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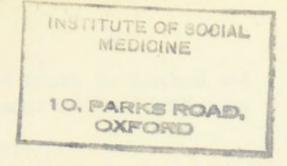
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COUNTY OF AYR.



# ANNUAL REPORT

BY

THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

For the Year 1947

AND

THE SCHOOL MEDICAL OFFICER

For the Year 1947-48.

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To the Department of Health for Scotland and to the Ayr County Council and Local Authorities.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,

In accordance with the Local Government (Scotland) Acts and the Regulations of the Department of Health for Scotland, I beg to submit the Annual Report on the Health and Sanitary condition of the County for the year 1947.

The vital statistics on the whole were favourable. The birth rate was 21.8 per thousand of the population, higher than it has ever been since the statistics of the County Landward and Small Burghs were combined in 1930. The infant mortality rate was 44, the second lowest recorded, the lowest being 41 in 1946. The maternal mortality rate was 3.9, as compared with 1.1 for the previous year. This increase was due to a succession of unfortunate cases in the first half of the year. There were no deaths from puerperal fever.

The notifications of diphtheria again showed a substantial reduction, being 59 as compared with 190 in 1946. The corrected figures after re-diagnosis in hospital were 40 in 1947 and 141 in 1946. The type of disease was more severe than for some years previously, there being five deaths all in non-immunised children.

The cases of cerebro-spinal meningitis confirmed in hospital numbered 37, as compared with 24 in the previous year. Nine cases proved fatal.

There occurred during the summer and autumn an outbreak of infantile paralysis, 109 cases being notified, of whom 87 were confirmed in hospital as cases of infantile paralysis. Of these three terminated fatally. This is the largest outbreak which has been recorded and was part of an outbreak which affected the whole country.

The deaths from tuberculosis were 0.52 per thousand of the population, as compared with 0.58 in the previous year. The new cases coming to notice totalled 266, of whom 224 were cases of pulmonary disease. It would appear that the position with regard to tuberculosis is now improving after the war. In 1945, 303 new cases of pulmonary tuberculosis came under notice.

I have the honour to be,

Your obedient Servant,

C. A. BIGNOLD,

Medical Officer of Health.

COUNTY BUILDINGS,
AYR, DECEMBER, 1948.

# TABLE OF CONTENTS.

# REPORT OF MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH.

		Aller Aller				D
1.	Vital Statistics					 Page
2.	Infectious Diseases					10
3.	min n			***	•••	 14
		 W-16	•••	•••	•••	
4.	Maternity and Child V	wenare	• • • •			 18
5.	Venereal Diseases					 21
6.	County Laboratory					 22
7.	Diabetes					 22
8.	Sick Poor					 22
9.	Hospitals					 23
10.	Registration of Nursin	g Home	es			 23
11.	Ambulance Facilities					 23
12.	Port Health Administr	ration				 23
13.	Health Education					 25
14.	Cancer					 25
15.	Mental Health Service					 25
16.	Food Supply					 25
17.	General Sanitation					 25
Repo	ort of School Medical Of	fficer				 43
	(With separ	rate Ind	dex—P	age 45	).	

# TABLES.

I.	Births and Deaths	Page 26
II.	Density of Population, Birth Rates, Infantile and	
	Other Death Rates	27
III.	Deaths at Different Ages, etc	28
IV.	Infantile Mortality	29
V.	Infectious Diseases—Distribution of Cases	30
VI.	Infectious Diseases—Monthly Notifications	31
VII.	Infectious Diseases—Hospitals and Cases Isolated	
	in them	32
VIII.	Infectious Diseases—Statistical Return	33
IX.	Tuberculosis—Statistical Returns	34
X.	Ayrshire Central Hospital—Statement of Infectious	
	Cases Treated during year	37
XI.	County Laboratory—Total Examinations	38
XII.	Out-Patient Clinics	40

# County Medical Officer's Report.

1947.

#### 1.—VITAL STATISTICS.

Population and Area.—The Registrar General has estimated the population of the Landward Area and Small Burghs as 235,964, or 10,381 more than in 1946.

Births.—The live births registered after correction for transfers were 5,155, equivalent to a birth-rate of 21.8, as compared with 19.9 in the preceding year. The rates for previous years of which I have record are:—

1916-20-	Average	Birth-ra	te	 	 25.9
1921-25	,,	,,		 	 22.1
1926-30	,,	,,		 	 18.5
1931-35	,,	,,		 	 18.6
1936-40	,,	,,		 	 18.2
1941-45	"	,,		 	 18.1
1946		,,		 	 19.9
1947		,,		 	 21.8

The number of still-births registered after correction for transfers during the year 1947 was 193, giving a rate of 36 per thousand total births. The number of still-births registered since still-births first became registrable in 1939 with the corresponding rates per thousand total births are as follow:—

		St	ill-Births.	Rate per thousand total Births.
1939	 	 	165	41
1940	 	 	165	39
1941	 	 	192	41
1942	 	 	145	32
1943	 	 	153	32
1944	 	 	142	31
1945	 	 	134	32
1946	 	 	139	29
1947	 	 	193	36

The details applicable to individual Burghs are given in Table I.

Deaths.—The deaths registered after correction for transfers were 2,812, which is equivalent to a death-rate of 11.9, as compared with 11.4 in 1946. The following are the figures so far as they are available for preceding years:—

1916-20-	Average 1	Death-rate	 	 14.6
1921-25	,,	,,	 	 11.5
1926-30	,,	"	 	 11.2
1931-35	,,	,,	 	 12.5
1936-40	,,	,,	 	 12.8
1941-45	,,	"	 	 12.1
1946		,,	 	 11.4
1947		,,	 	 11.9

Table I. shows the mortality in the County Area and Burghs during the year, and Table III. gives similar figures of deaths at different ages with the percentages of the total deaths.

Infantile Mortality.—The number of infants under one year who died during the year was 225, equivalent to an infantile mortality rate of 44, as compared with 41 during the preceding year. The following are the figures for previous years so far as they are available:—

1916-20-	-Average	Infantile	Mortalit	y	 	94
1921-25	,,	,,	,,		 	89
1926-30	,,	,,	22,		 	74
1931-35	,,,	,,	,,		 	73
1936-40	,,	,,	,,		 	71
1941-45	,,	,,	,,,		 	63
1946		,,	,,		 	41
1947		,,	,,		 	44

Deaths from Infectious Diseases.—The deaths which occurred from the ordinary infectious diseases were 5 from diphtheria, 9 from cerebro-spinal fever, 3 from measles and 10 from whooping cough.

Deaths from Tuberculous Diseases.—The deaths from pulmonary and other forms of tuberculosis were 92 and 31 respectively, giving a death-rate of ·39 and ·13. The corresponding figures for the previous year were deaths 91 and 39, and death-rates ·41 and ·17.

The following are the average deaths-rates so far as they are available:—

		Pulmonary	Other forms of	
	Tu	berculosis.	Tuberculosis.	Total
1916-20	 	.79	•44	1.23
1921-25	 	.52	-28	.80
1926-30	 	.45	·24	.69
1931-35	 	.38	.19	.57
1936-40	 	.36	·13	.49
1941-45	 	.37	.17	.54
1946	 	.41	.17	.58
1947	 	.39	.13	.52

Deaths from Diseases of the Respiratory System.—There were 121 deaths recorded from this group of diseases, which includes all the diseases of the organs of respiration except pneumonia, pulmonary tuberculosis and membranous croup. These figures are equivalent to a death-rate of ·51, as compared with ·59 for the previous year.

Deaths from Pneumonia.—There were 83 deaths from pneumonia, equivalent to a death-rate of ·35. During the previous year the deaths were 82, equal to a death-rate of ·36. The following are the average death-rates from pneumonia since 1931:—

1931-35	 	-67	1946	 	.36
1936-40	 	.63	1947	 	.35
1941-45	 	.46			

Deaths from Influenza.—The deaths due to influenza numbered 18, giving a death-rate of .08. During 1946 the deaths were 36 and the death-rate .16. The following are the death-rates from influenza since 1930:—

1930	 	 .74	1939	 	.23
1931	 	 .27	1940	 	.36
1932	 	 .88	1941	 	.13
1933	 	 .38	1942	 	$\cdot 04$
1934	 	 .08	1943	 	.12
1935	 	 .31	1944	 	.06
1936	 	 .12	1945	 	.05
1937	 	 .57	1946	 	.16
1938	 	 .10	1947	 	.08

Deaths from Cancer.—The deaths from cancer were 371, which is equivalent to a death-rate of 1.57, as compared with 1.55 in the previous year.

The following are the average death-rates from cancer for a number of years:—

1931-35	 	1.28	1946	 	1.55
1936-40	 	1.48	1947	 	1.57
1941-45	 	1.58			

Deaths from Diseases of the Nervous System.—This group of diseases, which includes such causes as cerebral haemorrhage, apoplexy, etc., accounted for 432 of the deaths occurring in the area, being a death-rate of 1.83, as against 1.82 in the preceding year.

Deaths from Diseases of the Digestive System.—The deaths were 109, equivalent to a death-rate of ·46, as compared with ·52 in the preceding year.

Deaths from Diseases of the Circulatory System.—The number of deaths ascribed to diseases of the heart and other organs of circulation was 959, giving a death-rate of 4.06, as compared with 3.41 in the previous year.

Deaths from Diseases and Accidents of Pregnancy and Parturition.

—The maternal mortality rate in 1947 was 3.9 per thousand live births, which compares with 2.1 for Scotland as a whole during that year. The maternal mortality rates for the County during the period 1930 to 1947 were as follow:—

1930	 	 9.8	1939		 2.8
1931	 	 6.7	1940		 4.5
1932	 	 6.6	1941		 3.8
1933	 	 6.9	1942		 3.3
1934	 	 5.7	1943		 2.0
1935	 	 5.0	1944		 1.8
1936	 	 6.8	1945	***	 1.2
1937	 	 4.7	1946		 1.1
1938	 	 4.7	1947		 3.9

# 2.—INFECTIOUS DISEASES.

Smallpox and Vaccination.—No case of smallpox occurred during the year. The returns furnished by local Registrars of exemptions from vaccination on account of "conscientious objection" in terms of the Vaccination (Scotland) Act, 1907, affected 1,840 or 37.7 per cent. of the births registered.

Diphtheria (including Membranous Croup).—During the year 59 cases were notified, as compared with 190 during the previous year. Of the 59 notifications 40 (67.8 per cent.) were confirmed as cases of diphtheria, compared with 141 (74.2 per cent.) of the 190 notifications in 1946. There were five fatal cases during the year (in non-immunised children), giving a case fatality of 12.5 per cent., as compared with one death and a case fatality of 0.7 per cent. in 1946.

Under the diphtheria immunisation scheme there were 1,608 new immunisations of school children and 2,413 of pre-school children. 5,672 school children and 7 pre-school children received maintenance inoculations during the year.

Erysipelas.—The number of confirmed cases was 67. There were no deaths during the year.

Scarlet Fever.—There were 291 confirmed cases of scarlet fever, compared with 258 in the previous year. There were no deaths during the year.

Enteric Fever.—1 case of typhoid and 1 case of paratyphoid were confirmed during the year, with no deaths.

Dysentery.—20 cases of dysentery were confirmed during the year. There were no deaths.

Typhus Fever.—No case was reported.

Puerperal Fever and Puerperal Pyrexia.—There were confirmed 8 cases of puerperal fever and 11 of puerperal pyrexia. There were no deaths.

Ophthalmia Neonatorum.—There were 6 cases notified (all by doctors) during the year. All were treated in residential institutions and in no case was there appreciable loss of vision.

Cerebro-Spinal Fever.—37 cases were confirmed, 9 proving fatal.

Acute Primary and Influenzal Pneumonia.—The numbers of confirmed cases were 357 of the former and 12 of the latter.

Acute Infective Jaundice.—No case of this disease was reported.

Encephalitis Lethargica.—No case was reported.

Infantile Paralysis.—There were notified 109 cases, of which 87 were confirmed as cases of infantile paralysis, 3 of which died.

The first case occurred in the week ending 31st May. The following statement show the occurrence of cases after that date, the last being during the week ending 22nd November:—

1947.					Cases.
Week ending May	21				1
June	7	***		 	1
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	14			 	
,,	21			 	
_ ,,	28			 	1
July	5			 	3
,,	12			 	2
,,	19			 	2
,,	26			 	1
Aug.	2			 	4
"	9			 	11
"	16		202		8
	23				7
"	30			 	10
Sont				 	
Sept.				 	4
,,	13			 	10
,,	20			 	5
,,,	27			 	5
Oct.	4			 	2
,,	11			 	-
,,	18			 	3
,,	25			 	2
Nov.	1			 	_
,,	8	Section 1			2
	15			-	3
"	22			 	3
"	44			 	1

The following statement shows the ages and incidence of the cases:—

					Cases.
Under 1		 	 		5
1 and under	5	 	 		32
5 and under		 	 		34
15 and under	THE RESERVE TO SERVE	 	 		9
25 and under		 	 		6
45 and under	65	 	 		1
					_
All	ages	 	 	•••	87

All classes of the community were affected and cases occurred in towns and in isolated farm houses.

The following shows the classification of the cases according to the part affected:—

29-No paresis.

1—Paresis of right ankle.

8—Paresis of right leg.

11—Paresis of left leg.

11—Paresis of both legs.
1—Paresis of both arms.

2—Paresis of legs and arms. 2—Paresis of legs and trunk.

1—Paresis of legs, arms and trunk.

1—Paresis of left arm, right leg and respiratory muscles (pregnant woman).

1—Paresis of arms, right shoulder and speech.
1—Paresis of legs, bladder and rectum (severe).
1—Paresis of right deltoid, biceps and triceps.

2—Paresis of right arm, legs, trunk and bladder (severe).

1—Paresis of legs, deltoids and trunk muscles (severe).

1-Abdominal muscles.

1—Slight facial and palatal paralysis, paresis of right leg and cerebral symptoms.

