He's back with a better routine : Amoxil a virtuoso performer in chest infections.

Contributors

Bencard

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There's now considerable evidence to show that Amoxil is more effective than other broad spectrum antibiotics in the treatment of chest infections.1,2,3,4

There are some good reasons for this:

Firstly, Amoxil is extremely well absorbed by the oral route,5 attaining high bactericidal concentrations.

And secondly, the overall absorption is unaffected by the presence of food⁵ which means your patient doesn't have to remember to take Amoxil half an hour or whatever before meals.

Couple this with Amoxil's apparently excellent ability to penetrate into bronchial secretions^{3,6},and you've probably explained why Amoxil out–performs other broad spectrums.^{1,2,3,4}

Amoxil t.d.s. - a far better routine for you and your patients.



Further information on Amoxil (regd.), amoxycillin, is available from: Bencard, Brentford, Middlesex.

1. Brit. J. Dis. Chest. (1972), 66, 185
2. Chemotherapy. (1973), 18, 1
3. S.A.Med.J., (1973), 47, 717
4. To be published in Practitioner.
5. Brit. Med.J., (1972), 3, 13
6. Chemotherapy of Chronic Bronchitis, Second Edition, (1973)

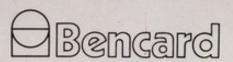
avirtuoso performer in chest infections

Prescribing information

Dosage: Adults 250 mg three times a day. Children – up to 10 years: 125 mg three times a day. In the case of severe infections the dosage should be doubled. Presentation: Amoxil capsules 250 mg. Amoxil syrup 250 mg/5 ml, 100 ml bottle. Amoxil syrup 125 mg/5 ml, 100 ml bottle. Amoxil Paediatric Suspension 125 mg/1.25 ml, 20 ml bottle with pipette.

Amoxil presentations contain amoxycillin as the trihydrate. Contra-indication: Amoxil is a penicillin and should not be given to penicillin-hypersensitive patients. Side effects: No serious side effects have been reported in extensive clinical trials. Those side effects which were encountered were mild and of a transitory nature.





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