who had always the publick good at heart, and was always zealous for the honour of the Profession, engag'd me to come to Paris, that it might be in my power to be more generally useful. I arriv'd there in the month of Sep-

tember 1745.

I follow, here, the Plan which I had long form'd; I give myfelf up wholly to the Diforders of the Urethra, without intermeddling with any other chirurgical Difease, unless some particular circumstances oblige me to break thro' this rule. This was my manner of acting at Marseilles, and long before my arrival in France; and, to judge of what fervice I have been to the Public, in this particular Branch, let the Reader set before his eyes near five thousand People, who have pass'd thro' my hands for Disorders of the Urethra, two thirds of whom would, very likely, have perish'd, without me, after the greatest sufferings, if we may give credit to those who had feen them before me. In fo great a number, there are hardly two hundred but what have been perfectly cur'd; and these only mis'd of it by their Disease being complicated with fome other, over which my Remedy has no power. You will meet with Instances of this in my third Collection of Cases: Some of them have dy'd, but always of some other Complaint, that was complicated with that of the Urethra.

Since my return into France, I have had under hand fixty-nine Officers, most of them of long standing in the service, some of whom had been oblig'd to retire out of it on account of their inability of continuing in it; and others must have done the same, tho' young, for the same reasons. There has dy'd but one of them; and Rabours, Doctor of the Faculty of Paris, and Morand, Surgeon, can certify, that he dy'd of a Disorder quite different from that which I undertake. He belong'd to the Regiment

of Xaintonges.

This Officer's Case is not the only one where I have been glad of having it in my power to lay my conduct open before the Public; and this is my way of acting with those who apply to me: I make each Person write down an exact History of his Case, from the beginning of it to the time of his applying to me; which he is to sign: I ask him, If he has any Physician, or Surgeon, he can trust to; otherwise, I procure him one, to certify his Case: I then begin with him, and, when he is well, I get the Physician, or Surgeon, that was Witness to his Disease, to

certify his Cure.

What furprifes, most, the Gentlemen of the Faculty, and the Patients themselves, is, that I lay no particular Restraint upon their way of Living during the use of my Remedies, provided they are not very irregular. If I was to be directed by some Persons, who are distinguish'd by their Worth, I should begin, first, by consining them to the use of antivenereal Remedies; because the Disorders which I treat, owing their first Principle to a Venereal Cause, they imagine, that it must have spread itself into the Habit of Body, and produced a real Lues; or, at least, sown the Seeds of this Disease in such a manner, that my Remedies, being local, can never reach it. This

H 3

Objection has fuch a strong Appearance of Reason,

that it deservedly calls for an Answer.

It is very certain, that some of my Patients labour under a general Lues; but this is not the case with the greatest number of them: It would, then, be very ill Practice, to make them all undergo a Salivation.

As for those that stand in real need of it, I am never liable to be mistaken: I never can cicatrize the Ulcers, which my Remedies have renew'd, as long as the venereal Poison circulates with the Blood. As soon as I take notice, that the Cure is protracted beyond its usual time, I conclude, that the Mass of Blood is insected; and I am never liable to error. In this case, I call in the known Specific to my as-

fistance; after which, the Ulcer heals firmly.

But it formetimes happens, that the Venereal Virus makes fome flight impressions upon the Habit of Body, without caufing a confirm'd Lues: In this Case, such is the effect of the Suppuration brought on by my Medicines, that it is sufficient to clear the Body from those particles of Virus which had insinuated themselves into it. This is evidently prov'd by Cases 27. and 54. of my First Edition, which constitutes the First Part of this; and by Cases 49. and 84. Part III. of this Edition; and there is nothing uncommon in this: For tho' the peftilential Poison, undoubtedly, infects the whole Mass of Blood; it is, nevertheless, discharg'd out of it by the right Suppuration of a Bubo or Anthrax. The fame thing happens to the parotid Glands, in other Instances: Why should not the Venereal Poison be discharg'd by one single Part also? I must, neverthelefs, confefs, that some People, to whom I had recommended a Salivation, not having follow'd my Advice, have fuffer'd for it; but so as to be more frighted than hurt.

POVALL

Tho' it were always necessary to have recourse to a Salivation, I should be far from beginning with it the Cure of the Disorders of the Uretbra: I have gather'd Knowlege, in this Particular, at the Expence of others: I have learn'd, from the relations of feveral of my Patients, that a Salivation is not only ineffectual to cure, or even relieve, the Diforders of the Uretbra; but, on the contrary, is very prejudicial in them, as is always the Case, when the Mercury goes off by Urine; which is owing either to fome particular Formation of the Parts, or to the Preparations that have been premis'd: But when once my Remedies have clear'd the passage of Urine, it is indifferent to me which Emunctory of the Body the Mercury affects; my Patients reap all its Benefit, without feeling any of its bad Effects. What I have faid of Mercury, is to be apply'd to all the other Antivenereals which I use, according to the different Indications which arife.

No one, after this, can tax my Remedy with being merely empirical, which Odium feveral have endeavour'd to cast upon it; all my Patients know, that I have Sounds of different Effects, in the application of which Judgment is requir'd; Several Accidents arife, during the course of the Cure, whose nature I am acquainted with, and which I relieve. I know, besides, how to distinguish the different kinds of Obstacles which my Sounds meet with in the Uretbra, which Knowlege I have acquir'd from my. long use of them: I can't infuse the same Skill and Dexterity into others; but let them depend upon the truth of the following Remarks: When the Difcharge of the Urine is preceded by that of Matter, without having us'd any Sound, we may take it for granted, that the Ulcer is fituated in the Uretbra itfelf; but when the Matter follows the Urine, it occupies either the Proftate Gland, or Bladder. Diagnostics are easily accounted for: The Urine H 4

drives

drives on before it whatever it meets with in its paffage, and, confequently, forces out the Pus, which, when it follows the Urine, must proceed from some Part that has fuffer'd a Contraction when the last Drop of Urine was fqueez'd out; which happens to the Prostate Gland, at that time, from the action of its muscular Fibres; besides this, an obscure deep Pain is felt in Perinæo, upon Pressure. I take this Opportunity of declaring, that those who labour under Ulcers of these Parts, as also in the seminary Veficles, will not reap any Advantage from my Method, its Efficacy reaching no farther than those Parts which can come into contact with it. My Sounds act, as I declar'd in the Preface to my First Edition, upon the excretory Ducts of all the Glands which discharge their contents into the Uretbra; and this may often prove fufficient to clear the Glands themselves, and restore them to their natural State: But if the Ulcer, that is feated there, is of long standing, or of fo virulent a nature as to have caus'd a great loss of substance; my Candles not acting beyond the Cavity of the Urethra, the Distemper admits then of no Cure. Happily for men, these Cases are rarely met with, fince all forts of Gonorrhœas, and their ill Confequences, always yield to me; which makes greatly for Dr. Cockburne's Opinion, that the Prostatæ and Vesiculæ Seminales are never the Seat of a Gonorrhœa.

These last-mention'd Circumstances are what puzzle us most in our Diagnostics and Prognostics of the Disorders of the *Uretbra*: For when we meet only with Obstacles without any Suppuration, we know them, at once, to be owing to callous or fungous substances; and the knowlege of the Structure of the Parts easily teaches us what part of the *Uretbra* is affected. I will put an end to these Reflections, perhaps carry'd on already to too great a length, by answering fome Objections which have been made against me.

It has been faid, that my First Edition was nothing but a printed Bill, whence no Instruction could be drawn; and that it was merely defign'd to procure

myself Patients.

I confess, that if the Disorder, which I treat, was not of a peculiar nature, it would be very ridiculous to advertise, that the Cure of it may be obtain'd from me: But I think the Case widely different; when I endeavour to make it known to all Men, that I can fubdue a Distemper which is very common, and which all Authors look upon as incurable: For are the Persons affected indu'd with Divination? Another Reason that engag'd me to set about the First Edition was, that those that were not near enough to me to confult me, might be enabled to judge, themselves, whether their Disorders were of fuch a nature as to want my Affistance; which they may eafily do, by comparing their Complaints with those of the Persons mention'd in the Cases. This is, undoubtedly, the best Method that can be taken; and yet it is not always fufficient to fatisfy People of the nature of their Illness.

I confess, that I had no other View, in my First Edition, than those I have mention'd; and I still believe, that I should be working for the Good of the Publick, if I were to keep to the same Plan: But I have gone farther in this, as the perufal of the foregoing Reflections may have shewn you: And I am very confident, that no-body can now reproach me, with the least foundation, that my Labour tends only to procure myself Patients. For my Remedies are fo well known in France, and in foreign Parts, that I am every day oblig'd to put off those whose Cases are not fo urgent, to attend those who are in a greater

need of my Affiftance.

But, besides, where would be the crime of aiming at procuring myself Patients? If it is my Interest, it is theirs also; since they receive Health from me, which they would, in vain, seek for anywhere else: And as there are People enough that endeavour to dissuade them from applying to me, why should I be deny'd the liberty of counterbalancing their endeavours to hurt me? These are the Speeches spread about to this end.

I am accus'd of not curing the Disorders of the Uretbra, they being, in their very nature, incurable; that, if I do cure them, it is only for a time, and that they never fail to appear afresh; and that I am exorbitant in my Demands. I will end this Intro-

duction, with answering all these Objections.

I. I do cure the Diforders of the *Urethra*. This Book is fill'd with no fictitious Cases, invented thro' Interest; they are all attested by the most eminent Physicians and Surgeons of *Paris*. It is, then, their Business to clear me from the first Accusation, which concerns them as much as me.

2. I challenge them to produce one fingle Patient, among those I have had under my care, that has ever had a Relapse, provided he labour'd under no Complication of Diseases. Many may be met with who, fince their Cure, have contracted fresh Gonorrhoeas; but my Remedy is not a Preservative: It is true, that this prevents our concluding, absolutely, that this Disorder never returns; but I answer,

(1.) That if the Cure was but palliative for a number of Years, yet my Patients would reap from it an inestimable Benefit; since they would, by that means, be deliver'd, for so many Years, from the continual fear of impendent Death, and from the violent Pains

which attend this Diforder.

I say, (2.) That there is no danger of the Distemper's returning, as it is not by Pressure that I cure the callous and sungous substances of the Ure-

thra, but by bringing them to Suppuration, and deterging them afterwards, that I heal up the Ulcers, having first conquer'd whatever Poison may be lurking in the Blood: When the Cause is remov'd, the Effect ceases of course; and this is the reason why none of the Persons I had under my care at Marseilles, have been attack'd afresh with the same Illness; as appears by Mr. Bertrand's Letter, which is inserted hereafter.

3. As Life is in itself inestimable, it never can be bought too dear: I can even venture to fay, that the exemption from Pain, tho' Life was no-ways in danger, is not less valuable. How high foever, then, my Demands were, I could not justly be tax'd with being overpaid. But I am far from behaving in this manner: I divide my Patients into three Classes; the Rich, the Poor, and the middle Class: I treat the Poor gratis; I always thought it my duty, and I hope I shall never swerve from this rule: I ask those of the middle Class what are their circumstances, and I proportion my demands accordingly. I can produce many Testimonies of this; and a Letter of Mr. Restouble, a Merchant of Montpelier, which was in one of the Magazines, is a strong Confirmation of it. According to this Plan, I might be intitled to exact a very confiderable Reward from the Rich; but if it is natural, that they should make me Amends for the small Advantage I reap from my Discovery among the Patients of the second and third Class, I am conscious, at the same time, that it would be unjust to take the Advantage of their Condition to be exorbitant: I therefore ask no more of them than what good Operators are commonly paid for the capital Operations. A Value ought to be fet upon my Remedies and Time, and I fee no reason why I should not be equally rewarded with those whose Knowlege is common to them with feveral other Surgeons; while mine is peculiar to myself, and I am able

able to perform what no other Man can. But once more I say it, I always behave in such a manner to People of substance, as not to dishonour, by mean self-views, so noble a profession as that of Surgery; and this is so true, that a great number have carry'd their Gratitude much farther than I thought myself

intitled to expect.

I have just a few Words to fay, concerning the Cases here collected. You will first meet with an Abstract of those which were contain'd in the First Edition: I might have carry'd the number of them much farther; but the fame thing has happen'd to me both at Marseilles and Paris; a great number of Patients, of both Sexes, have given me fuch substantial reasons to forbear having their Cases attested by a Physician or Surgeon, that I have been forced to acquiesce to them; nay, some have carry'd the myflery fo far, as not even to make themselves known to me: These People I have never mention'd at all. But as all those I had undertaken at Marseilles were not cur'd when I publish'd my Cases, the Abstract of the First Edition is follow'd by many Cures which I could not infert in it; which, together with an Account of my Journey from Marseilles to Paris, conflitute the Second Part of this Book. There would be nothing in this Journey interesting to the Public, if I was the only Object confider'd in it; but it becomes remarkable by the Cure of feveral People, who, without it, might have remain'd destitute of my Affiftance.

The Third Part of this Collection deserves most your Attention, as it contains the most remarkable Cures that I have perform'd at *Paris*, every one of which is attested by one or more Physicians or Surgeons, who testify the condition of the Patients when they put themselves under my care, and after they came out of my hands. I do not well know what

what conduct must be kept, to give an Authority to

any Relation, if this is judg'd defective.

These Remarks are follow'd by several Letters, of which I have been the Subject: The first is that of Mr. Chicoyneau, First Physician to the King, to Mr. Bertrand, Senior Physician of Marseilles; to inform himself of the truth of my Cures: The second is Mr. Bertrand's Answer; the third a Letter of Mr. Brubier to Mr. Manget, Physician at Geneva; wherein he gives him an Account of several Cures which he had seen with his own Eyes. He rather chose to include all his Certificates in one Letter, than to give them separately. The fourth is a Letter of Mr. Procope Couteaux to Mr. Chicoyneau; and the last is the Answer to it.

To make every thing intelligible to the Reader, I have placed, at the end of these Remarks, a Reprefentation of the Part which I work upon; and, afterwards, an Explication of all the Terms of Art which

are met with in this Treatife.

A Letter of Mr. Chicoyneau, First Physician to the King, to Mr. Bertrand, Senior Physician of Marseilles.

S 1 R,

THE Obligation we lie under of inquiring, as much as lies in our power, into the efficacy of Methods or Remedies newly found out, and reputed specifick in certain Disorders, engages me to apply myself to you, who are distinguish'd in the Profession by an extensive Knowlege and Experience; and, at the same time, have had the best opportunity of informing yourself concerning the Method of Mr. Daran, Surgeon, in the treatment of sistulous Ulcers, Carnosities, and other Disorders of the Urethra. The great success he has already met with, since his coming

coming into this Country, leaves us no room to call in question the goodness and efficacy of his Method and Remedies: The number of Cures of People of all conditions, which are perform'd, as it were, under our eyes, which are attefted both by those who have felt the happy effects of them, and by Persons of learning and credit that have been witnesses to them, leave us no room to suspect the truth of them: But as our particular Conviction is not fufficient to draw after it a general Perfuafion, which is, however, abfolutely requifite, that all those that labour under the fore-mention'd Diforders may reap the advantage of Mr. Daran's Skill; being, moreover, inform'd, that feveral Members of the Profession, thro' interest and a mean jealoufy, were doing all their endeavours to lessen his Credit, by spreading abroad that the Cures he had already perform'd were of no duration, or, to use the Term of Art, were not radical, fo that the Persons pretended to be cur'd were every day in danger of a Relapfe; I thought it our Interest, and that of the Publick, to do Mr. Daran the justice which is due to him, by the means of a Person of the Profession whose learning and integrity are generally known (which qualities, Sir, you can justly lay claim to); and to defire you to inform us, if the Persons he took care of at Marseilles, under your own eyes, and whom you was perfectly well acquainted with, are still in the same Condition they were in when he pronounced them cur'd; or whether they have relaps'd into their former Illnefs. I joyfully catch at this opportunity of renewing to you the Affurances of Efteem and Friendship with which I have always had the honour of being, Sir,

Your most bumble, and

most obedient Servant,

Versailles, Apr. 11.

CHICOYNEAU.

Mr. Bertrand's Answer.

the self of the foot and large I Undertake the Commission, you have honour'd me with, with fo much the more pleafure, as it gives me an Opportunity of being an Affiftant to you in the Scheme you have form'd of helping forwards the Advancement of Physick, and of declaring, publickly, the Merit of a Method which may be look'd on as new and specifick in the Disorders of the Uretbra. But, before I fet about this Task, give me leave, Sir, to excuse myself for the slowness of my Answer. To keep close to your Intention; I thought myfelf oblig'd to get all the information myfelf, and in a great Town one cannot always meet with those we want to speak to: I have first fought after those Mr. Daran had taken care of in this Town; I have feen most of them; and, having inquir'd into their condition, they have all affur'd me, that they were perfectly well; that they have, ever fince their Cure, made Water freely, and have no longer been liable to those terrible Suppressions of Urine which had fo often endanger'd their Lives. As for those who I imagin'd would be unwilling to open their Cases to me, I either inform'd myself, by the means of their usual Physician, from whom they might be suppos'd to conceal nothing, or from some intimate Friend of theirs, who might be credited. They have all affur'd me, that they are perfectly well, that is, that the Paffage of the Urine is free; and that they no longer live in fear of having it fuppress'd. There is one Person, among these, who dates his Cure a great while before the rest, who, having try'd, in vain, all the means advis'd to him by the best Physicians and Surgeons, resolv'd upon going to Mr. Daran at Naples, where he then liv'd, and

and return'd from thence in perfect Health. A Cure that has lasted so many Years, seems to promise, that those he has perform'd here will not be less permanent. Some of these Patients, who labour'd under Fistulas occasion'd by the Suppressions of Urine, have got rid both of their Fistulas, and Obstructions of Urine. I have, myself, seen Mr. Daran act, with success, in other chirurgical Cases. Pleas'd, Sir, with the considence you honour me with, I should esteem myself happy, if I could any ways deserve it; and I rejoice at this opportunity of renewing to you the affurance of the profound Respect with which I am,

SIR,

Your most bumble, and

Marseilles, May 22.

most obedient Servant,

BERTRAND.

A Letter of Mr. Bruhier, Doctor of Physick, Censor Royal of Books, and one of the Authors of the Journal des Sçavans, to Mr. Manget, Associate of the College of Physicians of Geneva.

SIR,

YOU have too great a regard for the good of Society, and especially for that which accrues to it from the Practice of Physick, to have let the Cures, perform'd by Mr. Daran, pass by unregarded. You are very sensible, that the Disorders of the Urethra, to which he intirely devotes himself, have always been a Stumbling-block to Surgery, tho' they have greatly ingross'd the Study and Application of the Professors of it: You know, also, that their success has not been answerable to their labour; and that

if some sew have been so happy as to obtain a Cure, the greatest number of them have remain'd in a doubtful state, continually hanging between Life and Death, forced to be indebted to Palliatives, only for a little release from the most cruel Torments, and to keep off the most dreadful Accidents. Happy, too, if the leaden Probes, and other helps of that nature, have been able to prevent the dreadful Missortune of having the Perinæum bor'd through with Fistulas, or of being forced to procure them, to snatch themselves from the Arms of Death! for this never fails being the consequence, when the continuance of a Suppression of Urine forces us to have recourse to the Puncture or Incision of the Perinæum.

I fent you, at the time, the Letter of Mr. Boyer, Surgeon of Montpelier; wherein he gives a defcription of his Diforder and Cure, with the fingular History of Mr. Daran's Journey from Marseilles to Paris. I made you a Promise, at the same time, to communicate to you whatever should come to my knowlege concerning his Method of Practice: I am now in a condition to satisfy your laudable Curiosity. The sollowing things I have seen; invited, as several others, to be present at the treatment of his Patients.

The first who presented himself was a Dealer in Hog's slesh, of this Town, whom I had known a long while: He had labour'd under five Gonorrhoeas, the last of which was attended with a Shanker on the Praputium, and pains all over his Body. A Salivation, which he had gone through, not having abated his difficulty of making Water, which was the most troublesome of all his complaints, he was seiz'd with a total Suppression, and was in this miferable condition when he came to Mr. Daran. He procur'd him a Discharge of his Urine immediately, and undertook his Cure. I have seen him, several times, at Mr. Daran's, congratulating him-

felf upon the happy Effects of his Remedies; and I

met him, lately, holding the fame language.

The Fate of another Patient I saw, at the same time, was much more to be pitied: One single Gonorrhæa, to all appearance a mild one, and treated very methodically, produced Obstacles in the Uretbra, which were soon follow'd by so considerable a diminution of the Stream of Urine, that a total Suppression soon came on. Mr. Daran reliev'd him of this immediately, and in two Months and an half carry'd off several Excrescences, which obstructed the

Urethra; and fent him away perfectly well.

The Case of a third Person, who came on purpose from Nevers to put himself under his care, has a great resemblance with the first of those I have related. He had contracted four Gonorrhoeas, which, to all appearance, had been very well cur'd; nevertheless, eight Years after the last, he was seiz'd with a total Suppression, without being forewarn'd by any thing, which he selt nothing of again till four Years after: But being now liable to it upon the least irregularity, he began to think of striking at the Cause of it, which was an Excrescence and Ulcer near Cowper's Glands. He had been troubled with the difficulty of making Water for sourteen Years, when he apply'd to Mr. Daran: He was persectly cur'd in two Months.

The following Case concerns me more than the preceding ones, as I was not a bare spectator of it. It is the custom of Mr. Daran, never to undertake any-body without their being previously examin'd by a Physician or Surgeon: I was the Person employ'd here, and I was acquainted by Mr. L... that, having pass'd his time in the service, as is usual with Officers, he had contracted a Gonorrhæa with a Chordee, which he sansied he had intirely got rid of; but, some time after, without having run any

fresh

fresh hazards, having even embraced a profession quite opposite to it, he was seiz'd with so considerable a Suppression of Urine, that it was not till after several means us'd that the Catheter was introduced. The same attempt proving unsuccessful in another attack, and being made acquainted, by his Surgeon, that his Disorder was owing to some Excrescences, that obstructed the Uretbra, he came from Lyons to Paris, to put himself under Mr. Daran's care, who discover'd, near the Caput Gallinaginis, an Excrescence, which was so sensible, that the very contact of the Candle, pliable as it is, and in such dextrous hands as Mr. Daran's, gave him a great deal of pain. He set out, two Months after, making Water in a full Stream, and without the least pain.

These Cures, tho' very remarkable, are nothing in comparison of two which I have reserv'd for the last, the order of time being here of no signification. One is, that of one of the King's Interpreters; the

other, of an Officer of distinction.

Eighteen Years had pass'd since the first had contracted a Gonorrhœa, which he thought himfelf well cur'd of; but four Years ago the Running return'd, tho' without pain; two Years after, his Water came out, with great heat; and the Discharge of it grew gradually fo uneafy, that, at last, it came out only like a Thread, Drop by Drop, and with intolerable pain: The virulent Running still continu'd, and, to complete his misfortune, an Incontinency of Urine came on; the Urethra was obstructed at about half an inch from the beginning of the Glans, without there appearing the leaft leffening of its diameter on this fide the Obstruction, which is a certain fign it was an Excrescence: This Excrescence gave room to the Urine to pass out but by a very small Opening, which the slenderest Probe could hardly enter. Mr. Daran, having shewn this Patient to several Physicians and Surgeons, diffolv'd the Hyperfarcofis, which

was found to be near three inches long; after this, he discover'd an Ulcer near the *Prostata*, which was deterg'd and cicatriz'd, and the Patient cur'd in three Months. I meet with him every day, enjoying a perfect state of Health. I am now come to the last Relation; and I will keep only to the principal Facts.

The Chevalier De G having had several Gonorrhœas, found the Stream of his Urine confiderably leffen'd, and was afterwards liable to very difmal Suppressions: He apply'd, thereupon, to a Perfon who pretended to cure Carnolities, who pass'd into the Urethra a Caustic, which eat thro' it, and thro' the very Skin that ferves as a sheath to the Penis: There refulted from it a very large Fiftula, which, being fituated betwixt the Obstacle and bulbous Part of the Uretbra, procur'd, for twenty-three Years, a free passage to the Urine. "'Tis a very ill Wind that " blows no-body any Good," fays an old Proverb. This Gentleman, having given over the pleasures of Love, had never thought of applying to Mr. Daran, if the Urine had continu'd to come out freely; but he had fresh miseries to undergo. The Urethra became obstructed betwixt the Bulb and the Fistula; and, Suppressions coming on, he was forced to prevent a Relapfe, which might prove of fatal confequence. Mr. Daran began by attacking an Excrefcence that was near the Proftatæ; and, for the Information of feveral Phylicians and Surgeons, whom he introduced fuccessively, he made them behold, with their own eyes, a Carnofity which was between the Fiftula and Glans, and contiguous to the Fistula, where it appear'd of the shape and size of a large Kidney-bean: He also attack'd this Excrescence with his Remedy, which yielded sooner than that which was near the Proftate: This, however, gave way, at last, but not without a great deal of trouble; and the Patient, who must have been forced

forced to quit the Service on account of his Diforder, went and join'd his Regiment, making Water freely, and without pain. This Case was attested by Messieurs Falconet, Physician to the King in Consultation; De Castera, and Boyer, Physicians in Ordinary to the King; Ferrein, Professor Royal; Combalusier, antient Professor in the University of Va-

lentia; and Medalon, Doctor of Physic.

It would be wronging your Penetration to make any long Reflections upon these Cases: They prove, contrary to the opinion of some eminent Physicians and Surgeons, that there are Carnofities; that Ulcers may exist for a long while in the Urethra, without giving any visible signs of their existence, being cover'd over with fungous or callous substances, or fo wash'd by the Urine, that the Pus which they yield is carry'd off as it gathers upon them, before it has time to collect itself into visible drops: They shew, that Gonorrhœas are attended with much worse confequences than is commonly imagin'd, which are fometimes a long while before they manifest themfelves; which they do, fometimes, when it is the leaft expected; which confiderations ought to deter young People from indulging themselves in pleasures which cause afterwards so many tears: And they prove, that we are, at last, so happy, as to have found out a Remedy, which, till now, has been in vain fought after, to cure radically the fatal consequences which even the mildest Gonorrhœas, in appearance, draw after them.

For my own part, I look upon Mr. Daran's Difcovery as the most important that has ever been made in Surgery; and I am surpris'd to see, that there are still some Surgeons, of merit, who keep back from his new Method the praises it deserves: I am in no doubt about using a term which I know is not quite agreeable to them; but I don't see how the appellation of a new Method can be refus'd to it, with any

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reason or equity, when all those, on which it is us'd, certainly reap benefit from it. It is true, that it doth not cure other Diforders, that may chance to attend on those of the Urethra; but we are not to reproach the Inventor of not fucceeding, in those Cases which

his Remedy is not defign'd for.

If you ask me, What I think of the solidity of his Cures? I shall answer, That, if we judge of what is to come by what is already past, we have not the least room to be uneafy, on that head: The affurances given by Mr. Bertrand, Doctor of Physic at Marfeilles, to the King's First Physician, put this intirely out of doubt. Besides, as the Cause of the Disorder is carry'd off by Suppuration, there is no room to fear a Relapse; but if even this should be the case, is it not a great advantage to pass several Years free from the most exquisite pains, and to know where to have recourse, if there should be the least suspicion of a return? I could relate to you feveral Cases more curious, and more striking; but I choose to go no farther than I have feen. I am wholly,

SIR,

Your most bumble, and

most obedient Servant,

BRUHIER.

A Letter wrote by Mr. Procope, Doctor of Phyfick, to Mr. Chicoyneau, First Physician to the King.

SIR,

T See, by the Letter which you wrote to Mr. Bertrand, Physician at Marseilles, that your Zeal for the public Good engages you to get informations conconcerning the Remedies and Method made use of by Mr. Daran in the Cure of the Disorders of the Urethra. On that account, I believe that you will receive savourably the Relation of some particular Facts which I have seen with my own eyes: And it is with the greatest pleasure imaginable that I do this justice to Mr. Daran. I will not take up your time in giving you an account of every Cure I have seen him perform, but only of two, which really struck me.

The first is, that of an Officer that Mr. Daran's Reputation brought to town: His Urethra was befet with fo many Excrescences, or, if you please, Obstacles, that the Candle could not be introduced more than two fingers breadth: There was a scirrhous Tumor, that took its rife in Perinæo, and ended at the Fossa Navicularis; at the root of the Penis was a fungous Swelling, which divided itself into four Branches, and at the extremity of each of them appear'd a small Opening, thro' which the Water always discharg'd itself; the Patient was, moreover, pale, thin, and very feeble, hardly able to walk; his Pulse was low and quick. This deplorable condition made me despair of his Cure, his Illness being, besides, of fifteen Years standing; and his Life, ever fince the Gonorrhœa which was the first cause of his misfortunes, being nothing else but a feries of venereal complaints, which came on the neck of one another. Happily for him, my Prognostic had no Influence over the Effect of the Remedies that were us'd for his Affiftance! and it was an agreeable furprize to me, to fee him, four Months after, enjoying a perfect state of Health.

I will end with the following History: A Merchant, of this Town, had, after a fecond Gonor-rhæa, a small Running lest, which lasted him twelve Years, without any sensible difficulty in making Water; but, last Year, he began to feel great Pain

and Heat, and a slimy Matter was discharg'd by the Penis and Anus; an Inflammation seiz'd on his private Parts, which requir'd six Weeks treatment to be carry'd off: The Urine, which came often only drop by drop, or in two streams, and always with Pain, was loaded, at the latter end, with a whitish Matter. Mr. Daran found, by searching, his Uretbra full of Hypersarcoses, and two hard Tumors, one bury'd in the Scrotum, and the other occupying the whole Perinaum: The first yielded by Suppuration; but the other requir'd the use of Mercury, administred at such distances, as not to bring on a Spitting. You may very well imagine, Sir, that this Cure took up time; but, at last, he was cur'd. And, in such circumstances as these, we may very well say,

that time is not to be regarded.

These two Relations are, in my opinion, sufficient, of themselves, to conclude, that Mr. Daran is a singular Person in his way; and that the World is oblig'd to him for having, as it were, laid afide the Practice of the other Branches of Surgery, to devote himself wholly to the Disorders of the Urethra, which are but too common in these days, on account of the general treatment of Gonorrhœas, and the conduct of those that labour under them. This il-Iustrious Surgeon has, by dint of Application, discover'd a Specific and Method, whose Efficacy can't be call'd in question, as they never miss being attended with Success: The more I reflect upon it, the less I am able to account for it, how some Persons, that are in possession of a well-deserv'd Reputation in Surgery, are still so rash as to oppose him, without ever being at the trouble of looking into Facts. As for my part, I was defirous of feeing; I faw, and am convinced: And yet I am not more credulous than others; on the contrary, I have always been miftruftful of Secrets: But I yielded to Evidence; and I should think my behaviour unjust, if I did not declare declare openly what I have feen. I would here fubjoin an Encomium on his Dexterity and Skill, if I knew how to praise; but this is not my talent: And we should undertake nothing, out of which we cannot extricate ourselves with honour.

You know, Sir, that he is about giving a Second Edition of his Observations, with an Addition of the most remarkable Cures which he has perform'd here. I was first averse to this Design; but, after some reflection, I chang'd my Opinion; and I think, that all imaginable means should be made use of to inform the Public, that a Specific has, at last, been found out against an Illness, that was, till now, look'd upon as incurable. I am, with the most profound Respect,

SIR,

Your very obedient,

Paris, Dec. 14.

bumble Servant,

PROCOPE.

of

The Answer of Mr. Chicoyneau.

SIR,

I Saw, with pleasure, in the Letter which you did me the honour of writing to me the 14th instant, the two singular and surprising Cures of total Suppressions of Urine, occasion'd by scirrhous, sungous, or sleshy Excrescences, which obstructed the Urethra, and were attended with sistulous Sinuses, thro' which the Water was discharg'd, and with callous Obstacles; which Disorders never could have been subdu'd by any other Person of the Profession, but by the eminent Mr. Daran. I should not have deferr'd giving you thanks for your obliging mindfulness in giving me such a well-drawn-up Account, where the hand

of a Master of the Art is visible in every Stroke, if, to make you some Amends for your Trouble, I had not thought myself under an Obligation of informing you of a Fact, which is, indeed, of the same kind, as to the nature of the Disorder, but much more singular, with respect to the Cause that first produced it; and has continu'd it for these eight or ten Years. The necessity I was under of being instructed fully, by the Patient himself, of several circumstances which preceded and attended his last treatment, is the cause

of my delaying, fo long, my Answer.

Mr. Maisonneuve, one of the Grooms of the Wardrobe (who has no objection to having his name mention'd, as his Diforder was not owing to any venereal cause), having often, and almost daily, labour'd under very great difficulties of making Water, was, during that time, feiz'd feveral times with total Suppressions of Urine, which lasted several days with the most cruel Torture, and put his Life into imminent danger: He was at last rescu'd out of them, by discharging some stony Concretions, which were always preceded by a nephritic Colic: These Concretions coming down, with great Pain, through the Ureters into the Bladder, tho' very small, were stopp'd in the Urethra on account of their rough and uneven furfaces, which made them resemble the Seeds of Spinage, where they occasion'd fuch violent Irritations and Inflammations, that the Urethra was five times totally obstructed, and the Passage of the Urine prevented for feveral days together; and its Discharge could only be procur'd drop by drop, by the means of the Catheter, which always came out full of Blood, on account of the small Vessels which were lacerated by the uneven furface of the Stones. I forbear giving a particular Account of each Suppression, every one of which was very near carrying him off. But the last but one deserves a particular Regard, as the ragged Stone, which occasion'd it, was engag'd fo far in the Passage, that they were forced to press the Perinæum with some roughness, to difintangle it from near the Anus, where it was lock'd in; by which means, it was brought forwards as far as the Glans: The Pains came on again, then, with fuch violence, that they brought on a most terrible Inflammation of the Part, which, being strangled by the Præputium, forced them not only to have recourse to the Operation for the Paraphimosis, but, also, to lay open the Nut in its whole length, to take out the Stone which caus'd the whole mischief, and which, being engag'd into the spungy substance of the Urethra, must undoubtedly have caus'd a great laceration the whole length of the Paffage down to the Glans. We are now come to the last Fit of Suppression, which happen'd the 30th of last Ottober, and had already lasted thirteen days, with the utmost violence, and the Patient could not have liv'd many Hours longer, if an eminent Person in the Profession had not recommended Mr. Daran. In fix or feven days time, by the means of his Candles (which are of a fingular Nature, and specific for these fort of Disorders), he procur'd a free Discharge of the Urine, which, on account of its long confinement, and a mixture of Blood and Matter, had acquir'd a very offensive Smell. He brought away, also, several little ragged Stones like the Seeds of Spinage, which were engag'd in the membranous substance of the Urethra, and exactly in that very place, where, by preffing strongly, some drops of Urine were squeez'd out. It is worth taking notice, that no other Operation was made use of, but the Introduction of the Candles which Mr. Daran generally uses: Ever fince that time, the Urine has always come away in a full stream, and, in nine or ten days time, Mr. De Maisonneuve was even better in Health than before the formation of these stony Concretions.

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From this Example, and those which you have been fo good as to communicate to me, and which you have feen with your own eyes, with many others, of this nature, which I have been inform'd of by Persons of the Profession, of known learning and probity, it is reasonable to conclude, that Mr. Daran has, at last, discover'd the Means of curing radically, and without any danger of a Relapse, the painful and dangerous Diforders of the Urethra, whether owing to fleshy, fungous, or scirrhous Excrescences, or to Stones, or Ulcerations, even when complicated with Fiftulas; which, till now, were look'd upon as incurable: We therefore never can do too much Juflice to Mr. Daran, on this Article; and you shall always find me ready to concur with you, Sir, in declaring, to the Public, his rare Talents and Skill in the treatment of these Disorders. This I would have you be fully convinced of, and that no one can be with more esteem than I am.

and a at these times, exceed and seed an side thems

THE PARTY OF THE P

SIR,

Verfailles, Dec. 25.

CEORES

Your most obedient,

bumble Servant,

CHICOYNEAU,

Chirurgical Observations

ONTHE

Disorders of the URETHRA.

PART I.

Containing the most remarkable Cases of the first Edition.

Gentleman mention me, whom I had cured in 1727. of a Complaint intirely fimilar to his own, came to me at Naples, in the Month of April 1737. He had been cruelly tormented for ten Years with a Dyfury, the Confequence of feveral Claps, which he had never been able to get rid of, notwithstanding he had the best Assistance both at Marseilles and Montpelier. He had constantly a purulent Discharge, and his Dysury frequently degenerated into a total Suppression, which was, as is customary, attended with a violent Fever, great Restlesses, Tension of the lower Belly, a Restlux of Urine into the Mass of Blood,

Blood, which occasioned Faintness, Vomiting, fometimes a lethargic Disposition, at others, a Delirium, and many other terrible Symptoms, which exposed the Patient to imminent Danger; and he had certainly died, if he had not had Youth, and a good Constitution; but it would be Rashness to depend always upon them: The moral Certainty, that he must one time or other suffer for it, obliged him to apply to me; and I was fo happy as to carry off intirely, within two Months, two Excrefcences: The first, which was flat and long, was fituated towards the middle of the Urethra; the other, near the Verumontanum, which was ulcerated, and supplied the virulent Discharge, which he had never been able to get rid of before his Application to me. It is to the Gratitude of this Gentleman, whom I found at Marseilles, in the Enjoyment of that Health which I had had the Satiffaction to procure him, that I owe the Confidence of my first Patients in that City.

2. M-—, a Merchant at Marseilles, had been troubled for near twenty Years with a great Difficulty in making Water, a very virulent Discharge, the Remains of an old Gonorrhæa, and with a frequent Provocation to make Water, for which he had not been able to find any Relief. I cured him in one-and-forty Days of the two first Complaints, which were owing to two Carnosities, situated very near the Verumontanum; but his frequent Inclination to make Water, proceeding from a Complication of a Disease of the Bladder and Urethra, remained in

spite of my Remedies.

3. M——, a Counsellor of the same City was troubled with a continual D fury, and frequently with a total Suppression, owing to a sungous Excrescence in the middle of the Uretbra, and an Exulceration, with Hardness of the Verumontanum. He was cured in fifty-two Days.

4. The Son of a Merchant of Marseilles, who had a Strangury, which had come on almost as foon as a Gonorrhœa which he had contracted almost three Years before, and who had likewife had feveral Suppressions, produced by two Carnosities, one in the middle of the Uretbra, and the other near the Verumontanum, was cured in fifty-two Days.

5. An old Notary, of the fame City, had been afflicted for fifteen Years with a Difficulty of making Water, which was frequently attended with very dangerous Suppressions: They were attributed to a Stone in the Bladder; but he was cured by my destroying a callous Carnofity that yielded no Difcharge. This was the Work of forty-eight Days.

6. A Merchant of Marseilles, afflicted for twenty-five Years with a virulent Running, cruel Dyfury, and a continual Discharge of his Water, and who had had feveral Suppressions, occasioned by a Number of callous Excrescences and fordid Ulcers in the Uretbra, was restored to perfect Health in fifty-

feven Days.

7. A Merchant's Son, of the fame Place, had for feveral Years Suppressions of Urine, and an almost continual Strangury, from an ulcerated Carnosity, situated deep in the Uretbra: His Water came generally in a Stream no bigger than a Thread. He was completely cured in forty-five Days.

8. I deterged, and perfectly healed in forty-fix Days, a fordid Ulcer near the Verumontanum, which had occasioned very severe Pains, and a virulent Discharge for four Years, to M-, Officer of

the Gallies.

9. In less than two Months I perfectly cured M ----, a Merchant on the Key, who had been troubled for thirteen or fourteen Years with a Running, which had withstood a great Quantity of . Medicines :

Medicines: It was occasioned by an Ulcer of the Verumontanum, and by several by the Urethra.

near Marseilles, was thought to have no other Refource for a Suppression of Urine, occasioned by several former Claps, and which threatened his Life, than the Puncture of the Perinaum; but I had no sooner destroy'd some suggested Excrescences, cicatrized an Ulcer of the Verumontanum, and another which reached to the Prostate and Seminary Vesicles, than he was perfectly cured. This Cure cost me, indeed, four Months.

the fixty-fifth Year of his Age, of a cruel Strangury, which had afflicted him fifteen Years: It was occasioned by a callous Excrescence, the Consequence

of feveral Gonorrhœas.

of Horse, who had laboured for about thirty Years under a great Difficulty of making Water, a virulent Running, an involuntary coming away of his Water, and severe Pains. These Symptoms were owing to sungous Obstacles, and fordid Ulcers in the Urethra.

Months to cure a Dysury of twenty Years standing in a Merchant of Marseilles, seventy-two Years old: It was occasioned by four fordid Ulcers in the Passage: He was in constant Pain, particularly in making Water; and even in walking, stirring, or

fitting down.

14. A Merchant of the same City was almost cured of several Excrescences, which had caused for fifteen Years a virulent Running, and, for ten, so great a Difficulty in making Water, that it came only Drop by Drop, and with great Straining, when a little Stone, brought down by the Urine, stopped in the *Urethra*, whence it was brought out

out in little Scales that stuck to my Probes. This Accident prevented the Patient from recovering in less than four Months and an half.

of making Water, and virulent Running caused by an Ulcer, and callous Excrescences near the Prostates, a Merchant of *Marseilles*, who owed these Complaints to a Gonorrhæa contracted a long while before.

16. I cured, in fifty-eight Days, a Counsellor of the Parliament of Aix, of a Difficulty of making Water, of fifteen Years standing; of a Venereal Running, of an older Date; and a continual Discharge of his Water, occasioned by two Carnosities; the one in the middle of the *Uretbra*, and the other

near the Sphincter of the Bladder.

17. A Person near Marseilles had been afflicted for many Years with a Retention of Urine, which he discharged only Drop by Drop: He had had a total Suppression, which continued three Days. These Complaints were owing to several Gonorrhoeas, which had left in the Canal three Carnosities, and two Ulcers. He was persectly cured in twenty-nine Days.

18. In forty-four Days I cured a Broker of Marfeilles, who made Water only Drop by Drop, and with great Straining, in Consequence of a Gonorrhoea contracted four Years before, and which he had never been able to dry up. He had an Ulcer on the Verumontanum, and higher up a fungous Ex-

crescence ulcerated likewise.

19. A Counsellor of the same City, judging by the Diminution of the Stream of his Urine, that he was threatened with worse Accidents, put himself under my Care. I found in the middle of the Urethra an Ulcer with callous Edges, and another towards Cowper's Glands. He was cured in thirtynine Days.

20. In

20. In thirty-feven Days I cured a purulent Gleet, the Remains of a Clap contracted nine Months before; but this was the only Symptom

which remained.

21. A Person born at Marseilles had an obstinate virulent Running, frequent Irritation to make Water, which was attended with great Heat, and came out like Water from a Watering-pot, and left in the Urethra a sharp Sensation of Pain, which lasted till every Drop of it was come away; a painful Tension from the Seat of the Disease to the Extremity of the Glans; upon Motion his Water became muddy, yellow like Saffron, and often fetid. I found in the Uretbra an Ulcer, and fungous Excrefcences, that were flat and long, between the excretory Ducts of the Seminal Veficles, and those of Cowper's Glands, which an Infinity of Remedies, administred by the most skilful Hands, had not been able to fubdue. The Success of my Remedies, applied between forty and fifty Days, was so great, that I thought my Patient just well, when I found another Ulcer nearer the Bladder. A Month's Suppuration feemed to have deterged it, when I observed a great Quantity of fetid Matter to iffue with the Urine, fupplied by Sinufes which were beyond the Reach of my Remedies. He was, in confequence of this, liable, at times, to very violent Heats of Urine, as often as the Pus was collected in a fufficient Quantity to empty itself into the Urethra. He used several Remedies, and particularly the Waters of Aix in Provence, which almost Stopt the purulent Discharge, and lest but little Pain, with an Incapacity of holding his Water more than two Hours at a time: But besides the Complaints, I fuspected he had a Stone in the Bladder; for which he was cut afterwards. This Observation proves, that the Action of my Remedy goes no farther than the Parts it touches; nor do I pretend to attribute more virtue to it.

22. I cured, in fixty-five Days, a Person considerable for his Rank and Birth, who had, in consequence of a Clap formerly contracted, a Gleet very small indeed, but always attended with Pain in the *Uretbra*. This Complaint was owing to several little fordid Ulcers.

23. In forty-eight Days I cured a fordid Ulcer in the middle of the *Urethra*, occasioned by an old Gonorrhæa, which was not intirely stopt, and was

still attended with a little fmarting Pain.

24. I was near three Months in curing a Callosity situated in the middle of the *Urethra*, and an Ulcer near the Prostates, in an Officer of Dragoons of the City of Aix, who, in consequence of these Disorders, had been troubled with a Dysury for sourteen Years. They were owing to several Gonorrhæas ill treated.

25. The Son of a Merchant of Marseilles had a Running for above a Year, which, he was told, was a simple Relaxation of the Vessels, which would insensibly recover their Tone: But having convinced him, that his Discharge was the Effect of an Ulcer, he chose rather to make use of my Remedies than take up with these Words of Course, which are generally the last Shift of those who have gone in vain thro' the usual Forms; and he was accordingly cured in forty Days.

26. I cured, in thirty-eight Days, a Taylor of the fame City, of a Carnofity near the Verumontanum, and of an Ulcer fituated a little beyond it. These were the Relics of an old Gonorrhæa, which constantly supplied a purulent Matter: He had several Attacks of a Strangury, and even an Ischury, which

had like to have proved fatal.

27. One of the best Cures which I had yet performed, and which drew the Admiration of the most K 2 declared

declared Enemies of my Method, was that of an Hatter of Marseilles, who, in consequence of a Gonorrhæa which he could not get rid of, had Obstacles that intirely stopt up the Urethra. Obstacles had caused the Urine, with a mixture of virulent Matter, to force itself unnatural Passages; whence had refulted a Fiftula in the middle of the Perinæum, two more near Cowper's Glands, a fourth in the upper Part of the Scrotum, which terminated obliquely in the Urethra, and a fifth among the febaceous Glands of the Glans: The Urine discharged itself intirely thro' these Fistulas, not a Drop coming the natural Way: He had, besides, a large fcirrhous Tumour on the upper Part of the Scrotum, that extended itself along the Penis, in which it occasioned a Strangulation. I promised the Patient to clear the Urethra; but, as to the Fistulas, I did not engage to cure them, but in case they had no lateral Sinuses out of the Reach of my Remedies: They operated fo well, that in forty Days he made Water in a full Stream; and in about a Month more the five Fiftulas were intirely cicatrized, and the Patient was perfectly well. This Cure gave me a great inward Satisfaction; and he on his Side carried his Gratitude fo far, that he published it aloud, notwithstanding the reluctance one must naturally have to a public Confession in Cases of this Nature.

28. M-, too well known at Marfeilles, from his Situation in Life, to descend to any Particulars, confulted me, out of Curiofity, about a pretended Relaxation of the Vessels, remaining from a Gonorrhœa which he had contracted at eighteen Years of Age, which occasioned a constant and abundant Discharge: Having searched him, I found, from the Sensibility of the Part, when the Candle touched it, that there was a confiderable Ulcer near the Prostata. He was radically cured in forty-

eight Days.

29. A foreign Merchant, but who had been long fettled at Marfeilles, in the fame Circumstances as the preceding Patient, was equally fortunate, by

recovering perfectly in forty-nine Days.

30, A Sea Captain, who had contracted a Gonorrhœa in America, which kept running only eight or nine Days, came to Marseilles with an Heat of Urine, which feized him immediately upon the Suppression of the Running, a great Tension all along the Uretbra, sharp Pains upon the least Erection or Bending of the Penis, and a Difficulty of making. Water. I found an Ulcer at the Entrance of the Uretbra, and another much more confiderable, near the excretory Ducts of the Seminal Veficles: The latter was attended with fo confiderable a Swelling, that, independently of the Pain upon the Contact of the Sound, I could not go beyond it. My first Care was to bring back the Running, which was very plentiful and green for about thirty or forty Days; at which time I changed the Sounds, the virulent Matter grew white, and at last stopt; but not before three Months, by reason of a Cold he catched, which obliged me, in the Use of my Remedies, to use some Cautions which had otherwise been need-

31. A Merchant of Marseilles, not being made easy by the Answers that were given him concerning a constant Gleet, which he laboured under ever since a Gonorrhœa contracted three Years before, and knowing that I held a quite different Language upon that Subject, communicated his Case to me. I sound two Ulcers in the Urethra, and cured him in sifty-two Days.

32. I cured, in fifty-four Days, a fordid Ulcer a Finger's breadth on this Side the Verumontanum, the Remains of an old Clap, which every now-and-then caused a slight Inflammation and shooting

Pain in the inside of the Penis.

33. This Case presents you with a Gonorrhæa of no long standing, contracted at Lyons, where the Patient could not meet with a Cure: There remained, besides the Running, a Swelling of the Li ne's of a Walnut in the middle of the Penis, where it caused a Strangulation. My Sounds melted this Swelling, opened it on the Side of the Urethra, and cured the Solution of Continuity in forty-eight Days.

34. I searched a Patient, the Stream of whose Urine, for twenty Years, had not exceeded the Bigness of a Thread, and often came Drop by Drop: He had every now-and-then a Suppression, and a continual Running. I found two sungous Excrescences; one in the middle of the *Urethra*, and the other near the *Verumontanum*, which was ulcerated. He was made intirely well in fifty-eight

35. A Gonorrhæa in an Officer of the Gallies had withstood, for a Year, a Diet upon Whitemeats, mercurial Frictions, and a Variety of other Remedies. He had a very malignant Ulcer on the excretory Ducts of Cowper's Glands, which I cured him of in three Months and a half, being

very irregular in his Way of Living.