2—Facial paresis.

1—Left facial, left arm.

4—Bulbar type.

1—Bulbar type with speech defects.

1—Deltoids and sterno-mastoids (severe).

1-Multiple cranial and left leg.

1—Right sterno-mastoid.

1-Sterno-mastoids.

87

Two of the cases who died were of bulbar type and the third was a woman late in pregnancy who had paresis of left arm, right leg and respiratory muscles. Just before her death a live healthy infant was delivered by Caesarean section.

In the first instance the great majority of the cases were admitted to the Central Hospital and from there 34 cases were transferred for orthopaedic treatment to Philipshill Hospital, Busby, 2 to Hairmyres Hospital, East Kilbride, and 1 to Mearnskirk Hospital. Later treatment has been carried on in the wards of Philipshill Hospital and, in the case of children, in the wards of Seafield Hospital along with the associated out-patient clinics.

School Closure.—No schools or classes were closed on account of infectious disease.

Table V. shows the distribution of confirmed cases, Table VI. shows infectious diseases coming under notice every month of the year, and Table VII. shows the Fever Hospitals available and the cases treated in them. Table X. shows a summary of the cases dealt with in the Infectious Disease Section of the Ayrshire Central Hospital, differentiating between the diagnosis under which the cases were sent to hospital and diagnosis made in hospital and under which they were dismissed.

#### 3.—TUBERCULOSIS.

There were notified 284 cases as pulmonary tuberculosis and 49 as non-pulmonary tuberculosis. Excluding cases temporarily resident in the area and cases not confirmed, the new cases belonging to the area who came under notice during the year were 224 of pulmonary tuberculosis and 42 of non-pulmonary tuberculosis.

The detailed report required by the Department of Health is shown in Table IX.

Pulmonary Tuberculosis.—Of the 224 new cases of pulmonary tuberculosis, 105 were males and 119 females. 74.5 per cent. (167) of these cases received institutional treatment during the year at the instance of the Tuberculosis Officer. 23 cases, notified in 1947, died during the year.

Including cases notified in previous years, 230 patients were admitted to Hospitals and Homes during 1947 as follow:—

Ayrshire Centra	l Hospi	tal and	Gler	nafton	Sanato	rium	222
St. Andrew's H	ome, M	illport					3
Heathfield Hosp	pital						4
Law Hospital							1
							230

Twenty-three of the patients admitted to Ayrshire Central Hospital were transferred to Hairmyres Hospital.

Of the total deaths, 27 (29.3 per cent.) occurred in institutions.

Non-Pulmonary Tuberculosis.—The 42 new cases of non-pulmonary tuberculosis are classified as follow according to the localisation of the disease:—

	No. of Cases
Superficial Lymphatic Glands	 5
Abdomen	 5
Bones and Joints (excluding Spine)	 7
Spine	 8
Skin and Subcutaneous Tissue	 0
Meninges	 14
Genito-Urinary Organs	 3

Of the 42 new cases, 33 or 78.6 per cent. received institutional treatment at the instance of the Tuberculosis Officer. Sixteen of the cases died during the year.

Including cases notified in previous years, 53 patients were admitted to Hospitals and Homes during 1947 as follow:—

Ayrshire Central Hospi	tal and	Glen	afton	Sanato	rium	14
St. Andrew's Home, M	Iillport					19
Stonehouse Hospital						3
Heathfield Hospital						2
Ballochmyle Hospital						7
Phillipshill Hospital						1
Robroyston Hospital						5
Clark Convalescent Ho	me					1
Yorkhill Hospital						1
*						_
						53
						_

Of the total deaths, 54.8 per cent. (17) occurred in institutions.

# Summary of Work Done in Chest Wards, Ayrshire Central Hospital and Glenafton Sanatorium during 1947.

The following is a summary of the work carried out in the Chest Wards of Ayrshire Central Hospital and Glenafton Sanatorium during the year.

The total number of beds provided for adults is 165—63 females and 30 males at Ayrshire Central Hospital and 35 females and 37 males at Glenafton Sanatorium. During the year all available beds have been in use. As a result the waiting list of cases for hospital treatment has never at any time assumed alarming proportions.

As long as a waiting list exists it seems reasonable to adopt a priority selection of cases in the County. This has been the practice, made easy, of course, by the fact that the Chest Physician has also been allowed to classify the majority of the cases at time of diagnosis. By this arrangement the "early treatable" case can be admitted to hospital within a month of discovery and often earlier.

arlier.		
		Glenafton
	Hospital.	Sanatorium
Admissions and Discharges for 1947—		
Number of beds	93	72
Number of patients under treatment		
at 1st January, 1947		68
Total number of admissions during		24
the year		24
Number of patients transferred from		01
Central Hospital to Glenafton  Number of patients transferred from		91
Glenafton to Central Hospital		
Number of patients discharged home		
during the year		114
Number of irregular discharges		
Number of deaths		1
Active Treatment—In-Patients.—		
Artificial Pneumothorax Inductions	38	4
Artificial Pneumothorax Refills	623	586
Thoracoscopy and Adhesion Section	46	
Phrenic Operations	104	12
Pneumoperitoneum Inductions		8
Pneumoperitoneum Refills		563
Thoracoplasty—Stage 1		18
Stage 2		17
Stage 3		1
Revision Thoracoplasty	MIL	2 Nil
Lobectomy	Nil	IVII
Empyema Drainage followed by Radical Closure	^	2
Radical Closure	-	-
Other Investigations, etc.—		
	1142	1284
Gold Injections	1112	1201
	229	106
X-Ray Films taken		1028
Screenings		1512
	16	-
Bronchography	00	

#### Results of Treatment.

Condition on Discharge from Hospital-

		1	Central lospital.	Glenafton Sanatorium
Quiescent		 	 27	88
Improved		 	 22	19
Stationery		 	 15	1
Worse		 	 9	4
Died		 	 16	1
Non-Tubercul	ous	 	 8	2

From the above it will be noted that 57.5 per cent. of the adult cases were considered Quiescent on discharge.

The value of Laryngeal Swabs in the assessment of a case cannot be stressed too strongly.

# Children's Wards, Glenafton .-

Number of beds available		28
Number in residence at 1st January, 1947		22
Number admitted during year		49
Number discharged during year		49
		-
RESULTS ON DISCHARGE—		
Transferred to Millport		1
Number well, that is Primary Lesion heale	ed	38
Died		0
Transferred to Central Hospital		4
Non-Tuberculous		6
Discharges		49
Discharges		=
	~	
Out-Patient Treatment.— Central		
Hospital.	Sanator	ium.
Artificial Pneumothorax Refills 1488	112	
Pneumoperitoneum Refills 576	151	

Chest Clinic

129

The work of the out-patient department has shown a definite increase during the year, particularly in the number of cases being referred by General Practitioners for a chest opinion. As a result, quite a few cases are being picked up when the disease is at a relatively early stage. Since treatment can be commenced with very little delay, it is reasonable to expect more valuable results in most cases.

(excluding refill cases) ... 1019

at

Consultations

The lack of an adequate Health Visitor service has made it impossible to accomplish a satisfactory proportion of contact examinations. It is hoped that this deficiency will be remedied in the near future, but for a time it seems likely that the lack of adequate transport for each Health Visitor will be a drawback.

### 4.—MATERNITY AND CHILD WELFARE.

Statistics relating to Maternity and Child Welfare Services in accordance with the form prescribed by the Department of Health for Scotland :-

#### 1. Births.

years a	
(a) (i) Total number of births occurring in the area during year—Live-births 4882	
Still-births 185	
(ii) Totalbartifed to Medical Office of	5067
(ii) Total number notified to Medical Officer of Health	4886
	4000
(b) Number of births in (a) (ii) classified according to nature of attendance at confinement—	
(i) Maternity Services Scheme cases confined	
at home—	
(a) With Doctor	446
(b) Without Doctor	1365
(ii) Other Domiciliary cases—	
(a) With Doctor	250
(b) With Midwife alone (no	
Doctor booked)	38
(c) Conducted by outdoor staff	
of institution	1
(d) Without Doctor or Midwife	1
(iii) Institutional cases (including those in	
Private Maternity and Nursing Homes)	2785
ome Visitation during year.	
No. Visited	Total
2,0,7,1000	or control

# 2. Ho:

		No. Visited First Time.	Total Visits.
Expectant Mothers *	 	Nil	Nil
Infants	 	5095	35,339
Children (1-5 years)	 	4192	34,261

<sup>\*</sup> These visits should not include visits paid by a Midwife who is to attend the confinement as a Midwife or as a Maternity Nurse.

3. Ante-Natal and Post-Natal Clinics (whether provided at Child Welfare Centres or at other premises, e.g., Hospitals)—

	Ante-Natal.	Post-Natal.
(i) No. of Clinics at end of year provided by Local Authority	9	9
(ii) No. of Clinics at end of year provided by Voluntary Bodies	s Nil	Nil
(iii) Total No. of Women who attended at the Clinics during year	687	184
(iv) Total No. of Attendances during year	8484	

# 4. Child Welfare Clinics.

(a) No. of Clinics at end of year provided by Local Authority	the	33
(b) No. of Clinics at end of year provided Voluntary Bodies	-	Nil
(c) No. of Children attending during year—  (i) Under 1 year of age  (ii) 1 year of age and over		
(d) Total No. of Attendances during year—		
(i) Under 1 year of age (ii) 1 year of age and over		30,182 6,992

# 5. Special Treatment Centres.

There are no Special Treatment Centres for Teeth, Eyes, etc., in the area.

# 6. Mother and Baby Homes.

	Number of Beds						rage
Name and Address			Total Ante	Maternity (excluding			of ay.
Home or Hostel.	Ante- Natal (2)	Post- Natal (3)	and Post- Natal (4)		Cots (6)	Ante- Natal (7)	Post- Natal*
(a) Provided by the Local Authority, Drumley House, Annbank	10	6	16		6	18 0	lays
(b) Provided by Voluntary Associations	-	_	-	-	oins.	-	-

<sup>\*</sup> Exclusive of Lying-in Period.

(c) Total number of Women admitted during the Year to Homes and Hostels shown in (a) and (b) (ignoring re-admissions after confinement).—199.

# 7. Residential Nurseries and Children's Homes.

	Whether Long Stay		of Beds p	
Name and Address of Nursery or Home.	or Short Stay.	Aged 0-2	Aged 2-5	Others.
(a) Residential Nursery, Irvine	Long Stay.	24	24	Nil
Hazeldene Children's Home, Kilwinning	Short Stay.	6	12	16
(b) Maintained by Voluntary Associations.	_	_	_	-

# 8. Home and Domestic Helps.

A Home Helps Scheme was instituted in Ardrossan and Saltcoats area on 16th September, 1947. Under this Scheme, home helps are provided in circumstances of household difficulty due to illness or confinement.

During the period from 16th September, 1947, until the end of the year, 7 applications for the services of a home help were received and granted.

# 9. Report under Midwives (Scotland) Act, 1915.

The Midwives who have up to 31st January, 1948, given notice under Section 16 of the Act of their intention to practise in the Landward Area and Small Burghs number 7. This does not include 69 District Nurses.

The total number of deaths of new-born children (within 14 days) was 107.

There were 8 cases notified as puerperal fever, of which none proved fatal, and 11 notified as puerperal pyrexia.

The cases of emergency in which Medical Practitioners were called in under Section 22 of the Midwives Act numbered 3. These were:—

As regards the Mother (3 cases)-

1 case delayed labour.

1 case malpresentation.

I case haemorrhage.

# 5.—VENEREAL DISEASES.

The three Venereal Diseases Clinics in the County are provided under a joint scheme which includes the County and the two Large Burghs.

At the Centre at Heathfield Hospital, Ayr, during the year there were treated 163 new cases of venereal disease—67 of syphilis and 94 of gonorrhoea. The total attendances at the out-patient clinic, including those of old cases carried on from the previous year, were 3,995. There were administered during the twelve months 1,792 doses of salvarsan substitutes. The total in-patients were 41—33 for syphilis and 8 for gonorrhoea.

At the Centre at the Cuninghame Home at Irvine 34 new cases were treated (15 for syphilis and 19 for gonorrhoea). The total attendances at the out-patient clinic, including those of old cases, were 795. There were administered during the twelve months 265 doses of salvarsan substitutes. Also 9 cases were treated as in-patients (6 for syphilis and 3 for gonorrhoea).

At the Centre at Kilmarnock there were treated as out-patients 115 new cases (55 for syphilis and 60 for gonorrhoea). There were administered 575 doses of salvarsan substitutes. The total attendances, including those of old cases, were 2,544—1,932 for syphilis and 612 for gonorrhoea. Also 35 cases of syphilis and 4 cases of gonorrhoea were treated as in-patients.

### 6.—COUNTY LABORATORY.

This Laboratory still formed part of the Emergency Bacteriological Service. The examinations carried out during the year totalled 34,113, the classification is given in Table XI. The following shows the authorities responsible for sending the specimens:—

Ayr County		 	 	26,849
Ayr Burgh		 	 	3,071
Kilmarnock Burgh		 	 	2,563
Emergency Hospital		 	 	1,468
Royal Navy		 	 	2
		 	 	129
Ministry of Agricultu	ire	 	 	31

# 7.—DIABETES.

Under this scheme Insulin was provided free of charge or on payment of cost in accordance with the circumstances of the patient. During the year 62 cases received Insulin under the scheme.

# 8.—SICK POOR.

The scheme for domiciliary treatment for sick poor consisted of an annual capitation fee payable quarterly according to the number on the doctor's panel at quarterly periods. There was a free choice of doctor. In addition a small annual sum was paid to certain nominated doctors in respect of certificates required in the case of casuals, etc.

Chronic sick were treated either in the Cuninghame Home or the Kyle Home. Ordinary sick requiring hospital treatment were sent to Ballochmyle Hospital or to the various voluntary hospitals in Glasgow, to which the County Council paid annual subscriptions.

### 9.—HOSPITALS.

The hospitals were the same as in the previous year. Cases of infectious disease were treated either in the Central Hospital, Irvine, or Cumnock Fever Hospital (scarlet fever only), or in the Infectious Disease Hospitals of the two Large Burghs. The Maternity Hospital, in addition to receiving cases from the County, also received cases from the Burgh of Ayr. Buckreddan Maternity Home was utilised in the past for booked cases who were likely to be capable of being confined by Midwives. Children's diseases were treated in Seafield Hospital, Ayr.

The only development during the year was at Seafield Hospital, where the number of beds was increased to 100, along with the appointment of a Resident Medical Officer. In the month of October the Hospital was approved by the General Nursing Council as a Training School for the Sick Children's part of the State Register.

# 10.—REGISTRATION OF NURSING HOMES.

There were 5 Nursing Homes in the County, of which 4 received maternity cases only. No Nursing Home was added to the Register during the year.

# 11.—AMBULANCE FACILITIES.

There were 6 Ambulances attached to the Ayrshire Central Hospital, of which 3 were reserved for infectious cases and 3 for maternity cases. For the removal of children to Seafield Hospital the services of Voluntary Ambulance Associations were utilised.

# 12.—PORT HEALTH ADMINISTRATION.

No special problems arose in connection with the administration of the Port Sanitary Regulations at Ardrossan, Irvine or Troon. None of the three Ports is approved for the issue of deratisation certificates.

At Prestwick Airport the work of Port Medical Officer was carried out as in the previous year and, in addition, the work of Medical Officer for Aliens. During 1947, 2,247 civil aircraft arrived at Prestwick, 16,479 passengers were disembarked and 22,633 passengers landed in transit to other places. The details are as follow:—

				Passengers.	Passengers
Aircraft fro	m		Nos.	Disembarking.	in Transit.
Montreal			572	7,062	298
New York			591	3,052	8,632
Amsterdam			276	1,645	5,893
Paris			123	927	50
Stockholm			265	740	5,277
Reykjavik			106	1,187	408
Copenhagen			87	238	1,123
Lisbon			2	18	-
Dublin			5	43	-
Shannon			3	9	5
Rome	×		3	8	-
Brussels			50	263	82
Cairo			3	39	-
Oslo			98	966	298
Stavanger			3	13	-
Lille			1	_	_
Meeks (Icelan	id)		1	_	_
Milan			1	_	
Curacao			9	19	283
Le Zoube			1	1	
South Africa			1	17	-
Keflavik			2	4	
The Hague			1	30	_
Morlaix			3	63	_
Knocke le Zo			1	7	
Wiesbaden			3	7	_
Kristiansand			1	20	_
Karachi			5	32	_
Gander			5		
Orly			1		_
Calcutta			1	_	
Athens				7	_
Argentia (Nev			2 2 1	_	1
Jersey			1	_	
Frankfurt			6	45	139
Kaufbeuren			1	_	
Stephenville			1	The same of the	6
Berlin			5	12	116
		-		-	
~arry )	forward		2242	16,474	22,611

Aircraft from	n	Nos.	Passengers Disembarking.	Passengers in Transit.
Brought fo	rward	 2242	16,474	22,611
Vaagos (Faero Philadelphia El Adam Petersborough Munich	es) 	 1 1 1 1 1	2 1 - 2	
		2,247	16,479	22,633

### 13.—HEALTH EDUCATION.

No special steps were taken beyond the exhibition of posters and the distribution of leaflets at Child Welfare Centres.

### 14.—CANCER.

There was no special scheme in force for the treatment of Cancer.

# 15.—MENTAL HEALTH SERVICE.

There was no special scheme in force.

# 16.—FOOD SUPPLY.

The administration of the various Acts, Orders and Bye-Laws in connection with the production and distribution of milk is dealt with fully in the report of the County Sanitary Inspector. No outbreaks of disease were associated with any milk supply.

The administration of the various Statutory Provisions and Regulations with regard to unsound meat and other food stuffs and the adulteration of food and drugs is dealt with fully in the Report of the County Sanitary Inspector.

No outbreak of disease associated with food poisoning occurred during the year.

# 17.—GENERAL SANITATION.

General Sanitation is dealt with fully in the reports of the County Sanitary Inspector and the Sanitary Inspectors of the Burghs of Ardrossan, Cumnock, Darvel, Galston, Girvan, Kilwinning, Largs, Newmilns, Prestwick, Stewarton and Troon.

TABLE I.

Births and Deaths in the County and Burghs.

1	'səsn	Uncertified Can	19	01 : 1-01-0- 1-0-	39   39
	ed Causes.	All other Certifi	218	801 001 001 001 001 001 001 001 001 001	30 30 409 39
		Violence.	57	8	3 3 101
Spirital S	h.copppno.	Diseases of Cir	463	621 621 620 640 641 640 640 640 640 640 640 640 640 640 640	22 1 55 3 659 101
		Diseases of Ne	215	13 31 31 31 31 31	432 14 432
		Cancer.	195	08 8 8 11 11 8 3 8 1 6 1 1 8 1 8 1 8 1 8 1 8 1 8 1 8 1 8	
.868.		· nzuənıfu1	6	-::-:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	
Causes.	himmodo	Diseases of Res	76	-01 400400040	3 3
	resotusions	Pneumonia.	52	00	
join	. 88.	Pulmonary.	18	:01-01-:01-	
Sub	Tuber- culous Diseases	-uo <sub>N</sub>			
rom		Pulmonary.	4	0110000000 :101	92
ity f	Digestive Diseases.	Other Digestive Diseases.	44	:-010000-001000	88
Mortality from Subjoined	Dig	Diarrhoea.	13	[ 101   101   1   1   1   1   1   1   1	1 : :   5
M	Maternal Causes.	Other Puer- peral Causes.	13	- : : : : : : : : :	20 20
	Materna Causes.	Puerperal Fever.	:		::: :
	Whooping Cough.			7 : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	3 10
	Measles.		64	:::-:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	
	Cerebro-Spinal Fever.		60	::0::::-	:::  6
	pioydhipu	Fevers.	:		
		Scarlet Fever.	:		1 10
		Diphtheria.	55	001000100100100	
ub 8.		ban sans al	1268		140
at Sul Ages.	.6		31 22		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Deaths at Sub joined Ages.	THE PERSON NAMED IN	Under 1 Year.	1313		22 1 1 120 2 42 8 1 1 140 225 51 33 2503
jo		.89gh Ilu 1A	300	94 62 62 98 144 144 63 64 64 64 64 64	and the same of th
		Still-Births.	113 1452	001-0100404014;	C3
		Live-Births.	2850 1	206 128 103 103 130 349 177 1114 114 90	
		· ir-;a ···;1	30 28		381 381 995 2
THE STATE OF	District of the last of the la	Area in Acres.	707,330	730 259 453 191 1,783 1,783 440 610 392 636 1,039	2,9
	.noitbli	Estimated Popu	133,920	8,675 4,498 3,383 4,727 6,261 14,626 6,247 7,341 4,071	2,846 10,271 235,964
			County- Landward	Ardrossan Cumnock Darvel Galston Girvan Irvine Kilwinning Largs Maybole. Newmilns Prestwick	Stewarton 12,114 404 322 Stewarton 10,271 2,995 206 Troon 10,271 2,995 206 County-Landward and Small Burghs 235,964 718,190 5155

TABLE II.

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		Violence.	0.45	0.25 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05	0.45
	RAG	Diseases of Circulato	3.457	2.6883 2.6883 2.6883 2.6883 3.2822 3.	4.064
	negem	Diseases of Nervous S	1.605	1.498 2.001 2.660 1.481 3.354 1.777 1.601 0.844 0.844 3.169 3.169 1.404 1.405	1.831
		Cancer.	1.458	1.153 0.887 1.779 0.887 1.692 1.757 1.601 1.474 1.545 1.545 1.545 1.652 2.811 2.823	1.572
		Influenza.	0.067	0.115 0.212 0.212 0.2546 0.0258 0.079	0.078
	RAD	Diseases of Respirate System.	0.567	0.115 0.445 0.445 0.846 0.958 0.0640 0.0	0.513
		Pneumonia.	0.388	346 2222 2222 2222 2222 2222 2223 2320 633 633 194	0.352
	ases.	Non-Pulmonary.	0.134	0.2220 0.2220 0.2920 0.2960 0.2120 0.1137 0.2720 0.2720 0.2720 0.2720 0.2720 0.2720	0.131
o from	Tuberculous Diseases.	Pulmonary.	0.329	1.153 0.5222 0.531 0.635 0.137 0.409 0.258 0.258 0.681	0.389
1,000	stive 1868.	Other Diseases.	0.329	0.222 0.591 0.591 0.547 0.547 0.160 0.1160 0.422 0.429 0.429 0.429	0.373
ate per	Digestive Diseases.	Diarrhoea.	0.097	0.667 0.423 0.137 	0.088
Death Rale per 1,000 from	rnal	Other Puerperal Causes.	0.097	0.115 0.068 0.068 0.079 0.079 0.351	0.085
De	Maternal Causes.	Puerperal Causes.	1	11111111111111	1
		Whooping Cough.	0.045	0.115	0.042
	notic	Moasles.	0.015	0.212	0.013
	al Zyn 1868.	Cerebro-Spinal Fever.	0.022	0-115 0-222 0-226 0-296 	0.038 0.01
	The Principal Zymotic Diseases.	Enteric and Pevers.	1	THITITITIES	1
	The F	Scarlet Fever.	1	11111111111111	1
		Diphtheria and Croup.	0.037		11.917 0.021
		Au Causes.	10.842	10.836 11.116 12.119 13.116 15.652 9.845 10.085 13.511 11.791 15.456 11.483 15.460	11-912
	agh to	Deaths under I Year oper 1,000 Births.	46		44
		Birth Rate.	21.2	238 252 252 252 252 253 253	21.8
		Persons to the Acre.	0.19	11.88 17.37 7.47 7.47 12.86 8.20 14.20 12.03 12.03 12.08 6.40 11.21 27.40 7.47 3.43	0.33
		District.	County—	Burghs— Ardrossan Ardrossan Cumnock Darvel Galston Girvan Irvine Kilwinning Largs Maybole Newmilns Prestwick Saltcoats Stewarton Troon	County-Landward and Small Burghs

TABLE III.

Deaths at Different Ages and Percentages of Total Deaths.

							Per	centage.	
	Total Deaths.	Deaths under 5.	Deaths 5 and under 15.	Deaths 15 and under 65.	Deaths 65 and Upwards.	Under 5	5-15.	15-65.	65 and Upwards
County-									
Landward.	1452	162	22	483	785	11.2	1.5	33.2	54-1
Burghs-	3							13	
Ardrossan.	94	13	1	38	42	13.8	1.1	40-4	44.7
Cumnock	50	8		15	27	16.0		30.0	54-0
Darvel	41	4		10	27	9.8		24.4	65-8
Galston	62	4		25	33	6.5		40.3	53-2
Girvan	98	2	1	30	65	2.0	1.0	30-6	66-4
Irvine	144	15	4	54	71	10.4	2.8	37.5	49.3
Kilwinning	63	5	1	22	35	7.9	1.6	34.9	55-6
Largs	176	7	1	48	120	4.0	0.6	27.3	68-1
Maybole	64	12		12	40	18.8		18.8	62-4
Newmilns.	48	1		16	31	2.1		33-3	64-6
Prestwick.	180	13	1	50	116	7.2	0.6	27.8	64-4
Saltcoats	146	19	1	42	84	13.0	0.7	28.7	57-6
Stewarton.	44	2		18	24	4.5		40.9	54.6
Troon	150	9	1	58	82	6.0	0.6	38.7	54.7
County— Landward and Small Burghs	2812	276	33	921	1582	9.8	1.2	32.7	56-3

# TABLE IV.

# Infantile Mortality.

(1)	CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO AGE GROUPS :— Under 1 Week	Deaths.	Rate per 1,000 Births.
		100	19.4
	1 Week and under 4 Weeks	34	6.6
	4 Weeks and under 3 Months	34	6.6
	3 Months and under 6 Months	26	5.0
	6 Months and under 12 Months	31	6.0
(2)	CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO CAUSES OF DEATH		
	Chickenpox	—	_
	Measles	—	_
	Scarlet Fever	—	-
	Whooping Cough	4	0.78
	Diphtheria and Croup	1	0.19
	Erysipelas	—	_
	Tuberculous Diseases	2	0.39
	Meningitis (not Tuberculous)	5	0.97
	Hydrocephalus	2	0.39
	Convulsions	4	0.78
	Pneumonia (all forms)	34	6.59
	Bronchitis	8	1.55
	Diarrhoea and Enteritis	14	2.72
	Other Digestive Diseases	5	0.97
	Congenital Malformations	15	2.91
	Congenital Heart	5	0.97
	Premature Birth	63	12.22
	Atrophy, Debility and Marasmus	6	1.16
	Atelectasis	15	2.91
	Injury at Birth	12	2.33
	Suffocation (Overlaying)	—	_
	Syphilis	1	0.19
	Violence	6	1.16
	All other causes	23	4.46

TABLE V.