Days.

36. The Nephew of a Farmer General had lately brought from *Paris* a virulent Discharge, which had withstood, for fifteen Months, all imaginable Remedies: He was in the same Case with the preceding,

and was cured in forty-three Days.

37. A Baker, near fourscore, was willing to pass the Remainder of his Days in Peace, which he had not been able to enjoy for twenty five Years, on account of a Dysury, which was so considerable, as frequently to degenerate into an Ischury: Upon searching him, I found two Callosities, the first of which almost stopped up the Uretbra: It was situated in the middle of it; the other, which was less,

was near the Verumontanum. I cured him perfectly

in fifty-two Days.

38. A Gentleman of Marfeilles, aged near fifty, confulted me about a Difficulty of making Water he had been troubled with above thirty Years: He had then had a Fall upon the Perinaum, which had ruptured some Blood-vessels, and caused him often to make bloody Water; he discharged likewise Blood by the Mouth; he had also a purulent Gleet of about the same standing, but so inconsiderable, that he took very little notice of it. Having searched him, I found, two Fingers breadth on this Side the Prostata, a very hard Cicatrice, which almost filled up the Uretbra; it was two Inches long, and when it swelled, occasioned every now-and-then a Suppression. I had the Satisfaction to cure him

in fixty-three Days.

39. The Count of _____, of an illustrious Family, had neglected, for thirty Years, a Gonorrhoea, whose Consequences became terrible; he had a conflant Running; the Stream of his Urine diminished daily; his Difficulty and Pain in making Water became exceffive; he had been feveral times in great Danger by Suppressions; he had been even obliged at Paris to submit to the Puncture of the Perinaum to fave his Life. This Operation had left a Fiftula, and the Urethra was intirely stopped up. The virulent Matter having no longer a free Passage thro' the Uretbra, flowed back towards the Anus, and formed an Abscess near Cowper's Glands; this Abscess burst, and formed another Fiftula: The Journey which he then took to his own House, occafioned new Abscesses, which produced so many new Fiftulas; fo that when I faw him, I found the Urethra intirely stopped up, and five Fistulas in the Perinæum, with scirrhous Edges, through which the Urine flowed indifferently. I fubdued all his Complaints, complicated as they were. The Parti-K 4 culars

culars are to be seen in Mr. Joyeuse's Letter, at the end of the First Part; and I am persuaded, that the Reader will be surpris'd at this Gentleman's being

perfectly cur'd in less than five Months.

40. A Merchant of Marseilles had a little yellowish Gleet from a Clap contracted seven Years before. Fearing lest his Dysury should degenerate into an Ischury, he apply'd to me; and I cur'd him

in fifty-one Days.

Avignon, of a Running of two Years standing, owing to a Clap contracted at Paris. He had been inform'd, that this Discharge proceeded from an Ulceration of the Prostatæ, and was incurable. I only found an ulcerated Induration near the Verumontanum.

42. An Attorney of Marfeilles, from several Claps ill cur'd, had the Urethra intirely beset with sungous Excrescences, which, hindering the free Discharge of the virulent Matter, had occasion'd two fistulous Ulcers. Having destroy'd the Excrescences which were situated about the middle of the Urethra, I found all the rest of the Canal ulcerated: Notwithstanding these melancholy circumstances, which the bad Constitution of the Patient render'd still worse, I cur'd him in three Months and an half.

43. A Seller of Limonade, who had been long fettled at Marfeilles, had been troubled for twenty-five Years with a Gleet, which no Remedy had been able to ftop, and a diminution of the Stream of his Water, which had occasion'd several Suppressions, which had always brought him to Death's Door. He had in the Urethra three fungous Excrescences, the two first at the entrance of the Canal, and the third towards the Prostata. In sifty-one Days I made him perfectly well.

44. A Receiver of the King's Farms, living near Marseilles, had been troubled for eighteen Years

with a very cruel Dysury, and for two with a Running, in consequence of a Clap. I found in the Canal two callous Excrescences, at two inches distance from one another, and an Ulcer near the Verumontanum. He was cur'd in fixty-two Days.

45. In forty Days I cur'd a Merchant of Marfeilles of a Gonorrhœa of between eighteen and twenty Months standing, and of a pricking Pain in the Uretbra; both which were owing to a little Ulcer,

which I deterg'd and cicatriz'd.

46. In thirty-eight Days I intirely cur'd a very virulent Gonorrhoea, of two Years and an half's continuance, which was caus'd by an Ulcer on the

excretory Ducts of the feminal Veficles.

47. I was fent for to a Person employ'd in the Farms, labouring then under a violent Suppression, attended with the usual Symptoms. It was occasion'd by an excessive Swelling of a spungy Flesh situated in the middle of the Urethra, which gave way to the least touch of the Sound, and was the effect of a Gonorrhæa, which had been so well treated, twelve Years before, that the Patient had never perceiv'd any thing from that time. I began by letting out the Urine, and afterwards destroy'd the Cause of the Suppression in less than thirty Days.

48. An Inhabitant of Aubagne, from a fecond Gonorrhæa, which he could not get cur'd, the Running remaining always as confiderable and ill-condition'd, was troubled with a Dysury: The Stream of his Urine did not exceed the bigness of a Thread, and he often made it drop by drop. He was freed from these Complaints, by my restoring to its natural state the Verumontanum, which was indurated and ulcer-

ated: This was done in forty-two Days.

49. A Native of Champagne, who had been some time settled at Marseilles, had, from a second Clap contracted at Lyons in 1739. a Running, Pains, and a diminution of the Stream of his Urine, which frequently

quently came only drop by drop, and a frequent Tenesmus. His Running was stopp'd at Marseilles, but his Dysury increas'd, and he had frequent Suppressions. I found the Urethra ulcerated in many places, and fill'd with fungous Flesh, which was very fensible. He was perfectly cur'd in fifty-six Days.

50. Mr. who came to Marseilles after the Siege of Coni, had a Clap three Years before, which he could not get cur'd for a Year, till he had recourse to astringent Injections; soon after, he selt violent pricking Pains in the Urethra, and a tetterous Eruption appear'd on one side of the Penis, and that side of the Scrotum which corresponded with it. To this Tetter, which caus'd a violent Itching, and even Pain, he us'd an infinity of Remedies, to no purpose: I found in the Urethra a very foul Ulcer, over-against the part opposite to the Eruption, which, together with the other Symptoms, was carry'd off in four Months time.

under a total Suppression for three Days, attended with the usual Symptoms: This was not the first Attack of this fort: It proceeded from a Dysury owing to a Clap contracted in 1739. A Gleet remain'd, in spite of all the Remedies us'd to suppress it: He had gone thro' a Salivation, which is always useless in such Cases. The Patient, tir'd out with so many fruitless Remedies, apply'd to me: After I had examin'd him, I began, by letting out the Water by the means of a mild Sound. I then set about eradicating the Cause, which was an Ulcer in the seminal Vesicles, and Caruncles near the Verumontanum; and the Patient was perfectly cur'd in forty-one Days.

52. A few Days after, I treated a Person under a difficulty of making Water, which he suppos'd quite independent of an old Gonorrhœa, as that had been carry'd off a long while before, without his feeling any thing from it afterwards; but finding, near the

Prostata,

Prostata, a round and spungy Excrescence, which almost fill'd up the Canal, I destroy'd it in fifty-two

Days, and the Dysury ceas'd.

bled, for twenty Years, with a Dyfury, from a Clap contracted three Years before, that was owing to callous Excrescences situated near Cowper's Glands; I likewise found a little Ulcer on this side of them, which was easily discover'd, both from the sensibility of the Part when I introduced the Candle, and the virulent Discharge which follow'd. Tho' this Person had been told that my Sounds were caustic, and would give him a great deal of Pain, he thought sit to keep them in between ten and twelve Hours, and, by these means, was made persectly well in sisty-two

Days.

This Relation contains one of the most extraordinary Cures I had yet perform'd. A Perfumer, of Avignon, confulted me concerning a retention of Urine which he had labour'd under for above thirty Years: Upon examining him, I found two Fistulas, at a little distance from each other, in the middle and inferior part of the Hypogastric Region; a third on the right fide of the Penis, obliquely tending to the Urethra; a fourth in Perinaeo, a Finger's breadth from the Anus; and a fifth very near the last, leading towards the Scrotum: The Urine came indifferently thro' all these Fistulas. This was not all; the Patient had two hard Swellings, one on each fide of the Penis; a third in the inferior part of the Scrotum, with feveral Puftules; and, lastly, a Phimosis, occasion'd by an Hardness all round the Prepuce. Mr. Joyeuse, Physician Ordinary to the Gallies, who attended the treatment, was furpris'd, equally with myself, at the rapid success of my Remedies: In forty Days the Patient was in a condition to return to Avignon, where his friends would not believe him; but he convinced them of the truth of his Cure, by making making them examine the Parts that had been difeas'd, and by the ease he discharg'd his Water with

thro' the natural Passage, in their presence.

55. A Merchant of Marfeilles complain'd of a pricking Pain within the Urethra, and a very painful Eruption on the right fide of the Root of the Penis. He had us'd several Remedies, to no purpose, for these Complaints, which he did not look upon as the consequence of an old Gonorrhæa, which had stopp'd during the use of Medicines; but, having demonstrated to him, that there was an Ulcer in the Urethra, opposite to the Eruption, and pricking Pain, he put himself under my care, and was cur'd in sixty-seven Days.

Judge of Marfeilles, had a Strangury and virulent Running for feveral Years, owing to two Gonorrhoeas. He had fuffer'd feveral Suppressions. In forty-nine Days I perfectly destroy'd two Caruncles in the Uretbra, and heal'd an Ulcer of the same

Part.

57. A Gold Wire-drawer, of the same City, had been liable to Suppressions for eighteen Years, and to a constant Strangury, which render'd him incapable of following his Business; he had also a constant Gleet, which no Remedy had ever been able to suppress, and which he rather chose to attribute to his having been too free with Flemish Beer, than to a Clap. It proceeded from a hard and ulcerated Caruncle, two singers breadth on this side the Verumontanum. I cur'd him in sixty-six Days.

58. A Captain of a Trading Vessel, who had never gone through a regular Course for several Claps, which he had contracted upon the Neck of one another, on account of his being oblig'd to make long Voyages while he was under Cure, was seiz'd with Suppressions, which, in time, became very frequent. I search'd him, and found the Verumon-

tanum intirely scirrhous, and in the middle of the Uretbra a deep Ulcer, whence proceeded a constant Running. He was radically cur'd in fixty-one

Days.

59. In fifty Days I destroy'd an ulcerated Excrescence in the middle of the *Urethra*, and heal'd a second Ulcer, near the *Verumontanum*, which had occasion'd, in a Sea-Captain of St. Malo, for several Years, a Strangury and virulent Running, owing to several Gonorrheeas that had been ill treated.

60. I found a fordid Ulcer, very near the Verumontanum, in a Merchant of this City, who, in confequence of a Clap, ill treated, had a pricking Pain in the Urethra, the Stream of Urine lessen'd, a Weariness and uneasy Sensation throughout his whole Body, and wasted visibly: These Complaints yielded, the Ulcer was deterg'd, and he was well in fifty-two Days.

61. A Person belonging to Mr. Calas, Directorgeneral of the Farms in Provence, was not so fortunate, not being master of his own time: However, I cur'd him of a Dysury, and constant Running, proceeding from a Clap, which had caus'd an Indura-

tion and Ulceration of the Verumontanum.

62. An Officer, of the Regiment of Tournaisis, had ineffectually taken several Medicines, us'd mercurial Frictions, and some pretended specific Drops, for a Clap, without stopping a Running; which now gave him the more uneasiness, as the Stream of his Water sensibly lessen'd. I was more successful than those who had treated him before me; for I perfectly cur'd him in two Months.

63. I cur'd an Officer of the Gallies of an obstinate Gleet of several Years continuance, which was owing to two fordid Ulcers in the *Urethra*, in forty-

three Days.

64. A Person of Avignon, of a melancholy disposition, had been salivated for an Insection he imagin'd gin'd himself to labour under on account of some wandering Pains throughout his Body, and some other little Complaints which came on after a Clap, which seem'd to have been cur'd long ago. When I saw him, he complain'd only of an obtuse Pain, now-and-then, in the *Uretbra*; and that his Urine was sometimes fork'd. I sound three fordid Ulcers; the first in the beginning of the *Uretbra*, the second in the middle, and the third on the excretory Ducts of the seminal Vesicles. I had the good luck to heal

them in forty Days.

medies, to no purpose, during sourteen Months, for a virulent Running, and not being able, at last, to have it stopp'd but by astringent Injections, which did not cure a Dysury which was almost of as long a standing as the Clap which gave rise to it, came to me, notwithstanding the Pains that had been taken to prevent him from it. I found nothing in the Uresbra but little Ulcers, which form'd, as it were, a painful Tetter, which furnish'd only little Filaments that floated in his Urine. My Remedies having brought on a plentiful Suppuration, he was intirely cur'd in 67 Days.

with in getting cur'd of four Gonorrhoeas, if that deferves the name of a radical Cure which still leaves a Smarting in the *Uretbra*, encourag'd him to run twice the same risque; but he was not so fortunate the second time: His Complaints were of an obstinate nature. Besides a deep and fordid Ulcer near Cowper's Glands, I found in the *Uretbra* several other Ulcers, less considerable: The Patient was longer, upon this account, than usual, in obtaining a Cure;

which was three Months in bringing about.

67. A Merchant's Son of Marseilles, aged twentytwo, in consequence of Injections to stop a virulent Running, had perceiv'd for eight Years a slight Pain in the *Uretbra*, with a diminution of the Stream of his Urine, which often came out fork'd: This was his condition when he contracted a fecond Gonor-rhea, which he could not get ftopp'd. I cur'd him by deterging three fordid Ulcers in the *Uretbra*, and bringing to Suppuration an Excrescence near the *Prostata*. This was the work of fifty-three Days.

68. A Person afflicted for fixteen Years with a Dyfury, which had fucceeded to a greenish Running, with great Pain in Erection, and a Phimofis, caus'd by the Acrimony of the Matter, having found relief by a fimple Ptifan of Linfeed, was much frighten'd at the appearance of a confiderable Hæmorrhage, occasion'd by a strong Erection, which tore the Uretbra. Upon using astringent Injections, the Stream of his Urine leffen'd, and he was subject to a frequent inclination of making Water; he had afterwards feveral Gonorrhoeas, attended with Inflammations of the Scrotum, that left an obstinate Hardness in both Testicles: The Discharge and Heat of Urine constantly remaining, he had several Suppressions, which oblig'd him to apply to me. found in the middle of the Urethra a flat Excrefcence, and a fungous Ulcer near the Verumontanum. He was intirely cur'd in forty-two Days.

69. A Musician of Marseilles, fearing the confequences of a Running, consulted me. I found the excretory Ducts of the seminal Vessels slightly ulcerated. His Cure was easy; and was, accordingly,

completed in thirty-nine Days.

70. I found two fungous Ulcers, one in the beginning of the *Uréthra*, and the other at the excretory Ducts of *Cowper*'s Glands, both furrounded with fungous Flesh, in an Officer of the Battalion of Militia of *Castelnaudary*; who, in a second Clap, had his left Testicle much swell'd, and little Pustules scatter'd all over his Body. I began with the Testicle and Pustules: The Tumor was dispers'd in four

Days,

Days, by some Bleedings, and an Application of camphorated Spirit of Wine, Lime-water, and a Solution of Soap. Mercurial Frictions, repeated at considerable distances, made the Pustules disappear; and my Sounds completed the Cure in sixty and odd

Days.

71. A foreign Merchant, settled at Marseilles, was ineffectually salivated for a Dysury, which a Gonor-rhoea, contracted four Years before, had brought on: It was now growing worse, and attended with a sordid Ulcer in the Tonsils. I found in the middle of the Urethra a stat and long Excrescence of two Fingers breadth: I attack'd, at the same time, both Ulcer and Excrescence, and cur'd them both in forty-five Days.

72. In forty-two Days I destroy'd two round Excrescences, one at the entrance of the *Urethra*, and the other near the excretory Ducts of the seminal Vesicles, which had occasion'd, for six Years, Retentions of Urine, which were often total: They were owing to a Gonorrhæa, stopp'd by astringent In-

jections.

73. I cur'd in fifty-fix Days, of an inveterate Gleet, and a cruel Dysury, which threaten'd an approaching Suppression (the Water often coming away only drop by drop), a Mercer of Marseilles, who had the excretory Ducts of Cowper's Glands ul-

cerated, and furrounded with fpungy Flesh.

74. In the Year 1717 a Person had a violent Suppression, from a Dysury occasion'd by a fourth Clap, which no Remedies could get the better of. His Urine was suppress'd upon the least Excess, and he was afflicted with the same Pains as before. I found, four Fingers breadth within the Urethra, an Excrescence and a spungy Flesh ulcerated, near the Verumontanum, altho' both these Disorders were very hard to be discover'd. I cur'd him in forty-six Days.

75. I was near four Months in destroying an ulcerated Wart, which caus'd a very virulent Running, and troublesome Strangury, for six Years, to a Masson. It hinder'd him from following his Trade. His Cure was longer about, because his condition did not permit him to observe an exact and suitable

Regimen.

76. A Person, considerable for his Rank and Birth, had not been able to stop a virulent Running, occasion'd by a second Clap. I sound in the Urethra
three different Ulcers, the sirst at the beginning of the Canal, the second a singer's breadth on this side
the Verumontanum, and the third at the excretory
Ducts of the Prostata. He was intirely cur'd in

forty-four Days.

77. The Son of a Merchant of Marseilles, after a pretty slight treatment for some Chancres and Warts, perceiv'd a pricking Pain in the Uretbra, and a Dysury, which daily grew worse; he was troubled, besides, with frequent Head-achs, considerable Lassitudes towards Evening, a sickness at Stomach, and want of Sleep. I sound three Ulcers in the Uretbra, two about the middle, and a third, with sungous Flesh, near the Verumontanum. He was cur'd in

forty-five Days.

78. A virulent Discharge, for which Medicines had been ineffectually administred for a Year, gave way at last; but was soon re-implaced by a Smarting in the Urethra, and by a Pain and Weight in the Testicles; six Months afterwards the Patient had Pains in the Loins, and along the Spine, Weakness in his Legs, Heat of Urine, and a Dissiculty in making it, partly proceeding from its being muddy. He was waiting for a favourable season to be falivated, when he consulted me. I found two Ulcers, with Excrescences, in the Urethra; one towards the middle of the Urethra, the other towards the Prostata. The

Cause of all these complaints was radically extirpated

in fifty-eight Days.

79. A Person had a small Gleet, and diminution of the Stream of his Urine, in consequence of a first Gonorrhæa. He contracted a second, for which he had early assistance; however, it could not be stopp'd, even by a Salivation well administred, nor by the use of leaden Probes rubb'd with mercurial Ointment. I found in the middle of the Urethra a callous Ulcer, and another that was fordid, and very sensible, near the Verumontanum. By the use of my Remedies he was made persectly well in forty-nine

Days.

80. A Surgeon of St. Malo, three Months after he had got rid of a Gonorrhœa, perceiv'd that he could not retain his Water as usual, and had a smarting Pain after making it; as also, sometimes, a Difcharge of a few drops of purulent Matter. of Capivi stopp'd this Running; but the heat, and frequent inclination of making Water, increas'd; and when he endeavour'd to hold it, he felt a very acute Pain at the extremity of the Glans; he had the fame complaint in making Water, which he could not do without violent straining; and then it came out at first only drop by drop, and afterwards like a Thread. In this condition he contracted a fecond Clap, which brought on a Suppression, which was near costing him his life; in consequence of this, he was feiz'd with a Strangury, Tenesmus, Fever, and an Inflammation on the Scrotum; these last Symptoms were cur'd, the former remaining as before. They proceeded from a fordid Ulcer at the beginning of the Uretbra, from another near the Verumontanum, and from a third on the excretory Ducts of Cowper's Glands: This last was fungous, and very sensible. The Patient was, however, cur'd in fifty-one Days.

81. A Merchant of Marfeilles thought he had got quite clear of a Gonorrhæa contracted in 1739. when he perceiv'd a very great Smarting in the Urethra, and that his Water was fork'd. The first of these Symptoms ceas'd, upon using Medicines, but return'd upon their being lest off. These Symptoms were owing to two fordid Ulcers, the first in the middle of the Urethra, and the second, which was not so considerable, on the excretory Ducts of the Prostata. He was perfectly cur'd in 43 Days, and, during the use of his Remedies, recover'd his sless, which he had lost, from his uneasiness of mind.

82. The Marquis of was not fo fortunate in a fecond Gonorrhœa, as he had been in a former; for a long course of Medicines were not able to suppress a virulent Running which appear'd, upon the least excess: It was not long before he had a Suppression of Urine, which continu'd five Days. A thousand Remedies, and even the leaden Probes, were made use of, without preventing frequent returns of that cruel complaint, which nothing reliev'd but large doses of the Pil. e Cynogloss. He had then an inclination to put himself under my care; but some Gentlemen of the Profession, that were men of probity, from a wrong belief that my Medicines are corrolive, explain'd to him all the terrible confequences of fuch an application to so sensible a part as the Urethra. He came, however, to Marfeilles, to get better information from my Patients themselves; but the fatigue of his journey bringing on a violent Suppreffion, he forgot all his apprehensions, and fent for me. I had the good luck to make him discharge his Water immediately, which determin'd him to trust himself in my hands, to obtain a radical Cure. There are Patients more sensible than others; at least, the nature of their complaints is fuch as to make them As foon as my Medicines began strongly to operate, the Patient felt some Pain, and began to

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recal to his mind the terrible effects of Caustics: I perceiv'd his uneasiness; and, imagining that my Words would have but little weight, I brought some of my Patients, who had been in the like condition, to converse with him: Their discourse produced the desir'd effect, and he got perfectly well in fifty-sive Days. He had a fordid Ulcer in the middle of the Passage, and the Verumontanum was ulcerated, very hard, and much larger than in its natural state.

83. A Person contracted a Gonorrhœa, in 1730. in England: It was of a very bad nature, and left a Gleet behind it. He had been inform'd, that it would cease of itself; however, as a Strangury attended it, he thought proper to apply to the famous Boerbaave, in Holland: The Relief which he procur'd him did not, however, prevent a Suppression of Urine, with Pain in the Kidneys and Bladder; from that time he began to discharge a great quantity of flimy Matter with his Urine, which hinder'd the free Discharge of it; and his Running still remain'd in the fame condition. He went to Italy, us'd feveral Remedies in the most famous Cities, and was fo far from receiving any benefit, that his Suppressions became more frequent. He return'd to France, confulted the best Practitioners of Aix, Montpelier, and Paris, without receiving the least benefit, unless by the use of Bougies, which was, however, but of fhort continuance. In this last City he heard of me. Altho' the People, who had his confidence at that time, diffuaded him from applying to me, he came to Marfeilles, and, after he had spoke with some of my Patients, he put himself under my care. I found in the Uretbra two different Obstacles, not far from one another: The first was a spungy Flesh, three Fingers breadth in the Paffage; the fecond, which was of a harder substance, was a little farther in: I found, besides, the Verumontanum ulcerated, and a hard Tumor on one fide of it, which often bled when the Patient

Patient pass'd his Bougies, as he had been taught to do. No Patient ever confin'd himself less in his Regimen: He frequently engag'd in Parties of Pleafure, and yet his Cure was not retarded by it, it being completed in two Months and an half. But every-body has not so good a Constitution; and his

Example is not a Rule for others.

84. An Officer, having contracted a Gonorrhœa at Malta, and his Irregularity preventing his Cure, took notice, four Years afterwards, that he did not make Water with the fame eafe as usual; and that the Stream of his Water was much slenderer; and that it divided into two or more Branches: Shortly after, these Symptoms increas'd; the Discharge of his Urine was preceded and follow'd by Shiverings; and he could not discharge it without much straining: Besides, he had a severish Paroxysm once in sisteen or twenty Days. Fearing the confequences of thefe Symptoms, he went to Paris for Relief; but his Disease grew worse, a great quantity of viscid Matter came out with his Urine, and he could not retain it above a quarter of an Hour. At his return to Marseilles he was salivated, and they were debating at Montpelier, whether they should not repeat it, when he apply'd to me. I fpar'd him that trouble, by deterging and healing three callous Ulcers in fixty-eight Days: The first was a Finger's breadth from the entrance of the Urethra; the second, three Fingers breadth farther down; and the third, near the Verumontanum.

85. M. having contracted a fecond Gonorrhœa in Spain, about the Year 1731. could not get perfectly cur'd of it: He made his Water with more Pain, and in a smaller Stream, than usual. Having travell'd about for some time, without applying for any Assistance, he put himself under a Course at Marseilles; but, instead of growing better, his Disorder increas'd, and he could not make Water without

without much straining and Pain. He was constantly afflicted with a Pain in his Kidneys, and a want to go to Stool. In 1744. his Water came only drop by drop, involuntarily, and without ceasing; which Indisposition debarr'd him of all society: He was oblig'd, befides, to go to the Close-stool every half hour, both night and day. These Symptoms were owing to a callous Ulcer very near the Verumontanum, and to another farther down, which I discover'd after I had deterg'd and cicatriz'd the first; he had, moreover, a fungous Excrescence in the form of a Wart. In the first nine Days his incontinence of Urine was cur'd, and in fixty-one he was made perfectly well.

86. A Patient, contracting a very virulent Clap in 1744. would not commit himself to the Care of a Surgeon who promis'd to make him well in a Week, but trusted a Mountebank, who, after four Months time, us'd ftyptic Injections, to accomplish the Cure: But, thereupon, the Heat of Urine became worfe than ever. He had Shootings in the Paffage, made Water with great difficulty, and frequently only drop by drop; these Disorders grew worse upon the least excels: They were caus'd by feveral fungous Excrescences situated in the Urethra, at a small distance from the Verumontanum. He was cur'd in forty-one Days.

87. An Officer of the Gallies had remaining, from a third Gonorrhoea, only a Smarting, which did not hinder him from running fresh risques. He was, at last, punish'd for his Incontinence; a fourth could not be intirely cur'd. The least excess render'd the Running more plentiful, and the Smarting worfe. The fear of consequences determin'd him to apply to me. I found in the Urethra three Ulcers, two small ones on this fide the Verumontanum, and a third on the excretory Ducts of the Prostata; this last had callous Edges. The Patient, as may be suppos'd, made Water with difficulty, and was in constant danger

danger of a Suppression. He was completely cur'd

in fixty-one Days.

88. M. Keeper of the Royal Standard of the Gallies, after a treatment of feven Months, was, at last, cur'd by aftringent Injections. His joy, however, was but of a short continuance; for, upon the least excess, a Matter came out, which tinged his Linen yellow. Surgeons endeavour'd, to no purpose, to allay his fears; his just alarms increas'd, upon finding that the last Drops of his Water remain'd for some Moments in the Passage. He had, near the Prostata, an Ulcer which continually supply'd a Matter, but in so small a quantity, that it came away in the appearance of Filaments in his Water, without staining his Linen. He was cur'd in sifty-one Days.

89. A Person of distinction of Agen, having already fuffer'd two Gonorrhœas, and living afterwards with more referve, thought himself quite secure; when he perceiv'd, shortly afterwards, a Running somewhat purulent, and a Heat of Urine: This Heat became, foon afterwards, more fevere, and tke Running more plentiful; the Stream of his Water divided; it sometimes was intirely suppress'd, and he had always a difficulty in making it. His most urgent Symptoms were reliev'd by Remedies; but the Canal still remain'd contracted by bad Cicatrices, and the Suppression return'd every now-andthen. He found no relief but in the use of leaden Probes, which he could not discontinue for the least time, without exposing himself to the preceding complaints. He us'd mercurial Frictions; Bougies, fent from Paris as Specifics, only ferv'd to make him worse: They were even so rash as to convey Lapis Infernalis up the Urethra; what the effect was, may eafily be conjectur'd. In this condition he intrusted himself to me, and I found terrible mischief caus'd in part, without doubt, by the violent Caustic that had been apply'd. There were four Ulcers in the the Urethra, cover'd with fungous Flesh; the first, at the entrance immediately under the Glans; the second, a Finger's breadth lower down; the third, a little on this side the Verumontanum; and the sourth, which was the worst, and extremely sensible, on the Verumontanum itself. Notwithstanding his miserable condition, in forty-three Days I made him com-

pletely well.

90. A Patient found no relief for a virulent Gonorrhœa but in the use of Goats Milk; however, the
Running did not lessen. He afterwards try'd mercurial Frictions, which were equally inessectual, and
even occasion'd all over his Body a prodigious quantity of little Pimples, which only serv'd to pain him
still more. Tir'd out with so many useless Experiments, by the advice of some of his friends, he
trusted himself intirely to nature; but finding that
his Running still continu'd, he apply'd to me. In
forty-six Days I deterg'd and cicatriz'd for him three
Ulcers in the Uretbra, and intirely cur'd him.

of Physic, in a Patient whom I found to have a small Ulcer in the middle of the *Urethra*, only a slight Gleet, especially when he heated himself ever so little: His Water afterwards began not to come away without great straining. These Symptoms disappear'd in

thirty-three Days.

92. A Merchant of Marseilles had not been able to stop a Gonorrhoea, contracted in 1730. but by the help of time, and astringent Injections; but, shortly after, his Water did not come away with the same ease. In 1736. his Urine was discharg'd only drop by drop, and even not without squeezing the part; and he had, besides, an incontinence of Urine. I found under the Glans a callous Excrescence near a Finger's breadth long, which almost clos'd the Passage; and two sordid Ulcers on this side the Verumontanum. The Patient was not only cur'd of all these

complaints in forty-three Days, but render'd capable of getting Children, which the Obstructions of the Canal had made him incapable of, for between five and six Years.

93. I cur'd, in forty-eight Days, the Count of who came from Roussilon to consult me upon a slight Running, which was brought on by the least excess: He afterwards perceiv'd a Smarting in the Uretbra, and his Water did not come away with the same ease as before. He had two sungous Excrescences from a Gonorrhæa contracted in 1726. one in the middle of the Canal, and the other near the Verumontanum, which were the Coverings of so many Ulcers.

94. A Surgeon, settled in a City near Marseilles, had, in confequence of three Gonorrhœas, a flight purulent Gleet, attended with great difficulty of making Water, which became confiderable in 1740. and very dangerous; for they were not able to pass the Catheter, on account of an Obstacle in the Canal; which likewife render'd him impotent. reason of this is manifest; and the intelligent reader must have observ'd, that this was the Case of many of my Patients. Upon examining this Brother of mine, I found two Ulcers at fome distance from the Verumontanum, and on this fide of them an Excrefcence refembling a Wart: I had the fatisfaction to procure him, in forty-eight Days, the intire re-eftablishment of his Health, and to hear him confirm, by his own experience, all that he had heard in praife of my Method.

95. A Person, considerable for his birth and station, had successfully got thro' five or six Gonor-rhoeas; but his last made him pay dear for dangers he had so boldly encounter'd; altho' he took more Medicines for this, than the preceding ones, there remain'd a constant Strangury. And having, one Day, hurt himself in passing a leaden Probe at a time

when he could not make Water, he had an Ischury for four Hours; from that time he made Water only drop by drop, and always with a great deal of Heat: He had, afterwards, an incontinence of Urine, and a Fever every Month. These Symptoms were owing to three Obstructions: The first was a round Excrescence, in the middle of the *Urethra*; the second, shat and callous, near the former; and the third on the *Verumontanum* itself, which was very hard, ulcerated, and much larger than in its natural state.

He was cur'd in fifty-one Days.

96. An inhabitant of Tarascon thought himself well cur'd of a Gonorrhœa he had fifteen or fixteen Years before, when he found a Discharge, without having run any fresh risque: This was follow'd by a Suppression, which continu'd forty-eight Hours, and left a Strangury. The Suppression return'd upon any excess, and his Urine could not pass but by preffing down the Obstacles with the Probe. A Surgeon telling him, that his complaint was owing to his continence, he found the Remedy easy; but fmart Pains after the action, and Shootings in the Perinæum, were the reward of his docility. As the Suppression frequently return'd, and the virulent Running conftantly remain'd, he apply'd to me, and had no reason to repent of it; since, in two Months, he was cur'd of two Ulcers, which caus'd the whole Diforder. They were near each other, and fituated about half a Finger's breadth from the They were deep, and furrounded Verumontanum. with fpungy Flesh.

97. I treated, in 1744. two very callous Ulcers upon the two Labia, corroding Chancres on the Nymphæ, and a very virulent Gonorrhæa, in a Girl, who had contracted them in 1739. and who had distributed them to all comers. Tho' she had been salivated at the beginning, I thought it proper to salivate her again, attacking, at the same time, the local

local Complaint; and she was perfectly well in a Month and an half.

98. I likewise salivated a Woman, at the same time I was encountering with my particular Remedies the local Complaint, which consisted in a Chancre that had almost eat away the right Lip and one of the Nymphæ: She had besides, in the Meatus Urinarius, an Ulcer, from whence proceeded a very fetid Matter. I cured her in sifty-nine Days.

Gonorrhæa her Husband had communicated to her, a pretty considerable Running, which she looked upon as a Fluor Albus; but some Years afterwards, this Lady having felt Pains in different Parts, and Shootings in the Vagina, which Mercurial Frictions had not taken away, I examined her, and found a fordid Ulcer in the inferior Part of the Vagina. In two Months and an half I made her quite well. The Reason of her being so long under my Management, was upon account of her Menses, which

usually lasted from twelve to fifteen Days.

100. The following Cafe only ferves to fhew. that my Remedy would be as proper to deterge and heal any other Ulcer, as those produced by the Venereal Poison. A Person of Figure had for a long time felt in his Fundament a very painful Tension, attended with Shootings that made him fuffer cruelly, and did not permit him to go to ftool but with infinite Pain. The most skilful of the Profession not being able to make any thing of his Complaint, and affuring him, that he had no Ailment in that Part, I demonstrated, by the Help of my Speculum Ani, to a Person who attended him, a callous Ulcer half a Finger's Breadth, within the Anus on the left Side, above an Inch long, very deep, and with high, hard, and inverted Lips. I could not refuse undertaking his Cure, and I fucceeded in forty-

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two Days, by the Use of my Remedies, and a very diluting Regimen.

REFLECTIONS upon the preceding CASES.

S the nature of the Diseases that fall under my Management, is of fuch a kind as not to fuffer me to fet down the Names of the Patients, the Reader might, in some manner, be authorized to call in question the Truth of what I relate, if I had not Witneffes to confirm it. It is proper, therefore, he should be informed, that almost all the Patients mentioned above were presented to me by People well known at Marseilles, and who were acquainted with their Diseases, Circumstances, and perfect Cure: But as the Deposition of such Witnesses has, and ought to have, less Sway with the Judicious, than the Attestation of People of the Profession, I shall bring them only as my Evidence. If they prove the Truth of the most extraordinary Cases, the less difficult will certainly remain unquestioned.

A Letter from Mr. Gourraigne, Doctor of Physic of the Faculty of Montpelier, of the Royal Society of Sciences, to Mr. Joyeuse, Doctor of Physic of the same Faculty, and Physician in ordinary to the Gallies.

SIR,

THERE is much Talk here of a Surgeon newly arrived at Marseilles, who radically cures the Carnosities of the Urethra. As I would gladly know the Truth, I do myself the Honour to write

write to you, defiring you to acquaint me with what you positively know concerning it. Has he cured any body? They fay he brings Carnofities to Suppuration: Does this Suppuration continue long? Is the Caustic he applies very painful? In short, tell me all you know of this Surgeon: You will lay me under an Obligation. I offer you my little Services in this Country. I am, with Respect, SIR,

Your most humble, Montpelier, and obedient Servant, Oct. 25. 1744. GOURRAIGNE.

The Answer of Mr. Joyeuse, Physician in ordinary to the Gallies, inserted in the Mercury of the January following.

SIR,

ics have and overt to have les I AM not at all surprised at your Questions con-cerning Mr. Daran: That Surgeon arrived in this City last Year, in September: The furprising Cures he performed, foon made a Noise, and drew to him not only the Patients of the Place, but feveral from the neighbouring Towns and Provinces, whose Cure, upon their return home, could not but occasion the Surprize, and excite the Curiosity, of the Profession: I cannot fatisfy yours better than in giving you a faithful Account of the manner how I fatisfied my own.

However great the Commendations of the credulous Vulgar may be, in regard to certain Secrets, to which they affign the most wonderful effects, a prudent Physician would be inexcusable, especially in an Age fo favourable to Quackery as ours, if he did not suspend his Judgment till repeated and ocu-

lar Proofs had convinced him.

From the time of Mr. Daran's Arrival in this City, there paffed but few Days, in which he was not cried up by those who had been under his Care, or had, without requiring his Affiftance themfelves, fome Connection with his Patients. Between feven and eight Months paffed, however, without my knowing him but by his Reputation, however well grounded it might be. You may eafily suppose, Sir, that however loud Admiration and Gratitude might be, they did not filence Jealoufy. I fuspected them both, and, defirous of knowing how far the Encomiums on one fide, and Criticism on the other, would admit of abatement, I remained quite undetermined; till a Gentleman of this City, who honours me with his Confidence, and who had occafion for this Surgeon, furnished me with an Oppor-

tunity of knowing him.

This Patient, aged fifty Years, enjoy'd a perfect Health, except a Dyfury, which he looked upon as a Disposition to the Stone: It had continued upon him about thirty Years: It succeeded a Gonorrhæa ill-treated, which he had never mentioned to me; nor would he have thought of remedying this Inconvenience, had it not been for Mr. Daran's extraordinary Cures in these Complaints, which induced him to apply to him. This Surgeon fearched him the 15th of July of the present Year; he found, two Fingers Breadth on this Side the Prostata, a Carnofity which almost stopped the Passage, and which was near two Inches long; a purulent Running appeared but now-and-then, and in a small Quantity, but it had never intirely ceased. Mr. Daran treated him with his Sounds, and Antivenereal Remedies, and made him quite well in fixtythree Days.

This Cure, however complete it might be, had nothing fo very particular in it, as to hinder me from defiring to fee, with my own Eyes, fome other more decifive. If you were acquainted with this Surgeon, or as near him as I am, and had the fame Curiofity as prompted me, nothing would be eafier than to fatisfy it. He has no want of Patients, and no one of the Profession has reason to complain of the manner in which he receives them. Among the new Patients that were then under his Care, I faw a Perfumer of Avignon, above fixty Years old, who had been troubled with a Difficulty in making Water for better than thirty Years; it hardly came at all thro' the Uretbra, but indifferently thro' five Fiftulas; the first of which was on the right Side of the Root of the Penis; the fecond, in the Perinaum, about an Inch from the Anus; the third, near the other, towards the Scrotum; and the two others, in the middle and lower part of the Hypogastric Region, a Finger's Breadth diftant from each other. The Scrotum was swelled in the inferior Part, where were fix Puftules. This Patient had, befides, two scirrhous Tumors on the Sides of the Penis, and a Phimosis, caused by a considerable Hardness round the Prepuce. I need not observe to you, that the most considerable People of the Profession in the feveral Cities he had paffed through, had not been able to give him any Affiftance. Deplorable as his Cafe was, he had no other Thoughts than those of Refignation, when Mr. Daran's Reputation, supported by a great Number of fignal Cures, determined him to apply to him. I had the Curiofity to attend this Cafe. Judge, Sir, of my Surprize, when I faw this Patient as perfectly cured as the rest, and in a Condition to return home in forty odd Days.

To this remarkable Example, give me leave, Sir,

to add another, which is not less so.

DIGHT

The Count of of an illustrious House of Vivarais, aged about Fifty, came from Toulon to

this City, last May: Tho' his Disease had appear'd, long fince, incurable, to all the eminent men of the Profession, whom he had consulted, the Fame of Mr. Daran, and the defire of Recovery, so natural to the Sick, put him upon undertaking this last journey. He had a Gonorrhœa near thirty Years ago, which was treated very negligently: During the first Years, the Stream of his Water leffen'd by little and little; and, at last, came away only drop by drop: He was then at Paris, where he apply'd to people of the first Character: He was afterwards under the care of a Surgeon famous for these Diseases; but he was so far from clearing the Uretbra, that a quite contrary Effect enfu'd: The introduction of his Probes and Cauffics was follow'd with Inflammation; and, to prevent inftant Death, and procure a Discharge to his Water, M. Petit, who was call'd in, made a Puncture in Perinao: The Urine came only thro' this Opening, which became fiftulous, and the Canal remain'd stopp'd up; some time after, the Matter of the old Gonorrhœa occasion'd near the Anus, on Cowper's Glands, an Abscess, which they were oblig'd to open, and which gave rife to a fecond Fiftula: In this condition he return'd into his Country. The fatigue of his journey caus'd new Abscesses, which degenerated into as many Fiftulas; fo that, when he arriv'd here, Mr. Daran found the Urethra intirely stopp'd up, and five Fiftulas in Perineo, which communicated with one another, and thro' which the Urine found so many Outlets: All these Fistulas were furrounded with scirrhous Hardnesses, of a considerable fize. The Symptoms attending this melant choly situation were, frequent Fevers, Abscesses succeeding one another, a conftant Discharge of a very virulent Matter, and the Inconveniencies of having his Shirts always wet with his Water. The hardness of the Fistulas did not permit the Patient to fit without a Pillow; and as the Urine became more acrimonious, it caus'd smarter Pains in the places through

which it pass'd.

a It will not appear aftonishing to you, Sir, that such a situation requir'd a longer treatment than usual; but I dare believe, you will not hear, without some surprize, thrt Mr. Daran's Sounds destroy'd, without any Pain, all the Excrescences that stopp'd up the Passage. The sistulous Ulcers were fully deterg'd and cicatriz'd, the Hardness melted down, the old Gonorrhæa stopp'd, in a word, the Patient was as perfectly well, as if he had never had any Disorder. He lest Marseilles the 18th of this Month.

I could easily lengthen out this Letter, if I inserted in it the Number of Cases I have been equally witness to: I could cite you some, that have made a noise in this City, and which deferve a particular Account; but I should exceed the bounds of a Letter. Should Mr. Daran prefent the Public with an Account of the great Number of Patients who, within thirteen Months, have pass'd thro' his Hands; his Collection of Cases would not, certainly, be the least important Present it has receiv'd from Physic: These Facts would be fo many Proofs of the Excellence of his Cathæretic, which may be confider'd as a fovereign Remedy in all virulent Runnings, and whose use might, perhaps, be extended to feveral other Cases, with the fame fuccess. But not to depart from its known Virtues; you know, Sir, that Gonorrhœas, both old and recent, are the Stumbling-block of the most skilful Practitioners: In vain has Mercury been confider'd, hitherto, as the furest Remedy we have; in vain have we known, for fome time, the furest and gentlest Method of using it with fuccefs. This Specific, it is true, manag'd according to the Rules laid down by one of our M

greatest Masters (a), is triumphant in the Cure of the Venereal Difease, and its Symptoms: A Gonorrhœa has been the only thing which evades its power, and against which all other means have very often fail'd. The fatal accidents, which frequently follow it, the greatest part of which have hitherto been infurmountable, evidently shew the want of new Remedies for the treatment of it. M. Daran, by his Sounds, and new Method, cures this complaint, and all its confequences, generally, in about forty Days: He effectually ftops all Runnings, without any danger of any bad confequence: Dyfury, Ischury, and Strangury, disappear with the Carnofities that are the ordinary Caufes of them. If the Symptoms attending or following a Gonorrhœa areoften terrible, they feem to be fo only to make the fuccess of this Surgeon shine forth more conspicuoully. Among his Patients there have been some in whom the Paffage was quite ftopp'd up, and who had not made a fingle drop of Water, the natural way, for many Years: His fuccess has been always. the fame. You ask me, Sir, Whether his Cathæretic is painful; and if it brings on a Suppuration? It never acts, but by bringing on a Suppuration, more or lefs plentiful, according to the Swellings or Excrescences which obstruct the Urethra; but the Pain is fo flight, that many of his Patients have affur'd me, they felt none. This Suppurative is fo mild, and, at the same time, so sovereign, that I never knew any thing, in the extent of Physic, so surprising in its fuccefs, and of greater confequence to the Difeas'd: In a word, an infinity of People who perish, in all Nations, would certainly meet with a Cure from this Surgeon; whereas they have not been able, hi-

⁽a) Vide the Thesis of the first Physician, An ad curandam Luem Veneream, frictiones Mercuriales in hunc finem adhibendæ sint, ut Salivalis sluxus concitetur?

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therto, to find the same affistance elsewhere. I have the honour of being, with respect,

SIR,

Your most bumble, and

obedient Servant,

JOYEUSE:

Physician to the Hospital of the Gallies of France at Marseilles, Nov. 10.

Certificate of M. Michel, Physician of Marfeilles.

" The underwritten, Doctor of Physic of the

" Faculty of Montpelier, Fellow of the College

" of Phylicians of this City, and Phylician of the "Lazaret de Purge, certify, That the Cases of the

" four Persons treated by M. Daran(a), wherein men-

" tion is made of me, contain exactly all the Symp-

" toms which attended their Disease when they ap-

" ply'd to him; and that they are perfectly cur'd.

"In evidence whereof, I have given the prefent

" Attestation, after having visited the aforesaid Pa-

" tients, both before and after their Cure.

" Marseilles, July 1.

" Signed,

" MICHEL, Physician."

(a) Vide Cases 6. 12. 84. and 93.

Certificate of M. Albin, Physician at Marfeilles.

"I, The underwritten, Doctor of Physic, Fellow of the College of Physicians of this City, testify, That M. Daran treated and cur'd a(a) Counfellor and a (b) Hatter of this City, the first of whom had a difficulty in making Water, from Obstacles in the Passage; the second labour'd under the same indisposition, attended with several Fistulas in Perinae: In Proof whereof, I have drawn up the present Certificate.

" Marfeilles, Aug. 15. " 1744.

" Sign'd,

" ALBIN, Physician."

(a) Vide Cafe 27.

(b) Vide Cafe 19.

Certificate of M. Joyeuse, Physician in Ordinary to the Gallies.

I, The underwritten, Doctor of Physic of the Faculty of Montpelier, Senior Physician of the King's Armies, Syndic of the College of Physicians of this City, and Physician in Ordinary of the Gallies, certify, the more readily, all that is contain'd in Case 86. as I have already given a public Testimony of M. Daran's Skill in the Treatment of the Diseases of the Urethra; and am, besides, convinced of it, by several other Cures, much more surprising, and which are to be seen in this Collection.

" Marfeilles, July 4.

" Sign'd,

" JOYEUSE, Physician."

Certificate of M. Mouret, Physician of Tarascon, concerning the State of the Patient of Case 95. when he set out from that City.

"I, The underwritten, certify, That M."

fet out from this City to go to Marfeilles, in order to put himself under the Care of M. Daran,
for a very bad Strangury, which he had labour'd
under for a long time. This Strangury was owing to several Gonorrhoeas he had formerly contracted, was constant from the beginning, and always grew worse, notwithstanding the Remedies
he took; whence it was consider'd as incurable.
In Evidence whereof, I have given the present
Certificate.

" Tarascon, June 23.

" Sign'd,

" Mouret, D. M."

Another Certificate of M. Mouret, concerning the State of the Patient of Case the 96th, when he set out for Marseilles.

I, The underwritten, certify, That M.....

is afflicted with a Difficulty of making Water,

which degenerated into a Strangury by the Application of improper Remedies after making

bloody Water, which was imprudently mistaken

for a Clap; Remedies which certainly occasion'd

a Contraction throughout the Canal, and Carno
fities which have determin'd him to put himself

under the Care of M. Daran; having had se
M 3

"veral

veral Suppressions, more or less violent, one of

" which continu'd above forty-eight Hours. He

" was in feveral Cities, to find Relief for this Com-

of plaint, but never met with any benefit. In Proof

the State of the Patient of Cale the obth,

The underwincen, certify, That M.

auben by for ours for Marteilles.

whereof, I have given the present Certificate.

" Tarascon, June 23. " 1745.

Modern D. M.

" Sign'd,

" Mouret, D. M."

"pheation of improper Remedies after making the bloody Water, which was improdently mistaken to for a Contraction throughtest the Canal, and Carnotte which have determined him to put himself."

-ida the Care of M. Deltas having had fe-

Chirurgical Observations

ONTHE

Disorders of the URETHRA.

PART II.

Containing the Remainder of the most material Cures I performed at Marfeilles, and the History of my Journey from Marseilles to Paris.

CASE 1.

s P A N I S H Marechal de Camp, happily cur'd of two Gonorrhœas contracted in his own Country, had recourse, for a third, to the most eminent Surgeons; but, tir'd out with Remedies for six Months together, he resolv'd to trust to the Assistance of Nature, which was equally ineffectual: The Disease increas'd, and the Stream of his Urine lessen'd daily. Alarm'd at this Accident, he omitted no Means to obtain a Cure; but, M 4

far from finding Relief in his new Remedies, he had, shortly afterwards, a Suppression, which return'd upon the least excess. Finding no Relief in Spain, he came, in search of it, to Paris, but with no better success: He then gave over all Remedies, and expected nothing but Pain and Torment the rest of his Life; when he heard of the Cures I was performing at Marseilles. He came there in May 1745. Having search'd him, I found, on this side the Verumontanum, three spungy Excrescences, one of which was ulcerated, and supply'd an obstinate virulent Gleet. I immediately apply'd my Remedies to him, and cur'd him in seventy-four Days.

CASE 2.