.pq		Cerebro-Spinal Fever.	19	-01-     10-   10   401   -	37
state	·p:	Encephalitis Lethargio	. 1	11111111111111	1
him as suffering from Disease stated.	.sit	Acute Polio-encephali			1
om D		Acute Poliomyelitis.	36	014010-004001400 4	87
ng fro	ice.	Acute Infective Jauna			1
fferir	2.0	Acute Influenzal Preumonia.	œ	-	12
as su	.pinom	Acute Primary Pneu	219	2044408ccaa01219	357
		Dysentery.	17	1111111-111	20
d by	1000	Malaria.	1	1111111111111111	01
accepted	·un	Ophthalmia Neonator	4		9
		Puerperal Pyrexia.	-	-   %	11
		Puerperal Fever.	4		00
-Year Health	Tuber- culosis.	Non-Pulmonary.	21	0   -00 01 -00 01 01   00 -   -	42
Diseases officer of	Tu $cult$	Pulmonary.	101	11	224
Office Office		Continued Fever.			1
Infectious Medical C		Relapsing Fever.	1		1
Infec		Enteric Fever.	01		62
of the		Typhus Fever.	1		1
agpa	ar is	Scarlet Fever.	180	11222470 - 2 - 6 - 6 - 6 - 6 - 6 - 6 - 6 - 6 - 6	291
nowle		Erysipelas.	42	2   2 - 2   -   8 8     -	67
he K		Diphtheria and Membranous Croup.	28	-         w ro or       -	40
to t		Cholera.	1	11111111111111	1
ming	100	Small pox.	1		1
Number of Cases coming to the Knowledge of the Medical Officer of			County— Landward	Burghs— Ardrossan Cumnock Darvel Galston Girvan Irvine Kilwinning Largs Maybole Newmilns Prestwick Saltcoats Stewarton Troon	County—Landward and Small Burghs
N			Cou	BACACACACACACACACACACACACACACACACACACAC	Cou

\*1 case of Typhoid Fever and I case of Paratyphoid Fever.

TABLE VI.

Principal Infectious Diseases-Monthly in the County and Small Burghs.

Diseases.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Feb. Mar. April.	May.	June.	July.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Total Cases Notified	Total Cases Confirmed
Smallpox	1	1	1	1						1	1	1	1	1
Diphtheria and Membranous Croup	9	00	20	11	4	1	60	63	co	20	-	4	29	40
Erysipelas	11	7	6	7	60	7.	00	· 60	2	63	60	00	73	67
Scarlet Fever	18	24	30	17	10	111	16	17	19	39	47	53	301	291
Typhus Fever	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1
Typhoid, Paratyphoid and Continued Fevers	1	1	1	1	1	¢1	1	63	1	1	-	-	7	61
Puerperal Fever	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	1	1	1	6	00
Puerperal Pyrexia	1	1	1	1	1	1	67	1	1	1	1	1	11	11
Cerebro-Spinal Fever	7	3	4	4	20	0.1	67	1	1	63	1	53	33	37
Poliomyelitis	1	1	1	1	1	57	10	20	34	9	9	1	109	87
Tuberculosis-Pulmonary	14	18	35	26	41	30	19	20	18	27	18	18	284	224
Non-Pulmonary	4	9	1	7	9	4	co	9	2	3	3	1	49	42
TOTAL	19	89	87	74	72	09	65	101	68	85	98	87	935	809
	-													

TABLE VII.

Infectious Diseases-Hospitals and Cases Isolated in them-County and Small Burghs.

4	366	105	13	67	487
Cerebro- Spinal Fever.	32	1	60	1	36
Puerperal Fever and Puerperal Pyrexia.	19	1	1	1	19
Typhoid, Paratyphoid and Continued Fevers.	2	1	1	1	ci
Acute Polio- myelitis.	87	1	1	1	87
Scarlet Fever.	165	105	00	2	280
Scarlet Erysipelas. Fever.	21	1	61	1	23
Diphtheria and Membranous Croup.	40	1	1	1	40
Smallpox.		1	1	1	1
Hospitals.	Ayrshire Central	Cumnock	Ayr (Heathfield)	Kilmarnock (Kirklandside)	Totals

Return of Cases of Infectious Diseases Confirmed during the year ended 31st December, 1947, by Ages.

		Number of an	of Cases coming and accepted by		as	enowledge of the suffering from the	he Medical n the stated		Officer of Health, Disease.	
Disease.	At all Ages.	Under 1.	1 and under 5.	5 and under 15.	15 and under 25.	25 and under 45.	45 and under 65.	65 and upwards	Cases removed to Hospital.	Cases no removed to Hospital
Cerebro-Spinal Fever	37	6	13	6	67	00	-		3.6	.   -
Chickenpox*	1	1	1	1	1	1	'	1	8	1
Cholera Continued Fever (Indulant)	1	t	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Diphtheria	40	-	1=	66	60	1 6	1	1	100	1
		1	12	1 4	9	0 01	1	11	19	-
Ercephanus Letnargica		10	1	1	1	1:	13	1	1	1
Acute Infective	70	14		1	1	15	38	12	23	44
Malaria	67	1			-	1-	11	11	16	1
	1	1	1	1	.	1	-		4	11
Ophthalmia Neonatorum	9	9	1	1	1	1	1	1	9	
	12	11	11		11	10	10	-	100	10
	3	52	81	20	21	59	70	24	259	98
itis	87	5	35	34	1 6	9	1-	11	100	1
:		1	1	5	,	000	1	1	000	11
Scarlet Fever	291	11	7.4	1881	5 6	91	1-	1	10	-
:		1	: 1		1	-	1		707	9
Tuberculosis Non Dulmonary	23	1 9	4	16	86	85	19	2	167	57
er	- T	0	9	17	12	4	1	1	33	6
A ", …	'	1		1	11	1 1	1	1	1	1
:	1	1	1	1	11	1	1 1	11	1-	1 1
Lyphus Fever	1	1	1	1	1	1	!	1	'	-
whooping Cough*	148	30	98	31	1	1	1	1	44	104
Total	1354	109	318	372	172	203	141	39	1098	296
								-	2000	070

\* Not Notifiable.

# TABLE IX.—TUBERCULOSIS STATISTICAL RETURNS, 1947.

1.—Return of Cases of Tuberculosis Notified during the year ended 31st December, 1947.

Cases notified in a prep- ious year and re-	noved to hospital for the	during 1947.	10 26	36	11	1 28
#111	Cases	to to hospital.	65	117	9 7	16
	Cases	removed to hospital.	77	167	19	88
Number of Cases Notified during year in which Diagnosis of	Tuberculosis has been Confirmed.	15 and upwards	95	204	80 60	17
Number Notified year is	Tubercu been Co	Under 15 and Upwards	10	20	#11	49 25 17 83
111		Total.	142	284	28	49
_,		e5 and upwards	21-1	00	11	1
iberculosis		45 and under 65.	20	23		1
from Te		35 and under 45.	118	29	1	1
Suffering	roups.	25 and 35 and 45 and under 35. under 45. under 65.	27	67	100	00
otified as	Age Groups.	15 and under 25.	50	117	\$ 9	12
Cases N	1 10	10 and under 15.	1-1-	14	10 10	10
Number of Cases Notified as Suffering from Tuberculosis.		I and 5 and 10 and 15 and 15 and 15. Under 25.	13	21	1-4	111
2		1 and	5	6		4 80
	in the same of	Hader 1	1	1 1	Ho	9 60
			:			Total
Contapa Car			Males		Males	Females
No.						
PAGE AND ADDRESS OF THE PAGE A					Snarv	
			Pulmonary*		Non-Pulmonary	

. Where a case is notified as suffering from both Pulmonary and Non-Pulmonary Tuberculosis it is included under "Pulmonary" only.

2.—Return showing the Number of Cases which received Treatment under the Tuberculosis Scheme in Sanatorium or other Institution during the year ended 31st December, 1947.

Panagara.						Number of Patients.		100
				In Institutions on 1st January.	Admitted during the year.	Discharged during the year.	Died in the Institutions.† d	In Institutions on 31st December.
Pulmonary	(Children	Males   Females   Males   Females	::::	64 74 15 8	126 22 16	96 95 26 14	20 H	19 19 1
Non-Pulmonary	(thudten	Males Males Females	::::	10 8 9 9	12 13 13	16 10 8	0.00	110
	T	Total	-	200	317	27.2	50 54	201

† Column (d) shows those who were in final residence 28 days or over. Column (e) shows those who were in final residence under 28 days. † All patients of 15 years and upwards classed as Adults.

TABLE IX. - Continued.

3. - Return of Number of Persons Resident in the Area at 31st December, 1947, who were known to be suffering from Tuberculosis.

		Total.	91 90 4 4 182 1187 1163	879	8 23 21 26 26 20 16 34 178 178
		65 and upwards		7	w
		45 and under 65.	0104   188 0 011	7.1	10 10 10 18 81
		35 and under 45.	44   224 26 21 21 21 21	126	11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11
o caece.	roups.	25 and under 35.	217 228 24 26 24 26 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27	283	
Tanuar AT	Age G	15 and under 25.	331 331 331 336 336 336	289	1 3 10 10 10 10 6 10 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8
		10 and under 15.	11 8 1 8 9 9 9	35	214   488 8     1   88
		5 and under 10.	1738	55	191084818   85
The same of		1 and under 5.	rs         r	11	16 5 11 2 11 16
		Under 1.	44111111	61	111111111111 1 61
8				:	
			Males Females Females Females Males Females Males Females	: .	Males (Females (Males Females (Males Females (Males Females (Males Females (Males Females (Males Females (Males (M
			: : : pur	:	
			ind	tal	Total
			III for	To	5 4 5
			Baci		Spine) ::
			 camir percle		9 1 1 1 1
			 1 Tul		clusiv
			ent but 1 d and		ds ds Organ
			sent sent mine	-	Joint Gland Gland
			Y.a n not n pre n exa		and Parts Parts
			donas Sputur Sputur Sputur	Dura	1. Abdominal
			4. S 2. 2. 8 4. S 4. S 5. S 5. S 5. S 5. S 5. S 5. S	MON	Pulm Pulm
	The state of the s	28 qwis again topping took an aminimum and again as	Age Groups.  Age Groups.  Under 1. under 5. under 15. under 25. under 45. under 65. upwards	Tand   5 and   10 and   15 and   25 and   45 and   65 and   85 a	Sputum examined and Tubercle Bacilli never found   Total   T

a Persons suffering from Pulmonary and Non-Pulmonary Tuberculosis included under "Pulmonary" only. iffering from Multiple Lesions classified according to the site of the Principal Lesion. No case included more than once. h Persons suffering from Multiple Lesions classified according to the site of the Principal Lesion.

TABLE IX. -Continued.

4.—Return of Number of Persons who died from Tuberculosis in the Area during the year ended 31st December, 1947, with particulars as to the period elapsing between Notification and Death and between Discharge from an Institution and Death.

	Pulm	Pulmonary.	Non-Pı	Non-Pulmonary.
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.
Number of Persons who Died from Tuberculosis-123.	45	47	17	14
Of whom-				
Not notified or notified only at or after Death	9 2 4 1 2 8 9 1 5 6 6	20 1 24 24 25 35 33	17   17   1	49   1   8   4     9

TABLE X.

Ayrshire Central Hospital-Statement of Infectious Cases Treated during Year 1947.

	1000	Admitted	Hod	Dismissed.	issed.	Died.	d.	Avera	Average Residence in Days.	lence in	Days.	All	Altered Diagnosis.
	-	The state of the s	anca.	1				Dismissals.	ssals.	Dec	Deaths.		
		M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
		77	110	70	66	1	1	23.4	22.1	1	1	00	12
Dirbtheria and Croup	: :	46	68	16	27	2	0.1	49.3	47.0	1	1.5	58	38
	:	1	13	00 ;	122	1	1	12.5	14.4	1		1-	6
	::	12	12	17	13	1	11	13.0	4.07		11	1	1
3Ver	:	0	-	٦	-			1	37.0	1	1	83	1
id Fever in	:	266	10	17	1 6	1	1	25.3	21.0	1	1	7	07
Dysentery	: :	54	27	49	26	8	10	19.3	15.1	2.0	0.9	12	oo -
	:	12	12	10	12	21 -	1-	17.2	16.3	0.1	10.01	11	1
Whooping Cough	:	14	20	97	77	1	7	7.0	11.0	2	1	1	1
Rubella		200	-	# 00	000	11	11	18.5	16.0	1	1	1	1
Chickenpox	:	4-	1	0 -	1		1	17.0	1	1	1	1	1
Mumps Drimony Droming	:	193	141	119	88	7	70	21.9	21.2	3.5	1.8	73	75
Acute Frinary Lucumonia  Does per and Perexia	: :	1	23	1	23	1	1	1	19.1	1	1	1:	1 -
	::	11	17	1	1	1	1	1	13	10	1	11	11
		64	36	119	00 2	14	11	31.2	25.0	0.6	1.0	400	222
Poliomyelitis		20-	28	10	34	1-	1	0.04	0.70	1.0	2	1	2
Encephalitis	:	1		6		1	1	18.0	1	1	-	1	1
:	:	1	1	16	59	1	1	9.5	10.2	1	1	1	1
Acute Infective Hepatitis		1	2	1	00	1	T	18.0	20.0	1	1	1-	1
		1	1	1	00 -	1	1	20.0	19.5	0.0	B	-	
Cancer	:	1	1	0 =	40	1	1-	51.0	48.0	0	1.0	1	1
Haemorrhage	:			4 00	0 00	1	4 00	52.0	40.0	17.0	15.3	1	1
	:	1	-	300	34	1	1	12.8	14.4	1	1	1	1
The char-Bronchitis		1	-	01	3	23	1	23.8	21.6	1.0	1:	1	1
	:	1	-	4	00	1	2	13.0	14.3	I	4.0	1	1
	:	1	1	00		1	1	3.0	2.77			11	11
Syphilis	:	1	1	10	1 6	11		17.0	15.0	11	1	1	1
Acute Rheumatism	: :		11	63	47	70	1	7.5	10.5	4.5	3.0	1	1
												200	