M. De la B..... an old Captain of Grenadiers in one of the first Regiments of France, put himself under my care at Marfeilles, in May 1745. From 1710. to 1728. he had had three Gonorrhoeas, which he appear'd well cur'd of: For one of them mercurial Frictions had been administred: The same means cur'd a fourth, likewise: A fifth, contracted in 1731. being attended with an Hernia Humoralis, oblig'd him to have recourse to the same means, and whatever else could be devis'd; but all Efforts were vain. A Discharge of purulent Matter continu'd upon him; a Strangury was foon an additional Symptom; and,a little time after, two Suppressions were near costing him his Life. He was dragging on a life of Pain, insupportable to him, when new Accidents befel him. In 1744. an Abscess arose in Perinao, which, foon after, broke of itself, and the Opening, which they were oblig'd to dilate, discharg'd a great quantity of Pus and Urine; a Fiftula was the refult of it: Shortly after, a new Fiftula was the confequence of another Abscess. Pus and Urine continually draining thro' these Fistulas, the Patient, to prevent

his being conftantly wet and foul'd, was oblig'd to carry a Tin Box in his Breeches. Not having been able to find any Remedy for these complaints, he took the resolution of putting himself under my care. I found, in the middle of the Uretbra, a callous Excrescence, which suffer'd the Urine to come out only drop by drop; the two Fistulas, which were in Perinæo, a Finger's breadth from each other, were furrounded with scirrhous Swellings: I was forty-five Days before I could reach to the Bladder; but, as foon as the Urine came away in a full Stream, I apply'd myself to the Fistulas, and was so happy as to make the Patient perfectly well in three Months. The interest I had in having his Case attested by People of the Profession, engag'd me to get Mr. Daviel, an eminent Surgeon of Marseilles, to visit him: I presented the Patient, very lately, to him at Paris: I join to his Certificate that which Mr. Chicoyneau gave me, after having heard, from the Patient, a relation of his Disease and Cure.

Certificate of M. Chicoyneau.

I, The underwritten, Counsellor of State in Ordinary, and First Physician of the King, certify, That M. De la B..... an old Captain of Grenadiers in the Regiment of actually at Versailles, related to me, That he had been afflicted for thirty Years with several Carnosities in the Urethra, and a considerable Abscess in Perinaeo, attended with sistulous Callosities, through which his Urine, and a very setid Pus, frequently discharg'd, which, join'd to very sharp Pains, with which these Diseases are usually attended, and to Retentions of Urine, which were sometimes total, had reduced him to the most deplorable condition; all the treatment he had gone thro', under several

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" feveral of the Profession, having prov'd absolutely " useless. But, having been so happy as to meet with M. Daran, at Marseilles, whose Reputation " for the Cure of these Complaints was already esta-" blish'd, he thought he could not do better than " intirely confide to his Method; fo that, in a small " space of time, he was perfectly deliver'd from all " his Complaints: And this Cure, join'd to that of " feveral other Persons labouring under the same " Disease, whose Cases have been communicated to " me, and which have been attended with the fame fuccess, leaves no room to doubt but that M. Da-" ran's Method is of the utmost efficacy in these of Difeases, and ought to be consider'd particularly 44 as a Specific. In Proof whereof, I have fign'd " the present Certificate.

Verfailles, Apr. 8.

ce Sign'd,

66 CHICOYNEAU.'S

Certificate of M. Daviel.

I James Daviel, Master of Arts, sworn Surgeon of Marseilles, and of the King's Gallies, of the Royal Academy of Sciences of Toulouse, Correspondent Associate of the Academy of Surgery at Paris, Member of the Institution of Sciences of Boulogne, Royal Professor and Demonstrator of Surgery and Anatomy of Marseilles, certify, That I visited at M. Daran's, May 3. 1745. M. De.... an antient Captain of Grenadiers in the Regiment of who came on purpose from Montpelier to M. Daran, to be treated of a Disease in the Urethra, which the Patient told me he had been afflicted with near thirty Years, and for which he had gone thro' different treatments, and "had

" had often been in danger of his Life by total Supor pressions of Urine; that the preceding Year two 46 Abscesses had arose in Perinaeo, attended with " confiderable Callofities, which fome time after " became fiftulous, and thro' them the Urine, and " a very fetid Pus, were discharg'd, as I remark'd, " in vifiting the aforefaid Patient; which had oblig'd " him to carry a Tin Vessel in his Breeches, to catch " the Urine and Pus that were constantly draining " thro'. The deplorable flate in which he then was, " oblig'd him to have recourse to M. Daran, who had " the highest Character at Marseilles for this fort of " Diseases. The Cure of M. establishes it still " more: For, having feen and examin'd him, I should " have thought myfelf wanting to the truth, if I did " not truly attest his perfect Cure; so that I by no " means doubt but that M. Daran's Remedies are " of the utmost efficacy, in such Cases. In Proof " whereof, I have fign'd the prefent Certificate.

⁶⁶ Paris, Apr. 5.

" Sign'd,

" DAVIEL."

ner,

CASE 3

However curious the preceding Relation may be, this is still more so, on account of several circumstances. Three Gonorrhœas, of which the first bore Date in 1713. had been pretty well cur'd, when the Patient, an old Captain of Foot, contracted a fourth, which left a difficulty in making Water. This Accident, however terrible, not having quench'd the Fire of his Passions, he contracted two more, the last in 1737. for which he took mercurial Pills, which produced a very plentiful Salivation, after which he had recourse to Injections: But this last Remedy increas'd his difficulty of making Water in such a man-

ner, that, upon the least excess, he had total Suppressions. The cruel Pains he suffer'd in Corsica, where he then was, having oblig'd him to return to France, an Abscess form'd itself in Perinæo, a Month after his return: The Orifice of it, which they were oblig'd to dilate, gave iffue to much Matter and Urine: The event was a Fistula, shortly afterwards arose a new Abscess near the former, and a new Upon this, the Patient was falivated; but he was fo far from receiving any benefit from it, that a new Fistula appear'd near the Anus, and the Urine came indifferently thro' them all, which gave him the trouble of carrying a Veffel in his Breeches to receive the Urine. His Pains were fo violent, that Laudanum, whose Dose was carry'd to an hundred Drops a Day, did not render them supportable; he was oblig'd, every quarter of an Hour, to kneel down to make a few Drops of Water. Upon fearching him, in the presence of Messieurs Joyeuse and Daviel, the one Physician in Ordinary, the other Surgeon of the Gallies, I found the Urethra almost intirely obstructed with spungy Excrescences, two of which furnish'd a Matter, fetid to the last degree: In proportion as the Canal became free, the Patient recover'd his Flesh; because the Pain, which diminish'd in proportion, permitted him to enjoy a more peaceable Sleep: He retrench'd likewise, gradually, the Dose of Laudanum, and reduced it to a very few Drops in about three Months; in which time his Cure was accomplish'd. I procur'd a Certificate from the Phylician and Surgeon mention'd above.

Certificate of M. Joyeuse.

"I, Doctor of Physic of the Faculty of Montpe"I, lier, and Physician in Ordinary to the Gallies,
" certify, That I was present when M. Daran visited
"M.

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M. Senior Captain of Foot, who had the

" Urethra almost intirely obstructed; having, befides, a very virulent Running, and three Fistulas

" in Perinæo, one of which caus'd him excessive

"Pain; and that about three Months after I faw

" the Patient perfectly cur'd of all his Complaints.

" In Proof whereof, I have deliver'd to the faid M.

" Daran the present Certificate.

" Marfeilles, Oct. 1. 1747.

" JOYEUSE."

Certificate of M. Daviel.

"I, Surgeon of the Gallies, &c. declare, That, after reading the Certificate of M. Joyeuse, I

" recall'd to mind all the Circumstances of the Dif-" ease there related, and that all contain'd therein

" is exactly conformable to Truth; and that I have

" fince feen the Patient in perfect Health.

" Paris, Nov. 11. 1747.

" DAVIEL."

CASE 4.

The Example of some of his Friends, who had dy'd of the consequences of Gonorrhoeas ill cur'd, engag'd M. B.... settled at Paris above thirty Years, to come to Marseilles to put himself under my Care: He knew that I was shortly to come to Paris; but thought it more prudent to meet his Cure, than to expose himself to the bad consequences of a Complaint which might daily become worse. From 1716. when he contracted a Gonorrhoea, he had not been able to stop a Gleet, which was soon after sollow'd by a Strangury. He comply'd, to no purpose, with all the Directions of those at Paris, who make the Diseases of the Urethra their principal Obiect:

ject: The Relief they procur'd him was of short continuance; they then gave him an advice so particular, that the Patient, though not of the Profession, could not bring himself to follow it: It was, to cut open the *Urethra*, and take off the Carnosities with a Pair of Scissars; and every-body will certainly approve his denial. I search'd him, upon his Arrival, and found in the *Urethra* four Excrescences at a little distance from each other: I treated him after my Method, and he was intirely cur'd in seventy-sive Days.

Certificate of M. Boiscaillaud.

"I, Master Surgeon of St. Come, Surgeon in Ordinary to the King, certify, That M. B...."
whom I knew to have labour'd a long time under a difficulty of making Water from Carnosities in the Urethra, which expos'd him to terrible Accidents, and, amongst others, to total Suppressions, and oblig'd him to rise thirty or forty times in a Night, related to me, That, not being able to find a Cure for these Complaints at Paris, he went to Marseilles, where, at that time, resided M. Daran, Surgeon in Ordinary to the King, to put himself under his care; and that he had the good fortune to be radically cur'd of all his Complaints, by his new Method; and that he has felt nothing of them these three Years. In Proof of which, I have deliver'd these Presents.

" Paris, Jan. 2.

" Sign'd,

" Boiscaillaud."

CASE 5.

It frequently happens, that Women either deceive themselves, or others, in making a venereal Running pass for the Whites: The present Example serves to confirm it. A Lady, aged about Thirty, married at Eighteen to a man Sixty Years old, probably thought that she might make herself amends with a young Gallant, for the cold Careffes of her Husband: This commerce had fubfifted fix Years, when the Gallant was oblig'd to take a Journey: Tho' it was but for eight Days, the young Man could not live chafte; he contracted a Gonorrhœa, which he shortly, upon his return to Marseilles, communicated to his Mistress. Unhappily for the Husband; he was sensible, at the same time, of a return of Vigour, which made him a partaker of the prefent made to his Wife. It was not long before he perceiv'd fome Complaints, which, till then, he had been a stranger to: Upon his complaining to his Wife, she drew from her Gallant a confession of his imprudence, which, likewife, accounted for the Symptoms she observ'd in herself. They were all three under the care of the same Surgeon; and the Men were both cur'd, at least in appearance; but the Lady did not fare fo well: Her Complaint grew worfe. out with giving her Medicines, it feem'd the shortest way to qualify the Running with the name of Whites; and, probably, the Patient really believ'd it; but, ten Years afterwards, she was cruelly undeceiv'd, by a total Suppression, attended with insupportable Pains. This Complaint having been got the better of, with much difficulty, there always remain'd a difficulty of making Water, Pain, and Straining, more or lefs confiderable. In this Condition she consulted me, difguifing the Diforder under the name of a Stone in the Bladder: My Answer (for I always give the fame

fame when I am requir'd to quit my particular Branch) was, that I treated only Retentions of Urine from venereal causes: I added, that the genital parts of Women, being of a different structure from those of Men, it was very rare that their Retentions sell within my province. The Lady then confess'd; and, upon examining her, I found in the *Urethra* a callous Ulcer, and another of the same kind a Finger's breadth within the *Vagina*, both of which supply'd a pretty plentiful Discharge: I then chang'd my tone, and apply'd my Remedies. I deterg'd and cicatriz'd the two Ulcers, and the Patient was cur'd of her difficulty of making Water, and pretended Whites.

CASE 6.

M. S..... a Swifs Captain, had been cur'd of three Gonorrhoeas, and felt nothing of them, when he contracted a fourth at Perpignan, for which he made use of Injections, ineffectually: A little time after, Shootings in the Yard, a Diminution of the Stream of his Water, and Heat, began to make him uneafy, and not without reason. He had three total Suppressions; and a Salivation twice administred, from 1740. to 1744. did not destroy the cause of them. The leaden Probe was then made use of; but, endeavouring to force the Obstacles, to get to the Bladder, the Surgeons caus'd a confiderable Hæmorrhage, which was follow'd by a Suppression, very violent Fever, and an Inflammation in the Bladder. He did me the honour of applying to me in the Month of May 174. I found in the Urethra two Obstructions, one of which was near the Verumontanum, from whence flow'd a very virulent Matter: I perfectly freed the Paffage in thirty-eight Days: but, as the Patient's affairs did not permit him to stay longer at Marseilles, I gave him every thing

he wanted, to complete his Cure, with the necessary instructions; and he wrote, shortly afterwards, to let me know, that he was perfectly well. This Patient would not permit me to have him seen by anybody.

CASE 7.

The History, which I am going to relate, does not come within the Plan of my Work, fince my defign is only to relate the Diseases of the Urethra; but I am perfuaded, that the Reader will pardon this short digression, in favour of the singularity of the Case, and the confequence that ought naturally to be drawn from it: That Parents can't use too much caution in the familiarity they fuffer to fubfift between Children of different Sexes; particularly, when either of them is of an age to give fome suspicion. A Millener brought her Daughter to me, under five Years old, altho', by her strength, she would have pass'd for more than eight: She told me, she had, for better than a Fortnight, fuch an Heat in her Water, that fhe could not make it without crying; and, besides this, a plentiful Discharge of a whitish Matter. I ask'd her if she was fure that her Daughter had nothing of the same kind before? As to the Discharge, The affur'd me she had not. I examin'd the Child, and found the Lips and Entrance of the Vagina full of Ulcers, which furnish'd the Matter which the Mother faid was whitish, but which, in reality, was vellow, tending to green. Upon making the Mother question the Child, we found, that one of her neighbours, fifteen Years old, who frequently came to her house, had given her the Venereal Disease, which he had conceal'd from his own Parents for fix Months: This the young man afterwards own'd. As I treated only the Diseases of the Urethra at Marfeilles, as I now do at Paris, I refus'd to undertake this little Patient, but could not withstand the intreaties of the Mother, who very forcibly represented the Necessity of concealing this Affair. The Singularity of the Case was, I own, a Motive to make me engage in it; but before I began, I thought proper to have the State of the Patient attested by Mr. Joyeuse, who knew neither Mother nor Child. I then put her in a Course of proper Remedies, and made her quite well in three Months and an half.

A Letter of Mr. Boyer, formerly Surgeon-Major of the Horse-Grenadiers of his C. M. to Mr. Montague, Doctor of Physic of the Faculty of Montpelier.

CASE 8.

" LTOwever well known Mr. Daran is at prefent by his extraordinary Cures at Marfeilles, 66 those I have been a Witness to, and my " own in particular, appear fo furprifing to me, " that I cannot forbear any longer giving you a " faithful Account of them. You know, Sir, " what was my Situation before I had heard of this " Surgeon's Talent for the Diseases of the Urethra; " equally oppressed with the thoughts of the ter-" rible Confequences of my Difeafe, and a tho-" rough Perfuafion that it was incurable, I had " frequently been in the utmost Danger, and I ex-" pected Death to be shortly my Portion. "The Art of Physic has certainly very great "Inducements to engage a Man to apply himfelf " to it. Whoever engages in it, with the neces-" fary Talents, and a constant Application, is sure " of enjoying the Satisfaction of relieving the Un-" happy; he has frequent Opportunities of pro-" curing and preferving their Health, which is

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so confidered by all Men as the most precious Gift of Nature. But then how deplorable is his Si-"tuation when he himfelf is attacked with Illness! "Whatever his Knowlege and Experience may be, 66 they ferve but to imbitter his Pains; and the "Knowlege he has of the Bounds of his Art, de-" prives him of the Consolation which keeps up " the Spirits of others to the very last: He is " ingenious in raifing the idea of his Difease, and " in tormenting himself, complaining of the too " flow effect of Medicines, and confidering himfelf " as already lost, even when no Danger is at hand. If the Difease becomes more serious, and Reme-" dies fail to relieve him; if he is threatened to " remain incurable, or if his Complaint be of a of painful nature, how all these Evils are increased " by a Person who is fully acquainted with the " nature of his Situation! You know, Sir, that " this Digreffion is not misplaced here: This is 66 but a flight Sketch of my own Condition, and I " should carry my Reflections much farther, were 1 to call back what has passed in my Mind from " the beginning of my Disease.

"Instructed by your learned Lectures on Ana"tomy and Surgery, which I attended between
twenty and thirty Years ago, in which you had
"the Astrucs for Rivals, and the Ferreins for Pupils,
I had learned that the Bladder was one of the
"most sensible Viscera of the human Body; that
the Urethra, which is but a Continuation of it,
is of a Sense still more exquisite, as this Canal
is very strait, and its nervous Fibres very close
to each other. Practice has since convinced me

of this Truth; but my own Suffering has been to me the strongest of all Lessons.

"It was in the Year 1720. that, engaged in one of those Adventures which the Fire of Youth but too often prompts us to, I had soon reason N 2 " to

to repent of having given a Loofe to those Plea-" fures which feldom mifs of being followed by " pain. It was at first only a common Gonorrhœa, " which I thought myfelf intirely freed of, as it " quite disappeared after a regular Use of the best " approved Medicines. I enjoyed a good State of " Health till 1740. who Would have thought that " fo long a time was not a Proof of an intire Re-" covery? Made wife at my own Expence, I had " nothing to reproach myfelf with from that time, " and flattered myfelf more than ever to enjoy the " Fruits of my Repentance, when I perceived the "Stream of my Water to lessen, and to come away " with Difficulty and Pain. The Fatigue of Riding, "which my Employment of Surgeon-Major of "Grenadiers of his C. M. required of me, greatly " increased my Disorder; and our Departure for " Italy not allowing me time to use such Remedies " as might have relieved me, the Fatigue of the " Campaign, and the Inclemency of the Air on "the Mountains of Savoy, fo far irritated my " Complaint, that the Strangury, which I perceived before my fetting out, became every "Day more cruel. A great Quantity of a tough " Matter, which was almost constantly issuing from " the Urethra, and which I could not expel with-" out the greatest Pain, soon disabled me from " ferving. Last of all, a Suppression, which was " near carrying me off, obliging me to quit the "Service, I thought only of my own Danger, and " the means of avoiding it, if possible. I got my-" felf conveyed, as foon as I could, to Montpelier, " where, through the kind Attendance of Mr. Ba-" rancy, whom I am so much indebted to, I had the " good Fortune to get a little better; my Heat " of Urine diminished, and altho' my Place was " already filled up, finding my Zeal for the King's " Service return with my Strength, I yielded to the 66 Solicit" Solicitations of the Officers of the Regiment of " Horse of Pavia, that was quartered at Aramont, " upon the Rhone, and I went there to perform. "two Operations: Immediately after, the time of " taking the Field being just at hand, I returned " to Montpelier upon some Business. I was no " fooner there than a little Tumor arose in the Pe-" rinæum, occasioned, without doubt, by the Irri-" tation of the Obstacles of the Urethra, from " which all my Complaints proceeded. This Tu-" mor shortly increased, and became as big as my " Fift. I fent for Mr. Serree, a skilful Surgeon of " Montpelier, who opened it : He perceived, that " the Uretbra was perforated, as I had apprehend-" ed, which threatened a Fistula; the more terrible " to me, as I forefaw all the Confequences of it. "The Fear of this approaching Event tormented " me Night and Day, and constantly thinking of " the means of avoiding it, on the 4th Day I de-" fired Mr. Serree, whom I knew to be greatly wanted elfewhere, and from whom I was defirous " of concealing my Defign, left he should try to " diffuade me from it, to spare himself the Trou-" ble of attending fo often. Taking the Advan-" tage of his Absence, I immediately executed " what I had refolved. I paffed a Leaden Probe " thro' the Opening made by the Operation, and " drawing it out by a little Hole which the Matter " had worked itself before I was cut, with a great " deal of Difficulty I made shift to cut through " the fmall intervening Substance, which appeared " to me of a great length, on account of the Pain " which I felt: The Cure of my Fistula shortly " followed, fo that in less than two Months, find-" ing myfelf able to travel, I went to join the Army " in Piedmont. Within a Day's Journey of De-" mont I was obliged to stop, on account of a Sup-" pression which tormented me four Days, and " " which N 3

"which I thought I could not furvive. My Situation was, however, not better for my Recovery;
for my Bladder being full of a flimy Matter, I felt
even more Pain in its coming away, than I
did during the Suppression. I then lost all
Heart, and renouncing again the Care of the
Health of others, I even despaired of ever recovering my own. My only Care was to get myself carried home as soon as possible, where the
strictest Diet, and an Insusion of Mallows, were
the only means I used. You know, Sir, that I
endured there, for six Months, the most cruel
Torments, expecting every Day the fatal Crisis
of them, when I was informed of Mr. Daran's
Arrival at Montpelier.

"Though I had heard much of his Success, my " Confidence was at first very flack: How many or pretended Cures in all kinds of Difeases did I 66 know to have no other Foundation than popu-" lar Fame! Might not I suspect a Curer of Car-" nosities? And I had learnt from you, Sir, that " it was prudent to doubt. Mr. Daran had not yet " the Honour to be known to you, nor to feveral " of your illustrious Brethren. It proved happy " for feveral Patients, and me in particular, that " Mr. Daran was to pass through Toulouse to see " his Family, from which he had been separated " near twenty Years, before he went to the capital "City, the only Theatre worthy of Talents like " his. This obliged him to come to Montpelier, "where you, Sir, and feveral other eminent Phy-" ficians and Surgeons, were not displeased to " judge, by your own Eyes, of a Person whose "Success in the most ungrateful Part of Surgery " made fo much Noise. Whatever Patients of " your City newly arrived from Marfeilles, and " cured under him, might advance in his Favour, " it was highly necessary, that new Cures, effected " before your Eyes, should serve to confirm all the 66 the

" the rest. There were but few Patients who re-" quired Mr. Daran's Affistance, that did not ap-" ply to him immediately upon his first Arrival. "Altho' my Confidence was none of the greatest, "I fuffered, however, too much not to follow " the Example of others. After having carefully " examined us, he undertook to make us well; but " it was upon a Condition I should never have "thought of. He required, that those whose "Cases were the most dangerous, should follow him till they were perfectly well. There was not one " of us whom the Hope of Recovery would not " have carried to the End of the World. " judge, Sir, of my Aftonishment, at seeing Pa-"tients going Post after their Physician; for Mr. " Daran made us keep pace with him. My Suror prize increased still more, when he ordered us to " leave off our Regimen, and drink Wine as we " did when we were in Health. This beginning " appeared to me very fingular, and contrary to "Rules; but as Nature found her Account in it, " not one of us differted, but were very willing to " get a Cure on fuch Terms. I own I did not "know what to make of it; but the Benefit we " found, and which daily increased, easily got the " better of the Reflections which a contrary Prac-"tice, and my deficiency of Knowlege, fuggefted " to me. I was then made fensible, as I had often "been upon other Occasions, how we might alle-" viate the Pains of a Patient, and shorten the dif-" agreeableness of their Situation, by leaving the " common Road, did we but always know that " which we ought to keep. Mr. Daran had too " much Experience and good Sense not to expect " to fee me furprifed. Whenever he has any body " of the Profession amongst the Number of his "Patients, he always attends the more readily to " his Objections, being very fure of justifying his " Answers

" Answers by the good Effects of his Remedies. Iwas to no purpose I objected to him the Sensi " bility of the Uretbra, and neighbouring Parts; the " danger they were in of an Inflammation, if I " should neglect ever so little my usual Regimen; " and the Accidents which might follow, if he con-"tinued his Treatment in such Circumstances. A "Patient loves to believe his Physician, and is always ready to relish his Answers when his Medi-" cines have a good Effect. I approv'd of Mr. " Daran's; for however unfatisfactory they might " have appeared at another time, I then experienced, "that he spoke true. His Answer was, that as he " prescribed no Regimen during the Treatment of a simple Wart, or any Eruption of as little Con-" fequence, it but feldom happened that he was obliged to order his Patients any; which ought " to be a Proof how agreeable, and incapable of "the least Irritation, his Sounds are, notwith-" flanding their Efficacy in destroying all the Dif-" orders of the Urethra. This is a certain Fact, that "I was perfectly well before we had finished our " Journey. I never fuffered fo little as fince I " began with his Remedies, and I have been in the " Enjoyment of perfect Health for better than a " Month. The grateful Sentiments I shall always " entertain of Mr. Daran, are too great, and too " well founded, not to be delighted with making a public Acknowlegement for the Good of " Mankind. But I cannot conclude, Sir, till I " have made you acquainted with fome other Cures " which I was Witness of during our Journey. "I will not speak of Mr. le Ch-, because " Mr. Daran not finding it necessary that he " should follow him, as we did, after the little " Stay he made at Montpelier, thought it sufficient " to leave him feveral of his Sounds, with Dise rections how to use them: By which means you

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" have constantly had it in your Power to see him, and judge yourself of his intire Cure. His Dif-

"temper, however, was no trifling Matter, having

" been afflicted with a virulent Running for eighteen "Years, which greatly incommoded him, and

"which no Remedy had been able to suppress. I

" wish I had it in my Power to shew you the Letter he wrote to Mr. Daran, to let him know

" his Cure. The Public would fee with Pleafure

" the lively Expressions of his Gratitude.

"When we fat out from Montpelier, there were

but five Patients of us; two went no farther than Narbonne, and the other two to Toulouse,

" Mr. Daran being of Opinion they might go on

"by themselves at home by following exactly

"his Directions. I faw Letters of Thanks from them all, in which they fignified their perfect

Recovery. As you are upon the Spot, you may,

" better than I, inform yourself how well grounded

" is their Gratitude: Permit me only to describe

" their Condition.

" M _____, Merchant, had for near twenty

"Years, consequent upon several Gonorrheas, a great Difficulty of making Water, attended with

" much Heat, which no Remedy had ever been

" able to abate.

" M—, another Merchant, had from the fame Cause, for a Number of Years, a purulent

Gleet, and an Obstruction in the Passage, which

" obliged him to introduce a Leaden Probe, with-

out which he was liable to total Suppressions.

"M—, Merchant, had been afflicted for ten Years with a Strangury and a Gleet, which

" no Remedy could suppress.

" M-, Counsellor in the Court of Aids

fuffered on the fame Account a very cruel Difficulty in making Water, attended with frequent

" Sup-

" Suppressions, and threatening the utmost Danger

" from the daily Progress it made.

"At Narbonne a Merchant of that Town fucceeded to the two Patients who returned to
Montpelier, and followed us as far as Toulouse.

He had led for swelve Years the most miserable

"He had led for twelve Years the most miserable Life, having from several Gonorrhœas a conti-

" nual Strangury, and frequent Suppressions. The

" Obstacles in the Uretbra were so great, that " Mr. Broqueneau, an eminent Surgeon of Mont-

" pelier, with all the Skill you know him "Mafter of, had never been able to pass the Ca-

theter.

"During the short Stay we made at Toulouse,

three new Patients joined us. The first was a

"Secretary of one of the Sublegates of the Pro
"vince of Languedoc, afflicted for eleven Years

"past with a Difficulty of making Water, attended

"with smart Pain, and much Heat, with frequent

"Suppressions: He attended us to Bourdeaux.

"The second was a Merchant of Narbonne, who

for six Years had laboured under a considerable

"Running, occasioned by several sungous Ulcers

about the Prostates; he made his Water, besides,

with much Heat. Mr. Daran did not judge

it necessary for him to attend us. The third was

" it necessary for him to attend us. The third was
" a Gentleman of the City of Toulouse, whose
" Case was the most complicated I had yet seen.
" As this last was obliged to come to Paris, I

" will come to the four Patients who increased our "Number at Bourdeaux. The first was the Valet

" de Chambre of M———, Gentleman, troubled for twenty-three Years with a virulent Gleet,

"Strangury, and frequent Suppressions. The se-

cond was M-, Merchant, whose Situation

" for feven Years was much like the last. The

" two others were Officers of Château Trompette:

" One

" One of them had fuffered for thirty-feven Years an " almost constant Strangury, and frequent Suppres-66 fions. The other had, from feveral Gonorrheas, " a Gleet of twenty Years standing, with a great " Difficulty of making Water. Mr. Daran began " with them at their very first Application to him, and attended them during his fhort Stay at "Bourdeaux; and then gave them Directions how " to go on after his Departure; which they fol-" lowed with fo much Success, that they informed " him of their Cure by Letters of Thanks. In a "Word, I have not feen a Patient who has not al-" ready got his Cure, except the Gentleman whom "I have mentioned above. This Gentleman, be-" fides the long Continuance of his Complaint, " which confifted in a most cruel Strangury, had " four Fiftulas, which rendered his Situation very "deplorable. Such a Cure required a long time, and could not be effected but under the constant " Attendance of the Operator: It would, however, " have been completed by this time, if it had not " been for a fad Accident which had like to have " deprived us of Mr. Daran. "Upon our Arrival at Orleans, he unluckily

" got a violent Fall in getting out of his Post-"Chaife, and bruifed his Right Hand in fuch a " manner, that he was rendered incapable of acting " for fome time. Notwithstanding this Accident, " this Patient is now almost cured; he has made "Water for fome Days in a full Stream, and his " Fiftulas are almost closed. This Cure will make " the more Noise in the World, as the Patient has " been vifited by Mr. Pouffe, Father and Son, and " Mr. Boyce, Regent Doctors of the Faculty of " Paris. Mr. Puzos, Surgeon, has likewise feen " him and examined him. To conclude, Mr. " Daran receives no Patient without having a "Physician or Surgeon to attest his Case, that the " People " People of the Profession may judge, themselves,

" of the good effects of his Method.

" Notwithstanding the length of this Letter, I flatter myself, that it will not be displeasing to you,

" as it will ferve, to you, as a confirmation that Sur-

" gery has, at last, made up the deficiency of a Branch it stood in so great need of, and which is

" of fuch great confequence.

"I have the honour to be, with the most profound respect,

" S I R,

" Paris, Nov. 12.

" Your most bumble,

and obedient Servant,

" BOYER."

This Letter contains an exact Relation of my Journey, except one Cure which M. Boyer does not mention, because I had undertaken it before his application to me: It will constitute the 9th Relation; and the following will contain a more particular account of those which M. Boyer does but mention.

CASE 9.

A Gentleman of Avignon apply'd to me, as I pass'd thro' that City, and follow'd me to Montpelier. I had the good fortune, during the short stay I made there, to put him in a condition of completeing his Cure, by the help of some Remedies I left him: It was perfected in seventy-eight Days. This Patient had for three Years a Gonorrhæa, which no Remedy could cure. It is true, he made Water in a full Stream, but the general Ulceration of the excretory Ducts of the Glands of the Urethra, and of the Prostates

Proftates themselves, which I was made sensible of by my Sounds, threaten'd him with very bad Accidents.

CASE 10.

M. Merchant of Montpelier (this is the first M. Boyer mentions), had, in consequence of several Gonorrhoeas, a great difficulty of making Water, attended with much Heat; and no kind of Medicines had ever procur'd him any relief for these complaints: They were owing to two Obstacles in the Urethra. He was oblig'd to follow me as far as Narbonne. He was longer under my care than I expected, by his being seiz'd with an inflammatory Swelling of the Testicles, during the use of my Remedy, which imposthumated, on account of his irregularity, and neglect of a proper Regimen. He was, however, radically cur'd in eighty-eight Days.

CASE II.

The Chevalier of was one of the Patients who consulted me at Montpelier. He had been troubled with a purulent Gleet for ten Years, which the most skilful Practitioners of that City had not been able to suppress: The most remarkable circumstance was, that, tho' his complaint had continu'd so long, the Uretbra was perfectly free; for there were only some Ulcers on the excretory Ducts of Cowper's Glands. I immediately apply'd my Remedies to him, and they were so happy in their Operation, as to permit him to stay at home. I left him what was necessary, with sufficient directions; and sixty-seven Days after he was intirely cur'd.

CASE 12.

M. B..... Merchant of Montpelier, in confequence of feveral Gonorrheas, had, in the Urethra, feveral Obstacles, and a virulent Gleet, which had continu'd five or fix Years without his having receiv'd the least assistance from an infinity of Remedies, which had been administred by the best Practitioners. He found no help against total Suppressions, with which he had been several times afflicted, but in leaden Probes. I began his Cure at Montpelier, and he follow'd me as far as Toulouse, his Cure not being sufficiently advanced at Narbonne for me to think him in a condition to complete it himself with the Remedies and Instructions I should give him. He return'd home when I lest Toulouse, and was perfectly cur'd in the September following.

CASE 13.

I began, likewise, at Montpelier, the Cure of M. B..... Merchant of the fame City, nearly of the fame Age with the preceding; viz. between Thirtyfive and Thirty-fix. He had labour'd, for ten Years, under a cruel Strangury, and obstinate Gleet, and difcharg'd his Water only drop by drop, and not without wringing and preffing the Penis, to get it out: These Complaints, the effect of several Gonorrhoeas, which had caus'd many Suppressions, without his ever having been able to get the Cause remov'd, oblig'd him to put himfelf under my care. He had feveral Obstructions, which almost clos'd up the Urethra. This Patient, as well as the preceding, was oblig'd to attend me as far as Toulouse: I then put him in a condition to treat himself. The care he took to obferve my directions, was rewarded by a quick and perfect Cure.

CASE

CASE 14.

M..... Counsellor of the Court of Aids, put himself under my care, by the advice of M. Haguenot, a samous Professor of Physic at Montpelier. Different Gonorrhoeas, which had left a small Gleet, caus'd him a difficulty of making Water, which frequently degenerated into a total Suppression: The Complaint was produced by two Obstacles in the Urethra. I propos'd to him, as to the preceding Patient, to follow me as far as Narbonne, not thinking his Cure sufficiently advanced to trust him to himself; and M. Haguenot gave him the same Advice: Shortly after his return to Montpelier, he was taken ill of a Fever, which, I heard, was malignant: This prolong'd the Cure: However, it was perfected some time after.

CASE 15.

Repeated Gonorrhæas had left M. J..... Secretary of one of the Sublegates of the Province of Languedoc, a difficulty of making Water, attended with smarting Pain, and much Heat; and he had been attack'd with several total Suppressions: He was reduced to so terrible a situation, as not to be able to live as other men, on account of the Complaints which several Obstacles, that contracted the Uretbra, had occasion'd, particularly for the last seven or eight Years. He was oblig'd to follow me as far as Bourdeaux; and was cur'd, as the preceding Patients, by my Remedies, and the Directions I gave him.

CASE 16.

One C..... aged forty-five Years, Valet de Chambre to M. T..... a Gentleman at Bourdeaux, had a venereal Gleet, of twenty-three Years continuance,

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ance, and feveral Obstructions in the Passage, which had occasion'd, for the last twelve Years, a constant Strangury, and frequent Suppressions. I apply'd my Remedies to him, immediately after I had search'd him, and lest him all that was necessary to complete his Cure; which was completed in four Months. He would certainly have been well sooner, as likewise the three following, if I had had the management of the Remedies myself.

CASE 17.

M. L.... Merchant, of the same City, aged about twenty-three Years, on account of several Disorders of the *Urethra* occasion'd by Gonorrhæas, had a virulent Running, and such a Contraction of the Passage, that his Water came out like a Thread, or drop by drop, with Straining and Heat: He had likewise had several Suppressions. He was cur'd in much about the same time as the foregoing Patient, by the Remedies I left him; as I departed shortly after I had begun his Cure.

CASE 18.

M. L.... an Officer of Château-Trompette, who was near fifty Years of Age, had, in the Canal, different Obstructions, proceeding from several former Gonorrhœas: These had occasion'd, for twenty-seven Years, a continual Strangury, which had often degenerated into a Suppression. I likewise began the treatment of this Patient at Bourdeaux, and left him to complete it. He recover'd his Health in something better than three Months.

CASE 19.

Another Officer, thirty-eight Years old, who ferv'd in the Regiment of P..... and whom I also

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also met with at Château-Trompette, had a virulent Gleet for ten or twelve Years, and a great difficulty of making Water, which several Salivations had not reliev'd. He was cur'd, by the Remedies I left him,

in much the fame time as his friend.

M. Boyer fays, by mistake, that this last was an Officer of Château Trompette: There are, likewise, in the Dates of the Diseases, some errors, not essential to the truth, but which I thought requisite to correct in my relations; that I might have nothing to reproach myself with.

CASE 20.

M. D..... a Merchant of Narbonne, aged about Fifty, had, for about fourteen or fifteen Years, a Difficulty of making Water, in consequence of se-When I pass'd thro' that City, veral Gonorrhœas. it was very fevere, particularly for the last twelve Years; and he had been feiz'd with feveral Suppressions, that lasted from forty to fixty Hours. In one of them he fent to M. Broqueneau, a skilful Surgeon of Montpelier, who had not been able to introduce the Catheter. His Complaints were owing to feveral Obstructions in the Urethra. He was oblig'd to follow me as far as Toulouse, where, finding him in a condition to take care of himself, I sent him back to his own country. He got well in much about the fame time as the foregoing Patients. This Perfon is the same who, by a mistake in M. Boyer's Letter, appears to be a fecond Patient who follow'd me from Toulouse to Bourdeaux: I add this, that I may not incur the imputation of falshood; tho' I am perfuaded it would never be discover'd.

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Disorders of the LIRETHRA.

M. D.S. ... a Merchant of Mayons, aged about CHIP, BOX, for about louding or fired Train, Difficulty of making Water, in confequence of feveril Concert que. A restre peté dentra dan City, it was very tolone policies sely for the last twelve l'entre se red to had been been policies and with free at Superiore series and the selection of the selecti at a day of the their trees were bed to be on a military geom of Admispeter, who had not been able to introhice the Carletter. . His Complaints were preint to to follow one as far as Ventage, where fortist him in again lines remains care of citizate inche of Franguage. co. he ovaged on thy toy of control of the or the onerings Haffield in anning the cloud we had again and a win bis Manufacture of the state of the treament, of in Syanity nemarifed innonche oursecond staffing ace what the Running beat of no contidescribed the trace a days after act, avery it, that the many Obstructions in the Canal of the Unesbring The Discharge of his Water grew, infenfibly, pain ful and here, and he had, benders an ephemeral Fe

Chirurgical Observations

ONTHE

Disorders of the URETHRA.

PART III.

Containing the chief Cures which I perform'd at Paris.

CASE T.

GENTLEMAN, of the Province of Languedoc, aged Fifty-five, contracted a Gonorrhæa in 1730. for which he committed himself to the care of a Surgeon who had cur'd him of two former ones. After an unsuccessful treatment, of six Weeks, he marry'd, upon the Surgeon's assurance that the Running was of no consequence; but, three Years after, he perceiv'd, that the Stream of his Water lessen'd, and that there were many Obstructions in the Canal of the Urethra: The Discharge of his Water grew, insensibly, painful and hot; and he had, besides, an ephemeral Fe-

ver, once every Month. Two Years afterwards, the Strangury grew much worse, and the Fever return'd every Fortnight, and the Running stopp'd of itself. In 1740. the Scrotum swell'd, impostumated, and there remain'd a Fistula: The Patient was then falivated, but, instead of receiving any benefit from it, a new Swelling arose, soon after, near the Anus; it impostumated, like the former, and produced a new The Patient was, at that time, at Bareges; but the feafon not permitting him to ftay there long, he attributed to that the little good the Waters had done him: Upon his return, he us'd feveral Remedies, with no better success; at last, he desisted from everything, by the advice of the Profession, being told that his Complaint would admit of no radical Cure. The Fever becoming more frequent in 1742. he us'd the Powder of M. Ailband, Physician of Aix, which did him confiderable fervice; but fome medicated Candles, which he us'd by a Surgeon's direction, had not the same effect; for they increas'd the Disorder, instead of lessening it: Upon this, he had again recourse to Patience; but the Disease made fuch a rapid progress, that, when I saw him, in my way to Toulouse, in September 1745. he had five different Fistulas in the Scrotum and Perinceum, and the Uretbra was full of ulcerated callous Excrescences, which supply'd a purulent Running, and caus'd a difficulty of making Water; frequent feverish attacks, which became every day more and more obstinate, were an addition to his Complaints, and contributed not a little to render his fituation more unhappy. As it was impossible for me to get this Patient well enough, in a short time, to be left to himfelf, I promis'd him an absolute Cure, if he would follow me; he confented to it, feeing the great progress several Patients had made who travell'd with me. I apply'd then my Remedies, and, upon my arrival at Paris, I desir'd Messieurs Pousse, Father and Son, M.

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M. Boyer, and M. Puzos, to visit him: If they saw with compassion the deplorable condition of the Patient, it was with admiration they saw, in about two Months and an half afterwards, his six Fistulas intirely cicatriz'd, and the Urethra so perfectly cleans'd and free, that he made Water in as full a Stream as before the beginning of his Complaint; the periodical Fever had ceas'd; in a word, from that time the Patient enjoys a perfect state of Health.

Certificate of M. Pousse the Father.

"I, Doctor of Physic, certify, That I was call'd to examine, at M. Daran's, Surgeon, in October 1745. a Gentleman of the Province of Languedoc, aged about Fifty, in whose Urethra I obferv'd five Fistulas, all attended with Callosities,
and considerable Hardness, thro' which the Urine
drain'd itself; and that about two Months and an
half afterwards all these Callosities and Fistulas
were perfectly cur'd, the Penis having recover'd
its natural state and suppleness, and the Patient
making Water in a full Stream.

" Paris, Jan. 26.

" Sign'd,

" Pousse the Father."

Certificate of M. Boyer.

Doctor Regent, of the Faculty of Physic of Paris, and Physician in Ordinary to the King, certify, That, at the end of the Year 1745. I visited, by the desire of M. Daran, Surgeon in Ordinary to the King, M. De L..... a Gentleman of Languedoc, of whom mention is made in O 3

" Case 1. who had in the Perinaum and Scrotum " five Fistulas, thro' which all his Urine drain'd it-" felf; that the edges of these Fistulas were callous, " and inverted; that the Canal of the Urethra was " fo clos'd up, that we could hardly get the Probe " an Inch up, which Obstruction reach'd almost to "the Root of the Glans. I will ingenuously con-" fess, that however well attested are the Cures " which M. Daran did at Marseilles, and particu-" larly those of the Hatter and Persumer of Avig-" non; I could not perfuade myfelf that this Gen-"tleman would have the fame fate: How great was " my Aftonishment, then, when, after two Months " and an half, I vifited him a fecond time, and found " him as perfectly well as tho' he had never had any " Complaint! After so surprising a Cure, I dare of promife, there is no Disease of the Urethra which M. Deran cannot cure by his new Method; and that his Discovery is one of the most important " that can ever embellish Surgery.

" Paris, June 24. " Sign'd, 66 1747.

" BOYER."

CASE

The Chevalier Captain, aged forty-five Years, contracted in 1736. a Gonorrhœa, which discharg'd very plentifully, and was attended with very fevere Pains in making Water, which increas'd, notwithstanding a treatment of three Months, so as to become continual, and the Stream of his Urine fenfibly diminish'd. He was then advis'd to drink the Waters of St. Pierre: He drank them for nine Days, and they were fo far serviceable to him, as to enable him to get to Paris in quest of affistance. A Surgeon, in three Months time, went no farther than preffing C 34 34

pressing down the first Obstructions he met with in the Urethra; but he never got over another which hinder'd him from getting to the Bladder, near which it was fituated: The Running, in the mean time, continu'd, as before, which engag'd the Patient to try other Remedies, which only created him fresh uneafiness, for ten Months. He apply'd to me January 11. 1746. I fearch'd him, in the presence of young M. Pouffe, who felt the first Obstruction, which was three Fingers breadth from the Orifice of the Urethra: Having destroy'd it with my Sounds, I found another near it, whence iffu'd a virulent Matte, which yielded the obstinate Running: I destrey'd it, also, with my Sounds, and the internal Remedies which I make use of in these Cases: I clear'd away a third Rub, and the Patient was perfectly well in less than three Months. M. Pousse has vifited him fince his Cure. The three Obstructions were, Excrescences of fungous Flesh.

Certificate of M. Pousse Jun.

I Doctor Regent of the Faculty of Physic of Paris, Senior Professor of Surgery, and Cenfor Royal, certify, That the Chevalier De.....
had several Obstructions in the Urethra, and a virulent Running, which, he said, was of ten Years
continuance, in consequence of several Gonorrheas; that I visited him twice in a Retention of
Urine, attended with very bad Symptoms, for
which I directed Bleeding, Half-baths, and other
proper Remedies; but this not being able to procure him any relief, unless the Cause was remov'd,
he put himself, by my advice, January 11. 1746.
under M. Daran's care, to be treated according
to his new Method, of which I had already seen
very good effects: Lastly, That I found him
output

cur'd, as the Chevalier aforefaid himself

" told me; having vifited him fince in another Ill-" ness, that had no relation with the former, and in

" which, however, it might have broke out afresh,

" if it had not been perfectly carry'd off.

" Paris, Apr. 17. "Sign'd, 1747. Sel selected de Apolo Bajdor lesis

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Pousse Jun." Semigraph of willies was true with his this will

CASE 3.

The M... of P..... aged Forty-eight, just after being cur'd of a Gonorrhæa he had contracted at Paris in 1724. got a fecond, which he could never intirely get rid of: He perceiv'd, likewise, some time after, that the Stream of his Urine lessen'd, and that he could not make the last Drops without straining: the difficulty increas'd fo much, in time, that he was attack'd with a total Suppression, which gave way, at last, to repeated Bleedings, Bathing, Clysters, and other foftening Remedies. He was then directed to the use of the leaden Probe, from which he receiv'd fo little advantage, that, in February 1742. he was like to die of a total Suppression, which had been preceded by feveral others. In this condition M. De la Peyronie, whom he consulted, advis'd him to put himself under my care. I search'd him, and found in the Urethra three callous Excrescences, two of which were round, and one long and flat, on this fide the Verumontanum: In about two Months time I diffolv'd away these three Callosities with my Sounds and Internals, and the Patient, at the end of that time, inform'd M. De la Peyronie of his perfect Cure. A Total Control of the Control constitution of the war of manufaction of the

Para ser bains se or eres constant prome?

Certificate of M. De la Peyronie.

I, First Surgeon and Physician to the King in Consultation, certify, That I saw, and put under the care of M. Daran, the Patient who is the Subject of the foregoing Relation, afflicted with Carnosities in the Urethra, and a virulent Gleet; of which he was perfectly cur'd, by the use of his Remedies.

" Verfailles, Apr. 4.

SECULT

" Sign'd,

" LA PEYRONIE."

CASE 4.

The B. of aged Fifty-fix, contracted in 1730. in a Town in the North, a Gonorrhœa, which was perfectly cur'd in three Months; but he was not fo happy in 1733. a treatment of feven Months did not ftop a fecond, which was attended with the feverest Symptoms: He perceiv'd, foon after, that the Stream of his Water lessen'd, and that he could not make it without straining: Two Years being elaps'd, and the Symptoms increasing, he came to Paris, to get cur'd: Several eminent Persons were consulted, and the Remedies they made use of, one, among the rest, for a Year, were attended with so little fuccefs, notwithstanding the hopes they gave him, that in 1743. he had feveral Suppressions, which continu'd for forty Hours with inexpreffible torture. He then had recourse to a Person of the first Reputation, who, indeed, promis'd nothing; and, accordingly, procur'd him no Relief: He was two Years under his care. From hence he look'd upon his Illness as incurable, having kept growing worle worse for ten Years, in spite of all he had done. When he heard of me, he engag'd M. Genin, Physician in Ordinary to the Duke of Orleans, to introduce him to me: It was the 6th of December 1745. I search'd him, and found an Excrescence of sungous Flesh towards the middle of the Urethra, and the Verumontanum ulcerated and callous: I treated him according to my Method; but the too long use of Remedies contrary to his complaint made mine much longer necessary; so that he was not cur'd till towards June following.

Certificate of M. Sarrau.

I, Sworn Surgeon of St. Come, certify, That the B. of had a Retention of Urine, caus'd by Carnolities in the Uretbra, which he had been afflicted with for a long time, notwithstanding the attempts of the most skilful Persons of the Profession, who did him no other Benefit than procuring him a small Relief, at times; which determin'd him to put himself under the care of M. Daran, Surgeon in Ordinary to the King: Who intirely cur'd him, by his Method.

" Paris, Oct. 29.

" Sign'd,

" SARRAU."

CASE 5.

The C. of an English Officer, forty Years old, contracted in 1714. a Gonorrhoea, which a treatment of fix Months did not cure: It yielded, at last, to a Powder he took inwardly, together with Injections. In 1720. he had a Suppression, for which his Surgeons were oblig'd to pass the Catheter; from

from that time he was, every now-and-then, expos'd to the same accident, with Pains not to be express'd: He found no resource against Relapses, but in leaden Probes, which a famous Surgeon gave him; but he had not been able to use this Remedy for a Year; for he could no longer pass them in, without tearing the Obstructions; and Blood follow'd, instead of Urine. This determin'd him to put himfelf under my care, February the 12th, 1746. by the advice of M. De la Peyronie. This Gentleman was, besides, recommended to me by a Person of the first Rank, who was then under my care for a Disease of the Urethra. I search'd him, and found, towards the middle of the Passage, an Ulcer, with very callous edges, from whence isfu'd a purulent Matter. I treated him after my usual Method, and he was cur'd in less than two Months: However, he was greatly alarm'd, a Month after his Cure; a thick Matter, that came from his Bladder, being stopp'd in the Passage, intercepted the Urine, and made him believe, that he had miss'd his Cure. But, having prob'd him, and clear'd away the Obstruction, his fears were immediately quieted; and the advice I gave him, to hinder fuch another accident, has intirely prevented a return of it.

Certificate of M. De la Peyronie.

I, First Surgeon and Physician to the King in Consultation, certify, That I saw, and committed to the care of M. Daran, the Person mention'd in Case the 5th, who had Carnosities in the

"Uretbra, and a virulent Running; which he was

" perfectly cur'd of, by the use of his Remedies.

" Verfailles, Apr. 4.

" Sign'd,

" LA PEYRONIE."

CASE 6.

M. Le M.... aged Fifty, having contracted a Gonorrhœa about ten or twelve Years ago, put himfelf under the care of a Physician: After fix or seven Months treatment, he came off with a fmall Gleet. Some time after, he was attack'd with the Strangury, which, he was told, proceeded from a Carnofity that was then growing up. He put himself under the care of a famous Surgeon at Lyons, who, after Bleeding and Bathing, introduced into the Urethra a Catheter, of a conical shape, which occasion'd an effufion of blood; then leaden Probes, gradually increas'd in fize; and, at the fame time, attack'd the Running with internal Medicines, and even with mercurial Frictions. He perfuaded the Patient to use, every now-and-then, leaden Probes, which he neglected to do, making Water now with eafe: But his negligence having given rife to a return of his Illness, and not being able to introduce his Probes, he was oblig'd to have recourse to another Surgeon; who, after the use of Baths, introduced medicated Candles into the Urethra, which hurt him greatly: An Abscess was form'd in the Penis, and the Scrotum inflam'd, which oblig'd him to bleed him fix times. Upon his recovery, he made his Water pretty eafily for three or four Years, contenting himfelf with takeing Water of White Nettles and Linfeed, Bleeding, and Clysters, when his Water came away with difficulty; which quieted the Symptoms for three or four Months: But, tir'd of a Cure intirely palliative, and feeing the Stream of his Water leffen'd to the bignefs of a Thread, he put himself under my care, February 16. 1746. I fearch'd him, in the presence of M. Morand, and found, towards the middle of the Yard, an Obstruction, which I made that eminent Surgeon fensible of: It yielded, in ten Days, to my Sounds.

THE POST RIPE

I found a fecond, a Finger's breadth from the former; then a third, near the Verumontanum: In twenty-nine Days I destroy'd them all, and the Patient made his Water in a full Stream. He continu'd fixty-eight Days in the use of my internal Remedies and Sounds, and I then got M. Morand to attest his Case; but as the Patient was oblig'd to quit Paris, I made him take fome of my Sounds with him, which I advis'd him to use for some time; which I always do, when the Obstructions are near the Verumontanum, because of the tendency those Parts have to contract.

Certificate of M. Morand.

Mafter in Surgery at Paris, of the Royal Academy of Sciences, and of that of Surgery,

" certify, That I was Witness of the good success of M. Daran's Method in the treatment of what is

" commonly call'd a Carnofity in the Urethra, in

" feven Perfons labouring under this Difeafe.

ent (vane), ut blend hinthis times,

" Paris, Apr. 1. " Sign'd, 1747: And and we a

MORAND.

CASE 7.

M. aged Forty, had had feveral Gonorrhoeas: In the Cure of the last he suffer'd a total Suppression of Urine, which was taken off by an emollient Cataplasm under the Scrotum. It is to this Gonorrhœa he attributes a Carnofity at the end of the Glans, which intercepted the Passage of the Water. Seeing, then, that the diminution of the Stream of it foretold more serious consequences, he put himself under my care, February 16. 1746. I fearch'd him, in the presence of M. Morand: At

the entrance of that part of the Urethra which pierces the Glans, a callous Excrescence was so intimately mix'd with the natural Flesh, that it was impossible to distinguish one from the other. I destroy'd it with my Candles, without any loss of the sound Flesh; and, this Obstacle clear'd away, I found another towards the middle of the Passage: It took me up near twenty-nine Days to clear the Passage. On the 30th the Patient made Water in a full Stream. He was perfectly cur'd in fixty-two; and M. Morand, whom I desir'd to be present at the Dressing, saw, that the Candle pass'd without Opposition; and learn'd, from the Patient himself, his perfect Cure.

The Certificate of this Case is compris'd in the

preceding.

CASE 8.

M. P.... aged Twenty-eight, contracted in 1739. a Gonorrhœa, which, notwithstanding the Remedies that were us'd, kept running for two Years: Three Years after, he had a fecond, which was never cur'd, and which occasion'd in the Uretbra Obstructions, which having gradually diminish'd the Stream of the Urine, at last caus'd a total Suppression This accident continu'd three whole Days, of it. and brought the Patient to Death's door; he was in this condition the 12th of February 1746. when he put himself under my care, by the advice of M. Vernage. The Obstacles in the Urethra were not what gave him the greatest Pain; he had been oblig'd to fend for a Surgeon, to pass the Catheter, which had torn, with great violence, the first Obstacle, and yet prov'd quite ineffectual: For, notwithftanding all his efforts, he had not been able to get over a fecond. But tho' no Urine iffu'd out, there pour'd down, in the room of it, a great quantity of Blood, and the Passage was fill'd with Clods. The length

length of time requifite to clear it from them, oblig'd me to get the Patient convey'd to my House. I affiduously labour'd for fix Hours, and then had the fatisfaction of procuring an iffue to the Water: All my friends blam'd me for concerning myfelf with a Patient confider'd as irrecoverable, as it was venturing my character, particularly in the beginning of an Establishment: But that shall never restrain me, as long as I shall have the least hope of doing good: I know the value of Mens Lives too well, to put my private interest in the Balance with them. So long a Retention having caus'd a Reflux of the Urine into the Blood, it is not to be wonder'd at, that this Patient had a violent Fever, with a Delirium. M. Vernage attended him, with his usual Prudence; and in ten Days he was out of danger: I then began with my treatment. The first Obstacle yielded in twelve Days; but the laceration, or false Passage, the Catheter had made near the fecond, render'd it fo obstinate, that I could not get the better of it in less. than three Months: I had, at length, the fatisfaction of making the Patient quite well.

Certificate of M. Vernage.

I Doctor Regent of the Faculty of Physic of Paris, certify, That I was desir'd, with M. Daran, Surgeon in Ordinary to the King, in February 1746. to go to M. Sarrau's, Merchant, to visit a young Man about twenty-eight Years old, a Native of St. Domingo, who had a Suppression of Urine of three Days continuance, occasion'd by Carnosities in the Urethra from one or more Gonorrhœas, for which the most proper Remedies had been already us'd: A false Passage had also been made with the Catheter the Surgeon had attempted to introduce, which had occasion'd so great

" great an Hemorrhage, that he was near losing his "Life by it. Mr. Daran, having employ'd his

"Remedies, recovered him from this miserable " State; and I have fince feen him intirely well of

" all his Complaints, out of the Hands of the

" aforesaid Surgeon: In proof whereof I have

" figned the present Certificate.

" Signed,

Cernage.

Chang has and Certificate of Mr. Sarrau.

"I, Sworn Surgeon of St. Come, certify, That Mr. P-, Merchant of the American

"Islands, was taken with a total Suppression of

" Urine in February 1746. caused at first by Caron nosities, consequent upon Gonorrhœas.

" Symptoms running very high, a Refolution was

taken to pass the Catheter, to empty the Bladder,

" and relieve the Patient. The Success did not " answer the Expectation; his Fever increased, a

" Delirium came on, and a great Quantity of

" Blood was discharged by the Urethra. The Pa-" tient was in this dangerous Situation when Mr.

" Daran was fent for. The better to affift the Pa-

"tient, who lived at a great Distance from him,

" he had him convey'd to his own House. By

" his great Care he procured a Discharge to the

Water; all the Symptoms ceas'd; and after-

" wards, by the Use of his Method, the Patient

returned home perfectly cured.

29. Signed, SARRAU.

" Paris, October 29. · 1747.

CASE 9.

Mr. de M-, Captain in the Regiment of , aged Thirty, had fix Gonorrhœas from 1726. to 1743. The first, tho' attended with a Bubo and Chancre, was well cured; the fecond, which was less dangerous, had the same Issue, and fo had the third; but the fourth was of fo bad a Nature, that a very long Treatment did not hinder a small Gleet from remaining. The Patient, defirous of being made well, fell into the Hands of a Person who used Astringents with so little Management, that a confiderable Inflammation was brought upon the Abdomen, with the Iliac Passion, which almost cost the Patient his Life. The fifth Gonorrhæa was pretty well cured, but the Gleet still increafed: It became much more confiderable after the fixth, which was attended, befides, with very bad Symptoms, viz. an Inflammation of the Scrotum, and a Tumor in the Perinaum, which opened of itself at Plombiers, where he had been advised to drink the Waters: He then perceived, that his Urine came thro' the Opening; as it was too fmall, it was thought proper to dilate it; and a Fistula refulted from it, with very confiderable Hardness, which occasioned fresh Accidents, as a Suppression of Urine, and an Inflammation of the Abdomen. I fearched the Patient, who was come from Strafbourg to put himself under my Care, in the Presence of Mr. Pousse junior; and found, before I came to the Fistula, which was a little on this Side the Verumontanum, three different Obstructions: I likewise perceived, that there was a constant Running of virulent Matter from the Urethra. I applied my Remedies, and in nine Weeks he returned home perfectly cured.

Certificate of Mr. Pousse junior.

Paris, May 4.

Signed,

" Pousse junior."

CASE 10.

M---- C---, aged Twenty-eight, came exprefly from Touloufe to put himself under my Care. He had had four Gonorrhoeas, the first of which did not appear of thirteen Days; and, after eight Months Treatment, he had still a small Gleet left behind. A fecond, that was fix Months in being cured, remedied this Inconvenience. The third was more fevere than the other two. The Patient took Medicines, without Success, for a whole Year, and perceived likewise a Diminution of the Stream of his Urine. Notwithstanding his Condition, he did not defift from the Pleasures of Love; but he paid dear for them; for in the very Action a Veffel broke, which occasioned a Discharge of about two Pounds of Blood from the Urethra. The Hemorrhage

thage was floot at last by the internal Use of Spirit of Vitriol in Purslane Water. Shortly after, the left Tefficle fwelled, and the Tumor was diffolved by the Application of the Emplastr. Vigon. Quadruplicato Mercurio; but the Running, and Difficulty of making Water, still continued, till Mercurial Frictions were administred, which made him difcharge his Urine with Eafe. Unhappily this Calm was not of a long Continuance; a fourth Gonorrhæa rendered his Situation worse than ever it had been; for, notwithstanding the Administration of an Infinity of Remedies, the Running, and Difficulty of making Water, remained, and the Tefticles fwelled every now-and-then. He had in January 1746. feveral fmart Attacks of Ischury, which left a frequent Inclination of making Water. He used likewife medicated Candles, which did him more Harm than Good. He had his Testicles swelled, and an Hardness in each of them, when he put himself under my Care March 13. 1746. I searched him the 14th in Presence of Mr. Genin, and found, in the Middle of the Paffage, a little Ulcer which Supplied a virulent Matter, and behind which was a callous Excrescence, so hard, that I was near forty Days in melting it down: When it was destroy'd, the Patient made Water in a full Stream; and, after a Treatment of thirty-five Days, I got Mr. Boyer, Physician in ordinary to the King, to attest his perfect Cure, Mr. Genin being absent when the Patient fet out for his own Country.

Certificate of Mr. Boyer.

Physician in ordinary to the King, certify,
That in about two Months Mr. Daran cured
of an Heat of Urine, Strangury, and Stillicidium
Urine, the Effect of several Carnosities in the
Urethra, which had obliged him to come from the

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" Extremity of Languedoc to this Surgeon, Mr. " C-, the Subject of Case the 10th.

" Paris, July 4. Signed, " 1747.

BOYER."

to sometime of the state of the CASE II.

first daw and examinate Mr. which there die

noned by feveral locations and the dealine Mr. P-, fixty Years old, had in the Year 1700. a Gonorrhœa, which he thought well cured; but in the Year 1708. he felt some Heat, which kept increasing; and at the same time the Stream of his Urine fenfibly leffened. He was fearched by a Surgeon, who found in the Passage a Carnosity; and he thought, that he had got rid of it, having continued for fix Months to make Water without any Difficulty; but before the Year was out, the Stream was not half its usual Bigness. In 1729. he had the first Suppression; it lasted five or fix Hours, and gave Way upon once bathing. Some time after he observed in his Urine some whitish Filaments. From this time to 1741. he had feveral total Suppressions. In that Year he observed, that the Canal was much contracted, and that the Quantity of Filaments increased. In 1745. he perceived a considerable Discharge of purulent, clear, whitish Matter. In February 1746. he had a total Suppression, which was followed by three others; each of them lasted five or six Hours, and he actually had a Suppression when I was defired to fee him, which I did in Presence of Mr. Castaignet. his Surgeon, who had used the common emollient Medicines to no Purpose. I found in the Passage feveral fungous Excrescences, which did not hinder me from procuring a Discharge to the Urine in a few Minutes. The next Day I began to treat him after

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after my Method; and in three Months he was perfectly cured.

Certificate of Mr. Castaignet.

I, Master Surgeon of Paris, certify, That I faw and examined Mr. P——, before he of put himself under Mr. Daran's Care, who treated " him for a Difficulty of making Water, occa-" fioned by feveral Obstacles in the Passage from " whence the Urine issued in a Stream not exceed-"ing the Bigness of a Thread, and for being as " liable to total Suppressions: He had one so vio-" lent when Mr. Daran first faw him in my Pre-" fence, that his Life was in great Danger. Mr. "Daran relieved him in a few Minutes. He " had, besides, a Running of purulent Matter. " I faw him two Months after, making Water in " a full Stream, and without Pain; and he was " perfectly cured of all his Complaints: In Proof " whereof I have given this present Certificate. " to be made use of as Occasion shall require.

e de man de Signed, le had fe-

** Paris, Nov. 27. CASTAIGNET.

per a verili en en en en en en el la large en en parvicat. bed of days CASE 12.

time after cher noncerved in this Lime tome what it

March the 25th, 1746. Mr. de Lapeyronie sent me M-- de L--, an Officer in the King's Body Guards, aged thirty-five; who honeftly confessed to me, that he had fewer Claps than he deferved, having only had three, the first of which was the most obstinate, and lasted him eighteen Months; the fecond two; and the third two and an half. Altho' he had reason to believe himself perfectly cured,

the Stream of his Urine lessened in such a manner. that he had a Suppression, for which he was obliged to have the Catheter passed up, which the Obstacles of the Urethra made very difficult and painful. From that time his Urine came out like a small Thread, and often Drop by Drop. I fearched him, and found an ulcerated callous Excrescence near the excretory Ducts of Cowper's Glands. A few Days after, I discovered a second, at a very small Distance from the first. I treated him after my Method; an abundant Suppuration lasted near two Months. He was perfectly cured at the end of fourscore Days, and went to certify his Cure to the Gentleman who fent him to me.

Certificate of M. de Lapeyronie.

"I, First Surgeon and Physician to the King in Consultation do certify, That I saw, and put " under the Care of Mr. Daran, the Person who . " is mentioned in the 12th Case, labouring under " Carnofities in the Uretbra, and a virulent Gleet, " which he was perfectly cured of by the Use of 66 his Remedies.

H TO DA VIOLENCE OF THE " Signed, " Signed,

" Verfailles, " April 4. 1747. LAPEYRONIE." ALC A S A S A S

THE SHOW AND CASE 13.

I am going to relate the History of a Person who had laboured for feveral Years under a Difficulty of making Water, and Suppressions, which had reduced him to a very melancholy Condition.

M-, aged Sixty-two, contracted a Gonorrhoea, which was treated with the ufual Remedies.

It feemed to yield to them; however, he perceived that his Water did not come out with the fame eafe, and the Stream of it diminished daily; and at the end of feven or eight Months he could not make Water without Pain, and feeling a Smarting and Heat in the Urethra. He then applied to a Surgeon, who had a Name for these Disorders; the Patient used all the Remedies that were directed him; but they did not remove the Pain or Smarting. Seeing their Inefficacy, he left them off, and trusted his Complaint to Nature; but he received no more Benefit from it; for, five or fix Months after his leaving off all Medicines, he was taken with a total Suppression, which lasted him between five and fix Hours. Baths and other relaxing Means were made use of, which relieved him; but the Running became more plentiful afterwards. He used Ptisans, and other Drinks which were ordered him. All these Remedies did not secure him from a fecond Suppression, which was more terrible than the first; and he was obliged to bleed, to use Baths, and a variety of other Remedies. The Suppression went off; but the Smarting of Water still continued . very obstinate. He was defirous of trying once more to prevent a Return of these frightful Suppressions, and to take off this Disficulty of making Water, which tormented him fo cruelly: For this Purpose he applied to another Surgeon, under whose Care he continued five or fix Months, and used every Remedy that was directed him. He continued all this time without any bad Accident, and fuffered even less; and he began to flatter himself that his Misfortunes were now at an end, when he was feized with fo confiderable a Retenfion for ten or twelve Hours, that he could only make Water Drop by Drop, with great Straining. He was obliged again to have recourse to Bleeding, Baths, and other relaxing Methods, which fomewhat abated the

the Disorder; however, he was some Days in a very painful State: His Pains diminished by degrees, and he found himself in the same Condition as before he had taken his Remedies, that is to fay, making Water with Smarting and Pain, which increased upon the least Excess, and rendered his Life very difagreeable to himfelf, being deprived of the Company of his Friends. He remained in this Situation a Year. The Running was now ftopt, and he would have been content to remain in this Condition, melancholy as it was; but his Difeafe had made too great a Progress; he was again seized with a total Suppression, which yielded, however, to foftening Remedies, and the Running appeared again. He had then no other Resource but a strict Regimen: He left off Wine, which he did with much regret; but his Difease was come to fuch a height, as to oblige him to use no other Drink but Ptisan. He was forced to take a Journey. The Fatigue made him worfe. He confulted, in the different Places he went thro', the Gentlemen of the Profession; and, finding them all ordering the same Remedies, he used none at all: It would have been to no Purpose to try them over again, as they had all hitherto failed; he was determined to do nothing, when he heard, that I was at Paris, where I treated this Disease after a new Method; and he was perfuaded to put himself under my Care, by feveral Persons whom I had cured of the same Disorder, and who inspired him with a proper Confidence in my Remedy. What determined him still more, was a total Suppression in February 1746. He fent for me first to let out the Water; and then, examining well the Urethra, I perceived feveral fungous Excrescences, which intercepted the Water, and which immediately yielded to my Sounds; that is to fay, their Swelling ceafed, and gave the Water a free Passage; but this Relief had been but small, 11

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if I had not attacked the Cause of the Complaint. I then brought these Excrescences to Suppuration, by the means of my Sounds, which were fo happy in their Operation, that in a few Days the Urine came away freely, all the Symptoms were gone in three Months, and the Patient able to drink Wine without any Inconvenience. He has been perfectly well these two Years, as the following Certificate will shew.

Certificate of Mr. Bagieu.

" T Surgeon-Major of the Gens d' Armes of the " I, King's Guard, certify, That I faw and que-"ftion'd M-, mentioned in Case the 13th, " who told me, that he had had feveral total Sup-66 preffions of Urine, caused by considerable Obse structions in the Urethra, which occasioned a " constant Difficulty of making Water, with Heat 44 and Smarting; and that the Care of Mr. Daran of perfectly cured him of all these Symptoms, which hs has felt nothing of these two Years.

countries and affect it waish have venture in the spire of the Signed,

66 Paris, Jan. 4. " 1748. BAGIEU."

the Density Suggest our transfer of the Mary Bare, they CASE 14.

ad the state of th

M-G-, aged fixty-five, contracted in 1734. a Gonorrhœa which continued two Years, and for which he applied to a skilful Surgeon, who stopt it by Injections; but soon after he observed a Diminution of the Stream of his Urine, which was foon followed by total Suppressions. He used medicated Candles for eighteen Months; and, receiving no Benefit from them, he went to M-, who did

did him some Service; but it was of short Duration, and he had afterwards feveral Suppreffions, which he could prevent by no other means than by daily introducing Leaden Probes, which did not hinder a continual heat of Urine. After having fuffered for twelve Years, and continually used the Candles, he came to me, recommended by Mr. Boudou, May the 20th, 1746. I fearched him, and found in the Uretbra feveral Obstructions; the deepest was a fordid Ulcer with callous Edges, near the Verumontanum, which supplied a purulent Discharge. The long Use of Leaden Probes had fo hardened the Excrescences and Edges of the Ulcer, that it took me up five Months to cure him perfectly; in which I fucceeded at last, as the following Certificate will ferve to fhew.

Certificate of Mr. Boudou.

" T Surgeon of St. Côme, and Surgeon in Chief of the Hôtel-Dieu of Paris, certify, That I " faw feveral times at the Hôtel-Dieu, Mr. G-, " who was obliged to have the Catheter paffed up " for a Suppression of Urine, owing to Carnosities " in the Uretbra, which had obliged him to pass Leaden Probes into the Bladder every Day for "twelve Years. Upon his Application to Mr. " Daran, Surgeon in ordinary to the King, he treated him after his Method, and perfectly cured 66 him. I ought to add, that he has continued well a Year.

a commence of committee to Lear,

Stinger and to continue Afonder and receiving

er Paris, Nov. 2. 66 1747. Boupou."

orive morned lande a car sign'd,

CASE 15.

Women, and watch had to frequencepolitications N- T-, Master-Taylor at Paris, aged about thirty-one, perceived fourteen Years ago, without having ever had any knowlege of Women. a Running which stained his Shirt: It was followed by so sensible a Diminution of the Stream of his Water, that it did not exceed the bigness of a small Thread, with great Straining to force it out, and Smarting and Heat in the Penis. The Straining was fo great, as to occasion a discharge of Blood, which chiefly happened upon free living, and being concerned with Women. He lived in this melancholy way for fourteen Years: Ten Years ago he had a Suppression, which lasted four Hours; seven Years ago he had another, which lasted fix Hours; the last he had was the 8th of November 1747. was twice fearched, to open a Paffage to the Urine; however, it came only drop by drop, and with the greatest Straining. In this Condition he came to me, his Urine likewise coming involuntarily from him. I began with him November the 24th, 1747. I fearched him in the Presence of Mr. Dupouy, Master-Surgeon of St. Côme, and found a callous Excrefcence at the Fossa Navicularis; a fecond of the fame Nature in the middle of the Urethra; and a fordid Ulcer near the Sphincter of the Bladder, whence proceeded a yellowish Pus. He was perfectly cured in about three Months.

Certificate of Mr. Dupouy.

"I, Master-Surgeon of St. Côme, certify, That in November 1747. I was defired by Mr. Daran,

[&]quot; Surgeon in ordinary to the King, to come to his

[&]quot;House to see Mr. T-, aged about thirtythree, who was come to put himself under his

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care. He had a Running, which he told me " came upon him before he had any Concerns with " Women, and which had fo streightened the Ure-" thra, that he made his Water in a Stream not exceeding the bigness of a Thread, with " great Straining, and very fmart Pain: He like-" wife told me, that he had had feveral total Supor pressions: He added, that his Urine sometimes came away involuntarily. About three Months after, I saw him perfectly cured of all his Com-" plaints, and in good Health: In Proof whereof " I have figned this Certificate, to ferve as Occa-" fion shall require. 66 Signed.

66 Paris, Jan. 6. " 1748. Dupouy."

CASE 16.

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Mr. C-, aged forty-five, a Merchant at B---, from 1722. to 1727. had four Gonorrhœas: The three first were very well cured; and the fourth left a great Difficulty in making Water, for which he used, to no purpose, a Leaden Probe every other Day for near a Year. He was obliged to have recourse to the same palliative Method after a fixth Gonorrhœa, which had increased the Difficulty, and rendered the Pain of making Water more fevere. Relieved by their Use, he neglected to continue them. The Urine fome time after being nearly supprest, and the Pains reaching to the Anus, he was falivated; but the Introduction of the Lead was not rendered more easy. He was a Month before he could fucceed; every Trial caused the most acute Pain, and the Loss of above a Glass of Blood: At last the Probe entered into the Bladder; but he still made Water with difficulty, and the Passage was ftill

still obstructed. Tired with this fruitless Method, he applied to Mr. Recolin, who persuaded him to put himself under my Care: I searched him in his Presence April the 18th, 1746. and found a sungous Excrescence near the Verumontanum, and an Ulcer at the Fossa Navicularis, which supplied a virulent Discharge. I treated the Patient after my Method, and in twenty-nine Days dissolved the Excrescence, and deterged the Ulcer; but the Solutions of Continuity were not persectly healed till three Months after. The Facts related in this History are attested in the following Certificate.

Certificate of Mr. Recolin.

"I, Surgeon to the King's Houshold, certify,
"That I was consulted by Mr. C----, " Merchant of B-, last Year in November, " concerning a Stoppage of Urine, which he had " laboured under for a great while, in Confequence " of feveral Gonorrhœas, which had left Obstructions " in the Urethra. He told me likewise, that he " had for a long time used Leaden Probes, which "gave him Relief in making him discharge his "Water with somewhat more Ease; but that a " frequent Occasion to make Water, an Incapacity " fometimes to retain it, and the other Accidents "which attend this Illness, had almost constantly " afflicted him for fifteen Years; that he was very " uneafy at his Situation, making Water in a small "Stream, and frequently drop by drop. I carried " him to Mr. Daran last April, who, after ex-" amining him, made him use his Sounds for three "Months, with the other Remedies he uses " in these Diseases. I attended the Cure, and saw, " that the more he used his Remedies, the better " he made his Water. It is about two Months is fince he left Mr. Daran, whom he is highly 66 CON-

contented with. I faw him To-day make Water in a full Stream, and he affured me, that he felt

" no Obstacle in his Uretbra, nor any Disposition

"to have them return as before, when he used other means to reftore the Paffage to its natural

State. A lesignet nome

Lonie Wy with the town of Signed,

"Paris, Oct. 8. Davidilla de la contra del contra de la contra del la contra de la contra del la cont 1746. RECOLIN."

timility were not periodly healed till thee Months

strength of the Paris released in this Hillory are are CASE 17.

The whole Life of the Marquis de V_____, Captain of a Ship, aged forty-fix, from 1720. to 1742. according to his own Declaration, was but one continual Succession of Claps, and other Venereal Diforders; cured, some well, and some ill; and one was intirely left to itself. The next, contracted in 1739. and treated with Injections of Wine and Sugar, produced Carnofities, which kept increasing ever fince, and a Running, attended with great Heat. A Salivation administred for a Gonorrhæa, with an Obstacle at the Entrance of the Urethra, did not suppress the Running. The Stoppage constantly increasing, a thousand Remedies were used without Success. Finding himself at last cruelly afflicted with heat of Water, and uneafy about the Diminution of the Stream of it, the Continuance of the Running, and the Interception of the Semen, he again tried Mercurial Frictions; and having found no Benefit from them, he consulted Mr. de Lapeyronie, who advised him to give me his Confidence, and recommended him particularly to me May the 4th, 1746. Upon fearching him, I found the Passage full of fungous Excrescences, and a very fordid Ulcer near the Verumontanum. Three Months after he had used my RemeRemedies, he waited again upon Mr. de Lapeyronie, perfectly cured 3 which the following Certificate attefts.

Certificate of Mr. de Lapeyronie.

I, First Surgeon and Physician to the King in Consultation, do certify, That I saw, and put

- " under the Care of Mr. Daran, the Person men-
- " tioned in the 17th Case, who had Carnosities in the
- " Uretbra, and a virulent Running; of which he
- " was perfectly cured by the Use of his Reme-« dies.

" Signed,

" Verfailles, April 4. · 1747. Phylician in opinion to the him

LAPEYRONIE."

selector above tweeze a drac a CASE 18.

Mr. du B-, aged fifty, contracted in 1724. a Gonorrhæa, which, tho' treated methodically, continued running for five or fix Years, and then stopt; but a Year after, the Stream of his Urine leffened, and the flimy Matter with which it was loaded, caufed a total Suppression, which continued twenty-four Hours, and was cured by the usual Method. Six Months paffed pretty quietly; but from that time, the glewy Matter increasing, caused frequent Retentions, fometimes of a shorter, sometimes of a longer Continuance, but always increasing in Pain, because the Passage became more and more streightened. He lived in this Condition till 1746. and had in the Month of March a total Suppression, extremely painful, caused by the viscid Matter which intercepted the Urine. It was very difficult to procure a Discharge to the Water; and, an infinity of Remedies having been used, without less-

ening

ening the Cause of the Complaint, Mr. Boyer did me the Honour to engage the Patient to put himself under my Care; which he did April the 8th, 1746. Upon searching him I found sungous Excrescences in the Passage, and a fordid Ulcer near the excretory Ducts of the Seminal Vesicles, whence had proceeded, for many Years, a virulent Matter. I used my Remedies, and he was cured in four Months. A Month after, he had a considerable Swelling in the right Testicle, which those Persons he consulted treated as a very serious Matter: However, it yielded to a few proper Remedies which I directed.

Certificate of Mr. Boyer.

I Physician in ordinary to the King, attest, that for above twelve Years I had the Care of the Subject of the 18th Case, for a Disease occasioned by ulcerated Carnosities in the Uretbra, Heat of Urine, a Stoppage of it, and a considerable Running of tough, purulent Matter; all which Symptoms disappeared by the Use of Mr. Daran's Remedies; and that for above a Year he has felt none of his former Complaints.

sc Signed,

" Paris, October 10.

BOYER."

Certificate of Mr. Procope Couteau.

"I, Doctor Regent of the Faculty of Physic in the University of Paris, formerly Professor of the Schools, and actually Professor of Surgery in the French Language, certify, That all the Contents of the 18th Case, concerning the Disease and "Cure

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A Representation of the Parts of Generation proper to Men.

FIGURE I.

REPRESENTS the Bladder partly laid open on its anterior Part, the Proflate Gland cut through above the Corpora Cavernofa, and the Urethra in its whole Extent.

A The Bladder.

B The Urachus.

C The Openings of the Ureters with the transversal Folding of the internal Membrane of the Bladder.

D Part of the Bladder turn'd up.

E The Eminence called Caput Gallinaginis, on each Side of which are the two Openings of the Vafa Deferentia.

F The Openings of the feveral Ducts of the Proflata.

- G The Uretbra laid open in its whole Length, with the Lacuna. H Parts of the Prostata cut thro' at the Beginning of the Uretbra.
- I The Beginning of one of the Corpora Cavernofa, with the Erector Muscle.

L Part of the Corpus Cavernosum of the other Side.

M Part of the Bulb of the Urethra.

N One of Comper's Glands.

O Its excretory Duct.

P The two Openings of the Excretory Ducts of Cowper's Glands.
2 The Spungy Texture of the Urethra in its whole Length.

R The Fossa Navicularis.

S The Corpora Cawernofa laid open, to shew their internal Texture, resembling Net-work.

T The Glans.

V That Part of the Uretbra where the Incision was made.

X The fpungy Texture of the Glans.

FIGURE H.

Represents the hinder Part of the Bladder, and the under Part of the Penis.

- a The Bladder with its external Membrane.
- b The Ureters, and their Infertions. c The Vesiculæ Seminales.

d The Vasa Deferentia.

- e The Communication of the Vafa Deferentia with the Vesscular Seminales.
- f The Circumvolutions of the Veficula.

A REPRESENTATION, &c.

g The Duct common to the Vesiculæ and Vosa Deferentia.

b The Proflatæ without their Membrane.
i The membranous Part of the Urethra.

The Acceleratores cut thro' at their Beginning, which shews the spungy Texture of the Bulb.

m The Acceleratores lying upon the Bulb.

n The Tendon of the Acceleratores.

o The Extremities of the Acceleratores terminating upon the Corpora Cavernofa.

p The back Part of the Urethra.

q The Beginning of the Corpora Cavernofa with the Erectores.

FIGURE III.

Represents the Testicle covered with its Membrane, called Albuginea.

" The Body of the Tefficle.

s The Epididymis.

t The spermatic Cord.

" The Beginning of the Vas Deferens.

x The Vas Deferens.

The Explanation of some Terms of Art that are met with in this Work.

Dyfury, Is a Difficulty of making Water, attended with Pain and Heat; in which, however, the Urine is voided with Interruption, and often in due Quantity.

Is a total Suppression of Urine.

Retention of Urine, Has the same Meaning without the foregoing: It is, however, used sometimes in this Work in the room of Strangury, the Word Ischury being always applied to those Sup-

pressions which were total.

Strangury, Is a frequent and involuntary Provocation of making Water, in which the Urine, instead of slowing in one continued Stream, is discharg'd by Intervals with much Heat and Pain, in a small Quantity, or only Drop by Drop. There are several Cases in this Work, in which, to avoid Repetition, this Symptom is not mentioned, tho' the Patients were troubled with it.

Uretbra, Is a Duct thro' which the Urine is discharged from the Bladder out of the Body.

My want of Health, and other little Occupations, when I first fet about this Translation, not allowing me to sit long together at the Work, I got an ingenious Friend of mine to translate for me the following Cases. "Cure of M. Du B are exactly agreeable to truth; having feen and visited the Patient, there

" mention'd, before and after his Cure; which was

" effected by the care of M. Daran, Surgeon in Or-"dinary to the King. In Proof whereof, I have

" fign'd the present Certificate.

" Paris, Oct. 22.

se Sign'd,

" PROCOPE COUTEAU."

CASE 19.

In the Month of April 1746. M. Boyer desir'd me to see M. De la M..... aged Sixty-five, who had labour'd for twenty-four Hours under a total Suppression of Urine, attended with insupportable Pains. My first care was, to discharge the Water: in which I immediately fucceeded. The Patient was greatly furpris'd to hear, that the cause of his Disease was a fungous Carnofity, near which was a fordid Ulcer, from which had proceeded, for many Years, a yellowish Gleet; not but that he had run the risque of contracting venereal complaints. He had a Gonorrhœa in 1698. which was follow'd by four more, the last in 1741. but, besides their being of a gentle kind, they had yielded, in about twenty Days, to an antivenereal purgative Powder, which he took every Morning; and to a cooling foftening Ptisan: And he had felt none of the usual Fore-runners of an Ifchury. I us'd my Remedies, and cur'd him perfeetly, in three Months.

Certificate of M. Boyer.

"I, Physician in Ordinary to the King, certify, That all that is related in the 19th Case, in regard to M. is exactly true; having Q "myself

" myself directed him to M. Daran, Surgeon, while " under a total Suppression of Urine: And he not " only gave him immediate Relief, in discharging

"the Water, but perfectly cur'd him, in three

" Paris, Sept. 12.

" Sign'd,

" BOYER."

CASE 20.

A Gonorrhæa, which M. Des F..... P..... Merchant of Lyons, aged Forty, contracted in 1725. and which was attended with an Inflammation in one of the Testicles, was never perfectly cur'd: In spite of Injections, a small Gleet always remain'd. Two Years after, the Urine, the Stream of which fenfibly decreas'd, came out with much Pain, which put the Patient upon using Probes; but, having discontinu'd them a Year, and the Stoppage becoming more confiderable, he return'd to them. Not being able to pass them, he sharpen'd one, and wounded the Uretbra with it, and this brought on an Abscess in Perinao: After this Abicels was deterg'd and cicatriz'd, the Gleet and Stoppage still continu'd; the Patient, upon this, was oblig'd to come from Lyons, to put himself under my care. I fearch'd him, March 6. 1746. in the presence of M. Pousse Sen. and found in the Urethra two Obstructions, and near the Verumontanum a callous Ulcer, which supply'd the Running that had continu'd for twenty Years. About three Months were fufficient for me to effect a radical Cure, which M. Pouffe was Witness of.

Certificate of M. Pousse Sen.

I Doctor of Physic, certify, That I saw, in the House of M. Daran, Surgeon in Ordinary to the King, in May 1745. M. De F..... Merchant of Lyons, in whom I observed a Running, which he said was of more than ten Years continuance, with Callosities in the Passage, which observed the Urine which came from him, with Pain and Straining, as likewise the Introduction of the Catheter: Between five and six Weeks after, the Patient made Water in a full Stream, in my Presence.

" Paris, Jan. 26.

" Sign'd,

" Pousse Sen."

CASE 21.

The Chevalier L.... aged fifty Years, Captain of Horse, had, from 1720. to 1724. three pretty mild Gonorrhœas; the last, out of whim, he suppress'd by Injections: In 1733. he observ'd the Stream of his Urine to lessen, and had a Suppression of it; but it was short. He was advis'd to mercurial Frictions, with defign, as he was told, to clear the Urethra; the Stream of his Urine, however, became daily less, notwithstanding this Remedy; and, fhortly after, he was oblig'd to have recourse to the leaden Probe, to be able to make Water: This preferv'd him free from all accidents till 1743. when he had an intire Stoppage, which oblig'd him to use the Catheter: The rough introduction of it occasion'd a plentiful Hæmorrhage. In January 1746. I fearch'd him, in the presence of M. Castaignet, and, besides

feveral fungous Obstacles in the *Urethra*, I discover'd an Ulcer, which supply'd the Running, and which the Remedies had not stopp'd. I treated him after my Method, and perfected his Cure in less than three Months, without the least accident befalling him. The principal Facts are attested in the following Certificate.

Certificate of M. Castaignet.

I Master Surgeon at Paris, certify and declare,
That I saw and examin'd M. De L...R....
Captain in a Regiment of Horse, before he put
himself under the care of M. Daran, and sound
him labouring under a Stoppage of Urine, occasion'd by several Carnosities in the Urethra: His
Water was no bigger than a small Thread: He
had frequently, as he said, total Retentions, and
Hæmorrhages, from the Introduction of the Catheter and leaden Probe, which, on those occasions, he was oblig'd to have recourse to: And I
saw him, three Months after, making Water in a
suffull Stream, and without Pain; and perfectly cur'd
sof his Complaints. In Proof whereof, I have

" Paris, Sept. 7.

" given the present Certificate.

cc Sign'd,

" CASTAIGNET."

CASE 22.

M. de S..... A.... Counfellor in Parliament, had, before 1725. feveral Gonorrhœas: A total Ceffation of all Symptoms perfuaded him, that he was well cur'd. He contracted another in 1725. The iffue of it was very different; the Running never ceas'd

ceas'd intirely. This troublefome complaint making him very attentive to every thing relating to the difeas'd Part, he perceiv'd in 1730. a confiderable diminution of the Stream of his Urine, and in 1735. a little Tumor immediately under the Glans: He then us'd medicated Candles, which, in two Hours time, occasion'd in the Urethra such an Inflammation, that the Operator was frighten'd, and shew'd his face no more: In the mean time, the Disease grew upon him, and the Tumor had already acquir'd the fize of a Lentil: Such was his condition, when, in 1740. he contracted a fresh Gonorrhæa: He took this opportunity of having both his old and new Symptoms confider'd, and employ'd the most eminent People in Paris. Besides the usual Remedies for a Gonorrhœa, he us'd Fumigations, and mercurial Frictions, to refolve the Tumor; Vigo's Plaister was worn, three Years together, upon the Part: All these Remedies were equally ineffectual, as to the radical Cure; the Stoppage of Urine increas'd, and the Tumor was become as large as a Garden-Bean. The Patient grew more uneafy, and, not doubting but that it was fituated in the Urethra, fear'd, with reafon, lest in length of time it should stop up the Passage: Such was his condition when he came to me, November 12. 1745. Upon fearching him, in the presence of M. Plunkett, Physician, and M. Serres, Master Surgeon of Montpelier, I observ'd at the entrance of the Passage a fistulous Opening, which terminated at the Tumor; which perfuaded me, that it was external, and, confequently, of less confequence: It was placed at the extremity of the Corpora Cavernosa; at the root of the Glans, immediately under the Uretbra, on one fide of the Franum. Continuing my examination, I perceiv'd, overagainst the root of the Glans, outwardly, two other little Openings, thro' which fome drops of Urine made their way: I found, besides, the Passage full of feveral

feveral fungous Excrescences, ranged in order, one after another; these occasion'd the Stoppage. Tho' the Patient was perfuaded that all the mischief was owing to the preffure of the Swelling, and that nothing elfe requir'd to be minded; I thought proper to begin with the Excrescences; and, after a very plentiful Suppuration, I intirely clear'd the Paffage: This Operation over, I apply'd myself to the Tumor; I began by introducing, into the two external fiftulous Openings, two very fmall Bougies; and in a few Days, the two Apertures being reduced into one, I faw, with an inexpressible surprize, that the Tumor was caus'd by an encyfted Stone, which had, by degrees, grown to that fize. It is not my bufiness to decide whether this Stone first began in this place from the tartarous part of the Urine, which, by lodging there, might form a Concretion; or if the Nucleus came from the Kidneys to the Bladder, and stopp'd in the fistulous Opening on the Urethra. It appears to me, however, hard to comprehend, that this Nucleus should not have stopp'd in the Bladder, or have been carry'd away in the Stream of Urine, after it had pass'd the Excrescences: Be that as it will, nothing was more easy, than to discharge the Stone; but the Patient was so much afraid of Instruments, that I was oblig'd to go a round-about way to work. I began, however, with having the Cafe attested, not only by M. Plunkett, but by several Patients who were at my House, and likewise by M. Puzos. I destroy'd the Cyst, in a few Days, with my Bougies, without giving the Patient the least Pain; and took out the Stone, in the presence of three Officers who had feen it in the Cyft, and feven or eight other Patients who were at my House. Stone is of an oval figure, and of a brown colour, bordering upon black; it has a pretty fmooth furface, is about fifteen lines long, and fix broad, and weighs twenty-nine Grains. As I suppos'd, that many People

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People, those of the Profession in particular, would be curious of seeing it, I desir'd the Patient to leave it with me. After the extraction of the Stone, I apply'd myself to the Fistula of the Urethra: I intirely destroy'd the Cyst, and afterwards procur'd a reunion of the Wound. I was so fortunate, as to restore the Patient to perfect Health in four Months.

Certificate of M. Plunkett.

" T Doctor of Physic, certify, That I saw, at M. " 1, Daran's, Mafter Surgeon, M. De S..... " A..... Counfellor in Parliament; who told " me, That he had labour'd, for feveral Years, under " a purulent Gleet, in confequence of feveral Gonor-" rhœas; and likewise under a considerable dimi-" nution of the Stream of his Urine, which was " caus'd by Obstructions in the Urethra, and a little. " Swelling beneath the Glans; which was, at first, " imperceptible, and became afterwards of the fize " of a large Bean, the Patient having given me " leave to fee it: That, to be cur'd of these Dif-" orders, he had taken, by the advice of the most " eminent Persons of the Profession, all the pro-56 pereft Remedies, to no purpofe; but that he hop'd a better fuccess from those of M. Daran, to whose " care he was come to commit himself. After some " time, I was again fent for, by the aforesaid M. "Daran, to observe, that he had found the Tumor, " mention'd above, to be a Stone, form'd in that or part; which furpris'd me greatly. Being occa-" fionally, fome time after, at M. Daran's, when he " was dreffing this Patient, I faw the Stone taken " out; as did also several Patients, without his be-" ing put to the least Pain: I have since feen this Patient perfectly well cur'd of his Running, of " the Obstructions of the Urethra, and of the Fi-" stulas Q4 MIGOSTI O

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fulas occasion'd by the Stone. In Proof of which, I have fign'd this Certificate, to ferve, as " Occasion shall require.

and D. D. C. aged Third five of appain in the " Paris, March 29. " Sign'd, Themself 1747. The view of the and I s drive season

PLUNKETT, M. D."

Certificate of M. Serres.

but the Persons was our de without

" Y Sworn Master Surgeon of Montpelier, certify, " 1 That I lately faw a Letter of M. Coun-" fellor in Parliament, whose Case I saw, at the time " he put himself under M. Daran, the last time I " was at Paris; wherein he informs me of his per-" fect Cure, not only of the Diforders of the Ure-" thra, but likewise of a pretty considerable Tumor which he had at the extremity of the Corpora " Cavernofa, immediately under the Glans, on one " fide of the Franum. I am inform'd, that that "Tumor was caus'd by a real Stone form'd in that " place by the Urine which had found a Paffage "there, by means of a Fistula in the Urethra. I 66 certify, That this Patient writes me word, That " Mr. Daran shew'd this Stone to M. Puzos, an " eminent Man-midwife, and nine Patients who " were at his House, three of whom were Officers of Distinction; and that he extracted it with the " greatest dexterity, without making any Incision: "And, after having deterg'd the Cyst, and procur'd " a good Cicatrix, restor'd the Patient to a perfect se and intire Health, and an and an annual

" Montpelier, " March 25. · 1746.

" SERRES."

to thought nic union

28 SWELL OF SECASE 23. VALLE HOLLING

M. D..... aged Thirty-five, Captain in the Regiment of contracted a very bad Gonorrhœa, with a Phimofis: A very methodical treatment, which lasted six Months, did not stop the Gonorrhoea; but the Phimofis was cur'd, without the Operation. The Method was then changed, and Injections us'd; but all were equally ineffectual, altho' continu'd for four Months, and tho' the Patient strictly abstain'd from Women. In 1734. Chancres appear'd upon him, for which it was judg'd neceffary to falivate him; which was accordingly done, in 1736. He then perceiv'd, that the Stream of his Urine was fmaller, and that he made it with much Pain; notwithstanding this, the Patient ran a fresh rifque, and a new Gonorrhœa was the reward of his rashness. It resisted all Remedies for three Years: Then an aftringent Injection was unfuccefsfully try'd for another Year: The Patient was then falivated again: The Ointment was, particularly, rubb'd upon the Perinaum: And the confequence was, an increase of Pain in that Part. Medicated Candles, which were afterwards us'd, ferv'd only to produce an obstinate Hæmorrhage; leaden Probes, Belloste's Pills, and emollient Cataplasms, had no better effect: At last, the Running stopp'd, but other mercurial Pills made it, shortly, appear again; and an Inflammation feiz'd one of the Testicles: It was attended with an Hæmorrhage, and very violent Heat. In 1742. the Patient was again falivated, and, during the Courfe, had nine or ten Suppressions, which continu'd ten Hours each; afterwards, his Retentions were almost habitual for fix Months, and the shortest were of twenty-four Hours continuance: From that time, till 1744. the Patient had no fresh accident, tho' he rid every Day; but, the Running appearing again

again the Year following, the Testicles were seiz'd with a new Inflammation: From that time, he left off all Remedies. Having heard of me at Afti in Piedmont, he thought the recovery of his Health was well worth a Journey to France, to confult me: I fearch'd him, in June 1746. in the presence of Mr. Darius, Master Surgeon, and found, four Fingers Breadth in the Urethra, some fungous Excrescences: After I had melted them down, I discover'd, a little farther in, an Ulcer, from which proceeded the Running which the Patient had been troubled with for fo many Years: In four Months I made him perfectly well, which M. Darius can witness.

Certificate of M. Darius.

" Mafter Surgeon, Member of the Royal Academy of Surgery, certify, That, on the 15th " of June 1746. I was fent for to M. Daran, Sur-" geon in Ordinary to the King, to fee M. D " Captain in the Regiment of Having vilited " and question'd him, I found, that he had had a " bad Stoppage in his Urine for many Years, for " which Disease he had us'd all the Remedies that " had been prescrib'd to him; and that, his Com-" plaint still continuing, he had put himself under the care of M. Daran; who, having introduced a " Sound into the Urethra, found several Obstacles, " and promis'd to cure him. The 14th of August, of the present Year, the aforesaid Patient sent for " me, and told me, that M. Daran had made him re perfectly well; and that he defir'd a Certificate, " which I deliver'd to him, to ferve as Occasion " fhould require. Coffor Revent at the Faculty

Paris, Aug. 14. "Sign'd, a mis a747 carie marals and day command flat ?

mainol .

66 DARIUS."

CASE 24.

The Count of a Ruffian Nobleman, aged Thirty-five, uneafy to fee a Venereal Running, contracted in 1743. continue three Months, apply'd to another Person: He order'd him some Drops, of so sharp a nature, that they excoriated his Throat, and occasion'd a Vertigo: Finding that these did him no fervice, he us'd aftringent Injections, which were equally ineffectual against the Running, and increas'd the Pains of the Urethra. Being thus disappointed, he follow'd his own Fancy, from this time; but, observing in 1743. a diminution of the Stream of his Water, which was foon follow'd by a Suppression of eight or ten Hours, he began to reflect seriously. In December 1745. he had a fresh Suppression, much more confiderable, in which the introduction of Candles, or a Catheter, prov'd impracticable. He came to Paris in 1746. and committed himself to a Person famous for medicated Candles; but they only aggravated his Disorder, which was afterwards reliev'd by mercurial Frictions, administred under the direction of an eminent Surgeon: But the Patient, finding that this Remedy did not attack the Caufe of his Disease, put himself under my care in the beginning of July, by the advice of M. De Rabours, who was present when I search'd him. I found a callous and ulcerated Excrescence near the Verumontanum, and in three Months he was perfectly cur'd, by my Remedies, as M. De Rabours certifies.

Certificate of M. De Rabours.

"I Doctor Regent of the Faculty of Paris, certify, That I was fent for, at the latter end of last Summer, with M. Daran, Surgeon, to visit a foreign

" foreign Nobleman afflicted with a Stoppage of " Urine, occasion'd by Obstacles in the Urethra, " from one or feveral Gonorrhœas. Thro' curio-" fity, more than necessity, I did myself the pleasure " of feeing daily the effects of the Sounds this Sur-" geon uses for these Diseases: I am convinced, that " it is by suppurating the Carnosities, and afterwards " deterging the Ulcers, that he fo well cures thefe " Diforders by his new Method. This Nobleman had 66 been ill for about five Years, and had frequently " fuffer'd total Suppressions: I saw him in one, out " of which M. Daran immediately reliev'd him, by " the introduction of one of his Sounds. The in-" efficacy of the feveral Remedies he had us'd, ob-" lig'd him to come to Paris, to put himfelf under " the aforefaid M. Daran, who made him perfectly well. In Proof whereof, I have fign'd these " Presents.

" Paris, March 31.

" Sign'd,

1747. "DE RABOURS."