#### TABLE XI.

#### County Laboratory—Total Examinations.

Throat Swab for B.Diphtheriae		425
B.Diphtheriae Virulence Test		4
Throat Swabs for Strept. Haemolyticus		271
Throat Swabs for Vincent's Infection		11
Vincent's Infection (Diphtheriae and H.S. together)		899
Sputum for Tubercle Bacilli; Film		1,554
Sputum for Tubercle Bacilli; Culture		652
Urine or C.S. Fluid for Tubercle Bacilli	***	10
Pus, Urine, Sputum, etc., for General Bacteriological Examin	nation	
(involving Cultivation)		684
C.S. Fluid for Bacteriological and Cytological Examination		245
C.S. Fluid for Wassermann and Colloidal Gold Reactions,	Total	
Protein, Globulin and Cells		137
Wassermann Reaction (Sacha-Georgi Flocculation and Kahn	Tests	
also carried out as a matter of Laboratory routine		12,225
Gonococcus Complement Fixation Test		500
Widal Reaction (B. Typhosus and B. Paratyphosus "A" and	"B"	
Tested together), also "B" Abortus		143
Culture of Widal Clot		1
Faeces and Urine for Enteric or Dysentery Organisms		811
Preparation of Autogenous Vaccine		1
Nase-Pharyngeal Swab for Meningococcus		2
Meningococcus Type		1
Bact. Examination of Water-Enumeration of Viable Ba	cteria	
and Estimation of B. Coli Content		672
Bact. Examination of Milk-Enumeration of Viable Ba		
and Estimation of B. Coli Content		10,398
Examination of Milk for Tubercle Bacilli (Animal Inoculation		31
Examination of Urine for Leptospira Ictero-Haemorrhagiae		3
Grouping of Haemolytic Streptococci (Lancefield)		6
Blood Culture		86
Blood for Malaria		8
C.S. Fluid for Cell Count		219
Blood for Blood Group and Wassermann		1
Cough Plates for B. Pertussis		9
Swabs and Smears for General Bacteriological Examination	***	848
Swabs and Smears, including Gonococcus		36
Swabs and Smears for Gonococcus only		427
Animal Inoculation Test for Tubercle Bacilli		37
Specimens for Trichoma Vaginalis		47
Penicillin Sensitivity		89
Sulphonamide Sensitivity	***	2
Specimens for Monilia		134

#### TABLE XI .- Continued.

#### County Laboratory-Total Examinations-Continued.

Urine and Swabs for Culture	of Go	onococci					123
Baby Feeds for Sterility							16
Faeces for Helminths, Ova, et	te.						23
Serum, etc., for Dark Ground	Exa	mination					32
Faeces for Tubercle Bacilli							4
Faeces for Occult Blood							14
Fractional Test Meals							2
Ice Cream for Bacteriological	Exar	nination					101
Faeces for Fat Analysis							6
Milk-Resazurin Test							23
Milk for Evidence of Mastitis							14
Kahn Verification Test							36
Blood Urea Estimation				***			139
Urea Concentration							3
Single Blood Sugars							14
Blood Sugar Curves					.,.		63
Blood Cholesterols							16
Serum Proteins							2
Plasma Proteins							8
Blood Uric Acid							1
Urinary Diastase							1
Icterus Index							1
Blood-Non-Protein Nitrogen							1
Plasma Phosphatase							1
Serum Calcium							16
Full Blood Count (including 1	H.B.,	R.B.C.,	W.B.	d. and	Differe	ntial	
W.B.C.)							77
Blood-Packed Cell Volumes							31
Blood Picture							13
Differential White Counts							50
Paul-Bunnell Tests							11
Blood Sedimentation Rates							1,364
Cultures from Babies Cots							150
Miscellaneous Specimens							128
The state of the s							04.770
TOTAL							34,113

# TABLE XII. OUTPATIENT CLINICS.

Doctor. Remarks.	School Medical Officer.	Chest Physician. Tuberculosis Officer.	Part-time Specialist,	Part-time Specialist,	County Paediatrician .	Part-time Specialist.	Orthoptist. Orthoptist.	Assistant Medical Officer. Nurse attends Monthly.	Assistant Medical Officer. Nurse attends Woothly. Assistant Medical Officer. Nurse attends Monthly.	
Hour.	3 p.m. 2 p.m. 10 a.m. 2 p.m. 2 p.m. 2 p.m. 2 p.m. 10 a.m. 1.30 p.m.	2 p.m. 2.30 p.m.		11 a.m.	1.30 p.m.	3 p.m.	9.30 a.m. 9.30 a.m. 9.30 a.m.	2 p.m.	2.15 p.m. 2.30 p.m. 2.50 p.m. 2.50 p.m. 2.80 p.m. 2.9.m.	
Day.	Every Monday. Every Friday. Every Thursday. Every Monday. Every Wednesday. Every Wednesday. Every Wednesday. Every Friday. Every Friday. Every Friday. Every Friday. Every Friday.	Every Wednesday.	Once a month.	Every Friday.	Every Wednesday.	Every Monday and Thursday.	Every Tuesday and Thursday. Every Wednesday and Friday. Every Monday.	Third Thursday.	Third Thursday. Second Thursday. First Tuesday. Second Wednesday. Third Thursday. First and Third Wednesdays. Fourth Tuesday.	
Place and Premises.	School Clinics—  Ayr—King Street Dalry—Higher Grade School Galston—Henrietta Street Girvan—Clinic, Wesley Place Irvine—Waterside Street Kilbirnie—Central School Kilmarnock—Green St. Clinic Maybole—Carrick Home Prestwick—Glenburn P.S Saltcoats—Public School Troon—Troon Infant School.	Tuberculosis Clinics— Irvine—Central Hospital Saltcoats—Campbell Avenue	Orthopaedic Clinic— Ayr—Seafield Hospital	Surgical Clinic— Ayr—Seafield Hospital	Medical Clinic— Ayr—Seafield Hospital	Ear, Nose and Throat Clinic-	Orthoptic Clinics— Ayr—King Street Kilmarnock—Green St. Clinic Saltcoats—Public School	Child Welfare Centres— Annbank—The Hall	Ardrossan—Castlecraigs, Glasgow Street Auchinleck—Town Hall Beith—Town House Catrine—Brown's Institute Crosshouse—Co-operative Hall Cunnock—Millbank Dalmellington—Church Hall.	Dalry-First-Aid Post, James

# TABLE XIL—Continued.

Place and Premises.	Day.	Hour.		Doctor.			Remarks.	
Dreghorn—Clinic (Public Assistance Office)		2 p.m.	Assistant	Medical	Officer.		attends I	Fortnightly.
Galston—Henrietta Street Girvan—Wesley Place	Third Thursday. First Tuesday.	20 p.m.	Assistant	Medical	Officer.	Nurse at	attends lattends	Monthly.
Hurfford—The Institute	Fourth Tuesday.		Assistant	Medical	Officer.	Nurse at		Monthly.
Kilbirnie—Nurses' Home	Second Thursday.	2 p.m.	Assistant	Medical	Officer.			Weekly.
Kilwinning—Parish Chambers Kilmanra—Kilmanra Hall	First Tuesday.	2.30 p.m.	Assistant	Medical	Officer.	Nurse at	attends	Weekly.
Lugar—The Institute	Fourth Monday.	2 p.m.	Assistant	Medical	Officer.			Monthly.
Maybole—Carrick Home	Second Monday. Second Tuesday.	2 p.m. 2.30 p.m.	Assistant	Medical	Officer.	Nurse at Nurse at	attends lattends l	Monthly. Monthly.
Masonic Hall	First Monday.	2 p.m. 2 p.m.	Assistant	Medical	Ощеег.	Nurse at Nurse at	attends l	Monthly.
Craigbank Gospel Hall	Fourth Thursday.		Assistant	Medical	Officer.			fonthly.
Newnilus—Lady Flora's Inst. Patna—Parish Church Hall	Fourth Thursday.	2 p.m.	Assistant Assistant Assistant	Medical Medical	Officer.	Nurse at Nurse at Nurse at	attends lattends lattends lattends lattends lattends latends lattends latends	Monthly. Monthly.
Prestwick—Youth Centre, Templering Street	First Tuesday.	2 p.m.	Assistant	Medical	Офет.		tends 1	attends Monthly.
(Special School)	Second and Fourth Tuesdays.	2.30 p.m.	Assistant	Medical	Officer.	Nurse attends Weekly.	tends	Veekly.
Stewarton—11 The Avenue Tarbolton—Infant School Troon—Tinnlon Nursing Home	Second Thursday. Fourth Thursday. Fourth Wednesday. Second Tuesday.	2 p.m. 2.30 p.m. 2 p.m. 2 p.m.	Assistant Assistant Assistant Assistant	Medical Medical Medical	Officer. Officer. Officer.	Nurse at Nurse at Nurse at Nurse at	attends lattends latt	Weekly. Fortnightly. Monthly. Fortnightly.
Cumnock—Millbank Galston—Henrietta Street Girvan—Wesley Place Irvine—Central Hospital Kilbirnio—Nusses' Home	Every Tuesday. Every Tuesday. Every Thursday. Mondays and Fridays.	2.45 p.m.—4 p.m. 10.30 a.m. 2 p.m.—4 p.m. 2 p.m. 19 p.m.	Assistant Assistant Assistant Assistant	Medical Medical Medical Medical	Officer. Officer. Officer.			
Larga—Red Cross Hut Maybole—Carrick Home Saltcoats—School Clinic		10.30 a.m.—12 noon. 10.30 a.m.—12 noon. 10.30 a.m. to 12 noon	Assistant Assistant Assistant	Medical Medical Medical	Officer. Officer.			
Troon-Tinnion Nursing Home	Every Tuesday.	9.30 a.m.	Assistant	Medical	Officer.			

	1000		
· sales in the			

#### COUNTY OF AYR.



# ANNUAL REPORT

BY THE

# School Medical Officer

For the Year ending 31st July, 1948.

To the Department of Health for Scotland and to the Ayr County Council.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,

I beg to submit my Annual Report on the work of Medical Inspection and Supervision of School Children in the County of Ayr for the year ending 31st July, 1948.

I have the honour to be,

Your obedient Servant,

C. A. BIGNOLD,

County Medical Officer.

COUNTY BUILDINGS,

AYR, DECEMBER, 1948.

#### CONTENTS.

	- Street (comments 10,415)	Page
I.	Staff	46
II.	General Statistics	48
III.	Sanitary Condition of Schools	48
IV.	Organisation and Treatment	49
V.	The Findings of Medical Inspection—	
	Routine Examinations	50
	Special Examinations	55
VI.	Arrangements for Medical Treatment	57
VII.	Dental Inspection and Treatment	60
VIII.	7 8 1	
	Schools	61
IX.	Arrangements for Physical Education and Personal Hygiene of Children	62
X.		02
Δ.	Children	64
XI.	Physical Condition of School Children	64
	CARDINAL E W. E. B. HAMILTON	
	TABLES.	
	JAMES OF KILDS AND A COLORAL A	
I.	Total Number of Children Examined	64
II.	Systematic Examinations	65
III.	Summary of Systematic Examinations	72
IV.	Return of all Exceptional Children of School Age	100000
	in the Area	71

#### AYR COUNTY COUNCIL EDUCATION COMMITTEE.

#### MEDICAL INSPECTION AND TREATMENT.

#### I.—STAFF.

Medical Officer of Health and Chief Administrative School Medical Officer—

C. A. BIGNOLD, M.A., M.B., Ch.B., B.Sc. (P.H.).

Assistant School Medical Officers (also Child Welfare Medical Officers)—

HELEN M. WIGHTMAN, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H.
MARGARET C. P. HAMILTON, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H.
ENID M. DIXON, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H.
JEAN M. DIXON, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H.
JESSIE B. MACLACHLAN, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H.

Chief School Dental Officer—
A. J. Duncan, L.D.S.

#### Assistant School Dental Officers-

P. M. GARDINER, L.D.S.

A. W. M. WATSON, L.D.S. MISS A. J. PURDIE, L.D.S.

R. L. CAMPBELL, L.D.S.

(Left 15/8/47).

Mrs. A. Jackson, L.D.S.

(Commenced 16/9/47).

M. B. SIMPSON, L.D.S.

(Commenced 16/9/47).

W. B. HAMILTON, L.D.S.

J. B. BURNETT, L.D.S.

R. F. HUNTER, L.D.S.

MISS J. H. AITKEN, L.D.S. (Commenced 16/9/47).

(Left 19/3/48).

J. Wilson, L.D.S.

(Commenced 16/9/47).

Mrs. A. G. Walker, L.D.S. (Commenced 12/9/48).

#### School Nurses-

MISS M. D. Howie (Ardrossan and Stevenston Parishes) and 62 Part-time Nurses.

#### Orthoptist-

Miss M. M. Lewis, Diploma, British Orthoptic Board. (Left 28/5/48).

Clerks-

THOMAS N. CRAWFORD.

OLIVER MUIR.

Typists-

MISS M. MACDONALD (left 15/9/47).

MISS M. DORRANCE

MISS K. STEELE (commenced 16/9/47).

Dental Attendants-

MISS K. STEELE (left 15/9/47).

Miss H. McCosh (died 14/5/48).

MISS M. JOHNSTONE.

MISS M. DICKIE.

MISS H. GROSERT

(commenced 16/9/47).

(left 4/12/47).

MISS A. BELL

(com ed 16/9/47).

MI - MUIR

(commenced 16/9/47).

MISS M. MCLEAN.

MISS J. GRAY.

MISS A. KELSO.

MISS R. KELSO.

MISS N. GILLIES

(commenced 16/9/47).

(left 9/3/48).

MISS M. BANKS

(commenced 19/1/48).

MISS M. HENDRY

(commenced 22/3/48).

#### BURGH OF AYR.

School Medical Officer-

R. L. LEASK, M.B., Ch.B., B.Sc. (P.H.), D.P.H.

Assistant School Medical Officers-

G. L. Brown, M.D., D.P.H. (left 8/7/47).

A. F. McCoubrey, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H.

J. S. S. Pollock, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H. (commenced 27/8/47).

School Nurses-

FIVE PART-TIME NURSES.

Typist—

MISS SHAW.

#### BURGH OF KILMARNOCK.

School Medical Officer—
B. R. Nisbet, M.D., F.R.C.P.(Ed.), D.P.H.

Assistant School Medical Officer-

J. S. CAMERON, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H. (left 15/2/48).
C. C. WRIGHT, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H. (commenced 1/3/48).