C A S E 25.

M. Bouilbac desir'd me to see, in March 1746.
M. B..... an English Gentleman, aged Forty-sive, who had greatly suffer'd, for many Years, from a Stoppage of Urine, which very frequently degenerated into an Ischury. Different Persons, whom he had consulted in England, told him, they believ'd he had a Stone in his Bladder: He was in this Persuasion when he consulted me. I search'd him, and found, on this side the Verumontanum, a callous Excrescence, which was ulcerated, caus'd by a Gonorrhæa he had had eighteen Years before, and for the Cure of which he thought he had done every thing that was necessary. He had the more reason to believe

believe so, as he had perceiv'd, all that time, no other inconvenience than a small Running, which he took for a Relaxation of the Vessels, altho' it was a Gonorrhæa, which had constantly remain'd. I treated him after my new Method, and he was perfectly cur'd in the space of four Months.

Certificate of M. Bouilhac.

I First Physician to the Dauphin and Dauphiness, certify, That I saw M. De B..... afflicted with a Strangury, owing to Carnosities in the Urethra, from an old Gonorrhæa, which frequently expos'd him to great Danger, by causing Retentions of Urine; and that I have since seen him intirely cur'd, by the Method of M. Daran, Surgeon in Ordinary to the King. This Cure, and several others which have come to my know-see, make me consider his Method as of great importance, and the more so, as the Disease is common, and occasions a painful Death; and for which, hitherto, all Researches have been useless. In Proof of this, I have sign'd the present Certificate.

" Fontainebleau, "Nov. 10.

ce Sign'd,

" BOUILHAC."

CASE 26.

G..... F..... aged Forty-five, Door-keeper to Mrs..... of St. Mederic-street, consulted me, in the Month of August, and told me, he had had three Gonorrhœas; the first in 1726. the second in 1732. and the last in 1739. This, which he contracted at Metz, was of a very bad nature, and lasted a long

a long while; but was, at last, suppress'd by the use of astringent Injections, which had likewise been us'd in his former Claps. About a Year after, the Stream of his Water began to leffen, and this Symptom made fuch a progress, that, in 1742. he had a total Suppression, which continu'd several Hours. A foreign Physician had the care of him, but could procure him no Relief: He was oblig'd to have recourse to M. Foubert, who, with much difficulty, introduced the Catheter into the Bladder, and prudently administred other Remedies, which reliev'd the Symptoms. A whole Year pass'd pretty quietly; but, in the Spring, he had fo fevere an Ischury, that the Catheter could not be introduced. Several Bleedings having leffen'd the Irritation, M. Simoneau, Surgeon of the Hotel-Dieu, where the Patient had been carry'd, fucceeded, at last, in introducing the Catheter: It was taken out twenty four Hours after; and the Urine found the fame difficulty as before. After staying a Month at the Hotel-Dieu. the Patient, by the affiftance he met with there, was enabled to return to his Mafter, making Water tolerably well; but, upon his getting up his Flesh, his Stoppage of Urine return'd; and, shortly after, he was in such a condition, that he rais'd the compasfion of all who knew him. He was then put under the care of a Person who promis'd to cure him, but, not being able to fulfil his promife in four Months. nor even to relieve him, he was brought to me. fearch'd him, August 10 1746. and found, near the Verumontanum, several Ulcers, which supply'd the obstinate Gleet: I treated the Patient, with M. Foubert's knowlege, and cur'd him perfectly, in less than four Months; shewing him, several times afterwards. to the above-mention'd Gentleman.

Certificate of M. Foubert.

" I, Master in Surgery, Surgeon in Ordinary to the King in his Parliament-house, and heretofore " Surgeon Major of the Hospital La Charité, cer-" tify, That G..... F..... Door-keeper to " Mrs. whose Family I attend, was rescu'd, " by the charitable care and affiduity of M. Daran, " from the most dangerous situation a Man can be " reduced to, by a Venereal Strangury, occasion'd " by Carnofities in the Urethra, the unhappy re-" mains of former Gonorrhœas ill cur'd, or neg-" lected; for I frequently faw him in the utmost " danger, without receiving benefit from the bests administred Remedies. He was, however, per-" feetly cur'd of all his complaints by M. Daran's "Method; and I ought to add, that his Cure is the " more folid, as it is now a Year fince he has been " out of his hands. In Proof whereof, I have " fign'd the present Writing.

" Paris, Nov. 15.

" Sin'd,

" FOUBERT."

C A S E 27.

The Marquis of of Britany, aged forty Years, was, at the age of Nineteen, punish'd, for his incontinence, by a Gonorrhæa, which stopp'd, four Months after. To take off a continual Erection, which tormented him in a second, contracted four Years after, in 1731. he us'd frequent Coition, by the advice of a friend: This Remedy would have continu'd being agreeable, if, after four Months practising it, a Discharge of pure Blood, that sollow'd the Semen, had not open'd his Eyes. He

was, at last, cur'd of all these Symptoms, in two Months, by proper Remedies, and the use of the Panacea for a Fortnight. In 1734. he contracted a fresh Gonorrhea, which, now become wife at his expence, he thought himself able to treat. All the Symptoms, but the Running, yielded to the Medicines; this prov'd obstinate; but, however, seem'd to give way, at last: In 1735. after a cruel Disease, out of which he was but imperfectly recover'd, he was taken with a total Retention: Bleedings, and other Remedies, procur'd a Discharge to the Urine; but it was tinged with Blood, and came with fo much Pain, that it rais'd a violent Fever, with a Delirium; after these Symptoms were over, there appear'd a fmall Running, which denoted an Ulcer still subsisting; and the Patient perceiv'd, that the Stream of his Water was not the fame as formerly: He then came to Paris, where he us'd M. Belloste's Pills, which carry'd off all his complaints. This fad experience not having render'd him more prudent, the night before his departure he could not withftand temptation: He, however, was fo little a while in enjoying the pleasure, that he imagin'd it would not be follow'd by any cause for repentance; but, before he reach'd Orleans, he was fensible of his mistake; a violent Gonorrhœa had made its appearance: It was, however, cur'd in three Months, except a Gleet, without Pain, which was confider'd as a mere Relaxation: From that time his Strangury was more violent, and more frequent; but as the use of Milk, Turpentine, and cooling Ptisans, quieted the Symptoms, the Patient made but flight of it: In 1739. he contracted another Gonorrhoea, which he thought cur'd in three Months; but the Gleet still remain'd: He made his Water with more Pain; and Belloste's Pills, in stopping the Running, did not leffen the other Symptom: It kept increasing, from that time, and the Patient had feven or eight total Suppressions, the Stream

Stream of his Urine daily leffened; he could not be concern'd with Women without fevere Pains in the time of Emission; or, when he heated himself by any other means, he fuffered Shootings, and violent Pains, which were relieved by fomenting with Milk, and taking Ptisans of Parietaria: His Dysury was at last so excessive, when he came from Nantes to confult me, that he could not make Water in less than twelve Minutes, and that with much Pain upon the least Excess. Having searched him August the 16th, 1746. in Presence of Mr. Moreau, I found in the middle of the Uretbra a Callofity: Having diffolved it, and being able to pass my Sounds farther, I discovered a second, which was very fenfible, near the excretory Ducts of the Prostate. The Treatment, which continued about five Months, was interrupted only by a Fever of forty-eight Hours, which gave way to a few Remedies; and the Patient returned fatisfied, his Cafe being attested by his Physician, whose Certificate follows.

Certificate of Mr. Moreau.

"I, Physician in ordinary to the King in Conful"tation, certify, That the Marquis of—
declared to me, that he had a Stoppage of Urine
in consequence of several Gonorrheas, which
cocasioned Shootings, and grievous Pains; and
that, upon the least Excess in Eating or Drinking, or if he rode on Horseback, he was between
ten and twelve Minutes in emptying his Bladder
with intolerable Pain; and, not having been able
to find a Remedy for his Disease, he came to Paris,
to put himself under the Care of Mr. Daran,
who, having searched him in my Presence, found
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"Carnofities in the *Urethra*, and, by the Use of his Sounds, cured him in five Months: In proof of which I have delivered the present Certificate.

" Signed,

" Paris, March 1.

MOREAU."

CASE 28.

Mr. G-, an Officer of Dragoons, aged Fifty, having contracted a fecond Gonorrhœa in 1743, at the time his Regiment was upon the March, was once bled, and took a Solution of Nitre Night and Morning, and Spirit of Turpentine in clear Water: He was fo negligent in the Dofe, that his Eyes inflamed, and his Yard excoriated and fwelled. Being obliged to ftop, he put himself under the Care of a Surgeon, who made an Incision, and let out much Matter; but there remained in the Urethra a Fistula, which did not close till two Years afterwards; there conftantly subfifted a Difcharge, which the Surgeon of the Regiment confidered as a Trifle. While he was treating this Complaint, in the Winter that followed the Campaign of 1744. an Abscess formed in the Scrotum, which remained fiftulous, and which the Waters of Bourbon, drank in the two Seasons, and those of Buffant, did not cure. Mercurial Frictions were then administred, which made no Alteration in the Running, no more than an Electuary and Injections, which he used for three Months without any sensible Effect, besides inflaming the Part; upon which those Medicines were left off. The Patient, not being able to contain his Water, or ride on Horseback, petitioned to be fent to the Invalides; but,

not being able to obtain this, as an Officer, because he was not qualified according to the Rules, he refolved to continue in the Service, which an Inflammation of the Scrotum prevented his doing. The Waters of St. Amant, Baths, and Cataplains, having produced no Effect, he endeavoured to return to his Regiment before the Expiration of his Furlough; but the Fatigue of the Journey swelled confiderably the Penis, Scrotum, and Perinæum, which obliged him to flay at Bruffels. An Incision, which was made on the left Side of the Scrotum, where an Abscess was imagined to be formed after the Resolution of the Tumor, gave rise to a second Fistula; and a Swelling, which the Patient had in the Perinæum, threatened a third. When he consulted me in August 1746. he plainly told me he only expected a palliative Cure; that he was refolved to quit the Service, and accept of the Invalides upon any Terms they would offer him. Having examined his Situation, I told him, I believed I could put him in a Condition to ferve, and perfectly recover his Health: He was greatly pleafed at it; and, as he supposed he could not obtain a Leave of Absence long enough, I gave him a Letter to Mr. de Lapeyronie, desiring him that he would affift him with his Credit. The Colonel, very glad to preferve a brave Officer, very handfomely granted it, and I began the Cure; but the extraordinary Complication of Symptoms made me defirous of having his Cafe attested. For this Purpose I defired Mr. Casamajor to visit him: I searched him in his Presence, and found the Urethra in several Places befet with fungous Ulcers; a fiftulous Ulcer on this Side the Verumontanum; and a fecond, of the fame Nature, which penetrated to the Perinæum: He had, befides, a very virulent Running, Difficulty and Heat of Urine at times, and an Incontinence R 2

of it at others; so that all the different Symptoms of the Disease were collected in him. I treated him after my Method. About the middle of the Cure, one of the Testicles swelled considerably, and was attended with violent Pains. This obliged me to quit the Cure of the principal Disease, to remedy the Symptom. In a Fortnight I had the good Luck of bringing the Testicle to its natural State, and I began asresh the other Treatment, which continued near six Months; and I then shewed him to the Physician, who had visited him at the beginning; and he was convicted by his own Eyes of his perfect Cure.

Certificate of Mr. Casamajor.

"I, Doctor-Regent of the Faculty of Physic in the University of Paris, certify, That I saw at Mr. Daran's, Master-Surgeon, in September " 1746. Mr. G—, an Officer of Dragoons, aged Forty-five, afflicted with a Stoppage of "Urine, canfed by feveral Obstacles in the Urethra, " and subject for fix Years to an Incontinence of " Urine: He had two Fiftulas, one on the upper " Part of the Scrotum, on the left Side; and the other at the beginning of the Perinæum, on one " Side of the Scrotum: Both were attended with a " confiderable Callofity, and he had, befides, a " virulent Running of ten Years Continuance. Six " Months afterwards Mr. Daran shewed him me " again; I found the Uretbra free, the Fiftulas " closed, the Callosity destroy'd, the old Gleet " ftopped, and the Patient making Water in a full "Stream; in short, radically cured, and ready to " return to his Regiment, altho' he had intirely " quitted it upon his coming to Paris, thinking in the laft five Your

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" himself incurable before he was visited by the above-mentioned Surgeon: In proof whereof I

" have given the prefent Certificate.

" Paris, Feb. 2.

Signed,

" CASAMAJOR."

CASE 29.

Of feveral Gonorrhoeas, which Mr. G-, aged Fifty, Citizen of Paris, had contracted, the fecond, catched in 1728. continued fix whole Months, and was flopt at last by Balsam of Capivi. In 1731. he had a critical Bubo, which opened and healed of itself; and from that time, whenever he heated himself, a little Running appeared, which again stopt of itself: The Stream of his Urine began then to leffen; but he made it without Pain. In 1733. he contracted a fresh Gonorrhœa, which left Things in the same Condition; but in 1743. he had a fourth, which caused an Inflammation of both Testicles, one after another, with cruel Pains along the Penis quite to the Anus, so that he could neither fit nor walk. This Gonorrhœa was treated after a very careless manner by the Surgeon, who was perfuaded, that mercurial Frictions were the only means capable of curing it, and who also imagined, that they would diffolve the Carnofities which existed in the Uretbra: He made him rub several times from the Anus to the Glans, and rendered him capable of walking, tho' ftill with Pain. Some time after, the Frictions were used in the common Way, particularly on the Groin, Penis, and Perinæum. During the Course, he had a slight Retention of Urine, which was not the first of the kind; for he had had feveral within the last five Years,

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two

two of which were very obstinate and dangerous: After the Frictions he was free from the Pains, which reached to the Anus; but his Urine came away drop by drop, and he had moreover an Incontinence of it. Thus he had two Difeases, which appear incompatible; a Difficulty of making Water, which occasioned him the utmost Strainings, and a continual Dribbling of it both Night and Day: From that time he always felt a Weight along the Penis, much Pain in the Glans, and in his Back, and was troubled with an Incontinence of Urine, Dysury, a Pain in Erection, and an Inability of emitting in the Venereal Act. After two Years spent in this Situation, the Pain of his Back increafed confiderably, and he discharged for above three Weeks, with his Urine, a purulent Matter, as thick and viscid as Turpentine, with so much Pain, that he loft his Appetite, could not sleep, and wasted fensibly. Such was his Condition when he applied to me August 16. 1746. The Reader will find a Recapitulation of fome of the Symptoms in the following Certificate of Mr. Taillard.

Certificate of Mr. Taillard.

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Having fearched the Patient in Presence of Mr. Cantwell, August the 15th, 1746. I found at the Entrance of the Uretbra, a round and hard Carnosity: Having destroy'd that Obstacle, I came to the Verumontanum, which was ulcerated, and very As there was an Incontinence of Urine, Mr. Cantwell imagined, that the Sphincter of the Bladder was ulcerated. I used my Remedies, and the 10th of September he made his Water pretty eafily; the Incontinence of Urine was intirely gone off; he had no longer any Pain in his Back, nor did he discharge any purulent Matter with his Urine; he could eat and fleep, and was now able to mind his Business: He adds, in his own relation, that fuch a rapid Progress left him no doubt of a perfect Cure; however, that was not effected in less than four Months; but he had no bad Symptom throughout the whole Treatment.

Certificate of Mr. Cantwell.

" T Doctor-Regent of the Faculty of Physic of " Paris, certify, That in August 1746. Mr. "G came to me, aged about Forty, who co told me, that as he defigned to put himself into " the Hands of Mr. Daran, Surgeon, who, according to his Custom, required his Case to be " attested by some Physician or Surgeon, he was " come to defire me to examine him. I learned, by " inquiry, all that he had fuffered from feveral "Gonorrhœas contracted fince the Year 1730. and " that his present Condition was such, that he felt " Pain from the Penis to the Anus, so as not to be " able to fit or go; that he made his Water, as I " faw, drop by drop, and with great Straining; " that he had, befides, an involuntary dribbling away " of his Water both Night and Day; that, upon Erection, he had violent Pains; and found, at R4

the time of the Emission, a total Suppression of the Semen. In this Condition he was going to

" apply to Mr. Daran. About four Months after,
I faw him again. I had the Satisfaction to fee
him radically cured of all his Complaints, and in

the Enjoyment of perfect Health: In proof

" whereof I have figned the present Certificate.

" Signed,

" Paris, April 3.

CANTWELL."

CASE 30.

Mr. F---, aged Forty-five, contracted in 1724. a Gonorrhœa, which was attended with the most severe Symptoms: After many Remedies unfuccessfully administred, the Obstinacy of his Running obliged him to have recourse to aftringent Injections, which were equally ineffectual. The Patient, content with having no other Inconvenience, refolved to give himself no farther Trouble; and twelve Years, elapfed in this Condition, gave him no Cause of Repentance; but he then began to perceive, that the Stream of his Urine leffened; and the Diforder made fuch a Progress, that it did not exceed the bigness of a Thread, and frequently came away drop by drop: From that time to this he has had fifty total Retentions, of more or less Continuance, which were relieved by Emollients only; for the Surgeons endeavoured feveral times to introduce the Catheter; but they could never get it in above two Fingers breadth. Two Years ago a fresh Complaint appeared, an involuntary dribbling of his Water: On account of this Complication, he applied to me by the Advice of M——, altho' he had been frequently told before, that there was [249]

no Remedy for his Diforder: I fearched him May the 25th, 1746. and found, near the Fossa Navicularis, a Callosity, which I brought to Suppuration: A few Days after, I discovered others that lay deeper: The Verumontanum was intirely ulcerated, and furrounded with scirrhous Swellings. The Patient was cured in less than four Months and an half: although, during the Treatment, he had feveral Attacks of an irregular Fever, occasioned by the bad Quality of the Pus that was supplied by the difeafed Parts.

Certificate of Mr. Faget.

" Y Sworn Surgeon of St. Cime, and to the " Queen, certify, That Mr. F- fuffered " for a long time a Stoppage of Urine, occasioned " by Carnofities in the Urethra, making his Wa-" ter only drop by drop, with great Pain, and at " fome times being subject to total Suppressions, " and at others to an involuntary coming away of " his Urine. He applied to Mr. Daran, Surgeon " in ordinary to the King, in May 1746. who " treated him after his new Method, and per-" fectly cured him, fo that he has enjoyed a per-" fect State of Health for above a Year: It is a " Happiness to Mankind, that he hath found out, by his Care, so efficacious a Remedy for a " Disease justly considered hitherto as incurable.

" Sign'd,

vot nis Water - On account of this Complication.

" Paris, October 2. " 1747. FAGET."

CASE 31.

The Count of -, a Russian, who is mentioned in Case the 24th, desired me, in July 1746. to take upon me the Care of the Prince of -, aged Thirty, a foreign General Officer, who was come to France to feek for a Cure of the Remains of former Gonorrhœas: He had had three; the first went off happily and foon; the second, which was of a worse Nature, was not perfectly cured; and a third renewed the fame Symptoms, and with more Violence. After a long Use of Remedies which were not known to the Patient, the Running feemed to ftop; but it appeared again upon the least Excess whatsoever. Tired of this alternative Change of apparent Health, and real Illness, perceiving, besides, that the Stream of his Water leffened, and that there was a Stoppage of it, he opened his Case to the Count of C-, who fent him to me. I fearched him July the 15th, in Presence of Mr. de Lapeyronie, and found in the Urethra three fungous Excrescences, two at the excretory Ducts of the Proftatæ, and a small one near the Verumontanum. I treated him after my Method, and in four Months he was fo well, that Mr. de Lapeyronie thought him capable of returning to his own Country.

Certificate of M. de Lapeyronie.

"I, First Surgeon and Physician to the King in Consultation, do certify, That I saw, under the Care of Mr. Daran, the Person mentioned in the thirty-first Case, with Carno-

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" fities in the Uretbra, and a virulent Running, " which he was perfectly cured of by the Use " of his Remedies.

" Signed,

" Verfailles, " April 4. 1747. LAPEYRONIE." elegation and to the south of the fire

CASE 32.

The Baron of ---- defired me, in July 1746. to take care of Mr. de V-, aged Thirty-five, a Hessian Officer, who was come to France on purpose to get Relief for some dreadful Remains of three Gonorrhœas which he had contracted in the Space of four Years. The first had been pretty mild; the fecond, which was worfe, was not yet cured when he contracted a third, which renewed the Symptoms, and even increased them; the Running, which every now-and-then feemed to ftop, appeared again upon the leaft Occasion. Fearing the Consequences which the Diminution of the Stream of his Urine threatened, and not being able to make Water without Pain and Difficulty, he opened his Cafe to the Baron of -, who fent him to me. I fearched him in Presence of M. de Rabours, and M. Morand, and found in the Urethra three different callous Carnosities in the middle of the Paffage, and the other two near the Veficulæ Seminales. I treated him after my new Method, and he got so well in about four Months, that he was able to return to his own Country.

Certificate of M. de Rabours.

"I, Doctor-Regent of the Faculty of Physic of Paris, certify, That I was sent for towards "the latter end of last Summer, with Mr. Daran, Surgeon, to visit a foreign Nobleman who la-"boured under a Stoppage of Urine, occasioned by " Obstacles in the Urethra, in consequence of one " or more Gonorrhæas. Engaged more by Curiofity than Necessity, I daily attended to fee the " Effects of the Candles which that Surgeon makes " use of in the Cure of these Diseases. I am con-" vinced, that it is by suppurating the Carnosities, " and afterwards deterging the Ulcers, that he fo "happily cures these Disorders. This Nobleman had been troubled with this Complaint for five "Years: The Inefficacy of feveral Remedies he " had used, obliged him to come to Paris, to put himself under the Care of the above-mentioned " Mr. Daran, who perfectly cured him: In proof whereof I have figned the present Certificate.

er Paris, March 31. " 1747. DE RABOURS."

A washing contained

" Signed,

C A S E 33.

M. B _____, aged Forty-five, Merchant at Paris, from the Year 1716. which was the Fourteenth of his Age, to 1736. had at least thirteen Gonorrhœas: The first was attended with two Buboes, one in the right Groin, and the other in the Axilla. He perceived in 1736. the Stream of his Urine to lessen, which daily grew worse to

1744. He had then a Suppression, which continued 24 Hours, and which was reliev'd by the Introduction of the Catheter, which gave the Surgeon much Trouble, and the Patient a great deal of Pain. The Catheter was left in the Bladder four Days: From that time he had no Suppression of Urine, but always a great difficulty in making it, it coming frequently away only drop by drop, with much Heat, and depositing a thick slimy Settlement. In this Condition he was obliged to give over Riding, which his Business, however, requir'd; and applied to me, by the advice of Mr. Morand, September 24. 1746. I fearched him in his Presence, and found in the Urethra feveral Obstacles produced by fungous Excrescences: One of them, that was much more confiderable than the rest, was situated in the middle of the Passage. I made use of my Remedies, and he was perfectly well in four Months and an half.

This Patient is one of the feven mentioned in

Mr. Morand's Certificate.

C A S E 34.

peared fometimes in a Morning. A Year after, being in the Country, he was feized with the first Suppression: This having given Way, he used the Leaden Probes every Night, which procured him some Relief; but in 1743. after riding on Horseback an hundred Leagues, he had another Retention of Urine, which was extremely painful, and continued twenty-four Hours: It was treated after the usual manner, and he took notice, that the first drops that came out, gave him as much Pain as if they had been melted Lead. Three Months afterwards, after a Journey of fifty Leagues, he had almost as bad a Suppression, which was followed by a fourth when he got home. As the Surgeon who took care of him in his third Suppression, had told him that the Cure was only palliative, he from that time determined to come and confult me; but his Defign was suspended by a fresh Gonorrhoea. which lafted him fix Months. I fearched him in Prefence of Mr. Cafaubon, and found on the excretory Ducts of Cowper's Glands, an Ulcer with very callous Edges, and, before I came to it, feveral small Inequalities, produced by fpungy Flesh. I apply'd my Remedies; but as he would not debar himself from any Pleasure, he was five Months under Hand, and then I got Mr. Cafaubon to attest his Cure.

Certificate of Mr. Cafaubon.

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" after his Cure: In proof whereof I have deli-

" Signed,

" Paris, October 5.

CASAUBON."

CASE 35.

After having had feveral mild Gonorrhœas, in 1723. Mr. L _____, of T _____, aged Fifty-eight, contracted one of a more ferious Nature, which aftringent Injections feemed to have cured: However, in the Year 1731. and the following Years, he had frequent Retentions of Urine, fome of which continued ten Hours: From 1734. he had the good Fortune to continue free from this Complaint; there only remained a confiderable Diminution of the Stream of his Water, and a Difficulty of making it; but the Suppressions returning in 1745. and continuing for above twenty-four Hours with insupportable Pain, he was advised to apply to me, which he did; he observed to me besides, that he had commonly no Emission in Coition, and that it gave him Pain. I fearched him in the Presence of M, Master-Surgeon; and found two Obstructions in the Uretbra, the one fungous, a little beneath the Fossa Navicularis, and the other more callous, a little on this Side the Verumontanum; neither of them was ulcerated: My Remedies procured a Discharge so acrid and virulent, that it gave him much Pain; but it foon went off, and in two Months I thought him perfectly cured, when I perceived, that the first Obstacle which should have yielded first, had left in the Passage fome remains, which might cause a Relapse. I was obliged therefore to apply fresh Remedies, which I con-

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I continued near fix Weeks; after which he was perfectly cured.

Mr. de Lapeyronie was acquainted with this Cafe,

as will appear by the following Certificate.

Certificate of M. de Lapeyronie.

"I, First Physician, and Surgeon to the King in Consultation, certify, That I saw, under the

"Care of Mr. Daran, the Person mentioned in Case the 35th, who had Carnosities in the Uretbra,

and a virulent Running, which he was perfectly

" cured of by his Remedies.

" Verfailles, Apr. 4.

" Sign'd,

" LAPEYRONIE."

CASE 36.

In October 1745. a Person aged Forty-five came to me, who had an unhappy Complication of the worst Disorders which succeed to ill-treated Gonorrhœas, viz. a Fistula in Perinæo, thro' which the Urine drained itself, a callous Ulcer in the middle of the Uretbra, and another near the excretory Ducts of the Proftate, a Retention, Heat, and Incontinence of Urine, a Tenesmus, and a virulent Running. The Singularity of the Case made me defirous of having it attefted by Men of Eminence. I therefore defired Mr. Boyer, Surgeon, to wait upon Mr. Aftruc, Physician to the King in Consultation, and Doctor-Regent of the Faculty of Physic of Paris, with Mr. N-, who made him the fame Confession he had made to me before, That after two pretty mild Gonorthœas, he had in 1732. a third, which ran eight Months, and was stopt

at last by astringent Injections; that in 1736. he contracted another, which appeared to be cured in two Months time; that he had perceived, that the Stream of his Urine constantly lessened, which Symptom was fo much increased in 1738. that he had frequent Retentions of Urine; that for some time he had not made Water without great Straining; and laftly, that he could not make it without introducing a Probe: Such was his Condition till 1740. when, whether the Obstacles were grown larger, or for some other Reason, the Suppressions of Urine lasted longer, some even three Days: He was only relieved by Candles, which he used for fix Months, and which enabled him to make Water in a full Stream; but this Cure was only palliative; for a Fortnight after he had left them off, the Stream of his Water leffened again, and continued leffening till 1742. This Year a continual Incontinence of Urine began to afflict him; the Year following a Swelling appeared in Perinao, which opened of itself, and was dreffed as usual, in Expectation of healing it; but the Urine constantly came through the Opening, and there remained a Fistula: Such was his Situation when I fearched him. I have mentioned above the Particulars of his Cafe. Notwithstanding this cruel Complication of Disorders, he was perfectly cured in two Months time by my Method. He then waited upon Mr. Aftruc, who, fearing a Relapfe, defired the Patient to call on him frequently. He faw him fifteen Months after, in better Health than ever.

Certificate of M. Boyer.

"I, Anthony Boyer, Surgeon-Major of the Horfe"Grenadiers, in the Service of his C. M. do
"certify, That Mr. N—, in Confequence of
"feveral Gonorrhœas, was for a long time af"flicted with feveral Carnofities, which fill'd up the
"Urethra, a Fiftula in Perinæo, a purulent Running, and an involuntary coming away of his
"Urine; and he was perfectly cured in two
"Months by Mr. Daran, Master-Surgeon, by the
"Means of his new Method of treating the Dif"eases of the Urethra: I moreover declare,
that this Patient was examined by Mr. Astruc,
"Physician, both before and after his Cure.

« Paris, Apr. 17.

" Signed,

BOYER."

CASE 37.

About ten Years ago Mr. M———, aged 50, Merchant, had a Gonorrhæa which left a slight Running, which was looked upon as a Weakness. Taking Notice two or three Years afterwards, that the Stream of his Urine lessened, he applied to Mr. ———, who promised to stop the Running, and free the Passage; but the Running proving obstinate, this Surgeon likewise stiled it a Weakness, or Relaxation of the Vessels. The Patient, observing that the Stricture of the Passage grew worse, applied to the Widow of his last Surgeon, who was lately dead, for some of the same Candles

he us'd before: All the good they did was, dilating the Passage for some Days. About three Years ago he had an Instammation of the Scrotum, caus'd by a Reflux of the virulent Matter upon that Part; it was cur'd by Emollients, and mercurial Frictions on the Legs and Feet: But these Remedies were so far from curing the Stoppage of Urine, that, two Years ago, he had a total Suppression, which made him suffer greatly for six Days. It was shortly after this Accident that he put himself under my care: I found two callous Ulcers on this side the Verumontanum, pretty near each other; and I got Messieurs Nibell and Plunkett to attest his Case. He was perfectly cur'd in forty-eight Days, as the following Certificates shew.

Certificate of M. Nihell.

"I, Doctor of Physic of the Faculty of Rheims, certify, That M. M..... Merchant, had been afflicted with a purulent Gleet for above six Years, and with an inveterate Strangury, which no one of the Profession had been able to cure, till he put himself under the care of M. Da"ran; who stopp'd the Running, and cur'd the Strangury, in forty-eight Days. In Proof whereof, I have sign'd the present Certificate.

" Paris, Jan. 30.

" Sign'd,

66 NIHELL. 51

Certificate of M. Plunkett.

"I Certify, as above; having feen the fame Patient, both before and after his Cure.

" Paris, March 26.

" Sign'd,

" PLUNKETT, M.D."

CASE 38.

One of the Domesticks of M. D..... Counfellor in Parliament, nam'd J..... F..... aged Thirty, contracted a Gonorrhœa at Brussels, and was under Cure for fix Months; after which time his Surgeon affur'd him, that he was well, tho' a virulent Gleet still remain'd, and a Stoppage of his Water, which oblig'd him to come to Paris: After having confulted fome People, very eminent for the Cure of these Complaints, and us'd several Remedies, by their direction, he was advis'd to the leaden Probe, which made no alteration in his condition; it was growing worse, when I found, upon fearching him, two callous Ulcers, near the Verumontanum, and a very virulent Discharge. Before I began his Cure, I infifted on his having his Cafe attested by Messieurs Le Thieullier and Nape, his Majesty's Physician and Surgeon; after this Preliminary, Hus'd my Remedies, and perfectly cur'd him in fix Months.

Certificate of M. Le Thieullier.

" I Doctor-Regent of the Faculty of Physic in the " University of Paris, Counsellor, Physician in " Ordinary to his Majesty in his Great Council, and " in the Provostship of France, certify, That J " F..... one of the Domesticks of M. D..... " Counsellor in the Parliament of Paris, having " contracted a Gonorrhœa at Brussels in 1739. and " having been unfuccefsfully treated, as well by the " Surgeons of that Place, as by three Surgeons of " St. Come at Paris, for near fix Months; com-" mitted himself to the care of M. Daran, the 2d " of last November: I was Witness of his Case, " which was the more dangerous, and the lefs likely " to be cur'd, as the most distinguish'd Surgeons " had us'd all the common Methods; in spite of " which, a Strangury had fucceeded, and to that was " join'd a purulent and fordid Running: But, after " an exact examination of the aforesaid F..... "I find with pleasure, that all his Complaints are " vanish'd; and I readily render all the Justice " due to the real Merit of the aforesaid M. Da-" ran in this Part of Surgery, in which he hath " fucceeded the better, and will hereafter make the " greater progrefs, as he confines himfelf to Sur-" gery only, and calls in the affiftance of Phyficians " in those Cases which require Internals. In Proof " whereof, I have fign'd and deliver'd the prefent " Certificate.

" Paris, Aug. 11.

" Sin'd,

" LE THIEULLIER."

CASE 39.

All the Circumstances of the Disease of M. H.... aged Thirty-four, Embroiderer, at Paris, are sufficiently explain'd in the Certificate of M. Serres; and, to avoid Repetition, I shall only transcribe it.

Certificate of M. Serres.

Sworn Surgeon of the City of Montpelier, certify, That, coming to Paris, about some "Business, and waiting, during my short stay, upon " M. Daran, famous for the Diseases of the Urethra; " among feveral Patients which I faw at his house, "there was an Embroiderer, who, relating to me " his terrible condition, told me, that, on account of of four Gonorrhoeas, contracted within the twelve " last Years, and for which he had always gone " thro' a course of Medicine, he was afflicted with " a most cruel Strangury, his Urine not coming " away without violent Straining, great Pain, and in " a double Stream; and, moreover, that the Paffage " was fometimes intirely ftopp'd up, and the Urine " came then only drop by drop, without intermif-" fion: He added, farther, that this was his fitua-"tion, when he put himfelf under the hands of a " famous Surgeon, who us'd Remedies unfucceff-" fully for twelve Months; that then, lofing patience, " and a fiftulous Abscess being form'd in Perinae, " which constantly gave iffue to the Urine; he ap-" ply'd to another Surgeon, who, after a long treat-" ment, advis'd him, as a friend, to do nothing " more; affuring him, that his Difease was incurable. " I declare, That I was Witness of this Strangury " and Fistula; that I faw the Patient under the care of M. Daran, who, by the use of his Candles, in " twelve 3 6 4

" twelve Days penetrated to the Bladder, and caus'd

" him to make Water in a full Stream, to my afto-

" nishment: And I by no means doubt, but that he

" foon after attain'd a perfect Cure. In Proof

" whereof, I have fign'd the present Certificate.

" Paris, Dec. 15.

" Sign'd,

" SERRES."

The Diforder which I found in the *Uretbra* of this Patient, whom I shew'd to M. Plunkett, M. D. was a long callous Carnosity, reaching from the Glans to the Fossa Navicularis, and a sistulous Ulcer near the Verumontanum: After the use of my Candles for twelve Days, I discover'd another fordid Ulcer penetrating to the Anus, thro' which the Urine had likewise a vent, with insupportable Pain. Altho' I make the Diseases of the *Uretbra* my sole business in general, which find me sufficient employment, I resolv'd to undertake this Ulcer, for several Reasons:

First, That, the *Urethra* being in as good a state as I could desire, it appear'd hard to leave the Pa-

tient in this condition.

Secondly, I was certain of the efficacy of my

Remedy.

Thirdly, The Patient had not only drain'd his Purse, in seeking for a Cure; but his inability to work, for a long time, had reduced him to want.

Fourthly, He could not bring himself to a resolution of letting any-body else into the knowlege of his Case. I, accordingly, undertook the Ulcer of the Anus, and cur'd him perfectly, in sour Months.

Certificate of M. Plunkett.

" T Doctor of Physic, certify, That M. H Embroiderer, aged about Thirty, came to " consult me upon a Disease of the Urethra, which " he had labour'd under for about twelve Years. " Upon hearing his Recital, and observing his Case, " I judg'd it incurable; however, knowing the ex-" traordinary Cures which M. Daran perform'd in " these complaints, I advis'd him to go and consult " him; and, accordingly, I took him with me. " M. Daran search'd him, in my presence, and found " in the Passage a callous Carnosity, which he judg'd " to be long, and fituated near the Fossa Navicu-" laris: He had, besides, an Ulcer near the Veru-" montanum. After he had us'd his Sounds about " twenty Days, he fent for me again, to let me know, "that he had discover'd another fistulous Ulcer in " the Anus, thro' which I faw the Urine issue, with " extraordinary Pain. Altho' I knew that M. Da-" ran confin'd himself to the Diseases of the Ure-" thra, which find him fufficient employment, and 66 that this was a different affair; yet, as it might 66 prove tedious, and as the Patient was reduced " to the last necessity by his being render'd inse capable of getting his livelihood, I defir'd him " to undertake the poor Wretch, who must, else, infallibly perish for want of Subsistence. He im-" mediately yielded to my Proposal, from no other " Motive than that of Charity, which puts him " upon engaging in these Cases: About five Months " after, I had the fatisfaction of feeing this Patient " making Water in a full Stream, the Ulcer cica-" triz'd, and the Fistula clos'd; in short, he was " perfectly cur'd of all his complaints, and has con" tinu'd well a Twelvemonth. In Proof whereof, I

" have fign'd the present Certificate.

" Paris, March 28,

" Sign'd,

" PLUNKETT, M. D."

C A S E 40.

The Count a German Nobleman, aged Twenty-eight, contracted, August 1. 1741. his fourth Gonorrhæa, which was hardly cur'd when he contracted a fifth; but as his fervice requir'd great affiduity, he took great care of himfelf, and thought himself cur'd in April 1742. He had no Pain in Erection, or in making Water; he only felt, in Coition, a flight Pain under the Prepuce, and observ'd fome Stains upon his Shirt: Shortly after he found that he made Water with Pain, that his Shirt continu'd to be stain'd, and sometimes with Blood; and that the feat of the Pain was the fame with that he had formerly felt in Coition, and in another Part farther in the Passage; that his Urine was fork'd; and that Injections gave him much Pain, as well at the entrance of the Urethra, as farther in: Leaden Probes. and Injections, continu'd for five Weeks, produced no other advantage befides that of making the Blood disappear; the Probes were stopp'd by Excrescences in their introduction; and there always came a little Matter without any Discoloration; nothing came out, upon preffing the Penis, except a drop when he awoke in the Morning; he felt much Pain, in nocturnal Emissions, under the Prepuce; as, also, in making Water; whence he concluded, that there was a Fiftula in that Part: Such were the Symptoms, which oblig'd him to come from Drefden to confult me, determin'd by the Cure of feveral of his friends. I fearch'd him, in the presence of M. De Rabours. Rabours, and found in the Urethra two callous Ulcers, one on this fide, and the other beyond the Verumontanum; in a Month the Ulcers were deterg'd, and the Callosities melted down; and as the Patient was in great haste to depart, and as there was nothing to fear, I gave him leave to set out for Dresden, supply'd with every thing that was necessary to accomplish his Cure, which was perfected two Months after, as he did me the honour to inform me, by Letter.

Certificate of M. De Rabours.

"I, Doctor-Regent of the Faculty of Physic of Paris, do certify, That I was sent for, towards the latter end of last Summer, with M. .. Daran, Surgeon, to visit a foreign Nobleman who " had a Stoppage of Urine, occasion'd by Obstru-" ctions in the Uretbra from one or feveral virulent Gonorrhœas: Out of curiofity, more than neces-" fity, I daily attended, to fee the effects of M. Da-" ran's Bougies; they caus'd a Suppuration of the " Body which form'd the Obstacle, which continu'd " till it was quite destroy'd; he then got his Bougie " farther; and, when he was ftopp'd by another Ob-" ftacle, the same Practice produced the same effect, " and fo on, to a third and fourth. This Noble-" man had labour'd under this Complaint for eleven "Years: The infufficiency of feveral Remedies, " which he had us'd, oblig'd him to come to Paris " to put himself under the care of M. Daran, who se perfectly cur'd him. In Proof whereof, I have " fign'd the prefent Certificate.

" Paris, March 31.

" Sign'd,

" DE RABOURS."

CASE 41.

M. H aged Thirty, Captain in the Regiment of was well cur'd of his first Gonorrheea, which, however, lasted him fix Months: He ran the same risque in 1740. and contracted another. attended with fuch cruel Pain, that he was not able to walk: After being under Cure for five Months, without hardly receiving any benefit, he had recourfe to the same Surgeon who cur'd him of the first; and all his endeavours, which were indeed interrupted by a Journey, only leffen'd the Running, which became inconfiderable; but a Dyfury still remain'd, with Pain in Perinæo; and every now-andthen he had Suppressions of Urine, but they were but flight. In 1742. he us'd medicated Candles, which at first occasion'd a great Irritation and Hæmorrhage; but a continuance of them for a Month, affifted with other Remedies, Injections in particular, reduced the Running almost to nothing: He made his Water a little better; but there remain'd a Pain in Perinco. The Remedies having been discontinu'd during the Winter of 1743. he had a Retention of Urine, which he reliev'd with a Candle, which procur'd an iffue to his Water: During the Campaigns of 1743. and 1744. the Disease made no sensible progress; in 1745. he was falivated at Montpelier, and was directed to use the leaden Probes, which procur'd a free Paffage to the Urine; but the Running continu'd, notwithstanding the use of the Balsam of Canada. Having ferv'd two Months in Flanders, the Pain in Perinæo, and difficulty of making Water, return'd upon him, and the Running became more plentiful: He apply'd to a skilful Surgeon, whose Remedies quieted all the Symptoms; but, as he was oblig'd to omit them, to go to the Siege of Bruffels, they all return'd, in fuch a manner, on account of the fatigue, that.

that, on the 20th of December, 1746. he had, all day, a remarkable difficulty in making Water, which the next day degenerated into a total Suppression: The Surgeon was above half an hour in introducing the Catheter, which he, at last, got into the Bladder; the 23d he was oblig'd to have recourse to the same means; it was again attempted on the 24th, but an Hæmorrhage was occasion'd by it; the usual Emollients were made use of, with different success, at different times: but the difficulty constantly remaining, November 25. the Patient came from Lille to Paris, to be under my care. I fearch'd him, in the prefence of M. Bouniols, and found a fungous Ulcer in the middle of the Urethra, and, a few Days after, a fecond, near the Verumontanum; they occasion'd a virulent Running. I immediately began his Cure, which was intirely effected in three Months and an

Certificate of M. Bouniols,

I Doctor of Physic of the University of Mont-1, pelier, Physician to the King at Fontainebleau, " formerly Physician in Ordinary to the Duchess of " Lorrain, certify, That M. Captain of . Foot, who is the subject of the 41st Case, had been " ill of the Difease, there related, for many Years; " and that he was perfectly cur'd by M. Daran, Sur-" geon, by his new Method of treating the Diseases of the Urethra; having feen and examin'd him, 66 both before and after his Cure. I ought to add, " that it is with pleasure I see Surgery imbellish'd, by " the Pains of M. Daran, with a Remedy that cures " the most common Disease that is, perhaps, met " with among Mankind, which, at last, miserably " destroys the greatest part of those who are af-66 flicted with it, and which the most skilful Men, ee of

" of all ages, after infinite pains, have been oblig'd " to give over as incurable. In Proof whereof, I

" have fign'd the present Certificate.

" Paris, Apr. 4. " 1746.

" Sign'd,

" BOUNIOL."

CASE 42.

A Counfellor of Montpelier had a Gonorrhœa ill treated in 1733. and felt, two Years after, a great Heat in his Water, which he could only make drop by drop; from that time he always made Water with Pain, and had total Suppressions, upon heating himfelf ever fo little, which constantly put his Life in danger. In 1743. he had one, attended with a Tenesmus, which continu'd three whole Days: The Reflux of Urine into the Blood caus'd a continual Fever, and he was then given over; he was, befides. extremely uneasy in his mind, and with too much reason, as the most skilful Persons of the Profession had told him, that his Difease was incurable: Knowing, however, that the Persons which I cur'd at Marfeilles were in a worse condition than himself, he set out from Montpelier to come to Paris, and put himfelf under my care; but, on the Road, he had a most terrible Suppression, which was near costing him his Life. I fearch'd him, in the presence of M. Poujade. Surgeon, and found two Ulcers in the Urethra, one about the middle of it, and the other near the Verumontanum. I cur'd him in three Months and an half, or thereabouts. Besides M. Poujade, M. Molin, Physician to the King in Consultation, was Witness of my Success.

Certificate of M. Molin.

"I Doctor of Physic of the Faculty of Montpe"lier, and Physician to the King in Consulta"tion, do certify, That I learn'd from M.....
"Counsellor of the Court of Aids of the same
"City, that he went from thence to put himself
"under the care of M. Daran, Surgeon in Ordinary
to the King, for a Suppression of Urine, occafion'd by a Gonorrhæa contracted in 1733. which
had produced Carnosities in the Uretbra, which frequently put his Life in danger, and for a virulent
Running besides; of which Complaints, he told
me, he got perfectly cur'd in about four Months.
In Proof whereof, I have sign'd the present Certificate.

" Paris, Sept. 14.

sign'd,

" MOLIN."

Certificate of M. Poujade.

I Privileg'd Surgeon of the King for secret Discrete, eases, do certify, That M. Counsellor of Montpelier, having had a Gonorrhoea in 1733. which he neglected, was seiz'd with a cruel Strangury two Years after, which, in spite of all the Remedies he afterwards us'd at Montpelier, and elsewhere, continually increas'd, the Patient, from that time, never making Water but with very violent Pain, and having frequent Suppressions of Urine, which always expos'd his Life to the most imminent danger; which determin'd him to come

to Paris to put himself in the hands of M. Daran, well known for his vast success in all Diseases
of the Urethra. I do certify, That I saw the
aforesaid Patient, before he was under Cure, shortly
after his arrival at Paris; and that I examin'd
him again, when he left M. Daran, and found
him perfectly cur'd of his old Gonorrhæa and
Strangury; in a word, enjoying perfect Health.
In Proof whereof, I have sign'd the present Certissicate.

" Paris, Feb. 23.

" Sign'd,

" POUJADE."

CASE 43.

M. R..... an old Officer, aged Fifty, had three Gonorrhœas, the last one-and-thirty Years ago: In the Year 1720. he first perceiv'd, that he did not make Water in a full Stream; he had constantly a Gleet, which was stopp'd by M. Alliés; old M. Divernet succeeded in dilating the Passage perfectly, for a time; but, during the Campaigns of 1734. and 1735. the Stream of his Urine daily diminish'd. Bougies were again apply'd: The Introduction of one of them, that was too large, gave him Pain, and there shortly after came on an Inflammation, which reach'd from the end of the Penis to the Perinaum, where the Patient felt fmart Pains: An Abscess form'd there, which was well cur'd, but the Pain always continu'd, though Remedies were us'd to take it off; henceforth the Patient could not get on horseback, or eat a little more than usual, without perceiving a tension in that part; this oblig'd him to have recourse again to Bougies, which somewhat dilated the Passage, but increas'd the Pain of the Perinæum: The Disease degenerating into a Stran-

gury in 1741. the Bougies were again us'd, with the fame effect; in 1744. he was taken ill of a Fever, which turn'd to a Quartan; his Urine became very fetid, and deposited a large Sediment, and the Strangury follow'd: This disposition of the Urine always remain'd, and at the bottom of the Chamber-pot there was generally a very tenacious Matter, as thick as one's little Finger. In October he had a return of his Strangury, with a violent Fever, which was treated by M. Balieu, his Physician, who advis'd him to apply to me. I was then fent for, and fearch'd him, in the presence of that Physician: I found, in the middle of the Uretbra, an Ulcer, with fungous edges, which were fo much fwell'd, that the Urine could not pass, even with the utmost Straining: He was brought to my House, as we had agreed, but, during a Journey, which I was oblig'd to make, to Fontainebleau, he had fo cruel an Ischury, that he was oblig'd to fend for M. De la Faye, to introduce the Catheter; in which he happily fucceeded: In the way he broke an Abscess, which corresponded with the Perinæum, where the Patient had always felt the Pain; there was discharg'd from it much fetid Pus, and the Urine afterwards came out: The Catheter was left in the Bladder four whole Days, and on the fifth I put in its room one of my Sounds, which I repeated once in twenty-four Hours; for fo far is a constant use of them from causing the least Pain, that they procure a considerable Relief. A plentiful Suppuration destroy'd the Fungus of the Ulcer, which was deterg'd, as well as the Abscess of the Perinaum; and the Patient was cur'd in four Months. By that time he had us'd my Remedies twelve Days, his Fever was intirely gone off.

Certificate of M. De Balieu.

I, Doctor of Physic, and Physician in ordinary to the King, do certify, That M. an " old Officer of Foot, had long fuffer'd a constant 66 Stoppage of Urine from Carnolities in the Urethra, "which were owing to ill-treated Gonorrhœas; " and that he had had fevere Suppressions of Urine. " He was, particularly, in October 1746. feiz'd with " one so violent, that his Life was greatly in danger; " and as he found no relief from the usual Reme-" dies, I advis'd him to go to M. Daran, Surgeon " in ordinary to the King; who immediately began " to treat him, after his new Method, with fuch " fuccess, that he has ever since enjoy'd a perfect State " of Health. We are certainly highly oblig'd to this "Surgeon for the Pains he has taken to arrive at fo " happy a Discovery, for the Good of those unhappy " Persons who are afflicted with so cruel a Disease.

4 Paris, Nov. 4.

" Sign'd,

" DE BALIEU."

CASE 44.