School Nurses—

FIVE PART-TIME NURSES.

Typist— MISS E. LOVE.

#### PART-TIME SPECIALISTS.

Ear, Nose and Throat Surgeon— F. M. WALKER, F.R.F.P.S.G.

#### Oculist-

J. N. TENNENT, M.B., Ch.B., D.O.M.S.

#### Orthopaedic Surgeon-

NORMAN DAVIDSON, O.B.E., F.R.C.S. (left 15/3/48). ALEXANDER MILLER, F.R.C.S. (commenced 1/4/48).

#### II.—GENERAL STATISTICS.

Population of the Area	. 321,34	16
Number of Schools—		
(a) Primary Under Education Authority		92
$\begin{array}{c} (a) \   \text{Primary} \\ (b) \   \text{Secondary} \end{array} \right\} \text{Under Education Authority} \left\{ \begin{array}{c} \dots \\ \dots \end{array} \right.$		61
(c) (i) Special Schools		3 0 4
(d) In receipt of Grant from Education Authorit under Medical Inspection		60
Number of Children on the Registers	48,83	11
Number of Children in Average Attendance .	44,9	23

#### III.—SANITARY CONDITION OF SCHOOLS.

The Medical Officers on their visits to schools inspect the sanitation and any matters requiring attention are brought to the notice of the appropriate Official.

#### IV .- ORGANISATION AND TREATMENT.

School Nurses attend to the medical inspection and subsequently are supplied with a list of the cases to be followed up at home. They keep a register compiled from these lists and report where treatment is given and condition remedied. The School Nurses also visit the schools between the School Medical Officers' inspections.

### (a) System of School Medical Inspection and Arrangements for Following up.

The pupils examined at routine inspections were :-

- (1) All entrants and children not previously subjected in school to detailed routine inspections.
- (2) Children born in 1938.
- (3) Children born in 1934.
- (4) Children born in 1931.
- (5) Children born in 1940 (visual acuity and hearing only).

Before every routine visit to a school the Head Teacher is asked to produce for special medical examination any pupil who appears to suffer from any physical or mental disability and who had not received or was not receiving appropriate attention.

Routine and special medical examinations of pupils attending schools in Ayr and Kilmarnock are carried out by the medical staff of the Burghs concerned, who also attend the respective minor ailment clinic and forward to the Chief School Medical Officer particulars regarding any children requiring special medical or educational treatment.

#### (b) Supervision of Infectious Disease, including School Closure.

As the medical inspection of school children is under the control of the Medical Officer of Health for each area all notifiable cases of infectious disease are known. Where it seems to the Head Teacher that there is any undue incidence of non-notifiable disease he brings the matter to the notice of the School Medical Officer. Disinfection of class-rooms is carried out where indicated. No schools were closed as a result of infectious disease during the session.

#### (c) Co-ordination with Public Health Service.

In the County Area each Assistant Medical Officer is in charge of the School Health and Child Welfare work in a district, so that the same Medical Officer sees the child from birth to school leaving age. The same arrangement exists in the Burghs of Ayr and Kilmarnock.

#### (d) Presence of Parents at Inspection.

The presence of parents is encouraged at school medical inspection. Many defects are pointed out to them of which they were previously unaware, and thus the services of the family doctor are solicited earlier than otherwise would have been the case, with more satisfactory results in the way of prevention and cure. The number of parents who attended the routine inspections during the year was 2,703.

#### V.—THE FINDINGS OF MEDICAL INSPECTION.

#### (a) Routine.

The number of children examined was 14,384, of whom 4,710 or 32.75 per cent. suffered from some defect. Of these 2,421 or 16.83' of the children examined suffered from minor defects or from ailments from which recovery was expected in a few weeks, and 1,833 or 12.74 suffered from defects less remediable, but from which complete recovery or restoration of function was ultimately anticipated. The number suffering from defects where improvement only could be expected was 456 or 3.18 of those examined. This percentage compares with 2.80 in 1939-40.

In the following summary under the various defects the percentage found defective at routine inspection is compared with the percentage during the school session 1939-40, and with the results of twenty years ago where these are comparable.

#### (1) Clothing.

Eleven children were found to have unsatisfactory clothing, 0.07 per cent. of the children examined at routine inspections. The corresponding figure for 1939-40 was 0.21 per cent. In the school session, 1927-28, the percentage found to have unsatisfactory clothing was 1.4. At special inspections 9 children were found to be unsatisfactorily clothed.

#### (2) Footgear.

One child was found to have unsatisfactory footgear, 0.006 per cent. of the children examined at routune inspections. The corresponding figure for 1939-40 was 0.06 per cent. In the school session, 1927-28, the percentage was 0.7. At special inspections 2 children were found to have unsatisfactory footgear.

#### (3) Cleanliness.

- (a) Head.—The number of children found at routine inspections to have dirty or verminous head was 382 or 2.65 per cent. of those examined. The corresponding figure for 1939-40 was 3.73. The percentage in 1927-28 was 7.5.
- (b) Body.—The number of children found at routine inspections to have dirty or verminous bodies was 25 or 0·17 per cent. The percentage in 1939-40 was 0·34 and 1·9 in 1927-28.

At special inspections 48 children were found to have a dirty or verminous condition of the head and 16 to have a similar condition of the body.

#### (4) Skin.

(a) Head.—At routine inspections the following were found to be suffering from skin diseases of the head:—

Ringworm ... ... 3 children or 0.02 per cent. Impetigo ... ... 18 children or 0.12 per cent. Other Diseases ... 31 children or 0.21 per cent.

The following were the corresponding percentages in 1939-40 and 1927-28:—

Ringworm ... 0.007 in 1939-40 ... 0.1 in 1927-28 Impetigo ... 0.26 in 1939-40 ... 1.5 in 1927-28 Other Diseases ... 0.24 in 1939-40 ... 0.12 in 1927-28

At special inspections 1 child was found to be suffering from Ringworm, 9 from Impetigo and 10 from Other Diseases.

(b) Body.—At routine inspections the following skin conditions affecting the body were found:—

Ringworm ... 7 children or 0.04 per cent.

Impetigo ... 10 children or 0.06 per cent.

Scabies ... 47 children or 0.32 per cent.

Other Diseases ... 106 children or 0.73 per cent.

The classification was different in 1927-28, but the following were the corresponding percentages for 1939-40:—

Ringworm	 	 	 	0.02
Impetigo	 	 	 	0.22
Scabies	 	 	 	0.42
Other Diseases	 	 	 	0.64

At special inspections 4 children were found to be suffering from Ringworm, 10 from Impetigo, 7 from Scabies and 24 from other Skin Diseases.

#### (5) Nutritional State.

At routine inspections 271 children were found to be suffering from slightly defective nutrition and 25 from bad nutrition, being respectively 1.88 and 0.17 per cent. of the children examined. The corresponding percentages in 1939-40 were 2.24 slightly defective and 0.19 bad. The classification was different in 1927-28. The percentage suffering from nutrition below average was 9.7 and from very bad nutrition 0.04.

At special examination 34 children were found to be suffering from slightly defective nutrition.

#### (6) Mouth and Teeth.

At routine medical inspections 543 children were suffering from unhealthy conditions of the mouth and teeth, 3.77 per cent. of the children examined. In 1939-40 the percentage was 3.80. In 1927-28 the figures are not comparable because a different method of classification was used.

At special inspections an unhealthy condition of the mouth and teeth was found in 12 children.

#### (7) Nasopharynx.

(a) Nose.—Apart from cases requiring further observation, 345 children, or 2.39 per cent. of those examined, showed obstruction, probably due to adenoids requiring operation.

In 1939-40 the corresponding percentage was 2.03.

At special examinations 59 cases requiring operation were found.

(b) Throat.—Apart from cases requiring further observation, 847 children, or 5.89 per cent. of those examined, were found to have tonsils which required operative treatment. The corresponding percentage in 1939-40 was 6.32.

At special examinations 112 cases of diseased tonsils requiring operation were found.

(c) Glands.—Enlarged Glands requiring further observation were found in 229 or 1.59 per cent. of the children examined, while 5 children or 0.03 per cent. had Glands requiring operation. The corresponding percentages in 1939-40 were 1.63 and 0.02.

In addition 17 children requiring observation and 4 requiring operative treatment were found at special examinations.

#### (8) Eyes.

Infective conditions of the lids or conjunctiva were found in 86 children or 0.59 per cent. of those examined, as compared with 1.05 per cent. in 1939-40.

At special examinations 13 were found.

Corneal Opacities were found in 9 or 0.06 per cent. of the children, as compared with 0.09 per cent. in 1939-40.

At special examinations 1 was found.

Squint affected 279 children or 1.93 per cent., as compared with 1.62 per cent. in 1939-40. Squint was also found in 39 children brought forward for special examination.

Visual Acuity.—Vision was not examined in entrants. Of those in the other age groups 751 or 8.20 per cent. had defective vision requiring refraction as compared with 8.60 per cent. in 1939-40. In addition 4,871 children were examined as "Specials," including the seven-year-old group examined in place of entrants. Of these 705 were found to require refraction.

#### (9) Ears.

Otorrhoea or discharge from the ears affected 136 children or 0.94 per cent., as compared with 0.69 in 1939-40. Discharging ears were found in 31 children examined as "Specials."

Defective hearing was present in 48 children or 0.32 per cent. The majority, 42, were classified in Grade 1, Deafness—Children who can be educated in the ordinary school without special provision. The number classified as having defective hearing in 1939-40 composed 0.34 per cent. of the children examined. This involved 40 children, of whom 28 were classed as having degrees of deafness more severe than Grade 1.

Of children examined as "Specials" 18 were classed as suffering from Grade 1, Deafness, and 1 from Deafness more severe than Grade 1.

#### (10) Speech.

Of the children examined at routine inspections 56 or 0.38 per cent. suffered from defective articulation and 14 or 0.09 per cent. from stammering. These percentages compared with 0.53 and 0.15 in 1939-40 and 0.5 and 0.2 in 1927-28.

Of children examined as "Specials" 8 showed defective articulation and 1 stammering.

#### (11) Mental and Nervous Conditions.

At inspections of routine age groups 8 children or 0.05 per cent. were found to be educable mental defectives and no ineducable defectives were found. These compared with 0.18 and 0.02 per cent. respectively in 1939-40.

Other mental or nervous conditions affected 57 or 0.38 per cent. of the children examined, as compared with 0.64 per cent. in 1939-40.

At special examinations 13 children were found to be backward, 3 Mentally defective (educable), 1 highly nervous and 1 of difficult behaviour.

#### (12) Circulatory System.

At routine inspections 58 children were found to be suffering from organic heart disease, comprising 0.40 per cent. of the children examined. This compares with 0.46 per cent. in 1939-40.

At special examinations 3 cases of organic heart disease were found.

#### (13) Lungs.

The number of children suffering from chronic bronchitis was 81 or 0.56 of those examined at routine inspections. The corresponding percentage in 1939-40 was 0.55 and 1.0 in 1927-28.

There were referred to the Tuberculosis Officer as suspected cases of Tuberculosis 17 children or 0·11 per cent., as compared with 0·13 per cent. in 1939-40.

Other diseases of the Lungs affected 70 children or 0.48 per cent., as compared with 0.72 per cent. in 1939-40 and 2.26 per cent. in 1927-28.

Of children examined as "Specials" 6 had Chronic Bronchitis, 7 suspected Tuberculosis and 12 other diseases.

#### (14) Deformities.

Deformities dating from birth affected 35 children or 0.24 per cent., as compared with 0.32 per cent. in 1939-40 and 0.2 per cent. in 1927-28.

Deformities due to Infantile Paralysis affected 13 children or 0.09 per cent., as compared with 0.06 per cent. in 1939-40.

Deformities due to Rickets affected 46 children or 0.31 per cent., as compared with 0.24 per cent. in 1939-40.

Deformities due to other causes, for instance accident, affected 75 children or 0.52 per cent., compared with 0.25 per cent. in 1939-40.

Children submitted for special examination included 2 cases of Congenital Deformities, 2 of Deformities due to Infantile Paralysis, and 4 of Deformities due to other causes (not Rickets).

#### (15) Infectious Disease.

There were discovered at routine inspections 8 cases of Infectious Disease, 0.05 per cent. of the children examined, as compared with 0.02 per cent. in 1939-40 and 0.15 per cent. in 1927-28.

Of children examined as "Specials" 4 were found with Infectious Diseases.

#### (16) Other Diseases or Defects.

Affected 286 children or 1.98 per cent. of those examined, as compared with 1.51 per cent. in 1939-40.