M. Le D..... aged Sixty, a Person of the first Distinction, contracted, out of the Kingdom, a Gonorrhoea, which was perfectly well cur'd in three Months; but he was not so happy in 1733. A treatment of seven Months did not stop the Running of a second, which was attended with the most severe Symptoms: He perceiv'd, shortly after, that the Stream of his Water was lessen'd, and that he could not make it without Straining. The Symptoms continuing to increase for two Years, he came to Paris

Paris to recover his Health: Several of the most eminent Persons were consulted, and the Remedies they us'd, one in particular, for a whole Year, were attended with fo little fuccefs, notwithstanding the hopes they had given him, that, in 1743. he had feveral total Retentions of Urine, which continu'd forty-eight Hours, with inexpressible Torture; he then apply'd to a Person of the first Character, who did not, indeed, promife him any service, nor did he procure him any during a treatment of two Years; his principal Remedy was leaden Probes, which very often did not pass the first Obstruction of the Urethra, and did not in the least help the total Suppresfions: From hence he consider'd his Disease as incurable, feeing that eight Years past in Remedies had not prevented it from growing worfe. When he heard of me, he fent to me, with M. Molin's knowlege, the 17th of November 1746. I fearch'd him, and found a fungous Excrescence about the middle of the Uretbra, and on the Verumontanum a fecond, which was callous and ulcerated, which I treated after my Method; but the great use of improper Remedies had render'd the Disease stubborn, which was the reason he was not cur'd in less than five Months. This Patient is well known by M. Molin, who has certify'd his Cure.

Certificate of M. Du Molin.

I Doctor of Physic of the Faculty of Montpelier, and Physician to the King in Consultation, do certify, That M. Le D.... a Perfon of the first Distinction, whom I knew to have
been afflicted with a Disease in his Urethra, he having several times consulted me about it, which
was owing to Gonorrhœas contracted in his
Youth, which having produced Carnosities, or

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fome other Obstruction, render'd him subject to total Suppressions, told me, That he was radically

" cur'd of all his Complaints by the Remedies of

"M. Daran, Surgeon in ordinary to the King. In Proof whereof, I have fign'd the prefent Cer-

" tificate.

" Paris, July 2.

" Sign'd,

" Du Molin."

CASE 45.

In November 1746. M. De la Peyronie desir'd me to see M. Le Chevalier of aged Thirty, who, in confequence of a Gonorrhœa which he had contracted in Bavaria in 1740. far from being reliev'd by the Remedies he took, observ'd, soon after, a diminution of the Stream of his Urine, which made fuch a rapid progress, that he had several Retentions. He was falivated; but the Relief he reap'd by it was but of a short continuance; and soon after the Symptoms became more violent, and the Retentions more frequent: He had, besides, an Incontinence of Urine; he was falivated again, without receiving the least benefit: A famous Surgeon of Paris falivated him a third time, telling him, that the former two had not been properly administred; but the fuccess did not answer: He afterwards us'd several Remedies, to no purpose; and at last, in great distress, apply'd to M. De la Peyronie, who directed him to me, as I have already faid. I discovered two Carnofities in the Uretbra, and afterwards, near the excretory Ducts of the Proftate, an Ulcer, from which proceeded the Running. This Patient was cur'd in three Months, or thereabouts.

Certificate of M. De la Peyronie.

"I, First Surgeon and Physician to the King in Confultation, do certify, That I saw, and committed to the care of M. Daran, the Person men-

"tion'd in the 45th Case, who had Carnosities in the Urethra, and a virulent Running; which he

" was perfectly cur'd of by the use of his Remedies.

" Verfailles, Apr. 4.

" Sign'd,

" LA PEYRONIE."

CASE 46.

The Reader will find here the terrible effects, that ensu'd from a Gonorrhœa contracted a great many Years before. M. G..... aged Sixty, had this Difease in 1708. and tho' it was of a pretty malignant nature, it was cur'd in two Months: Four Years after he made his Water with more difficulty, and he had a total Retention, which was reliev'd, at last, by the Catheter, but not without much difficulty: Four Years pass'd after this accident, and he found no inconvenience; but, after that time, the Stream of his Urine decreas'd, and the Heat grew more violent. To prevent any bad Confequences, he was directed to the use of leaden Probes, and cloth Sounds, which he did till 1744. he had, notwithstanding, the same Year, a second Retention, much more fevere; for which the Catheter was pass'd up again, but with more difficulty than the first time: It was left in the Bladder forty Days, either on account of the difficulty of drawing it out, or because they were afraid of causing an Irritation in doing it; how-

however, it was necessary to be done, at last; and the Patient then found two Orifices in the Urethra, one at the extremity of the Glans, and two Fingers breadth lower a Fistula, through which the Urine constantly drained itself, not one drop passing the natural way. Having pass'd seven or eight Months without having any Pain in making Water, the Stream of it leffen'd again, and the Pain return'd; it continu'd till August 1746. when he had a third Retention, which lasted three Days, and gave way, at last, to a vast quantity of Remedies, which procur'd a plentiful discharge of a glewy Matter for two Months: The Pain afterwards leffen'd, but had return'd, for fome time, when I was consulted. I saw the Patient, in the presence of M. De Rabours: I found the Paffage intirely stopp'd up, the Sound entering no more than two Lines: This Excrescence reach'd to the Fistula, that is to fay, to two Fingers breadth below the Glans. Introducing the Bougies thro' the Fistula, I found, on this side the Sphincter of the Bladder, three callous Obstacles, very near each other, and an Ulcer, which had produced, for thirty Years, a virulent Running: The Patient told me then, that he should think himself very happy, if I could procure a free Issue to the Water through the Fistula; but he was furpris'd, when I not only promis'd him what he desir'd, but to clear the Passage intirely, to heal the Fiftula, and to stop the Running: And, thank God, I have perform'd my Promise in six Months. Let it not be objected, that this is a great length of time; I think there is no great confinement in using Remedies which, at most, only cause some Pain at the beginning, and don't force the Patient to keep to any Regimen: Those, only, should be impatient, who long to enter into their old Courfes again. This Patient is known to M. De la Richardiere, as appears by his Certificate.

Certificate of M. De la Richardiere.

"I Sworn Master Surgeon of St. Côme, and Sur-

- "Regent, do certify, That I was Witness to the "Truth of all that is contain'd in the 46th Case;
- " and am convinced, that the Method of M. Daran
- " is the furest to destroy Carnosities in the Urethra
- " fucceeding Gonorrheas. In Proof whereof, I
- " have fign'd the prefent Certificate.

" Paris, Nov. 27.

" Sign'd,

" MEHAIGUERY RICHARDIERE."

CASE 47.

Messieurs Bouilbac and Morand advis'd, in December 1746. M. Du aged Fifty, Major of the Regiment of to confult me upon a great Heat of Urine, and a Diminution of the Stream of it; it frequently coming out drop by drop, and fometimes ftopping intirely. These Symptoms began in 1742. and they were the consequence of a Gonorrhœa contracted in 1733. which had been preceded by four others, some well, some ill cur'd, according to conveniencies and circumstances. The Patient had, in the Uretbra, three feveral fungous Excrefcences on this fide the Verumontanum, and between the first and second an Ulcer, which had furnish'd, for above a Year, a virulent Running. I undertook him, and, four Months after, produced him, to Messieurs Bouilhac and Morand, perfectly cur'd.

Certificate of M. Bouilhac.

First Physician to the Dauphin, do certify,
That I saw M. Du.... Major of the Regiment of who had suffer'd greatly, for
many Years, from a Disease in the Urethra, which
cocasion'd frequent Suppressions of Urine; on
which account, he was going to leave the service:
And that I afterwards saw him intirely cur'd, by
the affistance of M. Daran. This Cure, and several others which I have known, make me consider this Remedy as the more valuable, considering the frequency of this Disease, which is productive of painful Death; and for which all
Researches have hitherto prov'd fruitless. In
Proof whereof, I have sign'd the present Certificate.

" Fontainebleau, " Nov. 10. " 1746.

" Sign'd,

" BOUILHAC."

CASE 48.

M. K..... an Armenian, a Native of Ispahan, aged about Fifty, was marry'd at the Age of Twenty-five: Some time after his Marriage he felt Pain in the Urethra, as if there had been Fire throughout the whole length of it. Five Years pass'd without his finding any Relief for his Complaint; it even increas'd; for the Stream of his Urine became less, and it came out only with Straining, and was fork'd. The Remedies he made use of were equally ineffectual, both against the old and new Symptoms: Some time after, he perceiv'd he could not emit the Semen. Oblig'd, on account of commerce, to make a Voyage

a Voyage to Moscow, he consulted the most skilful Physicians and Surgeons of that Capital without benefit: He was troubled, likewise, with a fresh Diforder; his Sight became dim. He then heard of my fuccess, and determin'd to come to France: He arriv'd at Paris in October 1746. I fearch'd him, in the presence of a Persian Physician, Son to the first Physician of the King of Persia, and of M. Jacondildiquel, a Persian, who was our Interpreter: I found feveral Ulcers in the Urethra; the largest of them, which had callous edges, were near the excretory Ducts of Cowper's Glands: In two Months time all the Symptoms were gone, even the Dimnefs of Sight; but the Cure was not radical till a Month after. I prevail'd upon the Patient, notwithstanding his repugnance to it, to give M. Cantwell the History of his Case and Cure.

Certificate of M. Cantwell.

" T Doctor-Regent of the Faculty of Physic of .. I, Paris, do certify, That, in February last, M. "Daran, Surgeon, defir'd me to come to his " House to see M. K Armenian, an inhabit-" ant of Persia, who told me, by an Interpreter, " who was prefent, that he was come to Europe on " purpose to be cur'd of a Disease with which he had " been afflicted for a long time: It confifted in a continual Heat in the Urethra, from which he " fuffer'd extremely; the Passage was so contracted, "that he could not make Water without great "Straining; and in the time of the emission he ob-" ferv'd a total Suppression of the Semen: In this condition he fet out from Amsterdam, where he " had already us'd many Remedies, to no purpose, " to put himself under the care of the aforesaid M. Daran, upon what he had heard of his Method, " from

"from which he had found fuch benefit in three "Months time, that he was as well as if he had

" never had any Diforder in that Part; and that he

" would return to his own Country extremely well

" fatisfy'd. In Proof whereof, I have fign'd the

" present Certificate.

" Paris, April 3.

" Sign'd,

" CANTWELL."

CASE 49.

I was fent for, December 18. 1746. to fee a Perfon, aged Fifty, nam'd M. De B He had fuffer'd, for many Years, a Stoppage of Urine; he had, likewise, a periodical Fever, which return'd every Afternoon between Four and Five o'Clock, and a Loss of Appetite and Sleep: He often made Water, and discharg'd more Pus than Urine, as I perceiv'd in twelve Glasses, which were shewn me at my first Vist. I understood, upon making an Inquiry, that he had had formerly a Gonorrhœa, which was treated after the usual manner: I desir'd him to fend for Messieurs Vernage and Morand, his Physician and Surgeon: The latter us'd all his endeavours to introduce a middle-fiz'd Catheter into the Bladder: but was prevented by an Obstacle near the Verumontanum: I felt, myself, that Obstacle, with one of my Sounds, and promis'd to destroy it in a few Days, fo as to be able to get the Catheter into the Bladder: For either this or the Kidneys were suppos'd affected, from the great quantity of Pus that was discharged with the Urine. Ius'd my Remedies, which in three Days increas'd the Suppuration confiderably; but on the fifth the Stream of his Urine grew larger, and the quantity of Pus leffen'd; the Fever grew likewise better, better, and he began to sleep; on the 8th his Water came in a full Stream, and the Quantity of Pus was remarkably less; on the 15th there was neither Pus nor Fever; he slept well, and his Appetite returned. Mess. Vernage and Morand were extremely surprised at the Essect of my Remedy, and to see, that all the Symptoms were intirely owing to a Disease of the Urethra: In three Months the Patient was intirely cured, except a small slimpid Running, which intirely disappeared in ten Months.

Certificate of Mr. Vernage.

I, Physician, Doctor-Regent of the Faculty of Paris, do certify, That I was desired in December 1746. to visit Mr. de B———, aged about Fifty, at his House in ———, with Mr. Daran, Surgeon in ordinary to the King: The Patient had been afflicted many Years with a Stoppage of Urine, owing to Obstructions in the Uretbra, from one or several virulent Gonorrhœas: He made his Water in a Stream no bigger than a Thread, and frequently drop by drop, and half of it was Pus; he had no Appetite, and could not sleep; he had also had a periodical Fever for some time. I saw him perifectly well cured of all his Complaints by Mr. Daran's Method: In proof whereof I have signed the present Certificate.

" Paris, Aug. 12.

" Signed,

" VERNAGE."

CASE 50.

Mr. de la M---- contracted fixteen Years ago his fecond Gonorrhæa, which never ftopt; three Months after, the right Testicle swelled; and, in spite of Remedies, the Swelling never went intirely down, nor did his Water come out more eafily, tho' the Pains abated. The Running came from an Ulcer near the Prostate; the Patient used other Remedies without preventing an Increase of his Disease, or inlarging the Stream of his Urine; fo far from it, that the Difficulty of making Water became fo confiderable, that in Straining he forced out the Faces, and occasioned the Piles: The Stream of his Water did not exceed a small Thread; it frequently was forked, and fometimes came only drop by drop; when, confulting Mr. Senac concerning another Disease, he persuaded him to put himself under my Care: He came from Liege on purpose, and I fearched him upon his Arrival, in the Prefence of Mr. Lagrave: I found near the Verumontanum an Ulcer with callous Edges, which produced all the Symptoms cited above: They all intirely disappeared in two Months, and he was radically cured.

Certificate of Mr. Lagrave.

I, Master in Surgery, and Surgeon in ordinary to the King in his Artillery, do certify, That I saw and admired the Cure mentioned in the foregoing Case. This Success, joined to others which have fallen within my Knowlege, perfuades me, that Mr. Daran possesses the most efficacious Remedy against Carnosities, and other Diseases

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" Diseases of the Urethra: In proof whereof I have signed the present Certificate.

" Paris, Dec. 3.

" Signed,

" LAGRAVE."

CASE 51.

From three Gonorrhœas which John Rcontracted from 1710. to 1724. the last only proved obstinate; the astringent Injections which were used to suppress it, brought upon one of the Testicles a stubborn Inflammation: After that was dispersed, Remedies were used again, which stopt the Running; but, a few Days after, his Urine came from him with less Force, the Stream of it was less, and it very frequently scalded him: He was relieved from this Heat of Urine, for some Years, by a Surgeon; but was not, however, fecured from feveral Suppressions. In 1743. he used other Remedies, which he was obliged to discontinue, on account of an Inflammation of the Lower Belly, with a Swelling in the Anus: From that time he had a great Stoppage, and continual Heat of Urine. which obliged him to come to me, April the 31st, In fearching him, I found two different 1746. Obstacles in the Urethra; one that was near the excretory Ducts of Cowper's Glands, was very callous: He had, befides, a confiderable Gleet. He was intirely cured by my Method, in four Months; and he has continued well to this time, as appears by the following Certificate.

Certificate of Mr. Malaval.

I Sworn Surgeon, and Surgeon in ordinary to his Majesty in his Parliament-house, do certify, That John R——, Snuff-box-maker, came to me the latter end of April 1746. complaining of a Stoppage of Urine, for which he had been under the Care of several Surgeons, who could not cure him; and telling me, that he designed to put himself under the Hands of Mr. Daran, who, he heard, had great Experience in those kinds of Diseases: And on this Day, December the 9th, 1747. the aforesaid Patient came to me again, affuring me, that he was persectly cured by Mr. Daran's Method, of whom the said Patient gave a great Character, and expressed a very great Satisfaction: In proof whereof I have signed the present Certificate.

" Signed,

" Paris, Dec. 9.

" MALAVAL."

CASE 52.

Mr. de ——, aged Fifty-eight, Captain of a Ship, and Knight of the military Order of St. Louis, from a Gonorrhœa contracted in 1722. which was carelessy treated, had for several Years a Gleet, attended with a slight shooting Pain; but he made his Water with Ease, and had no Pain in Erection: Three Years after, he used several Remedies, which did not procure him any Relief; after this he made several Campaigns, in which he did not live very soberly: In 1743. after a Debauch, where

where he had drank Wine of different Sorts, he had a total Suppression, which continued twentyfour Hours, with great Pain: The Catheter, which the Surgeon could not introduce without great Difficulty, brought away only a fmall Quantity of Urine and Blood: He was obliged to use internal Medicines, which facilitated, for twelve or fifteen Hours, the Exit of the Urine; but in twenty-four Hours the Suppression returned. These Accidents made him observe a strict Regimen for three Years: In the mean time he often made bloody Water, loft his Appetite, had Laffitudes, and violent Pains in his Back: Notwithstanding the Use of a great many Remedies, he had the additional Symptom of an Incontinence of Urine. The Patient hoped, that Change of Air would do him good: In the Country where he went in 1736. his Incontinence of Urine and bloody Discharge were cured; but he had still a Pain in making Water, and it was always forked: The Fatigues of the Service brought back his Incontinence of Urine: He had a Dysury more or less painful, and generally a Strangury; his Water was always greatly loaded; and at the latter end, instead of a ropy Matter, as formerly, his Water was whitish, very thick, and stained the Linen yellow. In June 1746. after fuitable Precautions, Frictions were used to the Penis, Groins, and Perinæum, which did the Patient no good: He was last of all advised to Injections of good Red Wine: All the Good they did, were rendering the inferior Part of the Scrotum and Glans less sensible. Such was his Condition. besides a Tenesmus as often as he made Water, when he fet out from Britany to put himfelf under my Care. I fearched him in Presence of Mr. Molin, and found a kind of Wart towards the middle of the Uretbra, and a fordid Ulcer with callous Edges near the excretory Ducts of the Proftate Gland: I used

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I used my Remedies; and in less than three Months presented him to Mr. Molin perfectly cured. He gave me the following Certificate.

Certificate of Mr. Molin.

"I, Doctor of Physic of the Faculty of Mont-" fultation, do certify, That in April last I was de-" fired to go to the House of Mr. Daran, Sur-" geon in ordinary to the King, to attest the Case " of M. ----, Captain of a Man of War, who " was come from the Coast of Britanny on purpose " to put himself under the Care of the aforesaid " Mr. Daran, for a Disease of his Urethra, which " he had been troubled with about twenty-" five Years: I observed, that it had produced " Obstacles in the Urethra, either Carnosities, or 66 other Substances, which did not suffer the Urine " or Catheter to pass; which had frequently en-"dangered his Life by total Suppressions, and for " fome Years had rendered him subject to an invo-" luntary Dribbling of his Urine. I faw him " about three Months after, perfectly cured of all " his Complaints, and making Water in a full " Stream: In proof whereof I have figned the " present Cirtificate.

" Paris, May 25.

ASSESSED OF

The get being which is we were entre- less

« Signed,

66 MOLIN."

CASE 534

One B——, a Dealer in Hog's-flesh, aged about Forty, from 1730. to 1735. had five Gonorrhœas, which were but ill treated; and the latter ones in particular, aftringent Injections being used: The last was attended with a Chancrous Ulcer on the Prepuce, and Pains throughout his Body, which obliged him to falivate: This carried off all the Symptoms, except the Stoppage of Urine: I should remark, that fix Months before the last Gonorrhæa, he had perceived the Stream of his Urine to leffen; which Diforder grew upon him fo fast, that he came to me February the 22d, 1747. with a total Retention of thirty Hours Continuance, with all the Pains that are only known to those who are fo unhappy as to be tormented with it. I began by discharging the Urine by the particular Remedies which I use for the Ischury: It was caused by a fungous Excrescence in the middle of the Urethra, and a fordid Ulcer near the excretory Ducts of the Seminal Veficles, which produced a virulent Gleet. I presented him, during his Cure, to Mess. Combalusier, Brubier, and Medalon, Doctors of Physic. He was cured by my Method in two Months; and I have fince shewn him to the same Physicians. This Patient was fent me by Mr. Laumonier, Surgeon.

Certificate of Mr. Combalufier.

"I, Doctor of Physic of the University of Montpelier, of the Royal Society of Sciences, and
formerly Professor of the Faculty of Valentia, do
certify, That the Patient of the 53d Case, whom
I saw several times, was happily cured by Mr.

66 Darana

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" a fungous Excrescence of the Urethra, which

" had occasioned it: In proof whereof I have signed

" the present Certificate.

" Paris, October 9.

" Signed,

" COMBALUSIER."

CASE 54.

Mr. de -, aged Thirty, contracted in 1744. a very mild Gonorrhœa, which was treated methodically; and it accordingly foon ftopt: However, a few Days after he left off his Medicines, he observed, that the Stream of his Water was less; which fo far grew upon him, that he had recourse to me February the 3d, 1747. with a very painful Ischury, of twenty-four Hours continuance: He had, however, shortly before, been salivated; which, as is always the Cafe, had not removed the Caufe of the Stoppage. I began by discharging the Water by a Bougie, prepared for that Purpose; and I found in the Passage several fungous Excrescences, which were destroy'd in two Months and an half. I shewed him, during his Cure, to the Physicians named in the preceding Observation:

Certificate of Mr. Combalufier.

I Doctor of Physic of the University of Montpelier, of the Royal Society of Sciences, and
formerly Professor of the Faculty of Valentia, do
attest, That I had ocular proof of the exact
U Truth

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"Truth of what is contained in the 54th Cafe: "In Proof whereof I have signed this Certificate."

. Signed,

" Paris, October 9.

" COMBALUSIER."

C A S E 55.

M. ----, aged Sixty, contracted in 1719, a Gonorrhæa, which continued for three or four Years, by the fame irregular manner of living which had first given rise to it; and, after that time, stopt without any Remedy. About twelve Years ago he began to observe a Diminution in the Stream of his Water; the Discharge of it was foon after attended with Heat; the Disease in time increased in such a manner, that in 1739. he had a total Retention, which continued four Hours; and, to relieve him, Mr. Foubert was obliged to pass the Catheter, which he did with much Difficulty. From that time the Patient had twelve total Retentions, which obliged him to have recourse to the same Expedient: At last, tired of being exposed to frequent Returns of this cruel Difease, he began about two Years ago, to introduce into the Urethra a Catgut, and was making use of that Palliative at the time he put himfelf under my Care. I fearched him in Presence of Mr. Foubert, and found in the Canal feveral Obstacles, and at the Neck of the Bladder, on this fide the Sphincter, an Ulcer which produced the Gleet, which the Patient had been troubled with above 24 Years. As I was obliged to make the use of my Remedies consistent with his way of Business, it was near five Months before he

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was well; and I afterwards presented him to Mr. Foubert, as appears by his Certificate.

Certificate of Mr. Foubert.

" I Surgeon in ordinary to the King in his Parliament-house, and formerly first Surgeon of "the Hospital La Charité, do certify, That " M. - had the Catheter passed in the said " Hospital, and at my House, several times, al-" ways with Difficulty, to discharge his Urine; " and this on account of Carnolities in the Ure-" thra, the usual Consequence of Gonorrhœas which " have been ill-treated or neglected. In this Si-" tuation Mr. Daran began the Treatment of the " above-mentioned M. ---; and I have " fince examined him with a pretty large Bougie, " which I made him introduce into the Urethra, " and which passed with great Ease: Besides, the 6 Patient affured me, that he found himfelf well : " In proof whereof I have figned the present Cer-" tificate.

" Signed,

" Paris, Sept. 24.

FOUBERT."

CASE 56.

It is about thirty Years ago fince M. de la ——; aged about Fifty-two, contracted a very mild Gonorrhæa; the Running continued a whole Year, notwithstanding aftringent Injections, which were early used: From that time to 1746. he had five Diseases of the same kind, which, as he thought, U 2

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were well treated: However, after the first, he began to observe, that the Stream of his Urine was less, and he had several total Retentions, which he did not assign to the true Cause, but to the Gravel, which he is subject to; so that there is all the reason imaginable to suppose, that all his Complaints were owing to his first Gonorrhæa. He came to me February the 28th, 1747. and I searched him in the Presence of M. Procope Couteau. I found in the Urethra an Excrescence of a spungy Nature, near the Prostata, and an Ulcer which occasioned his Gleet. I treated him after my Method, and he was cured in three Months.

Certificate of M. Procope Couteau.

I, Doctor-Regent of the Faculty of Physic in the University of Paris, formerly Professor of the Schools, and actually Professor of Surgery in the French Language, do certify, That M. D——, the Subject of the 56th Case, was under the Care of, and cured by, Mr. Daran, Surgeon in ordinary to the King, of a Stoppage of Urine of a very long continuance, and which subjected him to total Retentions of Urine, occasioned by Carnosities in the Urethra: It is now a Year since his persect Cure.

" Signed,

" MICHEL PROCOPE COUTEAU."

" Paris, October 22.

CASE 57.

The Marquis of _____, an Officer of Distinction, aged Thirty-one, came from the Army in Italy on purpose to confult me about a constant Stoppage and Heat of Urine, and a virulent Gleet: These Complaints were owing to a Gonorrhœa contracted in 1733. which had been preceded by feveral others: Aftringent Injections were used in this last, which contracted the Urethra in fuch a manner, that it proved a difficult matter to relax it again: After this Inconvenience was rectified, the Patient made Water pretty eafily; but the Stream was very flender: This constantly grew upon him; and in 1742. he was attacked with an Ischury: This was relieved by the common Emollients, and eighteen Months paffed pretty quietly: The same Complaint then returned, and it was relieved in the same manner: He was then advised to use the Leaden Probe, which did not prevent feveral total Retentions, or cure the Stoppage and Heat of Urine, or the Gleet: This determined him to apply to me February the 12th, 1747. I found, by the means of my Bougies, an Excrescence near the Verumontanum, and a callous Ulcer on the excretory Ducts of the Seminal Veficles: This, befides the Complaints already mentioned, rendered him impotent, the Emission being imperfect; at least I have reason to attribute to that Cause his want of Children, as both he and his Wife were in the flower of their Age. I undertook him, and perfectly cured him in two Months and an half, with M. Faget's Knowlege; as the following Certificate shews.

Certificate of M. Faget.

I Master-Surgeon, and Surgeon to the Queen, do certify, That I have seen several Patients persectly cur'd of Diseases of the Urethra, by M. Daran's new Method; and him, in particular, who is mention'd in the 57th Case: And that Surgery is greatly indebted to him for the Discovery of an infallible Remedy, which the greatest Masters have hitherto been in search after, to no purpose.

" Paris, Nov. 6,

se Sign'd,

" FAGET."

CASE 58.

The Chevalier an Officer, aged Fifty, contracted in 1724. a Gonorrhœa, that was attended with two Buboes, which were brought to Suppuration, and their Discharge was very plentiful without ever leffening either the Running, or Heat of Urine, The Obstinacy of the Running oblig'd him to have recourse to aftringent Injections, which were as ineffectual as his other Remedies: The Patient, fatiffy'd with having no other inconvenience, refolv'd to leave it to itself; and he had no reason to repent of it for twelve Years: He then perceiv'd a diminution of the Stream of his Urine, which grew upon him in fuch a manner, that it became no bigger than a Thread, and often came out drop by drop: From that time, to the prefent, he has had above an hundred total Retentions, of different durations, which could

could only be reliev'd by Emollients; for an introduction of the Catheter was several times attempted ineffectually; they never got it in above two Fingers breadth. Two Years ago he had a fresh Symptom, an involuntary coming away of his Urine; this Complication oblig'd him to apply to me, notwithstanding the Prognostic of M. who affur'd him, that his Diforder was incurable. I fearch'd him, in the presence of M. Godefroy, and found, near the Fossa Navicularis, a Callosity, which I suppurated; by which means, in a few Days, I discover'd others farther down: The Verumontanum was likewife intirely ulcerated, and furrounded with scirrhous Substances. In this condition, I got M. Ferrin to examine him. He was cur'd in less than four Months and an half, though, during his Cure, he had feveral Attacks of an irregular Fever, occasion'd by the bad quality of the Matter supply'd by the diseas'd Parts.

Certificate of M. Ferrin.

Doctor-Regent of the Faculty of Physic in Paris, do certify, That as I was occasionally at the House of M. Daran, Surgeon in Ordinary to the King, I saw the condition of the Chevalier an Officer, who was come to put himself under his care. He had, in consequence of a Gonorrhæa contracted in 1724. a continual Strangury, owing to Carnosities, which stopp'd up the Urethra in such a manner, that his Water only came drop by drop, with great Straining; and the Sounds, which that Surgeon uses in these Diseases, did not pass farther in than two Fingers breadth: He had, besides, an involuntary dribbling of Urine from his Urethra. I afterwards U 4

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faw him making Water in a full Stream, and perfectly cur'd.

" Paris, Sept. 6.

" Sign'd,

" FERRIN."

CASE 59.

The Marquis of an Officer of Horse, aged Twenty-nine, was a long time under the care of a skilful Surgeon for a Gonorrhæa contracted about ten Years ago: He afterwards apply'd to another Surgeon, who only added, to the preceding treatment, Injections, which did but make him worse: A third only introduced into the Urethra a leaden Probe rubb'd with the Neapolitan Ointment: Notwithstanding all these Remedies, the Running still continu'd, and the Discharge of it was painful and difficult. The Patient's uneafiness oblig'd him to have recourse to M. De la Peyronie, who persuaded him to come to me, which he did February 6. 1747. I found three different fordid Ulcers in the Paffage on this fide the Proftate: As the Patient was oblig'd to return to Verfailles, he thought proper to use M. Chicoyneau's recommendation to me; and, upon his return, brought me a Letter from him. I immediately began with him, and had the fatisfaction of curing him perfectly in two Months; and of convincing the first Physician, with his own Eyes, of his perfect Cure ; as also M. De la Peyronie, as appears by his Certificate.

Certificate of M. De la Peyronie.

44 T First Surgeon and Physician to the King in Consultation, do certify, That I saw, and put " under the care of M. Daran, the Person mention'd " in the 59th Case, who had Carnosities in the Urestbra, and a virulent Gleet, whereof he was per-

" feetly cur'd by his Remedies.

Werfailles, Apr. 4. · 1747,

" Sign'd,

" LA PEYRONIE."

C A S E 60.

M. De la an Officer of Horse, aged about Thirty-five, having been a long time ineffectually under Cure for a Gonorrhœa contracted in 1740. had recourse to aftringent Injections, which contracted the Urethra, without stopping the Running: They were only discontinu'd on account of a continual Fever occasion'd by the Fatigue of the Campaign. After he had been in the Field three Months, finding himself better, he return'd to the use of them: They contracted the Passage in such a manner, that the Stream of his Water was no bigger than a Thread, and it frequently came only drop by drop: He had, likewise, five or fix total Retentions, which were very fevere, and requir'd the introduction of the Catheter, which was attended with excessive Pain, and tore the Obstacles in its Way. In this condition he heard of me, and, by the advice of M. Loustaunau, Surgeon, he came to confult me. I found, by the means of my Sounds, two callous Ulcers, one at the Fossa Navicularis, and the other lower down. This

This Patient had only a watery Running, the groffer Matter sticking on the Ulcers: It, however, appear'd upon using my Sounds, and he was perfectly cur'd in three Months; as appears by M. Loustaunau's Certificate.

Certificate of M. Loustaunau.

Surgeon to the King, and Royal Family, do certify, That M. Daran treated and cur'd, by his new Method, M. De la.... who had a very complicated Stoppage of Urine of two Years continuance, owing to Obstacles in the Uretbra; and that, for this Year past, he has made Water in a full Stream, and without Pain. And, as a Proof of the Cure, I have given him the present Certificate.

Verfailles, Nov. 3:

" Signed,

66 LOUSTAUNAU.

CASE 61.

Peter aged Twenty-fix, contracted in 1744. a Gonorrhæa, which, after some Days, occasion'd so considerable a Fluxion upon one of the Testicles, that it was swell'd to an enormous size: The Running ceas'd, till proper Remedies had brought the Testicle to its former state: After a treatment of six Weeks, he us'd astringent Injections, which stopp'd the Running, and made him believe that he was cur'd: Some Months after, he perceiv'd a small Heat in making Water; and this return'd several times, in the course of the Year: After this, he perceiv'd a diminution of the Stream of his Urine, which continu'd

tinu'd to grow upon him, till he apply'd to me, by the advice of one of his friends, whom I had cur'd. I fearch'd him, March 15. 1747. in the prefence of M. Casaubon; and found, in the middle of the Urethra, an Ulcer with very callous edges, which occafion'd a plentiful Discharge. I treated him after my Method, and he was well in two Months and an half.

Certificate of M. Casaubon.

I, Sworn Surgeon of St. Côme, do certify, That Peter aged Twenty-fix, had, in confe-" quence of a Gonorrhæa contracted in 1744. a "Stoppage of Urine occasion'd by Carnosities in " the Urethra, from which he fuffer'd greatly, and whereof he was perfectly cur'd, by the Remedies of M. Daran, Surgeon in Ordinary to the King. " In Proof whereof, I have given the present Cerfe tificate. . Falconet. . M. Ja stood

Paris, Octob. 5, "Sign'd,

prinol s

CASAUBON.

CASE 62.

M. aged Fifty, having us'd vitriolic Injections for a Gonorrhœa he contracted twenty-five Years ago, was fo far from being reliev'd by them, that he had, shortly afterwards, total Retentions of Urine: Some Years pass'd without his feeling much Pain, except from his Suppressions, which, at most, us'd to last two Hours; after which, he made his Water pretty well. Fearing worse consequences, he us'd various Remedies, which procur'd him only a small Relief for five or fix Months, at which time a signal this in 1004 to man of the

the fame Stoppage return'd, and he was oblig'd to have recourse to the same Remedies. Such was his condition till 1741. The Year following a fiftulous Abscess form'd in Perinæo, which was cur'd by the Operation; but it only took off the Pain, without facilitating the Passage of the Urine, which came out like a small Thread, and generally fork'd. His Pain and Stoppage of Water returning in 1747. he confulted M. Surgeon, who told him, he must, without hesitation, apply to me, who was the only Person from whom he could expect a radical Cure. The Patient, accordingly, came to me: I fearch'd him, in his presence; and found, pretty near the Verumontanum, a Callofity long and flat; and a little on this fide of it a fordid Ulcer. I treated him after my Method, and, to M. Falconet's knowlege, he was cur'd in less than two Months and an half.

Certificate of M. Falconet.

I, Doctor-Regent of the Faculty of Physic of Paris, and Physician to the King in Consultation, do certify, That all that is related in the 62d Case, concerning the Disease of M..... is exactly conformable to truth; having seen the Patient, both before and after his Cure.

" Sign'd,

" FALCONET."

CASE 63.

March 21. 1747. I fearch'd, in the presence of M. Procope, M. aged Thirty three, formerly an Officer of Foot in the King's service; and found a fordid

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a fordid Ulcer, with callous edges, a little below the Fossa Navicularis; and a second, which was of an extreme fensibility, near the Verumontanum: This fupply'd the purulent Gleet, which the Patient had been troubled with for feven Years. He had in 1740. when he was twenty-fix Years of Age, a very. obstinate Gonorrhœa, which was suppress'd by aftringent Injections us'd towards the end of the Courfe: The Running did not feem to have any bad quality, but was plentiful. In 1745. he observ'd a diminution of the Stream of his Water; shortly after he had a bad Stoppage of it, which degenerated into a Strangury: Many Remedies were us'd, to no purpose; and did not prevent two total Suppressions, one of which happen'd in November last: It was then he heard of me, and he determin'd to put himfelf under my care, which he has had no room to repent of; as he went away perfectly cur'd in feventy Days.

Certificate of M. Procope Couteau.

I, Doctor-Regent of the Faculty of Physic in the University of Paris, formerly Professor of the Schools, and Professor of Surgery in the French Language, do certify, That M..... formerly an Officer of Foot in the Regiment of came from Clermont in Auvergne, on purpose to put himself under the care of M. Daran, Surgeon in Ordinary to the King, for an inveterate Stoppage of Urine mention'd in the 63d Case; whereof he was perfectly cur'd by that Surgeon's new Method.

" Paris, Octob. 22. " Sign'd,
" 1747: " MICHEL PROCOPE COUTEAU."

CASE 64.

About fix Years ago M. L..... aged Sixty, perceiv'd an Heat and Inflammation in his Penis: As he knew not what a Gonorrhœa was, according to his account, he neglected it; and, three Years after, the complaint had made fuch a progress, that he could not make Water without violent Straining, which fometimes forced out the Rectum and Faces; and yet the Urine came only like a Thread, and even fometimes only drop by drop. As his Family fubfifted only by his Labour, he confulted a Phylician, who told him, he had an Ulcer in his Bladder, and advis'd him to take Cassia in Milk. This Remedy procuring no good effect, he apply'd to M. who took the pains to bring him to me. I fearch'd him, in the presence of M. De la Haye, and found in the middle of the Urethra a fordid Ulcer with fungous edges; which was perfectly deterg'd, and cicatriz'd, in thirty-nine Days, without the intervention of any Accident.

Certificate of M. De la Haye.

Master-Surgeon, Senior Provost of the Company, and Member of the Royal Academy of Surgery, do certify, That the justice done to M. Daran, concerning the Cure of the Diseases of the Uretbra, is founded on several Proofs, some of which I have been Witness to myself; and, in particular, to the Case mention'd in the preceding. Relation. In Proof whereof, I have given this Certificate.

" Paris, Dec. 3.

ce Sign'd,

" DE LA HAYE."

CASE 65.

M. G..... aged Sixty-seven, contracted, twenty Years ago, a virulent Gonorrhæa, which he manag'd himself: He thought himself perfectly cur'd in 26 Days. Four Years ago he became fensible of his Error; a virulent Running appear'd: But as it was not attended with Pain, he neglected it. Two Years after he made his Water with much Heat and Pain: This complaint increas'd upon him the fix fucceeding Months, fo that his Water has come out like a Thread, and frequently drop by drop, with infupportable Pain, for this Year and an half past. Having heard of my fuccess in the Diseases of the Urethra, he came to confult me; and, after examining him, I told him it was my custom to have a Surgeon attest the Disease, before I undertook it: He told me, he knew M. Sue, who might do it. I defir'd him to come to my House, and I search'd the Patient before him, and made him, May 15. 1747. touch an Obstacle which almost clos'd up the Urethra, and just fuffer'd the Urine to distil through. At first my Sounds hardly went in four or five Lines; but gradually melted the Excrescence, which appears to have been near three Fingers breadth long: When the Paffage was free, I discover'd a fordid Ulcer near the Proftatæ, which occasion'd the virulent Running, and an Incontinence of Urine. I treated him according to my Method, and he was cur'd in three Months.

Certificate of M. Sue.

"I, Sworn Surgeon and Provost of St. Côme, in the City of Paris, do certify, That, May 15. 1747. I was fent for, by M. Daran, Surgeon in Ordi-

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" Ordinary to the King, to examine M. G..... " aged about Sixty-feven; who told me, that, for " a Year and an half, he had been troubled with a " Difease of the Urethra commonly call'd a Car-" nofity, which occasion'd him a Strangury, attended with a purulent Gleet; that, after this " representation of his Case, he was fearch'd; and "that the Instrument, after having pass'd in about "two Inches, found a Refistance and Obstructions, " which did not permit it to go in farther; that, " after his Case had been examin'd and attested, M. " G.... determin'd to put himself under the care " of M. Daran; and that, three Months after he " began his Remedies, upon examining him again, " he appear'd to me intirely cur'd, as well from my " being able to pass the Probe with ease, as from his " making Water in a full Stream. In Proof whereof, " I have deliver'd the present Certificate.

" Paris, Nov. 10.

" Signed,

" SUE."

CASE 66.

M..... aged Forty-five, was well cur'd of four Gonorrhœas contracted from 1720. to 1735. when he ran a fresh risque; and if he had reason to repent of his imprudence in exposing himself, he had a farther reason for sorrow; not being able to meet with a Cure. The virulent Running remain'd, the Stream of his Water lessen'd, and ever since 1739. it has not exceeded a fine Thread: It has frequently come away drop by drop, with Heat, Straining, and a prodigious desire to make it; sometimes it dribbled from him involuntarily. He was in this situation January 18. 1747. when an additional complaint appear'd: There came a considerable painful Swelling.

ing on the right Testicle: This determin'd him to put himself under my care, as M. Senac, Physician to the King in Consultation, had advis'd him. I found three different Obstacles in the Uretbra: I treated him after my Method, to the knowlege of Messieurs Falconet, Senac, and De la Mariniere; and he was perfectly cur'd in three Months, without the intervention of any Accident.

Certificate of M. Falconet.

"I, Doctor-Regent of the Faculty of Physic of Paris, and Physician to the King in Consultation, do certify, That all that is related in the 66th Case, concerning the Disease of M.....
is exactly conformable to Truth; having seen the Patient, both before and after his Cure by M.
Daran.

-Andrew to will swind and " Sign'd,

FALCONET."

going,

CASE 67.

April 18. 1747. M. Moreau did me the honour of bringing me M. aged Fifty, who was come from Nevers on purpose to consult me. He had suffer'd, for twenty-four Hours, a total Suppression, attended with all the Pain which that cruel Disease occasions. I immediately procur'd a Discharge to the Urine, in the presence of M. Moreau; after which, I examin'd the state of his Uretbra, and sound, about the middle of it, a sungous Excrescence, and a sordid Ulcer, near Cowper's Glands: It was the remains of a fourth Gonorrhæa contracted in 1732. and treated with the same Remedies as the fore-

going, which, having been well cur'd, made him easy about the event of this last: He would still have continu'd in this Error, if, eight Years after his Cure, he had not been afflicted with a Retention of Urine occasion'd by his having heated himself with a Woman who was perfectly sound: This Accident was attended with no ill Consequences for four Years; but from that time, upon any kind of excess, he has always suffer'd Retentions of Urine. The satigue of his Journey from Nevers to Paris, to consult me, had occasion'd a Retention, which he actually labour'd under when he put himself under my care: A few Days after, I shew'd him to M. Combalusier, and in less than two Months I put him in a condition to wait upon him perfectly cur'd.

Certificate of M. Combalusier.

"I, Doctor of Physic of the University of Mont"I, pelier, of the Royal Society of Sciences, and
formerly Professor of the Faculty of Valentia, do
certify, That the Patient mention'd in the 67th
Case, and whom I saw several times, was happily
deliver'd, by M. Daran, from a very dangerous
Ischury; as, likewise, from an Excrescence in the
Uretbra, which had occasion'd it. In Proof
whereof, I have sign'd the present Certificate.

about the inidiale of it, a longous Excisionee, and a stroid Liker, near Greener's Chinds: it was the re-

" Paris, Octob. 9.

" Sign'd,

" COMBALUSIER."

who, following the lame Road as the former, falls!

-od mon will be C A S E . 68. The do was filed I

the cur'd, an Ableels form'd in Perman, which oc-M.... aged Forty, contracted, feven Years ago, a Gonorrhœa, for which he was a long while under Cure. The Surgeon, whom he had apply'd to, not being able to cure it, thought that a Salivation would prove more effectual than the Remedies he had hitherto administred; and, accordingly, falivated him: But a Fiftula in Perinao, and a Stoppage of Urine, foon convinced him of his error. The Stoppage of Urine conftantly increas'd, and it was difcharg'd thro' the Fiftula. Another Surgeon, whom the Patient had recourse to some time after, entertaining the fame Notion as the former, falivated him again, with the fame fuccess; and, to cicatrize the Fiftula, introduced into the Urethra a Sound, which he continu'd there for eight Days: The Fiftula appear'd to be clos'd; but it foon broke out again, and the Patient labour'd under the fame Complaints; and had, befides, a plentiful Gleet, which had never been stopp'd from the beginning: He then apply'd to a third Surgeon, who cicatriz'd the Fiftula, and stopp'd the Running: Nothing troubled the Patient now but the diminution of the Stream of his Water. He shortly after contracted another Gonorrhoea, which was pretty well treated; but as the first had not been cur'd, the Stoppage of Urine continu'd, and even increas'd to fuch an height, that he was in danger of his Life. Some Medicines, which he took, reliev'd him, for a short time; and the same Symptoms return'd, with the addition of an involuntary coming away of his Urine. Now, quite tir'd out with the Pains he felt in making Water, and with the frequent Attacks of a terrible Fever, which made his fituation excessively miserable, he endeavour'd to procure himself Relief, by applying to another Surgeon;

who, following the fame Road as the former, falivated him again. Here was a third Proof of the Inefficacy of Mercury, in these Cases: Far from being cur'd, an Abscess form'd in Perinae, which occasson'd several Fiftulas, notwithstanding all the care that was taken to prevent them; and the Urine came out this way more readily than by the natural Paffage, thro' which there came only a small quantity at a time, drop by drop, and with great Pain. This was his condition when he apply'd to me. I fearch'd him, in the presence of M. Foubert, and found the Uretbra full of callous Excrescences near the place where the Fiftulas were. Having got M. Foubert to attest this his melancholy condition, I treated him after my new Method, and cur'd him perfectly in two Months and an halfel and as noney small and grantes

again, with the fame forcels; and, to cicatrize the

pear'd to be clos'd; but it foon broke out again, and of Mafter-Surgeon, and Surgeon in Ordinary to the King in his Parliament-house, and for-"merly Surgeon-Major of the Hospital of La Cha-"b"rité, do certify, That Ms fent for me to "W.M. Daran's, Surgeon in Ordinary to the King; '5 and defir'd me to examine and attest his Case. I "I discover'd two Fistulas in Perinao, thro' which "the Urine issu'd out, as well as by the Penis, 'h whence it came only drop by drop, and frequently "with great Pain: And nothing justifies better the "new Method of M. Daran, for the Diseases of the "Urethra, than the perfect Cure of this Patient; "who waited upon me making Water in a full "Stream, and with his Fistulas intirely cicatriz'd. "This Cafe, join'd to others whereof I have been "Witness, prove, that the Remedies he uses for "these Diseases, are of the utmost Efficacy; and "that those who have the misfortune to labour " under *QUIV

" under them may promife themselves a certain

" Cure from him. The Interest of the Public re-" quires, that I should render him this Justice: In

" confideration whereof, I have given the present

" Certificate.

ec Paris, Nov. 15. * 1747.

66 FOUBERT."

CASE 69.

M. aged Thirty-five, confess'd to me, April 20. 1747. that he had had feven Gonorrhœas, the first twenty or one-and-twenty Years ago. Finding that a Year's treatment had procur'd him but a fmall relief, he stopp'd the Running with Injections, which did not carry off the Heat of Urine; but, in the room of his Running, he had a Stoppage of Urine, which has fince continu'd to increase, his other Gonorrhœas having been treated after the fame manner: He had, eight Years ago, a total Suppreffion, which was cur'd by the warm Bath; but that Remedy did not leffen a cruel Strangury, which still remain'd when the Patient confulted me. I fearch'd him, in the presence of M. Procope; and found, in the middle of the Urethra, an Excrescence of fungous Flesh; and a second, which was long and soft, near the Prostata: This last was ulcerated, and supply'd a virulent Running. I treated him after my new Method, and was fo lucky as to cure him in less than three Months.

Certificate of M. Procope Couteau.

"I, Doctor-Regent of the Faculty of Physic in the University of Paris, formerly Professor " of the Schools, and Professor of Surgery in the " French Language, do certify, That M. "the Subject of the 69th Case, was perfectly cur'd by the new Method of M. Daran, Surgeon in " Ordinary to the King, of an Habitual Strangury, "which he had labour'd under for a long while, " and which had occasion'd several total Suppres-" fions, being originally occasion'd by former Go-" norrhœas.

" Paris, Oct. 22. " Sign'd, 1747.

" MICHEL PROCOPE COUTEAU."

Certificate of M. Le Hoc.

"I, Doctor-Regent of the Faculty of Physic in the University of Paris, formerly Physician in Ordinary to the King in the Chatelet, and Physi-" cian in Ordinary to the Hôtel-Dieu, and to the "Royal Hospital of La Charité of Paris, do certify, That I faw, and had under my care, a friend of mine, who had a Stoppage of Urine, and con-" fiderable Pains every time he attempted to make it: These Complaints were owing to Carnosities " in the Urethra. His Cure being, to all appear-" ance, as perfect as possible, by the Remedies of " M. Daran, Surgeon in Ordinary to the King, I think it is my Duty towards the Public to deliver " the present Certificate, se Sign'd,

6 Paris, Oct. 23. " 1747.

" LE Hoc."

CASE 70.

In 1740. M. contracted a Gonorrhœa, which a variety of Remedies did not carry off, and which, likewife, prov'd obstinate to astringent Injections: They only ferv'd to contract the Paffage. The use of them was interrupted by an Illness; and then they were us'd again, without any other effect than that of occasioning so considerable a Streightening of the Uretbra, that the Urine did not exceed the bigness of a Thread, and was frequently interrupted in its Courfe. From that time, the Patient has had feveral cruel Suppressions, which have, however, yielded to a Course of relaxing Remedies. Having then confulted M. Desport, he advis'd him to put himself under my care, which he did March 7. 1746. Upon fearthing him, I found two callous Ulcers, one at the Fossa Navicularis, and another a little lower: He had only a limpid Running, because the more gross Matter was retain'd; but my Sounds render'd it very virulent. He was cur'd in three Months, as appears by the following Certificate.

Certificate of M. Desport.

"I Surgeon to the Queen, and Surgeon-Major in the King's Camps and Armies, do certify, That M..... was afflicted with an Habitual Strangury, occasion'd by Carnosities in the Ure-thra from former Gonorrhæas, which had, at five different times, produced Retentions, and twice, in particular, brought him to Death's door. I saw him perfectly recover'd from this Illness by the care of M. Daran, Surgeon to the King. In X 4

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- " Proof whereof, I have deliver'd the present Cer-
- " Versailles, Oct. 2.

" Sign'd,

" DESPORT."

CASE 71.

The Chevalier aged Sixty-fix, Captain in the Regiment of having dedicated almost all his life to the King's fervice, was upon the point of quitting it, on account of his incapacity of continuing it, when he apply'd to me, May 18. 1747. He confess'd to me, that he had had several Gonorrhœas: The second of them, contracted in 1723. was of a very bad fort, and was stopp'd, at last, by aftringent Injections, which contracted the Paffage in fuch a manner, that his Urine could hardly come out: He had, befides, a great Swelling in his Tefficle, which was painful. In this condition two Surgeons were confulted, who agreed to make the Puncture in Perinao; which was accordingly done by one of them, and produced a Fiftula: Some time after, he had a fresh Abscess, with Hardness, in the Perinæum and Scrotum, which oblig'd him to put himself in the hands of M. Master-Surgeon of St. Côme, who heal'd the Fiftula and Ulcers, which had fucceeded the hard Swellings mention'd above. From that time, that is, from 1723. to 1746. he kept pretty well; but, upon his return from the Campaign, he was taken ill with an Intermittent Fever, and felt Shootings in making Water: He thought to relieve himself by introducing a leaden Probe, which broke as he was pulling it out: He was obliged to have an Incision made in the Uretbra, to extract the Piece that remain'd behind, which had been kept in by the Sphincter

Sphincter of the Bladder: In a Month he was cur'd of his Wound; but he perceiv'd, that the Stream of his Urine was lefs, and that his Difease increas'd upon him; upon which account, he apply'd to me. I found him in the following fituation: He had the Paffage intirely obstructed from the root of the Glans to a Fifula fituated towards the middle of the Urethra: The Reader will certainly be furpris'd, that the Patient has not taken notice of this Symptom in the History of his Case written by himself, from which I extracted the preceding circumstances; and that he has not made the least mention of the Obstruction between the Fiftula and the Glans: But the Patient had had these two Complaints about twenty Years; and, befides his being accustom'd to them, he had no thought of having them cur'd; content with making Water thro' the Fistula, as he had done for fo long a time: But it is my business to give a description of them. The Patient, feeing that his Urine was intercepted by the Obstacle I have just mention'd, apply'd to a Surgeon, who pretended to cure Carnofities: He us'd Cauftics, which corroded the found Part of the Uretbra, and the Integuments of the Corpora Cavernofa, without touching the Obstruction: There was such a loss of Substance, that it was not possible to repair it; and a Fistula was the refult of it: As he made Water freely thro' it, he did not dare to trust to any of those Gentlemen who cure the confequences of Gonorrhoeas, but neglected it; and the Excrescence increas'd, in the mean while, fo as to close up the Urethra. It refembled a large French Bean; and I distinctly shew'd it, thro' the fiftulous Opening, to Messieurs Falconet, Ferrin, Procope, and Brubier, Doctors of Physic, as an evident Proof of Carnofities. It was not upon this account that the Patient came to me, but for an Obstacle which hinder'd the Urine from passing freely thro' the Fiftula: It was situated near the Prostata: This This latter, being of the greatest consequence, more particularly engag'd my attention: But, to give a better Proof of the efficacy of my Remedy, I at the same time attack'd the Carnosity near the Glans, and had the satisfaction of curing it in a very little time: As to the other Obstacle, which was farther down, it prov'd more obstinate; however, it yielded to my Sounds, and I produced the Patient to the Physicians mention'd above, perfectly cur'd, before he set out for his Regiment.

Certificate of M. Falconet.

"I, Doctor-Regent of the Faculty of Physic at Paris, do certify, That I saw, at the House of M. Daran, Surgeon in Ordinary to the King, the Chevalier a Captain, who had a Stop-page of Urine, owing to several Gonorrheas, which had reduced him to the most deplorable condition; having the Uretbra intirely stopp'd up by Carnosities, his Urine dribbling involuntarily through a Fistula. I afterwards saw this Patient leave M. Daran, perfectly cur'd of all his Discorders. In Proof whereof, I have given the present Certificate.

" Paris, Sept. 15.

" Sign'd,

" FALCONET."

Certificate of Mr. Ferrin.

"I, Doctor-Regent of the Faculty of Physic at Paris, do certify, That every thing related above, concerning the Disease and Cure of the Chevalier of ————, a Captain, is exactly conformable

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"formable to Truth: In proof whereof I have figned the present Certificate.

" Signed,

⁶⁶ Paris, Sept. 17.

" FERRIN."

CASE 72.

Mr. J _____, aged Fifty-five, contracted in 1726. a Gonorrhœa, which, after a Twelvemonth's Continuance, was stopt at last by aftringent Injections: In 1742. the Stream of his Urine leffened; and he had Heat and Difficulty in his voiding it: Two Years after, he had a total Retention; and Mr. ----, an eminent Surgeon, who was fent for, could not introduce either the Catheter, or a Bougie: It yielded to the usual Emollients; but an habitual Strangury remained, which was frequently attended with an involuntary coming away of his Water: In July 1746. he had a fresh Suppression, for which he was eight times bled, without making a drop of Water, but an urinous Abscess formed under the Scrotum; upon which account M. Boudou was fent for, who defired I might be immediately called in, as the only Person able to deliver the Patient from this melancholy Situation. I immediately passed one of my Sounds, and discharged Water enough to relieve him; and found on this Side the Verumontanum two Obstacles, one of which was ulcerated, and had occafioned a Running for twenty Years: I treated these Obstructions after my new Method; and he was intirely cured in two Months.

Certificate of M. Boudou.

" Signed,

other in Suppore in the which her was

" Boudou."

CASE 73.

The Baron of ————, aged Thirty-five, contracted in 1739. a Gonorrhoea, and applied to a Person who treated him with Injections: In ten Days the Running stopt, and he continued well for two whole Years: He then selt a great Scalding in the Passage, and there appeared a small Running, which continued only three or four Days, and went off of itself, as also the Scalding: From that time, at pretty considerable Distances, the same Symptoms have appeared again; and, besides this, a Stoppage, and very terrible Suppressions of Urine have come on: Being with reason uneasy, lest these Complaints should become more frequent and considerable.

derable, he resolved to come to me May the 1st, 1749. I searched him in Presence of M. Quintard, Surgeon; and sound a little Ulcer with callous Edges, which did not prevent the Discharge of his Water, but would in time have produced the same Effects that attend these Ulcers when they are neglected. He was cured in two Months and an half.

Certificate of M. Quintard.

thort; he was feized with very forert

"I Surgeon-Major of the Guards, and of the Grand Marshal of the Crown of Poland, do certify, That during the Stay I made this Year at Paris, I saw under the Care of Mr. Daran, Surgeon in ordinary to the King, the Baron of who had Carnosities in the Uretbra, and a virulent Running, which, as he said, he had laboured under for a long time, which caused a Stoppage of Urine, and frequently total Restentions; and that he was perfectly well cured by the new Method this Surgeon has discovered for the Disorders of the Uretbra: In proof whereof I have signed the present Certificate.

Paris, May 12.

concrete (contracted

ec Signed,

" QUINTARD."

CASE 74.

A Set 75.

M. Le—, aged Fifty-seven, formerly an Officer, remained in the Service till the Age of Twenty-seven or Twenty-eight, when he contracted a Gonorrhæa, which was attended with a Chordee: He was cured, and selt nothing of it from that time: He left the Army about twenty Years ago, and

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and has not exposed himself to any fresh Venereal Dangers: He was, however, feized with a cruel Retention of Urine, which brought him to Death's Door. After a successful use of the usual emollient Medicines, his Surgeon introduced the Catheter into the Bladder: The pressure upon the Obstacles, and a diluting Regimen, secured him for some time; but it was short; he was seized with very smart Pains in the Night, and his Surgeon could no longer introduce the Catheter: The Patient having asked him the reason of it, he told him there were Excrefcences in the Uretbra, which filled its Cavity: He then perceived, that he was in the Condition of the Person mentioned in the 20th Case, whose Disease and Cure he was acquainted with: He thereupon fet out from Lyons to desire my Assistance, which had been fo ferviceable to his Fellow-citizen. I fearched him, and found a round Excrescence, like a Wart, near the excretory Ducts of the Seminal Vesicles. I shewed this Patient to Mess. Procope and Brubier, to whom I presented him, making Water in a full Stream two Months after he had been under my Care. " on lo cobiolic ons"

This Patient is spoke of in the Letters of Mess. Procope and Brubier, at the end of the Preliminary

Discourse.

FF Quintainus

CASE 75.

M. ---, aged Thirty-eight, a foreign Gentleman, in consequence of a Gonorrhœa contracted ten Years ago, has always had a Gleet, on account of fome Ulcers, which every now-and-then difcharg'd a whitish Matter, which the least excess in drinking turned yellow: This last Symptom was always attended with a Swelling of the Tefficles, and a Stoppage of Urine. After having confulted the

the most eminent Men both in France and Holland, and used both on the outside of the Penis, and within it, all Sorts of Mercurials, Lime-water was injected into the Urethra, which not only gave him very fmart Pain, but immediately occasioned a Discharge of Blood: A thousand other Remedies were used without preventing the Retention of Urine which the Patient was subject to, and which he assigned to the quantity of glewy Matter, which his Urine was loaded with: He then confulted M. Senac, Phyfician to the King in Consultation, and M. Rega, an eminent Professor in the University of Louvain, who perfuaded him to apply to me. I entered upon his Cure, after I had fearched him in Prefence of M. Vernage: He was cured in two Months, and his Cure attested by the same Physician. His Difease consisted in two callous Ulcers, from one of which iffued a very virulent Matter; one was placed in the middle of the Urethra, the other near the Verumontanum.

Certificate of M. Vernage.

I Physician, Doctor-Regent of the Faculty of Paris, certify, That I was desired, with Mr. Daran, Surgeon in ordinary to the King, to see M. ———, a foreign Gentleman, of about Forty; who told us, he had laboured for about ten Years under a Retention of Urine, owing to several Obstacles in the Urethra from Gonor-rhoeas contracted in his Youth, which he could not get rid of, and had often put his Life in danger, and had determined him to apply to Mr. Daran; who in a short time, by means of his new Method, presented him to me perfectly cured of all his Obstructions, and making Water in a

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" full Stream: In proof whereof I have given the or present Certificate. THE PARTY AND THE

" Signed,

" August 12. The decided Franciscon Production

" 1747. " VERNAGE."

CASE 76.

M. ----, Captain of Artillery, aged Sixty, had five Gonorrheeas, which had nothing remarkable in them; only they all proved more and more obstinate than the preceding: When he thought himself perfectly well, he perceived that the Stream of his Urine lessened, and he felt a shooting Pain in discharging it : However, as the Disease made but a flow Progress, he remained easy; but in April 1747. being recovered from a Fit of Illness, he was attacked with fo confiderable a Stoppage of Urine, that it came only drop by drop, and with great Pain: This continuing, he applied to M. Bouilbac, who recommended him to me. I fearched him in Presence of M. de la Haye, and found two callous Excrescences on this Side the Verumontanum, at a small distance from each other. I treated him after my Method; and in two Months he waited upon M. Bouilbac, perfectly cured; as he did upon M. de la Haye, whose Certificate follows.

Certificate of M. de la Haye.

"I, Master in Surgery, formerly Provost of the Company, and Member of the Royal Aca-"demy of Surgery, do certify, That Mr. Daran's " Character for the Cure of Diseases of the Urethra-

46 by his new Method is grounded on repeated " Proofs, some of which I have been Witness to " myfelf, and particularly to the Cafe of the Patient " mentioned in the foregoing relation, whom I " carefully examined both before and after the faid "Cure, and whom I found perfectly well: In

" proof whereof I have figned the present Certi-

66 ficate.

« Sign'd,

" Paris, December 3. " 1747. DE LA HAYE."

CASE 77.

M. ----, aged Fifty, had only two Gonorrhœas; the last proved the most obstinate; it, however, feemed to yield to Remedies; but the Urine came away with less Ease: In this Condition he was obliged to take a long Journey eleven Years ago, and there remained what is commonly called a Relaxation of the Veffels, or Gleet, and an Incontinence of Urine: These Complaints made him apply to a Surgeon, who made the Discharge of Urine easier; but, seven Years after, he was obliged to apply to him again, after a Fever, on account of a Stoppage of Urine, attended with Heat: These Symptoms disappeared again, but he did not make his Water better: He would, however, have rested quiet, if in January 1747. the Stoppage had not increased, and the Urine become loaded with a viscid Matter: The Illness had got to that height in April, that he could not make Water without great Straining, and fmart Pain: To no purpose did he use the ordinary emollient Medicines; the Disease grew upon him fo, as to occasion a total Retention, which

which was near costing him his Life. He was in this fad Situation when he fent for me. After using my Remedies four Days, he made Water freely, and without Pain. His Disorder was owing to three Obstacles which I discovered in the Passage with my Bougies, two fungous Excrescences on this Side the Verumontanum, and a little beyond it an Ulcer, which had supplied a continual Running for twenty Years. I got him to my House when he was better, and dreffed him in Presence of Mr. Godefroy; but the Reflux of Urine into his Blood during his Ischury occasioned for two Months a slow Fever, which was cured by the Care of M. Bordier, Doctor of Physic. This obliged me to suspend the use of my Remedies all that time, or at most only to use them as much as was necessary to keep the Passage open. When he was well of his Fever, I began my Treatment again, and cured him in two Months; as M. Godefroy, whom he waited upon, attests.

Certificate of M. Godefroy.

" Master-Surgeon of St. Côme, certify, That, " hearing from feveral of my Brethren the ex-66 traordinary Cures which Mr. Daran daily per-" formed in this City on Diseases of the Urethra, "I was defirous to learn the Truth of it with my " own Eyes: I had foon an Opportunity of fatisfy-" ing my Curiofity, it being an eafy Matter to be introduced to him. I was there a Witness to the " fad Condition of M. ----, who is the Subject of the 77th Case, and several others; having " feen them often before and after their Treat-" ment; which were all, to my Aftonishment, " attended with the happiest Success. This has " fully fatisfied me, that every thing faid in re-" lation to the furprising Effects of that Surgeon's 66 Re-

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Remedies for the radical Cure of a Disease, which

" had hitherto been confidered as incurable, is very

" true, and ought no longer to be called in que-

" ftion: In proof whereof I have figned the pre-

66 fent Certificate.

" Signed,

" Paris, Nov. 15.

" GODEFROY."

CASE 78.

About twenty Years ago, M. ---, aged Fortyfive, contracted a Gonorrhæa, which was almost intirely ftopt by the use of Injections: Having no Complaint for between feven and eight Years, he thought himself secure; when he perceived a Diminution of the Stream of his Urine, which increased upon him in fuch a manner, that for these last three Years he has not been able to make Water without great Pain, Heat, and Difficulty: He was at last feized with a total Retention, which continued three Days and three Nights, and which was carried off by Bleeding, and the Use of Turpentine: From that time he never made Water without Pain; and Suppressions, short indeed, but always attended with a violent Fever, were frequently of the Party: About two Years ago he was falivated by M. Godefroy, for Eruptions about his Arms and Thighs; but the Urethra continued as before: M. Godefroy then advised him to put himself under my Care, and came with him to my House. I searched him in his Presence, and found in the middle of the Uretbra a fordid Ulcer with very callous Edges, which was the Occasion of the before-mentioned Complaints, and of a Running of above fifteen

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Years standing. My Remedies removed all these Symptoms in three Months.

Certificate of M. Godefroy.

"I, Master-Surgeon of St. Côme, do certify, That the Cure of the Disease of M. ——, men"tioned in the 78th Case, was perfected by Mr.
"Daran, by the means of his new Method, under my Eyes; having seen him both before and after; and that he is perfectly well: In proof whereof I have delivered the present Certificate.

" Paris, Nov. 20.

" Signed,

" GODEFROY."

CASE 79.

M. ——, aged Forty-eight, between the Age of Nineteen and Twenty-seven, contracted two Gonorrhœas, which were well cured; the last, indeed, was followed by a coming away of some drops of Semen when he strained at Stool; but this Complaint left him after a 4th Gonorrhœa contracted when he was Thirty; a fifth, contracted at Forty. was extremely obstinate, and maintain'd its Ground, till he used Injections made of the Juice of Carroube: Eight Months paffed without any Diforder; but he began then to be fensible of an Obstacle near the Neck of the Bladder, which at first intercepted the Urine; but was foon forced to yield to the Force of it: By degrees the Stream of his Urine became less, altho' it was not forked, and caused a very great Itching in coming away: An irregular Way of living having increased the difficulty of making Water,

Water, he felt great Heat in the Passage, and was obliged to make Water twelve or fifteen times a Day, though in a very small Quantity at a time. Having once held his Water for fome time while he was very bad, he thought, when he stooped for the Chamber-pot, that he felt fomething go up from one Side of the Bladder to the Kidney; he fell immmediately into a violent Sweat, and was near fainting away; his Penis presently swelled to twice its usual Size when erected, and it remained in that Condition half an Hour: These Disorders were followed by a Loofeness, which continued seven Months, and obliged him to go to the Close Stool three or four times in a Day. This Complaint was followed by another; as often as his Feet were cold. or his Belly heated by the Fire, feven or eight drops of Urine came away from him. I have forgot to mention, that he had no Emission of Semen for a long time. These Disorders increased in 1747. and he had a total Retention for fourteen Hours, which went off while he was upon the Close Stool voiding a Clyster that had been given him, his Member, which was shrunk up, becoming at that time longer. The Nature of these Symptoms gave a Suspicion. that he had a Stone; and he was advised to come from Marseilles, where he makes his usual Residence, to Paris, to be fearched by M. Morand, which he accordingly did: But this eminent Surgeon, not being able to introduce the Catheter, advised him immediately to apply to me; which he accordingly did May the 29th, 1747. I fearched him in Presence of M. Godefroy, Master-Surgeon, and found my Sound was stopt by a fungous Excrescence near the Verumontanum: When that was destroy'd, the Verumontanum, which was itself scirrhous, stopt me again: This too having given way, I found a third Obstacle a little deeper: It was a long Callosity, which I was fifty-feven Days in resolving : I

at

at last got into the Bladder; and the Success of my internal and external Remedies was fuch, that he was cured in fix Months. He was fo long under Hand by reason of a putrid Fever, which made me fuspend my Medicines for near two Months.

Certificate of M. Godefroy.

" Master-Surgeon of St. Côme, do certify, That " I was Witness to the melancholy Condition of M. _____, the Subject of the preceding re-" lation, having attended and feen him feveral times " before and after his Treatment, which, to my " great Amazement, was attended with the happiest 66 Success. This has fully convinced me, that every thing faid of the furprifing Effects of Mr. Daran's Remedies for the radical Cure of a " Disease which till his time had been always con-" fidered as incurable, is very true, and ought not " to be called in question: In proof whereof I have 66 figned the prefent Certificate. reserve strill off to semioli

sale Signed, of signed,

Paris, Nov. 29. " 1747. " GODEFROY."

CASE 80.

M. -, aged Forty, had, when ten Years old, a Retention of Urine for fome Days: Fourteen Years passed from that time quietly: Towards the Year 1747. he began to make his Water with Pain and Heat, and often drop by drop: Sometimes he tried to make Water ten times in an Hour, and the little which he discharged, occasioned vast Shootings :

Shootings: Many cooling Medicines were adminiftred to no purpose, and his Surgeon had afterwards recourse to the Catheter, which he introduced with much Pain, and an Hæmorrhage; but it did not relieve the Patient. He applied to another Surgeon, who for four Months introduced every Day to the difeafed Part a Caustic, by means of an hollow Catheter, which never came out without bringing away fome Blood; but it oftentimes occasioned Hæmorrhages, attended with total Retentions for five or fix Hours: At last the Catheter was got into the Bladder; whence it appeared, that his Difease was not the Stone. He was directed to use Leaden Probes to keep the Passage free; they did not prevent a Return, every now-and-then, of his Retention: The Patient left them off, and in fix Months the Symptoms returned with the same Violence as before, and obliged him to apply to the Surgeon who had affifted him at the beginning of his Disease: Four Months were again spent in making way to the Bladder: He afterwards used the Leaden Probes for near eighteen Days, which only facilitated a little the discharge of the Urine, without leffening the Pain he felt in making it. This was his Situation in June 1747. when I undertook him by the Recommendation of M. ----. I found, in the middle of the Urethra, an ulcerated Fungus, which produced all the abovementioned Symptoms. I applied my Sounds; and in fix Months and an half he was perfectly cured, without the Intervention of the least Ac-

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Certificate of M. Menjou.

"I, Master in Surgery, and Member of the Royal Academy of Surgery, do certify, that the or preceding Relation is exactly true, having feen " the Patient both before and after his Cure: This " Cafe, added to feveral others which I have "known, convinces me, that Mr. Daran has en-" riched Surgery with a Remedy whereof it greatly " ftood in need, to cure the fatal Confequences of "Gonorrhœas: In proof of which I have figned this Attestation.

Signed,

Paris, December 3. "Menjou.." windle 1747. Hebrook alders and your manage and hashing Waster amount of the first his was

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reings podeted orbait and by hit second went or pageless. CASE 81. Andrews and was designed the blacks for confirms

This is one of the most remarkable Things in this Collection: M. ----, aged Forty-five, was brought to Paris, June 12. 1747. in the most deplorable Condition. Between two or three-andtwenty Years ago, he had a Gonorrhœa, which feemed to have been methodically treated: Three Years after, his Tefficles fwelled, and he had a Stoppage and Heat of Urine: A plentiful Use of Emollients and Coolers took down the Swelling of the Testicles, and made the Heat supportable: Five or fix Years passed in this Condition, and he was then feized with Retentions of Urine, and it did not come away without great Straining: He was also subject to the Colic: A multitude of Remedies

medies produced but a flight Effect : And three Years after the Patient had a total Suppression, which continued ten Days, with a violent Fever, and a very confiderable Swelling of the lower Belly. , a famous Surgeon, and well known in his Province, having cleared the Way with a common Probe, at last passed into the Bladder a small Catheter he had got made on purpose: This produred a pretty good Discharge to the Urine, and brought away with it much Blood, and a very fetid Pus; but his Fever increasing, and being seized with a great Weakness, the Surgeon was obliged to withdraw the Catheter: The Fever at last yielded to fuitable Remedies, the Water iffued more freely, and the Running stopt for some time; but it appeared again, and increased in the Winter; as did also the Stoppage of Urine: However, by the continual Use of Remedies, he passed five or six Years without any confiderable Accident: The Difficulty of making Water became then fo great, that he was obliged to have recourse to the same Surgeon again: He found a great Difficulty in introducing the same Catheter; it was left in the Bladder for eighteen Days; much Blood and Pus came away: The fame Remedies were used as had succeeded before; they had their Effect; but did not prevent several Accidents, which made the Patient live a most miserable Life. In September 1746. his Penis swelled prodigiously, and his Scrotum became as large as one's Head, and his Urethra extremely hard; on each Side of the Bladder there came an inflammatory Swelling as broad as one's Hand, and four Fingers long: The most powerful Discutients were ineffectually applied; a Suppuration followed, and the Matter perforated the Neck of the Bladder and Scrotum; and three Fiftulas were the Refult of it: To prevent the Urine from coming this Way, the Surgeon had a mind

mind to introduce the Catheter into the Bladder: but tore the Obstacles of the Uretbra in his Attempt: The Patient used for three Months Mercurial Frictions, and an infinity of other Remedies, which did not in the least free the Passage; the Urine continued to dribble drop by drop, or to come out in a very small Stream, and run out through the Fiftulas. In this Condition he left his own Country to put himself under my Care. I examined him in Presence of Mess. Procope and Boudou. I found the Passage so full of Excrescences, that my Sound could not pass above three Fingers Breadth: I saw on the Outfide a scirrhous Tumour, which reached from the Perinæum to the Fossa Navicularis, and four Fiftulas, through which the Urine made its Way. He had been in this deplorable Condition about thirteen Years. In five Months I cured him perfectly.

Certificate of M. Procope Couteau.

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" rhoeas; and he was perfectly cured by the Method of M. Daran.

" Signed,

" MICHEL PROCOPE COUTEAU."

" Paris, October 22.

Certificate of M. Boudou.

"I, Surgeon of St. Côme, and Surgeon in Chief, of the Hôtel-Dieu of Paris, do certify, That "I faw and examined, at Mr. Daran's, M. ---, " who was come on purpose from ---: He " had the Urethra full of Carnofities, fo that the " Sound paffed in but a very little Way, and the "Urine came only drop by drop, and with inex-" preffible pain: Upon examining the external Part, I observed a hard Tumour in Perinao, " and in the middle of the faid Tumour four Fiftulas, " through which the Urine and Pus kept coming " out. I faw the fame Patient, about five Months " after, making Water in a full Stream, his Fiftu-" las intirely cicatrized, and the hard Tumour dif-" folved; in a word, his Cure was fo perfect, " that I could not but admire it. This Cure alone " would be fufficient to give me the highest Opinion " of Mr. Daran's new Method; and a Number " of other Cures, whereof I have been Witness, " and which have fucceeded under my Observa-"tion, prove beyond all doubt, that his Reme-" dies are of the utmost Efficacy for these Diseases; " and it is with Pleasure I do Justice to his new 6 Discovery. Paris, Octob. 28. se Sign'd, 66 1747,

66 Boupou."

CASE 82.

M. aged Sixty-four, contracted, twelve Years ago, a Gonorrhœa; it was his fecond, which was as methodically treated as the former: However, there always remain'd a flight Running, which did not hinder the Urine from coming out pretty freely; but, in 1746. he had a great Stoppage of Urine, with Heat and Shooting in the Penis; and he difcharg'd a flimy Matter, as well by the Penis, as by the Anus. Several Remedies were us'd, but to no purpose; only some mercurial Pills caus'd so considerable a Swelling in the Parts, that it communicated itself to the lower Belly; and he could not make Water without exquisite Pain. The Inflammation lasted six Weeks: From that time the Patient made Water with great pain and difficulty, fometimes drop by drop, often in two Streams, and was oblig'd to rife five or fix times in a Night; discharging, with the last drops of his Urine, a whitish Matter. I fearch'd him in the presence of M. Sarrau, who brought him to me, and found the Uretbra full of Carnofities; fo that my Sound did not pass in, the first time, above a Finger's breadth: He had, near the Verumontanum, an Ulcer, whence proceeded a virulent Matter, for a great number of Years. treated him after my new Method, and he was perfectly cur'd in less than two Months.

Certificate of M. Sarrau.

[&]quot;Years, under a Strangury, occasion'd by Carnofities in the *Urethra*; the Patient making Water

" in a Stream no bigger than a Thread, com-" monly drop by drop, and having frequently " total Suppressions. In this fad condition I ad-" vis'd him to apply to Mr. Daran, Surgeon in " ordinary to the King; who cur'd him perfectly. " Mr. Daran has, befides, cur'd radically feveral " other Persons whom I have sent to him, and whom "I have attended throughout the Cure, that were " afflicted with the same Disease in the Urethra, and " owing to the fame Caufe. There is no occasion " to make any particular mention of them, their " Cures having been well attefted. It is now two "Years fince fome of them have been cur'd; " others have been well these eight Months, others " near a Year; and not one of them has felt any " inconvenience fince that time.

" Paris, Oct. 29.

" Sign'd,

" SARRAU."

CASE 83.

M. aged Thirty, contracted, about ten Years ago, two Gonorrhœas: The first was barely well when he contracted a second; the Running of it was tending to green. A Course of Physic, for nine Months, only abated the Symptoms, without stopping the Running; the Patient was then advis'd to be salivated: This Remedy lessen'd the Running, which afterwards intirely disappear'd: He, notwithstanding, made his Water with dissiculty: It came out like a small Thread; and, at the time of making it, he was taken with a smart Pain in the right side of his Body, which began sometimes in his Foot, sometimes in the middle of his Leg, some-

times in his Thigh, and, reaching up to his Side, fuddenly stopp'd the Urine. He us'd several Remedies, Bathing, amongst other things; which was to far from helping him, that it increas'd the difficulty of making Water, without lessening the Pain of the Side. We must observe, that, before ever the Patient had had any concern with Women, and even from his Birth, he had fuffer'd, two or three times in a Year, a Stoppage of Water. M. Morand, to whom he apply'd, perfuaded him to come to me, which he did June 6. 1747. I discover'd, by means of my Sound, an oval Callofity, pretty near the Verumontanum; an Ulcer, a little beyond it; and, near the excretory Ducts of the Proftata, a little Wart; which I confider as the cause of the Stoppage of his Urine before his being concern'd with Women. He had, during the Cure, which was perform'd under the eyes of M. Cassaing, Master-Surgeon, a Fever, of a few Days continuance, caus'd by a kind of Indigeftion; and which interrupted my treatment only for that time. His Cure was perfected in three Months. And that which gave me the greatest pleasure was, that my Remedy dissolv'd the Wart, which he was born with, and which was the cause of his Stoppage of Urine.

Certificate of M. Caffaing.

"I, Sworn Surgeon at Paris, and Surgeon to the King in his Storehouse, do attest, That I attended the treatment of the Patient mention'd in the preceding Relation. His perfect Cure is, to me, a convincing Proof of the justly-acknowleg'd efficacy of the new Method which Mr. Daran uses in the Cure of Carnosities, old Gleets, and, in general, in all the Diseases of the Uretbra.

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"In proof whereof, I have fign'd the prefent Certificate.

" Paris, Dec. 8.

" Sign'd,

" CASSAING."

CASE 84.

June 11. 1747. I visited, in the presence of Messieurs De Justieu, Jallet, and Frere Côme, Surgeon to the Feuillans, M. aged Forty-eight, of the City of S..... who, from a Gonorrhœa contracted eight or ten Years ago, which was treated pretty carelefly, had always had a fmall yellowish Running. He had not perceiv'd any Stoppage of Urine for five or fix Years; he had only, in making Water, a flight Itching, particularly round the Glans; but frequent riding brought on the Stoppage; at last, his Urine was frequently fork'd, and he had frequent occasion to discharge it. In March 1746. while he was at Paris, he had fo violent a Strangury, that he was oblig'd to fend for help. Frere Côme was fent for, on account of an Abscess that was form'd in the Perinaum by his straining: The Abfcess was open'd, and the Part was found gangren'd; however, he was cur'd in three Weeks. Though the Urine came more freely, it still remained fork'd. Upon his return home, he was oblig'd to ride, as usual; which so much increas'd the Stoppage, that, on Easter Monday, he was seiz'd with a total Suppression, which occasion'd a new Abscess. It was open'd, like the former; but the Issue was not equally happy; there remain'd a Fistula, through which the Urine continually discharg'd itself: Notwithstanding this, the difficulty of making Water, and the Inflammation, were fo great, as to confine him

him to his Bed, whence he was oblig'd to rife fixty times in a Night, not being able to make Water either lying, or upon his Knees. He fent to Angers for a famous Surgeon, who, continuing thirty-fix Days with him without being able to procure him any relief, wrote his Cafe to M. Morand, whose advice was, to bring him to Paris to put himself under my care: This was likewise the advice of Frere Côme. The Patient was fo ill, that he could not travel in a Litter; he was therefore put in a Boat in his Bed, and, upon his arrival, was brought to me. I found, upon examining him, in the presence of the above-mention'd Physician, a very large scirrhous Tumour, reaching from the middle of the Perinaum to the middle of the Penis; and the inferior part of the Scrotum was, likewise, scirrhous: There were, alfo, near the Anus, two Fistulas, thro' which Pus and Urine were discharg'd: These Fistulas were surrounded with little Excrescences, and there was an Abscess, ready to burst Between the Fiftula and the fcirrhous Tumour were two fubstances that look'd like Cocks Combs, and ran along the Raphe: Within the Urethra I found a callous Excrescence, in the place which answer'd to the extremity of the scirrhous Tumour, and two fordid Ulcers, which furnish'd a very virulent Pus. I began my treatment with applying to the Abscess suppurating Cataplasms, and the third Day I open'd it, in the presence of Frere Côme: It discharg'd much Pus, which greatly reliev'd the Patient: Two Days after, I introduced my Sounds, attacking, at the fame time, the fcirrhous Tumor: Part of it was refolv'd, and the other suppurated, which I found Nature dispos'd to do, and seconded her in it: I open'd it, afterwards, at a proper time, in the presence of Frere Côme; and then continu'd my treatment with fuch fuccess, as to cure the Patient, perfectly, in two Months, without the intervention of any bad Accident. Certi-

Certificate of M. Juffieu.

I, Ecuyer, Conseiller Secretarion, House, Crown, and Finances of France, Ecuyer, Conseiller Secretaire to the King, " Doctor of Physic of Montpelier and Paris, Bo-" tany-Professor of the Royal Garden of Plants, of " the Royal Academy of Sciences, and Fellow of the " Royal Society of London and Berlin, do declare, " That I saw and visited, the 11th of last June, M. " of the City of from whence he " was brought, in a Litter, to Paris, to M. Daran, " on account of a Difease of the Urethra, which had, " for a long time, confin'd him to his Bed; the " Passage being partly stopp'd up, so that the Sound " could not be introduced above half its length; " and the Urine, which could not pass forward, had " made different Passages, thro' which it drain'd it-" felf along the Raphe; where I observ'd Holes, " and chancrous Ulcers furrounded with Excref-" cences which refembled a Hen's Rump, and scir-" rhous Swellings that disfigur'd the Scrotum, Raphe, " and Perinaum; the fubstance of which was loaded " partly with a thick Lymph, and partly with Pus. "His condition was fo wretched, that no one would " have dar'd to promise him Relief; which, how-" ever, by the use of M. Daran's Bougies, was so " foon procur'd, that, on the 10th of July, the Pa-" tient made Water without Pain: And in September " I visited him again, to be inform'd of his perfect " Cure; which was a kind of Prodigy.

" Paris, Octob. 20.

" Sign'd,

" Du Jussieu."

Certificate of M. Combalufier.

Letter of Physic of the University of Montpelier, of the Royal Society of Sciences, and
formerly Professor of the Faculty of Valentia, do
certify, That I was an Eye-witness to the deplorable State of M. D.... and to his singular
and admirable Cure. This Case, join'd to the
rest, the Authenticity of which I have attested,
convinces me, that M. Daran possesses the most
fpecific Remedy, and the surest and best Method,
hitherto known, to destroy all Obstructions of the
Urethra owing to virulent Gonorrheas. In Proof
whereof, I have sign'd the present Attestation.

" Paris, Oct. 9.

66 Signed,

" COMBALUSIER."

Certificate of M. Jallet.

Surgeon of St. Côme, declare, That I was fent for, by M. Daran, before he undertook the Cure of M. D. of the City of the Subject of the preceding Relation; and that I believe he never will fail curing any-body, after having perfectly re-establish'd this Patient, who had Obstacles in the Urethra, Fistulas in Perinae, and scirrhous Swellings; which have all disappear'd. I therefore look upon M. Daran's Discovery to be of the greatest Consequence to Mankind.

" Paris, Nov. 5.

" Sign'd,

" JALLET."

CASE 85.

Of three Gonorrhœas, which fell to the lot of M. an Officer, aged Sixty, the last, which he got in 1727. was treated by an eminent Surgeon; and the Symptoms disappear'd in such a manner, that he had great reason to think himself as well cur'd of this, as of the former: This secure state was disturb'd in 1746. by a Heat of Urine, with a frequent inclination of making it, a Stoppage of it, and a divided Stream. An Infusion of Mallow-flowers, Linseed, &c. reliev'd him so well, that he forgot he had ever been ill; but, two or three Months after, a few Glaffes of White Wine brought back the Symptoms, which were again carry'd off by the fame means: However, he felt some Heat nowand-then; and toward the beginning of June, his Complaints return'd with fo much violence, that his Urine came only drop by drop, by intervals, with Shootings, and an involuntary Discharge of it at the time he was fenfible of the Heat; he was also oblig'd to rife ten or twelve times in a Night to make Water, which he did with great Pain. In this condition he consulted a Master-Surgeon of St. Côme, who perfuaded him to have recourse to me, and brought him himself. I found, near the Verumontanum, an ulcerated Carnofity: I began my treatment June 17. 1747. and, two Months after, he was cur'd, without the intervention of the least Accident.

Certificate of M. Houstet.

"I, Surgeon of the Royal Academy of Surgery, do certify, That I faw M..... who had a Stoppage of Urine owing to Obstacles in the Z 2 "Uretbra;

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" Urethra; whom M. Daran cur'd by his Re-

" Paris, Octob. 9.

" Sign'd,

" HOUSTET."

CASE 86.

About fixteen or feventeen Years ago M. aged Fifty, contracted a Gonorrhœa, which a Course of Physic, continu'd for a whole Year, did not cure: There always remain'd a Heat and Shooting in the Part. Tir'd with the inefficacy of Medicines, the Patient left them off; five or fix Years after he apply'd to a Physician, who harrass'd him for eighteen Months, to no purpose: Quite dishearten'd, he defifted again from Medicines; he was then taken with a violent Fever, which oblig'd him to confult M. Doctor-Regent of the Faculty of Physic of Paris; and M. Master-Surgeon; to whom he was oblig'd to discover a Swelling of one of his Testicles: However, he conceal'd the Cause of it. In two Months the Testicle recover'd its natural fize, and he made his Water with more eafe, for some Days; but as he fell into his old way, that is to fay, as the Stream of his Water was very fmall, and it often came away drop by drop, and fometimes involuntarily, with Shooting and Heat, a Physician advis'd him to come to me. I fearch'd him, in the presence of M. Cossen, and found, in the middle of the Urethra, three Excrescences: The first was very callous, and another was ulcerated. I treated him after my Method, and cur'd him perfectly, in two Months time, without any Accident.

Certificate of M. Dumoulin.

I Sworn Surgeon of St. Côme, and Senior Surgeon of the Company, do certify, That M.
P.... the Subject of the preceding Relation,
told me, that he was troubled, for twelve Years,
with a Stoppage of Urine, occasion'd by Carnostities caus'd by several Gonorrhæas, for which
Stoppage he had us'd all the Remedies, which the
Persons he had consulted at different times, had
prescrib'd him; but that, having apply'd to M.
Daran, he was persectly cur'd by him in three
Months, without any Accident happening during
his Cure.

" Paris, Dec. 12.

" Sign'd,

" Dumoulin, Doyen."

CASE 87.

M. aged Twenty-five, was cut for the Stone when he was Four Years old. He remain'd well till eighteen Months ago; the Stream of his Water began then to leffen; and this Symptom grew upon him in fuch a manner, that, for these last fix Months, he has made his Water only drop by drop, and often with Itching. The Person whom he apply'd to, look'd upon it as the Gravel; but a pretended specific Ptisan, which he took, was so far from curing him, that he was oblig'd to use the Urinal sifty times in a Day. Bleeding, and some emollient Medicines, procur'd an easier Discharge to the Urine. In this condition he embark'd to return to Margeilles,

feilles, where he expected to find me; and in his Passage was taken with a fresh Retention of Urine: The Catheter was feveral times introduced; Bleeding, and emollient Clysters, produced their expected effect; but, a Fortnight after, his Illness return'd: Four Months after, being at he confulted M. a skilful Surgeon; who told him, his Disease was owing to an Excrescence from his former Operation for the Stone. He us'd Bougies, which, by acting upon the Excrescence, procur'd an easier Discharge to the Urine; however, he thought it the wifeft way to come to me. When I faw him, the Stream of his Urine was very slender, and it came away involuntarily; it was June 27. 1747. I found, in fearching him, at the Neck of the Bladder, on this fide the Sphincter, an Excrescence of fost Flesh, which was ulcerated. I began his Cure, and perfected it in two Months, to M. Godefroy's knowlege; whose Certificate you may see at the end of the 79th Case; where he speaks of several Patients whom he faw cur'd. I make no doubt of this Difease being the effect of the Operation for the Stone: the Patient having affur'd me, not only that he never had a Gonorrhœa; but, farther, that he had never expos'd himself to the danger of contracting one.

I have had under hand, to M. Morand's knowlege, two Patients, who, after having been cut for the Stone, made Water with difficulty: One of them had the Urethra intirely stopp'd up, and the Urine came through the Wound, which, probably, would have remain'd fistulous: I destroy'd, with my Sounds, the Excrescences of Flesh which stopp'd the Passage; the Fistula, or Wound, was cicatriz'd, and the Urine came the natural way. The second had the Urethra obstructed, the Water coming partly thro' the Glans, and partly thro' the Wound, tho' it was past the time that the Water

fhould all come the natural way. I treated him after my Method: The Wound was intirely heal'd, and the Urine, at prefent, comes away in a full Stream.

CASE 88.

In March 1744. M. of the City of Rouen, aged Fifty-five, perceiv'd a Discharge from the Urethra, which M. an eminent Surgeon of that City, treated as a Gonorrhœa; but he did him no fervice: In April following a hard Swelling arose in Perinao, which, notwithstanding ripening Applications, came to Suppuration; but three Months after, it broke of itself, the Orifice was dilated, and the Wound, which was two Inches long, discover'd that it communicated with the Urethra. The Wound was intirely heal'd up in a Fortnight, and the Flesh look'd fo well, that his Surgeon affur'd him, there remain'd no Virus; however, two Months after, a new Swelling appear'd in Perineo: It came to Suppuration as he was upon the Road going to Caen; the Urine came thro' the Wound, as before; a much larger Incision was made than in the former Abfcefs, which was likewife heal'd, but the Running still continu'd. In June following the Surgeon told him, there was no other way to suppress it, than by undergoing a Salivation: He confented to it, but was fo far from finding the promis'd fuccess, that the Frictions occasion'd several Accidents, which I suppress, as foreign to my Subject. M. Fleury, Phyfician, who was the Patient's friend, perfuaded him to come to me, which he, accordingly, did, July 1. 1747. making his Water only drop by drop, and with great Heat. I found, with my Sound, on this fide the Verumontanum, two Obstructions: One, which was ulcerated, fupply'd the virulent Running. I fearch'd him in the presence of M. Jallet; and, by Z 4 treating

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treating him after my usual Method, he was perfectly cur'd in two Months.

Certificate of M. Jallet.

"I, Sworn Surgeon of St. Côme, having been Witness to the Ease with which M. Daran " radically cur'd M. of Rouen, the Subject of the preceding Relation, do own, That M. "Daran is poffes'd of a Specific which the most " skilful Surgeons have been in quest of, ever fince " the first appearance of the Venereal Disease, to " remedy the Diforders which it occasions in the " Urethra, as Carnofities, Ulcers, &c. and that " we cannot, without injustice, deny him a perfect " Confidence. In Proof whereof, I have deliver'd " the prefent Certificate.

e Paris, Nov. 5. "Sign'd,

CASE 89.

M. F.... aged Forty, contracted an exceeding bad Gonorrhœa feventeen Years ago, which having been, at the beginning, very badly treated, oblig'd him to have recourse to a Surgeon; who, not fucceeding by the usual Method, salivated him: He was fo far from being reliev'd by it, that a Fiftula arose in Perinao, which continu'd nine Months: The Urine continually coming thro' the Ulcer, a Catheter was pass'd into the Urethra, which, by keeping the Urine from the Ulcer, gave it time to heal; but it continu'd well for a short time only: The Fistula broke out of itself, and he had been a Year

Year and an half in this condition, when, after a long, but useless Course of Remedies, at Stratsbourgh, he took Conserve of Roses, and Balsam of Capivi, which suppress'd the Running, cur'd the Shootings, and heal'd the Fiftula: However, he did not make his Water in a full Stream; and it became less every Year: During this time, he contracted a fresh Gonorrhœa, which caus'd an Inflammation in the Scrotum; Tho' it was cur'd, the difficulty of making Water increas'd in fuch a manner, that, two Years after, there was hardly room for the Water to come away at all: The Fiftule broke out again, and the Urine was again discharg'd that way; he took, for two Months, Belloste's Pills, which gave him fome small Relief; he afterwards put himself under the care of a Person who us'd some particular Remedies, by which means he made his Water a little better: He then marry'd, with the confent of that Person; who told him, that his Disorder would not return: However, four or five Months after his Marriage, which was contracted fix Years ago, the difficulty of making Water return'd upon him: He had recourse to the same means, and, reaping no benefit from them, he us'd the Leaden Probes, which made him worfe. He had terrible attacks of a Fever, and fuch confiderable Retentions of Urine, that he was feveral times in danger of lofing his Life. In this condition, and confidering that the Scrotum had been affected in his fecond Gonorrhoea, it was thought adviseable to falivate him again: This Salivation was attended with no better fuccess than the former, and the Urine continu'd to come away thro' the Fiftula, more than by the natural Paffage. In these circumstances he consulted several Physicians and Surgeons, who gave him no hopes of Cure; but, having heard of me, I promis'd him a radical one. After having fearch'd him, July 10. 1747. in the presence of Messieurs Sidobre and Combalusier, I found the Ure-

thra

thra intirely befet with fungous Excrescences, except for two Fingers breadth, where the Sound went in easily: There were, externally, two Fistulas, which gave issue to the Urine, and a virulent Matter. I cur'd him perfectly in three Months; but, during my treatment, he had some attacks of a Fever, owing to a reflux of Urine and Pus into the Blood.

Certificate of M. Sidobre.

" T Doctor of Physic of the Faculty of Montpe-" lier, and Physician to his Majesty in Consulta-"tion, do certify, That I faw, and examin'd with " attention, the melancholy fituation of M. "who, on occasion of several Gonorrhœas, and " other venereal Complaints, ill treated, had the " Urethra beset with Carnosities, and two Fistulas " in Perinao, thro' which the Urine continually " drain'd itself. He had a fingular Complication of " Dyfury, Strangury, and Incontinence of Urine; " being, besides, liable to total Suppressions. Haves ing put himself under the care of M. Daran, "Surgeon to the King, he waited upon me, after " fome short time, with his Urethra perfectly free, " the Fiftulas clos'd, and firmly cicatriz'd, making "Water in a full Stream, and in perfect Health. " From hence I think, that the new Method which " M. Daran makes use of to destroy Obstacles in " the Uretbra, arising from Gonorrhœas, is the most " perfect and efficacious that can be us'd. In Proof " whereof, I have fign'd the present Certificate.

Faris, Oct. 25.

" Sign'd,

" SIDOBRE."

Certificate of M. Combalusier.

" T Doctor of Physic of the University of Montof In pelier, of the Royal Society of Sciences, and " formerly Professor of the Faculty of Valentia, do " certify, That I had, from the Mouth of M. " a Relation of all his venereal Diforders, fuch as " are related in his Case; and that I examin'd, and statentively observ'd, his deplorable condition, as " there describ'd; and that I have constantly at-" tended his treatment by M. Daran: By which " means I faw, with aftonishment and pleasure, the " Discharge and Fistulas cur'd, the Urethra render'd " perfectly free, and the Patient obtain very good " Health. In Proof whereof, I have fign'd the 66 present Certificate. " Sign'd,

" Paris, Oct. 9. " 1747.

" COMBALUSIER."

Certificate of M. Dalbon.

"I, Master in Surgery of the King's Council, Into his Majesty in his Artillery-house, and in the " Châtelet de Paris, certify, That whatever is re-" lated in the 89th Case, concerning the state of M. F.... is exactly true. And I, moreover, certify, "That the Fistulas were perfectly heal'd, without " the affiftance of any sharp Instruments; having " feen the Patient, both before and after his Cure. " In Witness whereof, I have hereunto fet my " Name.

ss Sign'd,

" Paris, Jan. 11. 66 1748.

GE DALBON.

CASE 90.

June 2. 1747. I fearch'd, in the presence of M. De la Faye, M. aged about Forty, who told me, that, in 1736. from a recent Gonorrhœa, which the Surgeon endeavour'd to suppress, he had an Abscess in Perinæo, which was open'd by a skilful Surgeon, and well cicatriz'd; but the Urethra remain'd contracted by the Cicatrice, and the Stream of his Water was leffen'd. Some Years after, he had a new Abscess in the same place, which was also open'd; but hardly any thing came from it but Urine. He has had, almost every Year, the same Accident; and the Paffage has been, accordingly, streighten'd by the Cicatrice. I forgot to observe, that he was almost always troubled with a little purulent Running out of the Penis. To facilitate the iffue of his Urine, he had, feveral times, recourse to Silver Probes; but they procur'd him only a temporary relief. In 1747. having heard of the Cures which I perform'd, he determin'd to consult me. I found, before I reach'd the Verumontanum, three different Obstacles, form'd by fungous Excrescences, near each other; the deepest of them was ulcerated: I foften'd and cicatriz'd them, and cur'd him; but I was four Months about it, tho' he had no Accident during the course.

Certificate of M. De la Faye.

I Of the Royal Academy of Surgery, Demonfitrator-Royal of Operations, formerly Surgeon to the Camps and Armies of his Majesty, do certify, That I saw eight Patients afflicted with Stoppages of Urine, caus'd by Obstacles in

66 the

" the Urethra, the unfortunate and common confe-

" quences of Gonorrhœas; which M. Daran under-

" took, and cur'd by his Method. We may very

"well fay, that his Manner of treating these kinds of Disorders has reach'd the utmost degree of

" Perfection; which is a thing that has long been

" fought after.

" Paris, Dec. 6.

" Sign'd,

" DE LA FAYE."

CASE 91.

M..... aged Thirty-five, had four Gonorrhœas: There was nothing remarkable in the three first, unless that mercurial Frictions, for seven or eight Days, were thought necessary to cure the third. The last, which was contracted about seven or eight Years ago, was treated in the usual manner, and appear'd well cur'd: Four or five Years pass'd without his feeling any Pain; but he was then feiz'd with a Retention of Urine, after having been guilty of a fmall Debauch, which yielded to some Emollients: Three Weeks after, he had another Retention; the confequences of it, fuch as a Difficulty of making Water, Heat, and intolerable Pain, continu'd for a Fortnight. A very strict Regimen, and some Remedies, having allay'd these Symptoms, he pass'd a Year in pretty good Health, tho' with some slight Retentions, now-and-then. In August 1746. he had one, which continu'd twenty-four Hours: Bathing immediately reliev'd it; there only remain'd from it, for fix Months, a difficulty of making Water, Heat, and a confiderable diminution of the Stream of his Urine, which was fometimes fork'd: Such was his condition when he apply'd to me, recommended

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by M. Bouilbac. I fearch'd him, in the presence of M. Lattier, June 20. 1747. and found two Ulcers on this side the Verumontanum: They had fungous edges. I apply'd my Remedies, and in ten Weeks he waited upon M. Lattier perfectly cur'd, as appears by his Certificate.