#### (b) Special.

Of the 4,871 special cases examined 1,018 were found defective, and the following is a list of the defects found:—

(1)	Unsatisfactory	Clothing						9
-----	----------------	----------	--	--	--	--	--	---

(2) Unsatisfactory Footgear ... ... ... 1

(3)	Cleanliness—						
	Head—Dirty, Nits	or Verr	nin				48
	Body—Dirty, Nits	Marie Trans					16
(4)	Skin—Head—						
	Ringworm						1
	Impetigo						9
	Other Diseases						10
	Skin—Body—						
	Ringworm						4
	Impetigo	•••		•••			10
	Scabies					•••	7 24
	Other Diseases			,			24
(5)	Nutritional State—						
	Slightly Defective						34
	• Bad						_
(6)	Mouth and Teeth Unhe	althy					12
(7)	Nose-						
	Obstruction requirin	g obser	rvation				18
	Obstruction (probabi						59
	Other Conditions						30
	m						
	Throat—						
	Tonsils requiring ob						47
	Tonsils requiring op	erative	treatr	nent			112
	Glands—						
	Requiring observation	n					17
	Requiring operative						4
(8)	Ever						
(0)	Eyes—						
	External Diseases—						
	Blepharitis						11
	Conjunctivitis						2
	Corneal Opacities					•••	1 20
	Squint Other Diseases		•••		***		39 13
	Other Diseases						10
	Visual Acuity—						
	Defective Vision (for	Refrac	etion)				705

(9	) Ears—							
	Otorrhoea							31
	Other Diseases							17
							•••	1.
	Defective Hearing-	- 1						
	Grade I.							18
	Grade II. (b)							1
					1.7.7.	0.000		•
(10)	Speech—							
	Defective Articu	lation						8
	Stammering							1
	HOLL MAN HE IN							
(11)	Mental and Nervous	Cond	ition-	-				
	Backward .							13
	Dull (Intrinsicall	y)				\		_
	Mental Defective							3
	Highly Nervous.							1
	Difficult Behavio	ur						1
(10)	Cincolatana Cont							
(12)	Circulatory System—							
	Organic Heart Disea	ise—						
	Congenital .							_
	Acquired							3
/10)	T							
(13)	Lungs—							
	Chronic Bronchit							6
	Suspected Tubero	culosis.						7
	Other Diseases					• • •	• • •	12
(14)	Deformities—							
(11)								
	Congenital		-1				• • • •	2 2
	Acquired (Infanti	le Par	arysis)		•••	•••	• • •	4
	Other Causes						•••	4
(15)	Infectious Disease							4
(-0)	THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O							-
(16)	Other Diseases or De	efects						101
(10)	Outer Discuses of Di	olocis.						TOI

#### VI.—ARRANGEMENTS FOR MEDICAL TREATMENT.

#### (a) Minor Ailments.

There are School Clinics at Troon, Saltcoats, Irvine, Maybole, Girvan, Dalry, Kilbirnie, Galston, Prestwick, Ayr and Kilmarnock, carried on by the whole-time Medical Officers. The School Nurses at these Centres assist.

The number of children examined by the medical staff at the Clinics was 7,178, and as several paid recurrent visits there was a total of 11,068 attendances.

- (1) Cuts, Bruises, Sprains and Minor Injuries, etc.—1,656.
- (2) Diseases of the Ear, 374 children, largely cases of Otorrhoea.
- (3) Diseases of the Eye, 302 children, including Conjunctivitis and Blepharitis principally.
- (4) Diseases of the Skin—753, being in the main Impetigo, Scabies and Eczema.
- (5) Other Diseases, including cases of non-attendance brought to Clinics on recommendation of Attendance Officers —4,093.

#### (b) Defective Vision and Squint.

The whole-time Medical Officers paid visits to different Centres, where the cases were previously collected for them and arrangements made for their work.

Spectacles were prescribed where necessary. The following is a summary of the cases seen for the period:—

Number	of	Clinics h	eld		 	72
Number	of	Children	Examined		 	840
Number	of	Children	Prescribed	Spectacles	 	603

Dr. J. N. Tennent, the Visiting Oculist, paid visits to different Centres, where cases were previously collected for him and arrangements made for his work. The children examined by him included cases from the Burghs of Ayr and Kilmarnock, and also cases referred to him by the whole-time School Medical Officers.

He prescribed Spectacles where necessary and gave treatment when required.

The following is a summary of the cases seen for the period :-

Number	of	Clinics h	eld		 	87
Number	of	Children	Examined		 	1,202
Number	of	Children	Prescribed	Spectacles		645

From the beginning of the school year under review until 28th May, 1948, Orthoptic Clinics were held at the School Clinics in Ayr, Kilmarnock and Saltcoats, and the following is a summary of the cases dealt with:—

Number of Cases Examined	 	 	121
Cases Under Observation—			
Number of Cases Number of Observations	 	 	16 33
Cases on Treatment—			
Number of Cases Number of Treatments	 	 	61 213

Dr. J. N. Tennent, the Visiting Oculist, held operating sessions for Strabismus at Seafield Hospital, and the following is a summary of the cases dealt with during the year:—

Number of	Sessions held		 	 7
Number of	Children Operated	on	 	 25
Other Eye	Operations		 	 6

#### (c) Nose and Throat (Operative Treatment).

Children suffering from Enlarged Tonsils and Adenoids were operated on at Seafield Hospital, Ayr. The following shows the number of cases dealt with during the year under review:—

Number	of	Sessions	held		 	 241
*Number	of	Children	Operated	on	 	 1,511

\* During part of August and the whole of September and October there were no operations owing to outbreak of Poliomyelitis.

Ear, Nose and Throat cases of a special nature were seen by Dr. Forbes M. Walker at the Special Clinics held twice weekly at Seafield Hospital, Ayr, and the following is a summary of the cases dealt with:—

Number of Cases Examined at Special Ear Clinics	3,369
Number of Cases recommended for Treatment	754
Number of Cases admitted for Antral Wash-out	
Treatment	823
Number of Cases Operated on for Mastoiditis, etc	289

#### (d) Orthopaedic and Postural Defects (Specialist Treatment).

Clinics were held at Seafield Hospital, Ayr, and the following is a summary of the cases dealt with by Mr. Davidson, the Orthopaedic Surgeon, until the end of March, 1948, and by his successor, Mr. Miller, from 1st April, 1948:—

	Number	of Clinics held	22
	Number	of Children Examined	558
	Number	of Children recommended for Treatment	67
	Number	of Children recommended for X-Ray	28
		of Children recommended for Remedi	ial
	Exe	rcise, etc	85
			16
		of Children Operated on	57
		of Children put in Plaster of Paris	
(e)	Deformities	Treated by Appliances.	

#### VII.—DENTAL INSPECTION AND TREATMENT.

25

Number of Cases so treated

The school Dentists devoted 703 half days to schools for the purpose of inspecting children and 2,661 half days to give the necessary dental treatment during the year, while the number of attendances made by children for treatment was 17,586.

The following Tables show details of the Inspection and Treatment given:—

#### TABLE V.

#### (a) Inspection.

Number of Children Inspected	33,645
Number of Children requiring Treatment	
Number of Children for whom Parents accepted	
Treatment by School Dentists	15,350
Number of Children not requiring Treatment	8,309
Number of Children for whom Parents stated that	
they would have Treatment given privately	8,514
Number of Children for whom Parents did not	
accept Treatment	1,472
Number of Special and Emergency Cases Inspected	29
Number of Special and Emergency Cases requiring	
Treatment	29
Number of Special and Emergency Cases accepted	
Treatment	29

#### (b) Treatment.

Number	of	Children Treated			10,476
Number	of	Extractions (Temporary Te	eth)		8,837
		Extractions (Permanent Te			908
		Fillings (Temporary Teeth)			1,100
Number	of	Fillings (Permanent Teeth)			8,523
Number	of	Dentures supplied			21
Number	of	Orthodontics			18
Number	of	Obturators			2
Number	of	Acrylic Crowns			1
Number	of	Acrylic Inlays			3
Number	of	Scalings			1,377
Number	of	other Operations (Permaner	nt)		7,086
Number	of	other Operations (Temporal	ry)		2,390
Number	of	Special and Emergency Ca	ses Tre	ated	29
Number	of	Special and Emergency	Extract	tions	
(Tem	ipo	rary Teeth)			118
Number	of	Special and Emergency	Extrac	tions	
(Peri	ma	nent Teeth)			32
Number	of	General Anaesthetics			26

## VIII.—SPECIAL SCHOOLS AND CLASSES, INCLUDING OPEN-AIR SCHOOLS.

#### (1) St. Leonard's Home Special School, Ayr.

Day pupils are conveyed daily by motor transport from and to their own homes. The number so dealt with is 65, of whom 13 are physically defective children and 52 mentally defective children.

St. Leonard's Home has 11 physically defective children resident, and these are taught in the Physically Defective Classes.

There are thus on the school roll 24 physically defective and 52 mentally defective children.

There are 5 classrooms, viz., 3 for physically defective children and 2 for mental defectives.

(2) Park Special School, Kilmarnock.

There are on the school roll 60 mentally defective children and 36 physically defective children.

There are 5 occupied classrooms, viz., 3 for mental defectives and 2 for physically defective children.

#### (3) Special School, Saltcoats.

There are on the school roll 35 mentally defective and I physically defective child.

There are 3 classrooms, viz., 2 for mental defectives and 1 for physically defective children.

#### (4) Other Institutions.

At present there are in Institutions :-

Do	onaldson's School for the Deaf, Edinburgh	6
La	ngside School for the Deaf, Glasgow	27
St.	Vincent's School for the Blind and Deaf, Glasgow	7
Ro	oyal Blind School, Edinburgh	5
Co	lony for Epileptics, Bridge of Weir	6
Ba	ldovan Institution, Dundee	1
Bi	rkwood Certified Institution, Lesmahagow	1
W	averley Park Certified Institution, Kirkintilloch	3
St.	Joseph's Certified Institution, Rosewell, Midlothian	4
St.	. Charles' Certified Institution, Carstairs Junction,	
	Lanarkshire	1
Ea	st Park Home for Infirm Children, Largs	1
Ph	nilipshill Hospital, Busby	6
Pr	incess Margaret Rose Hospital, Edinburgh	1
Ha	airmyres Hospital, East Kilbride	1

Children requiring convalescent treatment are sent to Clark Convalescent Home, Largs. The number of children admitted during the session under review was 175.

Fourteen children are also resident in Biggart Home, Prestwick.

The Special Schools at Kilmarnock and Saltcoats being provided with a verandah, and the external sides of the classrooms being of the roll-back type, are essentially open-air schools.

# IX.—ARRANGEMENTS FOR PHYSICAL EDUCATION AND PERSONAL HYGIENE OF CHILDREN.

#### (a) Staff and Accommodation.

The Authority employs 56 Specialist Teachers of Physical Education. In Secondary Schools these Teachers have charge of all branches of Physical Education, including Gymnastics,

Games, Dancing, Swimming, Athletics and Hygiene. In Primary Schools the aim is that every Class should have one lesson per week from a Specialist Teacher, the remaining Physical Training Lessons being taken by the Class Teachers.

While the majority of schools in the County have indoor accommodation for physical activity (gymnasia, central halls, rented halls, etc.), special attention is given to the provision of an area of the playground suitably surfaced to allow exercise to be taken in the open as often as the vagaries of our climate permit.

#### (b) Swimming.

By arrangement with Kilmarnock Town Council the local schools have the use of the Corporation Swimming Baths throughout the session. Approximately 1,000 pupils from Primary V. stage upward have a swimming lesson each week, all the year round.

Similar facilities are available at Cumnock, Prestwick, Troon and Saltcoats during the summer term.

#### (c) Playing Fields.

Following a recent survey of playing fields it is hoped to make adequate provision for all Secondary Schools.

#### (d) Camp Schools and Trek Camps.

During the school year the Education Committee has the use of Camp Schools at Broomlee and Gorebridge for four months. This allows approximately 2,000 pupils to go into residence for a period of two weeks.

For the month of July selected schools are equipped as Camps, and parties of 20 pupils, aged 12 to 15, escorted by two Teachers, spend a week walking from Camp to Camp, sleeping one night at each. Meals are supplied from County Kitchens. In July, 1948, 800 pupils and 100 Teachers took part in this scheme.

All pupils attending Camp School or taking part in Treks are previously examined by the School Medical Staff.

The whole scheme of Physical Education is co-ordinated by the County Organisers of Physical Education.

# X.—OTHER ACTIVITIES IN RELATION TO THE HEALTH OF SCHOOL CHILDREN.

#### Milk and Meals Supplied to School Children.

The number of children who took advantage of the Milk-in-Schools Scheme was 38,912.

Meals were supplied to 19,126 children, of whom 2,345 were supplied free.

#### XI.—THE PHYSICAL CONDITION OF THE SCHOOL CHILDREN.

The following Tables show the number examined and the physical condition of the children under the respective headings:—

#### TABLE I.

(a)	Total Number of Chil	dren Ex	amined a	t—		and the contract of
	Ordinary Schools—					Systematic caminations
	77					5,233
	Children Born in					4,451
	Children Born in					4,324
	Secondary Schools— Children Born in	1931				376
			Total			14,384
(b)	Other Examinations-					
	Children Born in 194	0—				
	Visual Acuity an	The state of the s	ng only			3,659
	Special Cases .					1,212
						4,871
(c)	The Number of Indi	Clerchiv	hildren T	nsnecte	d at	
(0)	Systematic Examin					
	Parents as requirin			пости	n 10	
	Entrants					990
	Children Born in					814
	Children Born in	1934				715
	Children Born in	1931				32
			Total			2,551

TABLE II.

SCHOOL MEDICAL SERVICE—SYSTEMATIC EXAMINATIONS.

					Entr	Entrants.	19	1938	19	1934	19	1931	All	All Ages.	Total
Nature of Defect.	f Defec	t.			Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	all Ages.
Number Examined	:	:	:	:	2669	2564	2287	2164	2191	2133	195	181	7342	7042	14,384
1. Clothing— Unsatisfactory Percentage	::	::	::	::	3 0.11	0.15	0.04	0.04	1 0.04	0.04	. 11	11	0.06	9 0.08	111 0-07
2. Footgear— Unsatisfactory Percentage	::	::	::	::	1 0.04	11	11	11	11.	11	11	11	0.01	11	0.006
3. Cleanliness— Head— Dirty, etc. Percentage	::	::	::	::	111 0-41	108	4 0.17	132 6-09	8	5.48	1.02	11	25 0-34	357	382 2.65
Dirty, etc. Percentage	::	::	::	::	8 0.29	0.15	4 0.17	0.18	0.00	3 0.14	11	11	14 0·19	0.15	95

TABLE II.-Continued.

School Medical Service-Systematic Examinations-Continued.

0.06 47 0.32 106 0.73 0.73 25 0.17
0.09 23 0.32 66 0.93 117 116 16 0.22
0.04 24 40 0.32 40 0.54 0.54 0.54 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.01
111100 1111
3.07
0.0 <sup>4</sup> 0.023 0.23 0.70 0.51
1.09 1.09 1.09
10 0.46 17 0.78 0.78 1.24
10 0.43 6 0.26 0.26 0.08
0.23 0.31 3.08 3.08 1.20 1.6 0.62
0.111 111 111 111 111 111 111 111 111 11
Percentage Scabies Percentage Other Diseases Percentage tional State ghtly Defective recentage rd Percentage
Percentage Scabies Percentage Other Diseases Percentage Rightly Defective Percentage Percentage Percentage
Percentage Scabies Percentage Other Disease Percentage Percentage Slightly Defecti Percentage Bad Percentage

TABLE II.—Continued.