Certificate of M. Du Lattier.

Formerly Surgeon-Major of the King's Arin the Person mention'd in the preceding Relation.
in the Person mention'd in the preceding Relation.
in A persect Cure, which was the result of it, conin vinces me, beyond all doubt, of the justly-acin knowleg'd Efficacy of the new Method which
in M. Daran uses in the Cure of Carnosities, and of
in all the Diseases of the Urethra in general. In
in Proof whereof, I have deliver'd the present Ceritificate.

" Paris, Dec. 7.

" Sign'd,

" DU LATTIER."

CASE 92.

M..... aged Forty-two, contracted, at twelve Years of Age, a Gonorrhoea, which was suppress'd by Injections: From that time he never made Water in a full Stream; and at Eighteen had his first Retention, which lasted twenty-four Hours, and for which M..... pass'd the Catheter: The Retention returning the next Day, recourse was had to the same means: The Running was now return'd, the Patient went under a fresh course, and in three Months

Months he appear'd cur'd, there remaining no Difcharge. For fix Years he remain'd pretty eafy, only now-and-then he had flight Retentions, upon the leaft excess; the Stream of his Urine lessen'd again at twenty-four Years of Age, and he had another Suppression, in which the introduction of the Catheter was again attempted; but M..... an eminent Surgeon, failing in his attempt, he apply'd to the late M. Livernet, who was more successful: He then us'd medicated Candles for fix Months; his Water came more freely by their means; but as there remain'd Shootings, and a difficulty of making Water, which from that time continu'd to increase, the 19th of July 1747. he was taken with another Suppression, for which the Catheter was unfuccessfully attempted to be introduced. I was then fent for: I call'd in M. Boudou, to see the dangerous state of the Patient, before I attempted any thing with him; and we concluded, that it was necessary to force the Obstacles with the Catheter, without which the Patient, who had made no Water at all for fifty-four Hours, must, in all likelihood, have perish'd in a short time. We left the Catheter in the Bladder five Days, after which I introduced one of my Sounds in its place: It went in eafily, because the Catheter had flatten'd three Obstructions, which were so many fungous Excrescences. I continu'd my Dressings, and internal Remedies, according to my usual Method; and the Patient got perfectly well, without the intervention of any Accident, to M. Boudou's knowlege, whom he waited upon after his Cure.

Certificate of M. Boudou.

"I, Surgeon of St. Côme, and Surgeon in Chief
"I, of the Hôtel-Dieu of Paris, certify, That I
" faw, at M. Daran's House, M..... labouring
"under

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under a total Suppression of Urine, owing to Carnosities, which he had been troubled with for
sisteen Years, near the Verumontanum: They
form'd such strong callous Obstacles, that it was
with the utmost difficulty I pass'd the Catheter:
Some Days after, M. Daran introduced his
Sounds, which suppurated the Carnosities, and
deterg'd the Ulcers; and the Patient was perfectly
cur'd by his new Method, and, consequently,
free from all danger of a Relapse into the same
condition; which would have been the case, if the
Cause had not been remov'd.

" Paris, Oct. 22.

" Sign'd,

" Boudou."

CASE 93

M. aged Thirty, contracted, about twelve or fourteen Years ago, a Gonorrhœa: A course of Physic, of eighteen Months, did not suppress it; and, as he felt Pain under the Penis, from a Hardness which remain'd there, he was advis'd to falivate, which refolv'd the Hardness: The Running, which prov'd obstinate, yielded, at last, to Balsam Capivi: He remain'd well for feven or eight Years, but, upon heating himself with Women, the Running appear'd again: It always increas'd in going to Stool; he sometimes felt Heat in making Water; the Stream of his Urine kept leffening every Day; he had frequent occasion to discharge it, and it frequently came away involuntarily: He was then advis'd to use Leaden Probes. They made the Passage freer; but the Running became more plentiful, and, at last, stopp'd of itself, shortly after his leaving off the Probe, and there was nothing of it feen for three Years; but the Passage being daily more and more obobstructed, and the Urine often coming away only drop by drop, with Heat and Shooting, at other times stopping intirely, he apply'd to me, by the advice of one of his friends, whom I had cur'd. February 12. 1746. I search'd him, and sound, on this side the Verumontanum, two Ulcers, at two Fingers breadth distance from each other: The farthest of them had callous edges, which considerably obstructed the Passage; and the other supply'd a very virulent Matter. I deterg'd and cicatriz'd them perfectly in three Months, to M. Bergerot's knowlege; who gave the following Certificate.

Certificate of M. Bergerot.

"I, Sworn Master-Surgeon of St. Côme, do certify, That M..... had a constant difficulty
of making Water, owing to Carnosities in the
"Uretbra, the unhappy consequence of former Gonorrhœas ill cur'd; and this difficulty frequently
chang'd into a total Suppression. He apply'd
to M. Daran, and was perfectly cured by his
new Method against the Diseases of the Ure;
thra.

" Paris, Dec. 13.

ec Sign'd,

" BERGEROT."

CASE 94.

M..... aged Thirty-seven, contracted, seventeen Years ago, a very virulent Gonorrhæa, which, being ill treated at first, oblig'd him to have recourse to a Surgeon, who salivated him. He was so far from finding relief from it, that two Abscesses A a form'd

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form'd in Perineo, which became fiftulous, and Matter and Urine were discharg'd through them, as well as the natural way, and all with difficulty. He had been a Year in this condition, when he underwent a tedious and unfuccessful Course of Physic, and then refolv'd to defift doing any thing more: During the time of his forbearing all Medicines, he contracted another Gonorrhoea, which caus'd an Inflammation to the Testicles: Tho' he was cur'd, the difficulty of making Water increas'd upon him in fuch a manner, that, two Years after, his Urine was discharg'd only drop by drop. Despairing, then, of his Cure, he apply'd to M. an eminent Surgeon, who told him, that he knew no better Remedy for him than the Leaden Probe, which he advis'd him to use: It, however, only made him worse. He was frequently liable to Fevers, and to fuch confiderable Suppressions of Urine, that he was several times in great danger. It was then thought requifite, for his feveral Venereal Symptoms, to falivate him again; which was done, but with no better fuccess than formerly: In these circumstances he confulted feveral Physicians and Surgeons, who gave him no hopes: But, hearing of me, by a Person whom I had cur'd, he came to me; and I promis'd him an absolute Cure, after having examin'd him, July 10. 1747. in the presence of M. Louxto, Master-Surgeon of St. Côme, and found the Urethra full of ulcerated Excrescences of Flesh, with a very virulent Running. There were, externally, two Fiftulas, thro' which the Urine was discharg'd, and a very virulent Matter. I made him perfectly well in three Months: But, during the Course, he had several feverish Fits, caus'd by the Reflux of Pus and Urine into the Blood; as, likewife, with an ædematous Swelling of the Legs.

Certificate of M. Louxto.

I Sworn Surgeon of St. Côme, do certify, That M. who, for a long time, had been afflicted with a Retention of Urine, having the Canal full of Carnofities, and a Tumor in the Perineum, with two Fiftulas on one side of it, told me, that, to be cur'd, he had several times been falivated, to no purpose; that he had been directed to M. Daran, Surgeon in ordinary to the King, who shew'd him to me, before he undertook his Cure, July the 10th of the same Year. Having, afterwards, very carefully examin'd him, I found him perfectly cur'd by the new Method of this Surgeon for the Diseases of the Urethra. In Proof whereof, I have sign'd the present Certificate.

" Paris, Oct. 20.

" Sign'd,

" LOUXTO."

CASE 95.

M. M.... having been cur'd of one Gonorrhœa, some Years afterwards contracted a second,
attended with a Chancre; but a Salivation, which
was administred, cur'd only the last Symptom:
The Running continu'd from that time, altho' it
was sensibly decreas'd; and he had a small Stoppage
of Urine, with a shooting Pain in making it. He
has, for six Months past, been subject to Retentions:
The sirst continu'd only about three Hours; of the
three succeeding ones, the most considerable lasted
feven or eight Hours: At these times, his Urine
A a 2

came only drop by drop, with extreme Pain and Straining. Seeing, at last, that the Running continu'd; that the Stream of his Urine fensibly decreas'd; and that the Discharge of it was always attended with Shootings; knowing, besides, my succefs, from one of his Countrymen whom I had cur'd; he fet out from to put himfelf under my care. I fearch'd him, in the presence of M. De Biag, Surgeon of St. Côme; and found, on this fide the Verumontanum, two Carnofities, one of which was ulcerated, and fupply'd the virulent Matter. I treated him after my Method, and made him quite well in two Months.

Certificate of M. De Biag.

I, Sworn Surgeon of St. Come, do certify, That I was Witness to the truth of all that is con-" tain'd in the Relation, which gives an Account of " the Disease of M. M.... His perfect Cure has " convinced me, that the new Method of M. Da-" ran is the most certain that is known, to destroy "Carnofities of the Urethra, which fucceed to Go-" norrhœas. In Proof whereof, I have fign'd the " present Certificate.

" Paris, Dec. 5. "Sign'd,

" DE BIAG.

CASE 96.

Contain'd in the Certificate of M. Foubert.

I Mafter in Surgery, Surgeon in ordinary to the King in his Parliament-house, and formerly Surgeon in chief to the Hospital La Cha-66 rité

" rité for Men at Paris, do certify, That I was " fent for, September 4. 1747. by M. Faget, Master " in Surgery to the Queen, to fee M. who " had so considerable a Retention of Urine, that his " Bladder was stretch'd to a prodigious size, and " look'd like a Foot-ball: He had a very high " Fever, with the Hiccough: He lay stupid, and " almost motionless; remaining exactly in the same " Place he was put in. M. Faget, who had been " fent for some Hours before me, had made several of attempts to introduce the Catheter; had bled him; had given him a large quantity of Oil of " fweet Almonds, and us'd all the common means. "I attempted the introduction of the Catheter again, "but with no better fucress: I understood that the " Patient had, for a long time, labour'd under Car-" nosities in the Urethra, which frequently occa-" fion'd a Stoppage of Urine; I was then perfuaded, "that the only way to fave his Life was, to make a " Puncture in the Hypogastrium: I propos'd it to "M. Faget, who was of the fame Opinion. He " fetch'd a Troquar, and immediately perform'd " the Operation: He discharg'd a prodigious quan-" tity of Urine; but, after the evacuation, the " Bladder funk within the Pelvis; by which means, the Canula of the Troquar was difengag'd from "it, and there was no more Urine discharg'd thro's " it, but it spread among the fatty Membranes. To " remedy this inconvenience, we took out the Caor nula, let the Bladder fill again, and then made a new Puncture; but, while the Water was difcharging, I pass'd a Probe into the Canula, to pre-" ferve the Passage: I withdrew the Canula of the "Troquar, and introduced one that was fmaller, " curv'd, and long enough to continue in the Blad-" der, tho' never fo much shrunk: This Canula, " which I made upon the fpot with half a Catheter, which I cut and fitted on purpose, kept perfectly Aa3

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well in its situation, by the means of a Bandage " and Straps; and was, also, kept clos'd, so as to let out the Water only occasionally: From this time, "the Patient grew daily better; all his Symptoms ceas'd, as Fever, Hiccough, Stupor; and he appear'd quite out of danger as to his Life; but his "Uretbra still continued beset with Carnosities, so " that not a drop of Water came away; and he 66 had a Gleet of ten Years Continuance. In this Condition M. Daran, Surgeon in ordinary to the King, undertook the Cure of the Carnofities, to hinder the Return of the Disease; and so happily fucceeded by his new Method, that, a few Days of after, the Patient made Water in a full Stream : " We healed up the Puncture of the Belly, and the " Patient is now perfectly well: In proof whereof I have figned the present Certificate.

" Paris, Nov. 15. " Sign'd, ** 1747.

THE SET TO SEW OFF FOUBERT.

er the Operation: He discharg'd a prodigious quan Certificate of M. Faget.

" fetch'd a Troquer, and immediately perform'd

T Do certify, That all that is related above, is exactly true; having been Witness to the whole Transaction, before and after the Cure.

tell pulling of 190045 Start suggest

Paris, Nov. 15.

agam, and then made a

Signed,

C A S E 97.

M. —, aged 27, a German, without having ever exposed himself to the Danger of contracting any Venereal Complaint, perceived, at the Age of Twelve, that a very thick Matter was discharged by the Penis; which stained his Linen, and formed a fort of Crust at the end of the Uretbra. Symptoms continued eight Days; and, that Time, he felt a shooting in making Water: After this, the Running and Shooting went off: When he was Twenty, he observed, that, upon the least Excess, particularly in Drinking, he had a Stoppage of Urine, which came out very small, and in two or more Streams: He was three whole Years without using any Remedy, and without feeling any great Inconvenience, being very careful in his Way of living: However, as the Stream of his Water daily leffened, and came only drop by drop, he imagined he had the Stone, and was fearched; which Operation gave him great Pain, and occasioned a considerable Loss of Blood: The Surgeon found no Stone, but an Excrescence in the Uretbra: Some means that were used, procured a more free Discharge to the Urine for three Months: After this, the fame means, being renewed, proved unfuccessful; others were directed, which had but a flight Effect; for the Running returned; and, to make Water, which was always with great Smarting, he was obliged to introduce every Day a Probe: He then confulted M. Côme, Surgeon, who brought him to me: I fearched him in his Presence, and found in the Urethra, two Sorts of little round fungous Excrescences, pretty near the excretory Ducts of the Proftatæ, at a Finger's breadth from each other; and at the Fossa Navicularis an Ulcor, which Aa4

T 360]

supplied a yellowish Pus. I cured him in two Months, and got his Cure attested by M. Ruffel.

Certificate of M. Ruffel.

I, Sworn Surgeon of St. Côme, and Surgeon-" That I faw at M. Daran's M. -, a Ger-" man, who told me, that he had been troubled " for feveral Years with a Stoppage of Urine, which first began when he was but twelve Years old, without his having given any Occasion to it by " contracting any Gonorrhœa; and that, after fe-" veral Remedies used unsuccessfully, M. Côme, "Surgeon, advised him to apply to Mr. Daran, and " went with him to his House: He happily cured " him of all his Disorders, by his new Method. "The State the Patient was in, is specified in the or preceding Relation, which I have read in his Presence, and he acknowleged true: In proof whereof I have figned the present Certificate.

" Signed,

F Paris, Dec. 22. Paris, Dec. 22. "Ruffel." more tree thicharge to the Urme for three Months :

bevord CASE 98.

The Marquis of ———, aged Twenty-five, having consulted M. Boyer, Physician in ordinary to the King, upon a Complaint which greatly alarmed him, was by him directed to me : I learnt from him, that when he was Nine or Ten Years old, he had a Retention of Urine, which obliged him to use the warm Bath; and that from that time he had always made Water with Difficulty and Shoot-

ings: At Fourteen he contracted a Gonorrhæa, for which he used no Remedies for two Years: It was then stopt, after three Months Treatment, by Injections: A Year after, it was judged necessary to falivate him; he also used Bougies, which did not in the least relieve him : Ever fince his Gonorrhea, he has had a constant Cough, frequently a Pain in his Chest, and Colics: In 1746. his Erections were neither so frequent, or so easy, as before; he oftentimes found an Incapacity of emitting; the Stream of his Urine became very fmall, and he made it with shooting Pains, and frequently drop by drop. I found, upon fearthing him, in Prefence of M. Benomont, an Obstacle in the middle of the Uretbra, and an Ulcer with callous Edges, near the excretory Ducts of the seminal Vesicles. I took him in hand, and all his Complaints disappeared in two Months and an half; and an unnatural Conformation, which he had near the Neck of the Bladder, was likewise carried off. His Cure is known to M. Boyer, Phyfician; and to M. Benomont, who has certified it.

Certificate of M. Benomont.

I, Sworn Surgeon of Paris, do certify, That I was fent for by Mr. Daran, to attest the State of the Disease of M. ——. After he had recited to me his unfortunate Amours, and the Inconveniences resulting from them by a Stoppage of Urine, I examined the Urethra with a Catheter, and found an Obstacle, which streightened the Passage, known by the Name of Carnosity, which resisted the Introduction of the Instrument. Mr. Daran undertook his Cure; and, after having used his Sounds about a Month, sent to me again, to examine the Patient; who as-

" fured me, that he made Water in a full Stream;

" and I was Witness to a pretty large Sound being

" introduced without Difficulty to the Neck of the

" Bladder. It is but doing Justice to M. Daran,

" to affure the Public, that he has great Experience

in these Diseases; and that his manner of treating

" them is methodical to the last Degree.

" Signed,

" Paris, Dec. 21. " 1747.

" BENOMONT."

C A S E 99.

The Baron of -, aged Forty-eight, who had remaining, from a third Gonorrhœa, a fimple Diminution of the Stream of his Urine, was not fo happy as to have a fourth carried off, the Stream of his Urine decreafing daily, in spite of Remedies; and, quite tired of them, he left them off till April 1744. when the Stoppage of Urine being confiderably increased, and Matter being always discharged with it, Mercurial Frictions were administred without Effect: The Obstruction growing worse, notwithstanding this Remedy, which had been recommended as infallible, feveral Abscesses formed in Perinæo, which were opened, and discharged a great Quantity of Matter and Urine: The free Discharge which the Matter found, was fo far from preventing itfrom injuring the neighbouring Parts, that it formed new Abscesses, which degenerated into Fistulas, in spite of the best Means used to prevent it : One thing very remarkable is, that the Urine, notwithstanding its easy Discharge thro' the Fistulas in Perinaeo, continued to flow, in part, the natural Way: Such was his Condition, when he heard of the radical Cures which I had performed upon Perfons fons whose condition was as deplorable as his own; but as he could not bear the gentlest Carriage, where the Posture of Sitting was necessary, he was brought to Paris from a City in Germany, laid along in a Litter: He has not repented of the Fatigue, inseparable from a long Journey, in this Situation; and his Considence has been rewarded with a perfect Cure, performed under the Observation of M. Medalon and M. Godefroy, Surgeon.

Certificate of M. Medalon.

I Counsellor, Physician to the King, and to his Company of Hundred Swisses, formerly Physician to the King's Camps and Armies, do certify, That I saw several Persons afflicted with Stoppages of Urine, owing to Carnosities in the Urethra, perfectly cured by Mr. Daran, Surgeon in ordinary to the King. I surthermore do certify, That I was Witness to the Cure specified in the 99th Relation: If the miserable Condition of the Officer who is the Subject of it, proves the Efficacy of Mr. Daran's Remedies, it proves equally the Imprudence of those, who, in such Circumstances, venture to commit themselves to People unacquainted with these Sorts of Disorders.

" Paris, Oct. 30."

" Signed,

" D. MEDALON."

ous deplocable as his own

CASE 100.

The History of M. Maisonneuve, Ecuyer, and one of the Grooms of the Wardrobe.

Written by bimself.

I am forty-fix Years of Age; I have always been threatened with being afflicted with the Stone, from the time of my being at College. In September 1739. being in Waiting, and holding the Orders and Sword ready to present them, I felt a very fevere Pain, which immediately went off, and I was flushed all over: I went thro' my Office, and, being got into my Chamber, I discharged, by the Penis, several drops of Blood as large as Peas. I confulted feveral Physicians and Surgeons of the Court, who differed in their Opinion : M. Marcot, Physician in ordinary to the King, told me, that he could impute it to nothing but a Stone that had fallen from the Kidneys into the Bladder; that, however, he might be mistaken; that I ought not to think of it, but observe a strict Regimen: I remained twenty Months without Pain : On Easter Day 1741. going in my Chaife to Paris, I was feized with a violent Fever, with a great Pain in my Loins, a Weight in the Bladder, and so confiderable a Suppression of Urine, that, though I was twice bled in the Arm, and once in the Foot, and used Clysters with Linseed and Ptifans, I continued for three Days making only a few drops of Water, and that with great Pain and Straining: On the fourth Day, the Suppression becoming total, the Catheter was passed. and the Surgeon told me he felt a Stone: The Instrument being withdrawn, my Water came away readily, but for the first Days with Pain; and I found myself in a Condition to return home four Days

Days after: I remained pretty easy till 1743. feeling, however, every now-and-then, a great Pain at the end of the Penis when I had done making Water: November the 14th, 1743. I was seized in the Night with a total Suppression: I was brought to Paris; for eight Days I took feveral emollient Medicines, was bled in the Arm and Foot, my Urine came away with difficulty and great Pain; at the end of the eighth Day it was thought necessary to pass the Catheter, which M. le Compte did, and left the Instrument in till Seven the next Morning: In drawing it out, the Stone that was in the Bladder followed it, and ftopt in the Paffage near the Anus; I thought it had pierced it, and, putting my Hand to the Part, I felt a Substance of the Bigness of a Nut: The Surgeons comforted me, telling me the Stone might pass, and that, if an Operation should be necessary, it would be easy, and without

Danger.

Three Hours after, the Stone advanced with great Pain as far as the Testicles; Oil of sweet Almonds was feveral times injected into the Paffage, but none of it remained: By pressing from Eleven o'Clock to Four, the Stone was brought as far as the Glans: So confiderable a Swelling came on then in an inftant, that the Glans was strangled by the Prepuce, and was bent over it, being also swelled to a monstrous Size: The Operation being requisite, it was performed at half an Hour after Six: M. le Compte cut the Prepuce that strangled the Glans, in the upper Part; after which he divided the two Sides, hoping, by these means, he should be able to fee to cut into the Urethra, and lay hold of the Stone: But this not answering, he cut the Glans on the left Side from the Root; and, unfortunately, the Stone burfting out with the Urine, which was in great quantity, lacerated the Passage to the very Extremity, as he told M. de Lapeyronie when

when he came to fee the Wound on the fourth

Day.

I was out of danger in twelve Days; but every now-and-then afterwards, there was discharged from the Passage a small quantity of clear Matter, which somewhat stained my Linen: This was imputed to the Laceration of the Urethra by the Stone; and disappeared in four Months, without my doing any thing for it: On Corpus Christi Day in 1744. I had a total Retention from Two o'Clock in the Asternoon till Eleven the next Morning, when M. Oliver, the Surgeon, prescribed me a Draught; and, about half an Hour after, my Water burst out with Violence, and I believe there was a Stone came away with it; but I am not sure of it, as I made Water

in the Street.

I have had no total Suppressions since that Time; but every now-and-then some Pain; and I made my Water in a small quantity, and the Stream of it was fometimes very small. In last Easter Week I had a violent Pain in the Loins, and a Fever: I was bled twice on the Saturday; and after I had diluted, and thrown up emollient Glysters, I was purged with two Ounces of Manna, and fome purging Salt, which worked brifkly: At Five in the Afternoon I was taken with a violent Pain in the Penis, attended with Itching and Shooting: I was four Hours in filling a Glass with slimy Matter, stained with florid Blood, at above twenty different times, and with the greatest Straining; the two following Hours I made another Glass full; but the Sliminess was greater, and still stained with Blood; and before Midnight I discharged two ropy Substances, which did not separate in coming away, and which filled a Glass; they were likewise tinged with Blood; and all this without a drop of Urine; which occasioned so great a Weakness, that I could hardly stand. Ever Ever fince 1739. I have discharged with my Water ropy Matter, of different Colours, as large as

half an Egg.

The 30th of last November I rode seventeen Leagues from my own House to Fontainebleau; and the next Day, after the King's Levee, I had a total Suppression of Urine: Clysters of Linseed were thrown up: When I was warm in Bed, upon pressing a certain Part under the Testicles, a few drops of Water were squeezed out, which I was obliged every Moment to force out, with incon-

ceivable Pain and Straining.

M. Hevin, first Surgeon to the Dauphiness, having bled me, directed warm Bathings; and for iome Days my Water came dropping out; but, after the fixth bathing, I was feized with a Fever: When that was carried off, I took again to Bathing, and was purged with Cassia and Manna, which gave me feveral Stools, but brought away no Water; for, during the last Bathing, I could only make Water when I pressed a certain Part of the Urethra under the Testicles, and then not without great Pain and Straining. Having been in the Bath thirteen times. without any Effect, M. Hevin advised me to go to Paris to Mr. Daran, Surgeon in ordinary to the King; and I went to him November the 14th. Two Hours after he had introduced the first Sound, I discharged a small quantity of thick Water; the next Day my Urine was thick and fetid, full of a flimy Matter, Pus, and fomething refembling Brick-dust: having the third Day got over an Obstacle that was under the Testicles, I was seized with a violent Fever: I discharged Blood after my Urine; at Noon the Pain was great both in making Water, and after I had done: In the Afternoon and Evening I likewise discharged much Blood with my Urine, which was excessive fetid, and brought away with it some Stones, which were lodged in the Ure-

thra.

thra, under the Testicles, in that Part where, after preffing, a few drops of Urine used to come out. that were as clear as Water: The Pain, however, continued. On Sunday the 19th, Mr. Daran, in paffing his Sound, felt a Stone, which occasioned a small Discharge of Blood; and on Monday the 20th, the last Stone was dislodged, the Pain ceas'd, and the Passage was healed in three Days; so that the Urine came away in a full Stream, and without Pain: The Week after, upon Mr. Daran's paffing a pretty large Sound, I felt great Pain four Inches within the Penis; four Hours after, when he took out the Sound, I made Water with Pain, and it was followed by ten or twelve large drops of Blood, which made me very uneafy: I still felt Pain four or five Hours after in making Water, and a little Blood came away: I kept a fmall Sound in all Night; but it could not enter, as the others had done, in the Evening, on account of the Pain I felt: The next Day, in the Morning, after the Sound was extracted, I made Water; and there came out at the fame time a thin Plate of Lead, about half as long as a small Pin, but not half so thick, with two small Pieces of a yellowish Substance, which evidently inclosed Lead, and which had remained in the Urethra ever fince the Operation that was performed upon me in the Year 1743. This small Plate of Lead had separated from a Leaden Probe, which I was directed to use after the Operation, to inlarge the Paffage; and it is probable, that all the Stones that were under the Testicles, and which Mr. Daran's Sounds brought away, were detained by the Streightening which this Obstacle caused in the Passage: The Cicatrice at the Entrance of the Urethra was fo streight, that Mr. Daran, at first, could hardly introduce his smallest Sounds; but at present the Entrance is as large as the rest of the Canal. Mr. Daran carried me back to Versailles Novem-

November the 4th, perfectly recovered, and making Water in a full Stream. I have entered upon Duty again; and what is most furprising, is, that after having undergone the cruellest Torture for a Fortnight at Fontainebleau; after thirteen Bathings, and a confiderable time paffed without eating or fleeping; in short, after having suffered severe Pain for ten or twelve Days at Mr. Daran's, I have fo well recovered my Looks in eight Days time, that there is no appearance of my having ever been ill at all. This ludden Alteration greatly furprifed all those to whom I have the Honour of being known at Court, who faw me fet out from Fontainebleau in a dying Condition, as my Bladder must infallibly have mortified, if I had continued three or four Days without Affistance; and it is with Pleasure and Gratitude that I publicly declare, that I owe my Life to Mr. Daran. It is my Defire, that Mr. Daran do make my Relation public; being defirous, that those who are in my Condition, may be inform'd, that the Efficacy of Mr. Daran's Remedy extends to Obstacles of the Urethra of all kinds.

" Paris, Dec. 20.

"Groom of the King's Wardrobe."

Certificate of M. Hevin.

"I, First Surgeon to the Dauphiness, Demonstra"tor-Royal and Secretary-Royal to the Royal
"Academy of Surgery for Correspondences, do
"certify, That M. de Maisonneuve, one of the
"Grooms of the Wardrobe, was afflicted for several
"Years with a Disease of the Urethra and Neck of
"the Bladder; in a Fit of which, as I attended on
"him in the last Journey the Court made to FonB b
"tainebleau,

" tainebleau, I advised him to apply to Mr. Daran, "Surgeon in Ordinary to the King; the Applica"tion of whose Remedies was followed by so sudden a Success, that in a few Days he returned to his Duty, and was absolutely delivered from all his Complaints: I saw him make Water without Interruption, in great Quantity, and in a full Stream, without Pain or Straining: He was under Cure from November the 14th to December the 4th. The Success of M. Maisonneuve's Cure, joined to several others which I have had occasion to certify, proves, that Mr. Daran's Method for the Diseases of the Urethra is very efficacious, and preferable to any other.

" Signed,

" Verfailles, Dec. 12.

" HEVIN.

CASE 101.

M. le F---, aged Thirty-five, contracted, fourteen Years ago, a Gonorrhœa; he was fucceffively under the Care of feveral Surgeons, who could not ftop the Running for feveral Years: Tired with Remedies, he totally left them off, and lived carelesty till 1742. when a remarkable Diminution of the Stream of his Urine, and two total Retentions, which were followed by feveral others in 1743. made him reflect upon his Situation. In 1745. he confulted M. ----, Surgeon of St. Côme, who, with difficulty, introduced a very fmall Catheter, by the Help of which he discovered an Obstacle in the Passage, and added further, that he suspected there were more in the Bladder : At the latter end of 1746. he came to me, and I fearched him; but as I was but newly arrived at Paris, notwithstanding the

the good Account given him of me by M. Astruc, Molin, and Vernage, he refus'd his Confidence; but went to an eminent Surgeon, who promifed to cure him: For this Purpose he introduced a Bougie, which the Patient was to carry constantly in the Paffage; but he was obliged to take it out in the middle of the Night, on account of the Pain it gave him: In extracting it, fuch a quantity of Blood was discharged, that the Patient thought himself a dead Man. This Hæmorrhage continued a long while, and a Fever came on. The Surgeon, coming the next Day to renew the Dreffing, was difmiss'd; and the Patient committed himself to my Care. I found, by fearching, an Obstacle in the middle of the Passage, and a very confiderable Discharge. M. Casamajor was present when I searched him. The Obstacle confifted in a scirrhous Swelling on this Side the Verumontanum, where there was an Ulceration: The Passage was almost wholly obstructed: The Discharge of Matter proceeded from the Ulcer of the Verumontanum: He was moreover troubled with a periodical Fever, which came on regularly every Night, with Restlesness, Weariness, Loss of Stomach; which Symptoms betray'd a pocky Taint lurking in the Blood. I began by freeing the Paffage; which took me up four Months: The Running remained still on him in pretty great quantity. Under a pretext of resting for a Fortnight, he never came near me for a Month. In the mean while, the Disorder of the Urethra, which was not wholly carried off, brought back the former Symptoms. Instead of having recourse to the same means, he forgot the Benefit he had receiv'd from them, and made it his Bufiness to run them down everywhere. At last, what he suffered brought him to Repentance; and he again begg'd my Affiltance. Revenge does not belong to me; and I take a Pleafure in facrificing Self-love to the Good of Society; B b 2

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and I agreed to the Reconciliation, under one Condition only; which was, that I would attempt nothing without another Surgeon being called in; and accordingly I defired Mr. Sarrau to be prefent, forewarning him at the fame time, that I did not pretend to procure him a radical Cure, unless he underwent a Salivation. I then set about his Cure; and he was sensible, as well as Mr. Sarrau and myself, that every thing went on excessive well. He nevertheless made another Elopement, and I saw no more of him till last April; when he told me, that he was well in every respect, and wondered himself at the Alteration. I wish this may last; but I defire it more than I expect it: However, he shall always be welcome to my Assistance.

CASE 102.

M. ----, aged Sixty, a Tradesman in the City of Champagne, got a second Gonorrhœa in 1722. which was not fo well taken care of as his first: To a very plentiful, and a very virulent Discharge, came on a very violent Scalding: The Running leffened, but did not disappear; or at least, if it did so some Days, it always returned in greater Plenty. 'He remained in this Condition till 1741. when he began to feel fome painful Shootings and Scalding. He tried feveral things without much Relief. At last, in 1744. the Heat increasing, and his Urine being loaded with a greyish Gravel, and a slimy Matter, he confulted a Physician, who was famous in these Sorts of Diforders: He, however, did him very little Service; and it lasted so little, that in 1745. he was obliged to undergo a fresh Course. He received the most Good from living upon white Meats. In the mean while, hearing of me, he fent me the State of his Case; upon which I advised him

to come to Paris; which he did, and came to my House the 16th of December 1746. I searched him in the Presence of Mr. Cantwell, Doctor of Physic, and found in the Urethra a fordid Ulcer, with callous Edges; and another on the Prostate Glands, which afforded a very plentiful Discharge. The callous Edges of these Ulcers, by swelling fuddenly, had occasioned him several Retentions, one of which had lasted ten Hours. Month's time I dissolved the callous Edges of these Ulcers; but there was too great a Discharge of Matter not to suspect that some other Part was affected: My Conjecture proved well founded; for when I had got to the Bladder, I found it so impaired, that I advised him to call in some Physicians: Messieurs Pousse and Astruc prescribed him Things which they judg'd more proper for him to take at home; and accordingly he returned home, without being cured, and fuffering excessively from his difeased Bladder, of which he died a very little while after.

As I before advanced, in my Remarks on the Diforders of the *Uretbra*, my Remedy acts on those Parts only with which it comes into Contact. The Matter furnished by the Ulcers having in this Person made its Way into the Bladder, he was not in a Capacity to be benefited by my Method. You see, by this History, that I am not always able to make a sure Prognostic before I have got to the Bladder: As also, that those who labour under any Disorders of the *Uretbra*, run the Risk, by delaying, of having the Evil get to the Bladder, and of its then becoming incurable.

CASE 103.

to produce to the country of the different

Mr. D-, aged Forty, had been afflicted for above twenty Years with the most cruel Difficulty of making Water, when he did me the Honour of confulting me in December 1745. He had used all forts of means; the Leaden Probes, Escharotics, and Caustics, had all been tried. One will easily judge, that these last did more Harm than Good. I fearched him, and discovered a seirrhous Tumour on the bulbous Part of the Urethra. I told him, that I would attempt his Cure; but that I had great reason to fear, lest the corrosive Medicines he had used, should render mine useless; which indeed proved to be the Cafe. I did all I could for three Months successively, but was not able to procure him the leaft Relief. I did not think proper to go farther; and I prognosticated to him, that others would not be more fortunate. He has, for his own Satisfaction, made feveral other Trials; but they have only ferved to verify my Prognoftic, and the state of th

C A S E 104.

In the Month of November 1745. after my being come to Paris, old Mr. Pousse and his Son, both Doctors of Physic, and Mr. Puzos, Surgeon of St. Côme, brought to me Mr. T———, who was about Fifty-five Years of Age, who for eight Years past had laboured under a great Difficulty of making Water, and for above fifteen under a Gleet. These Complaints were owing to some callous Ulcers, which I discovered in the Urethra. I cured him in six Weeks; but he died some Months after;

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and, being opened before old Mr. Pousse, the Urethra was found intirely free; but he had a scirrhous Tumour in the Liver, and a preternatural Dilatation of the Colon, which hindered both the Fæces, and bilious Humour, from passing through this Intestine.

CASE 105.

M. ----, Fifty Years old, was in September 1746. seized with a rheumatic Pain in his left Hip, which, two Months after, reached the right Side: Several things were administred; but he reaped no Benefit from them. At the beginning of January 1747. he made bloody Water; but this foon went off, and appeared again fix Weeks after. He then had a Confultation of some of the first Surgeons, to know whence the Blood proceeded; and as it was discharged before the Urine, which was not so much as tinged with it, it was decided, that it proceeded from the Uretbra. Bleeding and Bathing having been put in Practice without Effect, Aftringents were tried. I was then called in, and found in the Urethra an Excrescence, which Mr. Casamajor, who was the usual Physician of the Patient, was made fenfible of. We agreed, that this should first be removed; which I did: But the Hæmorrhage still subfifting, a Consultation was agreed on; where were present Mess. Pousse the Father. De Jussieu, Foubert, and myself; and it was decided, that the Body itself of the Bladder was ulcerated. and full of Fungus. I was nevertheless desired to continue my Attendance, to preserve the Freedom of the Paffage: But his Illness being incurable, he was at last carried off by it.

CASE 106.

M. ----, a Captain of Foot, was very unfortunate in three Gonorrhœas which he contracted: They all proved very obstinate; and the last kept running till they used aftringent Injections. Some time after, being just returned from a long Journey, and being very much heated by it, he was feized with a Fever, and Suppression of Urine; and ever after, his Water came away with Difficulty. and loaded with flimy Matter. In 1742, he had another Retention, which lasted four Days and a half. What must be have endured in a Suppression which he had two Months before he put himfelf under my Care, which was total, and lasted seven whole Days! He had moreover in 1743. a Swelling of the right Tefficle, which yielded to the Application of an Oil which a Surgeon gave him, and which he used but once, on account of its inflaming the left Testicle; and he was after this disabled from emitting the Semen. I treated this Gentleman after my Method, with the Knowlege of Meff. Boyer, Rabours, and Morand, and deftroy'd the Obstacles of the Urethra, which had obliged him to apply to me, and which had fo often endangered his Life: But as my Remedies could have no Effect over a hectic Fever or Confumption he was lingering under during the Treatment, he only got better of the Diforders of his Uretbra, but died of the other Illness; as Mess. Boyer, Rabours, and Morand, can testify.

APPENDIX.

S the nature of the diforders incident to a human Body are learnt by nothing fo well as by the exact histories of those disorders, I thought, that notwithstanding the number of Cases related in the foregoing Treatise, the Reader would not be displeased at being detained by a few more of them when he flattered himself, that he had run his Race, though it were but to glean a little more knowlege concerning the nature of the disorders of the *Urethra*.

If my defign had been to swell out this Work, I could have done it with small labour to myself, a plenty of Materials lying before me; for besides the Cures which I saw with my own Eyes, while with Mr. Daran, and those performed by myself since my return to England, I had the perusal of the historical Register, which Mr. Daran keeps with the utmost exactness, of all the Persons that pass under his hands; but out of this multiplicity of Cases, I have chosen those only, that either had something particular in the causes which produced them, or in the symptoms which attended them, and in which there was some material difference from those already seen by the Reader.

As most of the Cures which I saw, performed, or perused, are similar to those already met with in the foregoing Collection, I shall present the Reader with a few only; which, as a Desert after a

plentiful Repalt, may serve to amuse him; or, as a Desert, may remain untouch'd by him, if he is al-

ready fully fatiated.

But, before I enter upon this, I must not let slip this opportunity of declaring, that what has been so industriously spread of me, that none but the Rich could reap any advantage from my Remedies, on account of my exorbitant Prices, is wholly void of truth, as many that owe the Recovery of their health to my Cares, can affert. I am guided by a Rule which Custom and Reason have established in other Cases of Surgery; the Nature of the Illness, and the Circumstances of the Patient, determine the Reward.

CASE 1.

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Mr. B.... an Officer in the Regiment of in his 63d Year, had in his youth been very unfortunate in his amours, having contracted feveral Gonorrheeas, which, after the administration of mercurial Medicines, were dried up by aftringent Injections. Ever fince the first, which he had at the age of twenty, the Stream of his Urine had been fomewhat lefs than natural; he however reach'd the age of fixty-two, without perceiving any other Inconvenience; he was then feiz'd with a violent pain in his Loins, for which he took a great quantity of Medicines; for fix months together, he kept discharging a tough viscid Matter by the Anus, and afterwards the like fort of Matter was also difcharged by the Penis; he now made Water with a great deal of difficulty, and violent straining; had feveral Fits of Ischury; and there was a whitish Sediment in his Urine that resembled the whites of eggs, which often stuffed up the Urethra, and hindered the coming out of the Urine.

In March 1749. he applied to Mr. Daran, labouring at that very time under a total Suppression, which had lasted him twelve Hours: Mr. Daran immediately procur'd a Discharge to the Water by the means of his Sounds, and discovered a Stone sticking in the Substance of the Urethra, about the middle of it, and a sungous Excrescence that had

fprouted up about an inch further.

In less than two Months, that part of the Uretbra which the Stone was lock'd in, was thoroughly suppurated; and the Stone, lying loose in the Passage, was forc'd out by the Urine. It was about the Size and Shape of the Kernel of a Tamarine, of a dark-brown and smooth Surface, and a little ragged at one end. He voided the next Day three smaller ones that were ragged, and seemed broken off from the largest.

He now made Water with as much ease as if he had never had any Disorder; and the Ulcers

were intirely cicatrized in a short time.

REFLECTION.

This Gentleman's Illness having first declar'd itself by a Pain in the Loins, shews, that the Stone which afterwards stopt in the Uretbra, was originally form'd in one of the Kidneys; whence it was driven down by the Urine, thro' one of the Ureters, into the Bladder; and from thence made its way into the Uretbra, where it was in all likelihood stopt by a sungous Excrescence of the nature of that which was situated an inch above it, which stopt the Stone, either on account of its being of a larger size than the first, or by the force of the Water being broken by the first Obstruction, and consequently less able to drive the Stone forwards thro' a fresh Impediment.

It is to be observ'd, that this Gentleman always made Water with ease, during the course of his Cure, while he had the Sound in the Urethra; for the Stone which lay across the passage, and exactly filled its cavity, was gently raised up on that part of it which was not adherent, and was laid stat against the Sides of the Urethra (as I could plainly perceive in passing the Sound); and the Urine would then infinuate itself round the Sound, and find a vent; but, upon the removal of it, the Stone sell down again in its former situation, and again obstructed the Urine.

The three small ragged Stones voided afterwards, feem to me to have been detach'd from the first; and it is possible the whole Stone was ragged at first, which made it more liable to stick in its passage; but was rendered smooth by the action of the Urine passing over it, which could have no effect on that part of it that was buried in the Substance of the Urethra.

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Mr. Becken, Captain of Horse, aged forty, received a musket-shot under the Scrotum at the battle of Val; a violent Inflammation and Mortification ensued, and the Urine was discharged through the Wound. He was cured by Mr. de la Martiniere, now first Surgeon to the King of France; but there remained a great difficulty of making Water, with a frequent Inclination of doing it, the Urine coming out first drop by drop, and afterwards in a small stream, that soon parted into two branches. All these complaints were intirely carried off by Mr. Daran's Method.

REFLECTION.

In the cure of all wounds that penetrate into the *Uretbra*, I should think it advisable to keep in the Passage a Wax Candle, or any other Sound of a mild composition; which, by gently distending the Parts, will prevent the diameter of the *Uretbra* from being lessened by the Cicatrice of the Wound; and, by a soft pressure, will hinder any Fungus from rising up, which, as it lies out of sight, is not attended to in time, and may afterwards prove the cause of another Disorder.

CASE 3.

M. a Hatter, aged 79, had lived above forty Years in the matrimonial State; during which time he had always been true to the conjugal bed : He had now almost forgot both the Sins of his Youth, and the Punishments that had attended them. He perceived, two Years ago, a fmall hard Tumor just below the Scrotum; which increased considerably, and became as big as an Egg, obstructing the Urine in its course: Emollient Cataplasms were applied, and it was brought to Suppuration, and opened; the Urine came thro' the Wound; it was healed up in two Months, and dilating Candles were used to restore a free Passage to the Urine; but he ever after was troubled with a pain and difficulty in making Water. A Year after, the Swelling rose again; he had recourse to the same means; Candles were again used, but they only ferved to increase his Sufferings. He then applied to Mr. Daran, having a hard Tumor in Perinæo of the bigness of a Hen's Egg, divided in its length by a fort of Fissure formed by two large inverted Lips. There

There was another fiftulous opening on the right Side of the *Perinæum*, and the Urine that escaped thro' the cracks of the *Uretbra*, made its way to it by hidden Sinuses, and caused the acutest Pains, washing away along with it a great quantity of Matter. I had the Satisfaction of seeing him perfectly well before I left *Paris*.

REFLECTION.

It appears strange, no doubt, that Disorders carried off above forty Years before, should, after so long a space of time, be productive of such dreadful Effects; but I believe we are mistaken in imagining that those Disorders were ever totally carried off; there remain'd from the first some defect in the Parts, which, on account of its slightness, might easily be overlooked. Few Men would be alarm'd, if the Stream of their Urine was one third less than natural; sew would be even sensible of it; and those that were, would impute it to a thousand other Causes sooner than to the real one. Thus the Illness gets ground unregarded, and no Assistance is sought after till Pain awakens the Attention, and the primary Cause is forgot:

How a Remedy simply introduced into the *Urethra* is capable of extending its Efficacy so far as to cure Abscesses and Fistulas out of its reach, is very reconcileable to Reason, when we consider, that these Abscesses and Fistulas were first form'd, and afterwards continued and increased by the Urine's continually escaping out of the *Urethra*, and by its Sharpness corroding the Parts in all Directions; but when the Desects of the *Urethra* are once corrected, and its Leakings (if I may be allow'd the Expression) have once ceas'd, the kind balm that is con-

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stantly supply'd by Nature, requires but little Asfistance to repair the Havock that was made.

CASE 4.

Mr. Lieutenant-Colonel, aged fiftyone, fince the Age of twenty, has, to the best of his remembrance, been afflicted with ten or twelve different Gonorrhœas. Their Cure was always finished with Injections to carry off the remaining Gleet; which used to stop indeed, but every nowand-then appeared and disappeared again of itself. For the last twenty Years he has always made Water in a double Stream, and voided with it a great quantity of slimy Matter. Two Years ago his Complaints grew worfe, making Water only drop by drop, and with fuch violent Straining as to occafion a discharge of Blood: He soon after was seized with a very high Fever, attended with Pains all over his Body, but more especially in his Head and Loins. He remained five Days in this Condition, and was relieved out of it by the discharge of a deep red Urine loaded with a great quantity of Matter and Slime. He was afterwards feized with the same Disorder every 2d or 3d Month; then every fixth Week; and, at last, it used to attack him regularly every Fortnight, terminating always by a critical discharge of Matter and Slime by the Penis. He then had recourse to Mr. Daran's Medicines, which, by bringing to Suppuration the feveral Diforders of his Urethra, prevented a Return of these periodical Attacks, and in fomewhat more than two Months restored the Urethra to its natural State.

REFLECTION.

Periodical Fevers are no very uncommon Attendants on Diforders of the Uretbra: The Matter that is furnished by the Ulcers being often lock'd in, and prevented from discharging itself, by the Callosities that generally befet the Parts, is imbib'd by the capillary Veins, and carried back with the refluent Blood into the habit of Body; and when the Blood has receiv'd fuch a Supply of this heterogeous fluid, a Commotion, that is, a Fever, is raifed, and the Blood purges itself by a critical Discharge; but as it continues to be supplied with this noxious Matter, when a fufficient quantity of it is accumulated, the Fever is again raifed, whence it becomes periodical, and the Space between the Paroxysms vary according as the Blood is supplied faster or slower with it. The turbid fetid Urine, which is no unfrequent Symptom of this Diforder, may also contribute to it, part of it being imbib'd by the abforbent Veffels of the Bladder, and mix'd with the circulating Fluids.

CASE 5.

A young Fellow, about twenty-four, contracted a very severe Gonorrhæa about the middle of November 1748. The Discharge was very sharp, and ting'd with Blood; and he had a constant heat and smarting in the Passage, from the entrance of it to the beginning of the Scrotum. Besides the usual Medicines, he was thrice vomited with Turbith Mineral. The violence of the Symptoms gave way at last, and by the beginning of March the Discharge was intirely stopt, there appearing only a drop

drop or two after much Exercise: But now the Heat and Smarting, which were indeed abated, but had never quite left him, began to increase confiderably; mercurial Purges, Camphire, cooling Decoctions, and Emulfions, were tried to no Purpose; the Heat and Smarting kept growing worse, fo that he could not fland upright, walk for any time, or fit with his Thighs close together, without the greatest Pain: In sitting down, he was obliged to shift from one Thigh to another, not being able to remain long in one Posture, or to have a support for his Feet with his Legs asunder. He was quite easy upon first going to Bed; but upon growing warm his Pain return'd, and he was forced to move to another part of the Bed, that was cool; which afforded him a short Relief, till he again grew warm. In May he took to drinking, upon which the Heat and Pain which only affected the Urethra from its Entrance to the Scrotum, extended themselves to the Neck of the Bladder, where they caused the chief Uneasiness, being continually troubled with a painful Stiffness and drawing in of the Anus, as he expresses himself; he felt a great pain in going to ftool; the Emission of the Semen was attended with violent Smarting; his Urine was foul, and he had frequent Provocations to making Water. He applied to me about the middle of August. I searched him, and found no obstruction of any fort in the Urethra; he made Water with a full Stream, and had no fort of Running. The Use of the Sounds procured a plentiful Discharge of Matter from about the middle of the Urethra, and that part of it that lies next to the Neck of the Bladder; the Symptoms vanished by degrees, and by the latter end of October he was pertectly well.

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REFLECTION.

The Singularity of this Case engaged me to give it to the Public: It is a hard Task to assign, with any certainty, the Cause of the foregoing Symptoms; but the means which carried them off, may help us to form fome fort of Judgment about them: Two different Parts of the Uretbra yielded a plentiful Suppuration; these Parts, then, must have been the Seat of the Diforder, which Diforder confifted neither in Excrescences of any fort, nor in Ulcers; for the first must have been perceived by searching, and by the Alteration of the Stream of the Urine; the other by the discharge of Matter: I would then suppose the small Glands of those Parts of the Uretbra to have retained in them fome of the venereal Virus; which being intangled in their very Substance, might occasion in them a hot and smarting Pain, much in the same manner as it happens in those Glands which are prey'd upon by the cancerous Poison, while they still go under the denomination of occult Cancers; which Heat and Smarting might eafily affect the whole Urethra, on account of the multiplicity of Nerves with which this Part is endued.

In endeavouring to account for the before-mentioned Symptoms, I would be understood as offering my Conjectures only, not my fettled Opinion.