School Medical Service-Systematic Examinations-Continued.

	Entr	Entrants.	1938	38	19	1934	19	1931	Au	All Ages.	Total
Nature of Defect.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	all Ages.
6. Mouth and Teeth— Unhealthy Percentage	118	108	103 4.50	73	60 2.73	3.28	3.58	2.20	3.92	255	543
7. Nose— Obstruction requiring Observation Percentage	133 4.98	84 3.27	47 2.05	28 1.29	19 0.86	8.0.37	- 11	11	199	120	319
requiring Operation Percentage  Other Conditions  Percentage	125 4.68 67 2.51	4.29 53 2.06	53 2·31 36 1·57	31 1.43 20 0.92	$\begin{array}{c} 10 \\ 0.45 \\ 13 \\ 0.59 \end{array}$	16 0.75 7 0.32	0.51	1111	188 2.56 117 1.59	157 2·22 80 1·13	345 2.39 197 1.37
Throat— Tonsils requiring Observation Percentage Tonsils requiring Operative Treatment Percentage	331 12·40 234 8·76	239 9.32 197 7.68	177 7-73 134 5-85	164 7.57 112 5.17	108 4.92 67 3.05	120 5.62 102 4.78	2.05	3.86	620 8-44 435 5-92	530 7.52 412 5.85	7.99 847 5.89
Requiring Observation Percentage Requiring Operative Treatment Percentage	94 3.52 1 0.04	46 1.79 2 0.07	1.88	25 1-15 2 0-09	14 0.63	0.32	1111	1111	2.05 1 0.01	78 1.11 4 0.05	229 1.59 5 0.03

TABLE II.—Continued.

School Medical Service-Systematic Examinations-Continued.

	Entr	trants.	19	1938	19	1934	19	1931	All	Ages.	Total
Nature of Defect.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	all Ages.
8. Eyes— External Diseases—											
Blepharitis Percentage	14 0.52	17	15 0.65	0.50	9	13	0.51	11	39	41 0.58	80
Conjunctivitis	0.07	0.07	0.04	0.04	11	11	11	11	3 0.04	3 0.04	0.04
ities	0.07	9 0.15	0.04	11	0.04	0.04	11	11	4.0.05	5 0.07	90.0
Squint	88	69	39	33	30	17	3	1	160	119	279
Percentage	3.29	2.68	1.70	1.52	1.36	0.79	1.54	1	2.17	1.68	1.93
Other Diseases Percentage	8-0-59	0.27	0.47	0.73	0.36	0.32	1.1	11	0.36	30	0.39
mined	1	I	2287	2164	2191	2133	195	181	4673	4478	9151
Recommended for Refraction— Defective Vision— Fair		1	20	40	63	81		00	113	129	242
age	111	111	2·18 106 4·63	1.84 109 5.03	2.87 133 6.07	3.79	9 4.61	4.41 6 3.31	2.41 248 5.30	2.88 261 5.83	2.64 509 5.56

TABLE II.—Continued.

School Medical Service-Systematic Examinations-Continued.

				Entr	Entrants.	19	1938	19	1934	19	1931	All	All Ages.	Total
Nature of Defect.	f.			Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	all Ages.
Number Examined	:	:	:	2669	2564	2287	2164	2191	2133	195	181	7342	7042	14,384
Q Fave														
Otorrhoea	:	:	:	36	31	17	15	20	17	-	-	73	63	136
Percentage	:	:	:	1.34	1.20	0.74	69.0	0.91	0.79	1	Ī	0.99	0.89	0.94
Percentage	: :	: :	: :	0.07	0.11	0.13	0.04	11	0.04	11	11	0.07	0.07	0.07
uring					,									
Grade I	:	:	:	7	0.93	98.0	0.97	8 0.38	0.37	10.51	1	22	0.98	42
Grade II. (a)	: :	: :	: :	11	2			1	1	100		9 00	07 -	4
	:	:	:	0.04	1	0.04	0.04	0.04	1	1	1	0.04	0.01	0.05
Grade II. (b)	:	:	:	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Percentage	:	:	:	ļ	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10
Percentage	: :	: :	: :	1	0.07	11	1	11		1		11	0.05	0.01
10. Speech—														
Defective Articulation	:	:	:	25	00	6	5	6	3	1	. 1	43	13	56
Percentage	:	:	:	0.93	0.31	0.39	60.0	0.41	0.14	1	1	0.58	0.18	0.38
Stammering	: :	:	:	0.14	0.04	0.17	11	3	0.00	11	11	0.14	3	14

TABLE II.-Continued.

School Medical Service-Systematic Examinations-Continued.

	Entrants.	ants.	1938	38	19	1934	19	1931	All	Ages.	Total
Nature of Defect.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	all Ages.
1. Mental and Nervous Condition—  Backward Percentage Dull (Intrinsically) Percentage Mentally Defective (Educable) Percentage Mentally Defective (Ineducable) Percentage Highly Nervous Percentage Difficult in Behaviour Percentage Organic Heart Disease— Congenital Percentage Congenital Percentage Acquired Percentage Acquired Percentage	0.07 0.07 0.18 0.18 0.11 0.29	0.19 0.15 0.07 0.07 0.07 0.04 0.07	0.17 0.17 0.04 0.08 0.030 0.30 0.007	0.13 0.04 0.13 0.13 0.13 0.23 0.23	0.09 0.09 0.09 0.13 0.18	0.04 0.04 0.04 0.04 0.04 0.08 0.18 0.18	0.51	111111111111111111111111111111111111111	0.09 111 0.04 0.09 0.09 0.09 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01	9 0.12 8 0.12 16 0.02 16 0.02 16 0.02 16 0.02 16 0.02	16 0.11 20 0.13 8 0.05 0.05 0.10 6 0.04 0.22 26 0.18
Percentage	1.08	0.58	0.21	0.13	0.18	0.51	11	11	38	0.41	0.46

TABLE II.—Continued.

School Medical Service-Systematic Examinations.-Continued.

	Entr	Entrants.	1938	38	119	1934	18	1931	All	Ages.	Total
Nature of Defect.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	all Ages.
13. Lungs									,		
Chronic Bronchitis	29	24	13	00	4	60	1	1	46	355	ōz.
Sugnetated Tuberculosis	1.08	0.93	0.56	0.36	0.18	0.14	1	1	0.62	0.49	0.56
		0.07	0.01	0.00	2000	1	1	1	13	4	17
Other Diseases	23.2	11	111	30.0	15	1	11	11	49	0.05	0.11
Percentage	0.87	0.45	0.48	0.13	89.0	0.35	1	1	99-0	0.29	0.48
14. Deformities—											
Congenital	14	4	4	5	ũ	33	1	1	23	1.5	300
Percentage	0.52	0.16	0.17	0.23	0.22	0.14	1	1	0.31	0.17	0.24
Acquired (Infantile Paralysis)		00	က	63	1	2	1	1	9	7	13
Percentage	0.07	0.11	0.13	60.0	0.04	60.0	1	1	80.0	60.0	0.09
Acquired (probable Kickets)	24	12	5	C1	7	07	1	1	30	16	46
Other Causes	0.89	0.45	0.21	60.0	0.04	60.0	1	1	0.40	0.55	0.31
Percentage	99-0	0.35	0.43	0.23	0.86	0.70	1.09	11	0.69	29	75
15 Infections Diseases							1		1	7# 0	000
Dargantage		77 0	2 2	1	1	1	1	1	4	4	00
retremtage	0.07	0.07	0.02	0.04	1	0.04	I	1	0.05	0.02	0.02
16. Other Diseases or Defects	75	99	48	34	25	33	or.	. 6	121	135	986
Percentage	2.81	2.57	5.09	1.57	1.14	1.54	1.53	1.10	2.05	1.90	1.98

TABLE III. SCHOOL MEDICAL SERVICE SUMMARY OF SYSTEMATIC EXAMINATIONS.

		n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n	1	1				1	1	
Total.	14,384	% of the Children examined in this Group.	67-25		2.03	1.77	0.03	3.85		13.01
To	14,	No. of Children.	9674		291	254	10	550		1871
31	9	% of the Children examined in this Group.	81.91		4.26	1.07	1	5.33	,	6.58
1931	376	No. of Children.	308		16	4	1	20		21
34	24	% of the Children examined in this Group.	72.68		3.81	0.95	1	4.76		8.68
1934	4324	No. of Children.	3143		165	. 14	1	206		375
38	51	% of the Children examined in this Group.	67.94		2.47	2.36	0.11	4.94		11.60
1938	4451	No. of Children.	3024		011	105	20	220		919
ints.	33	% of the Children examined in this Group.	61-13			1.99	F	1.99		18.32
Entrants.	5233	No. of Children.	3199			104	1	104		959
The other linearity at the second	Number Examined		1. Children Free from Defects	2. Children otherwise Free from Defects who Suffer from—	(a) Defective Vision not worse than 6/12 in the better Eye with or without Glasses or	(b) Conditions of the Mouth and Teeth requiring Treatment	(c) Both (a) and (b)	Total	3. Children suffering from ail- ments (other than those mentioned in 2) from which	complete recovery is anticipated within a few weeks

TABLE III.—School Medical Service—Summary of Systematic Examinations—Continued.

Total.	14,384	% of the Children examined in this Group.		19.71	4 of	15.92	100.00
T	14	No. of Children.		283333	456	2289	14,384
1931	376	% of the Children examined in this Group.		4.26	2.92	7.18	00.001
19	3	No. of Children.		16	Ξ	27	376
34	24	% of the Children examined in this Group.		9.71	4.17	13.88	100.001
1934	4324	No. of Children.		420	180	009	4324
38	51	% of the Children examined in this Group.		12.02	3.50	15.52	100.00
1938	4451	No. of Children.		535	156	169	4451
ints.	33	% of the Children examined in this Group.		16.47	2.09	18.56	100-00
Entrants.	5233	No. of Children.		862	109	971	5233
	Number Examined		4. Children suffering from (or suspected to be suffering from) defect less remediable than defects specified in 2 or 3 distinguishing cases—	(a) Where complete cure or restoration of function (in the case of eye defect full correction) is considered possible	(b) Where improvement only is considered possible, e.g., without complete restoration of function	Total	Total Number of Children Examined

SCHOOL MEDICAL SERVICE—RETURN OF ALL EXCEPTIONAL CHILDREN OF SCHOOL AGE IN THE AREA. TABLE IV.

Total.	-	9	26		10   10		88	34
At No School or Institution.	1	1	1		10		1	1
At Special School or Classes.	9	¢1	1		1118		1	1
At Ordinary School.	1	4	55		01  1		87	34
Disability.	1. Blind	(a) Refraction errors in which the curriculum of an ordinary school would adversely affect the Eye Condition	(b) Other conditions of the Eye, e.g., Cataract, Ulceration, etc., which render the child unable to read ordinary school books or to see well enough to be taught in an ordinary school	3. Deaf—	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	4. Defective Speech—	(a) Defects of Articulation requiring Special Educational Measures	(b) Stammering requiring Special Educational Measures

School Medical Service-Return of all Exceptional Children of School Age in the Area-Continued.

Total.		220	16		13	11		18	492	97	46	4	
At No School or Institution.		7	16		1	¢1		1	27	23	61	1	
At Special School or Classes.		156			1	9		6	31	4	38	1	
At Ordinary School.		57	1		12	60		6	434	16	9	4	
		:	:		:	:		:	:	:	:	:	 
		:	:		:	:			:	:	:	:	s follor
		:	:		:	:		Glands	:	:	:	:	ses is
	urs)—	:	:		:	School)	Years)—	Cervical Glands)	:	:	:	:	*The Nature of the Multiple Defects in each of the 4 Cases is as follows:- (1) 4 (a) and 7 (b) (2) 5 (a) and 6 (b) (3) 7 (c) and 7 (d) (4) 7 (a) and 7 (b)
	16 Yea	:	(09		:	(b) Severe (suitable for care in a Residential School)			:	:	:	:	tch of t
ility.	5 and		(b) Ineducable (I.Q., generally less than 50)		:	Resid	1 5 and	(a) Non-Pulmonary Tuberculosis (excluding	ns	:	:	:	ts in ea
Disability.	tween	(a) Educable (I.Q., approx. 50-70)	ully les		:	e in a	etweer	ulosis	(b) General Orthopaedic Conditions	:	alth	:	, Defec
	ren bei	pprox.	genera		nal	for car	Idren b	Pubero	edie Ce	isease	ІІІ Не	:	[ultiple 7 (b) 7 (c) 7 (d) 7 (b) 7 (b) 7 (b) 7 (b) 7 (b)
	(Child	Г. Q., а	(I.Q.,		)ceasio	table i	e (Chi	nary	thopae	eart D	jo ses	:	f the N and () and () and () and () and () and ()
	ective	able (	acable		and (	re (sui	efectiv	Pulmo	ral Or	nie H	r Cau	fects*	Nature of the Multiple (1) 4 (a) and 7 (b) (2) 5 (a) and 6 (b) (3) 7 (c) and 7 (d) (4) 7 (a) and 7 (b)
	lly Det	Educ	Ined	-ks	(a) Mild and Occasional	Seve	ally D	Non (	Gene	(c) Organic Heart Disease	(d) Other Causes of Ill Health	ple De	The Na
	5. Mentally Defective (Children between 5 and 16 Years)	(a)	(9)	6. Epilepsy	(0)	(9)	7. Physically Defective (Children between 5 and 16	v)	9)	(0)	p)	8. Multiple Defects*	*
	100			6.			7.					œ.	1

